# C. Landscape Architectural Guidelines/Standards

#### 1. Introduction

The landscape will play a significant role in establishing a distinctive character for the Winchester Properties. It will unify the various land uses, as well as provide an overall community identity.

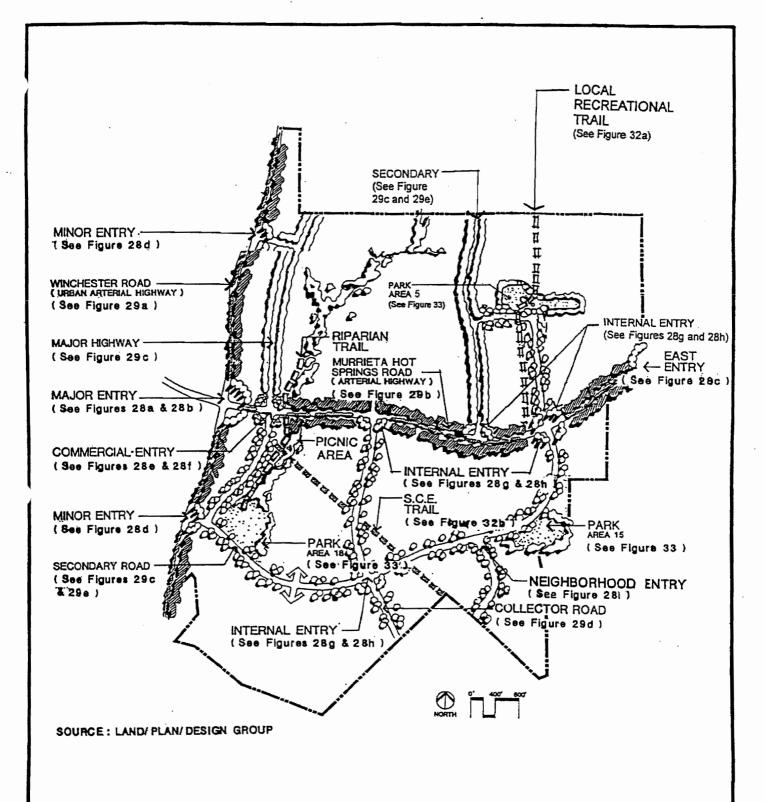
The purpose of the following landscape guidelines is to describe and illustrate how this unified and distinctive identity can be achieved. The guidelines have been divided into the six identified below. The categories represent the entire vocabulary of landscape elements within the Winchester Community Plan. Used in conjunction with the design guidelines for planning and architecture, a high quality attractive community is virtually assured.

The categories are further divided into subcategories within which descriptions and plans, elevations and perspective drawings convey overall design "intent". The "Landscape Theme Plan" (Figure 27) is a "key" map that identifies these subcategories. The Theme Plan includes call-outs for all exhibits in the text (i.e. major highway, major entry, neighborhood entry). It will be useful to refer to it when reviewing the text in order to understand the locations of the various landscape elements within the community.

- o Entry Themes/Monumentation/Signage
- o Streetscape Themes
- o Community Walls/Fences
- o Community Trails and Greenbelts
- Park Master Plans
- o Landscape Guidelines

#### Entry Themes/Monumentation/Signage

Entry themes, monumentation and signage will play an important role in creating an impressive and inviting atmosphere for the community. The initial impression of a community is often fot&uulated by the quality and character developed at the entries.



# Landscape Theme Plan WINCHESTER PROPERTY



Figure 27

Within the Winchester Properties, a variety and hierarchy of entries have been developed. These range from the "Major Entry" at the intersection of Winchester Road and Murrieta Hot Springs Road to "Neighborhood Entries" located within the community along interior streets. The landscape theme plan, as shown on Figure 27, identifies their locations within the community. They are described and illustrated on the following pages.

# a) Major Community Entry:

Located at the intersection of Winchester Road and Murrieta Hot Springs Road, this is the primary gateway into the community. It will consist of two vertical monuments that emphasize and define the community entry. Low curved stucco walls will sweep out from the columns with two smaller accent columns flanking each wall. The low walls will include signage naming the community. Formal vertical form trees will sweep behind the walls and reinforce the importance of the entry. (See Figures 28a and 28b.)

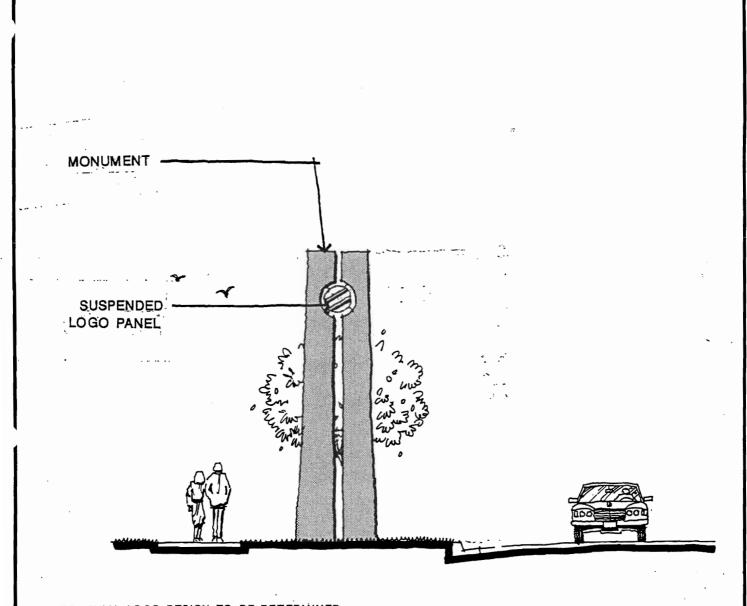
# b) East Community Entry:

Located at the eastern boundary of the site along Murrieta Hot Springs Road, this area provides an opportunity to create the "east entry" community identification. It is designed to be consistent with the "Major Community Entry" and will include identical plant materials and detailing of signage walls. Since it is not as primary as the major entry, it will not include the vertical columns and will be generally smaller in scale. (See Figure 28c.)

# c) Minor Project Entries:

Located along Winchester Road these two entries provide alternate access to the community. The northern entry accesses the business park and the southern entry accesses the residential areas. (See Figure 28d.)

Both entries will include columns connected to smaller columns and attached with either a low wall or trellis type overhead structure. These entries may include stucco or other finishes such as cultured stone. While both minor entry monuments will maintain a similar scale, the actual final detailing will be tailored to its respective residential or business park orientation. Community logotype may occur on the entry features.



NOTE FINAL LOGO DESIGN TO BE DETERMINED

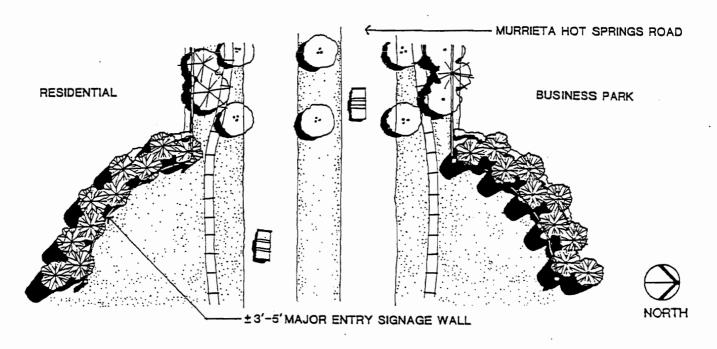
# Conceptual Major Entry Monument WINCHESTER PROPERTY

Figure 28b



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SOURCE: LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP



**PLAN** 

SOURCE: LAND/ PLAN/ DESIGN GROUP

# East Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY

Figure 28c



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# 4) Commercial Entry:

The commercial entry is located at the intersection of Murrieta Hot Springs Road and the Major Highway. This area will be defined by low curved stucco walls with pilasters at each end. Identification of the commercial area will be located on the curved walls. Formal masses of trees will form a backdrop to the curved walls. (See Figures 28e and 28f.)

#### 5) Internal Residential Entries:

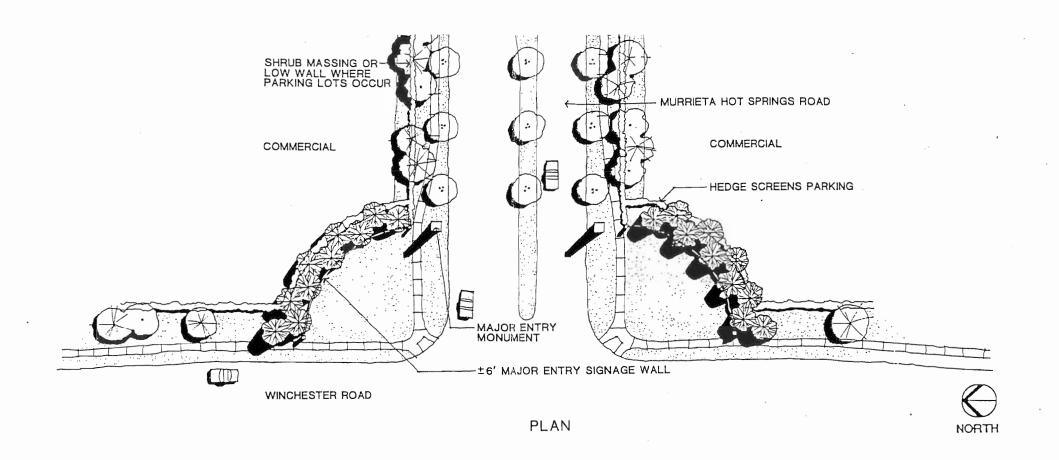
These occur at entries to the major residential streets from Murrieta Hot Springs Road or the Secondary Road. These entries will reinforce the overall community themes that occur at the major and minor entries. Two types of internal entries will occur. In conditions where the area outside the community wall or fence is sloping, a curved low wall with pilasters will occur with a backdrop of informal massings of trees, shrubs and ground cover (Plan A). In cases where there is a gentle or essentially level conditions, the 5-1/2 to 6 foot high theme wall will become the signage wall with informal clusters of trees, shrubs and ground covers concentrated at the entry (Plan B). (See Figures 28g and 28h.)

# 6) Neighborhood Entries:

The residential streets that take access directly off Murrieta Hot Springs Road or the Secondary Road will include a sign wall with pilasters on each end and an opportunity for a logotype panel. Much like the "Internal Entries", they will accent entries into residential areas and reinforce the community identity. However, the scale of these entry monuments will be smaller than internal entries as they emphasize individual neighborhood characters. (See Figure 28i.)

#### 7) Business Park Entries:

The business park entries will occur at intersections of arterial highways with major highways and industrial collectors. These entries will provide an overall continuity and theme to the business park areas as well as provide continuity with the community "major" and "minor" entry monuments. Besides sign wall material selection, these monuments will be differentiated from the residential monuments through landscape treatment. While in residential areas informal tree massings define sign areas, formal vertical tree massings will define business park entries. Logotypes will be provided on the sign walls to identify the name of the business park. (See Figure 28j.)



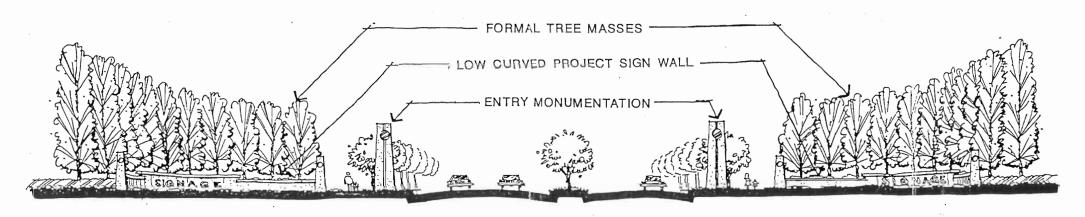
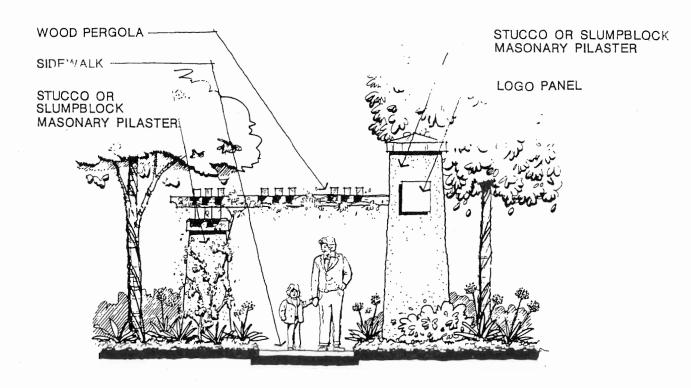


Figure 28a

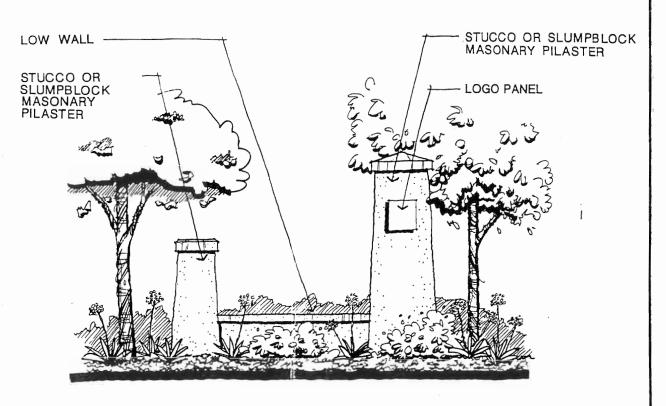
ELEVATION

1. 4

Major Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY



RESIDENTIAL

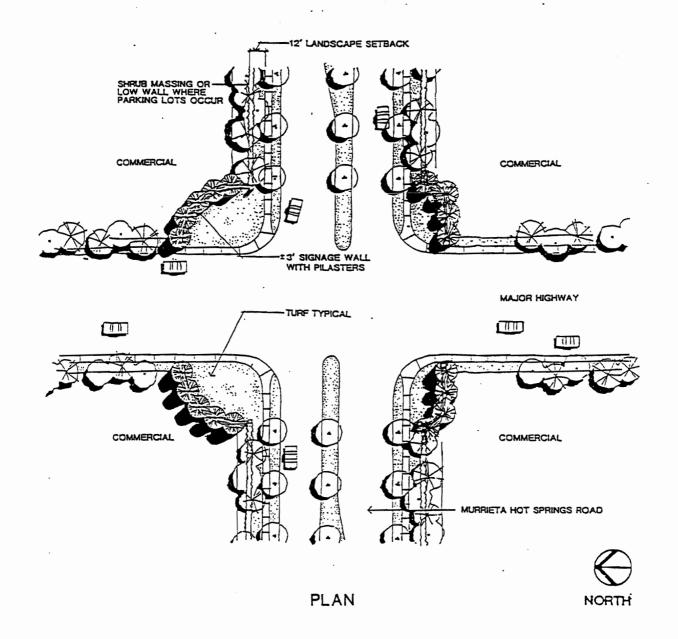


BUSINESS PARK

Figure 28d

Minor Entries WINCHESTER PROPERTY

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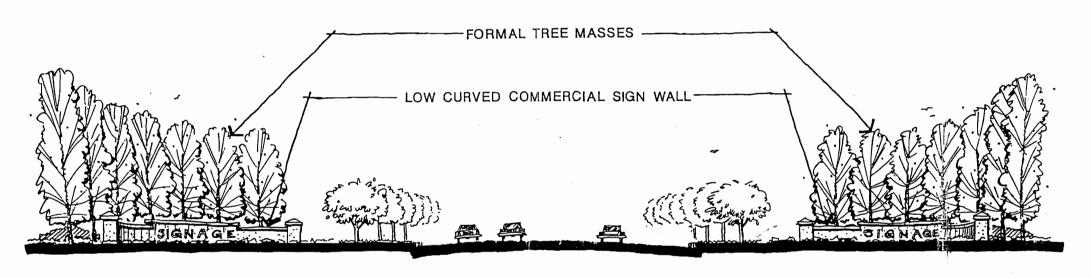
SOURCE: LAND/ PLAN/ DESIGN GROUP

# Commercial Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY

Figure 28e



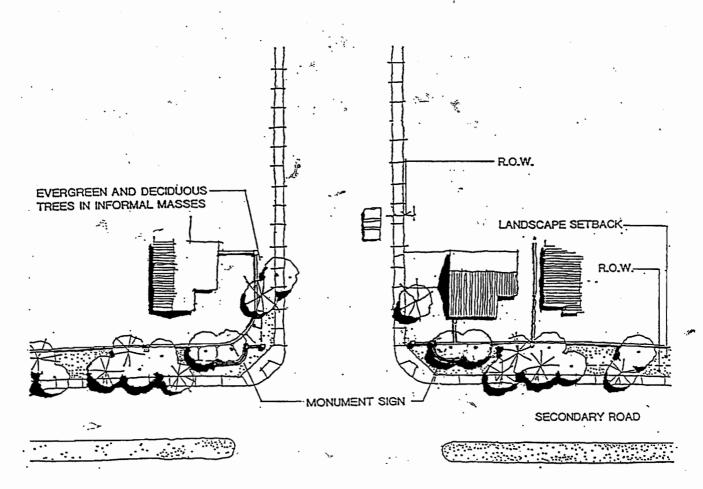
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ELEVATION (Looking North)

Figure 28f

Commercial Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY



**PLAN** 

SOURCE: LAND/ PLAN/ DESIGN GROUP

Internal Residential Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY Figure 28g.



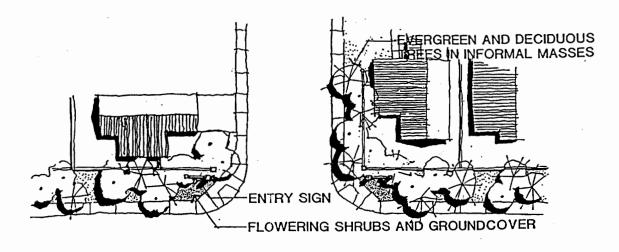
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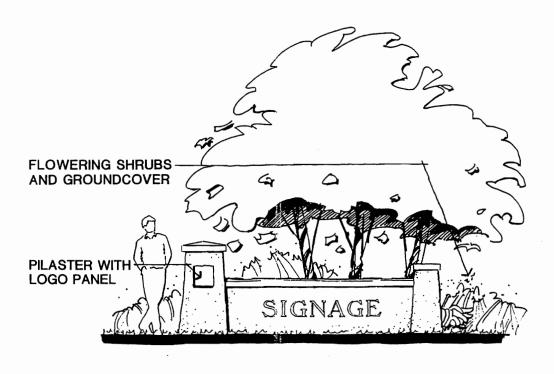
Figure 28h

Internal Residential Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY

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RMAINE SUPPRESSION SOURCE: LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP



**PLAN** 



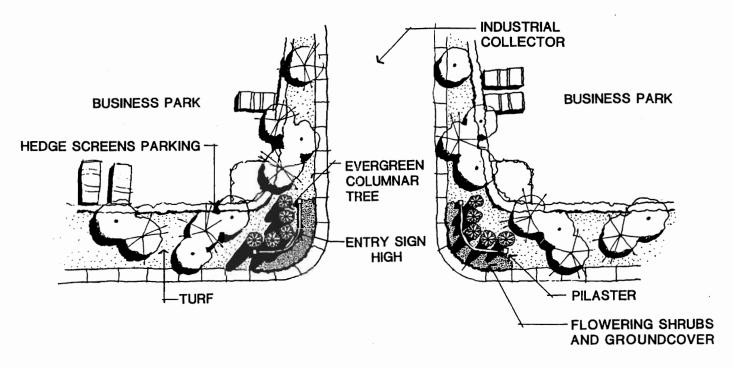
**ELEVATION** 

Figure 28i

Neighborhood Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY



TSAB Planning Consultants SOURCE: LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP



# **PLAN**

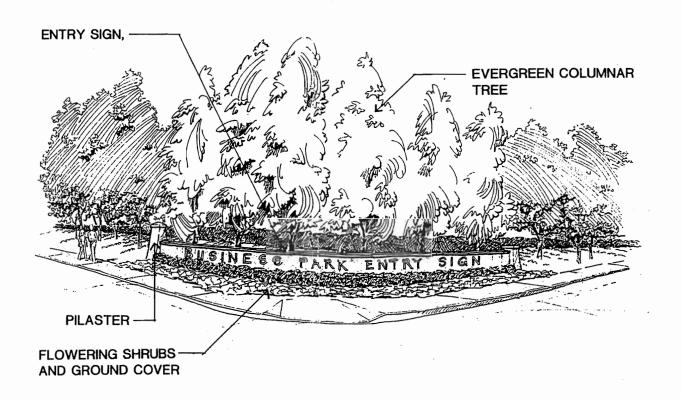
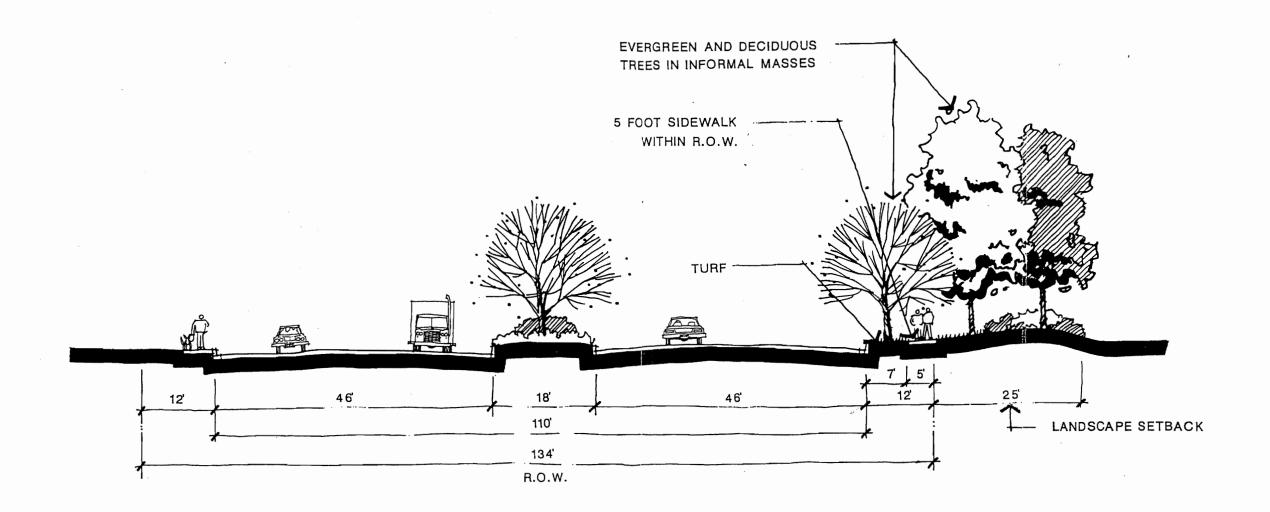


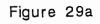
Figure 28j

Business Park Entry WINCHESTER PROPERTY

**PERSPECTIVE** 

Anning Consultants SOURCE: LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP









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SOURCE: LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP

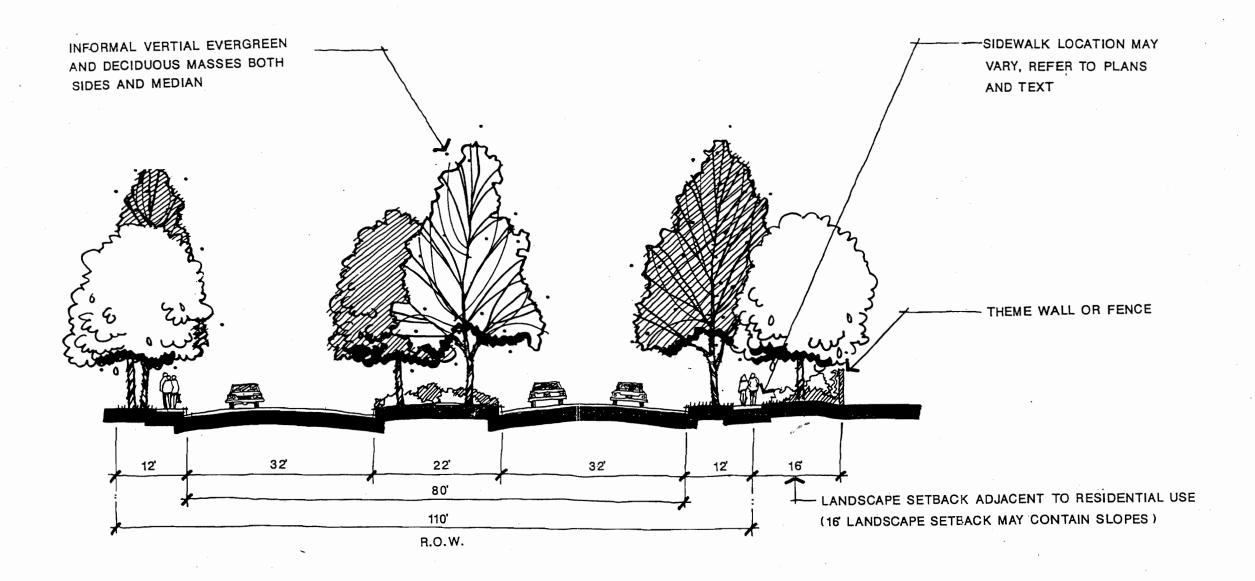
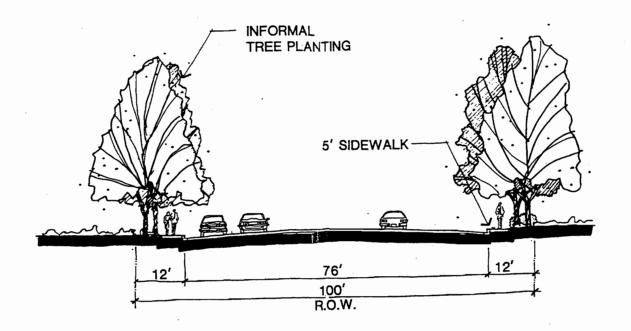


Figure 29b

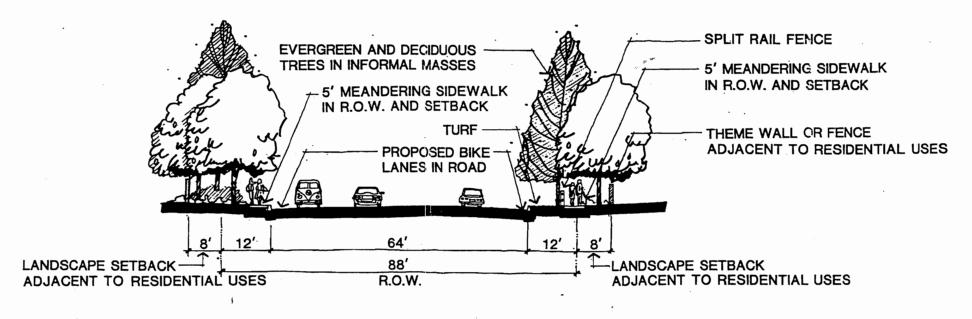


TSB Planning Consultants SOURCE: LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP

Murrieta Hot Springs Road Section WINCHESTER PROPERTY



# **MAJOR HIGHWAY**



SECONDARY ROAD

Figure 29c



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Roadway Cross Sections WINCHESTER PROPERTY

1

# 3. Streetscape Themes

The selection of trees, shrubs, ground covers and vines will establish the overall landscape character for Winchester and will play a major role in unifying the various land uses into a cohesive community design.

In several cases within the plan, particularly within residential areas, additional landscape area has been incorporated into the streetscape to enhance its visual quality. A maximum of 2:1 slopes may occur within the landscape areas.

The landscape theme is developed from the existing character of the site, which includes a meandering creek with rolling hills and a country-like image. Plant materials that reinforce this character such as Oaks, Alders, Sycamores along with many others have been identified in the plant material palette (Table IV). Within the following streetscape sections a particular tree has been selected as the major theme tree to be used with groupings of other trees, shrubs and ground covers. This will establish a consistent streetscape theme while allowing variety to occur.

Winchester Road: Winchester Road is a divided major high-way and falls under CalTrans purview. As such planting along Winchester will be required to meet all standards of CalTrans. The theme planting will consist of informal masses of evergreen and deciduous trees with the primary tree of Platanus acerifolia (London Plane Tree). This predominant tree will establish a continuity to the streetscape character and reinforce the community identity. (See Figure 29a.)

Murrieta Hot Springs Road: This divided Road is the primary east/west access through the community. It will continue the theme established along Winchester with informal masses of evergreen and deciduous trees, with a pre-dominance of Platanus acerifolia (London Plane Tree) to create an overall continuity. Sixteen feet of additional landscape area has been added adjacent to residential uses to.) enrich and enhance the overall streetscape character. (See Figure 29b.)

Major Highway: This major highway is an important north/ south arterial that provides the primary access to the commercial business park and residential areas. Within the business parks/commercial areas, the Podocarpus gracilior (Fern Pine) tree has been selected to create the dominant effect. It will provide a stately image mixed with informal masses of evergreen and deciduous trees within the residential area, south of Murrieta Hot Springs Road. Brachychiton populneus, the Bottle Tree, will be the primary theme tree. (See Figure 29c)

Secondary Road: This secondary road is the primary east/ west access within the residential portion of the planned community. It will include informal plantings of evergreen and deciduous trees. The primary tree to establish the overall theme will be the Alnus rhombifolia, White Alder. Eight additional feet of landscape area has been added adjacent to residential uses. (See Figures 29c and 29e)

**Industrial Collector:** This streetscape will provide an image to the entire business park. Informal groupings of trees will compliment the overall community while selection of the Cupaniopsis anacardioides, Carrot Wood, as a dominant street tree will differentiate the business park from other uses. (See Figure 29d)

Collector: Located in the residential area this smaller scale street is most suited to a smaller scale grouping of trees. The Bauhinia variegata, Purple Orchid Tree, has been selected as the major tree which is more delicate and produces attractive seasonal flowers. Eight feet of additional landscape area is required along non-access collector roads to enhance overall streetscape character. This additional landscape area is not required where lots take direct access from a collector street. (See Figure 29d)

# 4. Community Walls/Fences

Community walls and fences that can be viewed from public streets form an integral part of the community design. They can unify the various land uses and reinforce the design themes established at the project entries. A set of standards has been developed for community walls and fences as illustrated in Figure 30. The location of each wall or fence will vary depending upon final detail design and grading considerations. In general, solid walls will be located, adjacent to residential uses along major highways and secondary roads where the residential lot is at approximately the same grade as the street. In cases where a lot is significantly above the street grade, a "view fence" or "combination fence" may be provided to take advantage of view. In all cases, the noise mitigation requirements as identified in the specific plan shall be met.

# 7. Planting Guidelines

#### a) Plant Material Palette

The plant palette (Table IV) was developed with emphasis on plant suitability to this region and the community theme. Selections were made with respect to growth factors such as climate and soil conditions and maintenance concerns. Plant materials have been selected to reinforce project identity and to promote a unified appearance. Plant compositions that add variety to the community theme are encouraged.

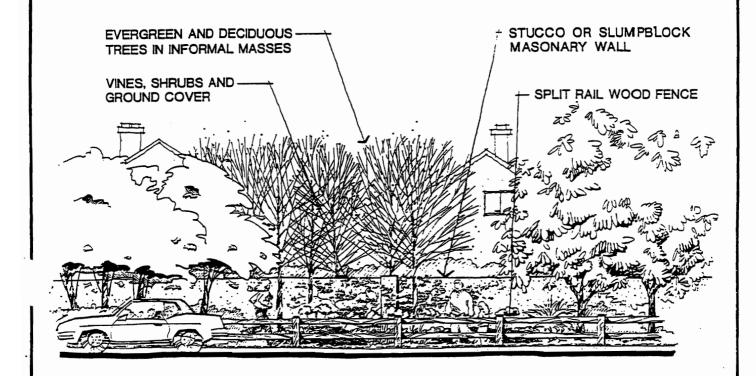
The palette should also be utilized to form compositions that complement the style of the architecture. Compositions that rely on plants with drought tolerant characteristics are encouraged.

# b) Planting Time

Plant establishment will be simplified as well as more successful if certain precautions are taken. It is most desirable to plant during the more mild spring or fall months due to the temperature extremes that occur during winter and summer months. Trees and shrubs should be acclimated to the area in order for them to better withstand winter frosts and extreme summer heat. It should be noted that even acclimated plant material installed in harsher summer or winter months will be slower and more difficult to establish due to the area's temperature extremes.

# c) Landscape Development

All landscaped areas shall be installed with trees, shrubs, ground cover, vines, and/or turf. Plant materials shall be selected from the plant palette contained as part of these guidelines. Smooth transitions from landscaped common areas to adjoining properties



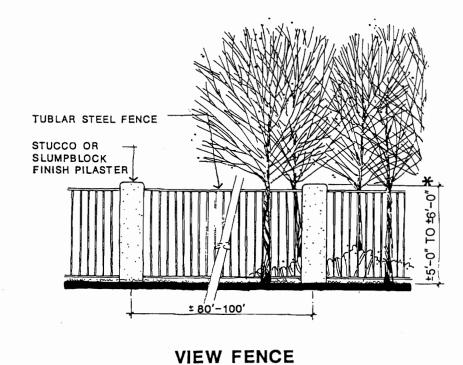
SOURCE: LAND/ PLAN/ DESIGN GROUP

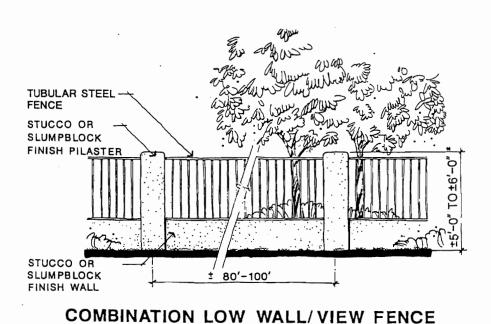
Secondary Roadway Elevation WINCHESTER PROPERTY

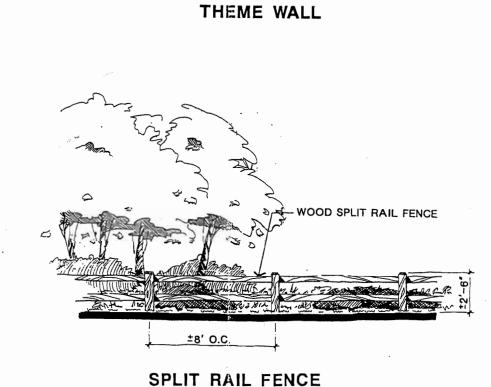
Figure 29e



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STUCCO OR SLUMPBLOCK

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STUCCO OR SLUMPBLOCK FINISH PILASTER



Figure 30

Community Walls & Fences WINCHESTER PROPERTY



Inning Consultants SOURCE: LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP

# 5. Community Trails and Greenbelts

The trails within the community will provide pedestrian access to areas throughout the community as well as opportunities for jogging, strolling, and scenic walks, particularly along Tucalota Creek.

Riparian Greenbelt: Located along the Tucalota Creek, this trail will provide a scenic corridor and direct access to the park site. The trail will be located to take advantage of the most scenic views. Plant materials such as Alders, Sycamores, and Oaks will be planted and naturalized, no irrigation is to be provided in these areas. (See Figure 31). The picnic areas, as shown on Figure 27, south of Murrieta Hot Springs Road, will include two picnic tables and a barbeque adjacent to P.A. 11.

Local Recreational Trail: Within the northeasterly area of the community a trail has been located within the SCE easement per SCE approval. It will remain within a naturalized condition, reflecting the existing character of the site. Plant material will be naturalized, no irrigation will be provided. (See Figure 32a.)

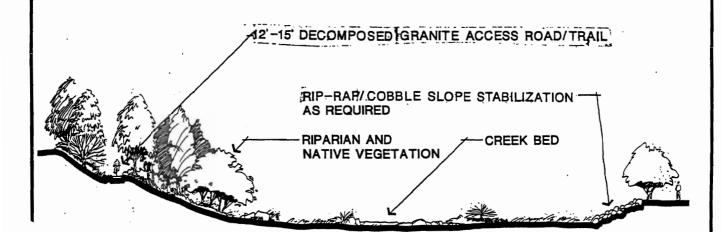
#### Park Master Plans

Three active park areas are included in the community plan. Planning Area 4B includes a 5 acre park, Planning Area 15 includes a 4 acre park, and Planning Area 18 includes an 8 acre park. The latter two parks are adjacent to potential future elementary school sites. All three parks are designed to provide both active and passive recreational uses (See Figure 33).

Planning Area 4B Park Master Plan: Planning Area 4B is located along proposed "D" Street at the intersection of "D" Street and "F" Street adjacent to the business park (Planning Area 4A) in the northern portion of the community. It will include parking, a restroom facility, a combination softball/soccer field, a tot lot, and a picnic area. The landscape will consist of informal masses of evergreen, deciduous and flowering trees to blend with the surrounding community theme.

Planning Area 15 Park Master Plan: Located along the Secondary Road at the southeast portion of the community, this 4 acre site provides a neighborhood park facility adjacent to an elementary school site. As the site has been master planned to respond to the contours of the site, its location has shifted from the original Specific Plan Location. The restroom building and parking lot is located central to the site with areas for active and passive uses provided. These include a tennis court, 2 multi-use sports courts, parking, along with a combined soccer/football/softball field. Landscape materials will be used to reinforce the community theme through informal masses of evergreen, deciduous and flowering trees.

Planning Area 18 Park Master Plan: This site is located adjacent to the secondary road and is contiguous to the creek. It will include parking, a restroom facility, two tennis courts, 2 multi-use sports courts along with one soccer/football field, two softball fields and a tot lot. Court areas are sited north/ south for the optimum orientation. The landscape will consist of informal masses of trees that will blend into the overall country-like character of the creek and community streetscapes.

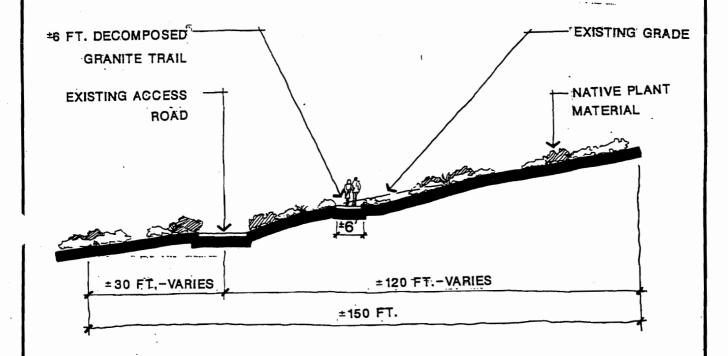


SOURCE : LAND/PLAN/DESIGN GROUP

Riparian Section
WINCHESTER PROPERTY

Figure 31





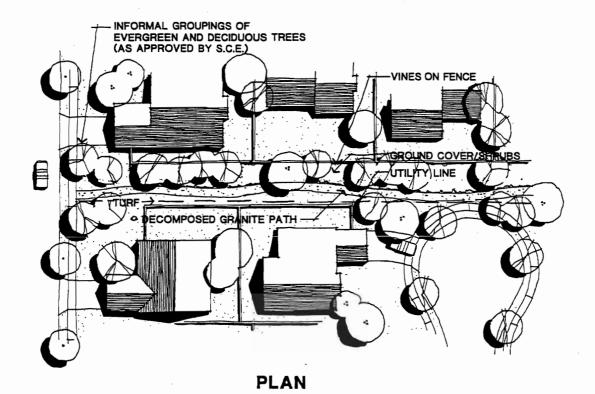
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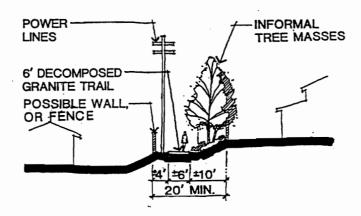
MWD Trail WINCHESTER PROPERTY

Figure 32a



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**SECTION** 

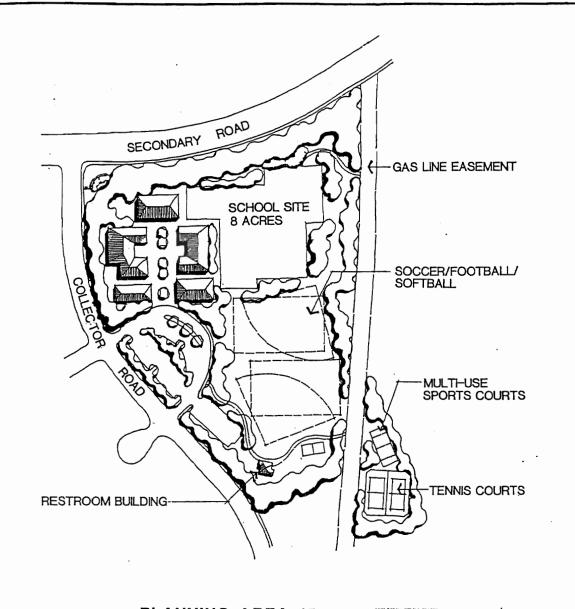
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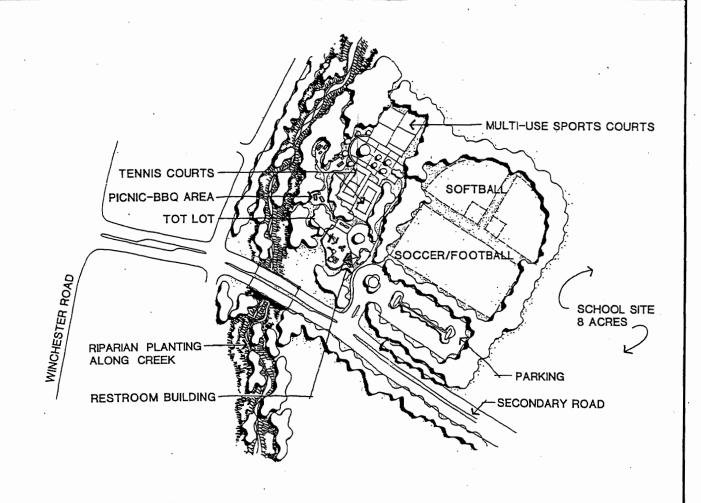
SCE Trail
WINCHESTER PROPERTY

Figure 32b



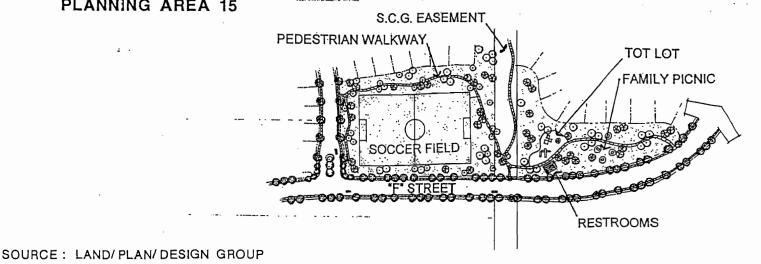
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**PLANNING AREA 18** 





PLANNING AREA 5



Figure 33

Park Master Plans WINCHESTER PROPERTY

#### TABLE IV

#### PLANT MATERIALS PALETTE

#### **BOTANICAL NAMES**

Acacia baileyana

Arbutus menziesii Arbutus unedo

Brachychiton populneus Calocedrus decurrens Ceratonia siliqua

Citrinus species

Cupaniopsis anacardioides

Eucalyptus camaldulensis Eucalyptus

citriodora

Eucalyptus Nicholii

Eucalyptus polyanthemos Eucalyptus rudis

Eucalyptus viminalis Geijera parvifolia Hymenosporum flavum Magnoliagrandliflora Maytenus boaria Melaleuca leucadendra

Olea europaea Fruitless Pinus canariensis Pinus coulteri Pinus eldarica Pinus halepensis Pinus pinea

Pinus thunbergiana Podocarpus

gracilior Quercus agrifolia Ouercus ilex Rhus lancea Schinus molle

Schinus terebinthifolius Ulmus parvifolia 'Drake'

#### Tress -- Deciduous

Albizia julibrissin Alnus rhombifolia Bauhinia variegata

Chorisia speciosa Cercis occidentalis Fraxinus

velutina 'Modesta'

Fraxinus Ginko biloba

Jacaranda acutifolia

#### COMMON NAME,

Bailey Acacia Madrone Strawberry Tree Bottle Tree Incense Cedar Carob

Citrus varieties' Carrot Wood

Red Gum

Lemon Scented Gum Willow-Leafed Peppermint Silver Dollar Gum Desert Gum Manna White Gum

Australian Willow Sweetshade

Southern Magnolia Mayten

Tree

Cajeput Tree Fruitless Olive Canary Island Pine Coulter Pine Mondell Pine Allepo Pine Stone Pine

Japanese Black Pine

Fern Pine

California Live Oak Holly Oak

No Common Name California Pepper Brazilian Pepper -Evergreen Elm

Mimosa Tree White

Alder

Purple Orchid Tree Silk Floss Tree

Redbud

Modesto Ash Evergreen Ash Maidenhair Tree

Jacaranda

# Winchester Properties (SilverHawk)

Koelreuteria bipinnata Koelreuteria panniculata Lagerstroemia indica Liquidambar styraciflua Liriodendron tulipifera Platanus acerifolia Populus nigra 'Italica' Prunus Pyrus kawakamii Salix babylonica Tipuana tip

#### **Palms**

Cocos plumosa Phoenix canariensis Phoenix dactylifera Washingtonia filifera Washingtonia robusta

#### Shrubs

Abelia Edward Goucher Acacia ongerup\*

Acacia redolens\*

Arctostaphylos species Callistemon species

Ceanothus species Cistus species Cocculus laurifolius

Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster species

Euonymus japonica

Hebe coed Ilex species Lantana species

Ligustrum japonicum

Mahonia aquifolium & 'Compacta' Nandina domestica & 'Compacta'

Nerium oleander

Osmanthus fragrans Phormium tenax

Photinia Fraseri

Pittosporum tobira & 'Wheelers Dwarf' Pittosporum tobira 'Variegata'

Plumbago capensis Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus caroliniana Pyracantha species Kaphiolepis indica

Rhus ovata

Ribes sanguineum

#### IV.DESIGN GUIDELINES

Chinese Flame Tree Golden Rain Tree Crape Myrtle Sweet Gum Tulip Tree London Plane Tree Lombardy Poplar Flowering Plum Evergreen Pear Weeping Willow Tipu Tree

Queen Palm Canary Island Date Palm Date Palm California Fan Palm Mexican Fan Palm

Edward Goucher Abelia

No Common Name No Common Name

Manzanita Bottlebrush

California Lilac Rockrose

Snailseed Pampus Grass Cotoneaster Evergreen Euonymus

Veronica Holly Lantana

Japanese Privet Oregon Grape Heavenly Bamboo Oleander

Sweet Olive Flax

Photinia Mock Orange No Common Name Cape Plumbago Yew Pine

Carolina Laurel Cherry

Firethorn

Pink Indian Hawthorn

Sugar Bush

Pink Winter Currant

# Winchester Properties (SilverHawk)

IV.DESIGN GUIDELINES

Ribes speciosum

Ternstroemia gymnanthera

Xylosma congestum

#### **Sub Shrubs**

Agapanthus africanus Arctostaphylos species Ceanothus species Hemerocallis species Lonicera japonica 'Halliana' Mimulus cardinalis Moraea bicolor

#### Vines

Bougainvillea spectabillis\*
Doxantha unguis-cati Ficus pumila
Gelsemium sempervirens Jasminum
mesnyi
Jasminum polyanthum Lonicera
japonica Wisteria floribunda

#### **Ground Covers**

Ajuga reptans
Arctostaphylos edmundsii
Baccharis pilularis 'Twin Peaks'
Campanula poscharskyana
Gazania splendens 'Mitsuwa Yellow'
Hypericum calycinum
Lonicera japonica
Nandina domestica 'Harbour Dwarf'
Potentilla verna
Trachelospermum jasminoides Rosemarinus officinalis

Fuchsia - Flowering Gooseberry Ternstroemia Xylosma

Lily of the Nile Manzanita California Lilac Day Lily Hall's Honeysuckle Monkey Flower Fortnight Lily

Bougainvillea Cat's Claw Vine Creeping Fig Carolina Jasmine Primrose Jasmine No Common Name Japanese Honeysuckle Wisteria

Carpet Bugle
Little Sir Manzanita
Coyote Brush Serbian
Bellflower
Gazania
Aaron's Beard
Honeysuckle
Dwarf Heavenly Bamboo
Spring Cinquefoil
Star Jasmine
Rosemary

are encouraged and can easily be obtained; i.e. landscape development occurring adjacent to existing or planned common areas should use plant material compositions that are compatible.

#### d) Climate Constraints

The Winchester Properties are located around the interior thermal belt areas that exist within much of Southern California. The materials listed in the plant palette (Table IV) are suited to the climate that prevails in this type of interior thermal belt area. Summer highs range from approximately 90 to 110 degrees Fahrenheit while wintertime lows range from approximately 10 to 15 degrees Fahrenheit. Site-specific conditions such as topography and exposure will constrain the use of more tender plant species.

# e) Horticultural Soils Test Requirements

Due to the varied soil types that exist within the area, horticultural soils tests are important for proper landscape development. Such reports are recommended and can be obtained prior to landscape installation from a qualified agricultural laboratory. The test summaries should included analysis of soil fertility and agricultural suitability and provide recommendations for pre-plant amendments, backfill mix and post plant maintenance fertilization.

# f) Irrigation

Automatic irrigation is required as a part of landscape development. Irrigation systems shall be designed with head to head coverage with additional coverage necessary to accommodate summer wind patterns. Controllers shall be capable of repeating individual systems during the course of a day to expedite plant establishment. Brown line pipe may be used on 2:1 slopes within private lots and located on the soil surface. All other pipe shall be buried below ground.

For aesthetic concerns as well as safety, irrigation heads within turf areas or adjacent to curbs, drives, wheel stops, walks or other hardscape should be the pop-up type. All additional equipment, such as controllers and backflow preventers, should be located to minimize their impact on the streetscape.

#### g) Landscape Maintenance

The landscape maintenance of each parcel is the responsibility of the owner, home owners association (HOA) or similar entity as agreed upon by the developer and county. This maintenance shall be all inclusive of practices necessary to keep all landscape areas healthy, neat and trimmed. Diseased and/or dead plant materials shall be removed and replaced. Hard surface areas shall be kept free from debris.