



**PRELIMINARY
HYDROLOGY REPORT**

**FOR
SARES-REGIS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT
(SARES-REGIS GROUP)**

**COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
CALIFORNIA**

July, 2019
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SECTION 1 - SUMMARY

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to provide hydrologic analysis for Sares-Regis Group's development of 47.1 acres in the Perris Valley area into a two-building industrial "Site". The Site is bounded by Nandina Avenue to the north, Oleander Avenue to the south, and Decker Road to the east, and grading limits approximately 1800' east of Day Street to the east in a portion of unincorporated Riverside County. The Site is in the center of the larger 136.7 acre hydrologic boundary this report will study. The hydrologic boundaries extend westerly to Day St and 1000' further easterly of Decker Rd. This drainage study is intended to provide:

- Schematically map out the major storm drain infrastructure for the project area
- The County of Riverside has informed us that the storm drain system this site is tributary to is sized to convey 100-year ultimate buildout runoff from the area, but that further down-stream Caltrans has constructed storm drain infrastructure designed to convey only the 10-year runoff rates. Calculations of the 10-year and 100-year existing and proposed runoff rates will be provided. Per County of Riverside comments until Caltrans up-sizes their infrastructure (which we were told is planned for in the future) peak runoff rates for these storm events shall not increase due to development of the site.
- Calculations of the 10-year existing and proposed volume of storm runoff. The County of Riverside has told us that on-site extended detention will be required to prevent an increase in peak runoff rates due to development and the preliminary sizing of detention basins should be equivalent to the difference in runoff volume between the existing and proposed 10-year storm events.
- Show where off-site runoff from natural terrain is intercepted up-stream of the site and released back into natural terrain down-stream of the site
- Show that the Site is adequately protected in the event that all inlets are clogged and where runoff overland relief occurs.
- Show hydraulically that the immediate down-stream infrastructure is sufficiently sized to accept 100-year storm event runoff rates.

EXISTING CONDITIONS (INFRASTRUCTURE, PEAK RUNOFF RATES, AND TOTAL VOLUME OF STORM RUNOFF)

The project site is currently vacant land with seasonal weeds and rock outcroppings. The project site is located within the San Jacinto River watershed. The site has a natural fall from west to east with three well defined watersheds for analysis. There are no identified USGS “blue lines” crossing the site. The local high point from which off-site flows originate is nearby, approximately 2000’ to the west of the site.

Currently the three watersheds are broken up and named based on the storm drain lateral that the watershed is tributary to as follows (see also Preliminary Hydrology Map):

- Watershed B-9AA is 34.7 acres north-west of the intersection of Decker Rd and Harley Knox Blvd. Historically runoff from Watershed B-9AA flowed easterly and per Master Drainage Plan for Perris Valley Area June 1991 was intended to be tributary to storm drain Lateral B-9. Now upon construction of 30” RCP storm drain Lateral B-9AA per Riverside County File No. 964B runoff is picked up in a Decker Rd adjacent 48” riser tributary to storm drain Lateral B-9AA and ultimately Lateral B-9. The existing runoff rates are: Q10=33.67 CFS and Q100=53.35 CFS. Additionally, runoff from Lateral B-9AA2 located on the east side of Decker Rd (Not-A-Part) near Nandina Ave constructed per Riverside County File No. 964B adds 1.90 CFS to the Q100 totaling Q100=55.25 CFS. Hydrograph analysis of the 10-year/24-hour storm event shows that the total storm volume is 4.03 acre-feet of runoff.

Note: Included in the 34.7 acres is 5.6 acres (Sub-areas T and U) of partially offsite area to the north-west of the Site. Historically runoff from this area flowed north of Nandina Ave at the now Decker Rd intersection. Upon construction of Nandina Ave and Decker Rd circa 2017 an 18” culvert was installed per Riverside County As-Built File No. 964B directing runoff north of Nandina Ave to be picked up easterly in 36” RCP storm drain Lateral B-9A (see reference plan in appendix). To be able to compare existing flow rates to proposed flow rates from equal areas it has assumed that the runoff from Sub-areas T and U joins other on-site runoff at the Decker Rd-Nandina Ave intersection. The amount of culvert runoff crossing Nandina Ave is: Q10=6.24 CFS and Q100=9.59 CFS.

Watershed B-8 is 71.0 acres beginning near the intersection of existing Day St and future Oleander Ave and ends at the future Decker Rd and is tributary to existing 48” RCP storm drain Lateral B-8. Historically runoff from Watershed B-8 flowed easterly and per Master Drainage Plan for Perris Valley Area June 1991 was intended to be tributary to storm drain Lateral B-8. Now upon construction of Harley Knox Blvd to Decker Rd and construction of the extension of Lateral B-8 per Riverside County Drawing No. 4-1060 it is (see appendix for reference plan). The existing runoff rates are: Q10=63.66 CFS and Q100=98.73 CFS.

Hydrograph analysis of the 10-year/24-hour storm event shows that the total storm volume is 8.25 acre-feet of runoff.

- Watershed B-8A is 31.9 acres zoned for future industrial facility and is tributary to Lateral B-8 as historically intended per Master Drainage Plan for Perris Valley Area June 1991 by way of existing 48” RCP Lateral B-8A. This watershed is outside the area of the development but is analyzed because the project site is tributary to it and because it must be shown that Lateral B-8 is sufficiently sized. The existing runoff rates are: Q10=27.19 CFS and Q100=42.17 CFS.

Note that the runoff rate in the existing Nandina Ave 30" RCP storm drain Lateral B-9AA per the Riverside County File No. 964B plan is by our calculations under-reported at $Q_{100}=42.3$ CFS; our calculations suggest the actual flow rate is $Q_{100}=44.52$ CFS.

Note that the runoff rate in the existing 48" RCP storm drain Lateral B-8 per Riverside County Drawing No. 4-1060 is by our calculations over-stated at $Q_{100}=182.0$ CFS; our calculations suggest the actual flow rate is $Q_{100}=140.90$ CFS

Summation of Existing Condition Hydrology for the 105.7 acre hydrologic boundary (Watersheds B-9AA and B-8):

10-year runoff volume=12.28 acre-feet

$Q_{10}=27.19$ CFS

$Q_{100}=42.17$ CFS.

PROPOSED CONDITIONS (INFRASTRUCTURE, PEAK RUNOFF RATES, AND TOTAL VOLUME OF STORM RUNOFF

The proposed storm drain system will be made of HDPE or RCP pipe. Off-site flows will not be mixed with on-site flows prior to on-site flows being treated for water quality (see Proposed Condition Hydrology Map). Storm drain pipes will convey runoff to the existing down-stream storm drain systems. Proposed drainage patterns have the intent to respect the tributary drainage areas depicted on the Master Drainage Plan for Perris Valley Area June 1991. Proposed storm drain infrastructure and routing will ensure runoff rates are within the criteria imposed by the County of Riverside.

Street-side catch basins:

The two catch basins proposed on Harley Knox Blvd and the two catch basins on Decker Road southerly of Harley Knox Blvd will convey runoff to Lateral B-8 in Harley Knox Blvd. The three catch basins proposed near the intersection of Nandina Ave and Decker Rd will convey runoff to Lateral B-9AA in Nandina Ave.

Runoff from undeveloped areas tributary to the site:

The 2.8 acre Sub-area HH up-stream and north-west of the Site will be intercepted at an inlet structure near Nandina Ave and conveyed by storm drain pipe in Nandina Ave to Lateral B-9AA.

Runoff from the up-stream 56.2 acres of undeveloped (Portion of Watershed B-8) barren natural land up-stream of the Site will be intercepted by brow-ditches at the western edge grading limit. The runoff will be reintroduced into the existing 48" RCP storm drain Lateral B-8 at the intersection of Harley Knox Blvd.

Most runoff from the undeveloped areas is conveyed within obvious earthen gulleys as concentrated flow. Inlet structures are positioned where concentrated runoff flow occurs. Where runoff from undeveloped areas is conveyed by sheet-flow brow-ditches are proposed to capture runoff. Brow-ditches along the westerly grading limit shall not convey more than 10 CFS of runoff. Hydrologic calculations have shown that the maximum flow-rate expected in any brow-ditch is $Q_{100}=3.9$ CFS (see Sub-area D on the Proposed Hydrology Map). An access road for maintenance of the drainage inlets and brow-ditches runs the entire westerly edge of the site.

Runoff from undeveloped areas west of the Site flowing northerly across Nandina Ave:

With the extension of Nandina Ave northerly to future Day St runoff is disrupted. Culverts will be constructed under the proposed Nandina Ave roadway to intercept runoff at points of concentration on the southerly side and convey that runoff to the northerly side of Nandina Ave to maintain existing drainage patterns.

2:1 slope at the westerly edge of the Site:

A 2:1 slope is to be cut in the existing bedrock. Geotechnical investigation suggests that the slope will be solid rock. The slope will be treated as Commercial/Industrial cover type for hydrologic calculations. Though shown to have terrace drainage, in final engineering it is not expected to exist, because erosion is not expected to occur on the solid rock face. At the bottom of the slope there will be a v-ditch intercepting all runoff that will be conveyed to the on-site storm drain system.

Watershed B-9AA:

Runoff from the 21.3 acre Watershed B-9AA is conveyed to the 30" RCP Lateral B-9AA at the intersection of Nandina Ave and Decker Rd. The proposed runoff rates to that location are $Q_{10}=31.35$ CFS and $Q_{100}=45.25$ CFS. Hydrograph analysis of the 10-year/24-hour storm event shows that the total storm volume is 2.63 acre-feet of runoff. Analysis of peak runoff rate and storm volume shows a reduction in both, peak runoff rate and volume, as compared to the existing condition. Underground detention to mitigate for increased flow is not expected to be necessary, but in the event that in final engineering analysis determines differently it will be provided. The proposed hydrology map shows a place holder for underground retention if necessary.

Comparison of existing vs proposed runoff for Watershed B-9AA:

Existing 10-year runoff volume=4.03 acre-feet, $Q_{10}=33.67$ CFS, $Q_{100}=53.35$ CFS
Proposed 10-year runoff volume=2.63 acre-feet, $Q_{10}=31.35$ CFS, $Q_{100}=45.25$ CFS

Watershed B-8:

Runoff from the 84.8 acre Watershed B-8 is conveyed to the 48" RCP Lateral B-8 that currently terminates easterly of Decker Rd in Harley Knox Blvd. The proposed runoff rates to that location are $Q_{10}=90.53$ CFS and $Q_{100}=135.68$ CFS. Hydrograph analysis of the 10-year/24-hour storm event shows that the total storm volume is 10.30 acre-feet of runoff. Analysis of peak runoff rate and storm volume shows an increase in both, peak runoff rate and volume, as compared to the existing condition. Underground detention to mitigate for increased flow will be required. Preliminary sizing of underground detention is based on the difference between the existing 10-year runoff volume and the proposed runoff volume. The proposed hydrology map shows a place holder for preliminarily sized underground retention.

Comparison of existing vs proposed runoff for Watershed B-8:

Existing 10-year runoff volume=8.25 acre-feet, $Q_{10}=63.66$ CFS, $Q_{100}=98.73$ CFS
Proposed 10-year runoff volume=10.30 acre-feet, $Q_{10}=90.53$ CFS, $Q_{100}=135.68$ CFS

The increased flow rates will be mitigated down to existing condition flow rates by utilizing underground detention. The required volume of detention to reduce flow rates is equal to the increase in 10-year runoff volume=2.05 acre-feet=89,300 CF. Three locations on-site have been designated for underground storage: 17,000 CF at the south-east corner of the northern building, 47,000 CF at the north-east corner of the southern building, and 26,000 CF at the south-east corner of the southern building; 90,000 CF total.

Through routing of on-site runoff through underground storage the peak runoff rates for Watershed B-8 will be that of the existing condition $Q_{10}=63.66$ CFS, $Q_{100}=98.73$ CFS.

Watershed B-8A:

The 31.9 acre undeveloped parcel south-easterly of the Site and east of Decker Rd makes up Watershed B-8A. Flow rates attributed to this watershed are addressed in the existing condition section of this report. Off-site runoff from 71.0 acres of natural terrain will no longer be tributary to Watershed B-8A. The existing infrastructure on that parcel was designed to convey all of its runoff and the runoff from the 71.0 off-site acres. The existing infrastructure is assumed to be sufficiently sized to convey the lower proposed runoff flow rates.

Comparison of existing vs proposed runoff to the existing Watershed B-8A infrastructure:
Existing $Q_{10}=90.85$ CFS, $Q_{100}=140.90$ CFS
Proposed $Q_{10}=27.19$ CFS, $Q_{100}=42.17$ CFS

Lateral B-8 Runoff Rates:

The total flow tributary to Lateral B-8 is the summation of runoff from Watersheds B-8 ($Q_{10}=63.66$ CFS, $Q_{100}=98.73$ CFS) and B-8A ($Q_{10}=27.19$ CFS, $Q_{100}=42.17$ CFS) = $Q_{10}=90.85$ CFS, $Q_{100}=140.90$ CFS.

HYDRAULICS

Lateral B-9AA, 30" RCP, constructed per Riverside County File No. 964B was designed with a stated $Q_{100}=42.3$ CFS. The existing plan does not state whether this is its capacity, but appears oversized based on HGL, so normal depth calculations have been performed. The existing and proposed flow rates were used in the analysis. Normal depth calculations show that in the existing condition with $Q_{100}=55.25$ CFS the 2.50' pipe runs at 2.36' deep when using the minimum pipe slope of 1.5%. Normal depth calculations show that in the proposed condition with $Q_{100}=47.15$ CFS the 2.50' pipe runs at 1.92' deep when using the minimum pipe slope of 1.5%. The pipe is sufficiently sized to convey the proposed runoff.

Lateral B-8, 48" RCP, constructed per Riverside County Drawing No. 4-1060 was designed to convey $Q_{100}=182.0$ CFS (see reference plans in appendix). The proposed runoff rate to Lateral B-8 is $Q_{100}=140.90$ CFS. This is a reduction to 77% of its approved conveyance rate and is therefore considered sufficiently sized.

OVERLAND PROTECTION

Infrastructure and private properties are protected in the event that all catch basin inlets are clogged. An "Overland Relief Map" showing the runoff flow-path in such an event is included in the appendix.

WATER QUALITY

The water treatment and runoff mitigation are not a part of this report; they are outlined in the Preliminary WQMP for this project. For reference though, the Treatment Control BMP for this project is volume-based under-ground retention followed by bio-filtration utilizing Modular Wetlands System.

The routing of runoff through underground retention basins is described below:

- There are 4 areas on-site in which runoff is collected and routed through underground retention basins. The areas are in the same location as the underground storm storage shown on the proposed hydrology map.
- Diversion structures route all first flush/low flow runoff into underground retention basins to capture the required volume of runoff.
- Runoff beyond the required capture volume by-passes the water quality basins and must enter the proposed underground storm detention storage basins as shown on the proposed hydrology map before leaving the site.
- Runoff that enters the water quality basins is metered out into Modular Wetlands System bio-filtration devices.
- The now cleaned runoff is reintroduced to the main storm drain system up-stream of the storm detention basins to be metered out for hydro-modification reasons.

METHODOLOGY

The Rational Method was used to calculate 100-year and 10-year peak storm runoff rates. The Advanced Engineering System (AES) computer program approved for the County of Riverside was utilized for the calculations. Input values/criteria came from the Riverside County Flood Control Hydrology Manual. Rainfall intensity values were obtained from Intensity-Duration Table plate D4.1 located in the Riverside County Flood Control Hydrology Manual for the Perris Valley Area (see appendix). This site is comprised primarily of type BC soils so Type C Soils was used for analysis (see Hydrologic Soils Group Map for Steele Peak Plate C-1.29 in the appendix).

Unit Hydrographs were developed to calculate the total volume of runoff for the 10-year/24 hour storm event. These calculations will be performed in the existing and proposed condition. The difference in total storm runoff volume between existing and proposed condition is a good approximation of the volume of runoff that will be required to be retained on-site to mitigate for an increase in runoff rates due to development.

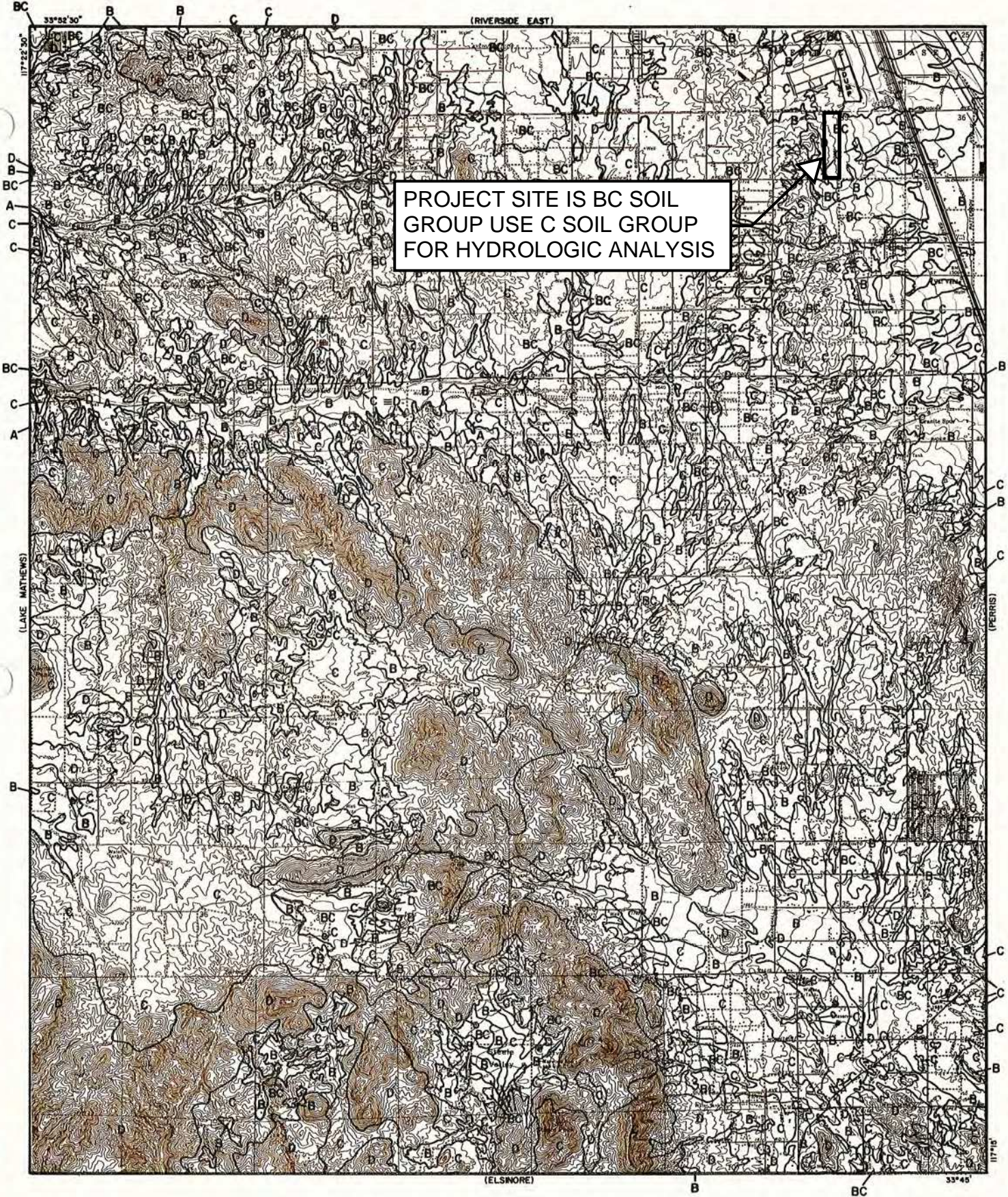
Hydrographs were developed utilizing the Advanced Engineering System (AES) computer program approved for the County of Riverside. Input values/criteria came from the Riverside County Flood Control Hydrology Manual. Precipitation values for the 2-year and 100-year storms came from Isohyetal Maps (Plates E-5.5 and E-5.6 respectively). The 10-year precipitation was derived from the 2-year and 100-year values plotted on Plate E-5.7. Loss rates were determined by Plates E-6.1, E-6.2, and E2.1.

CONCLUSION

This report and associated calculations are based on preliminary engineering. Final engineering of the site will be completed and will incorporate a finalized hydrologic and hydraulic analysis, to be submitted in the future for final approval. Based on the findings in this report, it is concluded that the proposed development can be adequately protected according to the District's requirements in conjunction with the ultimate development and maintenance of the proposed facilities.

This drainage study provided:

- A schematic map of the major storm drain infrastructure for the project area (see the Existing and Proposed Hydrology Maps in the appendix).
- Calculations of the 10-year and 100 year existing and proposed runoff rates reflect an increase in runoff rates that will be mitigated by routing runoff through underground detention facilities sized per the County of Riverside criteria.
- Calculations of the 10-year runoff volume were used to determine preliminary sizing of underground detention facilities to reduce peak runoff rates down to existing condition.
- The plan shows where off-site runoff from natural terrain (westerly portion of the proposed Nandina Ave roadway) is intercepted up-stream of the site and released back into the natural terrain down-stream of the site where it previously flowed.
- Runoff rates are reduced or limited to the existing runoff rates to the tributary storm drain system. Hydraulic calculations show that the existing down-stream storm drain system is sufficiently sized to convey proposed runoff.
- In the unlikely event that every inlet is 100% clogged the Site is protected by overland relief.



PROJECT SITE IS BC SOIL GROUP
 USE C SOIL GROUP
 FOR HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

LEGEND

— SOILS GROUP BOUNDARY
 A SOILS GROUP DESIGNATION

RCFC & WCD
 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

**HYDROLOGIC SOILS GROUP MAP
 FOR
 STEELE PEAK**

RAINFALL INTENSITY - INCHES PER HOUR

MIRA LOMA			MURRIETA - TEMECULA & RANCHO CALIFORNIA			NORCO			PALM SPRINGS			PERRIS VALLEY		
DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY	
	10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR
5	2.84	4.48	5	3.45	5.10	5	2.77	4.16	5	4.23	6.76	5	2.64	3.78
6	2.58	4.07	6	3.12	4.61	6	2.53	3.79	6	3.80	6.08	6	2.41	3.46
7	2.37	3.75	7	2.87	4.24	7	2.34	3.51	7	3.48	5.56	7	2.24	3.21
8	2.21	3.49	8	2.67	3.94	8	2.19	3.29	8	3.22	5.15	8	2.09	3.01
9	2.08	3.28	9	2.50	3.69	9	2.07	3.10	9	3.01	4.81	9	1.98	2.84
10	1.96	3.10	10	2.36	3.48	10	1.96	2.94	10	2.83	4.52	10	1.88	2.69
11	1.87	2.95	11	2.24	3.30	11	1.87	2.80	11	2.67	4.28	11	1.79	2.57
12	1.78	2.82	12	2.13	3.15	12	1.79	2.68	12	2.54	4.07	12	1.72	2.46
13	1.71	2.70	13	2.04	3.01	13	1.72	2.58	13	2.43	3.88	13	1.65	2.37
14	1.64	2.60	14	1.96	2.89	14	1.66	2.48	14	2.33	3.72	14	1.59	2.29
15	1.58	2.50	15	1.89	2.79	15	1.60	2.40	15	2.23	3.56	15	1.54	2.21
16	1.53	2.42	16	1.82	2.69	16	1.55	2.32	16	2.15	3.41	16	1.49	2.14
17	1.48	2.34	17	1.76	2.60	17	1.50	2.25	17	2.08	3.26	17	1.45	2.08
18	1.44	2.27	18	1.71	2.52	18	1.46	2.19	18	2.01	3.11	18	1.41	2.02
19	1.40	2.21	19	1.66	2.45	19	1.42	2.13	19	1.95	2.96	19	1.37	1.97
20	1.36	2.15	20	1.61	2.38	20	1.39	2.08	20	1.89	2.81	20	1.34	1.92
22	1.29	2.04	22	1.53	2.26	22	1.32	1.98	22	1.79	2.66	22	1.28	1.83
24	1.24	1.95	24	1.46	2.15	24	1.26	1.90	24	1.70	2.51	24	1.22	1.75
26	1.18	1.87	26	1.39	2.06	26	1.22	1.82	26	1.62	2.36	26	1.18	1.69
28	1.14	1.80	28	1.34	1.98	28	1.17	1.76	28	1.56	2.24	28	1.13	1.63
30	1.10	1.73	30	1.29	1.90	30	1.13	1.70	30	1.49	2.39	30	1.10	1.57
32	1.06	1.67	32	1.24	1.84	32	1.10	1.64	32	1.44	2.30	32	1.06	1.52
34	1.03	1.62	34	1.20	1.78	34	1.06	1.59	34	1.39	2.22	34	1.03	1.48
36	1.00	1.57	36	1.17	1.72	36	1.03	1.55	36	1.34	2.15	36	1.00	1.44
38	.97	1.53	38	1.13	1.67	38	1.01	1.51	38	1.30	2.09	38	.98	1.40
40	.94	1.49	40	1.10	1.62	40	.98	1.47	40	1.27	2.02	40	.95	1.37
45	.89	1.40	45	1.03	1.52	45	.92	1.39	45	1.18	1.89	45	.90	1.29
50	.84	1.32	50	.97	1.44	50	.88	1.31	50	1.11	1.78	50	.85	1.22
55	.80	1.26	55	.92	1.36	55	.84	1.25	55	1.05	1.68	55	.81	1.17
60	.76	1.20	60	.88	1.30	60	.80	1.20	60	1.00	1.60	60	.78	1.12
65	.73	1.15	65	.84	1.24	65	.77	1.15	65	.95	1.53	65	.75	1.08
70	.70	1.11	70	.81	1.19	70	.74	1.11	70	.91	1.46	70	.72	1.04
75	.68	1.07	75	.78	1.15	75	.72	1.07	75	.88	1.41	75	.70	1.00
80	.65	1.03	80	.75	1.11	80	.69	1.04	80	.85	1.35	80	.68	.97
85	.63	1.00	85	.73	1.07	85	.67	1.01	85	.82	1.31	85	.66	.94

10-MIN
VALUES
USED

60-MIN
VALUES
USED

SLOPE = .490

SLOPE = .58

SLOPE = .500

SLOPE = .550

SLOPE = .530

MEAD VALLEY INDUSTRIAL PARK Sub-Areas - Soil Type and Land Use

Parameters for Loss Rate and Hydrograph Development Proposed Condition

Watershed Number	Area (acres)	Local Subarea		Soil Type	Land Use	Curve Number (CN)		
						AMC		
						II	I	III
B-8	10.8	A		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	9.6	B		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	10.3	C		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	11.0	D		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	1.9	E		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	2.3	F		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	4.0	G		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	2.4	H		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	0.4	I		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	3.5	J		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-8	1.7	K		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	2.0	L		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	1.4	M		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	1.6	N		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	3.2	O		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	0.9	P		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	1.8	Q		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	0.9	R		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	3.8	S		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	1.1	T		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	0.6	U		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	2.2	V		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	3.7	W		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8	2.2	X		C	Turf, Good	72	53	89
B-8	1.5	Y		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-8A	31.9	Z		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-9AA	2.0	AA		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-9AA	1.7	BB		C	Turf, Good	72	53	89
B-9AA	1.7	CC		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-9AA	2.9	DD		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-9AA	1.4	EE		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-9AA	2.0	FF		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-9AA	4.2	GG		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-9AA	2.8	HH		C	Barren	91	80	98
B-9AA	1.3	II		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
B-9AA	0.5	JJ		C	Turf, Good	72	53	89
B-9AA	0.8	KK		C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
Total Area	138.0							

WATERSHED B-8 SUMMATION OF DIFFERENT COVER TYPES

Cover Type No.	Area (acres)	Percent of Pervious (%)	Loss Rate Fp (in/hr)	Soil Type	Land Use	Curve Number (CN)		
						AMC		
						II	I	III
1	56.2	100	0.25	C	Barren	91	80	98
2	26.4	10	0.25	C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
3	2.2	85	0.25	C	Turf, Good	72	53	89
Total	84.8							

WATERSHED B-9AA SUMMATION OF DIFFERENT COVER TYPES

Cover Type No.	Area (acres)	Percent of Pervious (%)	Loss Rate Fp (in/hr)	Soil Type	Land Use	Curve Number (CN)		
						AMC		
						II	I	III
1	2.8	100	0.25	C	Barren	91	80	98
2	16.3	10	0.25	C	Commercial, Industrial	69	50	86
3	2.2	85	0.25	C	Turf, Good	72	53	89
Total	21.3							

WATERSHED B-8A SUMMATION OF DIFFERENT COVER TYPES

Cover Type No.	Area (acres)	Percent of Pervious (%)	Loss Rate Fp (in/hr)	Soil Type	Land Use	Curve Number (CN)		
						AMC		
						II	I	III
1	31.9	10	0.25	C	Barren	91	80	98
Total	31.9							

LOSS RATE DATA

AVERAGE ADJUSTED LOSS RATE

[1] SOIL GROUP (PLATE C-1)	[2] COVER TYPE	[3] R. NUMBER (PLATE E-6.1)	[4] PVIOUS AREA INFILTRATION RATE (PLATE E-6.2)	[5] LAND USE	[6] DECIMAL PERCENT OF AREA IMPVIOUS (PLATE E-6.3)	[7] ADJUSTED INFILTRATION RATE (1-.9[C])	[8] AREA SQ INCHES	[9] $\frac{[8]}{\Sigma [8]}$	[10] AVERAGE ADJUSTED INFILTRATION RATE (IN/HR) $\frac{[7][9]}{\Sigma [9]}$
C	BARREN	91	0.115	NATURAL	0	0.115	71.0 AC	1	0.115

$\Sigma [10] = 0.115$

$\Sigma [8] = 71.0 AC$

10 YEAR/24 HOUR STORM

LAG TIME CALCULATION
 $(0.8) T_c = (0.8) 22.22 \text{ MIN} \left(\frac{1 \text{ HR}}{60 \text{ MIN}} \right)$
 $= 0.2963 \text{ HRS}$

VARIABLE LOSS RATE CURVE (24-HOUR STORM ONLY)

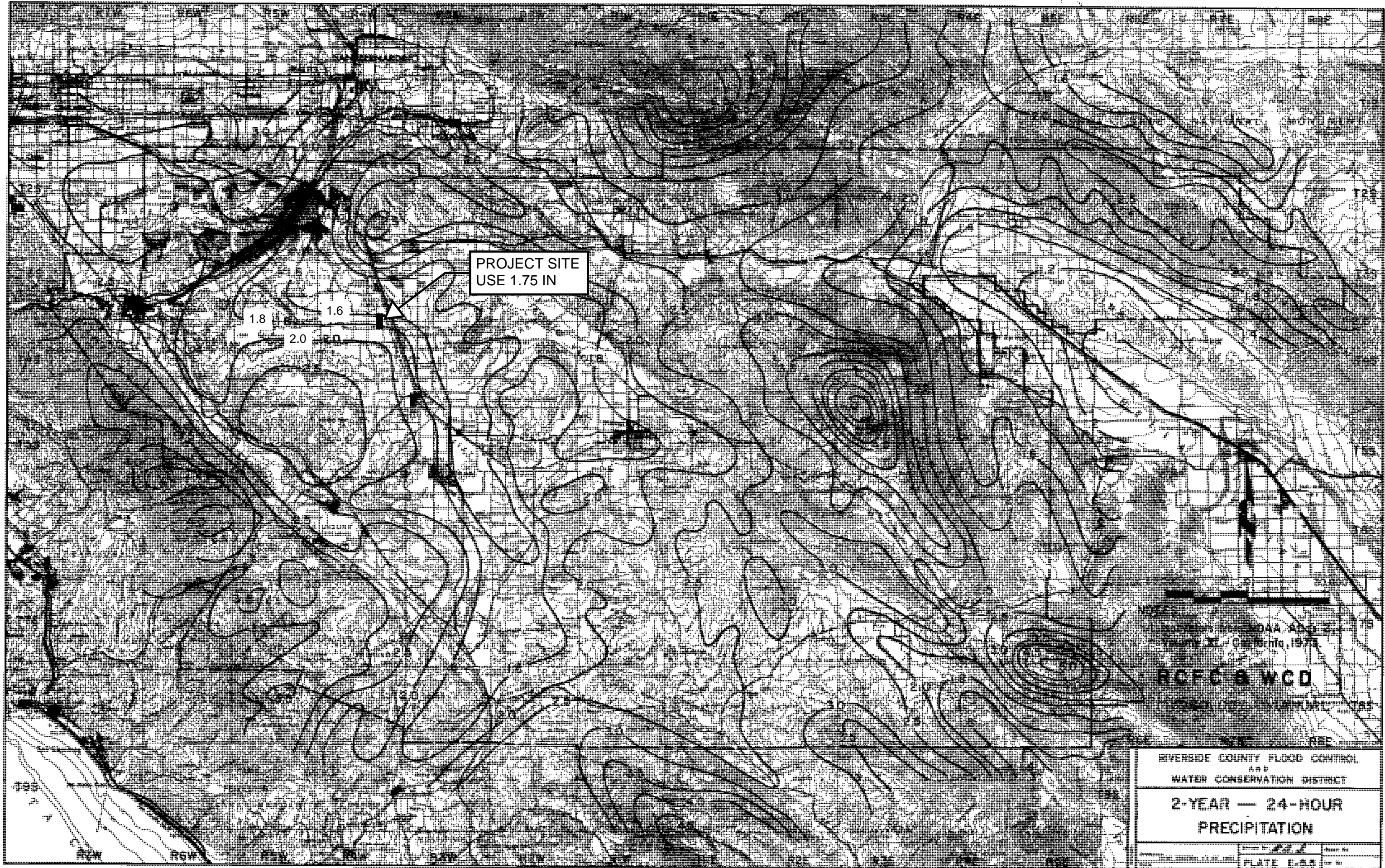
$F_m = \text{Minimum Loss Rate} \cong F/2 = \Sigma [10]/2 = 0.0575 \text{ IN./HR.}$

$C = (F - F_m) / 54 = (\Sigma [10] - F_m) / 54 =$

$F_T = C(24 - (T/60))^{1.55} + F_m = (24 - (T/60))^{1.55} + \text{IN./HR.}$

Where:

T = Time in minutes. To get an average value for each unit time period, Use $T = \frac{1}{2}$ the unit time for the first time period, $T = \frac{1}{2}$ unit time for the second period, etc.



PROJECT SITE
USE 1.75 IN

1.8
1.6
2.0
2.0



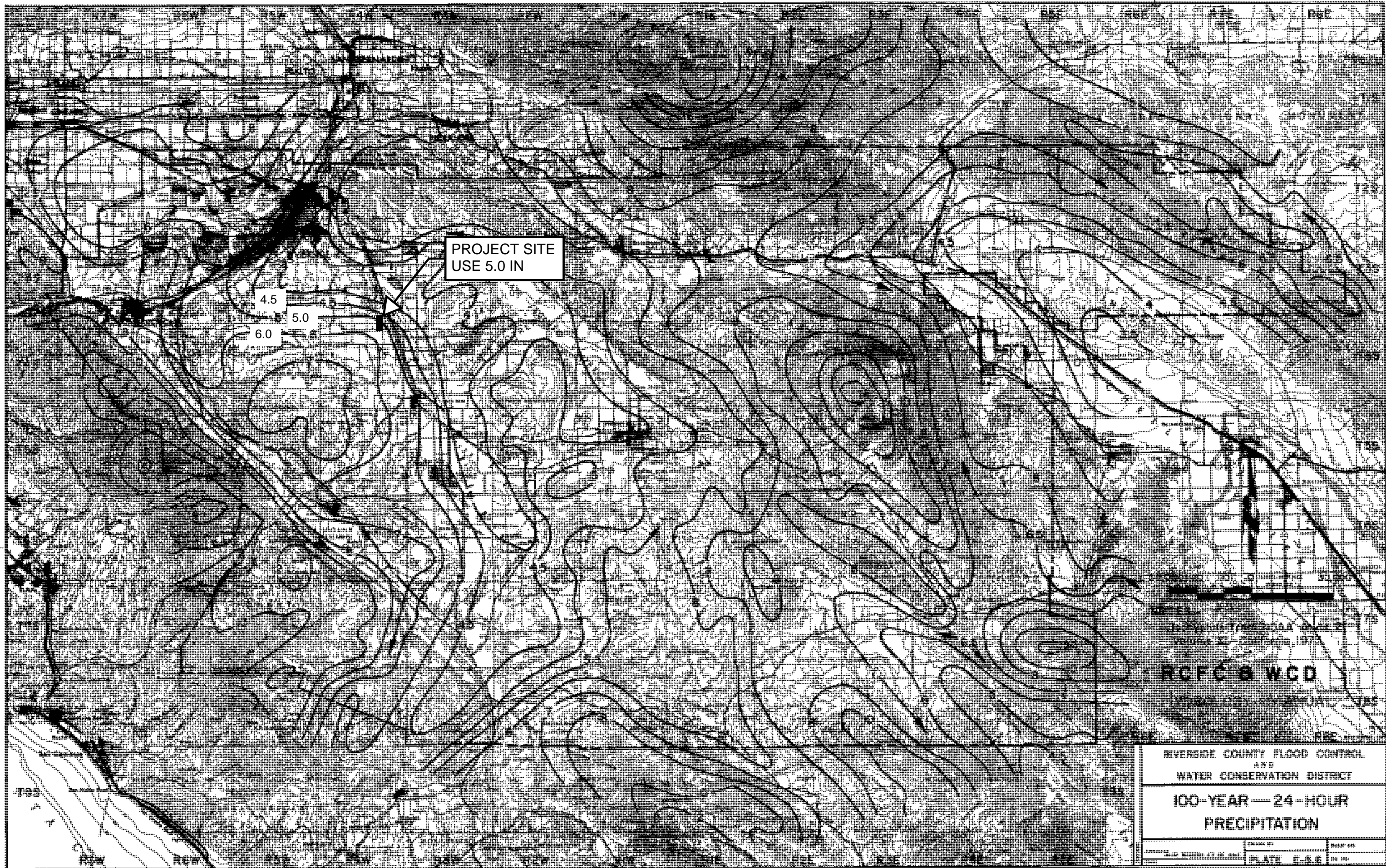
NO. 1000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
Volume 10 - California, 1973

RCFC & WCD

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
DISTRICT
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

2-YEAR — 24-HOUR
PRECIPITATION

PLATE E-25

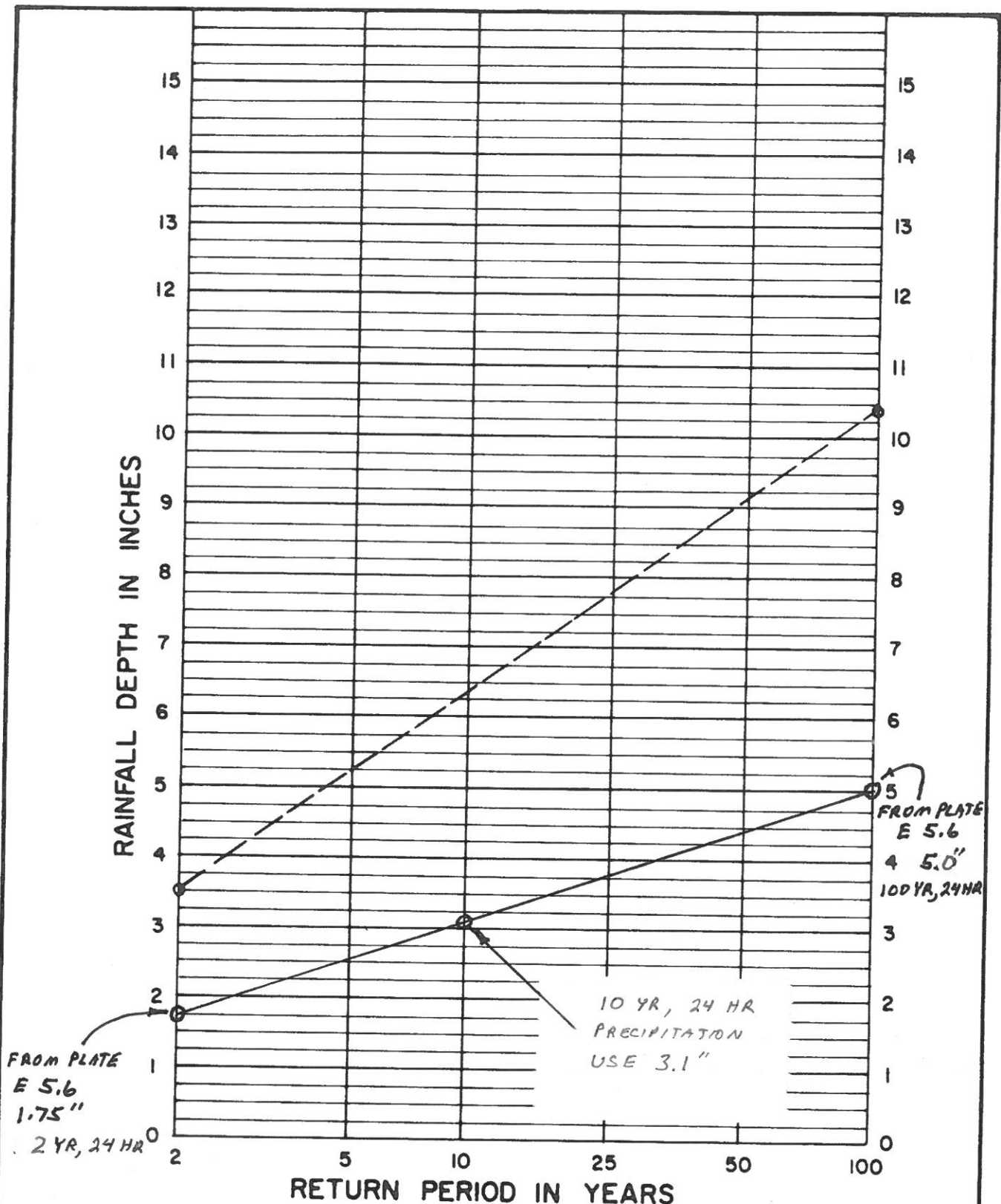


PROJECT SITE
USE 5.0 IN

4.5
5.0
6.0

100-FOOT
SCALE BAR
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
100-YEAR - 24-HOUR
PRECIPITATION

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
100-YEAR — 24-HOUR
PRECIPITATION
DATE: 11/11/11
DRAWN BY: [Name]
CHECKED BY: [Name]
SCALE: AS SHOWN
SHEET NO. 1 OF 1
PROJECT NO. [Number]



NOTE:

1. For intermediate return periods plot 2-year and 100-year values from maps for a specific duration, then connect points and read value for desired return period. For example given 2-year 24-hour = 3.50" and 100-year 24-hour = 10.40", 25-year 24-hour = 7.80"

Reference: NOAA Atlas 2, Volume XI - California, 1973.

RCFC & WCD
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

**RAINFALL DEPTH VERSUS
RETURN PERIOD FOR
PARTIAL DURATION SERIES**

RUNOFF INDEX NUMBERS OF HYDROLOGIC SOIL-COVER COMPLEXES FOR PERVIOUS AREAS-AMC II

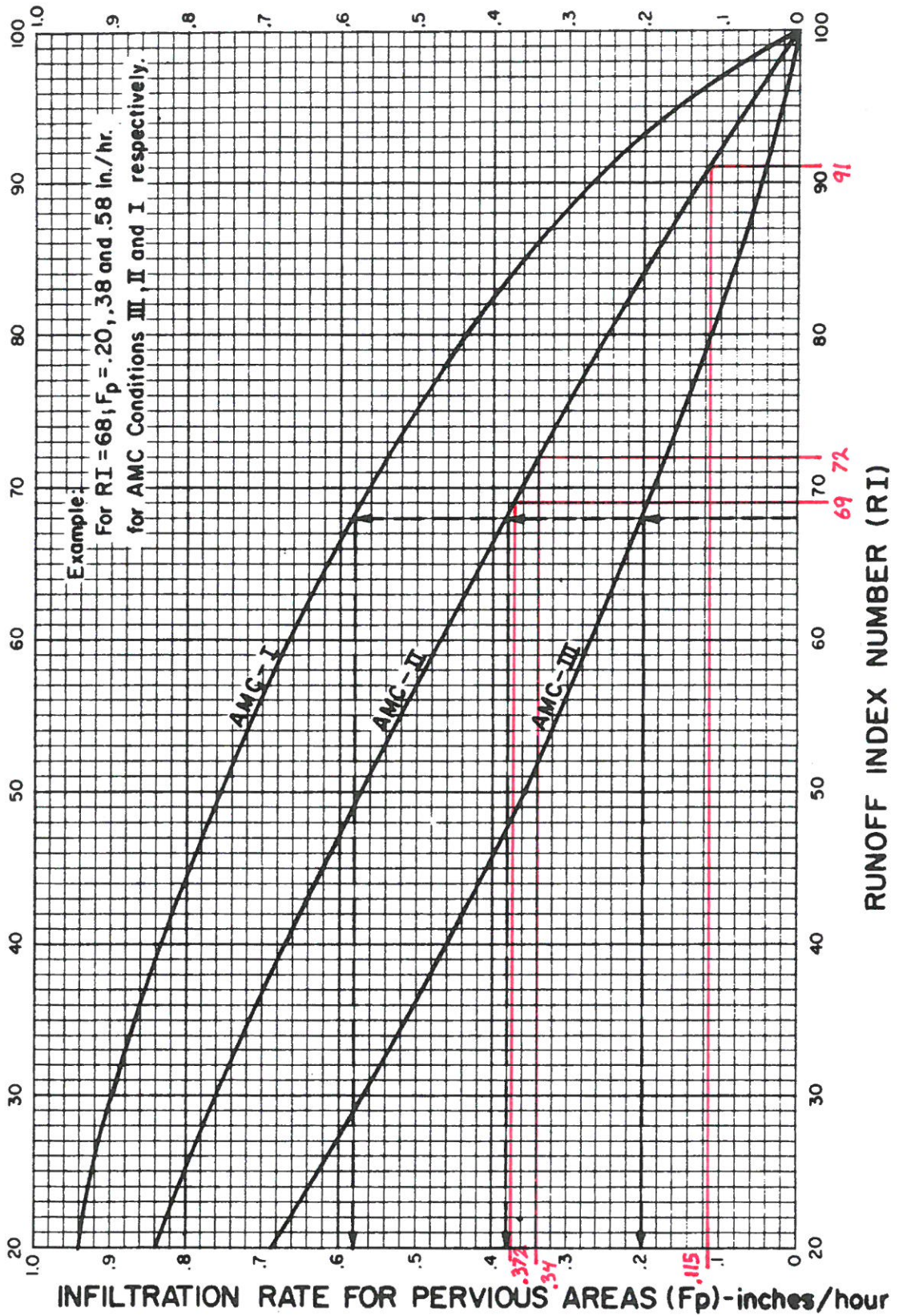
Cover Type (3)	Quality of Cover (2)	Soil Group			
		A	B	C	D
<u>NATURAL COVERS -</u>					
Barren (Rockland, eroded and graded land)		78	86	91	93
Chaparrel, Broadleaf (Manzonita, ceanothus and scrub oak)	Poor	53	70	80	85
	Fair	40	63	75	81
	Good	31	57	71	78
Chaparrel, Narrowleaf (Chamise and redshank)	Poor	71	82	88	91
	Fair	55	72	81	86
Grass, Annual or Perennial	Poor	67	78	86	89
	Fair	50	69	79	84
	Good	38	61	74	80
Meadows or Cienegas (Areas with seasonally high water table, principal vegetation is sod forming grass)	Poor	63	77	85	88
	Fair	51	70	80	84
	Good	30	58	72	78
Open Brush (Soft wood shrubs - buckwheat, sage, etc.)	Poor	62	76	84	88
	Fair	46	66	77	83
	Good	41	63	75	81
Woodland (Coniferous or broadleaf trees predominate. Canopy density is at least 50 percent)	Poor	45	66	77	83
	Fair	36	60	73	79
	Good	28	55	70	77
Woodland, Grass (Coniferous or broadleaf trees with canopy density from 20 to 50 percent)	Poor	57	73	82	86
	Fair	44	65	77	82
	Good	33	58	72	79
<u>URBAN COVERS -</u>					
Residential or Commercial Landscaping (Lawn, shrubs, etc.)	Good	32	56	69	75
Turf (LARGE LANDSCAPED AREAS) (Irrigated and mowed grass)	Poor	58	74	83	87
	Fair	44	65	77	82
	Good	33	58	72	79
<u>AGRICULTURAL COVERS -</u>					
Fallow (Land plowed but not tilled or seeded)		76	85	90	92

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**RUNOFF INDEX NUMBERS
FOR
PERVIOUS AREAS**

NOTES:

1. R.I. Number - Infiltration relationships are derived from rainfall - runoff relationships in Bibliography item No. 36.



RCFC & WCD
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

INFILTRATION RATE FOR
PERVIOUS AREAS VERSUS
RUNOFF INDEX NUMBERS

HYDRAULIC ELEMENTS - I PROGRAM PACKAGE
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Ver. 20.0 Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264

Analysis prepared by:

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:20 07/05/2019
=====

Problem Descriptions:
Existing Condition Lateral B-9AA

>>>>PIPEFLOW HYDRAULIC INPUT INFORMATION<<<<

PIPE DIAMETER (FEET) = 2.500
PIPE SLOPE (FEET/FEET) = 0.0150
PIPEFLOW (CFS) = 55.25
MANNINGS FRICTION FACTOR = 0.013000
=====

CRITICAL-DEPTH FLOW INFORMATION:

CRITICAL DEPTH (FEET) = 2.36
CRITICAL FLOW AREA (SQUARE FEET) = 4.796
CRITICAL FLOW TOP-WIDTH (FEET) = 1.164
CRITICAL FLOW PRESSURE + MOMENTUM (POUNDS) = 1573.53
CRITICAL FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.520
CRITICAL FLOW VELOCITY HEAD (FEET) = 2.06
CRITICAL FLOW HYDRAULIC DEPTH (FEET) = 4.12
CRITICAL FLOW SPECIFIC ENERGY (FEET) = 4.42
==>NORMAL PIPEFLOW IS PRESSURE FLOW
=====

HYDRAULIC ELEMENTS - I PROGRAM PACKAGE
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Ver. 20.0 Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264

Analysis prepared by:

TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:22 07/05/2019
=====

Problem Descriptions:
Proposed Lateral B-9AA

>>>PIPEFLOW HYDRAULIC INPUT INFORMATION<<<<

PIPE DIAMETER (FEET) = 2.500
PIPE SLOPE (FEET/FEET) = 0.0150
PIPEFLOW (CFS) = 47.15
MANNINGS FRICTION FACTOR = 0.013000
=====

CRITICAL-DEPTH FLOW INFORMATION:

CRITICAL DEPTH (FEET) = 2.26
CRITICAL FLOW AREA (SQUARE FEET) = 4.668
CRITICAL FLOW TOP-WIDTH (FEET) = 1.473
CRITICAL FLOW PRESSURE + MOMENTUM (POUNDS) = 1234.36
CRITICAL FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.101
CRITICAL FLOW VELOCITY HEAD (FEET) = 1.58
CRITICAL FLOW HYDRAULIC DEPTH (FEET) = 3.17
CRITICAL FLOW SPECIFIC ENERGY (FEET) = 3.84
=====

NORMAL-DEPTH FLOW INFORMATION:

NORMAL DEPTH (FEET) = 1.92
FLOW AREA (SQUARE FEET) = 4.05
FLOW TOP-WIDTH (FEET) = 2.106
FLOW PRESSURE + MOMENTUM (POUNDS) = 1282.31
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.634
FLOW VELOCITY HEAD (FEET) = 2.102
HYDRAULIC DEPTH (FEET) = 1.92
FROUDE NUMBER = 1.478
SPECIFIC ENERGY (FEET) = 4.03
=====

 RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
 RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
 (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
 (c) Copyright 1982-2013 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
 (Rational Tabling Version 20.0)
 Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264
 Analysis prepared by:
 ***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
 * MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK *
 * PRELIMINARY EXISTING CONDITION RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY *
 * 10 YEAR STORM EVENT FOR WATERSHED B-8 *

FILE NAME: E10_B8.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:46 06/18/2019

 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 10.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 6.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADE/EN'S (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.880
 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.780
 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.690
 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.120
 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4909883
 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4890234
 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:
 STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.788
 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4910
 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: CONSIDER ALL CONFLUENCE STREAM COMBINATIONS
 FOR ALL DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL
 HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
 WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
 NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (n) (n) -----
 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150

 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 801.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

 ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
 DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 980.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1715.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1670.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 45.00
 TC = 0.533*[(980.00**3)/(45.00)]**.2 = 15.506
 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.531
 UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6469
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 10.70 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 10.70
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.80

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 801.00 TO NODE 802.00 IS CODE = 91

 >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0350
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1000.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
 PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.428
 UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6340
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 14.54
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.03
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.37 Tc (MIN.) = 17.88
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 8.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.69
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 19.3 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 18.39

 NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
 DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]
 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.03 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 8.44
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 802.00 = 1980.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 802.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 91

 >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

 REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0360
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1070.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
 PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.339

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6218
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 21.59
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.50 Tc(MIN.) = 20.38
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 7.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.41
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 27.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 24.80

NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]
END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.13 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 8.56
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 3050.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0090
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.92
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 24.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.69 Tc(MIN.) = 21.07
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 804.00 = 3380.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 21.07
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.32
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 27.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 24.80

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 806.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 1000.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1733.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1663.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 70.00
TC = 0.533*[(1000.00**3)/(70.00)]**.2 = 14.368
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.589

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6536
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.70
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 10.30

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 806.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0400
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 1000.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.481
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6408
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 15.49
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.52
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.22 Tc(MIN.) = 16.58
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 10.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 9.59
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 20.29

NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.52 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 9.02
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 2000.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0410
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 740.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.415
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6323
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 25.03
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.61
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.62 Tc(MIN.) = 18.20
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 10.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 9.48
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 31.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 29.77

NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

```

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.61 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 9.13
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 804.00 = 2740.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.20
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.41
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 31.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 29.77

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 24.80 21.07 1.317 27.00
2 29.77 18.20 1.415 31.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 51.20 18.20 1.415
2 52.51 21.07 1.317

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 52.51 Tc(MIN.) = 21.07
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 58.0
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 804.00 = 3380.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 808.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0090
MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.1 INCH PIPE IS 26.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.57
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 52.51
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.15 Tc(MIN.) = 22.22
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 808.00 = 4040.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 808.00 TO NODE 808.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
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TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 22.22
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.28
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 58.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 52.51
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 809.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*((LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 1000.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1718.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1610.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 108.00
TC = 0.533*((1000.00**3)/(108.00))**.2 = 13.174
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.658
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6612
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.13
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.50 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.13
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 810.00 TO NODE 808.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0680
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 340.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.609
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6558
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 10.56
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.79
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.83 Tc(MIN.) = 14.01
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 6.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.86
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 13.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 13.99

NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.80 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 11.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 809.00 TO NODE 808.00 = 1340.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 808.00 TO NODE 808.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====

```


>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.01
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.61
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 13.00
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 13.99

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	51.20	19.36	1.373	58.00
1	52.51	22.22	1.283	58.00
2	13.99	14.01	1.609	13.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	51.04	14.01	1.609
2	63.13	19.36	1.373
3	63.66	22.22	1.283

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 63.66 Tc(MIN.) = 22.22
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 71.0
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 808.00 = 4040.00 FEET.

=====

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 71.0 Tc(MIN.) = 22.22

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 63.66

*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***

Q(CFS)	Tc(MIN.)
1	51.04 14.01
2	63.13 19.36
3	63.66 22.22

=====

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2013 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Rational Tabling Version 20.0)
Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264

Analysis prepared by:

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* OLEANDER BUSINESS PARK *
* PRELIMINARY EXISTING CONDITION RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY *
* 10 YEAR STORM EVENT FOR WATERSHED B-8A *

FILE NAME: E10_B8A.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 07:16 03/01/2019

USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 10.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 6.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.880
10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.780
100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.690
100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.120
SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4909883
SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4890234
COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:
STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.788
SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4910

RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: CONSIDER ALL CONFLUENCE STREAM COMBINATIONS

FOR ALL DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES

USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL

HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING

WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR

NO. (FT) (FT) (FT) / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (n) -----

1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)

*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 21

***** RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS *****

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM

DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER

TC = K*(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE]**.2

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 1640.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1595.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1556.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 39.00

TC = 0.533*((1640.00**3)/(39.00]**.2 = 21.732

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.297

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6157

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.80

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.03

TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.03

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 814.00 IS CODE = 91

>>>> COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA <<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0120

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 260.00

"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800

PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300

PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000

MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.255

UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6092

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 4.95

TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.85

AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00

"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.52 Tc (MIN.) = 23.25

SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 5.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.82

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 8.8 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 6.86

NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL

DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00

FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.12 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 4.94

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 814.00 = 1900.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 815.00 TO NODE 815.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2

CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 23.25

RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.25

TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 8.80

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.86

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH( FEET) = 530.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1596.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1575.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE( FEET) = 21.00
TC = 0.533*[( 530.00**3)/( 21.00)]**.2 = 12.489
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.703
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6658
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 5.78
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.10 TOTAL RUNOFF( CFS) = 5.78
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 816.00 TO NODE 815.00 IS CODE = 91
-----
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0340
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA( FEET) = 710.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE( FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP( FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL( DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH( FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 1.599
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6547
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW( CFS) = 11.07
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 6.93
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH( FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 1.71 Tc( MIN.) = 14.20
SUBAREA AREA( ACRES) = 10.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 10.57
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 15.2 PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 16.35
-----
NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]
-----
END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH( FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 6.93 DEPTH*VELOCITY( FT*FT/SEC) = 8.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 815.00 = 1240.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 815.00 TO NODE 815.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 14.20
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 1.60

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TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 15.20
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 16.35
-----
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 6.86 23.25 1.255 8.80
2 16.35 14.20 1.599 15.20
-----
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
-----
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 20.54 14.20 1.599
2 19.69 23.25 1.255
-----
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 20.54 Tc( MIN.) = 14.20
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 24.0
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 815.00 = 1900.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 815.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0066
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 500.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 6.75
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 20.54
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 1.23 Tc( MIN.) = 15.43
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 811.00 = 2400.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 811.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 15.43
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 1.53
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 24.00
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 20.54
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 817.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2

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INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 730.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1593.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1572.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 21.00
TC = 0.533 * [( 730.00**3) / ( 21.00)**2] = 15.134
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.549
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6490
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.02
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.00
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.02
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 817.00 TO NODE 818.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>> COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0260
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 410.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400
MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.473
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6399
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 5.33
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.20
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80
FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.63
TC (MIN.) = 16.76
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 4.90
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.62
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.9
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 7.64
NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH
IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER (NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)
END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80
FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.20
DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 3.36
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 818.00 = 1140.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 818.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0240
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 490.00
MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.61
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00
NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 7.64
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.95
TC (MIN.) = 17.71
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 811.00 = 1630.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 811.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 1

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-----
>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 17.71
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.43
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 7.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.64
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 20.54 15.43 1.535 24.00
2 19.69 24.49 1.223 24.00
3 7.64 17.71 1.434 7.90
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 27.19 15.43 1.535
2 26.83 17.71 1.434
3 26.20 24.49 1.223
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 27.19 TC (MIN.) = 15.43
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 31.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 811.00 = 2400.00 FEET.
=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 31.9 TC (MIN.) = 15.43
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 27.19
*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***
Q (CFS) TC (MIN.)
1 27.19 15.43
2 26.83 17.71
3 26.20 24.49
=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.446
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6364
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 15.02
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.60
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.72 Tc (MIN.) = 17.41
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 11.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 10.12
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 20.9 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 20.08

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.24 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 9.14
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.68 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 5.81
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 903.00 = 2100.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 903.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 17.41
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.45
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 20.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 20.08
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 904.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 860.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1691.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1618.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 73.00
TC = 0.533*[( 860.00**3)/( 73.00)]**.2 = 13.015
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.668
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6622
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.31
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.31
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 904.00 TO NODE 903.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0580
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 890.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.537

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UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6476
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 5.90
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.27
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.37 Tc (MIN.) = 15.38
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 5.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.18
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 8.2 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 8.49

NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH
IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER(NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.27 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 5.02
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 903.00 = 1750.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 903.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 15.38
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.54
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 8.20
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.49
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 20.08 17.41 1.446 20.90
2 8.49 15.38 1.537 8.20
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 26.23 15.38 1.537
2 28.07 17.41 1.446
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 28.07 Tc (MIN.) = 17.41
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 29.1
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 903.00 = 2100.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150

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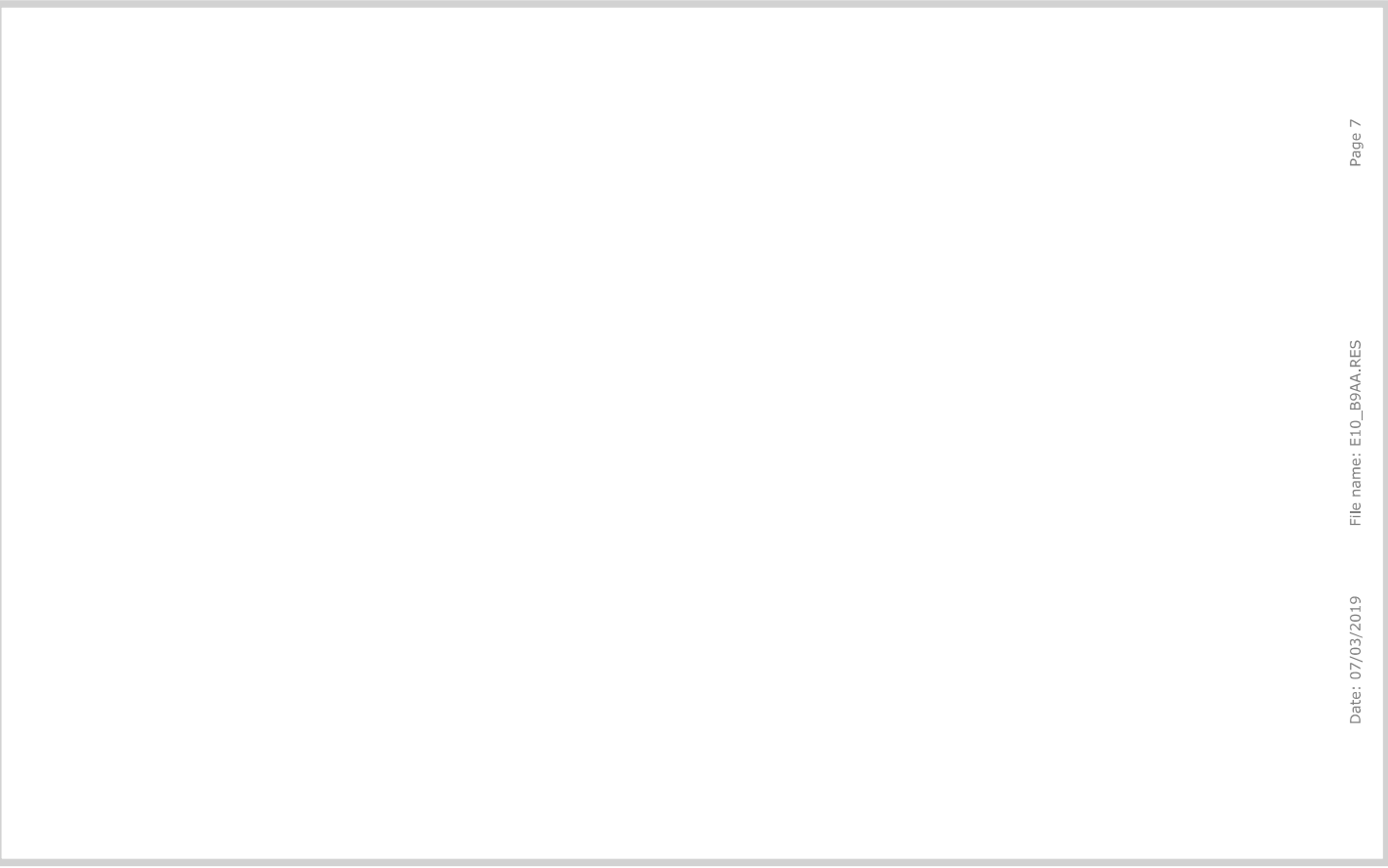
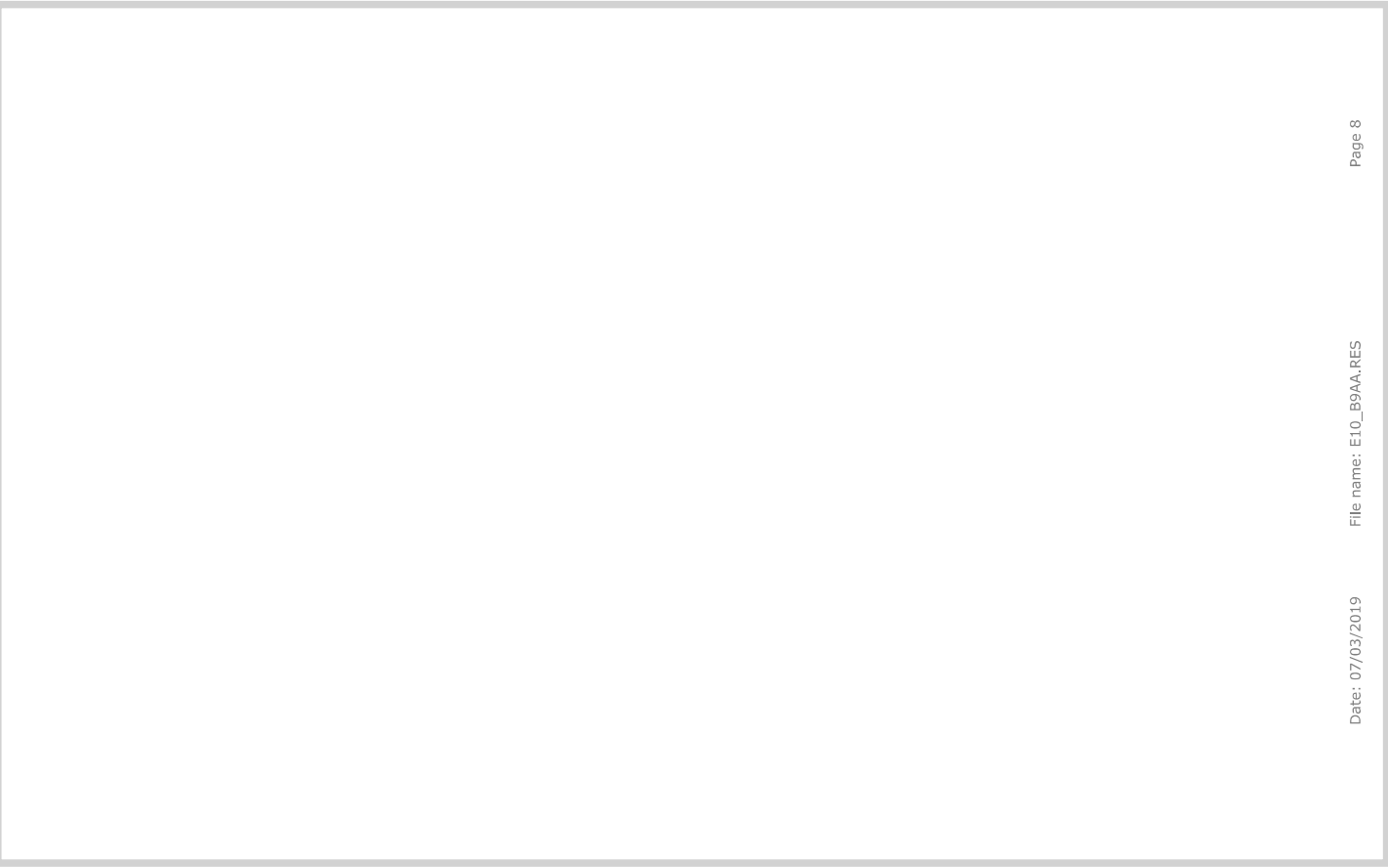
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 160.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.01
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 28.07
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.27 Tc (MIN.) = 17.68
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 908.00 = 2260.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 908.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 17.68
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.44
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 29.10
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 28.07
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)] ** .2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 640.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1653.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1603.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 50.00
TC = 0.533 * [( 640.00**3) / ( 50.00)] ** .2 = 11.758
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.754
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6708
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.41
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.90 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.41
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 907.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0460
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 810.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.600
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6548
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 4.83
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.58
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.42 Tc (MIN.) = 14.18
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.83

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TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.6 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 6.24
NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH
IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER (NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)
END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.58 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 4.47
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 907.00 = 1450.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 14.18
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.60
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 5.60
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.24
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 26.23 15.66 1.523 29.10
2 6.24 14.18 1.600 5.60
*****
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 29.98 14.18 1.600
2 32.17 15.66 1.523
3 33.67 17.68 1.435
*****
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 33.67 Tc (MIN.) = 17.68
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 34.7
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 908.00 = 2260.00 FEET.
=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 34.7 Tc (MIN.) = 17.68
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 33.67
*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***
Q (CFS) Tc (MIN.)
1 29.98 14.18
2 32.17 15.66
3 33.67 17.68
=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.18
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.28 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 12.58
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.48 Tc (MIN.) = 20.36
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 7.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 10.01
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 27.0 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 38.50

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.34 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 18.52
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.89 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 9.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 3050.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0090
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 330.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 22.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.92
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 38.50
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.62 Tc (MIN.) = 20.98
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 804.00 = 3380.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 20.98
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.87
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 27.00
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 38.50
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 806.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*((LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 1000.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1733.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1663.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 70.00
TC = 0.533*((1000.00**3)/(70.00))**.2 = 14.368
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.253
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7110
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.50
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.50
*****

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 806.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0400
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1000.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.100
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7003
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 23.93
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.52
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.22 Tc (MIN.) = 16.58
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 10.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.86
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 20.4 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 31.36

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.22 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 6.95
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.62 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 9.29
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 2000.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0410
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 740.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.005
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6930
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 38.72
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.47
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.31 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 16.17
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.65 Tc (MIN.) = 18.24
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 10.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 14.73
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 31.0 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 46.09

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.38 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 23.05
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.06 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 9.74
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 804.00 = 2740.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 804.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2

```



```

NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)      (ACRE)
1           79.55      19.27          1.952            58.00
1           81.54      22.01          1.829            58.00
2           21.64      13.75          2.302            13.00

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)
1           78.41      13.75          2.302
2           97.91      19.27          1.952
3           98.73      22.01          1.829

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

```

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 98.73 Tc(MIN.) = 22.01
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 71.0
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 818.00 = 4040.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 808.00 TO NODE 818.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

```

```

=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0360
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 700.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 24.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 18.96
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 98.73
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.62 Tc(MIN.) = 22.62
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 818.00 = 4740.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 818.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

```

```

=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0240
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 490.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 39.0 INCH PIPE IS 26.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.30
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 39.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 98.73
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.50 Tc(MIN.) = 23.13
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 811.00 = 5230.00 FEET.

```

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

```

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 71.0 TC(MIN.) = 23.13
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 98.73

```

*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***

```

Q(CFS)      Tc(MIN.)
1           78.41      14.93
2           97.91      20.40
3           98.73      23.13

```

```

=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

```



```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH( FEET) = 530.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1596.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1575.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE( FEET) = 21.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 2.413
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7210
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 8.87
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 5.10 TOTAL RUNOFF( CFS) = 8.87
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 816.00 TO NODE 815.00 IS CODE = 91
-----
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0340
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA( FEET) = 710.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE( FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP( FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL( DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH( FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 2.266
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7119
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW( CFS) = 17.02
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 6.93
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH( FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 1.71 Tc( MIN.) = 14.20
SUBAREA AREA( ACRES) = 10.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 16.29
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 15.2 PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 25.17
-----
NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]
-----
END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH( FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 6.93 DEPTH*VELOCITY( FT*FT/SEC) = 8.32
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 815.00 = 1240.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 815.00 TO NODE 815.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 14.20
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 2.27

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```

TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 15.20
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 25.17
-----
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 10.82 22.78 1.798 8.80
2 25.17 14.20 2.266 15.20
-----
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
-----
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 31.91 14.20 2.266
2 30.79 22.78 1.798
-----
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 31.91 Tc( MIN.) = 14.20
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 24.0
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 815.00 = 1900.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 815.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0066
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 500.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 22.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 7.59
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 31.91
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 1.10 Tc( MIN.) = 15.29
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 811.00 = 2400.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 811.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 15.29
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 2.19
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 24.00
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 31.91
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 817.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2

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```

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 730.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1593.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1572.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 21.00
TC = 0.533 * [( 730.00**3) / ( 21.00)]**2 = 15.134
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.197
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7072
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.66
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.66

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 817.00 TO NODE 818.00 IS CODE = 91
-----
>>>> COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0260
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 410.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.090
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6995
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 8.31
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.20
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.63 Tc (MIN.) = 16.76
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 4.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.16
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.9 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.82

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NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.06 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 7.27
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 818.00 = 1140.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 818.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0240
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 490.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.63
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 11.82
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.85 Tc (MIN.) = 17.61
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 811.00 = 1630.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 811.00 TO NODE 811.00 IS CODE = 1
-----

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>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 17.61
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.04
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 7.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 11.82

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** CONFLUENCE DATA **

```

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	31.91	15.29	2.185	24.00
1	30.79	23.92	1.756	24.00
2	11.82	17.61	2.040	7.90

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

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** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

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STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	42.17	15.29	2.185
2	41.60	17.61	2.040
3	40.97	23.92	1.756

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

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```

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 42.17 Tc (MIN.) = 15.29
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 31.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 811.00 = 2400.00 FEET.

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END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

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TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 31.9 Tc (MIN.) = 15.29
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 42.17

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*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***

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Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)
1	42.17 15.29
2	41.60 17.61
3	40.97 23.92

```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7006
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 23.75
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FT/SEC.) = 4.52
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.32 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.64
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.74 Tc(MIN.) = 16.51
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 11.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 16.23
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.9 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 31.87

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.43 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 28.05
FLOW VELOCITY(FT/SEC.) = 4.08 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 5.84
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 903.00 = 2100.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 903.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.51
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.11
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 20.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 31.87
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 904.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*((LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH( FEET) = 860.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1691.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1618.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE( FEET) = 73.00
TC = 0.533*(( 860.00**3)/( 73.00))**.2 = 13.015
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.365
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7181
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.09
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.00 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.09
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 904.00 TO NODE 903.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0580
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA( FEET) = 890.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE( FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP( FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL( DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH( FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.179
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7060

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SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.09
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FT/SEC.) = 6.27
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH( FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.37 Tc(MIN.) = 15.38
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.2 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 13.09

NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH( FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH( FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 9.05 DEPTH*VELOCITY( FT*FT/SEC) = 10.86
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 903.00 = 1750.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 903.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 15.38
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.18
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 8.20
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 13.09
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 31.87 16.51 2.105 20.90
2 13.09 15.38 2.179 8.20
*****
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 42.79 15.38 2.179
2 44.52 16.51 2.105
*****
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 44.52 Tc(MIN.) = 16.51
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 29.1
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 903.00 = 2100.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 160.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.0 INCHES

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PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.03
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 44.52
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.24 Tc (MIN.) = 16.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 908.00 = 2260.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 908.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 16.75
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.09
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 29.10
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 44.52
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 640.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1653.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1603.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 50.00
TC = 0.533*[( 640.00**3)/( 50.00)]**.2 = 11.758
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.485
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7252
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.23
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.90 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.23
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 907.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0460
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 810.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.268
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7120
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 7.41
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.58
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.42 Tc (MIN.) = 14.18
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 2.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.36
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.6 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 9.59

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NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL DEPTH
IN A FLOWING-FULL GUTTER(NORMAL DEPTH = GUTTER HIKE)
END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 0.80 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.58 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 4.47
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 907.00 = 1450.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 14.18
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.27
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 5.60
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 9.59
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 42.79 15.62 2.163 29.10
1 44.52 16.75 2.090 29.10
2 9.59 14.18 2.268 5.60
=====
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 48.41 14.18 2.268
2 51.93 15.62 2.163
3 53.35 16.75 2.090
=====
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 53.35 Tc (MIN.) = 16.75
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 34.7
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 908.00 = 2260.00 FEET.
=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 34.7 Tc (MIN.) = 16.75
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 53.35
*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***
Q (CFS) Tc (MIN.)
1 48.41 14.18
2 51.93 15.62
3 53.35 16.75
=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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*****
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1982-2013 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Rational Tabling Version 20.0)
Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264

Analysis prepared by:

***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK *
* PRELIMINARY PROPOSED CONDITION RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY *
* 10 YEAR STORM EVENT FOR AREA TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL B-8 *
*****

FILE NAME: P10_B8.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:18 07/03/2019

-----
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
-----
USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 10.00
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 6.00
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADE/INCH (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.880
10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.780
100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.690
100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.120
SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4909883
SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4890234
COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:
STORM EVENT = 10.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.788
SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4910
RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
NOTE: CONSIDER ALL CONFLUENCE STREAM COMBINATIONS
FOR ALL DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES
*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (n)
=====
1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
=====
GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 801.00 IS CODE = 21
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-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 980.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1715.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1670.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 45.00
TC = 0.533*(( 980.00**3)/( 45.00)**.2) = 15.506
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.531
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6469
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 10.70
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 10.70
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 801.00 TO NODE 802.00 IS CODE = 91
-----
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0390
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1230.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.413
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6320
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 14.98
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.42
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.76 Tc (MIN.) = 18.27
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 9.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 8.57
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 20.4 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 19.27

NOTE: TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.42 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 8.91
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 802.00 = 2210.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 802.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
-----
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 300.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.01
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 19.27

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PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.50 Tc(MIN.) = 18.77
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 2510.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.77
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.39
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 20.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 19.27
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 805.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*(LENGTH**3/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 1000.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1733.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1663.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 70.00
TC = 0.53*[(1000.00**3)/(70.00)]**.2 = 14.368
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.589
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6536
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.70
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 10.30 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.70
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 806.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0400
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 850.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.496
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6427
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 15.99
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.52
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.88 Tc(MIN.) = 16.25
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 11.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 10.58
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.3 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 21.28
NOTE:TRAVEL TIME ESTIMATES BASED ON NORMAL
DEPTH EQUAL TO [GUTTER-HIKE + PAVEMENT LIP]

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END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.52 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FEET*FT/SEC) = 9.02
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 806.00 = 1850.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 806.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 120.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.46
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 21.28
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.19 Tc(MIN.) = 16.44
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 1970.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.44
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.49
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 21.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 21.28
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 19.27 18.77 1.394 20.40
2 21.28 16.44 1.487 21.30
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 38.16 16.44 1.487
2 39.20 18.77 1.394
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 39.20 Tc(MIN.) = 18.77
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 41.7
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 2510.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

```



```

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 490.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.88
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 39.20
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.69 Tc(MIN.) = 19.45
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 3000.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 19.45
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.37
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 41.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 39.20

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 808.00 TO NODE 809.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
=====

```

```

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 570.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1704.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1648.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 56.00
TC = 0.53*[( 570.00**3)/( 56.00)]**.2 = 10.722
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.835
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6785
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.37
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.37

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 809.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 150.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.06
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.37
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.41 Tc(MIN.) = 11.13
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 808.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 720.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
=====

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.13
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.80
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.37

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 38.16 17.13 1.458 41.70
1 39.20 19.45 1.370 41.70
2 2.37 11.13 1.801 1.90

```

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 27.16 11.13 1.801
2 40.07 17.13 1.458
3 41.00 19.45 1.370

```

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

```

```

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 41.00 Tc(MIN.) = 19.45
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 43.6
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 3000.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
=====

```

```

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 240.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 22.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.42
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 41.00
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.42 Tc(MIN.) = 19.88
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 810.00 = 3240.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 810.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
=====

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 19.88
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.36
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 43.60

```



```

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 670.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.81
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.99
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.64 Tc (MIN.) = 16.95
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 816.00 = 1860.00 FEET.
=====
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 3.99 16.95 1.466 4.00
2 3.38 9.09 1.990 2.40
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 16.95
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.47
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.00
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.99
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 817.00 TO NODE 818.00 IS CODE = 21
=====
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 460.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1702.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1620.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 82.00
TC = 0.533*[( 460.00**3)/( 82.00)]**.2 = 8.736
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.029
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6949
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.38 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.38
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.40
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 818.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 31
=====
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.60
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.38
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.35 Tc (MIN.) = 9.09
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 817.00 TO NODE 816.00 = 600.00 FEET.
=====

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 816.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 1
=====
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.09
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.99
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.38
=====
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 3.99 16.95 1.466 4.00
2 3.38 9.09 1.990 2.40
=====
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 5.53 9.09 1.990
2 6.49 16.95 1.466
=====
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 6.49 Tc (MIN.) = 16.95
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.4
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 816.00 = 1860.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 816.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 31
=====
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 380.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.75
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 6.49
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.82 Tc (MIN.) = 17.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 819.00 = 2240.00 FEET.
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 819.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 1
=====
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 17.76
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.43
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.40
=====

```

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.49

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 820.00 TO NODE 821.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1690.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1644.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 46.00
TC = 0.533*(( 100.00**3)/( 46.00])**.2 = 3.925
COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN.
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.669
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7350
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.78
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.78

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 821.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 150.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.61
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 0.78
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.54 Tc (MIN.) = 5.54
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 820.00 TO NODE 819.00 = 250.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 819.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.54
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.54
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.78

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 5.53 9.93 1.905 6.40
1 6.49 17.76 1.432 6.40
2 0.78 5.54 2.537 0.40

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO

CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 3.87 5.54 2.537
2 6.12 9.93 1.905
3 6.93 17.76 1.432

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

```

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 6.93 Tc (MIN.) = 17.76
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.8
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 819.00 = 2240.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 819.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====

```

```

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 150.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.85
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 6.93
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.32 Tc (MIN.) = 18.08
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 822.00 = 2390.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 822.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.08
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.42
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.93

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 823.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====

```

```

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 410.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1691.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1644.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 47.00
TC = 0.533*(( 410.00**3)/( 47.00])**.2 = 9.113
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.987
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6916
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.81

```



```

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.81
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 823.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 170.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.25
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 4.81
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.39 Tc (MIN.) = 9.50
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 822.00 = 580.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 822.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.50
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.95
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 3.50
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.81
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 3.87 5.91 2.458 6.80
1 6.12 10.26 1.875 6.80
1 6.93 18.08 1.420 6.80
2 4.81 9.50 1.947 3.50
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 6.86 5.91 2.458
2 10.47 9.50 1.947
3 10.75 10.26 1.875
4 10.44 18.08 1.420
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 10.75 Tc (MIN.) = 10.26
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.3
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 822.00 = 2390.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 822.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

```

```

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.78
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 10.75
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.19 Tc (MIN.) = 10.45
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 813.00 = 2490.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 11
-----
>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
-----
** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 6.86 6.12 2.416 10.30
2 10.47 9.69 1.928 10.30
3 10.75 10.45 1.858 10.30
4 10.44 18.27 1.412 10.30
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 813.00 = 2490.00 FEET.
** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 29.72 12.22 1.721 45.90
2 30.61 12.84 1.680 45.90
3 42.33 18.12 1.418 45.90
4 43.13 20.44 1.337 45.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 813.00 = 3560.00 FEET.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 21.75 6.12 2.416
2 34.05 9.69 1.928
3 36.16 10.45 1.858
4 39.68 12.22 1.721
5 40.32 12.84 1.680
6 52.68 18.12 1.418
7 52.59 18.27 1.412
8 53.00 20.44 1.337
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 53.00 Tc (MIN.) = 20.44
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 56.2
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 12
-----
>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1<<<<
-----
*****

```

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0400
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 510.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 16.73
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 53.00
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 0.51 Tc( MIN.) = 20.95
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 4070.00 FEET.
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 10
-----
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<<
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 826.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH( FEET) = 290.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1622.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1598.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE( FEET) = 24.00
TC = 0.303*[( 290.00**3)/( 24.00)]**.2 = 4.819
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 2.669
COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN.
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8835
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 4.01
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 1.70 TOTAL RUNOFF( CFS) = 4.01
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 826.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 660.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 5.32
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 4.01
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 2.07 Tc( MIN.) = 7.07
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 827.00 = 950.00 FEET.
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 827.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 1
-----

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>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 7.07
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 2.25
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 1.70
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.01
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 828.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH( FEET) = 480.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1605.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1587.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE( FEET) = 18.00
TC = 0.303*[( 480.00**3)/( 18.00)]**.2 = 6.907
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 2.277
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8813
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 4.01
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 2.00 TOTAL RUNOFF( CFS) = 4.01
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 827.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 6.91
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 2.28
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 2.00
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.01
-----
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 4.01 7.07 2.252 1.70
2 4.01 6.91 2.277 2.00
-----
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 7.93 6.91 2.277
2 7.98 7.07 2.252
-----
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 7.98 Tc( MIN.) = 7.07
-----

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TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.7
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 827.00 = 950.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 827.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.01
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 7.98
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.21 Tc (MIN.) = 7.27
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 829.00 = 1050.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 829.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.27
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.22
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 3.70
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.98
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 830.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*((LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 640.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1614.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1592.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 22.00
TC = 0.303*((.640.00**3)/(22.00))**.2 = 7.885
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.134
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8803
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.63
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.63
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 829.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.89

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RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.13
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.63
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 7.93 7.11 2.244 3.70
2 7.98 7.27 2.220 3.70
2 2.63 7.89 2.134 1.40
*****
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 10.30 7.11 2.244
2 10.40 7.27 2.220
3 10.30 7.89 2.134
*****
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 10.40 Tc (MIN.) = 7.27
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.1
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 829.00 = 1050.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 829.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 40.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.72
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 10.40
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.08 Tc (MIN.) = 7.35
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 1090.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.35
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.21
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 5.10
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.40
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 830.00 TO NODE 831.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
-----

```

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM

DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL

TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 640.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1614.00

DOWNSREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1592.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 22.00

TC = 0.303*[(.640.00**3)/(22.00)]**.2 = 7.885

10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.1134

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8803

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"

SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.01

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.60 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.01

***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 831.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200

FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 40.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.9 INCHES

PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.44

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1

PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.01

PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.10 Tc (MIN.) = 7.99

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 830.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 680.00 FEET.

***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<

>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2

CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.99

RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.12

TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.60

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.01

***** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA

NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)

1 10.30 7.19 2.232 5.10

1 10.40 7.35 2.208 5.10

1 10.30 7.96 2.124 5.10

2 3.01 7.99 2.120 1.60

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO

CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY

NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)

1 13.01 7.19 2.232

2 13.17 7.35 2.208

3 13.29 7.96 2.124

4 13.29 7.99 2.120

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 13.29 Tc (MIN.) = 7.96

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.7

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 1090.00 FEET.

***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

***** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA

NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)

1 13.01 7.19 2.232 6.70

2 13.17 7.35 2.208 6.70

3 13.29 7.96 2.124 6.70

4 13.29 7.99 2.120 6.70

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 1090.00 FEET.

***** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA

NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)

1 21.75 6.75 2.303 56.20

2 34.05 10.26 1.875 56.20

3 36.16 11.01 1.811 56.20

4 39.68 12.77 1.684 56.20

5 40.32 13.38 1.646 56.20

6 52.68 18.63 1.399 56.20

7 52.59 18.78 1.393 56.20

8 53.00 20.95 1.321 56.20

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 4070.00 FEET.

***** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY

NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)

1 33.96 6.75 2.303

2 36.89 7.19 2.232

3 37.58 7.35 2.208

4 39.73 7.96 2.124

5 39.81 7.99 2.120

6 45.80 10.26 1.875

7 47.52 11.01 1.811

8 50.23 12.77 1.684

9 50.63 13.38 1.646

10 61.44 18.63 1.399

11 61.32 18.78 1.393

12 61.28 20.95 1.321

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 61.44 Tc (MIN.) = 18.63

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 62.9

***** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 12

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 835.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.90
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.82
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 3.20
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.80
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 470.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1622.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1617.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00
TC = 0.303*[( 470.00**3)/( 5.00)]**.2 = 8.812
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.020
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8794
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.60
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.90
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.60
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 835.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.81
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.02
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.60
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 836.00 TO NODE 837.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 350.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1620.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1615.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00
TC = 0.303*[( 350.00**3)/( 5.00)]**.2 = 7.383
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.204

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-----
>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<
=====
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 90.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 13.45
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 61.44
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.11 Tc (MIN.) = 18.74
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 4160.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 10
-----
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 834.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 440.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1622.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1617.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00
TC = 0.303*[( 440.00**3)/( 5.00)]**.2 = 8.470
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.060
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8797
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.80
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.20
TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.80
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 834.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 830.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.68
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 5.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.44 Tc (MIN.) = 10.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 835.00 = 1270.00 FEET.

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COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8808
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.49
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.49
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 837.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 400.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.16
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.49
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.29 Tc(MIN.) = 8.68
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 836.00 TO NODE 835.00 = 750.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 835.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.68
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.04
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.49

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** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 5.80 10.90 1.820 3.20
2 1.60 8.81 2.020 0.90
3 3.49 8.68 2.036 1.80
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 9.68 8.68 2.036
2 9.75 8.81 2.020
3 10.36 10.90 1.820
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 10.36 Tc(MIN.) = 10.90
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 835.00 = 1270.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 835.00 TO NODE 838.00 IS CODE = 31

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>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.72
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 10.36
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.13 Tc(MIN.) = 11.04
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 838.00 = 1340.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 838.00 TO NODE 838.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.04
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.81
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.36

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 839.00 TO NODE 838.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 710.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1628.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1597.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 31.00
TC = 0.303*(( 710.00**3)/( 31.00]**.2 = 7.836
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.140
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8803
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.70
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.90

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 838.00 TO NODE 838.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.84
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.14
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.70
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA

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NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)      (ACRE)
1           9.68      8.81      2.020           5.90
1           9.75      8.95      2.005           5.90
1          10.36     11.04     2.140           5.90
2           1.70      7.84      2.140           0.90

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)
1           10.31     7.84      2.140
2           11.28     8.81      2.020
3           11.34     8.95      2.005
4           11.80     11.04     1.809

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.80 Tc (MIN.) = 11.04
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.8
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 838.00 = 1340.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 838.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 1100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.92
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 11.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.65 Tc (MIN.) = 13.69
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 2440.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 10
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<
=====
*****

```

```

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.47
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.47

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 841.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 160.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.00
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 6.47
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.44 Tc (MIN.) = 10.05
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 834.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 560.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.05
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.89
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 3.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.47

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 844.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 730.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1635.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1618.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 17.00
TC = 0.303*[( 730.00**3)/( 17.00)]**.2 = 8.984
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.001
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8793
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.94
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.94

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 844.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 120.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013

```

```

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.65
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.94
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.35 Tc(MIN.) = 9.34
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 850.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.34
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.96
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.10
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.94

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

```

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	6.47	10.05	1.894	3.80
2	1.94	9.34	1.964	1.10

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

```

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	7.94	9.34	1.964
2	8.33	10.05	1.894

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.33 Tc(MIN.) = 10.05
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 850.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

```

```

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 220.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.31
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.33
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.58 Tc(MIN.) = 10.63
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 845.00 = 1070.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 845.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
*****
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.63
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.84
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.33

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 846.00 TO NODE 847.00 IS CODE = 21

```

```

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

```

```

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 240.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1650.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1615.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 35.00
TC = 0.303*(( 240.00**3)/( 35.00]**.2) = 3.989
COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN.
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.669
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8835
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.41
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.60 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.41

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 847.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

```

```

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 260.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.31
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.41
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.82 Tc(MIN.) = 5.82
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 846.00 TO NODE 845.00 = 500.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 845.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.82
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.48
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.41

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

```



```

=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*(LENGTH**3/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 1070.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1597.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1587.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 10.00
TC = 0.303*[(1070.00**3)/(10.00)]**.2 = 12.567
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.697
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8765
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.23
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.23
=====

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 851.00 TO NODE 851.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
=====

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.57
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.70
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.50
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.23

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 16.38 7.04 2.256 13.60
1 18.49 8.64 2.040 13.60
1 20.91 11.03 1.809 13.60
1 21.07 11.51 1.772 13.60
1 21.24 11.74 1.755 13.60
2 2.23 12.57 1.697 1.50

```

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 17.63 7.04 2.256
2 20.03 8.64 2.040
3 22.87 11.03 1.809
4 23.12 11.51 1.772
5 23.32 11.74 1.755
6 22.77 12.57 1.697

```

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 23.32 Tc (MIN.) = 11.74
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 15.1
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 851.00 = 1550.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 851.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 31
=====

```

```

-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.65
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 23.32
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.08 Tc (MIN.) = 11.82
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 1600.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 11
>>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<<
-----

```

```

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 17.63 7.12 2.243 15.10
2 20.03 8.72 2.031 15.10
3 22.87 11.11 1.803 15.10
4 23.12 11.59 1.766 15.10
5 23.32 11.82 1.749 15.10
6 22.77 12.65 1.692 15.10
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 1600.00 FEET.

```

```

** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 10.31 10.56 1.849 6.80
2 11.28 11.49 1.774 6.80
3 11.34 11.62 1.764 6.80
4 11.80 13.69 1.628 6.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 2440.00 FEET.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 24.63 7.12 2.243
2 28.60 8.72 2.031
3 32.04 10.56 1.849
4 33.79 11.11 1.803
5 34.18 11.49 1.774
6 34.43 11.59 1.766
7 34.43 11.82 1.764
8 34.57 11.82 1.749
9 33.67 12.65 1.692
10 33.70 13.69 1.628

```

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 34.57 Tc (MIN.) = 11.82
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 21.9
*****

```

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 12
>>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 11.69
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 34.57
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 0.20 Tc( MIN.) = 12.02
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 2580.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 11
>>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<
=====

```

```

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 24.63 7.34 2.210 21.90
2 28.60 8.93 2.007 21.90
3 32.04 10.76 1.832 21.90
4 33.79 11.31 1.787 21.90
5 34.18 11.69 1.759 21.90
6 34.43 11.79 1.751 21.90
7 34.43 11.82 1.749 21.90
8 34.57 12.02 1.735 21.90
9 33.67 12.85 1.679 21.90
10 33.70 13.89 1.616 21.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 2580.00 FEET.

```

```

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 33.96 6.88 2.282 62.90
2 36.89 7.32 2.213 62.90
3 37.58 7.48 2.190 62.90
4 39.73 8.09 2.107 62.90
5 39.81 8.11 2.104 62.90
6 45.80 10.38 1.865 62.90
7 47.52 11.13 1.802 62.90
8 50.23 12.89 1.676 62.90
9 50.63 13.50 1.638 62.90
10 61.44 18.74 1.395 62.90
11 61.32 18.89 1.389 62.90
12 61.28 21.06 1.317 62.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 4160.00 FEET.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 57.04 6.88 2.282
2 61.45 7.32 2.213
3 61.50 7.34 2.210
4 61.97 7.48 2.190
5 65.61 8.09 2.107
6 65.78 8.11 2.104
7 68.04 8.93 2.007
8 76.79 10.38 1.865
9 78.00 10.76 1.832
10 80.74 11.13 1.802
11 80.92 11.31 1.787
12 80.57 11.69 1.759
13 80.61 11.79 1.751
14 80.57 11.82 1.749
15 81.40 12.02 1.735
16 83.73 12.85 1.679
17 83.84 12.89 1.676
18 83.49 13.50 1.638
19 83.63 13.89 1.616
20 90.53 18.74 1.395
21 90.30 18.89 1.389
22 88.75 21.06 1.317

```

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 90.53 Tc(MIN.) = 18.74
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 84.8
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 12
>>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 852.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0360
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 700.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 25.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 18.24
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 90.53
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 0.64 Tc( MIN.) = 19.38
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 852.00 = 4860.00 FEET.
=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 84.8 Tc( MIN.) = 19.38
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 90.53
*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***
Q( CFS) Tc( MIN.)
1 57.04 7.58
2 61.45 8.01

```

3	61.50	8.03
4	61.97	8.17
5	65.61	8.77
6	65.78	8.80
7	68.04	9.62
8	76.79	11.03
9	78.00	11.41
10	80.74	11.77
11	80.92	11.96
12	80.57	12.33
13	80.61	12.44
14	80.57	12.47
15	81.40	12.67
16	83.73	13.49
17	83.84	13.53
18	83.49	14.15
19	83.63	14.53
20	90.53	19.38
21	90.30	19.53
22	88.75	21.70

=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
=====


```

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 190.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1598.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1597.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00
TC = 0.303 * (( 190.00**3) / ( 1.00)**2) / 7.061
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.253
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8811
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.37
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.70 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.37
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 904.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
*****
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0060
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 370.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.20
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.37
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.47 Tc (MIN.) = 8.53
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 905.00 = 560.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
*****
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.53
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.05
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.70
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.37
*****
RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
*****
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K * ((LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 370.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1597.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1595.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.00
TC = 0.303 * (( 370.00**3) / ( 2.00)**2) / 9.169
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.981
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8791
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.05
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.90 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.05
*****

```

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
*****
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.17
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.98
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.05
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 3.37 8.53 2.053 1.70
2 5.05 9.17 1.981 2.90
*****
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 8.07 8.53 2.053
2 8.31 9.17 1.981
*****
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 8.31 Tc (MIN.) = 9.17
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.6
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 905.00 = 560.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
*****
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 160.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.31
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 8.31
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.42 Tc (MIN.) = 9.59
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 906.00 = 720.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
*****
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.59
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.94
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.60
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.31
*****

```



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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 1030.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1646.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1596.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 50.00
TC = 0.303*[(1030.00**3)/(50.00)]**.2 = 8.902
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.010
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8793
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.47
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.47
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 908.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.14
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 2.47
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.27 Tc (MIN.) = 9.17
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 906.00 = 1130.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.17
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.98
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.47
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 8.07 8.96 2.005 4.60
1 8.31 9.59 1.938 4.60
2 2.47 9.17 1.981 1.40
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

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** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 10.49 8.96 2.005
2 10.45 9.17 1.981
3 10.73 9.59 1.938
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 10.73 Tc (MIN.) = 9.59
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.0
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 906.00 = 1130.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 909.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.79
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 10.73
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.12 Tc (MIN.) = 9.71
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 909.00 = 1180.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 909.00 TO NODE 909.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.71
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.93
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.00
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.73
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 910.00 TO NODE 909.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 250.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1597.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1591.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 6.00
TC = 0.303*[(250.00**3)/(6.00)]**.2 = 5.817
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.477
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8825
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.37
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.37

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 902.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 130.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.52
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 24.84
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.23 Tc(MIN.) = 11.17
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 913.00 = 1870.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 913.00 TO NODE 915.00 IS CODE = 10
-----
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 915.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[LENGTH**3]/(ELEVATION CHANGE)**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 640.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1654.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1603.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 51.00
TC = 0.533*{( 640.00**3)/( 51.00)**.2 = 11.711
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 1.757
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6712
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.30
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.30
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 915.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0500
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 640.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.03
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.30
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.18 Tc(MIN.) = 12.89
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 916.00 = 1280.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 916.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====

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COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 19.63 Tc(MIN.) = 10.72
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.2
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 911.00 = 1610.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 911.00 TO NODE 902.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 130.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.03
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 19.63
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.22 Tc(MIN.) = 10.94
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 902.00 = 1740.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 902.00 TO NODE 902.00 IS CODE = 11
-----
>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 14.62 7.09 2.248 12.20
2 19.18 10.30 1.871 12.20
3 19.22 10.52 1.852 12.20
4 19.63 10.94 1.817 12.20
5 19.52 12.52 1.700 12.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 902.00 = 1740.00 FEET.
** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 5.30 11.12 1.802 3.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 902.00 = 1240.00 FEET.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 18.00 7.09 2.248
2 24.09 10.30 1.871
3 24.23 10.52 1.852
4 24.84 10.94 1.817
5 24.77 11.12 1.802
6 24.52 12.52 1.700
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 24.84 Tc(MIN.) = 10.94
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 15.9
*****

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=====
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.89
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.68
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.30
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 917.00 TO NODE 918.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 840.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1606.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1567.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 39.00
TC = 0.303*[( 840.00**3)/( 39.00)]**.2 = 8.278
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.083
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8799
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.38
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.38
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 918.00 TO NODE 918.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<<
=====
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.083
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6990
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.73
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.8 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.11
TC (MIN.) = 8.28
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 918.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 130.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.48
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.11
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.33 Tc (MIN.) = 8.61
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 917.00 TO NODE 916.00 = 970.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 916.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
=====

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```

=====
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.89
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.68
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.30
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 917.00 TO NODE 918.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 840.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1606.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1567.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 39.00
TC = 0.303*[( 840.00**3)/( 39.00)]**.2 = 8.278
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.083
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8799
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.38
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.38
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 918.00 TO NODE 918.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<<
=====
10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.083
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6990
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.73
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.8 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.11
TC (MIN.) = 8.28
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 918.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 130.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.48
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.11
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.33 Tc (MIN.) = 8.61
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 917.00 TO NODE 916.00 = 970.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 916.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
=====

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=====
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.61
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.04
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.11
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 3.30 12.89 1.676 2.80
2 3.11 8.61 2.043 1.80
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 5.32 8.61 2.043
2 5.85 12.89 1.676
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 5.85 Tc (MIN.) = 12.89
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.6
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 916.00 = 1280.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 916.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 130.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.76
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 5.85
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.32 Tc (MIN.) = 13.21
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 913.00 = 1410.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 913.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 11
>>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<<
=====
** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 5.32 8.94 2.006 4.60
2 5.85 13.21 1.656 4.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 913.00 = 1410.00 FEET.
** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA **

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STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
 NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
 1 18.00 7.34 2.210 15.90
 2 24.09 10.53 1.851 15.90
 3 24.23 10.75 1.832 15.90
 4 24.84 11.17 1.799 15.90
 5 24.77 11.35 1.785 15.90
 6 24.52 12.75 1.685 15.90
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 913.00 = 1870.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
 STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
 NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
 1 22.36 7.34 2.210
 2 25.76 8.94 2.006
 3 29.00 10.53 1.851
 4 29.09 10.75 1.832
 5 29.79 11.17 1.799
 6 29.80 11.35 1.785
 7 30.17 12.75 1.685
 8 29.95 13.21 1.636

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 30.17 Tc (MIN.) = 12.75
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 20.5

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 913.00 TO NODE 919.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 170.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.13
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 30.17
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.28 Tc (MIN.) = 13.03
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 919.00 = 2040.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 913.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 13.03
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.67
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 20.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 30.17

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 920.00 TO NODE 921.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
 DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
 TC = K * [(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 900.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1595.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1562.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 33.00
 TC = 0.303 * [(900.00**3)/(33.00)]**.2 = 8.921
 10 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.008
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8793
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.41
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.41

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 921.00 TO NODE 919.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.33
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 1.41
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.16 Tc (MIN.) = 9.08
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 920.00 TO NODE 919.00 = 950.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 919.00 TO NODE 919.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.08
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.99
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.80
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.41

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
 STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
 NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	22.36	7.64	2.167	20.50
1	25.76	9.24	1.974	20.50
1	29.00	10.81	1.827	20.50
1	29.09	11.03	1.809	20.50
1	29.79	11.45	1.777	20.50
1	29.80	11.63	1.763	20.50
1	30.17	13.03	1.668	20.50
1	29.95	13.49	1.639	20.50
2	1.41	9.08	1.991	0.80

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	23.55	7.64	2.167
2	26.73	9.08	1.991
3	27.16	9.24	1.974
4	30.29	10.81	1.827
5	30.37	11.03	1.809
6	31.05	11.45	1.777
7	31.05	11.63	1.763
8	31.35	13.03	1.668
9	31.11	13.49	1.639

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 31.35 Tc(MIN.) = 13.03

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.3

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 919.00 = 2040.00 FEET.

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.3 Tc(MIN.) = 13.03

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 31.35

*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***

Q(CFS)	Tc(MIN.)
1	23.55 7.64
2	26.73 9.08
3	27.16 9.24
4	30.29 10.81
5	30.37 11.03
6	31.05 11.45
7	31.05 11.63
8	31.35 13.03
9	31.11 13.49

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

 RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM BASED ON
 RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
 (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
 (c) Copyright 1982-2013 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
 (Rational Tabling Version 20.0)
 Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264
 Analysis prepared by:
 ***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
 * MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK *
 * PRELIMINARY PROPOSED CONDITION RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY *
 * 100 YEAR STORM EVENT FOR AREA TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL B-8 *

FILE NAME: P100_B8.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:33 07/03/2019
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE (INCH) = 6.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADE IN (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 10-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.880
 10-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 0.780
 100-YEAR STORM 10-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.690
 100-YEAR STORM 60-MINUTE INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.120
 SLOPE OF 10-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4909883
 SLOPE OF 100-YEAR INTENSITY-DURATION CURVE = 0.4890234
 COMPUTED RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA:
 STORM EVENT = 100.00 1-HOUR INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 1.120
 SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE = 0.4890
 RCFC&WCD HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD
 NOTE: CONSIDER ALL CONFLUENCE STREAM COMBINATIONS
 FOR ALL DOWNSTREAM ANALYSES
 USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL
 HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
 WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
 NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (n) (n) (n)
 === =====
 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
 =====
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
 as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
 OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
 =====
 ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
 DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
 TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 980.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1715.00
 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1670.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 45.00
 TC = 0.533*[(980.00**3)/(45.00)]**.2 = 15.506
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.171
 UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7053
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.54
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.54

>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
 =====
 REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0390
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 1230.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
 PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.004
 UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6928
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 23.20
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.42
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.76 Tc (MIN.) = 18.27
 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 9.60 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 13.33
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 20.4 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 29.86
 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.23
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.44 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 8.95
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 802.00 = 2210.00 FEET.

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
 =====
 REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 300.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 19.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.01
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 29.86
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.45 Tc (MIN.) = 18.72
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 2510.00 FEET.

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 18.72
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 1.98
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 20.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 29.86
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 805.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*((LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 1000.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1733.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1663.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 70.00
TC = 0.533*((1000.00**3)/(70.00))**.2 = 14.368
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.253
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7110
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.50
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 10.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.50
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 805.00 TO NODE 806.00 IS CODE = 91
>>>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0400
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 850.00
"V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.800
PAVEMENT LIP (FEET) = 0.400 MANNING'S N = .0300
PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.121
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7018
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 24.69
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.52
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 1.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.88 Tc (MIN.) = 16.25
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 11.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 16.38
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 21.3 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 32.88

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH (FEET) = 1.24 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 9.30
FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.63 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 9.49
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 806.00 = 1850.00 FEET.
*****

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 806.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 120.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.59
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 32.88
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.17 Tc (MIN.) = 16.42
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 804.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 1970.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 803.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 16.42
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.11
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 21.30
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 32.88
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 29.86 18.72 1.980 20.40
2 32.88 16.42 2.110 21.30
=====
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 59.08 16.42 2.110
2 60.70 18.72 1.980
=====
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 60.70 Tc (MIN.) = 18.72
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 41.7
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 803.00 = 2510.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 803.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 490.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 23.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 13.42
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
*****

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PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 60.70
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.61 Tc(MIN.) = 19.33
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 3000.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 19.33
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.95
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 41.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 60.70
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 808.00 TO NODE 809.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*((LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 570.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1704.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1648.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 56.00
TC = 0.533*((570.00**3)/(56.00))**.2 = 10.722
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.600
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7315
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.61
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.90 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.61
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 809.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 150.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.8 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.69
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.61
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.37 Tc(MIN.) = 11.10
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 808.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 720.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 807.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:

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TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.10
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.56
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.61
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 59.08 17.04 2.073 41.70
1 60.70 19.33 1.949 41.70
2 3.61 11.10 2.557 1.90
*****
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 42.09 11.10 2.557
2 62.00 17.04 2.073
3 63.45 19.33 1.949
*****
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 63.45 Tc(MIN.) = 19.33
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 43.6
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 807.00 = 3000.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 807.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 240.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 39.0 INCH PIPE IS 26.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.51
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 39.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 63.45
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.38 Tc(MIN.) = 19.71
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 810.00 = 3240.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 810.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 19.71
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.93
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 43.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 63.45
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 811.00 TO NODE 812.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

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=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 720.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1718.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1649.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 69.00
TC = 0.533*[( 720.00**3)/( 69.00)]**.2 = 11.831
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.478
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7248
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.13
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.30 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.13
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 812.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 150.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.85
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 4.13
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.37 Tc (MIN.) = 12.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 811.00 TO NODE 810.00 = 870.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 810.00 TO NODE 810.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.20
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.44
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.30
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.13

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 42.09 11.52 2.510 43.60
1 62.00 17.43 2.050 43.60
1 63.45 19.71 1.930 43.60
2 4.13 12.20 2.441 2.30

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 45.99 11.52 2.510

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2 47.52 12.20 2.441
3 65.47 17.43 2.050
4 66.72 19.71 1.930
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 66.72 Tc (MIN.) = 19.71
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 45.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 810.00 = 3240.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 810.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 320.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 39.0 INCH PIPE IS 27.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.60
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 39.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 66.72
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.50 Tc (MIN.) = 20.21
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 813.00 = 3560.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 10
>>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 815.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 1190.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1691.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1605.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 86.00
TC = 0.533*[( 1190.00**3)/( 86.00)]**.2 = 15.305
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.185
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7063
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.17
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.17
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 815.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 670.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.4 INCHES

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PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.67
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 6.17
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.46 Tc (MIN.) = 16.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 816.00 = 1860.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 816.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 16.76
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.09
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.00
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 6.17
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 817.00 TO NODE 818.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 460.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1702.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1620.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 82.00
TC = 0.533*[( 460.00**3)/( 82.00)]**.2 = 8.736
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.874
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7448
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.14
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.14
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 818.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.36
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 5.14
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.32 Tc (MIN.) = 9.05
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 817.00 TO NODE 816.00 = 600.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 816.00 TO NODE 816.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====

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TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.05
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.82
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.14
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 6.17 16.76 2.090 4.00
2 5.14 9.05 2.824 2.40
*****
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 6.17 16.76 2.824
2 5.14 9.05 2.090
*****
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 9.97 Tc (MIN.) = 16.76
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.4
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 816.00 = 1860.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 816.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 380.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.65
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 9.97
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.73 Tc (MIN.) = 17.49
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 819.00 = 2240.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 819.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 17.49
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.05
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 9.97
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 820.00 TO NODE 821.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====

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=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1690.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1644.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 46.00
TC = 0.533*[(100.00**3)/(46.00)]**.2 = 3.925
COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.775
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7768
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.17
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.17
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 821.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 150.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.09
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 1.17
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.49 Tc (MIN.) = 5.49
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 820.00 TO NODE 819.00 = 250.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 819.00 TO NODE 819.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.49
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.61
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.17
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 8.47 9.84 2.711 6.40
1 9.97 17.49 2.046 6.40
2 1.17 5.49 3.606 0.40
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 5.90 5.49 3.606

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```

2 9.35 9.84 2.711
3 10.64 17.49 2.046
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 10.64 Tc (MIN.) = 17.49
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.8
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 819.00 = 2240.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 819.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 150.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 8.76
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 10.64
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.29 Tc (MIN.) = 17.78
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 822.00 = 2390.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 822.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 17.78
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.03
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.64
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 823.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 410.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1691.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1644.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 47.00
TC = 0.533*[(410.00**3)/(47.00)]**.2 = 9.113
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.815
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7421
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.31
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.31
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 823.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

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>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 170.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.92
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.31
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.36 Tc(MIN.) = 9.47
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 822.00 = 580.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 822.00 TO NODE 822.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.47
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.76
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.31

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 5.90 5.82 3.505 6.80
1 9.35 10.13 2.673 6.80
1 10.64 17.78 2.030 6.80
2 7.31 9.47 2.763 3.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 10.39 5.82 3.505
2 16.05 9.47 2.763
3 16.43 10.13 2.673
4 16.01 17.78 2.030

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 16.43 Tc(MIN.) = 10.13
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 10.3
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 822.00 = 2390.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 822.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.76

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ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 16.43
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.17 Tc(MIN.) = 10.30
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 813.00 = 2490.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 11
-----
>>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<
=====
** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 10.39 6.01 3.450 10.30
2 16.05 9.64 2.738 10.30
3 16.43 10.30 2.651 10.30
4 16.01 17.95 2.021 10.30
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 814.00 TO NODE 813.00 = 2490.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 45.99 12.08 2.453 45.90
2 47.52 12.75 2.389 45.90
3 65.47 17.93 2.022 45.90
4 66.72 20.21 1.907 45.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 813.00 = 3560.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 33.29 6.01 3.450
2 52.78 9.64 2.738
3 55.67 10.30 2.651
4 61.19 12.08 2.453
5 62.32 12.75 2.389
6 81.47 17.93 2.022
7 81.45 17.95 2.021
8 81.83 20.21 1.907

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 81.83 Tc(MIN.) = 20.21
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 56.2
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 813.00 IS CODE = 12
-----
>>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1<<<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 813.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0400

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FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 510.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 33.0 INCH PIPE IS 22.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 18.83
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 33.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 81.83
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.45 Tc (MIN.) = 20.66
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 4070.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 10
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 826.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM

DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 290.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1622.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1598.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 24.00
TC = 0.303*[(290.00**3)/(24.00)]**.2 = 4.819
COMPUTED TIME OF CONCENTRATION INCREASED TO 5 MIN.
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.775
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8877
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.70
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.70 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.70

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 826.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 660.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.67
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 5.70
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.94 Tc (MIN.) = 6.94
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 827.00 = 950.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 827.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.94
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.22

TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.70
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.70

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 828.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<<

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM

DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 480.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1605.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1587.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 18.00
TC = 0.303*[(480.00**3)/(18.00)]**.2 = 6.907
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.224
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8859
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.71
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.71

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 827.00 TO NODE 827.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 6.91
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.22
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.00
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.71

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	5.70	6.94	3.216	1.70
2	5.71	6.91	3.224	2.00

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	11.38	6.91	3.224
2	11.40	6.94	3.216

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.40 Tc (MIN.) = 6.94
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.7
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 827.00 = 950.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 827.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 31

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>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.88
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.40
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.19 Tc(MIN.) = 7.13
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 829.00 = 1050.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 829.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.13
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.17
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 11.40
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 830.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 640.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1614.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1592.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 22.00
TC = 0.303*[( 640.00**3)/( 22.00)]**.2 = 7.885
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.021
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8851
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.74
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.40 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.74
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 829.00 TO NODE 829.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.89
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.02
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.74
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA

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NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 11.38 7.09 3.182 3.70
1 11.40 7.13 3.174 3.70
2 3.74 7.89 3.021 1.40
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 14.75 7.09 3.182
2 14.78 7.13 3.174
3 14.59 7.89 3.021
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.78 Tc(MIN.) = 7.13
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.1
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 829.00 = 1050.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 829.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 40.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.55
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 14.78
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 7.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 1090.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.20
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.16
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.10
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 14.78
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 830.00 TO NODE 831.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 640.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1614.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1592.00

```

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 22.00
 TC = 0.303 * [(640.00**3) / (22.00)]**2 = 7.885
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.021
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8851
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.28
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.60 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.28

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 831.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
 >>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
 REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 40.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.88
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 4.28
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.10 Tc (MIN.) = 7.98
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 830.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 680.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
 >>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.98
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.00
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.60
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.28

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	14.75	7.16	3.166	5.10
1	14.78	7.20	3.159	5.10
1	14.59	7.96	3.008	5.10
2	4.28	7.98	3.003	1.60

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	18.59	7.16	3.166
2	18.64	7.20	3.159
3	18.86	7.96	3.008
4	18.85	7.98	3.003

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 18.86 Tc (MIN.) = 7.96
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.7

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 1090.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>> CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	18.59	7.16	3.166	6.70
2	18.64	7.20	3.159	6.70
3	18.86	7.96	3.008	6.70
4	18.85	7.98	3.003	6.70

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 825.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 1090.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	33.29	6.57	3.302	56.20
2	52.78	10.15	2.670	56.20
3	55.67	10.81	2.590	56.20
4	61.19	12.56	2.406	56.20
5	62.32	13.23	2.346	56.20
6	81.47	18.38	1.997	56.20
7	81.45	18.40	1.996	56.20
8	81.83	20.66	1.886	56.20

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 824.00 = 4070.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	50.35	6.57	3.302
2	55.84	7.16	3.166
3	56.06	7.20	3.159
4	60.22	7.96	3.008
5	60.35	7.98	3.003
6	69.53	10.15	2.670
7	71.92	10.81	2.590
8	76.29	12.56	2.406
9	77.04	13.23	2.346
10	94.00	18.38	1.997
11	93.98	18.40	1.996
12	93.66	20.66	1.886

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 94.00 Tc (MIN.) = 18.38
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 62.9

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 824.00 IS CODE = 12
 >>>> CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 824.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 31

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.66
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.61
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 3.20
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.26
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 470.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1622.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1617.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00
TC = 0.303*[( 470.00**3)/( 5.00)]**.2 = 8.812
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.862
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8844
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.28
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.90 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.28
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 835.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.81
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.86
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.28
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 836.00 TO NODE 837.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 350.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1620.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1615.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00
TC = 0.303*[( 350.00**3)/( 5.00)]**.2 = 7.383
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.120
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8855
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.97
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.97
*****

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```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 90.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 39.0 INCH PIPE IS 27.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 14.98
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 39.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 94.00
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.10 Tc (MIN.) = 18.48
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 4160.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 10
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 834.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 440.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1622.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1617.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 5.00
TC = 0.303*[( 440.00**3)/( 5.00)]**.2 = 8.470
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.918
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8847
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 8.26
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.20 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 8.26
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 834.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 830.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 48.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.31
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 8.26
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.19 Tc (MIN.) = 10.66
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 835.00 = 1270.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 835.00 TO NODE 835.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      837.00 TO NODE      835.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 400.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 5.56
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 15.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 4.97
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 1.20 Tc( MIN.) = 8.58
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      836.00 TO NODE      835.00 = 750.00 FEET.
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      835.00 TO NODE      835.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 8.58
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 2.90
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 1.80
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.97
-----
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER  (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)  (ACRE)
1       8.26     10.66     2.607         3.20
2       2.28     8.81      2.862         0.90
3       4.97     8.58      2.899         1.80
-----
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.
-----
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER  (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)
1       13.84     8.58      2.899
2       14.01     8.81      2.862
3       14.81    10.66     2.607
-----
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 14.81 Tc( MIN.) = 10.66
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 5.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      833.00 TO NODE      835.00 = 1270.00 FEET.
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      835.00 TO NODE      838.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
-----
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 70.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.9 INCHES

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PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 9.55
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER( INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW( CFS) = 14.81
PIPE TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 0.12 Tc( MIN.) = 10.79
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      833.00 TO NODE      838.00 = 1340.00 FEET.
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      838.00 TO NODE      838.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 10.79
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 2.59
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 5.90
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 14.81
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      839.00 TO NODE      838.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
-----
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*( LENGTH**3)/( ELEVATION CHANGE)**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH( FEET) = 710.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1628.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1597.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE( FEET) = 31.00
TC = 0.303*(( 710.00**3)/( 31.00)**.2) = 7.836
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HOUR) = 3.031
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8851
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 2.41
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 0.90 TOTAL RUNOFF( CFS) = 2.41
-----
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      838.00 TO NODE      838.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
-----
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN.) = 7.84
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR) = 3.03
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES) = 0.90
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.41
-----
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER  (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)  (ACRE)
1       13.84     8.71      2.878         5.90
1       14.01     8.94      2.842         5.90
2       14.81    10.79     2.592         5.90
2       2.41     7.84      3.031         0.90
-----

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RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

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** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 14.86 7.84 3.031
2 16.13 8.71 2.878
3 16.28 8.94 2.842
4 16.87 10.79 2.592

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 16.87 Tc(MIN.) = 10.79
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.8
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 838.00 = 1340.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 838.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 1100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 16.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.56
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 16.87
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.42 Tc(MIN.) = 13.21
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 2440.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 10
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 834.00 TO NODE 841.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

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```

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 400.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1617.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1615.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.00
TC = 0.303*[( 400.00**3)/( 2.00)]**.2 = 9.608
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.743
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8839
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 9.21
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.80 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 9.21
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 841.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 31

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>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

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REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 160.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.40
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 9.21
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.42 Tc(MIN.) = 10.02
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 834.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 560.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.02
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.69
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 3.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 9.21

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 844.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 730.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1635.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1618.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 17.00
TC = 0.303*[( 730.00**3)/( 17.00)]**.2 = 8.984
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.835
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8843
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.76
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.10 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 2.76

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 844.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 120.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.30
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 2.76
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.32 Tc(MIN.) = 9.30
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 850.00 FEET.

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```

TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 11.87
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 846.00 TO NODE 847.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.30
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.79
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.10
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.76
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 9.21 10.02 2.687 3.80
2 2.76 9.30 2.787 1.10
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 11.31 9.30 2.787
2 11.87 10.02 2.687
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.87 Tc (MIN.) = 10.02
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 850.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 220.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.93
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 11.87
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.53 Tc (MIN.) = 10.55
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 845.00 = 1070.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 845.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.76
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.52
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.60
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.01
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 11.31 9.84 2.712 4.90
2 2.01 5.76 3.522 0.60

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 11.31 9.30 2.787
2 11.87 10.02 2.687
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.87 Tc (MIN.) = 10.02
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 850.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 260.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.68
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 2.01
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.76 Tc (MIN.) = 5.76
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 846.00 TO NODE 845.00 = 500.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 845.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.76
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.52
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.60
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.01
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 11.31 9.84 2.712 4.90
2 2.01 5.76 3.522 0.60

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 842.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.30
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.79
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.10
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.76
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 9.21 10.02 2.687 3.80
2 2.76 9.30 2.787 1.10
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 11.31 9.30 2.787
2 11.87 10.02 2.687
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.87 Tc (MIN.) = 10.02
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 850.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 220.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.93
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 11.87
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.53 Tc (MIN.) = 10.55
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 845.00 = 1070.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 845.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.55
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.62

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 11.31 9.30 2.787
2 11.87 10.02 2.687
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.87 Tc (MIN.) = 10.02
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.9
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 842.00 = 850.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 842.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 220.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.93
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 11.87
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.53 Tc (MIN.) = 10.55
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 845.00 = 1070.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 845.00 TO NODE 845.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.55
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.62

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER  (CFS)           (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)
  1      8.64        5.76      3.522
  2     12.85        9.84      2.712
  3     13.37       10.55      2.620

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 13.37    Tc(MIN.) = 10.55
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.5
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 845.00 = 1070.00 FEET.
*****
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 845.00 TO NODE 848.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 80.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.06
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 13.37
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.19 Tc(MIN.) = 10.74
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 848.00 = 1150.00 FEET.
*****
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 848.00 TO NODE 848.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 10.74
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.60
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 5.50
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 13.37
*****
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 849.00 TO NODE 848.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*((LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 400.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1615.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1609.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 6.00
TC = 0.303*((400.00**3)/(6.00))**.2 = 7.712
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.054
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8852
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
*****
```

SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.95
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.20 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.95

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 848.00 TO NODE 848.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 7.71
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.05
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.20
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.95
*****
```

```
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER  (CFS)           (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)  (ACRE)
  1      8.64        5.97      3.461         5.50
  1     12.85       10.03      2.687         5.50
  2      5.95       10.74      3.054         2.20
```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER  (CFS)           (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)
  1     13.24       5.97      3.461
  2     15.84       7.71      3.054
  3     18.09      10.03      2.687
  4     18.43      10.74      2.597
```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 18.43 Tc(MIN.) = 10.74
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 7.7
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 848.00 = 1150.00 FEET.

```
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 848.00 TO NODE 850.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
```

```
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 330.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.68
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 18.43
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.72 Tc(MIN.) = 11.46
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 850.00 = 1480.00 FEET.
*****
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 850.00 TO NODE 850.00 IS CODE = 1

```

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.46
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.52
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 18.43

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 837.00 TO NODE 850.00 IS CODE = 21

```

```

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====

```

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM

```

DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 670.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1615.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1611.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE( FEET) = 4.00
TC = 0.303*(( 670.00**3)/( 4.00])**.2 = 11.398
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.523
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8827
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.24
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.70 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.24

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 850.00 TO NODE 850.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.40
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.52
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 8.24

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

```

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	13.24	6.75	3.259	7.70
1	15.84	8.45	2.921	7.70
1	18.09	10.74	2.597	7.70
1	18.43	11.46	2.517	7.70
2	8.24	11.40	2.523	3.70

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

```

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	18.12	6.75	3.259
2	21.95	8.45	2.921

```

3 25.86 10.74 2.597
4 26.57 11.40 2.523
5 26.65 11.46 2.517

```

```

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 26.65 Tc(MIN.) = 11.46
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 11.4
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 850.00 = 1480.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 850.00 TO NODE 851.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====

```

```

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH( FEET) = 70.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 17.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC.) = 10.90
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 26.65
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.11 Tc(MIN.) = 11.57
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 851.00 = 1550.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 851.00 TO NODE 851.00 IS CODE = 81

```

```

>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====

```

```

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.505
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7263
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 13.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 30.65
TC(MIN.) = 11.57

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 851.00 TO NODE 851.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.57
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.51
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 13.60
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 30.65

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 838.00 TO NODE 851.00 IS CODE = 21

```

```

>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====

```

```

ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH( FEET) = 1070.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET) = 1597.00

```

DOWNSIDE ELEVATION (FEET) = 1587.00
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 10.00
 $TC = 0.303 * ((1070.00 * 3) / (10.00))^{1.2} = 12.567$
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.406
 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8821
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.18
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.50 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.18

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 851.00 TO NODE 851.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<<<
 >>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES <<<<<<

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.57
 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.41
 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.18

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	23.52	6.87	3.232	13.60
1	26.71	8.56	2.903	13.60
1	30.01	10.85	2.585	13.60
1	30.58	11.50	2.512	13.60
1	30.65	11.57	2.505	13.60
2	3.18	12.57	2.406	1.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	25.26	6.87	3.232
2	28.88	8.56	2.903
3	32.76	10.85	2.585
4	33.50	11.50	2.512
5	33.58	11.57	2.505
6	32.61	12.57	2.406

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 33.58 Tc (MIN.) = 11.57
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 15.1
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 851.00 = 1550.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 851.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA <<<<<<
 >>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW) <<<<<<
 REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013

DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 11.63
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 33.58
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.07 Tc (MIN.) = 11.64
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 1600.00 FEET.

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>> CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY <<<<<<

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	25.26	6.95	3.214	15.10
2	28.88	8.64	2.890	15.10
3	32.76	10.92	2.576	15.10
4	33.50	11.58	2.504	15.10
5	33.58	11.64	2.498	15.10
6	32.61	12.64	2.399	15.10

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 843.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 1600.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	14.86	10.41	2.638	6.80
2	16.13	11.16	2.550	6.80
3	16.28	11.38	2.525	6.80
4	16.87	13.21	2.348	6.80

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 840.00 = 2440.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	35.31	6.95	3.214
2	41.37	8.64	2.890
3	46.08	10.41	2.638
4	48.56	10.92	2.576
5	48.56	11.16	2.550
6	49.21	11.38	2.525
7	49.64	11.58	2.504
8	49.68	11.64	2.498
9	48.76	12.64	2.399
10	48.79	13.21	2.348

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 49.68 Tc (MIN.) = 11.64
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 21.9

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 840.00 IS CODE = 12
 >>>> CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 840.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 140.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 22.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 12.69
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 49.68
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.18 Tc (MIN.) = 11.82
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 2580.00 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<<

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	35.31	7.15	3.170	21.90
2	41.37	8.83	2.859	21.90
3	46.08	10.60	2.615	21.90
4	48.56	11.11	2.555	21.90
5	48.56	11.34	2.530	21.90
6	49.21	11.56	2.506	21.90
7	49.64	11.76	2.485	21.90
8	49.68	11.82	2.479	21.90
9	48.76	12.82	2.382	21.90
10	48.79	13.39	2.332	21.90

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 833.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 2580.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	50.35	6.69	3.274	62.90
2	55.84	7.28	3.142	62.90
3	56.06	7.31	3.135	62.90
4	60.22	8.07	2.988	62.90
5	60.35	8.09	2.983	62.90
6	69.53	10.26	2.656	62.90
7	71.92	10.92	2.577	62.90
8	76.29	12.67	2.396	62.90
9	77.04	13.34	2.336	62.90
10	94.00	18.48	1.992	62.90
11	93.98	18.50	1.991	62.90
12	93.66	20.76	1.882	62.90

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 832.00 = 4160.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	83.42	6.69	3.274
2	90.14	7.15	3.170
3	90.84	7.28	3.142

4 90.98 7.31 3.135

5 98.00 8.07 2.988

6 98.26 8.09 2.983

7 101.21 8.83 2.859

8 114.39 10.26 2.656

9 115.89 10.60 2.615

10 119.63 10.92 2.577

11 119.86 11.11 2.555

12 119.15 11.34 2.530

13 119.12 11.56 2.506

14 120.48 11.76 2.485

15 120.89 11.82 2.479

16 124.45 12.67 2.396

17 124.59 12.82 2.382

18 125.63 13.34 2.336

19 125.68 13.39 2.332

20 135.68 18.48 1.992

21 135.63 18.50 1.991

22 133.04 20.76 1.882

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 135.68 Tc (MIN.) = 18.48
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 84.8

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 12

>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1<<<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 832.00 TO NODE 852.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<<

>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<<

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0360
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 700.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 39.0 INCH PIPE IS 29.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 20.31
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 39.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 135.68
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.57 Tc (MIN.) = 19.06
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 852.00 = 4860.00 FEET.

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 84.8 Tc (MIN.) = 19.06
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 135.68

*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***

Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)
1	83.42 7.34
2	90.14 7.79
3	90.84 7.92
4	90.98 7.95
5	98.00 8.68
6	98.26 8.71
7	101.21 9.44
8	114.39 10.86

9	115.89	11.20
10	119.63	11.52
11	119.86	11.71
12	119.15	11.94
13	119.12	12.17
14	120.48	12.35
15	120.89	12.41
16	124.45	13.25
17	124.59	13.40
18	125.63	13.92
19	125.68	13.97
20	135.68	19.06
21	135.63	19.08
22	133.04	21.34

=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
=====


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INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 190.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1598.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1597.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00
TC = 0.303 * (( 190.00**3) / ( 1.00)**2) = 7.061
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.189
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8858
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.80
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.70 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.80
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 904.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
*****
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0060
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 370.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.60
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 4.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.34 Tc (MIN.) = 8.40
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 905.00 = 560.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
*****
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.40
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.93
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.70
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.80
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 904.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>> RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
*****
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K * ((LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE))**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 370.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1597.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1595.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 2.00
TC = 0.303 * (( 370.00**3) / ( 2.00)**2) = 9.169
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.807
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8842
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.20
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.90 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 7.20
*****

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 905.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>> AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
*****
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.17
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.81
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.90
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.20
*****
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 4.80 8.40 2.929 1.70
2 7.20 9.17 2.807 2.90
*****
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 11.40 8.40 2.929
2 11.80 9.17 2.807
*****
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 11.80 Tc (MIN.) = 9.17
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.6
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 905.00 = 560.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 905.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>> COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>> USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
*****
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 160.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.92
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 11.80
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.39 Tc (MIN.) = 9.55
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 903.00 TO NODE 906.00 = 720.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>> DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
*****
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.55
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.75
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 4.60
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 11.80
*****

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 1030.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1646.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1596.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 50.00
TC = 0.303*[(1030.00**3)/(50.00)]**.2 = 8.902
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.847
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8844
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.53
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.40 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.53
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 908.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 100.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.65
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 3.53
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.25 Tc (MIN.) = 9.15
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 906.00 = 1130.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 906.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.15
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.81
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.40
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.53
** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 11.40 8.79 2.865 4.60
2 11.80 9.55 2.751 4.60
3 3.53 9.15 2.809 1.40
RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

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** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 14.78 8.79 2.865
2 14.83 9.15 2.809
3 15.25 9.55 2.751
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 15.25 Tc (MIN.) = 9.55
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 6.0
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 906.00 = 1130.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 906.00 TO NODE 909.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0100
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.9 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.41
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 15.25
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.11 Tc (MIN.) = 9.67
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 909.00 = 1180.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 909.00 TO NODE 909.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 9.67
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.74
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 6.00
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 15.25
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 910.00 TO NODE 909.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 250.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1591.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1591.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 6.00
TC = 0.303*[(250.00**3)/(6.00)]**.2 = 5.817
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.506
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8869
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.22
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.00 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 6.22

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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 902.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 130.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 21.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.32
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 35.40
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.21 Tc(MIN.) = 11.00
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 913.00 = 1870.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 913.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 10
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<
=====
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 915.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS: UNDEVELOPED WITH POOR COVER
TC = K*[(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 640.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1654.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1603.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 51.00
TC = 0.533*{( 640.00**3)/( 51.00)**.2 = 11.711
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.490
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7255
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.06
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 2.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.06
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 915.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0500
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 640.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.2 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.31
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.06
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.03 Tc(MIN.) = 12.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 916.00 = 1280.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 916.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
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COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 27.85 Tc(MIN.) = 10.59
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.2
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 911.00 = 1610.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 911.00 TO NODE 902.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 130.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.96
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 27.85
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.20 Tc(MIN.) = 10.79
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 902.00 = 1740.00 FEET.
*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 902.00 TO NODE 902.00 IS CODE = 11
>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====
** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 20.83 6.99 3.205 12.20
2 27.02 10.03 2.686 12.20
3 27.24 10.39 2.640 12.20
4 27.85 10.79 2.592 12.20
5 27.68 12.50 2.412 12.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 902.00 = 1740.00 FEET.
** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY AREA
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE)
1 7.77 11.10 2.557 3.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 902.00 = 1240.00 FEET.
** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY
NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR)
1 25.73 6.99 3.205
2 34.05 10.03 2.686
3 34.52 10.39 2.640
4 35.40 10.79 2.592
5 35.24 11.10 2.557
6 35.01 12.50 2.412
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 35.40 Tc(MIN.) = 10.79
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 15.9
*****

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=====
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 8.59
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.90
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 1.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.50

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER  (CFS)  (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)  (ACRE)
1        5.06   12.75   2.389        2.80
2        4.50   8.59    2.897        1.80

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER  (CFS)  (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)
1        7.91   8.59    2.897
2        8.77  12.75   2.389

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 8.77  Tc (MIN.) = 12.75
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 4.6
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 916.00 = 1280.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 916.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 130.00  MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.51
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 18.00  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 8.77
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.29  Tc (MIN.) = 13.03
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 913.00 = 1410.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 913.00 TO NODE 913.00 IS CODE = 11
>>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<<

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM  RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER  (CFS)  (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)  (ACRE)
1        7.91   8.59    2.850        4.60
2        8.77  13.03   2.363        4.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 914.00 TO NODE 913.00 = 1410.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA **

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=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 12.75
RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.39
TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 2.80
PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.06

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 917.00 TO NODE 918.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K * [(LENGTH**3) / (ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 840.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1606.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 1567.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 39.00
TC = 0.303 * [( 840.00**3) / ( 39.00)]**0.2 = 8.278
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.950
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8848
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.39
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.30  TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 3.39

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 918.00 TO NODE 918.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<<
=====
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 2.950
UNDEVELOPED WATERSHED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7481
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.50  SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.10
TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.8  TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.50
TC (MIN.) = 8.28

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 918.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPE SIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 130.00  MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 6.92
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER (INCH) = 12.00  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW (CFS) = 4.50
PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.31  Tc (MIN.) = 8.59
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 917.00 TO NODE 916.00 = 970.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 916.00 TO NODE 916.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<

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STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)      (ACRE)
1           25.73      7.22      3.155           15.90
2           34.05      10.24     2.659           15.90
3           34.52      10.60     2.614           15.90
4           35.40      11.00     2.568           15.90
5           35.24      11.31     2.533           15.90
6           35.01      12.71     2.392           15.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE          907.00 TO NODE          913.00 = 1870.00 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)
1           32.15      7.22      3.155
2           37.46      8.89      2.850
3           41.42      10.24     2.659
4           41.77      10.60     2.614
5           42.80      11.00     2.568
6           42.84      11.31     2.533
7           43.56      12.71     2.392
8           43.35      13.03     2.363

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COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 43.56 Tc(MIN.) = 12.71
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.5

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE          913.00 TO NODE          919.00 IS CODE = 31

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>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

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REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0150
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 170.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 22.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 11.01
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 43.56
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.26 Tc(MIN.) = 12.97
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE          907.00 TO NODE          919.00 = 2040.00 FEET.

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE          913.00 TO NODE          913.00 IS CODE = 1

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>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.97
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.37
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 20.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 43.56

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE          920.00 TO NODE          921.00 IS CODE = 21

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>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

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ASSUMED INITIAL SUBAREA UNIFORM
DEVELOPMENT IS COMMERCIAL
TC = K*(LENGTH**3)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)**.2
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 900.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1595.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1562.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 33.00
TC = 0.303*(( 900.00**3)/( 33.00)**.2 = 8.921
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.844
COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8843
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "C"
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.01
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.01

```

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*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE          921.00 TO NODE          919.00 IS CODE = 31

```

```

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

```

```

REPRESENTATIVE SLOPE = 0.0200
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.7 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.69
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.01
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.15 Tc(MIN.) = 9.07
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE          920.00 TO NODE          919.00 = 950.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE          919.00 TO NODE          919.00 IS CODE = 1

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<

```

```

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.07
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.82
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.01

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)      (ACRE)
1           32.15      7.50      3.097           20.50
1           37.46      9.15      2.809           20.50
1           41.42      10.50     2.627           20.50
1           41.77      10.86     2.583           20.50
1           42.80      11.25     2.539           20.50
1           42.84      11.56     2.506           20.50
1           43.56      12.97     2.369           20.50
1           43.35      13.29     2.341           20.50
2           2.01      9.07      2.822           0.80

```

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	33.81	7.50	3.097
2	39.13	9.07	2.822
3	39.46	9.15	2.809
4	43.30	10.50	2.627
5	43.61	10.86	2.583
6	44.61	11.25	2.539
7	44.63	11.56	2.506
8	45.25	12.97	2.369
9	45.02	13.29	2.341

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 45.25 Tc (MIN.) = 12.97

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 21.3

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 907.00 TO NODE 919.00 = 2040.00 FEET.

END OF STUDY SUMMARY:

TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 21.3 Tc (MIN.) = 12.97

PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 45.25

*** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE ***

Q (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)
1	33.81 7.50
2	39.13 9.07
3	39.46 9.15
4	43.30 10.50
5	43.61 10.86
6	44.61 11.25
7	44.63 11.56
8	45.25 12.97
9	45.02 13.29

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

 F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S
 ACCORDING TO RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
 (RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
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 (Synthetic Unit Hydrograph Version 20.0)
 Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264
 Analysis prepared by:
 ***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
 * MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK *
 * PRELIMINARY EXISTING CONDITION HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT *
 * 10 YEAR - 24 HOUR STORM - 15 MIN INTERVAL AMC II *

FILE NAME: E10_B8.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:19 06/18/2019

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 808.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS)<<<<<<
 =====
 (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ADDED TO STREAM #1)
 WATERSHED AREA = 71.000 ACRES
 BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
 *USER ENTERED "LAG" TIME = 0.296 HOURS
 CAUTION: LAG TIME IS LESS THAN 0.50 HOURS.
 THE 5-MINUTE PERIOD UH MODEL (USED IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM)
 MAY BE TOO LARGE FOR PEAK FLOW ESTIMATES.
 VALLEY S-GRAPH SELECTED
 UNIFORM MEAN SOIL-LOSS(INCH/HOUR) = 0.115
 LOW SOIL-LOSS RATE PERCENT(DECIMAL) = 0.900
 MINIMUM SOIL-LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.058
 USER-ENTERED RAINFALL = 3.10 INCHES
 RCFC&WCD 24-Hour Storm (15-Minute period) SELECTED
 RCFC&WCD DEPTH-AREA ADJUSTMENT FACTOR(PLATE E-5.8) = 0.9999

UNIT HYDROGRAPH TIME UNIT = 15.000 MINUTES
 UNIT INTERVAL PERCENTAGE OF LAG-TIME = 84.374

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DETERMINATION

INTERVAL NUMBER	"S" GRAPH MEAN VALUES	UNIT HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES(CFS)
1	14.297	40.921
2	60.254	131.537
3	79.116	53.988
4	87.017	22.614
5	91.632	13.208
6	94.693	8.761
7	96.785	5.988
8	98.126	3.840
9	98.762	1.819
10	99.344	1.666
11	99.738	1.126
12	99.934	0.563
13	100.000	0.188

TOTAL STORM RAINFALL(INCHES) = 3.10
 TOTAL SOIL-LOSS(INCHES) = 1.70
 TOTAL EFFECTIVE RAINFALL(INCHES) = 1.39

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Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264

Analysis prepared by:
***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK *
* PRELIMINARY PROPOSED CONDITION HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT *
* 10 YEAR - 24 HOUR STORM - 15 MIN INTERVAL AMC II *

FILE NAME: P10_B8.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:53 07/03/2019

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 800.00 TO NODE 832.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS)<<<<<<
=====

(UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ADDED TO STREAM #1)
WATERSHED AREA = 84.800 ACRES
BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
*USER ENTERED "LAG" TIME = 0.258 HOURS
CAUTION: LAG TIME IS LESS THAN 0.50 HOURS.
THE 5-MINUTE PERIOD UH MODEL (USED IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM)
MAY BE TOO LARGE FOR PEAK FLOW ESTIMATES.
VALLEY S-GRAPH SELECTED
UNIFORM MEAN SOIL-LOSS(INCH/HOUR) = 0.107
LOW SOIL-LOSS RATE PERCENT(DECIMAL) = 0.900
MINIMUM SOIL-LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.054
USER-ENTERED RAINFALL = 3.10 INCHES
RCFC&WCD 24-Hour Storm (15-Minute period) SELECTED
RCFC&WCD DEPTH-AREA ADJUSTMENT FACTOR(PLATE E-5.8) = 0.9998

UNIT HYDROGRAPH TIME UNIT = 15.000 MINUTES
UNIT INTERVAL PERCENTAGE OF LAG-TIME = 96.749

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DETERMINATION

INTERVAL NUMBER	"S" GRAPH MEAN VALUES	UNIT HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (CFS)
1	17.999	61.531
2	66.253	164.954
3	82.532	55.651
4	89.617	24.221
5	93.753	14.138
6	96.438	9.178
7	98.069	5.577
8	98.823	2.575
9	99.424	2.057
10	99.770	1.181
11	99.942	0.590
12	100.000	0.197

TOTAL STORM RAINFALL(INCHES) = 3.10
TOTAL SOIL-LOSS(INCHES) = 1.64
TOTAL EFFECTIVE RAINFALL(INCHES) = 1.46

TOTAL SOIL-LOSS VOLUME (ACRE-FEET) = 11.5960
 TOTAL STORM RUNOFF VOLUME (ACRE-FEET) = 10.3020

2 4 - H O U R S T O R M
 R U N O F F H Y D R O G R A P H

HYDROGRAPH IN FIVE-MINUTE UNIT INTERVALS (CFS)
 (Note: Time indicated is at END of Each Unit Interval)

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	7.5	15.0	22.5	30.0
0.083	0.0003	0.04	Q	.	.	.	.
0.167	0.0005	0.04	Q	.	.	.	.
0.250	0.0008	0.04	Q	.	.	.	.
0.333	0.0019	0.16	Q	.	.	.	.
0.417	0.0030	0.16	Q	.	.	.	.
0.500	0.0041	0.16	Q	.	.	.	.
0.583	0.0058	0.25	Q	.	.	.	.
0.667	0.0075	0.25	Q	.	.	.	.
0.750	0.0091	0.25	Q	.	.	.	.
0.833	0.0112	0.30	Q	.	.	.	.
0.917	0.0132	0.30	Q	.	.	.	.
1.000	0.0153	0.30	Q	.	.	.	.
1.083	0.0176	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
1.167	0.0200	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
1.250	0.0224	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
1.333	0.0246	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
1.417	0.0268	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
1.500	0.0290	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
1.583	0.0312	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
1.667	0.0334	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
1.750	0.0356	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
1.833	0.0379	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
1.917	0.0402	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
2.000	0.0425	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
2.083	0.0452	0.39	Q	.	.	.	.
2.167	0.0479	0.39	Q	.	.	.	.
2.250	0.0506	0.39	Q	.	.	.	.
2.333	0.0534	0.41	Q	.	.	.	.
2.417	0.0562	0.41	Q	.	.	.	.
2.500	0.0590	0.41	Q	.	.	.	.
2.583	0.0619	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
2.667	0.0649	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
2.750	0.0679	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
2.833	0.0713	0.49	Q	.	.	.	.
2.917	0.0746	0.49	Q	.	.	.	.
3.000	0.0780	0.49	Q	.	.	.	.
3.083	0.0815	0.51	Q	.	.	.	.
3.167	0.0850	0.51	Q	.	.	.	.
3.250	0.0885	0.51	Q	.	.	.	.
3.333	0.0920	0.52	Q	.	.	.	.
3.417	0.0956	0.52	Q	.	.	.	.
3.500	0.0991	0.52	Q	.	.	.	.
3.583	0.1027	0.52	Q
3.667	0.1063	0.52	Q
3.750	0.1099	0.52	Q
3.833	0.1137	0.54	Q
3.917	0.1174	0.54	Q

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 Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264
 Analysis prepared by:
 ***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
 * MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK *
 * PRELIMINARY PROPOSED CONDITION HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED B-9AA *
 * 10 YEAR - 24 HOUR STORM - 15 MIN INTERVAL AMC II *

FILE NAME: P10_B9AA.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:58 07/03/2019

 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 919.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS)<<<<<<

 (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ADDED TO STREAM #1)
 WATERSHED AREA = 21.300 ACRES
 BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
 *USER ENTERED "LAG" TIME = 0.174 HOURS
 CAUTION: LAG TIME IS LESS THAN 0.50 HOURS.
 THE 5-MINUTE PERIOD UH MODEL (USED IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM)
 MAY BE TOO LARGE FOR PEAK FLOW ESTIMATES.
 VALLEY S-GRAPH SELECTED
 UNIFORM MEAN SOIL-LOSS(INCH/HOUR) = 0.104
 LOW SOIL-LOSS RATE PERCENT(DECIMAL) = 0.900
 MINIMUM SOIL-LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.052
 USER-ENTERED RAINFALL = 3.10 INCHES
 RCFC&WCD 24-Hour Storm (15-Minute period) SELECTED
 RCFC&WCD DEPTH-AREA ADJUSTMENT FACTOR(PLATE E-5.8) = 1.0000

UNIT HYDROGRAPH TIME UNIT = 15.000 MINUTES
 UNIT INTERVAL PERCENTAGE OF LAG-TIME = 143.926

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DETERMINATION

INTERVAL NUMBER	"S" GRAPH MEAN VALUES	UNIT HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (CFS)
1	31.544	27.086
2	79.127	40.857
3	90.580	9.834
4	95.714	4.408
5	98.210	2.144
6	99.250	0.893
7	99.700	0.386
8	99.925	0.193
9	100.000	0.064

TOTAL STORM RAINFALL(INCHES) = 3.10
 TOTAL SOIL-LOSS(INCHES) = 1.62
 TOTAL EFFECTIVE RAINFALL(INCHES) = 1.48

TOTAL SOIL-LOSS VOLUME (ACRE-FEET) = 2.8722
 TOTAL STORM RUNOFF VOLUME (ACRE-FEET) = 2.6287

2 4 - H O U R S T O R M
R U N O F F H Y D R O G R A P H

HYDROGRAPH IN FIVE-MINUTE UNIT INTERVALS(CFS)

(Note: Time indicated is at END of Each Unit Interval)

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0 .	2 .5	5 .0	7 .5	10 .0
0.083	0.0001	0.02	Q	.	.	.	.
0.167	0.0002	0.02	Q	.	.	.	.
0.250	0.0003	0.02	Q	.	.	.	.
0.333	0.0007	0.05	Q	.	.	.	.
0.417	0.0010	0.05	Q	.	.	.	.
0.500	0.0014	0.05	Q	.	.	.	.
0.583	0.0019	0.07	Q	.	.	.	.
0.667	0.0023	0.07	Q	.	.	.	.
0.750	0.0028	0.07	Q	.	.	.	.
0.833	0.0034	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
0.917	0.0040	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.000	0.0045	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.083	0.0052	0.09	Q	.	.	.	.
1.167	0.0058	0.09	Q	.	.	.	.
1.250	0.0064	0.09	Q	.	.	.	.
1.333	0.0070	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.417	0.0075	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.500	0.0081	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.583	0.0087	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.667	0.0092	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.750	0.0098	0.08	Q	.	.	.	.
1.833	0.0104	0.09	Q	.	.	.	.
1.917	0.0110	0.09	Q	.	.	.	.
2.000	0.0116	0.09	Q	.	.	.	.
2.083	0.0123	0.10	Q	.	.	.	.
2.167	0.0130	0.10	Q	.	.	.	.
2.250	0.0137	0.10	Q	.	.	.	.
2.333	0.0144	0.10	Q	.	.	.	.
2.417	0.0151	0.10	Q	.	.	.	.
2.500	0.0159	0.10	Q	.	.	.	.
2.583	0.0166	0.11	Q	.	.	.	.
2.667	0.0174	0.11	Q	.	.	.	.
2.750	0.0182	0.11	Q	.	.	.	.
2.833	0.0191	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
2.917	0.0200	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.000	0.0208	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.083	0.0217	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.167	0.0226	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.250	0.0235	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.333	0.0244	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.417	0.0253	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.500	0.0263	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.583	0.0272	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.667	0.0281	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.750	0.0290	0.13	Q	.	.	.	.
3.833	0.0300	0.14	Q	.	.	.	.
3.917	0.0309	0.14	Q	.	.	.	.

8.833	0.1963	1.71	V	Q	.	.	.
8.917	0.2081	1.71	V	Q	.	.	.
9.000	0.2198	1.71	V	Q	.	.	.
9.083	0.2342	2.08	V	Q	.	.	.
9.167	0.2485	2.08	V	Q	.	.	.
9.250	0.2628	2.08	V	Q	.	.	.
9.333	0.2801	2.51	V	Q	.	.	.
9.417	0.2974	2.51	V	Q	.	.	.
9.500	0.3147	2.51	V	Q	.	.	.
9.583	0.3342	2.84	V	Q	.	.	.
9.667	0.3538	2.84	V	Q	.	.	.
9.750	0.3733	2.84	V	Q	.	.	.
9.833	0.3950	3.15	V	Q	.	.	.
9.917	0.4167	3.15	V	Q	.	.	.
10.000	0.4384	3.15	V	Q	.	.	.
10.083	0.4576	2.79	V	Q	.	.	.
10.167	0.4768	2.79	V	Q	.	.	.
10.250	0.4960	2.79	V	Q	.	.	.
10.333	0.5098	1.99	Q	.	.	.	.
10.417	0.5235	1.99	Q	.	.	.	.
10.500	0.5372	1.99	QV	.	.	.	.
10.583	0.5528	2.26	VQ	.	.	.	.
10.667	0.5683	2.26	VQ	.	.	.	.
10.750	0.5839	2.26	VQ	.	.	.	.
10.833	0.6035	2.84	V	Q	.	.	.
10.917	0.6231	2.84	V	Q	.	.	.
11.000	0.6427	2.84	V	Q	.	.	.
11.083	0.6627	2.90	VQ	.	.	.	.
11.167	0.6827	2.90	VQ	.	.	.	.
11.250	0.7027	2.90	VQ	.	.	.	.
11.333	0.7224	2.86	VQ	.	.	.	.
11.417	0.7421	2.86	V	Q	.	.	.
11.500	0.7618	2.86	V	Q	.	.	.

4.000	0.0319	0.14	Q	.	.	.	.
4.083	0.0330	0.15	Q	.	.	.	.
4.167	0.0340	0.15	Q	.	.	.	.
4.250	0.0351	0.15	Q	.	.	.	.
4.333	0.0362	0.17	Q	.	.	.	.
4.417	0.0374	0.17	Q	.	.	.	.
4.500	0.0385	0.17	Q	.	.	.	.
4.583	0.0397	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.
4.667	0.0410	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.
4.750	0.0422	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.
4.833	0.0435	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
4.917	0.0449	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.000	0.0462	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.083	0.0475	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.167	0.0488	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.250	0.0501	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.333	0.0513	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.
5.417	0.0525	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.
5.500	0.0537	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.
5.583	0.0551	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.667	0.0564	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.750	0.0577	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
5.833	0.0591	0.21	Q	.	.	.	.
5.917	0.0606	0.21	Q	.	.	.	.
6.000	0.0620	0.21	Q	.	.	.	.
6.083	0.0635	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.
6.167	0.0650	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.
6.250	0.0665	0.22	QV	.	.	.	.
6.333	0.0681	0.23	QV	.	.	.	.
6.417	0.0697	0.23	QV	.	.	.	.
6.500	0.0713	0.23	QV	.	.	.	.
6.583	0.0730	0.24	QV	.	.	.	.
6.667	0.0747	0.24	QV	.	.	.	.
6.750	0.0764	0.24	QV	.	.	.	.
6.833	0.0782	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
6.917	0.0799	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
7.000	0.0817	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
7.083	0.0835	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
7.167	0.0853	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
7.250	0.0872	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
7.333	0.0890	0.27	Q	.	.	.	.
7.417	0.0909	0.27	Q	.	.	.	.
7.500	0.0928	0.27	Q	.	.	.	.
7.583	0.0952	0.35	Q	.	.	.	.
7.667	0.0976	0.35	Q	.	.	.	.
7.750	0.1001	0.35	Q	.	.	.	.
7.833	0.1038	0.55	VQ	.	.	.	.
7.917	0.1076	0.55	VQ	.	.	.	.
8.000	0.1114	0.55	VQ	.	.	.	.
8.083	0.1175	0.90	V	Q	.	.	.
8.167	0.1237	0.90	V	Q	.	.	.
8.250	0.1299	0.90	V	Q	.	.	.
8.333	0.1383	1.22	V	Q	.	.	.
8.417	0.1467	1.22	V	Q	.	.	.
8.500	0.1552	1.22	V	Q	.	.	.
8.583	0.1650	1.42	V	Q	.	.	.
8.667	0.1748	1.42	V	Q	.	.	.
8.750	0.1846	1.42	V	Q	.	.	.

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	2.5	5.0	7.5	10.0
11.583	0.7805	2.72	.				.
11.667	0.7992	2.72	.	QV			.
11.750	0.8180	2.72	.	Q V			.
11.833	0.8358	2.58	.	Q V			.
11.917	0.8535	2.58	.	Q V			.
12.000	0.8713	2.58	.	Q V			.
12.083	0.8938	3.26	.	Q			.
12.167	0.9162	3.26	.	Q			.
12.250	0.9387	3.26	.	QV			.
12.333	0.9681	4.27	.	V Q			.
12.417	0.9975	4.27	.	V Q			.
12.500	1.0269	4.27	.	V Q			.
12.583	1.0600	4.81	.	V Q.			.
12.667	1.0931	4.81	.	V Q.			.
12.750	1.1263	4.81	.	V Q.			.
12.833	1.1628	5.30	.	V Q			.
12.917	1.1993	5.30	.	V Q			.
13.000	1.2358	5.30	.	V Q			.
13.083	1.2772	6.00	.	V.	Q		.
13.167	1.3185	6.00	.	V Q			.
13.250	1.3598	6.00	.	V Q			.
13.333	1.4063	6.75	.	V Q			.
13.417	1.4528	6.75	.	V Q			.
13.500	1.4992	6.75	.	V Q			.
13.583	1.5409	6.05	.	VQ			.
13.667	1.5825	6.05	.	Q			.
13.750	1.6241	6.05	.	Q			.
13.833	1.6570	4.77	.	Q.	V		.
13.917	1.6898	4.77	.	Q.	V		.
14.000	1.7226	4.77	.	Q.	V		.
14.083	1.7560	4.84	.	Q.	V		.
14.167	1.7893	4.84	.	Q.	V		.
14.250	1.8226	4.84	.	Q.	V		.
14.333	1.8581	5.15	.	Q	V		.
14.417	1.8936	5.15	.	Q	V		.
14.500	1.9291	5.15	.	Q	V		.
14.583	1.9643	5.11	.	Q	V		.
14.667	1.9995	5.11	.	Q	V		.
14.750	2.0347	5.11	.	Q	V		.
14.833	2.0695	5.05	.	Q	V		.
14.917	2.1043	5.05	.	Q	V		.
15.000	2.1391	5.05	.	Q	V		.
15.083	2.1726	4.87	.	Q.	V		.
15.167	2.2062	4.87	.	Q.	V		.
15.250	2.2397	4.87	.	Q.	V		.
15.333	2.2718	4.65	.	Q	V		.
15.417	2.3038	4.65	.	Q	V		.
15.500	2.3359	4.65	.	Q	V		.
15.583	2.3646	4.17	.	Q	V		.
15.667	2.3934	4.17	.	Q	V		.
15.750	2.4221	4.17	.	Q	V		.
15.833	2.4472	3.64	.	Q	V		.
15.917	2.4723	3.64	.	Q	V		.
16.000	2.4974	3.64	.	Q	V		.
16.083	2.5144	2.48	.	Q.			.

16.167	2.5315	2.48	.	Q.			.	V
16.250	2.5485	2.48	.	Q.			.	V
16.333	2.5543	0.84	.	Q			.	V
16.417	2.5601	0.84	.	Q			.	V
16.500	2.5660	0.84	.	Q			.	V
16.583	2.5689	0.43	.	Q			.	V
16.667	2.5719	0.43	.	Q			.	V
16.750	2.5748	0.43	.	Q			.	V
16.833	2.5764	0.24	.	Q			.	V
16.917	2.5781	0.24	.	Q			.	V
17.000	2.5797	0.24	.	Q			.	V
17.083	2.5808	0.16	.	Q			.	V
17.167	2.5819	0.16	.	Q			.	V
17.250	2.5830	0.16	.	Q			.	V
17.333	2.5840	0.15	.	Q			.	V
17.417	2.5851	0.15	.	Q			.	V
17.500	2.5861	0.15	.	Q			.	V
17.583	2.5870	0.14	.	Q			.	V
17.667	2.5880	0.14	.	Q			.	V
17.750	2.5889	0.14	.	Q			.	V
17.833	2.5898	0.13	.	Q			.	V
17.917	2.5907	0.13	.	Q			.	V
18.000	2.5915	0.13	.	Q			.	V
18.083	2.5923	0.11	.	Q			.	V
18.167	2.5931	0.11	.	Q			.	V
18.250	2.5938	0.11	.	Q			.	V
18.333	2.5946	0.11	.	Q			.	V
18.417	2.5953	0.11	.	Q			.	V
18.500	2.5961	0.11	.	Q			.	V
18.583	2.5968	0.10	.	Q			.	V
18.667	2.5974	0.10	.	Q			.	V
18.750	2.5981	0.10	.	Q			.	V
18.833	2.5986	0.08	.	Q			.	V
18.917	2.5992	0.08	.	Q			.	V
19.000	2.5997	0.08	.	Q			.	V
19.083	2.6002	0.07	.	Q			.	V
19.167	2.6007	0.07	.	Q			.	V
19.250	2.6012	0.07	.	Q			.	V
19.333	2.6018	0.09	.	Q			.	V
19.417	2.6023	0.09	.	Q			.	V
19.500	2.6029	0.09	.	Q			.	V
19.583	2.6036	0.09	.	Q			.	V
19.667	2.6042	0.09	.	Q			.	V
19.750	2.6048	0.09	.	Q			.	V
19.833	2.6053	0.07	.	Q			.	V
19.917	2.6059	0.07	.	Q			.	V
20.000	2.6064	0.07	.	Q			.	V
20.083	2.6068	0.07	.	Q			.	V
20.167	2.6073	0.07	.	Q			.	V
20.250	2.6078	0.07	.	Q			.	V
20.333	2.6083	0.08	.	Q			.	V
20.417	2.6088	0.08	.	Q			.	V
20.500	2.6094	0.08	.	Q			.	V
20.583	2.6099	0.08	.	Q			.	V
20.667	2.6105	0.08	.	Q			.	V
20.750	2.6110	0.08	.	Q			.	V
20.833	2.6115	0.07	.	Q			.	V
20.917	2.6120	0.07	.	Q			.	V

21.000	2.6125	0.07	Q	V.
21.083	2.6129	0.07	Q	V.
21.167	2.6134	0.07	Q	V.
21.250	2.6139	0.07	Q	V.
21.333	2.6143	0.07	Q	V.
21.417	2.6148	0.07	Q	V.
21.500	2.6153	0.07	Q	V.
21.583	2.6157	0.07	Q	V.
21.667	2.6162	0.07	Q	V.
21.750	2.6166	0.07	Q	V.
21.833	2.6171	0.07	Q	V.
21.917	2.6176	0.07	Q	V.
22.000	2.6180	0.07	Q	V.
22.083	2.6185	0.07	Q	V.
22.167	2.6189	0.07	Q	V.
22.250	2.6194	0.07	Q	V.
22.333	2.6198	0.07	Q	V.
22.417	2.6203	0.07	Q	V.
22.500	2.6208	0.07	Q	V.
22.583	2.6212	0.06	Q	V.
22.667	2.6216	0.06	Q	V.
22.750	2.6220	0.06	Q	V.
22.833	2.6223	0.05	Q	V.
22.917	2.6227	0.05	Q	V.
23.000	2.6231	0.05	Q	V.
23.083	2.6235	0.05	Q	V.
23.166	2.6238	0.05	Q	V.
23.250	2.6242	0.05	Q	V.
23.333	2.6246	0.05	Q	V.
23.416	2.6249	0.05	Q	V.
23.500	2.6253	0.05	Q	V.
23.583	2.6257	0.05	Q	V.
23.666	2.6260	0.05	Q	V.
23.750	2.6264	0.05	Q	V.
23.833	2.6268	0.05	Q	V.
23.916	2.6271	0.05	Q	V.
24.000	2.6275	0.05	Q	V.

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	2.5	5.0	7.5	10.0
24.083	2.6278	0.04	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.166	2.6280	0.04	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.250	2.6283	0.04	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.333	2.6283	0.01	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.416	2.6284	0.01	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.500	2.6285	0.01	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.583	2.6285	0.01	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.666	2.6286	0.01	Q	.	.	.	V.
24.750	2.6286	0.01	Q	.	.	.	V.

TIME DURATION (minutes) OF PERCENTILES OF ESTIMATED PEAK FLOW RATE:
 (Note: 100% of Peak Flow Rate estimate assumed to have
 an instantaneous time duration)

Percentile of Estimated Peak Flow Rate	Duration (minutes)
0%	1485.0
10%	510.0
20%	465.0
30%	420.0
40%	345.0
50%	225.0
60%	210.0
70%	165.0
80%	45.0
90%	15.0

END OF FLOODSCX ROUTING ANALYSIS

TOTAL SOIL-LOSS VOLUME (ACRE-FOOT) = 10.0873
TOTAL STORM RUNOFF VOLUME (ACRE-FOOT) = 8.2477

2 4 - H O U R S T O R M
R U N O F F H Y D R O G R A P H

HYDROGRAPH IN FIVE-MINUTE UNIT INTERVALS (CFS)
(Note: Time indicated is at END of Each Unit Interval)

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	7.5	15.0	22.5	30.0
0.083	0.0002	0.03	Q	.	.	.	.
0.167	0.0003	0.03	Q	.	.	.	.
0.250	0.0005	0.03	Q	.	.	.	.
0.333	0.0013	0.12	Q	.	.	.	.
0.417	0.0022	0.12	Q	.	.	.	.
0.500	0.0030	0.12	Q	.	.	.	.
0.583	0.0043	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
0.667	0.0057	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
0.750	0.0070	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.
0.833	0.0086	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.
0.917	0.0103	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.
1.000	0.0119	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.
1.083	0.0138	0.28	Q	.	.	.	.
1.167	0.0158	0.28	Q	.	.	.	.
1.250	0.0177	0.28	Q	.	.	.	.
1.333	0.0195	0.27	Q	.	.	.	.
1.417	0.0214	0.27	Q	.	.	.	.
1.500	0.0232	0.27	Q	.	.	.	.
1.583	0.0250	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
1.667	0.0268	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
1.750	0.0286	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.
1.833	0.0305	0.28	Q	.	.	.	.
1.917	0.0324	0.28	Q	.	.	.	.
2.000	0.0343	0.28	Q	.	.	.	.
2.083	0.0365	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
2.167	0.0387	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
2.250	0.0409	0.32	Q	.	.	.	.
2.333	0.0432	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
2.417	0.0455	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
2.500	0.0479	0.34	Q	.	.	.	.
2.583	0.0503	0.36	Q	.	.	.	.
2.667	0.0528	0.36	Q	.	.	.	.
2.750	0.0552	0.36	Q	.	.	.	.
2.833	0.0580	0.40	Q	.	.	.	.
2.917	0.0607	0.40	Q	.	.	.	.
3.000	0.0635	0.40	Q	.	.	.	.
3.083	0.0664	0.42	Q	.	.	.	.
3.167	0.0693	0.42	Q	.	.	.	.
3.250	0.0722	0.42	Q	.	.	.	.
3.333	0.0752	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
3.417	0.0781	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
3.500	0.0811	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
3.583	0.0841	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
3.667	0.0871	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
3.750	0.0901	0.43	Q	.	.	.	.
3.833	0.0932	0.45	Q	.	.	.	.
3.917	0.0963	0.45	Q	.	.	.	.

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	7.5	15.0	22.5	30.0
11.583	2.2140	8.49	.	VQ	.	.	.
11.667	2.2724	8.49	.	Q	.	.	.
11.750	2.3308	8.49	.	Q	.	.	.
11.833	2.3894	7.92	.	QV	.	.	.
11.917	2.4399	7.92	.	QV	.	.	.
12.000	2.4944	7.92	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.083	2.5565	9.02	.	Q	.	.	.
12.167	2.6186	9.02	.	Q	.	.	.
12.250	2.6808	9.02	.	QV	.	.	.
12.333	2.7644	12.15	.	V Q	.	.	.
12.417	2.8481	12.15	.	V Q	.	.	.
12.500	2.9317	12.15	.	V Q	.	.	.
12.583	3.0286	14.07	.	V Q	.	.	.
12.667	3.1255	14.07	.	V Q	.	.	.
12.750	3.2224	14.07	.	V Q	.	.	.
12.833	3.3311	15.77	.	V .Q	.	.	.
12.917	3.4397	15.77	.	V .Q	.	.	.
13.000	3.5484	15.77	.	V .Q	.	.	.
13.083	3.6697	17.62	.	V .Q	.	.	.
13.167	3.7910	17.62	.	V .Q	.	.	.
13.250	3.9124	17.62	.	V .Q	.	.	.
13.333	4.0522	20.30	.	V.	Q	.	.
13.417	4.1920	20.30	.	V	Q	.	.
13.500	4.3319	20.30	.	V	Q	.	.
13.583	4.4708	20.17	.	V	Q	.	.
13.667	4.6096	20.17	.	V	Q	.	.
13.750	4.7485	20.17	.	V	Q	.	.
13.833	4.8610	16.33	.	.Q V	.	.	.
13.917	4.9735	16.33	.	.Q V	.	.	.
14.000	5.0859	16.33	.	.Q V	.	.	.
14.083	5.1921	15.42	.	Q	V	.	.
14.167	5.2984	15.42	.	Q	V	.	.
14.250	5.4046	15.42	.	Q	V	.	.
14.333	5.5181	16.48	.	.Q	V	.	.
14.417	5.6316	16.48	.	.Q	V	.	.
14.500	5.7451	16.48	.	.Q	V	.	.
14.583	5.8590	16.54	.	.Q	V	.	.
14.667	5.9730	16.54	.	.Q	V	.	.
14.750	6.0869	16.54	.	.Q	V	.	.
14.833	6.2000	16.43	.	.Q	V	.	.
14.917	6.3131	16.43	.	.Q	V	.	.
15.000	6.4263	16.43	.	.Q	V	.	.
15.083	6.5360	15.93	.	.Q	V	.	.
15.167	6.6457	15.93	.	.Q	V	.	.
15.250	6.7554	15.93	.	.Q	V	.	.
15.333	6.8607	15.30	.	Q	V	.	.
15.417	6.9660	15.30	.	Q	V	.	.
15.500	7.0714	15.30	.	Q	V	.	.
15.583	7.1695	14.25	.	Q	V	.	.
15.667	7.2676	14.25	.	Q	V	.	.
15.750	7.3658	14.25	.	Q	V	.	.
15.833	7.4513	12.42	.	Q	V	.	.
15.917	7.5368	12.42	.	Q	V	.	.
16.000	7.6223	12.42	.	Q	V	.	.
16.083	7.6924	10.18	.	Q	.	.	V

16.167	7.7625	10.18	.	.	.	.	V
16.250	7.8326	10.18	.	.	.	.	V
16.333	7.8674	5.05	.	Q	.	.	V
16.417	7.9021	5.05	.	Q	.	.	V
16.500	7.9369	5.05	.	Q	.	.	V
16.583	7.9567	2.87	.	Q	.	.	V
16.667	7.9765	2.87	.	Q	.	.	V
16.750	7.9963	2.87	.	Q	.	.	V
16.833	8.0092	1.88	.	Q	.	.	V
16.917	8.0222	1.88	.	Q	.	.	V
17.000	8.0351	1.88	.	Q	.	.	V
17.083	8.0442	1.32	.	Q	.	.	V
17.167	8.0533	1.32	.	Q	.	.	V
17.250	8.0624	1.32	.	Q	.	.	V
17.333	8.0694	1.02	.	Q	.	.	V
17.417	8.0764	1.02	.	Q	.	.	V
17.500	8.0834	1.02	.	Q	.	.	V
17.583	8.0889	0.80	.	Q	.	.	V
17.667	8.0944	0.80	.	Q	.	.	V
17.750	8.0998	0.80	.	Q	.	.	V
17.833	8.1042	0.63	.	Q	.	.	V
17.917	8.1086	0.63	.	Q	.	.	V
18.000	8.1129	0.63	.	Q	.	.	V
18.083	8.1165	0.52	.	Q	.	.	V
18.167	8.1200	0.52	.	Q	.	.	V
18.250	8.1236	0.52	.	Q	.	.	V
18.333	8.1266	0.44	.	Q	.	.	V
18.417	8.1296	0.44	.	Q	.	.	V
18.500	8.1326	0.44	.	Q	.	.	V
18.583	8.1352	0.38	.	Q	.	.	V
18.667	8.1378	0.38	.	Q	.	.	V
18.750	8.1404	0.38	.	Q	.	.	V
18.833	8.1424	0.30	.	Q	.	.	V
18.917	8.1445	0.30	.	Q	.	.	V
19.000	8.1466	0.30	.	Q	.	.	V
19.083	8.1483	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V
19.167	8.1500	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V
19.250	8.1517	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V
19.333	8.1536	0.28	.	Q	.	.	V
19.417	8.1554	0.28	.	Q	.	.	V
19.500	8.1573	0.28	.	Q	.	.	V
19.583	8.1595	0.31	.	Q	.	.	V
19.667	8.1616	0.31	.	Q	.	.	V
19.750	8.1637	0.31	.	Q	.	.	V
19.833	8.1656	0.27	.	Q	.	.	V
19.917	8.1675	0.27	.	Q	.	.	V
20.000	8.1693	0.27	.	Q	.	.	V
20.083	8.1709	0.23	.	Q	.	.	V
20.167	8.1725	0.23	.	Q	.	.	V
20.250	8.1741	0.23	.	Q	.	.	V
20.333	8.1759	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V
20.417	8.1776	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V
20.500	8.1794	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V
20.583	8.1812	0.26	.	Q	.	.	V
20.667	8.1830	0.26	.	Q	.	.	V
20.750	8.1848	0.26	.	Q	.	.	V
20.833	8.1865	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V
20.917	8.1883	0.25	.	Q	.	.	V

21.000	8.1900	0.25	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.083	8.1915	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.167	8.1931	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.250	8.1946	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.333	8.1962	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.417	8.1978	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.500	8.1995	0.24	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.583	8.2010	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.667	8.2025	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.750	8.2040	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.833	8.2056	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
21.917	8.2072	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.000	8.2088	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.083	8.2102	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.167	8.2117	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.250	8.2132	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.333	8.2148	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.417	8.2164	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.500	8.2180	0.23	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.583	8.2194	0.20	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.667	8.2208	0.20	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.750	8.2221	0.20	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.833	8.2234	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
22.917	8.2247	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.000	8.2261	0.19	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.083	8.2273	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.166	8.2286	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.250	8.2299	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.333	8.2311	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.416	8.2324	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.500	8.2336	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.583	8.2349	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.666	8.2361	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.750	8.2374	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.833	8.2386	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
23.916	8.2398	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.000	8.2411	0.18	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.

24.083	8.2421	0.15	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.166	8.2432	0.15	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.250	8.2442	0.15	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.333	8.2447	0.07	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.416	8.2452	0.07	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.500	8.2457	0.07	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.583	8.2460	0.04	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.666	8.2462	0.04	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.750	8.2465	0.04	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.833	8.2466	0.02	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
24.916	8.2468	0.02	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
25.000	8.2469	0.02	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
25.083	8.2471	0.01	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
25.166	8.2472	0.01	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
25.250	8.2473	0.01	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
25.333	8.2473	0.01	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
25.416	8.2474	0.01	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.
25.500	8.2475	0.01	Q	.	.	.	.	.	V.

TIME DURATION(minutes) OF PERCENTILES OF ESTIMATED PEAK FLOW RATE:
 (Note: 100% of Peak Flow Rate estimate assumed to have
 an instantaneous time duration)

Percentile of Estimated Peak Flow Rate	Duration (minutes)
0%	1530.0
10%	510.0
20%	465.0
30%	420.0
40%	345.0
50%	240.0
60%	210.0
70%	180.0
80%	105.0
90%	30.0

END OF FLOODSCX ROUTING ANALYSIS

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S
ACCORDING TO RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
(RCFC&WCD) 1978 HYDROLOGY MANUAL
(c) Copyright 1989-2013 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
(Synthetic Unit Hydrograph Version 20.0)
Release Date: 06/01/2013 License ID 1264

Analysis prepared by:
***** DESCRIPTION OF STUDY *****
* MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK *
* PRELIMINARY EXISTING CONDITION HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED B-9AA *
* 10 YEAR - 24 HOUR STORM - 15 MIN INTERVAL AMC II *

FILE NAME: E10_B9AA.DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:44 07/03/2019

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 900.00 TO NODE 908.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS)<<<<<<
=====

(UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ADDED TO STREAM #1)
WATERSHED AREA = 34.700 ACRES
BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
*USER ENTERED "LAG" TIME = 0.236 HOURS
CAUTION: LAG TIME IS LESS THAN 0.50 HOURS.
THE 5-MINUTE PERIOD UH MODEL (USED IN THIS COMPUTER PROGRAM)
MAY BE TOO LARGE FOR PEAK FLOW ESTIMATES.
VALLEY S-GRAPH SELECTED
UNIFORM MEAN SOIL-LOSS(INCH/HOUR) = 0.115
LOW SOIL-LOSS RATE PERCENT(DECIMAL) = 0.900
MINIMUM SOIL-LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.058
USER-ENTERED RAINFALL = 3.10 INCHES
RCFC&WCD 24-Hour Storm (15-Minute period) SELECTED
RCFC&WCD DEPTH-AREA ADJUSTMENT FACTOR(PLATE E-5.8) = 0.9999

UNIT HYDROGRAPH TIME UNIT = 15.000 MINUTES
UNIT INTERVAL PERCENTAGE OF LAG-TIME = 106.067

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DETERMINATION

INTERVAL NUMBER	"S" GRAPH MEAN VALUES	UNIT HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES (CFS)
1	20.886	29.216
2	69.734	68.331
3	84.630	20.837
4	91.212	9.208
5	95.065	5.389
6	97.426	3.303
7	98.563	1.590
8	99.297	1.027
9	99.719	0.590
10	99.930	0.295
11	100.000	0.098

TOTAL STORM RAINFALL(INCHES) = 3.10
TOTAL SOIL-LOSS(INCHES) = 1.70
TOTAL EFFECTIVE RAINFALL(INCHES) = 1.39

TOTAL SOIL-LOSS VOLUME(ACRE-FEET) = 4.9302

TOTAL STORM RUNOFF VOLUME (ACRE-FEET) = 4.0314

24 - HOUR STORM
RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH

HYDROGRAPH IN FIVE-MINUTE UNIT INTERVALS (CFS)
(Note: Time indicated is at END of Each Unit Interval)

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	5.0	10.0	15.0	20.0
0.083	0.0001	0.02	Q				
0.167	0.0002	0.02	Q				
0.250	0.0004	0.02	Q				
0.333	0.0009	0.07	Q				
0.417	0.0013	0.07	Q				
0.500	0.0018	0.07	Q				
0.583	0.0025	0.10	Q				
0.667	0.0032	0.10	Q				
0.750	0.0040	0.10	Q				
0.833	0.0048	0.12	Q				
0.917	0.0057	0.12	Q				
1.000	0.0065	0.12	Q				
1.083	0.0075	0.14	Q				
1.167	0.0085	0.14	Q				
1.250	0.0095	0.14	Q				
1.333	0.0104	0.13	Q				
1.417	0.0113	0.13	Q				
1.500	0.0122	0.13	Q				
1.583	0.0131	0.13	Q				
1.667	0.0140	0.13	Q				
1.750	0.0149	0.13	Q				
1.833	0.0159	0.14	Q				
1.917	0.0168	0.14	Q				
2.000	0.0178	0.14	Q				
2.083	0.0189	0.16	Q				
2.167	0.0200	0.16	Q				
2.250	0.0211	0.16	Q				
2.333	0.0223	0.17	Q				
2.417	0.0234	0.17	Q				
2.500	0.0246	0.17	Q				
2.583	0.0258	0.18	Q				
2.667	0.0270	0.18	Q				
2.750	0.0283	0.18	Q				
2.833	0.0297	0.20	Q				
2.917	0.0311	0.20	Q				
3.000	0.0324	0.20	Q				
3.083	0.0339	0.21	Q				
3.167	0.0353	0.21	Q				
3.250	0.0368	0.21	Q				
3.333	0.0382	0.21	Q				
3.417	0.0397	0.21	Q				
3.500	0.0412	0.21	Q				
3.583	0.0426	0.21	Q				
3.667	0.0441	0.21	Q				
3.750	0.0456	0.21	Q				
3.833	0.0471	0.22	Q				
3.917	0.0487	0.22	Q				

4.000	0.0502	0.22	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.083	0.0519	0.25	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.167	0.0536	0.25	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.250	0.0553	0.25	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.333	0.0571	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.417	0.0589	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.500	0.0607	0.26	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.583	0.0627	0.29	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.667	0.0647	0.29	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.750	0.0666	0.29	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.833	0.0687	0.30	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
4.917	0.0708	0.30	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.000	0.0729	0.30	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.083	0.0751	0.31	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.167	0.0772	0.31	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.250	0.0793	0.31	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.333	0.0813	0.29	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.417	0.0833	0.29	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.500	0.0853	0.29	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.583	0.0874	0.31	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.667	0.0895	0.31	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.750	0.0916	0.31	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.833	0.0939	0.33	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
5.917	0.0962	0.33	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.000	0.0985	0.33	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.083	0.1009	0.35	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.167	0.1033	0.35	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.250	0.1057	0.35	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.333	0.1082	0.37	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.417	0.1108	0.37	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.500	0.1134	0.37	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.583	0.1161	0.39	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.667	0.1187	0.39	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.750	0.1214	0.39	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.833	0.1243	0.42	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
6.917	0.1271	0.42	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.000	0.1300	0.42	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.083	0.1329	0.42	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.167	0.1359	0.42	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.250	0.1388	0.42	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.333	0.1418	0.44	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.417	0.1448	0.44	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.500	0.1478	0.44	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.583	0.1510	0.47	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.667	0.1543	0.47	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.750	0.1575	0.47	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.833	0.1614	0.57	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
7.917	0.1654	0.57	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.000	0.1693	0.57	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.083	0.1757	0.94	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.167	0.1822	0.94	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.250	0.1887	0.94	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.333	0.1987	1.46	VQ	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.417	0.2088	1.46	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.500	0.2189	1.46	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.583	0.2310	1.76	VQ	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.667	0.2431	1.76	VQ	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.750	0.2553	1.76	VQ	.	.	.	.	.	.

8.833	0.2704	2.20	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
8.917	0.2855	2.20	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.000	0.3007	2.20	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.083	0.3196	2.76	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.167	0.3386	2.76	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.250	0.3576	2.76	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.333	0.3814	3.45	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.417	0.4052	3.45	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.500	0.4289	3.45	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.583	0.4565	4.00	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.667	0.4841	4.00	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.750	0.5117	4.00	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.833	0.5428	4.53	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
9.917	0.5740	4.53	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.000	0.6052	4.53	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.083	0.6349	4.31	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.167	0.6645	4.31	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.250	0.6942	4.31	V Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.333	0.7151	3.03	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.417	0.7360	3.03	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.500	0.7569	3.03	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.583	0.7787	3.16	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.667	0.8005	3.16	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.750	0.8222	3.16	Q V	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.833	0.8507	4.13	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
10.917	0.8791	4.13	Q	.	.	.	.	.	.
11.000	0.9075	4.13	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
11.083	0.9373	4.32	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
11.167	0.9670	4.32	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
11.250	0.9968	4.32	QV	.	.	.	.	.	.
11.333	1.0261	4.25	Q V	.	.	.	.	.	.
11.417	1.0554	4.25	Q V	.	.	.	.	.	.
11.500	1.0847	4.25	Q V	.	.	.	.	.	.

TIME (HRS)	VOLUME (AF)	Q (CFS)	0.	5.0	10.0	15.0	20.0
11.583	1.1131	4.12	.	Q . V	.	.	.
11.667	1.1415	4.12	.	Q . V	.	.	.
11.750	1.1699	4.12	.	Q . V	.	.	.
11.833	1.1964	3.85	.	Q . V	.	.	.
11.917	1.2230	3.85	.	Q . V	.	.	.
12.000	1.2495	3.85	.	Q . V	.	.	.
12.083	1.2813	4.62	.	Q . V	.	.	.
12.167	1.3131	4.62	.	Q . V	.	.	.
12.250	1.3450	4.62	.	Q . V	.	.	.
12.333	1.3881	6.26	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.417	1.4312	6.26	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.500	1.4743	6.26	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.583	1.5236	7.16	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.667	1.5729	7.16	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.750	1.6222	7.16	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.833	1.6772	7.99	.	Q V	.	.	.
12.917	1.7322	7.99	.	Q V	.	.	.
13.000	1.7873	7.99	.	Q V	.	.	.
13.083	1.8491	8.98	.	Q V	.	.	.
13.167	1.9110	8.98	.	Q V	.	.	.
13.250	1.9729	8.98	.	Q V	.	.	.
13.333	2.0439	10.30	.	Q	.	.	.
13.417	2.1148	10.30	.	Q	.	.	.
13.500	2.1858	10.30	.	Q V	.	.	.
13.583	2.2532	9.79	.	Q . V	.	.	.
13.667	2.3207	9.79	.	Q . V	.	.	.
13.750	2.3881	9.79	.	Q . V	.	.	.
13.833	2.4413	7.72	.	Q . V	.	.	.
13.917	2.4944	7.72	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.000	2.5476	7.72	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.083	2.5996	7.55	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.167	2.6515	7.55	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.250	2.7035	7.55	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.333	2.7594	8.11	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.417	2.8152	8.11	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.500	2.8711	8.11	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.583	2.9266	8.06	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.667	2.9821	8.06	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.750	3.0376	8.06	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.833	3.0925	7.97	.	Q . V	.	.	.
14.917	3.1474	7.97	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.000	3.2023	7.97	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.083	3.2555	7.72	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.167	3.3086	7.72	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.250	3.3618	7.72	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.333	3.4127	7.39	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.417	3.4636	7.39	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.500	3.5145	7.39	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.583	3.5611	6.76	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.667	3.6077	6.76	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.750	3.6542	6.76	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.833	3.6945	5.85	.	Q . V	.	.	.
15.917	3.7348	5.85	.	Q . V	.	.	.
16.000	3.7751	5.85	.	Q . V	.	.	.
16.083	3.8062	4.51	.	Q . V	.	.	.

16.167	3.8373	4.51	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.250	3.8683	4.51	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.333	3.8814	1.89	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.417	3.8944	1.89	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.500	3.9074	1.89	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.583	3.9146	1.05	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.667	3.9218	1.05	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.750	3.9290	1.05	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.833	3.9334	0.64	.	Q .	.	.	.
16.917	3.9378	0.64	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.000	3.9423	0.64	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.083	3.9453	0.43	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.167	3.9482	0.43	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.250	3.9512	0.43	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.333	3.9536	0.34	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.417	3.9559	0.34	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.500	3.9582	0.34	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.583	3.9602	0.28	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.667	3.9621	0.28	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.750	3.9641	0.28	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.833	3.9657	0.24	.	Q .	.	.	.
17.917	3.9673	0.24	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.000	3.9690	0.24	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.083	3.9703	0.20	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.167	3.9717	0.20	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.250	3.9731	0.20	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.333	3.9743	0.18	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.417	3.9756	0.18	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.500	3.9768	0.18	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.583	3.9780	0.17	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.667	3.9791	0.17	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.750	3.9803	0.17	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.833	3.9812	0.14	.	Q .	.	.	.
18.917	3.9821	0.14	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.000	3.9831	0.14	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.083	3.9839	0.12	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.167	3.9847	0.12	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.250	3.9855	0.12	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.333	3.9864	0.14	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.417	3.9874	0.14	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.500	3.9883	0.14	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.583	3.9893	0.15	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.667	3.9904	0.15	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.750	3.9914	0.15	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.833	3.9923	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
19.917	3.9932	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.000	3.9941	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.083	3.9948	0.11	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.167	3.9956	0.11	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.250	3.9964	0.11	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.333	3.9972	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.417	3.9981	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.500	3.9989	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.583	3.9998	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.667	4.0007	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.750	4.0016	0.13	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.833	4.0024	0.12	.	Q .	.	.	.
20.917	4.0032	0.12	.	Q .	.	.	.

21.000	4.0041	0.12	Q	V.
21.083	4.0048	0.11	Q	V.
21.167	4.0055	0.11	Q	V.
21.250	4.0063	0.11	Q	V.
21.333	4.0071	0.11	Q	V.
21.417	4.0079	0.11	Q	V.
21.500	4.0087	0.11	Q	V.
21.583	4.0094	0.11	Q	V.
21.667	4.0101	0.11	Q	V.
21.750	4.0108	0.11	Q	V.
21.833	4.0116	0.11	Q	V.
21.917	4.0124	0.11	Q	V.
22.000	4.0132	0.11	Q	V.
22.083	4.0139	0.10	Q	V.
22.167	4.0146	0.10	Q	V.
22.250	4.0153	0.10	Q	V.
22.333	4.0161	0.11	Q	V.
22.417	4.0169	0.11	Q	V.
22.500	4.0177	0.11	Q	V.
22.583	4.0183	0.10	Q	V.
22.667	4.0190	0.10	Q	V.
22.750	4.0196	0.10	Q	V.
22.833	4.0203	0.09	Q	V.
22.917	4.0209	0.09	Q	V.
23.000	4.0215	0.09	Q	V.
23.083	4.0221	0.09	Q	V.
23.166	4.0227	0.09	Q	V.
23.250	4.0234	0.09	Q	V.
23.333	4.0240	0.09	Q	V.
23.416	4.0246	0.09	Q	V.
23.500	4.0252	0.09	Q	V.
23.583	4.0258	0.09	Q	V.
23.666	4.0264	0.09	Q	V.
23.750	4.0270	0.09	Q	V.
23.833	4.0276	0.09	Q	V.
23.916	4.0282	0.09	Q	V.
24.000	4.0288	0.09	Q	V.

24.083	4.0293	0.07	Q	V.
24.166	4.0297	0.07	Q	V.
24.250	4.0302	0.07	Q	V.
24.333	4.0304	0.03	Q	V.
24.416	4.0306	0.03	Q	V.
24.500	4.0307	0.03	Q	V.
24.583	4.0308	0.01	Q	V.
24.666	4.0309	0.01	Q	V.
24.750	4.0310	0.01	Q	V.
24.833	4.0311	0.01	Q	V.
24.916	4.0311	0.01	Q	V.
25.000	4.0312	0.01	Q	V.

 TIME DURATION (minutes) OF PERCENTILES OF ESTIMATED PEAK FLOW RATE:
 (Note: 100% of Peak Flow Rate estimate assumed to have
 an instantaneous time duration)

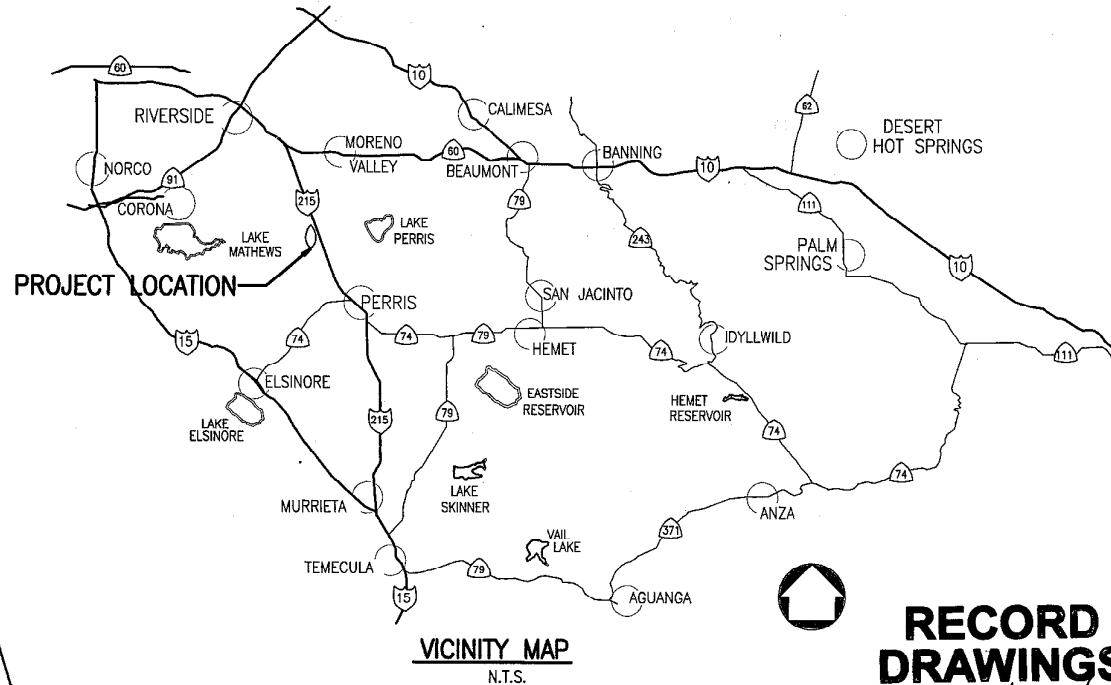
Percentile of Estimated Peak Flow Rate	Duration (minutes)
0%	1500.0
10%	510.0
20%	450.0
30%	405.0
40%	345.0
50%	225.0
60%	210.0
70%	165.0
80%	45.0
90%	30.0

END OF FLOODSCX ROUTING ANALYSIS

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

GENERAL NOTES

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT THE FLOOD CONTROL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S M.O.U STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DATED JUNE 24, 2008, AND RCFC&WCD STANDARD MANUAL. FOR THE LATEST DRAWINGS OF THE STANDARD MANUAL, PLEASE REFER TO THE "PUBLICATIONS AND RECORDS" PAGE FOUND ON THE DISTRICT'S WEB SITE.
- CONTACT THE ENCROACHMENT PERMIT ENGINEER AT (951) 955-1266 IF AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT IS REQUIRED FROM RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL. AFTER THE PERMIT IS ISSUED THE DISTRICT MUST BE NOTIFIED ONE WEEK PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- CONTACT CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR AT (951) 955-1288 IF CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION WILL BE PERFORMED BY RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL. THE DISTRICT MUST BE NOTIFIED TWENTY DAYS (20) PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL STATIONING REFERS TO THE CENTERLINE OF CONSTRUCTION UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- STATIONING FOR LATERALS AND CONNECTOR PIPE REFER TO THE CENTERLINE INTERSECTION STATION.
- FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE EXCAVATION, CALL UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT 1-800-227-2600.
- ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE IN FEET AND DECIMALS THEREOF BASED ON NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM (NGVD 1929).
- ALL COORDINATES ARE SHOWN IN FEET AND DECIMALS THEREOF BASED ON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM (NAD 83), CALIFORNIA COORDINATE SYSTEM (CCS), ZONE 6, EPOCH 1991.35
- ALL CROSS SECTIONS ARE TAKEN LOOKING DOWNSTREAM.
- ELEVATIONS AND LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, MINIMUM STREET RECONSTRUCTION SHALL BE 4" TYPE "B" HOT MIX ASPHALT OVER 6" CLASS 2 AGGREGATE BASE OR AS SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.
- OPENINGS RESULTING FROM THE CUTTING OR PARTIAL REMOVAL OF EXISTING CULVERTS, PIPES OR SIMILAR STRUCTURES TO BE ABANDONED SHALL BE SEALED WITH 6 INCHES OF CLASS "B" CONCRETE.
- PIPE CONNECTED TO THE MAINLINE PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO JUNCTION STRUCTURE NO. 4 (JS 229) UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- PIPE BEDDING SHALL CONFORM TO RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. M815, EXCEPT FOR COVER < 2 FEET. FOR COVER < 2 FEET, CONCRETE SLURRY (2000 PSI-2 SACK) SHALL BE USED. THE ENTIRE TRENCH SHALL BE SLURRY EXTENDING 4 INCHES MINIMUM AND 12 INCHES MAXIMUM ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE.
- BH-1 INDICATES SOIL BORING LOCATIONS BASED ON THE SOILS REPORT DATED JUNE 1, 2011. LOCATIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE.
- "V" IS THE DEPTH OF INLET AND CATCH BASINS MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF CURB TO INVERT OF CONNECTOR PIPE.
- CATCH BASINS SHALL BE LOCATED SO THAT LOCAL DEPRESSIONS SHALL BEGIN AT EXISTING CURB RETURN JOINT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- ALL CURBS, GUTTERS, SIDEWALKS, DRIVEWAYS AND OTHER EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS TO BE RECONSTRUCTED IN KIND AND AT THE SAME ELEVATION AND LOCATION AS THE EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- STANDARD DRAWINGS CALLED FOR ON THE PLAN AND PROFILE SHALL CONFORM TO DISTRICT STANDARD DRAWINGS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO CALL ALL UTILITY AGENCIES REGARDING TEMPORARY SHORING AND SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS FOR THE VARIOUS UTILITY LINES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.
- DURING ROUGH GRADING OPERATIONS AND PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF PERMANENT DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, TEMPORARY DRAINAGE CONTROL SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO PREVENT PONDING WATER AND DAMAGE TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES.
- APPROVAL OF THESE PLANS BY THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT DOES NOT RELIEVE THE DEVELOPER'S ENGINEERS OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ENGINEERING DESIGN. IF FIELD CHANGES ARE REQUIRED, IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER TO MAKE NECESSARY CORRECTIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR OR DEVELOPER SHALL SECURE ALL REQUIRED ENCROACHMENT AND/OR STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATORY PERMITS PRIOR TO ALL COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK.
- THE CONCRETE COATING ON THE INSIDE OF ALL REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPES MUST BE INCREASED TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 1-1/2 INCHES OVER THE REINFORCING AND INCREASED TO A MINIMUM OF 3-1/2 INCHES OVER THE REINFORCING FOR BOX CULVERT, WHEN DESIGN VELOCITIES EXCEED 20 FEET PER SECOND. THE CONCRETE DESIGN STRENGTH IN THESE REACHES SHALL BE F_c=5,000 PSI FOR VELOCITIES EXCEEDING 20 FEET PER SECOND AND F_c=6,000 PSI FOR VELOCITIES EXCEEDING 30 FEET PER SECOND.
- CONSTRUCTION JOINT FOR CALTRANS STANDARD REINFORCED CONCRETE BOX SHALL BE ACCORDING TO RCFC&WCD STD DWG. NO. BX 401.



RECORD DRAWINGS

APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*
DATE: 4/3/14

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES NOTE

ALL UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES OR UTILITIES REPORTED BY THE OWNER OR OTHERS AND THOSE SHOWN ON THE RECORDS EXAMINED ARE INDICATED WITH THEIR APPROXIMATE LOCATION AND EXTENT.

THE OWNER, BY ACCEPTING THESE PLANS OR PROCEEDING WITH THE IMPROVEMENTS PURSUANT THERETO AGREE TO ASSUME LIABILITY AND TO HOLD THE UNDERSIGNED HARMLESS FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE EXISTENCE OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES NOT REPORTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED, NOT INDICATED ON THE PUBLIC RECORDS EXAMINED, OR LOCATED AT A VARIANCE WITH THAT REPORTED OR SHOWN ON THE RECORDS EXAMINED.

THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO TAKE DUE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO PROTECT THE UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES SHOWN AND ANY OTHER UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES FOUND AT THE SITE. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO NOTIFY THE OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES CONCERNED BEFORE STARTING WORK.

CALL UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT (U.S.A.) 1-800-227-2600 AT LEAST 2 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTOR

CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT HE SHALL ASSUME COMPLETE AND SOLE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING THE SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY; THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL BE IN EFFECT CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS; AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, THE OWNER, AND THE ENGINEER HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING FROM LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR ENGINEER.

R.C.F.C. & W.C.D. STD. DRAWINGS

- CB101 CATCH BASIN #4
- CB109 CORNER CONNECTION TO CATCH BASIN
- MH251 MANHOLE No. 1
- MH252 MANHOLE No. 2
- MH254 MANHOLE No. 4
- M801 CHAIN LINK FENCE
- M803 CONCRETE COLLAR
- M816 CONCRETE BULKHEAD
- M827 VEHICULAR TURN AROUND AREA

SHEET INDEX

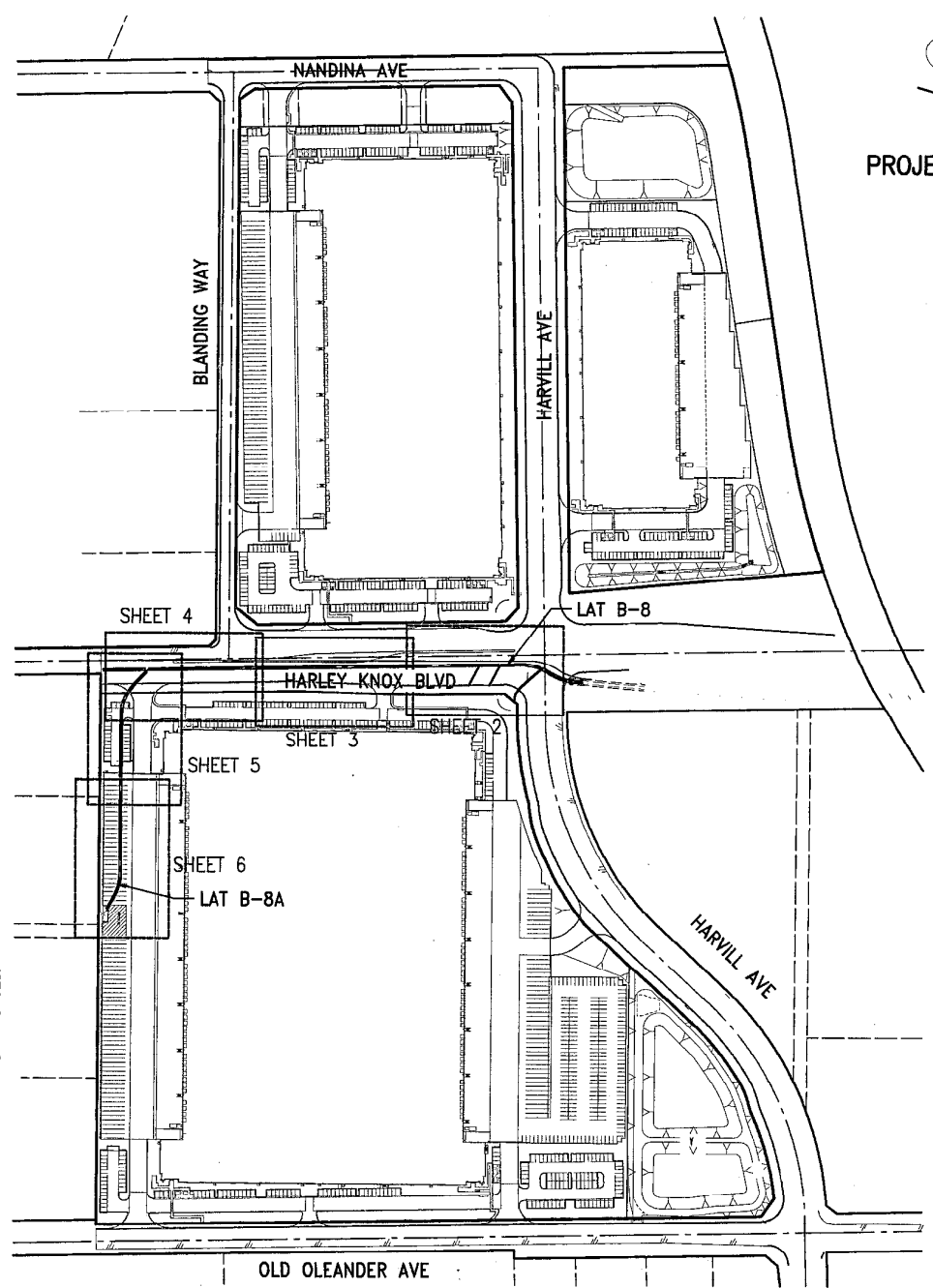
	SHEET NO.
TITLE SHEET	1
LAT B-8 PLAN AND PROFILES	2-4
LAT B-8A PLAN AND PROFILES	5-6
LAT B-8B, LAT. B-8C AND LAT B-8D PROFILES CONNECTION DETAIL	7

CALTRANS STD. DRAWINGS

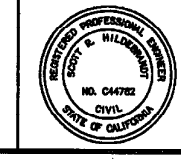
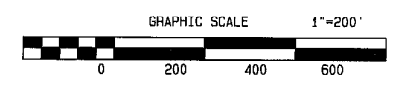
- D86B HEADWALL AND WINGWALLS
- D77A GRATE DETAILS

STATE PLANE BEARING

STATE PLANE SYSTEM BEARINGS ARE ROTATED 0°51'19" FROM RECORD BEARINGS PER PM 33942. COORDINATES SHOWN ON PLANS HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED TO STATE PLANE SYSTEM.



PLAN CHECK OVERSIGHT ENGINEER
Alan Frenzel
 REGISTRATION NUMBER 45702
 DATE SIGNED 2-13-13
 APPROVED AS TO CONFORMANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



ALBERT A. WEBB
WEBB ASSOCIATES
 CIVIL ENGINEERS
 3788 McCRAY ST.
 RIVERSIDE CA. 92506
 PH: (951) 686-1070
 FAX: (951) 788-1256
 PREPARED BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 1/31/13
 R.C.E. NO. C44782



BENCH MARK:
 RIVERSIDE COUNTY B.M.
 600-40-68
 ALUMINUM DISK ON CONCRETE
 FROM THIENES ENGINEERING ALTA
 ELEV. 1505.08'
 DATUM: NGVD 1929 +2.513' FOR NGVD 1988

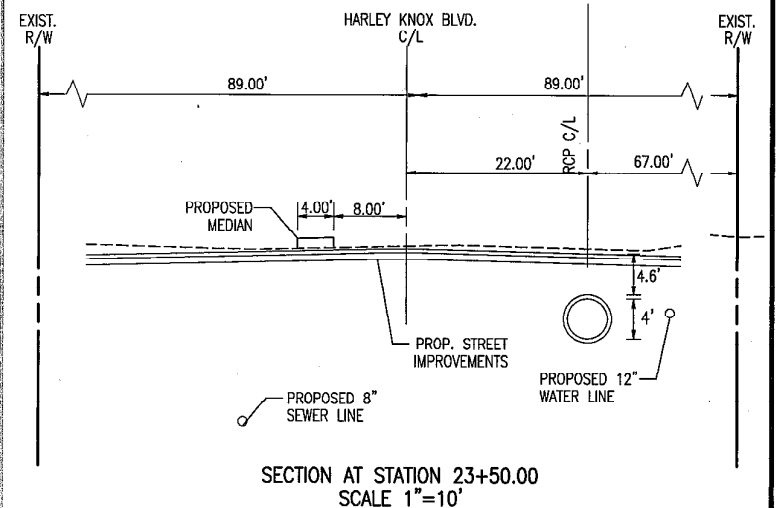
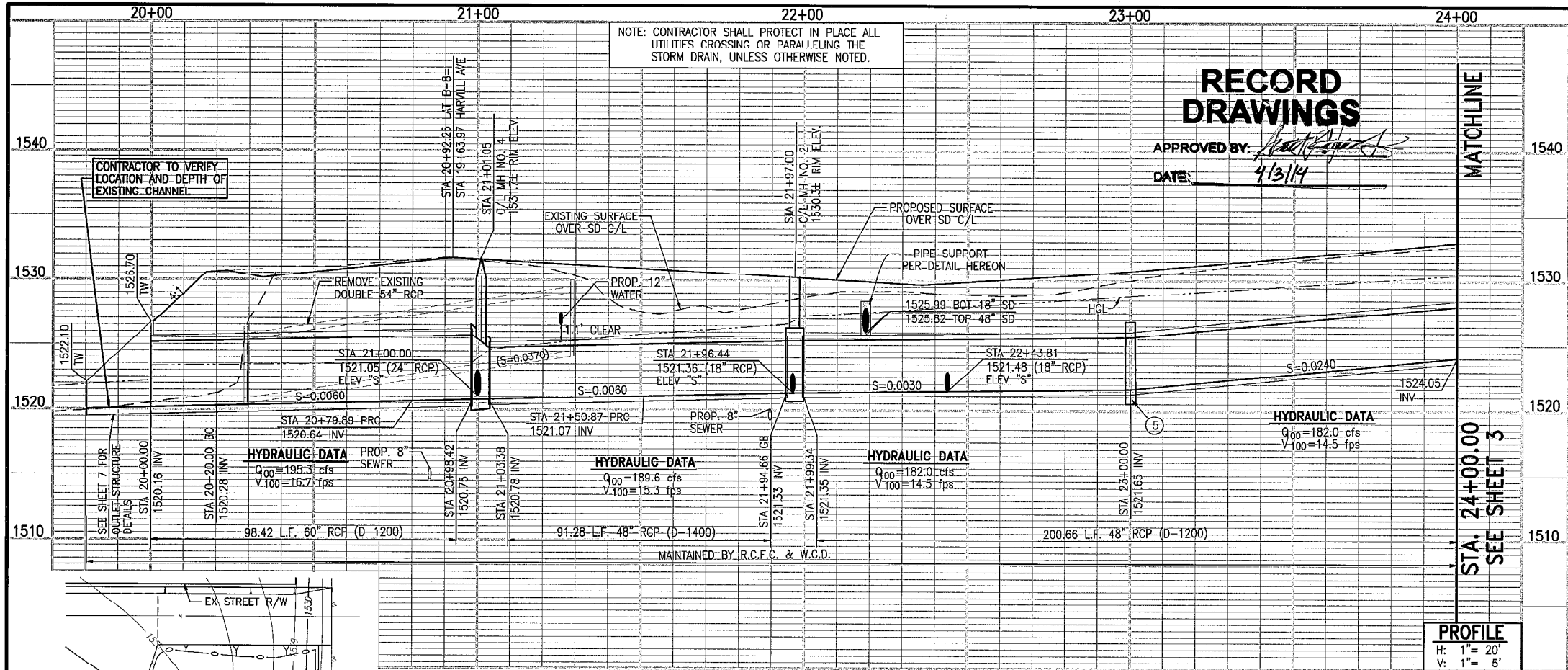
REVISIONS	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	4/3/14	RECORD DRAWINGS

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
 RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY:
Mark St. Willis
 PLANNING ENGINEER
 DATE: 2/19/2013
 APPROVED BY:
[Signature]
 CHIEF ENGINEER
 DATE: 2/22/13

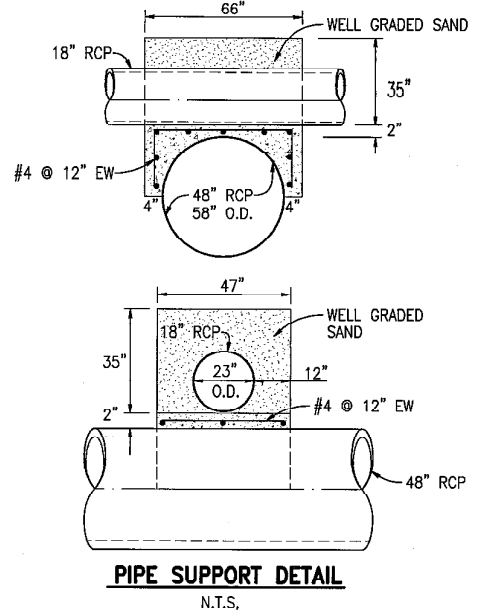
P.M. NO. 33942/P.P. NO. 20699R1/L.P. NO. 110029
PERRIS VALLEY MDP LATERAL B-8
PERRIS VALLEY LATERAL B-8A
 TITLE SHEET

PROJECT NO. 4-0-00457
 4-0-00458
 DRAWING NO. 4-1060
 SHEET NO. 1 OF 7

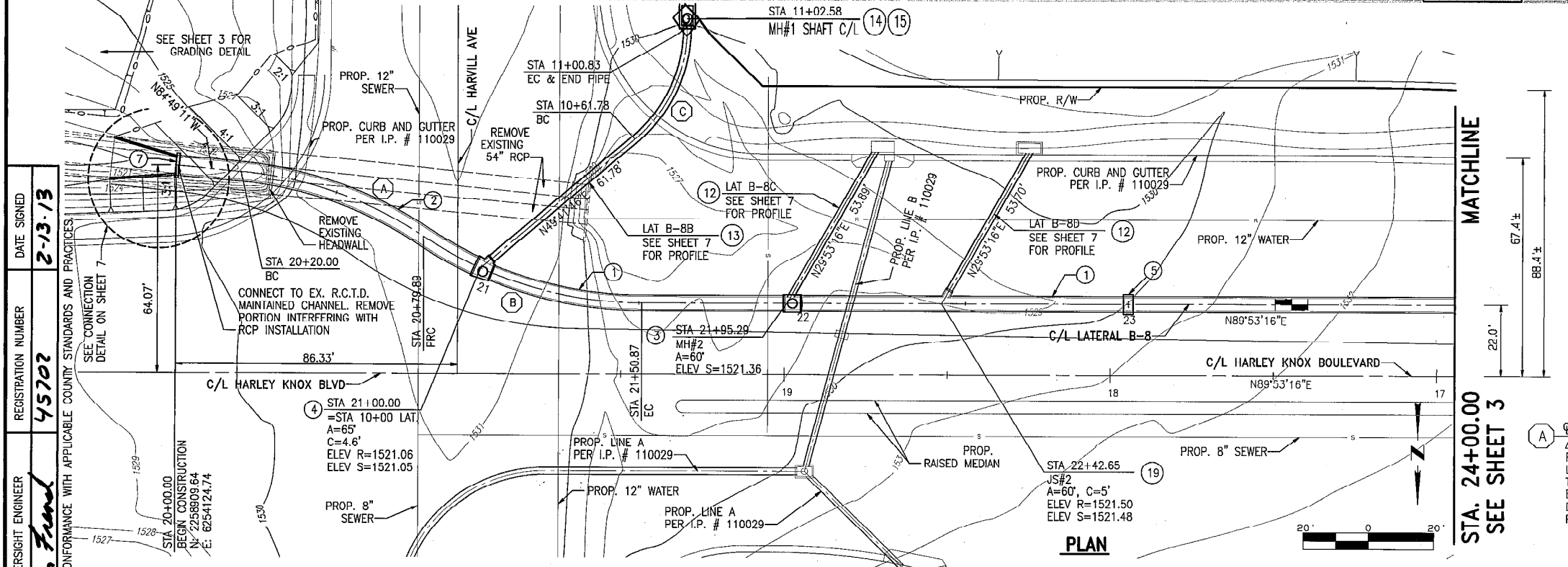
G:\2011\11-068\Draw & Proj\Design\11-05458.dwg 1/30/2013



- CONSTRUCTION NOTES**
- CONSTRUCT 48" RCP (D-LOAD PER PROFILE)
 - CONSTRUCT 60" RCP (D-LOAD PER PROFILE)
 - CONSTRUCT MANHOLE No.2 PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. MH252
 - CONSTRUCT MANHOLE No.4 PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. MH254
 - CONSTRUCT CONCRETE COLLAR PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. M803
 - CONSTRUCT HEADWALL PER CALTRANS STD. D86B AND DETAILS ON SHEET 7
 - CONSTRUCT 18" RCP (CLASS IV)
 - CONSTRUCT 24" RCP (CLASS IV)
 - CONSTRUCT MANHOLE No.1 PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. MH251
 - CONSTRUCT 6"x5.4"x6" CONCRETE PAD W/#4@18" E.W. AROUND MANHOLE FRAME
 - CONSTRUCT JUNCTION STRUCTURE #2 PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. JS227



Curve Data	Curve Data	Curve Data
A Δ=28°35'52" R=120.00' L=59.90' T=30.58' BC=STA 20+20.00 EC=STA 20+79.09 PI= N 2258914.21 E 6254074.36	B Δ=3°53'25" R=120.00' L=70.98' T=36.56' BC=STA 20+79.89 EC=STA 21+50.87 PI= N 2258951.54 E 6254018.55	C Δ=49°43'26" R=45.00' L=39.05' T=20.85' BC=STA 10+61.78 EC=STA 11+00.83 PI= N 2258887.50 E 6253968.36



PLAN CHECK OVERSIGHT ENGINEER: *Alan Furd*
 DATE SIGNED: 2-13-13
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 45702
 APPROVED AS TO CONFORMANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES
 SEE CONNECTION DETAIL ON SHEET 7

ALBERT A. WEBB
 CIVIL ENGINEERS
 3788 McCRAY ST.
 RIVERSIDE, CA. 92506
 PH: (951) 686-1070
 FAX: (951) 788-1256

PREPARED BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 1/29/13
 R.C.E. NO. C44762

Don't Dig...Until You Call U.S.A. Toll Free
 1-800-227-2600

BENCH MARK:
 RIV. CO. BM# "600-40-68"
 ALUM. DISK ON CONC.
 ELEV.=1505.08'
 DATUM: 1929

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

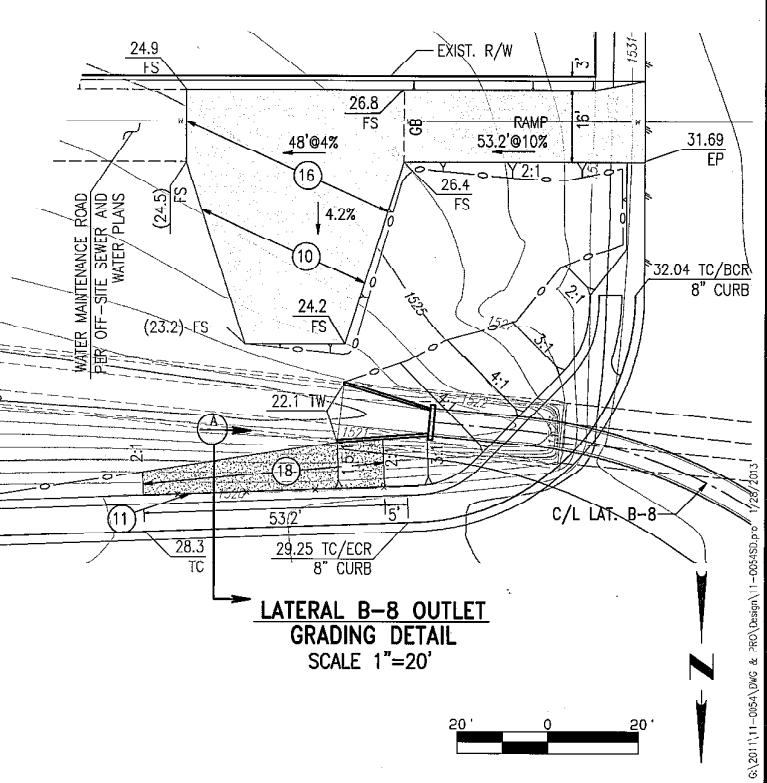
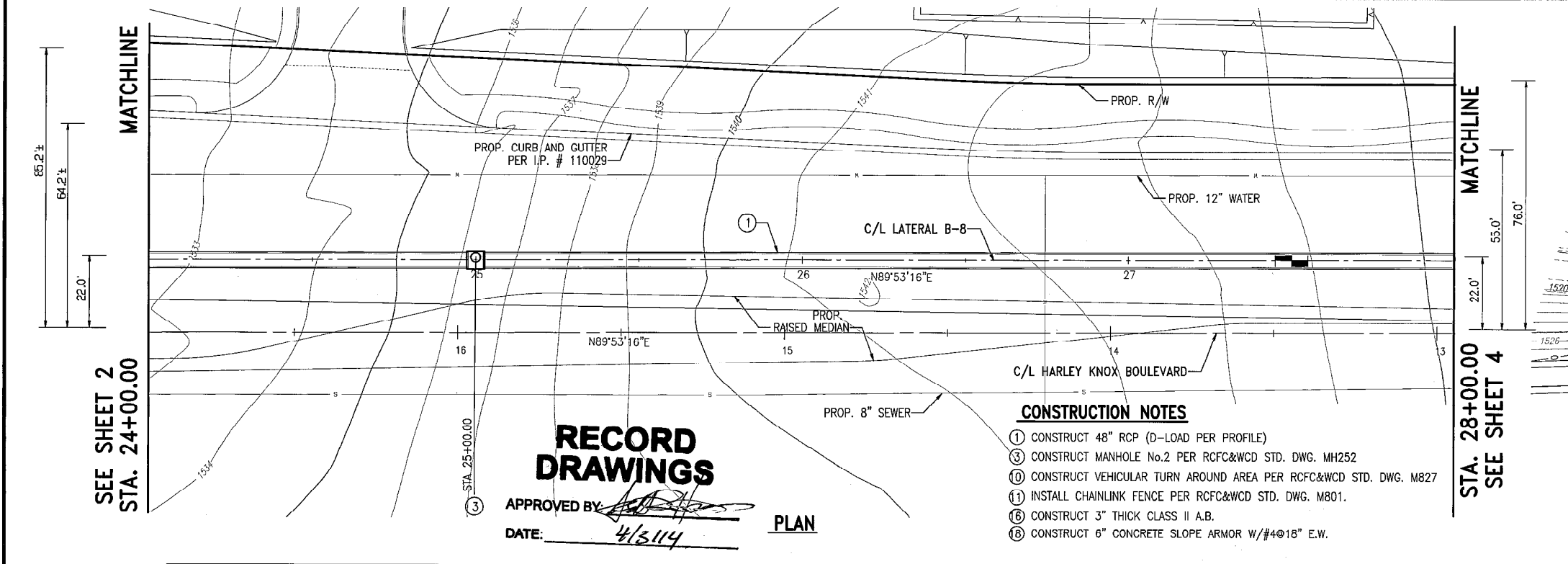
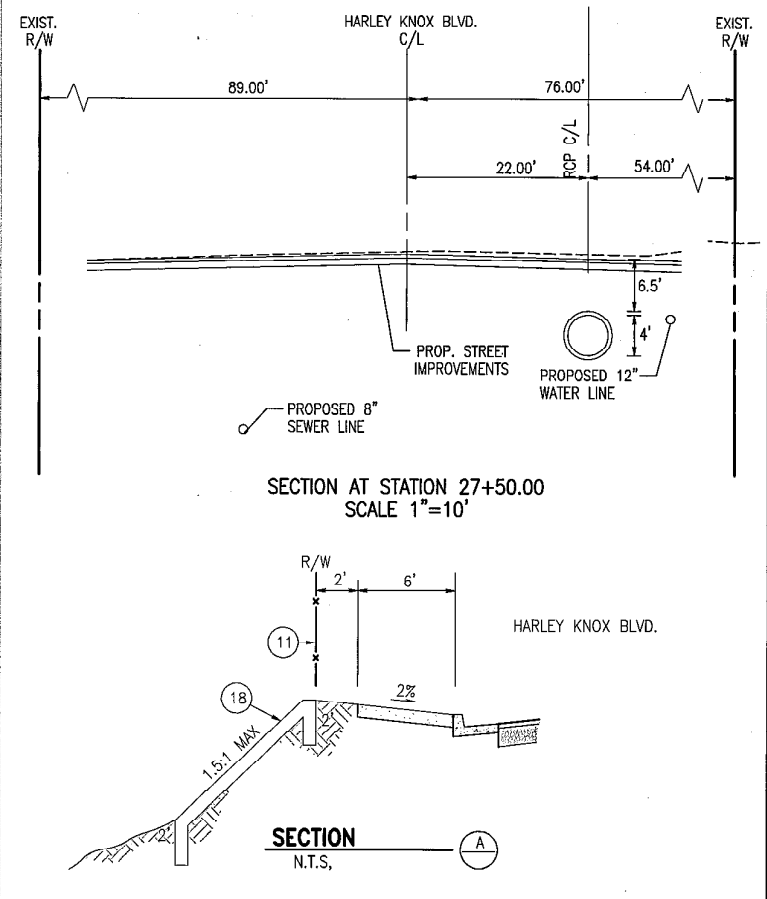
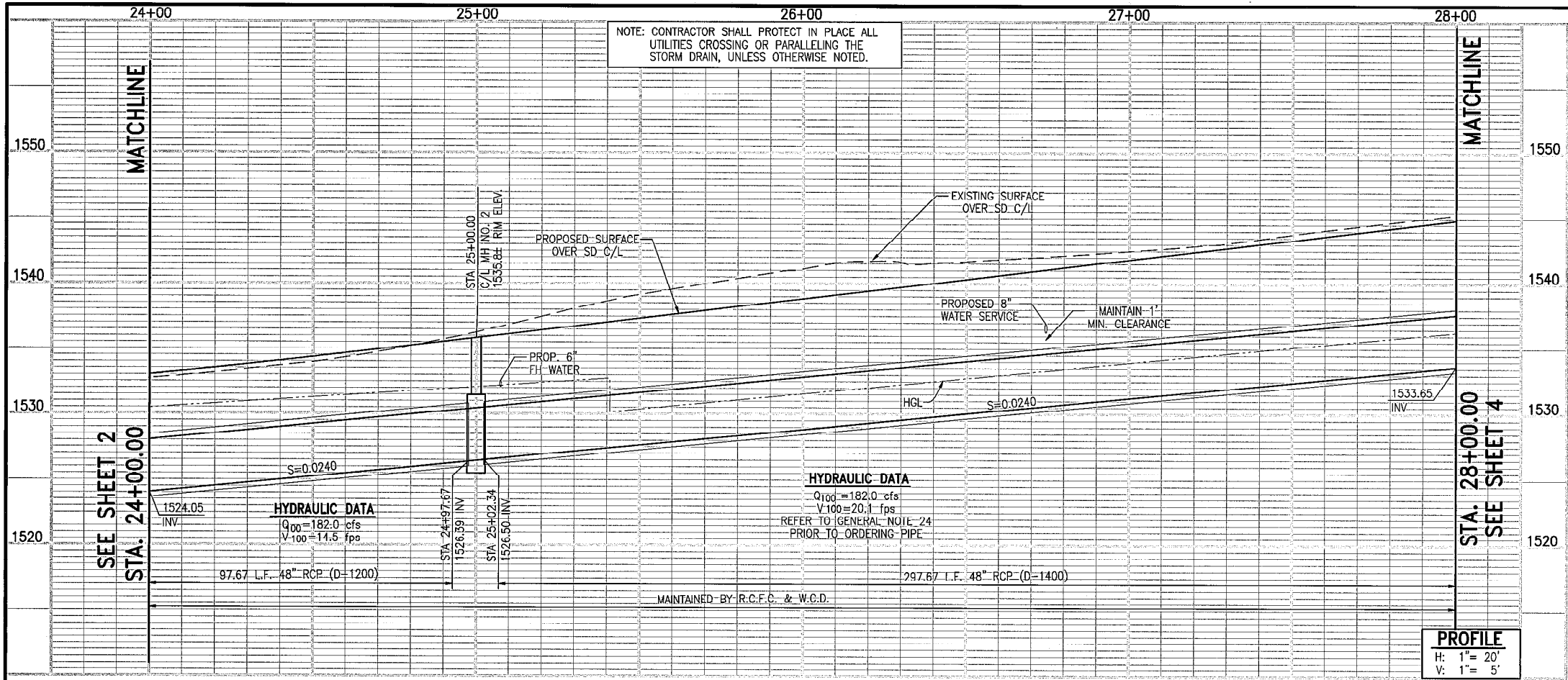
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 4/19/2013

APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 2/19/2013

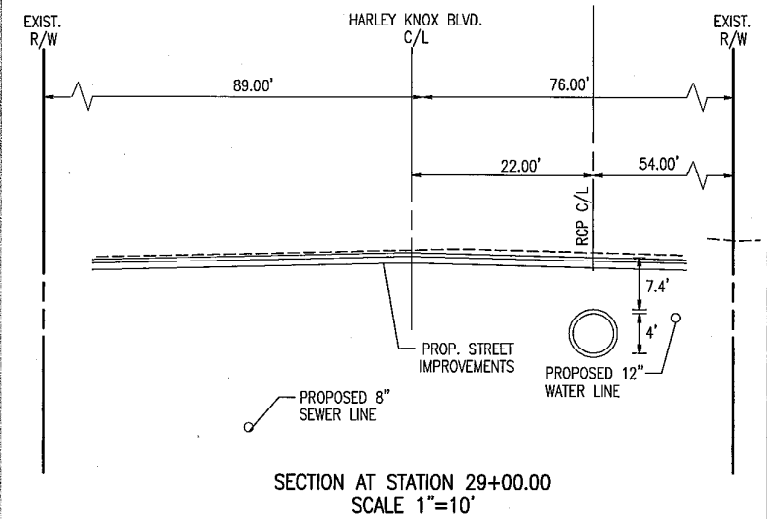
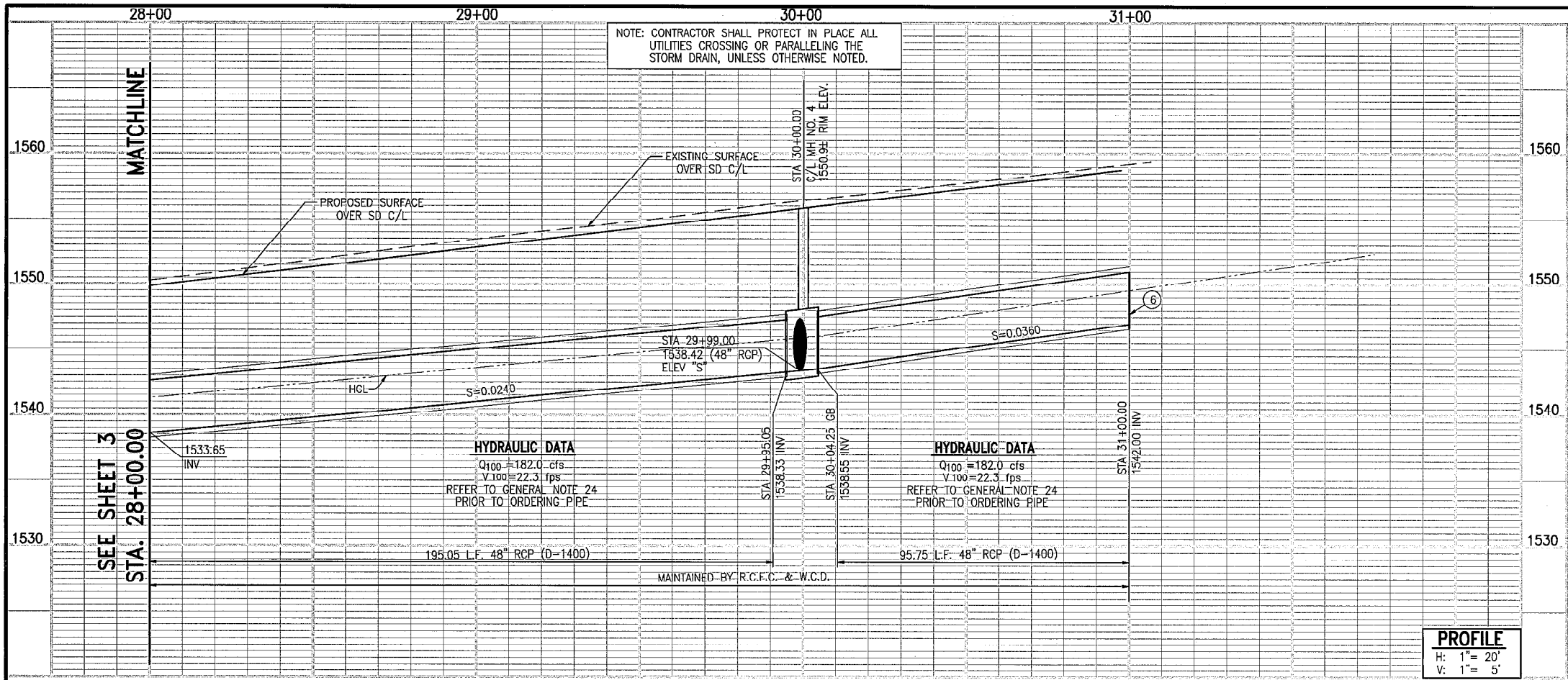
PERRIS VALLEY MDP LATERAL B-8
 STA 20+00.00 TO STA. 24+00.00

PROJECT NO. 4-0-00457
 DRAWING NO. 4-1060
 SHEET NO. 2 OF 7

CA 201111-0541/06 & PROJ/Design/11-005450.dwg, 1/29/2013

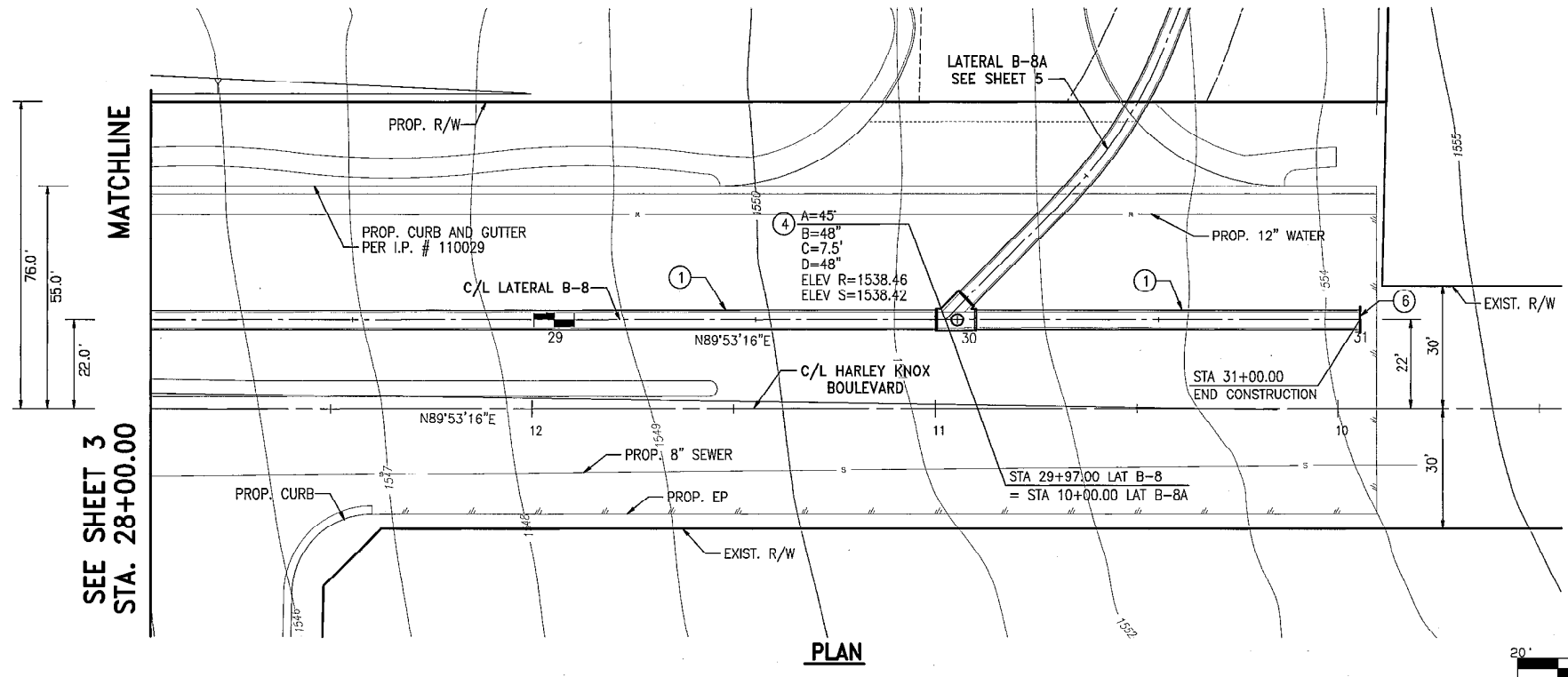


	ALBERT A. WEBB CIVIL ENGINEERS 3788 McCRAY ST. RIVERSIDE, CA. 92506 PH: (951) 686-1070 FAX: (951) 788-1256	Don't Dig...Until You Call U.S.A. Toll Free 1-800-227-2600 for the location of buried utility lines. Don't disrupt vital services. TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG	BENCH MARK: RIVERSIDE COUNTY B.M. 600-40-68 ALUMINUM DISK ON CONCRETE FROM THIENES ENGINEERING ALTA ELEV. 1505.08' DATUM: NGVD 1929 +2.513' FOR NGVD 1988	REVISIONS <table border="1"> <tr><th>NO.</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>APPR.</th><th>DATE</th></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>	NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE					RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY: [Signature] APPROVED BY: [Signature] DATE: 2/19/2013 DATE: 2/19/2013	PERRIS VALLEY MDP LATERAL B-8 STA 24+00.00 TO STA. 28+00.00	PROJECT NO. 4-0-00457 DRAWING NO. 4-1060 SHEET NO. 3 OF 7
	NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE											
PREPARED BY: [Signature] DATE: 1/29/13 R.C.E. NO. C44762	FROM THIENES ENGINEERING ALTA	DATE: 2/19/2013	DATE: 2/19/2013	SHEET NO. 3 OF 7											



- CONSTRUCTION NOTES**
- ① CONSTRUCT 48" RCP (D-LOAD PER PROFILE)
 - ④ CONSTRUCT MANHOLE No.4 PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. MH254
 - ⑥ CONSTRUCT CONCRETE BULKHEAD PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. M816

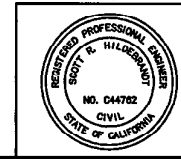
PROFILE
H: 1" = 20'
V: 1" = 5'



PLAN

RECORD DRAWINGS

APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*
DATE: 4/3/14



ALBERT A. WEBB
CIVIL ENGINEERS
3788 McCray St.
Riverside CA, 92506
PH: (951) 686-1070
FAX: (951) 788-1256
PREPARED BY: *[Signature]*
DATE: 1/29/13
R.C.E. NO. C44782

Don't Dig...Until You Call U.S.A. Toll Free
1-800-227-2600
for the location of buried utility lines.
Don't disrupt vital services.
TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG

BENCH MARK:
RIVERSIDE COUNTY B.M.
600-40-08
ALUMINUM DISK ON CONCRETE
FROM THENES ENGINEERING ALTA
ELEV. 1505.08'
DATUM: NGVD 1929 +2.513' FOR NGVD 1988

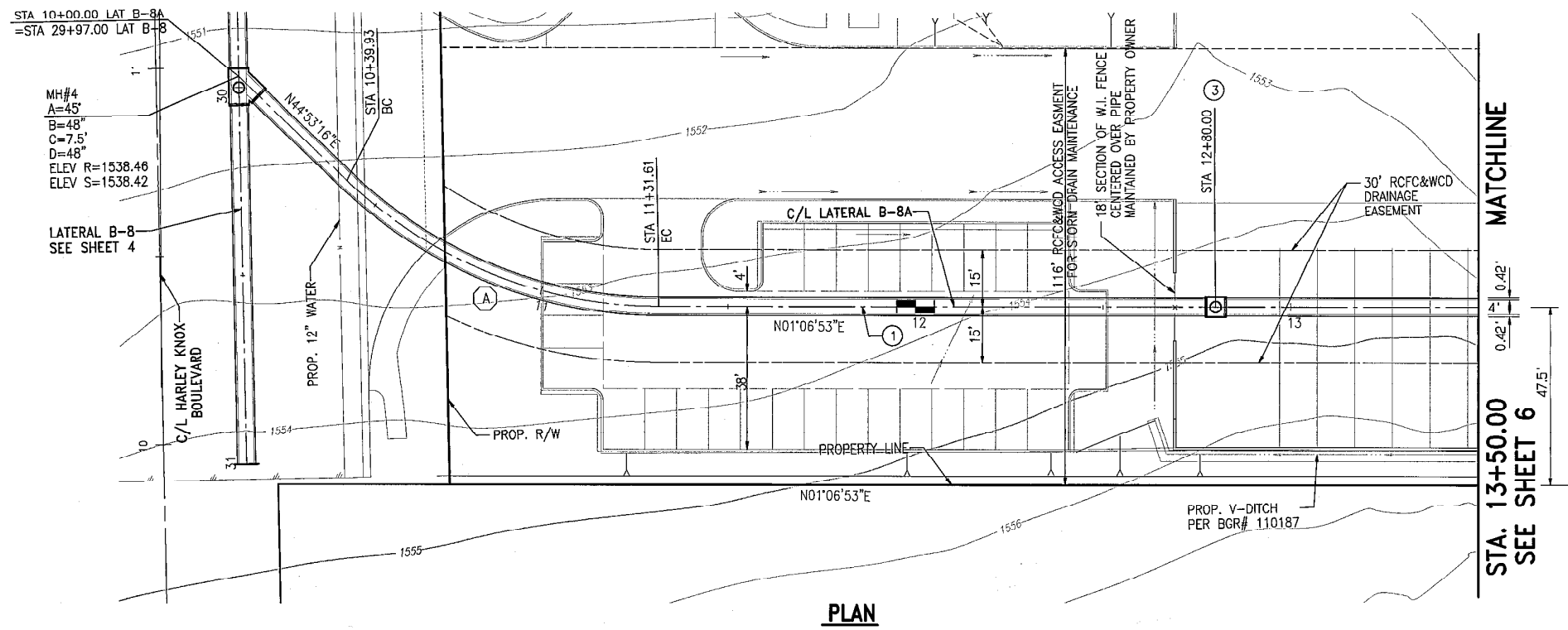
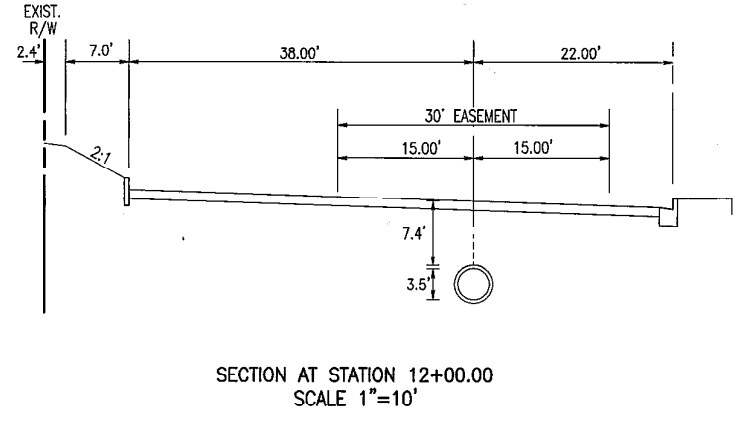
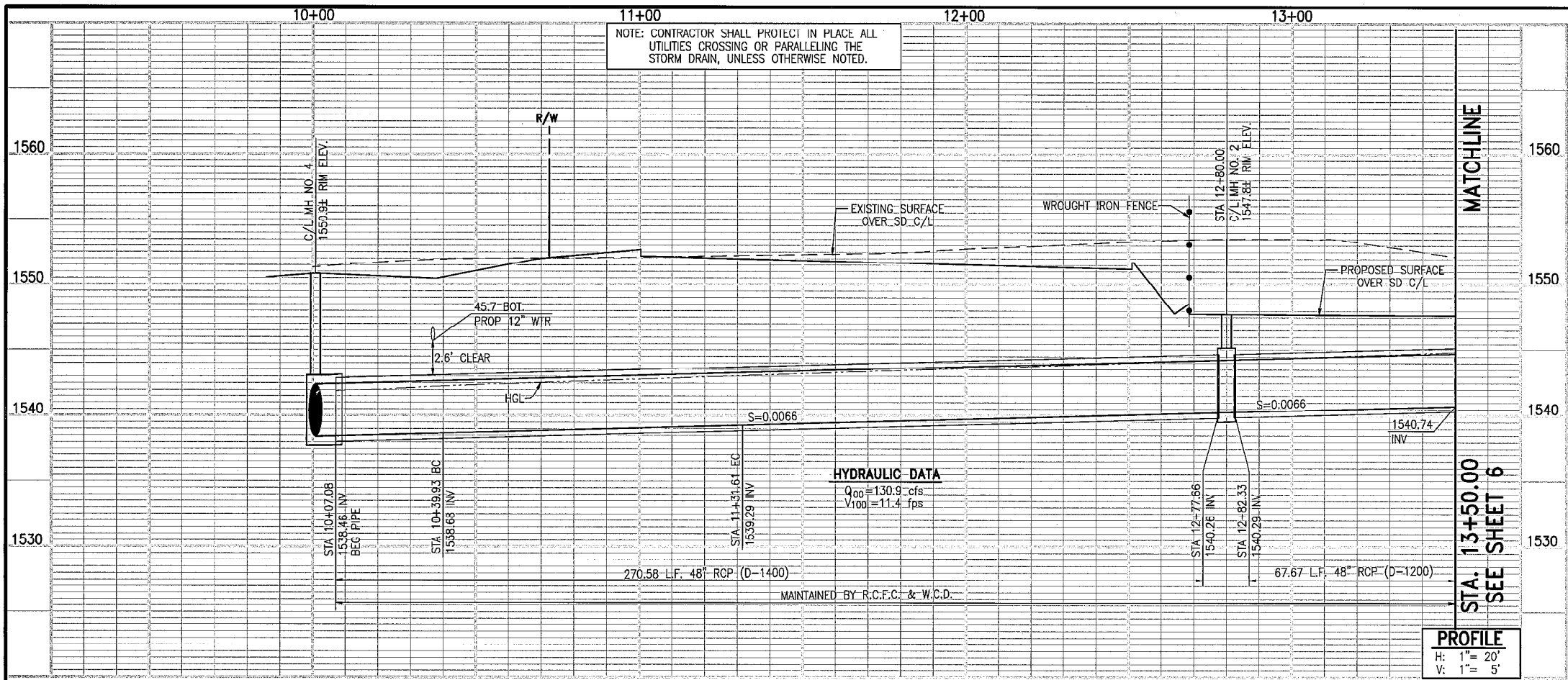
NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
AND
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY: *[Signature]*
DATE: 2/19/2013
APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*
DATE: 2/19/2013

PERRIS VALLEY MDP
LATERAL B-8
STA 28+00.00 TO STA. 31+00.00

PROJECT NO.
4-0-00457
DRAWING NO.
4-1060
SHEET NO.
4 OF **7**

G:\2011\11-0254\DWG & PROJ\Design\11-0254-SD.dwg 1/28/2013



- CONSTRUCTION NOTES**
- ① CONSTRUCT 48" RCP (D-LOAD PER PROFILE)
 - ② CONSTRUCT MANHOLE No.2 PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. MH252

Ⓐ CURVE DATA

A=43'46"23"
 R=60.00'
 L=43.84'
 T=24.10'
 BC=STA 10+08.37
 EC=STA 10+54.21
 PI= N 2258887.37 E 6253073.66

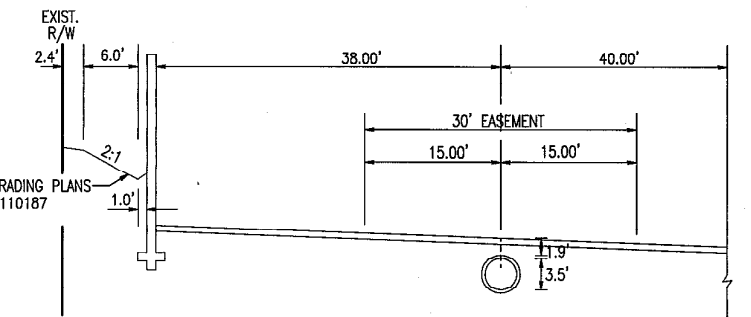
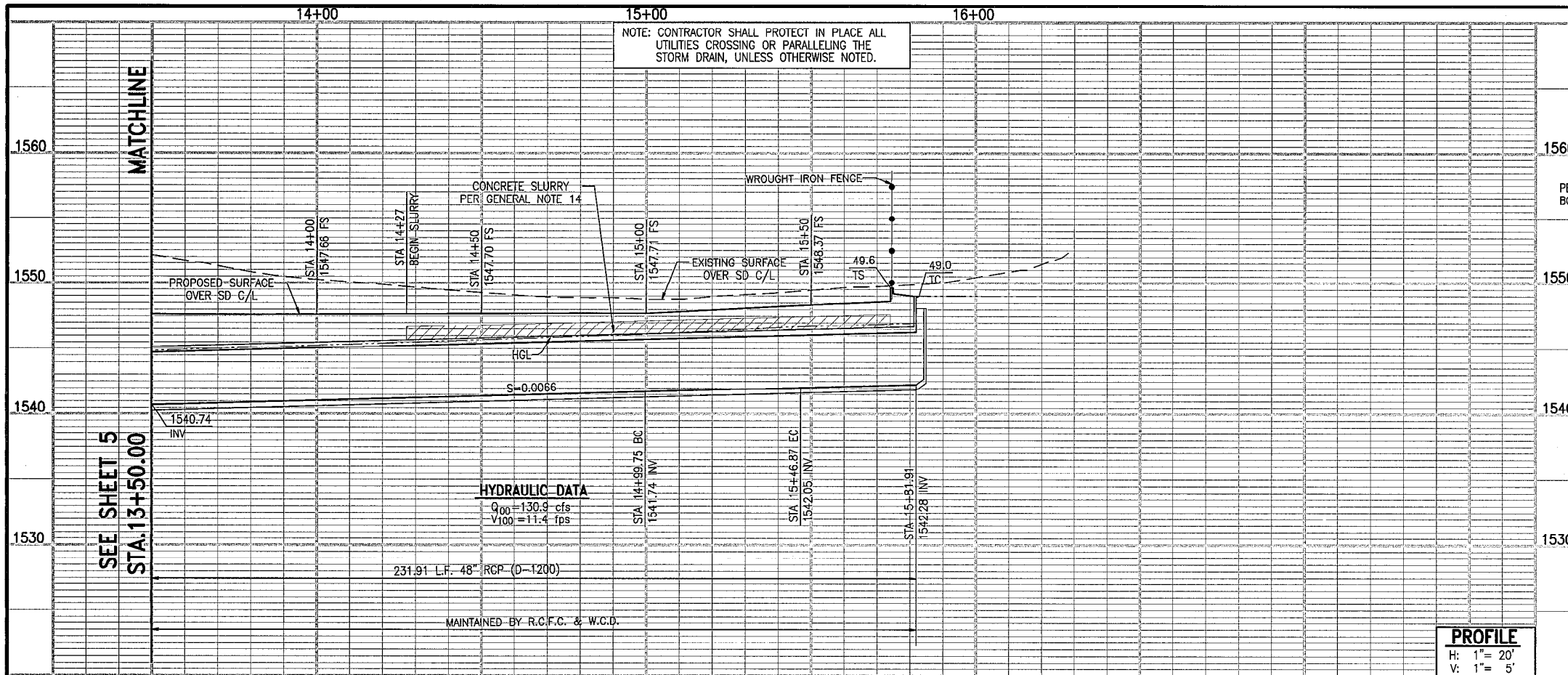
RECORD DRAWINGS

APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*

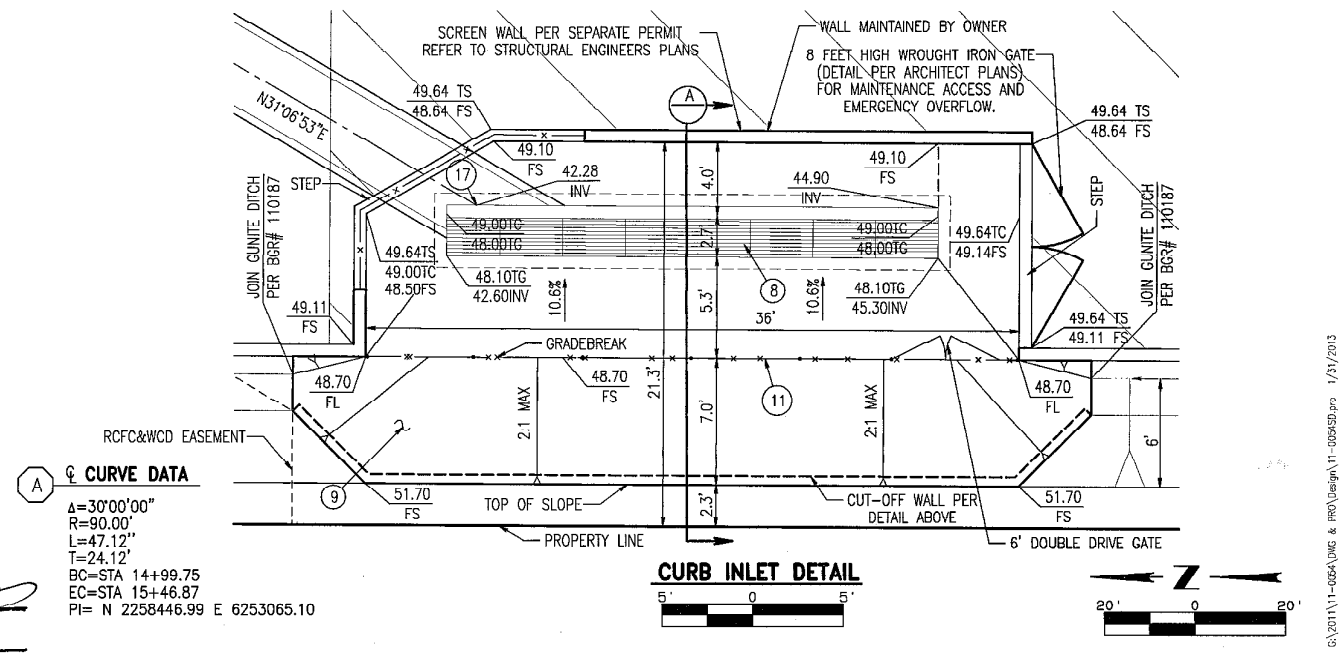
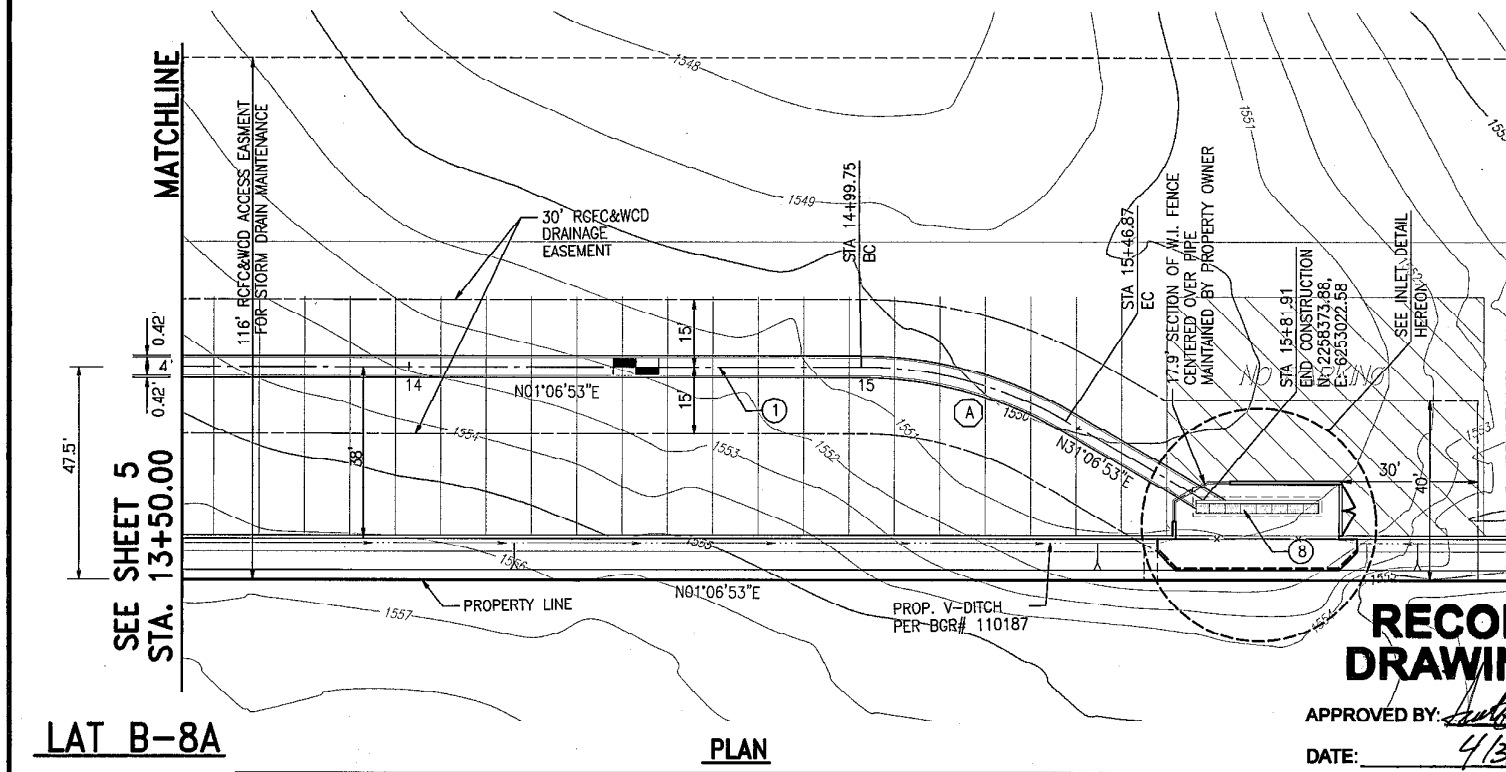
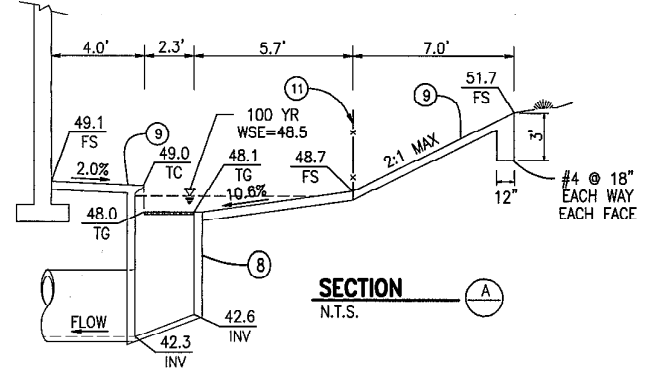
DATE: *2/19/2019*

20' 0 20'

	ALBERT A. WEBB CIVIL ENGINEERS 3788 McCRAY ST. RIVERSIDE, CA. 92506 PH: (951) 686-1070 FAX: (951) 788-1256	Don't Dig...Until You Call U.S.A. Toll Free 1-800-227-2600 for the location of buried utility lines. Don't disrupt vital services. TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG	BENCH MARK: RIVERSIDE COUNTY B.M. 600-40-68 ALUMINUM DISK ON CONCRETE FROM THIENES ENGINEERING ALTA ELEV. 1505.08' DATUM: NGVD 1929 +2.513' FOR NGVD 1988	REVISIONS <table border="1"> <tr><th>REF.</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>APPR.</th><th>DATE</th></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>	REF.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE					RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: <i>2/19/2019</i> APPROVED BY: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: <i>2/19/2019</i>	PERRIS VALLEY LATERAL B-8A STA 10+00.00 TO STA. 13+50.00	PROJECT NO. 4-0-00458 DRAWING NO. 4-1060 SHEET NO. 5 OF 7
	REF.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE											
PREPARED BY: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: <i>2/13</i> R.C.E. NO. C44782															



- CONSTRUCTION NOTES**
- ① CONSTRUCT 48" RCP (D-LOAD PER PROFILE)
 - ② CONSTRUCT CATCH BASIN #4 PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. CB101 (W=27.08', V=6.72') WITH 8 STEEL BAR GRATES TYPE 24-9 PER CALTRANS STD. D77A OR APPROVED EQUAL
 - ③ INSTALL 6" CONCRETE WITH #4 @ 18" BOTH WAYS REINFORCEMENT
 - ④ INSTALL CHAINLINK FENCE PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. M801 MODIFIED TO PROVIDE POST 6' O.C.
 - ⑤ CONSTRUCT CORNER CONNECTION TO CATCH BASIN PER RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. CB109



Q CURVE DATA

Δ=30'00"00"
 R=90.00'
 L=47.12'
 T=24.12'
 BC=STA 14+99.75
 EC=STA 15+46.87
 PI= N 2258446.99 E 6253065.10

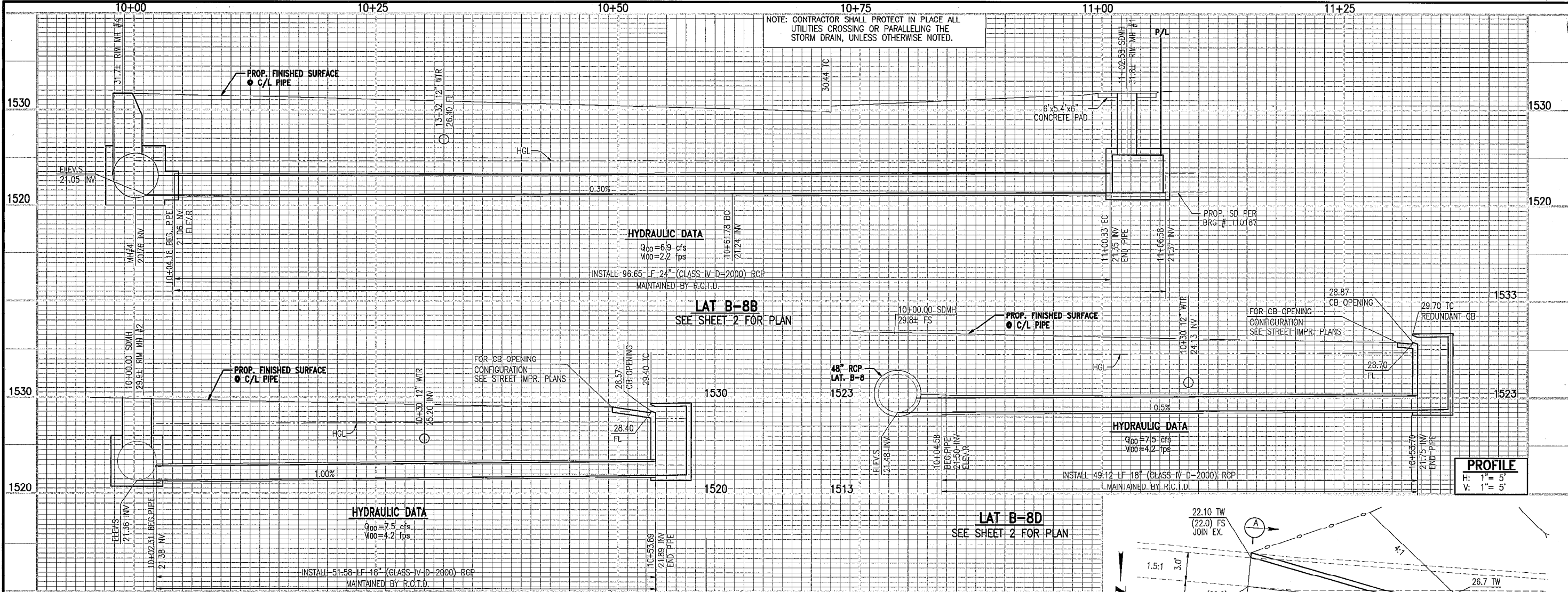
RECORD DRAWINGS

APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*

DATE: 4/3/14

LAT B-8A

	ALBERT A. WEBB CIVIL ENGINEERS 3788 McCRAV ST. RIVERSIDE CA. 92506 PH: (951) 686-1070 FAX: (951) 788-1256	Don't Dig...Until You Call U.S.A. Toll Free 1-800-227-2600 for the location of buried utility lines. Don't disrupt vital services. TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG	BENCH MARK: RIVERSIDE COUNTY B.M. 600-40-68 ALUMINUM DISK ON CONCRETE FROM THIENES ENGINEERING ALTA ELEV. 1505.08' DATUM: NGVD 1929 +2.513' FOR NGVD 1988	REVISIONS <table border="1"> <tr><th>NO.</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>APPR.</th><th>DATE</th></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>	NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE					RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: 2/19/2013	APPROVED BY: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: 2/19/2013	PROJECT NO. 4-0-00458 DRAWING NO. 4-1060 SHEET NO. 6 OF 7
	NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE											
PREPARED BY: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: 1/31/13	R.C.E. NO. C44762	STA 13+50.00 TO STA. 15+83.57	STA 13+50.00 TO STA. 15+83.57												



NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT IN PLACE ALL UTILITIES CROSSING OR PARALLELING THE STORM DRAIN, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

HYDRAULIC DATA
 Q₀₀ = 6.9 cfs
 V₀₀ = 2.2 fps

INSTALL 96.65 LF 24" (CLASS IV D-2000) RCP
 MAINTAINED BY R.C.T.D.

LAT B-8B
 SEE SHEET 2 FOR PLAN

HYDRAULIC DATA
 Q₀₀ = 7.5 cfs
 V₀₀ = 4.2 fps

INSTALL 49.12 LF 18" (CLASS IV D-2000) RCP
 MAINTAINED BY R.C.T.D.

LAT B-8D
 SEE SHEET 2 FOR PLAN

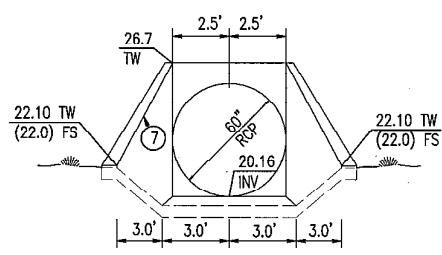
HYDRAULIC DATA
 Q₀₀ = 7.5 cfs
 V₀₀ = 4.2 fps

INSTALL 51.58 LF 18" (CLASS IV D-2000) RCP
 MAINTAINED BY R.C.T.D.

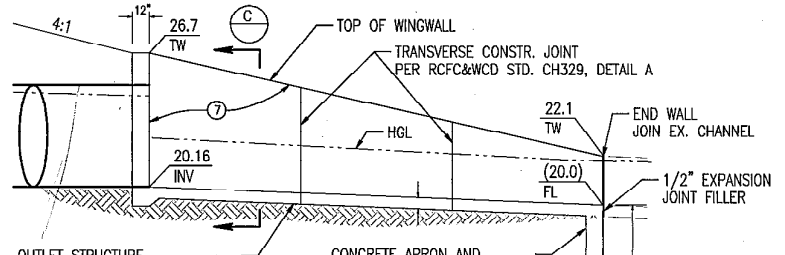
LAT B-8C
 SEE SHEET 2 FOR PLAN

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

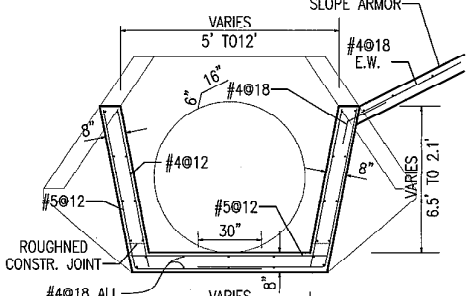
7 CONSTRUCT HEADWALL AND WARPED WINGWALLS PER CALTRANS STD. D86B AND DETAILS HEREON. WARPED WINGWALL THICKNESS AND REINFORCEMENT PER SECTION "C"



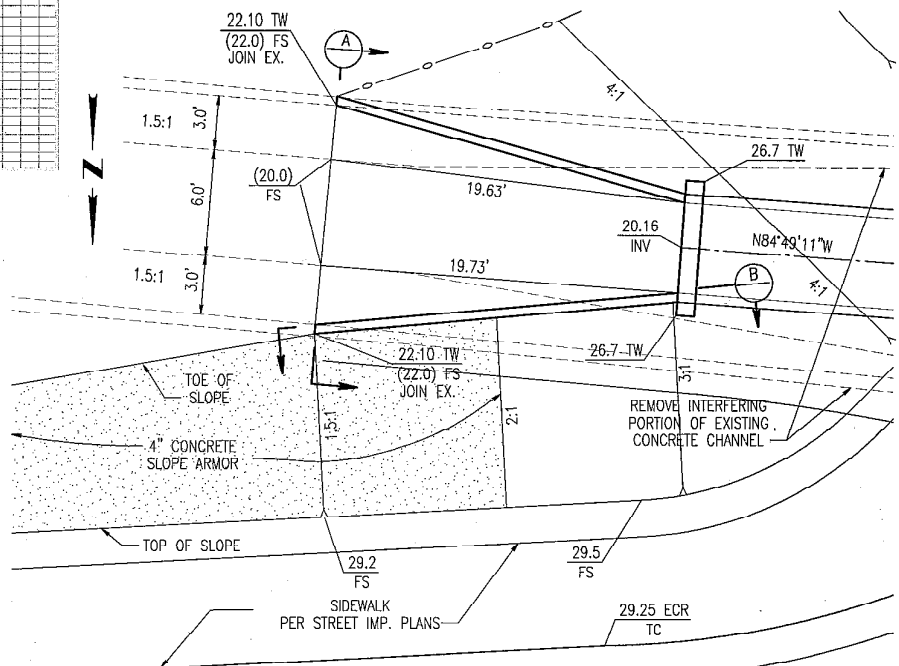
SECTION A
 N.T.S.



SECTION B
 N.T.S.



SECTION C
 N.T.S.



CONNECTION DETAIL

RECORD DRAWINGS

APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 4/13/14

PLAN CHECK OVERSIGHT ENGINEER: *Alan Franz*
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 45702
 DATE SIGNED: 2-13-13

APPROVED AS TO CONFORMANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



ALBERT A. WEBB
 CIVIL ENGINEERS
 3788 McCRA Y ST.
 RIVERSIDE, CA 92506
 PH: (951) 686-1070
 FAX: (951) 788-1256
 PREPARED BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 1/21/13
 R.C.E. NO. C44782

Don't Dig...Until You Call U.S.A. Toll Free
 1-800-227-2600
 for the location of buried utility lines.
 Don't disrupt vital services.
 TWO WORKING DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG

BENCH MARK:
 RIV. CO. BM# "600-40-68"
 ALUM. DISK ON CONC.
 ELEV. = 1505.08'
 DATUM: 1929
 ELEV. 647.374

REF.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE

RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT
 RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 2/15/2013
 APPROVED BY: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 2/19/2013

PERRIS VALLEY MDP
LATERAL B-8
 LATERAL PROFILES

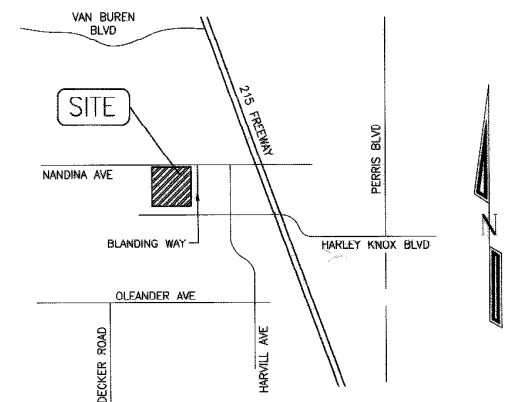
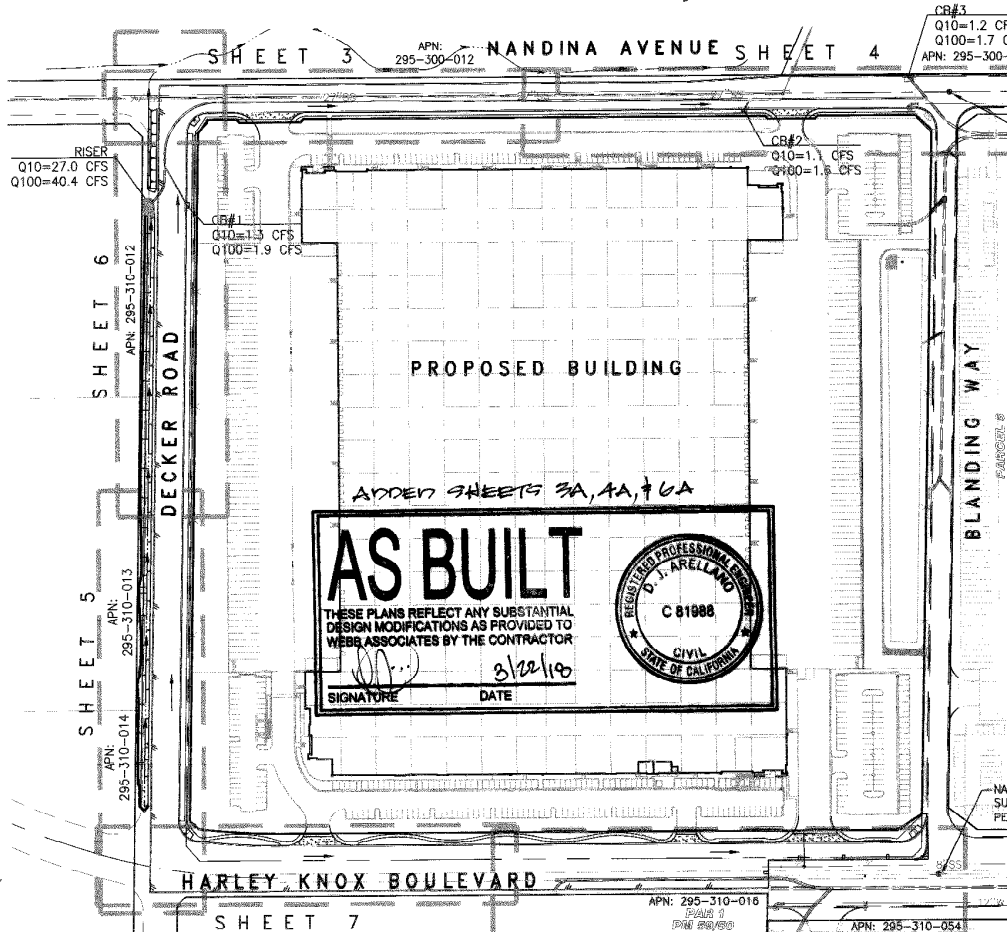
PROJECT NO. 4-0-00457
 DRAWING NO. 4-1060
 SHEET NO. 7 OF 7

© 2013/11-005A DWG & PRO.DWG \11-005-682.pro 1/28/2013

GENERAL NOTES

- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER/OWNER CONTRACTOR TO APPLY TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT, PERMIT SECTION, FOR AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED WITHIN PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, DEDICATED AND ACCEPTED FOR PUBLIC USE, AND TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SATISFACTORY COMPLIANCE FOR ALL CURRENT ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS DURING THE LIFE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES FOR THIS PROJECT, ADDITIONAL STUDIES AND/OR PERMITS MAY BE REQUIRED.
- THE CONTRACTOR/DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CLEARING OF THE WORK AREA, AND RELOCATION COSTS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES. THIS INCLUDES UNDERGROUNDING OF EXISTING OVERHEAD LINES ALONG THE PROJECT FRONTAGE AS REQUIRED BY THE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL. PERMITEE MUST INFORM COUNTY OF CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION. PHONE: (951) 955-6790.
- THE DEVELOPER WILL INSTALL STREET NAME SIGNS CONFORMING TO COUNTY STANDARD NO. 1220 AND 1221.
- ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, LATEST EDITION, COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 461 AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS.
- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER TO NOTIFY THE ENGINEER TO INSTALL STREET CENTERLINE MONUMENTS AS REQUIRED BY RIVERSIDE COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 461. IF CONSTRUCTION CENTERLINE DIFFERS, PROVIDE A TIE TO EXISTING CENTERLINE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY. PRIOR TO ROAD CONSTRUCTION, SURVEY MONUMENTS INCLUDING CENTERLINE MONUMENTS, TIE POINTS, PROPERTY CORNERS AND BENCH MARKS SHALL BE REFERENCED OUT AND CORNER RECORDS FILED WITH THE COUNTY SURVEYOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 8771 OF THE BUSINESS & PROFESSIONAL CODE. SURVEY POINTS DESTROYED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RESET, AND A SECOND CORNER RECORD FILED FOR THOSE POINTS PRIOR TO COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE IMPROVEMENTS.
- ALL UNDERGROUND FACILITIES, WITH LATERALS, SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO PAVING THE STREET, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING: SEWER, WATER, ELECTRIC, GAS, STORM DRAINS.
- CURB DEPRESSIONS AND DRIVEWAY APPROACHES WILL BE INSTALLED AND CONSTRUCTED ACCORDING TO COUNTY STANDARD NO. 207A, AS DIRECTED IN THE FIELD.
- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER OR CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL AND MAINTAIN ALL CONSTRUCTION, REGULATORY, GUIDE AND WARNING SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS AND ITS SURROUNDINGS TO PROVIDE SAFE PASSAGE FOR THE TRAVELING PUBLIC AND WORKERS UNTIL THE FINAL COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT BY THE COUNTY. A TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW TO THE PERMITS SECTION OR INSPECTION SECTION (FOR MAP CASES) PRIOR TO OBTAINING AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT.
- ALL STREET SECTIONS ARE TENTATIVE. ADDITIONAL SOIL TESTS MAY BE TAKEN BY THE COUNTY AFTER ROUGH GRADING TO DETERMINE THE EXACT STREET SECTION REQUIREMENTS. USE STANDARD NO. 401 IF EXPANSIVE SOILS ARE ENCOUNTERED.
- ASPHALTIC EMULSION (FOG SEAL) SHALL BE APPLIED NOT LESS THAN FOURTEEN DAYS FOLLOWING PLACEMENT OF THE ASPHALT SURFACING. FOG SEAL AND PAINT BINDER SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 0.05 AND 0.03 GALLON PER SQUARE YARD RESPECTIVELY. ASPHALTIC EMULSION SHALL CONFORM TO SECTION 37, 39 AND 94 OF THE STATE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
- PRIME COAT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO PAVING ON ALL GRADES IN EXCESS OF TEN PERCENT.
- INSTALL STREET TREES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ORDINANCE NO. 461 AND THE COMPREHENSIVE LANDSCAPING GUIDELINES (SEE SEPARATE LANDSCAPE PLANS).
- STREET LIGHTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED STREET LIGHTING PLAN.
- AS DETERMINED BY THE TRANSPORTATION DIRECTOR, THE DEVELOPER IS RESPONSIBLE AS A MINIMUM FOR ROAD IMPROVEMENTS TO CENTERLINE, AND MAY BE REQUIRED TO RECONSTRUCT EXISTING PAVEMENT, INCLUDING BASE, AND MATCHING OVERLAY REQUIRED TO MEET THE STRUCTURAL STANDARDS FOR THE CURRENT ASSIGNED TRAFFIC INDEX.
- ONLY LANDSCAPING CONSISTING OF GRASS AND PARKWAY TREES MAY BE INSTALLED WITHIN PARKWAYS ON LOCAL RESIDENTIAL STREETS WITHOUT SEPARATE LANDSCAPE PLANS. ALL OTHER TYPES OF LANDSCAPING IN THESE AREAS, AND ALL LANDSCAPING ON ALL OTHER STREETS, SHALL REQUIRE SEPARATE LANDSCAPE PLANS. ALL LANDSCAPING ENCROACHMENTS SHALL CONFORM TO RIVERSIDE COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE LANDSCAPING GUIDELINES DATED OCTOBER 2009.
- ANY PRIVATE DRAINAGE FACILITIES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY. BY SIGNING THESE IMPROVEMENT PLANS, NO REVIEW OR APPROVAL OF THOSE PRIVATE FACILITIES IS IMPLIED OR INTENDED BY THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT.
- a. CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS MUST OBTAIN A NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT. OWNERS/DEVELOPERS ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) WITH THE STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD (SWRCB), PREPARE A STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) AND MONITORING PLAN FOR THE SITE.
b. PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION, THE DEVELOPER SHALL PROVIDE THE COUNTY A COPY OF THE NOI WITH A VALID WQID NUMBER.
- THE DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ADDITIONAL SIGNS AND MARKINGS NOT INCLUDED IN THE SIGNING AND STRIPING PLAN WITHIN THE PROJECT AREAS, OR ON ROADWAYS ADJACENT TO THE PROJECT BOUNDARIES, UPON THE REQUEST OF THE DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION OR HIS DESIGNEE TO IMPROVE TRAFFIC SAFETY ON THE ROADS UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE DEVELOPER.
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN PIPES / CULVERTS (WHETHER TO BE CONNECTED TO, EXTENDED, ADJUSTED, DRAINED TO, OR JUST IN THE PROJECT VICINITY) MUST BE REPAIRED, AND/OR CLEANED TO MAKE THEM FUNCTIONAL AND ACCEPTABLE AS DIRECTED BY THE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT.
- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER/CONTRACTOR TO APPLY TO RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL (RCFC) FOR PERMITS WHEN ANY STORM DRAIN PIPE NEEDS TO BE CONNECTED WITH A RCFC FACILITY AND ADD PERMIT # _____ ON THE PLAN.
- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER OR CONTRACTOR TO APPLY TO THE CITY AND OR CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CALTRANS) FOR AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED WITHIN THEIR RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- FOR ALL DRIVEWAY RECONSTRUCTION BEYOND RIGHT-OF-WAY, PROOF OF DRIVEWAY OWNER NOTIFICATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- BEDDING PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO RCFC&WCD STD. DWG. MB15, EXCEPT FOR COVER <2 FEET. FOR COVER <2 FEET, CONCRETE SLURRY (2000 PSI-2 SACK) SHALL BE USED. THE ENTIRE TRENCH SHALL BE SLURRY EXTENDING 4 INCHES MINIMUM AND 12 INCHES MAXIMUM ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE.
- ALL CATCH BASINS SHALL BE STENCILED WITH "NO DUMPING - ONLY RAIN IN THE DRAIN" PER R.C.F.C. & W.C.D. STANDARDS.

STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS FOR TCC NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER PLOT PLAN NO. 25954 IN THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA



VICINITY MAP
T35 R4W SEC 35
NOT TO SCALE

CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND QUANTITY ESTIMATE*			
1	CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.53' AC OVER 0.5' AB CLASS II	(86,970 SF)	3,320 TONS CY
2	CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.43' AC OVER 0.50' AB CLASS II	(57,850 SF)	1,790 TONS CY
3	CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.39' AC OVER 0.50' AB CLASS II	(59,060 SF)	1,660 TONS CY
4	LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK	-	-
5	CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-8" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 201		1,300 LF
6	CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-6" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 200		3,760 LF
7	CONSTRUCT CONCRETE APRON AND TRANSITION PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10		330 SF
8	CONSTRUCT CONCRETE PIPE INLET TYPE GCP PER CALTRANS STD D758 MODIFIED TO 48" RISER PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10		1 EA
9	CONSTRUCT 1.0' CLASS II AB @ EP PER TYP. EDGE OF PAVEMENT DETAIL ON SHEET 2		80 CY
10	SAWCUT & JOIN EX. AC PAVEMENT PER DETAIL ON SHEET 2		450 LF
11	CONSTRUCT CURB RAMP CASE "A" OR "B" (MODIFIED) PER. RIV. CO. STD. NO. 403		3 EA
12	CONSTRUCT 6" SIDEWALK AT CURB PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 401		132,000 SF
13	CONSTRUCT 5" MEANDERING SIDEWALK PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 404		27,500 SF
14	CONSTRUCT COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAY APPROACH PER RIV. CO. STD. 207A		5 EA 6,000 SF
15	REMOVE EX. AC PAVEMENT		50 SY
16	SAWCUT & REMOVE EX. CURB & GUTTER		160 LF
17	ADJUST TO GRADE		1 EA
18	PROTECT IN PLACE		1 EA
19	CONSTRUCT CONCRETE COLLAR PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. M803		1 EA
20	CONSTRUCT CURB INLET CATCH BASIN WITH FOSSIL FILTER AND LOCAL DEPRESSION PER RIV. CO. STD. 300, 300A, & 311. USE SPECIAL CONNECTIONS PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. CB109 FOR CORNER CONNECTIONS		3 EA
21	CONSTRUCT 3" AC PAVEMENT 1 INFD V-DITCH	(12,125 SF)	220 TONS CY
40	INSTALL 18" RCP STORM DRAIN (D-LOAD PER PLAN)		65 LF
41	INSTALL 30" RCP STORM DRAIN (D-LOAD PER PLAN)		1,500 LF
42	INSTALL 36" RCP STORM DRAIN (D-LOAD PER PLAN)		15 LF
43	CONSTRUCT MANHOLE NO. 4 PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. MH254		1 EA
44	CONSTRUCT MANHOLE NO. 1 PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. MH251		4 EA
45	DEMOLISH EXISTING CATCH BASIN		1 EA

*THE QUANTITY ESTIMATE SHOWN HEREON IS FOR THE USE OF GOVERNING AGENCIES IN DETERMINING BOND AMOUNT AND/OR FEES AND IS NOT TO BE USED FOR BID PURPOSES.

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES NOTE

ALL UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES OR UTILITIES REPORTED BY THE OWNER OR OTHERS AND THOSE SHOWN ON THE RECORDS EXAMINED ARE INDICATED WITH THEIR APPROXIMATE LOCATION AND EXTENT.

THE OWNER, BY ACCEPTING THESE PLANS OR PROCEEDING WITH THE IMPROVEMENTS PURSUANT THERETO AGREES TO ASSUME LIABILITY AND TO HOLD THE UNDERSIGNED HARMLESS FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE EXISTENCE OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES NOT REPORTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED, NOT INDICATED ON THE PUBLIC RECORDS EXAMINED, LOCATED AT VARIANCE WITH THAT REPORTED OR SHOWN ON THE RECORDS EXAMINED.

THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO TAKE DUE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO PROTECT THE UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES SHOWN AND ANY OTHER UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES FOUND AT THE SITE. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO NOTIFY THE OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES OR STRUCTURES CONCERNED BEFORE STARTING WORK.

CALL UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT (U.S.A.) 1-800-227-2600 AT LEAST 2 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION.

UTILITY COMPANIES

- WATER: EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT
- SEWER: EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT
- ELECTRIC: SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON
- TELEPHONE: VERIZON
- GAS: SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY

GEOTECHNICAL

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT BY: MATRIX GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTING INC.
PROJECT NO.: M1103-006
PRELIMINARY R-VALUE: 29
DATED: 01-21-2016

ENGINEER OF RECORD NOTE

WEBB ASSOCIATES WAS RETAINED AS THE ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND PROCESSING OF THESE PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES. SAID PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNING AGENCY TO BE CONSTRUCTIBLE BASED ON LOCAL INDUSTRY STANDARDS. THIS DOES NOT MEAN, HOWEVER, THAT EVERY HORIZONTAL DIMENSION OR VERTICAL ELEVATION NECESSARY FOR CONSTRUCTION IS DELINEATED ON SAID DRAWINGS. ANY PART OF THESE DRAWINGS THAT IS TO BE USED IN STAKING THE PROPERTY HAS BEEN PREPARED BY WEBB WITH THE EXPECTATION AND ASSUMPTION THAT ANY STAKING, WHETHER BY WEBB, OWNER OR A THIRD PARTY, WILL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE SUPERVISION AND CONTROL OF A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR AND WILL INCLUDE ON-SITE INTERPRETATION, VERIFICATION, CROSS-CHECKING AND FIELD CORRECTIONS OF PLANS, DRAWINGS, SURVEY INFORMATION AND ELECTRONIC DATA AT THE TIME OF ACTUAL STAKING OF THE PROPERTY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT HE SHALL ASSUME COMPLETE AND SOLE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY; THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS; AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNER AND ENGINEER HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING FROM LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR ENGINEER.

THE EXISTENCE AND LOCATION OF ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITY PIPES OR STRUCTURES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS WERE OBTAINED BY A SEARCH OF AVAILABLE RECORDS. THESE LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND SHALL BE CONFIRMED IN FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR, SO THAT ANY NECESSARY ADJUSTMENT CAN BE MADE IN ALIGNMENT AND/OR GRADE OF THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO TAKE DUE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO PROTECT ANY UTILITY LINES SHOWN AND ANY OTHER LINES NOT SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.

MAJOR ITEMS TO BE REMOVED HAVE BEEN NOTED ON THESE PLANS, HOWEVER THE CONTRACTOR IS TO WALK THE SITE FOR VERIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL SURFACE FEATURES REQUIRING REMOVAL. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO REMOVE ALL OBJECTS AND MATERIALS (AC, CONCRETE, TREES, BUSHES, FENCING, ETC.) THAT ARE IN CONFLICT WITH THE NEW PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS WHETHER CALLED-OUT OR NOT ON THE PLANS AND DISPOSE OF LEGALLY. CONTRACTOR IS TO BACKFILL ACCORDINGLY AND LEAVE SITE IN A RELATIVELY LEVEL CONDITION.

CASH-IN-LIEU NOTE FOR MEDIAN

AN AMOUNT OF \$ 108,657.42 HAS BEEN PLACED INTO ACCOUNT #20000-3130100000-230106 FOR THE FUTURE CONSTRUCTION OF MEDIAN LOCATED ON HARLEY KNOX BLVD, WHICH IS NOT FEASIBLE TO BUILD AT THIS TIME. RECEIPT NO: 29087-12, DATE: 1-4-17.

INDEX MAP

1"=150'



BASIS OF BEARINGS

THE BASIS OF BEARINGS FOR THIS SURVEY IS THE CALIFORNIA STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, GCS83, ZONE 6, BASED LOCALLY ON CONTROL STATIONS "MFP" AND "PFB" NAD 83 (NRS2007) AS SHOWN HEREON. ALL BEARINGS SHOWN ON THIS MAP ARE GRID. QUOTED BEARINGS AND DISTANCES FROM REFERENCE MAPS OR DEEDS ARE AS SHOWN PER THAT RECORD REFERENCE. ALL DISTANCES SHOWN ARE GROUND DISTANCES UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE. GRID DISTANCES, MAY BE OBTAINED BY MULTIPLYING THE GROUND DISTANCE BY A COMBINATION FACTOR OF 1.00000283. CALCULATIONS ARE MADE AT FOUND MONUMENT LOCATED AT THE CENTERLINE INTERSECTION OF NANDINA AVENUE AND DECKER ROAD WITH COORDINATES OF: N: 2260304.10, E: 6252014.28, USING AN ELEVATION OF 1564.87 (NAVD88).

BENCHMARK

USC & GS BENCHMARKS:
Z 1143 1961 (PID #DX2103) + 3/4" BRASS DISK, SET IN TOP OF A CONCRETE MONUMENT.
STATION IS NEAR THE INTERSECTION OF INTERSTATE 215 AND VAN BUREN BLVD. ABOUT 0.10 MILE N OF AVE. A, ABOUT 0.35 S DIRT PATROL ON THE E SIDE OF ATSF RAILROAD TRACKS, 15 FEET SE OF MILEPOST 11, 183 FEET SE OF A SWITCH STAND, 25 FEET E OF TRACKS, 5.4 FEET W OF 215 FWY RIGHT OF WAY, AND 5 INCHES ABOUT GROUND. MARK IS METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA STANDARD DISK STAMPED Z 1143 1961.
ELEV. = 1535.16, (NAVD 88) NAVD88-2.38=NGVD29

CASH IN-LIEU FOR TRAFFIC SIGNAL

AN AMOUNT OF \$16,200 AND \$13,600 FOR CUMULATIVE IMPACTS TO HARLEY KNOX BLVD. AT THE I-215 SOUTHBOUND RAMP AND I-215 NORTHBOUND RAMP, RESPECTIVELY, HAS BEEN PLACED IN ACCOUNT# 20000-3130100000-230106; RECEIPT NO: 29087-13, 29087-14, DATE: 1-4-17.

RCFC PERMIT NO:

SEAL - ENGINEER



ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
3788 McCRAY STREET
RIVERSIDE CA. 92506
PH. (951) 686-1070
PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: [Signature]
DESIGNED BY: MS. CHECKED BY: [Signature]
R.C.E. NO.: 81988
DATE: 11/11/16
D.J. ARELLANO

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
SCALE: H: AS SHOWN, V: N/A

PP 25954 IP 160028
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
TITLE SHEET
SHEET NO. 1
OF 10 SHEETS
FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964B

REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER
REGISTRATION 45702
DATE SIGNED 1-5-17
APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES
Alan Fland



NOTE:
WORK CONTAINED WITHIN THESE PLANS SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT AND/OR A GRADING PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED.
THE PRIVATE ENGINEER SIGNING THESE PLANS IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSURING THE ACCURACY AND ACCEPTABILITY OF THE DESIGN HEREON. IN THE EVENT OF DISCREPANCIES ARISING AFTER COUNTY APPROVAL OR DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE PRIVATE ENGINEER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING AN ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION AND REVISIONS THE PLANS FOR APPROVAL BY THE COUNTY.

MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS
A	MS	1-4-17	Sheet 3A added

AS-BUILT PLAN
CORRECTIONS NOTED
SIGNATURE: [Signature] 1-5-17

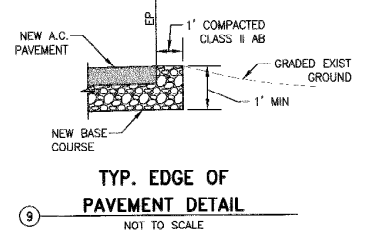
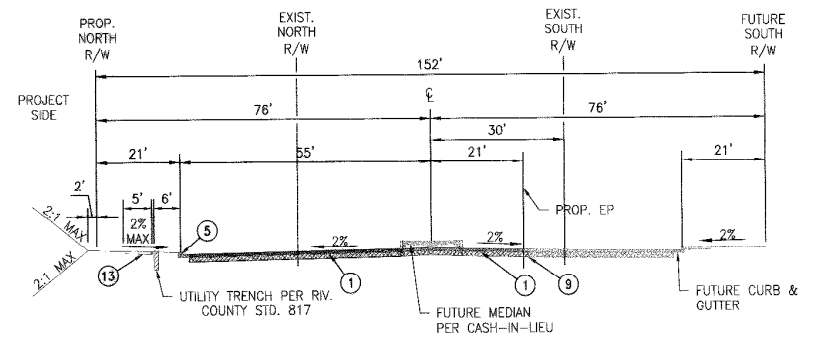
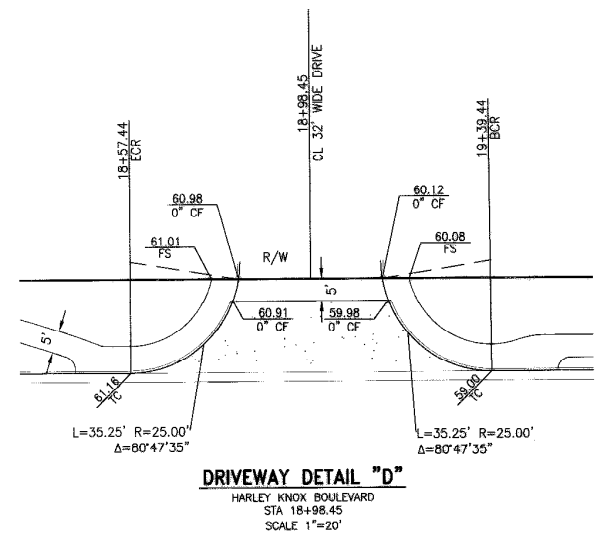
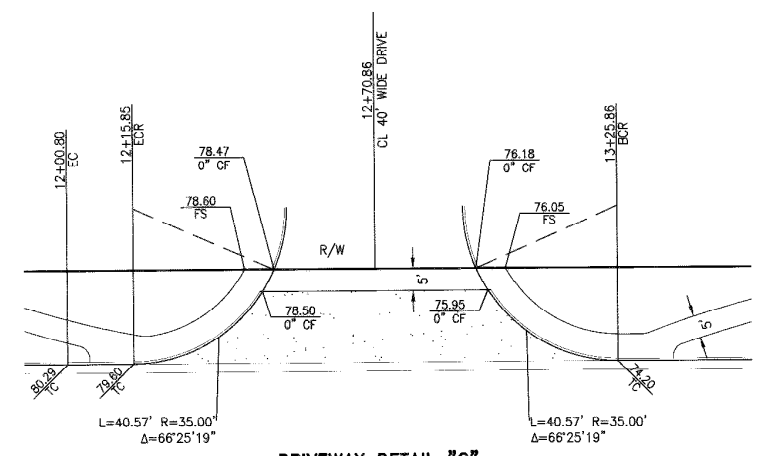
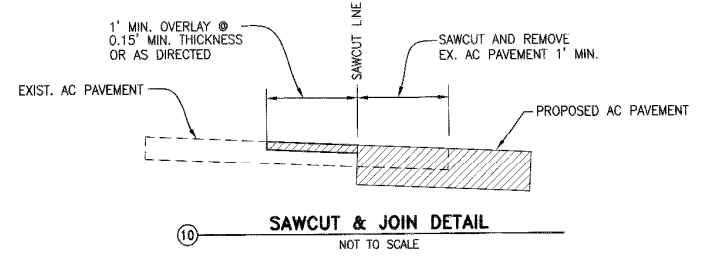
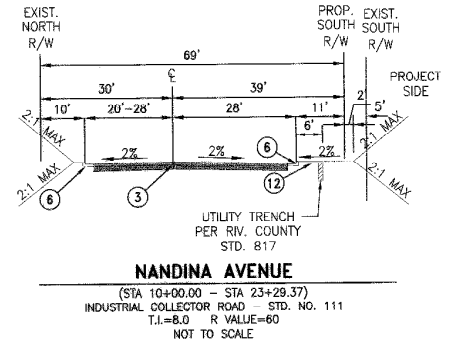
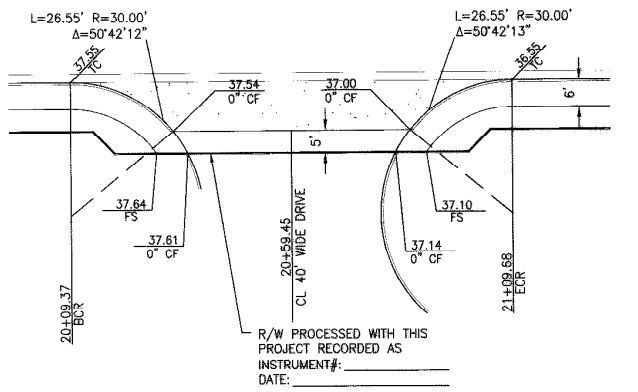
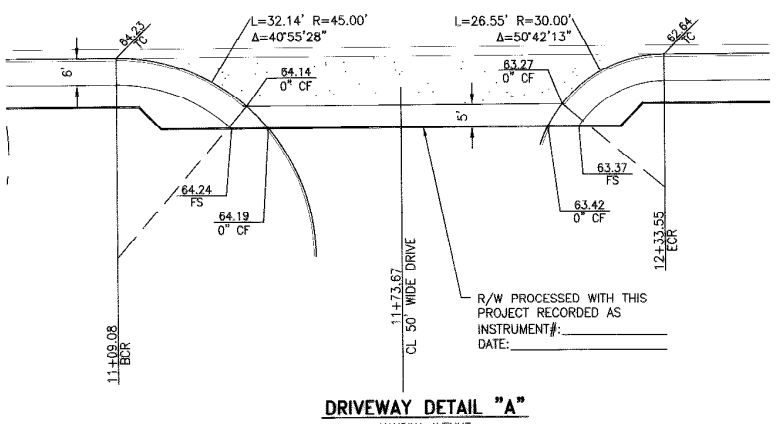
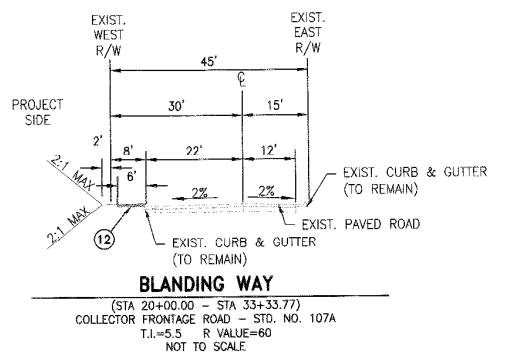
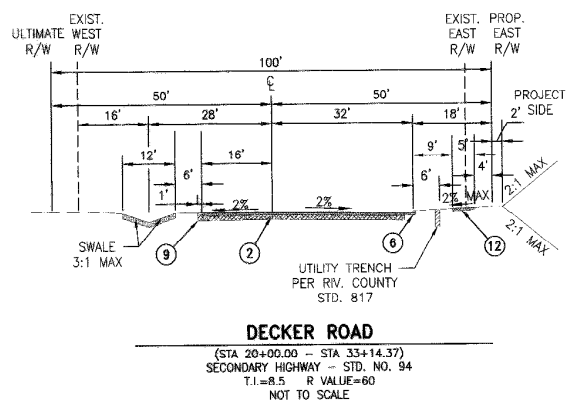
NOTE:
THIS PROJECT IS BONDED AND WILL BE INSPECTED BY COUNTY PERMIT DEPARTMENT

SHEET INDEX

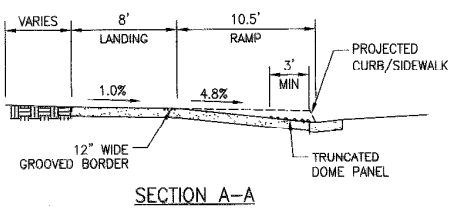
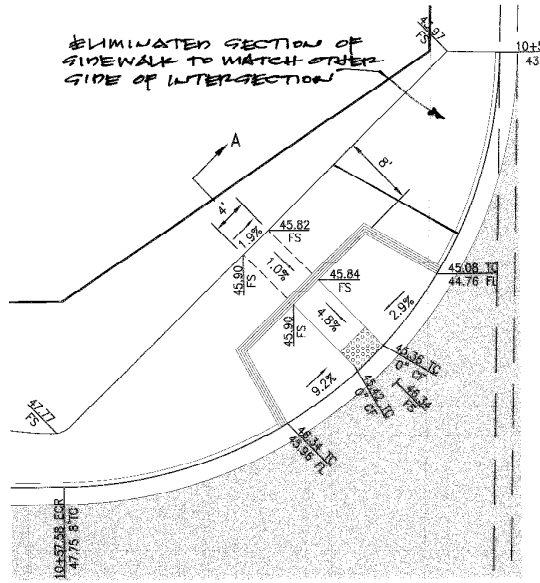
SHEET 1	TITLE SHEET
SHEET 2	STREET SECTIONS & DRIVEWAY DETAILS
SHEET 3-4	PLAN AND PROFILE - NANDINA AVENUE
SHEET 5-6	PLAN AND PROFILE - DECKER ROAD
SHEET 7-8	PLAN AND PROFILE - HARLEY KNOX BLVD
SHEET 9-10	STORM DRAIN PLAN AND PROFILE

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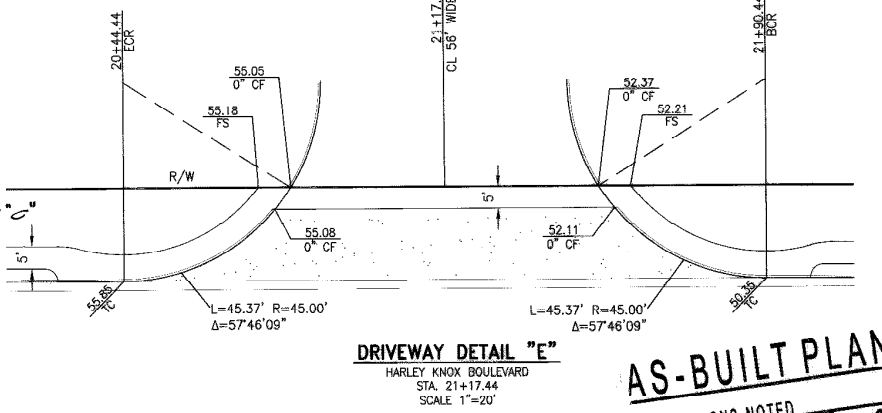
REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED
Alan Frenzel 45702 1-5-17
 APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES



ELIMINATED SECTION OF SIDEWALK TO MATCH OTHER SIDE OF INTERSECTION



AS BUILT
 THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR
 SIGNATURE: *Albert A. Webb* DATE: *4/5/18*
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 C 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA



AS-BUILT PLAN
 CORRECTIONS NOTED
 SIGNATURE: *Muller*
 4-5-18



NOTE:
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MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS	APPR.	DATE	COUNTY

SEAL - ENGINEER
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 NO. 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3788 McCRAE STREET
 RIVERSIDE CA. 92506
 PH. (951) 686-1070

PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: *[Signature]*
 DESIGNED BY: *MS* CHECKED BY: *SA*
 R.C.E. NO.: 81988
 DATE: *4/5/18*

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
 SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

PP 25954 IP 160028

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
 PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
 NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 STREET SECTIONS AND DRIVEWAY DETAILS

FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. **964B**

SHEET NO. **2**
 OF 10 SHEETS

63,201 (5/15-0324) DRAWINGS DESIGN (00) \15-0324-C-ST.DWG 10/28/2016 11:10 AM

SCALES
 HORIZ. 1"=40'
 VERT. 1"=4'

REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED
 Alan Frenkel 45702 1-5-17

APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



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 WORK CONTAINED WITHIN THESE PLANS SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED.
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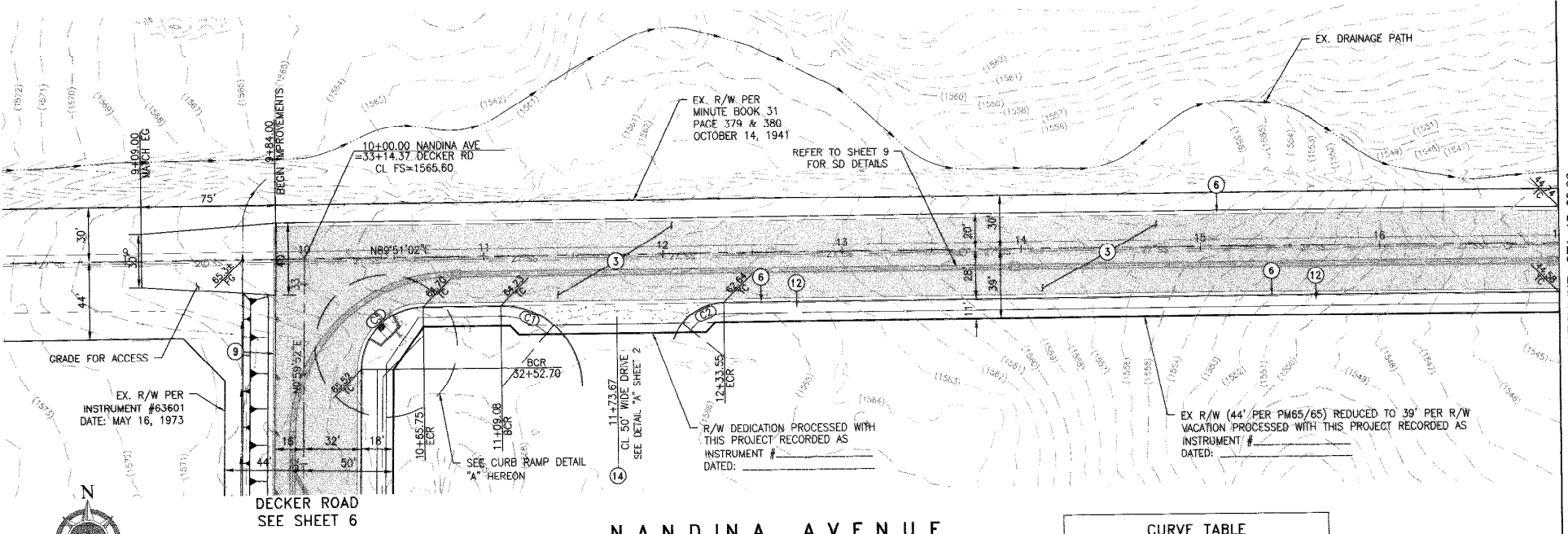
MARK BY DATE	REVISIONS	APPR. DATE
	See Sheet 3A	MM 1-5-18
ENGINEER		COUNTY



ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3738 MCGRAY STREET
 RIVERSIDE CA, 92506
 PH. (951) 906-1070
 DESIGNED BY MS CHECKED BY SA
 PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF:
 R.C.E. NO. 81988
 D.J. ARELLANO DATE

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
 SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

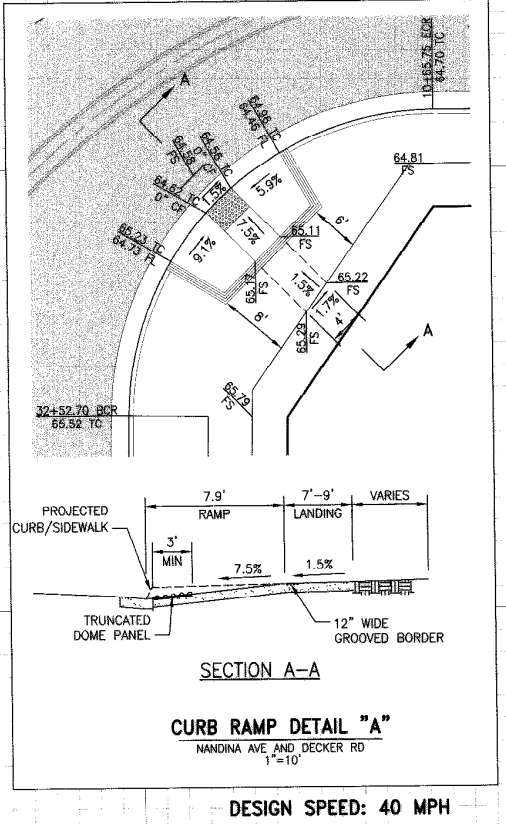
PP 25954 IP 160028
 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
 PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
 NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 PLAN SHEET
 SHEET NO. 3 OF 10 SHEETS
 FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964B



CURVE #	LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA	TANGENT
C1	32.14	45.00	40°55'28"	16.79
C2	26.55	30.00	50°42'13"	14.21
C5	54.28	35.00	88°51'10"	34.31

- CONSTRUCTION NOTES
- CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.53' AC OVER 0.5' AB CLASS II
 - CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.43' AC OVER 0.50' AB CLASS II
 - CONSTRUCT 0.39' AC OVER 0.50 AB CLASS II
 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
 - CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-B" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 201
 - CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-6" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 200
 - CONSTRUCT CONCRETE APRON AND TRANSITION PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10
 - CONSTRUCT CONCRETE PIPE INLET TYPE GCP PER CALTRANS STD D75B MODIFIED TO 48" RISER PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10
 - CONSTRUCT 1.0' CLASS II AB @ EP PER TYP. EDGE OF PAVEMENT DETAIL ON SHEET 2
 - SAWCUT & JOIN EX. AC PAVEMENT PER DETAIL ON SHEET 2
 - CONSTRUCT CURB RAMP CASE "A" OR "B" (MODIFIED) PER. RIV. CO. STD. NO. 403
 - CONSTRUCT 6' SIDEWALK AT CURB PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 401
 - CONSTRUCT 5' MEANDERING SIDEWALK PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 404
 - CONSTRUCT COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAY APPROACH PER RIV. CO. STD. 207A
 - REMOVE EX. AC PAVEMENT
 - SAWCUT & REMOVE EX. CURB & GUTTER
 - ADJUST TO GRADE
 - PROTECT IN PLACE

AS BUILT
 THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR
 SUPERSEDED BY SHEET 3A FOR AS-BUILT
 SIGNATURE: [Signature] DATE: 3/22/18
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER D.J. ARELLANO C 81988 CIVIL STATE OF CALIFORNIA



9+00 10+00 11+00 12+00 13+00 14+00 15+00 16+00 17+00

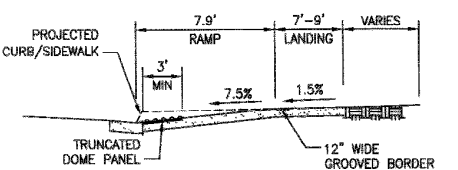
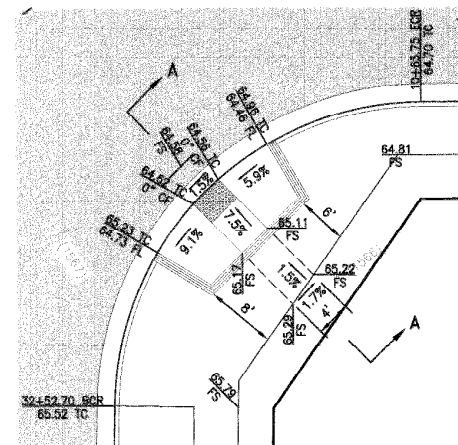
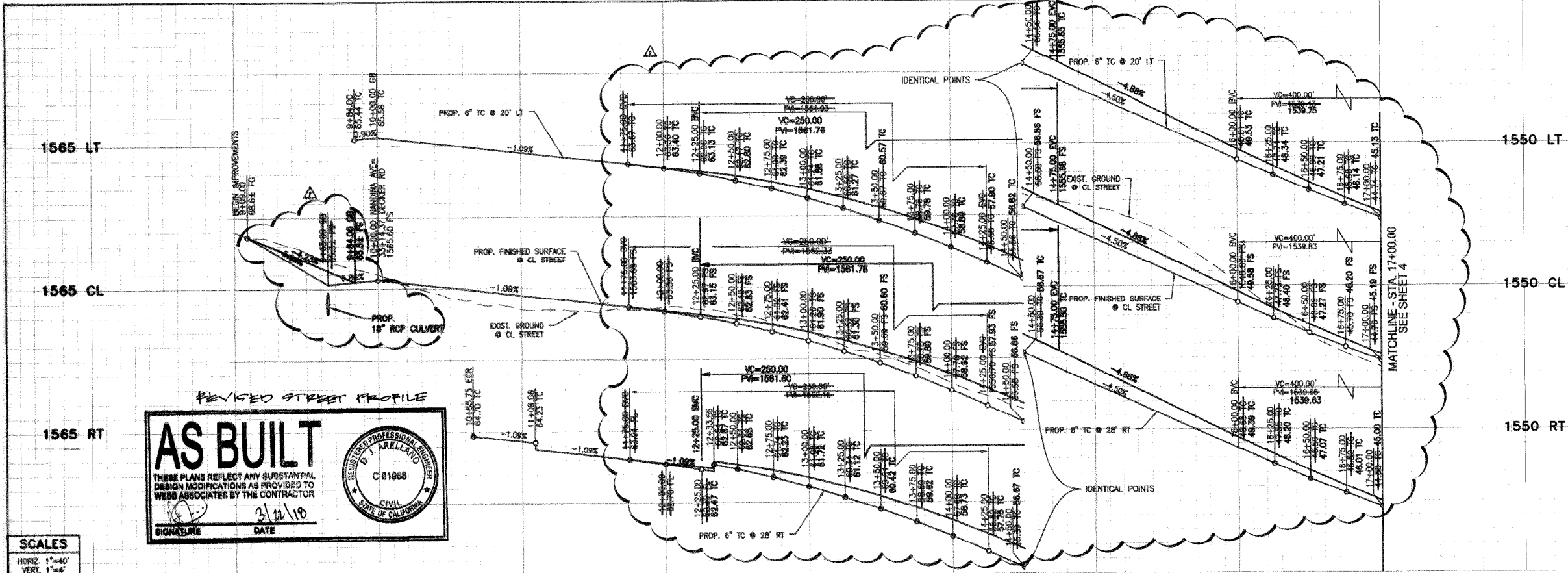
1565 LT
 1565 CL
 1565 RT

1550 LT
 1550 CL
 1550 RT

MATCHLINE - STA. 17+00.00
 SEE SHEET 4

DESIGN SPEED: 40 MPH

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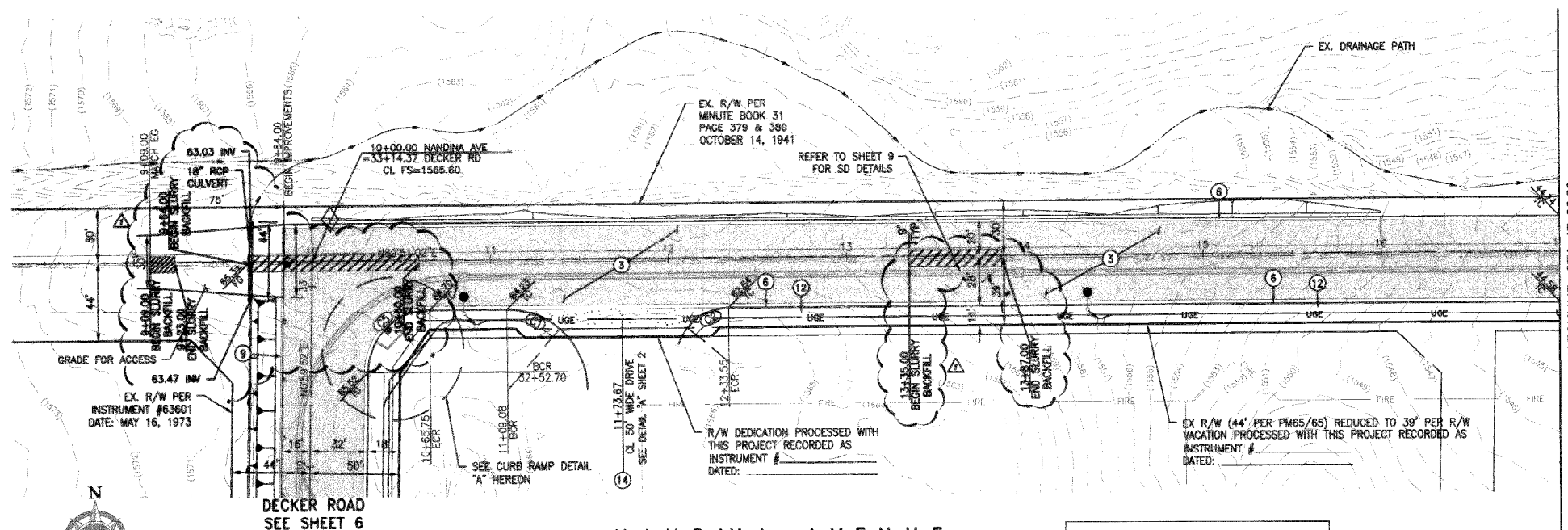


AS BUILT
 THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR
 DATE: 3/12/10
 CIVIL ENGINEER
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA
 C 81988

SCALES
 HORIZ. 1"=40'
 VERT. 1"=4'

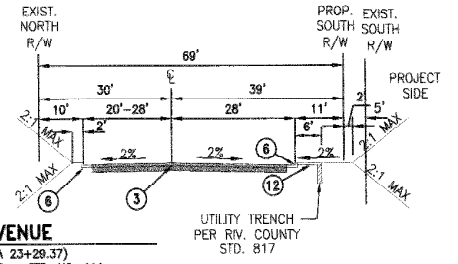
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CURVE TABLE

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AS-BUILT PLAN
 CORRECTIONS NOTED
 SIGNATURE: [Signature]
 1-5-18

RECORD COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED

APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



NOTE:
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REVISIONS

MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS	APPR.	DATE
EA	8/22/17	8/22/17	ADDED 18" RCP CURVE, ADDED SLURRY BACKFILL FOR EX. SLOPE CORNER		

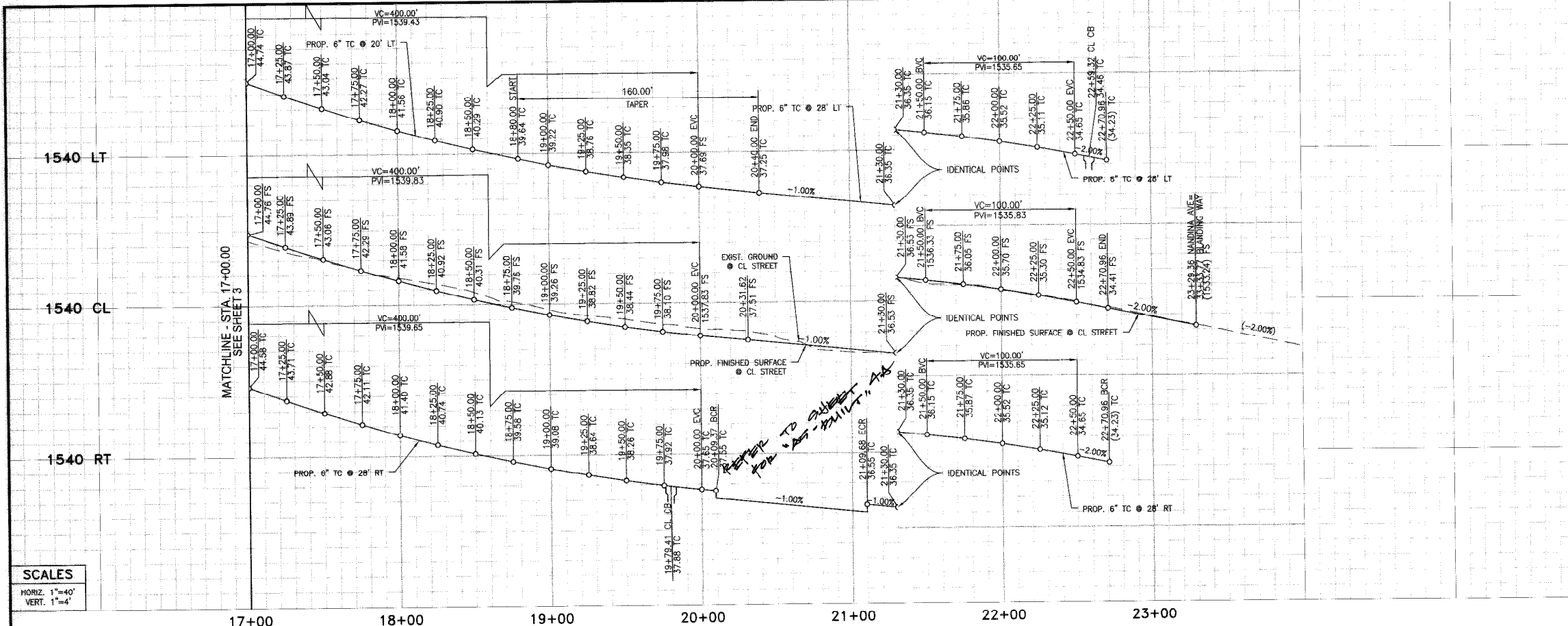


ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3788 McCRAV STREET
 RIVERSIDE, CA 92506
 PH. (951) 898-1070
 PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY:
 R.C.E. NO.: 81988
 D.J. ARELLANO DATE

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
 SCALE: H. AS SHOWN V. N/A

PP 25954 IP 160028
 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
 PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
 NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 PLAN SHEET

SHEET NO. 3A
 OF 10 SHEETS
 COUNTY FILE NO. 9104 B



1540 LT
1540 CL
1540 RT
1535 LT
1535 CL
1535 RT

SUPERSEDED BY SHEET AA FOR AS-BUILT

AS BUILT

THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR

SIGNATURE: *[Signature]* DATE: 3/22/18

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
D. J. ARELLANO
C 81988
CIVIL
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

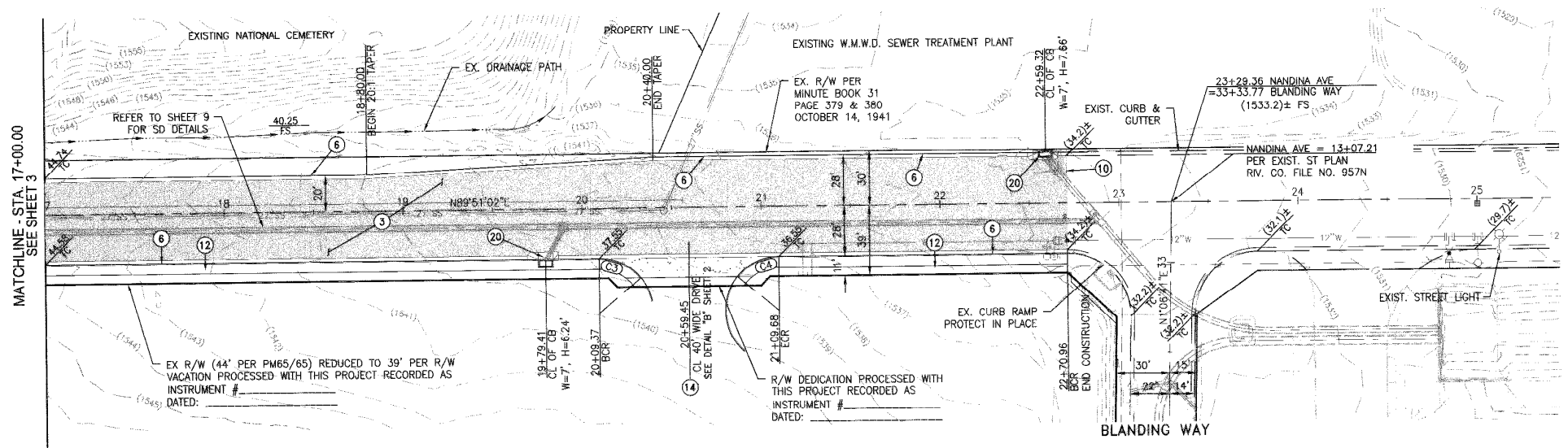
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SCALES

HORIZ: 1"=40'
VERT: 1"=4'

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

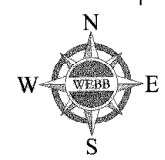
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- 18 PROTECT IN PLACE
- 19 CONSTRUCT CONCRETE COLLAR PER RFC&WCD STD. NO. M803
- 20 CONSTRUCT CURB INLET CATCH BASIN WITH FOSSIL FILTER AND LOCAL DEPRESSION PER RIV. CO. STD. 300, 300A, & 311. USE SPECIAL CONNECTIONS PER RFC&WCD STD NO. CB109 FOR CORNER CONNECTIONS



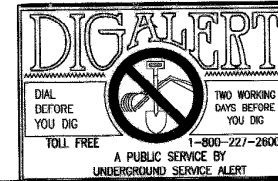
NANDINA AVENUE

CURVE TABLE

CURVE #	LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA	TANGENT
C3	26.55	30.00	50°42'12"	14.21
C4	26.55	30.00	50°42'13"	14.21

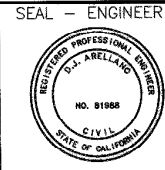


REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED
Alon Friend 45702 1-5-17



NOTE:
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MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS	APPR.	DATE
A			See Sheet 4A		



SEAL - ENGINEER

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
3788 McCRAY STREET
RIVERSIDE, CA 92506
PH. (951) 686-1070

DESIGNED BY: MS CHECKED BY: SA
PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: D.J. ARELLANO
R.C.E. NO.: 81988
DATE: 11/1/17

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

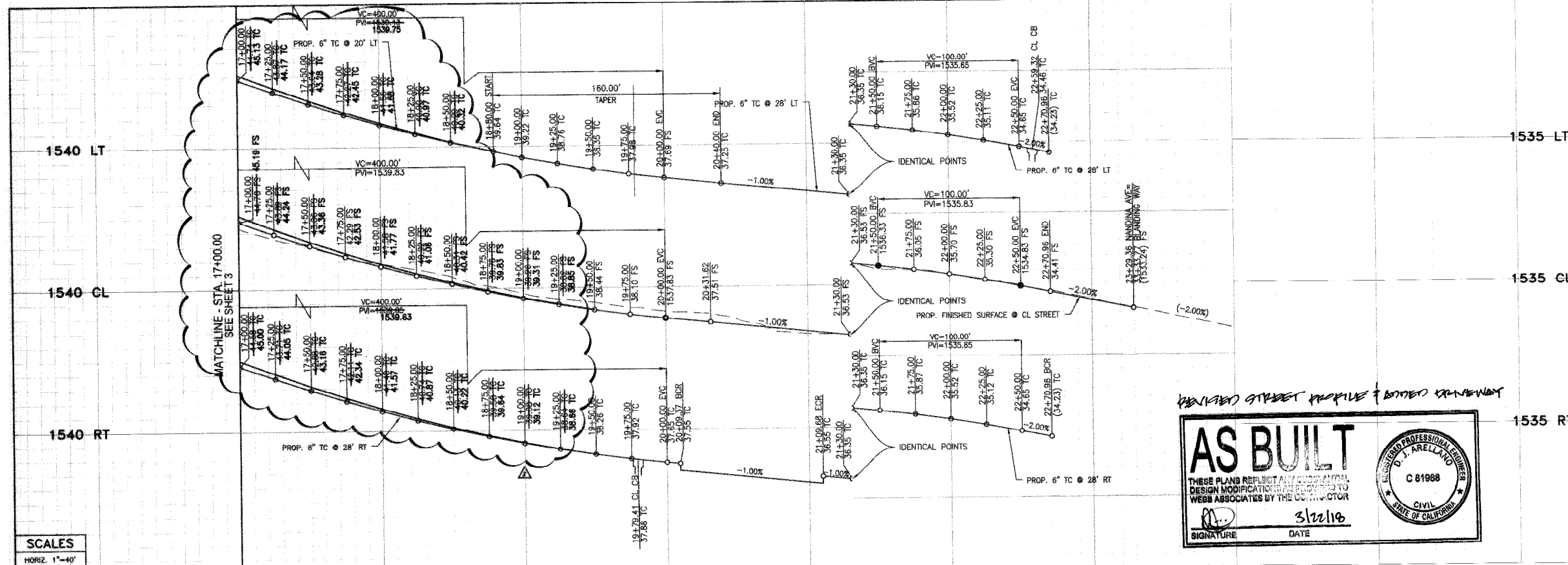
PP 25954 IP 160028

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
PLAN SHEET

SHEET NO. 4 OF 10 SHEETS

FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964B

G:\2015\15-0324\DRAWINGS\DESIGN (DD)\15-0324-C-ST.DWG 10/28/2016 11:12 AM

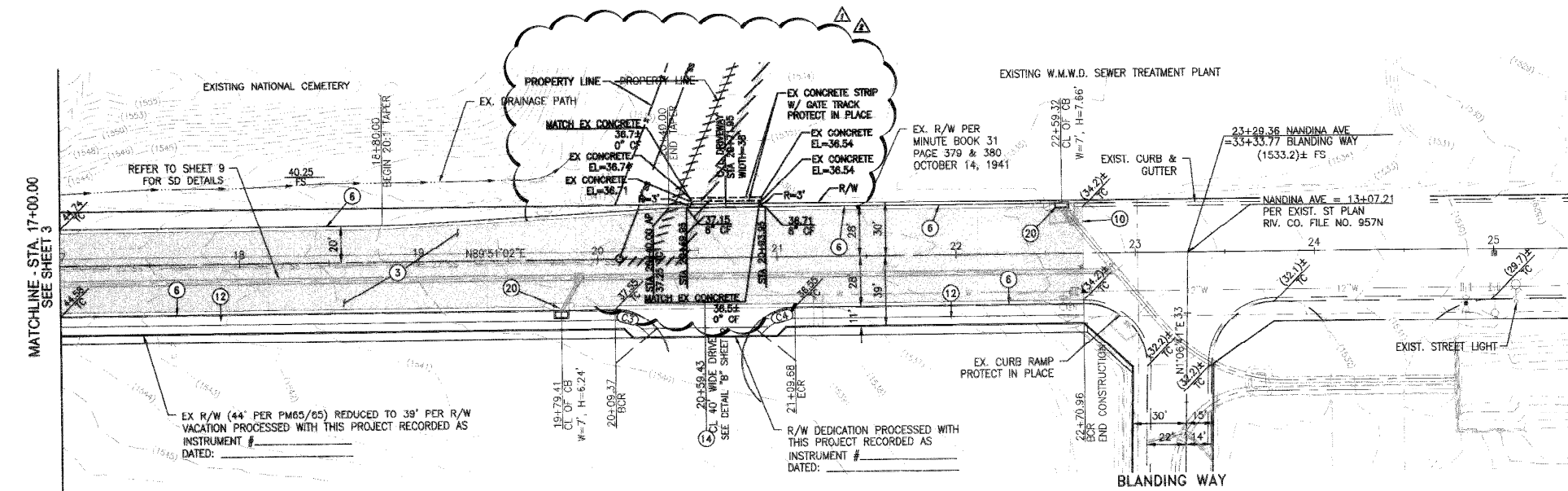


AS BUILT
 THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS REQUESTED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR
 SIGNATURE: *[Signature]* DATE: 3/22/18
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 C 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DESIGN SPEED: 40 MPH

SCALES
 HORIZ. 1"=40'
 VERT. 1"=4'

17+00 18+00 19+00 20+00 21+00 22+00 23+00



CONSTRUCTION NOTES

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- 8 CONSTRUCT CONCRETE PIPE INLET TYPE GOP PER CALTRANS STD D75B MODIFIED TO 48" RISER PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10
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- 14 CONSTRUCT COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAY APPROACH PER RIV. CO. STD. 207A
- 15 REMOVE EX. AC PAVEMENT
- 16 SAWCUT & REMOVE EX. CURB & GUTTER
- 17 ADJUST TO GRADE
- 18 PROTECT IN PLACE
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- 20 CONSTRUCT CURB INLET CATCH BASIN WITH FOSSIL FILTER AND LOCAL DEPRESSION PER RIV. CO. STD. 300, 300A, & 311. USE SPECIAL CONNECTIONS PER RCF&WCD STD. NO. CB109 FOR CORNER CONNECTIONS

NANDINA AVENUE

CURVE TABLE				
CURVE #	LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA	TANGENT
C3	26.55	30.00	50°42'12"	14.21
C4	26.55	30.00	50°42'13"	14.21

AS-BUILT PLAN
 CORRECTIONS NOTED
 SIGNATURE: *[Signature]*
 4-5-18

PP 25954 IP 160028

RECDM COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED



NOTE:
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MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS	APPR.	DATE	COUNTY
EIA	3/22/17		REVISED CENTERLINE AND CURB PROFILES, REVISED LOCATION OF EX. SEWER LINE			
EIA	7/1/17		ADDED DRIVEWAY CUT-OUT STATION 20+71.95			

SEAL - ENGINEER
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 NO. 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3788 MCCRAY STREET
 RIVERSIDE CA, 92506
 PH. (951) 898-1070
 PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: D.J. ARELLANO
 DESIGNED BY: _____ CHECKED BY: _____
 R.C.E. NO.: 81988

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
 SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
 PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
 NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 PLAN SHEET
 FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964B

SHEET NO. 4A
 OF 10 SHEETS

1585 LT

1585 CL

1585 RT

AS BUILT

THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR

Signature

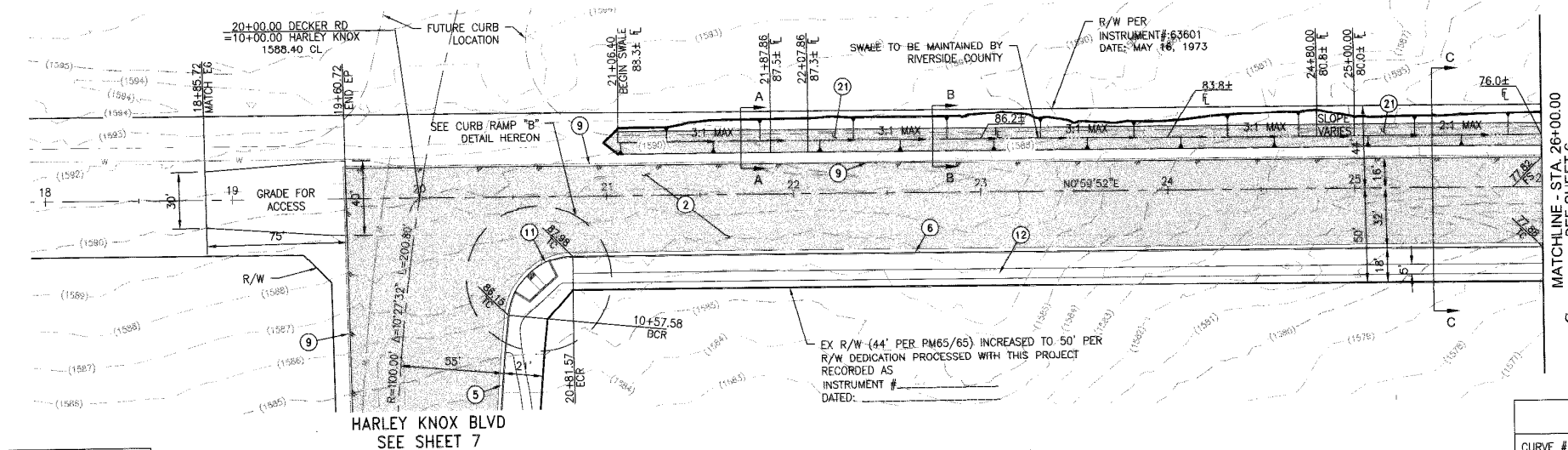
DATE

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
D. J. ARELLANO
C 81988
CIVIL
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SCALES

HORIZ. 1"=40'
VERT. 1"=4'

18+00 19+00 20+00 21+00 22+00 23+00 24+00 25+00 26+00



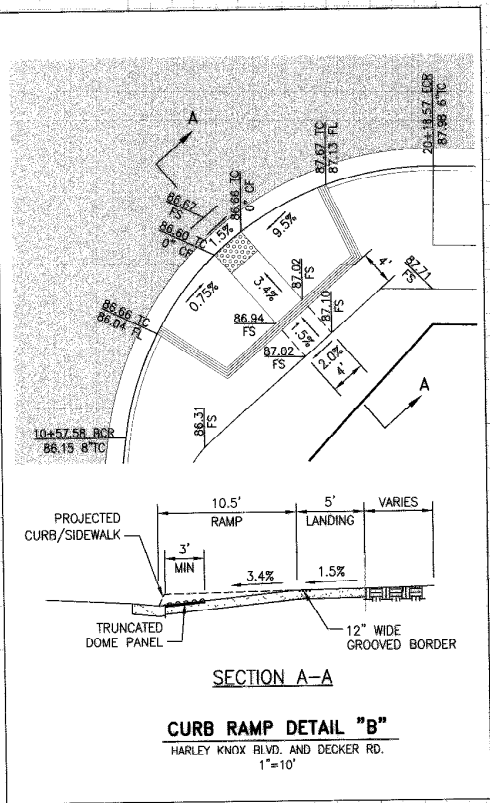
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1585 CL

1585 RT

MATCHLINE - STA. 26+00.00
SEE SHEET 6

MATCHLINE - STA. 26+00.00
SEE SHEET 6



DESIGN SPEED: 40 MPH

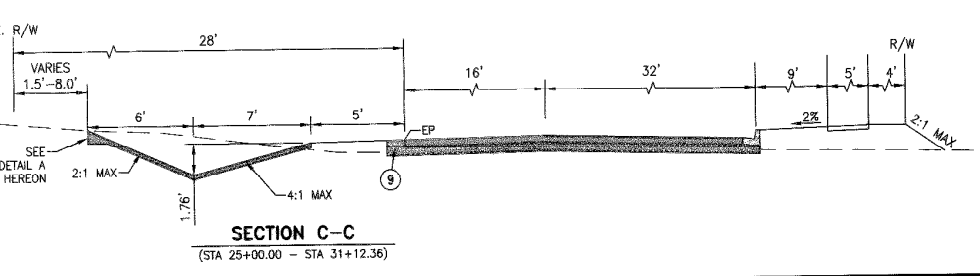
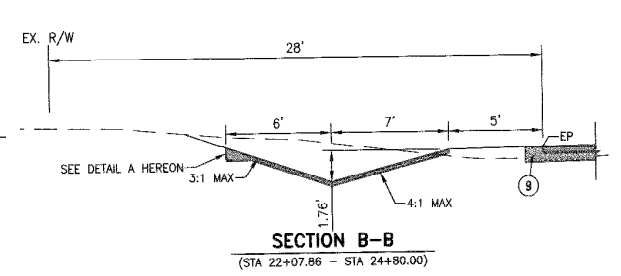
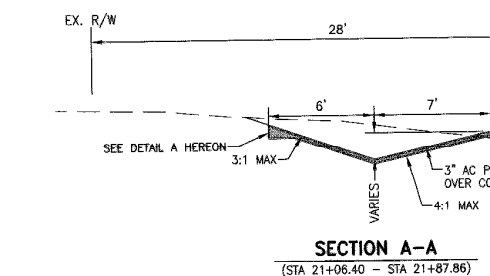
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- PROTECT IN PLACE
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- CONSTRUCT CURB INLET CATCH BASIN WITH FOSSIL FILTER AND LOCAL DEPRESSION PER RIV. CO. STD. 300, 300A, & 311. USE SPECIAL CONNECTIONS PER RCF&WCD STD NO. CB109 FOR CORNER CONNECTIONS
- CONSTRUCT 3" AC PAVEMENT LINED V-DITCH



CURVE TABLE

CURVE #	LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA	TANGENT
C6	51.09	35.00	83°38'30"	31.32



REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION 45702 DATE SIGNED 1-5-17

APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



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MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS

SEAL - ENGINEER

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
D. J. ARELLANO
C 81988
CIVIL
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
3788 MURRAY STREET
RIVERSIDE, CA. 92506
PH. (951) 686-1070

PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: *Signature*
DESIGNED BY: MS. CHECKED BY: *Signature*
R.C.E. NO.: 81988
DATE: 1/1/17

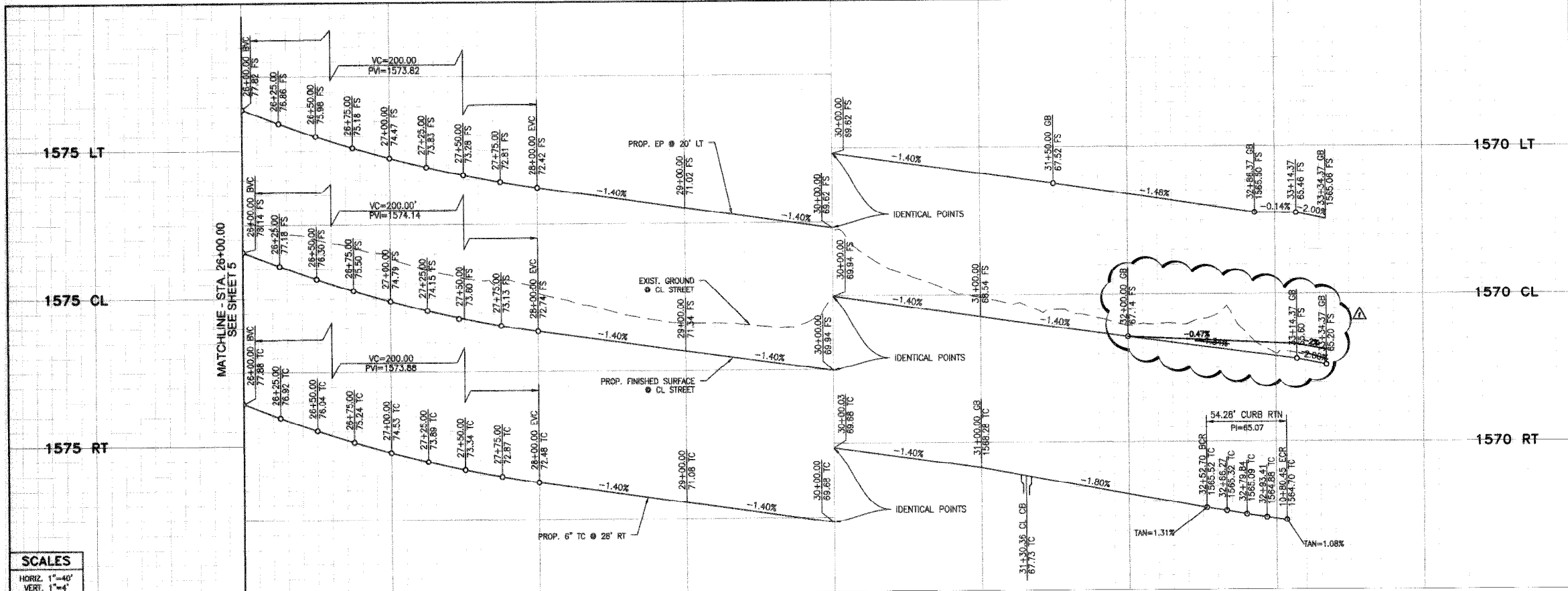
BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1

SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
PLAN SHEET

FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 96473

SHEET NO. 5 OF 10 SHEETS



MODIFIED STREET PROFILE AS SHOWN

AS BUILT

THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR

DATE: 3/22/18

CIVIL ENGINEER: D.J. ARELLANO

C61988

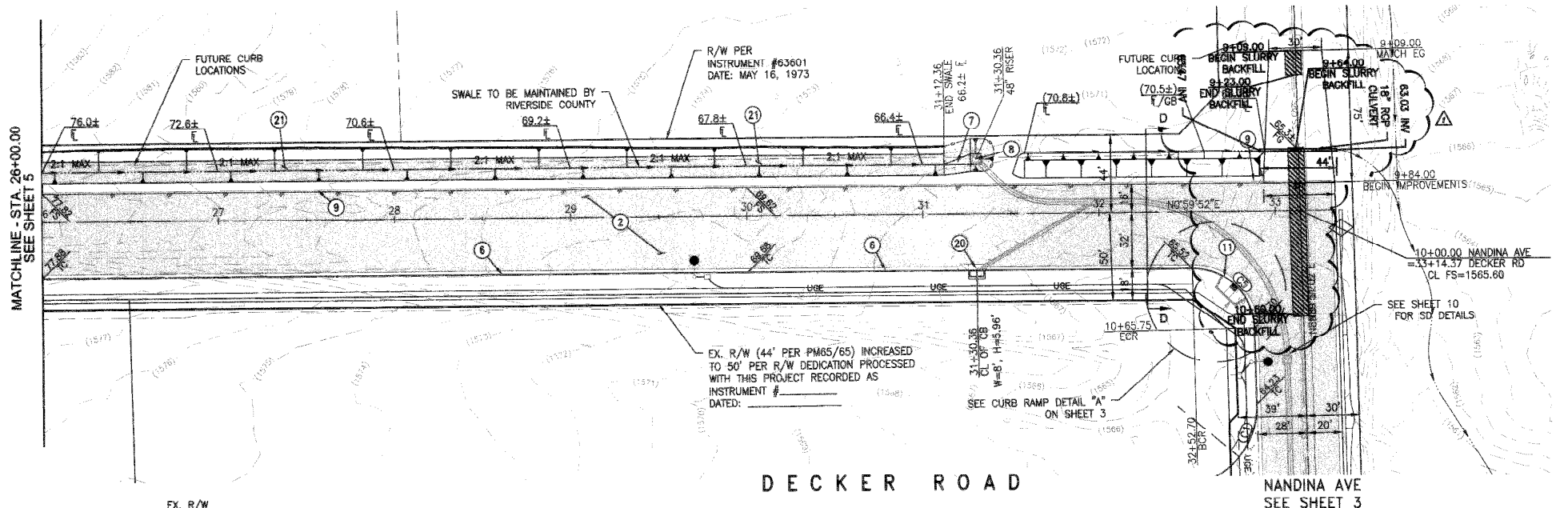
SCALES

HORIZ. 1"=40'

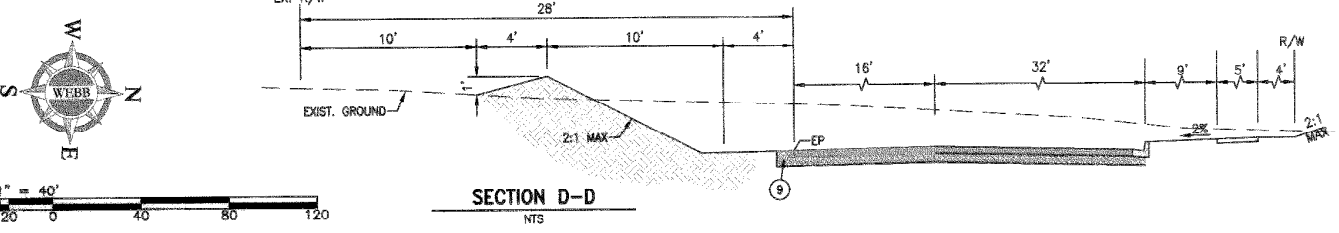
VERT. 1"=4'

DESIGN SPEED: 40 MPH

26+00 27+00 28+00 29+00 30+00 31+00 32+00 33+00



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 - ADJUST TO GRADE
 - PROTECTECT IN PLACE
 - CONSTRUCT CONCRETE COLLAR PER RFC&WCD STD. NO. M803
 - CONSTRUCT CURB INLET CATCH BASIN WITH FOSSIL FILTER AND LOCAL DEPRESSION PER RIV. CO. STD. 300, 300A, & 311. USE SPECIAL CONNECTIONS PER RFC&WCD STD NO. CB109 FOR CORNER CONNECTIONS
 - CONSTRUCT 3" AC PAVEMENT LINED V-DITCH



CURVE TABLE

CURVE #	LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA	TANGENT
C5	54.28	35.00	88°51'10"	34.31

AS-BUILT PLAN

CORRECTIONS NOTED

SIGNATURE: *[Signature]*

PP 25954 IP 160028

REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED

APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



NOTE:

WORK CONTAINED WITHIN THESE PLANS SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT AND/OR A GRADING PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED.

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REVISIONS

MARK	BY	DATE	DESCRIPTION
EIA	8/22/17	REMOVED CENTERLINE AND CURB PROFILES, ADDED 18" RCP CURB, ADDED SLURRY BACKFILL FOR EX. SLOPE COR	

SEAL - ENGINEER

D.J. ARELLANO

CIVIL ENGINEER

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES

ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
3788 McCRAY STREET
RIVERSIDE, CA. 92506
PH: (951) 888-1070

PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY: R.C.E. NO.: 81988

D.J. ARELLANO DATE

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1

SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

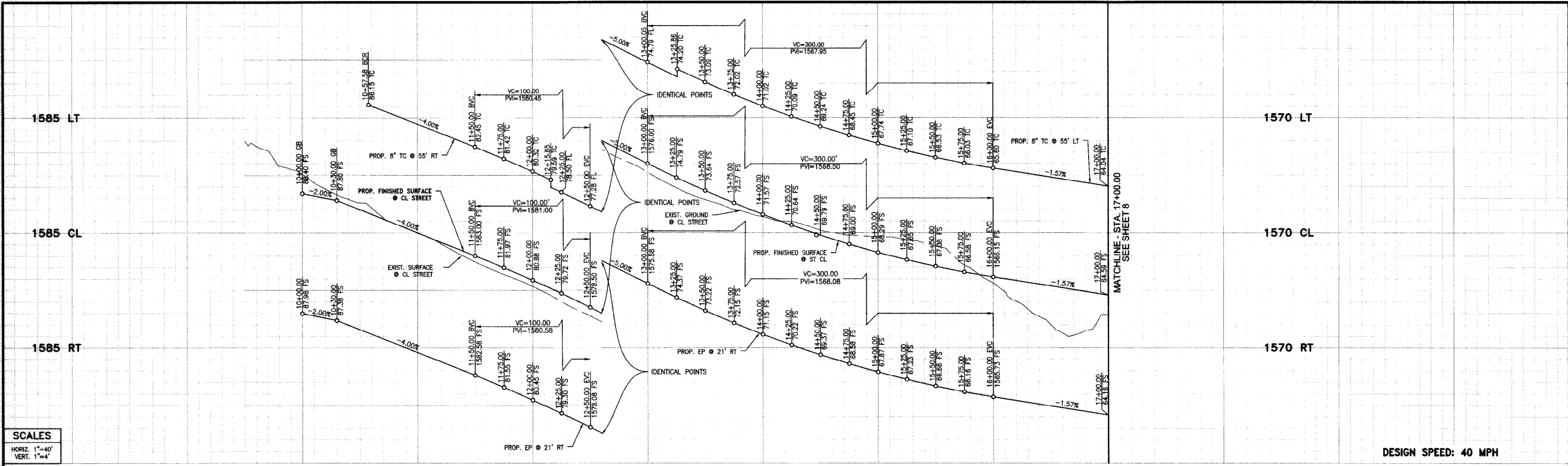
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

PLOT PLAN NO. 25954

NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN PLAN SHEET

FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964B

SHEET NO. 6A OF 10 SHEETS

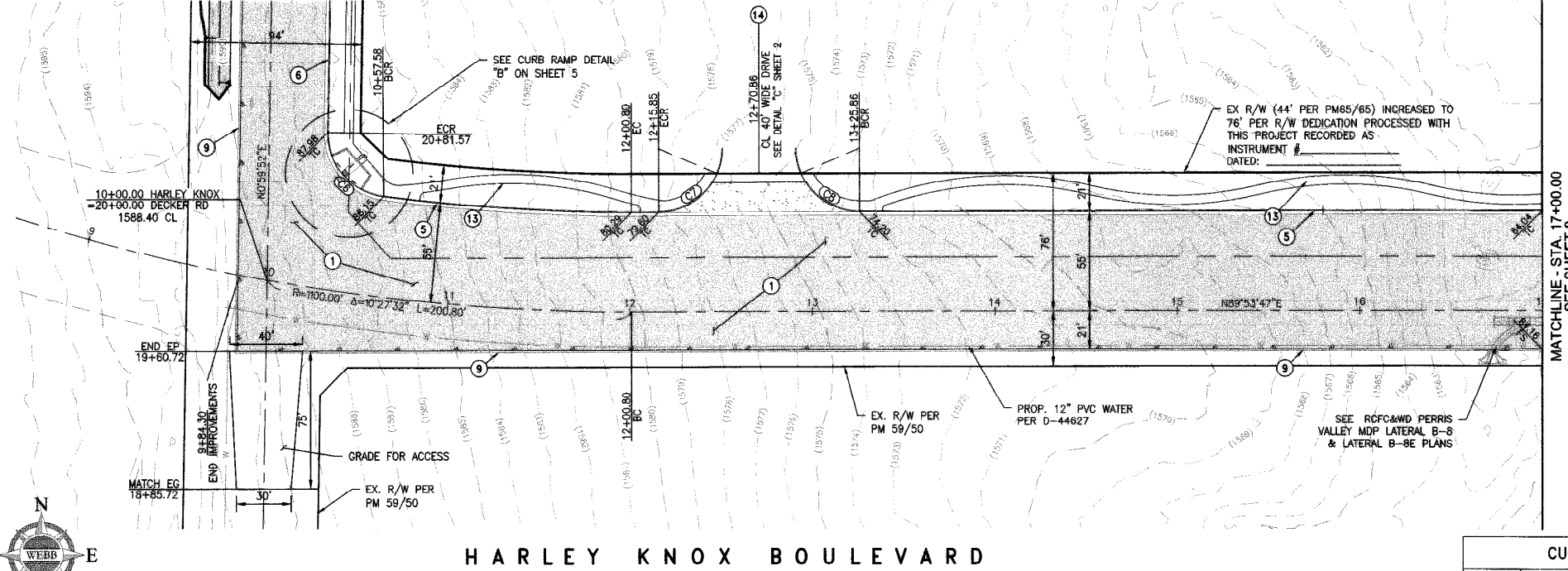


SCALES
 HORIZ. 1"=40'
 VERT. 1"=4'

DESIGN SPEED: 40 MPH

9+00 10+00 11+00 12+00 13+00 14+00 15+00 16+00 17+00

DECKER ROAD
 SEE SHEET 5



CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1 CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.53' AC OVER 0.5' AB CLASS II
- 2 CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.43' AC OVER 0.50' AB CLASS II
- 3 CONSTRUCT 0.39' AC OVER 0.50 AB CLASS II
- 4 INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
- 5 CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-8" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 201
- 6 CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-6" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 200
- 7 CONSTRUCT CONCRETE APRON AND TRANSITION PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10
- 8 CONSTRUCT CONCRETE PIPE INLET TYPE GCP PER CALTRANS STD D75B MODIFIED TO 48" RISER PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10
- 9 CONSTRUCT 1.0' CLASS II AB @ EP PER TYP. EDGE OF PAVEMENT DETAIL ON SHEET 2
- 10 SAWCUT & JOIN EX. AC PAVEMENT PER DETAIL ON SHEET 2
- 11 CONSTRUCT CURB RAMP CASE "A" OR "B" (MODIFIED) PER. RIV. CO. STD. NO. 403
- 12 CONSTRUCT 6' SIDEWALK AT CURB PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 401
- 13 CONSTRUCT 5' MEANDERING SIDEWALK PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 404
- 14 CONSTRUCT COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAY APPROACH PER RIV. CO. STD. 207A

AS-BUILT PLAN
 CORRECTIONS NOTED
 SIGNATURE *Webb*
 DATE 4-5-18

CURVE TABLE				
CURVE #	LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA	TANGENT
C6	51.09	35.00	83°38'30"	31.32
C7	40.57	35.00	66°25'19"	22.91
C8	40.57	35.00	66°25'19"	22.91

AS BUILT
 THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR
 SIGNATURE *3/22/18* DATE
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 C 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED
Alan Thord 45702 1-5-17
 APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



NOTE:
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MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS	APPR.	DATE

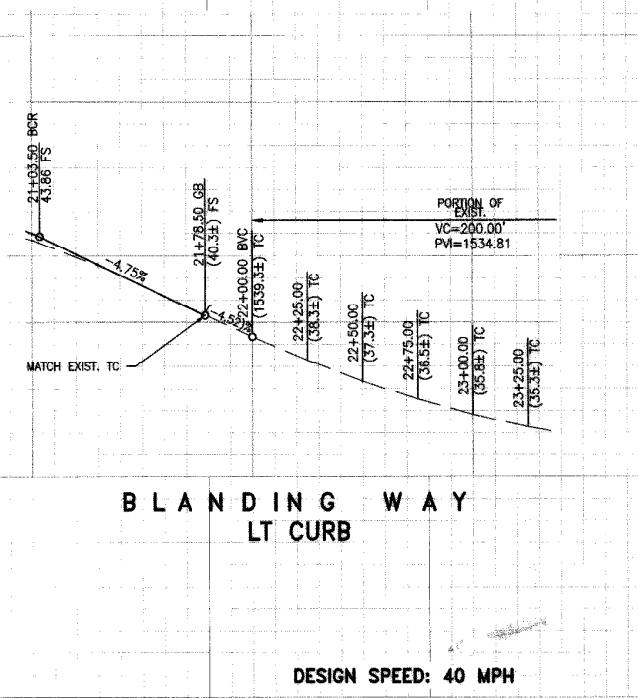
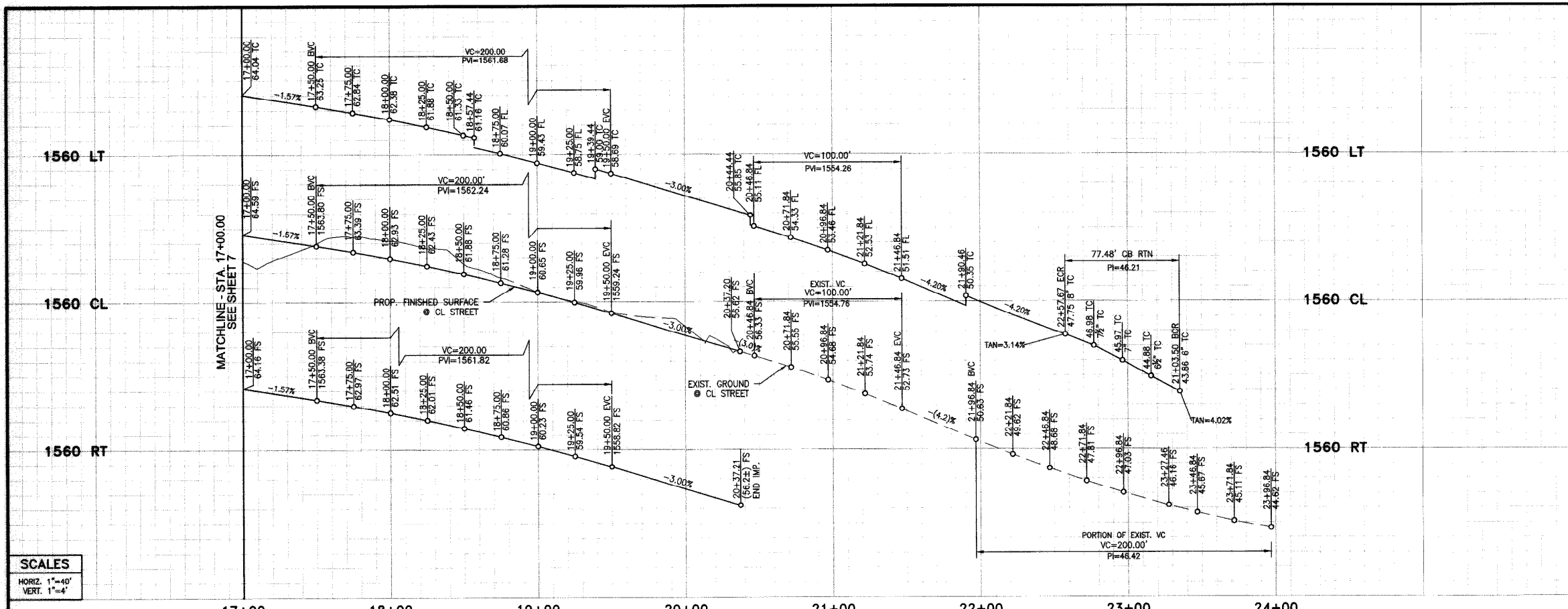
SEAL - ENGINEER
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 C 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ALBERTA A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3789 MCCRAY STREET
 RIVERSIDE, CA 92506
 PH. (951) 896-1070
 DESIGNED BY: _____ CHECKED BY: _____
 R.C.E. NO.: 81988
 DATE *4/5/18*

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
 SCALE: H. AS SHOWN V. N/A

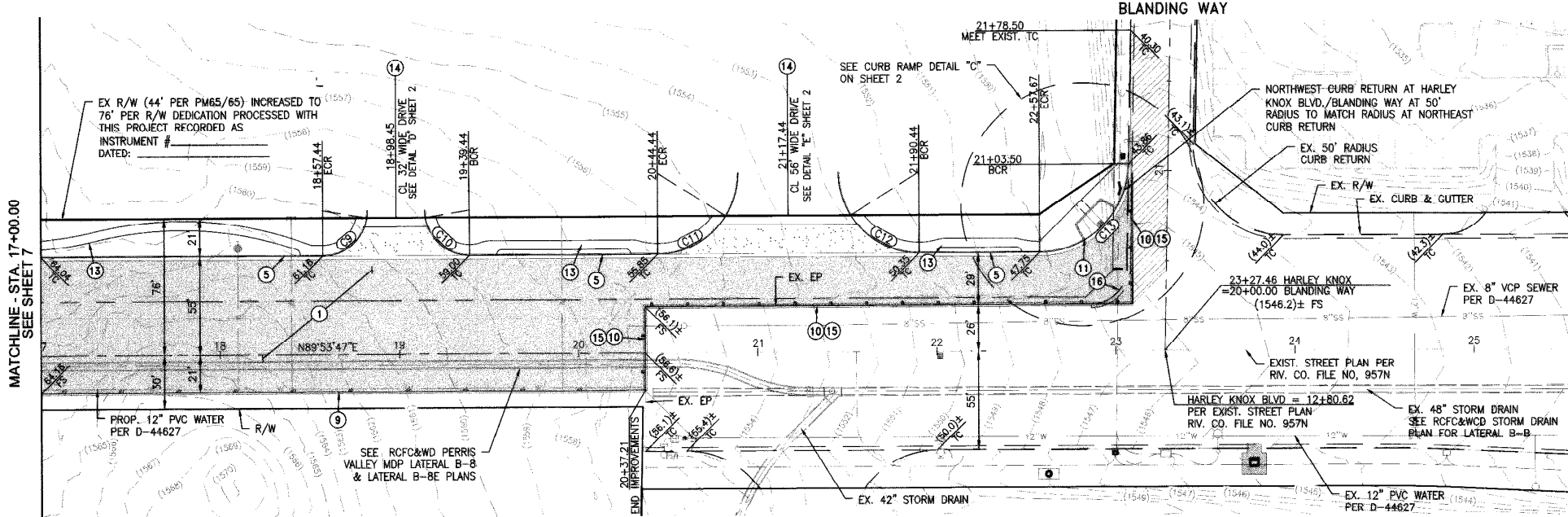
PP 25954 IP 160028
 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
 PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
 NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 PLAN SHEET
 SHEET NO. 7 OF 10 SHEETS
 FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964 B

6/1/2015 15:03:24 (DRAWINGS DESIGN) (09) 15-0324-C-ST.DWG 11/22/2016 4:32 PM



SCALES
 HORIZ. 1"=40'
 VERT. 1"=4'

17+00 18+00 19+00 20+00 21+00 22+00 23+00 24+00



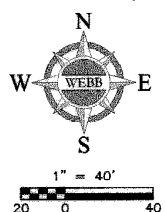
- CONSTRUCTION NOTES**
- CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.53' AC OVER 0.5' AB CLASS II
 - CONSTRUCT MINIMUM 0.43' AC OVER 0.50' AB CLASS II
 - CONSTRUCT 0.39' AC OVER 0.50 AB CLASS II
 - INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
 - CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-B" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 201
 - CONSTRUCT TYPE "A-6" CURB & GUTTER PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 200
 - CONSTRUCT CONCRETE APRON AND TRANSITION PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10
 - CONSTRUCT CONCRETE PIPE INLET TYPE GCP PER CALTRANS STD D75B MODIFIED TO 48" RISER PER DETAIL ON SHEET 10
 - CONSTRUCT 1.0' CLASS II AB @ EP PER TYP. EDGE OF PAVEMENT DETAIL ON SHEET 2
 - SAWCUT & JOIN EX. AC PAVEMENT PER DETAIL ON SHEET 2
 - CONSTRUCT CURB RAMP CASE "A" OR "B" (MODIFIED) PER. RIV. CO. STD. NO. 403
 - CONSTRUCT 6' SIDEWALK AT CURB PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 401
 - CONSTRUCT 5' MEANDERING SIDEWALK PER RIV. CO. STD. NO. 404
 - CONSTRUCT COMMERCIAL DRIVEWAY APPROACH PER RIV. CO. STD. 207A
 - REMOVE EX. AC PAVEMENT
 - SAWCUT & REMOVE EX. CURB & GUTTER

AS-BUILT PLAN
 CORRECTIONS NOTED
 BUILT PER PLAN
 SIGNATURE: *[Signature]*
 DATE: 4-5-18

HARLEY KNOX BOULEVARD

CURVE TABLE

CURVE #	LENGTH	RADIUS	DELTA	TANGENT
C9	35.25	25.00	80°47'35"	21.27
C10	35.25	25.00	80°47'35"	21.27
C11	45.37	45.00	57°46'09"	24.83
C12	45.37	45.00	57°46'09"	24.83
C13	77.48	50.00	88°47'25"	48.95



REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED
Alvin Friend 45702 1-5-17
 APPROVED AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES.



NOTE:
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MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS	APPR.	DATE

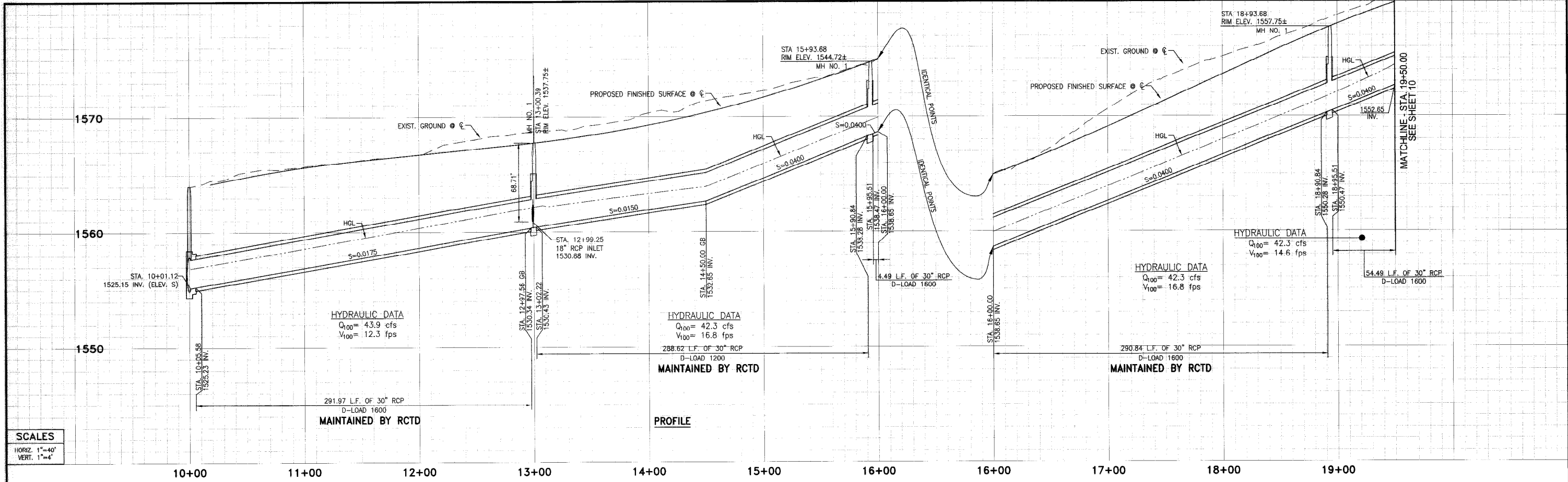


ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3788 McCray Street
 Riverside, CA 92506
 PH. (951) 686-1070
 PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: *[Signature]*
 DESIGNED BY: *[Signature]* CHECKED BY: *[Signature]*
 R.C.E. NO.: 81988
 DATE: 4/5/18

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
 SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

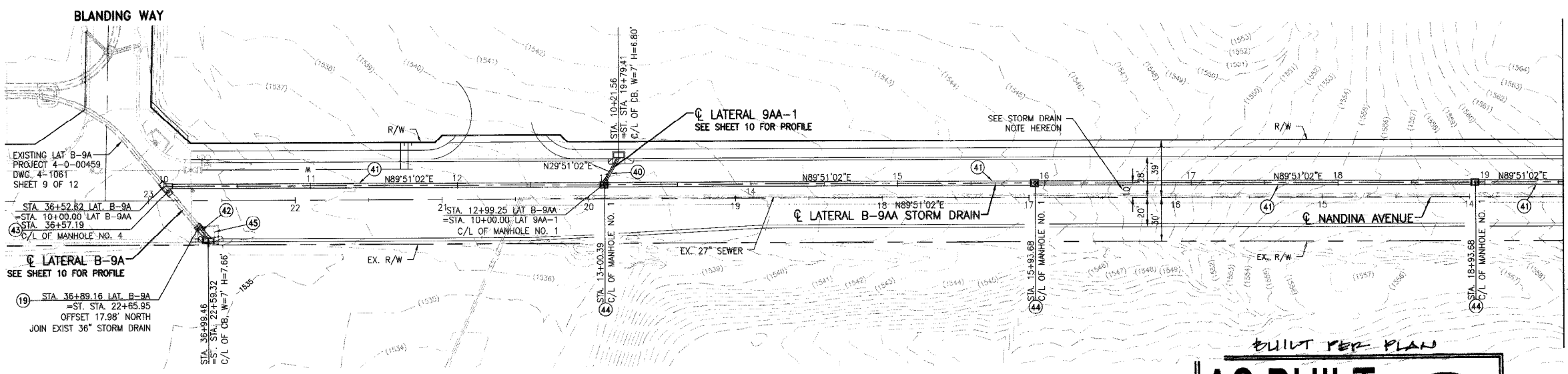
PP 25954 IP 160028
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
 PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
 NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 PLAN SHEET
 SHEET NO. 8 OF 10 SHEETS
 FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964 B

6/20/15 15-0324 DRAWINGS DESIGN (00) 15-0324-C-57.006 11/20/18



SCALES
 HORIZ. 1"=40'
 VERT. 1"=4'

10+00 11+00 12+00 13+00 14+00 15+00 16+00 16+00 17+00 18+00 19+00



STORM DRAIN NOTE:
 PROPOSED STORM DRAIN ALIGNMENT SET AT 10' SOUTH OF STREET CENTERLINE TO PROVIDE MAINTENANCE ACCESS TO EXISTING 27" SEWER MAIN, LOCATED 1.5' SOUTH OF STREET CENTERLINE.

AS-BUILT PLAN

CORRECTIONS NOTED
 SIGNATURE: *[Signature]*
 4-5-18

- CONSTRUCTION NOTES**
- (40) INSTALL 18" RCP STORM DRAIN (D-LOAD PER PLAN)
 - (41) INSTALL 30" RCP STORM DRAIN (D-LOAD PER PLAN)
 - (42) INSTALL 36" RCP STORM DRAIN (D-LOAD PER PLAN)
 - (43) CONSTRUCT MANHOLE NO. 4 PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. MH254
 - (44) CONSTRUCT MANHOLE NO. 1 PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. MH251
 - (45) CONSTRUCT JUNCTION NO. 2 PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. JS227
 - (7) CONSTRUCT CONCRETE APRON AND TRANSITION PER DETAIL HEREON
 - (8) CONSTRUCT CONCRETE PIPE INLET TYPE GCP PER CALTRANS STD D758 MODIFIED TO 48" DIAMETER
 - (19) CONSTRUCT CONCRETE COLLAR PER RCFC&WCD STD. NO. M803
 - (46) DEMOLISH EXISTING CATCH BASIN

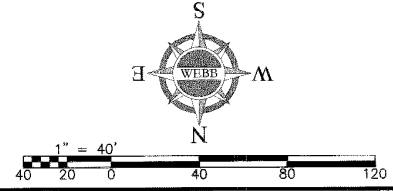
AS BUILT

THESE PLANS REFLECT ANY SUBSTANTIAL DESIGN MODIFICATIONS AS PROVIDED TO WEBB ASSOCIATES BY THE CONTRACTOR

SIGNATURE: *[Signature]* DATE: 3/2/18

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 C 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

LATERAL B-9AA PLAN



REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED
[Signature] 45702 1-5-17



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MARK	BY	DATE	REVISIONS	APPR.	DATE

SEAL - ENGINEER

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D. J. ARELLANO
 NO. 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3788 McCRAY STREET
 RIVERSIDE CA. 92506
 PH. (951) 686-1070

PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF: *[Signature]*
 DESIGNED BY: *[Signature]* CHECKED BY: *[Signature]*
 R.C.E. NO.: 81988
 DATE: 4/1/18

BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1

SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

PP 25954 IP 160028

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

PLOT PLAN NO. 25954

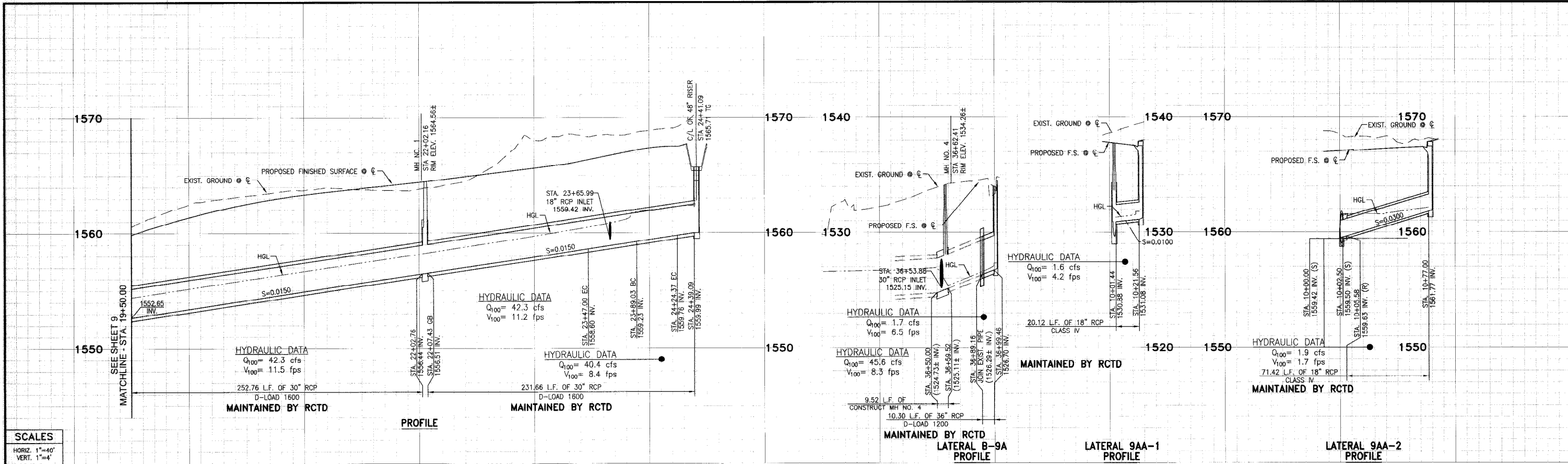
NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 PLAN SHEET

SHEET NO. 9

OF 10 SHEETS

FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964B

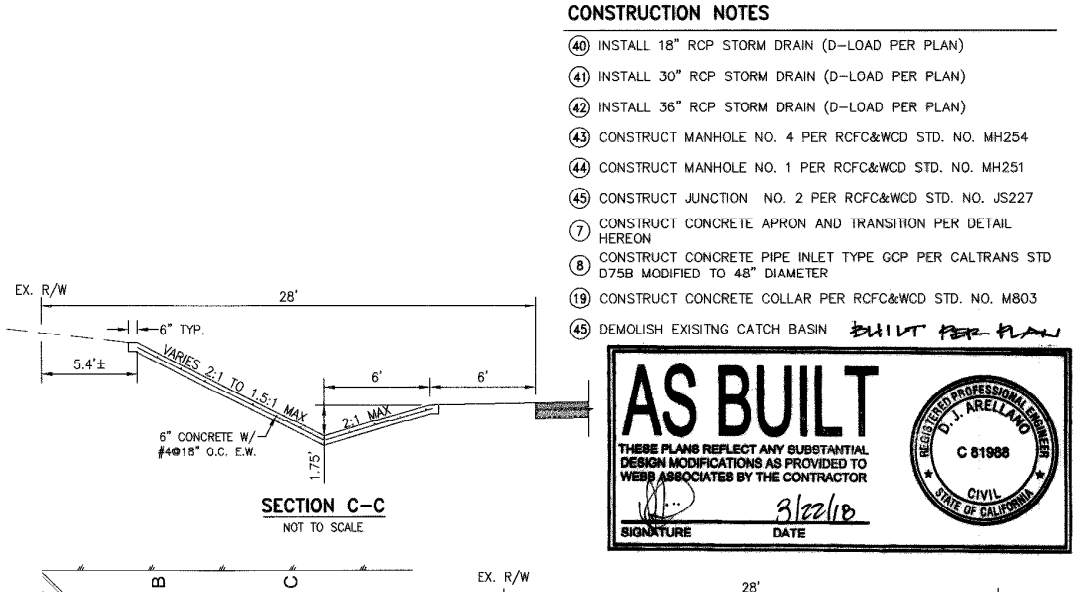
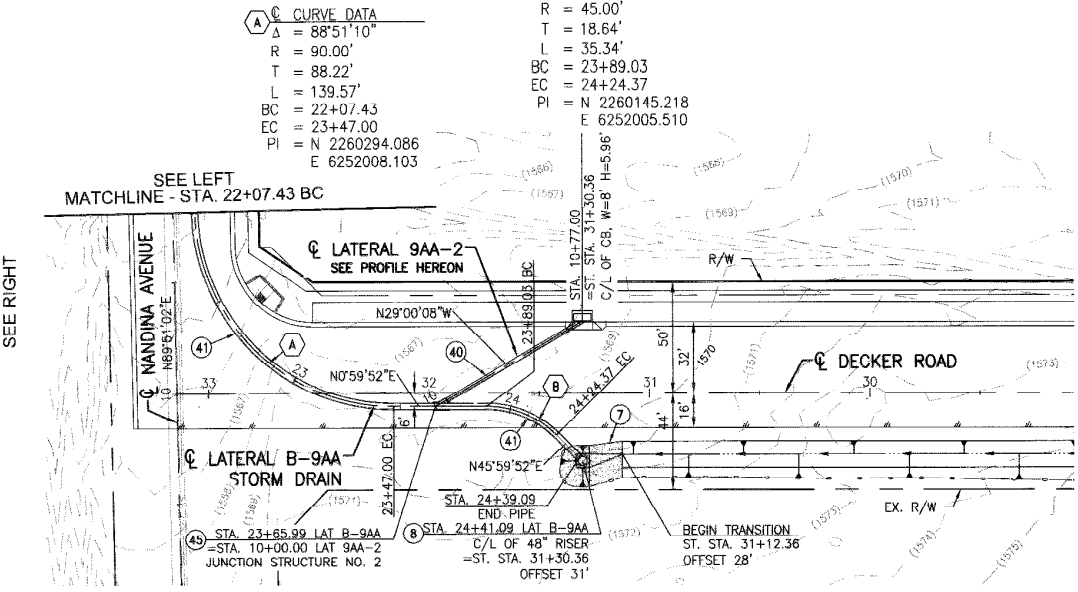
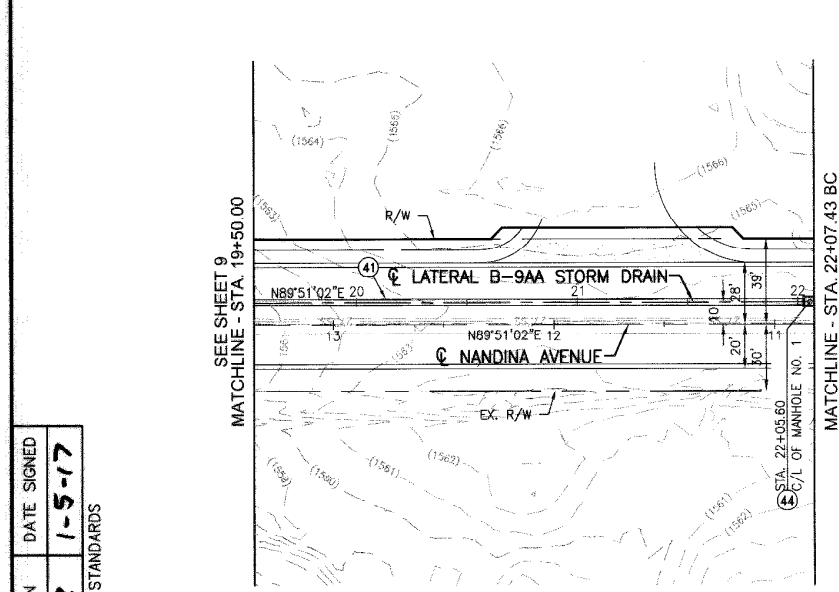
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SCALES

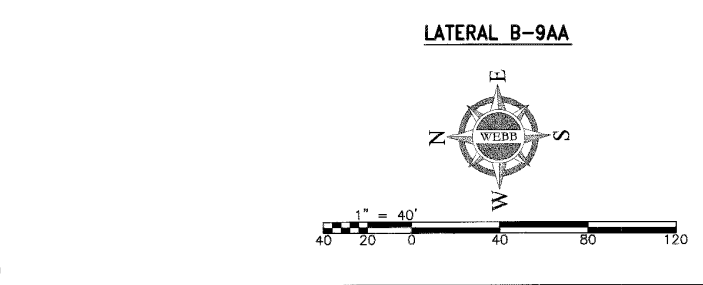
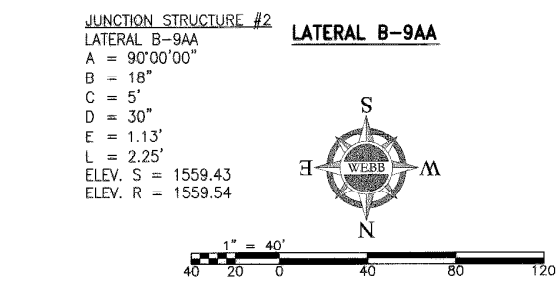
HORIZ. 1"=40'
VERT. 1"=4'

20+00 21+00 22+00 23+00 24+00 36+00 37+00 10+00 10+00

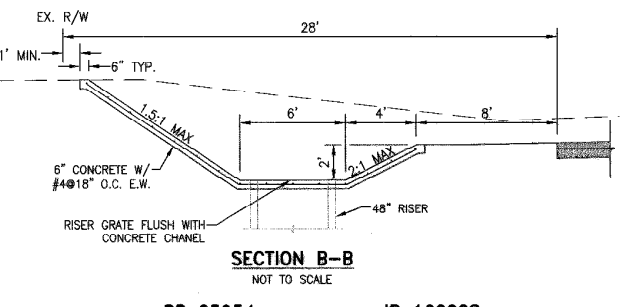
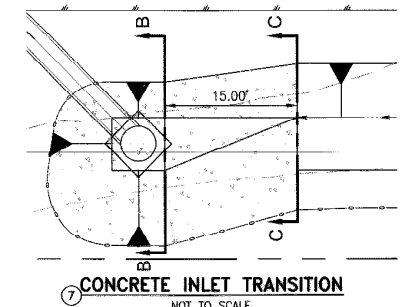


REC'D COUNTY OVERSIGHT ENGINEER REGISTRATION DATE SIGNED
Alam Fared 45702 1-5-17

APPROVED AS TO CONFORMANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND PRACTICES



AS-BUILT PLAN
 CORRECTIONS NOTED
 SIGNATURE: *[Signature]*
 4-5-18



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MARK	BY	DATE	ENGLNKH

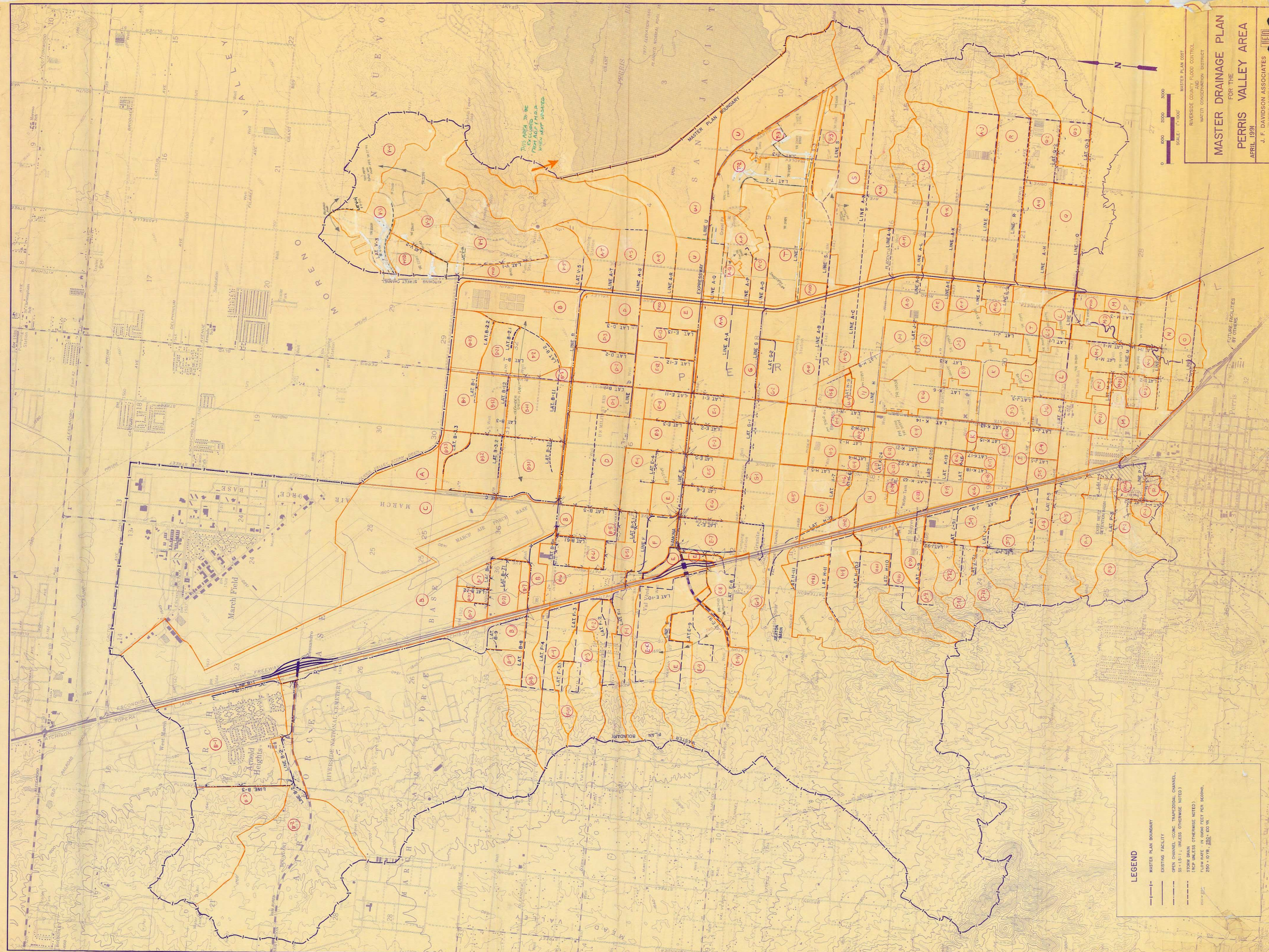
SEAL - ENGINEER
 REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 D.J. ARELLANO
 NO. 81988
 CIVIL
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES
 ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
 3788 McCRAV STREET
 RIVERSIDE, CA. 92506
 PH. (951) 686-1070
 PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF
 DESIGNED BY: *MS* CHECKED BY: *SA*
 R.C.E. NO.: 81988
 DATE: *4/5/18*

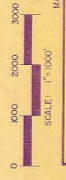
BENCHMARK: SEE SHEET 1
 SCALE: H: AS SHOWN V: N/A

PP 25954 IP 160028
 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
 PLOT PLAN NO. 25954
 NANDINA BUSINESS CENTER
 STREET IMPROVEMENT PLAN
 PLAN SHEET
 SHEET NO. 10
 OF 10 SHEETS
 FOR: TRAMMELL CROW COMPANY W.O. 2015-0324 COUNTY FILE NO. 964B

© 2015 15-0324-PLANWORKS DESIGN (000) 15-0324-C-OFFSITE-30.DWG 10/31/2016 9:05 AM



THIS AREA TO BE
FROM ADP (1/10/10)
VIEW NOT UPDATED.



MASTER PLAN DIST.
RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

**MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN
FOR THE
PARRIS VALLEY AREA**
APRIL 1991

J. F. DAVIDSON ASSOCIATES

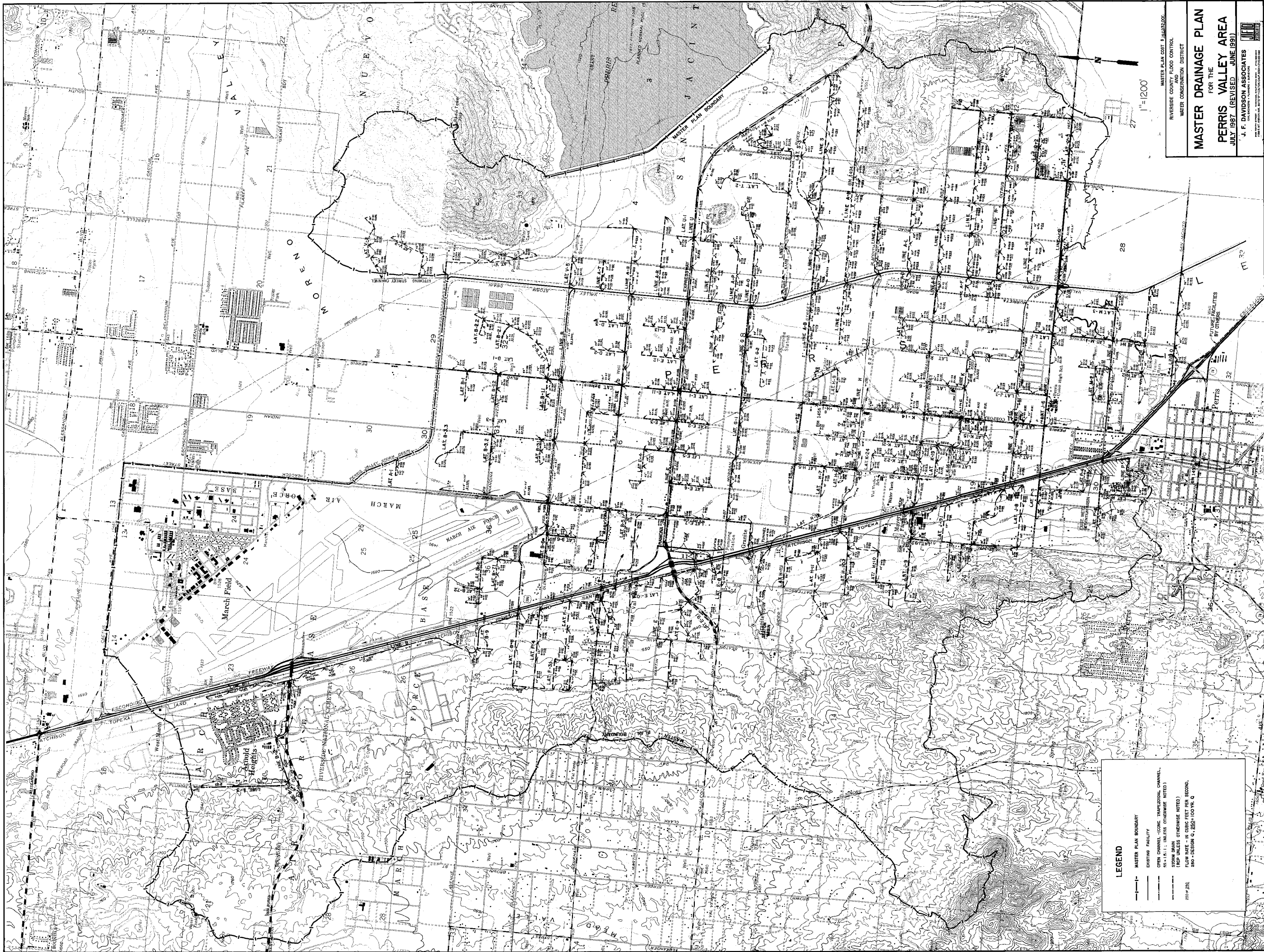
8K3

FACILITIES' DRAINAGE BOUNDARIES
1/2

LEGEND

- MASTER PLAN BOUNDARY
- - - EXISTING FACILITY
- OPEN CHANNEL (CONC. TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL, STEEL BOX, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)
- FLOW RATE - IN CIRC DASH FOR SECOND, 250' - 10' R. 250' - 100' W.

8K3



LEGEND

- MASTER PLAN BOUNDARY
- EXISTING FACILITY
- OPEN CHANNEL (LONG TRANSVERSAL CHANNEL, 50:1 SLOPE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)
- STORM DRAIN
- FLOW RATE - IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND, (RFP UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)
- 200-YEAR DESIGN Q, 200-YEAR 100-YR. Q

MASTER PLAN COST \$ 348,500.00
 RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL
 WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN
 FOR THE
PERRIS VALLEY AREA
 JULY 1967 (REVISED - JUNE 1991)

J. F. DAVIDSON ASSOCIATES
 CIVIL ENGINEERS - PLANNERS - ARCHITECTS
 1000 WEST CENTER STREET, SUITE 200, PERRIS, CALIFORNIA 92570
 PHONE (951) 221-1111

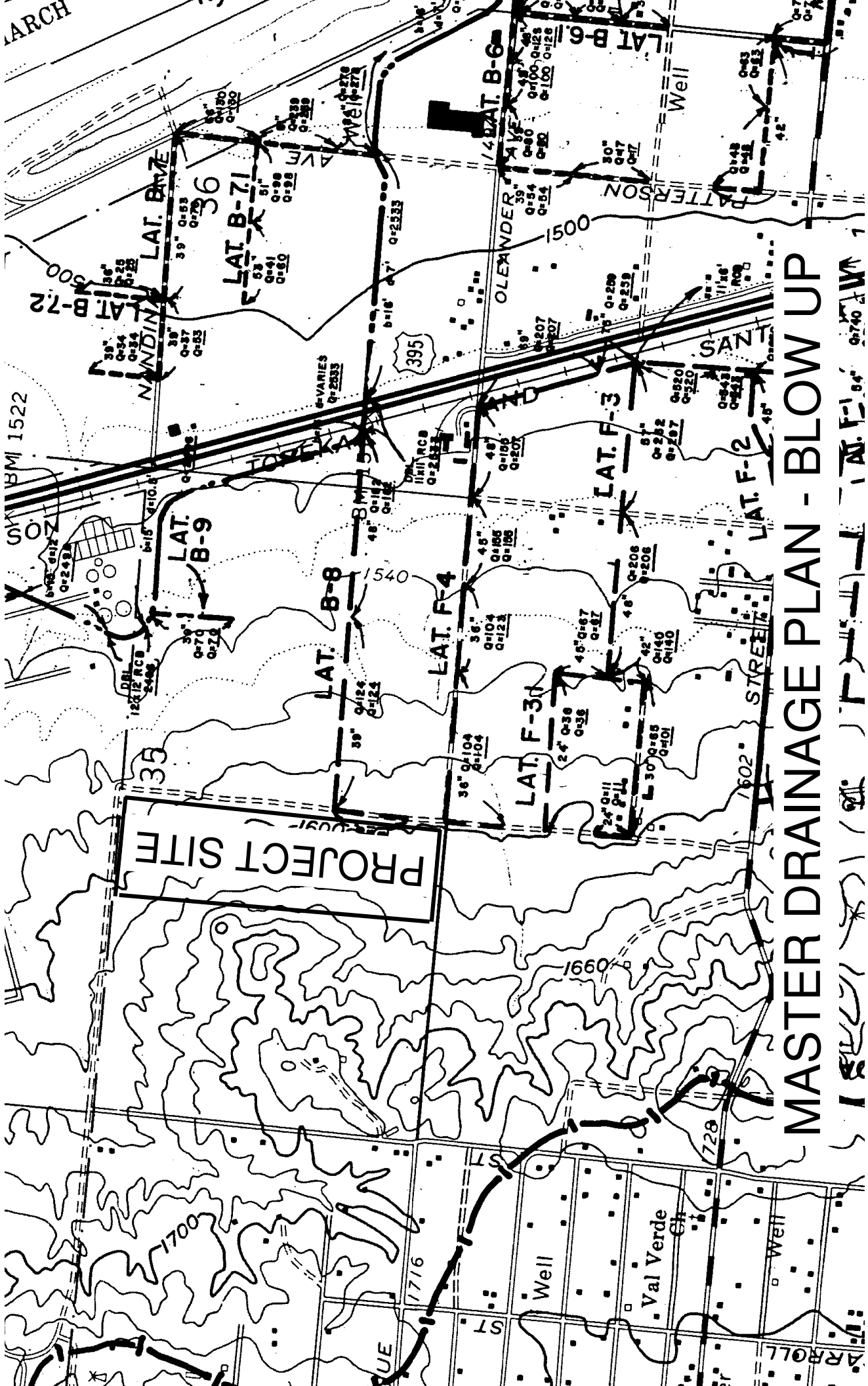
ARCH

BM 1522

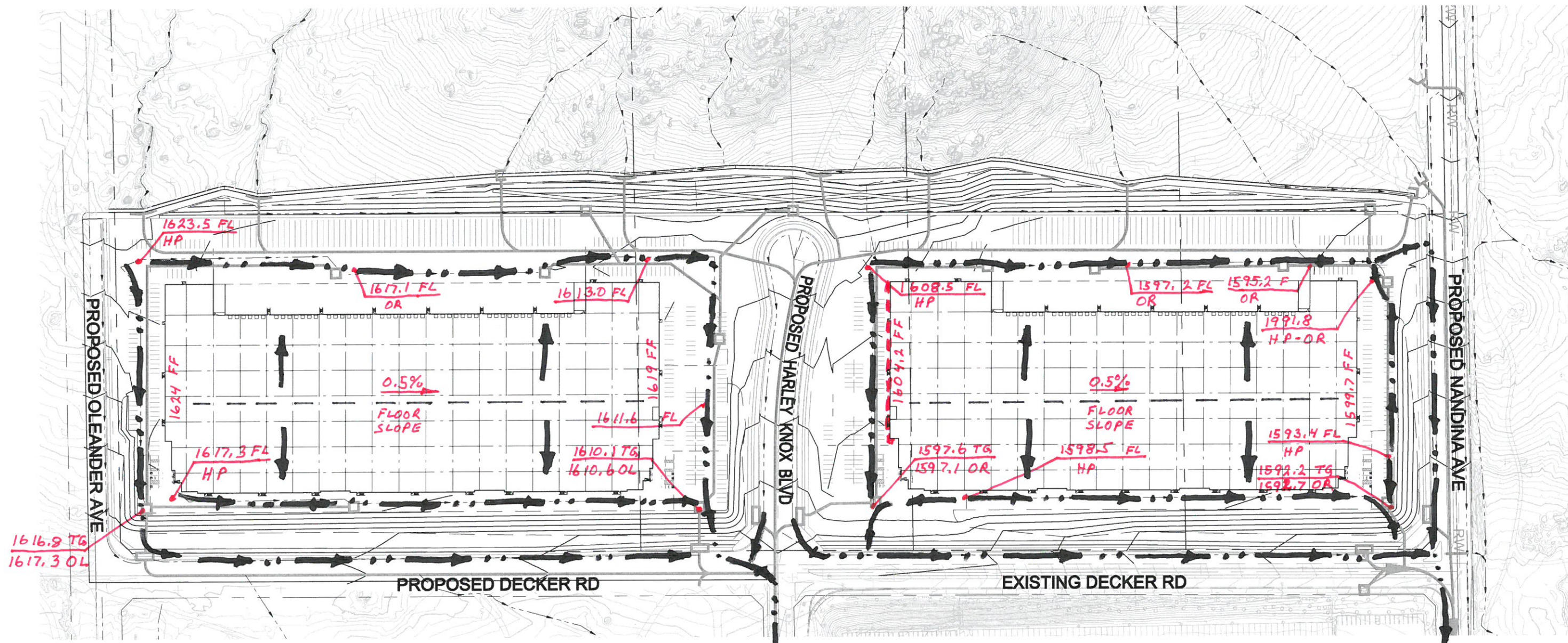
LAT. B-72
L.A.T. B-71
L.A.T. B-70
L.A.T. B-69
L.A.T. B-68
L.A.T. B-67
L.A.T. B-66
L.A.T. B-65
L.A.T. B-64
L.A.T. B-63
L.A.T. B-62
L.A.T. B-61
L.A.T. B-60
L.A.T. B-59
L.A.T. B-58
L.A.T. B-57
L.A.T. B-56
L.A.T. B-55
L.A.T. B-54
L.A.T. B-53
L.A.T. B-52
L.A.T. B-51
L.A.T. B-50
L.A.T. B-49
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L.A.T. B-45
L.A.T. B-44
L.A.T. B-43
L.A.T. B-42
L.A.T. B-41
L.A.T. B-40
L.A.T. B-39
L.A.T. B-38
L.A.T. B-37
L.A.T. B-36
L.A.T. B-35
L.A.T. B-34
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L.A.T. B-32
L.A.T. B-31
L.A.T. B-30
L.A.T. B-29
L.A.T. B-28
L.A.T. B-27
L.A.T. B-26
L.A.T. B-25
L.A.T. B-24
L.A.T. B-23
L.A.T. B-22
L.A.T. B-21
L.A.T. B-20
L.A.T. B-19
L.A.T. B-18
L.A.T. B-17
L.A.T. B-16
L.A.T. B-15
L.A.T. B-14
L.A.T. B-13
L.A.T. B-12
L.A.T. B-11
L.A.T. B-10
L.A.T. B-9
L.A.T. B-8
L.A.T. B-7
L.A.T. B-6
L.A.T. B-5
L.A.T. B-4
L.A.T. B-3
L.A.T. B-2
L.A.T. B-1

PROJECT SITE




MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN - BLOW UP

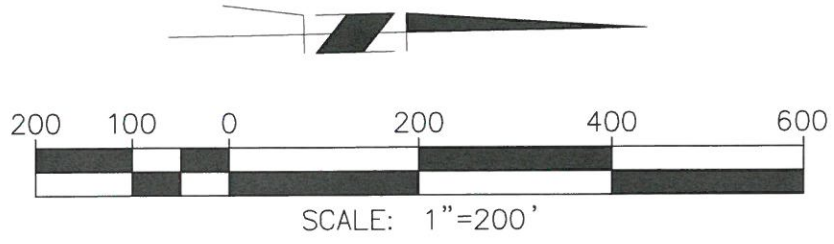


1" = 100' (1" = 30.48m)



LEGEND

-  PROPOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEM
-  DIRECTION OF OVERLAND RELIEF
-  EXISTING AND PROPOSED SWALES



LEGEND

- OR = OVERLAND RELIEF
- FL = FLOW LINE
- HP = HIGH POINT
- TG = TOP OF GRATE INLET
- = STEMWALL ABOVE FS PROTECTING BUILDING

THE ASSUPTION IS THAT EVERY INLET IS TOTALLY CLOGGED AND THE 100-YEAR STORM EVENT MUST FLOW OFF-SITE WITHOUT DAMAGE TO INFRASTRUCTURE.

Prepared By:

Michael Baker
INTERNATIONAL

5 Hutton Centre Drive, Suite 500
Santa Ana CA 92707
Phone: (949) 472-3505
MBAKERINTL.COM

**MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK
OVERLAND RELIEF MAP
PROPOSED CONDITION
RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA
JULY 2019**

JN: 1" = 200' DATE: 7/5/2019

OFF-SITE RUNOFF FROM EXISTING SUBAREAS T AND U ARE CURRENTLY DIVERTED NORTH OF NANDINA THROUGH AN 18" CULVERT INSTALLED CIRCA 2017. THE RUNOFF FLOWS 1300' EASTERLY TO LATERAL B-9A. IN THE PROPOSED CONDITION THE CULVERT WILL BE REMOVED AND OFF-SITE RUNOFF FROM THESE SUBAREAS WILL BE INTERCEPTED, CONVEYED, AND COMBINED WITH ON-SITE RUNOFF (AFTER FILTRATION FOR WQMP PURPOSES) TO LATERAL B-9AA HERE. TO PROPERLY COMPARE EXISTING RUNOFF RATES AND VOLUMES TO PROPOSED RUNOFF RATES AND VOLUMES IT IS ASSUMED THAT ALL RUNOFF COMBINES AT LATERAL B-9AA HERE. RUNOFF VALUES SHOWN IGNORE THE 18" CULVERT AND ASSUME ALL RUNOFF COMBINES AS A SINGLE 34.7 AC WATERSHED.

THE PEAK RUNOFF RATE TO LATERAL B-9AA PER ASBUILT DWG NO. 964B WAS $Q_{100}=42.3$ CFS CFS. PER THIS STUDY $Q_{100}=55.25$ CFS WHICH IS THE SUMMATION OF ($Q_{100}=53.35$ CFS) PLUS N.A.P. LATERAL B-9AA-2 ($Q_{100}=1.90$ CFS).

RUNOFF FROM HERE AND WEST OF HERE FLOWS NORTHERLY ACROSS FUTURE NANDINA OFF-SITE BEYOND OUR HYDROLOGIC BOUNDARY

WATERSHED B-9AA RUNOFF VOLUME AND PEAK RATES. HISTORICALLY RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-9AA FLOWED EASTERLY AND PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991 WAS INTENDED TO BE TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9. HERE EXISTING UPON CONSTRUCTION OF STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9AA PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FILE NO. 964B RUNOFF IS PICKED UP IN A DECKER RD ADJACENT 48" RISER TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9AA AND ULTIMATELY LATERAL B-9.

34.7 ACRE WATERSHED B-9AA:
 TOTAL RUNOFF VOLUME 10 YR/24 HR STORM=4.03 AC-FT AND RUNOFF RATES $Q_{10}=33.67$ CFS, $Q_{100}=53.35$ CFS

SUMMATION OF EXISTING CONDITION 105.7 ACRE HYDROLOGIC BOUNDARY:
 TOTAL RUNOFF VOLUME 10 YR/24 HR STORM=12.28 AC-FT AND RUNOFF RATES $Q_{10}=97.33$ CFS, $Q_{100}=152.08$ CFS

WATERSHED B-8 RUNOFF VOLUME AND PEAK RATES. HISTORICALLY RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-8 FLOWED EASTERLY AND PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991 WAS INTENDED TO BE TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8. HERE EXISTING UPON CONSTRUCTION OF HARLEY KNOX BLVD AND EXTENSION OF STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8 PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DRAWING NO. 4-1060 RUNOFF IS PICKED UP AND IS ULTIMATELY TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8.

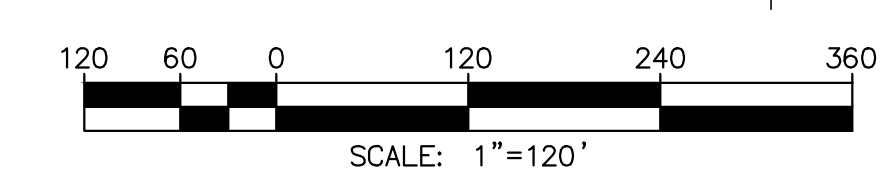
FROM THE 71.0 ACRE WATERSHED B-8:
 TOTAL RUNOFF VOLUME 10 YR/24 HR STORM=8.25 AC-FT AND RUNOFF RATES $Q_{10}=63.66$ CFS, $Q_{100}=98.73$ CFS

THE PEAK RUNOFF RATE TO LATERAL B-8 PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT ASBUILT DRAWING NO. 4-1060DWG NO. 964B WAS APPROVED FOR $Q_{100}=182.00$ CFS. PER THIS STUDY $Q_{10}=90.85$ CFS, $Q_{100}=140.90$ CFS (THE SUMMATION OF WATERSHED B-8 PLUS WATERSHED B-8A).

HISTORICALLY RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-8A FLOWED EASTERLY AND PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991 WAS INTENDED TO BE TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8. HERE EXISTING UPON CONSTRUCTION OF STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8A PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DRAWING NO. 4-1060 RUNOFF IS.

NOTE:
 TO PREPARE A HYDROLOGY REPORT AND COMPARE THE EXISTING CONDITION TO THE PROPOSED CONDITION RUNOFF FROM WEST OF DECKER RD AND TRIBUTARY TO THE SITE (WATERSHED B-8) IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY FROM RUNOFF EAST OF DECKER RD AND NOT TRIBUTARY TO THE SITE (WATERSHED B-8A).

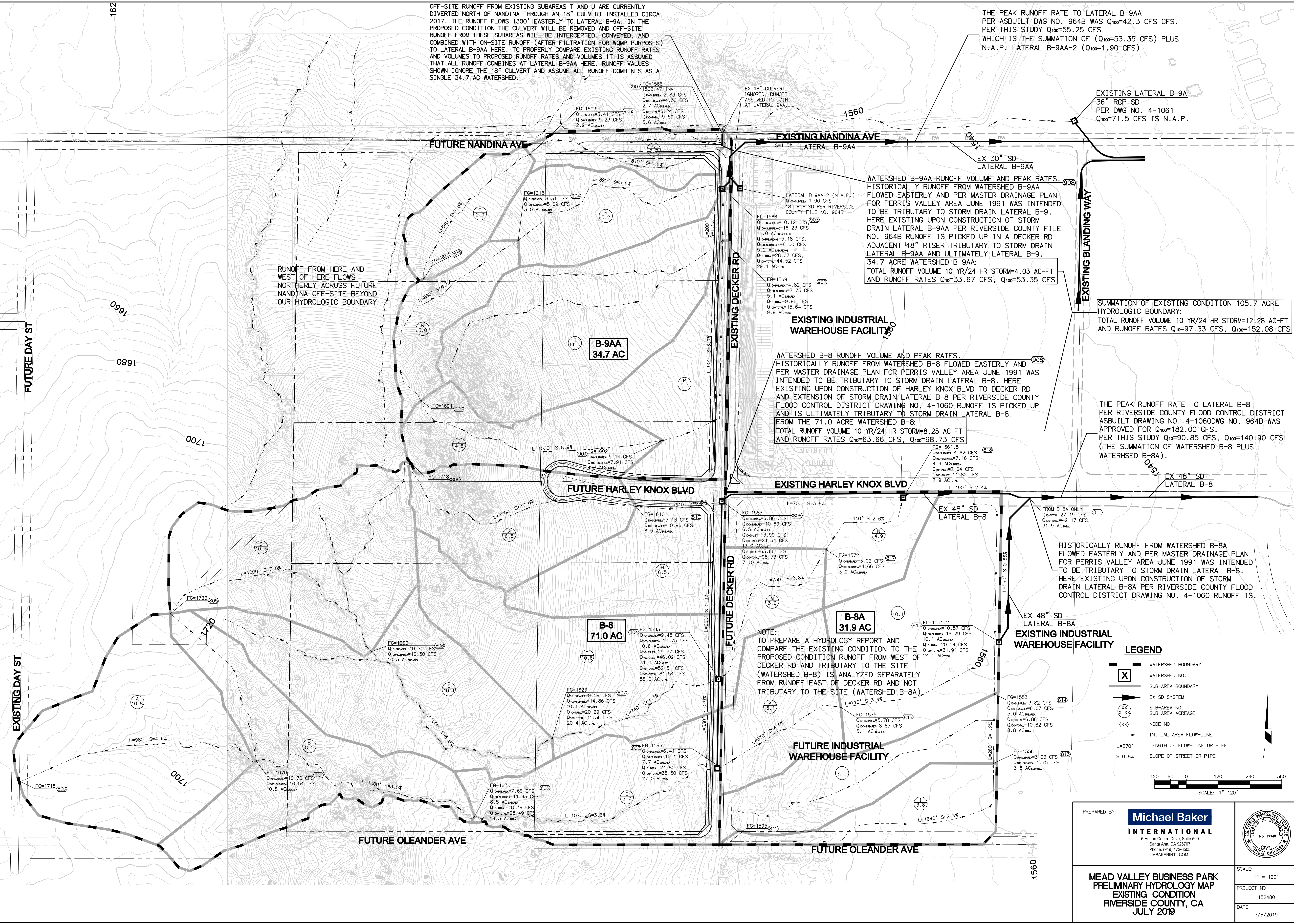
- LEGEND**
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
 - WATERSHED NO.
 - SUB-AREA BOUNDARY
 - EX SD SYSTEM
 - SUB-AREA NO.
 - SUB-AREA-ACREAGE
 - NODE NO.
 - INITIAL AREA FLOW-LINE
 - LENGTH OF FLOW-LINE OR PIPE
 - SLOPE OF STREET OR PIPE



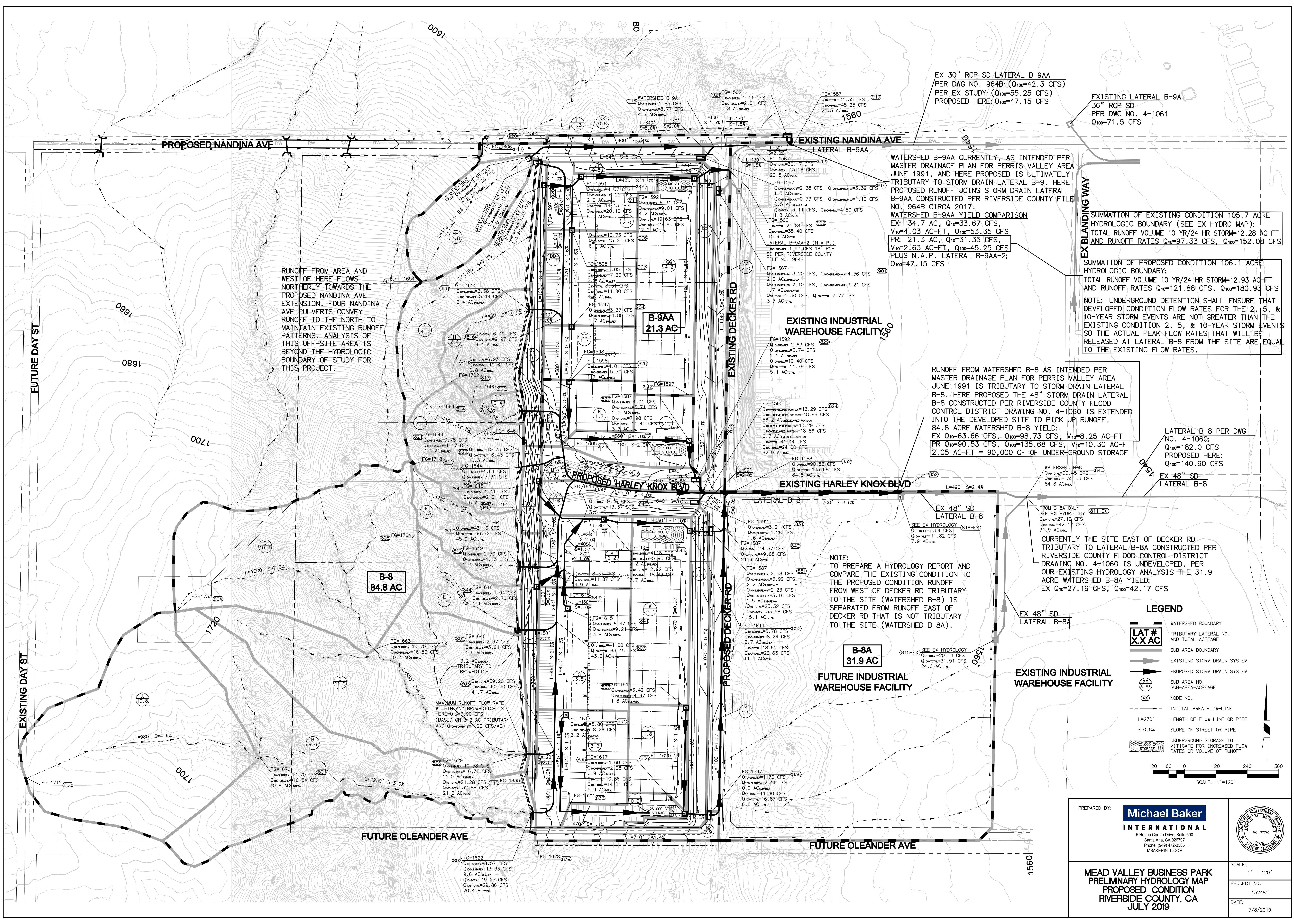
PREPARED BY: **Michael Baker INTERNATIONAL**
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MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY MAP EXISTING CONDITION RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA JULY 2019

SCALE: 1" = 120"
 PROJECT NO. 152480
 DATE: 7/8/2019



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EX 30" RCP SD LATERAL B-9AA
 PER DWG NO. 964B: (Q₁₀₀=42.3 CFS)
 PER EX STUDY: (Q₁₀₀=55.25 CFS)
 PROPOSED HERE: Q₁₀₀=47.15 CFS

EXISTING LATERAL B-9A
 36" RCP SD
 PER DWG NO. 4-1061
 Q₁₀₀=71.5 CFS

WATERSHED B-9AA CURRENTLY, AS INTENDED PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991, AND HERE PROPOSED IS ULTIMATELY TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9. HERE PROPOSED RUNOFF JOINS STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9AA CONSTRUCTED PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FILE NO. 964B CIRCA 2017.
WATERSHED B-9AA YIELD COMPARISON
 EX: 34.7 AC, Q₁₀=33.67 CFS, V₁₀=4.03 AC-FT, Q₁₀₀=53.35 CFS
 PR: 21.3 AC, Q₁₀=31.35 CFS, V₁₀=2.63 AC-FT, Q₁₀₀=45.25 CFS
 PLUS N.A.P. LATERAL B-9AA-2; Q₁₀₀=47.15 CFS

SUMMATION OF EXISTING CONDITION 105.7 ACRE HYDROLOGIC BOUNDARY (SEE EX HYDRO MAP):
 TOTAL RUNOFF VOLUME 10 YR/24 HR STORM=12.28 AC-FT AND RUNOFF RATES Q₁₀=97.33 CFS, Q₁₀₀=152.08 CFS

SUMMATION OF PROPOSED CONDITION 106.1 ACRE HYDROLOGIC BOUNDARY:
 TOTAL RUNOFF VOLUME 10 YR/24 HR STORM=12.93 AC-FT AND RUNOFF RATES Q₁₀=121.88 CFS, Q₁₀₀=180.93 CFS
 NOTE: UNDERGROUND DETENTION SHALL ENSURE THAT DEVELOPED CONDITION FLOW RATES FOR THE 2, 5, & 10-YEAR STORM EVENTS ARE NOT GREATER THAN THE EXISTING CONDITION 2, 5, & 10-YEAR STORM EVENTS SO THE ACTUAL PEAK FLOW RATES THAT WILL BE RELEASED AT LATERAL B-8 FROM THE SITE ARE EQUAL TO THE EXISTING FLOW RATES.

RUNOFF FROM AREA AND WEST OF HERE FLOWS NORTHERLY TOWARDS THE PROPOSED NANDINA AVE EXTENSION. FOUR NANDINA AVE CULVERTS CONVEY RUNOFF TO THE NORTH TO MAINTAIN EXISTING RUNOFF PATTERNS. ANALYSIS OF THIS OFF-SITE AREA IS BEYOND THE HYDROLOGIC BOUNDARY OF STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT.

RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-8 AS INTENDED PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991 IS TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8. HERE PROPOSED THE 48" STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8 CONSTRUCTED PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DRAWING NO. 4-1060 IS EXTENDED INTO THE DEVELOPED SITE TO PICK UP RUNOFF.
 84.8 ACRE WATERSHED B-8 YIELD:
 EX Q₁₀=63.66 CFS, Q₁₀₀=98.73 CFS, V₁₀=8.25 AC-FT
 PR Q₁₀=90.53 CFS, Q₁₀₀=135.68 CFS, V₁₀=10.30 AC-FT
 2.05 AC-FT = 90,000 CF OF UNDER-GROUND STORAGE

LATERAL B-8 PER DWG NO. 4-1060:
 Q₁₀=182.0 CFS
 PROPOSED HERE:
 Q₁₀₀=140.90 CFS

EX 48" SD LATERAL B-8

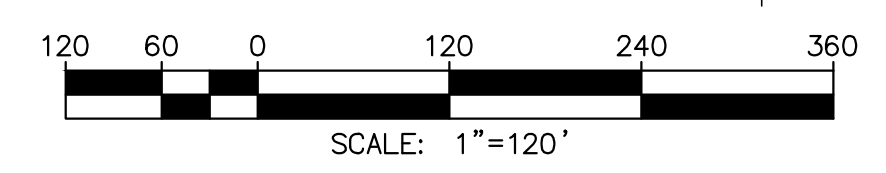
FROM B-8A ONLY SEE EX HYDROLOGY
 Q₁₀-TOTAL=27.19 CFS
 Q₁₀₀-TOTAL=42.17 CFS
 31.9 AC_{TOTAL}

CURRENTLY THE SITE EAST OF DECKER RD TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL B-8A CONSTRUCTED PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DRAWING NO. 4-1060 IS UNDEVELOPED. PER OUR EXISTING HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS THE 31.9 ACRE WATERSHED B-8A YIELD:
 EX Q₁₀=27.19 CFS, Q₁₀₀=42.17 CFS

NOTE:
 TO PREPARE A HYDROLOGY REPORT AND COMPARE THE EXISTING CONDITION TO THE PROPOSED CONDITION RUNOFF FROM WEST OF DECKER RD TRIBUTARY TO THE SITE (WATERSHED B-8) IS SEPARATED FROM RUNOFF EAST OF DECKER RD THAT IS NOT TRIBUTARY TO THE SITE (WATERSHED B-8A).

LEGEND

- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- TRIBUTARY LATERAL NO. AND TOTAL ACREAGE
- SUB-AREA BOUNDARY
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN SYSTEM
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEM
- SUB-AREA NO. SUB-AREA-ACREAGE
- NODE NO.
- INITIAL AREA FLOW-LINE
- LENGTH OF FLOW-LINE OR PIPE
- SLOPE OF STREET OR PIPE
- UNDERGROUND STORAGE TO MITIGATE FOR INCREASED FLOW RATES OR VOLUME OF RUNOFF



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MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY MAP PROPOSED CONDITION RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA JULY 2019

SCALE: 1" = 120'
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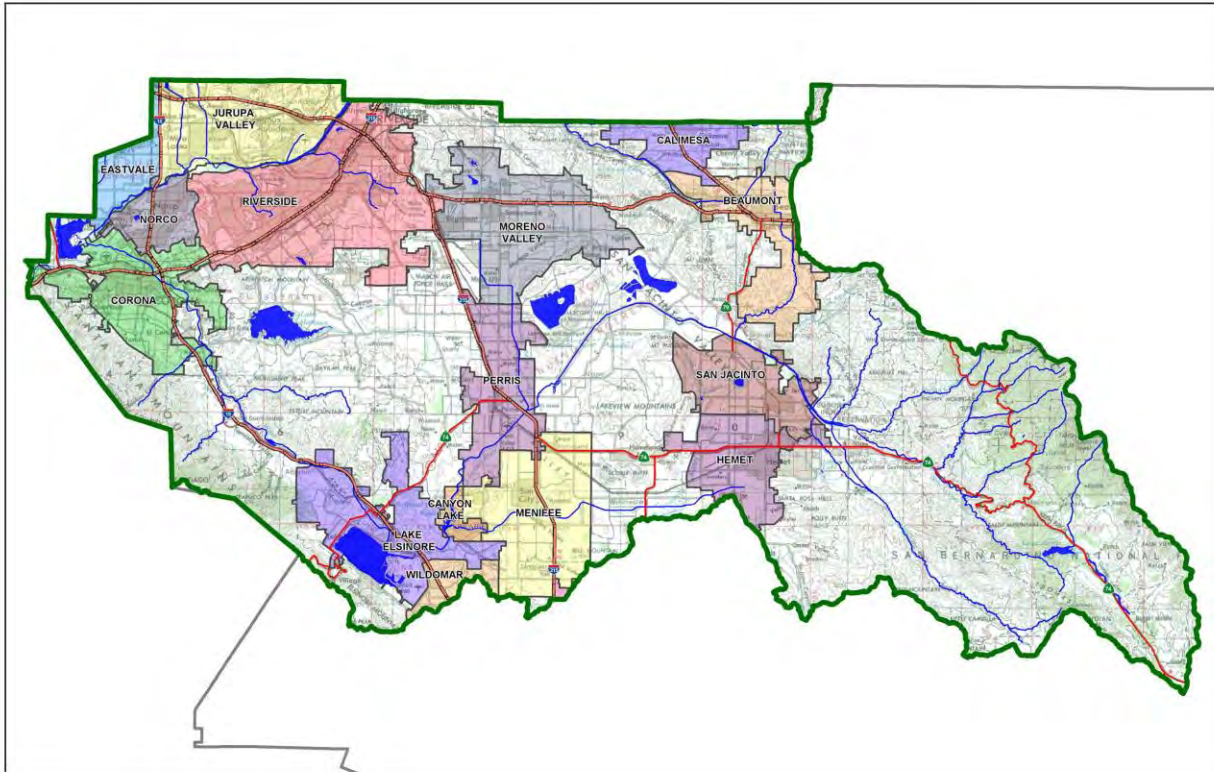
Project Specific Water Quality Management Plan

A Template for Projects located within the **Santa Ana Watershed** Region of Riverside County

Project Title: Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)

Development No: TBD

Design Review/Case No: TBD



Preliminary

Final

Original Date Prepared: March 25, 2019

Revision Date(s):

Prepared for Compliance with

*Regional Board Order No. **R8-2010-0033***

Template revised June 30, 2016

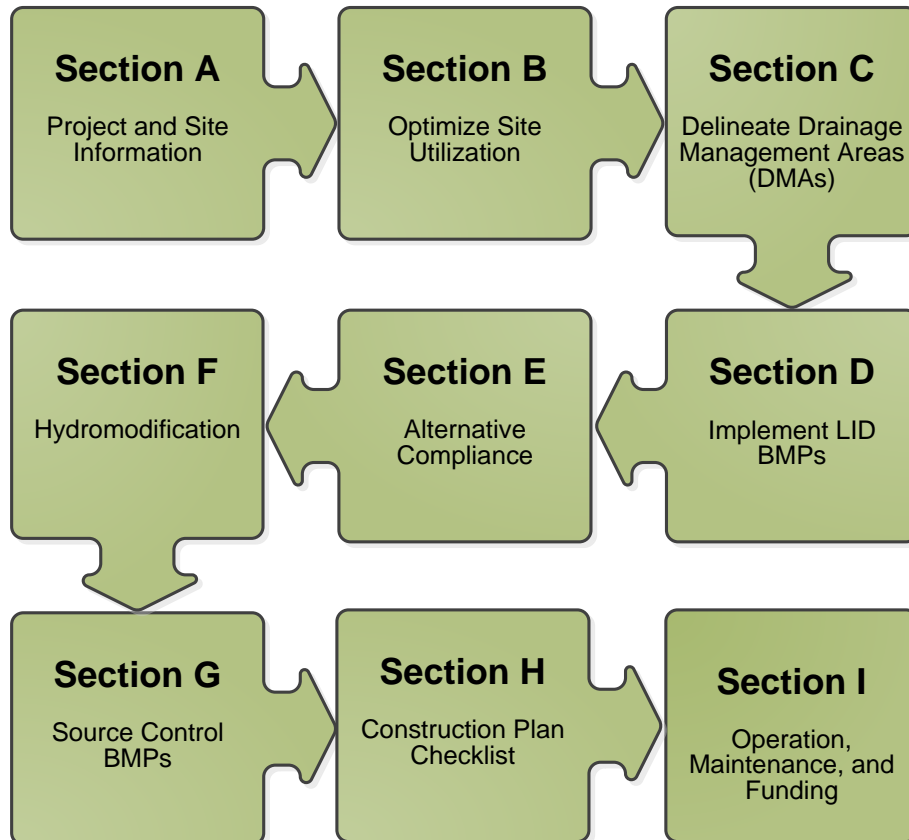
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Prepared by: Michael Baker International
Jacqueline Hernandez
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A Brief Introduction

This Project-Specific WQMP Template for the **Santa Ana Region** has been prepared to help guide you in documenting compliance for your project. Because this document has been designed to specifically document compliance, you will need to utilize the WQMP Guidance Document as your “how-to” manual to help guide you through this process. Both the Template and Guidance Document go hand-in-hand and will help facilitate a well-prepared Project-Specific WQMP. Below is a flowchart for the layout of this Template that will provide the steps required to document compliance.



OWNER'S CERTIFICATION

This Project-Specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) has been prepared for SRG Perris, L.P. by Michael Baker International for the Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley) project.

This WQMP is intended to comply with the requirements of The County of Riverside for Water Quality Ordinance (Municipal Code Section 754.1) which includes the requirement for the preparation and implementation of a Project-Specific WQMP.

The undersigned, while owning the property/project described in the preceding paragraph, shall be responsible for the implementation and funding of this WQMP and will ensure that this WQMP is amended as appropriate to reflect up-to-date conditions on the site. In addition, the property owner accepts responsibility for interim operation and maintenance of Stormwater BMPs until such time as this responsibility is formally transferred to a subsequent owner. This WQMP will be reviewed with the facility operator, facility supervisors, employees, tenants, maintenance and service contractors, or any other party (or parties) having responsibility for implementing portions of this WQMP. At least one copy of this WQMP will be maintained at the project site or project office in perpetuity. The undersigned is authorized to certify and to approve implementation of this WQMP. The undersigned is aware that implementation of this WQMP is enforceable under **The County of Riverside Water Quality Ordinance (Municipal Code Section 754.1)**.

"I, the undersigned, certify under penalty of law that the provisions of this WQMP have been reviewed and accepted and that the WQMP will be transferred to future successors in interest."

Owner's Signature

Date

Owner's Printed Name

Owner's Title/Position

PREPARER'S CERTIFICATION

"The selection, sizing and design of stormwater treatment and other stormwater quality and quantity control measures in this plan meet the requirements of Regional Water Quality Control Board Order No. **R8-2010-0033** and any subsequent amendments thereto."

Preparer's Signature

Date

Jacqueline Hernandez

Preparer's Printed Name

Preparer's Title/Position

Preparer's Licensure:

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Section A: Project and Site Information

PROJECT INFORMATION	
Type of Project:	Commercial
Planning Area:	
Community Name:	Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)
Development Name:	Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)
PROJECT LOCATION	
Latitude & Longitude (DMS): 33.862616, -117.271956	
Project Watershed and Sub-Watershed: Santa Ana Watershed; San Jacinto Sub-Watershed	
Gross Acres: 39.18	
APN(s): 295-310-012, 295-310-013, 295-310-014, 295-310-015	
Map Book and Page No.: Thomas Bros. Map Page 747	
PROJECT CHARACTERISTICS	
Proposed or Potential Land Use(s)	Commercial
Proposed or Potential SIC Code(s)	To Be Determined
Area of Impervious Project Footprint (SF)	1,738,063
Total Area of <u>proposed</u> Impervious Surfaces within the Project Footprint (SF)/or Replacement	1,241,609.34
Does the project consist of offsite road improvements?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N
Does the project propose to construct unpaved roads?	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
Is the project part of a larger common plan of development (phased project)?	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
EXISTING SITE CHARACTERISTICS	
Total area of <u>existing</u> Impervious Surfaces within the Project limits Footprint (SF)	0
Is the project located within any MSHCP Criteria Cell?	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
If so, identify the Cell number:	N/A
Are there any natural hydrologic features on the project site?	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
Is a Geotechnical Report attached?	<input type="checkbox"/> Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
If no Geotechnical Report, list the NRCS soils type(s) present on the site (A, B, C and/or D)	B, C & D
What is the Water Quality Design Storm Depth for the project?	0.59
<p>The proposed project site is located in unincorporated Riverside County, west of Decker Road between Nandina Avenue and Oleander Avenue. The project proposes to develop two commercial buildings, a parking lot and loading docks on existing barren land. In existing condition, surface runoff flows from west to east. In the proposed condition, surface runoff will flow in the same direction and will enter the storm drain via catch basin inlet and be treated by the proposed BMPs discussed in Section D.5. Off-site runoff will flow onto the site via a terrace drain.</p> <p>Oleander Avenue, Decker Road and Nandina Avenue are public transportation roadways that are along the perimeter of the project site. These roadways will be built for public use which will be owned and maintained by the County of Riverside. Since these roadways are public roadways, they are considered public transportation projects and are subject to Riverside County's Transportation Project Guidance, and the Transportation Project Template. Transportation project documentation will be prepared and provided with the final WQMP. Drainage Swales that capture runoff from the other half of the public roadway</p>	

will be designed for the adjacent future developments. It will be the responsibility of the adjacent future developments to propose water quality BMPs.

A.1 Maps and Site Plans

When completing your Project-Specific WQMP, include a map of the local vicinity and existing site. In addition, include all grading, drainage, landscape/plant palette and other pertinent construction plans in Appendix 2. At a **minimum**, your WQMP Site Plan should include the following:

- Drainage Management Areas
- Proposed Structural BMPs
- Drainage Path
- Drainage Infrastructure, Inlets, Overflows
- Source Control BMPs
- Buildings, Roof Lines, Downspouts
- Impervious Surfaces
- Standard Labeling
- BMP Locations (Lat/Long)

Use your discretion on whether or not you may need to create multiple sheets or can appropriately accommodate these features on one or two sheets. Keep in mind that the Co-Permittee plan reviewer must be able to easily analyze your project utilizing this template and its associated site plans and maps.

A.2 Identify Receiving Waters

Using Table A.1 below, list in order of upstream to downstream, the receiving waters that the project site is tributary to. Continue to fill each row with the Receiving Water’s 303(d) listed impairments (if any), designated beneficial uses, and proximity, if any, to a RARE beneficial use. Include a map of the receiving waters in Appendix 1.

Table A.1 Identification of Receiving Waters

Receiving Waters	EPA Approved 303(d) List Impairments	Designated Beneficial Uses	Proximity to RARE Beneficial Use
Perris Valley MDP Lateral B-9	None*	Perris North (MUN, AGR, IND, PROC) Perris South (MUN, AGR)	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
Perris Valley MDP Lateral B-8	None*	Perris North (MUN, AGR, IND, PROC) Perris South (MUN, AGR)	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
Perris Valley Channel Lateral B	None*	Perris North (MUN, AGR, IND, PROC) Perris South (MUN, AGR)	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
Perris Valley Channel	None*	Perris South (MUN, AGR)	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
San Jacinto River Reach 3	None	MUN, AGR, IND, PROC	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
San Jacinto River Reach 2	None	GWR, AGR, WILD, WARM, REC2, REC1, MUN	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
Canyon Lake	Nutrients	WILD, REC2, WARM, GWR, REC1, AGR	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
San Jacinto River Reach 1	None	AGR, GWR	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters
Lake Elsinore	DDT, Nutrients, Organic Enrichment/Low Dissolved Oxygen, PCBs (Polychlorinated biphenyls), Toxicity	MUN, REC1, REC2, WARM, WILD	No RARE uses identified in receiving waters

*Requirement for permit is unknown at this time. Determination shall be made and addressed in the Final WQMP.

A.3 Additional Permits/Approvals required for the Project:

Table A.2 Other Applicable Permits

Agency	Permit Required	
State Department of Fish and Game, 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement	<input type="checkbox"/> Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
State Water Resources Control Board, Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 401 Water Quality Cert.	<input type="checkbox"/> Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
US Army Corps of Engineers, CWA Section 404 Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
US Fish and Wildlife, Endangered Species Act Section 7 Biological Opinion	<input type="checkbox"/> Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
Statewide Construction General Permit Coverage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y	<input type="checkbox"/> N
Statewide Industrial General Permit Coverage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y	<input type="checkbox"/> N
Western Riverside MSHCP Consistency Approval (e.g., JPR, DBESP)	<input type="checkbox"/> Y	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N
<i>Other (please list in the space below as required)</i>		
County of Riverside Grading Permit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y	<input type="checkbox"/> N
County of Riverside Building Permit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Y	<input type="checkbox"/> N

If yes is answered to any of the questions above, the Co-Permittee may require proof of approval/coverage from those agencies as applicable including documentation of any associated requirements that may affect this Project-Specific WQMP.

Section B: Optimize Site Utilization (LID Principles)

Review of the information collected in Section 'A' will aid in identifying the principal constraints on site design and selection of LID BMPs as well as opportunities to reduce imperviousness and incorporate LID Principles into the site and landscape design. For example, constraints might include impermeable soils, high groundwater, groundwater pollution or contaminated soils, steep slopes, geotechnical instability, high-intensity land use, heavy pedestrian or vehicular traffic, utility locations or safety concerns. Opportunities might include existing natural areas, low areas, oddly configured or otherwise unbuildable parcels, easements and landscape amenities including open space and buffers (which can double as locations for bioretention BMPs), and differences in elevation (which can provide hydraulic head). Prepare a brief narrative for each of the site optimization strategies described below. This narrative will help you as you proceed with your LID design and explain your design decisions to others.

The 2010 Santa Ana MS4 Permit further requires that LID Retention BMPs (Infiltration Only or Harvest and Use) be used unless it can be shown that those BMPs are infeasible. Therefore, it is important that your narrative identify and justify if there are any constraints that would prevent the use of those categories of LID BMPs. Similarly, you should also note opportunities that exist which will be utilized during project design. Upon completion of identifying Constraints and Opportunities, include these on your WQMP Site plan in Appendix 1.

Consideration of "highest and best use" of the discharge should also be considered. For example, Lake Elsinore is evaporating faster than runoff from natural precipitation can recharge it. Requiring infiltration of 85% of runoff events for projects tributary to Lake Elsinore would only exacerbate current water quality problems associated with Pollutant concentration due to lake water evaporation. In cases where rainfall events have low potential to recharge Lake Elsinore (i.e., no hydraulic connection between groundwater to Lake Elsinore, or other factors), requiring infiltration of Urban Runoff from projects is counterproductive to the overall watershed goals. Project proponents, in these cases, would be allowed to discharge Urban Runoff, provided they used equally effective filtration-based BMPs.

Site Optimization

The following questions are based upon Section 3.2 of the WQMP Guidance Document. Review of the WQMP Guidance Document will help you determine how best to optimize your site and subsequently identify opportunities and/or constraints, and document compliance.

Did you identify and preserve existing drainage patterns? If so, how? If not, why?

Yes, the direction of surface runoff will flow from West to East. This drainage pattern will remain the same in the proposed condition. The proposed storm drain system will run from West to East to the proposed underground storage systems to store the design capture volume (DCV) and then treated by the Modular Wetlands Systems (MWS). Offsite surface runoff on the western portion of the project will be collected in the terrace drain and drain onto the project and into the proposed storm drain system. After water quality treatment in the MWS, surface runoff from the project site will leave the site in the easterly direction via Perris Valley MDP Lateral B-8 and B-9.

Did you identify and protect existing vegetation? If so, how? If not, why?

In existing condition, the proposed project site is barren and has minimal effects on local plant life. There are no native trees on-site that need to be relocated. Vegetation proposed on-site will be determined by the Landscape Architect and discussed in the Final WQMP.

Did you identify and preserve natural infiltration capacity? If so, how? If not, why?

The site has poor infiltration capacity. The soils on-site mainly consist of Hydrologic Soil Types C and D.

Did you identify and minimize impervious area? If so, how? If not, why?

Due to the nature of the project, the majority of new construction will be impervious area. Landscaped parking medians/islands are proposed throughout the project site. Large landscaped areas will be proposed along the perimeter of the project site.

Did you identify and disperse runoff to adjacent pervious areas? If so, how? If not, why?

Roof runoff will sheet flow towards landscaped areas surrounding the building. The landscaped areas around the building will be depressed to provide maximum detention before draining onto the parking lot. Runoff will sheet flow throughout the parking lot towards the catch basins and discharge into the proposed storm drain system, eventually being stored in the underground storage systems and treated by the proposed MWS as shown in the BMP Exhibit.

Section C: Delineate Drainage Management Areas (DMAs)

Utilizing the procedure in Section 3.3 of the WQMP Guidance Document which discusses the methods of delineating and mapping your project site into individual DMAs, complete Table C.1 below to appropriately categorize the types of classification (e.g., Type A, Type B, etc.) per DMA for your project site. Upon completion of this table, this information will then be used to populate and tabulate the corresponding tables for their respective DMA classifications.

Table C.1 DMA Classifications

DMA Name or ID	Surface Type(s) ¹²	Area (Sq. Ft.)	DMA Type
DMA A-1	Roof, Concrete/Asphalt	244,078	Type D
	Landscaping	26,119	
		270,197	
DMA A-2	Concrete/Asphalt	286	Type A
	Landscaping	7,360	
		7,646	
DMA A-3	Concrete/Asphalt	0	Type A
	Landscaping	44,364	
		44,364	
DMA B-1	Roof, Concrete/Asphalt	380,063	Type D
	Landscaping	86,961	
		467,024	
DMA B-2	Concrete/Asphalt	397	Type A
	Landscaping	75,196	
		75,593	
DMA C-1	Roof, Concrete/Asphalt	123,925	Type D
	Landscaping	62,595	
		186,520	
DMA C-2	Concrete/Asphalt	0	Type A
	Landscaping	8,297	
		8,297	
DMA D-1	Roof, Concrete/Asphalt	466,031	Type D
	Landscaping	82,879	
		548,910	
DMA D-2	Concrete/Asphalt	305	Type A
	Landscaping	97,647	
		97,952	

¹Reference Table 2-1 in the WQMP Guidance Document to populate this column

²If multi-surface provide back-up

Table C.2 Type 'A', Self-Treating Areas

DMA Name or ID	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Stabilization Type	Irrigation Type (if any)
DMA A-2	7,360.34	Vegetation	To be determined in Final WQMP
DMA A-3	44,363.95	Vegetation	To be determined in Final WQMP
DMA B-2	75,196.59	Vegetation	To be determined in Final WQMP
DMA C-2	8,297.29	Vegetation	To be determined in Final WQMP
DMA D-2	97,647.33	Vegetation	To be determined in Final WQMP

Self-treating areas that have not been fully captured in the soils will runoff into the drainage swales at the toe of slope and discharge into the storm drain system via catch basin inlets.

Table C.3 Type 'B', Self-Retaining Areas

Self-Retaining Area				Type 'C' DMAs that are draining to the Self-Retaining Area		
DMA Name/ ID	Post-project surface type	Area (square feet) [A]	Storm Depth (inches) [B]	DMA Name/ID	[C] from Table C.4 = [C]	Required Retention Depth (inches) [D]
N/A						

$$[D] = [B] + \frac{[B] \cdot [C]}{[A]}$$

Table C.4 Type 'C', Areas that Drain to Self-Retaining Areas

DMA					Receiving Self-Retaining DMA		
DMA Name/ID	Area (square feet) [A]	Post-project surface type	Impervious fraction [B]	Product [C] = [A] x [B]	DMA name/ID	Area (square feet) [D]	Ratio [C]/[D]
N/A							

Table C.5 Type 'D', Areas Draining to BMPs

DMA Name or ID	BMP Name or ID
DMA A-1	BMP A-1 MWS-L-4-15
DMA B-1	BMP B-1 MWS-L-4-21
DMA C-1	BMP C-1 MWS-L-4-8
DMA D-1	BMP D-1 MWS-L-8-12

Note: More than one drainage management area can drain to a single LID BMP; however, one drainage management area may not drain to more than one BMP.

Section D: Implement LID BMPs

D.1 Infiltration Applicability

Is there an approved downstream ‘Highest and Best Use’ for stormwater runoff (see discussion in Chapter 2.4.4 of the WQMP Guidance Document for further details)? Y N

If yes has been checked, Infiltration BMPs shall not be used for the site; proceed to section D.3

If no, continue working through this section to implement your LID BMPs. It is recommended that you contact your Co-Permittee to verify whether or not your project discharges to an approved downstream ‘Highest and Best Use’ feature.

Geotechnical Report

A Geotechnical Report or Phase I Environmental Site Assessment may be required by the Copermitee to confirm present and past site characteristics that may affect the use of Infiltration BMPs. In addition, the Co-Permittee, at their discretion, may not require a geotechnical report for small projects as described in Chapter 2 of the WQMP Guidance Document. If a geotechnical report has been prepared, include it in Appendix 3. In addition, if a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment has been prepared, include it in Appendix 4.

Is this project classified as a small project consistent with the requirements of Chapter 2 of the WQMP Guidance Document? Y N

Infiltration Feasibility

Table D.1 below is meant to provide a simple means of assessing which DMAs on your site support Infiltration BMPs and is discussed in the WQMP Guidance Document in Chapter 2.4.5. Check the appropriate box for each question and then list affected DMAs as applicable. If additional space is needed, add a row below the corresponding answer.

Table D.1 Infiltration Feasibility

Does the project site...	YES	NO
...have any DMAs with a seasonal high groundwater mark shallower than 10 feet? If Yes, list affected DMAs:		x
...have any DMAs located within 100 feet of a water supply well? If Yes, list affected DMAs:		x
...have any areas identified by the geotechnical report as posing a public safety risk where infiltration of stormwater could have a negative impact? If Yes, list affected DMAs:		x
...have measured in-situ infiltration rates of less than 1.6 inches / hour? If Yes, list affected DMAs:		x
...have significant cut and/or fill conditions that would preclude in-situ testing of infiltration rates at the final infiltration surface? If Yes, list affected DMAs:		x
...geotechnical report identify other site-specific factors that would preclude effective and safe infiltration? Describe here:		x

If you answered “Yes” to any of the questions above for any DMA, Infiltration BMPs should not be used for those DMAs and you should proceed to the assessment for Harvest and Use below.

Based on preliminary information available, the Geotech has indicated that the site contains shallow bedrock encountered between 5-6 feet from existing grades. Additionally, information from the USDA Web soil Survey indicates the depths to the water table are approximately greater than 6.5 feet and the shallowest depth to any soil restrictive layer is approximately 1.2 feet. It is assumed that infiltration is deemed infeasible within the project area. A geotechnical report will be provided along with the Final WQMP submittal.

D.2 Harvest and Use Assessment

Please check what applies:

- Reclaimed water will be used for the non-potable water demands for the project.
- Downstream water rights may be impacted by Harvest and Use as approved by the Regional Board (verify with the Copermittee).
- The Design Capture Volume will be addressed using Infiltration Only BMPs. In such a case, Harvest and Use BMPs are still encouraged, but it would not be required if the Design Capture Volume will be infiltrated or evapotranspired.

If any of the above boxes have been checked, Harvest and Use BMPs need not be assessed for the site. If none of the above criteria applies, follow the steps below to assess the feasibility of irrigation use, toilet use and other non-potable uses (e.g., industrial use).

Irrigation Use Feasibility

Complete the following steps to determine the feasibility of harvesting stormwater runoff for Irrigation Use BMPs on your site:

Step 1: Identify the total area of irrigated landscape on the site, and the type of landscaping used.

Total Area of Irrigated Landscape: Insert Area (Acres)

Type of Landscaping (Conservation Design or Active Turf): List Landscaping Type

Step 2: Identify the planned total of all impervious areas on the proposed project from which runoff might be feasibly captured and stored for irrigation use. Depending on the configuration of buildings and other impervious areas on the site, you may consider the site as a whole, or parts of the site, to evaluate reasonable scenarios for capturing and storing runoff and directing the stored runoff to the potential use(s) identified in Step 1 above.

Total Area of Impervious Surfaces: Insert Area (Acres)

Step 3: Cross reference the Design Storm depth for the project site (see Exhibit A of the WQMP Guidance Document) with the left column of Table 2-3 in Chapter 2 to determine the minimum area of Effective Irrigated Area per Tributary Impervious Area (EIATIA).

Enter your EIATIA factor: EIATIA Factor

Step 4: Multiply the unit value obtained from Step 3 by the total of impervious areas from Step 2 to develop the minimum irrigated area that would be required.

Minimum required irrigated area: Insert Area (Acres)

Step 5: Determine if harvesting stormwater runoff for irrigation use is feasible for the project by comparing the total area of irrigated landscape (Step 1) to the minimum required irrigated area (Step 4).

Minimum required irrigated area (Step 4)	Available Irrigated Landscape (Step 1)
Insert Area (Acres)	Insert Area (Acres)

Toilet Use Feasibility

Complete the following steps to determine the feasibility of harvesting stormwater runoff for toilet flushing uses on your site:

Step 1: Identify the projected total number of daily toilet users during the wet season, and account for any periodic shut downs or other lapses in occupancy:

Projected Number of Daily Toilet Users: Number of daily Toilet Users

Project Type: Enter 'Residential', 'Commercial', 'Industrial' or 'Schools'

Step 2: Identify the planned total of all impervious areas on the proposed project from which runoff might be feasibly captured and stored for toilet use. Depending on the configuration of buildings and other impervious areas on the site, you may consider the site as a whole, or parts of the site, to evaluate reasonable scenarios for capturing and storing runoff and directing the stored runoff to the potential use(s) identified in Step 1 above.

Total Area of Impervious Surfaces: Insert Area (Acres)

Step 3: Enter the Design Storm depth for the project site (see Exhibit A) into the left column of Table 2-2 in Chapter 2 to determine the minimum number of toilet users per tributary impervious acre (TUTIA).

Enter your TUTIA factor: TUTIA Factor

Step 4: Multiply the unit value obtained from Step 3 by the total of impervious areas from Step 2 to develop the minimum number of toilet users that would be required.

Minimum number of toilet users: Required number of toilet users

Step 5: Determine if harvesting stormwater runoff for toilet flushing use is feasible for the project by comparing the Number of Daily Toilet Users (Step 1) to the minimum required number of toilet users (Step 4).

Minimum required Toilet Users (Step 4)	Projected number of toilet users (Step 1)
Insert Area (Acres)	Insert Area (Acres)

Other Non-Potable Use Feasibility

Are there other non-potable uses for stormwater runoff on the site (e.g., industrial use)? See Chapter 2 of the Guidance for further information. If yes, describe below. If no, write N/A.

Insert text here describing how each included Site Design BMP will be implemented.

Step 1: Identify the projected average daily non-potable demand, in gallons per day, during the wet season and accounting for any periodic shut downs or other lapses in occupancy or operation.

Average Daily Demand: Projected Average Daily Use (gpd)

Step 2: Identify the planned total of all impervious areas on the proposed project from which runoff might be feasibly captured and stored for the identified non-potable use. Depending on the configuration of buildings and other impervious areas on the site, you may consider the site as a whole, or parts of the site, to evaluate reasonable scenarios for capturing and storing runoff and directing the stored runoff to the potential use(s) identified in Step 1 above.

Total Area of Impervious Surfaces: Insert Area (Acres)

Step 3: Enter the Design Storm depth for the project site (see Exhibit A) into the left column of Table 2-4 in Chapter 2 to determine the minimum demand for non-potable uses per tributary impervious acre.

Enter the factor from Table 2-4: Enter Value

Step 4: Multiply the unit value obtained from Step 3 by the total of impervious areas from Step 2 to develop the minimum number of gallons per day of non-potable use that would be required.

Minimum required use: Minimum use required (gpd)

Step 5: Determine if harvesting stormwater runoff for other non-potable use is feasible for the project by comparing the projected average daily use (Step 1) to the minimum required non-potable use (Step 4).

Minimum required non-potable use (Step 4)	Projected average daily use (Step 1)
Minimum use required (gpd)	Projected Average Daily Use (gpd)

If Irrigation, Toilet and Other Use feasibility anticipated demands are less than the applicable minimum values, Harvest and Use BMPs are not required and you should proceed to utilize LID Bioretention and Biotreatment per Section 3.4.2 of the WQMP Guidance Document.

D.3 Bioretention and Biotreatment Assessment

Other LID Bioretention and Biotreatment BMPs as described in Chapter 2.4.7 of the WQMP Guidance Document are feasible on nearly all development sites with sufficient advance planning.

Select one of the following:

- LID Bioretention/Biotreatment BMPs will be used for some or all DMAs of the project as noted below in Section D.4 (note the requirements of Section 3.4.2 in the WQMP Guidance Document).
- A site-specific analysis demonstrating the technical infeasibility of all LID BMPs has been performed and is included in Appendix 5. If you plan to submit an analysis demonstrating the technical infeasibility of LID BMPs, request a pre-submittal meeting with the Copermittee to discuss this option. Proceed to Section E to document your alternative compliance measures.

D.4 Feasibility Assessment Summaries

From the Infiltration, Harvest and Use, Bioretention and Biotreatment Sections above, complete Table D.2 below to summarize which LID BMPs are technically feasible, and which are not, based upon the established hierarchy.

Table D.2 LID Prioritization Summary Matrix

DMA Name/ID	LID BMP Hierarchy				No LID (Alternative Compliance)
	1. Infiltration	2. Harvest and use	3. Bioretention	4. Biotreatment	
BMP A-1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BMP B-1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BMP C-1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BMP D-1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

For those DMAs where LID BMPs are not feasible, provide a brief narrative below summarizing why they are not feasible, include your technical infeasibility criteria in Appendix 5, and proceed to Section E below to document Alternative Compliance measures for those DMAs. Recall that each proposed DMA must pass through the LID BMP hierarchy before alternative compliance measures may be considered.

All DMAs either drain to a LID BMP (MWS downstream of underground storage systems) or is self-treating.

D.5 LID BMP Sizing

Each LID BMP must be designed to ensure that the Design Capture Volume will be addressed by the selected BMPs. First, calculate the Design Capture Volume for each LID BMP using the V_{BMP} worksheet in Appendix F of the LID BMP Design Handbook. Second, design the LID BMP to meet the required V_{BMP} using a method approved by the Copermittee. Utilize the worksheets found in the LID BMP Design Handbook or consult with your Copermittee to assist you in correctly sizing your LID BMPs. Complete Table D.3 below to document the Design Capture Volume and the Proposed Volume for each LID BMP. Provide the completed design procedure sheets for each LID BMP in Appendix 6. You may add additional rows to the table below as needed.

Table D.3 DCV Calculations for LID BMPs

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Impervious Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Enter BMP Name / Identifier Here		
	[A]		[B]	[C]	[A] x [C]	BMP A-1		
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot & Walkway)	244,078.53	Roofs, Concrete, Asphalt	1.0	0.89	217,718	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Pervious (Landscaping)	26,118.72	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	2,885			
	$A_T = \Sigma[A]$ 270,197.25				$\Sigma = [D]$ 220,603	[E] 0.59	$[F] = \frac{[D] \times [E]}{12}$ 10,846.3	[G] 11,433

[B], [C] is obtained as described in Section 2.3.1 of the WQMP Guidance Document

[E] is obtained from Exhibit A in the WQMP Guidance Document

[G] is obtained from a design procedure sheet, such as in LID BMP Design Handbook and placed in Appendix 6

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Impervious Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Enter BMP Name / Identifier Here		
	[A]		[B]	[C]	[A] x [C]	BMP B-1		
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot & Walkway)	380,063.28	Roofs, Concrete, Asphalt	1.0	0.89	339,016.4	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Pervious (Landscaping)	86,961.35	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	9,605.6			
	$A_T = \Sigma[A]$ 467,024.63				$\Sigma = [D]$ 348,622	[E] 0.59	$[F] = \frac{[D] \times [E]}{12}$ 17,140.6	[G] 17,559

[B], [C] is obtained as described in Section 2.3.1 of the WQMP Guidance Document

[E] is obtained from Exhibit A in the WQMP Guidance Document

[G] is obtained from a design procedure sheet, such as in LID BMP Design Handbook and placed in Appendix 6

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Impervious Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Enter BMP Name / Identifier Here		
	[A]		[B]	[C]	[A] x [C]	BMP C-1		
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot & Walkway)	123,925.28	Roofs, Concrete, Asphalt	1.0	0.89	110,541.3	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Pervious (Landscaping)	62,594.75	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	6,914.1			
	$A_T = \Sigma[A]$ 186,520.03				$\Sigma = [D]$ 117,455.4	[E] 0.59	$[F] = \frac{[D] \times [E]}{12}$ 5,774.9	[G] 7554

[B], [C] is obtained as described in Section 2.3.1 of the WQMP Guidance Document

[E] is obtained from Exhibit A in the WQMP Guidance Document

[G] is obtained from a design procedure sheet, such as in LID BMP Design Handbook and placed in Appendix 6

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Impervious Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Enter BMP Name / Identifier Here		
	[A]		[B]	[C]	[A] x [C]	BMP D-1		
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot & Walkway)	466,030.75	Roofs, Concrete, Asphalt	1.0	0.89	415,699.4	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Pervious (Landscaping)	82,879.48	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	9,154.7			
	$A_T = \Sigma[A]$ 548,910.23				$\Sigma = [D]$ 424,854.1	[E] 0.59	$[F] = \frac{[D] \times [E]}{12}$ 20,888.7	[G] 22,662

[B], [C] is obtained as described in Section 2.3.1 of the WQMP Guidance Document

[E] is obtained from Exhibit A in the WQMP Guidance Document

[G] is obtained from a design procedure sheet, such as in LID BMP Design Handbook and placed in Appendix 6

Section E: Alternative Compliance (LID Waiver Program)

LID BMPs are expected to be feasible on virtually all projects. Where LID BMPs have been demonstrated to be infeasible as documented in Section D, other Treatment Control BMPs must be used (subject to LID waiver approval by the Copermittee). Check one of the following Boxes:

- LID Principles and LID BMPs have been incorporated into the site design to fully address all Drainage Management Areas. No alternative compliance measures are required for this project and thus this Section is not required to be completed.
- Or –*
- The following Drainage Management Areas are unable to be addressed using LID BMPs. A site-specific analysis demonstrating technical infeasibility of LID BMPs has been approved by the Co-Permittee and included in Appendix 5. Additionally, no downstream regional and/or sub-regional LID BMPs exist or are available for use by the project. The following alternative compliance measures on the following pages are being implemented to ensure that any pollutant loads expected to be discharged by not incorporating LID BMPs, are fully mitigated.

N/A

E.1 Identify Pollutants of Concern

Utilizing Table A.1 from Section A above which noted your project's receiving waters and their associated EPA approved 303(d) listed impairments, cross reference this information with that of your selected Priority Development Project Category in Table E.1 below. If the identified General Pollutant Categories are the same as those listed for your receiving waters, then these will be your Pollutants of Concern and the appropriate box or boxes will be checked on the last row. The purpose of this is to document compliance and to help you appropriately plan for mitigating your Pollutants of Concern in lieu of implementing LID BMPs.

Table E.1 Potential Pollutants by Land Use Type

Priority Development Project Categories and/or Project Features (check those that apply)	General Pollutant Categories							
	Bacterial Indicators	Metals	Nutrients	Pesticides	Toxic Organic Compounds	Sediments	Trash & Debris	Oil & Grease
<input type="checkbox"/> Detached Residential Development	P	N	P	P	N	P	P	P
<input type="checkbox"/> Attached Residential Development	P	N	P	P	N	P	P	P ⁽²⁾
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial/Industrial Development	P ⁽³⁾	P	P ⁽¹⁾	P ⁽¹⁾	P ⁽⁵⁾	P ⁽¹⁾	P	P
<input type="checkbox"/> Automotive Repair Shops	N	P	N	N	P ^(4, 5)	N	P	P
<input type="checkbox"/> Restaurants (>5,000 ft ²)	P	N	N	N	N	N	P	P
<input type="checkbox"/> Hillside Development (>5,000 ft ²)	P	N	P	P	N	P	P	P
<input type="checkbox"/> Parking Lots (>5,000 ft ²)	P ⁽⁶⁾	P	P ⁽¹⁾	P ⁽¹⁾	P ⁽⁴⁾	P ⁽¹⁾	P	P
<input type="checkbox"/> Retail Gasoline Outlets	N	P	N	N	P	N	P	P
Project Priority Pollutant(s) of Concern	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

P = Potential

N = Not Potential

⁽¹⁾ A potential Pollutant if non-native landscaping exists or is proposed onsite; otherwise not expected

⁽²⁾ A potential Pollutant if the project includes uncovered parking areas; otherwise not expected

⁽³⁾ A potential Pollutant is land use involving animal waste

⁽⁴⁾ Specifically, petroleum hydrocarbons

⁽⁵⁾ Specifically, solvents

⁽⁶⁾ Bacterial indicators are routinely detected in pavement runoff

E.2 Stormwater Credits

Projects that cannot implement LID BMPs but nevertheless implement smart growth principles are potentially eligible for Stormwater Credits. Utilize Table 3-8 within the WQMP Guidance Document to identify your Project Category and its associated Water Quality Credit. If not applicable, write N/A.

Table E.2 Water Quality Credits

Qualifying Project Categories	Credit Percentage ²
N/A	
<i>Total Credit Percentage¹</i>	

¹Cannot Exceed 50%

²Obtain corresponding data from Table 3-8 in the WQMP Guidance Document

E.3 Sizing Criteria

After you appropriately considered Stormwater Credits for your project, utilize Table E.3 below to appropriately size them to the DCV, or Design Flow Rate, as applicable. Please reference Chapter 3.5.2 of the WQMP Guidance Document for further information.

Table E.3 Treatment Control BMP Sizing

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Impervious Fraction, I _f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Area x Runoff Factor	Enter BMP Name / Identifier Here			
	[A]		[B]	[C]	[A] x [C]				
N/A						<i>Design Storm Depth (in)</i>	<i>Minimum Design Capture Volume or Design Flow Rate (cubic feet or cfs)</i>	<i>Total Storm Water Credit % Reduction</i>	<i>Proposed Volume or Flow on Plans (cubic feet or cfs)</i>
	$A_T = \Sigma[A]$				$\Sigma = [D]$	[E]	$[F] = \frac{[D] \times [E]}{[G]}$	$[F] \times (1 - [H])$	[I]

[B], [C] is obtained as described in Section 2.3.1 from the WQMP Guidance Document

[E] is for Flow-Based Treatment Control BMPs [E] = .2, for Volume-Based Control Treatment BMPs, [E] obtained from Exhibit A in the WQMP Guidance Document

[G] is for Flow-Based Treatment Control BMPs [G] = 43,560, for Volume-Based Control Treatment BMPs, [G] = 12

[H] is from the Total Credit Percentage as Calculated from Table E.2 above

[I] as obtained from a design procedure sheet from the BMP manufacturer and should be included in Appendix 6

E.4 Treatment Control BMP Selection

Treatment Control BMPs typically provide proprietary treatment mechanisms to treat potential pollutants in runoff, but do not sustain significant biological processes. Treatment Control BMPs must have a removal efficiency of a medium or high effectiveness as quantified below:

- **High:** equal to or greater than 80% removal efficiency
- **Medium:** between 40% and 80% removal efficiency

Such removal efficiency documentation (e.g., studies, reports, etc.) as further discussed in Chapter 3.5.2 of the WQMP Guidance Document, must be included in Appendix 6. In addition, ensure that proposed Treatment Control BMPs are properly identified on the WQMP Site Plan in Appendix 1.

Table E.4 Treatment Control BMP Selection

Selected Treatment Control BMP Name or ID ¹	Priority Pollutant(s) of Concern to Mitigate ²	Removal Efficiency Percentage ³
BMP A-1 MWS	Sediment, Nutrients, Trash, Metals, Bacteria, Oil & Grease, Organic Compounds, Pesticides	Greater than or equal to 80%
BMP B-1 MWS	Sediment, Nutrients, Trash, Metals, Bacteria, Oil & Grease, Organic Compounds, Pesticides	Greater than or equal to 80%
BMP C-1 MWS	Sediment, Nutrients, Trash, Metals, Bacteria, Oil & Grease, Organic Compounds, Pesticides	Greater than or equal to 80%
BMP D-1 MWS	Sediment, Nutrients, Trash, Metals, Bacteria, Oil & Grease, Organic Compounds, Pesticides	Greater than or equal to 80%

¹ Treatment Control BMPs must not be constructed within Receiving Waters. In addition, a proposed Treatment Control BMP may be listed more than once if they possess more than one qualifying pollutant removal efficiency.

² Cross Reference Table E.1 above to populate this column.

³ As documented in a Co-Permittee Approved Study and provided in Appendix 6.

Section F: Hydromodification

F.1 Hydrologic Conditions of Concern (HCOC) Analysis

Once you have determined that the LID design is adequate to address water quality requirements, you will need to assess if the proposed LID Design may still create a HCOC. Review Chapters 2 and 3 (including Figure 3-7) of the WQMP Guidance Document to determine if your project must mitigate for Hydromodification impacts. If your project meets one of the following criteria which will be indicated by the check boxes below, you do not need to address Hydromodification at this time. However, if the project does not qualify for Exemptions 1, 2 or 3, then additional measures must be added to the design to comply with HCOC criteria. This is discussed in further detail below in Section F.2.

HCOC EXEMPTION 1: The Priority Development Project disturbs less than one acre. The Co-permittee has the discretion to require a Project-Specific WQMP to address HCOCs on projects less than one acre on a case by case basis. The disturbed area calculation should include all disturbances associated with larger common plans of development.

Does the project qualify for this HCOC Exemption? Y N

If Yes, HCOC criteria do not apply.

HCOC EXEMPTION 2: The volume and time of concentration¹ of storm water runoff for the post-development condition is not significantly different from the pre-development condition for a 2-year return frequency storm (a difference of 5% or less is considered insignificant) using one of the following methods to calculate:

- Riverside County Hydrology Manual
- Technical Release 55 (TR-55): Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds (NRCS 1986), or derivatives thereof, such as the Santa Barbara Urban Hydrograph Method
- Other methods acceptable to the Co-Permittee

Does the project qualify for this HCOC Exemption? Y N

If Yes, report results in Table F.1 below and provide your substantiated hydrologic analysis in Appendix 7.

Table F.1 Hydrologic Conditions of Concern Summary

	2 year – 24 hour		
	Pre-condition	Post-condition	% Difference
Time of Concentration	N/A	N/A	N/A
Volume (Cubic Feet)	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ Time of concentration is defined as the time after the beginning of the rainfall when all portions of the drainage basin are contributing to flow at the outlet.

HCOC EXEMPTION 3: All downstream conveyance channels to an adequate sump (for example, Prado Dam, Lake Elsinore, Canyon Lake, Santa Ana River, or other lake, reservoir or naturally erosion resistant feature) that will receive runoff from the project are engineered and regularly maintained to ensure design flow capacity; no sensitive stream habitat areas will be adversely affected; or are not identified on the Co-Permittees Hydromodification Susceptibility Maps.

Does the project qualify for this HCOC Exemption? Y N

If Yes, HCOC criteria do not apply and note below which adequate sump applies to this HCOC qualifier:

All downstream receiving waters from the project are engineered and regularly maintained and drains to Canyon Lake and Lake Elsinore.

F.2 HCOC Mitigation

If none of the above HCOC Exemption Criteria are applicable, HCOC criteria is considered mitigated if they meet one of the following conditions:

- a. Additional LID BMPS are implemented onsite or offsite to mitigate potential erosion or habitat impacts as a result of HCOCs. This can be conducted by an evaluation of site-specific conditions utilizing accepted professional methodologies published by entities such as the California Stormwater Quality Association (CASQA), the Southern California Coastal Water Research Project (SCCRWP), or other Co-Permittee approved methodologies for site-specific HCOC analysis.
- b. The project is developed consistent with an approved Watershed Action Plan that addresses HCOC in Receiving Waters.
- c. Mimicking the pre-development hydrograph with the post-development hydrograph, for a 2-year return frequency storm. Generally, the hydrologic conditions of concern are not significant, if the post-development hydrograph is no more than 10% greater than pre-development hydrograph. In cases where excess volume cannot be infiltrated or captured and reused, discharge from the site must be limited to a flow rate no greater than 110% of the pre-development 2-year peak flow.

Be sure to include all pertinent documentation used in your analysis of the items a, b or c in Appendix 7.

Section G: Source Control BMPs

Source control BMPs include permanent, structural features that may be required in your project plans — such as roofs over and berms around trash and recycling areas — and Operational BMPs, such as regular sweeping and “housekeeping”, that must be implemented by the site’s occupant or user. The MEP standard typically requires both types of BMPs. In general, Operational BMPs cannot be substituted for a feasible and effective permanent BMP. Using the Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist in Appendix 8, review the following procedure to specify Source Control BMPs for your site:

1. **Identify Pollutant Sources:** Review Column 1 in the Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist. Check off the potential sources of Pollutants that apply to your site.
2. **Note Locations on Project-Specific WQMP Exhibit:** Note the corresponding requirements listed in Column 2 of the Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist. Show the location of each Pollutant source and each permanent Source Control BMP in your Project-Specific WQMP Exhibit located in Appendix 1.
3. **Prepare a Table and Narrative:** Check off the corresponding requirements listed in Column 3 in the Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist. In the left column of Table G.1 below, list each potential source of runoff Pollutants on your site (from those that you checked in the Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist). In the middle column, list the corresponding permanent, Structural Source Control BMPs (from Columns 2 and 3 of the Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist) used to prevent Pollutants from entering runoff. **Add additional narrative** in this column that explains any special features, materials or methods of construction that will be used to implement these permanent, Structural Source Control BMPs.
4. **Identify Operational Source Control BMPs:** To complete your table, refer once again to the Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist. List in the right column of your table the Operational BMPs that should be implemented as long as the anticipated activities continue at the site. Copermittee stormwater ordinances require that applicable Source Control BMPs be implemented; the same BMPs may also be required as a condition of a use permit or other revocable Discretionary Approval for use of the site.

Table G.1 Permanent and Operational Source Control Measures

Potential Sources of Runoff pollutants	Permanent Structural Source Control BMPs	Operational Source Control BMPs
On-site storm drain inlets	Mark all inlets with the words “Only Rain Down the Storm Drain” or similar. Catch Basin markers may be available from the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, call 951.955.1200 to verify.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain and periodically repaint or replace inlet markings. • Provide stormwater pollution prevention information to new site, owners, lessees, or operators. • See applicable operational BMPs in Fact Sheet SC-44, “Drainage System Maintenance,” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com • Include the following in lease agreements: “Tenant shall not allow anyone to discharge anything to storm drains or to store or deposit

Potential Sources of Runoff pollutants	Permanent Structural Source Control BMPs	Operational Source Control BMPs
		materials so as to create a potential discharge to storm drains.”
Need for indoor & structural pest control	Doors will always remain closed.	Provide Integrated Pest Management (IPM) information to owners, lessees, and operators.
Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use	<p>State that all final landscape plans will accomplish all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preserve existing native trees, shrubs, and ground cover to the maximum extent possible. • Design landscaping to minimize irrigation and runoff, to promote surface infiltration where appropriate, and to minimize the use of fertilizers and pesticides that can contribute to stormwater pollution. • Where landscaped areas are used to retain or detain stormwater, specify plants that are tolerant of saturated soil conditions. • Consider using pest-resistant plants, especially adjacent to hardscape. • To ensure successful establishment, select plants appropriate to site soils, slopes, climate, sun, wind, rain, land use, air movement, ecological consistency, and plant interactions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain landscaping using minimum or no pesticides. • See applicable operational BMPs in “What you should know for...Landscaping and Gardening” at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/ • Provide IPM information to new owners, lessees and operators.
Refuse Areas	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refuse will be handled with Refuse Areas that will have covered receptacles. These are located on the west side of the project adjacent to truck parking. 	There will be adequate number of receptacles for the project site. Receptacles will be inspected regularly. Repair or replacement of leaky receptacles as needed. Receptacles will be covered at all times. Dumping of liquid or hazardous wastes is strictly prohibited. “No hazardous materials” signs will be posted at refuse areas. Litter will be inspected and picked up daily. Spill control materials will be available on-site. See Fact

Potential Sources of Runoff pollutants	Permanent Structural Source Control BMPs	Operational Source Control BMPs
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Signs will be posted on or near dumpsters with the words “Do not dump hazardous materials here” or similar 	Sheet SC-34, “Waste Handling and Disposal” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com
Industrial processes	All process activities to be performed indoors. No processes to drain to exterior or to storm drain system.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> See Fact Sheet SC-10, “Non-Stormwater Discharges” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com See the brochure “Industrial & Commercial Facilities Best Management Practices for: Industrial, Commercial Facilities” at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/
Loading Docks		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move loaded and unloaded items indoors as soon as possible. See Fact Sheet SC-30, “Outdoor Loading and Unloading,” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com
Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots		Sweep plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots regularly to prevent accumulation of litter and debris. Collect debris from pressure washing to prevent entry into the storm drain system. Collect washwater containing any cleaning agent or degreaser and discharge to the sanitary sewer not to a storm drain.

Section H: Construction Plan Checklist

Populate Table H.1 below to assist the plan checker in an expeditious review of your project. The first two columns will contain information that was prepared in previous steps, while the last column will be populated with the corresponding plan sheets. This table is to be completed with the submittal of your final Project-Specific WQMP.

Table H.1 Construction Plan Cross-reference

BMP No. or ID	BMP Identifier and Description	Corresponding Plan Sheet(s)	BMP Location (Lat/Long)
BMP A-1	MWS downstream of underground storage system	Plot Plan, Precise Grading Plan, Improvement Plan	33.859364, -117.270429
BMP B-1	MWS downstream of underground storage system	Plot Plan, Precise Grading Plan, Improvement Plan	33.862192, -117.27043
BMP C-1	MWS downstream of underground storage system	Plot Plan, Precise Grading Plan, Improvement Plan	33.862611, -117.270873
BMP D-1	MWS downstream of underground storage system	Plot Plan, Precise Grading Plan, Improvement Plan	33.865623, -117.270481

Note that the updated table — or Construction Plan WQMP Checklist — is **only a reference tool** to facilitate an easy comparison of the construction plans to your Project-Specific WQMP. Co-Permittee staff can advise you regarding the process required to propose changes to the approved Project-Specific WQMP.

Section I: Operation, Maintenance and Funding

The Copermitttee will periodically verify that Stormwater BMPs on your site are maintained and continue to operate as designed. To make this possible, your Copermitttee will require that you include in Appendix 9 of this Project-Specific WQMP:

1. A means to finance and implement facility maintenance in perpetuity, including replacement cost.
2. Acceptance of responsibility for maintenance from the time the BMPs are constructed until responsibility for operation and maintenance is legally transferred. A warranty covering a period following construction may also be required.
3. An outline of general maintenance requirements for the Stormwater BMPs you have selected.
4. Figures delineating and designating pervious and impervious areas, location, and type of Stormwater BMP, and tables of pervious and impervious areas served by each facility. Geo-locating the BMPs using a coordinate system of latitude and longitude is recommended to help facilitate a future statewide database system.
5. A separate list and location of self-retaining areas or areas addressed by LID Principles that do not require specialized O&M or inspections but will require typical landscape maintenance as noted in Chapter 5, pages 85-86, in the WQMP Guidance. Include a brief description of typical landscape maintenance for these areas.

Your local Co-Permitttee will also require that you prepare and submit a detailed Stormwater BMP Operation and Maintenance Plan that sets forth a maintenance schedule for each of the Stormwater BMPs built on your site. An agreement assigning responsibility for maintenance and providing for inspections and certification may also be required.

Details of these requirements and instructions for preparing a Stormwater BMP Operation and Maintenance Plan are in Chapter 5 of the WQMP Guidance Document.

Maintenance Mechanism: All funding will be provided by SRG. If at any time SRG sells the property, then the operation and maintenance responsibilities will be recorded against the property and will be the responsibility of the new property owner.

Will the proposed BMPs be maintained by a Home Owners' Association (HOA) or Property Owners Association (POA)?

Y

N

Include your Operation and Maintenance Plan and Maintenance Mechanism in Appendix 9. Additionally, include all pertinent forms of educational materials for those personnel that will be maintaining the proposed BMPs within this Project-Specific WQMP in Appendix 10.

Appendix 1: Maps and Site Plans

Vicinity Map, WQMP Site Plan and Receiving Waters Map

CLARK ST

PROJECT SITE

DAY ST

DECKER RD

NANDINA AVE

DIABLO DR

BLANDING WAY

HARLEY KNOX BLVD

HARVILL AVE

I 215 FREEMWAY

OLEANDER AVE

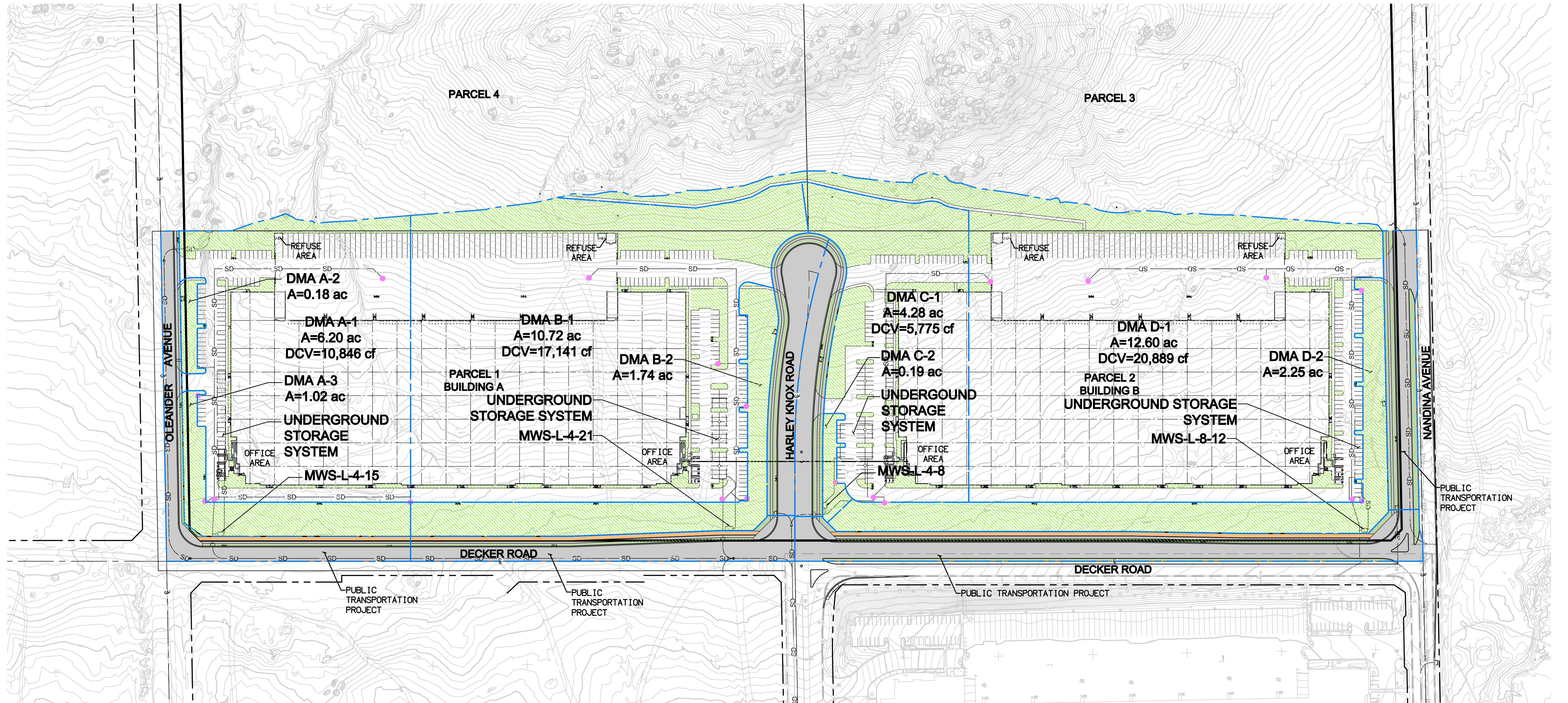


N.T.S.

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VICINITY MAP
OLEANDER BUSINESS PARK (MEAD VALLEY)
WEST OF DECKER RD BETWEEN NANDINA AVE &
OLEANDER AVE
UNINCORPORATED RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA
476 252-512-512/252-512-512
252-512-512/252-512-512



DMA	PERVIOUS AREA (AC)	IMPERVIOUS AREA (AC)	BMP	BMP LATITUDE/LONGITUDE
A-1	0.60	5.60	BMP A-1	33.859364, -117.270429
A-2	0.17	0.01	SELF-TREATING	-
A-3	1.02	0.00	SELF-TREATING	-
B-1	2.00	8.73	BMP B-1	33.862192, -117.270430
B-2	1.73	0.01	SELF-TREATING	-
C-1	1.44	2.84	BMP C-1	33.862611, -117.2708734
C-2	0.19	0.00	SELF-TREATING	-
D-1	1.90	10.70	BMP D-1	33.865623, -117.2704810
D-2	2.24	0.01	SELF-TREATING	-
	11.28	27.89	TOTAL	39.18

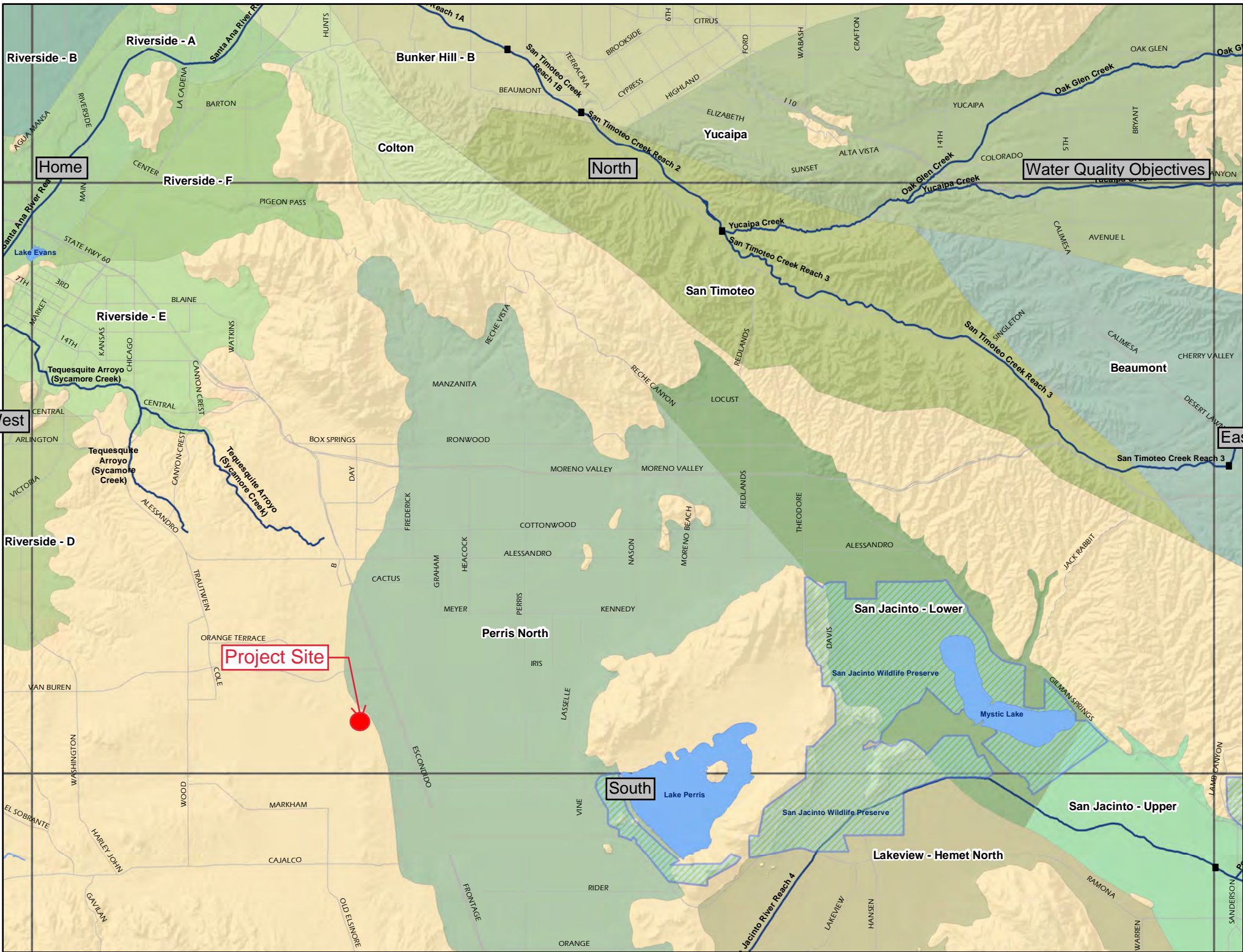
LEGEND

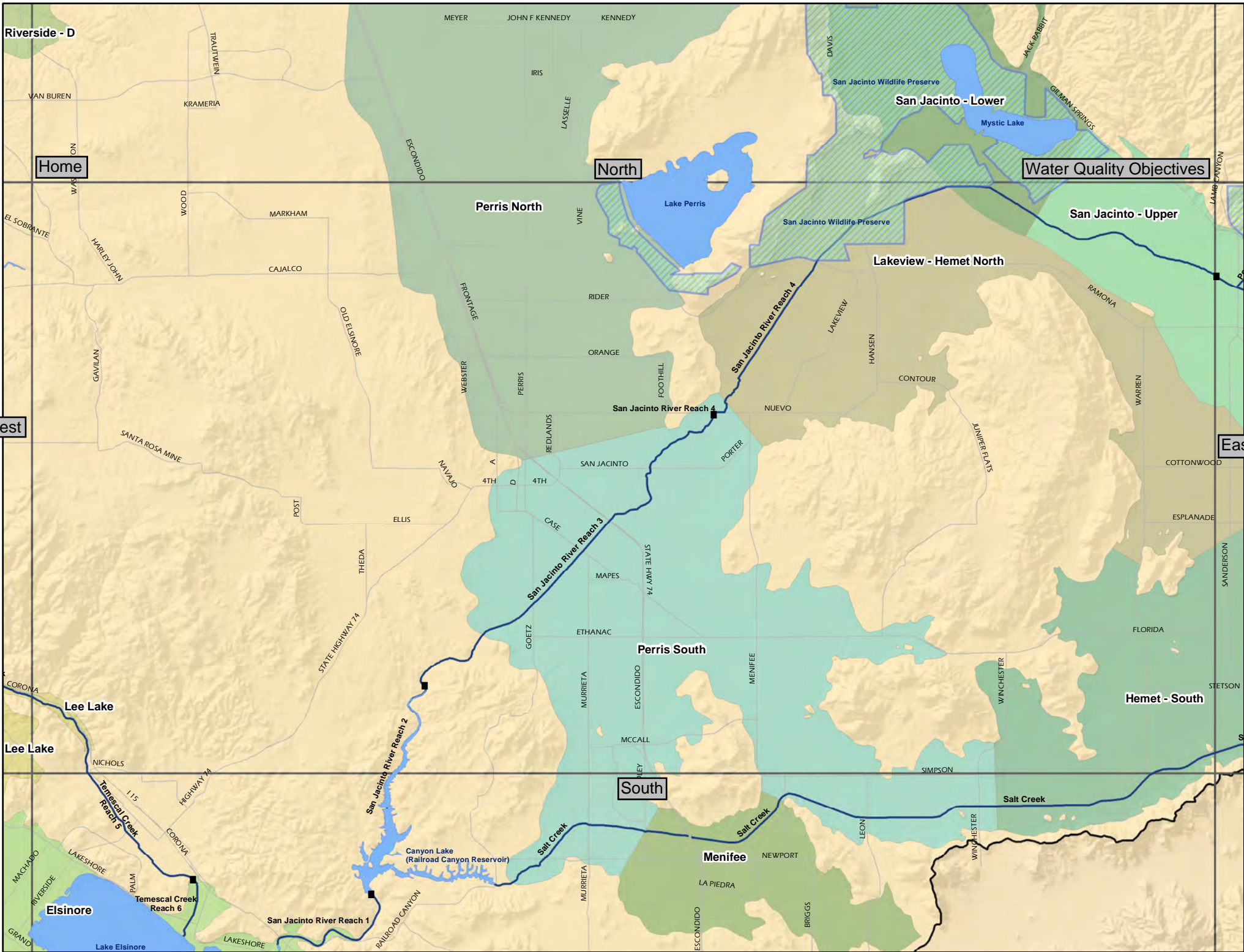
- DMA BOUNDARY
- SD STORM DRAIN
- PERVIOUS AREA
- TRAIL - DECOMPOSED GRANITE
- STORM DRAIN INLET STENCILING

SCALE 1"=80'

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BMP EXHIBIT
OLEANDER BUSINESS PARK (MEAD VALLEY)
WEST OF DECKER RD BETWEEN NANDINA AVE &
OLEANDER AVE
UNINCORPORATED RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA
APN: 295-310-012/295-310-013
295-310-014/295-310-015





Riverside - D

Home

North

Water Quality Objectives

Perris North

San Jacinto - Lower

San Jacinto - Upper

Lakeview - Hemet North

San Jacinto River Reach 4

San Jacinto River Reach 3

Perris South

Hemet - South

South

Lee Lake

Lee Lake

Elsinore

Temescal Creek Reach 6

San Jacinto River Reach 1

Canyon Lake (Railroad Canyon Reservoir)

Salt Creek

Salt Creek

Menifee

Salt Creek

VAN BUREN

KRAMERIA

MEYER

JOHN F KENNEDY

KENNEDY

DAVIS

San Jacinto Wildlife Preserve

JACK RABBIT

GILMAN SPRINGS

WASION

WOOD

MARKHAM

Perris North

VINE

Lake Perris

San Jacinto Wildlife Preserve

San Jacinto - Upper

EL SOBRIANTE

HARLEY JOHN

CAJALCO

FRONTAGE

RIDER

Lakeview - Hemet North

RAMONA

GAVILAN

SANTA ROSA MINE

OLD ELSINORE

WEBSTER

PERRIS

ORANGE

LAKEVIEW

HANSEN

CONTOUR

RAMONA

WARREN

East

West

SANTA ROSA MINE

POST

ELLIS

NAVAJO

4TH

4TH

SAN JACINTO

PORTER

JUNIPER FLATS

COTTONWOOD

East

CORONA

Lee Lake

Lee Lake

NICHOLS

HIGHWAY 74

STATE HIGHWAY 74

San Jacinto River Reach 2

CASE

Perris South

Hemet - South

South

Elsinore

Temescal Creek Reach 6

San Jacinto River Reach 1

Canyon Lake (Railroad Canyon Reservoir)

Salt Creek

Salt Creek

Menifee

Salt Creek

MACCHADO

RIVERSIDE

LAKESHORE

PAVAL

CORONA

LAKESHORE

RAILROAD CANYON

LAKEVIEW

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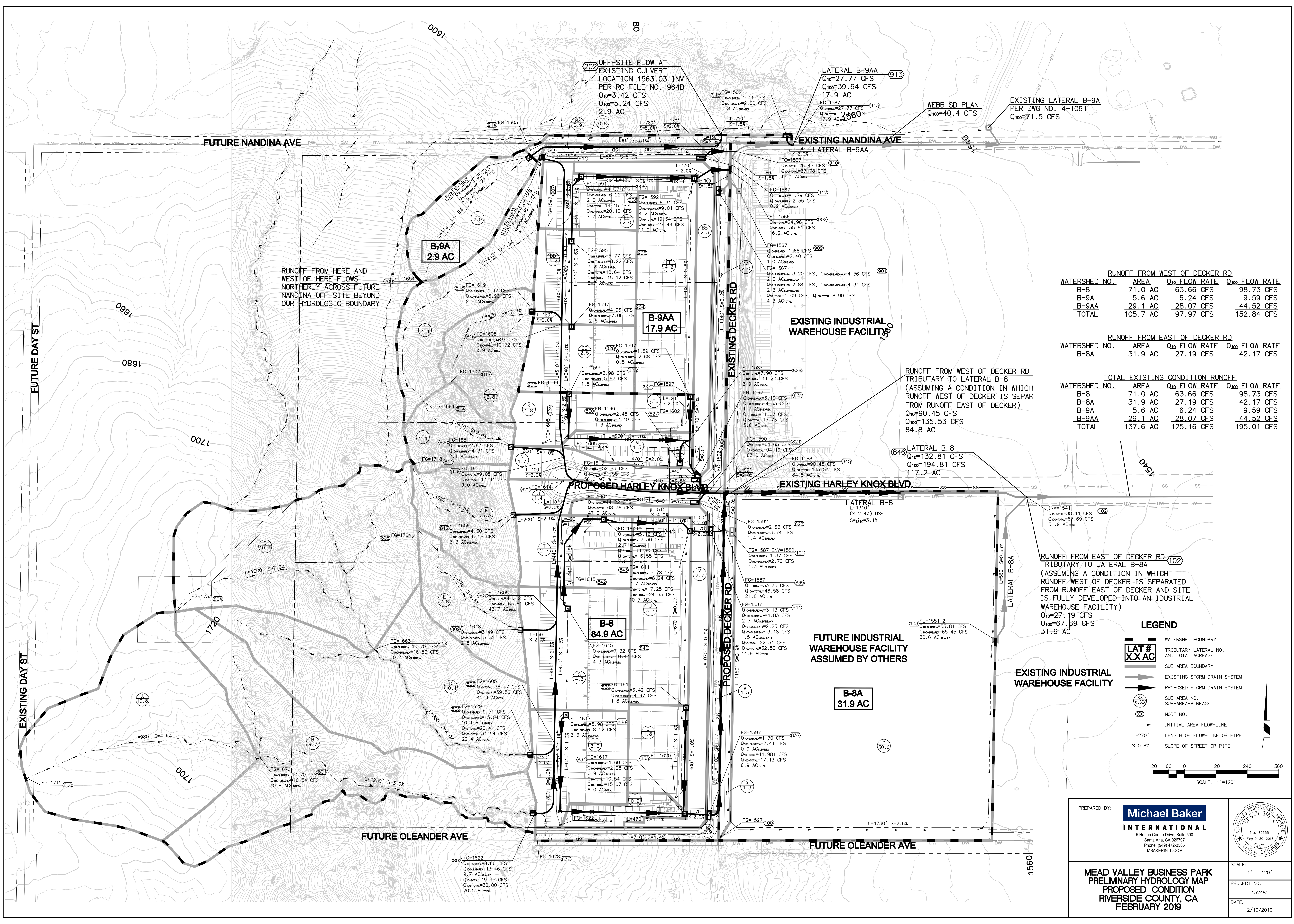
LAKEVIEW

LAKEVIEW

LAKEVIEW

Appendix 2: Construction Plans

Grading and Drainage Plans



RUNOFF FROM HERE AND WEST OF HERE FLOWS NORTHERLY ACROSS FUTURE NANDINA OFF-SITE BEYOND OUR HYDROLOGIC BOUNDARY

RUNOFF FROM WEST OF DECKER RD TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL B-8 (ASSUMING A CONDITION IN WHICH RUNOFF WEST OF DECKER IS SEPAR FROM RUNOFF EAST OF DECKER)
 $Q_{10}=90.45$ CFS
 $Q_{100}=135.53$ CFS
 84.8 AC

RUNOFF FROM WEST OF DECKER RD

WATERSHED NO.	AREA	Q_{10} FLOW RATE	Q_{100} FLOW RATE
B-8	71.0 AC	63.66 CFS	98.73 CFS
B-9A	5.6 AC	6.24 CFS	9.59 CFS
B-9AA	29.1 AC	28.07 CFS	44.52 CFS
TOTAL	105.7 AC	97.97 CFS	152.84 CFS

RUNOFF FROM EAST OF DECKER RD

WATERSHED NO.	AREA	Q_{10} FLOW RATE	Q_{100} FLOW RATE
B-8A	31.9 AC	27.19 CFS	42.17 CFS

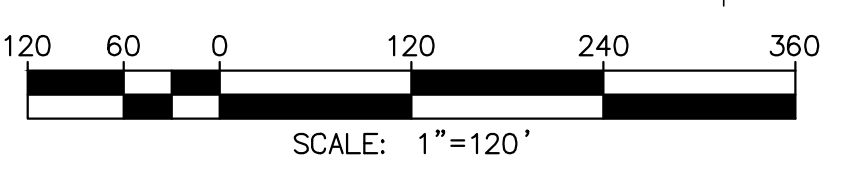
TOTAL EXISTING CONDITION RUNOFF

WATERSHED NO.	AREA	Q_{10} FLOW RATE	Q_{100} FLOW RATE
B-8	71.0 AC	63.66 CFS	98.73 CFS
B-8A	31.9 AC	27.19 CFS	42.17 CFS
B-9A	5.6 AC	6.24 CFS	9.59 CFS
B-9AA	29.1 AC	28.07 CFS	44.52 CFS
TOTAL	137.6 AC	125.16 CFS	195.01 CFS

RUNOFF FROM EAST OF DECKER RD TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL B-8A (ASSUMING A CONDITION IN WHICH RUNOFF WEST OF DECKER IS SEPARATED FROM RUNOFF EAST OF DECKER AND SITE IS FULLY DEVELOPED INTO AN INDUSTRIAL WAREHOUSE FACILITY)
 $Q_{10}=27.19$ CFS
 $Q_{100}=67.69$ CFS
 31.9 AC

LEGEND

- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- TRIBUTARY LATERAL NO. AND TOTAL ACREAGE
- SUB-AREA BOUNDARY
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN SYSTEM
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEM
- SUB-AREA NO.
- SUB-AREA-ACREAGE
- NODE NO.
- INITIAL AREA FLOW-LINE
- $L=270'$ LENGTH OF FLOW-LINE OR PIPE
- $S=0.8\%$ SLOPE OF STREET OR PIPE

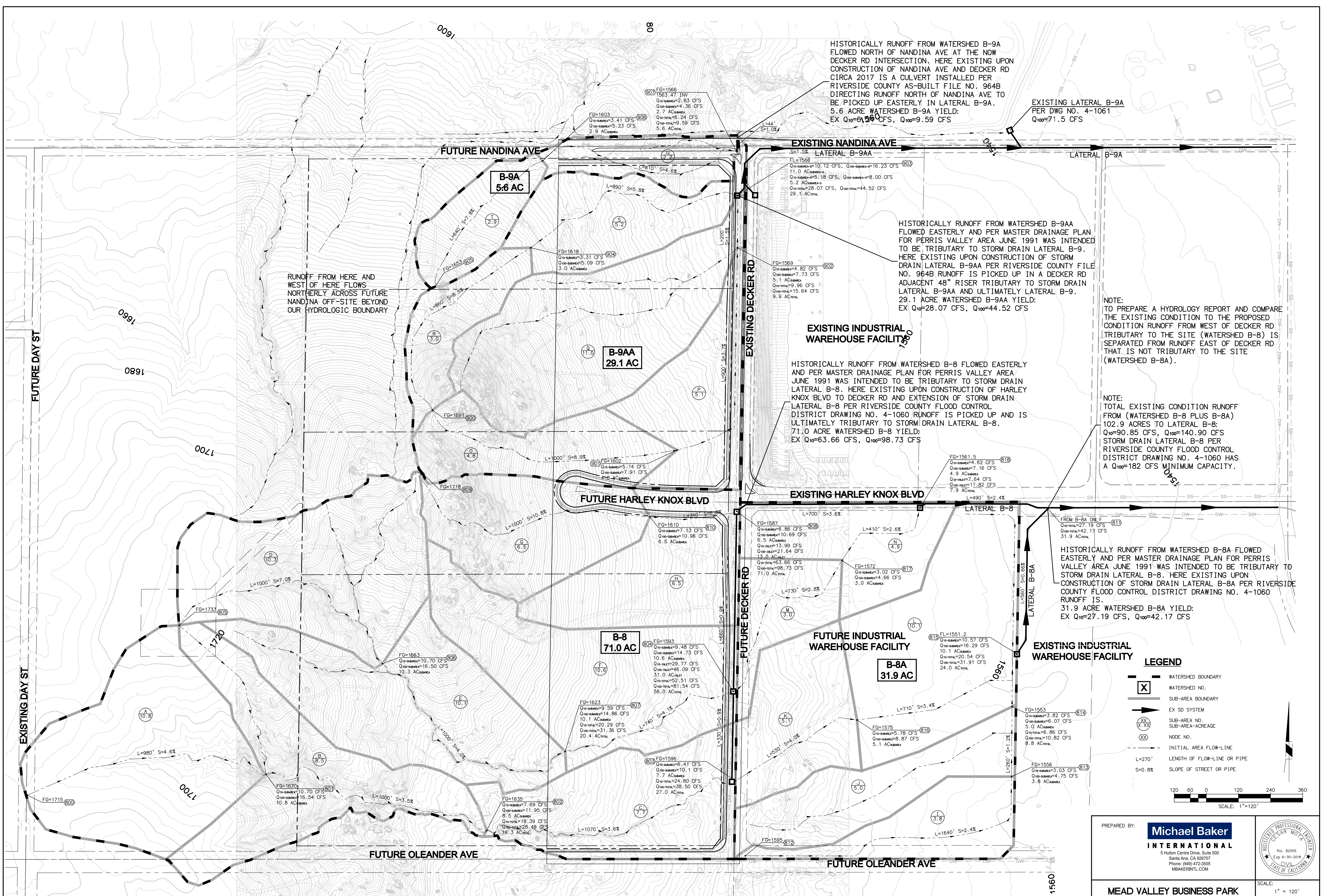


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**MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK
 PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY MAP
 PROPOSED CONDITION
 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA
 FEBRUARY 2019**

SCALE: 1" = 120"
 PROJECT NO.: 152480
 DATE: 2/10/2019



HISTORICALLY RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-9A FLOWED NORTH OF NANDINA AVE AT THE NOW DECKER RD INTERSECTION. HERE EXISTING UPON CONSTRUCTION OF NANDINA AVE AND DECKER RD CIRCA 2017 IS A CULVERT INSTALLED PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY AS-BUILT FILE NO. 964B DIRECTING RUNOFF NORTH OF NANDINA AVE TO BE PICKED UP EASTERLY IN LATERAL B-9A. 5.6 ACRE WATERSHED B-9A YIELD: EX Q₁₀=6.26 CFS, Q₁₀₀=9.59 CFS

EXISTING LATERAL B-9A PER DWG NO. 4-1061 Q₁₀₀=71.5 CFS

RUNOFF FROM HERE AND WEST OF HERE FLOWS NORTHERLY ACROSS FUTURE NANDINA OFF-SITE BEYOND OUR HYDROLOGIC BOUNDARY

HISTORICALLY RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-9AA FLOWED EASTERLY AND PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991 WAS INTENDED TO BE TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9. HERE EXISTING UPON CONSTRUCTION OF STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9AA PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FILE NO. 964B RUNOFF IS PICKED UP IN A DECKER RD ADJACENT 48" RISER TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-9AA AND ULTIMATELY LATERAL B-9. 29.1 ACRE WATERSHED B-9AA YIELD: EX Q₁₀=28.07 CFS, Q₁₀₀=44.52 CFS

EXISTING INDUSTRIAL WAREHOUSE FACILITY

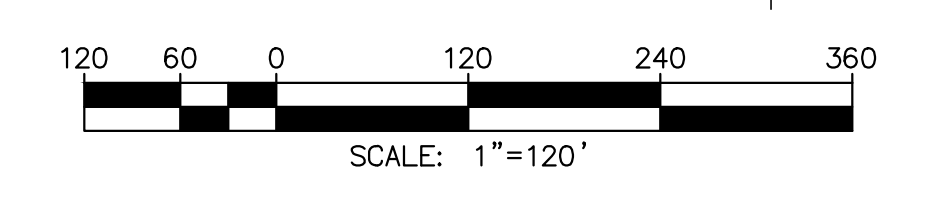
HISTORICALLY RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-8 FLOWED EASTERLY AND PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991 WAS INTENDED TO BE TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8. HERE EXISTING UPON CONSTRUCTION OF HARLEY KNOX BLVD TO DECKER RD AND EXTENSION OF STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8 PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DRAWING NO. 4-1060 RUNOFF IS PICKED UP AND IS ULTIMATELY TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8. 71.0 ACRE WATERSHED B-8 YIELD: EX Q₁₀=63.66 CFS, Q₁₀₀=98.73 CFS

NOTE: TO PREPARE A HYDROLOGY REPORT AND COMPARE THE EXISTING CONDITION TO THE PROPOSED CONDITION RUNOFF FROM WEST OF DECKER RD TRIBUTARY TO THE SITE (WATERSHED B-8) IS SEPARATED FROM RUNOFF EAST OF DECKER RD THAT IS NOT TRIBUTARY TO THE SITE (WATERSHED B-8A).

NOTE: TOTAL EXISTING CONDITION RUNOFF FROM (WATERSHED B-8 PLUS B-8A) 102.9 ACRES TO LATERAL B-8: Q₁₀=90.85 CFS, Q₁₀₀=140.90 CFS STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8 PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DRAWING NO. 4-1060 HAS A Q₁₀₀=182 CFS MINIMUM CAPACITY.

HISTORICALLY RUNOFF FROM WATERSHED B-8A FLOWED EASTERLY AND PER MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FOR PERRIS VALLEY AREA JUNE 1991 WAS INTENDED TO BE TRIBUTARY TO STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8. HERE EXISTING UPON CONSTRUCTION OF STORM DRAIN LATERAL B-8A PER RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DRAWING NO. 4-1060 RUNOFF IS. 31.9 ACRE WATERSHED B-8A YIELD: EX Q₁₀=27.19 CFS, Q₁₀₀=42.17 CFS

- LEGEND**
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
 - X WATERSHED NO.
 - - - SUB-AREA BOUNDARY
 - EX SD SYSTEM
 - XX SUB-AREA NO.
 - XX.XX SUB-AREA-ACREAGE
 - XX NODE NO.
 - INITIAL AREA FLOW-LINE
 - L=270' LENGTH OF FLOW-LINE OR PIPE
 - S=0.8% SLOPE OF STREET OR PIPE



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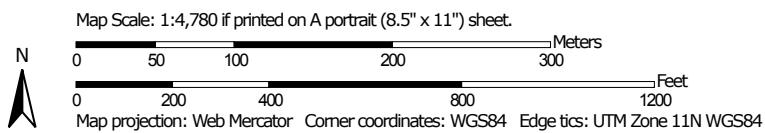
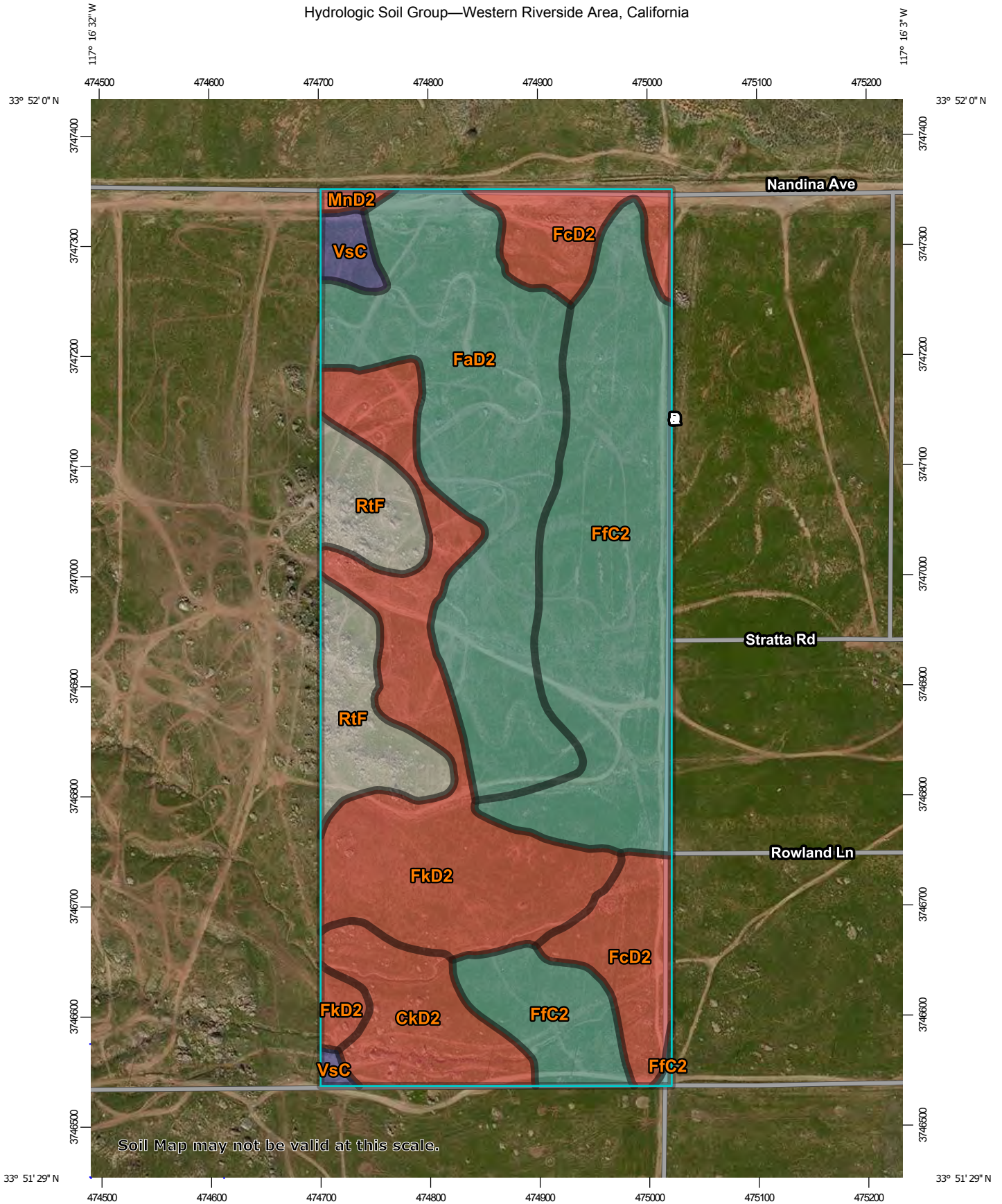
**MEAD VALLEY BUSINESS PARK
 PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY MAP
 EXISTING CONDITION
 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA
 MARCH 2019**

SCALE: 1" = 120"
 PROJECT NO.: 152480
 DATE: 3/21/2019

Appendix 3: Soils Information


Geotechnical Study and Other Infiltration Testing Data

Hydrologic Soil Group—Western Riverside Area, California



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)









 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons





 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines


 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D
 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points






 A
 A/D
 B
 B/D

 C
 C/D
 D
 Not rated or not available

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails
 Interstate Highways
 US Routes
 Major Roads
 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Western Riverside Area, California
 Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 12, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jan 14, 2015—Jan 21, 2015

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
CkD2	Cieneba rocky sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	D	4.3	6.6%
FaD2	Fallbrook sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	C	15.9	24.5%
FcD2	Fallbrook rocky sandy loam, shallow, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	D	6.1	9.5%
FfC2	Fallbrook fine sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	C	18.3	28.2%
FkD2	Fallbrook fine sandy loam, shallow, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	D	13.1	20.3%
MnD2	Monserate sandy loam, shallow, 5 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	D	0.3	0.4%
RtF	Rockland		5.8	8.9%
VsC	Vista coarse sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	B	1.0	1.6%
Totals for Area of Interest			64.8	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

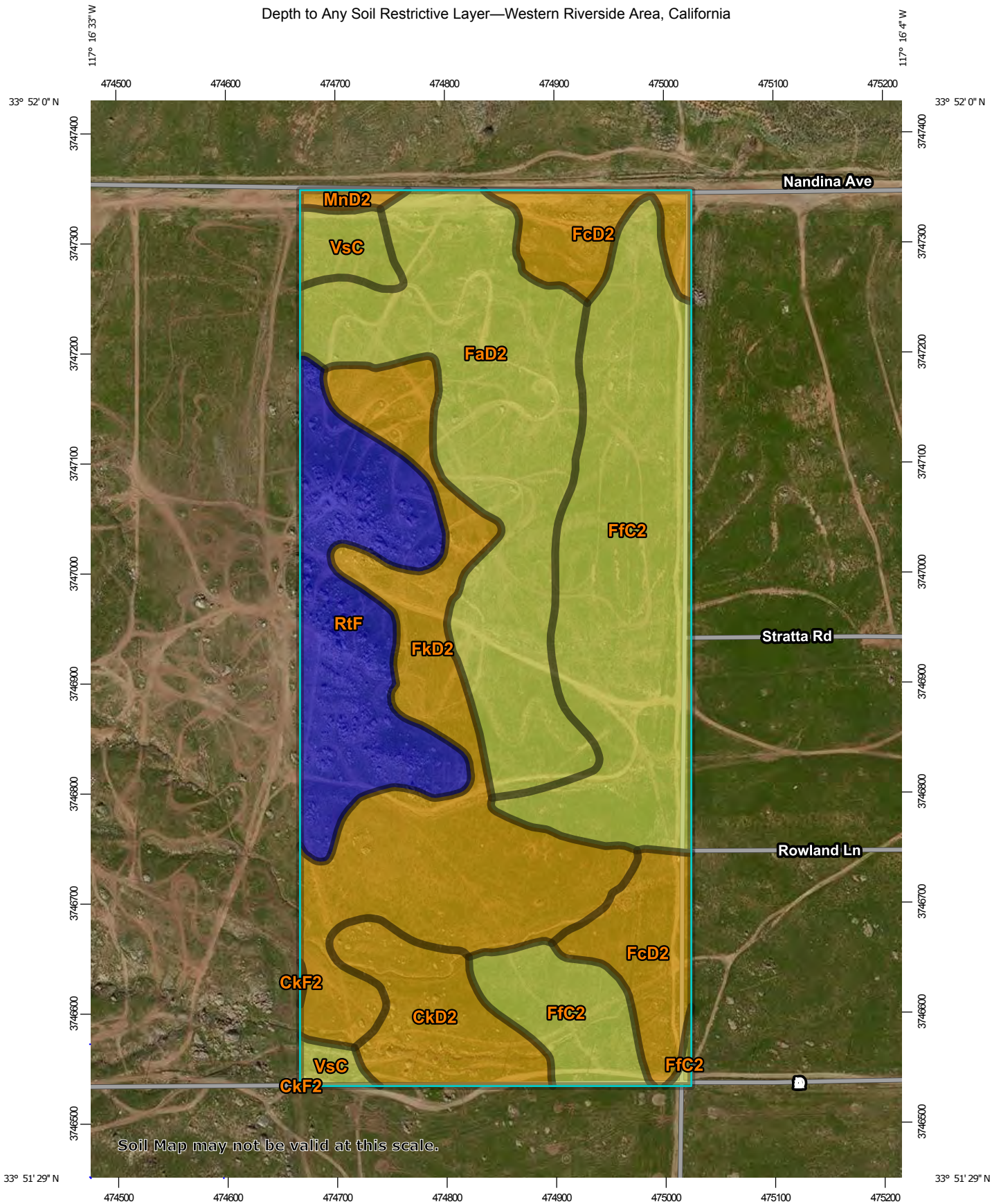
Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

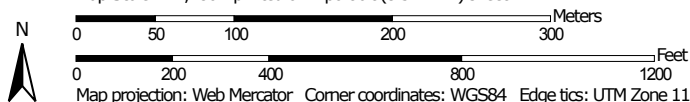
Tie-break Rule: Higher

Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer—Western Riverside Area, California



Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.






























Map Scale: 1:4,780 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 11N WGS84



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)	 Not rated or not available
 Area of Interest (AOI)	Water Features
Soils	 Streams and Canals
Soil Rating Polygons	Transportation
 0 - 25	 Rails
 25 - 50	 Interstate Highways
 50 - 100	 US Routes
 100 - 150	 Major Roads
 150 - 200	 Local Roads
 > 200	Background
 Not rated or not available	 Aerial Photography
Soil Rating Lines	
 0 - 25	
 25 - 50	
 50 - 100	
 100 - 150	
 150 - 200	
 > 200	
 Not rated or not available	
Soil Rating Points	
 0 - 25	
 25 - 50	
 50 - 100	
 100 - 150	
 150 - 200	
 > 200	

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Western Riverside Area, California
 Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 12, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jan 14, 2015—Jan 21, 2015

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (centimeters)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
CkD2	Cieneba rocky sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	36	4.4	6.1%
CkF2	Cieneba rocky sandy loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, eroded	36	0.0	0.0%
FaD2	Fallbrook sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	61	16.5	22.8%
FcD2	Fallbrook rocky sandy loam, shallow, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	46	6.2	8.6%
FfC2	Fallbrook fine sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	61	18.8	26.0%
FkD2	Fallbrook fine sandy loam, shallow, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	46	14.6	20.3%
MnD2	Monserate sandy loam, shallow, 5 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	46	0.4	0.5%
RtF	Rockland	>200	9.4	13.0%
VsC	Vista coarse sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	61	1.9	2.7%
Totals for Area of Interest			72.2	100.0%

Description

A "restrictive layer" is a nearly continuous layer that has one or more physical, chemical, or thermal properties that significantly impede the movement of water and air through the soil or that restrict roots or otherwise provide an unfavorable root environment. Examples are bedrock, cemented layers, dense layers, and frozen layers.

This theme presents the depth to any type of restrictive layer that is described for each map unit. If more than one type of restrictive layer is described for an individual soil type, the depth to the shallowest one is presented. If no restrictive layer is described in a map unit, it is represented by the "> 200" depth class.

This attribute is actually recorded as three separate values in the database. A low value and a high value indicate the range of this attribute for the soil component. A "representative" value indicates the expected value of this attribute for the component. For this soil property, only the representative value is used.

Rating Options

Units of Measure: centimeters

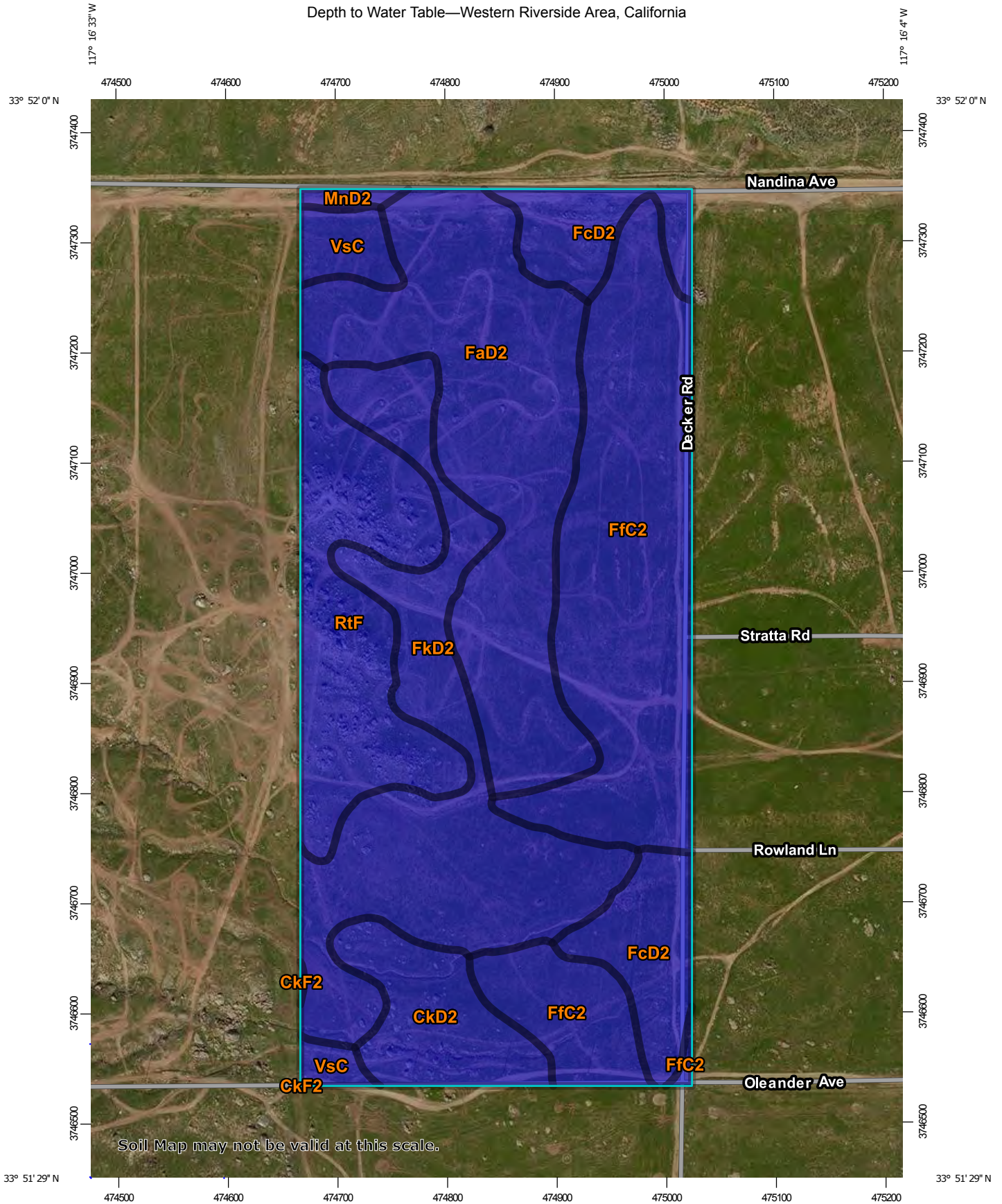
Aggregation Method: Dominant Component

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

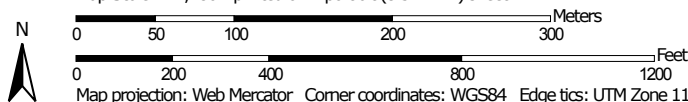
Tie-break Rule: Lower

Interpret Nulls as Zero: No

Depth to Water Table—Western Riverside Area, California
































Map Scale: 1:4,780 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 11N WGS84



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)	 Not rated or not available
 Area of Interest (AOI)	
Soils	Water Features
Soil Rating Polygons	 Streams and Canals
 0 - 25	Transportation
 25 - 50	 Rails
 50 - 100	 Interstate Highways
 100 - 150	 US Routes
 150 - 200	 Major Roads
 > 200	 Local Roads
 Not rated or not available	Background
	 Aerial Photography
Soil Rating Lines	
 0 - 25	
 25 - 50	
 50 - 100	
 100 - 150	
 150 - 200	
 > 200	
 Not rated or not available	
Soil Rating Points	
 0 - 25	
 25 - 50	
 50 - 100	
 100 - 150	
 150 - 200	
 > 200	

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Western Riverside Area, California
 Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 12, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jan 14, 2015—Jan 21, 2015

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Depth to Water Table

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (centimeters)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
CkD2	Cieneba rocky sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	>200	4.4	6.1%
CkF2	Cieneba rocky sandy loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, eroded	>200	0.0	0.0%
FaD2	Fallbrook sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	>200	16.5	22.8%
FcD2	Fallbrook rocky sandy loam, shallow, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	>200	6.2	8.6%
FfC2	Fallbrook fine sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	>200	18.8	26.0%
FkD2	Fallbrook fine sandy loam, shallow, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	>200	14.6	20.3%
MnD2	Monserate sandy loam, shallow, 5 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	>200	0.4	0.5%
RtF	Rockland	>200	9.4	13.0%
VsC	Vista coarse sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	>200	1.9	2.7%
Totals for Area of Interest			72.2	100.0%

Description

"Water table" refers to a saturated zone in the soil. It occurs during specified months. Estimates of the upper limit are based mainly on observations of the water table at selected sites and on evidence of a saturated zone, namely grayish colors (redoximorphic features) in the soil. A saturated zone that lasts for less than a month is not considered a water table.

This attribute is actually recorded as three separate values in the database. A low value and a high value indicate the range of this attribute for the soil component. A "representative" value indicates the expected value of this attribute for the component. For this soil property, only the representative value is used.

Rating Options

Units of Measure: centimeters

Aggregation Method: Dominant Component

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Lower

Interpret Nulls as Zero: No

Beginning Month: January

Ending Month: December

Appendix 4: Historical Site Conditions

Not Applicable

Appendix 5: LID Infeasibility

LID Technical Infeasibility Analysis

Appendix 6: BMP Design Details

BMP Sizing, Design Details and other Supporting Documentation

Santa Ana Watershed - BMP Design Volume, V_{BMP}

(Rev. 10-2011)

Legend:

Required Entries

Calculated Cells

*(Note this worksheet shall **only** be used in conjunction with BMP designs from the **LID BMP Design Handbook**)*

Company Name **Michael Baker International**

Date **3/19/2019**

Designed by **Jacqueline Hernandez**

Case No

Company Project Number/Name

152480 - Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)

BMP Identification

BMP NAME / ID **BMP A-1**

Must match Name/ID used on BMP Design Calculation Sheet

Design Rainfall Depth

85th Percentile, 24-hour Rainfall Depth,
from the Isohyetal Map in Handbook Appendix E

D_{85} = **0.59** inches

Drainage Management Area Tabulation

Insert additional rows if needed to accommodate all DMAs draining to the BMP

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Imperivous Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot and Walkway)	244078.53	Roofs	1	0.89	217718			
Pervious (Landscaping)	26118.72	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	2885			
	270197.25				220603	0.59	10846.3	11433

Notes:

Santa Ana Watershed - BMP Design Volume, V_{BMP}

(Rev. 10-2011)

Legend:

Required Entries

Calculated Cells

*(Note this worksheet shall **only** be used in conjunction with BMP designs from the **LID BMP Design Handbook**)*

Company Name **Michael Baker International** Date **3/19/2019**
 Designed by **Jacqueline Hernandez** Case No _____
 Company Project Number/Name **152480 - Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)**

BMP Identification

BMP NAME / ID **BMP B-1**

Must match Name/ID used on BMP Design Calculation Sheet

Design Rainfall Depth

85th Percentile, 24-hour Rainfall Depth, D_{85} = **0.59** inches
 from the Isohyetal Map in Handbook Appendix E

Drainage Management Area Tabulation

Insert additional rows if needed to accommodate all DMAs draining to the BMP

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Imperivous Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot and Walkway)	380063.28	Roofs	1	0.89	339016.4			
Pervious (Landscaping)	86961.35	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	9605.6			
467024.63		Total			348622	0.59	17140.6	17559

Notes:

Santa Ana Watershed - BMP Design Volume, V_{BMP}

(Rev. 10-2011)

Legend:

Required Entries

Calculated Cells

*(Note this worksheet shall **only** be used in conjunction with BMP designs from the **LID BMP Design Handbook**)*

Company Name **Michael Baker International**

Date **3/19/2019**

Designed by **Jacqueline Hernandez**

Case No

Company Project Number/Name

152480 - Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)

BMP Identification

BMP NAME / ID **BMP C-1**

Must match Name/ID used on BMP Design Calculation Sheet

Design Rainfall Depth

85th Percentile, 24-hour Rainfall Depth,
from the Isohyetal Map in Handbook Appendix E

D_{85} = **0.59** inches

Drainage Management Area Tabulation

Insert additional rows if needed to accommodate all DMAs draining to the BMP

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Imperivous Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot and Walkway)	123925.28	Roofs	1	0.89	110541.3			
Pervious (Landscaping)	62594.75	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	6914.1			
	186520.03		Total		117455.4	0.59	5774.9	7554

Notes:

Santa Ana Watershed - BMP Design Volume, V_{BMP}

(Rev. 10-2011)

Legend:

Required Entries

Calculated Cells

*(Note this worksheet shall **only** be used in conjunction with BMP designs from the **LID BMP Design Handbook**)*

Company Name **Michael Baker International**

Date **3/19/2019**

Designed by **Jacqueline Hernandez**

Case No

Company Project Number/Name

152480 - Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)

BMP Identification

BMP NAME / ID **BMP D-1**

Must match Name/ID used on BMP Design Calculation Sheet

Design Rainfall Depth

85th Percentile, 24-hour Rainfall Depth,
from the Isohyetal Map in Handbook Appendix E

$D_{85} =$ **0.59** inches

Drainage Management Area Tabulation

Insert additional rows if needed to accommodate all DMAs draining to the BMP

DMA Type/ID	DMA Area (square feet)	Post-Project Surface Type	Effective Imperivous Fraction, I_f	DMA Runoff Factor	DMA Areas x Runoff Factor	Design Storm Depth (in)	Design Capture Volume, V_{BMP} (cubic feet)	Proposed Volume on Plans (cubic feet)
Impervious (Roof, Parking Lot and Walkway)	466030.75	Roofs	1	0.89	415699.4			
Pervious (Landscaping)	82879.48	Ornamental Landscaping	0.1	0.11	9154.7			
	548910.23	Total			424854.1	0.59	20888.7	22662

Notes:

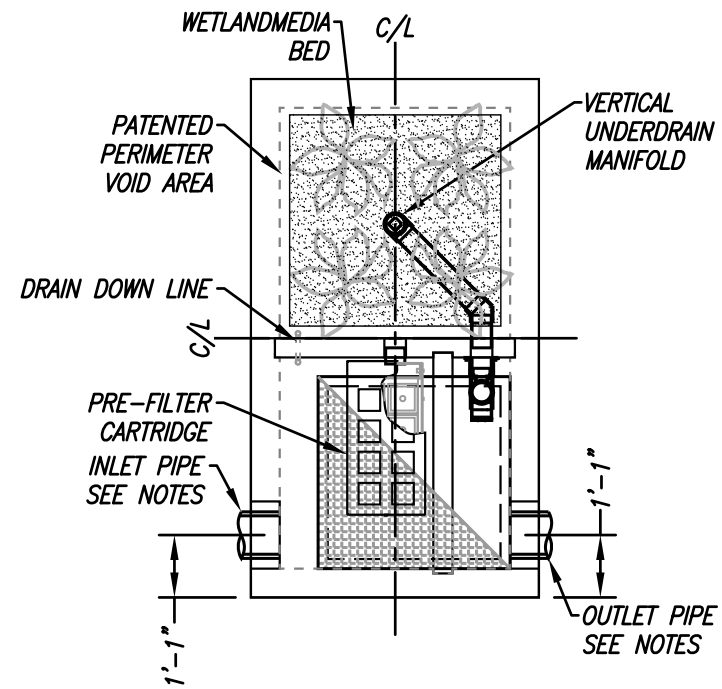
SITE SPECIFIC DATA			
PROJECT NUMBER			
ORDER NUMBER			
PROJECT NAME			
PROJECT LOCATION			
STRUCTURE ID			
TREATMENT REQUIRED			
VOLUME BASED (CF)		FLOW BASED (CFS)	
TREATMENT HGL AVAILABLE (FT)			
PEAK BYPASS REQUIRED (CFS) – IF APPLICABLE			
PIPE DATA	I.E.	MATERIAL	DIAMETER
INLET PIPE 1			
INLET PIPE 2			
OUTLET PIPE			
	PRETREATMENT	BIOFILTRATION	DISCHARGE
RIM ELEVATION			
SURFACE LOAD	PEDESTRIAN	OPEN PLANTER	PEDESTRIAN
FRAME & COVER	36" X 36"	N/A	N/A
WETLANDMEDIA VOLUME (CY)		TBD	
ORIFICE SIZE (DIA. INCHES)		TBD	
NOTES: PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION.			

INSTALLATION NOTES

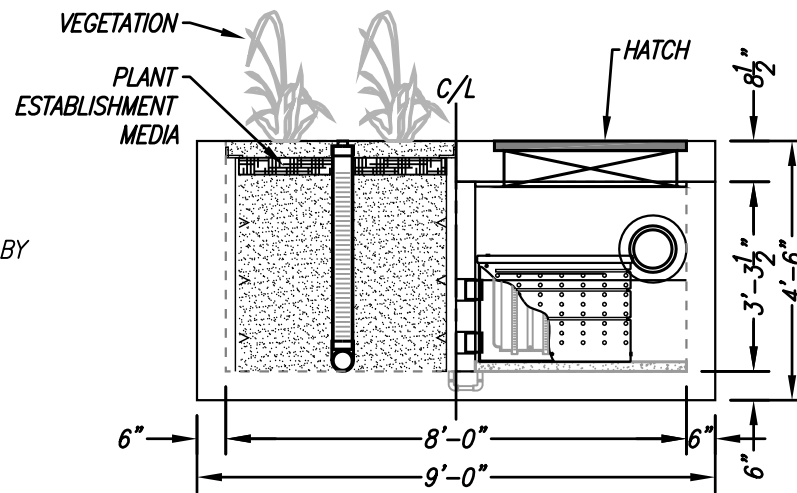
- CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALL LABOR, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS AND INCIDENTALS REQUIRED TO OFFLOAD AND INSTALL THE SYSTEM AND APPURTENANCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DRAWING AND THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED IN MANUFACTURERS CONTRACT.
- UNIT MUST BE INSTALLED ON LEVEL BASE. MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS A MINIMUM 6" LEVEL ROCK BASE UNLESS SPECIFIED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO VERIFY PROJECT ENGINEERS RECOMMENDED BASE SPECIFICATIONS.
- CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY AND INSTALL ALL EXTERNAL CONNECTING PIPES. ALL PIPES MUST BE FLUSH WITH INSIDE SURFACE OF CONCRETE. (PIPES CANNOT INTRUDE BEYOND FLUSH). INVERT OF OUTFLOW PIPE MUST BE FLUSH WITH DISCHARGE CHAMBER FLOOR. ALL PIPES SHALL BE SEALED WATER TIGHT PER MANUFACTURERS STANDARD CONNECTION DETAIL.
- CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF ALL RISERS, MANHOLES, AND HATCHES. CONTRACTOR TO GROUT ALL MANHOLES AND HATCHES TO MATCH FINISHED SURFACE UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
- VEGETATION SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. ALL UNITS WITH VEGETATION MUST HAVE DRIP OR SPRAY IRRIGATION SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
- CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING BIO CLEAN FOR ACTIVATION OF UNIT. MANUFACTURERS WARRANTY IS VOID WITH OUT PROPER ACTIVATION BY A BIO CLEAN REPRESENTATIVE.

GENERAL NOTES

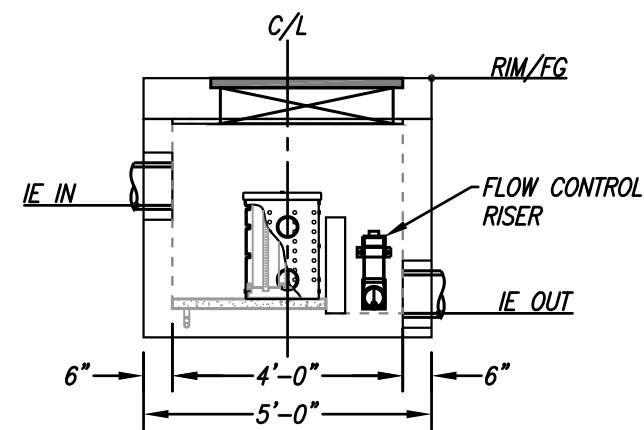
- MANUFACTURER TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- ALL DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, SPECIFICATIONS AND CAPACITIES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE. FOR PROJECT SPECIFIC DRAWINGS DETAILING EXACT DIMENSIONS, WEIGHTS AND ACCESSORIES PLEASE CONTACT BIO CLEAN.



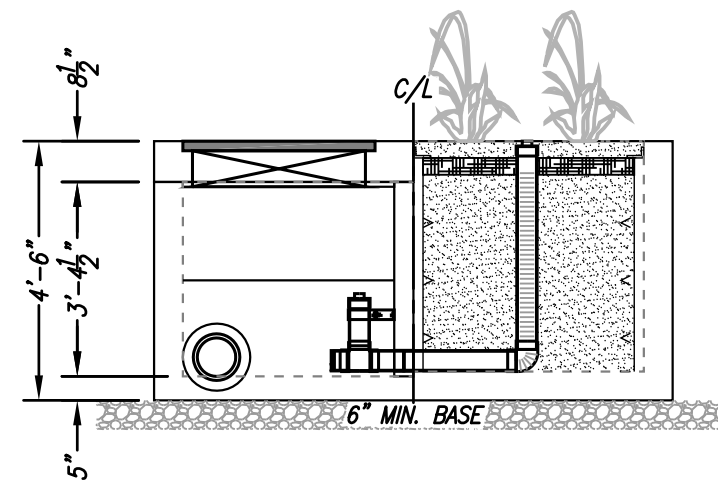
PLAN VIEW



LEFT END VIEW

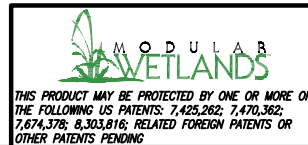


ELEVATION VIEW



RIGHT END VIEW

TREATMENT FLOW (CFS)	0.115
OPERATING HEAD (FT)	3.4
PRETREATMENT LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	2.0
WETLAND MEDIA LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	1.0

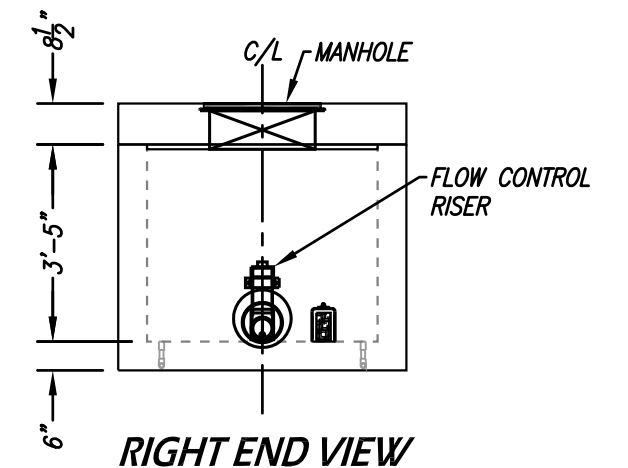
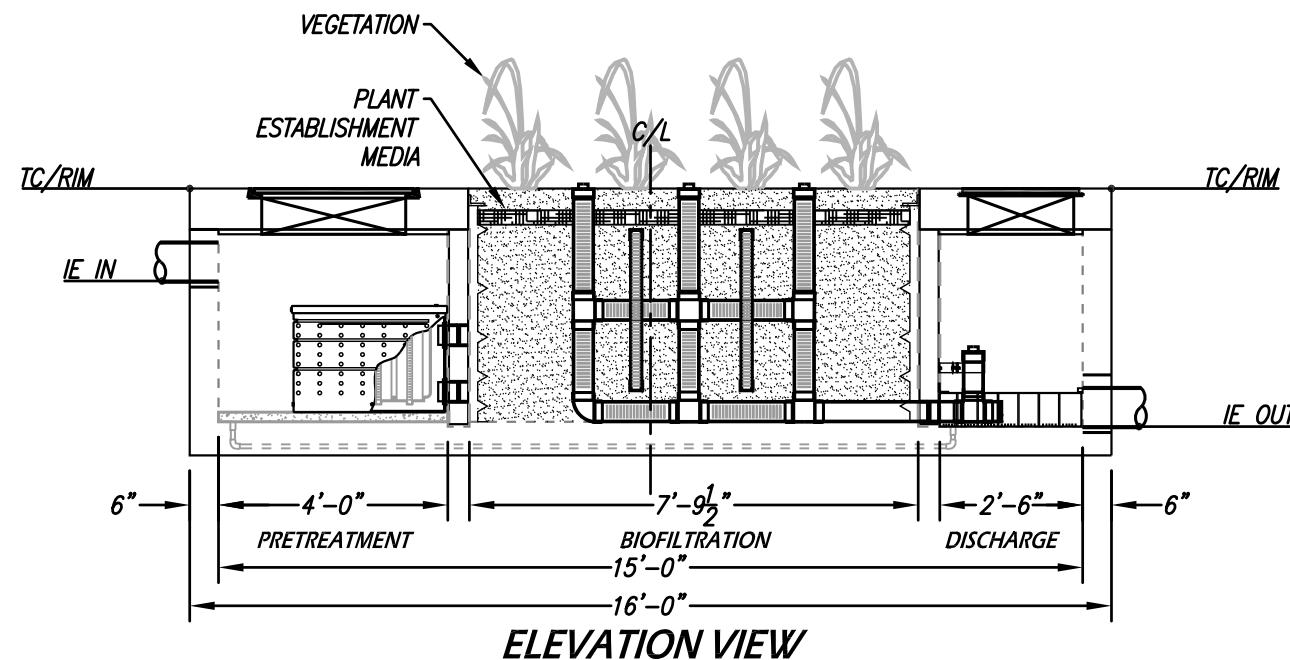
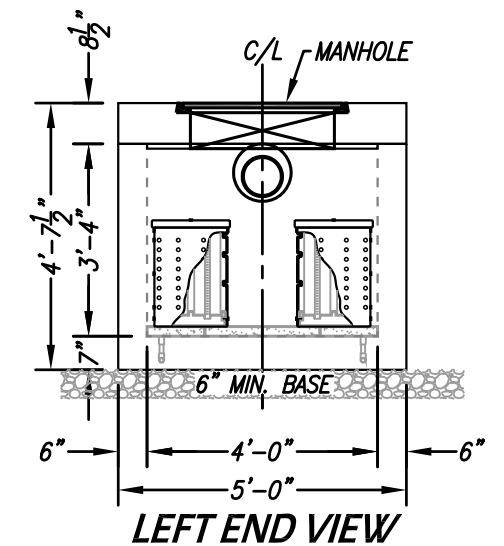
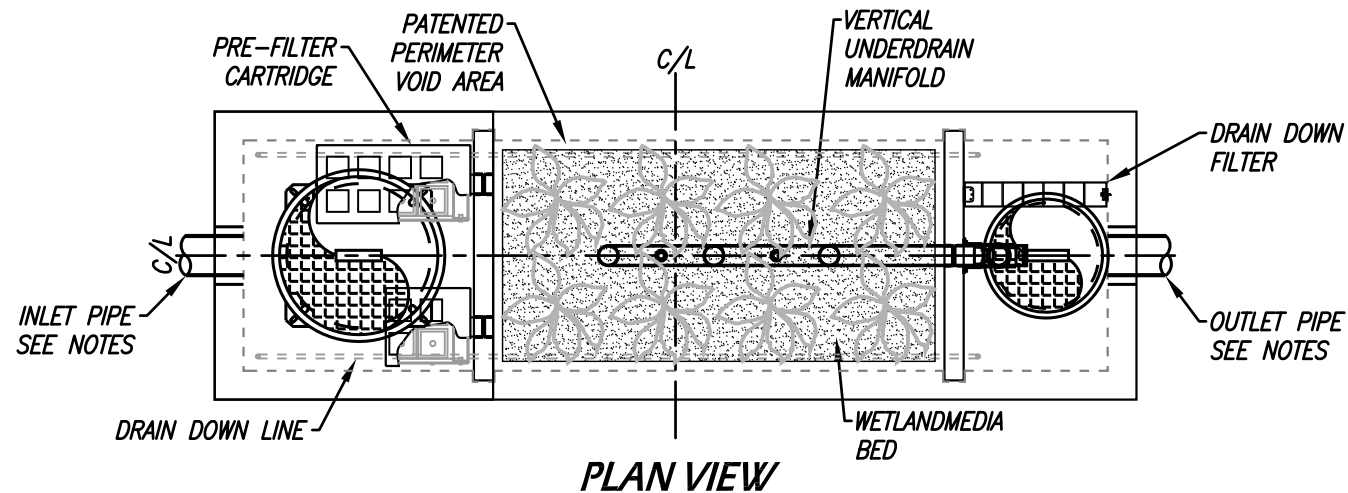


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MWS-L-4-8-V
STORMWATER BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM
STANDARD DETAIL

SITE SPECIFIC DATA			
PROJECT NAME			
PROJECT LOCATION			
STRUCTURE ID			
TREATMENT REQUIRED			
VOLUME BASED (CF)		FLOW BASED (CFS)	
TREATMENT HGL AVAILABLE (FT)			
PEAK BYPASS REQUIRED (CFS) - IF APPLICABLE			
PIPE DATA		I.E.	MATERIAL
INLET PIPE 1			
INLET PIPE 2			
OUTLET PIPE			
	PRETREATMENT	BIOFILTRATION	DISCHARGE
RIM ELEVATION			
SURFACE LOAD		PARKWAY	OPEN PLANTER
FRAME & COVER		ø30"	N/A
WETLANDMEDIA VOLUME (CY)		4.30	
WETLANDMEDIA DELIVERY METHOD		TBD	
ORIFICE SIZE (DIA. INCHES)		ø1.89"	
MAXIMUM PICK WEIGHT (LBS)		31000	
NOTES:			



INSTALLATION NOTES

1. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALL LABOR, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS AND INCIDENTALS REQUIRED TO OFFLOAD AND INSTALL THE SYSTEM AND APPURTENANCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DRAWING AND THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED IN MANUFACTURERS CONTRACT.
2. UNIT MUST BE INSTALLED ON LEVEL BASE. MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS A MINIMUM 6" LEVEL ROCK BASE UNLESS SPECIFIED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO VERIFY PROJECT ENGINEERS RECOMMENDED BASE SPECIFICATIONS.
3. ALL PIPES MUST BE FLUSH WITH INSIDE SURFACE OF CONCRETE. (PIPES CANNOT INTRUDE BEYOND FLUSH). INVERT OF OUTFLOW PIPE MUST BE FLUSH WITH DISCHARGE CHAMBER FLOOR. ALL GAPS AROUND PIPES SHALL BE SEALED WATER TIGHT WITH A NON-SHRINK GROUT PER MANUFACTURERS STANDARD CONNECTION DETAIL AND SHALL MEET OR EXCEED REGIONAL PIPE CONNECTION STANDARDS.
4. CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY AND INSTALL ALL EXTERNAL CONNECTING PIPES.
5. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF ALL RISERS, MANHOLES, AND HATCHES. CONTRACTOR TO GROUT ALL MANHOLES AND HATCHES TO MATCH FINISHED SURFACE UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
6. DRIP OR SPRAY IRRIGATION REQUIRED ON ALL UNITS WITH VEGETATION.

GENERAL NOTES

1. MANUFACTURER TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, SPECIFICATIONS AND CAPACITIES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE. FOR PROJECT SPECIFIC DRAWINGS DETAILING EXACT DIMENSIONS, WEIGHTS AND ACCESSORIES PLEASE CONTACT MANUFACTURER.

TREATMENT FLOW (CFS)	0.175
OPERATING HEAD (FT)	3.4
PRETREATMENT LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	TBD
WETLAND MEDIA LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	1.0

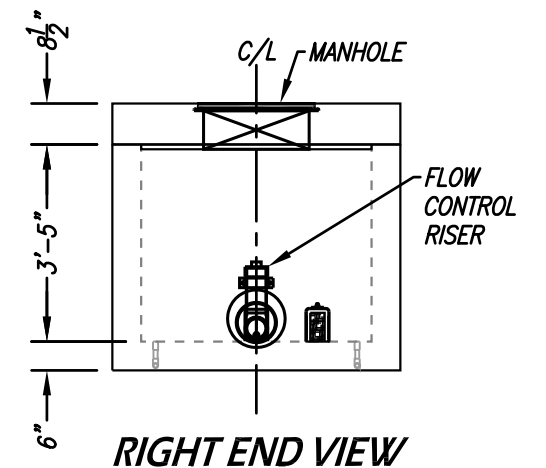
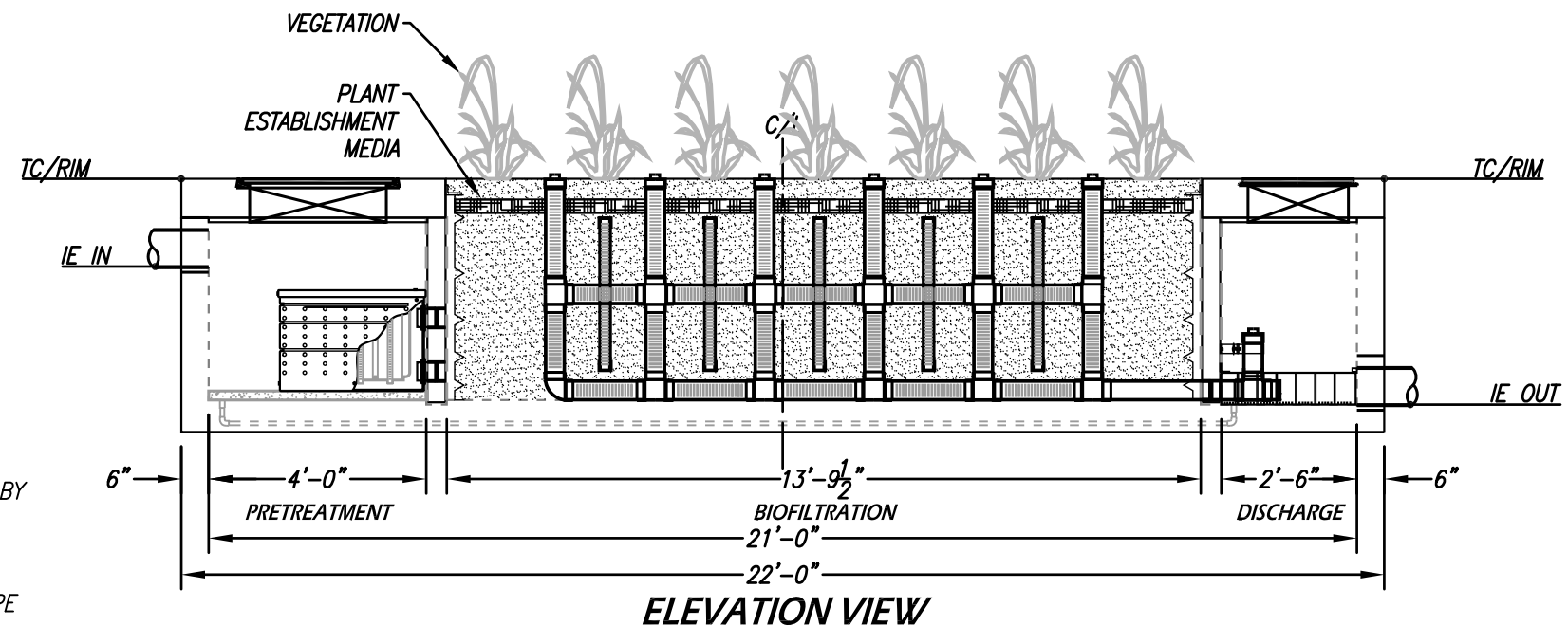
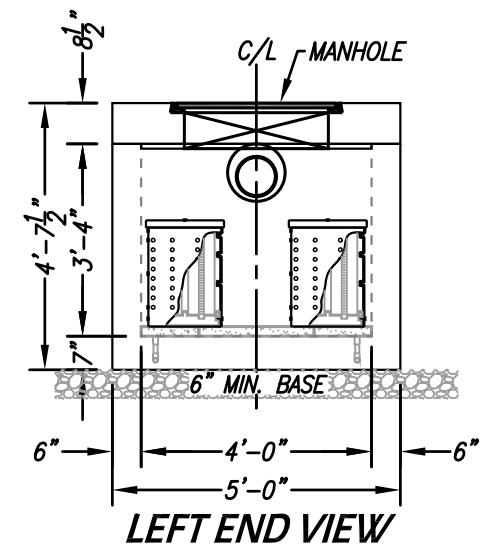
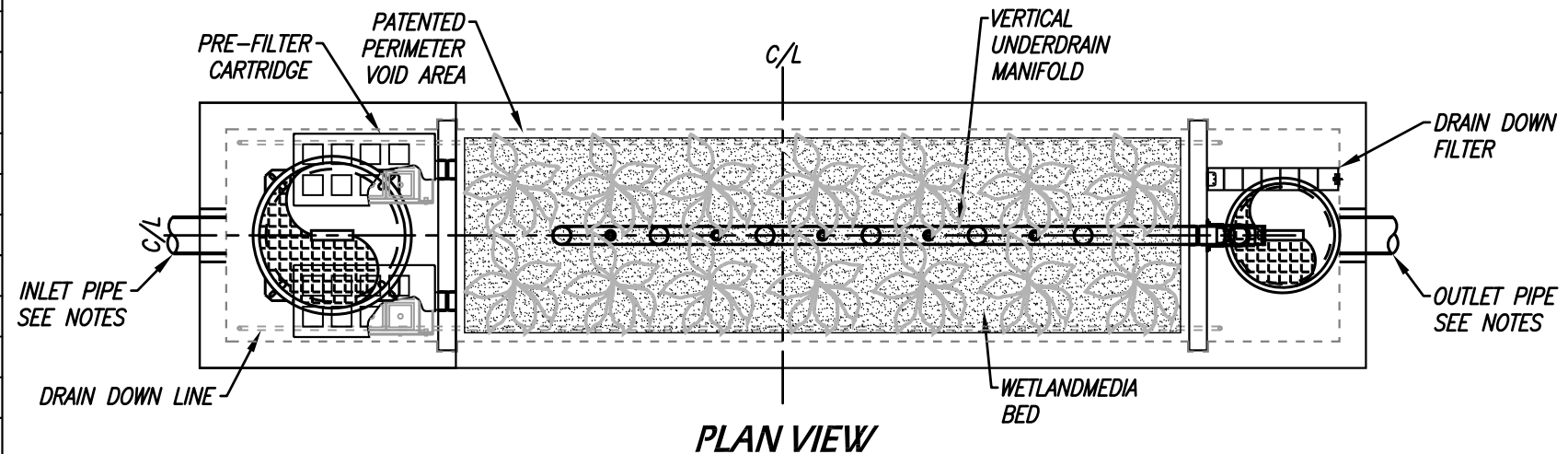
THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED MAY BE PROTECTED BY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING US PATENTS: 7,425,262; 7,470,362; 7,674,378; 8,303,816; RELATED FOREIGN PATENTS OR OTHER PATENTS PENDING

PROPRIETARY AND CONFIDENTIAL:
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MWS-L-4-15-V
STORMWATER BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM
STANDARD DETAIL

SITE SPECIFIC DATA			
PROJECT NAME			
PROJECT LOCATION			
STRUCTURE ID			
TREATMENT REQUIRED			
VOLUME BASED (CF)		FLOW BASED (CFS)	
TREATMENT HGL AVAILABLE (FT)			
PEAK BYPASS REQUIRED (CFS) - IF APPLICABLE			
PIPE DATA	I.E.	MATERIAL	DIAMETER
INLET PIPE 1			
INLET PIPE 2			
OUTLET PIPE			
	PRETREATMENT	BIOFILTRATION	DISCHARGE
RIM ELEVATION			
SURFACE LOAD	PARKWAY	OPEN PLANTER	PARKWAY
FRAME & COVER	ø30"	N/A	ø24"
WETLANDMEDIA VOLUME (CY)			7.63
WETLANDMEDIA DELIVERY METHOD			TBD
ORIFICE SIZE (DIA. INCHES)			ø2.34"
MAXIMUM PICK WEIGHT (LBS)			43000
NOTES:			



INSTALLATION NOTES

- CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALL LABOR, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS AND INCIDENTALS REQUIRED TO OFFLOAD AND INSTALL THE SYSTEM AND APPURTENANCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DRAWING AND THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED IN MANUFACTURERS CONTRACT.
- UNIT MUST BE INSTALLED ON LEVEL BASE. MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS A MINIMUM 6" LEVEL ROCK BASE UNLESS SPECIFIED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO VERIFY PROJECT ENGINEERS RECOMMENDED BASE SPECIFICATIONS.
- ALL PIPES MUST BE FLUSH WITH INSIDE SURFACE OF CONCRETE. (PIPES CANNOT INTRUDE BEYOND FLUSH). INVERT OF OUTFLOW PIPE MUST BE FLUSH WITH DISCHARGE CHAMBER FLOOR. ALL GAPS AROUND PIPES SHALL BE SEALED WATER TIGHT WITH A NON-SHRINK GROUT PER MANUFACTURERS STANDARD CONNECTION DETAIL AND SHALL MEET OR EXCEED REGIONAL PIPE CONNECTION STANDARDS.
- CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY AND INSTALL ALL EXTERNAL CONNECTING PIPES.
- CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF ALL RISERS, MANHOLES, AND HATCHES. CONTRACTOR TO GROUT ALL MANHOLES AND HATCHES TO MATCH FINISHED SURFACE UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
- DRIP OR SPRAY IRRIGATION REQUIRED ON ALL UNITS WITH VEGETATION.

GENERAL NOTES

- MANUFACTURER TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- ALL DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, SPECIFICATIONS AND CAPACITIES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE. FOR PROJECT SPECIFIC DRAWINGS DETAILING EXACT DIMENSIONS, WEIGHTS AND ACCESSORIES PLEASE CONTACT MANUFACTURER.

TREATMENT FLOW (CFS)	0.268
OPERATING HEAD (FT)	3.4
PRETREATMENT LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	TBD
WETLAND MEDIA LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	1.0

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MWS-L-4-21-V
STORMWATER BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM
STANDARD DETAIL

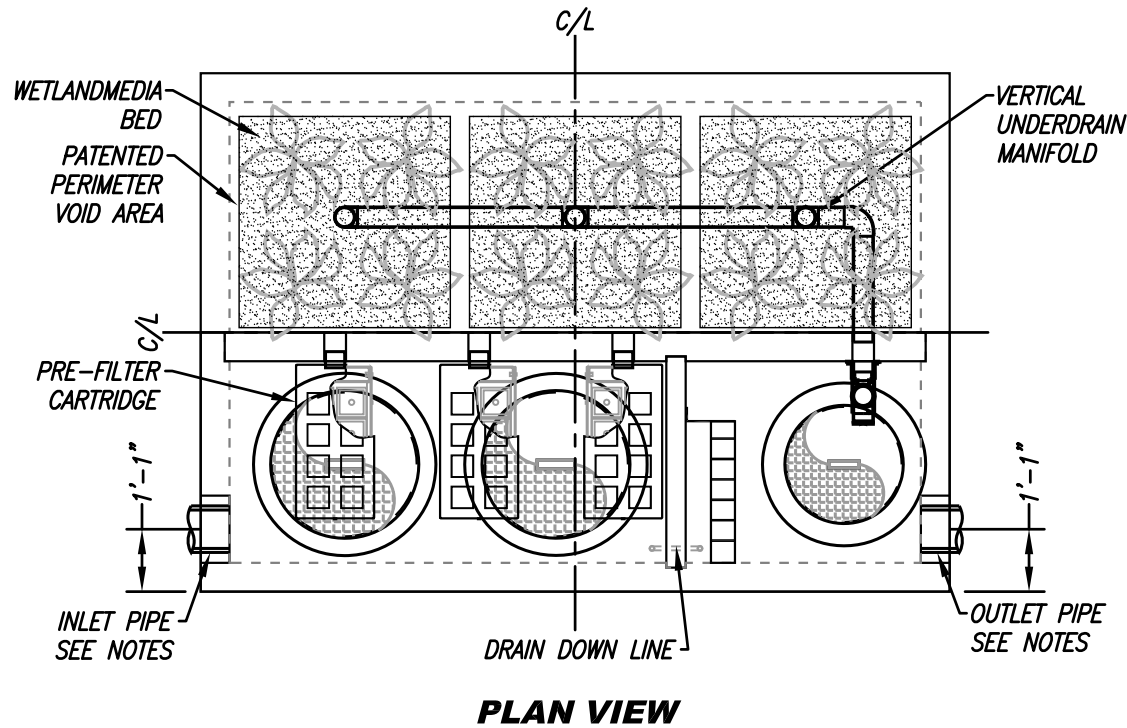
SITE SPECIFIC DATA			
PROJECT NUMBER			
ORDER NUMBER			
PROJECT NAME			
PROJECT LOCATION			
STRUCTURE ID			
TREATMENT REQUIRED			
VOLUME BASED (CF)		FLOW BASED (CFS)	
TREATMENT HGL AVAILABLE (FT)			
PEAK BYPASS REQUIRED (CFS) – IF APPLICABLE			
PIPE DATA	I.E.	MATERIAL	DIAMETER
INLET PIPE 1			
INLET PIPE 2			
OUTLET PIPE			
	PRETREATMENT	BIOFILTRATION	DISCHARGE
RIM ELEVATION			
SURFACE LOAD	PEDESTRIAN	OPEN PLANTER	PEDESTRIAN
FRAME & COVER	2EA Ø30"	N/A	Ø24"
WETLANDMEDIA VOLUME (CY)		TBD	
ORIFICE SIZE (DIA. INCHES)		TBD	
NOTES: PRELIMINARY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION.			

INSTALLATION NOTES

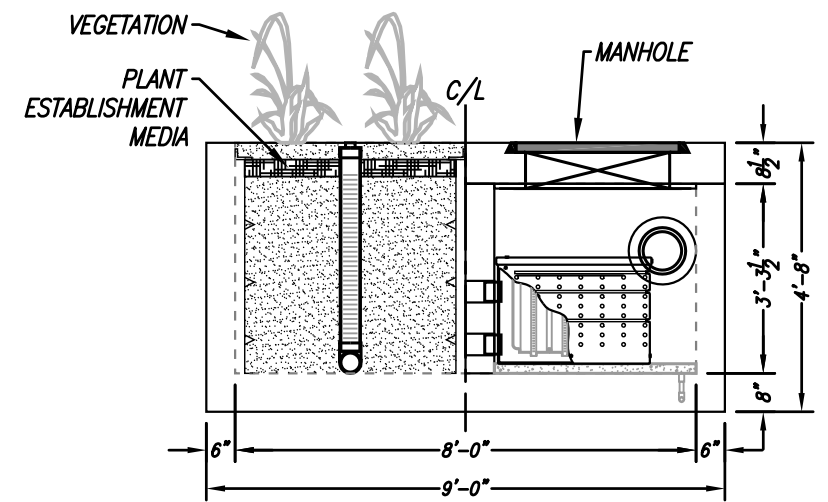
1. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALL LABOR, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS AND INCIDENTALS REQUIRED TO OFFLOAD AND INSTALL THE SYSTEM AND APPURTENANCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DRAWING AND THE MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED IN MANUFACTURERS CONTRACT.
2. UNIT MUST BE INSTALLED ON LEVEL BASE. MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS A MINIMUM 6" LEVEL ROCK BASE UNLESS SPECIFIED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO VERIFY PROJECT ENGINEERS RECOMMENDED BASE SPECIFICATIONS.
4. CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY AND INSTALL ALL EXTERNAL CONNECTING PIPES. ALL PIPES MUST BE FLUSH WITH INSIDE SURFACE OF CONCRETE. (PIPES CANNOT INTRUDE BEYOND FLUSH). INVERT OF OUTFLOW PIPE MUST BE FLUSH WITH DISCHARGE CHAMBER FLOOR. ALL PIPES SHALL BE SEALED WATER TIGHT PER MANUFACTURERS STANDARD CONNECTION DETAIL.
5. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF ALL RISERS, MANHOLES, AND HATCHES. CONTRACTOR TO GROUT ALL MANHOLES AND HATCHES TO MATCH FINISHED SURFACE UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
6. VEGETATION SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS. ALL UNITS WITH VEGETATION MUST HAVE DRIP OR SPRAY IRRIGATION SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY OTHERS.
7. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING BIO CLEAN FOR ACTIVATION OF UNIT. MANUFACTURERS WARRANTY IS VOID WITH OUT PROPER ACTIVATION BY A BIO CLEAN REPRESENTATIVE.

GENERAL NOTES

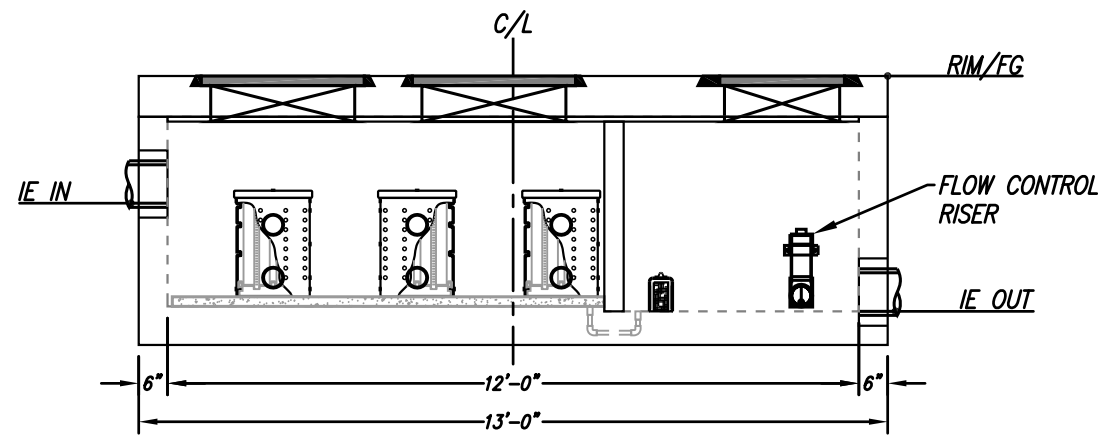
1. MANUFACTURER TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, SPECIFICATIONS AND CAPACITIES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE. FOR PROJECT SPECIFIC DRAWINGS DETAILING EXACT DIMENSIONS, WEIGHTS AND ACCESSORIES PLEASE CONTACT BIO CLEAN.



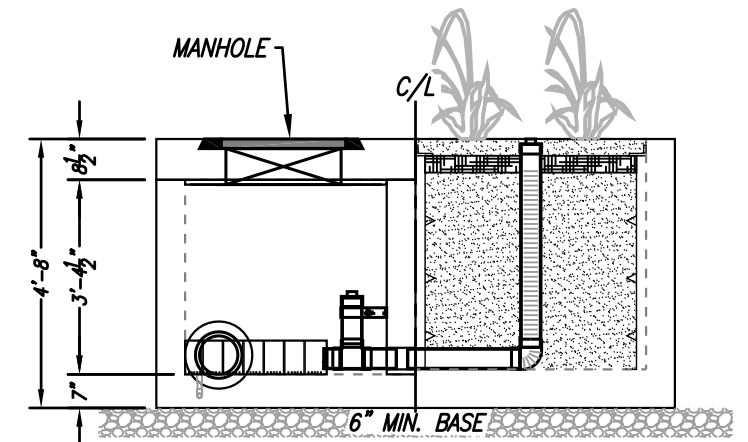
PLAN VIEW



LEFT END VIEW

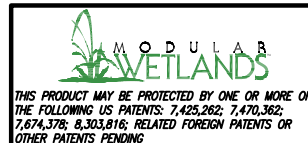


ELEVATION VIEW



RIGHT END VIEW

TREATMENT FLOW (CFS)	0.346
OPERATING HEAD (FT)	3.4
PRETREATMENT LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	2.0
WETLAND MEDIA LOADING RATE (GPM/SF)	1.0



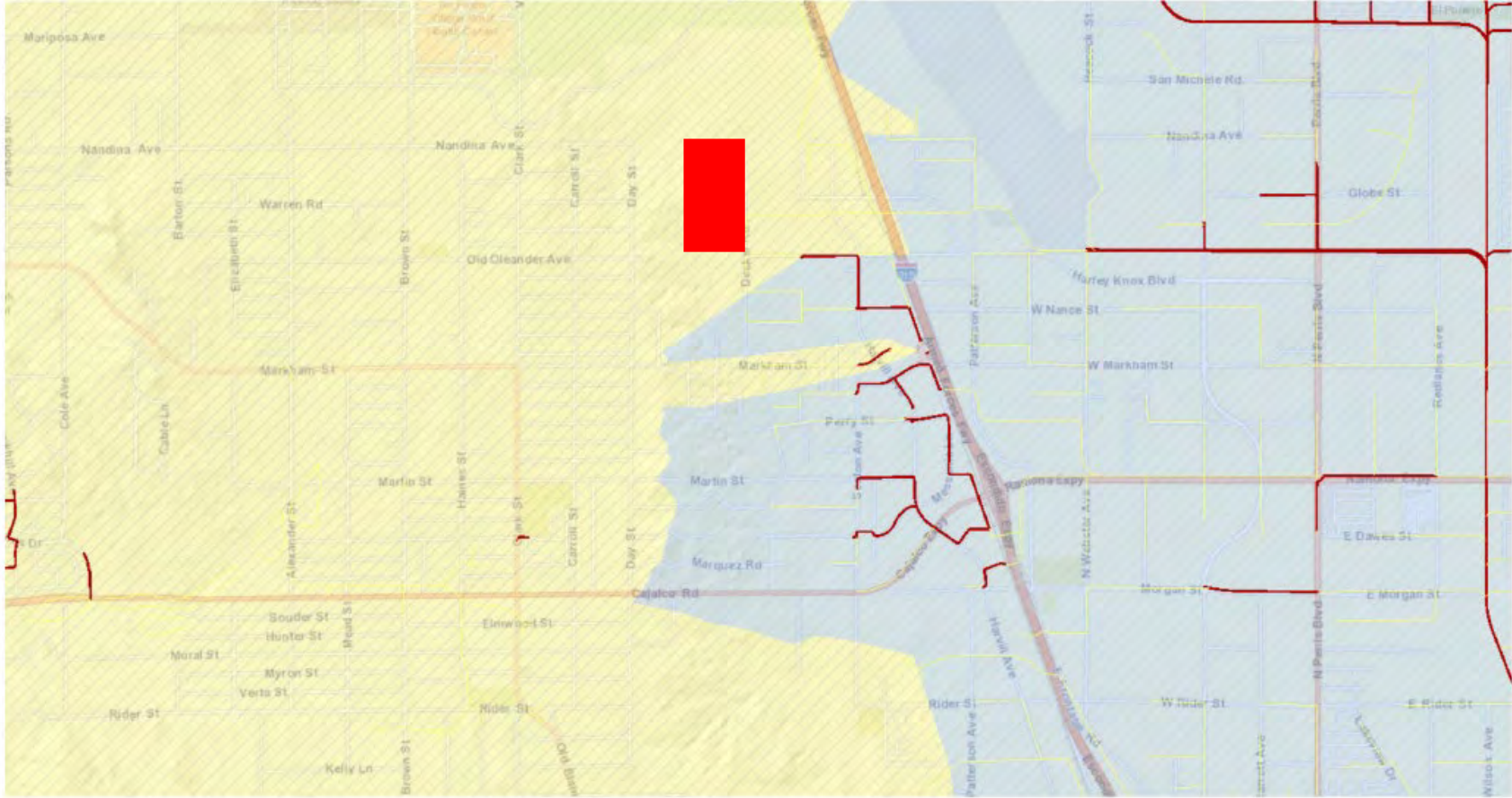
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

MWS-L-8-12-V
STORMWATER BIOFILTRATION SYSTEM
STANDARD DETAIL

Appendix 7: Hydromodification

Supporting Detail Relating to Hydrologic Conditions of Concern



Site Address: rivco.permittrack.com

Legend	
	Hydromodification Exemption Area
	Hydromodification Non-Exemption Area
	Project Location

Riverside County
SWCTT
Stormwater Map

Receiving Waters and Susceptibility to Hydromodification

Nandina ave

Perris Valley MDP Lateral B-9 → Perris Valley Channel Lateral B (EEM) → Proposed District Facilities (to be engineered) → Perris Valley Channel (EEM) → San Jacinto River Reach 3 (EEM) → **Canyon Lake** → San Jacinto River Reach 1 → Lake Elsinore

Harley Knox Blvd

Perris Valley MDP Lateral B-8 → Perris Valley Channel Lateral B (EEM) → Proposed District Facilities (to be engineered) → Perris Valley Channel (EEM) → San Jacinto River Reach 3 (EEM) → **Canyon Lake** → San Jacinto River Reach 1 → Lake Elsinore

Oleander Ave

Perris Valley MDP Lines E-10 and F (EFHM) → Proposed District Facilities (to be engineered) → Perris Valley Channel Lateral B (EFHM) → Perris Valley Channel (EEM) → San Jacinto River Reach 3 (EEM) → **Canyon Lake** → San Jacinto River Reach 1 → Lake Elsinore

According to the Hydromodification Susceptibility Documentation Report and Mapping: Santa Ana Region, prepared by RBF Consulting, January 2012:

Engineered, Earthen and Maintained (EEM): This group includes constructed facilities that do not contain armoring but have been engineered to be stable systems and are verified by as-builts. The facility must also be maintained. This group is intended to be channel segments constructed for flood conveyance, which generally have a design capacity in excess of a 10-year storm event.

Engineered, Fully Hardened and Maintained (EFHM): This group includes constructed facilities that are fully armored (e.g. concrete, soil cement, rip rap rock, etc.) on three sides and verified by as-builts, aerial photographs and/or a site visit. This group includes piped and boxed stream channel segments. The facility must also, be maintained and designed based on an engineering criteria (e.g. a specific storm event.)

1. Not Susceptible

- a. EFHM – The risk for adverse impacts caused by Hydromodification is insignificant due to the armoring of the stream channel segment and the engineered design which would prevent erosion and degradation of the channel.
- b. EPHM - The risk for adverse impacts caused by Hydromodification is very low due to the partial armoring of the stream channel segment and the engineered design which would significantly lower the risk of erosion and degradation of the channel.
- c. EEM - The risk for adverse impacts caused by Hydromodification is low due to the engineered design of the stream channel segment which would lower the risk of erosion and degradation of the channel.

Therefore, the project site is not susceptible to hydromodification.

Appendix 8: Source Control

Pollutant Sources/Source Control Checklist

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

How to use this worksheet (also see instructions in Section G of the WQMP Template):

1. Review Column 1 and identify which of these potential sources of stormwater pollutants apply to your site. Check each box that applies.
2. Review Column 2 and incorporate all of the corresponding applicable BMPs in your WQMP Exhibit.
3. Review Columns 3 and 4 and incorporate all of the corresponding applicable permanent controls and operational BMPs in your WQMP. Use the format shown in Table G.1 on page 23 of this WQMP Template. Describe your specific BMPs in an accompanying narrative, and explain any special conditions or situations that required omitting BMPs or substituting alternative BMPs for those shown here.

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A. On-site storm drain inlets	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Locations of inlets.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mark all inlets with the words “Only Rain Down the Storm Drain” or similar. Catch Basin Markers may be available from the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, call 951.955.1200 to verify.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintain and periodically repaint or replace inlet markings. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide stormwater pollution prevention information to new site owners, lessees, or operators. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See applicable operational BMPs in Fact Sheet SC-44, “Drainage System Maintenance,” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include the following in lease agreements: “Tenant shall not allow anyone to discharge anything to storm drains or to store or deposit materials so as to create a potential discharge to storm drains.”
<input type="checkbox"/> B. Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps		<input type="checkbox"/> State that interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps will be plumbed to sanitary sewer.	<input type="checkbox"/> Inspect and maintain drains to prevent blockages and overflow.
<input type="checkbox"/> C. Interior parking garages		<input type="checkbox"/> State that parking garage floor drains will be plumbed to the sanitary sewer.	<input type="checkbox"/> Inspect and maintain drains to prevent blockages and overflow.

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D1. Need for future indoor & structural pest control		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Note building design features that discourage entry of pests.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide Integrated Pest Management information to owners, lessees, and operators.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D2. Landscape/ Outdoor Pesticide Use	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show locations of native trees or areas of shrubs and ground cover to be undisturbed and retained. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show self-retaining landscape areas, if any. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show stormwater treatment and hydrograph modification management BMPs. (See instructions in Chapter 3, Step 5 and guidance in Chapter 5.)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State that final landscape plans will accomplish all of the following. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preserve existing native trees, shrubs, and ground cover to the maximum extent possible. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Design landscaping to minimize irrigation and runoff, to promote surface infiltration where appropriate, and to minimize the use of fertilizers and pesticides that can contribute to stormwater pollution. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Where landscaped areas are used to retain or detain stormwater, specify plants that are tolerant of saturated soil conditions. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Consider using pest-resistant plants, especially adjacent to hardscape. <p>To insure successful establishment, select plants appropriate to site soils, slopes, climate, sun, wind, rain, land use, air movement, ecological consistency, and plant interactions.</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maintain landscaping using minimum or no pesticides. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See applicable operational BMPs in “What you should know for.....Landscape and Gardening” at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/Error! Hyperlink reference not valid. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Provide IPM information to new owners, lessees and operators.

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input type="checkbox"/> E. Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features.	<input type="checkbox"/> Show location of water feature and a sanitary sewer cleanout in an accessible area within 10 feet. (Exception: Public pools must be plumbed according to County Department of Environmental Health Guidelines.)	If the Co-Permittee requires pools to be plumbed to the sanitary sewer, place a note on the plans and state in the narrative that this connection will be made according to local requirements.	<input type="checkbox"/> See applicable operational BMPs in “Guidelines for Maintaining Your Swimming Pool, Jacuzzi and Garden Fountain” at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/
<input type="checkbox"/> F. Food service	<input type="checkbox"/> For restaurants, grocery stores, and other food service operations, show location (indoors or in a covered area outdoors) of a floor sink or other area for cleaning floor mats, containers, and equipment. <input type="checkbox"/> On the drawing, show a note that this drain will be connected to a grease interceptor before discharging to the sanitary sewer.	<input type="checkbox"/> Describe the location and features of the designated cleaning area. <input type="checkbox"/> Describe the items to be cleaned in this facility and how it has been sized to insure that the largest items can be accommodated.	<input type="checkbox"/> See the brochure, “The Food Service Industry Best Management Practices for: Restaurants, Grocery Stores, Delicatessens and Bakeries” at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/ Provide this brochure to new site owners, lessees, and operators.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> G. Refuse areas	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show where site refuse and recycled materials will be handled and stored for pickup. See local municipal requirements for sizes and other details of refuse areas. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If dumpsters or other receptacles are outdoors, show how the designated area will be covered, graded, and paved to prevent run-on and show locations of berms to prevent runoff from the area. <input type="checkbox"/> Any drains from dumpsters, compactors, and tallow bin areas shall be connected to a grease removal device before discharge to sanitary sewer.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State how site refuse will be handled and provide supporting detail to what is shown on plans. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State that signs will be posted on or near dumpsters with the words “Do not dump hazardous materials here” or similar.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State how the following will be implemented: Provide adequate number of receptacles. Inspect receptacles regularly; repair or replace leaky receptacles. Keep receptacles covered. Prohibit/prevent dumping of liquid or hazardous wastes. Post “no hazardous materials” signs. Inspect and pick up litter daily and clean up spills immediately. Keep spill control materials available on-site. See Fact Sheet SC-34, “Waste Handling and Disposal” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> H. Industrial processes.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show process area.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If industrial processes are to be located on site, state: “All process activities to be performed indoors. No processes to drain to exterior or to storm drain system.”	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See Fact Sheet SC-10, “Non-Stormwater Discharges” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com See the brochure “Industrial & Commercial Facilities Best Management Practices for: Industrial, Commercial Facilities” at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<p><input type="checkbox"/> I. Outdoor storage of equipment or materials. (See rows J and K for source control measures for vehicle cleaning, repair, and maintenance.)</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Show any outdoor storage areas, including how materials will be covered. Show how areas will be graded and bermed to prevent run-on or run-off from area.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Storage of non-hazardous liquids shall be covered by a roof and/or drain to the sanitary sewer system, and be contained by berms, dikes, liners, or vaults.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Storage of hazardous materials and wastes must be in compliance with the local hazardous materials ordinance and a Hazardous Materials Management Plan for the site.</p>	<p>Include a detailed description of materials to be stored, storage areas, and structural features to prevent pollutants from entering storm drains.</p> <p>Where appropriate, reference documentation of compliance with the requirements of Hazardous Materials Programs for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Hazardous Waste Generation ▪ Hazardous Materials Release Response and Inventory ▪ California Accidental Release (CalARP) ▪ Aboveground Storage Tank ▪ Uniform Fire Code Article 80 Section 103(b) & (c) 1991 ▪ Underground Storage Tank <p>www.cchealth.org/groups/hazmat/</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> See the Fact Sheets SC-31, “Outdoor Liquid Container Storage” and SC-33, “Outdoor Storage of Raw Materials ” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com</p>

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<p><input type="checkbox"/> J. Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Show on drawings as appropriate:</p> <p>(1) Commercial/industrial facilities having vehicle/equipment cleaning needs shall either provide a covered, bermed area for washing activities or discourage vehicle/equipment washing by removing hose bibs and installing signs prohibiting such uses.</p> <p>(2) Multi-dwelling complexes shall have a paved, bermed, and covered car wash area (unless car washing is prohibited on-site and hoses are provided with an automatic shut-off to discourage such use).</p> <p>(3) Washing areas for cars, vehicles, and equipment shall be paved, designed to prevent run-on to or runoff from the area, and plumbed to drain to the sanitary sewer.</p> <p>(4) Commercial car wash facilities shall be designed such that no runoff from the facility is discharged to the storm drain system. Wastewater from the facility shall discharge to the sanitary sewer, or a wastewater reclamation system shall be installed.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> If a car wash area is not provided, describe any measures taken to discourage on-site car washing and explain how these will be enforced.</p>	<p>Describe operational measures to implement the following (if applicable):</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Washwater from vehicle and equipment washing operations shall not be discharged to the storm drain system. Refer to “Outdoor Cleaning Activities and Professional Mobile Service Providers” for many of the Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants categories below. Brochure can be found at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Car dealerships and similar may rinse cars with water only.</p>

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<p><input type="checkbox"/> K. Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Accommodate all vehicle equipment repair and maintenance indoors. Or designate an outdoor work area and design the area to prevent run-on and runoff of stormwater.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Show secondary containment for exterior work areas where motor oil, brake fluid, gasoline, diesel fuel, radiator fluid, acid-containing batteries or other hazardous materials or hazardous wastes are used or stored. Drains shall not be installed within the secondary containment areas.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Add a note on the plans that states either (1) there are no floor drains, or (2) floor drains are connected to wastewater pretreatment systems prior to discharge to the sanitary sewer and an industrial waste discharge permit will be obtained.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> State that no vehicle repair or maintenance will be done outdoors, or else describe the required features of the outdoor work area.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State that there are no floor drains or if there are floor drains, note the agency from which an industrial waste discharge permit will be obtained and that the design meets that agency’s requirements.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> State that there are no tanks, containers or sinks to be used for parts cleaning or rinsing or, if there are, note the agency from which an industrial waste discharge permit will be obtained and that the design meets that agency’s requirements.</p>	<p>In the Stormwater Control Plan, note that all of the following restrictions apply to use the site:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No person shall dispose of, nor permit the disposal, directly or indirectly of vehicle fluids, hazardous materials, or rinsewater from parts cleaning into storm drains.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No vehicle fluid removal shall be performed outside a building, nor on asphalt or ground surfaces, whether inside or outside a building, except in such a manner as to ensure that any spilled fluid will be in an area of secondary containment. Leaking vehicle fluids shall be contained or drained from the vehicle immediately.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No person shall leave unattended drip parts or other open containers containing vehicle fluid, unless such containers are in use or in an area of secondary containment.</p> <p>Refer to “Automotive Maintenance & Car Care Best Management Practices for Auto Body Shops, Auto Repair Shops, Car Dealerships, Gas Stations and Fleet Service Operations”. Brochure can be found at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/</p> <p>Refer to Outdoor Cleaning Activities and Professional Mobile Service Providers for many of the Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants categories below. Brochure can be found at http://rcflood.org/stormwater/</p>

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input type="checkbox"/> L. Fuel Dispensing Areas	<input type="checkbox"/> Fueling areas ⁶ shall have impermeable floors (i.e., portland cement concrete or equivalent smooth impervious surface) that are: a) graded at the minimum slope necessary to prevent ponding; and b) separated from the rest of the site by a grade break that prevents run-on of stormwater to the maximum extent practicable. <input type="checkbox"/> Fueling areas shall be covered by a canopy that extends a minimum of ten feet in each direction from each pump. [Alternative: The fueling area must be covered and the cover's minimum dimensions must be equal to or greater than the area within the grade break or fuel dispensing area ¹ .] The canopy [or cover] shall not drain onto the fueling area.		<input type="checkbox"/> The property owner shall dry sweep the fueling area routinely. <input type="checkbox"/> See the Fact Sheet SD-30 , “Fueling Areas” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com

⁶ The fueling area shall be defined as the area extending a minimum of 6.5 feet from the corner of each fuel dispenser or the length at which the hose and nozzle assembly may be operated plus a minimum of one foot, whichever is greater.

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> M. Loading Docks	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show a preliminary design for the loading dock area, including roofing and drainage. Loading docks shall be covered and/or graded to minimize run-on to and runoff from the loading area. Roof downspouts shall be positioned to direct stormwater away from the loading area. Water from loading dock areas shall be drained to the sanitary sewer, or diverted and collected for ultimate discharge to the sanitary sewer. <input type="checkbox"/> Loading dock areas draining directly to the sanitary sewer shall be equipped with a spill control valve or equivalent device, which shall be kept closed during periods of operation. <input type="checkbox"/> Provide a roof overhang over the loading area or install door skirts (cowling) at each bay that enclose the end of the trailer.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Move loaded and unloaded items indoors as soon as possible. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See Fact Sheet SC-30, “Outdoor Loading and Unloading,” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input type="checkbox"/> N. Fire Sprinkler Test Water		<input type="checkbox"/> Provide a means to drain fire sprinkler test water to the sanitary sewer.	<input type="checkbox"/> See the note in Fact Sheet SC-41, “Building and Grounds Maintenance,” in the CASQA Stormwater Quality Handbooks at www.cabmphandbooks.com
<p>O. Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water or Other Sources</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Boiler drain lines <input type="checkbox"/> Condensate drain lines <input type="checkbox"/> Rooftop equipment <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage sumps <input type="checkbox"/> Roofing, gutters, and trim. <input type="checkbox"/> Other sources		<input type="checkbox"/> Boiler drain lines shall be directly or indirectly connected to the sanitary sewer system and may not discharge to the storm drain system. <input type="checkbox"/> Condensate drain lines may discharge to landscaped areas if the flow is small enough that runoff will not occur. Condensate drain lines may not discharge to the storm drain system. Rooftop equipment with potential to produce pollutants shall be roofed and/or have secondary containment. <input type="checkbox"/> Any drainage sumps on-site shall feature a sediment sump to reduce the quantity of sediment in pumped water. <input type="checkbox"/> Avoid roofing, gutters, and trim made of copper or other unprotected metals that may leach into runoff. Include controls for other sources as specified by local reviewer.	

STORMWATER POLLUTANT SOURCES/SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

IF THESE SOURCES WILL BE ON THE PROJECT SITE ...	... THEN YOUR WQMP SHOULD INCLUDE THESE SOURCE CONTROL BMPs, AS APPLICABLE		
1 Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants	2 Permanent Controls—Show on WQMP Drawings	3 Permanent Controls—List in WQMP Table and Narrative	4 Operational BMPs—Include in WQMP Table and Narrative
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P. Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sweep plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots regularly to prevent accumulation of litter and debris. Collect debris from pressure washing to prevent entry into the storm drain system. Collect washwater containing any cleaning agent or degreaser and discharge to the sanitary sewer not to a storm drain.

Appendix 9: Operation and Maintenance

Operation and Maintenance Plan and Documentation of Finance, Maintenance and Recording Mechanisms

Operation and Maintenance Plan and Documentation of Finance, Maintenance and Recording Mechanisms for Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley)

Riverside County, California

I. Inspection and Maintenance Log

See Appendix A for Inspection and Maintenance Log Records.

II. Updates, Revisions and Errata

See Appendix B for Updates, Revisions and Errata.

III. Introduction

Oleander Business Park (Mead Valley) is a commercial development consisting of two buildings located west of Decker Road between Oleander Avenue and Nandina Avenue in Unincorporated County of Riverside. There are nine drainage management areas (DMAs) for the project site.

DMA A-1 will treat runoff from the southern portion of Building A, parking lot and off-site runoff from the west. The runoff from this DMA will discharge into the storm drain system and be stored in the underground storage system and treated by the volume based Modular Wetlands System (MWS) BMP A-1. DMA A-2 is self-treating landscaped area adjacent to Oleander Avenue. Any runoff not infiltrated will discharge onto Oleander Avenue. DMA A-3 is also a self-treating landscaped area adjacent to Oleander Avenue and Decker Road. Any runoff not infiltrated will discharge into the landscaped swale and enter the storm drain system.

DMA B-1 will treat the remaining northern portion of the Building A, parking lot and off-site runoff from the west. The runoff from this DMA will discharge into the storm drain system and be stored in the underground storage system and treated by the volume based MWS BMP B-1. DMA B-2 is self-treating landscaped area adjacent to Harley Knox Road and Decker Road. Any runoff not infiltrated will discharge into the landscaped swale and enter the storm drain system.

DMA C-1 will treat runoff from the southern portion of the Building B, parking lot and off-site runoff from the west. The runoff from this DMA will discharge into the storm drain system and be stored in the underground storage system and treated by the volume based MWS BMP C-1. DMA C-2 is self-treating landscaped area adjacent to Harley Knox Road. Any runoff not infiltrated will discharge into the landscaped swale and enter the storm drain system.

DMA D-1 will treat runoff from the northern portion of the Building B, parking lot and off-site runoff from the west. The runoff from this DMA will discharge into the storm drain system and be stored in the underground storage system and treated by the volume based MWS BMP D-1. DMA D-2 is self-treating landscaped area adjacent to Decker Road and Nandina Avenue. Any runoff not infiltrated will discharge into the landscaped swale and enter the storm drain system.

IV. Responsibility for Maintenance

a. General

Property Owner:

Contact Info:

The “Storm Water Quality Management Plan and Storm Water BMP Transfer, Access and Maintenance Agreement” executed between the County of Riverside and the property owner requires that the property owner will install, implement and maintain the Modular Wetland Systems and underground storage systems. Any major maintenance to these systems should be performed by a professional contractor.

Operation and Maintenance Agreement will be provided in the O&M Plan in the Final WQMP.

The annual anticipated cost of maintenance for the Modular Wetlands Systems are as follows:

- MWS-L-4-15 - \$750
- MWS-L-4-21 - \$950
- MWS-L-4-8 - \$550
- MWS-L-8-12 - \$1,100

Each annual maintenance includes two site visits, one inspection and one full service with clean disposal and media replacement.

b. Staff Training Program

Staff and professional contractors will be trained annually.

c. Records

Maintenance/inspection records should be kept for a minimum of five years from the date of maintenance. These records should be made available to the governing municipality for inspection upon request at any time.

d. Safety

Staff and professional contractors will have safety training annually.

V. Summary of Drainage Management Areas and Stormwater BMPs

a. Drainage Areas

DMAs were explained in Section III. Introduction.

See the WQMP BMP Exhibit in Appendix C for DMAs and pervious and impervious areas.

b. Structural Post-Construction BMPs

BMP A-1 is a volume based MWS (MWS-L-4-15) that treats the stored runoff of DMA A-1 from the underground storage system located in the parking lot adjacent to Building A.

BMP B-1 is a volume based MWS (MWS-L-4-21) that treats the stored runoff of DMA B-1 from the underground storage system located in the parking lot adjacent to Building A.

BMP C-1 is a volume based MWS (MWS-L-4-8) that treats the stored runoff of DMAs C-1 from the underground storage system located in the parking lot adjacent to Building B.

BMP D-1 is a volume based MWS (MWS-L-8-12) that treats the stored runoff of DMAs D-1 from the underground storage system located in the parking lot adjacent to Building D.

See the WQMP BMP Exhibit in Appendix C for where post-construction BMPs are located.

c. Self-Treating Areas

The following DMAs are self-treating and does not require specialized maintenance beyond that of typical landscape maintenance:

- DMA A-2
- DMA A-3
- DMA B-2
- DMA C-2
- DMA D-2

See the WQMP BMP Exhibit in Appendix C for where self-treating areas are located.

VI. Stormwater BMP Design Documentation

See Appendix D for as-built drawings, product brochures and maintenance manuals of the MWS and underground storage systems.

VII. **Maintenance Schedule or Matrix**

Maintenance Matrix

System	Maintenance Activity	Frequency
Modular Wetlands System	Remove trash from screening device. This can be done manually or with the use of a vacuum truck.	6 to 12 months
	Remove sediment from separation chamber. Spray down pollutants accumulated on walls and cartridge filters with a pressure washer. Vacuum out separation chamber and remove all accumulated pollutants.	12 to 24 months
	Replace cartridge filter media. Remove media cages and spray down the cartridge filter to remove any accumulated pollutants. Reinstall media cages and fill with new media.	12 to 24 months
	Replace drain down filter. Unlock and lift drain down filter housing and remove old media block. Replace with new media block.	12 to 24 months
	Trim vegetation.	6 to 12 months
Underground Storage Systems (ADS StormTech or similar)	Perform inspections annually at a minimum. For the first year of operation, the Isolator Row should be inspected every 6 months. For subsequent years, the inspection should be based upon previous observations of sediment deposition.	6 to 12 months
	If upon visual inspection it is found that sediment has accumulated, a stadia rod should be inserted to determine the depth of sediment. When the average depth of sediment exceeds 3 inches throughout the length of the Isolator Row, clean-out should be performed.	As needed
	Maintain the Isolator Rows by performing the JetVac process and vacuum manhole sump.	6 to 12 months

Appendix 10: Educational Materials

BMP Fact Sheets, Maintenance Guidelines and Other End-User BMP Information



A Citizen's Guide to Understanding Stormwater

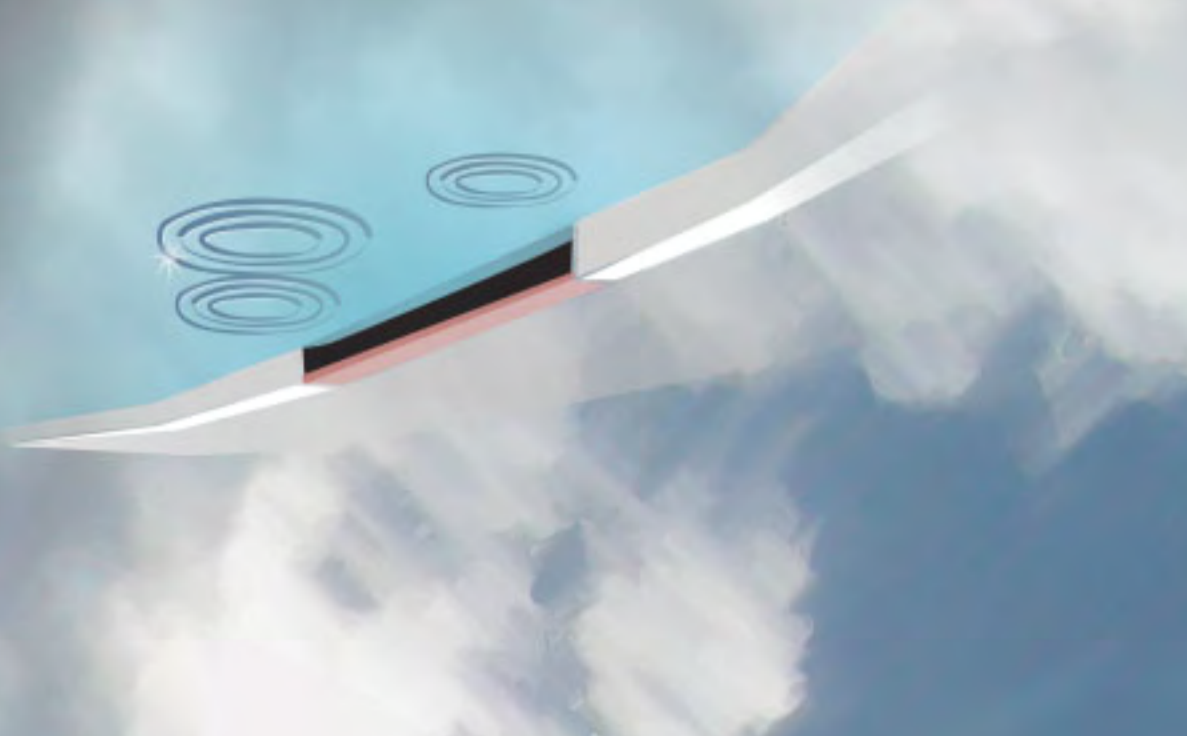


EPA
United States Environmental Protection Agency

EPA 833-B-03-002

January 2003

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For more information contact:



What is stormwater runoff?

Stormwater runoff occurs when precipitation from rain or snowmelt flows over the ground. Impervious surfaces like driveways, sidewalks, and streets prevent stormwater from naturally soaking into the ground.

Why is stormwater runoff a problem?

Stormwater can pick up debris, chemicals, dirt, and other pollutants and flow into a storm sewer system or directly to a lake, stream, river, wetland, or coastal water. Anything that enters a storm sewer system is discharged untreated into the waterbodies we use for swimming, fishing, and providing drinking water.

The effects of pollution

Polluted stormwater runoff can have many adverse effects on plants, fish, animals, and people.

- ◆ Sediment can cloud the water and make it difficult or impossible for aquatic plants to grow. Sediment also can destroy aquatic habitats.
- ◆ Excess nutrients can cause algae blooms. When algae die, they sink to the bottom and decompose in a process that removes oxygen from the water. Fish and other aquatic organisms can't exist in water with low dissolved oxygen levels.
- ◆ Bacteria and other pathogens can wash into swimming areas and create health hazards, often making beach closures necessary.
- ◆ Debris—plastic bags, six-pack rings, bottles, and cigarette butts—washed into waterbodies can choke, suffocate, or disable aquatic life like ducks, fish, turtles, and birds.
- ◆ Household hazardous wastes like insecticides, pesticides, paint, solvents, used motor oil, and other auto fluids can poison aquatic life. Land animals and people can become sick or die from eating diseased fish and shellfish or ingesting polluted water.

- ◆ Polluted stormwater often affects drinking water sources. This, in turn, can affect human health and increase drinking water treatment costs.



Stormwater Pollution Solutions

Residential

Recycle or properly dispose of household products that contain chemicals, such as insecticides, pesticides, paint, solvents, and used motor oil and other auto fluids. Don't pour them onto the ground or into storm drains.

Lawn care

Excess fertilizers and pesticides applied to lawns and gardens wash off and pollute streams. In addition, yard clippings and leaves can wash into storm drains and contribute nutrients and organic matter to streams.



- ◆ Don't overwater your lawn. Consider using a soaker hose instead of a sprinkler.
- ◆ Use pesticides and fertilizers sparingly. When use is necessary, use these chemicals in the recommended amounts. Use organic mulch or safer pest control methods whenever possible.
- ◆ Compost or mulch yard waste. Don't leave it in the street or sweep it into storm drains or streams.
- ◆ Cover piles of dirt or mulch being used in landscaping projects.

Septic systems

Leaking and poorly maintained septic systems release nutrients and pathogens (bacteria and viruses) that can be picked up by stormwater and discharged into nearby waterbodies. Pathogens can cause public health problems and environmental concerns.



- ◆ Inspect your system every 3 years and pump your tank as necessary (every 3 to 5 years).
- ◆ Don't dispose of household hazardous waste in sinks or toilets.

Auto care

Washing your car and degreasing auto parts at home can send detergents and other contaminants through the storm sewer system. Dumping automotive fluids into storm drains has the same result as dumping the materials directly into a waterbody.



- ◆ Use a commercial car wash that treats or recycles its wastewater, or wash your car on your yard so the water infiltrates into the ground.
- ◆ Repair leaks and dispose of used auto fluids and batteries at designated drop-off or recycling locations.

Pet waste

Pet waste can be a major source of bacteria and excess nutrients in local waters.



- ◆ When walking your pet, remember to pick up the waste and dispose of it properly. Flushing pet waste is the best disposal method. Leaving pet waste on the ground increases public health risks by allowing harmful bacteria and nutrients to wash into the storm drain and eventually into local waterbodies.

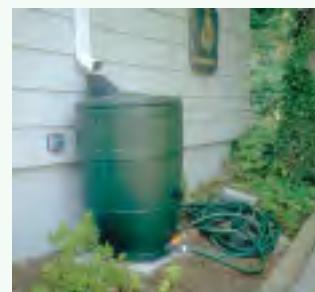


Education is essential to changing people's behavior. Signs and markers near storm drains warn residents that pollutants entering the drains will be carried untreated into a local waterbody.

Residential landscaping

Permeable Pavement—Traditional concrete and asphalt don't allow water to soak into the ground. Instead these surfaces rely on storm drains to divert unwanted water. Permeable pavement systems allow rain and snowmelt to soak through, decreasing stormwater runoff.

Rain Barrels—You can collect rainwater from rooftops in mosquito-proof containers. The water can be used later on lawn or garden areas.



Rain Gardens and Grassy Swales—Specially designed areas planted with native plants can provide natural places for rainwater to collect and soak into the ground. Rain from rooftop areas or paved areas can be diverted into these areas rather than into storm drains.



Vegetated Filter Strips—Filter strips are areas of native grass or plants created along roadways or streams. They trap the pollutants stormwater picks up as it flows across driveways and streets.



Commercial

Dirt, oil, and debris that collect in parking lots and paved areas can be washed into the storm sewer system and eventually enter local waterbodies.

- ◆ Sweep up litter and debris from sidewalks, driveways and parking lots, especially around storm drains.
- ◆ Cover grease storage and dumpsters and keep them clean to avoid leaks.
- ◆ Report any chemical spill to the local hazardous waste cleanup team. They'll know the best way to keep spills from harming the environment.

Erosion controls that aren't maintained can cause excessive amounts of sediment and debris to be carried into the stormwater system. Construction vehicles can leak fuel, oil, and other harmful fluids that can be picked up by stormwater and deposited into local waterbodies.

- ◆ Divert stormwater away from disturbed or exposed areas of the construction site.
- ◆ Install silt fences, vehicle mud removal areas, vegetative cover, and other sediment and erosion controls and properly maintain them, especially after rainstorms.
- ◆ Prevent soil erosion by minimizing disturbed areas during construction projects, and seed and mulch bare areas as soon as possible.



Construction



Agriculture

Lack of vegetation on streambanks can lead to erosion. Overgrazed pastures can also contribute excessive amounts of sediment to local waterbodies. Excess fertilizers and pesticides can poison aquatic animals and lead to destructive algae blooms. Livestock in streams can contaminate waterways with bacteria, making them unsafe for human contact.

- ◆ Keep livestock away from streambanks and provide them a water source away from waterbodies.
- ◆ Store and apply manure away from waterbodies and in accordance with a nutrient management plan.
- ◆ Vegetate riparian areas along waterways.
- ◆ Rotate animal grazing to prevent soil erosion in fields.
- ◆ Apply fertilizers and pesticides according to label instructions to save money and minimize pollution.



Forestry

Improperly managed logging operations can result in erosion and sedimentation.

- ◆ Conduct preharvest planning to prevent erosion and lower costs.
- ◆ Use logging methods and equipment that minimize soil disturbance.
- ◆ Plan and design skid trails, yard areas, and truck access roads to minimize stream crossings and avoid disturbing the forest floor.
- ◆ Construct stream crossings so that they minimize erosion and physical changes to streams.
- ◆ Expedite revegetation of cleared areas.

Automotive Facilities



Uncovered fueling stations allow spills to be washed into storm drains. Cars waiting to be repaired can leak fuel, oil, and other harmful fluids that can be picked up by stormwater.

- ◆ Clean up spills immediately and properly dispose of cleanup materials.
- ◆ Provide cover over fueling stations and design or retrofit facilities for spill containment.
- ◆ Properly maintain fleet vehicles to prevent oil, gas, and other discharges from being washed into local waterbodies.
- ◆ Install and maintain oil/water separators.



Riverside County Stormwater Program Members

City of Banning
(951) 922-3105

City of Beaumont
(951) 769-8520

City of Calimesa
(909) 795-9801

City of Canyon Lake
(951) 244-2955

City of Cathedral City
(760) 770-0340

City of Coachella
(760) 398-3502

City of Corona
(951) 736-2447

City of Desert Hot Springs
(760) 329-6411

City of Eastvale
(951) 361-0900

City of Hemet
(951) 765-2300

City of Indian Wells
(760) 346-2489

City of Indio
(760) 391-4000

City of Jurupa Valley
(951) 332-6464

City of Lake Elsinore
(951) 674-3124

City of La Quinta
(760) 777-7000

City of Menifee
(951) 672-6777

City of Moreno Valley
(951) 413-3000

City of Murrieta
(951) 304-2489

City of Norco
(951) 270-5607

City of Palm Desert
(760) 346-0611

City of Palm Springs
(760) 323-8299

City of Perris
(951) 943-6100

City of Rancho Mirage
(760) 324-4511

City of Riverside
(951) 826-5311

City of San Jacinto
(951) 487-7330

City of Temecula
(951) 694-6444

City of Wildomar
(951) 677-7751

Coachella Valley Water District
(760) 398-2651

County of Riverside
(951) 955-1000

Riverside County Flood Control District
(951) 955-1200

Stormwater Pollution

What you should know for...

Industrial & Commercial Facilities

Best Management Practices (BMPs) for:

- Industrial Facilities
- Commercial Facilities



YOU can prevent Stormwater Pollution following these practices...

Industrial and Commercial Facilities

The Riverside County Stormwater Program has identified a number of Best Management Practices (BMPs) for Industrial and Commercial Facilities. These BMPs control and reduce stormwater pollutants from reaching our storm drain system and ultimately our local water bodies. City and County ordinances require businesses to use these BMPs to protect our water quality. Local cities and the County are required to verify implementation of these BMPs by performing regular facility inspections.

Prohibited Discharges

Discontinue all non-stormwater discharges to the storm drain system. It is *prohibited* to discharge any chemicals, paints, debris, wastes or wastewater into the gutter, street or storm drain.

Outdoor Storage BMPs

- Install covers and secondary containment areas for all hazardous materials and wastes stored outdoors in accordance with County and/or City standards.
- Keep all temporary waste containers covered, at all times when not in use.
- Sweep outdoor areas instead of using a hose or pressure washer.
- Move all process operations including vehicle/equipment maintenance inside of the building or under a covered and contained area.
- Wash equipment and vehicles in a contained and covered wash bay which is closed-loop or connected to a clarifier sized to local standards and discharged to a sanitary sewer or take them to a commercial car wash.



Spills and Clean Up BMPs

- Keep the work site clean and orderly. Remove debris in a timely fashion. Sweep up the area.
- Clean up spills immediately when they occur, using dry clean up methods such as absorbent materials or sweep followed by proper disposal of materials.

- Always have a spill kit available near chemical loading dock doors and vehicle maintenance and fueling areas.
- Follow your Business Emergency Plan, as filed with the local Fire Department.
- Report all prohibited discharges and non-implementation of BMPs to your local Stormwater Coordinator as listed on the back of this pamphlet.
- Report hazardous materials spills to 951-358-5055 or call after hours to 951-782-2973 or, if an emergency, call the Fire Department's Haz Mat Team at 911.



Plastic Manufacturing Facilities BMPs

AB 258 requires plastic product manufacturers to use BMPs, such as safe storage and clean-up procedures to prevent plastic pellets (nurdles) from entering the waterway. The plastic pellets are released into the environment during transporting, packaging and processing and migrate to waterways through the storm drain system. AB 258 will help protect fish and wildlife from the hazards of plastic pollution.

Training BMPs

As prescribed by your City and County Stormwater Ordinance(s), train employees in spill procedures and prohibit non-stormwater discharges to the storm drain system. Applicable BMP examples can be found at www.cabmphandbooks.com.

Permitting

Stormwater discharges associated with specific categories for industrial facilities are regulated by the State Water Resources Control Board through an Industrial Stormwater General Permit. A copy of this General Permit and application forms are available at: www.waterboards.ca.gov, select stormwater then the industrial quick link.

To report illegal dumping or for more information on stormwater pollution prevention call: 1-800-506-2555 or e-mail us at: fcnpdes@rcflood.org.

IRRIGATION RUNOFF

STORMWATER FACT SHEET



Report Irrigation Runoff or Stormwater Pollution:
800.506.2555

RIVERSIDE COUNTY
WATERSHED PROTECTION

OVERWATERING

Overwatering causes irrigation runoff that may contain pollutants such as pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers, pet waste, yard waste, and sediments which can be hazardous to residents and harmful to our environment. Runoff can also serve as a transport mechanism for other pollutants already on the ground or in the curb gutter. Irrigation runoff entering the storm drain system is an illicit discharge.

BEST PRACTICES

Urban runoff begins when yards and landscaped areas are over-irrigated. Irrigation systems require regular maintenance and visual inspection of the system should be performed to prevent over-spray, leaks, and other problems that result in runoff to storm drains, curbs and gutters.

You can **prevent pollution** by conserving water on your property. Water during cooler times of the day (before 10am and after 6pm).

- Adjust sprinklers to stop overspray and runoff.
- Make needed repairs immediately.
- Use drip irrigation, soaker hoses, or micro-spray systems.
- Use an irrigation timer to pre-set watering times.
- Use a control nozzle or similar mechanism when watering by hand.
- Switch to a water-wise landscape - native plants need less fertilizers, herbicides, pesticides and water.

PROTECT OUR WATERSHED

Many people think that when water flows into a storm drain it is treated, but the storm drain system and the sanitary sewer system are not connected. Everything that enters storm drains flows untreated directly into our creeks, rivers, lakes, beaches and ultimately the ocean. Storm water often contains pollutants, including chemicals, trash, and automobile fluids, all of which pollute our watershed and harm fish and wildlife.

Whether at home or work, you can help reduce pollution and improve water quality by using the above Best Management Practices (BMP's) as part of your daily clean up and maintenance routine.

