PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE STUDY (HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS) FOR B.I.G. PATTERSON INDUSTRIAL (PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING)

CASE #: PPT220024

Job Number 2121

April 13, 2022 Revised: August 23, 2022 Revised: May 4, 2023

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CASE #: PPT220024

REVISION PAGE

May 4, 2023

This report presents revisions to the previous version of the drainage study, dated August 23, 2022, to address an outstanding (remaining) drainage related comment provided by Mr. Daniel Aguirre and Ms. Amy McNeill (Riverside County Flood Control Department). The comment is dated February 16, 2023. Provided below is the remaining comment, followed by a response by SDH & Associates, Inc.

1. Without an adequate outlet available for the site, flows leaving the site will need to be dissipated to help perpetuate the existing natural drainage patterns and conditions with respect to tributary drainage area, outlet points, and outlet conditions.

After contacting Ms. Amy McNeill and Mr. Daniel Aguirre for further clarification on April 3, 2023, Ms. McNeill provided the following context for the comment: "To perpetuate the natural drainage path (sheet flow across Patterson Avenue), at minimum flows from PPT220024 need to get across Patterson Avenue to the east side and travel the existing sump location on the east side of Patterson and north of the railroad."

In order to resolve this item, a conference call was held on April 26, 2023 with the County of Riverside Transportation Department (led by Mr. Benjie Cho) and Flood Control Department, along with the project applicants for PPT220024 (this project) and PPT220026 (offsite developer) to determine an acceptable/feasible drainage concept related to the Patterson Avenue street improvement. As an option, a concrete gutter concept was presented but the concept would not be acceptable to the Transportation Department. As a result of the discussion, the following drainage concept was discussed and found to be acceptable to all parties:

• Collect the drainage from PPT220024 (near the southeasterly area of the project) and convey it using a shallow culvert that would be structurallydesigned such that the top of the culvert facility would be flush with the street surface and support traffic loading. The culvert is directed in a southeasterly direction and outlet onto the southwesterly corner of PPT220026 development (by LDC). Based on Benjie's recommendation, the culvert is to be designed with 150% of the anticipated the 100-year peak flow rate (bulking factor) for the offsite run-on flow portion. Mr. Benjie Cho clarified a couple options in terms of maintenance. If the proposed drainage facility is to be maintained by the Transportation Department, the outfall shall have a forebay concrete splash pad (~10' in length) with riprap (energy dissipater) along with additional 5' to 10' maintenance width. If the drainage facility is to be maintained privately, the forebay and additional maintenance width would not be necessary.

As a result of the discussion and the drainage concept summarized above, the following items have been revised/added in the preliminary drainage study.

- □ <u>Section 3.3</u> "Patterson Avenue Drainage Crossing Concept" (Page 10) A narrative summary discussion text has been incorporated.
- □ <u>Appendix B</u> "Drainage Study Map for Bridge-Patterson (On-site Postproject)" – The on-site drainage study map has been revised to add supporting hydrologic data for the Patterson Avenue culvert sizing. It has been added under the "Hydrologic Summary" section on the exhibit. Also a relevant note has been added to the Patterson Avenue drainage culvert crossing concept.
- □ <u>Appendix D</u> Preliminary Culvert Sizing A supporting preliminary culvert sizing calculation (per normal depth) has been prepared and incorporated at the end of Appendix D. Based on our discussion, a shallow culvert facility, 6'(w)x1'(h), is proposed.

PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE STUDY (HYDROLOGY AND HYDARULICS) FOR B.I.G. PATTERSON INDUSTRIAL (PRELIMINARY ENGINEERING)

CASE #: PPT220024

REVISION PAGE

August 23, 2022

This report presents revisions to the previous version of the drainage study, dated April 13, 2022, to address the first review comments received from Mr. Daniel Aguirre (drainage study reviewer for the County of Riverside Flood Control Department). The comments were received via email on June 22, 2022. A conference call was held with Mr. Daniel Aguirre and Ms. Amy McNeil on July 12, 2022 to discuss the drainage study comments for further clarification. Based on the discussion, the drainage study has been revised accordingly and written responses to the two drainage study comments are provided below.

1. For the street discharge, County Transportation requires 100-year flow depth less than 9in and velocity less than 1.5 fps across streets for the lower frequency storms. Please provide hydraulic calculations for the street capacity of Patterson Avenue to ensure that the proposed 100-year discharge of 25.6 CFS meets the County Transportation requirements.

After the conference call with Mr. Daniel Aguirre and Ms. Amy McNeil on July 12, a follow-up coordination was made with the County of Riverside Transportation Department to confirm the above referenced criteria regarding the standard street discharge. Based on the criteria from the County of Riverside Transportation Department, the key check for street drainage, the normal depth in the street should be no more than 9 inches for the 100-year storm event. However, it was further clarified that the velocity requirement of 1.5 fps is pertaining to a situation where flows are conveyed across a street (i.e. – via cross-gutter, etc.), would not be applicable to flows along curb/gutter on one side of the street. The normal depth calculation was checked based on the anticipated contributing flow from Basin 100 (larger of the two between Basin 100 and Basin 200), and the street normal depth is approximately 6 inches, which is less than the 9 inch threshold/criteria for depth for the 100-year peak flow rate. A copy of the supporting street gutter capacity calculation is provided at the end of Appendix D for your reference. Therefore, this supporting document should satisfy this comment.

2. An analysis for how pre-development on-site flows will impact the site was not included in the Preliminary Hydrology Report. The hydrology report shall include a predevelopment on-site runoff analysis using the District's Rational Method.

As requested and a follow-up to our conference call, the drainage study has been revised to analyze the pre-project (existing) condition hydrology along with supporting pre-project drainage study map. The hydrologic data summary in Section 2.0 has been expanded to include the results (three summary tables) for preproject condition, offsite run-on condition for on-site post-project, and on-site postproject condition. Associated exhibit and supporting calculations for each condition are also provided in Appendix B now. The revised drainage study should address this comment.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Location

This drainage study presents preliminary engineering hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for the proposed Bridge Investment Group (B.I.G.) Patterson Industrial project (herein referred to as "the project"). The project is located on Patterson Avenue, in the unincorporated portion of the Riverside County, bounded by Patterson Avenue to the east, undeveloped parcels to the west and south and a developed parcel to the north. Refer to Figure 1.0 for a Vicinity Map of the project. Applicable Assessor Parcel Numbers (APNs) are 317-140-016 and 317-140-047.

1.2 Project Description

The site is approximately 5.2 acres (parcel gross area) with approximately 5.0 acres of on-site drainage area. The proposed warehouse building footprint is approximately 107,968 square feet and there will be a total of 82 parking spaces to be provided. The proposed impervious and pervious footprints within the drainage management area are approximately 192,973 square feet and 27,554 square feet, respectively. The project also includes frontage street improvements along frontage Patterson Avenue. This also includes minor improvement for the easterly frontage Patterson Avenue. In order to comply with the Riverside County drainage and water quality management requirements, the project also includes construction of permanent stormwater BMPs.

1.3 Drainage Characteristics

In the existing condition, most of the site is vacant with little to no vegetation (mostly dirt). Runoff from majority of the site, labeled as "Basin 100," surface-drains in a southeasterly direction via sheet-flow towards Patterson Avenue. The existing site expects some offsite run-on from the west and northwesterly parcels, as shown on the pre-project (existing) condition drainage study map located in Appendix B of this report. The anticipated offsite and on-site runoff from Basin 100 (approximately 12.2 acres, including offsite and on-site areas) drain in a southeasterly direction towards Patterson Avenue. It is our understanding that there is no existing storm drain for connection in the frontage street, Patterson Avenue. As such, runoff from the site drains (sheet-flows) southeasterly onto Patterson Avenue. The majority of the runoff from the project from Basin

1

100 appears to travel in southerly direction along Patterson Avenue. A smaller portion of the site near the northeasterly corner, labeled as "Basin 200" (approximately 0.4 acres) drains northeasterly to Patterson Avenue and it appears to drain northerly along Patterson Avenue towards Cajalco Road.

Based on the RCFC&WCD's Perris Valley Master Drainage Plan (MDP), runoff from the majority of the site (Basin 100) is within the MDP subarea "G-1" and intended (tabled) to eventually contribute to the MDP Lateral Line G-1 storm drain system further downstream, beginning just west of I-215. The MDP Lateral Line G-1 continues easterly and connects into the MDP Line G, which drains to the existing District's Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel by Morgan Street. The Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel eventually drains to Canyon Lake and then Lake Elsinore. A smaller portion of the site in the northeasterly corner (Basin 200) is intended to be part of the MDP subarea "E-8", which eventually drains to the MDP Lateral Line E-8 and then MDP Line E-8 along Ramona Expressway and discharges into Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel.

In the post-project condition, the drainage characteristics will be maintained similar as compared to the pre-project condition. To provide a complete picture of offsite and on-site drainage in the postproject condition, there are two drainage study maps in Appendix B: (1) Offsite Run-on Drainage Study Map (for post-project); and (2) On-site Post-project Drainage Study Map. The westerly and northwesterly offsite run-on will be collected by a network of proposed perimeter v-ditches and catch basins and conveyed/bypassed via proposed storm drain pipes along the northwesterly, westerly, and southerly edges of the project to a catch basin bubbler in the southeasterly landscape area and outlet to Patterson Avenue via a proposed sidewalk underdrain at the southeasterly corner of the site. The on-site runoff from Basin 100 (approximately 4.8 acres) will be directed to a proposed BMP located near the southeasterly corner of the project for flow attenuation and water quality treatment. The proposed BMP will consist of a combination of an underground storage facility (hard-bottom closed system) and a modular wetland system (MWS) for storm water quality treatment based on a volume-based approach. The on-site flows from Drainage Basin 100 will be attenuated based on the RCFC&WCD's increased runoff criteria and overflow and mitigated flows will be designed to be pumped (via a mechanical pump downstream of the storage/treatment system) to the southeasterly landscape/riprap area and drain in the southeasterly direction towards Patterson Avenue via the same sidewalk underdrain mentioned above. To be consistent with the MDP Perris Valley document, the on-site runoff from Basin 200 (approximately 0.2 acres) will consist of pervious landscape areas (considered as "self-treating area") and drain to Patterson Avenue via a sidewalk underdrain. Since this drainage management area only includes a self-treating area and result in a slight reduction in drainage area as compared to the existing condition, a flood control detention or treatment BMP would not be necessary for Drainage Basin 200.

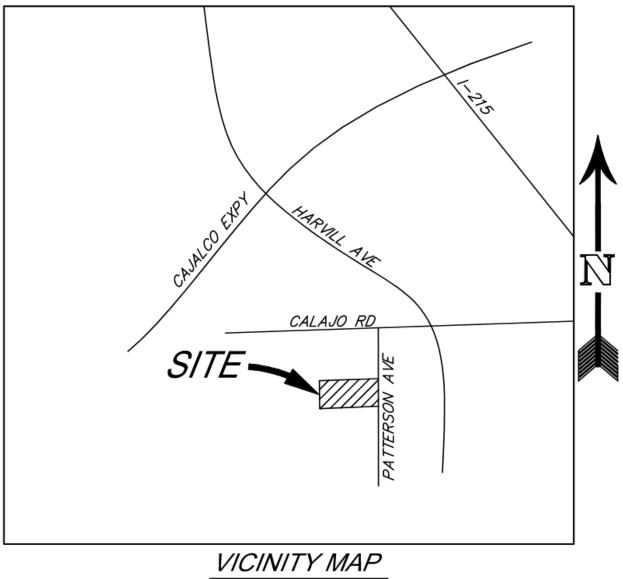
1.4 FEMA Flood Hazard Zone Information

The project is shown on the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) number 0065C1410G, effective August 18, 2008 and labeled as Zone X. No FEMA submittals are anticipated to be required for this project. For reference purpose, a copy of the FIRMette (reduced size) is included at the end of Appendix A.

1.6 Water Quality Management

In support of the preliminary site plan, a preliminary Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) has been prepared for the project. The report is titled, "Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan for B.I.G. Patterson Industrial," with a revised date of August 23, 2021 (or any revisions thereafter), prepared by SDH & Associates, Inc. (Job Number 2121). The preliminary WQMP documents how the project addresses the requirements regarding permanent stormwater quality management, in accordance with the stormwater guidance document titled, "2010 Water Quality Management Plan for the Santa Ana Region of Riverside County."

Figure 1: Vicinity Map



NOT TO SCALE

2.0 HYDROLOGY

Preliminary hydrologic calculations were prepared in accordance with the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District - Hydrology Manual, dated April 1978 (manual) for preliminary on-site storm drain sizing purpose. The Advanced Engineering Software (AES) 2016 Rational Method Analysis (Version 23.0) program was used to perform the hydrologic analysis in this study.

The AES hydrologic model is developed by creating independent node-link models of each interior drainage basin and linking these sub-models together at confluence points. The program has the capability to perform calculations for 15 hydrologic processes. These processes are assigned code numbers that appear in the results. The code numbers and their significances are as follows:

Subarea Hydrologic Processes (Codes)

Code 1:	Confluence analysis at a node
Code 2:	Initial subarea analysis
Code 3:	Pipe flow travel time (computer-estimated pipe sizes)
Code 4:	Pipe flow travel time (user-specified pipe size)
Code 5:	Trapezoidal channel travel time
Code 6:	Street flow analysis through a subarea
Code 7:	User-specified information at a node
Code 8:	Addition of the subarea runoff to mainline
Code 9:	V-Gutter flow through a subarea
Code 10:	Copy main-stream data onto a memory bank
Code 11:	Confluence a memory bank with the main-stream memory
Code 12:	Clear a memory bank
Code 13:	Clear the main-stream memory
Code 14:	Copy a memory bank onto the main-stream memory
Code 15:	Hydrologic data bank storage functions

In order to perform the hydrologic analysis; base information for the study area is required. This information includes the drainage facility locations and sizes, land uses, flow patterns, drainage basin boundaries, and topographic elevations. Compiled Hydrologic backup is included as Appendix A to this report.

<u>Area</u>

Drainage boundaries were delineated to distinguish areas with similar flow characteristics and hydrologic properties in order to determine peak flows at key points and facilitate hydraulic analyses. Drainage basin boundaries, flow patterns, and topographic elevations are shown on the hydrologic workmap for the site, included in Appendix B.

Time of Concentration/Intensity

The time of concentration was calculated using AES to determine the intensity for the 100-year storm events. The rainfall intensity was calculated in AES using the 10 and 60-minute intensity values for the project area using NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates. An annotated chart has been included in Appendix A.

Runoff Coefficient

The runoff coefficients used for each minor basin were calculated by the AES software based on the user-specified information of the hydrologic soil group and the land use for each basin. The proposed land use information in each subdrainage area was used to estimate the anticipated runoff coefficient (as consistent with Plate D-5.6 of the Hydrology Manual).

Hydrologic soil group data is available for the site through the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey, showing the site consisting of Hydrologic Soil Groups "A" and "C". For the purpose of hydrologic calculations for the proposed condition, Soil Group C has been applied. Supporting information is included with Appendix A of this report.

Topography

The onsite project specific topography consists of 1-foot contours on the NAVD-88 vertical datum, provided by Arrowhead Mapping Corp.

2.1 Hydrologic Results

The hydrologic results at key points of interest for the project are provided below and are divided into three (3) summary tables: Tables 2.1 (Pre-project/Existing Condition); Table 2.2 (Offsite Runon for On-site Post-project); and Table 2.3 (On-site Post-project) thru 2.3. The pre-project, offsite run-on, and post-project drainage characteristics discussion were provided in Section 1.2 of this report.

Based on the RCFC & WCD's Master Drainage Plan for the Perris Valley Area Land Use Map, it is understood the project and its immediate vicinity including the applicable westerly/northwesterly offsite areas were originally zoned for "Single-family 1/2-acre Residential". Therefore, for the purpose of hydrologic analyses for the pre-project and offsite run-on conditions, the "Single-family ½-acre Residential" land use category was applied. Then for the on-site post-project condition, the "Commercial (Industrial)" land use category was applied. The detailed hydrologic calculation results via AES Rational Method software are provided in Appendix B of this report, following respective drainage conditions (i.e. – pre-project, offsite run-on for on-site post-project, and on-site post-project).

Table 2.1 – Pre-project (Existing) Hydrologic Data Summary (10-year & 100-year)

	Pre-project Condition ¹				
Key Drainage Node ID ³	Total Area (Acres)	Peak Flow Rate, Q ₁₀ (cfs) ²	Peak Flow Rate, Q ₁₀₀ (cfs) ²		
190 (Basin 100 - Including Offsite & On-site)	12.2	14.4	26.6		
290 (Basin 200 – On-site)	0.4	0.8	1.4		

Note:

1: Refer to Appendix A for supporting information.

2: "cfs"= cubic feet per second.

3: Refer to Appendix B for Offsite Drainage Study Map and associated supporting hydrologic calculations.

	Offsite Run-on Condition for On-site Post-project ¹				
Key Drainage Node ID ³	Total Area (Acres)	Peak Flow Rate, Q ₁₀ (cfs) ²	Peak Flow Rate, Q ₁₀₀ (cfs) ²		
1010 (Westerly Offsite Run-on)	6.5	8.2	15.0		
1020 (Northwesterly Offsite Run-on)	1.0	1.3	2.4		
1030 (Northwesterly Offsite Run-on)	0.1	0.2	0.4		

Table 2.2 – Offsite Run-on Hydrologic Data Summary for Post-project (10-year & 100-year)

Table 2.3 – On-site Post-project Hydrologic Data Summary (10-year & 100-year)

	On-site Post-project Condition ¹				
Key Drainage Node ID ³	Total Area (Acres)	Peak Flow Rate, Q ₁₀ (cfs) ²	Peak Flow Rate, Q ₁₀₀ (cfs) ²		
105 (On-site Catch Basin - Surface)	1.0	1.8	3.1		
115 (On-site Catch Basin - Surface)	0.5	1.0	1.7		
135 (On-site Curb Cut - Surface)	0.7	1.2	2.1		
140 (On-site Curb Cut - Surface)	0.1	0.2	0.3		
Near 145 (On-site Curb Cut - Surface)	0.3	0.7	1.1		
145 (On-site Catch Basin - Surface)	1.2	1.9	3.4		
150 (Overall On-site Flow to Storage)	4.7	7.4	12.8		
160 (Overall On-site Runoff)	4.8	7.5	13.1		
1050 (Overall Offsite Run-on)	7.6	9.6	17.6		
190 (Basin 100 - Drainage Outlet to Patterson Ave.)	12.4	15.3	27.4		
290 (Basin 200 - Drainage Outlet to Patterson Ave.)	0.2	0.4	0.6		

Note:

1: Refer to Appendix A for supporting information.

2: "cfs"= cubic feet per second.

3: Refer to Appendix B for Drainage Study Map

3.0 HYDRAULICS

3.1 Hydraulic Methodology and Criteria

The 10-year, 1-hour proposed peak flow rates determined using the Modified Rational Method (AES Rational Method) outputs are used to determine preliminary sizes for the on-site storm drain system.

3.2 Inlet Sizing

Inlet design calculations specific to the proposed surface catch basins (on-site and offsite) will be conducted during final engineering and calculation output will be incorporated in Appendix C. In the post-project condition, the on-site proposed private storm drain catch basins (inlets) will be designed to intercept, at a minimum, the 10-year, 1-hour peak flow rates.

3.3 Storm Drain Sizing

Preliminary storm drain sizing calculations were conducted in order to size the proposed on-site private storm drain pipes. The calculations were prepared using the 10-year, 1-hour peak flow rate output from the AES Rational Method and the Manning's equation along with a sizing bump-up factor (typically in the range of 15 to 30%) in an effort to account for potential hydraulic losses. Typically, this calculation approach is adequate for on-site private storm drain sizing. If necessary, a more detailed hydraulic calculation may be provided on a case-by-case basis during final engineering to validate the required storm drain sizes. A summary of relevant on-site storm drain sizing calculations is provided in Appendix D.

As indicated in Section 1.3, the westerly and northwesterly existing offsite run-on flows will be collected by a network of the proposed perimeter v-ditches and catch basins, and conveyed/bypassed via proposed storm drain pipes in a southeasterly direction towards Patterson Avenue. The proposed perimeter concrete v-ditches are expected to have 2:1 sides with depths ranging from 1.0 to 1.25 feet. Base on the normal depth calculations, the proposed v-ditches are designed with adequate capacity to convey the anticipated 10-year flow (with freeboard) as well as the 100-year flow. Supporting calculations are provided in Appendix D. Also, in response to comment, a street gutter capacity check was done and result is also incorporated in the Appendix.

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Patterson Avenue - Drainage Crossing Concept

Separately, a conference call with the County of Riverside Transportation and Flood Control Departments, along with applicants for this project (PPT220024) and offsite development (PPT220026), was held on April 26, 2023 to determine an acceptable drainage concept related to Patterson Avenue street improvement. This is being done, at minimum, to convey flows from PPT220024 across Patterson Avenue to the east side and travel in order to maintain the natural drainage path. Based on the discussion, a shallow culvert crossing is expected to be provided underneath Patterson Avenue. Since it's a shallow facility and the top of the culvert will be flush with the street surface, the culvert facility is to be structurally designed to support traffic loading. Based on the preliminary takeoff calculation, a 6'(w) x 1'(h) culvert is to be provided at a 0.5% minimum slope. For the hydrology for this culvert sizing, the 100-year peak flow rate from the onsite development (PPT220024) and associated offsite run-on flow were added. As requested by the County Transportation Department, a 50% bulking factor was applied to the offsite run-on flow portion. A combined 100-year peak flow rate of 39.5 cfs was used for this culvert sizing. Additional supporting data are shown on the On-site Drainage Study exhibit (Hydrology Summary) in Appendix B. Supporting preliminary hydraulic calculation (per normal depth) has been prepared and is incorporated at the end of Appendix D.

4.0 FLOOD CONTROL ASSESSMENT

The project is expected to increase the peak flow rate as a result of the proposed improvements, specifically for Drainage Basin 100. As described in Section 1.0 of this report, the on-site runoff from Drainage Basin 100 will be directed to a proposed BMP located near the southeasterly corner of the project for flow attenuation and water quality treatment. The proposed BMP will consist of a combination of an underground storage facility (hard-bottom closed system) and a modular wetland system (MWS) for storm water quality treatment based on a volume-based approach. In order to address the RCFC&WCD's increased runoff criteria (and for the preliminary design purpose), the 10-year, 24-hour hydrograph volumes were determined using Hydrologic Modeling System (HEC-HMS) for both on-site pre-project condition and post-project condition, in order to estimate the delta volume ("required volume") for the underground storage facility. The mitigated flow as well as the overflow from the facility will be directed to a proposed mechanical pump downstream to outlet onto the southeasterly landscape/riprap area, prior to discharging the mitigated flows to Patterson Avenue via the aforementioned sidewalk underdrain. A summary of the preliminary detention calculation results (volume summary) is provided below in Table 4.1.

Storm Event	Runoff	Hydrograph Volu	ıme Summary (ad	cre-feet)
	Pre-project	Post-project	Delta	BMP Capacity ¹
10-year, 24-hour	0.55	1.07	0.52	0.59

Table 4.1 – 10-yr, 24-hour Runoff Hydrograph Volume Summary (Basin 100)

Note:

1. "Delta" = post-project runoff volume – pre-project runoff volume.

 The proposed underground storage facility is expected to have a volume capacity of approximately 0.59 acrefeet at the relative elevation of 5.50' in the storage facility. Above this elevation to the top of the system (relative elevation of ~7.17') are anticipated to be used for conveyance and freeboard.

Based on the global summary results from the HEC-HMS, the runoff volume difference between the pre-project condition and post-project condition is expected to be approximately 0.52 acre-feet. The proposed underground storage facility is expected to provide approximately 0.59 acre-feet up to the relative elevation of 5.50 feet. Therefore, it is expected that the proposed basin has adequate volume capacity to meet the Flood Increased Runoff Criteria. Supporting documentation from the HEC-HMS, along with pre-project and post-project workmaps as well as project-specific precipitation data from NOAA Atlas 14, are included in Appendix E of this report. Separately, the westerly offsite run-on will be collected by a proposed perimeter v-ditch (and as-needed storm drain pipes) on the west and southerly edges of the project and conveyed around the site towards Patterson Avenue, discharged via a proposed sidewalk underdrain.

In an effort to remain consistent with the MDP Perris Valley document, runoff from the remaining northeasterly portion of the site (approximately 0.2 acres from Drainage Basin 200) will consist of landscape areas (considered as "self-treating area") and drain to Patterson Avenue via a sidewalk underdrain. Since this drainage management area only includes a self-treating area and result in a slight reduction in drainage area as compared to the existing condition, a flood control detention or treatment BMP would not be necessary for Drainage Basin 200.

As a note, the project is exempt from the hydrologic condition of concern (HCOC) requirements, as it is located within the Riverside County WAP HCOC Exemption area approved on April 20, 2017.

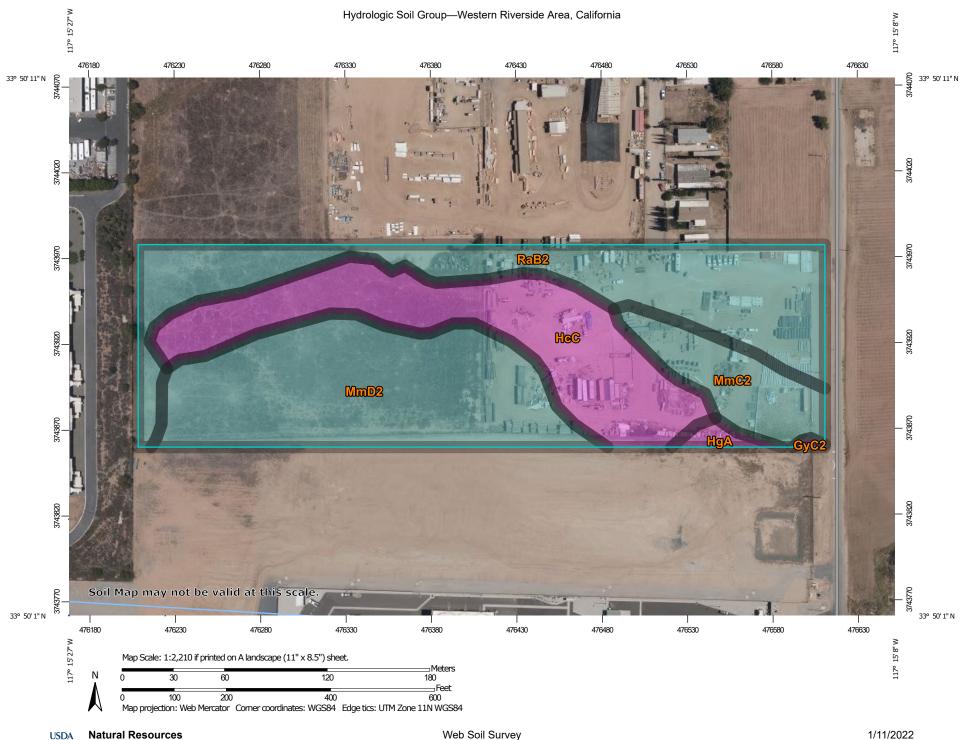
5.0 CONCLUSION

This drainage study presents preliminary hydrologic and hydraulic analyses for the proposed B.I.G. Patterson Industrial project. Hydrologic calculations were computed in accordance with the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District - Hydrology Manual, dated April 1978 (manual). The Advanced Engineering Software (AES) 2016 Rational Method Analysis (Version 23.0) program was used for the rational method modeling in this study. The peak discharge rates for the 10-year and 100-year storm events with 1-hour storm frequency have been determined for the project. The relevant peak flow rates were used to determine the preliminary onsite storm drain sizes. As indicated in Section 1.3, the westerly and northwesterly offsite run-on flows are expected to be picked up by a network of proposed perimeter v-ditches and catch basins and conveyed/bypassed via storm drain pipes around the site toward Patterson Avenue, in order to maintain the existing drainage characteristics. To support, preliminary hydraulic calculations were performed the proposed perimeter v-ditches and storm drain pipes for the purpose of collecting and conveying offsite bypass flow around the site. An on-site preliminary detention calculation using HEC-HMS has been prepared for Drainage Basin 100 for the 10-year, 24-hour storm event to show that adequate storage volume is provided in the proposed storage facility to be in conformance with the RCFC&WCD's increased runoff detention criteria. Drainage areas for Basin 200 will be reduced and primarily consist of landscape area (self-treating area); therefore, mitigation should not be required. In summary, no adverse impacts are anticipated to the downstream drainage facilities as a result of this project.

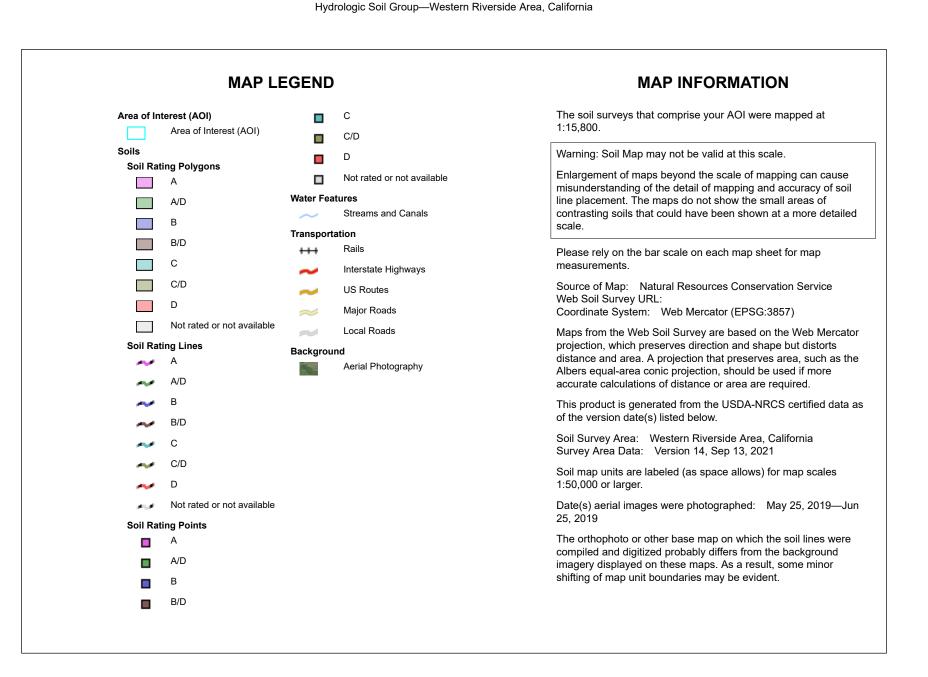
Appendix A

Hydrologic Backup Information

Includes: 1. Web Soil Survey Hydrologic Soil Group 2. NOAA Atlas 14 Annotated Rainfall Intensity Chart 3. FEMA FIRMette



Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
GyC2	Greenfield sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	A	0.0	0.1%
HcC	Hanford coarse sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	A	3.2	27.2%
HgA	Hanford fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	A	0.1	1.1%
MmC2	Monserate sandy loam, 5 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	С	1.1	9.5%
MmD2	Monserate sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	С	3.8	32.2%
RaB2	Ramona sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes, eroded	С	3.5	29.8%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest		11.8	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher Precipitation Frequency Data Server

NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2 Location name: Perris, California, USA* Latitude: 33.8352°, Longitude: -117.2539° Elevation: 1522.54 ft** * source: ESRI Maps ** source: USGS

SUPPORTING MATERIALS - NOAA ATALAS 14 - INTENSITY 10-YEAR AND 100-YEAR (10-MIN. & 60-MIN.)

POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF_tabular | PF_graphical | Maps_&_aerials

PF tabular

PD3-	DS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches/hour) ¹									
Duration				Avera	ge recurren	ce interval (y	/ears)			
Buration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	1.04 (0.876-1.27)	1.46 (1.22-1.76)	2.03 (1.69-2.46)	2.52 (2.08-3.08)	3.22 (2.57-4.08)	3.78 (2.95-4.91)	4.39 (3.34-5.83)	5.04 (3.72-6.90)	5.99 (4.24-8.56)	6.76 (4.61-10.0)
10-min	0.750	1.05	1.46	1.81	2.30	2.71	3.14	3.62	4.29	4.85
	(0.630-0.906)	(0.876-1.27)	(1.21-1.76)	(1.49-2.21)	(1.84-2.92)	(2.12-3.52)	(2.39-4.18)	(2.67-4.95)	(3.03-6.13)	(3.31-7.18)
15-min	0.604	0.844	1.17	1.46	1.86	2.19	2.54	2.92	3.46	3.91
	(0.508-0.732)	(0.704-1.02)	(0.976-1.42)	(1.20-1.78)	(1.48-2.36)	(1.70-2.83)	(1.93-3.37)	(2.15-3.99)	(2.44-4.94)	(2.66-5.79)
30-min	0.486 (0.406-0.588)	0.678 (0.566-0.820)	0.942 (0.784-1.14)	1.17 (0.964-1.43)	1.49 (1.19-1.89)	1.75 (1.37-2.27)	2.04 (1.55-2.70)	2.34 (1.73-3.20)	2.78 (1.96-3.97)	3.13 (2.14-4.64)
60-min	0.327	0.456	0.634	0.786	1.00	1.18	1.37	1.57	1.87	2.11
	(0.274-0.395)	(0.381-0.552)	(0.528-0.769)	(0.649-0.962)	(0.800-1.27)	(0.921-1.53)	(1.04-1.82)	(1.16-2.15)	(1.32-2.67)	(1.44-3.13)
2-hr	0.246	0.328	0.440	0.532	0.663	0.766	0.874	0.988	1.15	1.27
	(0.206-0.297)	(0.274-0.397)	(0.366-0.533)	(0.440-0.652)	(0.528-0.840)	(0.598-0.992)	(0.664-1.16)	(0.729-1.35)	(0.810-1.64)	(0.869-1.89)
3-hr	0.202	0.266	0.351	0.422	0.520	0.597	0.677	0.760	0.876	0.967
	(0.169-0.244)	(0.222-0.322)	(0.293-0.427)	(0.349-0.517)	(0.415-0.659)	(0.466-0.774)	(0.514-0.900)	(0.561-1.04)	(0.619-1.25)	(0.660-1.43)
6-hr	0.143	0.187	0.243	0.290	0.354	0.404	0.454	0.507	0.579	0.635
	(0.120-0.173)	(0.156-0.226)	(0.203-0.295)	(0.239-0.355)	(0.282-0.449)	(0.315-0.523)	(0.345-0.604)	(0.374-0.694)	(0.409-0.827)	(0.433-0.941
12-hr	0.094	0.123	0.162	0.193	0.235	0.268	0.301	0.336	0.382	0.419
	(0.079-0.114)	(0.103-0.149)	(0.135-0.196)	(0.159-0.236)	(0.188-0.298)	(0.209-0.347)	(0.229-0.401)	(0.248-0.459)	(0.270-0.546)	(0.285-0.620
24-hr	0.061	0.082	0.109	0.131	0.161	0.184	0.208	0.232	0.264	0.290
	(0.054-0.071)	(0.073-0.095)	(0.096-0.126)	(0.115-0.153)	(0.136-0.194)	(0.153-0.226)	(0.168-0.261)	(0.183-0.300)	(0.200-0.356)	(0.212-0.404
2-day	0.035	0.048	0.065	0.079	0.098	0.113	0.128	0.144	0.165	0.182
	(0.031-0.041)	(0.043-0.056)	(0.057-0.075)	(0.069-0.092)	(0.083-0.118)	(0.094-0.139)	(0.104-0.161)	(0.113-0.186)	(0.125-0.223)	(0.134-0.254
3-day	0.025	0.035	0.047	0.058	0.072	0.083	0.095	0.107	0.124	0.138
	(0.022-0.029)	(0.031-0.040)	(0.042-0.055)	(0.050-0.067)	(0.061-0.087)	(0.069-0.102)	(0.077-0.120)	(0.085-0.139)	(0.094-0.167)	(0.101-0.192
4-day	0.020	0.028	0.038	0.047	0.059	0.069	0.079	0.089	0.104	0.115
	(0.018-0.023)	(0.025-0.032)	(0.034-0.045)	(0.041-0.055)	(0.050-0.071)	(0.057-0.085)	(0.064-0.099)	(0.070-0.115)	(0.079-0.140)	(0.084-0.161
7-day	0.013 (0.011-0.014)	0.018 (0.016-0.020)	0.024 (0.022-0.028)	0.030 (0.026-0.035)	0.038 (0.032-0.046)	0.045 (0.037-0.055)	0.051 (0.041-0.064)	0.058 (0.046-0.075)	0.068 (0.051-0.091)	0.076 (0.055-0.105
10-day	0.009	0.013	0.018	0.022	0.028	0.033	0.038	0.043	0.051	0.057
	(0.008-0.010)	(0.011-0.015)	(0.016-0.021)	(0.019-0.026)	(0.024-0.034)	(0.028-0.041)	(0.031-0.048)	(0.034-0.056)	(0.039-0.069)	(0.042-0.079
20-day	0.005	0.008	0.011	0.013	0.017	0.020	0.024	0.027	0.032	0.036
	(0.005-0.006)	(0.007-0.009)	(0.009-0.012)	(0.012-0.016)	(0.015-0.021)	(0.017-0.025)	(0.019-0.030)	(0.021-0.035)	(0.024-0.043)	(0.027-0.051
30-day	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.010	0.013	0.016	0.019	0.021	0.026	0.029
	(0.003-0.005)	(0.005-0.007)	(0.007-0.009)	(0.009-0.012)	(0.011-0.016)	(0.013-0.019)	(0.015-0.023)	(0.017-0.028)	(0.019-0.035)	(0.021-0.041
45-day	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.015	0.017	0.021	0.024
	(0.003-0.004)	(0.004-0.005)	(0.005-0.007)	(0.007-0.009)	(0.009-0.012)	(0.010-0.015)	(0.012-0.018)	(0.013-0.022)	(0.016-0.028)	(0.017-0.033
60-day	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.009	0.010	0.012	0.015	0.018	0.021

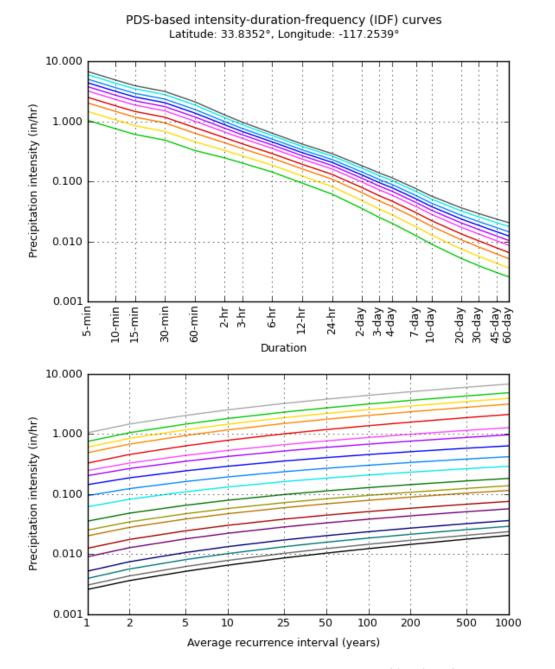
¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

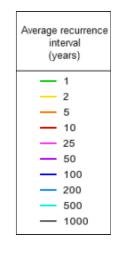
Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

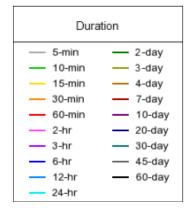
Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical







NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2

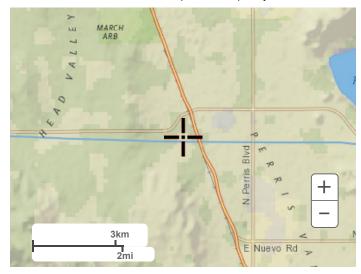
Created (GMT): Wed Jan 12 00:02:51 2022

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Maps & aerials

Small scale terrain

Precipitation Frequency Data Server



Large scale terrain



Large scale map 15 Lancaster Palmdale Victorville a Barbara Santa Clarita Oxnard Los Angeles oFiverside Anaheim athedral Indio Long Beach City 10 San ta Ana Palm Desert Murrieta +Oceanside 100km n Diego Mexic 60mi 8 Tijuana

Large scale aerial

Precipitation Frequency Data Server



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US Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Weather Service National Water Center 1325 East West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910 Questions?: <u>HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov</u>

Disclaimer

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size. The **community map repository** should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations** (BFEs) and/or **floodways** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Sultwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-foot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/of floodplain management.

construction and/or floodplain management. Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0 North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Sillwater Elevations tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Sillwater Elevations tables should be used for construction and/or floodplain management purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) zone 11. The **horizontal datum** was NAD 83, GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same **vertical datum**. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <u>http://www.ngs.noaa.gov</u> or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench** marks shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713-3242, or visit its website at <u>http://www.ngs.noaa.gov</u>.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was derived from U.S. Geological Survey Digital Orthophoto Quadrangles produced at a scale of 1:12,000 from photography dated 1994 or later.

This map may reflect more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

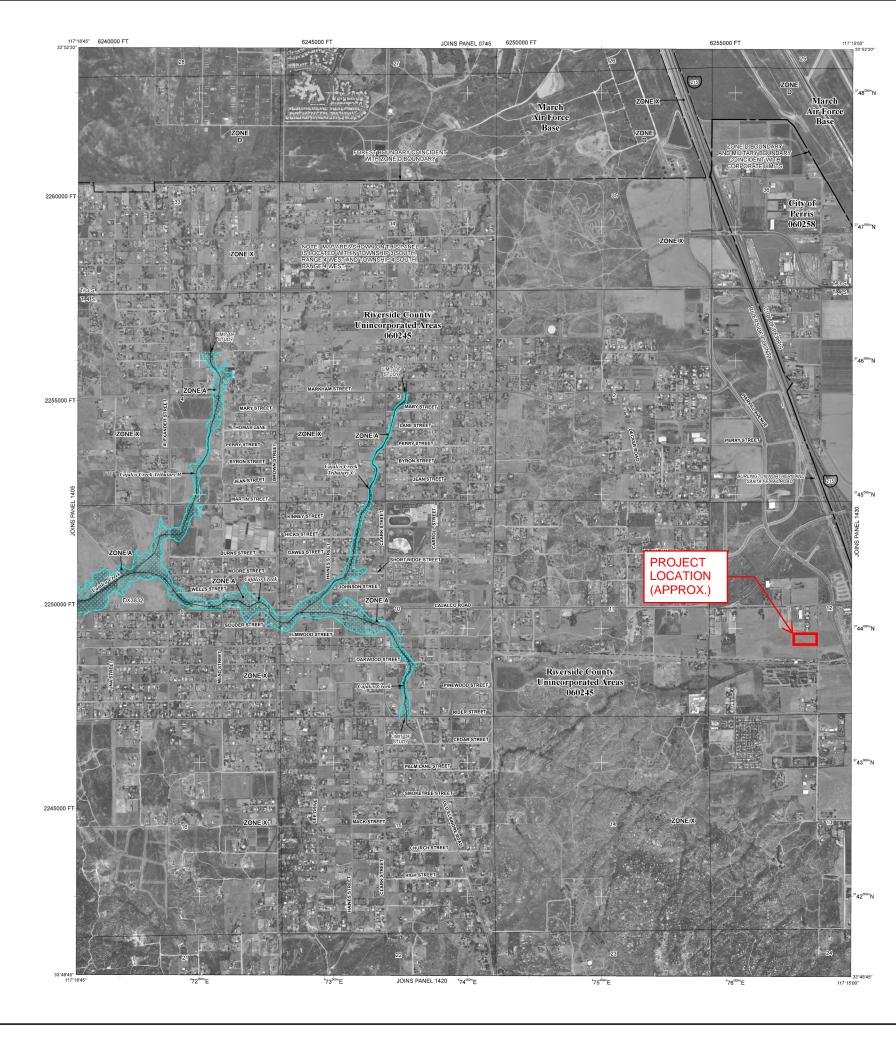
Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flock Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

Contact the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-800-358-9616 for information on available products associated with this FIRM. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FEMA Map Service Center may also be reached by Fax at 1-800-358-9620 and its website at http://msc.fema.gov.

If fyou have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call **1-877-FEMA MAP** (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at <u>http://www.fema.gov.</u>

NOTE:

THE PROJECT IS SITUATED WITHIN FEMA ZONE X; THEREFORE, NO PROCESSING SHOULD BE REQUIRED THROUGH FEMA.



BY THE 1%	LOOD HAZARD AREAS SUBJECT TO INUNDATION			
The 1% annual flood (100-year fl chance of being equaled or exce area subject to flooding by the 1 Zones A, AE, AH, AO, AR, A99, elevation of the 1% annual chance	ood), also known as the base flood, is the flood that has a 1% aded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Area is the % annual chance flood. Areas of Special Flood Hazard include V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water-surface flood.			
	ood Elevations determined. Elevations determined.			
	ths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); Base Flood			
ZONE AO Flood depti	ns of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average sermined. For areas of alluvial fan flooding, velocities also			
ZONE AR Special Flor flood by a f indicates th	I. Dd Hazard Area formerly protected from the 1% annual chance lood control system that was subsequently decertified. Zone AR at the former flood control system is being restored to provide			
ZONE A99 Area to be protection determined				
Elevations	od zone with velocity hazard (wave action); no Base Flood determined. od zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood			
Elevations	determined.			
	Y AREAS IN ZONE AE stream plus any adjacent floodplain areas that must be kept free annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases			
of encroachment so that the 1% a in flood heights.	annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increases			
OTHER FLO				
average de	2% annual chance flood; areas of 1% annual chance flood with apths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than le; and areas protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.			
OTHER ARI	EAS			
	mined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. hich flood hazards are undetermined, but possible.			
	BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS			
· · · · ·	E PROTECTED AREAS (OPAs)			
	y located within or adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas. % annual chance floodplain boundary			
0	.2% annual chance floodplain boundary			
	iloodway boundary fone D boundary			
	BRS and OPA boundary			
00000000000	koundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Area Zones and woundary dividing Special Flood Hazard Areas of different Base flood Elevations, flood depths or flood velocities.			
	ase Flood Elevation line and value; elevation in feet*			
(EL 507)	sase Flood Elevation value where uniform within zone; elevation n feet*			
* Referenced to the North America	n Vertical Datum of 1988 Cross section line			
8	ransect line Seographic coordinates referenced to the North American			
²⁴ 76 ⁰⁰⁰ "N 1	Geographic coordinates referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), Western Hemisphere 2000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid values, zone			
600000 FT 5	.1N i000-foot grid ticks: California State Plane coordinate			
s	ystem, zone VI (FIPSZONE 0406), Lambert Conformal Conic rojection			
Dissorto X F	tench mark (see explanation in Notes to Users section of this IRM panel)			
●M1.5 F	tiver Mile			
	MAP REPOSITORY ting of Map Repositories on Map Index			
EFFE	CTIVE DATE OF COUNTYWIDE OOD INSURANCE RATE MAP August 28, 2008			
EFFECTIVE D				
For community map revision hist	ory prior to countywide mapping, refer to the Community			
Map History table located in the To determine if flood insurano	Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.			
agent or call the National Flood In	surance Program at 1-800-638-6620.			
MA	AP SCALE 1" = 1000'			
500 0	1000 2000 FEET			
300	0 300 600			
NFIP	PANEL 1410G			
MN	FIRM			
RAN	FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP			
) S	RIVERSIDE COUNTY,			
	CALIFORNIA			
	AND INCORPORATED AREAS			
1 L	PANEL 1410 OF 3805 (SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)			
	(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT)			
NAN NAN	COMMUNITY NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX PERRIS CITY OF 060258 1410 G			
	PERRIS, CITY OF 060258 1410 G RIVERSIDE COUNTY 060245 1410 G			
	Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be			
	Notice to User: The Map Number shown below should be used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.			
	used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community.			
L FLOOD	used when placing map orders; the Community Number shown above should be used on insurance applications for the			
L FLOOD	used when placing map orders, the Community Number solve above above above do insurance applications for the subject community. MAP NUMBER 06065C1410G			
IONNAL FLOOD	used when placing map orders, the Community Number show above should be used on insurance applications for the subject community. MAP NUMBER			
THONALL FLOOD	used when placing map orders, the Community Number solved be used on insurance applications for the adject community. MAP NUMBER 06065C1410G EFFECTIVE DATE AUGUST 28, 2008			
TIONAL FLOOD	used when placing map orders, the Community Number adjust down about the used on insurance applications for the adjust community. MAP NUMBER 06065C1410G EFFECTIVE DATE			

Appendix B

Modified Rational Method Results

Includes:

1. Pre-project Drainage Study Map (Offsite & On-site)

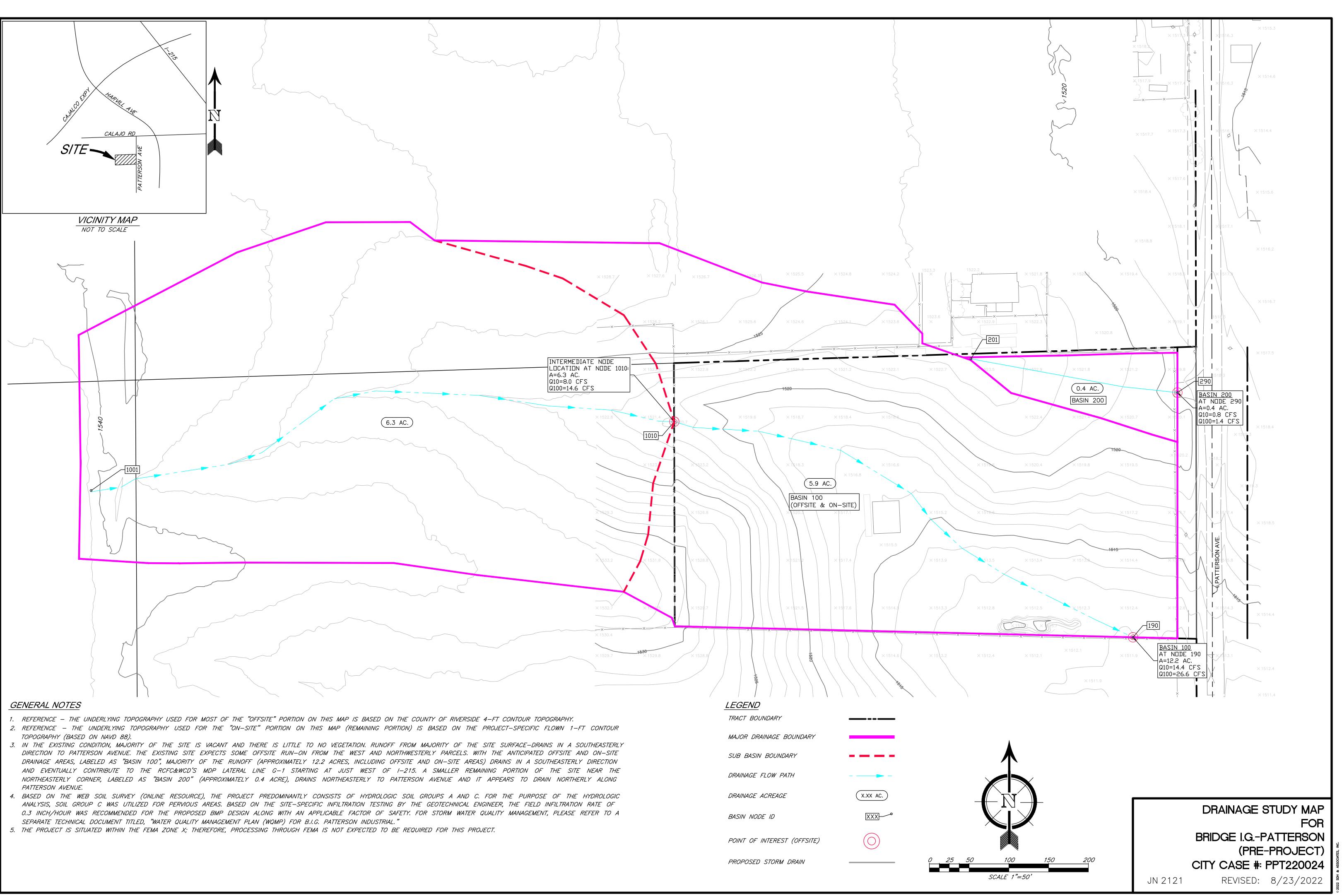
2. Pre-project AES Rational Method Output (10-year & 100-year)

3. Offsite Run-on Drainage Study Map for On-site Post-project

4. Offsite Run-on AES Rational Method Output for On-site Post-project (10-year & 100-year)

5. On-site Post-project Drainage Study Map

6. On-site Post-project AES Rational Method Output (10-year & 100-year)



RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * EXISTING CONDITION - OFFSITE & ON-SITE - 10-YEAR, 1HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 100 FILE NAME: BP1HE10.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:33 08/23/2022 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.794 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4655 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF-CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT)(FT) (n) ----- ----- ----- ----- -----____ ____ 1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EOUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
       WESTERLY OFFSITE RUN-ON FLOW:
 FROM DRAINAGE NODE 1001 TO NODE 1010
        _____
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE
                                1010.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 767.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1544.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1521.40
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                        22.60
 TC = 0.422*[( 767.00**3)/( 22.60)]**.2 =
                                    12.175
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.668
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7573
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.96
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                          7.96
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1521.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1511.90
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 654.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0145
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 10.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 5.00
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.460
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7429
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                        11.16
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.70
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.44 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 4.04
 Tc(MIN.) =
          16.21
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.40
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
                   5.90
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.2
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.36
```

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.87 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE 190.00 = 1421.00 FEET. END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.2 TC(MIN.) = 16.21 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.36 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

♠

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * EXISTING CONDITION - OFFSITE & ON-SITE - 100-YEAR, 1HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 100 FILE NAME: BP1HE00.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:07 08/23/2022 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 100.001-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4629 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF-CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT)(FT) (n) ----- ----- ----- ----- -----____ ____ 1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
        WESTERLY OFFSITE RUN-ON FLOW:
 FROM DRAINAGE NODE 1001 TO NODE 1010
        FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE
                                 1010.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 767.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1544.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1521.40
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                        22.60
 TC = 0.422*[( 767.00**3)/( 22.60)]**.2 =
                                    12.175
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.867
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8067
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 14.57
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                   6.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                         14.57
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE
                                190.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1521.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1511.90
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 654.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0145
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 10.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 5.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.552
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7973
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
                                        20.58
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.14
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.60 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.48
 Tc(MIN.) =
           15.65
                           SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.00
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
                   5.90
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.2
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 26.57
```

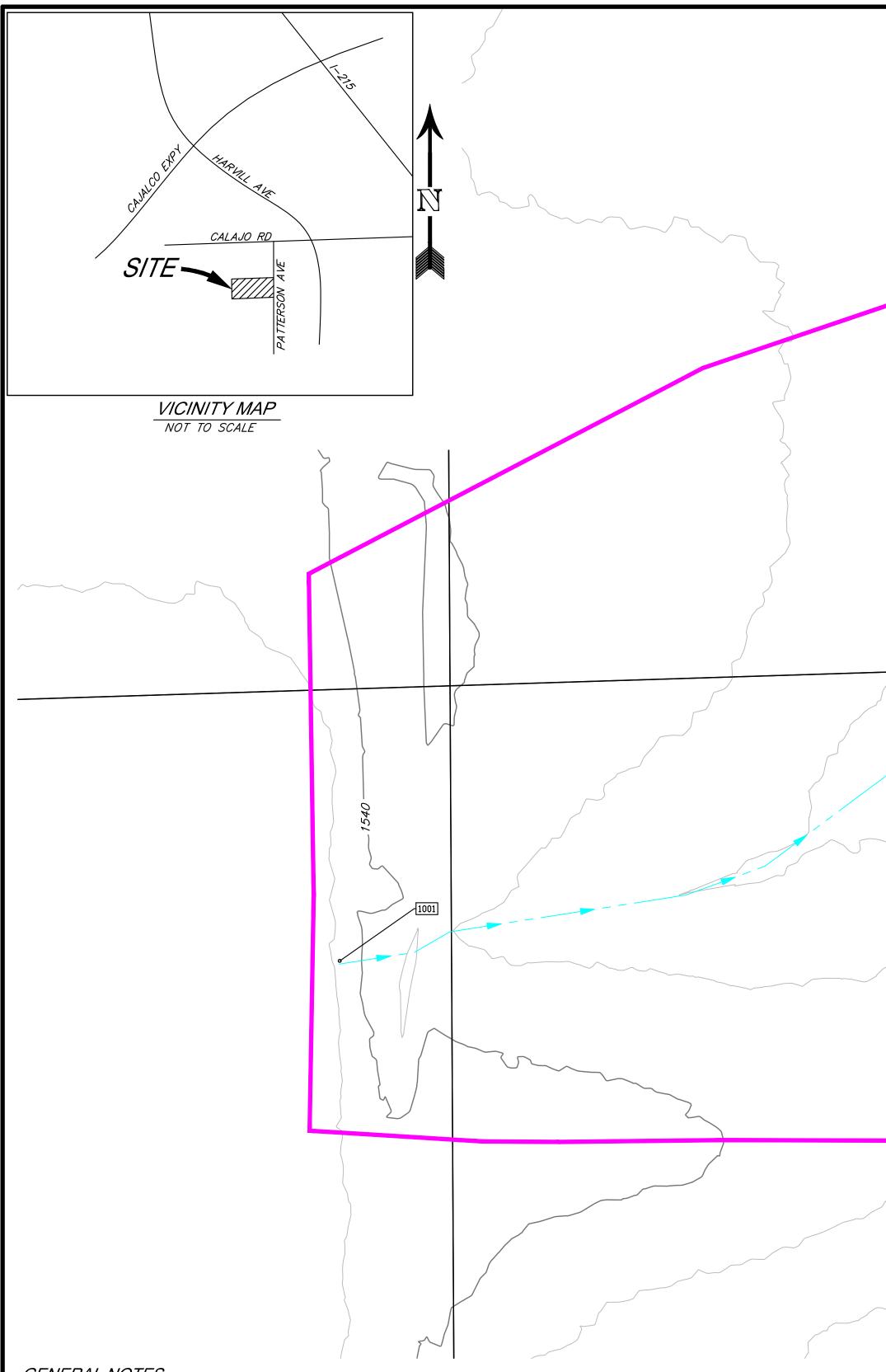
END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.67 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.36 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE 190.00 = 1421.00 FEET. END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.2 TC(MIN.) = 15.65 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 26.57 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * EXISTING CONDITION - 10-YEAR, 1-HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 200 FILE NAME: BP2HE10.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:40 08/23/2022 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.794 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4655 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) ____ ____ ----- ---- ----- ----- ----- -----1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
    as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                   201.00 TO NODE
                                290.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K^{(\text{LENGTH}^{3})/(\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})^{*}.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 505.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1523.50
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                        19.80
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1503.70
 TC = 0.422*[(505.00**3)/(1503.70)]**.2 = 4.092
 COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN.
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.524
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7964
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.80TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.40TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =0.80
_____
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
                      0.4 TC(MIN.) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                      5.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                      0.80
_____
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
```

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * EXISTING CONDITION - 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 200 FILE NAME: BP2HE00.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 17:39 08/23/2022 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ -----USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 100.001-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4629 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) --- ---- ----- ----- ------ ----- -----1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                   201.00 TO NODE
                                290.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K^{(\text{LENGTH}^{3})/(\text{ELEVATION CHANGE})^{*}.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 505.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1523.50
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                        19.80
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1503.70
 TC = 0.422*[(505.00**3)/(1503.70)]**.2 = 4.092
 COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN.
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.328
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8343
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.44TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.40TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =1.44
_____
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
                      0.4 TC(MIN.) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                      5.00
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                      1.44
_____
_____
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
```

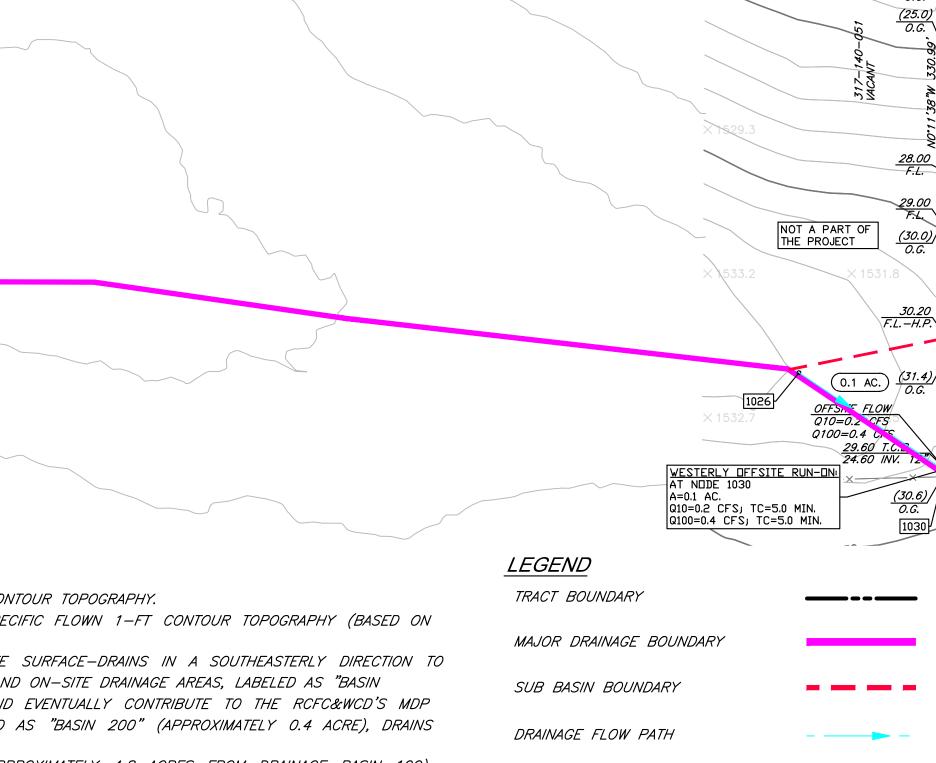


GENERAL NOTES

- 1. REFERENCE THE UNDERLYING TOPOGRAPHY USED FOR MOST OF THE "OFFSITE" PORTION ON THIS MAP IS BASED ON THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE 4-FT CONTOUR TOPOGRAPHY. 2. REFERENCE - THE UNDERLYING TOPOGRAPHY USED FOR THE "ON-SITE" PORTION ON THIS MAP (REMAINING PORTION) IS BASED ON THE PROJECT-SPECIFIC FLOWN 1-FT CONTOUR TOPOGRAPHY (BASED ON NAVD 88).
- 3. IN THE EXISTING CONDITION, MAJORITY OF THE SITE IS VACANT AND THERE IS LITTLE TO NO VEGETATION. RUNOFF FROM MAJORITY OF THE SITE SURFACE-DRAINS IN A SOUTHEASTERLY DIRECTION TO PATTERSON AVENUE. THE EXISTING SITE EXPECTS SOME OFFSITE RUN-ON FROM THE WEST AND NORTHWESTERLY PARCELS. WITH THE ANTICIPATED OFFSITE AND ON-SITE DRAINAGE AREAS, LABELED AS "BASIN 100", MAJORITY OF THE RUNOFF (APPROXIMATELY 12.2 ACRES, INCLUDING OFFSITE AND ON-SITE AREAS) DRAINS IN A SOUTHEASTERLY DIRECTION AND EVENTUALLY CONTRIBUTE TO THE RCFC&WCD'S MDP LATERAL LINE G-1 STARTING AT JUST WEST OF I-215. A SMALLER REMAINING PORTION OF THE SITE NEAR THE NORTHEASTERLY CORNER, LABELED AS "BASIN 200" (APPROXIMATELY 0.4 ACRE), DRAINS NORTHEASTERLY TO PATTERSON AVENUE AND IT APPEARS TO DRAIN NORTHERLY ALONG PATTERSON AVENUE.
- 4. THE POST—PROJECT DRAINAGE CHARACTERISTICS WILL BE MAINTAINED SIMILAR AS COMPARED TO THE PRE—PROJECT CONDITION. ON—SITE RUNOFF (APPROXIMATELY 4.8 ACRES FROM DRAINAGE BASIN 100) WILL BE CAPTURED VIA PROPOSED CATCH BASINS AND CONVEYED VIA PROPOSED STORM DRAIN PIPES TOWARDS A PROPOSED UNDERGROUND STORAGE FACILITY AND A PROPRIETARY MODULAR WETLAND SYSTEM (MWS) FOR MITIGATION PURPOSES, PRIOR TO DISCHARGING FLOWS TO PATTERSON AVENUE VIA A PROPOSED SIDEWALK UNDERDRAIN (VIA A MECHANICAL PUMP). THE WESTERLY AND NORTHWESTERLY OFFSITE FLOWS (A TOTAL OF APPROXIMATELY 7.6 ACRES) WILL BE COLLECTED VIA A NETWORK OF PERIMETER V-DITCHES AND CATCH BASINS AND CONVEYED VIA STORM DRAIN PIPES TO BYPASS THE OFFSITE FLOWS IN A SOUTHEASTERLY DIRECTION TO A CATCH BASIN BUBBLER IN THE SOUTHEASTERLY LANDSCAPE AREA, PRIOR TO DISCHARGING TO THE SAME BASIN 100 SIDEWALK UNDERDRAIN TO PATTERSON AVENUE. THE NORTHEASTERLY DRAINAGE AREA (APPROXIMATELY 0.2 ACRES FROM BASIN 200) IS CONSIDERED SELF-TREATING AREA AND DRAIN TO PATTERSON AVENUE VIA A PROPOSED SIDEWALK UNDERDRAIN. THE POST-PROJECT DRAINAGE AREAS FOR BASIN 100 (INCLUDING OFFSITE) AND BASIN 200 AT THE OUTLET LOCATIONS TO PATTERSON AVENUE ARE 12.2 ACRES AND 0.6 ACRES, RESPECTIVELY. BASED ON THE WEB SOIL SURVEY (ONLINE RESOURCE), THE PROJECT PREDOMINANTLY CONSISTS OF HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS A AND C. FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS, SOIL GROUP C
- WAS UTILIZED FOR PERVIOUS AREAS. BASED ON THE SITE-SPECIFIC INFILTRATION TESTING BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, THE FIELD INFILTRATION RATE OF 0.3 INCH/HOUR WAS RECOMMENDED FOR THE PROPOSED BMP DESIGN ALONG WITH AN APPLICABLE FACTOR OF SAFETY. FOR STORM WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT, PLEASE REFER TO A SEPARATE TECHNICAL DOCUMENT TITLED, "WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN (WQMP) FOR B.I.G. PATTERSON INDUSTRIAL." THE PROJECT IS SITUATED WITHIN THE FEMA ZONE X; THEREFORE, PROCESSING THROUGH FEMA IS NOT EXPECTED TO BE REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION - EXHIBIT FOR DRAINAGE STUDY ONLY

(6.5 AC.)



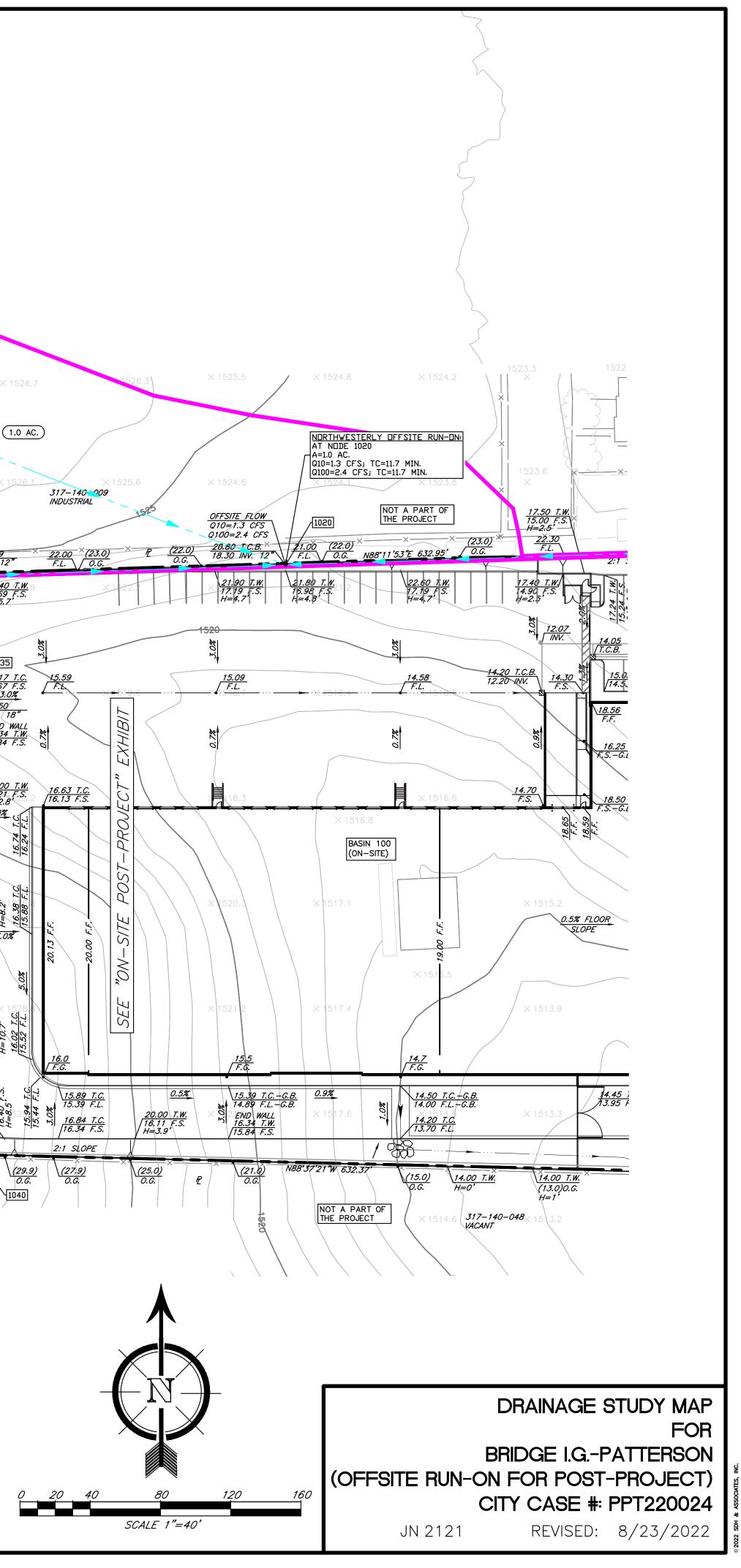
BASIN 1000 (OFFSITE)

DRAINAGE ACREAGE

BASIN NODE ID

POINT OF INTEREST (OFFSITE)

PROPOSED STORM DRAIN



15.69 [INV. 12"

16.67 E

10<u>7</u>4

1040

<u>(30.6)</u>/ 0.G.

(X.XX AC.)

3.0%

23.50 7 22.50 F.L.-h

<u>20.40 T.C.B</u> 15.60 INV.

<u>OFFSITE FLOW</u> Q10=8.2 CFS Q10Q=15.0 CFS

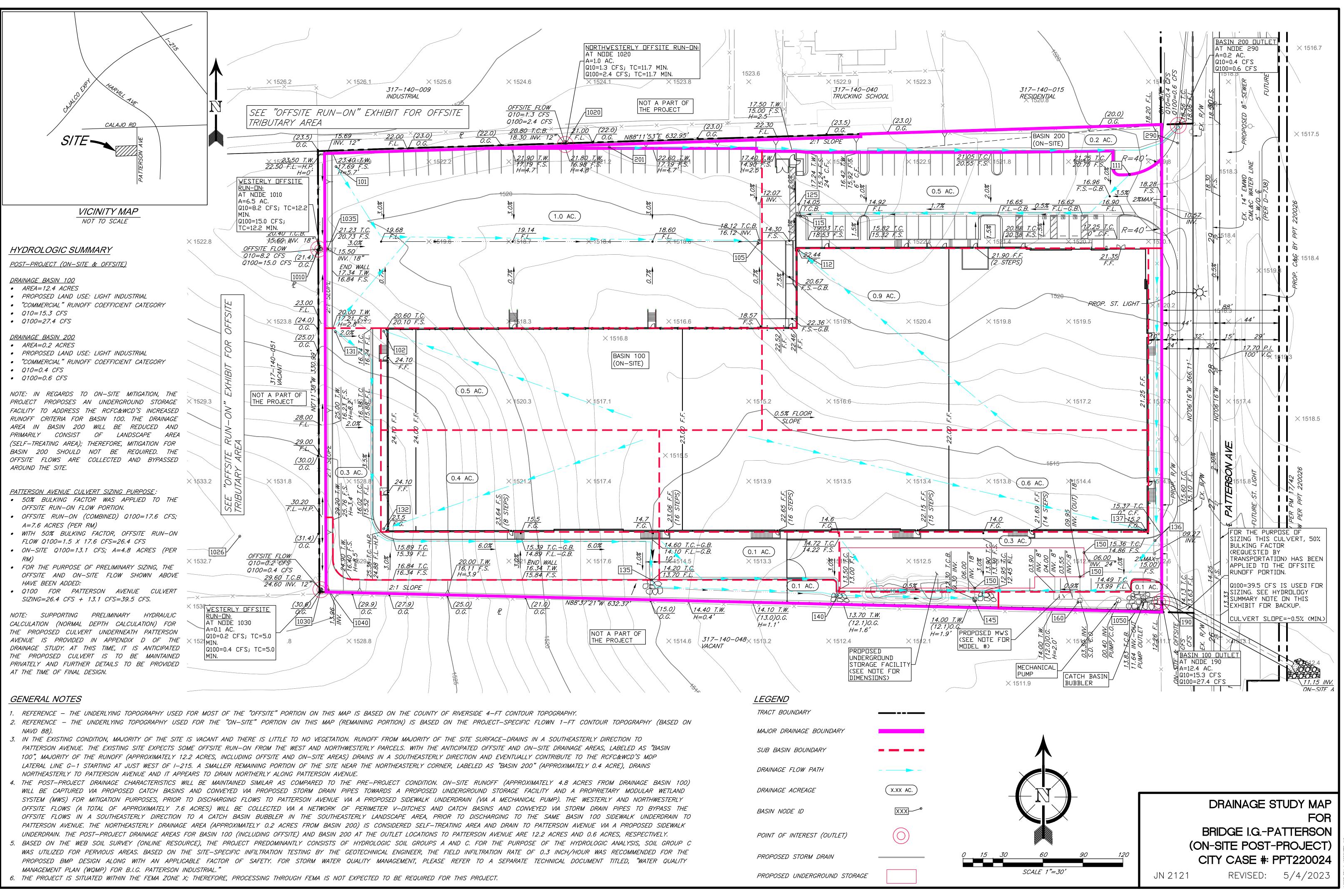
WESTERLY DFFSITE RUN-DN: AT NDDE 1010 A=6.5 AC. Q10=8.2 CFS; TC=12.2 MIN. Q100=15.0 CFS; TC=12.2 MIN.

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```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
 WESTERLY OFFSITE RUN-ON FLOW:
 FROM DRAINAGE NODE 1001 TO NODE 1010
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE
                                1010.00 IS CODE = 21
   _____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                           767.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1544.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1521.40
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                       22.60
 TC = 0.422*[(767.00**3)/(22.60)]**.2 =
                                   12.175
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.668
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7573
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.21
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                         8.21
NORTHWESTERLY OFFSITE RUN-ON FLOW:
FROM DRAINAGE NODE 1011 TO NODE 1020
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1011.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 508.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1532.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1524.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                        8.00
 TC = 0.422*[(508.00**3)/(8.00)]**.2 = 11.703
```

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * OFFSITE (EXISTING) - 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 1000 FILE NAME: BP01TE00.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 10:40 08/23/2022 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 100.001-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4629 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) --- ---- ----- ----- ------ ----- -----1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
 WESTERLY OFFSITE RUN-ON FLOW:
 FROM DRAINAGE NODE 1001 TO NODE 1010
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1001.00 TO NODE
                                1010.00 IS CODE = 21
   _____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =
                           767.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1544.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1521.40
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                        22.60
 TC = 0.422*[(767.00**3)/(22.60)]**.2 =
                                   12.175
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.867
 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8067
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.03
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.03
NORTHWESTERLY OFFSITE RUN-ON FLOW:
FROM DRAINAGE NODE 1011 TO NODE 1020
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1011.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 21
   _____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE)
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 508.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1532.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1524.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                        8.00
 TC = 0.422*[(508.00**3)/(8.00)]**.2 = 11.703
```



RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * POST-PROJECT - ON-SITE & OFFSITE - 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 100 FILE NAME: BP1HP10.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:58 08/24/2022 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.794 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4655 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT)(FT) (n) ----- ----- ----- ----- -----____ ____ 1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
    as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE =
                                        7
-----
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<
_____
 USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 TC(MIN) = 12.20 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.67
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.20
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 41
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 15.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 4.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.30
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.20
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.00 Tc(MIN.) = 12.20
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE
                              1035.00 = 4.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 1
  _____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.20
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.67
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                          8.20
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 7
_____
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<
USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 TC(MIN) = 11.70 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.70
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                    1.30
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 41 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 18.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 250.00MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.45 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.30 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.94Tc(MIN.) = 12.64 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1035.00 =250.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: 12.64 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.64 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.30 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 12.20 6.50 1 8.20 1.666 2 1.30 12.64 1.639 1.00 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** RUNOFF STREAM Тс INTENSITY NUMBER (INCH/HOUR) (CFS) (MIN.) 1 9.46 12.20 1.666 2 9.37 12.64 1.639

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 9.46 Tc(MIN.) = 12.20 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1035.00 = 250.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 13.96 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 256.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.40 (PIPE FLOW VELOCITY CORRESPONDING TO NORMAL-DEPTH FLOW AT DEPTH = 0.82 * DIAMETER) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 9.46 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.79 Tc(MIN.) = 13.00LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1040.00 = 506.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 13.00 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.62 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.50PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 9.46 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1026.00 TO NODE 1030.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE) TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 72.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 32.80 29.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.20 TC = 0.422*[(72.00**3)/(3.20)]**.2 = 4.353 COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN. 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.524 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7964

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.20 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1030.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 41_____ >>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 24.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 13.96 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 4.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 0.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 17.38 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.20 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.00 Tc(MIN.) = 5.00 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1026.00 TO NODE 1040.00 = 76.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.00 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.52 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.20 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF INTENSITY AREA Tc NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 7.50 1 9.46 13.00 1.618 2 0.20 5.00 2.523 0.10 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** RUNOFF TC STREAM INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)

1 3.84 5.00 2.523 9.58 13.00 2 1.618 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 9.58 Tc(MIN.) = 13.00TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.6LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1040.00 = 506.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1050.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 13.96 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 10.30 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 608.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.40 (PIPE FLOW VELOCITY CORRESPONDING TO NORMAL-DEPTH FLOW AT DEPTH = 0.82 * DIAMETER) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 9.58PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.88 Tc(MIN.) = 14.87 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1050.00 = 1114.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1050.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.26 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 26.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0015 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 9.58 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.71 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.92 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.16 Tc(MIN.) = 15.03LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 190.00 = 1140.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 10_____ >>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<< _____ 101.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 21 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

```
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
     DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 345.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                     17.70
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                     14.20
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                       3.50
 TC = 0.303*[(345.00**3)/(3.50)]**.2 = 7.861
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.045
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8796
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.80TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =1.00TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =1.80
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                  102.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.045
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8796
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                                       0.90
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.70
 TC(MIN.) =
         7.86
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                  105.00 TO NODE
                              125.00 IS CODE = 41
   _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
                                          11.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 55.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.88
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.70
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 7.99
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 125.00 = 400.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 125.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.99
```

```
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.03
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                             2.70
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                   111.00 TO NODE
                               115.00 IS CODE = 21
   _____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 273.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                     18.70
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                      14.05
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                       4.65
 TC = 0.303*[(273.00**3)/(4.65)]**.2 = 6.453
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.242
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8810
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                  0.99
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.99
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.242
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8810
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.78
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.76
 TC(MIN.) = 6.45
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                   115.00 TO NODE
                              125.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 41
   _____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.55 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 6.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.72
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                 2.76
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.01 Tc(MIN.) = 6.46
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 125.00 = 279.00 FEET.
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 125.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.46 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.24 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.76 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 7.99 1 2.70 2.029 1.50 2 2.76 6.46 2.240 1.40 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 4.95 6.46 2.240 1 2 5.20 7.99 2.029 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.95Tc(MIN.) = 6.46TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.9 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 125.00 = 400.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<</pre> _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 6.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 580.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.57 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.95PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.74 Tc(MIN.) = 8.20 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 150.00 =980.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 137.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.005 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8793 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.06 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.00 TC(MIN.) =8.20 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 10 >>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<< _____ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 21_____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 400.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 16.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 13.70 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.80 TC = 0.303*[(400.00**3)/(2.80)]**.2 = 8.98210 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.922 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8786 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.51 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.51 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 132.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.922 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8786 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.68

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.7 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.18 TC(MIN.) = 8.98FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 13.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.47 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 140.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0052 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.778 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8773 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.26 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.43 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.33 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.63 Tc(MIN.) =10.61 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.34 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.34 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.47 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 540.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.778 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8773 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.49 TC(MIN.) = 10.61FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.30 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 100.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0040 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 1.49

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.37 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.39 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.22 Tc(MIN.) = 11.83 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 145.00 = 640.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.83 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.69 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.49 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 136.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 140.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 14.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 12.45 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.05 TC = 0.303*[(140.00**3)/(2.05)]**.2 = 5.092 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.503 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8826 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.66 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.66 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 1_____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.09 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.50 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.30PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.66 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA

NUMBER (CFS) (INCH/HOUR) (MIN.) (ACRE) 1.49 1.690 0.90 1 11.83 2 0.66 5.09 2.503 0.30 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Τс INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1 1.31 5.09 2.503 2 1.94 11.83 1.690 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.94 Tc(MIN.) = 11.83 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 145.00 =640.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<</pre> ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 9.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 6.00 7.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.0 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 17.98 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.94 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.01 Tc(MIN.) =11.84 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 150.00 =647.00 FEET. ****** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 11 _____ >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< _____ ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Τс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 1.94 11.84 1.690 1.20 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 150.00 =647.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Τс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 8.20 1 6.00 2.005 3.50 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 150.00 =980.00 FEET. IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1 7.35 8.20 2.005 2 7.00 11.84 1.690 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.35 Tc(MIN.) =8.20 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.7 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 12 _____ >>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<< _____ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 160.00 IS CODE = 41 >>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 9.95 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 29.00MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 20.35 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.35 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02 Tc(MIN.) =8.22 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 160.00 =1009.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 160.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 51>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<< _____

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.16 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 25.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0056 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.984 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8791 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.44 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.43 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.83TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.17Tc(MIN.) =8.39 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.17 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.8 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.52 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = DEPTH(FEET) = 0.842.45 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 190.00 =1034.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 11_____ >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 7.52 8.39 1.984 4.80 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 190.00 = 1034.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (INCH/HOUR) (CFS) (MIN.) (ACRE) 9.58 15.03 1.512 7.60 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 190.00 =1140.00 FEET. IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 8.39 1 12.87 1.984 15.32 15.03 2 1.512 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 15.32 Tc(MIN.) = 15.03

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * POST-PROJECT - ON-SITE & OFFSITE - 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 100 FILE NAME: BP1HP00.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:58 08/24/2022 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ -----USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 100.001-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4629 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) ----- ----- ----- ----- -----=== ===== 1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

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1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
    as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1010.00 IS CODE =
                                         7
-----
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<
_____
 USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 TC(MIN) = 12.20 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.86
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 15.00
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1010.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 41
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 15.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 4.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.78
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
              15.00
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.00 Tc(MIN.) = 12.20
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE
                              1035.00 = 4.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 1
   _____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =
                     12.20
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.86
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                         15.00
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1020.00 IS CODE = 7
_____
 >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<<
_____
 USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 TC(MIN) = 11.70 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.92
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.40
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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1020.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 41 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 18.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 250.00MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.8 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.19 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.40 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.80Tc(MIN.) = 12.50 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1035.00 =250.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1035.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.50 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.83 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.40 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Τc INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 15.00 12.20 6.50 1 2.863 2 2.40 12.50 2.832 1.00 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY NUMBER (INCH/HOUR) (CFS) (MIN.) 1 17.34 12.20 2.863 2 17.23 12.50 2.832

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 17.34 Tc(MIN.) = 12.20 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.5 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1035.00 = 250.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1035.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 13.96 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 256.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.40 (PIPE FLOW VELOCITY CORRESPONDING TO NORMAL-DEPTH FLOW AT DEPTH = 0.82 * DIAMETER) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 17.34 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.79 Tc(MIN.) = 12.99LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1040.00 = 506.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.99 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.78 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.50PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 17.34 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1026.00 TO NODE 1030.00 IS CODE = 21 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM DEVELOPMENT IS SINGLE FAMILY(1/2 ACRE) TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 72.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 32.80 29.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 3.20 TC = 0.422*[(72.00**3)/(3.20)]**.2 = 4.353 COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN. 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.328 SINGLE-FAMILY(1/2 ACRE LOT) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8343

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1030.00 TO NODE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 41_____ >>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 24.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 13.96 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 4.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 0.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 20.81 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.36 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.00 Tc(MIN.) = 5.00 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1026.00 TO NODE 1040.00 = 76.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1040.00 IS CODE = 1 _____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.00 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.33 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.36 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF INTENSITY AREA Tc NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 17.34 7.50 1 12.99 2.781 2 0.36 5.00 4.327 0.10 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** RUNOFF TC STREAM INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)

7.045.004.32717.5712.992.781 1 2 2.781 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 17.57 Tc(MIN.) = 12.99TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 7.6 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1040.00 = 506.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1040.00 TO NODE 1050.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 13.96 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 10.30 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 608.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.40 (PIPE FLOW VELOCITY CORRESPONDING TO NORMAL-DEPTH FLOW AT DEPTH = 0.82 * DIAMETER) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 17.57PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.88 Tc(MIN.) = 14.87 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 1050.00 = 1114.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1050.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 51 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.26 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 26.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0015 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 17.57 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.17 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.24 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.14 Tc(MIN.) = 15.01LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 190.00 = 1140.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 10_____ >>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<< _____ 101.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 21 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

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ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
     DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 345.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                      17.70
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                     14.20
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                       3.50
 TC = 0.303*[(345.00**3)/(3.50)]**.2 = 7.861
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.510
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8869
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.11
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.11
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                  102.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 81
   _____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
_____
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.510
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8869
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.56
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.67
 TC(MIN.) =
         7.86
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                  105.00 TO NODE
                              125.00 IS CODE = 41
   -----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
                                           11.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 55.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.74
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.67
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.12 Tc(MIN.) = 7.98
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 125.00 = 400.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 125.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.98
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RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.49 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.67 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 21 _____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 273.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 18.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 14.05 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 4.65 TC = 0.303*[(273.00**3)/(4.65)]**.2 = 6.453100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.846 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8879 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.71 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.71 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.846 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8879 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.07 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.4 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.78 TC(MIN.) =6.45 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 125.00 IS CODE = 41_____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.55 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 6.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 13.58 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.78 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.01 Tc(MIN.) = 6.46 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 111.00 TO NODE 125.00 = 279.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 125.00 IS CODE = 1_____ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< _____ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.46 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.84 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.78 ** CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 4.67 7.98 1 3.486 1.50 2 4.78 6.46 3.844 1.40 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** RUNOFF Tc STREAM INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER 6.46 1 8.56 3.844 2 9.00 7.98 3.486 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.56 Tc(MIN.) = 6.46TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.9 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 125.00 = 400.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<</pre> _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 6.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 580.00 MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.5 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.47 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.56PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.49 Tc(MIN.) = 7.95 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 150.00 = 980.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 137.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.491 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8868 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.86 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.5 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.42 TC(MIN.) =7.95 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 10 >>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<< _____ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 21_____ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< _____ ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 400.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 16.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 13.70 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 2.80 TC = 0.303*[(400.00**3)/(2.80)]**.2 = 8.982100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.300 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8862 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.88 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.88 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 132.00 TO NODE 135.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.300 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8862 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.17

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.7 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.05 TC(MIN.) = 8.98FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 13.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.47 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 140.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0052 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.088 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8854 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.18 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.69 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.38 Tc(MIN.) =10.37 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.82.32 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.72 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 140.00 = 540.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 81 _____ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< _____ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.088 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8854 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.9 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.59 TC(MIN.) = 10.37FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 51 _____ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.30 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 100.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0040 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 2.59

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FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.60 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.53
 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.04 Tc(MIN.) =
                              11.41
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE
                                 145.00 = 640.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                   145.00 TO NODE
                               145.00 IS CODE =
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =
                       11.41
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                      2.95
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                            2.59
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 136.00 TO NODE 145.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
      ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
      DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 140.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                     14.50
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                      12.45
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                       2.05
 TC = 0.303*[(140.00**3)/(
                       2.05)]**.2 =
                                  5.092
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.291
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8890
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.14
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  0.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.14
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                  145.00 TO NODE
                              145.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 1
   _____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.09
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.29
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.30
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                             1.14
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM
        RUNOFF
                 Тс
                       INTENSITY
                                 AREA
```

NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 2.59 2.955 0.90 1 11.41 2 1.14 5.09 4.291 0.30 IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1 2.30 5.09 4.291 2 3.38 11.41 2.955 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.38 Tc(MIN.) = 11.41 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 145.00 =640.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 145.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 41 _____ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<<</pre> ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 9.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 6.00 7.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.6 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 21.26 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.38 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.01 Tc(MIN.) = 11.41 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 150.00 =647.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 11_____ >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< _____ ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Τс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 3.38 11.41 2.954 1.20 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 131.00 TO NODE 150.00 =647.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Τс INTENSITY AREA (CFS) (MIN.) NUMBER (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 10.42 7.95 1 3.491 3.50 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 150.00 =980.00 FEET. IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Τc INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 1 12.78 7.95 3.491 2 12.20 11.41 2.954 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 12.78 Tc(MIN.) =7.95 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.7 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 150.00 IS CODE = 12 _____ >>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<< _____ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 150.00 TO NODE 160.00 IS CODE = 41 >>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< _____ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 9.95 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 3.00 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 29.00MANNING'S N = 0.012DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.4 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 23.95 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.78 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.02Tc(MIN.) =7.97 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 160.00 =1009.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 160.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 51...... >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<< _____

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 12.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 12.16 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 25.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0056 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.457 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8867 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C" TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 12.93 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.82 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.09TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.15Tc(MIN.) =8.12 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.8 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 13.08 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 1.10 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.83 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 190.00 =1034.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 190.00 TO NODE 190.00 IS CODE = 11_____ >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<< ** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 13.08 8.12 3.457 4.80 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 190.00 = 1034.00 FEET. ** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA ** STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (INCH/HOUR) (CFS) (MIN.) (ACRE) 17.57 15.01 2.602 7.60 1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 0.00 TO NODE 190.00 =1140.00 FEET. IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM, THE CONFLUENCE VALUE USED IS BASED ON THE RCFC&WCD FORMULA OF PLATE D-1 AS DEFAULT VALUE. THIS FORMULA WILL NOT NECESSARILY RESULT IN THE MAXIMUM VALUE OF PEAK FLOW. ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ** STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 22.59 8.12 1 3.457 27.42 15.01 2 2.602 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 27.42 Tc(MIN.) = 15.01

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * POST-PROJECT - ON-SITE - 10-YEAR, 1-HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 200 FILE NAME: BP2HP10.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:02 08/23/2022 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 10.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.794 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4655 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) --- ---- ----- ----- ------ ----- -----1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
    as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE
                              290.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
     ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
     DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 420.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 22.60
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                      18.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                      4.60
 TC = 0.303*[(420.00**3)/(4.60)]**.2 = 8.375
  10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.985
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8791
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.35
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.35
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    0.2 TC(MIN.) = 8.37
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                    0.35
_____
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
```

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RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) (Rational Tabling Version 23.0) Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1717 Analysis prepared by: SDH & ASSOCIATES, INC. 27363 VIA INDUSTRIA TEMECULA, CA 92590 (951) 683-3691 * BRIDGE-PATTERSON (JN 2121) * * POST-PROJECT - ON-SITE - 100-YEAR, 1-HOUR STORM EVENT * BASIN 200 FILE NAME: BP2HP00.RAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 18:01 08/23/2022 _____ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: _____ USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 12.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.810 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 0.786 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.140 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4655341 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4629036 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA: STORM EVENT = 100.001-HOUR INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.370 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4629 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: COMPUTE CONFLUENCE VALUES ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL AND IGNORE OTHER CONFLUENCE COMBINATIONS FOR DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) --- ---- ----- ----- ------ ----- -----1 20.0 15.0 0.020/0.020/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0160

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

```
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
    as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
  2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE
                              290.00 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
_____
     ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
     DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 420.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 22.60
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =
                      18.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =
                      4.60
 TC = 0.303*[(420.00**3)/(4.60)]**.2 = 8.375
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.409
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8865
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    0.2 TC(MIN.) = 8.37
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                     0.60
_____
_____
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
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Appendix C

Inlet Sizing

Note: Detailed onsite inlet calculations will be conducted during final engineering at the time of the final drainage study and will be incorporated in this Appendix.

Appendix D

Preliminary Storm Drain / Ditch Sizing

Includes:

- 1. On-site preliminary storm drain sizing
 - 2. Offsite Perimeter V-ditch Sizing
- 3. Offsite Run-on Bypass Perimeter Storm Drain Sizing
- 4. Patterson Avenue drainage crossing concept preliminary sizing

Preliminary On-site Storm Drain Sizes

The purpose of this table is to provide an estimated preliminary pipe sizes to convey the anticipated 10-year peak flow rates with a preliminary sizing bump-up factor to account for potential head losses through the pipe.

Manning's n: 0.012 HDPE or equivalent

30

Preliminary Sizing Bump-up (%):

					Preliminary Sizes	per Varying Slopes	6		
		Slope at:	0.2	2%	0.	5%	1.0	0%	
Node ID's:	Q ₁₀ (cfs ¹)	Q ₁₀₀ with Sizing Factor (cfs ¹)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Suggested Pipe Size (inches)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Suggested Pipe Size (inches)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Suggested Pipe Size (inches)	PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS ³
105 - 125	2.7	3.5	1.30	18"	1.10	18"	0.96	12"	Use 12" HDPE @ 1.0% MIN.
115 - 125	2.8	3.6	1.32	18"	1.11	18"	0.98	12"	Use 12" HDPEs @ 1.0% MIN.
125 - 150	5.0	6.5	1.64	24"	1.38	18"	1.21	18"	Use 18" HDPEs @ 0.5% MIN.
145 - 150	1.9	2.5	1.14	18"	0.96	12"	0.85	12"	Use 18" HDPE @ 0.5% MIN.
150 - 160	7.4	9.6	1.90	24"	1.60	24"	1.41	18"	Use 18" HDPE @ 1.0% MIN.

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

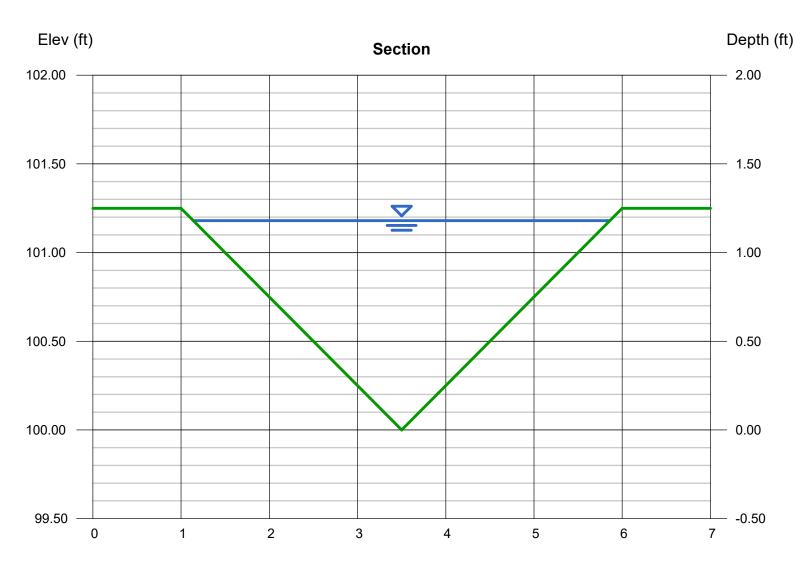
Thursday, Aug 25 2022

NODE 1010 - WESTERLY PERIMETER DITCH FOR OFFSITE FLOW (MIN. S=2.0%)

Iria	nai	ılar
Tria	ngu	iiai

Side Slopes (z:1)	= 2.00, 2.00
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.25
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00
Slope (%)	= 1.00
N-Value	= 0.018
Calculations Compute by:	Known Q
Known Q (cfs)	= 15.00

	CONTAINED WITHIN
Highlighted	THE V-DTICH. OK.
Depth (ft)	= 1.18
Q (cfs)	= 15.00
Area (sqft)	= 2.78
Velocity (ft/s)	= 5.39
Wetted Perim (ft)	= 5.28
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 1.25
Top Width (ft)	= 4.72
EGL (ft)	= 1.63



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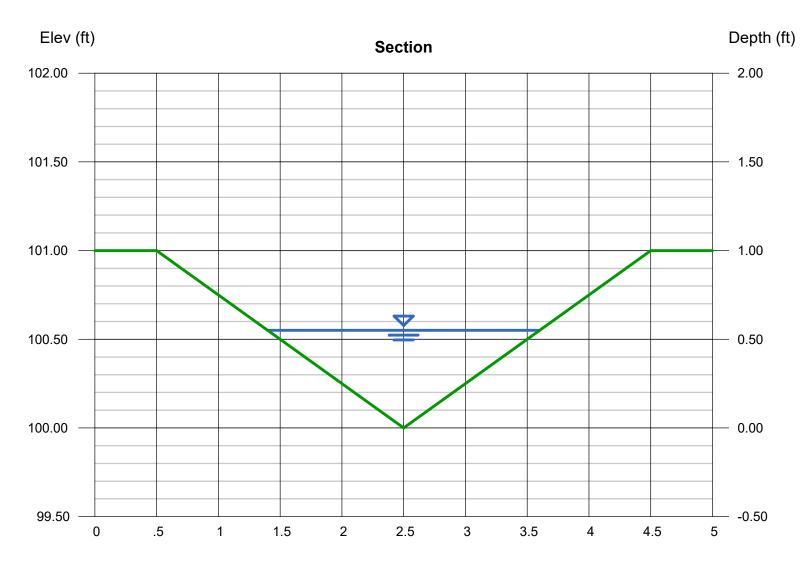
Thursday, Aug 25 2022

NODE 1020 - NORTHWESTERLY PERIMETER DITCH FOR OFFSITE FLOW (MIN. S=1.5%

Triangular

Side Slopes (z:1)	= 2.00, 2.00
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.00
	100.00
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00
Slope (%)	= 1.50
N-Value	= 0.018
• • • •	Q100
Calculations	/
Compute by:	Known Q
Known Q (cfs)	= 2.40

Highlighted	CONTAINED WITHIN THE V-DTICH. OK.
Depth (ft)	= 0.55
Q (cfs)	= 2.400
Area (sqft)	= 0.60
Velocity (ft/s)	= 3.97
Wetted Perim (ft)	= 2.46
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.62
Top Width (ft)	= 2.20
EGL (ft)	= 0.79



Reach (ft)

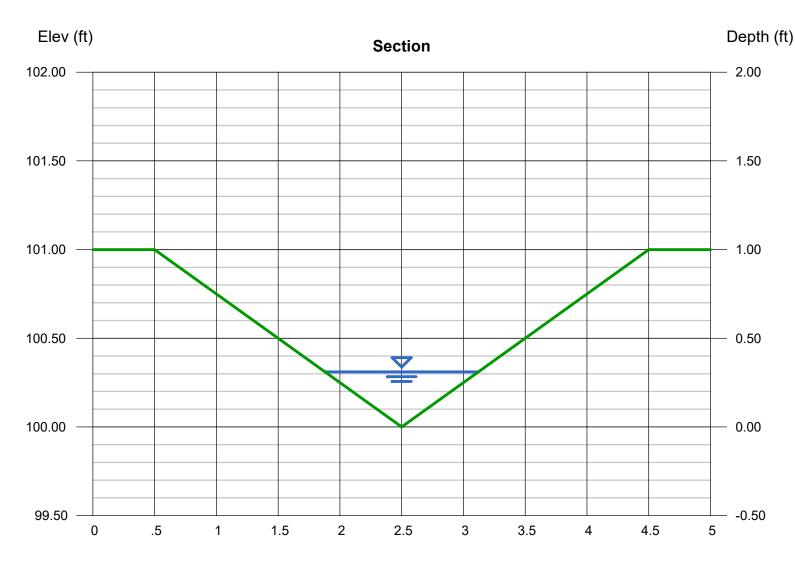
Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Thursday, Aug 25 2022

NODE 1030 - WESTERLY PERIMETER DITCH FOR OFFSITE FLOW (MIN. S=1.0%)

Side Slopes (z:1)	= 2.00, 2.00
Total Depth (ft)	= 1.00
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00
Slope (%)	= 1.00
N-Value	= 0.018
Calculations	Q100
Compute by:	Known Q
Known Q (cfs)	= 0.40

	CONTAINED WITHIN
Highlighted	THE V-DTICH. OK.
Depth (ft)	= 0.31
Q (cfs)	= 0.400
Area (sqft)	= 0.19
Velocity (ft/s)	= 2.08
Wetted Perim (ft)	= 1.39
Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.31
Top Width (ft)	= 1.24
EGL (ft)	= 0.38



Reach (ft)

Preliminary Perimeter Storm Drain Sizes for Conveying Offsite Flows

The purpose of this table is to provide an estimated preliminary pipe sizes to convey the anticipated 10-year peak<u>offsite</u> flow rates with a preliminary sizing bump-up factor to account for potential head losses through the pipe.

Manning's n: 0.012 HDPE or equivalent

30

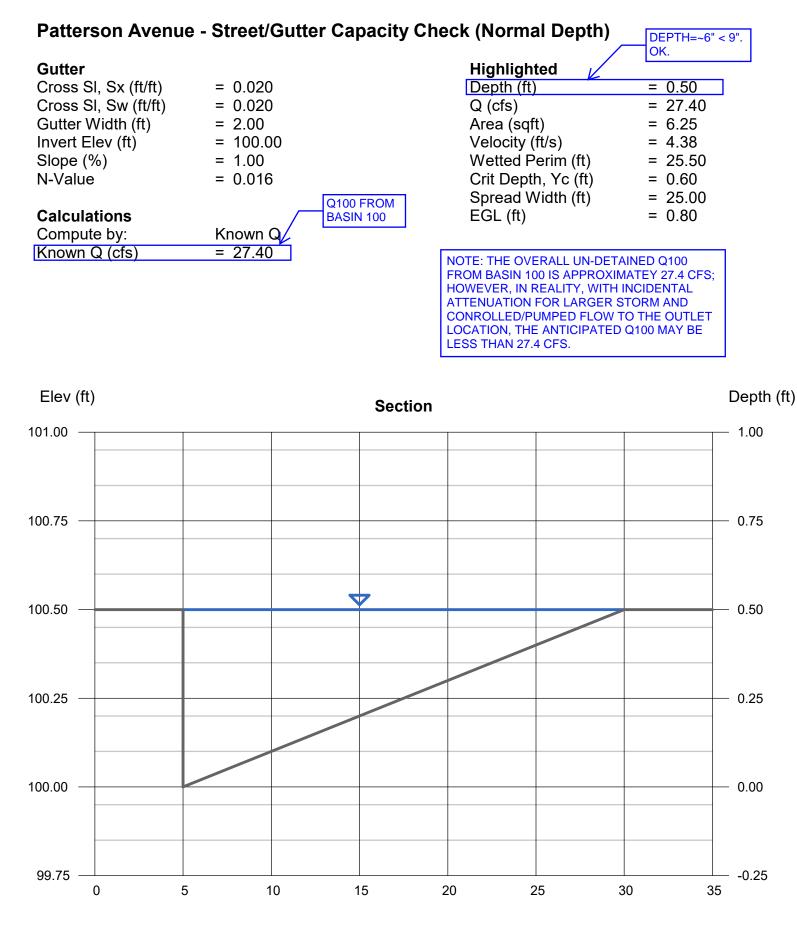
Preliminary Sizing Bump-up (%):

		Slope at:	0.	2%	0.5%		1.0%		
Node ID's:	Q ₁₀ (cfs ¹)	Q ₁₀₀ with Sizing Factor (cfs ¹)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Suggested Pipe Size (inches)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Suggested Pipe Size (inches)	Minimum Pipe Size ² (feet)	Suggested Pipe Size (inches)	PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS ³
1010 - 1035	8.2	10.7	1.98	24"	1.67	24"	1.46	18"	Use 18" HDPE @ 0.5% MIN.
1020 - 1035	1.3	1.7	0.99	12"	0.83	10"	0.73	10"	Use 12" HDPEs @ 0.5% MIN.
1035 - 1040	9.5	12.4	2.09	30"	1.76	24"	1.55	24"	Use 18" HDPEs @ 0.5% MIN.
1030 - 1040	0.2	0.3	0.49	6"	0.41	6"	0.36	6"	Use 12" HDPE @ 0.5% MIN.
1040 - 1050	9.6	12.5	2.10	30"	1.77	24"	1.55	24"	Use 18" HDPE @ 0.5% MIN.

Channel Report

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Thursday, Aug 25 2022



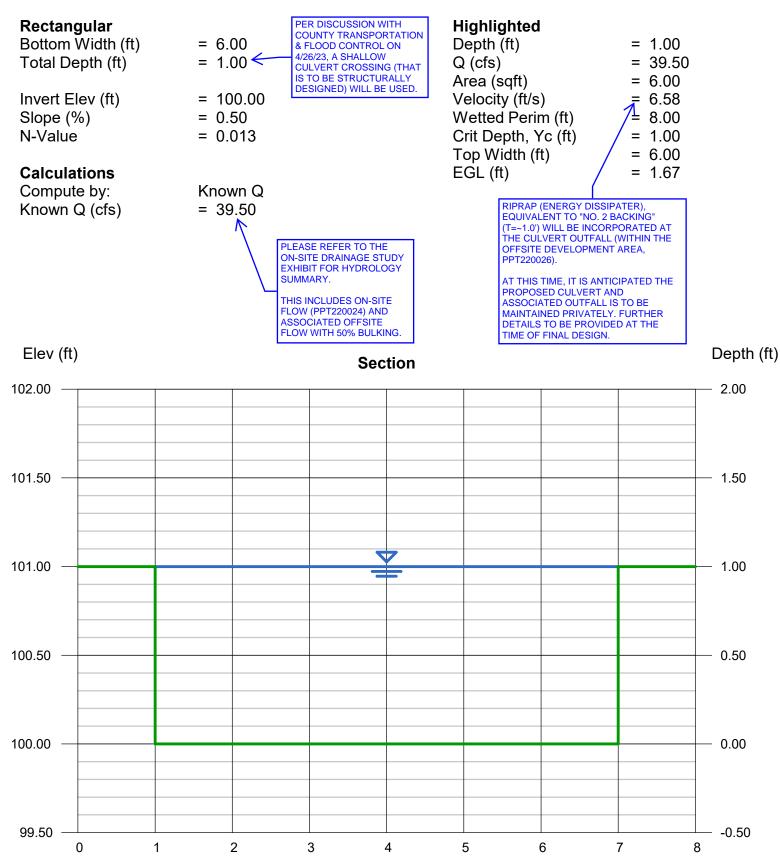
Channel Report

SUPPORTING MATERIAL - PATTERSON AVENUE - PRELIMINARY CULVERT SIZING (w/ 50% BULKING INCORPORATED FOR THE OFFSITE FLOW PORTION)

Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Wednesday, May 3 2023

Patterson Avenue - Prelim. Culvert Sizing (w/ 50% Bulking for Offsite Flow Portion)



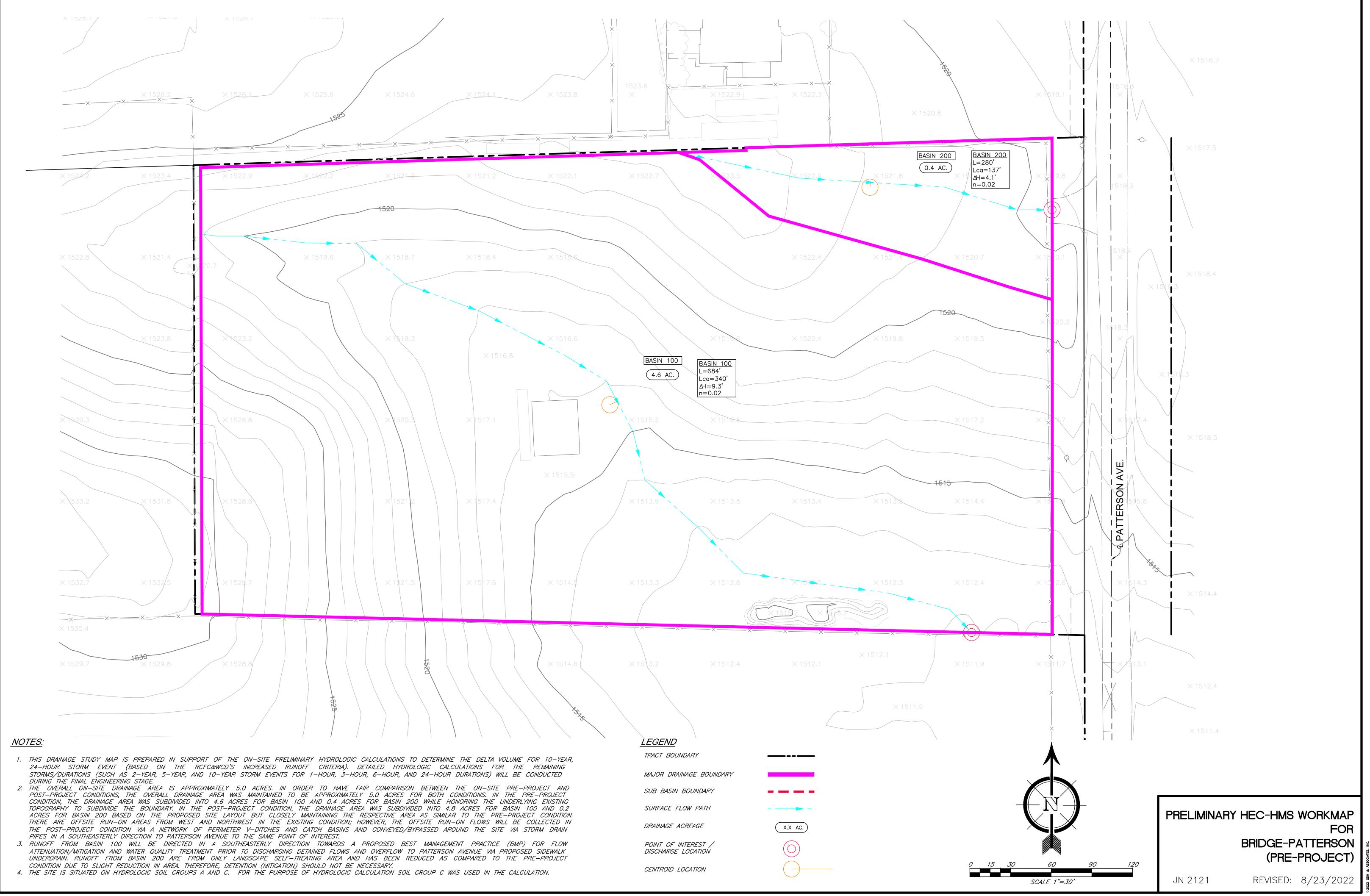
Reach (ft)

Appendix E

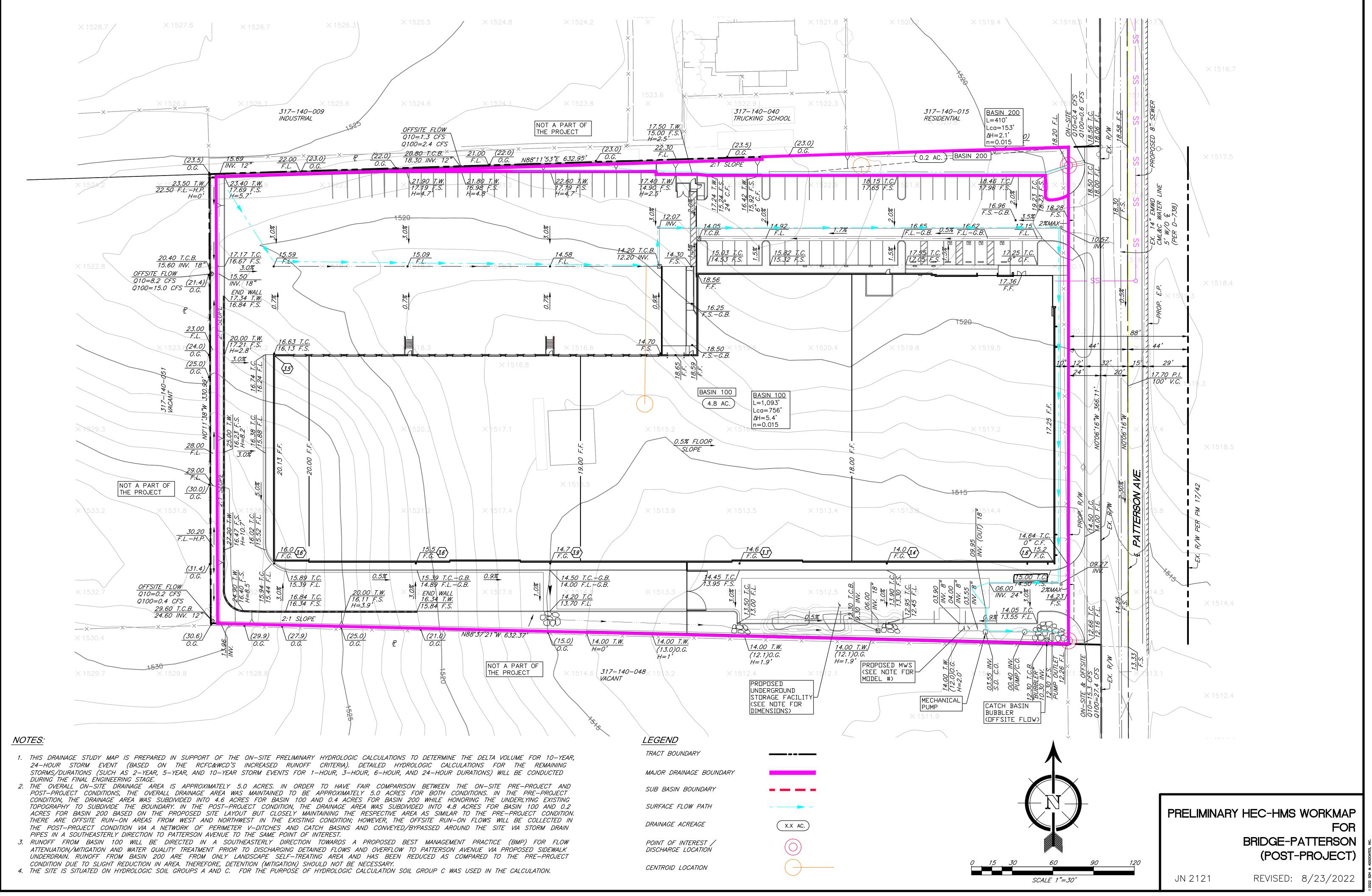
Preliminary Detention Calculation

Includes:

- 1. HMS workmaps (pre-project and post-project)
 - 2. NOAA Atlas 14 precipitation data
 - 3. Proposed BMP typical section details
 - 4. Proposed BMP rating curve information
 - 5. HMS key volume summary / output
- 6. Pre-processor supporting materials (loss rate, effective rainfall, S-graph, PlateE.5-8)



NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION - EXHIBIT FOR PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE STUDY ONLY



NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION - EXHIBIT FOR PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE STUDY ONLY

Precipitation Frequency Data Server



SUPPORTING MATERIALS -NOAA ATLAS 14 PRECIPITATION 10-YEAR, 24-HOUR

POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF_tabular | PF_graphical | Maps_&_aerials

PF tabular

PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹										
Duration				Avera	ge recurren	ce interval (y	years)			
Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.087 (0.073-0.106)	0.122 (0.102-0.147)	0.169 (0.141-0.205)	0.210 (0.173-0.257)	0.268 (0.214-0.340)	0.315 (0.246-0.409)	0.366 (0.278-0.486)	0.420 (0.310-0.575)	0.499 (0.353-0.713)	0.563 (0.384-0.835)
10-min	0.125 (0.105-0.151)	0.175 (0.146-0.211)	0.243 (0.202-0.294)	0.301 (0.248-0.368)	0.384 (0.306-0.487)	0.452 (0.353-0.586)	0.524 (0.399-0.697)	0.603 (0.445-0.825)	0.715 (0.505-1.02)	0.808 (0.551-1.20)
15-min	0.151 (0.127-0.183)	0.211 (0.176-0.255)	0.293 (0.244-0.356)	0.364 (0.300-0.445)	0.465 (0.370-0.589)	0.547 (0.426-0.708)	0.634 (0.482-0.843)	0.729 (0.538-0.997)	0.865 (0.611-1.24)	0.977 (0.666-1.45)
30-min	0.243 (0.203-0.294)	0.339 (0.283-0.410)	0.471 (0.392-0.571)	0.584 (0.482-0.715)	0.746 (0.594-0.945)	0.877 (0.684-1.14)	1.02 (0.774-1.35)	1.17 (0.863-1.60)	1.39 (0.981-1.98)	1.57 (1.07-2.32)
60-min	0.327 (0.274-0.395)	0.456 (0.381-0.552)	0.634 (0.528-0.769)	0.786 (0.649-0.962)	1.00 (0.800-1.27)	1.18 (0.921-1.53)	1.37 (1.04-1.82)	1.57 (1.16-2.15)	1.87 (1.32-2.67)	2.11 (1.44-3.13)
2-hr	0.492 (0.411-0.594)	0.657 (0.548-0.794)	0.879 (0.732-1.07)	1.07 (0.879-1.30)	1.33 (1.06-1.68)	1.53 (1.20-1.99)	1.75 (1.33-2.32)	1.98 (1.46-2.70)	2.29 (1.62-3.28)	2.55 (1.74-3.78)
3-hr	0.607 (0.508-0.734)	0.799 (0.667-0.967)	1.06 (0.879-1.28)	1.27 (1.05-1.55)	1.56 (1.25-1.98)	1.79 (1.40-2.32)	2.03 (1.55-2.70)	2.28 (1.69-3.13)	2.63 (1.86-3.76)	2.91 (1.98-4.30)
6-hr	0.858 (0.718-1.04)	1.12 (0.932-1.35)	1.46 (1.21-1.77)	1.74 (1.43-2.13)	2.12 (1.69-2.69)	2.42 (1.89-3.13)	2.72 (2.07-3.62)	3.04 (2.24-4.16)	3.47 (2.45-4.95)	3.80 (2.59-5.63)
12-hr	1.13 (0.947-1.37)	1.49 (1.24-1.80)	1.95 (1.62-2.36)	2.32 (1.92-2.84)	2.84 (2.26-3.59)	3.23 (2.52-4.18)	3.63 (2.76-4.83)	4.05 (2.99-5.54)	4.61 (3.26-6.58)	5.04 (3.44-7.47)
24-hr	1.48 (1.31-1.70)	1.97 (1.74-2.28)	2.62 (2.31-3.03)	3.15 (2.75-3.67)	3.87 (3.27-4.66)	4.42 (3.67-5.43)	4.98 (4.04-6.27)	5.56 (4.38-7.20)	6.35 (4.81-8.55)	6.96 (5.10-9.70)
2-day	1.70 (1.51-1.96)	2.32 (2.05-2.67)	3.13 (2.75-3.62)	3.79 (3.32-4.43)	4.71 (3.99-5.67)	5.42 (4.49-6.66)	6.15 (4.98-7.74)	6.91 (5.44-8.94)	7.94 (6.02-10.7)	8.76 (6.42-12.2)
3-day	1.81 (1.60-2.09)	2.49 (2.20-2.87)	3.39 (2.99-3.93)	4.14 (3.62-4.84)	5.18 (4.39-6.25)	6.00 (4.98-7.38)	6.84 (5.54-8.62)	7.73 (6.09-10.00)	8.95 (6.78-12.1)	9.92 (7.26-13.8)
4-day	1.94 (1.71-2.23)	2.69 (2.37-3.10)	3.69 (3.25-4.28)	4.53 (3.96-5.29)	5.69 (4.82-6.86)	6.61 (5.48-8.13)	7.56 (6.13-9.52)	8.56 (6.75-11.1)	9.96 (7.54-13.4)	11.1 (8.10-15.4)
7-day	2.11 (1.86-2.43)	2.96 (2.62-3.42)	4.11 (3.63-4.76)	5.08 (4.44-5.93)	6.42 (5.44-7.74)	7.49 (6.21-9.21)	8.60 (6.97-10.8)	9.77 (7.70-12.6)	11.4 (8.63-15.4)	12.7 (9.30-17.7)
10-day	2.17 (1.92-2.51)	3.08 (2.72-3.56)	4.32 (3.80-5.00)	5.35 (4.68-6.25)	6.81 (5.76-8.20)	7.96 (6.60-9.79)	9.16 (7.42-11.5)	10.4 (8.23-13.5)	12.2 (9.26-16.5)	13.7 (10.00-19.0)
20-day	2.51 (2.22-2.89)	3.60 (3.19-4.16)	5.12 (4.51-5.93)	6.42 (5.61-7.49)	8.27 (7.00-9.97)	9.77 (8.10-12.0)	11.4 (9.20-14.3)	13.1 (10.3-16.9)	15.5 (11.7-20.8)	17.4 (12.8-24.3)
30-day	2.85 (2.52-3.29)	4.10 (3.62-4.73)	5.86 (5.16-6.78)	7.38 (6.45-8.62)	9.60 (8.12-11.6)	11.4 (9.47-14.0)	13.4 (10.8-16.8)	15.5 (12.2-20.0)	18.5 (14.0-24.9)	21.0 (15.4-29.3)
45-day	3.30 (2.92-3.81)	4.71 (4.16-5.44)	6.74 (5.94-7.80)	8.52 (7.45-9.94)	11.2 (9.45-13.5)	13.4 (11.1-16.5)	15.8 (12.8-19.9)	18.4 (14.5-23.9)	22.3 (16.9-30.1)	25.6 (18.7-35.7)
60-day	3.73 (3.30-4.30)	5.25 (4.64-6.07)	7.48 (6.59-8.66)	9.47 (8.27-11.0)	12.5 (10.5-15.0)	15.0 (12.4-18.5)	17.8 (14.4-22.4)	21.0 (16.5-27.1)	25.6 (19.4-34.6)	29.6 (21.7-41.3)

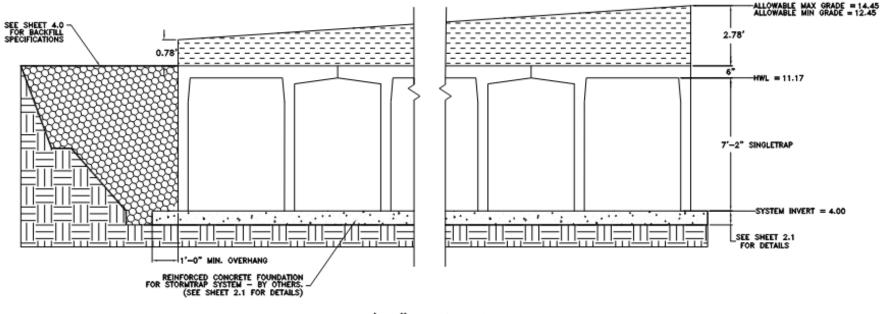
¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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PF graphical



7'-2" SINGLETRAP

Basin 100 (BMP 1) – Underground Storage Facility (StormTrap) – Section Detail

Bridge IG JN 2121 4/12/2022

BMP 1: Stage-Storage-Discharge Rating Curve Summary

Proposed BMP Outletwork Detail

Basin Characteristics					
Effective Surface Area (ft2) =	5,215				
System Depth (ft) =	7.17				

Stage-Discharge	e Summary
Elevation (ft)	Discharge (cfs)
0.00	0.00
1.00	0.38
2.00	0.57
4.00	1.39
5.50	1.74
7.17	10.20

Stage-Storage	Cummany

Elevation (ft)	Area (sf)	Porosity	Effective Surface Area (sf)	Storage (Cumulative) (ac-ft)
0.00	5215	1.00	5215	0.000
1.00	5215	1.00	5215	0.107
2.00	5215	1.00	5215	0.214
4.00	5215	1.00	5215	0.428
5.50	5215	1.00	5215	0.589
7.17	5215	1.00	5215	0.768

Low-flow Orifice (Restric	tor)
Num. of orifices =	1
Orifice invert elevation (ft) =	0.0
Orifice diameter (in) =	4.00

Mid-flow Orifice (1st)	
Num. of orifices =	1
Orifice invert elevation (ft) =	2.0
Orifice diameter (in) =	4.0

Overflow Outlet	
Num. of orifices =	1
Orifice invert elevation (ft) =	5.5
Orifice diameter (in) =	18.00

Orifice/Weir Coefficier	it
Orifice coefficient, Cg =	0.60
Weir coefficient, Cs =	3.0

NOTE: AT THE RELATIVE ELEVATION OF 5.5' IN THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE FACILITY, THE PROVIDED CAPACITY IS APPROXIMATELY 0.59 ACRE-FEET. THIS IS GREATER THAN THE REQUIRED 10-YEAR, 24-HOUR VOLUME OF ~0.52 ACRE-FEET (DELTA VOLUME). REFER TO THE HEC-HMS RESULT OUTPUT SUMMARY IN THIS APPENDIX.



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0.00

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10.00

10.25

10.50

10.75

27.992.33

29,158.68

30,325.02

31,491.37

32,657.72 11.00

33,450.83 11.17

Nobu Murakami

SDH & Associates, Inc. 27363 Via Industria

Temecula, CA 92590

StormTrap

14.462.93

15,065.55

15,668.17

16,270.79 16,873.42

17,283.20

0.00

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0.00

11.290.44

11,760.88

12,231.31

12,701.75

13,172.18

13,492.08

March 29, 2022

Page 1 of 1

Storage

Height

0.25

0.50

0.75

1.0

1.25

1.50

1.75 20

2.25

2.50

2.75

3.00

3.25 3.50

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4.50

4.75

5.00

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5.68 5.75

6.00

6.25

6.50

6.75

7.00

7.17

B.I.G.-PATTERSON - RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA STAGE STORAGE BREAKDOWN 7'-2" SingleTrap TOTAL VOLUME: 33450.83 (C.F.)

e t	Type I QTY	Type II QTY	Type III QTY	Type IV QTY	Type V QTY	Type VII QTY	SPIV 1 QTY	SPIV 2 QTY	SPIV 3 QTY	SPIV 4 QTY	SPIV 5 QTY	SPIV 6 QTY	SPIV 7 QTY	SPIV 8 QTY	SPIV 9 QTY	SPIV 10 QTY	Total Units	Stage Storage
	20	0	21	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	Elevation
																		System Invert 4.00
25	602.62	0.00	470.44	43.83	0.00	0.00	19.83	29.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,166.35	4.25
50	1,205.24	0.00	940.87	87.66	0.00	0.00	39.66	59.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,332.69	4.50
'5	1,807.87	0.00	1,411.31	131.49	0.00	0.00	59.49	88.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,499.04	4.75
0	2,410.49	0.00	1,881.74	175.32	0.00	0.00	79.33	118.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,665.39	5.00
25	3,013.11	0.00	2,352.18	219.15	0.00	0.00	99.16	148.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,831.74	5.25
50	3,615.73	0.00	2,822.61	262.98	0.00	0.00	118.99	177.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,998.08	5.50
'5	4,218.35	0.00	3,293.05	306.81	0.00	0.00	138.82	207.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,164.43	5.75
0	4,820.98	0.00	3,763.48	350.64	0.00	0.00	158.65	237.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9,330.78	6.00
25	5,423.60	0.00	4,233.92	394.47	0.00	0.00	178.48	266.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,497.12	6.25
50	6,026.22	0.00	4,704.35	438.31	0.00	0.00	198.31	296.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11,663.47	6.50
'5	6,628.84	0.00	5,174.79	482.14	0.00	0.00	218.15	325.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12,829.82	6.75
00	7,231.46	0.00	5,645.22	525.97	0.00	0.00	237.98	355.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13,996.16	7.00
25	7,834.09	0.00	6,115.66	569.80	0.00	0.00	257.81	385.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,162.51	7.25
50	8,436.71	0.00	6,586.09	613.63	0.00	0.00	277.64	414.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16,328.86	7.50
'5	9,039.33	0.00	7,056.53	657.46	0.00	0.00	297.47	444.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17,495.21	7.75
0	9,641.95	0.00	7,526.96	701.29	0.00	0.00	317.30	474.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18,661.55	8.00
25	10,244.57	0.00	7,997.40	745.12	0.00	0.00	337.13	503.68		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19,827.90	8.25
0	10,847.20	0.00	8,467.83	788.95	0.00	0.00	356.96	533.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20,994.25	8.50
'5	11,449.82	0.00	8,938.27	832.78	0.00	0.00	376.80	562.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	22,160.59	8.75
0	12,052.44	0.00	9,408.70	876.61	0.00	0.00	396.63	592.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23,326.94	9.00
25	12,655.06	0.00	9,879.14	920.44	0.00	0.00	416.46	622.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	24,493.29	9.25
0	13,257.68	0.00	10,349.57	964.27	0.00	0.00	436.29		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25,659.63	9.50
8	13,686.22	0.00	10,684.10	995.44	0.00		450.39	672.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	26,489.04	9.68
'5	13,860.31	0.00	10,820.01	1,008.10	0.00	0.00	456.12	681.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	26,825.98	9.75

PHONE 815 941 4549 331 318 5347 FAX

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WEB WWW.stormtrap.com EMAIL Info@stormtrap.com

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Romeoville, Illinois 60446

BASIN 100 – HEC-HMS - SCHEMATIC

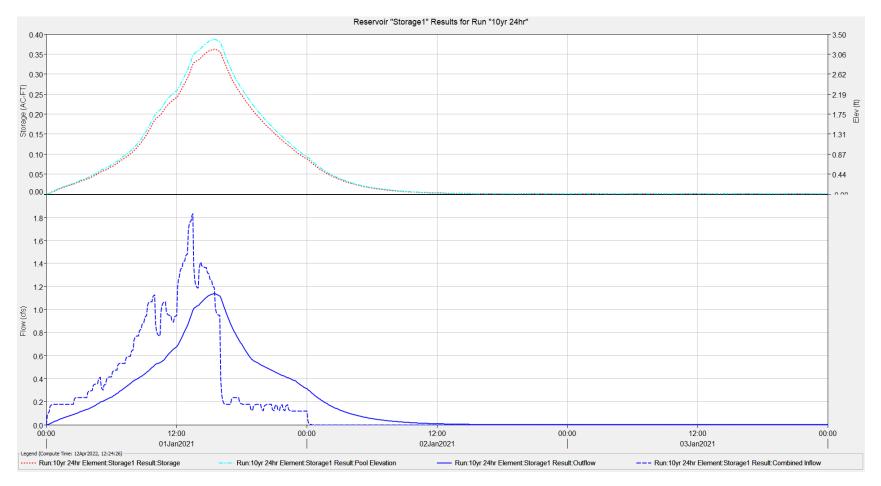


BASIN 100 – OVERALL RUNOFF VOLUME & PEAK FLOW MITIGATION SUMMARY

Hydrologic		Drainage Area	Peak Discharge	Time of Peak	Volume	
Element		(MI2)	(CFS)		(ACRE-FT)	
Basin 100_Post		0.007656	1.8	01Jan2021, 13:30	1.07	
Storage1		0.007656	1.1	01Jan2021, 15:30	1.07	
Basin 100_Post_Comb		0.007656	1.1	01Jan2021, 15:30	1.07	
Basin 100_Pre		0.007344	1.5	01Jan2021, 13:25	0.55	
Basin 100_Pre_Combi		0.007344	1.5	01Jan2021, 13:25	0.55	

<u>Note</u>: The runoff volume difference between the pre-project condition and post-project condition is approximately 0.52 acre-feet. The proposed underground storage facility is expected to provide approximately 0.59 acre-feet of volume at relative elevation of 5.50'. The basin is expected to have 1' minimum freeboard above this elevation. Therefore, this provides adequate volume for 10-year, 24-hour storm event and should meet the District's Increased Flood Criteria. During final engineering, the sizing will be refined with more detailed calculations.

BASIN 100 – STAGE/STORAGE CURVE & HYDROGRAPH SUMMARY







Watershed Area 0.007344 sq mi 1 Hour Storm 3 Hour Storm 6 Hour Storm

1 Hour Storm	3 Hour Storm	6 Hour Storm	24 Hour Storm
Point Precipitation in.	Point Precipitation in.	Point Precipitationin.	Point Precipitation 3.15 in.
Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment 100 Factor %
Adjusted Point Precipitation Slope of Rainfall Intensity - Duration Curve	Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point 3.15 Precipitation

AMC Condition: II 🗸		
Add L	oss Rate V	Values
• Average Adjusted Loss Rate Calculator (Plate E-2.1) OAverage Adjuste	d Loss Rate (Ma	/anual Entry)
oss Rate Data Effective Rainfall S-Graphs		
	Run	
40% Lag Time	1	min
Lag Time	0.043	hr
Elevation Difference	9.3	ft
Length along longest watercourse measured upstream to a point opposite the centroid of the area - Lca	340	ft
Length along longest watercourse - L	689	ft
Basin Factor - n	0.025	

https://content.rcflood.org/hechms/#

				110	•	0			
Soil Group / Co Cha		RI Number	Perv. Area Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Land Use	Imp. Area Decimal %	Adj.Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Area (acres)		
-	~							Add	
Soil Group /	Cover Type	RI Number	Perv. Area Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Land Use	Imp. Area Decimal %	Adj.Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Area (acres)	Area/ Total Area	Ave. Adj. Ra (in/hr)
Barren	N/A C	91	0.11700	Natural or Agriculture (0)	0	0.117	4.7	1	0.117 >
						Total area =	4.7		
								erage Soil Loss =	0.117





HEC HMS Preprocessor

ershed Area 0.007344 sq m				
Hour Storm	3 Hour Storm		6 Hour Storm	24 Hour Storm
Point Precipitationin.	Point Precipitation in.		Point Precipitationin.	Point Precipitation 3.15 in.
Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment Factor %		Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment 100 Factor %
Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point Precipitation		Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point 3.15 Precipitation
Slope of Rainfall Intensity - Duration Curve				
Time Calculator				
	Basin Factor - n	0.025		
Length along longest watercourse - L		689	ft	
Length along longest watercourse measured upstream to a point opposite the centroid of the area - Lca		340 ft	ft	
	Elevation Difference	9.3	ft	
	Lag Time	0.043	hr	

1

Run

min

40% Lag Time

min (Use interval less than 40% of lag time)

Unit Time Period

Fm (Percentage of F) (24-hour Storm Only)

Low Loss

Run

Loss Rate Data Effective Rainfall S-Graphs

5 🗸

%

% (Typically 50-75%)

90

50

1 Hour		3 Hour		6 Hour		24 Hour	
Unit Time	Effective Rainfall (inches)						
						00:05	0
						00:10	0
						00:15	0
						00:20	0
						00:25	0
						00:30	0
						00:35	0
						00:40	0
						00:45	0
						00:50	0
						00:55	0
						01:00	0
						01:05	0
						01:10	0
						01:15	0
						01:20	0
						01:25	0
						01:30	0
						01:35	0
						01:40	0
						01:45	0
						01:50	0
						01:55	0
						02:00	0
						02:05	0
						02:10	0
						02:15	0
						02:20	0
						02:25	0
						02:30	0
						02:35	0.001
						02:40	0.001
						02:45	0.001
						02:50	0.001
						02:55	0.001
						03:00	0.001
						03:05	0.001

03:10	0.001
03:15	0.001
03:20	0.001
03:25	0.001
03:30	0.001
03:35	0.001
03:40	0.001
03:45	0.001
03:50	0.001
03:55	0.001
04:00	0.001
04:05	0.001
04:10	0.001
04:15	0.001
04:20	0.001
04:25	0.001
04:30	0.001
04:35	0.001
04:40	0.001
04:45	0.001
04:50	0.001
04:55	0.001
05:00	0.001
05:05	0.001
05:10	0.001
05:15	0.001
05:20	0.001
05:25	0.001
05:30	0.001
05:35	0.001
05:40	0.001
05:45	0.001
05:50	0.001
05:55	0.001
06:00	0.001
06:05	0.001
06:10	0.001
06:15	0.001
06:20	0.001
06:25	0.001
06.30	0 001

00.00	0.001
06:35	0.001
06:40	0.001
06:45	0.001
06:50	0.001
06:55	0.001
07:00	0.001
07:05	0.001
07:10	0.001
07:15	0.001
07:20	0.001
07:25	0.001
07:30	0.001
07:35	0.001
07:40	0.001
07:45	0.001
07:50	0.002
07:55	0.002
08:00	0.002
08:05	0.004
08:10	0.004
08:15	0.004
08:20	0.004
08:25	0.004
08:30	0.005
08:35	0.006
08:40	0.006
08:45	0.006
08:50	0.007
08:55	0.007
09:00	0.007
09:05	0.009
09:10	0.009
09:15	0.009
09:20	0.01
09:25	0.01
09:30	0.011
09:35	0.012
09:40	0.012
09:45	0.012
09:50	0.013
00.22	0 013

00.00	0.010
10:00	0.013
10:05	0.006
10:10	0.006
10:15	0.006
10:20	0.006
10:25	0.006
10:30	0.006
10:35	0.011
10:40	0.011
10:45	0.011
10:50	0.011
10:55	0.011
11:00	0.011
11:05	0.01
11:10	0.01
11:15	0.01
11:20	0.01
11:25	0.01
11:30	0.01
11:35	0.009
11:40	0.009
11:45	0.009
11:50	0.01
11:55	0.01
12:00	0.01
12:05	0.017
12:10	0.017
12:15	0.017
12:20	0.018
12:25	0.018
12:30	0.019
12:35	0.02
12:40	0.021
12:45	0.021
12:50	0.022
12:55	0.022
13:00	0.022
13:05	0.027
13:10	0.027
13:15	0.027
13.20	0 027

10.20	0.021
13:25	0.027
13:30	0.027
13:35	0.016
13:40	0.016
13:45	0.016
13:50	0.016
13:55	0.016
14:00	0.016
14:05	0.02
14:10	0.02
14:15	0.02
14:20	0.019
14:25	0.02
14:30	0.02
14:35	0.02
14:40	0.02
14:45	0.02
14:50	0.018
14:55	0.018
15:00	0.019
15:05	0.018
15:10	0.018
15:15	0.018
15:20	0.017
15:25	0.017
15:30	0.017
15:35	0.012
15:40	0.013
15:45	0.013
15:50	0.013
15:55	0.013
16:00	0.013
16:05	0
16:10	0
16:15	0
16:20	0
16:25	0
16:30	0
16:35	0
16:40	0
16.45	Ω

10.70	v
16:50	0
16:55	0
17:00	0
17:05	0.001
17:10	0.001
17:15	0.001
17:20	0.001
17:25	0.001
17:30	0.001
17:35	0.001
17:40	0.001
17:45	0.001
17:50	0
17:55	0
18:00	0
18:05	0
18:10	0
18:15	0
18:20	0
18:25	0
18:30	0
18:35	0
18:40	0
18:45	0
18:50	0
18:55	0
19:00	0
19:05	0
19:10	0
19:15	0
19:20	0
19:25	0
19:30	0
19:35	0
19:40	0
19:45	0
19:50	0
19:55	0
20:00	0
20:05	0
20.10	Ω

20.10	v
20:15	0
20:20	0
20:25	0
20:30	0
20:35	0
20:40	0
20:45	0
20:50	0
20:55	0
21:00	0
21:05	0
21:10	0
21:15	0
21:20	0
21:25	0
21:30	0
21:35	0
21:40	0
21:45	0
21:50	0
21:55	0
22:00	0
22:05	0
22:10	0
22:15	0
22:20	0
22:25	0
22:30	0
22:35	0
22:40	0
22:45	0
22:50	0
22:55	0
23:00	0
23:05	0
23:10	0
23:15	0
23:20	0
23:25	0
23:30	0
23.32	Ω

23:40 0 23:45 0 23:50 0 23:55 0	
23:50 0 23:55 0	
23:55 0	
00:00 0	





Watershed Area 0.007344 sq mi					
1 Hour Storm	3 Hour Storm	6 Ног	ır Storm	24 Hour Storm	
Point Precipitationin.	Point Precipitation	F	Point Precipitation	Point Precipitation 3.15 in.	
Areal Adjustment Factor %				Areal Adjustment 100 Factor %	
Adjusted Point Precipitation		Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point 3.15 Precipitation		
Slope of Rainfall Intensity - Duration Curve					
Lag Time Calculator					
	Basin Factor - n	0.025			
L	ength along longest watercourse - L	689	ft		
Length along longest watercourse measu	red upstream to a point opposite the centroid of the area - Lca	340	ft		

ft

hr

min

Loss Rate Data Effective Rainfall S-Graphs

Run S Gra	aphs							
S-Graph 1		S-Graph 2		S-Graph 3		S-Graph 4		S-Graph Combined
Туре:	Mountain	Type:	Valley	Type:	Foothill	Type:	Desert	Type: Combined
Weight %		Weight %		Weight %		Weight %		Weight %

0.043

1

Run

Elevation Difference 9.3

40% Lag Time

Lag Time

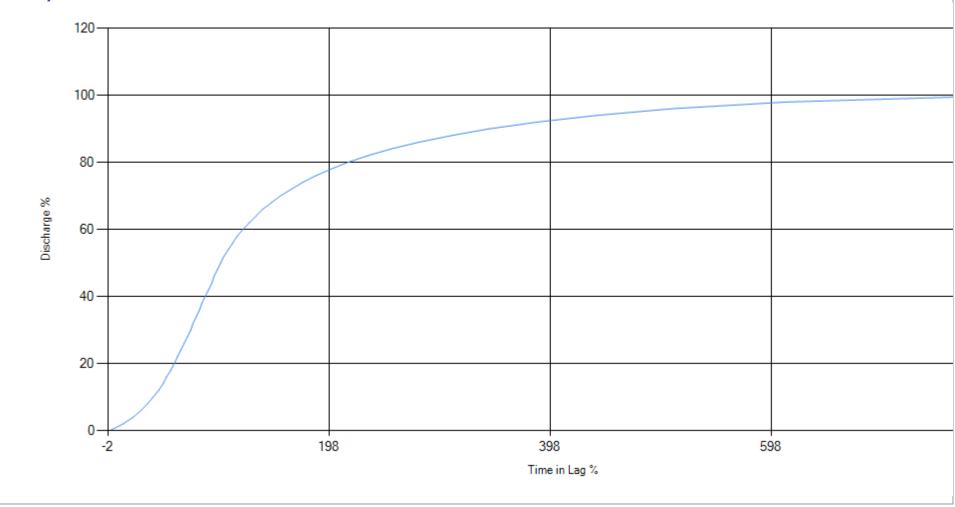
2, 11:13 AM						https://content.	rcflood.org/hec	hms/#		
Times in		Times in	100	Times in		Times in			Time in Percent of	Discharg (percent
Time in	Discharge	Time in	Discharge	Time in	Discharge	Time in	Discharge		Lag	
Percent of	(percent)	Percent of	(percent)	Percent of	(percent)	Percent of	(percent)		0	0
Lag		Lag		Lag	,, ,	Lag	,		12	2
0	0			0	0	0	0		21	4
0	2	12	2 2	0	2	0	2		28	6
0	4	21		0	4	0	4		34	8
0	6	28		0	6	0	6		39	10
0	8	34		0	8	0	8		44	12
0	10	39		0	10	0	10		48	14
0	12	44		0	12	0	12		51	16
0	14	48	3 14	0	14	0	14		55	18
0	16	51	16	0	16	0	16		58	20
0	18	55	5 18	0	18	0	18		61	22
0	20	58	3 20	0	20	0	20			22
0	22	61		0	22	0	22		64	24
0	24	64		0	24	0	24		67	26
Ő	26	67		0	26	0	26		70	28
Ő	28	70		0	28	0	28		73	30
Ő	30	73		l ő	30	0	30		75	32
0	32	75		l ő	32	0	32		78	34
0	34	78			34	0	34		81	36
0	36	81			36	0	36		83	38
0	38	83			38	0	38		86	40
0	40	86			40	0	40		89	42
0	40	89			40	0	40		92	44
	42	92			42		42		94	46
0				0		0			97	48
0	46	94		0	46	0	46		100	50
0	48			0	48	0	48		103	52
0	50	100		0	50	0	50		107	54
0	52	103		0	52	0	52		111	56
0	54	107		0	54	0	54		115	58
0	56	111		0	56	0	56		120	60
0	58	115		0	58	0	58		126	62
0	60	120		0	60	0	60		132	64
0	62	126		0	62	0	62		138	66
0	64	132		0	64	0	64		146	68
0	66	138		0	66	0	66		154	70
0	68	146		0	68	0	68		164	72
0	70	154		0	70	0	70		174	74
0	72	164		0	72	0	72		186	76
0	74	174		0	74	0	74		200	78
0	76	186		0	76	0	76		215	80
0	78	200		0	78	0	78		233	82
0	80	215	5 80	0	80	0	80		254	84
0	82	233	8 82	0	82	0	82		254 279	86
0	84	254	84	0	84	0	84		309	88
0	86	279		0	86	0	86		242	00
0	88	309		0	88	0	88		343	90 02
0	90	343		0	90	0	90		386	92 04
0	92	386		0	92	0	92		440	94 96
Ő	94	440		0 O	94	0			508	96
		1	1	I Č	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I	1	1	1	1

4/12/22, 1	1:13	AM
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11:13 AM						https://content.	rcflood.org/hec	hms/#
0	96	508	96	0	96	0	96	
0	98	611	98	0	98	0	98	
0	100	820	100	0	100	0	100	

611 98 820 100

S-Graph Combined







HEC HMS Preprocessor

11 Ot	0.11		1	0.4.11-2-20 0.4-2-202
Hour Storm	3 Hour Storm	6 H	lour Storm	24 Hour Storm
Point Precipitation in.	Point Precipitation in.		Point Precipitationin.	Point Precipitation 3.15 in.
Areal Adjustment	Areal Adjustment		Areal Adjustment	Areal Adjustment 100
Factor %	Factor %		Factor %	Factor %
Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point Precipitation		Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point Precipitation 3.15
Slope of Rainfall				
Intensity - Duration Curve				
ength along longest watercourse	Length along longest watercourse - L measured upstream to a point opposite the centroid of the area - Lca Elevation Difference	814	ft ft ft	
	Lag Time	0.054	hr	
	40% Lag Time	1.3	min	
		Run		
s Rate Data Effective Rainfall	S-Graphs			
Average Adjusted Loss Rate Cal	culator (Plate E-2.1) OAverage Adjuste	ed Loss Rate (I	Manual Entry)	
		.oss Rate	Values	
	Auu L	.055 Male	values	

					a.org/neenns/#			
Soil Group / Cover Type <u>View</u> <u>Chart</u>	RI Number	Perv. Area Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Land Use	Imp. Area Decimal %	Adj.Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Area (acres)		
- •							Add	
		D						
Soil Group / Cover Type	RI Number	Perv. Area Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Land Use	Imp. Area Decimal %	Adj.Infiltrn Rate (in/hr)	Area (acres)	Area/ Total Area	Ave. Adj. Rat (in/hr)
Urban Landscaping Good C	69	0.37300	Commercial, Downtown Business or Industrial (90)	90	0.071	4.9	1	0.071 <u>X</u>
					Total area =	4.9		
						Ave	rage Soil Loss =	0.071





HEC HMS Preprocessor

atershed Area 0.007656 sq m	i		
1 Hour Storm	3 Hour Storm	6 Hour Storm	24 Hour Storm
Point Precipitation	Point Precipitation in.	Point Precipitation in.	Point Precipitation 3.15 in.
Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment Factor %	Areal Adjustment 100 Factor %
Adjusted Point Adjusted Point Precipitation Precipitation Slope of Rainfall Intensity - Duration Curve Curve		Adjusted Point Precipitation	Adjusted Point 3.15 Precipitation
g Time Calculator			
	Basin Factor - n	0.015	
	Length along longest watercourse - L	1148 ft	
Length along longest watercourse r	neasured upstream to a point opposite the centroid of the area - Lca	814 ft	

0.054

1.3

Run

Elevation Difference 5.5

40% Lag Time

Lag Time

ft

hr

min

Loss Rate Data	Effective Rainfall	S-Graphs
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Unit Time Period	5 🗸 r	nin (Use interval less than 40% of lag time)
Low Loss	17	%
Fm (Percentage of F) (24-hour Storm Only)	50	% (Typically 50-75%)

Run

T

1 Hour		3 Hour		6 Hour		24 Hour	
Unit Time	Effective Rainfall (inches)						
						00:05	0.002
						00:10	0.002
						00:10	0.002
						00:20	0.003
						00:25	0.003
						00:30	0.003
						00:35	0.003
						00:40	0.003
						00:40	0.003
						00:40	0.003
						00:55	0.003
						01:00	0.003
						01:05	0.003
						01:10	0.003
						01:15	0.003
						01:20	0.003
						01:25	0.003
						01:30	0.003
						01:35	0.003
						01:40	0.003
						01:45	0.003
						01:50	0.003
						01:55	0.003
						02:00	0.003
						02:05	0.003
						02:10	0.003
						02:15	0.003
						02:20	0.003
						02:25	0.003
						02:30	0.003
						02:35	0.004
						02:40	0.004
						02:45	0.004
						02:50	0.004
						02:55	0.004
						03:00	0.004
						03:05	0.004

03:10	0.004
03:15	0.004
03:20	0.004
03:25	0.004
03:30	0.004
03:35	0.004
03:40	0.004
03:45	0.004
03:50	0.005
03:55	0.005
04:00	0.005
04:05	0.005
04:10	0.005
04:15	0.005
04:20	0.006
04:25	0.006
04:30	0.006
04:35	0.006
04:40	0.006
04:45	0.006
04:50	0.007
04:55	0.007
05:00	0.007
05:05	0.005
05:10	0.005
05:15	0.005
05:20	0.006
05:25	0.006
05:30	0.006
05:35	0.007
05:40	0.007
05:45	0.007
05:50	0.007
05:55	0.007
06:00	0.007
06:05	0.008
06:10	0.008
06:15	0.008
06:20	0.008
06:25	0.008
06.30	0 008

00.00	0.000
06:35	0.009
06:40	0.009
06:45	0.009
06:50	0.009
06:55	0.009
07:00	0.009
07:05	0.009
07:10	0.009
07:15	0.009
07:20	0.01
07:25	0.01
07:30	0.01
07:35	0.01
07:40	0.01
07:45	0.01
07:50	0.011
07:55	0.011
08:00	0.011
08:05	0.013
08:10	0.013
08:15	0.013
08:20	0.013
08:25	0.013
08:30	0.013
08:35	0.014
08:40	0.014
08:45	0.014
08:50	0.015
08:55	0.015
09:00	0.015
09:05	0.016
09:10	0.016
09:15	0.016
09:20	0.018
09:25	0.018
09:30	0.018
09:35	0.018
09:40	0.018
09:45	0.018
09:50	0.019
00.22	N N19

03.00	0.010
10:00	0.019
10:05	0.013
10:10	0.013
10:15	0.013
10:20	0.013
10:25	0.013
10:30	0.013
10:35	0.018
10:40	0.018
10:45	0.018
10:50	0.018
10:55	0.018
11:00	0.018
11:05	0.016
11:10	0.016
11:15	0.016
11:20	0.016
11:25	0.016
11:30	0.016
11:35	0.015
11:40	0.015
11:45	0.015
11:50	0.016
11:55	0.016
12:00	0.016
12:05	0.022
12:10	0.022
12:15	0.022
12:20	0.023
12:25	0.023
12:30	0.023
12:35	0.024
12:40	0.024
12:45	0.024
12:50	0.025
12:55	0.025
13:00	0.025
13:05	0.03
13:10	0.03
13:15	0.03
13.20	በ በጓ

10.20	0.00
13:25	0.031
13:30	0.031
13:35	0.02
13:40	0.02
13:45	0.02
13:50	0.02
13:55	0.02
14:00	0.02
14:05	0.024
14:10	0.024
14:15	0.024
14:20	0.023
14:25	0.023
14:30	0.023
14:35	0.023
14:40	0.023
14:45	0.023
14:50	0.022
14:55	0.022
15:00	0.022
15:05	0.021
15:10	0.021
15:15	0.021
15:20	0.02
15:25	0.02
15:30	0.02
15:35	0.016
15:40	0.016
15:45	0.016
15:50	0.016
15:55	0.016
16:00	0.016
16:05	0.003
16:10	0.003
16:15	0.003
16:20	0.003
16:25	0.003
16:30	0.003
16:35	0.003
16:40	0.003
16.42	በ በበ3

10. 1 0	0.000
16:50	0.003
16:55	0.003
17:00	0.003
17:05	0.004
17:10	0.004
17:15	0.004
17:20	0.004
17:25	0.004
17:30	0.004
17:35	0.004
17:40	0.004
17:45	0.004
17:50	0.003
17:55	0.003
18:00	0.003
18:05	0.003
18:10	0.003
18:15	0.003
18:20	0.003
18:25	0.003
18:30	0.003
18:35	0.003
18:40	0.003
18:45	0.003
18:50	0.002
18:55	0.002
19:00	0.002
19:05	0.003
19:10	0.003
19:15	0.003
19:20	0.003
19:25	0.003
19:30	0.003
19:35	0.003
19:40	0.003
19:45	0.003
19:50	0.002
19:55	0.002
20:00	0.002
20:05	0.003
20.10	0 003

20.10	0.000
20:15	0.003
20:20	0.003
20:25	0.003
20:30	0.003
20:35	0.003
20:40	0.003
20:45	0.003
20:50	0.002
20:55	0.002
21:00	0.002
21:05	0.003
21:10	0.003
21:15	0.003
21:20	0.002
21:25	0.002
21:30	0.002
21:35	0.003
21:40	0.003
21:45	0.003
21:50	0.002
21:55	0.002
22:00	0.002
22:05	0.003
22:10	0.003
22:15	0.003
22:20	0.002
22:25	0.002
22:30	0.002
22:35	0.002
22:40	0.002
22:45	0.002
22:50	0.002
22:55	0.002
23:00	0.002
23:05	0.002
23:10	0.002
23:15	0.002
23:20	0.002
23:25	0.002
23:30	0.002
22.32	0 002

	20.00	0.002
	23:40	0.002
	23:45	0.002
	23:50	0.002
	23:55	0.002
	00:00	0.002

HEC HMS Preprocessor							
Watershed Area 0.0177	sq mi						
1 Hour Storm Point 0.789 Precipitation in. Areal 100 Adjustment Factor % Adjusted Point 0.79 Precipitation Slope of Rainfall Intensity - Ouration Curve	3 Hour Storm Point 1.27 Precipitation in. Areal 100 Adjustment % Adjusted Point 1.27 Precipitation	Precip Adjus	r Storm Point 1.75 itation in. Areal 100 Factor % ljusted Point 1.75 itation	24 Hour Storm Point 3.20 Precipitation in. Areal 100 Adjustment % Adjusted Point 3.2 Precipitation			
Length along longest waterc	Basin Factor - along longest watercourse - ourse measured upstream to the centroid of the area - Lo Elevation Difference Lag Tim 40% Lag Tim	L 1152 f a 696 f e 27 f e 0.037 l	ft ft f t min				
Loss Rate DataEffective FRun S GraphsS-Graph 1S-Graph 1Type:MountainType:Weight %Weight %Time in Percent of Lag0002000204262106210831001241650	oh 2 S-Graph 3 Valley Type: Footh 100 Weight % Image: Second secon	Weight % harge Time in Bercont Disc	Type: Weigh %	ined Combined t t Discharge			

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0 100 820 100 0 100 0 100 611 98 820 100	0 94 0 96 0 98	440 94 508 96 611 98	0 94 0 96 0 98	0 94 0 96 0 98	386 92 440 94 508 96 611 98		

S-Graph Combined

