

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

9:00 A.M. DECEMBER 16, 2020

Planning Commissioners 2020

1st District
Carl Bruce
Shaffer
Vice-Chairman

2nd **District** David Leonard

3rd District Gary Thornhill

4th District Bill Sanchez

5th **District** Eric Kroencke Chairman

Assistant TLMA Director Charissa Leach, P.E.

Legal Counsel
Michelle Clack
Chief Deputy
County Counsel

AGENDA REGULAR MEETING

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER
First Floor Board Chambers
4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, CA 92501
https://planning.rctlma.org/

Pursuant to Government Code Section 54953(b) and Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be limited to comply with the Executive Order. Public Comments will be accepted remotely via teleconference.

Any person wishing to speak must complete a "Speaker Identification Form" at least 24 hours in advance. To submit your request to speak remotely please visit: planning.rctlma.org/Speak and complete the electronic form. You will receive an email confirming your request that will provide further instructions. Additional information is available on the Planning Department website.

Any person wishing to make a presentation that includes printed material, video or another form of electronic media must provide the material to the Project Planner at least 48 hours prior to the meeting.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you require reasonable accommodations please contact Elizabeth Sarabia, TLMA Commission Secretary, at (951) 955-7436 or email at esarabia@rivco.org. Requests should be made at least 72 hours prior to the scheduled meeting.

CALL TO ORDER: SALUTE TO THE FLAG – ROLL CALL

- **1.0** CONSENT CALENDAR: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter (Presentation available upon Commissioners' request)
- 1.1 SECOND EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 35924 Applicant: Olivia Balderrama Representative: Louidar, LLC c/o Louis Darwish Third Supervisorial District Rancho California Area Southwest Area Plan Agriculture: Agriculture (AG-AG) Temecula Valley Wine Country Policy Area Winery District Location: Northerly of Rancho California Road, easterly of La Serena Way, westerly of Calle Contento, and southerly of Vista Del Monte Road 178.8 Gross Acres Zoning: Wine Country-Winery (WC-W) Approved Project Description: The Tentative Tract Map proposes a Schedule "B" subdivision of 178.8 gross acres into 20 lots ranging in size from 1.2 acres to 90.4 acres. The lots are comprised of 15 residential lots with a minimum lot size of one (1) acre, four (4) winery lots with a minimum lot size of 10 acres, and one (1) 25 acre production lot. REQUEST: Second Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 35924, extending the expiration date to November 9, 2023. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.
- 1.2 PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 200007 RECEIVE and FILE Except from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Applicant: Smartlink, LLC. c/o Alisha Strasheim Third Supervisorial District Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan: Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) Location: Northerly of Simpson Road, easterly of Leon Road, westerly of Memory Lane, and southerly of Grand Avenue 9.96 acres Zoning: One-Family Dwellings (R-1) REQUEST: An AT&T Collocation on an existing 63 foot-tall wireless communication facility disguised as a monopine. Ground-mounted equipment proposed within the existing equipment lease area include one (1) 6' by 6' steel shelter on helical piers, one (1) 20kw Generac Diesel Generator, one (1) H-Frame, one (1) Utility Cabinet, and one (1) DC Power Plant. Tower-mounted equipment proposed at 48 ft. centerline height of the existing monopine include nine (9) panel antennas, 15 LTE RRU, one (1) MW Antenna, two (2) DC-9 Surge Suppressors, and three (3) DC Power Plant. The proposed collocation does not modify the height, disguising elements, or square footage of the existing equipment lease area. APN: 462-020-051. Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez at (951) 955-9549 or email at rgonzalez@rivco.org.

PLANNING COMMISSION DECEMBER 16, 2020

1.3 SECOND EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 36288 – Applicant: Dave Jacinto – Third Supervisorial District – Winchester Zoning Area – Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan – Specific Plan No. 293, Amendment No. 5 – Planning Area No. 19: Community Development: Medium High Density Residential (CD-MHDR) (5-8 Dwelling Units Per Acre) – Highway 79 Policy Area – Location: Northerly of Domenigoni Parkway, easterly of La Ventana Road, southerly of Winchester Hill Drive, and westerly of Leon Road – 10 gross acres – Zoning: Specific Plan (Winchester Hills No. 293) – Approved Project Description: Schedule "A" subdivision of 10 gross acres into 72 single family residential ranging in size from 3,600 to 8,190 sq. ft., and two (2) water quality basin lots – REQUEST: Second Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 36288, extending the expiration date to November 7, 2023. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.

- 1.4 THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32372 Applicant: Richland Communities, Inc. c/o Samantha Kuhns & Brian Hardy Fifth Supervisorial District Nuevo Zoning Area Lakeview/Nuevo Area Plan Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) (2-5 du/ac) Community Development: Medium High Density Residential (CD-MHDR) (5-8 du/ac) Community Development: Very High Density Residential (CD-VHDR) Community Development: Community Center (CD-CC) (5-40 du/ac) Open Space: Recreation (OS-R) Open Space: Conservation (OS-C) Location: Northerly of E Nuevo Road and southerly of Ramona Expressway 305.80 Acres Zoning: Specific Plan No. 239, Planning Areas 4, 5, 9, 12/20, 13, 16, 21, 22, 25A and 25B and Specific Plan No. 246A1, Planning Areas 20, 21, 22, and 25A and 25B Approved Project Description: Tract Map No. 32372 is a Schedule "A" subdivision of 305.80 gross acres into 803 single family residential lots with a minimum lot size of 5,000 sq. ft. The project proposes two (2) potential school sites within the Val-Verde Unified School District, one (1) 17.8 acre community sports park, and one (1) 21.2 acre open space parcel to be maintained by CSA146A, and eight (8) open-space trails/landscape parcels totaling 18.3 acres to be maintained by the Home Owners Association REQUEST: Third Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 32372, extending the expiration date to December 13, 2022. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.
- 1.5 PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 RECEIVE and FILE Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) Applicant: Verizon Wireless Engineer/Representative: Spectrum Services, Inc. Owner: Valley Wide Recreation & Park District Third Supervisorial District Rancho California Zoning Area Southwest Area Plan Land Use Designation: Open Space: Conservation (OS-C) Open Space: Recreation (OS-R) Location: Southeasterly of Winchester Road, southwesterly of Abelia Street, and westerly of Wintersweet Lane Zoning: Winchester Specific Plan No. 286, Planning Area 10A/11/16 REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 25963 proposes the construction and operation of a new, unmanned wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree (monopine) consisting of a 50-foot-tall tower, 12 panel antennas at the 41-foot height, two (2) parabolic antennas, nine (9) remote radio units, two (2) tower mounted junction boxes, five (5) outdoor equipment cabinets, three (3) GPS antennas, one 15kW stand-by generator, and two (2) 50KVA transformers within a 440 sq. ft. lease area. Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez at (951) 955-9549 or email at rgonzalez@rivco.org.
- 2.0 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT INITIATION PROCEEDINGS: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter (Presentation available upon Commissioners' request)

 NONE
- **3.0** PUBLIC HEARING CONTINUED ITEMS: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter
- 3.1 CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 3771 No New Environmental Documentation Required EA43010 Applicant: Vohne Liche Kennels West Engineer/Representative: Kathleen Browne Fifth Supervisorial District Beaumont/Banning Zoning District The Pass Area Plan: Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) –Location: Northerly of Death Valley Road, southerly of Hilltop Drive, easterly of Sunset Avenue, and westerly of Turtle Dove Lane 10 gross acres Zoning: Light Agriculture (A-1) REQUEST: Conditional Use Permit No. 3771 proposes to expand the existing law enforcement K9 dog kennel training facility to increase the kennel's capacity to 80 dogs, changing the facility from a Class I Kennel to a Class IV Kennel. The previously approved project Plot Plan No. 25072 permitted the applicant to house up to 10 dogs at the kennel. High and low explosives are securely kept on site to train police and military dogs to detect the odor of explosives. All explosive materials shall be maintained per federal, state, and local requirements. No ignition systems are kept on the site, and there is to be no detonation of explosive devices at the site. The expansion will include the construction of a 6,000 sq. ft. office and training facility, two (2) 3,000 sq. ft. kennels (each with a 30-dog capacity) not open to the public, additional OWTS facilities will be constructed. The hours of operation are 7:30am 5:30pm, Monday through Friday. The dogs are to be trained for police and law enforcement agencies only, and not available for purchase by the general public. Continued from November 18, 2020. Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez at (951) 955-9549 or email at rgonzalez@rivco.org.
- 3.2 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012, CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 1900034, TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 37801, and CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190030 Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration CEQ190110 Applicant: Monroe Properties, LLC. Engineer/Representative: Ancore Associates International, Inc. Fourth Supervisorial District Lower Coachella Valley Zoning District Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan: Existing:

PLANNING COMMISSION DECEMBER 16, 2020

Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) - Proposed: Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD-MUA) - Location: Northerly of Otymar Lane, southerly of Airport Boulevard, and easterly of Monroe Street – 27.11 Acres (GPA/CZ)/23.21 Acres (TPM/CUP) - Zoning: Existing: Light Agriculture - 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) - Rural Commercial (C-R) -Proposed: Mixed Use (MU) - REQUEST: General Plan Amendment No. 190012 is a proposal to change the existing General Plan Foundation Component and Land Use Designation from Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD-MUA) on 27.11 acres. Change of Zone No. 190034 is a proposal to change the existing Zoning Classifications for the project site from Light Agriculture, 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU) on the 27.11 acres. Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801 is a proposal for a Schedule "E" subdivision of 23.21 gross acres into seven (7) parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres. Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is a proposal to construct a 7,550 sq. ft. multi-tenant retail building, a 5,800 sq. ft. gas station with a convenience store including sale of beer and wine, eight (8) fueling pump stations with a canopy (which offers 16 fueling positions), a 15,800 sq. ft. pharmacy retail building with sale of beer, wine, and liquor, a 2,400 sq. ft. fast food restaurant with a drive-thru, and a 158,800 sq. ft. two-story assisted living facility with 128 units on 23.21 acres. Parking for the project would consist of 322 parking spaces; including 13 electric vehicle and 14 disabled person parking spaces. Additionally, the project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School). APN: 764-070-001 thru 004, and 764-080-001 thru 006, 010, 011. Project Planner: Tim Wheeler at (951) 955-6060 or email at twheeler@rivco.org.

- **4.0** PUBLIC HEARING NEW ITEMS: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter
- 4.1 Change of Zone No. 1900012 Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration CEQ180084 Applicant: County of Riverside Location: Countywide REQUEST: Change of Zone No. 1900012 proposes an amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use Ordinance) in accordance with State law and the Riverside County General Plan's Housing Element. The amendment to the Land Use Ordinance (ordinance) would: (1) add a new article to address Single-Room Occupancy units ("SROs"); (2) add a new article to address Tiny Homes and Container Housing; (3) add sections that address Supportive and Transitional Housing, Density Bonus, and Employee Housing; (4) modify existing articles and sections that include the R-3 Zone (General Residential), the R-6 Zone (Residential Incentive), the R-7 Zone (Highest Density Residential), the MU Zone (Mixed Use), and Family Day Care Homes; (5) add new definitions that include "Supportive Housing," "Transitional Housing," and "Employee Housing;" and (6) make global changes for consistency of the ordinance. No new development is being proposed. Project Planner: Peter Hersh at (951) 955-8514 or email at phersh@rivco.org.
- 4.2 **CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190006 Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration –** CEQ190078 Halle Properties, LLC./Scott Fournier Engineer: R. A. Smith, Inc. First Supervisorial District Meadowbrook Zoning Area Elsinore Area Plan: Community Development: Business Park (CD-BP) Location: Northeasterly of Cambern Avenue, southwesterly of Conrad Avenue, southeasterly of 10th Street, and northwesterly of Highway 74 2.42 gross acres Zoning: Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S) **REQUEST:** Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 proposes to allow for the construction of an 8,192 sq. ft. building to operate a retail tire store specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and wheels. The proposed building will be, 26 feet in height and will provide 57 parking spaces, including three (3) for electrical vehicles and three (3) that are ADA compliant. The Project site is comprised of 2.42 gross acres. APN: 377-020-026. Project Planner: Deborah Bradford at (951) 955-6646 or email at dbradfor@rivco.org.
- 4.3 PLOT PLAN NO. 190011 Intent to Certify an Environmental Impact Report (CEQ190038) Applicant: Sares Regis Group Perris, LP c/o Patrick Russell Engineer/Representative: Michael Baker International c/o Cesar Mota First Supervisorial District March Zoning Area/Mead Valley Zoning District Mead Valley Area Plan: Community Development: Business Park (CD-BP) Location: Northerly of Oleander Avenue, southerly of Nandina Avenue, easterly of Day Street, and westerly of Decker Road 93.84 Gross Acres Zoning: Industrial Park (I-P) REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 190011 is a proposal to construct two (2) industrial warehouse buildings on two (2) parcels. The total project site consists of four (4) parcels that would adjust their existing lot lines to consist of the following: Parcel 1 of 20.90 acres would include a 363,367 sq. ft. industrial building (Building A) with 15,000 sq. ft. of office/mezzanine space and 348,367 sq. ft. of warehouse area with 46 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 245 parking spaces for vehicles and 62 parking stalls for trucks. Parcel 2 of 19.59 acres would include a 347,369 sq. ft. industrial building (Building B) with 15,000 sq. ft. of office/mezzanine space and 332,369 sq. ft. of warehouse area with 39 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 224 parking spaces for vehicles and 53 parking stalls for trucks. Landscaping will surround the perimeter of both industrial sites. Parcels 3 and 4, totaling approximately 53.35 acres will remain vacant. APN: 295-310-012, 013, 014, and 015. Project Planner: Tim Wheeler at (951) 955-6060 or email at twheeler@rivco.org.
- **5.0** WORKSHOPS:

NONE

- 6.0 ORAL COMMUNICATION ON ANY MATTER NOT ON THE AGENDA
- 7.0 DIRECTOR'S REPORT
- **8.0** COMMISSIONERS' COMMENTS



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT EXTENSION OF TIME REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

1.1

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

PROPOSED PROJECT

Case Number(s): TR35924E02 Applicant(s):

Area Plan: Southwest Olivia Balderrama

Zoning Area/District: Rancho California Area Louidar LLC, c/o Louis Darwish

Supervisorial District: Third District

Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell

APN(s): 943-120-014, 943-120-023, 943-110-009

Applicant(s).

On the Delegation

John Hildebrand Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The applicant of the subject case has requested an extension of time to allow for the recordation of the final Tentative Tract Map No. 35924. The map proposed a Schedule "B" subdivision of 178.8 gross acres into 20 lots ranging in size from 1.2 acres to 90.4 acres. The lots are comprised of 15 residential lots with a minimum lot size of one acre, 4 winery lots with a minimum lot size of 10 acres, and one 25 acre production lot.

The Project is located in the Southwest Area Plan and the Temecula Valley Wine Country Policy Area - Winery District. The project site is located north of Rancho California Road, east of La Serena Way, west of Calle Contento, and south of Vista Del Monte Road.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

APPROVAL of the SECOND EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 35924, extending the expiration date to November 9, 2023, subject to all the previously approved and amended Conditions of Approval, with the applicant's consent.

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

Tentative Tract Map No. 35924 was originally approved by the Board of Supervisors along with Agricultural Preserve No.1020 and Change of Zone No. 7653 on November 9, 2010.

The First Extension of Time was received April 25, 2017, and was approved January 30, 2018. The Second Extension of Time was received October 21, 2020 ahead of the November 9, 2020.

The County Planning Department, as part of the review of this Extension of Time request, recommends the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval, in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety, and welfare of the public. The applicant was informed of these recommended conditions and has agreed to accept them. Included in this staff report package are the recommended conditions of approval, and the correspondence from the Extension of Time applicant (October 25, 2020) indicating the acceptance of the seven (7) recommended conditions.

Unless specifically requested by the applicant, this Extension of Time request will not be discussed at the time it is presented to the Planning Commission as a consent calendar item.

Riverside County Tentative Map Extensions

Pursuant to County of Riverside Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), tentative tract maps have an initial life-span approval of 3-years. In addition, a maximum of 5, 1-year extensions may be approved, upon a timely filed extension request, allowing for a total tentative map life-span approval of 8-years. On September 12, 2017, the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to Ordinance 460, replacing the extension time frames to allow for 2, 3-year extensions, for a total tentative map life-span of 9-years.

The total number years a map may be extended is 6 years. This is the 2nd extension of time for this project, potentially granting an extension of 3 years if approved. With approval, this will be the remaining number of years available to extend this tentative map.

Upon an approval action by the Planning Commission, subsequent receive and file action by the Board of Supervisors, and the conclusion of the 10-day appeal period, this Tentative Map's expiration date will become November 9, 2023.

State Bills

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 208 (AB208): On July 13, 2011, AB208 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension of existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 13, 2011 and January 1, 2014. AB208 extended the tentative map's expiration date to November 9, 2015.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 116 (AB116): On July 11, 2013, AB116 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension of existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension for approved tentative maps that were approved on or after January 1, 2000, and had not expired on or before July 11, 2013. AB116 extended the tentative map's expiration date to November 9, 2017.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

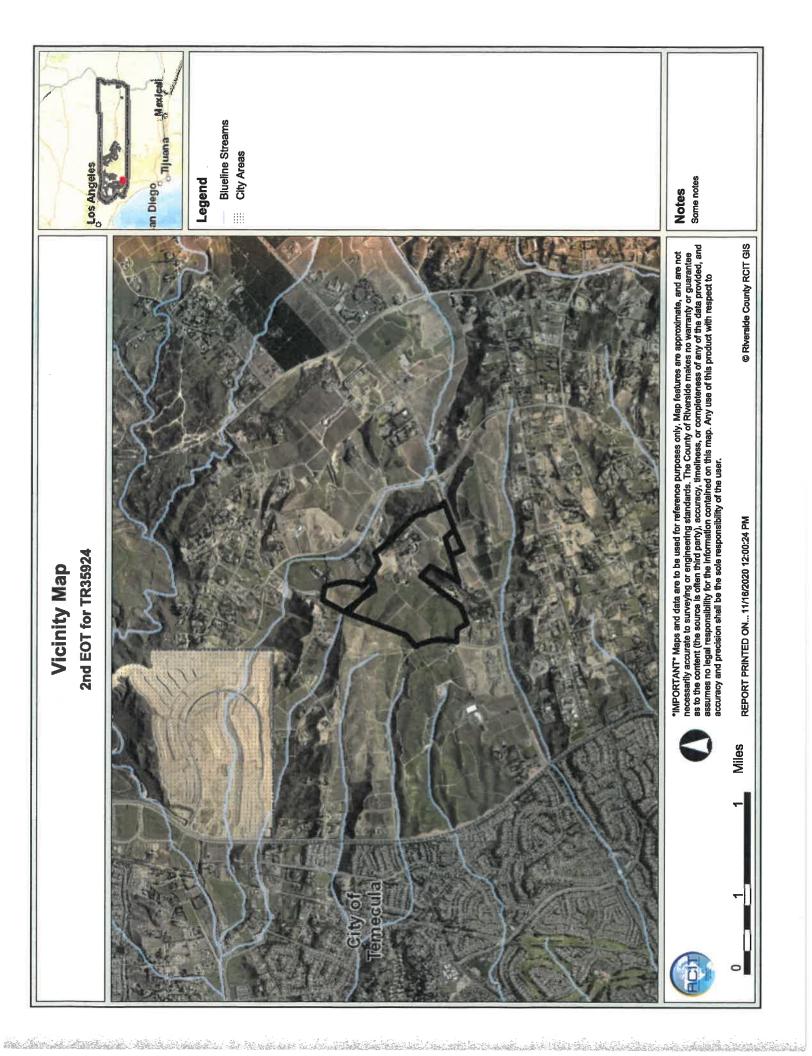
The subject case has conformed to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and all impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. No changes to the approved map are proposed and as a result, no new environmental documentation is required prior to an Extension of Time approval.

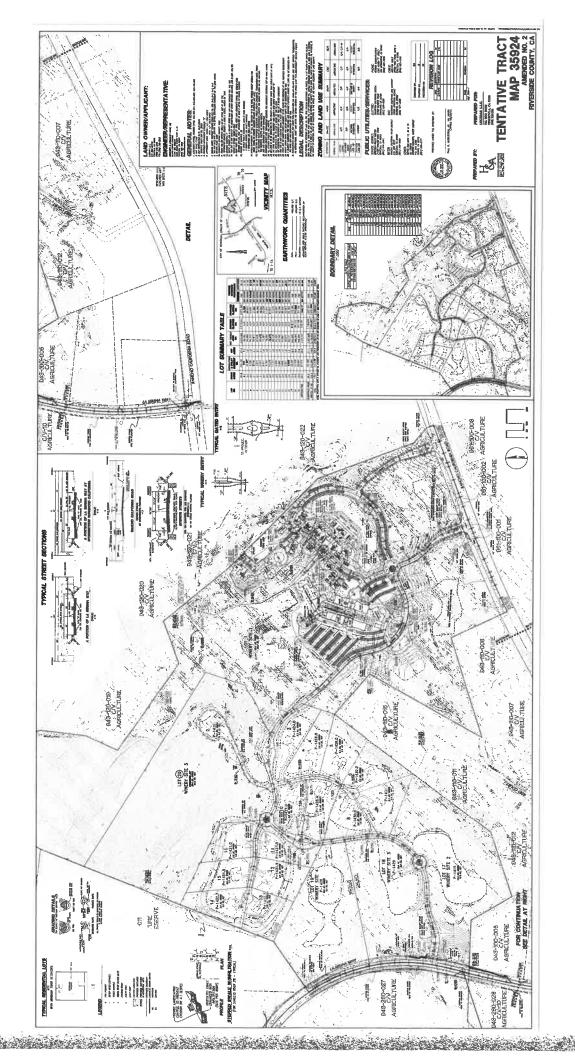
FINDINGS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Extension of Time Findings

- 1. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 2. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 3. No changes to the approved Tentative Tract Map are proposed in conjunction with this Extension of Time. All impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.





Mitchell, Kathleen

From:

Olivia Balderrama < obalderrama 7@gmail.com>

Sent:

Sunday, October 25, 2020 8:29 PM

To:

Mitchell, Kathleen

Cc:

Idarwish@roadrunner.com

Subject:

Acceptance of new conditions of approval for the Extension of Time Request for

Tentative Tract Map No. 35924

Attachments:

EOT Conditions (2).pdf

CAUTION: This email originated externally from the Riverside County email system.

DO NOT click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hello Kathleen,

Thank you for the opportunity to review and consider the proposed seven (7) new conditions of approval for the Extension of Time Request for Tentative Parcel Map No. 35924. Mr. Darwish and I have reviewed them and find them acceptable. The conditions that are being accepted are as follows:

50.REQ E-HEALTH DOCUMENTS

50 FINAL ACCESS AND MAINTENANCE

60.REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

60.FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING

80.WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

90.WQMP REQUIRED

90 WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

The specifics of the conditions are stipulated in the attached document.

We respectfully request that you continue with the staff report to get the case heard by the Planning Commission. We, too, are eager to move this case forward and continue processing the extension of time in a timely manner.

Best regards,

Olivia Balderrama

Applicant

951-491-1142

Page 1

Plan: TR35924E02 Parcel: 943120045

50. Prior To Map Recordation

E Health

050 - E Health. 1

(50) E Health- EOT2 - REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, provide the following documents to the Riverside County Environmental Health Department:

- 1. Provide current documentation from the appropriate purveyor(s) for the establishment of water and/or sewer service for this project.
- 2. Provide documentation from an approved waste hauler in regards to solid waste service. Please call (951)955-8980 for additional details.
- 3. Provide written clearance from DEH Environmental Cleanup Programs. Please note that an Environmental Site Assessment, Phase 1 study may be required at their discretion. For further information, please contact (951) 955-8982.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 1

(50) Transportation- EOT2 - FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

Additionally, prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall ensure that BMP facilities are placed in dedicated easements and that sufficient legal access to the BMPs are provided. This requirement is for both onsite and offsite property.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1

(60) BS-Grade- EOT2 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the owner / applicant shall obtain a BMP (Best Management Practices) Permit for the monitoring of the erosion and sediment control BMPs for the site. The Department of Building and Safety will conduct NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) inspections of the site based on Risk Level to verify compliance with the Construction General Permit, Storm water ordinances and regulations until completion of the construction activities, permanent stabilization of the site and permit final.

Grading and construction sites of "ONE" acre or larger required to develop a STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) - the owner/applicant shall submit the SWPPP to the Building and Safety Department Environmental Compliance Division for review and approval prior to issuance of a grading permit.

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the approved project - specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) and ensure that all approved water quality treatment control BMPs have been included on

Page 2

Plan: TR35924E02 Parcel: 943120045

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1

(60) BS-Grade- EOT2 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP (cont.)

Not Satisfied

the grading plan.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1

(60) Transportation- EOT2 - FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING

Not Satisfied

This condition would apply when grading occurs before map recordation. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation, 1

(80) Transportation- EOT2 - WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

Not Satisfied

The project shall begin constructing and installing the BMP facilities described in the approved Final WQMP. The project shall be responsible for performing all activities described in the WQMP and that copies of the approved Final WQMP are available for the future owners/occupants.

A maintenance plan and signed maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for review and approval prior to issuance of occupancy permits. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance. The maintenance plan shall require that all BMP facilities are inspected, if required, cleaned no later than October 15 each year.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1

(90) BS-Grade- EOT2 - WQMP REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall comply with the following:

- 1. Obtain inspection of all treatment control BMPs and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. All structural BMPs described in the project specific WQMP and indicated on the approved grading plan shall be constructed and installed in conformance with the approved plans and specifications.
- 2. The applicant/owner shall submit a "Wet Signed" copy of the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs have been installed in accordance with the approved WQMP.

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 3

Plan: TR35924E02 Parcel: 943120045

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade, 1

(90) BS-Grade- EOT2 - WQMP REQUIRED (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 3. The applicant/owner shall provide the Department of Building Safety with GPS coordinates for the location of the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs.
- 4. The applicant/owner shall register the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs with the Department of Building Safety Business Registration Division. Any person or entity that owns or operates a commercial and/or industrial facility shall register such facility for annual inspections.
- 5. The applicant shall make payment to the Building and Safety Department for the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Annual Inspection.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1

(90) Transportation- EOT2 - WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the applicant will be required to hand out educational materials regarding water quality, provide a engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, and ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established. Additionally, the applicant will be required to register BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Registration Division.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Extension of Time Environmental Determination

Project	t Case Number:	TR35924
Origina	al E.A. Number:	EA41914
Extens	ion of Time No.:	2 nd Extension of Time
Origina	al Approval Date:	November 9, 2014
_	• •	Contento., E/ La Serena Way, S/ Vista Del Monte, N/ Rancho California Rd
•	·	
		Map No. 35924 is a Schedule "B" subdivision of 178.8 gross acres into 20 lots
		cres to 90.4 acres. The lots are comprised of 15 residential lots with a minimum
iot size	or one acre, 4 wine	ery lots with a minimum lot size of 10 acres, and one 25 acre production lot.
assess potenti conditio	ment/environmenta ally significant cha ons or circumstanc	2014, this Tentative Tract Map and its original environmental impact report was reviewed to determine: 1) whether any significant or inges in the original proposal have occurred; 2) whether its environmental ces affecting the proposed development have changed. As a result of this etermination has been made:
	ENVIRONMENTAL I TIME, because all p Negative Declaration	the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated er EIR or Negative Declaration and the project's original conditions of approval.
	I find that although the one or more potential which the project is a TO APPROVAL OF adequately analyzed (b) have been avoide project's original conditions.	he proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and there are ally significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under undertaken, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and ed or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and revisions to the ditions of approval which have been made and agreed to by the project proponent.
	I find that there are circumstances under may not address, ar cannot be determined REQUIRED in order may be needed, an Regulations, Section environmental assess OF TIME SHOULD B	one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the which the project is undertaken, which the project's original conditions of approval not for which additional required mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval at this time. Therefore, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT/INITIAL STUDY IS to determine what additional mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval, if any, and whether or not at least one of the conditions described in California Code of 15162 (necessitating a Supplemental or Subsequent E.I.R.) exist. Additionally, the sment/initial study shall be used to determine WHETHER OR NOT THE EXTENSION BE RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL.
	have a significant effe	Il project was determined to be exempt from CEQA, and the proposed project will not ect on the environment, therefore NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS FO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME.
Signatu		Date: 11/16/2020

Kathleen Mitchell, Project Planner
John Hildebrand, Interim Planning Director



PROPOSED PROJECT

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

1.2

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

Case Number(s): PPW200007 Applicant(s): Smartlink LLC., AT&T
CEQA Exempt Section 15303 (c)

Area Plan: Harvest Valley/Winchester Representative(s): Alisha Strasheim

Zoning Area/District: Winchester Area

Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez

John Hildebrand

Project APN(s): 462-020-051 Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

PLOT PLAN NO. 200007 (PPW200007) is a proposal for a new AT&T co-location on an existing 75-foot tall wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree, hereafter referred to as monopine. Ground-mounted equipment is installed within an existing equipment enclosure. New proposed equipment includes one (1) 6'x6' steel Walk in Closet shelter on Helical Piers, one (1) 30Kw (190 gal.) Generac Diesel Generator, one (1) utility cabinets, one (1) GPS Antenna, one (1) FIF Racks, and one (1) DC Power Plant. Tower mounted equipment installed at 48 feet height centerline includes nine (9) 8' panel antennas (3 per sector), thirty-six (36) LTE RRUS at antenna level (12 per sector), one (1) 2' MW Antenna, and two (2) surge suppressors. The project is proposed within the development envelope of PP17566.

The project site location is north of Simpson Road and east of Leon Road.

The above shall herein after be referred to as "the Project," or "Project"

A notice of the Planning Director's approval was mailed to property owners within 600 feet of the project site and was published in the Press Enterprise Newspaper on starting on November 7, 2020. If no property owner requests a public hearing on the application, a public hearing shall not be required. Planning staff has not received written communication or phone calls requesting a public hearing. The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no action by the Planning Commissions required unless, within ten days after the notice appears on the Planning Commission agenda, the applicant or an interested person files an appeal, accompanied by the fee set forth in Ordinance No. 671, or unless the Planning Commission assumes jurisdiction by ordering the matter set for public hearing.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

RECEIVE AND FILE the Notice of Decision for the above referenced case acted on by the Planning Director on November 16, 2020.

The Planning Department Recommended APPROVAL; and, THE PLANNING DIRECTOR:

File No(s). Plot Plan No. 200007 (PPW200007) Planning Commission Staff Report: December 16, 2020 Page 2 of 2

<u>FIND</u> that the project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) based on the findings and conclusions in the staff report; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> Plot Plan No. 200007, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

John Hildebrand Interim Planning Director

Date: December 2, 2020

RE: Plot Plan Wireless No. 200007

From: Project Planner – Rob Gonzalez

To: John Hildebrand – Interim Planning Director

PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 200007 (PP200007) proposes a new AT&T Collocation on an existing 63 foot-tall wireless communication facility disguised as a monopine. Ground-mounted equipment is proposed within the existing equipment lease area at APN: 462-020-051.

On November 7, 2020, a 10-day notice of the Planning Director's approval was sent to surrounding owners located within 600 feet of the project site. In addition, a legal notice was posted on the Press Enterprise. As of the writing of this memorandum, no comments or request for hearing have been received regarding the project. If no property owner requests a public hearing on the application, a public hearing shall not be required.

On November 16, 2020, the project was approved by the Planning Director. The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no action by the Planning Commission is required unless, within ten days after the notice appears on the Planning Commission agenda, the applicant or an interested person files an appeal, accompanied by the fee set forth in Ordinance No. 671, or unless the Planning Commission assumes jurisdiction by ordering the matter set for public hearing. The Director's approval of the case is scheduled to appear on the Planning Commission agenda, as a Receive and File item, on December 16, 2020.

Agenda Item No.



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Optional Director's Hearing: November 16, 2020

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Case Number(s): PPW200007 Applicant(s): Smartlink LLC., AT&T

CEQA Exempt Section 15303 (c)

Area Plan: Harvest Valley/Winchester Representative(s): Alisha Strasheim

Zoning Area/District: Winchester Area

Supervisorial District: Third District

Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez

Project APN(s): 462-020-051

John / hildely

John Hildebrand

Unterim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

PLOT PLAN NO. 200007 (PPW200007) is a proposal for a new AT&T co-location on an existing 75-foot tall wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree, hereafter referred to as monopine. Ground-mounted equipment is installed within an existing equipment enclosure. New proposed equipment includes one (1) 6'x6' steel Walk in Closet shelter on Helical Piers, one (1) 30Kw (190 gal.) Generac Diesel Generator, one (1) utility cabinets, one (1) GPS Antenna, one (1) FIF Racks, and one (1) DC Power Plant. Tower mounted equipment installed at 48 feet height centerline includes nine (9) 8' panel antennas (3 per sector), thirty-six (36) LTE RRUS at antenna level (12 per sector), one (1) 2' MW Antenna, and two (2) surge suppressors. The project is proposed within the development envelope of PP17566.

The project site location is north of Simpson Road and east of Leon Road.

The above shall herein after be referred to as "the Project," or "Project"

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING DIRECTOR TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>FIND</u> that the project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) based on the findings and conclusions in the staff report; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> Plot Plan No. 200007, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

PROJECT DATA

Specific Plan:	N/A
Specific Plan Land Use:	
Existing General Plan Foundation Component:	Community Development
Proposed General Plan Foundation Component:	N/A
Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:	Medium Density Residential (MDR)
Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation:	N/A
Policy / Overlay Area:	N/A
Surrounding General Plan Land Uses	
North:	Medium Density Residential (MDR)
East:	Medium Density Residential (MDR)
South:	Very Low Density Residential (VLDR)
West:	Light Industrial (LI) Medium Density Residential (MDR) Public Facilities (PF)
Existing Zoning Classification:	One Family Dwellings (R-1)
Proposed Zoning Classification:	N/A
Surrounding Zoning Classifications	
North:	Medium Manufacturing (M-M)
East:	One Family Dwellings (R-1)
South:	Rural Residential (R-R)
West:	Rural Residential (R-R)
Existing Use:	A Monopine Wireless Telecommunication Facility
Surrounding Uses	
North:	Vacant Land
South:	Single Family Residences
East:	Single Family Residences
West:	Vacant Land

Project Details:

ltem	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	9.96 Gross Acres	
Proposed Lease Area (SQFT):	150 square feet	50 feet max.
Height (FT):		

1	1	4	3.4	1141	
1	Loca	tod	· va	nth	IIO.
1	LULG	LEU			

City's Sphere of Influence:	No
Community Service Area ("CSA"):	Yes - CSA 146, CSA152
Special Flood Hazard Zone:	No
Agricultural Preserve:	Yes - Winchester No. 10 Map No. 82
Liquefaction Area:	Yes – High Potential
Subsidence Area:	Yes - Susceptible
Fault Zone:	No
Fire Zone:	No
Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone:	Yes – Zone B
WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell:	No
CVMSHCP Conservation Boundary:	No
Stephens Kangaroo Rat ("SKR") Fee Area:	Yes
Airport Influence Area ("AIA"):	March Air Reserve Base, Zone E

PROJECT LOCATION MAP

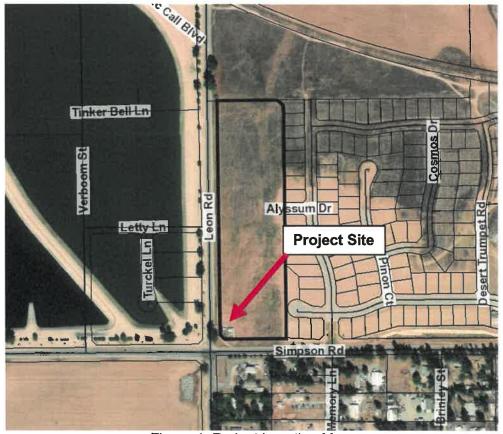


Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Project Background

On June 18, 2020, the applicant, Smartlink, LLC. submitted Plot Plan No. 200007, proposing to establish a new AT&T collocation on an existing 75-foot disguised wireless communication facility, which was built under County of Riverside Plot Plan No. 17566. The County of Riverside has approved several entitlements and substantial conformance for facility upgrades and collocations since the original entitlement. This application is AT&T's first proposal for collocation on the site.

On July 13, 2020, the application was first reviewed in an internal Development Advisory Committee (DAC). Comments and corrections were issued regarding the project, specifications, and design elements of the proposed exhibits and elevations. The applicant has worked with Staff and has obtained clearances from all reviewing agencies. Therefore, staff recommends approval of the proposed collocation subject to the conditions of approval.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW / ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

The project is exempt from further environmental review per categorical exemption Section 15303 (d) which recognizes New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures. A project is exempt pursuant to Section 15303 if it consists of the installation of small new equipment and facilities on small structures. Examples of this exemption include but are not limited to Water main, sewage, electrical, gas, and other utility extensions, including street improvements, of a reasonable length to serve such construction. The project qualifies for this exemption as it is a telecommunication utility that services area residents.

None of the environmental conditions noted under Section 15300.2 occur on the site, therefore the project is exempt from CEQA and no further environmental review is required. The Site is placed with the development envelope of the existing tower and the ground-mounted equipment will be screened by existing vegetation and the varied terrain of the area. The facility will not have a cumulative visual effect on the area. Additionally, there are no unusual circumstances such as scenic resources, historic buildings, trees, or rock outcroppings that will be affected by the project, and it is not on a hazardous waste site. Specifically, there are no successive projects of the same type in the same place expected to have a cumulative effect on the site. Further information regarding cumulative impacts and significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances are discussed below:

- 1. The project will not result in a cumulative impact since there are no successive projects of the same type on the property, nor is another similar project being considered on the site. Additionally, the project will not have a cumulative aesthetic impact as the facility disguised and relatively visually inconspicuous. The project is designed to look like a natural pine tree and ground-mounted equipment will be screened with an existing perimeter wall and landscaping approved with PP17566. The applicant has worked with Staff to incorporate design features that match the surroundings of the site.
- 2. The project will not have a significant effect on the environment due to an unusual circumstance. Although the project site is located within an area that is susceptible to soil subsidence and high potential liquefaction, the condition would not qualify as an unusual circumstance. The collocation consists of ground mounted equipment that is installed within an existing lease area, and tower mounted equipment installed on an existing monopole. The project received clearance from Geology, therefore no additional review is required.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Land Use Findings:

- 1. The project site has a General Plan Land Use Designation of Community Development: Medium Density Residential. The Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD: MDR) (2 5 du/ac) land use designation allows for Single-family residential uses primarily. Additionally, the land use designation allows for limited animal keeping and agricultural uses, recreational uses, compatible resource development (not including the commercial extraction of mineral resources), and associated uses and governmental uses. The proposed Project is consistent with the General Plan, as wireless communication facilities are allowed to support communications for surrounding uses.
- 2. The project site is within the Harvest Valley/Winchester Policy Area. The proposed wireless communication facility contributes to the goals of promoting a high quality of life for its residence by providing a telecommunication utility that supports wireless communication to area residents and businesses. The proposed project also contributes to the area's critical communication infrastructure which may be used by first responders during public safety concerns.
- 3. The project site has a Zoning Classification One Family Dwellings (R-1), which is consistent with the Riverside County General Plan Land Use Designation of Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD: MDR). Pursuant to the Ordinance No. 348, Article XIXg, Section 19.405, (A) and (B), which states that collocated wireless communication facilities may be located in any zone classification. An application for a plot plan shall be made to the Planning Director in accordance with Section 18.30. of this ordinance. The application shall be classified as a plot plan that is subject to the California Environmental Quality Act and that is transmitted to any governmental agency other than the County Planning Department for review and comment. A public hearing on the application shall not be required.

Entitlement Findings:

Findings for a recommendation to grant a Plot Plan permit for a wireless co-location shall include the following, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Zoning Ordinance 348 (Land Use):

 The facility is owned by one telecommunication service provider and is attached to a facility owned by a different telecommunication service provider or tower owner or operator. The project is compliant with this provision as the tower is owned by a separate tower owner than the proposed co-locator. The tower is owned by American Towers, LLC, and the proposed collocation is for AT&T.

- 2. The height of the existing facility is not increased by more than ten (10) feet. The project is compliant with this provision as the proposed equipment does not increase the height of the existing tower.
- 3. Supporting equipment is located entirely within an equipment enclosure that is architecturally compatible with the surrounding area or is screened from view. The project is compliant with this provision as the proposed equipment enclosures are architecturally compatible with the surrounding area. The color of the equipment enclosures have been conditioned to be neutral in color to match the natural setting of the surrounding area.
- 4. The application has met the processing requirements set forth in Article XIXg (Wireless Communication Facilities). The application has met the processing requirements set forth in Article XIXg. As noted in this report, the project meets all development standards for Wireless Communication Facilities. In addition, the applicant has submitted all applicable documentation required for wireless communication facilities.
- 5. The application has met the location and development standards set forth in Article XIXg. The project is located on a site zoned One-Family Dwelling (R-1). The zone is classified as a "residential zone." A collocated wireless communication facility is permitted within the zone with an approved Plot Plan. A notice is shall be sent to all property owners within six hundred (600) feet of the parcel on which the project would be located. If no property owner request a public hearing on the application, a public hearing shall not be required.

Development Standards Findings:

Section 19.410 "Development Standards of Article XIXg "Wireless Communication Facilities"

- A. **Area Disturbance**. Physical disturbance to the site will be minimal. The proposed AT&T collocation facility will be within an equipment enclosure of the existing wireless communication facility. The materials and finishes of the existing wireless facility shall remain unchanged.
- B. **Fencing and Walls**. Support equipment are within equipment enclosures and not readily available to the general public. The lease are is screened from public view by an eight (8) foot block wall approved by the original entitlement PP17566.
- C. Height Limitations. The project site is located within the One Family Dwellings (R-1) Zoning Classification. The proposed project does not exceed or modify the approved height of the original entitlement PP17566.
- D. Impacts. The location of the wireless collocation is within an existing wireless communication facility. The project will not have an adverse effect on the environment, because the project will be minimized by utilizing existing lease area and adding 150 square feet of equipment within the development envelope of the original facility.
- E. Landscaping. A conceptual landscaping plan is not required for this project since the site has existing landscaping around the lease area of the wireless communication facility. The original entitlement of the wireless communication facility PP17566 included the approval of a landscaping and irrigation plan.

- F. **Lighting**. Outside lighting is prohibited unless required by the FAA or the California Building Code ("CBC"). Any new lighting system used during construction or installed on the facility shall also be shielded to the greatest extent possible so as to minimize the negative impact of such lighting on adjacent properties and to not to create a nuisance for the surrounding property owners or wildlife. The project will be concealed by an existing tower and therefore, the lighting requirement is not applicable.
- G. **Noise**. All noise produced by wireless communication facilities shall be minimized and in no case shall noise produced exceed 45 decibels inside the nearest dwelling and 60 decibels at the property line. Wireless communication facilities typically produce negligible noise during normal operations and the nearest habitable structure will not be affected. The equipment enclosure will contain an emergency backup generator. The generator is to be only used in the event of a power disruption and during maintenance checks. It will not be used during the course of regular operations. Any noise produced by the generator is required to comply with the County noise standards.
- H. **Parking**. The wireless communication facility will provide one existing non-exclusive parking space for the employee providing maintenance to the tower. Existing adequate access to the facility is provided.
- I. **Paved Access**. Access to the existing wireless communication facility is provided by existing non-exclusive access route. The existing access route is adequate for the facility.
- J. **Power and Communication Lines**. No above-ground power or communication lines shall be extended to the site and all underground utilities shall be installed in a manner so as to minimize disturbance of existing vegetation.
- K. Roof- Mounted Facilities. This project consist of a co-location for AT&T Wireless Communication facilities and is not roof mounted. This is not a roof mounted facility and as a result, this provision does not apply.
- L. **Sensitive View-shed.** The wireless communication facility is proposed on an existing tower and is not located on a ridgeline and other sensitive viewsheds as defined in Ordinance No. 348.
- M. **Setbacks.** The proposed wireless communication facilities shall meet the setbacks of the zone classification in which they are located. The project will be set back a distance of 200 feet from the nearest residential structure. There are no residential structures located within 200 feet from the proposed collocation.
- N. **Support Facilities.** Freestanding equipment enclosures shall be constructed to look like adjacent structures or facilities typically found in the area and shall adhere to the Countywide Design Standards and Guidelines, where appropriate. This project meets the development standard as the project has been conditioned to comply with this requirement.
- O. **Treatment.** Wireless communication facilities shall be given a surface treatment similar to surrounding architecture and all finishes shall all finishes shall be dark in color with a matte finish and have a reflective rating of 38 percent and shall match the surrounding environment. The proposed wireless collocation will be within an existing tower will blend with the surrounding buildings.

Requirements for Plot Plan Approval:

The proposed project is consistent with the required findings noted in Article XVIII of Ordinance No. 348. Section 18.30.C establishes required findings for all Plot Plan approvals.

- 1. The proposed project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. The project is consistent with the Medium Density Residential (MDR) land use designation as noted previously in the report. The proposed wireless communication facility is consistent since it provides supportive communication infrastructure for local residential and commercial uses. Additionally, the wireless communication facility is also allowed within the zoning classification. Per Section 19.405, Ordinance No. 348, co-located wireless communication facilities may be located in any zone classification The project has been reviewed by the Development Advisory Committee and has obtained all applicable department clearances. Therefore, the project conforms to all of the requirements of the General Plan and applicable requirements of State law and ordinances of Riverside County.
- 2. The overall development of the land is designed for the protection of the public health, safety and general welfare and to conform to the logical development of the surrounding properties. The proposed wireless communication facility has received clearances and applicable conditions of approval from the Development Advisory Committee to plan for the public health, safety and general welfare, and conformance to the logical development of the surrounding properties. The implementation of the proposed Project will not impact the surrounding area in terms of a substantial increase in traffic or noise. The site will only generate traffic from maintenance vehicles that service the site periodically. Additionally, the noise generated from the wireless communication facility will also be within the allowable ranges stipulated by County of Riverside Ordinance No. 348. The project site is adequately served by Simpson Road and Leon Road, and are adequately provide all-weather access to the site for emergency vehicles. Conditions have been incorporated to account for the location of portable fire extinguishers to provide compliance with the California Building Code. Therefore, through compliance with the California Building Code and Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 the project will not negatively affect the public health, safety, or welfare.

That plan for the proposed use shall consider the location and need for dedication and improvement of necessary streets and sidewalks, including the avoidance of traffic congestion; and shall take into account topographical and drainage conditions, including the need for dedication and improvements of necessary structures as a part thereof. The Development Advisory Committee has reviewed the project and has determined that no additional dedication, and improvements are required.

Other Findings:

- 1. The project site is not located within a Criteria Cell of the Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan.
- 2. The project site is not located within a City Sphere of Influence.
- 3. The project site is located within the March Air Reserve Base, Zone E, and an Airport Influence Area ("AIA") boundary. The Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") has reviewed and determined that additional review is not required since the proposed collocation does not add height.
- 4. The project is located within Agricultural Preserve, Winchester No. 10 Map No. 82,

- 5. The project site is located within Zone B of the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary, as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The project is required to comply with all lighting standards specified within Ordinance No. 655, pursuant to Zone B.
- 6. The project site is located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan ("SKRHCP").

Fire Findings:

1. The project site is not located within a Fire Hazard Severity Zone or a Cal Fire State Responsibility Area ("SRA"). Conditions of approval were placed on the subdivision requiring compliance with Ordinance No. 787.

Conclusion:

 For the reasons discussed above, the proposed project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. Moreover, the proposed project would not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

Pursuant to Article XIXg, Section19.404.B.1 of County of Riverside Ordinance No. 348, a notice was sent to all property owners within six hundred (600) feet of the parcel on which the disguised wireless communication facility would be located. As of the writing of this report, Planning Staff has not received written communication/phone calls from the public regarding the project.

APPEAL INFORMATION

The Director's approval decision may be appealed to the Planning Commission. Such appeals shall be submitted in writing to the Clerk of the Board, with the required fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (Consolidated Fees for Land Use and Related Functions), within 10 days after the mailing of the Planning Director's decision.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPW200007

VICINITY/POLICY AREAS

Supervisor: Washington

Vicinity Map

Date Drawn: 09/11/2020

POLICY AREA 9TH ST WINCHESTER H TS HTROWSNRAT RR AVE GR ESIGE RD TS SMADA GRAND AVE BEEFER KD OLIVE/AWE YON EUW DR DOMENIGONI PKWY HIGHWAY: 79 POLICY AREA NJ NWAO MEMORY LU WINCHESTER HILL DR **LEON RD** SIMPSON RD **GA ANATNAV AJ** BRIGGS RD **GRAND AVE** CALM HORIZON DR LINDENBERGER RD District 3

Zoning Area: Winchester





Author: Vinnie Nguyen

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPW200007 Supervisor: Washington Date Drawn: 09/11/2020 **EXISTING GENERAL PLAN** District 3 Exhibit 5 PF **GRAND AVE** MDR LEON RD PF Ц MDR MDR 9:96 AC MDR LINDEN FLOWER RD SIMPSON RD **HDR** 8 DAWN LN BUTLER TREELN MHDR **EMORY** SHADY OS-R **VLDR** PF **HDR** MHDR OS-R Zoning Area: Winchester Author: Vinnie Nguyen 300 1,200 600 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General DISCLAMMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Inverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincoprotated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951)955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.redlma.org Feet

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPW200007 Supervisor: Washington Date Drawn: 09/11/2020 **EXISTING ZONING** District 3 Exhibit 2 R-R SP ZONE **GRAND AVE** R-R LEON RD R-R M-M JAY RD SCRUB R-1 9:96 AC R-1 R-1 LINDEN FLOWER RD R-R SIMPSON RD **R-1** VIA DE FERNANDE DAWN LN SP ZONE 8 BUTLER MEMORY SHADY TREE LN SP ZONE R-1 R-R ENIDA BELLEZA SP ZONE BYERLY ST Zoning Area: Winchester Author: Vinnie Nguyen 300 1,200 600 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951)955-2200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.retlima.org Feet

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPW200007

Supervisor: Washington
District 3

Date Drawn: 09/11/2020

LAND USE

Exhibit 1

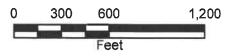


Zoning Area: Winchester

DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (95)1955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.retime.org

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Author: Vinnie Nguyen



CODE COMPLIANCE

ALL WORGS AND IANTERBALS SAULI BE TENT-ORBED AND INSTIALED IN ACCORDANCE WIT CHE CHRONING THE PLEACH CANONING CONFECTORS A RADOFFED Y THE LOCAL GOVERNING ALTHONITES, NOTIFYING IN THESE PLANS IS TO BE CONSTITUTED TO PERMIT WORK HOT CONFORMING TO THE LATEST EDITIONS OF THE FOLLOWING CODES.

- 1. Into DULIGORAN BLUDING CODE 8. 2 ADRI DALIGORAN BERGRY CODE ADDITION TO STATE AND ADDITION TO STATE ADD

PROJECT TEAM

CLIENT REP	RESENTATIVE	CONSTRUCT	ON MANAGER
COMPANY: AUDITESS: OTY-STATE ZIP: CONTACT: PHONE: BHANL:	SWARTLINK, LLC 3000 RVANE AVENUE, SUITE 300 NEWFOOTT REACH, CA. (2000) ALEXE DUALAP (549) 809-7313 sideda.curito@prorefieldE.com	COMPANY: ADDRESS: CITY,STATE,29: CONTACT: PHONE: EMANE:	BECHTEL COMMANCATONS, INC. 1800 ANDTRICAG AVENUE SUITE 225 INOME, CA 82006 INOME CA 82006 ITALYSA SUITE ITALYSA SUITE 225 ITALYSA SUITE I

CASA MDUSTRIES, INC.
4430E MINALOWA AVE. SUITE D
410LES SANTHEM, CALIFORNIA 92807
410LES SANTHAGO
5714, 553-8389
554171ACD@CASAIND.COM ENGINEER COMPAY: ACORESS: CITY,STATE,ZIP: CITY,STATE,ZIP: PHONE PHONE

SITE INFORMATION



PROPERTY OWNER
NAVE
CONTACT:
PHONE
EMMIL:

BUILDING SUMMARY
LATITUCE
LONGTINGE
LATAONA, TYPE
GROUND ENVICE
GROUND ENVICE
ANDRE GROUND LEVEL:

Your world. Delivered

SITE NUMBER: CSL01867 - NSB USID#: 281284 FA#: 13417840

SITE NAME: ATC COLO TINKERBELL **WINCHESTER, CA 92596** 31000 SIMPSON ROAD, RIVERSIDE COUNTY







DRIVING DIRECTIONS

<u>MECTORS FROL</u> LITTO TO AND A TO AND A

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

SEE SURVEY FOR LEGAL DESCRIPTION



AT&T

PPW200007

DATE **APPROVALS**

Smartlink Smartlink

3300 IRVINE AVENUE, SUITE 300 NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92500 TEL. (949) 387-1265 FAX: (949) 367-1275

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GENERAL CONTRACTOR NOTES

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GENERAL NOTES

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PROJECT DESCRIPTION

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NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION

DRAWING INDEX

SHEET NO:

A-1	SITE PLAN
A-2	LLASE, AREA/ANTENNA PLAN AND ANTENNA/RETU SCHIDULE.
A-3	ELEVANONS
A-4	СТЕХИТОНЯ

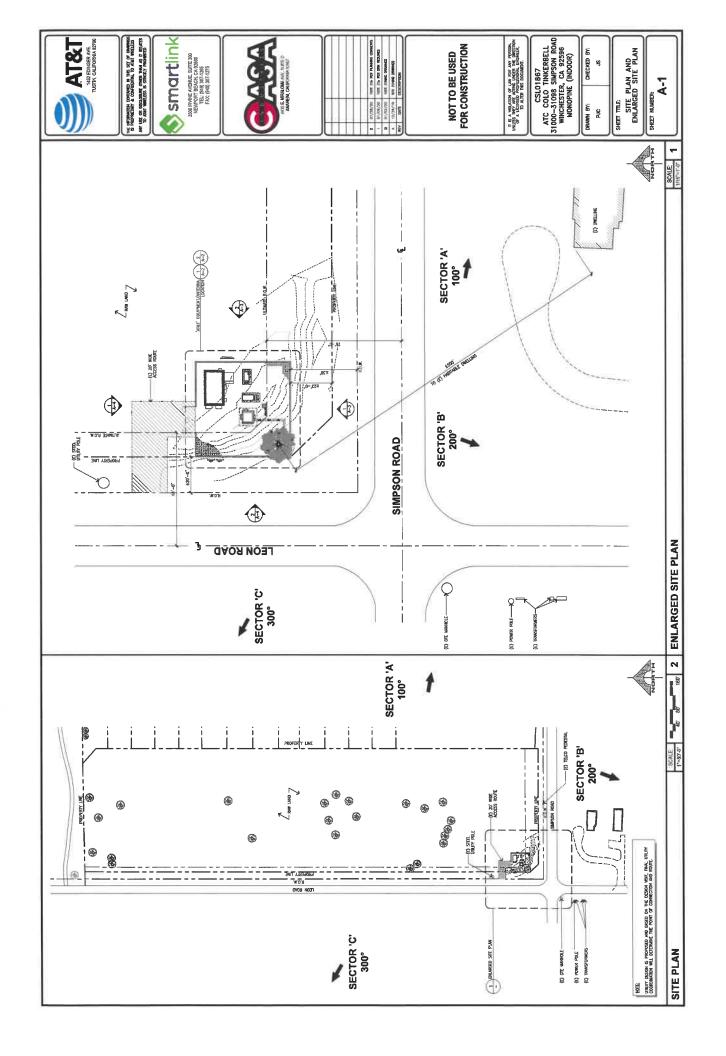
CSL01867 ATC COLO TINKERBELL 31000–31098 SIMPSON ROAD WINCHESTER, CA 92596 MONOPINE (INDOOR)

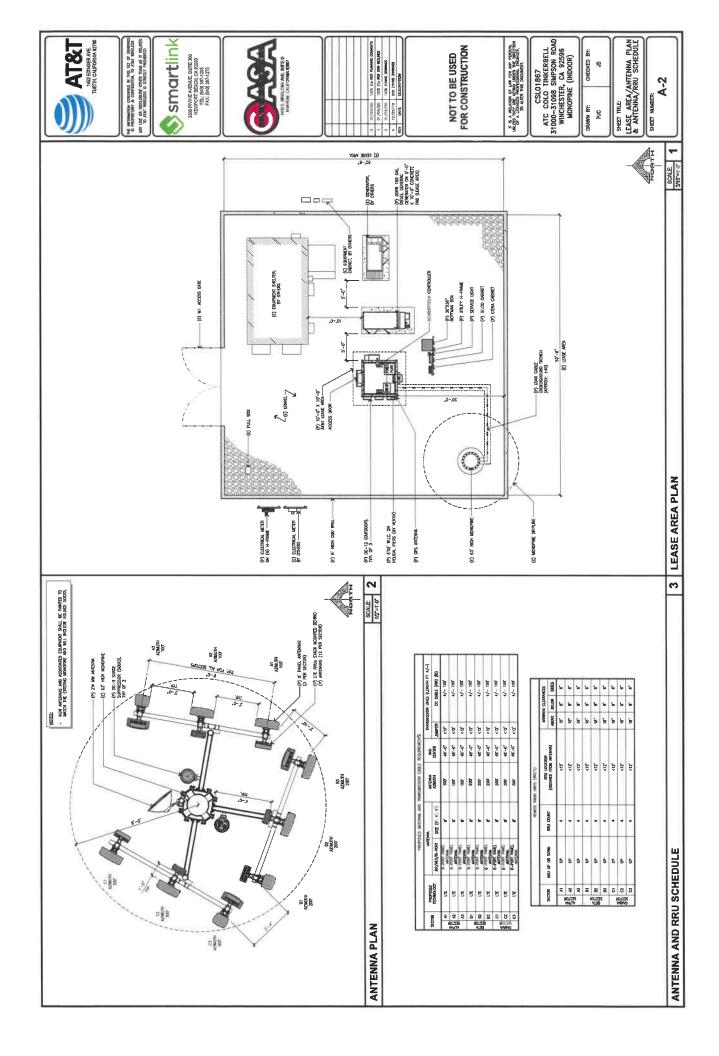
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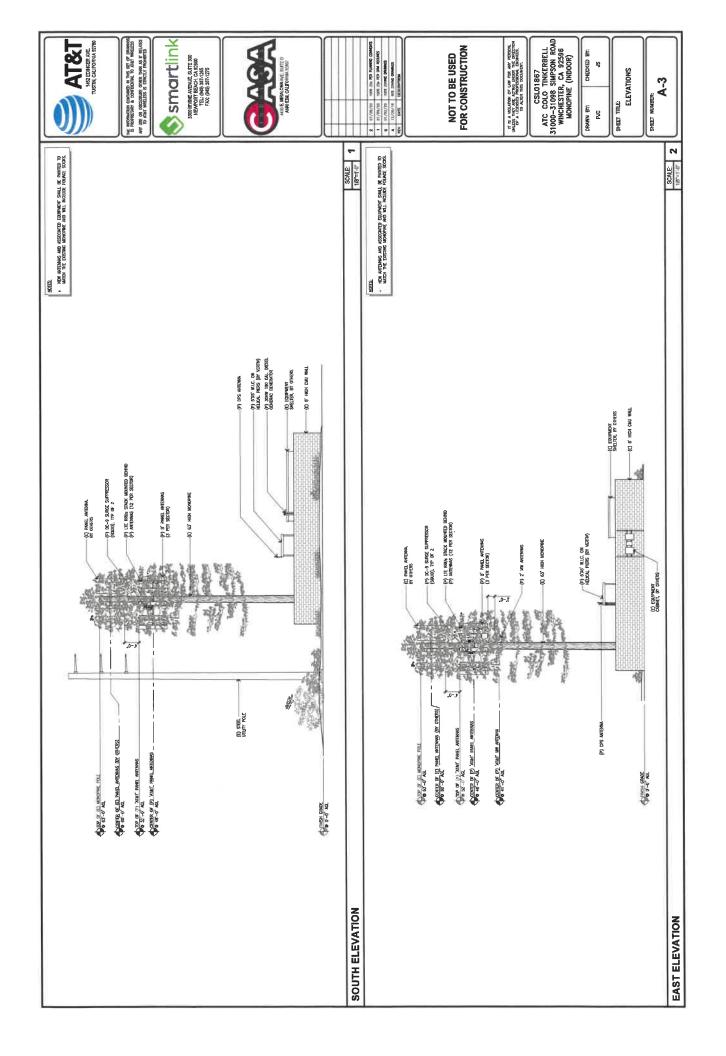
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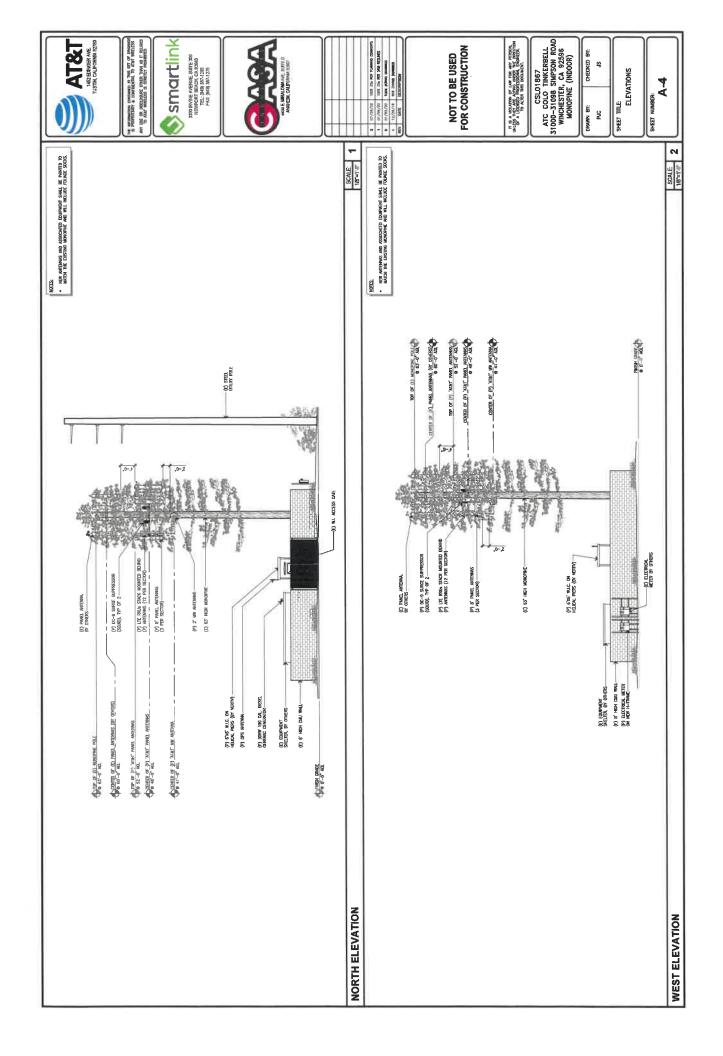
TITLE SHEET SHEET TITLE PJC

Ξ SHEET NUMBER:











COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Agency Director

11/02/20, 9:35 am PPW200007

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for PPW200007. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees ("COUNTY") from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the project or its associated environmental documentation; and.
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the project, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1

AND - Hold Harmless (cont.)

records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Advisory Notification. 2

AND - Business Licensing

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office of the Building and Safety Department.

Advisory Notification. 3

AND - Causes for Revocation

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit is found:

- (a) to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit; and/or,
- (b) to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony; and/or,
- (c) to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance,

then this permit shall be subject to revocation procedures.

Advisory Notification. 4

AND - Ceased Operations

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this approval shall become null and void.

Advisory Notification. 5

AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S):

Exhibit A (Title Sheet, Site Plan), Sheet A-1, dated 07/28/2020.

Exhibit B (Elevations), Sheet A-3 through A-4, dated 07/28/2020.

Exhibit C (Lease Area/Antenna Plan and Antenna/ RRU Schedule), Sheet A-2, dated 07/28/2020

Advisory Notification. 6

AND - Federal, State, & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES")
 - Clean Water Act

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State, & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- Migratory Bird Treaty Act ("MBTA")
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan ("WQMP") Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board ("RWQCB")
 - Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
 - Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
 - State Subdivision Map Act
 - Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
 - School District Impact Compliance
 - Civil Code Section 815.3 & Government Code Sections 65040.2 et al SB 18 (Tribal

Intergovernmental Consultation)

- Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Tribal Intergovernmental Consultation)
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 421 (Excavation Covering & Swimming Pool Safety) (Land Use Entitlements)
 - Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements) {Land Use Entitlements}
- Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program) {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land) (for TTMs and TPMs)
 - Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards) {for TTMs and TPMs}
 - Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand) (Geographically based on soil type)
 - Ord. No. 555 (Surface Mining and Reclamation) {for SMPs}
 - Ord. No. 625 (Right to Farm) {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 630 (Regulating Dogs and Cats) (For kennels and catteries)
 - Ord. No. 716 (Abandoned, Neglected or Cruelly Treated Animals)
 - Ord. No. 771 (Controlling Potentially Dangerous & Dangerous Animals)
 - Ord. No. 878 (Regarding Noisy Animals)
 - Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution) (Geographically based)
 - Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees) {All case types}
 - Ord. No. 679 (Directional Signs for Subdivisions) {for TTMs and TPMs}
 - Ord. No. 742 (Fugitive Dust/PM10 Emissions in Coachella Valley) (Geographically based)
 - Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
 - Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing) {Land Use Entitlements}
- Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements) {Land Use Entitlements, and for TTMs and TPMs}
 - Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting) {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 916 (Cottage Food Operations)
 - Ord. No. 925 (Prohibiting Marijuana Cultivating)

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State, & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- Ord. No. 927 (Regulating Short Term Rentals)
- Ord. No. 928 (Clarifying County Prohibition on Mobile Marijuana Dispensaries and Deliveries)

4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances

- Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
- Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
- Ord. No. 673 Coachella Valley Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (CV TUMF)
- Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
- Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)
- Ord. No. 875 Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (CV MSHCP)

Advisory Notification. 7 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document ("AND") is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this project and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State, and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property, in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 8 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

PPW200007 Approves a new AT&T colocation on an existing 75-foot tall wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree, hereafter referred to as monopine. Ground-mounted equipment is installed within an existing equipment enclosure. Equipment includes one (1) 6'x6' steel Walk in Closet shelter on Helical Piers, one (1) 30Kw (190 gal.) Generac Diesel Generator, one (1) utility cabinets, one (1) GPS Antenna, one (1) FIF Racks, and one (1) DC Power Plant. Tower mounted equipment installed at 48 feet height centerline includes nine (9) 8' panel antennas (3 per sector), thirty-six (36) LTE RRUS at antenna level (12 per sector), one (1) 2' MW Antenna, and two (2) surge suppressors. The project is proposed within the development envelope of PP17566.

E Health

E Health. 1 ECP COMMENTS

If previously unidentified contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

Planning

Planning - Permit Expiration

This approved permit shall be used within eight (8) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void. The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning - Permit Expiration (cont.)

building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the eight (8) years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning - Review Fees

Any subsequent submittals required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan, or mitigation and monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

Planning - Tower Tree Branches

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, the branch count shall be a minimum of three (3) branches per lineal foot of trunk height. Branches shall be randomly dispersed and of differing lengths to provide a natural appearance. Branches shall be applied, starting at a minimum of 10-feet from ground and extend to the top of the tower. For collocations on simulated telecommunication towers disguised as trees, collocation tower mounted equipment shall include antenna socks, foliage, and paint to match the existing disguising elements of the tower.

Planning. 4 Site Entitlements PP17566

All conditions of PP17566 shall apply to this approval unless superseded by PPW200007.

Planning. 5 Telcom – Backup Generator

If a backup generator will used in conjunction with the wireless communication facility, it is to only be used in the event of a power disruption and during maintenance checks. It is not be used during the course of regular operations. Any noise produced by the generator is required to comply with County noise standards.

Planning. 6 Telcom – Enclosure

Unless otherwise specifically noted on the approved plans, the telecommunication equipment enclosure shall be within the site's existing equipment enclosure.

Planning. 7 Telcom – Entitlement Life

Pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), a telecommunication facility shall have an initial approval period (life) of ten (10) years, which may be extended if a revised permit application is made and approved by the original approving officer or body. Such extensions, if approved, shall be in increments of ten (10) years. The determination as to the appropriateness of such extensions shall be

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 7 Telcom – Entitlement Life (cont.)

made, in part, on adherence to the original conditions of approval and the number of complaints, if any, received by the County. In the case of colocated facilities, the permits of all colocaters shall be automatically extended until the last colocaters permit expires. In the event that this ten (10) year maximum life span provision is removed from Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), this condition of approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 8 Telcom – Equipment Cabinets

Unless otherwise specifically noted on the approved plans, the telecommunication equipment cabinet shelter color shall be grey or earth-tone, in order to be more compatible with the surrounding setting.

Planning. 9 Telcom – Lighting

All outside lighting shall be hooded and directed into the telecommunication facility area, so as not to shine directly upon adjoining property or in the public rights-of-way.

Planning. 10 Telcom – No Proposed Use

The remainder of the subject property, (excluding the lease area and access easement), shall hereby be designated as "NO USE PROPOSED", and shall require approval of an appropriate land use application prior to utilization of any additional land uses.

Planning. 11 Telcom – Noise

Any noise produced by the telecommunication facility shall in no case exceed 45 dB inside the nearest dwelling and shall not exceed 60 dB at the project site's property line.

Planning. 12 Telcom – Signage

Prior to final inspection of any building permit, the permit holder, developer or successor-in-interest shall install a sign no smaller than 12 inches by 12 inches upon an exterior wall or fence that surrounds the lease area that provides the following contact information:

- Address of wireless communications facility and any internal site identification number or code;
- Name(s) of company who operates the wireless communications facility;
- Full company address, including mailing address and division name that will address problems;
- Telephone number of the telecommunication facility company.

If a colocated facility (addition antennas and/or equipment shelters or cabinets) are added to an existing facility, an additional sign, including the above described information, shall be installed on said shelter or cabinet stating the name of the company who operates the primary wireless communications facility and the name of the company that operates the co-located facility.

Planning. 13 Telcom – Site Maintenance

The project site, specifically the collocation equipment proposed in this project, shall be kept in good

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 13 Telcom – Site Maintenance (cont.)

repair. Graffiti shall be removed from any structures within one week of observation and/or notification. The project site and a minimum area of 10-feet surrounding the project site shall be kept free of weeds and other obtrusive vegetation for fire prevention and aesthetic purposes. All branches, bark, and sock, material, pursuant to the original approval, shall be maintained and reapplied on an as-needed basis.

Planning. 14 Telcom – Tower Height

Pursuant to this plan, the telecommunication collocation tower shall not exceed the height of the existing 75' wireless communication facility.

Planning. 15 Telcom – Tower Tree Bark

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, bark shall be applied to the tower and extend the entire length of the pole (trunk), or the branch count shall be increased so that the pole is not visible. Installation of collocation equipment shall not interfere with this site requirement.

Planning. 16 Telcom – Tower Tree Branch Coverage

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, branches and foliage shall extend beyond every antenna array a minimum of two (2) feet horizontally and seven (7) feet vertically, in order to adequately camouflage the array, antennas and bracketry. In addition, all antennas, and supporting bracketry shall be wrapped in artificial foliage.

Planning. 17 Telcom – Transmission Interference

If the operation of this facility generates electronic interference with, or otherwise impairs the operation of Riverside County communication facilities, the applicant shall consult with Riverside County Information Technology ("RCIT") staff and implement acceptable mitigation measures, as approved by RCIT.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 Planning - Cultural - Human Remains

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

Planning-CUL. 2 Planning - Cultural - Unanticipated Resources

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit.

If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed:

All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 2 Planning - Cultural - Unanticipated Resources (cont.)

the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished.

- * A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other.
- ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 TRANS GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, it is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. This ordinance and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955 6527.

Plan: PPW200007 Parcel: 462020051

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 0050-EPD-MAPPING - NOT A PART

Not Satisfied

The project discussed in the "Findings of a Habitat Assessment AT&T Mobility, LLC Candidate CSL01867 (ATC Colo Tinkerbell) - PPW200007 31000-31098 Simpson Road, Winchester, Riverside County, California", prepared by Environmental Assessment Specials, Inc, dated revised January 27, 2020. In order to avoid Project-related impacts to the entire parcel "Not A Part" portion of APN 462-020-05, as shown in Figure 4 in the previously mentioned document, will be on all maps and exhibits, prior to a grading permit being issued.

060 - Planning-EPD. 2

0060-EPD-30-Day Burrowing Owl Preconstruction Survey

Not Satisfied

Pursuant to Objectives 6 & 7 of the Species Account for the Burrowing Owl included in the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP), within 30 days prior to the issuance of a grading permit, a pre-construction presence/absence survey for the burrowing owl shall be conducted by a qualified biologist who holds a Memorandum of Understanding with the County. The survey results shall be provided in writing to the Environmental Programs Division (EPD) of the Planning Department. If the grading permit is not obtained within 30 days of the survey, a new survey shall be required.

If it is determined that the project site is occupied by the Burrowing Owl, take of "active" nests shall be avoided pursuant to the MSHCP and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Burrowing Owl relocation shall only be allowed to take place outside of the burrowing owl nesting season (nesting season is March 1 through August 31) and is required to be performed by a qualified biologist familiar with relocation methods. The County Environmental Programs Department shall be consulted to determine appropriate type of relocation (active or passive) and potential translocation sites. Burrowing Owl Protection and Relocation Plans and Biological Monitoring Plans are required to be reviewed and approved by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.

060 - Planning-EPD. 3

0060-EPD-Nesting Bird Survey (MBTA)

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season. Nesting bird season is February 15st through August 31st. If habitat or structures that support nesting birds must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted.

The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit the project proponent must provide written proof to the Riverside County Planning Department, Environmental Programs Division (EPD) that a biologist who holds an MOU with the County of Riverside has been retained to carry out the required survey. Documentation submitted to prove compliance prior to grading permit issuance must at a minimum include the name and contact information for the Consulting Biologist and a signed statement from the Consulting Biologist confirming that they have been contracted by the applicant to conduct a Preconstruction Nesting Bird Survey. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a grading permit.

Prior to finalization of a grading permit or prior to issuance of any building permits the projects

Plan: PPW200007 Parcel: 462020051

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 3 0060-EPD-Nesting Bird Survey (MBTA) (cont.) Not Satisfied consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report to Environmental Programs Division (EPD) documenting the results of the pre-construction nesting bird survey.

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 CONDITIONAL WQMP REQUIREMENT

Not Satisfied

An approved WQMP is required prior to any grading or building permit, if the development of the parcel meets or exceeds any of the thresholds for a WQMP. Submit the applicable WQMP applicability checklist, found on http://rcflood.org/npdes/, if your project proposes an auto repair shop, adding 5,000 sq.ft. of impervious area, or disturbing more than 1 acre. If a WQMP is required, submit a single file PDF on two CD/DVD copies to the Transportation Department for review and approval.

060 - Transportation. 2 SUBMIT GRADING PLANS

Not Satisfied

In addition to submitting grading plans to the Department of Building and Safety, the project proponent shall submit two sets of grading plans (24" x 36") to the Transportation Department for review and approval. If road right of way improvements are required, the project proponent shall submit street improvement plans for review and approval, open an IP account, and pay for all associated fees in order to clear this condition. The Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days. Approval is required prior to issuance of a grading permit.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 1 NO GRADING VERIFICATION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permits, the applicant shall comply with the County of Riverside Department of Building and Safety "NO GRADING VERIFICATION" requirements. The "NO GRADING VERIFICATION" is not required if the applicant obtains a grading permit.

Planning

080 - Planning. 1

0080-Planning-USE - LIGHTING PLANS CT

Not Satisfied

Any proposed outdoor lighting must be shown on electrical plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety for plan check approval and shall comply with the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 and the Riverside County General Plan.

080 - Planning. 2 0080-Planning-USE - PINE FRONDS

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the developer/permit holder shall provide a pine frond design, consistent with the approved plot plan that covers all panel and microwave antennas. After reviewing the building plans, the Planning Department shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

080 - Planning. 3

0080-Planning-USE* - ELEVATIONS & MATERIALS

Not Satisfied

Building and structure elevations shall be in substantial conformance with that shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

Plan: PPW200007 Parcel: 462020051

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 4

0080-Planning-USE*- RVW BLDNG PLNS/SOCKS/BRN

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the Planning Department shall review the plan check approved building plans to insure that the branches for proposed monopine are spaced at three (3) branches per foot, all antennas have "socks", and the branches start 14 feet from the bottom of the tree in accordance with the APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 SUBMIT WQM

SUBMIT WQMP IF REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

This condition applies if a grading permit is not required.

An approved WQMP is required prior to any grading or building permit, if the development of the parcel meets or exceeds any of the thresholds for a WQMP. Submit the applicable WQMP applicability checklist, found on http://rcflood.org/npdes/, if your project proposes an auto repair shop, adding 5,000 sq.ft. of impervious area, or disturbing more than 1 acre. If a WQMP is required, submit a single file PDF on two CD/DVD copies to the Transportation Department for review and approval.

080 - Transportation. 2 UTILITY PLAN

Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 Kv within public right of way for this cell tower site shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on the site plan. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 1

0090-Planning-USE - MONO-PINE BRANCHES

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the developer/permit holder shall ensure that the mono-pine branches are designed and placed in such a manner that cover all of the antennas including the panel and microwave antennas. The Planning Department shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

090 - Planning. 2

0090-Planning-USE - SIGNAGE REQUIREMENT

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection of any building permit, the permit holder, developer or successor-in-interest shall install a sign no smaller than 12 inches by 12 inches upon an exterior wall or fence that surrounds the lease area that provides the following contact information: - Address of wireless communications facility and any internal site identification number or code; - Name(s) of company who operates the wireless communications facility; - Full company address, including mailing address and division name that will address problems; - Telephone number of wireless communications facility company. f a co-located facility (addition antennas and/or equipment shelters or cabinets) are added to an existing facility, an additional sign, including the above described information, shall be installed on said shelter or cabinet stating the name of the company who operates the primary wireless communications facility and the name of the company that operates the co-located facility.

Plan: PPW200007 Parcel: 462020051

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 3

0090-Planning-USE - UTILITIES UNDERGROUND

Not Satisfied

All utilities, except electrical lines rated 33 kV or greater, shall be installed underground. If the permittee provides to the Department of Building and Safety and the Planning Department a definitive statement from the utility provider refusing to allow underground installation of the utilities they provide, this condition shall be null and void with respect to that utility.

090 - Planning. 4

0090-Planning-USE - WALL & FENCE LOCATIONS

Not Satisfied

Wall locations shall be in conformance with APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

090 - Planning. 5

0090-Planning-USE*- SITE INSPECTION

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the Planning Department shall inspect and determine that the conditions of PPW200007 have been met; specifically that the branches for proposed monopine are spaced at three (3) branches per foot, all antennas have "socks", and the branches start 14 feet from the bottom of the tree in accordance with the APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1 UTILITY INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 Kv within public right of way for this cell tower site shall be underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department.

A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion.

090 - Transportation. 2 WQMP COMPLETION IF REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

If a WQMP is required, the project shall acceptably install all structural BMPs described in the Project Specific WQMP, provide an Engineer WQMP certification, GPS location of all BMPs, ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established, and for businesses registering BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Storm Water Compliance Program Section.

090 - Transportation. 3 WRCOG TUMF

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit, the project proponent shall pay the Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) in accordance with the fee schedule in effect at the time of issuance, pursuant to Ordinance No. 824.



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Agency Director

11/02/20, 9:35 am PPW200007

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for PPW200007. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees ("COUNTY") from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the project or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the project, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Hold Harmless (cont.)

records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Business Licensing

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office of the Building and Safety Department.

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Causes for Revocation

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit is found:

- (a) to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit; and/or,
- (b) to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony; and/or,
- (c) to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance,

then this permit shall be subject to revocation procedures.

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Ceased Operations

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this approval shall become null and void.

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S):

Exhibit A (Title Sheet, Site Plan), Sheet A-1, dated 07/28/2020.

Exhibit B (Elevations), Sheet A-3 through A-4, dated 07/28/2020.

Exhibit C (Lease Area/Antenna Plan and Antenna/ RRU Schedule), Sheet A-2, dated 07/28/2020

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State, & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES")
 - Clean Water Act

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State, & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- Migratory Bird Treaty Act ("MBTA")
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan ("WQMP") Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board ("RWQCB")
 - Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
 - Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
 - State Subdivision Map Act
 - Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
 - School District Impact Compliance
- Civil Code Section 815.3 & Government Code Sections 65040.2 et al SB 18 (Tribal Intergovernmental Consultation)
- Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Tribal Intergovernmental Consultation)
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 421 (Excavation Covering & Swimming Pool Safety) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements) {Land Use Entitlements}
- Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
 {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land) {for TTMs and TPMs}
 - Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards) (for TTMs and TPMs)
 - Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand) (Geographically based on soil type)
 - Ord. No. 555 (Surface Mining and Reclamation) {for SMPs}
 - Ord. No. 625 (Right to Farm) {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 630 (Regulating Dogs and Cats) (For kennels and catteries)
 - Ord. No. 716 (Abandoned, Neglected or Cruelly Treated Animals)
 - Ord. No. 771 (Controlling Potentially Dangerous & Dangerous Animals)
 - Ord. No. 878 (Regarding Noisy Animals)
 - Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution) (Geographically based)
 - Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees) {All case types}
 - Ord. No. 679 (Directional Signs for Subdivisions) (for TTMs and TPMs)
 - Ord. No. 742 (Fugitive Dust/PM10 Emissions in Coachella Valley) (Geographically based)
 - Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
 - Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing) {Land Use Entitlements}
- Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements) {Land Use Entitlements, and for TTMs and TPMs}
 - Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting) {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 916 (Cottage Food Operations)
 - Ord. No. 925 (Prohibiting Marijuana Cultivating)

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State, & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- Ord. No. 927 (Regulating Short Term Rentals)
- Ord. No. 928 (Clarifying County Prohibition on Mobile Marijuana Dispensaries and Deliveries)

4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances

- Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
- Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
- Ord. No. 673 Coachella Valley Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (CV TUMF)
- Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
- Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)
- Ord. No. 875 Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (CV MSHCP)

Advisory Notification. 7 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document ("AND") is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this project and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State, and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property, in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 8 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

PPW200007 Approves a new AT&T colocation on an existing 75-foot tall wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree, hereafter referred to as monopine. Ground-mounted equipment is installed within an existing equipment enclosure. Equipment includes one (1) 6'x6' steel Walk in Closet shelter on Helical Piers, one (1) 30Kw (190 gal.) Generac Diesel Generator, one (1) utility cabinets, one (1) GPS Antenna, one (1) FIF Racks, and one (1) DC Power Plant. Tower mounted equipment installed at 48 feet height centerline includes nine (9) 8' panel antennas (3 per sector), thirty-six (36) LTE RRUS at antenna level (12 per sector), one (1) 2' MW Antenna, and two (2) surge suppressors. The project is proposed within the development envelope of PP17566.

E Health

E Health. 1 ECP COMMENTS

If previously unidentified contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

Planning

Planning - Permit Expiration

This approved permit shall be used within eight (8) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void. The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning - Permit Expiration (cont.)

building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the eight (8) years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning - Review Fees

Any subsequent submittals required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan, or mitigation and monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

Planning. 3 Planning - Tower Tree Branches

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, the branch count shall be a minimum of three (3) branches per lineal foot of trunk height. Branches shall be randomly dispersed and of differing lengths to provide a natural appearance. Branches shall be applied, starting at a minimum of 10-feet from ground and extend to the top of the tower. For collocations on simulated telecommunication towers disguised as trees, collocation tower mounted equipment shall include antenna socks, foliage, and paint to match the existing disguising elements of the tower.

Planning. 4 Site Entitlements PP17566

All conditions of PP17566 shall apply to this approval unless superseded by PPW200007.

Planning. 5 Telcom – Backup Generator

If a backup generator will used in conjunction with the wireless communication facility, it is to only be used in the event of a power disruption and during maintenance checks. It is not be used during the course of regular operations. Any noise produced by the generator is required to comply with County noise standards.

Planning. 6 Telcom – Enclosure

Unless otherwise specifically noted on the approved plans, the telecommunication equipment enclosure shall be within the site's existing equipment enclosure.

Planning. 7 Telcom – Entitlement Life

Pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), a telecommunication facility shall have an initial approval period (life) of ten (10) years, which may be extended if a revised permit application is made and approved by the original approving officer or body. Such extensions, if approved, shall be in increments of ten (10) years. The determination as to the appropriateness of such extensions shall be

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 7

Telcom – Entitlement Life (cont.)

made, in part, on adherence to the original conditions of approval and the number of complaints, if any, received by the County. In the case of colocated facilities, the permits of all colocaters shall be automatically extended until the last colocaters permit expires. In the event that this ten (10) year maximum life span provision is removed from Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), this condition of approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 8

Telcom - Equipment Cabinets

Unless otherwise specifically noted on the approved plans, the telecommunication equipment cabinet shelter color shall be grey or earth-tone, in order to be more compatible with the surrounding setting.

Planning. 9

Telcom - Lighting

All outside lighting shall be hooded and directed into the telecommunication facility area, so as not to shine directly upon adjoining property or in the public rights-of-way.

Planning. 10

Telcom - No Proposed Use

The remainder of the subject property, (excluding the lease area and access easement), shall hereby be designated as "NO USE PROPOSED", and shall require approval of an appropriate land use application prior to utilization of any additional land uses.

Planning. 11

Telcom - Noise

Any noise produced by the telecommunication facility shall in no case exceed 45 dB inside the nearest dwelling and shall not exceed 60 dB at the project site's property line.

Planning. 12

Telcom - Signage

Prior to final inspection of any building permit, the permit holder, developer or successor-in-interest shall install a sign no smaller than 12 inches by 12 inches upon an exterior wall or fence that surrounds the lease area that provides the following contact information:

- Address of wireless communications facility and any internal site identification number or code;
- Name(s) of company who operates the wireless communications facility;
- · Full company address, including mailing address and division name that will address problems;
- Telephone number of the telecommunication facility company.

If a colocated facility (addition antennas and/or equipment shelters or cabinets) are added to an existing facility, an additional sign, including the above described information, shall be installed on said shelter or cabinet stating the name of the company who operates the primary wireless communications facility and the name of the company that operates the co-located facility.

Planning. 13

Telcom - Site Maintenance

The project site, specifically the collocation equipment proposed in this project, shall be kept in good

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 13 Telcom – Site Maintenance (cont.)

repair. Graffiti shall be removed from any structures within one week of observation and/or notification. The project site and a minimum area of 10-feet surrounding the project site shall be kept free of weeds and other obtrusive vegetation for fire prevention and aesthetic purposes. All branches, bark, and sock, material, pursuant to the original approval, shall be maintained and reapplied on an as-needed basis.

Planning. 14 Telcom – Tower Height

Pursuant to this plan, the telecommunication collocation tower shall not exceed the height of the existing 75' wireless communication facility.

Planning. 15 Telcom – Tower Tree Bark

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, bark shall be applied to the tower and extend the entire length of the pole (trunk), or the branch count shall be increased so that the pole is not visible. Installation of collocation equipment shall not interfere with this site requirement.

Planning. 16 Telcom – Tower Tree Branch Coverage

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, branches and foliage shall extend beyond every antenna array a minimum of two (2) feet horizontally and seven (7) feet vertically, in order to adequately camouflage the array, antennas and bracketry. In addition, all antennas, and supporting bracketry shall be wrapped in artificial foliage.

Planning. 17 Telcom – Transmission Interference

If the operation of this facility generates electronic interference with, or otherwise impairs the operation of Riverside County communication facilities, the applicant shall consult with Riverside County Information Technology ("RCIT") staff and implement acceptable mitigation measures, as approved by RCIT.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 Planning - Cultural - Human Remains

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

Planning-CUL. 2 Planning - Cultural - Unanticipated Resources

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit.

If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed:

All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 2 Planning - Cultural - Unanticipated Resources (cont.)

the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished.

- * A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other.
- ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 TRANS GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, it is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. This ordinance and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955 6527.

11/02/20 09:36

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 1

Plan: PPW200007 Parcel: 462020051

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 0050-EPD-MAPPING - NOT A PART

Not Satisfied

The project discussed in the "Findings of a Habitat Assessment AT&T Mobility, LLC Candidate CSL01867 (ATC Colo Tinkerbell) - PPW200007 31000-31098 Simpson Road, Winchester, Riverside County, California", prepared by Environmental Assessment Specials, Inc, dated revised January 27, 2020. In order to avoid Project-related impacts to the entire parcel "Not A Part" portion of APN 462-020-05, as shown in Figure 4 in the previously mentioned document, will be on all maps and exhibits, prior to a grading permit being issued.

060 - Planning-EPD. 2

0060-EPD-30-Day Burrowing Owl Preconstruction Survey

Not Satisfied

Pursuant to Objectives 6 & 7 of the Species Account for the Burrowing Owl included in the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP), within 30 days prior to the issuance of a grading permit, a pre-construction presence/absence survey for the burrowing owl shall be conducted by a qualified biologist who holds a Memorandum of Understanding with the County. The survey results shall be provided in writing to the Environmental Programs Division (EPD) of the Planning Department. If the grading permit is not obtained within 30 days of the survey, a new survey shall be required.

If it is determined that the project site is occupied by the Burrowing Owl, take of "active" nests shall be avoided pursuant to the MSHCP and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Burrowing Owl relocation shall only be allowed to take place outside of the burrowing owl nesting season (nesting season is March 1 through August 31) and is required to be performed by a qualified biologist familiar with relocation methods. The County Environmental Programs Department shall be consulted to determine appropriate type of relocation (active or passive) and potential translocation sites. Burrowing Owl Protection and Relocation Plans and Biological Monitoring Plans are required to be reviewed and approved by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.

060 - Planning-EPD. 3

0060-EPD-Nesting Bird Survey (MBTA)

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season. Nesting bird season is February 15st through August 31st. If habitat or structures that support nesting birds must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted.

The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit the project proponent must provide written proof to the Riverside County Planning Department, Environmental Programs Division (EPD) that a biologist who holds an MOU with the County of Riverside has been retained to carry out the required survey. Documentation submitted to prove compliance prior to grading permit issuance must at a minimum include the name and contact information for the Consulting Biologist and a signed statement from the Consulting Biologist confirming that they have been contracted by the applicant to conduct a Preconstruction Nesting Bird Survey. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a grading permit.

Prior to finalization of a grading permit or prior to issuance of any building permits the projects

Plan: PPW200007

Parcel: 462020051

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 3 0060-EPD-Nesting Bird Survey (MBTA) (cont.) Not Satisfied consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report to Environmental Programs Division (EPD) documenting the results of the pre-construction nesting bird survey.

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1

CONDITIONAL WQMP REQUIREMENT

Not Satisfied

An approved WQMP is required prior to any grading or building permit, if the development of the parcel meets or exceeds any of the thresholds for a WQMP. Submit the applicable WQMP applicability checklist, found on http://rcflood.org/npdes/, if your project proposes an auto repair shop, adding 5,000 sq.ft. of impervious area, or disturbing more than 1 acre. If a WQMP is required, submit a single file PDF on two CD/DVD copies to the Transportation Department for review and approval.

060 - Transportation. 2

SUBMIT GRADING PLANS

Not Satisfied

In addition to submitting grading plans to the Department of Building and Safety, the project proponent shall submit two sets of grading plans (24" x 36") to the Transportation Department for review and approval. If road right of way improvements are required, the project proponent shall submit street improvement plans for review and approval, open an IP account, and pay for all associated fees in order to clear this condition. The Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days. Approval is required prior to issuance of a grading permit.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade, 1

NO GRADING VERIFICATION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permits, the applicant shall comply with the County of Riverside Department of Building and Safety "NO GRADING VERIFICATION" requirements. The "NO GRADING VERIFICATION" is not required if the applicant obtains a grading permit.

Planning

080 - Planning, 1

0080-Planning-USE - LIGHTING PLANS CT

Not Satisfied

Any proposed outdoor lighting must be shown on electrical plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety for plan check approval and shall comply with the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 and the Riverside County General Plan.

080 - Planning. 2

0080-Planning-USE - PINE FRONDS

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the developer/permit holder shall provide a pine frond design, consistent with the approved plot plan that covers all panel and microwave antennas. After reviewing the building plans, the Planning Department shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

080 - Planning. 3

0080-Planning-USE* - ELEVATIONS & MATERIALS

Not Satisfied

Building and structure elevations shall be in substantial conformance with that shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

Plan: PPW200007 Parcel: 462020051

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 4

0080-Planning-USE*- RVW BLDNG PLNS/SOCKS/BRN

Prior to building permit issuance, the Planning Department shall review the plan check approved building plans to insure that the branches for proposed monopine are spaced at three (3) branches per foot, all antennas have "socks", and the branches start 14 feet from the bottom of the tree in accordance with the APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 SUBMIT WQMP IF REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

Not Satisfied

This condition applies if a grading permit is not required.

An approved WQMP is required prior to any grading or building permit, if the development of the parcel meets or exceeds any of the thresholds for a WQMP. Submit the applicable WQMP applicability checklist, found on http://rcflood.org/npdes/, if your project proposes an auto repair shop, adding 5,000 sq.ft. of impervious area, or disturbing more than 1 acre. If a WQMP is required, submit a single file PDF on two CD/DVD copies to the Transportation Department for review and approval.

080 - Transportation. 2 UTILITY PLAN

Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 Kv within public right of way for this cell tower site shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on the site plan. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 1

0090-Planning-USE - MONO-PINE BRANCHES

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the developer/permit holder shall ensure that the mono-pine branches are designed and placed in such a manner that cover all of the antennas including the panel and microwave antennas. The Planning Department shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

090 - Planning. 2

0090-Planning-USE - SIGNAGE REQUIREMENT

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection of any building permit, the permit holder, developer or successor-in-interest shall install a sign no smaller than 12 inches by 12 inches upon an exterior wall or fence that surrounds the lease area that provides the following contact information: - Address of wireless communications facility and any internal site identification number or code; - Name(s) of company who operates the wireless communications facility; - Full company address, including mailing address and division name that will address problems; - Telephone number of wireless communications facility company. f a co-located facility (addition antennas and/or equipment shelters or cabinets) are added to an existing facility, an additional sign, including the above described information, shall be installed on said shelter or cabinet stating the name of the company who operates the primary wireless communications facility and the name of the company that operates the co-located facility.

Plan: PPW200007 Parcel: 462020051

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 3

0090-Planning-USE - UTILITIES UNDERGROUND

Not Satisfied

All utilities, except electrical lines rated 33 kV or greater, shall be installed underground. If the permittee provides to the Department of Building and Safety and the Planning Department a definitive statement from the utility provider refusing to allow underground installation of the utilities they provide, this condition shall be null and void with respect to that utility.

090 - Planning. 4

0090-Planning-USE - WALL & FENCE LOCATIONS

Not Satisfied

Wall locations shall be in conformance with APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

090 - Planning. 5

0090-Planning-USE*- SITE INSPECTION

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the Planning Department shall inspect and determine that the conditions of PPW200007 have been met; specifically that the branches for proposed monopine are spaced at three (3) branches per foot, all antennas have "socks", and the branches start 14 feet from the bottom of the tree in accordance with the APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1 UTILITY INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 Kv within public right of way for this cell tower site shall be underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department.

A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion.

090 - Transportation. 2 WQMP COMPLETION IF REQUIRED

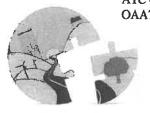
Not Satisfied

If a WQMP is required, the project shall acceptably install all structural BMPs described in the Project Specific WQMP, provide an Engineer WQMP certification, GPS location of all BMPs, ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established, and for businesses registering BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Storm Water Compliance Program Section.

090 - Transportation. 3 WRCOG TUMF

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit, the project proponent shall pay the Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) in accordance with the fee schedule in effect at the time of issuance, pursuant to Ordinance No. 824.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Steve Weiss, AICP Planning Director

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:				
PLOT PLAN PUBLIC USE F CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT TEMPORARY			☐ VARIANCE	
REVISED PERMIT Original Cas	ie No			
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE AC	<u>CEPTED,</u>			
APPLICATION INFORMATION				
Applicant Name: Smartlink on behal	f of AT&T			
Contact Person: Alisha Strash	eim	E-Mail:	alisha.strasheim@smartlinkllc.co	
Mailing Address: 3300 Irvine A	ve Suite 300			
Newport Beach	Street CA		92660	
City	State		ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: () <u>4</u>	40-0669	Fax No: ()	
Engineer/Representative Name: <u>CA</u>	SA Industries			
Contact Person: Julius Santiag	10	E-Mail:	jsantiago@casaind.com	
Mailing Address: 3300 Irvine A	ve Suite 300			
Newport Beach, CA 92660	Street CA		92807	
City	State		ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: (951)	40-0669	_ Fax No: (
Property Owner Name: Isaac Boland	os			
Contact Person:		E-Mail:		
Mailing Address: 16514 E Mur				
La Mirada	Street CA		90638	
City	State		ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: () _		Fax No: () ,	
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 9 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955	2502-1409	Palm Des	7-588 El Duna Court, Suite H ert, California 92211 77 · Fax (760) 863-7555	

"Planning Our Future Preserving Our Past"

Form 295-1010 (06/06/16)

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT
Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:
I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof.
(If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the use permit is ready for public hearing.)
Isaac Bolanos
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.
AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER
The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied.
PROPERTY INFORMATION:
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): 462-020-051
Approximate Gross Acresgo:

Grand Ave

____, South of

West of Memory Ln

General location (nearby or cross streets): North of Simpson Rd

East of Leon Rd

<u>APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT</u>

	JECT PRO)			
Desci	ribe the pro	oposed pr	oject. 			
AT&T	roposes	to colloc	ate on an exi	sting WTF and add cabinet equipment, 12 ante	ennas, 3	6 radios,
and	1 MW.					
land u	fy the appluse(s):			348 Section and Subsection reference(s) des	cribing ti	ne proposed
			EXISTING	G Buildings/Structures: Yes ☑ No □		
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories		Removed	Bldg. Permit No.
1	2782	65'	6	Wireless Telecommuncation Facility		BXX027417
2						BXX027416
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9		ļ				
10						
Place	check in t	he applica	able row, if bu	uilding or structure is proposed to be removed.		
			PPOPOSE	ED Buildings/Structures: Yes ☐ No 🗹		
	Square	Height	Stories			
No.*	Feet			Use/Function		
1						
2						
3						
4						
5 6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
				i.i		
			PROPOSE	D Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes 🗌 No 🗹		
No.*	Square Feet			Use/Function		
1						
3						
4						
5						
-						

Form 295-1010 (06/06/16)

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

6	
7	
8	
10	
	ch to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".
レ to id	check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) ntify them.) ed cases filed in conjunction with this application:
Are	nere previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes 🗹 No 🗌
If ye	, provide Application No(s). PP17566 (e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)
	(e.g. 1 entative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)
Initia	Study (EA) No. (if known) EIR No. (if applicable):
Have geol	any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, gical or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes \(\sqrt{\text{No}} \) No \(\sqrt{\text{No}} \)
If ye	, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies):
spec	project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within all use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes No
is th	an application for a development permit? Yes No
lf th Marg	project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa arita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.
	If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)
if an Forn	of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.
V S	anta Ana River/San Jacinto Valley
	anta Margarita River
	<u>/hitewater River</u>
Eorm '	05-1010 (06/06/16)

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT				
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:				
Name of Applicant:				
Address:				
Phone number:				
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code):				
Local Agency: County of Riverside				
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number:				
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code:				
Regulatory Identification number:				
Date of list:				
Applicant: Date				
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project				
to disclose whether:				
1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes \sum No \sum \text{\text{No}}				
2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes \(\sqrt{No} \sqrt{\sqrt{No}} \)				
I (we) certify that my (our) answers are true and correct.				
Owner/Authorized Agent (1) Date Date				
Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Slisha Strasheim Date6/15/2020				

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\295-1010 Land Use and Development Condensed Application.docx Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 06/06/2016

ATC 411719 OAA756418



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Director of Transportation and Land Management Agency

Patricia Romo Assistant Director, Transportation Department

RE COMDI ETED BY ADDI ICANT.

Steven A. Weiss Planning Director, Planning Department Mike Lara Building Official,

Building & Safety Department

Greg Flannery
Code Enforcement Official,
Code Enforcement Department

LAND USE and PERMIT APPLICATION PROCESSING AGREEMENT Agreement for Payment of Costs of Application Processing

TO DE COMPLETED BY APPLICA	· · ·	.1/ _	
This agreement is by and between th	e County of Riverside, hereafte	er "County of Riverside",	
Smartlink LLC	hereafter "Applicant" and _	300	" Property Owner".
Description of application/permit use:		191	
AT&T proposes to collocate on an exi	sting unmanned WTF with an e	quipment/area. 12 antenna	s, 36 radios, and 1 MW.

If your application is subject to Deposit-based Fee, the following applies

Section 1. Deposit-based Fees

Purpose: The Riverside County Board of Supervisors has adopted ordinances to collect "Deposit-based Fees" for the costs of reviewing certain applications for land use review and permits. The Applicant is required to deposit funds to initiate staff review of an application. The initial deposit may be supplemented by additional fees, based upon actual and projected labor costs for the permit. County departments draw against these deposited funds at the staff hourly rates adopted by the Board of Supervisors. The Applicant and Property Owner are responsible for any supplemental fees necessary to cover any costs which were not covered by the initial deposit.

Section 2. Applicant and Property Owner Responsibilities for Deposit-based Fee Applications

- A. Applicant agrees to make an initial deposit in the amount as indicated by County ordinance, at the time this Agreement is signed and submitted with a complete application to the County of Riverside. Applicant acknowledges that this is an initial deposit and additional funds may be needed to complete their case. The County of Riverside will not pay interest on deposits. Applicant understands that any delays in making a subsequent deposit from the date of written notice requesting such additional deposit by County of Riverside, may result in the stoppage of work.
- B. Within 15 days of the service by mail of the County of Riverside's written notice that the application permit deposit has been reduced to a balance of less than 20% of the initial deposit or that the deposit is otherwise insufficient to cover the expected costs to completion, the Applicant agrees to make an additional payment of an amount as determined by the County of Riverside to replenish the deposit. Please note that the processing of the application or permit may stop if the amount on deposit has been expended. The Applicant agrees to continue making such payments until the County of Riverside is reimbursed for all costs related to this application or permit. The County of Riverside is entitled to recover its costs, including attorney's fees, in collecting unpaid accounts that would have been drawn on the deposit were it not depleted.
- C. The Property Owner acknowledges that the Applicant is authorized to submit this agreement and related application(s) for land use review or permit on this property. The Property Owner also acknowledges that should the Applicant not reimburse the County of Riverside for all costs related to this application or permit, the Property Owner shall become immediately liable for these costs which shall be paid within 15 days of the service by mail of notice to said property Owner by the County.

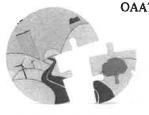
- D. This Agreement shall only be executed by an authorized representative of the Applicant and the Property Owner. The person(s) executing this Agreement represents that he/she has the express authority to enter into this agreement on behalf of the Applicant and/or Property Owner.
- E. This Agreement is not assignable without written consent by the County of Riverside. The County of Riverside will not consent to assignment of this Agreement until all outstanding costs have been paid by Applicant.
- F. Deposit statements, requests for deposits or refunds shall be directed to Applicant at the address identified in Section 4.

Section 3. To ensure quality service, Applicant is responsible to provide one-week written notice to the County of Riverside Transportation and Land Management Agency (TLMA) Permit Assistance Centers if any of the information below changes.

of the information below changes.

Section 4. Applicant and Owner Information

Assessors Parcel Number(s): 462-020-051	
Property Location or Address:	
3100 Simpson Rd, Winchester, CA	
2. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION: Property Owner Name: Isaac Bolanos: Firm Name: Address: 16514 E MUrphy Road La Mirada, CA 90638	Phone No.:Email: alisha.strasheim@smartlinkllc.com
3. APPLICANT INFORMATION:	
Applicant Name: Smartlink on behalf of AT&T	Phone No.: 951-440-0669
Firm Name: Smartlink on behalf of AT&T	Email: alisha.strasheim@smartlinkllc.com
Address (if different from property owner) 3300 Irvine Ave Suite 300	
Newport Beach, CA 92660	
4. SIGNATURES: Signature of Applicant: Print Name and Title: Alisha Strasheim from Smart	
Signature of Applicant: Print Name and Title: Alisha Strasheim from Smart Signature of Property Owner:	Date: 6-11-20
Signature of Applicant: Aliska Strasher	Date: 6-11-20
Signature of Applicant: Print Name and Title: Alisha Strasheim from Smart Signature of Property Owner: Print Name and Title: Signature of the County of Bivarida by	Date: 6-11-20
Signature of Applicant: Print Name and Title: Alisha Strasheim from Smart Signature of Property Owner: Print Name and Title: Signature of the County of Piverside by	Date: 6-11-20
Signature of Applicant: Print Name and Title: Alisha Strasheim from Smart Signature of Property Owner: Print Name and Title: Signature of the County of Riverside, by	Date:Date:



RIVERSIDE COUNTY

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

Isaac Bolanos

PRINTED NAME of Property Owner(s)

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

6-11-20

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION

• If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

ONLY FOR WIRELESS PROJECTS (SEE BELOW)

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

4080 Lemon St. Riverside, CA 92502-1409

This is a public notice that the proposed application referenced below has been filed with the Riverside County Planning Department and will be considered for approval subject to certain conditions.

PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 200007 – Except from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) – Applicant: Smartlink, LLC. c/o Alisha Strasheim – Third Supervisorial District – Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan: Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) – Location: Northerly of Simpson Road, easterly of Leon Road, westerly of Memory Lane, and southerly of Grand Avenue – 9.96 acres – Zoning: One-Family Dwellings (R-1). An AT&T Collocation on an existing 63 foot-tall wireless communication facility disguised as a monopine. Ground-mounted equipment proposed within the existing equipment lease area include one (1) 6' by 6' steel shelter on helical piers, one (1) 20kw Generac Diesel Generator, one (1) H-Frame, one (1) Utility Cabinet, and one (1) DC Power Plant. Tower-mounted equipment proposed at 48-feet centerline height of the existing monopine include nine (9) panel antennas, 15 LTE RRU, one (1) MW Antenna, two (2) DC-9 Surge Suppressors, and three (3) DC Power Plant. The proposed collocation does not modify the height, disguising elements, or square footage of the existing equipment lease area. APN: 462-020-051.

The case file for the proposed project is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment or request a public hearing on the proposed project may submit their request or comments in writing to the Planning Department at the address listed above **no later than 5:00 p.m. on November 16, 2020**.

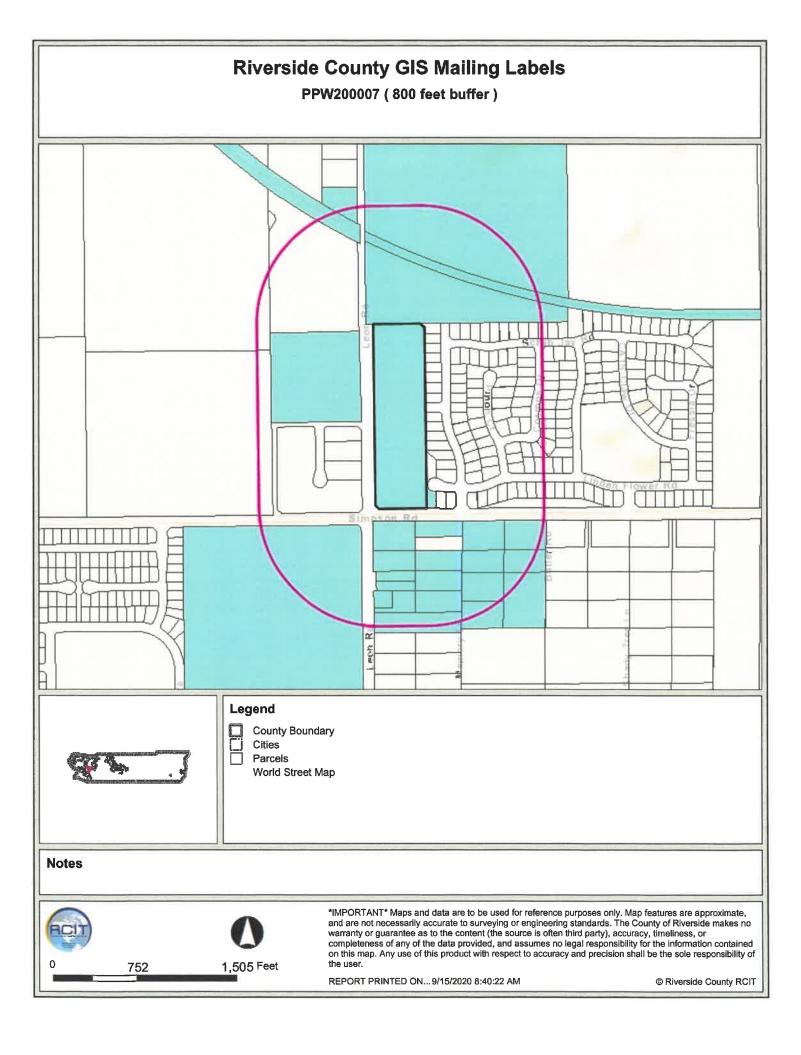
NO PUBLIC HEARING WILL BE HELD ON THE APPLICATION UNLESS YOU REQUEST A HEARING IN WRITING PRIOR TO THE AFOREMENTIONED DATE. The decision of the Planning Director is considered final unless an appeal is filed by you or another interested party within 10 days of the approval date. If a public hearing is scheduled before the Planning Director, a separate notice will be published and mailed to interested parties.

For further information regarding this project, please contact Rob Gonzalez at (951) 955-9549 or email at rgonzalez@rivco.org.

All comments received, and any prepared responses to comments, will be submitted to the appropriate official, and will be considered, before making a decision on the proposed project. The official may take action on the project any time after November 16, 2020. A copy of the final decision will be mailed to anyone requesting such notification.

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I,VINNIE NGUYEN certify that on September 15, 2020,
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS,
APN (s) or case numbers PPW200007 for
Company or Individual's Name
Distance buffered 800'
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department.
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all other
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 25
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum of
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundaries
based upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identified
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names and
mailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-site
improvement/alignment.
I further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
understand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of the
application.
TITLE: GIS Analyst
ADDRESS: 4080 Lemon Street 9 TH Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
TELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a.m. – 5 p.m.): (951) 955-8158



462030024 JEFFREY ALAN DUER 28640 LEON RD WINCHESTER CA 92596 462030030 MARGIE A. NEWMAN 28561 MEMORY LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

462020006 CRAIG D. WALLACE 1110 RIVER ROCK DR FOLSOM CA 95630 462030027 GILBERTO R. CORVERA 28620 LEON RD WINCHESTER CA 92596

462030028 GILBERT CABARUVIAS 7329 EL TOMASO WAY BUENA PARK CA 90620 462030053 SAMUAL TODD OLSON 5865 LAKE MURRAY BLVD LA MESA CA 91942

462030060 MITCHELL R. COLLINS 31093 SIMPSON RD WINCHESTER CA 92596 461140036 SSR INV CO 1930 ALPHA AVE SOUTH PASADENA CA 91030

461140025 EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DIST P O BOX 8300 PERRIS CA 92572 462030054 JOE M. SERRANO 622 WOODLAND PKY SAN MARCOS CA 92069

462030073 RAFAEL GOMEZ 31203 SIMPSON RD WINCHESTER CA 92596 461140027 RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION P O BOX 12008 RIVERSIDE CA 92502

461150006 RANCHOS PROP 3660 WILSHIRE BLVD NO 108 LOS ANGELES CA 90010 462030031 QUAIL INDUSTRIES 22477 BEAR CREEK DR MURRIETA CA 92562 462190001 WATERMARKE HOMES 1505 S D ST STE 200 SAN BERNARDINO CA 92408

462030026 SHERMAN L. REYNOLDS 28630 LEON RD WINCHESTER CA 92596 462030048 RUTH J. DENHAM 28580 LEON RD WINCHESTER CA 92596

462030074 F T FAMILY REVOCABLE LIVING TRUST 28595 BUTLER RD WINCHESTER CA 92596 462020051 ISAAC BOLANOS 16514 MURPHY RD LA MIRADA CA 90638

462030049 DEVIN ARTHUR ARMSTRONG 28590 LEON RD WINCHESTER CA 92596 462030057 GREEN LORENE F REVOCABLE TRUST DATED 3826 W 157TH ST LAWNDALE CA 90260

462030058 MARIA DE LOS A GONZALEZ 28640 MEMORY LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 462020026 RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION PO BOX 12008 RIVERSIDE CA 92502

462020039 LANSING STONE STAR 12671 HIGH BLUFF STE 150 SAN DIEGO CA 92130 462030025 BANK OF AMERICA 28621 MEMORY LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

462030033 SUH FRANK KOON & CHONG CHA SUH REV LIV 29237 MORAGA ST MENIFEE CA 92584 462030042 ADAM GHULOUM 44604 RISTOW CT TEMECULA CA 92592 Smartlink, LLC. C/O Alisha Strasheim 3300 Irvine Avenue, Suite 300 Newport Beach, CA 92660 RE: PPW200007 - Applicant

Isaac Bolanos 16514 Murphy Road La Mirada, CA 90638 RE: PPW200007 - Owner

Casa Industries
C/O Julius Santiago
10650 Reagan Street
Los Alamitos, CA 90720
PE: PPW/200007 - Peprose

RE: PPW200007 - Representative

Kirkland West Habitat Defense Council PO Box 7821 Laguna Niguel, Ca, 92607-7821

Richard Drury Komalpreet Toor Lozeau Drury, LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION **TO:** Office of Planning and Research (OPR) FROM: Riverside County Planning Department P.O. Box 3044 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor ☐ 38686 El Cerrito Road Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 □ County of Riverside County Clerk P. O. Box 1409 Palm Desert, CA 92201 Riverside, CA 92502-1409 Project Title/Case No.: PPW200007 Project Location: APN: 462-020-051 Project Description: PLOT PLAN NO. 200007 (PPW200007) proposes a new AT&T colocation on an existing 75-foot tall wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree, hereafter referred to as monopine. Ground-mounted equipment is installed within an existing equipment enclosure. Equipment includes one (1) 6'x6' steel Walk in Closet shelter on Helical Piers, one (1) 30Kw (190 gal.) Generac Diesel Generator, one (1) utility cabinets, one (1) GPS Antenna, one (1) FIF Racks, and one (1) DC Power Plant. Tower mounted equipment installed at 48 feet height centerline includes nine (9) 8' panel antennas (3 per sector), thirty-six (36) LTE RRUS at antenna level (12 per sector), one (1) 2' MW Antenna, and two (2) surge suppressors. The project is proposed within the development envelope of PP17566. Name of Public Agency Approving Project: Riverside County Planning Department Project Applicant & Address: Smartlink, LLC. 3300 Irvine Avenue, Unit #300, Newport CA 92660 Exempt Status: (Check one) Categorical Exemption (Sec. 15303) Ministerial (Sec. 21080 (b) (1); 15268) Declared Emergency (Sec. 21080 (b) (3): 15269(a)) Statutory Exemption (Emergency Project (Sec. 21080 (b) (4): 15269 (b) (c)) Other: Reasons why project is exempt: The project is exempt from further environmental review per Categorical Exemption Section 15303 (d) which recognizes New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures. A project is exempt pursuant to Section 15303 if it consists of the installation of small new equipment and facilities on small structures. Examples of this exemption include but are not limited to Water main, sewage, electrical, gas, and other utility extensions, including street improvements, of a reasonable length to serve such construction. None of the environmental conditions or development impacts noted under Section 15300.2 would occur on this site. County Contact Person Phone Number Signature Title Date Date Received for Filing and Posting at OPR: Please charge deposit fee case#: ZEA No. XXXXX ZCFG No. XXXX - County Clerk Posting Fee FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY

Revised: 09/22/2020: Y:\Planning Master Forms\Templates\CEQA Forms\Form_NOE.docx



Project Planner:

APN(s):

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT EXTENSION OF TIME REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

1.3

Interim Planning Director

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

Kathleen Mitchell

461-160-044

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The applicant of the subject case has requested an extension of time to allow for the recordation of the final map to subdivide ten (10) Gross Acres into 72 single family residential lots with lot sizes ranging from 3,600 to 8,190 square feet, and two (2) water quality basin lots. The location of the tentative tract map was originally approved in Specific Plan No. 293 for a school site. On April 4, 2007, Hemet Unified School District provided a letter to the applicant indicating their intent to abandon their interest in using the property as a school site. The applicant thus moved forward with a Tentative Tract Map in place of the school site as allowed under Specific Plan No. 293.

The Project is located in the Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan and the Highway 79 Policy Area. The Project site is located north of Domenigoni Parkway, east of La Ventana Road, south of Winchester Hill Drive, and west of Leon Road.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

<u>APPROVAL</u> of the SECOND EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 36288, extending the expiration date to November 7, 2023, subject to all the previously approved and amended Conditions of Approval, with the applicant's consent.

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

Tentative Tract Map No. 36288 was originally approved at Planning Commission on November 7, 2012. The Notice of Decision of the Planning Commission action was received and filed by the Board of Supervisors on December 11, 2012.

The First Extension of Time was approved at Planning Commission on February 7, 2018. The Second Extension of Time was received October 23, 2020, ahead of the expiration date of ahead of the expiration date of November 7, 2020.

The County Planning Department, as part of the review of this Extension of Time request, recommends the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval, in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety, and welfare of the public. The applicant was informed of these recommended conditions and agreed to accept them January 3, 2018 during the preparation of their First Extension of Time. With the approval and inclusion of these conditions on the First Extension of Time, no additional conditions are necessary for the Second Extension of Time.

Unless specifically requested by the applicant, this Extension of Time request will not be discussed at the time it is presented to the Planning Commission as a consent calendar item.

Riverside County Map Extensions

Pursuant to County of Riverside Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), tentative tract and parcel maps have an initial life-span approval of 3-years. In addition, a maximum of 5, 1-year extensions may be approved, upon a timely filed extension request, allowing for a total tentative map life-span approval of 8-years. On September 12, 2017, the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to Ordinance 460,

replacing the extension time frames to allow for 2, 3-year extensions, for a total tentative map life-span of 9-years.

The total number of years a map may be extended is 6 years. The first extension granted 3 years, and this second extension will utilize the remaining 3 years available to extend this tentative map after approval.

Therefore, upon an approval action by the Planning Commission, subsequent receive and file action by the Board of Supervisors, and the conclusion of the 10-day appeal period, the tentative map's expiration date will become November 7, 2023.

State Bills

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 116 (AB116): On July 11, 2013, AB116 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension of existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension for approved tentative maps that were approved on or after January 1, 2000, and had not expired on or before July 11, 2013. AB116 extended the tentative map's expiration date to November 7, 2017.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The subject case has conformed to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and all impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. No changes to the approved map are proposed and as a result, no new environmental documentation is required prior to an Extension of Time approval.

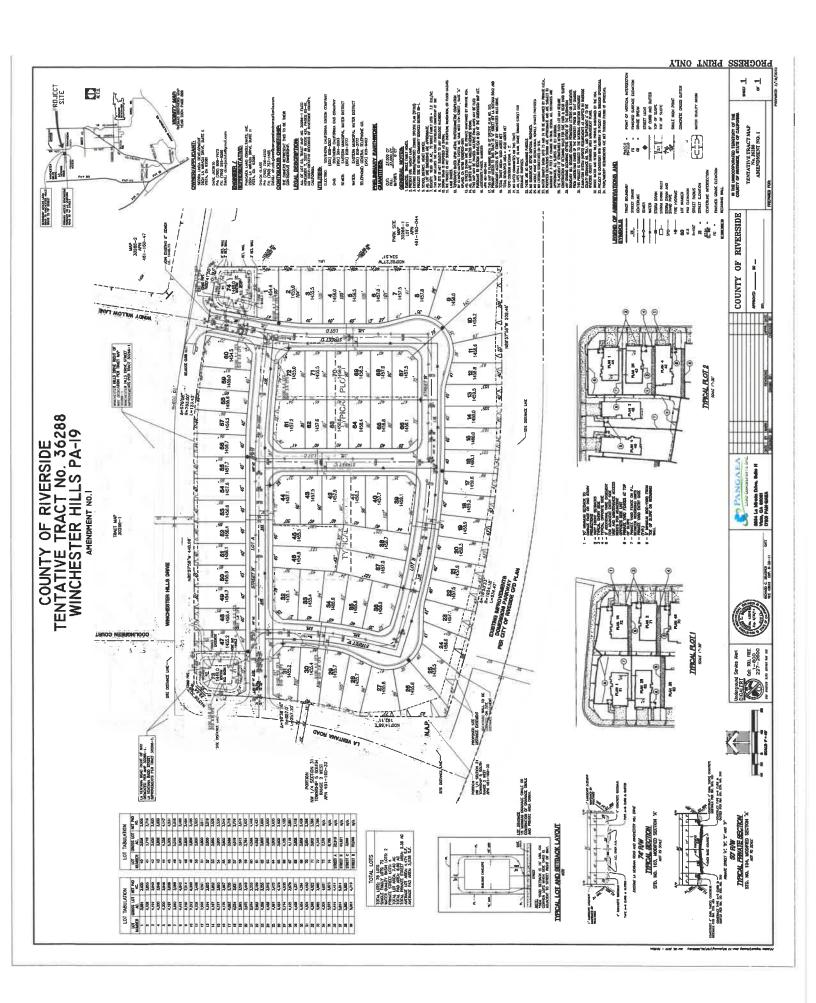
FINDINGS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Extension of Time Findings

- This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 2. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Zoning Code) and Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 3. No changes to the approved map are proposed in conjunction with this Extension of Time. All impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.





Extension of Time Environmental Determination

Project Case Number: TR36288
Original E.A. Number: <u>EA42327</u>
Extension of Time No.: 2 nd Extension of Time
Original Approval Date: November 7, 2012
Project Location: <u>North of Domenigoni Parkway, east of La Ventana Road, south of Winchester Hill</u> <u>Drive, and west of Leon Road</u>
Project Description: TR36288 is a Schedule "A" subdivision of ten (10) Gross Acres into 72 single family residential lots ranging in size from 3,600 to 8,190 square feet, and two (2) water quality basin lots.
On <u>November 7, 2012</u> , this Tentative Tract Map and its original environmental assessment/environmental impact report was reviewed to determine: 1) whether any significant or potentially significant changes in the original proposal have occurred; 2) whether its environmental conditions or circumstances affecting the proposed development have changed. As a result of this evaluation, the following determination has been made:
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and the project's original conditions of approval.
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and there are one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and revisions to the project's original conditions of approval which have been made and agreed to by the project proponent.
I find that there are one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, which the project's original conditions of approval may not address, and for which additional required mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval cannot be determined at this time. Therefore, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT/INITIAL STUDY IS REQUIRED in order to determine what additional mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval, if any, may be needed, and whether or not at least one of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 (necessitating a Supplemental or Subsequent E.I.R.) exist. Additionally, the environmental assessment/initial study shall be used to determine WHETHER OR NOT THE EXTENSION OF TIME SHOULD BE RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL.
I find that the original project was determined to be exempt from CEQA, and the proposed project will not have a significant effect on the environment, therefore NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME.
Signature:

Kathleen Mitchell, Urban Planner II

For John Hildebrand, Interim Planning Director



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT EXTENSION OF TIME REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

PR	OP	O	SEC	PR	0.	JECT
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Case Number(s): TR32372E03 Applicant: Richland Communities Inc.

Area Plan: Lakeview/Nuevo c/o Craig Cristina

Zoning Area/District: Nuevo Area Representative(s):

Supervisorial District: Fifth District

Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell

APN #'s: 30707003, -004, -005 307080003, -004, -005,

-006, 30709000, -002, -004, -005, -006,

307100001, -003, -004, 307110003, -007, -008,

307220001, 307230017, -019, -020

John Hildebrand

Interim Planning Director

Van Dell & Associates Inc.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The applicant of the subject case has requested an extension of time to allow for the recordation of the final map to subdivide 305.80 gross acres into 803 single family residential lots with a minimum lot size of 5,000 square feet. The project is being proposed within Planning Areas 4, 5, 13, 16, 22, and 26 of Specific Plan No. 239 (Stoneridge) as modified by Specific Plan Substantial Conformance Number 1. The project proposes two potential school sites within the Val-Verde Unified School District, one 17.8 acre community sports park and one 21.2 acre open space parcel to be maintained by CSA146A, and 8 open-space trails/ landscape parcels totaling 18.3 acres to be maintained by the Home Owners Association.

The Project is located in the Lakeview/Nuevo Area Plan and the Nuevo Zoning Area. The Project site is located north of E Nuevo Road and south of Ramona Expressway.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

the war who have should be the

APPROVAL of the THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32372. extending the expiration date to December 13, 2022, subject to all the previously approved and amended Conditions of Approval with the applicant's consent.

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PROJECT LOCATION MAP

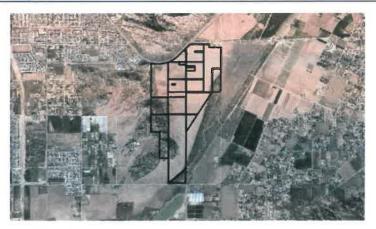


Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

Tentative Tract Map No. 32372 was originally approved at Planning Commission on December 13, 2006. The Notice of Decision of the Planning Commission action was received and filed by the Board of Supervisors on March 13, 2007.

The First Extension of Time for Tentative Tract Map No. 32372 was approved at Planning Commission on January 18, 2017, and extended the map to December 13, 2017. The Second Extension of Time was approved at Planning Commission on November 1, 2017, and extended the map to December 13, 2020. The Third Extension of Time was received on October 15, 2020 ahead of the expiration date, December 13, 2020. This extension of time will be for 2 years, and will extend the recordation period to the end of the 6-year extension-of-time life-span. The Applicant and the County negotiated conditions of approval and reached consensus on November 5, 2020.

The County Planning Department, as part of the review of this Extension of Time request, recommends the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval, in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety, and welfare of the public. The applicant was informed of these recommended conditions and has agreed to accept them. Included in this staff report package are the recommended conditions of approval, and the correspondence from the Extension of Time applicant (November 5, 2020) indicating the acceptance of the seven (7) recommended conditions.

Unless specifically requested by the applicant, this Extension of Time request will not be discussed at the time it is presented to the Planning Commission as a consent calendar item.

Therefore, upon an approval action by the Planning Commission, subsequent receive and file action by the Board of Supervisors, and the conclusion of the 10-day appeal period, the tentative map's expiration date will become December 13, 2022. This extension of time will extend the recordation period to the end of the available extension-of-time life-span.

Riverside County Map Extensions

Pursuant to County of Riverside Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), tentative tract and parcel maps have an initial life-span approval of 3-years. In addition, a maximum of 5, 1-year extensions may be approved, upon a timely filed extension request, allowing for a total tentative map life-span approval of 8-years. On September 12, 2017, the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to Ordinance 460, replacing the extension time frames to allow for 2, 3-year extensions, for a total tentative map life-span of 9-years.

State Bills

EFFECT OF Senate Bill No. 1185 (SB1185): On July 15, 2008, SB1185 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension of existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 12 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2008 and January 1, 2011. SB1185 extended the tentative map's expiration date to December 13, 2010.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 333 (AB333): On July 15, 2009, AB333 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension of existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2009 and January 1, 2012. AB333 extended the tentative map's expiration date to December 13, 2012.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 208 (AB208): On July 13, 2011, AB208 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension of existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 13, 2011 and January 1, 2014. AB208 extended the tentative map's expiration date to December 13, 2014.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 116 (AB116): On July 11, 2013, AB116 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension of existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension for approved tentative maps that were approved on or after January 1, 2000, and had not expired on or before July 11, 2013. AB116 extended the tentative map's expiration date to December 13, 2016.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The subject case has conformed to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and all impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. No changes to the approved map are proposed and as a result, no new environmental documentation is required prior to an Extension of Time approval.

FINDINGS

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In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Extension of Time Findings

- 1. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 2. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Zoning Code) and Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 3. No changes to the approved map are proposed in conjunction with this Extension of Time. All impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

3rd EOT for TR32372

Vicinity Map





IMPORTANT Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user.

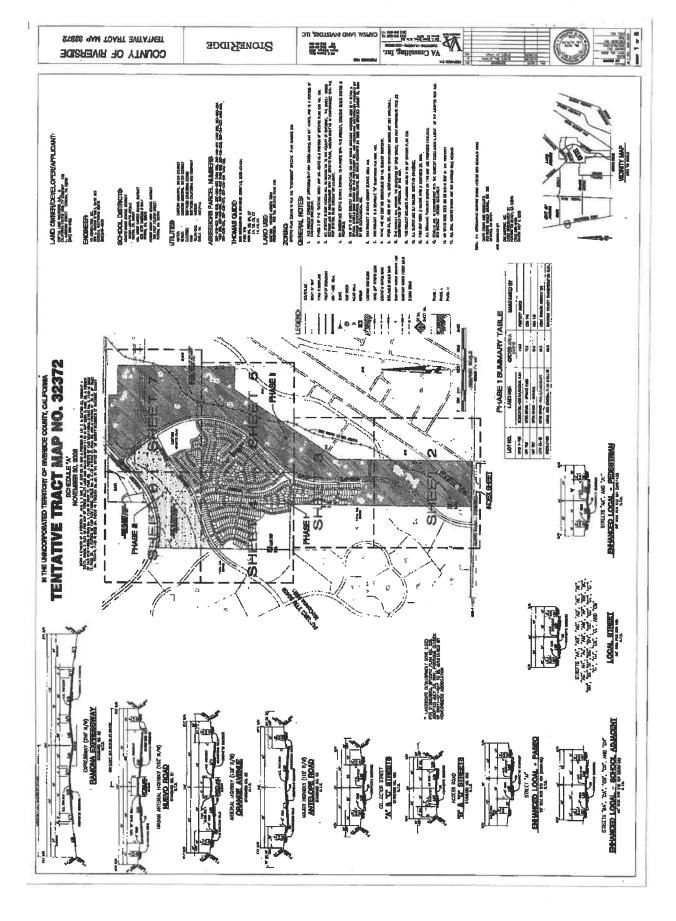
© Riverside County RCIT GIS



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12/03/20 15:15

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 1

Plan: TR32372E03

Parcel: 307070003

50. Prior To Map Recordation

E Health

050 - E Health. 1

(50) E Health- EOT3 - REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, provide the following documents to the Riverside County Environmental Health Department:

- 1. Provide current documentation from the appropriate purveyor(s) for the establishment of water and/or sewer service for this project.
- 2. Provide documentation from an approved waste hauler in regards to solid waste service. Please call (951)955-8980 for additional details.
- 3. Provide written clearance from DEH Environmental Cleanup Programs. Please note that an Environmental Site Assessment, Phase 1 study may be required at their discretion. For further information, please contact (951) 955-8982.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 1

(50) Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

Additionally, prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall ensure that BMP facilities are placed in dedicated easements and that sufficient legal access to the BMPs are provided. This requirement is for both onsite and offsite property.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1

(60) BS-Grade- EOT3 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the owner / applicant shall obtain a BMP (Best Management Practices) Permit for the monitoring of the erosion and sediment control BMPs for the site. The Department of Building and Safety will conduct NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) inspections of the site based on Risk Level to verify compliance with the Construction General Permit, Storm water ordinances and regulations until completion of the construction activities, permanent stabilization of the site and permit final.

Grading and construction sites of "ONE" acre or larger required to develop a STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) - the owner/applicant shall submit the SWPPP to the Building and Safety Department Environmental Compliance Division for review and approval prior to issuance of a grading permit.

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the approved project - specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) and ensure that all approved water quality treatment control BMPs have been included on

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Page 2

Plan: TR32372E03 Parcel: 307070003

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1

(60) BS-Grade- EOT3 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP (cont.)

Not Satisfied

the grading plan.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1

(60) Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING

Not Satisfied

This condition would apply when grading occurs before map recordation. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1

(80) Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

Not Satisfied

The project shall begin constructing and installing the BMP facilities described in the approved Final WQMP. The project shall be responsible for performing all activities described in the WQMP and that copies of the approved Final WQMP are available for the future owners/occupants.

A maintenance plan and signed maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation

Department for review and approval prior to issuance of occupancy permits. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance. The maintenance plan shall require that all BMP facilities are inspected, if required, cleaned no later than October 15 each year.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1

(90) BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall comply with the following:

- 1. Obtain inspection of all treatment control BMPs and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. All structural BMPs described in the project specific WQMP and indicated on the approved grading plan shall be constructed and installed in conformance with the approved plans and specifications.
- 2. The applicant/owner shall submit a "Wet Signed" copy of the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs have been installed in accordance with the approved WQMP:

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 3

Plan: TR32372E03

Parcel: 307070003

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1

(90) BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 3. The applicant/owner shall provide the Department of Building Safety with GPS coordinates for the location of the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs.
- 4. The applicant/owner shall register the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs with the Department of Building Safety Business Registration Division. Any person or entity that owns or operates a commercial and/or industrial facility shall register such facility for annual inspections.

5. The applicant shall make payment to the Building and Safety Department for the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Annual Inspection.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1

(90) Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the applicant will be required to hand out educational materials regarding water quality, provide a engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, and ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established. Additionally, the applicant will be required to register BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Registration Division.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Mitchell, Kathleen

From: Brian Hardy <bhardy@richlandcommunities.com>

Sent: Thursday, November 5, 2020 8:55 AM **To:** Mitchell, Kathleen; Samantha Kuhns

Subject: RE: THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 32372

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

These are acceptable.

Brian Hardy

Vice President - Land Entitlement

Email: bhardy@richlandcommunities.com

Cell: 949.698.2191



From: Mitchell, Kathleen < KMitchell@Rivco.org> Sent: Tuesday, November 3, 2020 4:40 PM

To: Brian Hardy

Samantha Kuhns <skuhns@richlandcommunities.com>

Subject: RE: THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 32372.

Attn:

Richland Communities c/o Brian Hardy & Samantha Kuhns 3161 Michelson Dr. Irvine, CA, 92612

RE: THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 32372

Good morning,

I am contacting you in regard to your Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 32372. The County Planning Department has determined it necessary to recommend the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety and welfare of the public.

Please review the proposed conditions of approval attached in this correspondence. If these conditions are acceptable, then please submit a short written letter/memo/email that clearly references this case, the acceptance of each condition by name and number, and clearly state that you, the Extension of Time Applicant, accept these conditions. This documentation will then be included in the staff report package. The attached document is a copy of the recommended conditions which are identified as follows:

50. REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

50. FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

60. REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

60. FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING

80. WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

90. WQMP REQUIRED

90. WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

If the addition of the conditions is not acceptable, please notify me so we can discuss your concerns. If the issue cannot be resolved, then I will direct you to contact the individual Department representative to discuss this matter further.

Once the conditions have been accepted, I will begin preparing the staff report package for the Planning Commission Hearing as a Consent Item. County Ordinance requires that conditions added thru the extension of time process are presented to and accepted by the applicant. If you, the EOT applicant, is unable to accept these conditions, the Planning Department will recommend denial of this extension of time request. An opportunity will, if requested, be provided for arguments to be made to the hearing body justifying why this request should be approved without the recommended conditions of approval.

I am eager to move this case forward and continue the extension of time process. If you have not contacted me within thirty (30) days, I will begin preparing this case with a recommendation of denial. I need one of two items to proceed:

- 1) Correspondence from you, the EOT applicant, accepting the recommended conditions per the directions provided above; or,
- 2) Correspondence from you, the EOT applicant, advising me of the concerns with the recommended conditions. If the concern still exists after our discussion, then direction on how to approach the issue will be given and additional time will be provided until the issue is resolved.

If you have any questions, comments, or concerns regarding this email, please feel free to contact me as indicated below.

Best, Kathleen Mitchell

Kathleen Mitchell

TLMA-Planning ~ Urban Planner II

Email: kmitchell@rivco.org
Phone: 951-955-6836



Confidentiality Disclaimer

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County of Riverside California

Extension of Time Environmental Determination

Project Case Number: TR32372					
Original E.A. Number: EA39713					
Extension of Time No.: 3 rd Extension of Time					
Original Approval Date: December 13, 2006					
Project Location: North of E Nuevo Road, South of Ramona Expressway					
Project Description: <u>Tract Map No. 32372 is a Schedule "A" subdivision of 305.80 gross acres into 803 single family residential lots.</u> The project is being proposed within Planning Areas 4, 5, 13, 16, 22 and 26 of Specific Plan No. 239 (Stoneridge) as modified by Specific Plan Substantial Conformance Number 1. The project proposes two potential school sites within the Val-Verde Unified School District, one 17.8 acre community sports park and one 21.2 acre open space parcel to be maintained by CSA146A, and 8 open-space trails/ landscape parcels totaling 18.3 acres to be maintained by the Home Owners Association.					
On <u>December 13, 2006</u> , this Tentative Tract Map and its original environmental assessment/environmental impact report was reviewed to determine: 1) whether any significant or potentially significant changes in the original proposal have occurred; 2) whether its environmental conditions or circumstances affecting the proposed development have changed. As a result of this evaluation, the following determination has been made:					
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and the project's original conditions of approval.					
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and there are one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and revisions to the project's original conditions of approval which have been made and agreed to by the project proponent.					
I find that there are one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, which the project's original conditions of approval may not address, and for which additional required mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval cannot be determined at this time. Therefore, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT/INITIAL STUDY IS REQUIRED in order to determine what additional mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval, if any, may be needed, and whether or not at least one of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 (necessitating a Supplemental or Subsequent E.I.R.) exist. Additionally, the environmental assessment/initial study shall be used to determine WHETHER OR NOT THE EXTENSION OF TIME SHOULD BE RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL.					
I find that the original project was determined to be exempt from CEQA, and the proposed project will not have a significant effect on the environment, therefore NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME.					
Signature: Date: 12/3/20					

John Hildebrand, Interim Planning Director



PROPOSED PROJECT

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

1.5

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

Case Number(s):	PP25693	Applicant(s):
CEQA Exempt	Section 15303	Verizon Wireless
Area Plan:	Southwest	Representative(s):
Zoning Area/District:	Rancho California Area	Brett Smirl

Coming Area/District. Rancho Camornia Area Breit Sir

Supervisorial District: Third District

Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez

Project APN(s): 476-030-001

John Hildebrand

Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 (PP25693) is a request by Verizon Wireless to construct a new unmanned disguised 50-foot mono-pine Wireless Communication Facility consisting of twelve (12) panel antennas at 41 feet centerline height, nine (9) RRUs antennas, and two (2) parabolic antennas with a 440 square foot lease area enclosed by a 9-foot block perimeter wall.

The project site is located east of Winchester Road and west of Pourroy Road.

The above is hereinafter referred to as "The Project" or "Project."

A notice of the Planning Director's approval was mailed to property owners within 600 feet of the project site and was published in the Press Enterprise Newspaper on starting on November 11, 2020. The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no action by the Planning Commissions required unless, within ten days after the notice appears on the Planning Commission agenda, the applicant or an interested person files an appeal, accompanied by the fee set forth in Ordinance No. 671, or unless the Planning Commission assumes jurisdiction by ordering the matter set for public hearing

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

RECEIVE AND FILE the Notice of Decision for the above referenced case acted on by the Planning Director on December 7, 2020.

The Planning Department Recommended APPROVAL; and, THE PLANNING DIRECTOR:

<u>FIND</u> that the project is **EXEMPT** from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) based on the findings and conclusions in the staff report; and,

File No(s). PP25693 Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020 Page 2 of 2

<u>APPROVE</u> PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 (PP25693), subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document and Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions incorporated in the staff report.



DIRECTOR'S HEARING REPORT OF ACTIONS DECEMBER 7, 2020

1.0 CONSENT CALENDAR:

1.1 ADOPTION OF THE REVISED 2020 DIRECTOR'S HEARING CALENDAR – Changing the December 14, 2020 meeting location from the Desert to Riverside.

ADOPTED the Revised 2020 Director's Hearing Calendar.

1.2 FIRST EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 36564 - Applicant: TSG Cherry Valley, LP c/o Brian Rupp - Engineer: Albert A Webb Associates c/o Halev Franco & Nicole Torstvet - Fifth Supervisorial District - Cherry Valley Zoning District- The Pass Area Plan - Community Development: Light Industrial (CD-LI) - Public Facility (PF) - Open Space: Recreation (OS-R) - Cherry Valley Gateway Policy Area -Location: Northerly of Cherry Valley Boulevard, easterly of Interstate 10, and westerly of Vineland Street - 230 Gross Acres -Zoning: Industrial Park (I-P) - Controlled Development (W-2) -Approved Project Description: The Tentative Parcel Map proposes a Schedule "E" subdivision of 229 acres into four (4) parcels. including two (2) industrial buildings on approximately 140.23 acres and approximately 84.8 acres to remain as natural open space -**REQUEST:** First Extension of Time Request for Tentative Parcel Map No. 36564, extending the expiration date to October 17, 2023. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.

CONTINUED to January 11, 2021.

- 2.0 HEARINGS CONTINUED ITEMS 1:30 p.m. or as soon as possible thereafter:
 NONE
- 3.0 HEARINGS NEW ITEMS 1:30 p.m. or as soon as possible thereafter:
- 3.1 PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Structures) -Applicant: Verizon Wireless Small Engineer/Representative: Spectrum Services, Inc. - Owner: Valley Wide Recreation & Park District - Third Supervisorial District -Rancho California Zoning Area - Southwest Area Plan - Land Use Designation: Open Space: Conservation (OS-C) - Open Space: Recreation (OS-R) - Location: Southeasterly of Winchester Road, southwesterly of Abelia Street, and westerly of Wintersweet Lane - Zoning: Winchester Specific Plan No. 286, Planning Area 10A/11/16 - REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 25963 proposes the construction and operation of a new, unmanned wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree (monopine) consisting of a 50-foot-tall tower, 12 panel antennas at the 41-foot height, two (2) parabolic antennas, nine (9) remote radio units, two (2) tower mounted junction boxes, five (5) outdoor equipment cabinets, three (3) GPS antennas, one 15kW stand-by generator, and two (2) 50KVA transformers within a 440 sq. ft. lease area. Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez at (951) 955-9549 or email at rgonzalez@rivco.org.
- **4.0** SCOPING SESSION: 1:30 p.m. or soon as possible thereafter: NONE
- 5.0 PUBLIC COMMENTS:

Staff Report Recommendation:

FIND the project exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); and,

APPROVE Plot Plan No. 25693, subject to the conditions of approval.

Staff's Recommendation:

FIND the project exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); and,

<u>APPROVE</u> Plot Plan No. 25693, subject to the conditions of approval.

Planning Director's Actions:

<u>FOUND</u> the project exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); and,

APPROVED Plot Plan No. 25693, subject to the conditions of approval.



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

3.1

Director's Hearing: December 7, 2020

PROPOSED PR	OJECT
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Case Number(s): PP25693

CEQA Exempt Section 15303

Area Plan: Southwest

Zoning Area/District: Rancho California Area

Supervisorial District: Third District

Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez

Project APN(s): 476-030-001

Applicant(s):

Verizon Wireless

Representative(s):

Brett Smirl

John Hildebrand

Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 (PP25693) is a request by Verizon Wireless to construct a new unmanned disguised 50-foot mono-pine Wireless Communication Facility consisting of twelve (12) panel antennas at 41 feet centerline height, nine (9) RRUs antennas, and two (2) parabolic antennas with a 440 square foot lease area enclosed by a 9-foot block perimeter wall.

The project site is located east of Winchester Road and west of Pourroy Road.

The above is hereinafter referred to as "The Project" or "Project."

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING DIRECTOR TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

FIND that the project is **EXEMPT** from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) based on the findings and conclusions in the staff report; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 (PP25693), subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document and Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions incorporated in the staff report.

PROJECT DATA		
Winchester 1800 (SP 286), Planning Area 16A		
Open Space: Recreation (OS: R)		

Existing General Plan Land Use Designation: Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation: Policy / Overlay Area: N/A Surrounding General Plan Land Uses North: Copen Space: Conservation (OS:C) East: Medium High Density Residential (MHDR) South: Open Space: Recreation (OS:R) Medium Density Residential (MDR) Existing Zoning Classification: Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel Single family residential Single Family Residential Vacant Parcel, Single family residential		_
Policy / Overlay Area: N/A Surrounding General Plan Land Uses North: Open Space: Conservation (OS:C) East: Medium High Density Residential (MHDR) South: Open Space: Recreation (OS:R) West: Medium Density Residential (MDR) Existing Zoning Classifications Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:	Open Space: Recreation (OS: R)
Surrounding General Plan Land Uses North: Open Space: Conservation (OS:C) East: Medium High Density Residential (MHDR) South: Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) West: Medium Density Residential (MDR) Existing Zoning Classification: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Pl	Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation:	N/A
North: Open Space: Conservation (OS:C) East: Medium High Density Residential (MHDR) South: Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) West: Medium Density Residential (MDR) Existing Zoning Classification: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning	Policy / Overlay Area:	N/A
East: Medium High Density Residential (MHDR) South: Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) West: Medium Density Residential (MDR) Existing Zoning Classification: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Areas 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	Surrounding General Plan Land Uses	
South: Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) West: Medium Density Residential (MDR) Existing Zoning Classification: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Areas 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential Single Family Residential	North:	Open Space: Conservation (OS:C)
West: Medium Density Residential (MDR) Existing Zoning Classification: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Areas 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning A	East:	Medium High Density Residential (MHDR)
Existing Zoning Classification: Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 16A Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Areas 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Plan	South:	Open Space: Recreation (OS: R)
Surrounding Zoning Classifications North: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Areas 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	West:	Medium Density Residential (MDR)
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Areas 2C and 9, General Commercial (C-1/C-P) East: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10A South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	Surrounding Zoning Classifications	
South: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 10B West: Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	North:	
Area 10B Specific Plan (SP 286 - Winchester 1800), Planning Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	East:	
West: Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family Dwellings (R-1) Existing Use: Abelia Sports Park Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	South:	
Surrounding Uses North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	West:	Area 2C, Rural Residential (R-R), One-Family
North: Vacant Parcel East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	Existing Use:	Abelia Sports Park
East: Single family residential South: Single Family Residential	Surrounding Uses	
South: Single Family Residential	North:	Vacant Parcel
	East:	Single family residential
West: Vacant Parcel, Single family residential	South:	Single Family Residential
	West:	Vacant Parcel, Single family residential

Project Site Details:

Item	Value	Min. /Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	16.25	N/A
Proposed Lease Area (SQFT):	440	N/A
Structure Height (FT):	50	50

Parking:

Type of Use	Building Area (in SF)	Parking Ratio	Spaces Required	Spaces Provided
Temporary	440	1:1	1	1
TOTAL:			1	1

Located Within:

City's Sphere of Influence:	Yes – City of Temecula
Community Service Area ("CSA"):	No
Special Flood Hazard Zone:	Yes – Warm Springs Creek
Agricultural Preserve:	No
Liquefaction Area:	Yes – Low/Moderate
Subsidence Area:	Yes – Susceptible
Fault Zone:	No
Fire Zone:	No
Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone:	Yes – Zone B, 22.45 miles away from Palomar
WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell:	Yes - Cell Number 5275 & 5376
CVMSHCP Conservation Boundary:	No
Stephens Kangaroo Rat ("SKR") Fee Area:	Yes – In within an SKR Fee Area
Airport Influence Area ("AlA"):	No

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

On October 21, 2014, the applicant, Verizon Wireless, submitted Plot Plan No. 25693, proposing the construction of a wireless communication facility disguised as a natural pine tree. The project was reviewed by the Development Advisory Committee and has received all departmental clearances. No colocation at alternative locations are available in the area and the site was selected since it is the best location to address the lapse in coverage in the area.

Landscaping

The project includes a conceptual landscaping and irrigation plan. The project includes landscaping around the perimeter of the leased area. The landscaping matches and augments the natural landscaping of the area. The perimeter of the facility includes Hopseed Bushes and a 48" box Afghan Pine. The Afghan Pine typically grows to a 40-foot height when fully matured and will enhance the disguising effect for the wireless facility.

Sphere Of Influence / Comment Letters

The project site is located within the City of Temecula's Sphere of Influence. The project was provided to the City of Temecula for review and comment. No comments from the City of Temecula or others were received either in favor or opposition of the project at the time of writing of this staff report.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The project is categorically exempt pursuant to Section 15303 (d) (New Construction or Conversion of Structures) of CEQA Guidelines which recognizes exemptions for the construction or installation of small new equipment and facilities on small structures. Examples of the exemption include but are not limited to: (d) water main, sewage, electrical, gas, and other utility extensions, including street improvements, of a reasonable length to service such construction. The project qualifies for this provision since it provides a telecommunication utility to area residents and businesses.

In addition, the project qualifies for the Class 3 exemption since none of the conditions noted in Section 15300.2 occur on the site. Staff has reviewed the project and determined that it will not result in a significant cumulative impact; would not have a significant effect on the environment due to an unusual circumstance; would not cause a significant substantial adverse change to a historical resource; is not located within a hazardous site or location; it will not store or generate hazardous waste; and will not cause harm to scenic resources within a highway officially designated as a state scenic highway. Further information regarding cumulative impacts and significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances are discussed below:

- 1. The project will not result in a cumulative impact since the facility will be located within a park that includes open spaces and landscaped areas. The facility is disguised to match the look of a natural pine tree. The existing pine trees surrounding the project site assist in blending and concealing, therefore minimizing aesthetic impacts.
- 2. The project qualifies for the Class 3 exemption since it would not have a significant effect on the environment due to an unusual circumstance. Although the project site is located within an area that is susceptible to soil subsidence and low to moderate liquefaction, the site's condition would not qualify as an unusual circumstance. The County of Riverside regulates the effects of soils and

geological constraints primarily through the enforcement of the California Building Code (CDC), which requires the implementation of engineering solutions for constraints to development posed by subsidence. The project has received an approved geologic report (GEO200025) to address

geotechnical soil concerns.

Additionally, the project is located within a WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell and has been reviewed to confirm that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment due to the circumstance. The project has been reviewed by the Western Riverside County Regional Conservation Authority (RCA) and has concluded a Joint Project Review. RCA has concluded that the project is consistent with both the criteria cell requirements, other plan requirements, and MSHCP requirements. Additionally, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the California Department of Fish and Wildlife have reviewed the case and concurred as well. The project has received an approved review from the Habitat Assessment & Negotiation Strategy (HAN180001), and A Planning Biological Report (PDB06202).

FINDINGS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Land Use Findings:

- 1. The project site has a General Plan Foundational Component of Rural and a Land Use Designation of Open Space-Recreation (OS-R). The property's General Plan Designation identifies those areas appropriate for the preservation of open space for recreation such as parks, trails, camp grounds, athletic fields, golf courses, and off-road vehicle parks. The project site is surrounded by properties which are designated Open Space Conservation to the north and west, Medium High Density Residential to the south and east. The proposed Project is consistent with the General Plan, as wireless communication facilities are allowed to support and provide communication infrastructure to residential, commercial, and agricultural areas.
- 2. The project site is within a Specific Plan Zoning Classification which is govern by the Winchester Specific Plan 1800 #286, Area Plan 16A. The permitted uses and development standards for the Planning Area are the same as those identified in Article VIIIe (R-5 Zone, Open Area Combining Zone Residential Developments), except where modified by Specific Plan No. 286. The proposed project is located within a residential zone and the use is permitted by zone. A Planning Director's hearing is required for the approval of the Plot Plan. Staff has reviewed the project and has determined that the project is compliant with the applicable development standards within County of Riverside Ord. 348.

Entitlement Findings:

Findings for a recommendation to grant a Plot Plan permit for a Disguised Wireless Telecommunication facility shall include the following, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Zoning Ordinance 348 (Land Use):

The facility is designed and sited so that it is minimally visually intrusive. The proposed use, a
disguised wireless communication facility has been designed to look like a mature pine tree
(monopine). The proposed disguising elements provide sufficient coverage to screen the towermounted equipment. The ground mounted equipment is screened with a 9-foot block wall and

perimeter landscaping to minimize the visual impact of the facility. The project is further disguised by the incorporation of neutral earth tones.

- 2. Supporting equipment is located entirely within an equipment enclosure that is architecturally compatible with the surrounding area or is screened from view. The disguised wireless communication facility's 9-foot-high block wall with chain-link security cage and fabric cover is appropriate for enclosing the lease area and meets the Countywide Standard Design Guidelines.
- 3. The application has met the processing requirements set forth in this article. The project has provided all items required by the Department of Information Technology; a site plan drawn to scale; a conceptual landscaping plan; a propagation diagram showing the network coverage within one mile of the site; photo simulations of the site; a letter stating whether or not FAA clearance is required; a list of all towers owned by the applicant located within the County; and a geotechnical report
- 4. The application has met the location and development standards set forth the Article 19.404C of the Riverside County Zoning ordinance. The facility is minimally visually intrusive, the supporting equipment is located entirely within an equipment enclosure that is architecturally compatible with the surrounding area and screened from view, and the application has met the applicable location and development standards.
- 5. The applicant has submitted a fully executed copy of the lease or other agreement entered into with the owner of the underlying property. The lease or other agreement includes a provision indicating that the telecommunication service provider, or its successors and assigns, shall remove the wireless communication facility completely upon its abandonment. The lease or other agreement also includes a provision notifying the property owner that if the telecommunication service provider does not completely remove a facility upon its abandonment, the County may remove the facility at the property owner's expense and lien the property for the cost of such removal. The applicant has provided a fully executed copy of the lease or other agreement entered into with the owner of the underlying property.

Development Standards for Wireless Communication Facilities:

The proposed project is consistent with the development standards of Article XIXg of Ordinance No. 348, in particular the development standards of Section 19.410 as listed below:

- A. Area Disturbance. Disturbance to the natural landscape shall be minimized. Disturbed areas shall be remediated immediately after construction. Remediation techniques may vary depending on the site. The project is compliant with this provision since it has been conditioned to minimize disturbance to the natural landscaping. Conditions of Approval have been applied to require remediation immediately after construction.
- B. Fencing and Walls. All wireless communication facilities shall be enclosed with a decorative block wall, wrought iron fence, or other screening option at a maximum height of six (6) feet as deemed appropriate by the Planning Director. Such fencing/walls shall conform to the Countywide Design Standards and Guidelines. The disguised wireless communication facilities and supporting equipment are located entirely within an enclosed 440-square-foot lease area with a 9-foot-high block wall with a chain-link security cage and fabric cover.

- C. **Height Limitations.** Disguised wireless communication facilities in non-residential zone classifications shall not exceed seventy (70) feet. The disguised wireless communication facility is located on a parcel within the Winchester Specific Plan, No. 286, Planning Area 16. Pursuant to the Specific Plan, the Planning Area has a zoning classification equivalent to the Open Area Combining Zone-Residential Developments (R-5) Zoning Classification, and, within this Zone, a disguised wireless communication facility may have a maximum height of 50-feet. This proposed disguised monopine is 50-feet in height, meeting this requirement.
- D. Impacts. All wireless communication facilities shall be sited so as to minimize adverse impacts to the surrounding community and biological resources. This project complies with this provision due to the limited project footprint. The project has received clearances from the Environmental Programs Division (Biology) and has been conditioned to minimize adverse impacts to the surrounding community and biological resources. The facility, as proposed, will not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance, and is consistent with the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP), per the approval of HAN180001. The project will be minimally intrusive to the surroundings.
- E. Landscaping. All wireless communication facilities shall have landscaping around the perimeter of the leased area and shall match and/or augment the natural landscaping in the area. Wireless communication facilities constructed to look like trees shall have other similar tree species planted adjacent to and/or around the facility to enhance the concealing effect. If landscaping is deemed necessary in native habitats, only native plant species shall be used in order to avoid introduction of exotic invasive species. All landscaping shall be irrigated unless a water source is unavailable within the parcel on which the facility is located. If a water source is not available, indigenous plants shall be used and manually watered until established. The proposed project incorporates a conceptual landscaping and irrigation plan that includes a 48" Box Afghan Pine, and Hopseed Bushes at the perimeter of the lease area. The landscaping and perimeter wall, screen the lease agreement and further adds to the disguising of the project. Conditions of approval are applied to the project requiring that the landscaping be maintained throughout the life of the permit
- F. Lighting. Outside lighting is prohibited unless required by the FAA or the California Building Code, including the appendix and standards adopted by the California Building Standards Commission. All towers that require a warning light to comply with FAA regulations shall use the minimum amount possible. Any security lighting shall meet the requirements of Ordinance No. 655. Any lighting system installed shall also be shielded to the greatest extent possible so as to minimize the negative impact of such lighting on adjacent properties and so as not to create a nuisance for surrounding property owners or a wildlife attractant. This disguised wireless communication facility has 3 types of lighting proposed, mounted on the block wall, controlled by a timer that will meet the requirements for shielding.
- G. **Noise.** All noise produced by wireless communication facilities shall be minimized and in no case shall noise produced exceed 45 decibels inside the nearest dwelling and 60 decibels at the property line. A standard condition of approval has been added to ensure that all noise produced by the disguised wireless communication facility will not exceed 45 decibels inside the nearest dwelling and 60 decibels at the property line. The nearest habitable dwelling is approximately 310 feet away.
- H. **Parking.** Temporary parking for service vehicles may be permitted on site. No off-site parking shall be allowed for any service vehicle. Paving for the parking shall be required, where appropriate,

and may not be removed without proper mitigation. No vehicles may remain parked overnight, with the exception of technicians working at the site during the night. If a new wireless communication facility is placed on existing parking spaces required by the use currently on site, the parking spaces shall be replaced so that the current use has the necessary parking required by County Ordinance No. 348. If such replacement of spaces is not feasible, a variance may be requested. Temporary parking for service vehicles will be permitted on site. The project location is in an open grass field. Additional paving for the parking shall not be required, for there is an existing paved pathway for foot/vehicle access and open grass areas around the disguised wireless communication facility for temporary vehicle parking with access from Winchester Road and Abelia Street.

- 1. Paved Access. All wireless communication facilities located within residential developments containing lots 18,000 square feet or smaller shall be accessed via a paved road. All wireless communication facilities within residential developments containing lots larger than 18,000 square feet shall be accessed via an all-weather surface. Regarding access via a paved road, the site contains an existing asphalt (all-weather) walkway from Winchester Road. This walkway will be temporarily widened to a 20-foot wide unpaved path for non-exclusive vehicular access.
- J. Power and Communication Lines. No above-ground power or communication lines shall be extended to the site, unless an applicant demonstrates that undergrounding such lines would result in substantial environmental impacts or a letter is received from the power company indicating it is unable to underground the wires. All underground utilities shall be installed in a manner to minimize disturbance of existing vegetation and wildlife habitats during construction. Removal of underground equipment upon the abandonment of a facility is not recommended unless leaving the equipment underground would pose a threat to health, safety or sensitive resources. All power and communication lines for the disguised wireless communication facility are proposed to be underground.
- K. Roof-Mounted Facilities. Wireless communication facilities mounted on a roof shall be less than ten feet above the roofline. This provision does not apply to the project since there are no proposed roof-mounted facilities.
- L. Sensitive View-shed. Wireless communication facilities proposed on ridgelines and other sensitive viewsheds, as defined in Ordinance No. 348, shall be concealed and sited so that the top of the facility is below the ridgeline as viewed from any direction. The wireless communication facility is not proposed on a ridgeline and other sensitive Viewshed, as defined in Ordinance No. 348. Therefore the project is compliant with provision 19.410.L of County of Riverside Ordinance No. 348.
- M. Setbacks. Disguised wireless communication facilities in or adjacent to non-residential zone classifications shall be setback from habitable dwellings a distance equal to one hundred and twenty-five (125) percent of the facility height. Disguised wireless communication facilities in or adjacent to residential zone classifications shall be setback from habitable dwellings a distance equal to two hundred (200) percent of the facility height or shall be setback from residential property lines a distance equal to one hundred (100) percent of the facility height, whichever is greater. The disguised wireless communication facility is setback approximately 310 feet from the nearest habitable dwelling. The disguised wireless communication facility needs to be set back a distance equal to 200% of the height of the facility. With the height of the facility being 50 feet; the distance would need to be equal to 100 feet from a habitual dwelling. The monopine exceeds the required setback distance by 210 feet.

- N. Support Facilities. Freestanding equipment enclosures shall be constructed to look like adjacent structures or facilities typically found in the area and shall adhere to the Countywide Design Standards and Guidelines, where appropriate. Where there are no structures in the immediate vicinity, equipment closures shall blend with existing naturally occurring elements of the viewing background shall be screened from view by landscaping, fencing/walls or other methods. Equipment enclosures shall not exceed thirteen (13) feet in height. The disguised wireless communication facilities supporting equipment is compliant to this provision by incorporating a neutral earth tone colors that blend with natural view elements (beiges, greens, and browns) of the surrounding area. No structures are in the immediate facilities therefore support facilities have been designed to blend with the existing naturally occurring elements. These design features adhere to the Countywide Design Standards and Guidelines.
- O. **Treatment**. Wireless communication facilities shall be given a surface treatment similar to surrounding architecture and all finishes shall be light tan and shall match the surrounding environment. Project plans demonstrate how the project will incorporate surface treatments similar to the surrounding architecture and environment. Conditions have been applied to the project to require compliance with this provision.

Requirements for Plot Plan Approval:

The proposed project is consistent with the required findings noted in Article XVIII of Ordinance No. 348. Section 18.30.C establishes required findings for all Plot Plan approvals.

- 1. The proposed use conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. The proposed project is within the Open Space-Recreation (OS-R) land use district which permits a variety of active and passive recreational uses such as parks, trails, camp grounds, and athletic fields. Wireless Communication Facilities conform with the requirements of the General Plan since they promote communication infrastructure to adjacent residential and commercial uses. Wireless Towers are also allowed within the Specific Plan (SP 286 Winchester 1800 #286), Planning Area 16A, and meets all requirements outlined in County of Riverside Ordinance No. 348, Article XIXg, Wireless Communication Facilities. Conditions of approval are applied to require compliance with all applicable state laws and ordinances of Riverside County.
 - 2. The overall development of the land is designed for the protection of the public health, safety and general welfare and to conform to the logical development of the surrounding properties. The proposed wireless communication facility has received clearances and applicable conditions of approval from the Development Advisory Committee. Additionally, owners 600 feet from the project site will receive a project notice prior to finalizing the project and may raise public health, safety and general welfare concerns. Owners may address concerns during the public hearing for the proposed project. Implementation of the proposed Project will not impact the surrounding area in terms of a substantial increase in traffic or noise since the Project would not increase these above existing conditions. The Project site is adequately served by Winchester Road and Abelia Street. A 12-foot non-exclusive vehicular path of access is demonstrated on plans showing how a service vehicle will access the wireless facility. Incorporation of conditions of approval in regards location of fire hydrants and portable fire extinguishers will provide compliance with the California Building Code. Furthermore, through compliance with the California Building Code and Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 the project will not negatively affect the public health, safety, or welfare
 - That plan for the proposed use shall consider the location and need for dedication and improvement of necessary streets and sidewalks, including the avoidance of traffic congestion; and shall take

into account topographical and drainage conditions, including the need for dedication and improvements of necessary structures as a part thereof. The Development Advisory Committee reviewed the project and confirmed that no additional dedication and improvements are necessary to avoid traffic congestion. It is expected that the facility will specifically generate traffic by vehicles servicing the facility on a semi-weekly basis, therefore no additional dedications and improvements are required. The Development Advisory Committee also determined that no additional dedication and improvements are necessary due to the topography and drainage conditions of the site. Additionally, the project has received the approval of County Geological Report No. 200025 (GEO200025) and has received conditions to address for the geotechnical conditions of the site.

4. All plot plans which permit the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. The project has been conditioned to be compliant with Ordinance No. 460.

Other Findings:

- 1. This project site is located within Criteria Cell No. 5275 & 5376 for the WRMSHCP (Western Riverside County Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan). HAN180001 was reviewed and approved for the project. The Riverside Conservation Agency and the Wildlife Agencies have completed their reviews and have determined that the project is consistent with the MSHCP.
- 2. This project is within the City of Temecula sphere of influence. This project was provided to City of Temecula for review and comment. No comments were received either in favor or opposition of the project.
- 3. The project site is not located within an Airport Influence Area ("AIA") boundary and is therefore not subject to the Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") review.
- 4. The project site is located within Zone B of the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary, as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The project is required to comply with all lighting standards specified within Ordinance No. 655, pursuant to Zone B.
- 5. The project site is located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan ("SKRHCP").

Fire Findings:

 The Project site is not located within Fire Hazard Zone or within a Cal Fire State Responsibility Area (SRA). However, compliance with State and County Ordinances and standard conditions of approval in regards to emergency access, fire flow, fire hydrants and building materials will aid in the protection of people and property from the potential hazards of fire.

Conclusion:

For the reasons discussed above, the proposed project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. Moreover, the proposed project would not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community.

File No(s). PP25693 Directors Hearing Staff Report: December 7, 2020 Page 11 of 11

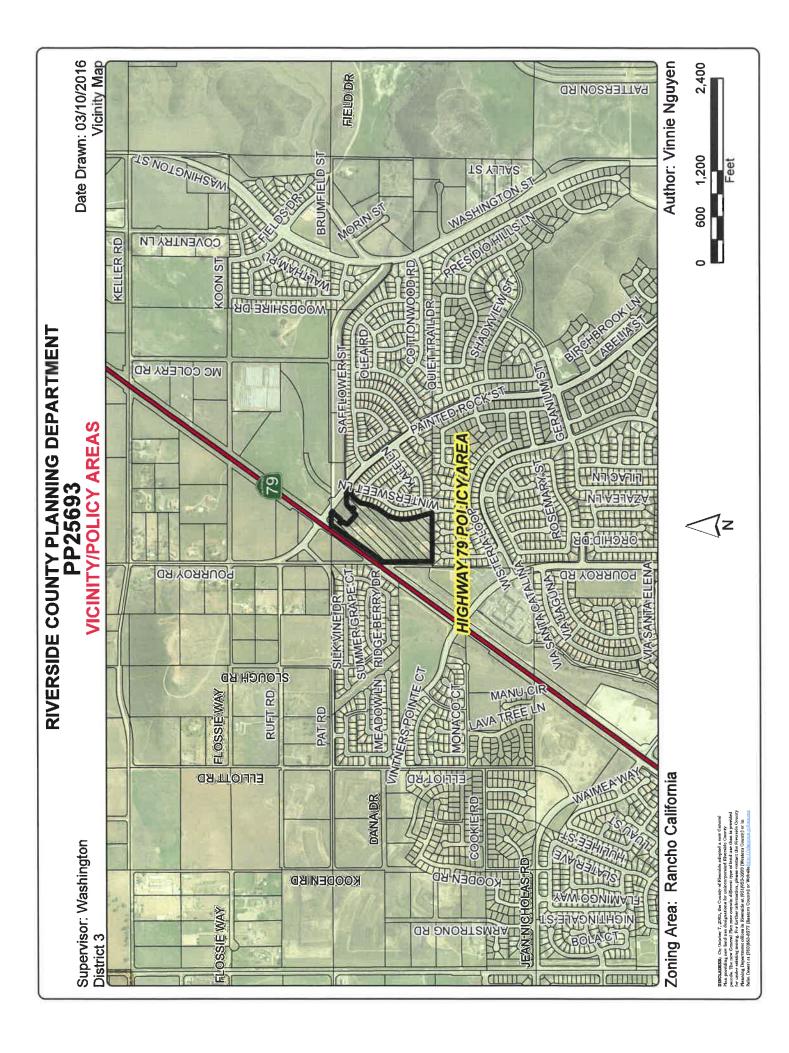
PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND OUTREACH

Public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 600 feet of the proposed project site. As of the writing of this report Planning Staff has/has not received written communication/phone calls from property owners who indicated support/opposition to the proposed project.

APPEAL INFORMATION

The Director's Hearing decision may be appealed to the Planning Commission. Such appeals shall be submitted in writing to the Clerk of the Board, with the required fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (Consolidated Fees for Land Use and Related Functions), within 10 days after the mailing of the Planning Director's decision.

Template Revision: 11/04/20



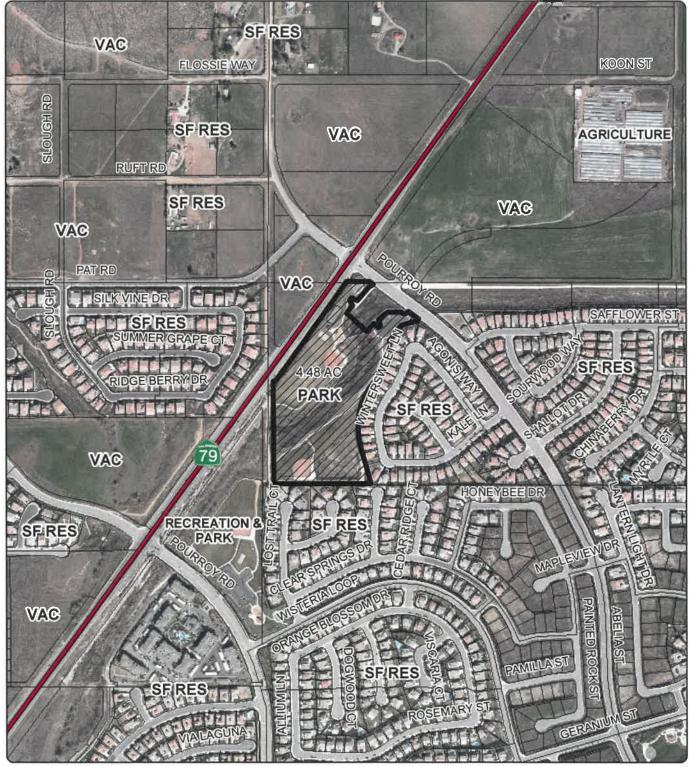
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PP25693

Supervisor: Washington District 3

LAND USE

Date Drawn: 03/10/2016

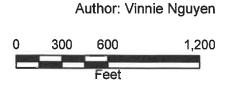
Exhibit 1

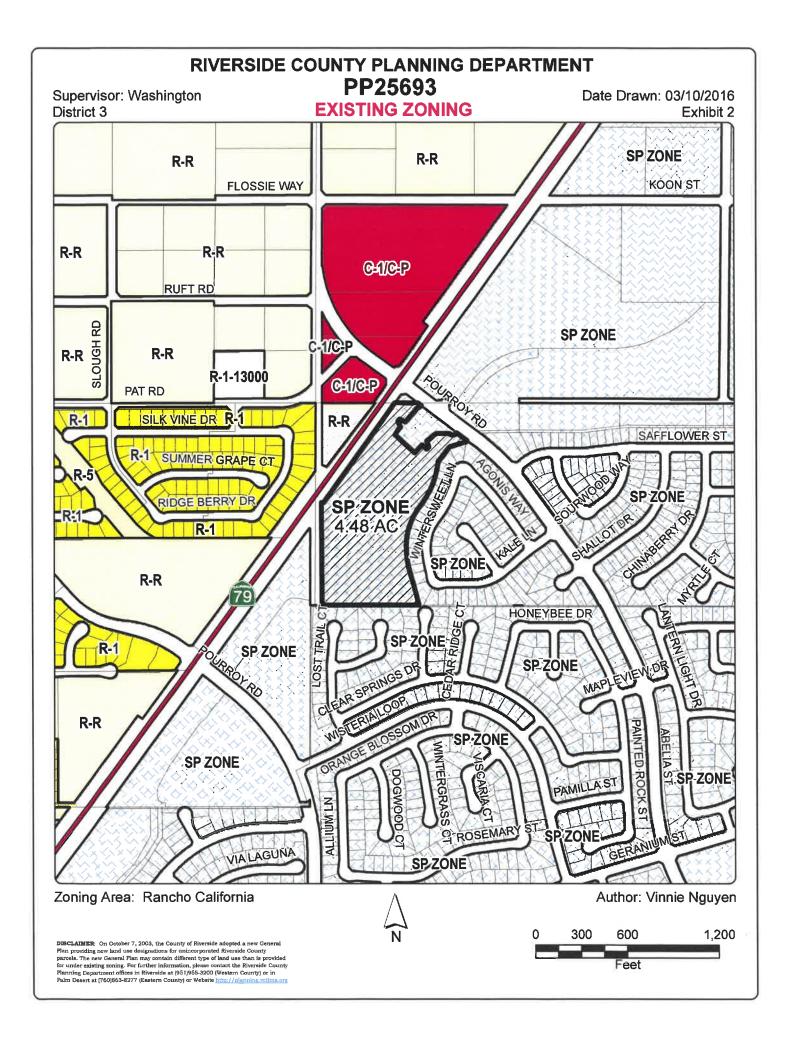


Zoning Area: Rancho California

DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951958-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)853-8277 (Beatern County) or Webeite http://planning.org.uning.org.







RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PP25693 Supervisor: Washington Date Drawn: 03/10/2016 **EXISTING GENERAL PLAN** District 3 Exhibit 5 **RR** RR KOON ST FLOSSIE WAY **CR OR** RUFT RD MDR LDR SLOUGH RD MDR POURROYRO PAT RD OS-C SILK VINE DR SAFFLOWER ST 0S-C SUMMER GRAPE CT RIDGE BERRY DR OS:R 4.48 AC MDR WHISPER HEIGHTS PKW GEDAR RIDGE CT HONEYBEE DR MDR OS-R OLEAR SPRINGS OR WHDR MAPLEVIEW DR MHDR WISTERIALOOP OFANGE BLOSSOMOR PAINTED ROCK S ABELIA WINTERGRASS **OR** DOGWOOD PAMILLA ST OS-C POURROY RD 9 G ROSEMARY ST GERANIUM ST S MDR VIA LAGUNA Zoning Area: Rancho California Author: Vinnie Nguyen 300 600 1,200 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (SS)1958-5200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.rctima.org Feet

erizon

LUAU

(MACROCELL EVOLUTION)

WINCHESTER, CALIFORNIA 92596 34630 WINCHESTER ROAD

THIS PROJECT IS A VERZON WIRELESS UNMANNED TELECOMMUNICATION WIRELESS FACILITY. IT WILL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING: PROJECT DESCRIPTION

APPLICANTALESSEE

PROJECT SUMMARY

verizon/

VERIZON WRELESS
15505 SAND CANYON AVENUE
BUILDING D, 1ST FLOOR
IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92618
OFFICE: (949) 286-7000

STIE ACCUISTION PLANNING:
SPECITRUM SERVICES, INC.
4405 E. AIRPORT URN'S. SUITE 100
AVINARIO. AIRPORT URN'S 1761
AVINARIO MERONALI SESSENSI
PACHE: (909) 456-8408
FAK: (909) 456-8408

OVERALL HEIGHT 50'-0"

PROJECT TEAM

CIVIL ENGINEER:
SPECTRIAM SERVICES, INC.
4405 E. AIRPORT DRIVE, SUITE 100
OVTARIO, CALIFORNIA 97781
CARRET HANTHORNE
PHONE: (909) 4456-8408
FAX: (909) 456-8408

APPLICANTS REPRESENTATIVE
SPECIFICAL SEPVICES NO.
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REMORENTATIONAL STYPE
REMORENTATIONAL STYPE
REMORENTATIONAL STYPE
SAM ANTONIO, CALIFORNIA 92281
MICEL PARK DISTRICT
MICEL PARK DESPENSION
MICEL PARK DESPENSION
MICEL PARK DESPENSION
(780) 273—4831

VICINITY MAP

PROFERTY NECOMATION:
STE AUM:
LUANO MICHESTER ROAD
STE ADRESS:
AUSO MICHESTER ROAD
STE ADRESS:
MICHESTER, OULFRANA 82596
LIRISDICTION: REFORMATION
CONSTRUCTION RECRMATION

AREA OF CONSTRUCTION: ~440 SQ. FT.
OCCUPANCY TYPE: S-2
TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION: V-B

SPECIFIC PLAN (SP)
FACILITY IS UNMANNED AND NOT FOR HUMAN
HABITATION, MACHINERY SPACES ARE EXEMPT
FROM ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS PER THE
CBC SECTION 118-203.5.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER:
DOSC CONSULTING ENGINEERING SERVICES LLC
9811 W. CHARLESTON BOULEVARD, SUITE 2559
LAS VECAS, NEVADA 88117
CONTACT: DERK G. STETUREAC
PHONE: (702) 885-1552

age Homes Monaco Ct. LOCATION Brookfield Park Ches Springs CHARGE BIG NORTH NOT TO SCALE ns Park Kately

DIANONIBACK LAND SURVETING
5505 SOUTH FORT APACHE ROAD
SUITE TIO
LAS VECAS, NEVADA 88148
CONTACT: TRENT J. KEENAN
PHONE: (702) 823—3257

DRIVING DIRECTIONS

RE VENDOR: DISCIPLINE:

VERIZON WIRELESS SIGNATURE BLOCK

SIGNATURE

DATE

A&E VENDOR: A&E COORDINATOR:

UTILITY VENDOR

FROM: VERIZON OFFICE

TO: 34630 MNCHESTER ROAD MNCHESTER, CA 92896

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GENERAL CONTRACTOR NOTES

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CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS

LUAU (MACROCELL EVOLUTION)

34630 WINCHESTER ROAD WINCHESTER, CALIFORNIA 92596





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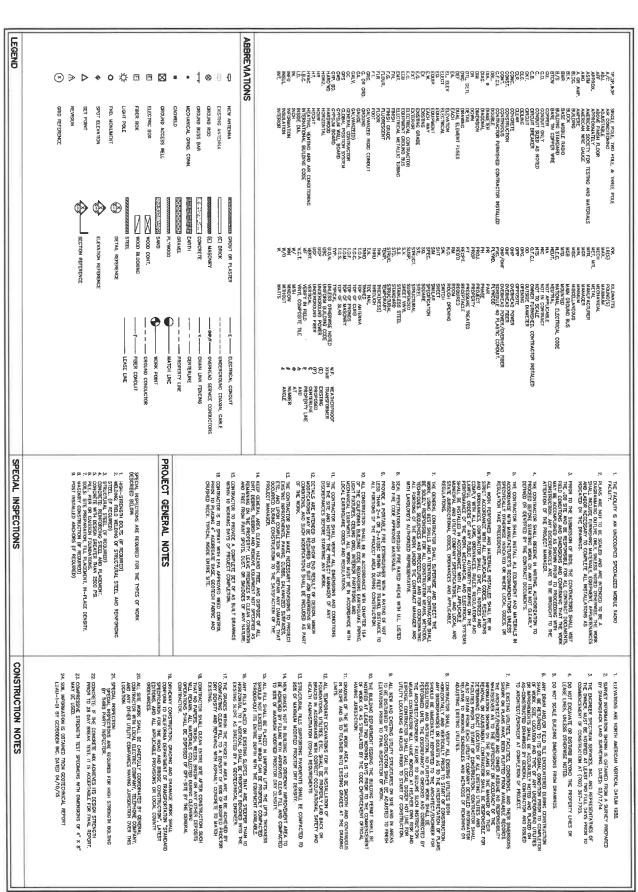
LANDSCAPE REVISION 100% CONSTRUCTION 90% CONSTRUCTION **ISSUE STATUS**

15505 SAND CANYON AVENUE, D1 IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92618

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GENERAL &
CONSTRUCTION NOTES
REVISION:
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SHEET TITLE: ABBREVIATION, LEGEND, GENERAL &

LUAU (MACROCELL EVOLUTION) 34630 WINCHESTER ROAD WINCHESTER, CALIFORNIA 92596





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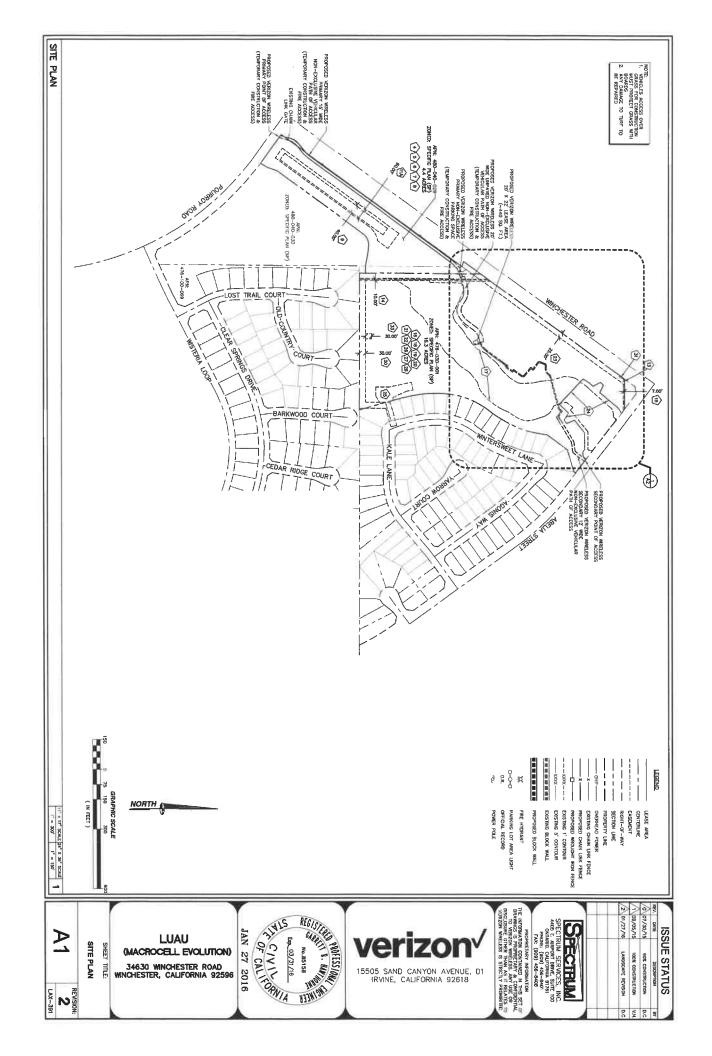
PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

SPECITRUM SERVICES, INC.
4405 E. ARPORT DRIVE, SUITE 100
00TARIO, CALEFORNA 91761
PHONE: (909) 456-8401
FAX: (909) 456-8408 SPECTRUM 2 01/27/16 LANDSCAPE REVISION 100% CONSTRUCTION

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ISSUE STATUS

15505 SAND CANYON AVENUE, D1 IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92618



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(8) THE EFFECT OF A RECITAL ON SAID MAP STATING THAT THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN THE MURBERTA CREEKY MANU SPRINGS VALLEY AREA DRAIMAGE PLAN AND THAT SAID PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO THESE FOR SAID DRAIMAGE AREA.

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(8) EASEMENT(S) FOR THE PURPOSE(S) SHOWN BELOW AND RIGHTS INCIDENTAL THERETO AS DELINEATED OR AS OFFERED FOR DEDICATION, ON THE MAP OF SAID TRACT/PLAT: Purpose: Transportation Corridor and Incidental Purposes Affects: As Shown on Said Map, Affects a Portion of the Subject Property

(2) EASEMENT(S) FOR THE PURPOSE(S) SHOWN BELOW AND RIGHTS INCIDENTAL THERETO AS DELINEATED OR AS OFFERED FOR DEDICATION, ON THE MAP OF SAID TRACT/PLAT; PHPROSE. CONSTRUCTION AND MANITAMANCE OF DRAWAGE FACILITIES AND INCIDENTAL PURPOSES DESIGNATION OF MANITAMANCE OF DRAWAGE FACILITIES AND INCIDENTAL PURPOSES DOES NOT AFFECT SUBJECT PROPERTY

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(28) THE EFFECT OF THE FOLLOWING RECITAL AS SHOWN BY THE OWNERS STATEMENT OF TRACT NO. 25017-1: "WE HERRY RETAIN LOT 98 FOR PARK, DRAMAGE, FLOWAGE AND DETENTION BASIN FURFOSES FOR CHRISINES, SUDCESSORS, AND ASSIGNEES. AFFECTS ALL OF PARCEL 478—030—001

(9) enarchmental constraint sheet as set forth in a document and as revealed by the recital on the map, both as set forth belon: NAME OF MAP: E.C.S.
MAP — RECORDING NO.: BOOK 33, PAGE 57
MFFECTS ALL OF PARCEL 478—039—001

(1) easimpht(s) for the purpose(s) shown below and rights incidental thereto, as granted in a document:

GEANTED TO, ELSTERN MUNICIPAL, WAITER DISTRICT PREPOSES, SERMOE, TRANSMISSION AND CALLECTION FACILITIES RECORDING DATE: FEBRUARY 29, 2003, RECORDS RECORDING NO. 2003—19956, OFTICIAL RECORDS AFFECTS: PORTINGS OF LOT 98.

A PARTIAL QUITZLAN OF EASEMENT RECORDED HOVEMBER 4, 2004, AS INSTRUMENT NO. 2004—10979728, GERDIAL RECORDS. MFECTS A PORTION OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY

(8) EASEMENT(S) FOR THE PURPOSE(S) SHOWN BELOW AND RIGHTS INCIDENTAL IN A DOCUMENT:

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LANDSCAPE REVISION 90% CONSTRUCTION 100% CONSTRUCTION

DATE

ISSUE STATUS

GAMNED TO, MSZZON CAUFORMA, INC., A CORPORATION
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RECORDING DATE. FEBRUARY 28, 2023
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 $\widehat{\text{SO}}$ easement(s) for the purpose(s) shown below and rights incidental thereto, as granted in a document:

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٧ EASEMENT(S) FOR THE PURPOSE(S) SHOWN BELOW AND RIGHTS INCIDENTAL THERETO, AS GRANTED IN A DOCUMENT:

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(a) DECLANTAN OF CAPANITY, CONDITION AND RETRESTERS BUT ONTITING ANY CORPANIES ON SERVICE OF THE ANY CORPANIES ON THE SERVICE OF THE SERVICE

RECORDING DATE: SEPTEMBER 15, 2003
RECORDING NO: 2003-7/3913, OFFICIAL RECORDS
DOES NOT AFFECT THE SUBJECT PROPERTY

(2) EASEMENT(S) FOR THE PURPOSE(S) SHOWN BELOW AND IN A DOCUMENT: THERETO, AS GRANTED

GEWATED TO: EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT PHEPOSE: PHEFUNES FOR SERVAGE TRANSMISSION RECORDING DATE: SEPTEMBER 17, 2004. RECORDING DATE: SEPTEMBER 17, 2004. RECORDING DATE: SEPTEMBER 17, 2004. RECORDIS AFFECTIS. A PORTICAL OF THE SEMENCT PROPERTY AFFECTIS. A PORTICAL OF THE SEMENCT PROPERTY.



LUAU

(MACROCELL EVOLUTION)

OF CALIFORNIA JAN 27 2016

34630 WNCHESTER ROAD WINCHESTER, CALIFORNIA 92596

REGISTER MOTESTON

Exp. 03/31/16

PECTRUM SERVICES, INC. 05 E. ARPORT DRIVE, SUITE 100 ONTARIO, CALIFORNIA 81751 PHONE: (909) 456—8401 FAX: (909) 456—8408

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

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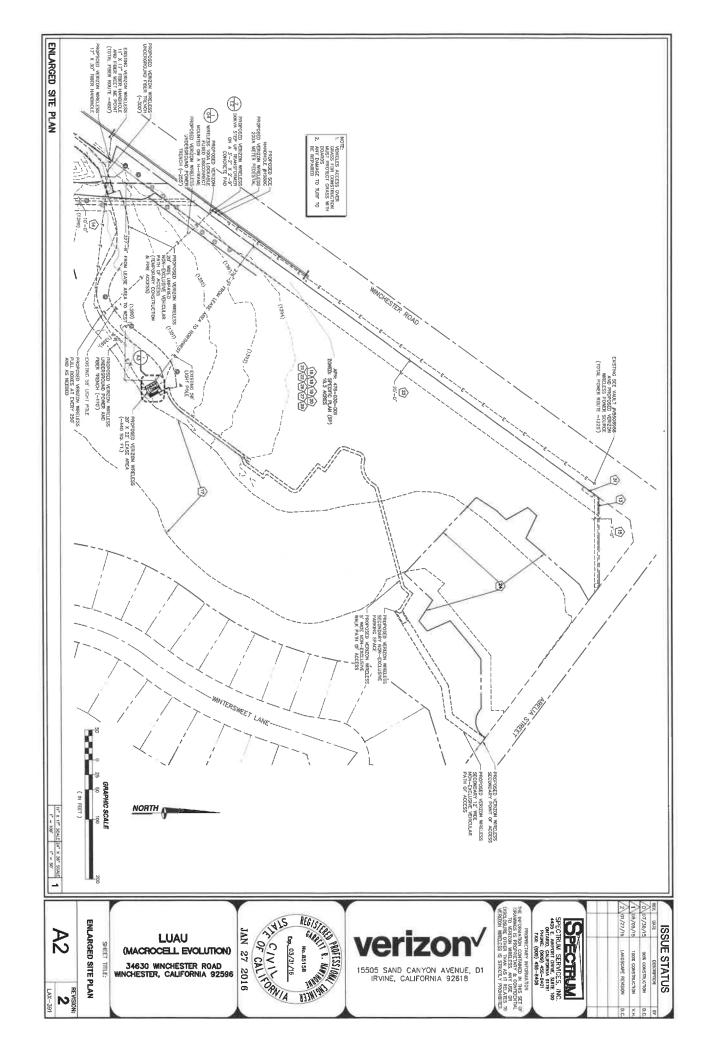
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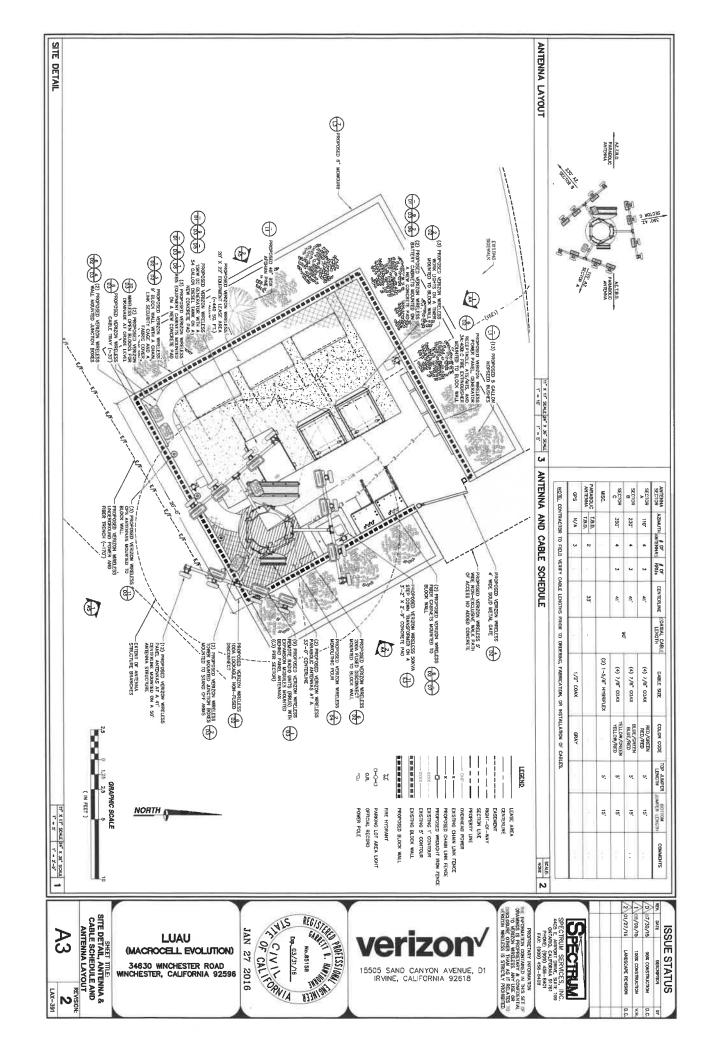
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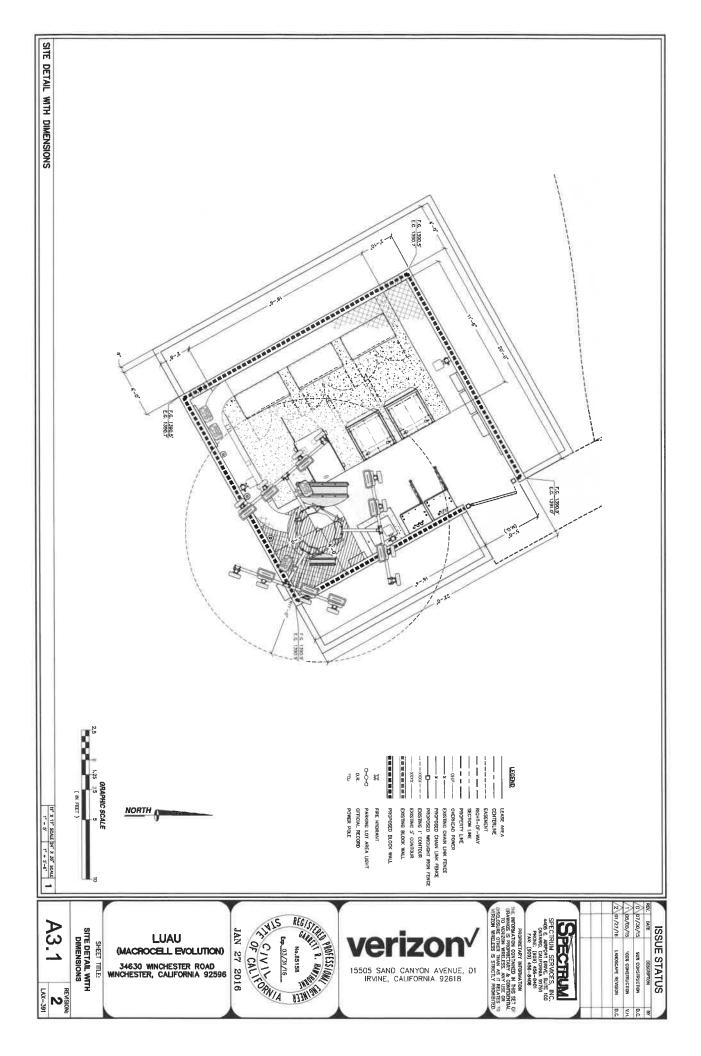
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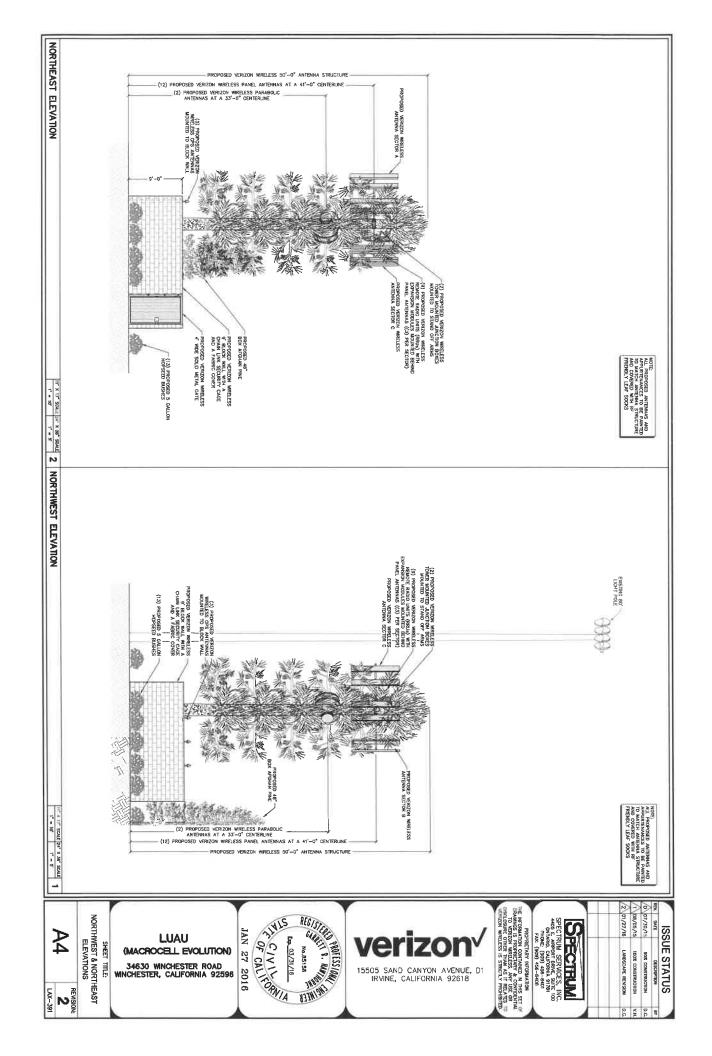
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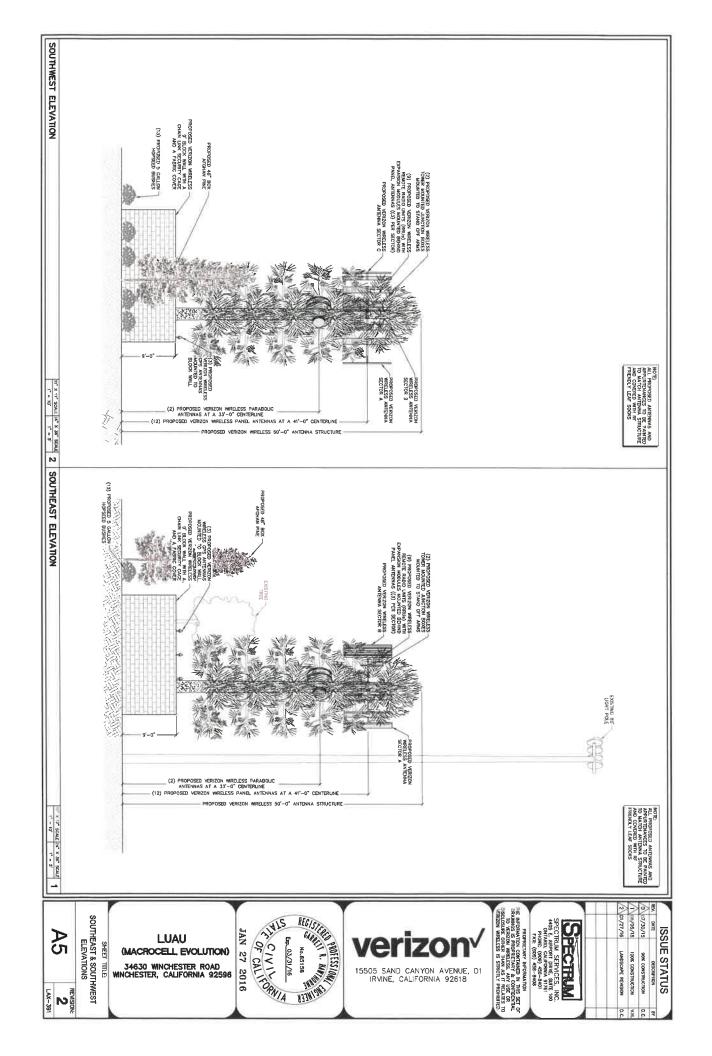
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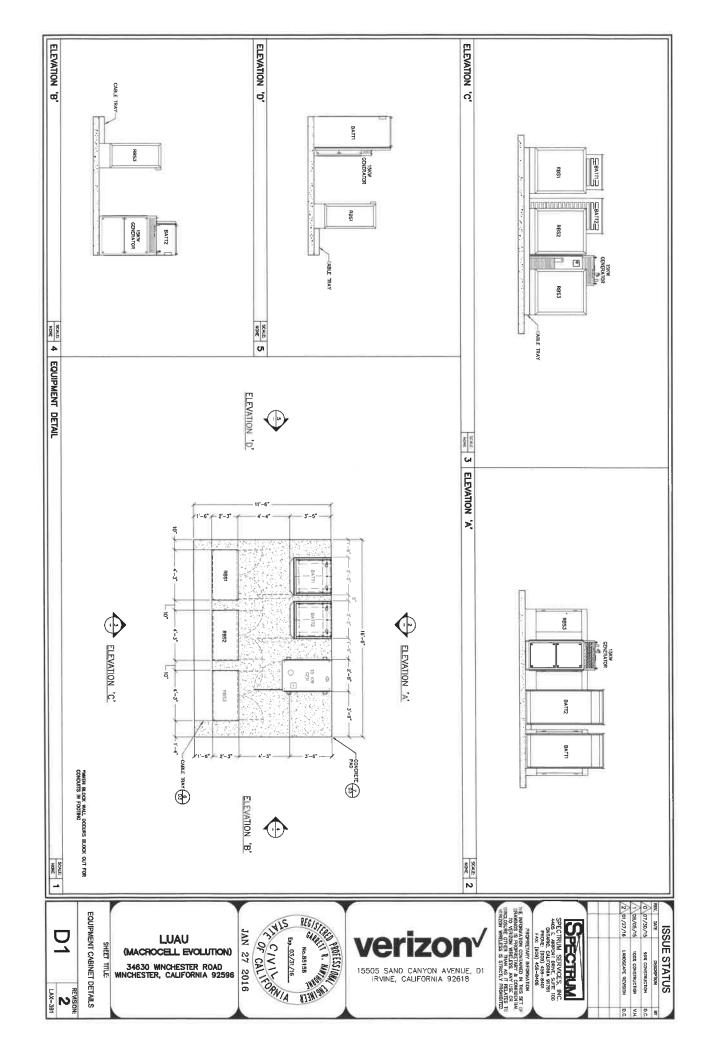


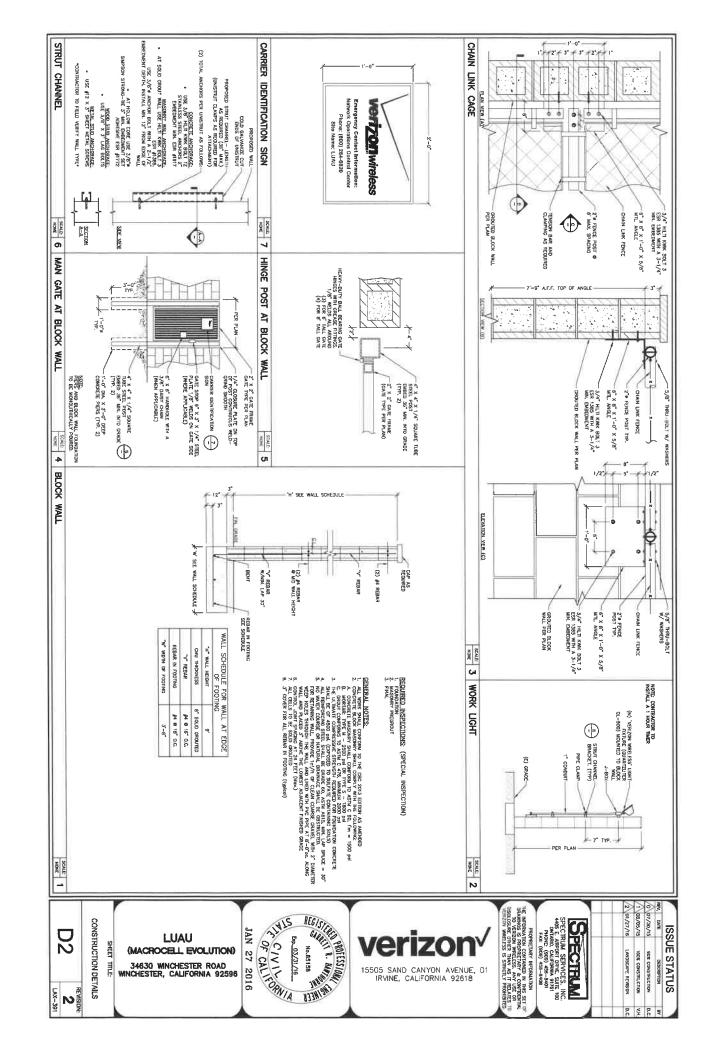


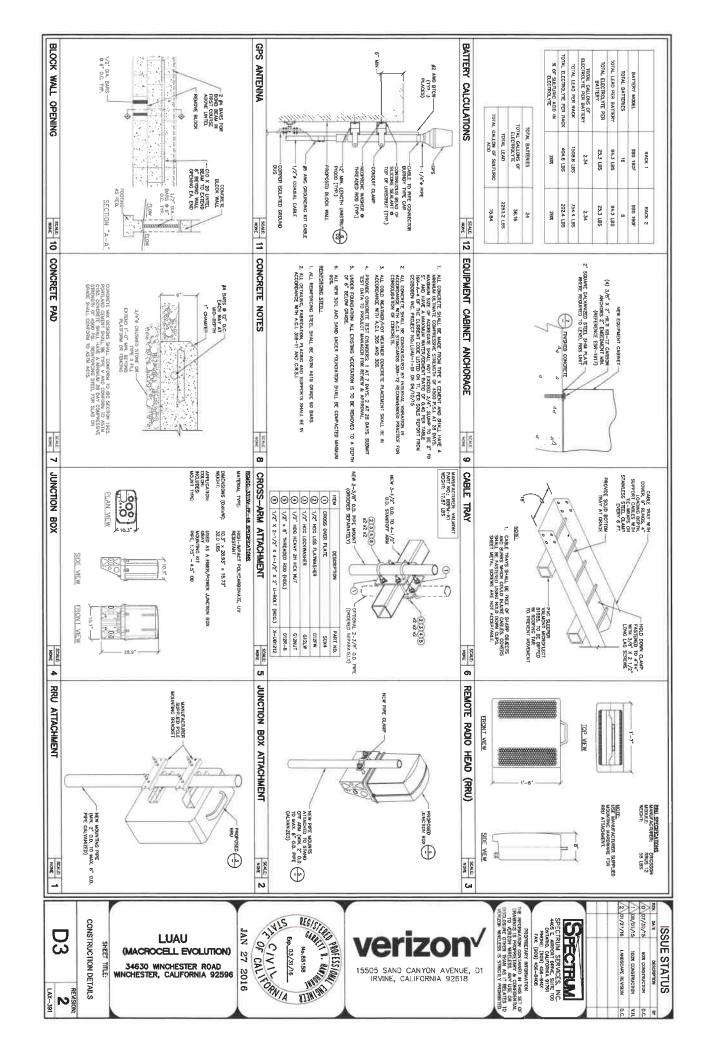


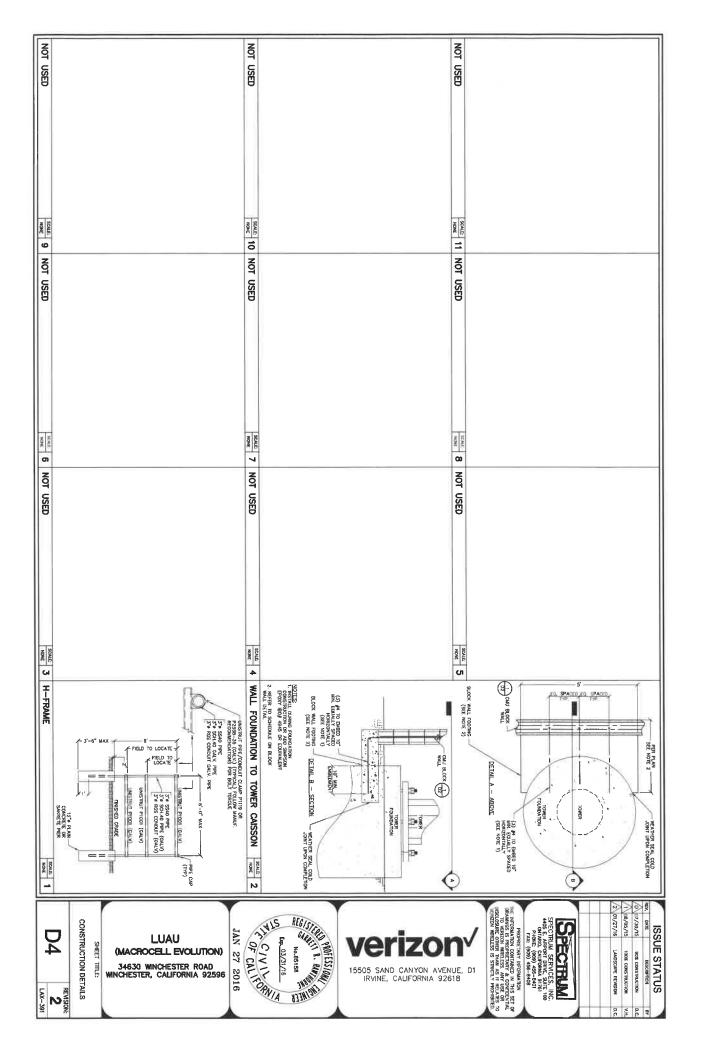


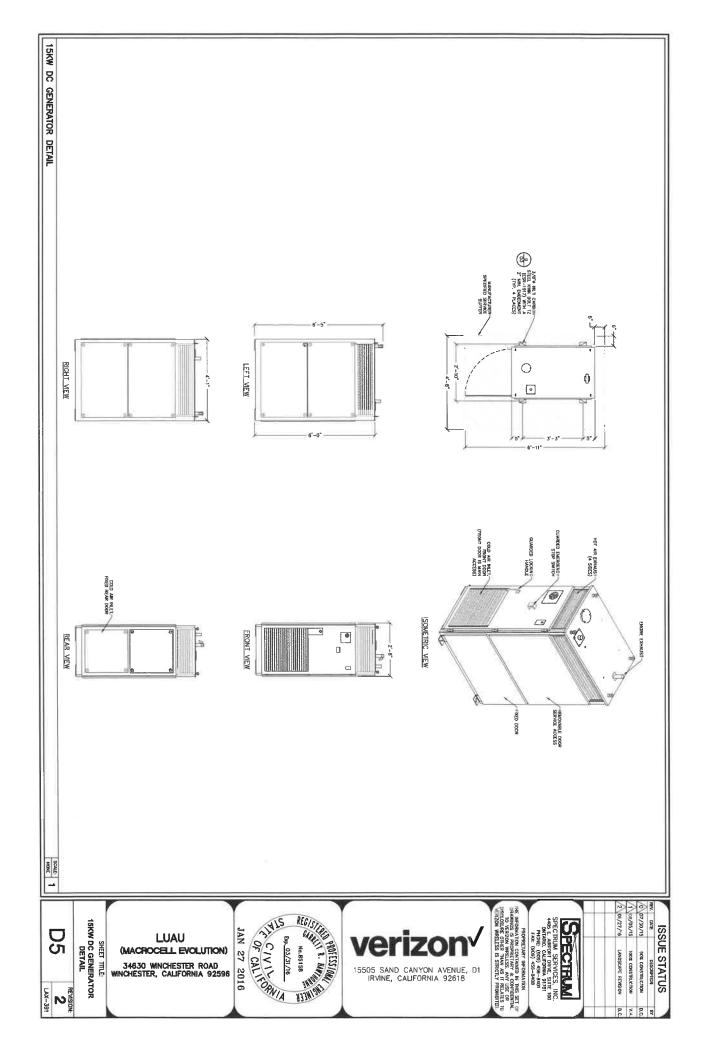


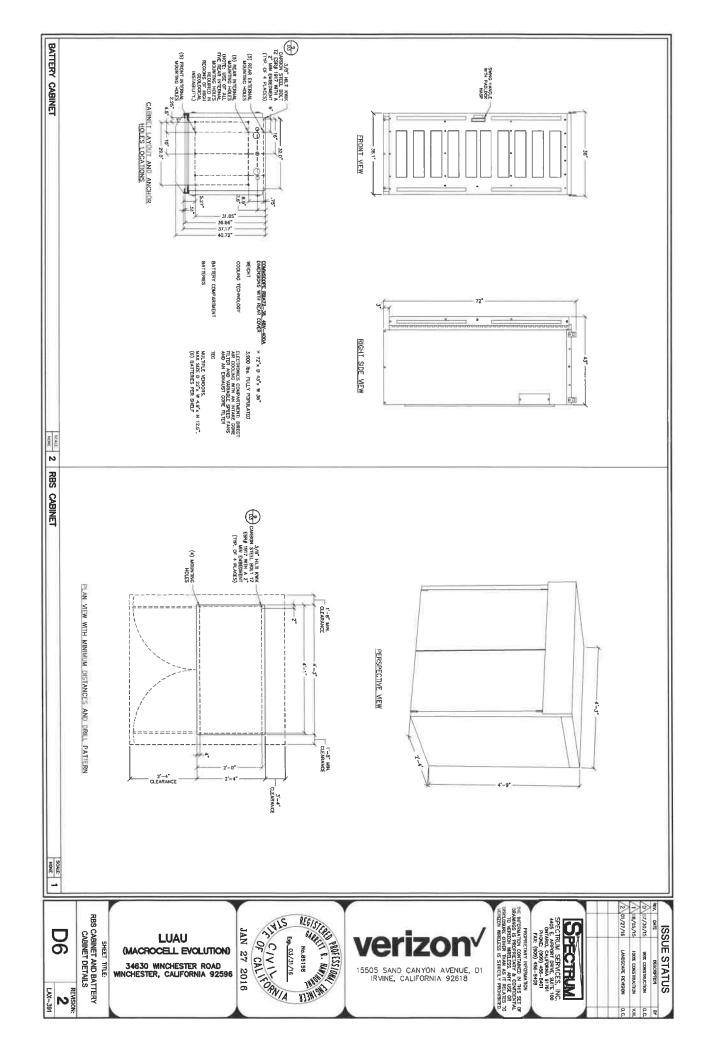


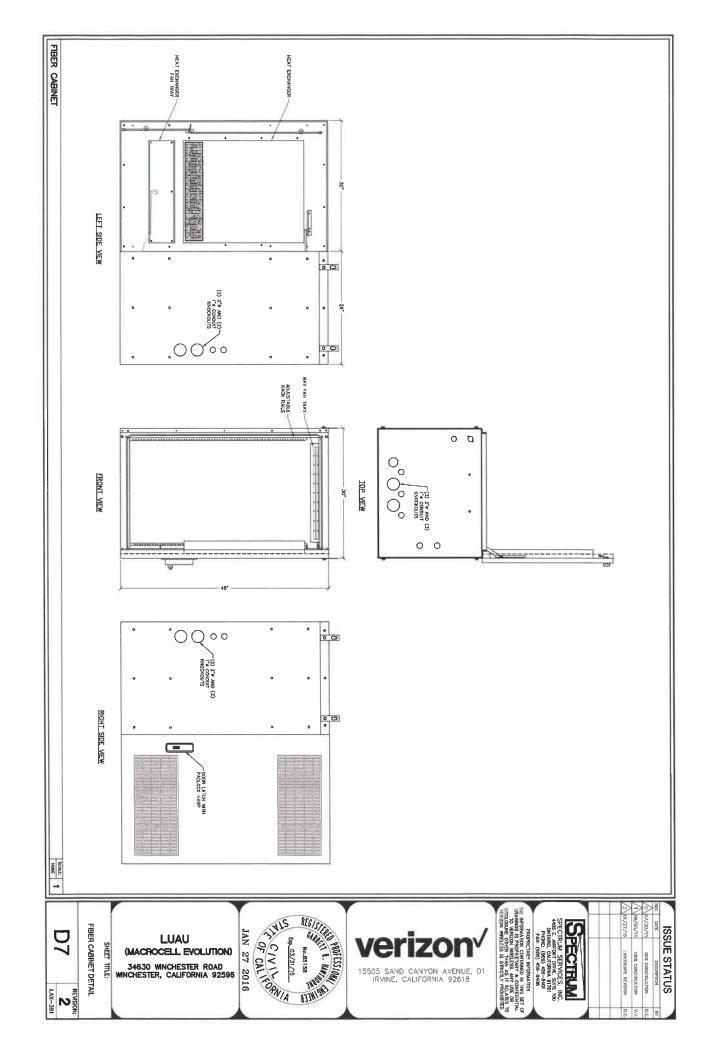


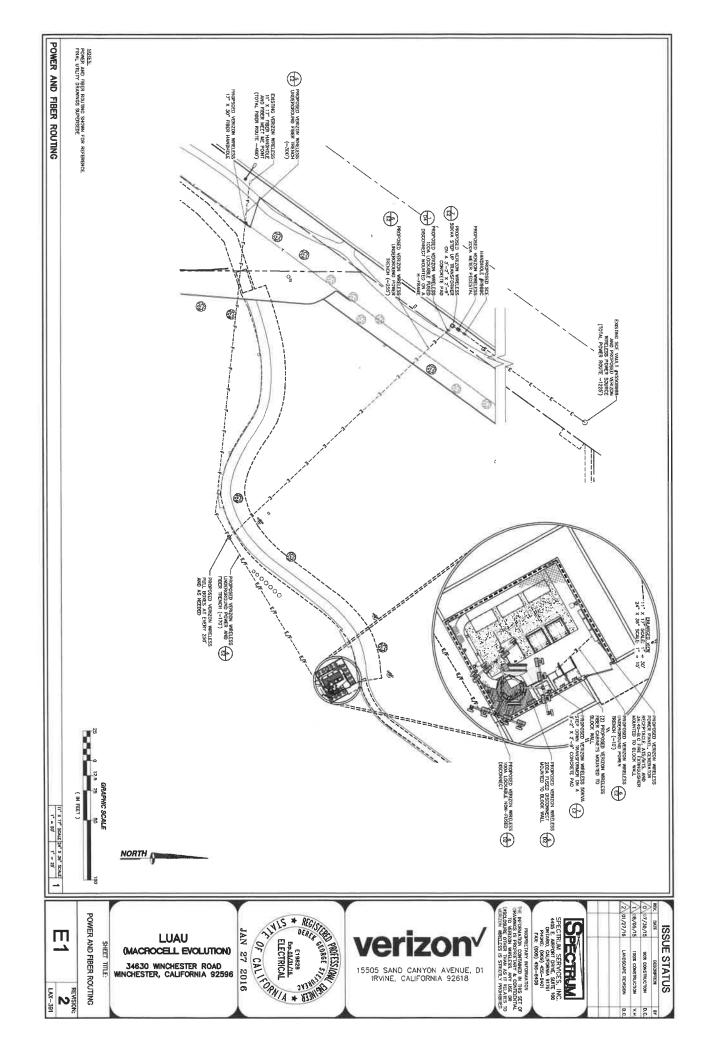


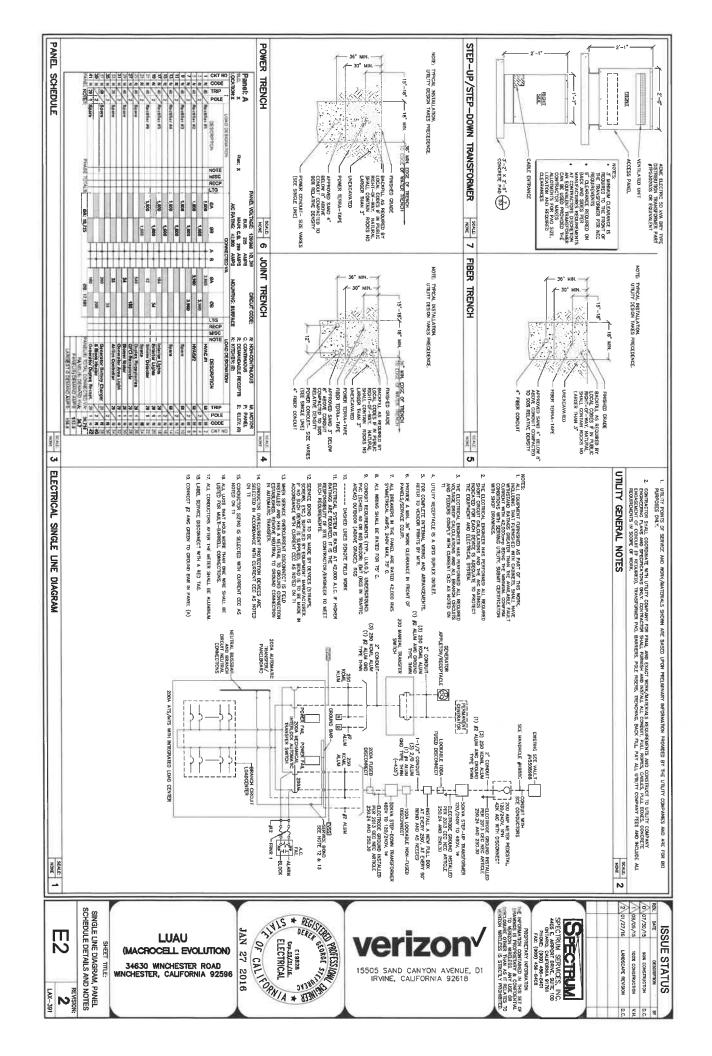


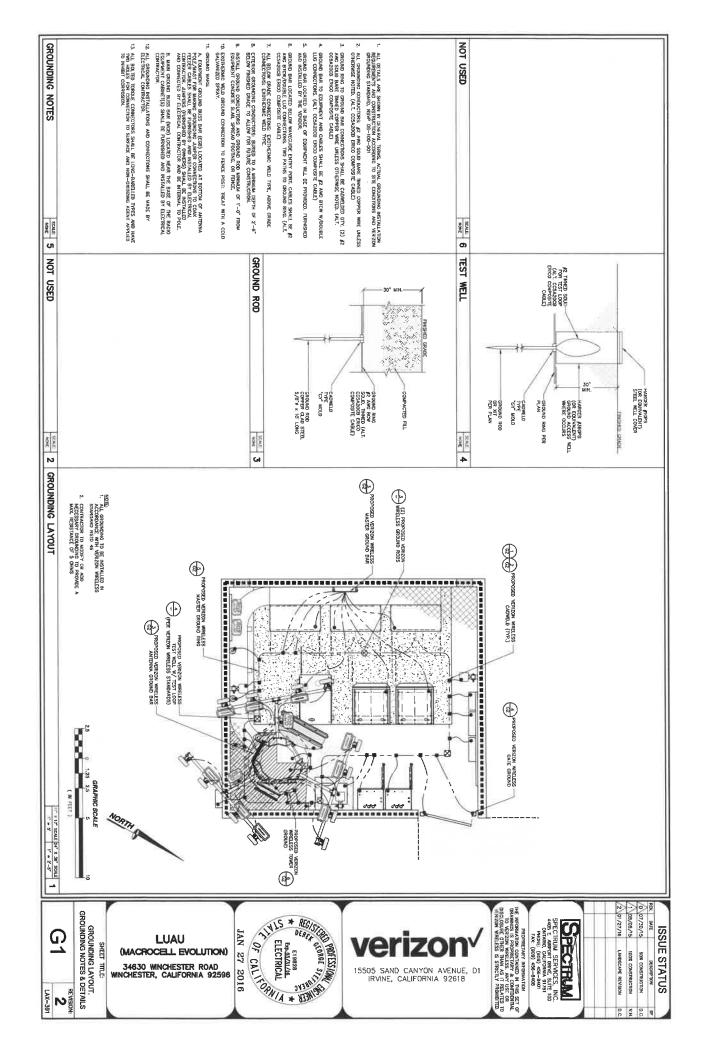


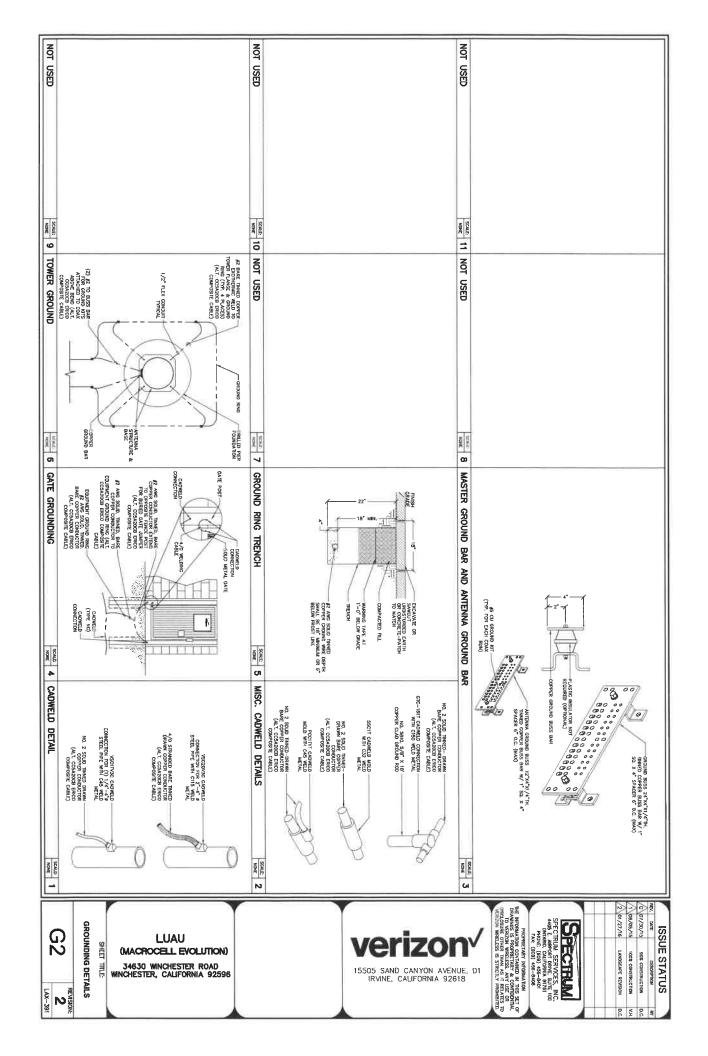












APPROVAL SHALL BE SIX (5) MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF APPROVAL SIGNATURE. IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT COMMENCED WITHIN THE LISTED TIME. VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRUCT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REVIEW DRAWNIGS FOR POSSIBLE REUISIONS DUE TO CHANGES IN SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS Approval Time Limitation



VICINITY MAP

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE NOTES

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CLEARING OF THE PROPOSED WORK AREA, AND RELOCATION COSTS OF ALL UTILITIES, BERMITTEE MUST NETORM COUNTY OF CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE AT LEAST 48 HOURS TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

PHONE: (951) 955-6790 FOR PERMIT CASES (C.U., P.U., OR VOLUNTARY), CABAZON AND AREA WEST VOLUNTARY), CABAZON AND AREA WEST PHONE: (951) 955-8685 FOR PARCEL MAPS AND TRACT MAPS PHONE: (780) 342-8267 FOR PERMIT CASES EAST OF CABAZON

CERTIFICATION NOTES RIVERSIDE COUNTY INSPECTION AND

INSPECTION SCHEDULE

INSTALLATION INSPECTION:
SIX-MONTH ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTION:
POST-ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTION:
ANNUAL MAINTENANCE INSPECTION:

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

VERIZON CELL TOWER LUAU - PP 25693 TENTATIVE APPROVED PP# WINCHESTER, CALIFORNIA 92596 34630 WINCHESTER ROAD LANDSCAPE PLANS 25693

CYAL ENGINEER;
SPECITIUM SERVICES, INC.
4405 E. AIRFORT DRIVE, SUITE 100
ONTARIO, CALIFORNIA 91761
PHONE: (909) 456—8401
CHRIS WENER

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT:
711 SANTA CLARA AVE
CLAREMONT, CALIFORNIA 91711
PHONE: 909-262-2402
DAVID ROSENFELD

MAINTENANCE QUANTITIES

(ONSITE/OFFSITE

LANDSCAPED FLAT AREAS: TOTAL NUMBER OF TREES: OTHER:

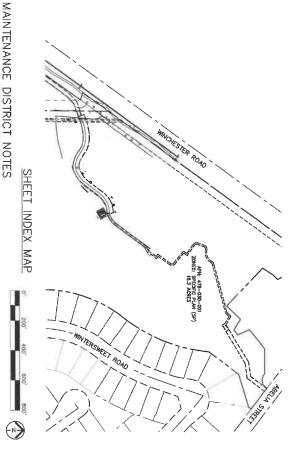
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5 5 5 5 5 5

OWNER:
VALLEY WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT
901 W. ESPLANDE
P.O. BOX 907
P.O. BOX 907
SAN JACHYO, CA 92581
(760) 213-8511
NGEL PAXTON

PROJECT DIRECTORY

476-030-001 APN NUMBERS



ALL WORK MUST CONFORM TO VALLEY-WIDE CURRENT STANDARD LANDSCAPE SPECIFICATIONS

I AGREE TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ORDINANCE NO. 859
AND SUBMIT A COMPLETE L'ANDSCAPE DOCUMENTATION PACKAGE.
SHOULD THE CRIMINANCE BE REFUSED, THESE PLANS MAY BE SUBJECT
TO CHANGE BASED ON THE UPDATED ORDINANCE.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

I AGREE TO COMPLY WITH THE CRITERIA OF ORDINANCE NO. 859.2 AND TO APPLY THE CRITERIA FOR EFFICIENT USE OF WATER IN THE IRRIGATION DESIGN PLAN.

DATE

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

DIE DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTO SPECTRUM SERVICES, INC.
4405 E. MEDORI DRIVE A
OMINGID. CALEDONIA 91761
OMINGID. CALEDONIA 91761
PHONE #1993 456—8408
FAX #1909) 456—8408

NOR CONTAINED WITHIN THESE PLANS
SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AN
ENCROLCHIEFIT PERMIT AND/OR A
GRAUDING PERMIT HAS BEEM ISSUED.

Cook

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INDEX OF SHEETS 1 TI TITLE SHEET
2 LI LANDSCAPE PLAN
3 L2 RRIGATION PLAN
4 L2.1 DETAILED IRRIGATION PLAN
5 L3 LANDSCAPE DETAILS

CONTINUED LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE PROVIDED BY ON-SITE: VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT OFF-SITE: VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR AND/OR OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBMITTING SOIL ANALYSIS REPORT AND DOCUMENTATION OF ITS RECOMMENDATIONS VERIFYING IMPLEMENTATION OF ITS RECOMMENDATIONS

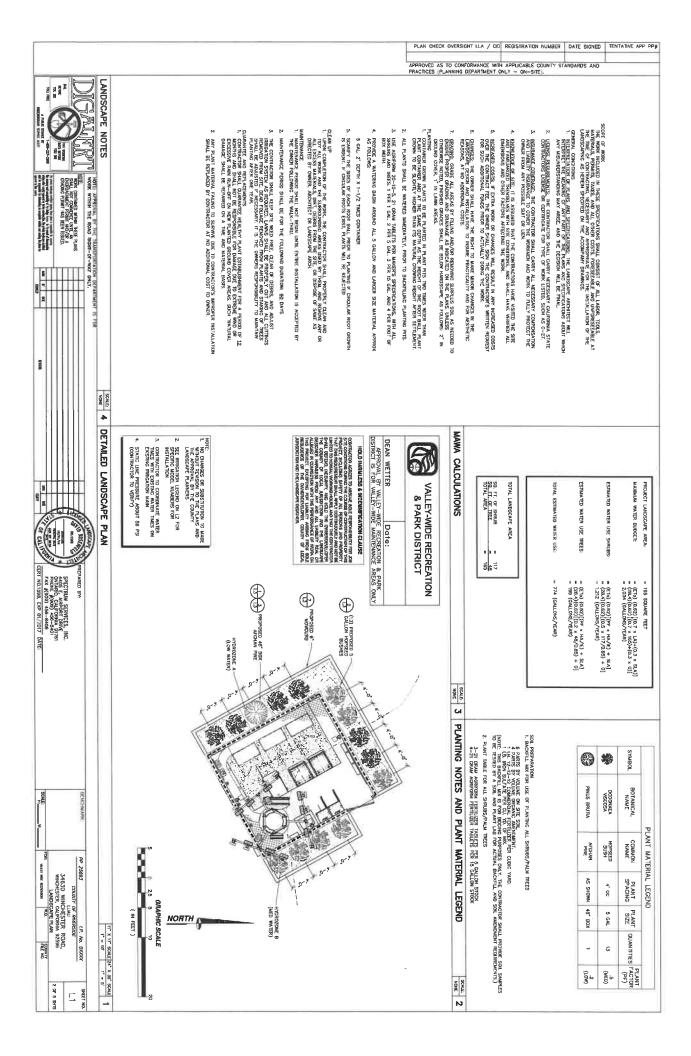
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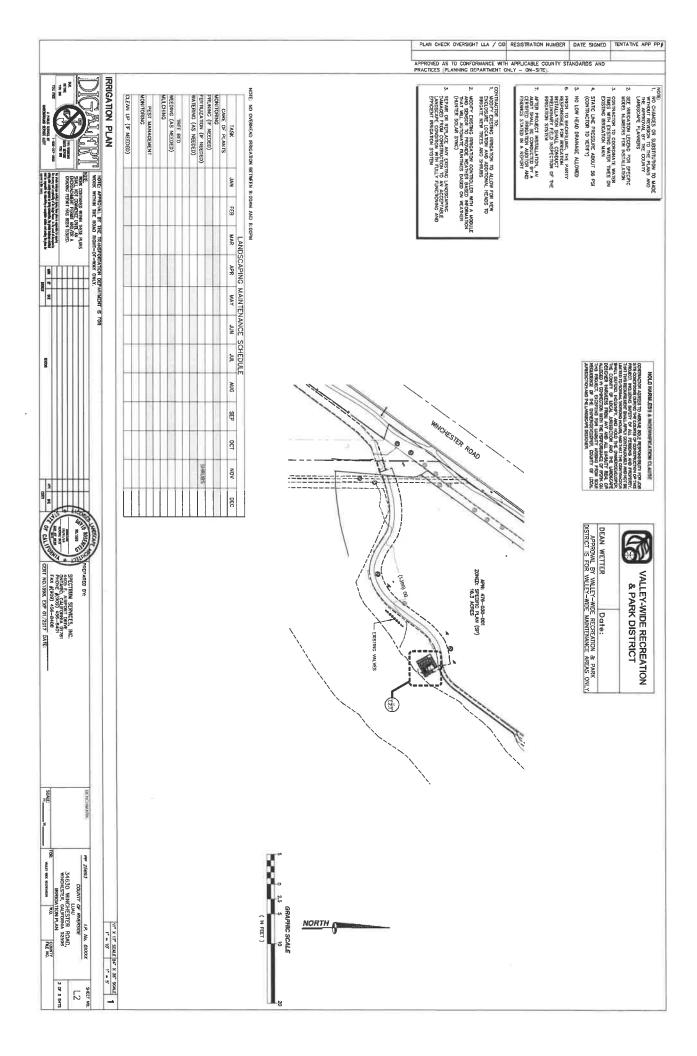
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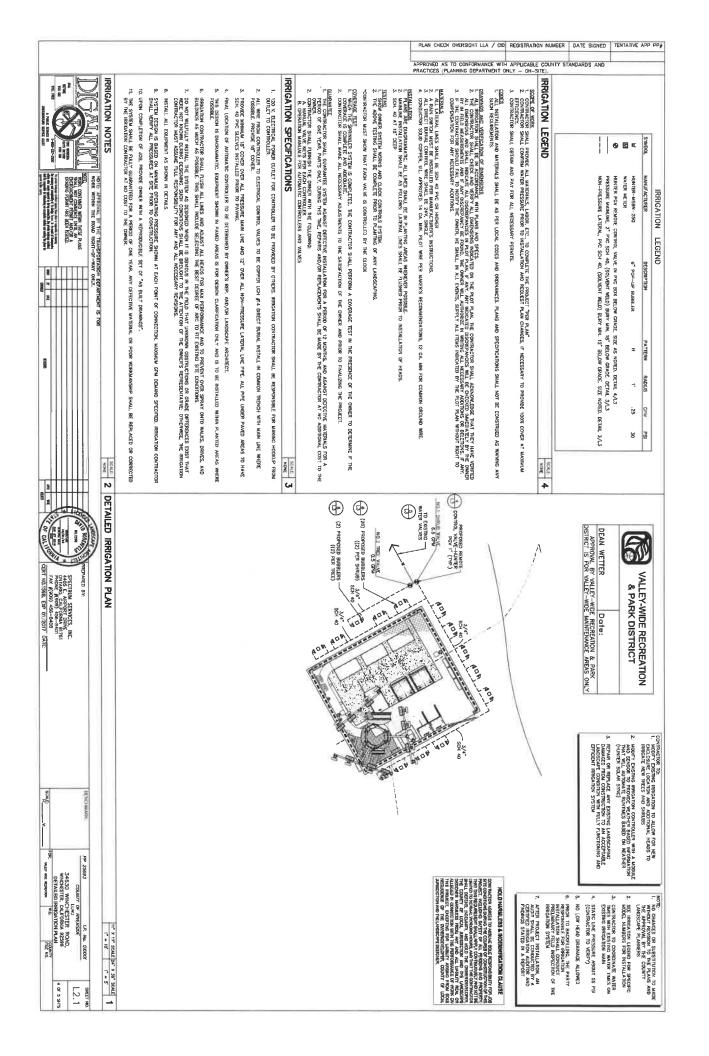
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DISTRICT IS FOR VALLEY-WIDE MAINTENANCE AREAS ONLY. VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION & PARK DISTRICT

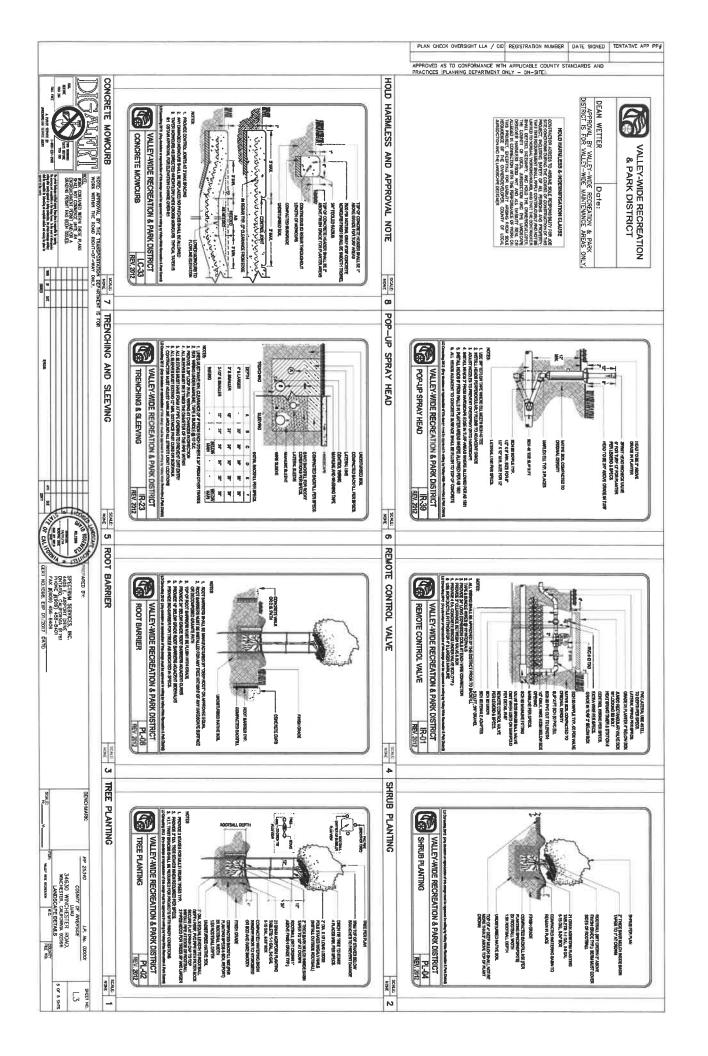
COUNTY OF RINERSUE
VERZON CELL TOWER LUAU
34630 WINCHESTER ROAD,
WINCHESTER ROAD,
WINCHESTER CULFORMS 92886
TITLE SHEET
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FOR: WILLY WER RECORDING PICE NO.











COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Agency Director

11/04/20, 9:39 am PP25693

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for PP25693. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S)

Exhibit A (Site Plan), Sheet A1, A2, A3, A3.1, D1 dated 1/27/2016.

Exhibit B (Elevations), Sheet A4, A5, dated 1/27/2016.

Exhibit L (Conceptual Landscaping and Irrigation Plans), Sheet T1, L1, L2, L2.1, L3 dated 1/27/2016.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 - Clean Water Act
 - Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)
 - Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
 - Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
 - State Subdivision Map Act
 - Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
 - School District Impact Compliance
 - Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Native Americans: CEQA)]
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
 - Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
 - Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements)
 - Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
 - Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards)
 - Ord. No. 555 (Surface Mining and Reclamation)
 - Ord. No. 625 (Right to Farm)
 - Ord. No. 771 (Controlling Potentially Dangerous & Dangerous Animals)
 - Ord. No. 878 (Regarding Noisy Animals)

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution)
- Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
- Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
- Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
- Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
- Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
- Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)
- Ord. No. 925 (Prohibiting Marijuana Cultivating)
- Ord. No. 927 (Regulating Short Term Rentals)
- Ord. No. 928 (Clarifying County Prohibition on Mobile Marijuana Dispensaries and Deliveries)

4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances

- Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
- Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
- Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
- Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees ("COUNTY") from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the project or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the project, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Hold Harmless (cont.)

LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document ("AND") is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this project and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State, and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property, in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

The construction of a new Verizon Disguised 50-foot monopine Wireless Communication Facility consisting of twelve (12) panel antennas at 41 feet centerline height, nine (9) RRUs antennas, and two (2) parabolic antennas with a 440 square foot lease area enclosed by a 9-foot block perimeter wall.

BS-Grade

BS-Grade. 1 0010-BS-Grade-USE - DISTURBS NEED G/PMT

Ordinance 457 requires a grading permit prior to clearing, grubbing, or any top soil disturbances related to construction grading.

BS-Grade. 2 0010-BS-Grade-USE - GENERAL INTRODUCTION

Improvements such as grading, filling, over excavation and recompaction, and base or paving which require a grading permit are subject to the included Building and Safety Department Grading Division conditions of approval.

BS-Grade. 3 0010-BS-Grade-USE - OBEY ALL GDG REGS

All grading shall conform to the California Building Code, Ordinance 457, and all other relevant laws, rules, and regulations governing grading in Riverside County and prior to commencing any grading which includes 50 or more cubic yards, the applicant shall obtain a grading permit from the Building and Safety Department.

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1 0010-BS-Plan Check-USE -BLDG PERMITS

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1

0010-BS-Plan Check-USE -BLDG PERMITS (cont.)

CODE/ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction on the property. All building plans and supporting documentation shall comply with current adopted California Building Codes, Riverside County Ordinances, and California Title 25 regulations in effect at the time of building plan submittal and fee payment to the Building Department. All Building Department plan submittal and fee requirements shall apply.

The applicant shall obtain an approved final building inspection and certificate of occupancy from the building department prior to any use or occupancy of the building, or structure. At no time shall the approval of the planning case exhibit allow for the construction or use of any building, structure, or equipment. In residential applications, each separate structure will require a separate building permit.

E Health

E Health. 1

0010-E Health-USE - EMERGENCY GENERATOR

For any proposed use of emergency generators, the following shall apply:

- a) A Business Emergency Plan (BEP) shall be submitted to the County of Riverside, Hazardous Materials Management Branch (HMMB).
- b) A concrete berm shall be installed around all diesel backup generators, especially those designed with single-walled tanks.
- c) If the fuel tank capacity is greater than or equal to 1,320 gallons, the facility shall be required to prepare a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) plan. The SPCC shall be written in compliance with Federal rules and regulations.
- d) If the generator is located indoors, all entrance doors shall be labeled with an NFPA 704 sign with the approxpriate NFPA ratings.
- e) If the generator is located outdoors, the NFPA 704 sign shall be placed on the most visible side of the exterior surface of the generator unit, or if fenced, on the most visible side of the fence, with the appropriate NFPA ratings.
- f) The location and capacity of the "day tank", if proposed, shall be clearly identified in the chemical inventory and facility map sections of the BEP.
- g) The business shall address the handling of spills and leaks in the Prevention, Mitigation, and Abatement sections of the BEP.
- h) If the generator is located in a remote site, HMMB shall conduct an inspection to determine whether any exemptions can be granted.

E Health. 2

0010-E Health-USE - NO NOISE REPORTS

Based upon the information provided, a noise study is not required. However, the project shall be required to comply with the following:

- 1. Facility-related noise, as projected to any portion of any surrounding property containing a "sensitive receiver, habitable dwelling, hospital, school, library, or nursing home", must not exceed the following worst-case noise levels: 45 dB(A) 10 minute noise equivalent level ("leq"), between the hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. (nighttime standard) and 65 dB(A) 10 minute leq, between 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. (daytime standard).
- 2. Whenever a construction site is within one-quarter (1/4) of a mile of an occupied residence or

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

E Health

E Health. 2

0010-E Health-USE - NO NOISE REPORTS (cont.)

residences, no construction activities shall be undertaken between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. during the months of June through September and between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. during the months of October through May. Exception to these standards shall be allowed only with the written consent of the building official.

For any questions, please contact the Department of Environmental Health, Office of Industrial Hygiene at (951) 955-8982.

E Health. 3

0010-E Health-USE-NO WASTEWATER PLUMBING

The project comprises structures without wastewater plumbing. If wastewater plumbing fixtures are proposed in the future, the applicant shall contact the Department of Environmental Health for the requirements.

E Health. 4

ECP COMMENTS

If previously unidentified contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

Fire

Fire. 1

Fire - Advisory

Access

1. Roadways installed and maintained by the cellular company/radio agency solely for maintenance of their equipment shall be deemed acceptable. Roadways to the site shall not be required to be installed and maintained to support fire apparatus.

Water Supply

No additional water supply for fire protection is required.

Flood

Flood, 1

0010-Flood-USE FLOOD HAZARD REPORT

Plot Plan (PP) 25693 is a proposal to construct an unmanned wireless telecommunications facility in the French Valley area. The project site is located in Abelia Sports Park, which is located on the southeast corner of Highway 79/Winchester Road and Abelia Street.

The District's review indicates the proposed location for the project site is impacted by a 100-year floodplain for Warm Springs Creek as delineated in the special study for Riverside County performed by the US Army Corps of Engineers dated February 2003 and Department of Water Resources (DWR) Awareness Maps. Therefore, the project site may be subject to damage from flooding. The applicant may want to floodproof the proposed equipment shelter by constructing the finished floor a minimum of 12 inches plus the velocity head above the adjacent ground. Erosion protection should be provided for fill

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Flood

Flood. 1

0010-Flood-USE FLOOD HAZARD REPORT (cont.)

exposed to erosive flows and should extend a minimum of 12 inches into the natural ground. New construction should comply with all applicable ordinances. These flood proofing measures may protect the improvements from flooding. However, a storm of unusual magnitude may still cause some damage. It should be noted that several developments are proposed upstream of this site. These developments will be conditioned to construct flood control improvements to contain the floodplain and provide additional flood protection to the site. The delineated floodplain limits may be revised once the flood control improvements are constructed and accepted for maintenance by a public agency. The project site is located in the Murrieta Creek/Warm Springs Valley Area Drainage Plan (ADP) where fees have been adopted by the Board of Supervisors. However, the amount of impervious surface proposed is insignificant and therefore the District will not impose any ADP fees at this time. Should additional development or use be proposed, the mitigation fee may be levied at that time.

General

General. 1

General – Permit Expiration

This approved permit shall be used within eight (8) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void. The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the eight (8) years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning

Planning. 1

0010-Planning-USE - AREA DISTURBANCE

Disturbance to the natural landscaping of the site shall be minimized. Disturbed areas shall be remediated immediately after construction. Remediation techniques may vary depending on the site.

Planning. 2

0010-Planning-USE - BUSINESS LICENSING

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office of the Building and Safety Department at www.rctlma.org.buslic.

Planning. 3

0010-Planning-USE - CAUSES FOR REVOCATION

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit, a) is found to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit, b) is found to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony, or c) is found to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance, this permit shall be subject to the revocation procedures.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 4 0010-Planning-USE - CEASED OPERATIONS (cont.)

Planning. 4 0010-Planning-USE - CEASED OPERATIONS

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 5 0010-Planning-USE - COMPLY WITH ORD./CODES

The development of these premises shall comply with the standards of Ordinance No. 348 and all other applicable Riverside County ordinances and State and Federal codes.

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A, unless otherwise amended by these conditions of approval.

Planning. 6 0010-Planning-USE - FEES FOR REVIEW

Any subsequent submittals required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan or mitigation monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

Planning. 7 0010-Planning-USE - IF HUMAN REMAINS FOUND

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this project:

Human remains require special handling, and must be treated with appropriate dignity. Pursuant to State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, if human remains are encountered, no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. Specific actions must take place pursuant to CEQA Guidelines §15064.5e, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 and Public Resource Code (PRC) §5097.98. In the event of the accidental discovery or recognition of any human remains in any location other than a dedicated cemetery, the following procedures shall be followed: a)There shall be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent human remains until:

- i)A County Official is contacted.
- ii)The County Coroner is contacted to determine that no investigation of the cause of death is required, and If the Coroner determines the remains are Native American:
- iii) The Coroner shall contact the Native American Heritage Commission within 24 hours.
- b)The Commission shall identify the person or persons it believes to be the most likely descended from the deceased Native American.
- c)The Most Likely Descendent (MLD) may make recommendations to the landowner or the person responsible for the excavation work, for the treatment of human remains and any associated grave goods as provided in PRC §5097.98.
- d)Under the following conditions, the landowner or his authorized representative shall rebury the Native American human remains and associated grave goods on the property in a location not subject to further disturbance:

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 7 0010-Planning-USE - IF HUMAN REMAINS FOUND (cont.)

- i)The Commission is unable to identify a MLD or the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 24 hours after being notified by the commission.
- (1) The MLD identified fails to make a recommendation; or
- (2) The landowner or his authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD, and the mediation.

Planning. 8 0010-Planning-USE - LOW PALEO

According to the County's General Plan, this site has been mapped as having a "Low Potential" for paleontological resources. This category encompasses lands for which previous field surveys and documentation demonstrates a low potential for containing significant paleontological resources subject to adverse impacts. As such, this project is not anticipated to require any direct mitigation for paleontological resources. However, should fossil remains be encountered during site development:

- 1.All site earthmoving shall be ceased in the area of where the fossil remains are encountered. Earthmoving activities may be diverted to other areas of the site.
- 2. The owner of the property shall be immediately notified of the fossil discovery who will in turn immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery.
- 3. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County of Riverside.
- 4. The paleontologist shall determine the significance of the encountered fossil remains.
- 5. Paleontological monitoring of earthmoving activities will continue thereafter on an as-needed basis by the paleontologist during all earthmoving activities that may expose sensitive strata. Earthmoving activities in areas of the project area where previously undisturbed strata will be buried but not otherwise disturbed will not be monitored. The supervising paleontologist will have the authority to reduce monitoring once he/she determines the probability of encountering any additional fossils has dropped below an acceptable level.
- 6.If fossil remains are encountered by earthmoving activities when the paleontologist is not onsite, these activities will be diverted around the fossil site and the paleontologist called to the site immediately to recover the remains.

7.Any recovered fossil remains will be prepared to the point of identification and identified to the lowest taxonomic level possible by knowledgeable paleontologists. The remains then will be curated (assigned and labeled with museum* repository fossil specimen numbers and corresponding fossil site numbers, as appropriate; places in specimen trays and, if necessary, vials with completed specimen data cards) and catalogued, an associated specimen data and corresponding geologic and geographic site data will be archived (specimen and site numbers and corresponding data entered into appropriate museum repository catalogs and computerized data bases) at the museum repository by a laboratory technician. The remains will then be accessioned into the museum repository fossil collection, where they will be permanently stored, maintained, and, along with associated specimen and site data, made available for

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 8 0010-Planning-USE - LOW PALEO (cont.)

future study by qualified scientific investigators. * Per the County of Riverside "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County of Riverside should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet.

8. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution.

Planning. 9 0010-Planning-USE - MAINTAIN SOCKS/BRANCHES

The proposed monopine shall be kept in good repair. The branches as well as the antenna "socks" shall remain in good condition. If at any time the "socks" are missing or deteriorated (as determined by the Planning Department), they shall be replaced within 30 days.

Planning. 10 0010-Planning-USE - UNANTICIPATED RESOURCES

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this project:

1)If during ground disturbance activities, cultural resources are discovered that were not assessed by the archaeological reports and/or environmental assessment conducted prior to project approval, the following procedures shall be followed. A cultural resources site is defined, for this condition, as being three or more artifacts in close association with each other, but may include fewer artifacts if the area of the find is determined to be of significance due to it sacred or cultural importance.

a)All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted until a meeting is convened between the developer, the project archaeologist, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethic/cultural group representative), and the Planning Director to discuss the significance of the find.

b)At the meeting, the significance of the discoveries shall be discussed and after consultation with the Native American tribal (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative) and the archaeologist, a decision is made, with the concurrence of the Planning Director, as to the appropriate mitigation (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc) for the cultural resource.

c)Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until an agreement has been reached by all parties as to the appropriate preservation or mitigation measures.

Planning. 11 0010-Planning-USE*- EQUIPMENT/BLDG COLOR CT

The equipment cabinet color shall be grey or in earthtones, which will blend with the surrounding setting. The monopole shall contain bark cladding to simulate the look of a natural pine tree. The bark shall have a light or dark brown color. The antenna array shall be dark green and contain pine needle socks to minimize the visual impact of the facility.

Changes in the above listed colors shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department prior to installation of the structures, or prior to repainting of the structures.

Planning. 12 0010-Planning-USE*- FUTURE INTERFERENCE

Planning

Planning. 12

0010-Planning-USE*- FUTURE INTERFERENCE (cont.)

If the operation of the facilities authorized by this approved PP25693 generates electronic interference with or otherwise impairs the operation of Riverside County communication facilities, the applicant shall consult with Riverside County Information Technology staff and implement mitigation measures acceptable to the Riverside County Department of Information Technology.

Planning. 13

0010-Planning-USE*- NO USE PROPOSED LIMIT CT

The balance of the subject property, APN 476-030-001 (excluding the lease area and access easement), shall hereby be designated as "NO USE PROPOSED", and shall require approval of an appropriate land use application prior to utilization of any additional land uses subject to the requirements of County Ordinance No. 348.

Planning. 14

Telcom - Backup Generator

If a backup generator will used in conjunction with the wireless communication facility, it is to only be used in the event of a power disruption and during maintenance checks. It is not be used during the course of regular operations. Any noise produced by the generator is required to comply with County noise standards.

Planning. 15

Telcom - Colocation

The applicant/operator of the facility shall agree to allow for the co-location of equipment of other wireless telecommunication providers at this site when applications are received by the County and it is considered feasible, subject to an agreement between the applicant/operator, the other proposed wireless telecommunication provider(s), and the property owner.

Planning. 16

Telcom - Enclosure

Unless otherwise specifically noted on the approved plans, the telecommunication equipment enclosure shall be comprised of Splitface concrete block and shall be 9-feet in height.

Planning. 17

Telcom - Entitlement Life

Pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), a telecommunication facility shall have an initial approval period (life) of ten (10) years, which may be extended if a revised permit application is made and approved by the original approving officer or body. Such extensions, if approved, shall be in increments of ten (10) years. The determination as to the appropriateness of such extensions shall be made, in part, on adherence to the original conditions of approval and the number of complaints, if any, received by the County. In the case of colocated facilities, the permits of all colocaters shall be automatically extended until the last colocaters permit expires. In the event that this ten (10) year maximum life span provision is removed from Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), this condition of approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 18

Telcom – Equipment Cabinets

Unless otherwise specifically noted on the approved plans, the telecommunication equipment cabinet

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 18 Telcom – Equipment Cabinets (cont.)

shelter color shall be grey or earth-tone, in order to be more compatible with the surrounding setting.

Planning. 19 Telcom – Lighting

All outside lighting shall be hooded and directed into the telecommunication facility area, so as not to shine directly upon adjoining property or in the public rights-of-way.

Planning. 20 Telcom – No Proposed Use

The remainder of the subject property, (excluding the lease area and access easement), shall hereby be designated as "NO USE PROPOSED", and shall require approval of an appropriate land use application prior to utilization of any additional land uses.

Planning. 21 Telcom – Noise

Any noise produced by the telecommunication facility shall in no case exceed 45 dB inside the nearest dwelling and shall not exceed 60 dB at the project site's property line.

Planning. 22 Telcom – Signage

Prior to final inspection of any building permit, the permit holder, developer or successor-in-interest shall install a sign no smaller than 12 inches by 12 inches upon an exterior wall or fence that surrounds the lease area that provides the following contact information:

- Address of wireless communications facility and any internal site identification number or code;
- Name(s) of company who operates the wireless communications facility;
- Full company address, including mailing address and division name that will address problems;
- Telephone number of the telecommunication facility company.

If a colocated facility (addition antennas and/or equipment shelters or cabinets) are added to an existing facility, an additional sign, including the above described information, shall be installed on said shelter or cabinet stating the name of the company who operates the primary wireless communications facility and the name of the company that operates the co-located facility.

Planning. 23 Telcom – Site Maintenance

The project site shall be kept in good repair. Graffiti shall be removed from any structures within one week of observation and/or notification. The project site and a minimum area of 10-feet surrounding the project site shall be kept free of weeds and other obtrusive vegetation for fire prevention and aesthetic purposes. All branches, bark, and sock, material, pursuant to the original approval, shall be maintained and reapplied on an as-needed basis.

Planning. 24 Telcom – Tower Height

Pursuant to this plan, the telecommunication facility tower shall not exceed 50-feet in height.

Planning

Planning. 25

Telcom – Tower Tree Bark (cont.)

Planning. 25

Telcom – Tower Tree Bark

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, bark shall be applied to the tower and extend the entire length of the pole (trunk), or the branch count shall be increased so that the pole is not visible.

Planning. 26

Telcom - Tower Tree Branch Coverage

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, the branch count shall be a minimum of three (3) branches per lineal foot of trunk height. Branches shall be randomly dispersed and of differing lengths to provide a natural appearance. Branches shall be applied, starting at a minimum of 14-feet from ground and extend to the top of the tower

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, branches and foliage shall extend beyond every antenna array a minimum of two (2) feet horizontally and seven (7) feet vertically, in order to adequately camouflage the array, antennas and bracketry. In addition, all antennas, and supporting bracketry shall be wrapped in artificial foliage.

Planning. 27

Telcom - Transmission Interference

If the operation of this facility generates electronic interference with, or otherwise impairs the operation of Riverside County communication facilities, the applicant shall consult with Riverside County Information Technology ("RCIT") staff and implement acceptable mitigation measures, as approved by RCIT.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1

GEO200025 ACCEPTED

County Geologic Report GEO No. 200025, submitted for the project PP25693, was prepared by GeoBoden, Inc. The report is titled; "Updated Geotechnical Investigation Report, Proposed Telecommunications Facility, Luau, Approximate Site Location: 33°37'04.32"N 117°06'00.38"W, Winchester, California," dated July 5, 2018. In addition, GeoBoden has submitted the following document for the project:

"Response to County of Riverside, Proposed Telecommunications Facility, Luau, Approximate Site Location: 33°37'04.32"N 117°06'00.38"W, Winchester, California," dated September 2, 2020.

GEO200025 concluded:

- 1. The site does not lie within or immediately adjacent to an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone, designated by the State of California to include traces of suspected active faulting. No active or potentially active faults are shown on or in the immediate vicinity of the site on published geologic maps.
- 2. No evidence for active faulting on or immediately adjacent to the site was observed during the geologic field reconnaissance or on the aerial photographs reviewed.
- 3. Implementation of the proposed project would not result in potential impacts associated with ground failure, the rupture of a known earthquake fault, landslides, expansive soils, or soil erosion.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1

GEO200025 ACCEPTED (cont.)

- 4. It is our opinion that potential for liquefaction is minimal at the site and will not adversely impact the foundation of the proposed tower and the associated site improvements.
- 5. Based on the allowable bearing value recommended above, total settlement of the shallow footings are anticipated to be less than one inch, provided foundation preparations conform to the recommendations described in "Site Preparation and Earthwork" Section of this report. Differential settlement is anticipated to be approximately half the total settlement for similarly loaded footings spaced up to approximately 30 feet apart.
- GEO200025 recommended:
- 1. Based on the results of our investigation, the proposed monopine tower may be supported on a new typical, large-diameter reinforced concrete drilled pier; Cast-In-Drill-Hole (CIDH) pile.
- 2. The excavation for the pier shaft should be performed under the observation of GeoBoden to confirm that the pier shaft is in conformance with our recommendations.
- 3. The site should be cleared of any debris, organic matter, abandoned utility, and other unsuitable materials.
- 4. Any existing fill encountered should be excavated and replaced with properly compacted fill or lean concrete to the depth of the fill and to a horizontal distance equal to the depth of excavation (if possible) in order to provide improved foundation support for the proposed facility.

GEO No. 200025 satisfies the requirement for an updated geologic/geotechnical study for Planning/CEQA purposes. GEO No. 200025 is hereby accepted for planning purposes. Engineering and other Building Code parameters were not included as a part of this review or approval. This approval is not intended and should not be misconstrued as approval for grading permit. Engineering and other building code parameters should be reviewed and additional comments and/or conditions may be imposed by the County upon application for grading and/or building permits.

Transportation

Transportation. 1

0010-Transportation-USE - COUNTY WEBSITE

Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Website: http:/rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955-6527.

Transportation. 2

0010-Transportation-USE - NO ADD'L ON-SITE R-O-W

No additional on-site right-of-way shall be required on Abelia Street and Winchester Road since adequate right-of-way exists per TR29017 (MB 330/54-63).

Transportation. 3

0010-Transportation-USE - NO ADD'L ROAD IMPRVMNTS

No additional road improvements will be required at this time along Abelia Street and Winchester Road due to existing improvements.

Transportation. 4

0010-Transportation-USE - TS/EXEMPT

Transportation

Transportation. 4

0010-Transportation-USE - TS/EXEMPT (cont.)

The Transportation Department has not required a traffic study for the subject project. The Transportation Department has determined that the project is exempt from traffic study requirements.

Transportation. 5

0010-Transportation-USE- STD INTRO (ORD 461)

With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, it is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. This ordinance and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning

060 - Planning. 1

0060-Planning-USE - CULTURAL MONITOR REQ.

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit holder shall retain and enter into a monitoring and mitigation service contract with a qualified Archaeologist for monitoring services. The Project Archaeologist (Cultural Resource Professional) shall develop a Cultural Resources Monitoring Plan which must be approved by the County Archaeologist prior to issuance of grading permits. The Project Archaeologist shall be included in the pre-grade meetings to provide Construction Worker Cultural Resources Sensitivity Training including the establishment of set guidelines for ground disturbance in sensitive areas with the grading contractors and Native American Monitors. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report. The Project Archaeologist shall manage and oversee monitoring for all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading, trenching, stockpiling of materials, rock crushing, structure demolition and etc. The Project Monitor shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources in coordination with the special interest monitors. The developer/permit holder shall submit a fully executed copy of the contract and a wet-signed copy of the Monitoring Plan to the Riverside County Planning Department to ensure compliance with this condition of approval.

060 - Planning. 2

0060-Planning-USE - NATIVE MONITOR

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into a contract with a Tribal monitor(s) from the Pechanga Native American Tribe(s) who shall be on-site during all ground disturbing activities. The developer shall submit a copy of a signed contract between the appropriate Tribe and the developer/permit holder for the monitoring of the project, and which addresses the treatment of cultural resources, to the Planning Department and the County Archaeologist. The Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow recovery of cultural resources in coordination with the Project Archaeologist. The Native American Monitor shall be given a minimum notice of two weeks that a monitor is required. If a monitor is not available, work may continue without the monitor. The Project Archaeologist shall include in the Phase IV Archaeological Monitoring report any concerns or comments that the monitor has regarding the project and shall include as an appendix any non-confidential written correspondence or reports prepared by the Native American monitor.

Native American monitoring does not replace any Cultural Resources monitoring required by a County-approved Archaeologist, but rather serves as a supplement for coordination and advisory purposes for all groups' interests only. The developer/permit applicant shall not be required to further pursue any agreement for Native American monitoring of this project if after 60 days from the initial attempt to secure an agreement the developer/permit applicant, through demonstrable good faith effort, has been unable to secure said agreement from the Tribe. A good faith effort shall consist of no less than 3 written attempts from the developer/permit applicant to the tribe to secure the required special interest monitoring agreement and appropriate e-mail and telephone contact attempts. Documentation of the effort made to secure the agreement shall be submitted to the County Archaeologist for review and consideration.

Should repatriation of collected cultural items be preferred, it shall not occur until after the Phase IV monitoring report has been submitted to the Riverside County Archaeologist. Should curation be preferred, the developer/permit applicant is responsible for all costs and the repository and curation method shall be described in the Phase IV monitoring report.

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Plan: PP25693 Parcel: 476030001

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 MBTA Nesting Bird Survey Prior to Grading - EPD

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season (February 1st through August 31st). If habitat must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted. The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted.

Prior to issuance of a permit for rough grading, or building whichever comes first, the project's consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report, documenting the results of the survey, to EPD for review. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a rough grading permit.

When the requested documents/studies are completed and ready for EPD review, please upload them to our Secure File Transfer server to ensure prompt response and review. If you are unfamiliar with the process for uploading biological documents to the FTP site, please contact Matthew Poonamallee at mpoonama@rivco.org and Melissa Manzo at melmanzo@rivco.org for instructions. Biological reports not uploaded to the FTP site may result in delayed review and approval.

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 0060-Transportation-USE - SUBMIT GRADING PLAN

Not Satisfied

When you submit a grading plan to the Department of Building and Safety, two sets of the grading plan (24" X 36") shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for review and subsequently for the required clearance of the condition of approval prior to the issuance of a grading permit.

Please note, if improvements within the road right-of-way are required per the conditions of approval, the grading clearance may be dependent on the submittal of street improvement plans, the opening of an IP account, and payment of the processing fee. Otherwise, please submit required grading plan to the Transportation Department, Plan Check Section, 8th Floor, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, CA

Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days.

70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection

Planning

070 - Planning. 1

0070-Planning-USE - PHASE IV MONITOR REPORT

Not Satisfied

Prior To Grading Permit Final (Archaeological Monitoring/Phase IV Report Submittal): The developer/holder shall prompt the Project Archaeologist to submit one (1) wet-signed paper copy and (1) CD of a Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring Report that complies with the Riverside County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall follow the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the TLMA website. The County Archaeologist shall review the report to determine adequate compliance with the

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70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection

Planning

070 - Planning. 1 0070-Planning-USE - PHASE IV MONITOR REPORT (cont.) Not Satisfied approved conditions of approval. Upon determining the report is adequate, the County Archaeologist shall clear this condition.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade, 1

0080-BS-Grade-USE-NO GRADING VERIFICATION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the applicant shall comply with the County of Riverside Department of Building and Safety "NO GRADING VERIFICATION" requirements.

Fire

080 - Fire. 1

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Emergency and Standby Power

1. Emergency power systems, standby power systems and uninterrupted power supplies shall be in accordance with the CFC. Sign(s) designed in accordance with NFPA Standard 704 must be posted as applicable.

080 - Fire. 2

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Gates & Barriers

1. Gates or other barriers across access roadways and at entrances to sites shall provide rapid reliable access by means of a Knox Box or Knox Padlock in an accessible location to provide immediate access for life safety and/or firefighting purposes. The Knox product and its location shall be approved.

Planning

080 - Planning, 1

0080-Planning-USE - LIGHTING PLANS CT

Not Satisfied

Any proposed outdoor lighting must be shown on electrical plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety for plan check approval and shall comply with the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 and the Riverside County General Plan.

080 - Planning. 2

0080-Planning-USE - PINE FRONDS

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the developer/permit holder shall provide a pine frond design, consistent with the approved plot plan that covers all panel and microwave antennas. After reviewing the building plans, the Planning Department shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

080 - Planning. 3

0080-Planning-USE* - ELEVATIONS & MATERIALS

Not Satisfied

Building and structure elevations shall be in substantial conformance with that shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT A, dated 01/27/2015.

080 - Planning. 4

0080-Planning-USE*- RVW BLDNG PLNS/SOCKS/BRN

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the Planning Department shall review the plan check approved building plans to insure that the branches for proposed monopine are spaced at three (3) branches

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 4 0080-Planning-USE*- RVW BLDNG PLNS/SOCKS/BRN (con Not Satisfied per foot, all antennas have "socks", and the branches start 14 feet from the bottom of the tree in accordance with the APPROVED EXHIBIT A, dated 1/27/2016.

Planning-EPD

080 - Planning-EPD. 1 Grading During Least Bell's Vireo Breeding Season - EPD Not Satisfied

To minimize noise effects on potential least Bell's vireo habitat adjacent to the proposed project site, construction will occur outside of the vireo season (March 1 to August 31). If construction outside of vireo season is not feasible, the applicant will conduct focused surveys to determine presence/absence. If present, the project proponent will coordinate with the RCA and Wildlife Agencies regarding potential setback buffers and other possible measures relative to the location of vireos in adjacent areas.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 0080-Transportation-USE - ACCESS RESTRICTION Not Satisfied

No access shall be allowed neither from Winchester Road nor Pourroy Road. The only access that shall be allowed is from Abelia Street.

- 080 Transportation. 2 0080-Transportation-USE EVIDENCE/LEGAL ACCESS Not Satisfied Provide evidence of legal access.
- 080 Transportation. 3 0080-Transportation-USE UTILITY PLAN CELL TOWER Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 KV within public right-of-way for this cell tower site shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on the site plan. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

E Health

090 - E Health. 1 0090-E Health-USE - HAZMAT BUS PLAN

Not Satisfied

The facility will require a business emergency plan for the storage of hazardous materials greater than 55 gallons, 200 cubic feet or 500 pounds, or any acutely hazardous materials or extremely hazardous substances.

090 - E Health. 2 0090-E Health-USE - HAZMAT CONTACT Not Satisfied

Contact a Hazardous Materials Specialist, Hazardous Materials Management Division, at (951) 358-5055 for any additional requirements.

090 - E Health. 3 0090-E Health-USE - HAZMAT REVIEW Not Satisfied

If further review of the site indicates additional environmental health issues, the Hazardous Materials Management Division reserves the right to regulate the business in accordance with applicable

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

E Health

090 - E Health. 3

0090-E Health-USE - HAZMAT REVIEW (cont.)

Not Satisfied

County Ordinances.

Planning

090 - Planning. 1

0090-Planning-USE - UTILITIES UNDERGROUND

Not Satisfied

All utilities, except electrical lines rated 33 kV or greater, shall be installed underground. If the permittee provides to the Department of Building and Safety and the Planning Department a definitive statement from the utility provider refusing to allow underground installation of the utilities they provide, this condition shall be null and void with respect to that utility.

090 - Planning. 2

0090-Planning-USE - WALL & FENCE LOCATIONS

Not Satisfied

Wall locations shall be in conformance with APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

090 - Planning. 3

0090-Planning-USE*- SITE INSPECTION

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the Planning Department shall inspect and determine that the conditions of PP25693 have been met; specifically that the branches for proposed monopine are spaced at three (3) branches per foot, all antennas have "socks", and the branches start 14 feet from the bottom of the tree in accordance with the APPROVED EXHIBIT A, dated 01/27/2016.

Transportation

090 - Transportation, 1

0090-Transportation-USE-UTILITY INSTALL CELL TOWER

Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 KV within public right-of-way for this cell tower site shall be underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department.

A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion.

LAND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE (LDC) 2nd CASE TRANSMITTAL

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT - RIVERSIDE

P.O. Box 1409

Riverside, CA 92502-1409

DATE: March 10, 2016

TO:

Riv. Co. Transportation Dept. Riv. Co. Flood Control District Riv. Co. Environmental Health Department

Riv. Co. Landscape Riv. Co. Geology Section Riv. Co. Archaeology Section Riv. Co. Fire Department Riv. Co. Building & Safety-Grading Riv. Co. Building & Safety-Plan Check

Riv. Co. Biology

Riv. Co. Regional Parks & Open Space Riv. Co. Information Technology City Sphere of Influence- City of Temecula

3rd District Supervisor

3rd District Planning Commissioner

PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 – Intent to adopt a Negative Declaration – Applicant: Verizon Wireless – Engineer/Representative: Spectrum Services, Inc. – Owner: Valley Wide Recreation & Park District – Third Supervisorial District – Rancho California Zoning Area – Southwest Area Plan – Land Use Designation: Open Space: Conservation (OS: C), Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) – Location: Southeast of Winchester Road., Southwest of Abelia Street, and West of Wintersweet Lane – Zoning: Winchester Specific Plan No. 286, Planning Area 10A/11/16 – REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 25963 proposes the construction and operation of a new, unmanned wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree (monopine) consisting of a 50-foot-tall tower, twelve (12) panel antennas at the 41-foot height, two (2) parabolic antennas, nine (9) remote radio units, two (2) tower mounted junction boxes, five (5) outdoor equipment cabinets, three (3) GPS antennas, one 15kW stand-by generator, and two (2) 50KVA transformers within a 440-square-foot lease area. – APN: 480-040-029 & 476-030-001.

LDC staff members and other listed Riverside County Agencies, Departments and Districts staff:

A Bluebeam invitation has been emailed to appropriate staff members so they can view and markup the map(s) and/or exhibit(s) for the above-described project. Please have your markups completed and draft conditions in the Land Management System (LMS) on or before the indicated LDC date. If it is determined that the attached map(s) and/or exhibit(s) are not acceptable, please have corrections in the system and DENY the LMS routing on or before the above date. This case is scheduled for an LDC Comment Meeting on March 24, 2016. Once the route is complete, and the approval screen is approved with or without corrections, the project can be scheduled for a public hearing.

Other listed entities/individuals:

Please note that the Planning Department has gone paperless and is no longer providing physical copies of the submitted map(s) and/or exhibit(s) for review. However we still want your comments. Please go the Department's webpage at:

http://planning.rctlma.org/DevelopmentProcess/LDCAgendas/2016LDCAgendas.aspx

Open the LDC agenda for the above reference date, and scroll down to view the applicable map(s) and/or exhibit(s). Please provide any comments, questions and recommendations to the Planning Department on or before the above referenced date.

Should you have any questions regarding this project, please do not hesitate to contact **Ash Syed**, **(951) 955-6035**, **Project Planner**, or e-mail at asyed@rivco.org

Public Hearing Path:	Administrative Action:	DH: 🛛	PC:	BOS:
COMMENTS:				
	AND TITLE:			
			-	

If you do not include this transmittal in your response, please include a reference to the case number and project planner's name. Thank you.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach Assistant TLMA Director

April 7, 2020

Randi Newton 4405 E. Airport Drive Suite 100 Ontario, CA 91761

Dear Applicant Name:

RE: JPR Complete

Assessor's Parcel Number(s): 476-030-001 EPD Case Number(s): PP25693, HAN180001

This letter is to inform you that the HANS case for the subject property was forwarded to the Regional Conservation Authority (RCA) for Joint Project Review (JPR) pursuant to Section 6.6.2 of the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP). As stated in the attached "RCA JPR Review", the RCA has concurred with the County that the project is consistent with the MSHCP. Additionally the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the California Department of Fish and Wildlife have reviewed the case and concurred as well.

EPD has cleared our Corrections on PP25693/HAN180001 and Conditioned the project.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact Matthew Poonamallee with the Environmental Programs Division of the Planning Department at (951) 955-2706 or via email at mpoonama@rivco.org.

Sincerely,

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Matthew Poonamallee

Ecological Resources Specialist II

Regional Conservation Authority Western Riverside County

RCA Joint Project Review (JPR)

JPR #: <u>18-12-11-01</u> Date: <u>03/20/20</u>

Project Information

Permittee: County of Riverside

Case Information: HANS 180001

0.41 acre (On-site 0.37 acre; Off-site 0.03 acre within

Site Acreage: Winchester Road right-of-way)

Portion of Site Proposed for

MSHCP Conservation

Area:

Criteria Consistency Review

Consistency Conclusion: The project is consistent with both the Criteria and Other Plan Requirements.

Data:

Applicable Core/Linkage: Proposed Constrained Linkage 18

Area Plan: Southwest

APN(s)	Sub-Unit	Cell Group	Cell
476-030-001	SU5 – Subunit 5: French Valley/Lower Sedco Hills	Independent	5376 5378

Project Information

- a. Project Documentation: JPR submittal materials provided by the Permittee included a RCA Joint Project Review Application (revised March 6, 2020), a *Habitat Assessment and MSHCP Consistency Report* (*Report*) prepared by Helix Environmental Planning (March 2020), a Site Plan (March 13, 2020), and a Riverside County Conservation Easement Deed (July 31, 2002).
- b. Project Description: The proposed project, 0.37 acre on site and 0.03 acre off site within Winchester Road right-of-way (ROW), is located at the existing Abelia Sports Park at 34630 Winchester Road within the community of Winchester, in Riverside County, California. The surrounding area includes residential development to the east, south, and west, and open lands to the north. An unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek (i.e., Proposed Constrained Linkage 18) is approximately 30 feet south of the project site. The proposed project includes the construction of an unmanned telecommunications facility that would include approximately 440 square feet of leased area for the facility; 12 panel antennas mounted on a new 50-foot tall antenna structure; 2 parabolic antennas; 18 remote radio units; 3 tower mounted junction boxes; 2 macro cell cabinets on a concrete pad; GPS antenna; 9-foot tall block wall; 4-foot wide gate; 15kW DC generator; cable runs from radios to antennas; fiber conduit to cabinets; trenching

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for electrical; and, 2 transformers. The off-site portions of the proposed project extend outside of APN 476-030-001 into the existing Winchester Road ROW. According to the *Report*, an existing parking lot and concrete access road for Abelia Sports Park would be used for access. A short segment of this access road includes a bridge traversing the unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek. This bridge will be used for access only and no improvements to the bridge are proposed.

According to the *Report*, the project site is developed and disturbed, dominated by non-native turf grass and ornamental landscaping associated with Abelia Sports Park. The survey area included the proposed project site and a 100-foot buffer, hereafter referred to as the "study area." Areas within the study area support additional turf grass and ornamental planting in addition to riparian habitat associated with an unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek. The study area, totaling 8.21 acres, is comprised of approximately 2.19 acres of southern riparian scrub, 0.47 acre of disturbed land, and 5.55 acres of developed lands. According to the *Report*, the study area is mapped as having Grangeville fine sandy loam, Monserate sandy loam, and Porteville clay; however, the surface soils have been modified and significantly altered from their natural state for the development of Abelia Sports Park.

On-site impacts as part of the proposed project would result in 0.37 acre of impacts to developed lands; specifically 0.03 acre of permanent impacts and 0.34 acre of temporary impacts. Permanent impacts would result from the construction of the telecommunications facility and a small section of new concrete walkway for access during project operation. Temporary impacts would result from the proposed utility line trenching, construction access and staging that would be restricted to existing developed lands associated with Abelia Sports Park (e.g., asphalt parking lot, concrete driveways, and turf grass). All temporary impact acres would be restored to pre-project conditions.

Off-site impacts as a part of the proposed project would result in 0.03 acre of temporary impacts, specifically 0.01 acre of disturbed land and 0.02 acre of developed lands. The off-site temporary impacts would result from installation of the underground fiber optics line extending into the Winchester Road ROW, and from off-site construction access and staging.

Relation to Reserve Assembly

a. As stated in Section 3.2.3 of the MSHCP, "Proposed Constrained Linkage 18 consists of an unnamed drainage located in the south-central region of the Plan Area. This Constrained Linkage connects Proposed Core 2 (Antelope Valley) to the west with Proposed Extension of Existing Core 7 (Lake Skinner/Diamond Valley Lake Extension). Existing agricultural use constrains the Linkage, and planned land uses surrounding the Linkage are limited nearly entirely to community Development. The Linkage also has a relatively high proportion of land affected by edge (approximately 250 acres of the total 310 acres) and will also be subject to Edge Effects also due to the widening or extension of several facilities including Washington Street, Briggs Road, and SR-79. Despite these issues, the Linkage nonetheless provides Live-In and movement Habitat for species. Guidelines Pertaining to Urban/Wildlands Interface for the management of edge factors such as lighting, urban runoff, toxics, and domestic predators are presented

RCA Joint Project Review (JPR)



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in Section 6.1 of this document. This Linkage likely provides for movement of common mammals such as bobcat. An adequate wildlife underpass or overpass may need to be implemented to ensure movement of species in this area and to reduce the chance of mortality from vehicle collision."

b. The 0.41-acre project site is located within Cell 5376 and Cell 5378, both independent of a Cell Group. Regarding Cell 5376, MSHCP Section 3.3.15 states, "Conservation within this Cell will contribute to assembly of Proposed Constrained Linkage 18. Conservation within this Cell will focus on riparian scrub, woodland and forest habitat and adjacent agricultural land. Areas conserved within this Cell will be connected to riparian scrub, woodland and forest habitat and agricultural land proposed for conservation in Cell #5378 to the west and in Cell #5275 to the north. Conservation within this Cell will range from 5%-15% of the Cell focusing in the northwestern portion of the Cell."

Regarding Cell 5378, MSHCP Section 3.3.15 states, "Conservation within this Cell will contribute to assembly of Proposed Constrained Linkage 18. Conservation within this Cell will focus on riparian scrub, woodland and forest habitat and adjacent grassland habitat and agricultural land. Areas conserved within this Cell will be connected to riparian scrub, woodland and forest habitat and agricultural land proposed for conservation in Cell #5376 to the east and in Cell #5477 to the south. Conservation within this Cell will range from 10%-20% of the Cell focusing in the southeastern portion of the Cell."

- c. Rough Step: The proposed project is within Rough Step Unit 6. Rough Step Unit 6 encompasses 101,542 acres within the south-central region of western Riverside County and includes Antelope Valley, Warm Springs Creek, Paloma Creek, Lake Skinner, Johnson Ranch, and Diamond Valley Lake. This Rough Step area is bounded by Interstate 15 to the northwest, Bundy Canyon Road and Olive Avenue to the north, and Palm Avenue to the west. Within Rough Step Unit 6, 24,836 acres are located within the Criteria Area. Key vegetation communities within Rough Step Unit 6 include: coastal sage scrub, grasslands, riparian scrub, woodland, forest, and woodlands and forests. A total of 4,681 acres of conservation has been acquired within this Rough Step Unit. Losses to this unit total 2,566 acres, with remaining development allowance as followed: 71 acres of coastal sage scrub, 433 acres of grasslands, 6 acres of riparian scrub, woodland, and forest, and 10 acres of woodlands and forests. Based on the MSHCP baseline vegetation mapping, vegetation on the proposed project site is developed/disturbed and riparian scrub, woodland, forest. According to the 2018 MSHCP Annual Report, all vegetation categories are "in rough step." Therefore, development on the project site will not conflict with or interfere with the Rough Step Status of Unit 6.
- d. Reserve Assembly: As mentioned above, the project site is located within Cell 5376 and Cell 5378, both independent of a Cell Group. Conservation within Cell 5376 will contribute to assembly of Proposed Constrained Linkage 18 and will range from 5%-15% of the Cell focusing in the northwestern portion of the Cell. Conservation within this Cell will focus on riparian scrub, woodland and forest habitat and adjacent agricultural land. Cell 5376 totals 160.51 acres. Using the low-range of the area described for conservation (5%) within Cell 5376, approximately 8 acres are described for conservation within this Cell. To date, approximately 142.86 acres have been developed or are approved for development in this Cell

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(including the project site) and covered road acreage is 6.49 acres. There are approximately 9.69 acres remaining of undeveloped acres potentially available for conservation within Cell 5376 that would contribute to Proposed Constrained Linkage 18. Of the 9.69 acres, 4.05 acres are under an existing conservation easement held by Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District along the unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek that comprises Proposed Constrained Linkage 18. Note that the Cell cannot achieve its mid-range goal (16.05 acres), but can achieve the low-end goal of 8 acres.

The proposed project site is located within the northwestern portion of Cell 5376, an area described for conservation; however, the project site is located within an existing sports park (i.e., Abelia Sports Park). Cell 5376 is comprised primarily with residential communities in the central and southern portions of the Cell. The northwestern portion of the Cell is comprised of the existing Abelia Sports Park and the unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek that comprises Proposed Constrained Linkage 18. The existing sports park is developed and comprised of turf and ornamental plantings which would not contribute to the conservation vegetation priorities for this Cell. Furthermore, the project site does not serve a functional purpose nor is it valuable for the planning species associated with Subunit 5: French Valley/Lower Sedco Hills, including Bell's sage sparrow, California horned lark, coastal California gnatcatcher, Swainson's hawk, grasshopper sparrow, southern California rufous-crowned sparrow, Quino checkerspot butterfly, bobcat, Los Angeles pocket mouse, western pond turtle, long-spined spine flower, Munz's onion, and Palmer's grapplinghook. Therefore, due to the proposed project being sited within an existing park (i.e., Abelia Sports Park), the proposed project would not impede the conservation goals for Proposed Constrained Linkage 18 nor cause additional fragmentation issues.

Conservation within Cell 5378 will contribute to assembly of Proposed Constrained Linkage 18 and will range from 10%-20% of the Cell focusing in the southeastern portion of the Cell. Conservation within this Cell will focus on riparian scrub, woodland and forest habitat and adjacent grassland habitat and agricultural land. A small portion of the proposed project (0.032 acre) would result in off-site temporary impacts extending into the Winchester Road ROW within the eastern portion of Cell 5378. All temporary impacts within the Winchester Road ROW would be restored to pre-project conditions; therefore, there would be no loss in the function or values of Proposed Constrained Linkage 18 within Cell 5378.

The proposed project is proposed to be sited within an existing park (i.e., Abelia Sports Park). Through additional internal coordination, it was determined that achieving the "low-end only" of the Cell 5376 goal is acceptable. Furthermore, within Cell 5378, impacts are only temporary. Based on this and the discussion above, placement of the cellular facilities and associated disturbance on the proposed project site would not impede the conservation goals for Proposed Constrained Linkage 18 nor cause additional fragmentation issues.

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RCA Joint Project Review (JPR)

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Other Plan Requirements

Section 6.1.2 – Was Riparian/Riverine/Vernal Pool Mapping or Information Provided?

<u>Yes</u>. There are no riparian or riverine resources on the project site; however, riparian and riverine resources occur immediately adjacent to the project (i.e., an unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek). The adjacent riparian habitat does provide potential suitable habitat for Section 6.1.2 riparian bird species. This adjacent habitat will not be impacted. There are no vernal pools or suitable habitat for fairy shrimp on the project site.

Section 6.1.3 – Was Narrow Endemic Plant Species Survey Information Provided?

<u>Yes.</u> The project site is located within a Narrow Endemic Plant Species Survey Area (NEPSSA) for California Orcutt grass, many-stemmed dudleya, Munz's onion, San Diego ambrosia, spreading navarretia, and Wright's trichocoronis.

Section 6.3.2 – Was Additional Survey Information Provided?

Yes. The project site is located within a Criteria Area Species Survey Area (CASSA) for Coulter's goldfields, Davidson saltscale, little mousetail, Parish's brittlescale, round-leaved filaree, smooth tarplant, mud nama, and thread-leaved brodiaea. The site is located in an Additional Survey Needs and Procedures Areas for burrowing owl.

Section 6.1.4 – Was Information Pertaining to Urban/Wildland Interface Guidelines Provided?

<u>Yes.</u> The property is located adjacent to areas described for Conservation (e.g., an unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek).

Comments:

a. Section 6.1.2: The project site was evaluated for riparian/riverine resources and vernal pools on April 17, 2018. Aerial photographs, topographic maps, and soils maps were reviewed for signs of flowing or ponded water, topographic depressions, and drainage features. According the *Report*, riparian/riverine resources are not present on the project site. However, an unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek (i.e., Proposed Constrained Linkage 18) is located approximately 30 feet south of the project site. A conservation easement held by Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District has been placed over this feature in order to ensure that it is avoided in perpetuity. Recordation of the conservation easement, dated July 31, 2002, was provided with the JPR application submittal. No direct impacts to these adjacent riparian/riverine areas are proposed. Indirect impacts to this feature will be addressed with the implementation of Urban/Wildlife Interface Guidelines per Section 6.1.4 of the MSHCP.



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Riparian birds: The project site does not contain suitable habitat for MSHCP-covered riparian birds, including least Bell's vireo (Vireo bellii pusillus), southwestern willow flycatcher (Empidonax traillii extimus), and western yellow-billed cuckoo (Coccyzus americanus); therefore, focused surveys were not warranted. Because the proposed project is adjacent to an unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek (i.e., Proposed Constrained Linkage 18) where there is potentially suitable breeding habitat for least Bell's vireo, the proposed project will be constructed outside of least Bell's vireo nesting season (March 1 through August 31). If construction cannot be conducted outside of least Bell's vireo nesting season, focused surveys for this species will be conducted in accordance with the 2001 USFWS protocol. If the surveys are positive, the project proponent will coordinate with the RCA and Wildlife Agencies to determine appropriate setback requirements or other applicable measures. According to the Report, the adjacent unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek does not contain suitable nesting habitat for southwestern willow flycatcher and western yellow-billed cuckoo due to the habitat being too narrow, small in size, sparse, and is without an undeveloped understory to support breeding by these species. However, the unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek may provide suitable foraging habitat and act as a temporary stop-over during migration.

Fairy Shrimp: The project site was assessed for potential fairy shrimp habitat, such as vernal pools or ephemeral ponds. According to the *Report*, no vernal pools or basins, road ruts, or any other ephemeral depressions to support fairy shrimp are present. According to the *Report*, clay soils are mapped in the southern and western portions of the site; however, these areas are characterized by disturbed and developed lands that have been modified and significantly altered from their natural state for the development of the Abelia Sports Park. Because the project site does not contain vernal pools or other habitat suitable for fairy shrimp, focused surveys for fairy shrimp were not conducted.

Based on the information provided in the *Report*, the project demonstrates consistency with Section 6.1.2 of the MSHCP.

b. Section 6.1.3: The project site is located within a Narrow Endemic Plant Species Survey Area (NEPSSA) for California Orcutt grass, many-stemmed dudleya, Munz's onion, San Diego ambrosia, spreading navarretia, and Wright's trichocoronis. A habitat assessment was conducted on April 17, 2018, and included the project site and a 100-foot buffer around the site. It was determined that suitable habitat for California Orcutt grass (e.g., vernal pools), many-stemmed dudleya (e.g., barren, rocky areas with limited vegetation), Munz's onion (e.g., openings in grassland sparse sage scrub), San Diego ambrosia (e.g., floodplain terraces and vernal pool margins), spreading navarretia (e.g., vernal pools), and Wright's trichocoronis (e.g., riparian areas, meadows and seeps, marshes, and vernal pools) is absent. According to the *Report*, while clay soils are mapped in the southern and western portions of the site, these areas are characterized as disturbed and developed lands that have been modified and significantly altered from their natural state for the development of the Abelia Sports Park. Furthermore, the project site and immediate vicinity is composed of irrigated and maintained turf grass, ornamental landscaping, and developed lands associated with Abelia Sports Park; therefore, due to the lack of suitable habitat, focused surveys for NESSA species were not conducted.

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Based on the information provided in the *Report*, the project demonstrates consistency with Section 6.1.3 of the MSHCP.

c. Section 6.3.2: The project site is located within a Criteria Area Species Survey Area (CASSA) for Coulter's goldfields, Davidson's saltscale, little mousetail, Parish's brittlescale, round-leaved filaree, smooth tarplant, thread-leaved brodiaea, and mud nama. A habitat assessment was conducted on April 17, 2018, and included the project site and a 100-foot buffer around the site. It was determined that suitable habitat for Coulter's goldfields (e.g., alkaline habitats), Davidson's saltscale (e.g., alkaline lowlands supported by saline soils), little mousetail (e.g., vernal pools), Parish's brittlescale (e.g., alkaline lowlands with saline soils), round-leaved filaree (e.g., clay soils within woodland and grassland types; mesic sites), smooth tarplant (e.g., riparian habitats, margins of watercourses, seasonal depressions and swales in grasslands, and alkali scrub), thread-leaved brodiaea (e.g., clay soils that underline openings in chaparral, cismontane woodlands, and coastal scrub, in addition to playas, vernal pools, and clay concentrations in grassland), and mud nama (e.g., muddy embankments of marshes and swamps, and within lake margins and riverbanks) is absent. According to the Report, while clay soils are mapped in the southern and western portions of the site, these areas are characterized as disturbed and developed lands that have been modified and significantly altered from their natural state for the development of the Abelia Sports Park. Furthermore, the project site and immediate vicinity is composed of irrigated and maintained turf grass, ornamental landscaping, and developed lands associated with Abelia Sports Park; therefore, due to the lack of suitable habitat, focused surveys were not conducted.

The project site is located in the area for additional survey needs for burrowing owl. In accordance with the County of Riverside's Burrowing Owl Survey Instructions for the Western Riverside Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan Area (County of Riverside 2006), a Step I Habitat Assessment was conducted on April 17, 2018 within the project site and an additional 500-foot buffer around the site. Private properties, where access was restricted, was inspected using binoculars. According to the Report, the proposed project site is characterized by irrigated and maintained turf grass, ornamental landscaping, and developed land associated with Abelia Sports Park and does not contain suitable burrowing owl habitat. Therefore, due to the absence of suitable habitat, a Step II Locating Burrows and Burrowing Owls focused survey was not conducted. Suitable burrowing owl habitat (i.e., flat land with low-lying vegetation and ground squirrel activity) was limited to undeveloped lands within the 500-foot buffer, approximately 200 to 300 feet from the project site. No burrowing owl or burrowing owl sign was observed during the Step I Habitat Assessment; however, potential burrows (i.e., small mammal burrows greater than four inches in diameter) likely exist within the 500-foot buffer. According to the *Report*, suitable burrowing owl habitat within the 500-foot buffer is separated from the project site by Abelia Sports Park, and Abelia Street and Winchester Road and given the existing uses and setback distance of 200 to 300 feet, these areas would be unaffected by project construction and operation activities.

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Based on the information provided in the *Report*, the project demonstrates consistency with Section 6.3.2 of the MSHCP.

- d. Section 6.1.4: To preserve the integrity of areas surrounding the project site which are areas described for Conservation (unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek; Proposed Constrained Linkage 18), the guidelines contained in Section 6.1.4 related to controlling edge effects from development adjacent to the MSHCP Conservation Area should be considered by the Permittee in their actions relative to the Project. Conservation Area includes existing conserved lands and lands described for conservation per MSHCP Cell criteria. Specifically, the Permittee should include as Project conditions of approval the following measures:
 - i. Incorporate measures to control the quantity and quality of runoff from the site entering the MSHCP Conservation Area (unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek). In particular, measures shall be required to avoid discharge of untreated surface runoff from developed and paved areas into MSHCP Conservation Areas (unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek). This measure applies to any discharges upstream of and connecting to existing or future conservation areas including discharges to tributaries to all larger streams\rivers (Santa Ana River, San Jacinto River, Santa Margarita River, Murrieta Creek, Temecula Creek) in western Riverside County. The proposed project will implement appropriate BMPs to ensure that the quality and quantity of runoff discharged is not altered in an adverse way when compared to existing conditions.
 - ii. Land uses proposed in proximity to the MSHCP Conservation Area that use chemicals or generate bioproducts such as manure, which are potentially toxic or may adversely affect wildlife species, habitat or water quality shall incorporate measures to ensure that application of such chemicals does not result in discharge to the MSHCP Conservation Area (unnamed tributary to Warm Springs Creek). According to the *Report*, the proposed project does not include chemicals.
 - iii. Night lighting shall be directed away from the MSHCP Conservation Area to protect species within the MSHCP Conservation Area from direct night lighting. Shielding shall be incorporated in project designs to ensure ambient lighting in the MSHCP Conservation Area is not increased. According to the *Report*, no lighting will be required during construction and any operation lighting necessary would be restricted to low illumination security lighting during maintenance that would be shielded and directed downward, away from the Conservation Easement.
 - iv. Proposed noise generating land uses affecting the MSHCP Conservation Area shall incorporate setbacks, berms or walls to minimize the effects of noise on MSHCP Conservation Area resources pursuant to applicable rules, regulations and guidelines related to land use noise standards. According to the *Report*, construction noise is not expected to exceed the ambient noise levels associated with the existing park and transportation uses along Abelia Street and Winchester Road. Furthermore, to minimize noise effects on potential least Bell's vireo habitat adjacent to the proposed project site, construction will occur outside of the vireo season (March 1 to August

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31). If construction outside of vireo season is not feasible, the applicant will conduct focused surveys to determine presence/absence. If present, the project proponent will coordinate with the RCA and Wildlife Agencies regarding potential setback buffers and other possible measures relative to the location of vireos in adjacent areas. Operation noise would be limited and attenuated by equipment cabinets and nine-foot-tall concrete block wall around the lease area.

- v. Consider the invasive, non-native plant species listed in Table 6-2 of the MSHCP in approving landscape plans to avoid the use of invasive species for the portions of the project that are adjacent to the MSHCP Conservation Area. Considerations in reviewing the applicability of this list shall include proximity of planting areas to the MSHCP Conservation Areas, species considered in the planting plans, resources being protected within the MSHCP Conservation Area and their relative sensitivity to invasion, and barriers to plant and seed dispersal, such as walls, topography and other features.
- vi. Proposed land uses adjacent to the MSHCP Conservation Area shall incorporate barriers, where appropriate in individual project designs to minimize unauthorized public access, domestic animal predation, illegal trespass, or dumping into the MSHCP Conservation Areas. Such barriers may include native landscaping, rocks/boulders, fencing, walls, signage, and/or appropriate mechanisms. According to the *Report*, the project is separated from the Conservation Easement by turf grass (i.e., Abelia Sports Park) and an existing white split rail fence barrier that will remain in place during construction and operation of the project.
- vii. Manufactured slopes associated with the proposed site development shall not extend into the MSHCP Conservation Area.
- viii. Weed abatement and fuel modification activities are not permitted in the Conservation Area.
- e. **MSHCP Volume I, Appendix C:** The following best management practices (BMPs), as applicable, shall be implemented for the duration of construction:
 - i. A condition shall be placed on grading permits requiring a qualified biologist to conduct a training session for project personnel prior to grading. The training shall include a description of the species of concern and its habitats, the general provisions of the Endangered Species Act (Act) and the MSHCP, the need to adhere to the provisions of the Act and the MSHCP, the penalties associated with violating the provisions of the Act, the general measures that are being implemented to conserve the species of concern as they relate to the project, and the access routes to and project site boundaries within which the project activities must be accomplished.
 - ii. Water pollution and erosion control plans shall be developed and implemented in accordance with RWQCB requirements.
 - iii. The footprint of disturbance shall be minimized to the maximum extent feasible. Access to sites shall be via pre-existing access routes to the greatest extent possible.

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Western Riverside County

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- The upstream and downstream limits of projects disturbance plus lateral limits of disturbance on either side of the stream shall be clearly defined and marked in the field and reviewed by the biologist prior to initiation of work.
- Projects should be designed to avoid the placement of equipment and personnel within the stream channel or on sand and gravel bars, banks, and adjacent upland habitats used by target species of concern.
- Projects that cannot be conducted without placing equipment or personnel in sensitive habitats should be timed to avoid the breeding season of riparian species identified in MSHCP Global Species Objective No. 7.
- vii. When stream flows must be diverted, the diversions shall be conducted using sandbags or other methods requiring minimal instream impacts. Silt fencing of other sediment trapping materials shall be installed at the downstream end of construction activity to minimize the transport of sediments off site. Settling ponds where sediment is collected shall be cleaned out in a manner that prevents the sediment from reentering the stream. Care shall be exercised when removing silt fences, as feasible, to prevent debris or sediment from returning to the stream.
- viii. Equipment storage, fueling, and staging areas shall be located on upland sites with minimal risks of direct drainage into riparian areas or other sensitive habitats. These designated areas shall be located in such a manner as to prevent any runoff from entering sensitive habitat. Necessary precautions shall be taken to prevent the release of cement or other toxic substances into surface waters. Project related spills of hazardous materials shall be reported to appropriate entities including but not limited to applicable jurisdictional city, FWS, and CDFG, RWQCB and shall be cleaned up immediately and contaminated soils removed to approved disposal areas.
- Erodible fill material shall not be deposited into water courses. Brush, loose soils, or other similar debris material shall not be stockpiled within the stream channel or on its banks.
- The qualified project biologist shall monitor construction activities for the duration of the project to X. ensure that practicable measures are being employed to avoid incidental disturbance of habitat and species of concern outside the project footprint.
- хi. The removal of native vegetation shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable. Temporary impacts shall be returned to pre-existing contours and revegetated with appropriate native species.
- xii. Exotic species that prey upon or displace target species of concern should be permanently removed from the site to the extent feasible.
- xiii. To avoid attracting predators of the species of concern, the project site shall be kept as clean of debris as possible. All food related trash items shall be enclosed in sealed containers and regularly removed from the site(s).

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xiv. Construction employees shall strictly limit their activities, vehicles, equipment, and construction materials to the proposed project footprint and designated staging areas and routes of travel. The construction area(s) shall be the minimal area necessary to complete the project and shall be specified in the construction plans. Construction limits will be fenced with orange snow screen. Exclusion fencing should be maintained until the completion of all construction activities. Employees shall be instructed that their activities are restricted to the construction areas.

xv. The Permittee shall have the right to access and inspect any sites of approved projects including any restoration/enhancement area for compliance with project approval conditions, including these BMPs.

BAS

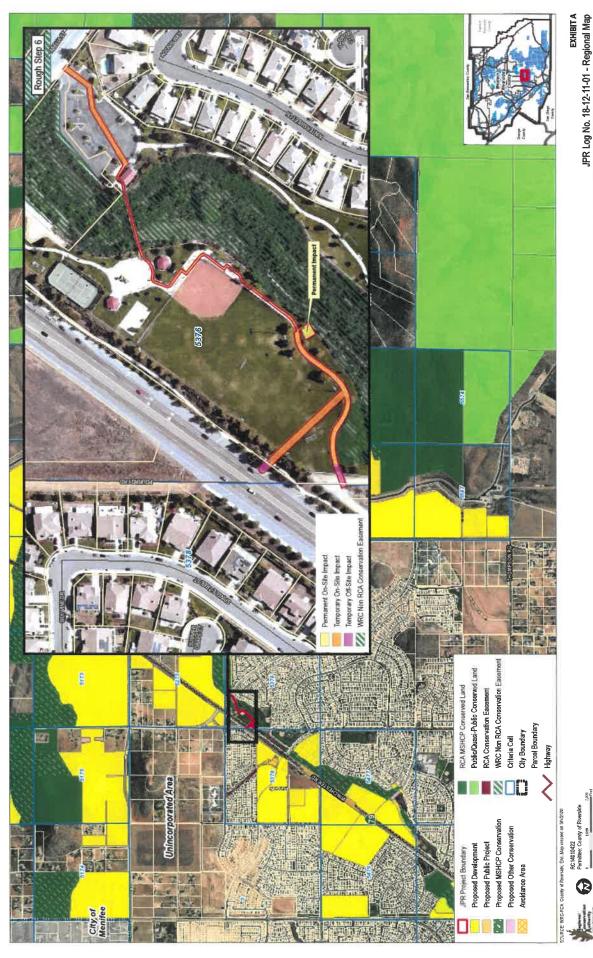


RCA Joint Project Review (JPR)

JPR #: <u>18-12-11-01</u>

Date: 03/20/20

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JPR Log No. 18-12-11-01 - Regional Map

EXHIBIT B JPR Log No. 18-12-11-01 - Vicinity Map with MSHCP Schematic Cores and Linkages

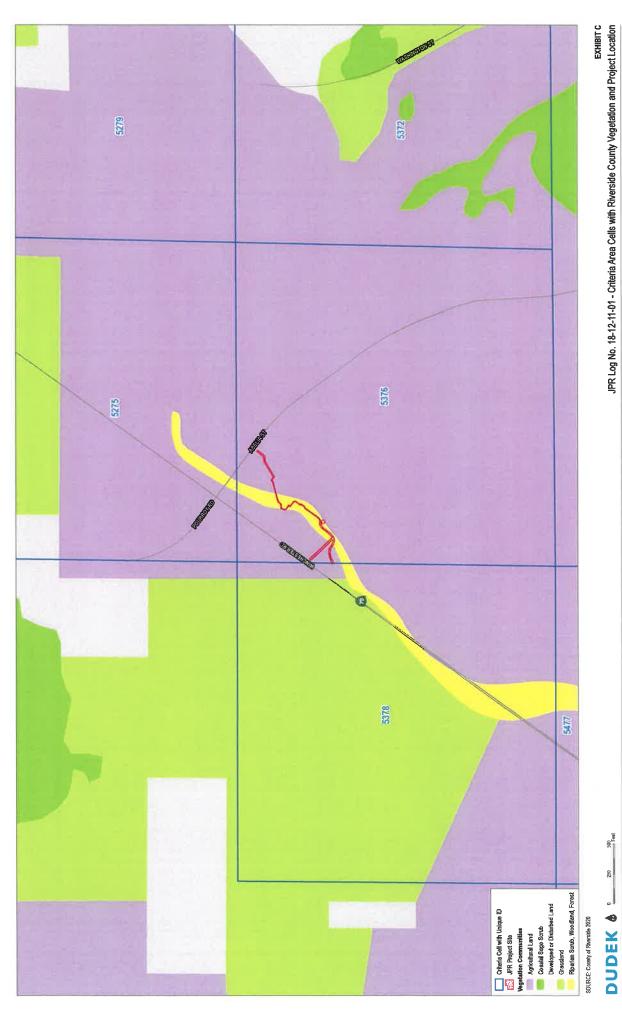
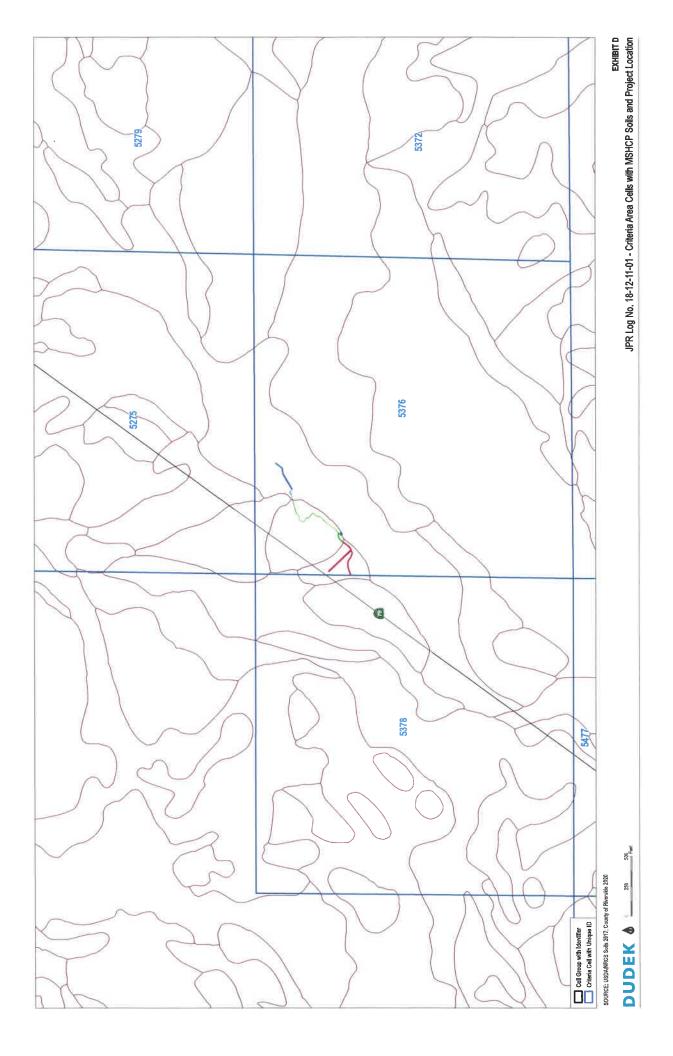


EXHIBIT C JPR Log No. 18-12-11-01 - Criteria Area Cells with Riverside County Vegetation and Project Location





C 06598 EA42734 CF601 22



Carolyn Syms Luna Director

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE PROJECT

✓ PLOT PLAN ☐ REVISED PERMIT		NAL USE PER SE PERMIT	MIT [TEMPO VARIAN	RARY USE PERMIT
PROPOSED LAND USE:	Jnmanned wireless telecomn	unication facility (cell to	wer) with (equip. lease area	, equip. shelter and generator.
ORDINANCE NO. 348 SEC	TION AUTHORIZI	NG PROPOSED	LAND	USE:	
ALL APPLICATIONS MUST INCLUD TO THE SPECIFIC PROJECT. ADD	E THE INFORMATION R	EQUIRED UNDER AI	NY SUPE	PLEMENTAL IN	FORMATION LIST APPLICABLE
APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCE					TYME THE VIEW MOONING CETTS
CASE NUMBER:	p25693	DA	TE SU	BMITTED:	10(21)14 7/15/14
APPLICATION INFORMAT	<u>'ION</u>				
Applicant's Name: LASMSAL	P dba Verizon Wireless	E-N	lail: 📴	smirl@spectrums	e.com
Mailing Address:	15505 Sand C	anyon Avenue, Building	D / 1st Fl	oor	
	Irvine	Street CA		92618	
	City	State		ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: (909	944-5471 X20	Fax No	: (_) <u>N/A</u>	
Engineer/Representative's	Name: Spectrum Service	es, Inc. / Attn: Brett Smi	1	_ E-Mail:	bsmirl@spectrumse.com
Mailing Address:	8390 Ma	ple Place, Suite 110			
Ranch	o Cucamonga	Street CA		91730	
	City	State		ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: (909	944-5471 X20	Fax No	: (<u> </u>		
Property Owner's Name: _v	alley Wide Rec. & Park District	/Nigel Paxton E-N	/lail: N	I/A	
Mailing Address:	901 W	. Esplanade / PO BOX	007		
Se	n Jacinto	Street CA		92581	
	City	State		ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: (760	213-8511	Fax No): () _N/A	
Dispulse Office 4000 L	Ot 1 40% M				

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811

Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555

If the property is owned by more than one person, attach a separate page that references the application case number and lists the names, mailing addresses, and phone numbers of all persons having an interest in the real property or properties involved in this application.

The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.

AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER

The signature below authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of your application, you will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied.

All signatures must be originals ("wet-signed"). Photocopies of signatures are not acceptable.

Brett Smirl		Brett Smirl	Digitally signed by Brett Smirl Dit to=Brett Smirl, c, ou, email=bsmirl#spectrumse.com, c=U5 Date: 2014.07.08 11:21-27-07:07
PRINTED NAME O	F APPLICANT	SIGNATURE OF	APPLICANT
AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLIC	ATION IS HEREBY G	IVEN:	
I certify that I am/we are the reco- correct to the best of my know indicating authority to sign the ap	rledge. An authorized	agent must submit	e information filed is true and talletter from the owner(s)
All signatures must be originals ("	wet-signed"). Photoco	opies of signatures a	re not acceptable.
* see attached with sign	gnature.		
PRINTED NAME OF PROPER	RTY OWNER(S)	SIGNATURE OF	PROPERTY OWNER(S)
DOINTED NAME OF DOODER	ETY ON MEDION	0101/17 105 05	
PRINTED NAME OF PROPER	RIT UWNER(S)	SIGNATURE OF	PROPERTY OWNER(S)
If the property is owned by mapplication case number and list the property.	ore than one persor s the printed names a	n, attach a separate nd signatures of all	e sheet that references the persons having an interest in
See attached sheet(s) for other	er property owners' sig	gnatures.	
PROPERTY INFORMATION:			
Assessor's Parcel Number(s):	80-040-030		
Section: 29	ownship: 6 South	Range:	2 West

APPLICATION FOR SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE

PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)	SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
DEAN NETTER, GARAGER	Der Witte
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)	SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)

If the subject property is owned by persons who have not signed as owners above, attach a separate sheet that references the application case number and lists the printed names and signatures of all persons having an interest in the property.

INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR APPLICATION SUBMITTAL

The following instructions are intended to provide the necessary information and procedures to facilitate the processing of a Substantial Conformance application. Your cooperation with these instructions will insure that your application can be processed in the most expeditious manner possible.

THE SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE FILING PACKAGE MUST CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING:

X One completed and signed application form.

One copy of the current legal description for each property involved. A copy of a grant deed of each property involved.

Fifteen (15) copies of a site plan of the entire parcel (e.g. all of a shopping center even if the substantial conformance is only for one store within a shopping center).

One copy (two, if submitted in the Deservorine) of a floor plan delineating the types of usage (e.g. office, storage, sales area, etc).

Applicable deposit-based fees.

CRITERIA FOR REVIEW FOR SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE

A Substantial Conformance application can be used to modify an approved, valid, permit, such as a plot plan, conditional use permit, public use permit, second unit permit, variance, surface mining permit, reclamation plan, or wind energy conversion systems permit (WECS), provided the current and/or proposed use is in conformance with the subject site's zoning classification and General Plan designation. A Substantial Conformance application cannot be used to modify an approved, valid parcel map or tract map.

A Substantial Conformance is a request for a non-substantial modification of an approved permit that does not change the original approval or the effect of the approval on surrounding property. A Substantial Conformance may include, but is not limited to, modifications for upgrading facilities, modifications for compliance with the requirements of other public agencies, modifications necessary to comply with final conditions of approval, or modifications to on-site circulation and parking, lighting, fencing or walls, andscaping and/or signage requirements, provided that said modifications, as determined by the Planning Director, will have no adverse effect upon public health, safety, welfare, and/or the environment.

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE PROJECT
Approximate Gross Acreage: 4.48 acres
General location (nearby or cross streets): North of Kale Lane, South of
Abelia Street
Thomas Brothers map, edition year, page number, and coordinates:
Project Description: (describe the proposed project in detail) Replace light standard and add antennas at 60' RAD. Add microwave
Equip. and back up generator proposed within block wall enclosure located in separate lease
area away from light standard due to space limitations.
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application: N/A
Is there a previous application filed on the same site: Yes \(\text{No } \text{V} \) If yes, provide Case No(s) (Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)
E.A. No. (if known) E.I.R. No. (if applicable):
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes \(\sum \) No \(\subseteq \)
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a copy:
Is water service available at the project site: Yes ☑ No □
If "No," how far must the water line(s) be extended to provide service? (No. of feet/miles) N/A
Will the project eventually require landscaping either on-site or as part of a road improvement or other common area improvements? Yes ☐ No ☑
Is sewer service available at the site? Yes 🗸 No 🗌
If "No," how far must the sewer line(s) be extended to provide service? (No. of feet/miles)
Will the project result in cut or fill slopes steeper than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet? Yes ☐ No ☑
How much grading is proposed for the project site?
Estimated amount of cut = cubic yards: N/A

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE PROJECT
Estimated amount of fill = cubic yards N/A
Does the project need to import or export dirt? Yes \(\bigcup \) No \(\bigcup \)
Import Export Neither
What is the anticipated source/destination of the import/export? N/A
What is the anticipated route of travel for transport of the soil material? N/A
How many anticipated truckloads? N/A truck loads.
What is the square footage of usable pad area? (area excluding all slopes) N/A sq. ft.
Is the project located within 8½ miles of March Air Reserve Base? Yes \(\Boxed{\text{No}}\) No \(\overline{\text{V}}\)
If yes, will any structure exceed fifty-feet (50') in height (above ground level)? Yes \(\square\) No \(\square\)
Is the project located within 1000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Section 65944 of the Government Code? (See California Office of Planning and Research website: http://cmluca.projects.atlas.ca.gov/) Yes No V
Is the project located within the boundaries of an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan adopted by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission? Yes ☐ No ☑
Does the project area exceed one acre in area? Yes ☐ No ☑
Is the project located within any of the following watersheds (refer to Riverside County Land Information System (RCLIS) (http://www3.tlma.co.riverside.ca.us/pa/rclis/index.html) for watershed location)?
☐ Santa Ana River ☐ Santa Margarita River ☐ Whitewater River
Please note: If your project is within the San Jacinto River as shown on the RCLIS, please check Santa Ana River above and use the Santa Ana River worksheet, "Checklist for Identifying Projects Requiring a Project-Specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) within the Santa Ana River Region" on the following pages.

Form 295-1010 (09/01/13)



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Steve Weiss, AICP Planning Director

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT INFORMATION

NOTE: ALL APPLICATIONS MUST INCLUDE THE INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER ANY SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION LIST APPLICABLE TO THE SPECIFIC PROJECT. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION MAY BE REQUIRED AFTER INITIAL RECEIPT AND REVIEW.					
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED. ATTACH PAGE 1 ALONG WITH PROPER DOCUMENTATION LISTED BELOW:					
DATE SUBMITTED: Enter ALL Application Numbers assigned for project in County of Riverside Planning Department:					
PP25693	10/22/14				
Assessor Parcel Number(s):					
480-040-02	9+ and 476	-030-001			
The property is owned by:					
SOLE OWNERSHIP SOLE PROPRIETORSH PARTNERSHIP	IP \$ 3	LIMITED LIABILITY CO	OMPANY (LLC)		
Include the following docume	entation:				
A current (less than 6)	s month old) Prelimir	nary Title Report for each parcel a	nd/or other documents		

- A current (less than 6 month old) Preliminary Title Report for each parcel and/or other documents showing ownership of the property.
- Documentation proving who has authority to sign the agreement, such as:
 - If Limited Liability Company: Please provide the Operating Agreement;

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INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION

- If Corporation: Please provide Articles of Incorporation and corporate resolution re: authority to execute agreements on behalf of the corporation;
- If Partnership: Please provide LP1 or LP5 filed with the Secretary of State and partnership agreement;
- If Trust: Please provide a certified abstract of the trust.
- For out of state legal entities, please provide document showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

Property Owner Name:	Valley Wide	Recr	cotion and park district
Contact Person:	Nigel POXTON		<u>cotion</u> and pork district
Mailing Address:	P.O. Box 907	Street	
San t	Antonio City	CA	9258/ ZIP
and/or assessor's parce	cated above; and attach al number and list those provide signatures of t	i a separat names. m	n ownership interest in the subject property(ies) ate sheet that references the property address nailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and sons or entities having an interest in the real
Additional Parties to be			
Name: Los Ang	eles smsa Cx	o dbor	Venzon Wireless E-Mail: igarcia & spectrumse-com
Contact Person:	Justin Garcia		E-Mail: igarcia @ spectrumse-com
	4405 E Airpor	tdr. S	
Name:			
Contact Person:			E-Mail:
Mailing Address:		Street	
	City	State	ZIP



Assistant TLMA Director

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

Dean Wetter

PRINTED NAME of Property Owner(s)

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner.

Attach additional sheets, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

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INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION

• If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

ONLY FOR WIRELESS PROJECTS (SEE BELOW)

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.



Assistant TLMA Director

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

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 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

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"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION

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NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY DIRECTOR'S HEARING to consider the project shown below:

PLOT PLAN NO. 25693 – Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) – Applicant: Verizon Wireless – Engineer/Representative: Spectrum Services, Inc. – Owner: Valley Wide Recreation & Park District – Third Supervisorial District – Rancho California Zoning Area – Southwest Area Plan – Land Use Designation: Open Space: Conservation (OS-C) – Open Space: Recreation (OS-R) – Location: Southeasterly of Winchester Road, southwesterly of Abelia Street, and westerly of Wintersweet Lane – Zoning: Winchester Specific Plan No. 286, Planning Area 10A/11/16 – REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 25963 proposes the construction and operation of a new, unmanned wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree (monopine) consisting of a 50-foot-tall tower, 12 panel antennas at the 41-foot height, two (2) parabolic antennas, nine (9) remote radio units, two (2) tower mounted junction boxes, five (5) outdoor equipment cabinets, three (3) GPS antennas, one 15kW standby generator, and two (2) 50KVA transformers within a 440 sq. ft. lease area.

TIME OF HEARING: 1:30 pm or as soon as possible thereafter

DATE OF HEARING: **DECEMBER 7, 2020**

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

12th FLOOR, CONFERENCE ROOM A

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/.

For further information regarding this project, please contact Project Planner Rob Gonzalez at (951) 955-9549 or email at rgonzalez@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Director's Hearing agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above-described application is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The Planning Director will consider the proposed application at the public hearing.

The case file for the proposed project is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Director for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Director and retained for the official record.

If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Director at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Director may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to:

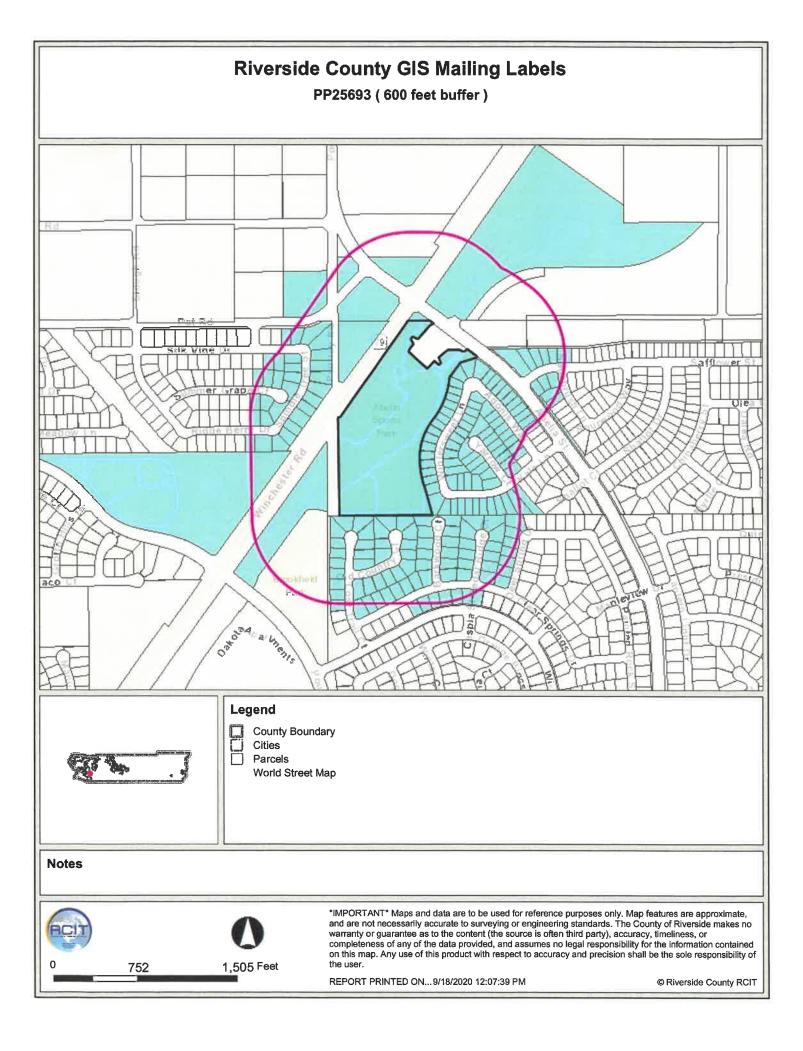
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Rob Gonzalez

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I, VINNIE NGUYEN certify that on September 18, 2020
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS
APN (s) or case numbers PP25693 fo
Company or Individual's NameRCIT - GIS
Distance buffered600'
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Departmen
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all other
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 2
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum of
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundaries
based upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identifie
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names an
mailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-sid
improvement/alignment.
I further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
understand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of th
application.
TITLE: GIS Analyst
ADDRESS: 4080 Lemon Street 9 TH Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
TELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a.m. – 5 p.m.): (951) 955-8158



476040013 2018 1 IH BORROWER LP 1717 MAIN ST STE 2000 DALLAS TX 75201 476040031 WILLIAM THEURER 34566 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040011 RYNE CUNNINGHAM 34699 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040020 BRENDON JOHN BURCH 34619 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040032 JOHN R. BOWLDS 34574 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040036 SERGIO PEREZ 34606 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041004 AARON M. CRANE 34625 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041026 NICHOLAS HILDRETH 34677 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041027 TODD JOSEPH MOSKALY 34669 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040038 CANAAN A. BUDDE 34622 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041007 FRANK J. CARINI 34601 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476010017 MORNINGSTAR VILLAGE 41805 ALBREA ST 2ND FL FREMONT CA 94538

476040023 DUNN GLENN & KATHERINE FAMILY LIVING 43083 CORTE VILLA CIR TEMECULA CA 92592 476040024 CIRILO LOPEZ 34587 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041012 CODY NICOT 34592 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041016 TYREL BURCH 34624 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041018 2018-2 IH BORROWER LP 1717 MAIN ST STE 2000 DALLAS TX 75201 476041019 CARL COOK 34656 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041028 STEFANIE LUANNE STEWART 34661 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041030 SANCHEZ FAMILY TRUST DATED 05/08/2017 34637 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041002 GONZALO M. GARCIA 34641 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041006 JASON DAVID NUSSBAUM 34609 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041037 SANCHEZ BRIAN FAMILY TRUST 23894 CONTINENTAL DR CANYON LAKE CA 92587 476042003 SHARON PARKER P O BOX 300095 ESCONDIDO CA 92030

476040003 FIRAS KURIAKOS 32189 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041034 THY NGUYEN 34658 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041008 ARTURO MOLINA 34593 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041009 NOE MORALES 34577 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476010072 RANCON SEVILLA 180 41391 KALMIA ST STE 200 MURRIETA CA 92562 476030002 NED DEMOREST 8605 GREEN VALLEY RD CAMBRIA CA 93428

476040015 MARCOS M. LOPEZ 34659 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040007 WILLIAM SPENCER JONES 32157 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040018 MOHAMMAD S. BARBAR 34635 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040012 SHANE MICHAEL LYNN 34683 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041005 RICHARD OTERO 34617 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040017 CARLOS AGUNDEZ 34643 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040029 JOEL ALAN ROOKS 1305 MORNING VIEW NO 1305 ESCONDIDO CA 92026 476052003 VICKI R. MATHIS 32292 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041024 MARCO A. SANDOVAL 32162 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041035 WILLIAM J. REAGAN 34664 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040021 LETICIA TERRIQUEZ 34611 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040026 RALPH VASQUEZ 34571 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041023 BUMAGAT EDARLINA B 32154 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041031 LAURA H. BERREITTER 34634 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476052005 JAVIER VALLES ESPARZA 32312 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040030 RAFAEL DE LA CRUZ 34558 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041010 TORIBIO J. HERNANDEZ 34576 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041032 VIVIANE A. BERREITTER 34642 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040033 MARCO A. DIAZ 34582 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041013 ALEJANDRO SALAS 34600 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041036 FRANK R. MONTEJANO 34674 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476050017 SHAWN S. MCAFEE 32213 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041021 PAUL N. MUTHAKA 32138 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041025 SWH 2017 1 BORROWER 8665 E HARTFORD DR NO 200 SCOTTSDALE AZ 85255

476041014 BRIAN PARK 34608 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041022 HABIBUR R. BORUAH PO BOX 4961 COVINA CA 91723 476041038 ROBERTA B. TRAVERS 34690 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476042002 VINCENT M. VELTRE 32252 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041029 DIANA KARPENKO 34653 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041033 JOSE ALONSO LOPEZ 34650 YARROW CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476042004
RIVERSIDE CO FLOOD CONT & WATER DIST
1995 MARKET ST
RIVERSIDE CA 92501

476100015 ZARINA S. DEGUZMAN 35058 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100035 JOEL W. BURDEN 32090 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100057 HEINZ DIETER NUHN 1685 STEVENS PL LOS ALTOS CA 94024

476100006 GERSOM CESAR CANLAS 35089 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100063 GRANT TAEK YI 35081 DEER SPRING DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100065 ROBERT WARREN 35053 DEER SPRING DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100018 GARCIA O & C FAMILY TRUST DTD 08/23/2013 32130 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100023 DARRYL A. ANDERSON 32133 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100004 JOHN A. CUNNINGHAM 35004 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100017 MARK ANTHONY T. NAGAL 32116 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100009 FERNANDO R. ROCILLO 35047 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100022 TATIANA A. SAINI 32147 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100008 JASON LEE SEXTON 35061 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100014 CAMERON M. SMITH 35044 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100012 BALDEMAR ESCAMILLA 35016 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100028 WACHTINEZ TRUST DTD 6/29/2020 32063 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100019 DAVID ANTONIO 32144 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100024 MARK E. STRODER 32119 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100025 ROBERT W. STONE 32105 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100038 CHARLSON W. LONG 32132 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100047 JESUS RAMIREZ 35046 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100040 STEPHEN A. HALE 35049 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100041 BRYAN J. CERNY 35035 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100026 JOSE IBARRA OLALDE 32091 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100027 CRAIG R. LAPIERRE 32077 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100031 RICHARD L. FRANCO 32034 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100032 CHRIS CUMMINGS 32048 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100044 STEVEN PATERSON 35004 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100037 SHELDON A. IVESTER 32118 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100043 ERNIE HOFFMAN 35007 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100049 EMANUEL JARREAU 35074 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100059 GREG LEEWAYE 35062 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100048 JAVIER IGNACIO ACOSTA 35060 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100045 SELENE BUSH 35018 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100055 TIMOTHY M. RIOS 35023 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040014 FRANCISCO FLORES 34667 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041017 GATES JAY MCCUISTON 34632 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476041020 MARGARITA CORDOVA FUENTES 34672 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040019 ALEJANDRO A. BELTRAN 34627 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040037 MICHAEL YOUNG 34614 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476054022 VICTOR VILLARREAL 32265 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100053 HEENA MODY 35051 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100054 BRANDON L. KOOPMAN 35037 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100056 CECILIA ABULENCIA YABUT 35020 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100062 JOSEPH A. DAQUINO 35095 DEER SPRING DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476054020 DEBORAH L. BROUSSARD 34573 SAGEBRUSH LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476054019 KRISTIN A. PETERS 34581 SAGEBRUSH LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476052002 TYLER R. CULP 32282 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 476054021 MICHAEL E. SOLEGLAD 32255 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

476052004 DONALD VEACH 32302 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100005 KAMRON HONORE 35103 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100007 ROSALIE DEMARCO 35075 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100003 SANDRA OCHOA KEELEY 35131 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100011 RANDY SCOTT LITTLE 35019 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 480080007 J RAMIREZ CRUZ HECTOR 34534 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

480080011 ANDREW LEOPOLD 34590 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 480081012 ROGELIO PASAMONTE 31916 SUMMER GRAPE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

480081013 REBECCA BUSSEY 31930 SUMMER GRAPE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 480030045 STANLEY D. SMITH 209 E AVENIDA RAMONA SAN CLEMENT CA 92672

480081019 DANIEL ALLAN GOULD 31941 SILK VINE DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 480081020 JOSE A. ALANZO 31927 SILK VINE DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

480041010 RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLOOD & WATER CONSER 1995 MARKET ST RIVERSIDE CA 92501 480080014 STANDREW BITANNY 34632 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

480080005 DANIEL HERNANDEZ 31978 SILK VINE DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 480080009 JESS VILLALUNA 34562 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 480080013 FABIAN O. SOSA 34618 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

480080016 ROBERT D. WRIGHT 31915 RIDGE BERRY DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

480081003 NICHOLE WILSON 31910 RIDGE BERRY DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 480081006 JIM TRUONG 31921 SUMMER GRAPE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

480041016 BLESSED TERESA CALCUTTA CATHOLIC COM 1201 E HIGHLAND AVE SAN BERNARDINO CA 92404 480080008 EDUARDO L. BATTO 34548 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

480080017 ANTHONY OCHOA 31901 RIDGE BERRY DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 480081015 CAMERON FORGETTE. 34581 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100010 LORRAINE P. MOLINA 35033 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100013 JOSEPH W. DAVIS 35030 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100016 ERIK PRESTON WEAVER 35072 LOST TRAIL CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100030 ONOFRE ROSARIO 32035 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100033 YE YUN QIN 32062 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100034 RAYMOND T. SOLTYS 32076 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100036 BRYON J. LYMAN 32104 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100042 THOMAS J. HAM 35021 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100051 RICHARD HAYVARD BRANNAN 35079 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100052 MARK DELANO 943 OLIVETTE ST HEMET CA 92543

476100064 BRENT G. HARTWELL 35067 DEER SPRING DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100066 DAVID BOZE 35039 DEER SPRING DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476101011 CHRISTOPHER MICHAEL BAKER 32135 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040001 PATRICK WALSH 32205 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040002 MAURISHA COLMENARES BERTULFO 32197 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040006 KERI ROBERT ADAMS 32165 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040008 JANICE A. DRAPER 32149 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476030001 VALLEY WIDE RECREATION & PARK DIST P O BOX 907 SAN JACINTO CA 92581

476040025 DAVID RANGEL 35114 BOLA CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040027 ALICE M. SCHULTZ 34563 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100020 CHRISTOPHER WALSH 32158 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100021 JAMES I. SIMMANG 32161 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100039 CHERIE SLENTZ TUCKER 35063 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100058 CRAIG B. SHAW 35048 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100067 MICHAEL J. WEDDINGTON 35025 DEER SPRING DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476101010 TODD M. BADER 32149 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476101013 JUAN CARRILLO 32107 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040035 ALARCON EDWARDENA & AVE REVOCABLE 34598 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040039 BARRATT AMERICAN INC PO BOX 3008 LA MESA CA 91944 476041011 CHARLES ARMSTRONG 34584 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476041015 CARLOS ALEJANDRO HERNANDEZ 34616 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476051001 JOEL ALLEN SMITH 34630 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596

476054024 BARRATT AMERICAN INC 5950 PRIESTLY DR CARLSBAD CA 92008

476040004 GEORGE SALAMA 5404 EFFIEHAM ST OAK RIDGE NC 27310 476040016 DOMINIQUE BUTRY 34651 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040022 CARLOS GALDAMEZ 34603 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

480081004 VERNALIZA S. MURRAY 31924 RIDGE BERRY DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 480081014 BRENT KLASSEN 31944 SUMMER GRAPE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

480081018 TIMOTHY R. FERGASON 34539 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 480080020 WHISPERING HEIGHTS HOMEOWNERS ASSN 100 E IMPERIAL HWY NO 200 BREA CA 92821

480081016 ZHU SHEN 10829 CORTE DE MARIN SAN DIEGO CA 92130 476040005 AMINA SABILI 32173 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040009 HOA NHAT PHAM 32141 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476040010 KATHERINE KOBAYASHI 32133 KALE LN WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040028 ROBERT RICHARD GONZALES 34555 WINTERSWEET LN WINCHESTER CA 92596 476101012 LI HE 330644 GEORGIA TECH STA ATLANTA GA 30332

476041003 STEPHEN ANDREW NELSON 34633 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476052001 SCOTT F. TAYLOR 32272 SAFFLOWER ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 476054023 QASEIM NASSIMI 14435 SALEM DR E CARMEL IN 46033 480080003 FRANCISCO JAVIER MEJIA 31950 SILK VINE DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

480080006 TERRY WILLIAMS 31992 SILK VINE DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 480080015 NICKERSON STEVEN D 34646 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596

480080010 JOHN GREUTMAN 34576 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 480081005 JAMIE J. JOHNSON 31949 SUMMER GRAPE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

480081017 WHALEY ORA RUTH 34553 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 480080004 R & S HARMSWORTH TRUST DATED 3/6/2014 31964 SILK VINE DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

480080012 KENNETH D. WORTH 34604 SPINDLE TREE ST WINCHESTER CA 92596 480081007 RENE AGUAYO 31907 SUMMER GRAPE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476040034 THERESA L. MEYER 34590 AGONIS WAY WINCHESTER CA 92596 476101009 RYAN MCINTOSH 32163 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100029 JACQUELINE D. HERNANDEZ 32049 OLD COUNTRY CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100060 PAMELA S. COUFAL 29591 LOCHINVAR RD HIGHLAND CA 92346 476100046 JACKIE S. BERTONE 35032 BARKWOOD CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100050 MARIA A. DEGUZMAN 35093 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596

476101008 ALLEN B. DOMAOAN 32177 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 476101007 BARBARA C. RUBIN 32191 CLEAR SPRINGS DR WINCHESTER CA 92596

476100061 JOHN MICHAEL GESELL 35090 CEDAR RIDGE CT WINCHESTER CA 92596 476100068 AMY ALOMAR 35011 DEER SPRING DR WINCHESTER CA 92596 Valley Wide Rec and Park District P O Box 907 San Jacinto, CA 92581 RE: PP25693 - OWNER

Spectrum Services, Inc. 8390 Maple Place, Suite 110 Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730

RE: PP25693 - ENGINEER

Spectrum Services, Inc. 4405 Airport Drive, Unit 100 Ontario, CA 91761 RE: PP25693 - APPLICANT

City of Temecula Planning Department 41000 Main St Temecula, CA 92590

RE: PP25693

RC Regional Park and Open-Space District 4600 Crestmore Road, Jurupa Valley, CA 92509

RE: PP25693

Kirkland West Habitat Defense Council PO Box 7821 Laguna Niguel, Ca, 92607-7821

Richard Drury Komalpreet Toor Lozeau Drury, LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION **TO:** ☐ Office of Planning and Research (OPR) FROM: Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 3044 ☐ 38686 El Cerrito Road Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 □ County of Riverside County Clerk P. O. Box 1409 Palm Desert, CA 92201 Riverside, CA 92502-1409 Project Title/Case No.: PP25693 Project Location: APN: 480-040-029 & 476-030-001 Project Description: Plot Plan No. 25963 proposes the construction and operation of a new, unmanned wireless communication facility disguised as a pine tree (monopine) consisting of a 50-foot-tall tower, twelve (12) panel antennas at the 41-foot height, two (2) parabolic antennas, nine (9) remote radio units, two (2) tower mounted junction boxes, five (5) outdoor equipment cabinets, three (3) GPS antennas, one 15kW stand-by generator, and two (2) 50KVA transformers within a 440-square-foot lease area.. Name of Public Agency Approving Project: Riverside County Planning Department Project Applicant & Address: Spectrum Services, Inc., 8390 Maple Place, Suite 110, Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730 Exempt Status: (Check one) ☐ Ministerial (Sec. 21080 (b) (1); 15268) Categorical Exemption (Sec. 15303) Statutory Exemption (_____ Declared Emergency (Sec. 21080 (b) (3); 15269(a)) ☐ Emergency Project (Sec. 21080 (b) (4); 15269 (b) (c)) Other: Reasons why project is exempt: The project is exempt from further environmental review per Categorical Exemption Section 15303 (d) which recognizes New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures. A project is exempt pursuant to Section 15303 if it consists of the installation of small new equipment and facilities on small structures. Examples of this exemption include but are not limited to Water main, sewage, electrical, gas, and other utility extensions, including street improvements, of a reasonable length to serve such construction. None of the environmental conditions or development impacts noted under Section 15300.2 would occur on this site. County Contact Person Phone Number Signature Date Date Received for Filing and Posting at OPR: Please charge deposit fee case#: ZEA No. XXXXX ZCFG No. XXXXX - County Clerk Posting Fee FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY

Revised: 07/08/2020: Y:\Planning Master Forms\Templates\CEQA Forms\Form_NOE.docx



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Memorandum

3.1

DATE: December 10, 2020

TO: Riverside County Planning Commission

FROM: Rob Gonzalez, Project Planner

RE: December 16, 2020 Planning Commission

ITEM: 3.1 – Conditional Use Permit No. 3771

Staff recommends Agenda Item 3.1, Conditional Use Permit No. 3771, be continued to the January 20, 2021 Planning Commission Hearing.

Thank you.



PROPOSED PROJECT

Continued:

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

3, 2

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

Case Number(s):	General Plan Amendment 190012	
Case Humber(s).		-
	Change of Zone No.1900034	_
	Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801	2
	Conditional Use Permit No.190030	- 2
EA No.:	Mitigated Neg. Dec. CEQ190110	
Area Plan:	Eastern Coachella Valley	
Zoning Area/District:	Lower Coachella Valley District	
Supervisorial District:	Fourth District	_
Project Planner:	Tim Wheeler	
Project APN(s):	764070001 thru 004, and	
	764080001 thru 006, 010, 011	

December 2, 2020

Applicant: Monroe Properties, LLC
c/o Vance Campbell
Representative(s): Ancore
Associates Internl. c/o John Corella

John Hildebrand
Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

General Plan Amendment No. 190012 is a proposal to change the existing General Plan Foundation Component and Land Use Designation from Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD: MUA) on 27.11 acres.

Change of Zone No. 190034 is a proposal to change the existing Zoning Classifications for the project site from Light Agriculture – 20-Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU) on the 27.11 acres.

Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801 is a proposal for a Schedule "E" subdivision of 23.21 gross acres into seven parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres.

Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is a proposal to construct a 7,550-square-foot multi-tenant retail building, a 5,800-square-foot gas station with a convenience store including sale of beer and wine, 8 fueling pump stations with a canopy (which offers 16 fueling positions), a 15,800-square-foot pharmacy retail building with sale of beer, wine, and liquor, a 2,400-square-foot fast food restaurant with a drive-thru, and a 158,800-square-foot two-story assisted living facility with 128 units on 23.21 acres. Parking for the project would consist of 322 parking spaces; including 13 electric vehicle and 14 disabled person parking spaces. Additionally, the project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School).

The above is hereinafter referred to as "the project or Project".

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The Project site is within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan, and is located north of 58th Avenue, south of Airport Boulevard, east of Monroe Street, and west of Jackson Street.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>ADOPT</u> PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. 2020-015 recommending adoption of General Plan Amendment No. 190012 to the Riverside County Board of Supervisors; and

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMEND THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>ADOPT</u> a MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION for ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT NO. 190110 (CEQ190110), based on the findings and conclusions provided in the initial study, attached hereto, and the conclusion that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment; and,

TENTATIVELY APPROVE GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012, which changes the Foundation Component from Agriculture to Community Development and the land use designation from Agriculture (AG) to Mixed Use Planning Area (AG:AG to CD: MUA) in accordance with Exhibit 6 and Figure 3 of the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and other related tables and figures in the General Plan, based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report and subject to adoption of the General Plan Amendment Cycle Resolution by the Board of Supervisors; and,

<u>TENTATIVELY APPROVE</u> CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 1900034 which changes the subject parcels' zoning classifications from Light Agriculture – 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU) in accordance with Exhibit 3, subject to adoption of the General Plan Amendment Cycle Resolution and final adoption of the zoning ordinance by the Board of Supervisors; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 37801, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document and Conditions of Approval and final approval of General Plan Amendment No. 190012 and Change of Zone No. 1900034, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> the <u>DETERMINATION OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY</u>, so that a license to allow the sale of beer and wine for off-site consumption on the subject property may be issued by the California Department of Alcoholic Beverages Control, based upon the findings and conclusions incorporated in the staff report; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190030 covering current APNs 764-070-001, -002-, -003, 764-080-001, -002, and -011, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document and Conditions of Approval and final approval of General Plan Amendment No. 190012 and Change of Zone No. 1900034, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

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PROJECT DATA	
Land Use and Zoning:	
Existing General Plan Foundation Component:	Agriculture
Proposed General Plan Foundation Component:	Community Development
Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:	Agriculture (AG)
Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation:	Mixed Use Planning Area (MUA)
Policy / Overlay Area:	Community Development Overlay (CDO)
Surrounding General Plan Land Uses	
North:	Agriculture (AG)
East:	Agriculture (AG)
South:	Agriculture (AG)
West:	City of La Quinta
Existing Zoning Classification:	Light Agriculture - 20 acre Min. (A-1-20) & Rural Commercial (C-R)
Proposed Zoning Classification:	Mixed Use (MU)
Surrounding Zoning Classifications	
North:	Light Agriculture - 20 acre Min. (A-1-20)
East:	Light Agriculture - 20 acre Min. (A-1-20)
South:	Light Agriculture - 20 acre Min. (A-1-20)
West:	City of La Quinta
Existing Use:	Vacant, Residential, and Existing Restaurant
Surrounding Uses	
North:	Vacant Agriculture
East:	Vacant Agriculture, Elementary School
South:	Vacant Agriculture

Tentative Parcel Map/Conditional Use Permit Details:

ltem	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	23.21 acres	N/A
Existing Building Area (SQFT):	N/A	removed N/A
Gas Station C-Store (SQFT):	5,800 sqft.	N/A
Multi-Tenant Retail Bldg. (SQFT):	7,550 sqft.	N/A
Drive-Thru Restaurant (SQFT):	2,400 sqft.	N/A
Pharmacy (SQFT):	15,800 sqft.	N/A

West: City of La Quinta

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ltem	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Assisted Living Facility (SQFT):	158,800 sqft.	N/A
Project TOTAL:	190,350 sqft.	N/A
Floor Area Ratio:	0.16 FAR	N/A
Building Height (FT):	15' – 47' height	75 feet
Total Proposed Number of Lots:	7 lots	N/A
Map Schedule:	Schedule "E"	

Parking:

Type of Use	Building Area (in SF)	Parking Ratio	Spaces Required	Spaces Provided
Gas Station (C-Store)	5,800 sqft.	1 space/200 sqft.	29	24
Multi-Tenant Retail Bldg.	7,550 sqft.	1 space/200 sqft.	38	30
Drive-Thru Restaurant	2,400 sqft.	1 space/45 sqft. of serving area	32	59
Pharmacy	15,800 sqft.	1 space/200 sqft.	79	90
Assisted Living Facility	158,800 sqft.	Multi-family: single bedroom = 1.25 spaces/unit two bedroom = 2.25 spaces/unit	212	119
*TOTAL:	190,350 sqft.	(includes 13 EV and 14 ADA parking spaces)	*390	*322

^{*}A Parking Analysis was provided in association with this development project and the provided parking, per peak traffic impact analysis (TIA), was acceptable to the Riverside County Planning Department for the project site.

Located Within:

City's Sphere of Influence:	Yes - City of La Quinta
Community Service Area ("CSA"):	Yes – CSA #125 – Thermal Street Lighting
Special Flood Hazard Zone:	No
Agricultural Preserve:	No
Liquefaction Area:	Yes – High
Subsidence Area:	Yes – Active
Fault Zone:	No

Fire Zone:	No
Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone:	Yes – Mt. Palomar: Zone B
WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell:	No
CVMSHCP Conservation Boundary:	No
Stephens Kangaroo Rat ("SKR") Fee Area:	No
Airport Influence Area ("AIA"):	No

PROJECT LOCATION MAP

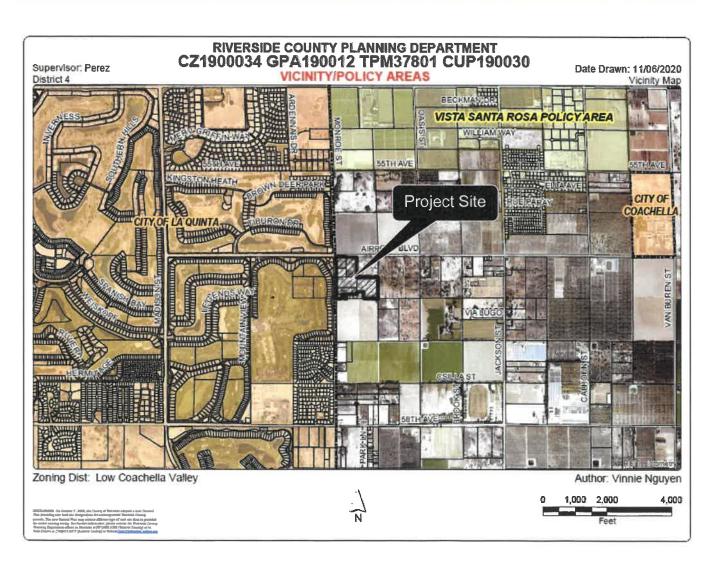


FIGURE 1: Project Location Map

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PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

PROJECT SETTING

Background

The Project site is located in the northwest area of the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa, within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan for Riverside County. The site is largely surrounded by newer residential developments within the City of La Quinta to the west and some active/inactive farmland within the County to the north, south, and east. The overall Project site currently accommodates a variety of buildings, including a restaurant/market building on APN 764-080-004. The existing restaurant/market would remain, but the remainder of the existing buildings would be demolished for the development pursuant to the Conditional Use Permit for a mix use of commercial retail (gas station, retail tenants, and a pharmacy) and multi-unit senior housing (assisted living facility).

Originally a pre-application review (PAR180023) was submitted on May 3, 2018. The PAR received comments from various development agencies on July 19, 2018. The review was of a proposed mixed-use development that would construct approximately 207,000 square feet of building area. The uses would include a Senior Living Facility, Restaurants, and General Retail, which would require a General Plan Amendment and Change of Zone to facilitate the establishment of this mixed-use development.

The applications for the proposed project (GPA190012, CZ1900034, TPM37801, and CUP190030) were submitted to the County of Riverside on October 10, 2019. The Project site is comprised of 12 parcels with three different landowners, making up a 26.81 gross acre project land area. The parcels share a property line with the Westside Elementary School in the Coachella Valley Unified School District (CVUSD).

The Project has been developed to provide continued trails along Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard. Additionally, the project has limited entry driveways to two off of Monroe Street and two off of Airport Boulevard with a lane designated for school bus egress onto Airport Boulevard for the Westside Elementary School. Said entries are for access to the entire development as a whole instead of certain uses.

General Plan Consistency

The Project's existing General Plan Foundation Component is Agriculture. The purpose of this Foundation Component is generally to identify and preserve areas where agricultural uses are generally considered to be the long term desirable use. However, the project site is located in a Community Development Overlay (CDO) within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan; which identifies areas appropriate for urban or suburban development, including areas for single family and multiple family residential uses, commercial, industrial, business park, public facilities, and a mix of uses. The Project site is not located within an established Community Center; however, it is within a CDO for the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan. The proposed project, including its proposed change in Foundation Component and Land Use Designation to CD: MUA, is consistent with the County's intent in having created this overlay over the project site and vicinity. The proposed project would provide a mix of commercial uses to meet the needs of the Vista Santa Rosa Community and adjacent neighborhoods in the City of La Quinta, including retail shops, a gas station/convenience store, drive-thru restaurant, and a pharmacy; plus the project includes an assisted living facility. The proposed general plan amendment would provide for a small development

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to be established and provide consistency with the existing CDO within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan.

Ordinance No. 348 Consistency

Change of Zone No. 1900034 proposes to change the project site's zoning classification from Light Agriculture – 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU). The MU Zone exists to help assist the County in accommodating its share of the regional housing need and allow for a mixture of residential, commercial, office, entertainment, recreational, and other uses. The proposed mixed use development center can be permitted within the MU zone with an approved Conditional Use Permit, which, here, is also contingent on the approval of the GPA and Change of Zone. In conjunction with a proposed approval for GPA190012; the change of zone would establish a mixed use that would incorporate commercial development and multiunit senior housing with an assisted living facility. These uses would be consistent with the intended purpose of the Community Development Overlay, already within this area, and provide resources to not only the surrounding community within the County's jurisdiction, but also to its neighboring residential developments within the City of La Quinta. Additionally, staff has applied conditions to address any concerns regarding the design and operation of the mixed development to be consistent with the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and the Vista Santa Rosa Design guidelines.

Alcohol Sales and Public Convenience and Necessity

Currently, there are three (3) licenses for sale for off-site consumption issued in Census Tract 456.09. Approval of this Project would increase the number of existing alcohol beverage control licenses five (5) with the convenience store and pharmacy. According to the California State Department of Alcohol Beverage Control (ABC), the maximum number of licenses for this census tract is three (3) based on the population within this census tract. Approval of this Project will further exceed the number of typically allowed licenses for a census tract. However, ABC requires acknowledgement from the local jurisdiction that the jurisdiction agrees with the increase beyond the limit. The acknowledgement is the approval of finding of "Determination of Public Convenience and Necessity" in the recommendations and as detailed in the findings.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW / ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

An Initial Study (IS) and a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) have been prepared for this project in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Based on the findings incorporated in Environmental Assessment No. 190110 (CEQ190110), the project will not have a significant effect on the environment with implementation of the mitigation measures set forth in the Initial Study and incorporated into the Conditions of Approval and/or Advisory Notification Document. The IS and MND represent the independent judgement of Riverside County. The documents were circulated for public review per the CEQA Statute and Guidelines Section 15105.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

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General Plan Amendment Findings:

The project site has a General Plan Foundation Component of Agriculture and a Land Use Designation of Agriculture (AG). Agricultural Foundation Component General Plan Amendments are governed by the General Plan Administration Element and Ordinance No. 348 Section 2.7, which require that all amendments pursuant to that section be assigned to a 2 ½ Year Agricultural Foundation Amendment Cycle based on the date of the amendment adoption.

During the first 2½ Year Agricultural Foundation Amendment Cycle, the Planning Director determined the total acreage of land within the Agricultural Foundation Component as of January 1, 2004, then each 2½ Year Agricultural Amendment Cycle thereafter. For any proposed amendment to or from an Agriculture Foundation Component, the Planning Director shall determine if a proposed GPA is consistent with the Agricultural Foundation Base Acreage for the area covered by the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and the Western Coachella Valley Area Plan for the current 2½ Year Agricultural Foundation Amendment Cycle. An amendment to an Agriculture Foundation Component can be approved by the Board of Supervisors if such approval would not result in a conversion from the Agriculture Foundation Component to another Foundation Component in excess of the Agricultural Amendment General Authorization Acreage as determined by the Planning Director for that 2½ Year Agricultural Foundation Amendment Cycle and if the findings in the General Plan Administration Element relating to Agricultural Foundation Amendments are made.

The project proposes to come out of the Foundation Component of Agriculture and change to a Community Development Foundation Component, The Board of Supervisors may approve such a change if the Agricultural Foundation Base Acreage cycle is within the seven percent (7%) of the 2 ½ year current cycle and no other agriculture land has been converted within that time span greater than seven percent (7%). The Planning Director has determined that the current Agricultural Foundation Base Acreage cycle for the Eastern Coachella Valley and Western Coachella Valley Area Plans is within the seven percent (7%) of the 2 ½ year current cycle (January 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021), and no other agriculture land has been converted within that time span. The total agricultural land designated in Area B (Western Coachella Valley Area Plan and Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan) is 42,066 acres. The conversion of the Project site of 27.11 acres represents approximately 0.0006% conversion. Therefore agriculture land conversion greater than seven percent (7%) would not occur either cumulatively or directly from this Project. The proposed amendment would, at a minimum, would not be detrimental to agricultural properties for agricultural development as most of the surrounding area is existing active/inactive agricultural properties with only a newer larger residential community to the west within the City of La Quinta. The conversion of the subject acreage, estimated at 27 acres, is within the standards for the Agricultural Foundation Base Acreage cycle of seven percent (7%) or less. This proposed mixed use development would not be detrimental to or burden existing agricultural properties of this loss of this acreage.

The proposed change in Land Use Designation is an Entitlement/Policy Amendment that requires the following findings to be made prior to recommending approval of an Entitlement/Policy Amendment, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County General Plan and Ordinance No. 348 Section 2.4.C.2.:

1. The proposed change does not involve a change in or conflict with: the Riverside County Vision; any General Planning Principle set forth in General Plan Appendix B; or any Foundation Component designation in the General Plan.

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a. Riverside County Vision: The proposed project does not conflict with the Riverside County Vision because of the following:

- i. The Riverside County Vision provides, "New growth patterns no longer reflect a pattern of random sprawl but rather follow a framework of transportation and open space corridors, with concentrations of development that fit into that framework." The GPA accommodates the community which is maturing in its own way, at its own pace and within its own context. This includes the preservation of character in some communities, accommodating growth in other communities, and achieving a mixture of growth and preservation in others. In other words, important open space and transportation corridors define growth areas. This is reflected in the area of this subject site as the properties involved are within a CDO and provide both community commercial development and additional housing within the community of Vista Santa Rosa. This growth is well coordinated between Riverside County and the City of La Quinta.
- ii. The Vision also provides that "Jobs/housing balance is significantly improved overall, as well as within sub-regions of Riverside County." The GPA stimulates the growth of local commercial services. The subject site would propose employment opportunities for the community and provide a balance for senior housing within the area.
- b. General Planning Principle: The proposed project does not involve a change in or conflict with any General Planning Principle set forth in General Plan Appendix B because of the following:
 - i. General Plan Principle I.C provides for Maturing Communities for every community to mature in its own way, at its own pace and within its own context. This Principle highlights that communities are not fixed in their development patterns, but that over time may transition, in particular to more urban uses and intensities, while still respecting the existing communities where they meet by transitioning densities and providing buffers where appropriate. The area around the project east of Monroe Street is largely used for agricultural purposes or undeveloped while areas west of Monroe Street in the City of La Quinta are developed with residential uses with supporting recreation uses. In consideration of the Community Development Overlay applied to this site and surrounding area with the intent for areas within this overlay to go to Community Development Foundation, the Project site located at the boundary of this transition represents an ideal location to begin development and incorporate a mix of types of uses within one overall development.
 - ii. The General Plan Amendment implements the Principle for Efficient Land Use which encourages compact development and increased densities, which the proposed Project includes with its mix of uses and number of assisted living facility units nearby commercial uses.
 - iii. The General Plan Amendment meets the General Plan Principle of encouraging a wide range of housing opportunities for residents in a wider range of economic circumstances by providing for needed senior housing.
 - iv. This is simply a sampling of the Principles that the proposed General Plan Amendment is consistent with and not an exhaustive list of all consistent Principles. There are no Principles that the General Plan Amendment inherently conflicts with.

Therefore, the proposed General Plan Amendments would not conflict with the Riverside County General Planning Principles set forth in General Plan Appendix B.

- c. The proposed change does not involve a change in or conflict with any Foundation Component designation in the General Plan because of the following:
 - i. The proposed General Plan Amendment proposes to change Foundation Components. Findings to support a foundation component amendment are provided below. This will prevent any conflict with a Foundation Component designation in the General Plan.
- d. Internal Consistency: This proposed GPA would not create an internal consistency among the General Plan elements. The GPA has been evaluated carefully in conjunction with each of the General Plan elements, including Land Use, Circulation, Multi-Purpose Open Space, Safety, Noise, Housing, Air Quality, and Healthy Communities to ensure that the GPA is in conformance with the applicable policies and objectives.
- 2. The proposed amendment would either contribute to the purposes of the General Plan or, at a minimum, would not be detrimental to them.
 - a. The purposes of the General Plan are to set direction for land use and development in strategic locations, provide for the development of the economic base, establish a framework of the transportation system, and the preservation of extremely valuable natural and cultural resources. The General Plan included the Community Development Overlay for this area with the purpose of anticipating Community Development foundation level development being appropriate for this area. The Project not only implements this intent and the overall purposes of the General Plan based on the mix of uses and design proposed, but at minimum would not be detrimental to them.
- 3. Special circumstances or conditions have emerged that were unanticipated in preparing the General Plan. The new conditions or circumstances that exist are the proposed Project including a General Plan Amendment, Change of Zone, Conditional Use Permit, and Tentative Parcel Map to implement the intent of the Community Development Overlay of the General Plan. The General Plan through the Community Development Overlay was anticipated and intended in the General Plan, but what part of the reason for the Community Development Overlay was that it was not known or anticipated at that time what specific land use designations or specific uses would be best for the overall Community Development Overlay and this specific area covered by the project. The proposed development has been through many discussions and community meetings with both the County of Riverside and the Vista Santa Rosa Community and surrounding area since 2013. The proposed project is to establish the existing intent of the Community Development Overlay (CDO) within the Vista Santa Rosa Community for a commercial development and multiunit senior housing (assisted living) facility.

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Change of Zone Findings:

Change of Zone No. 1900034 (CZ1900034) is a proposal to change the project site's Zoning Classification from Light Agriculture - 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) to Mixed Use (MU)The following findings shall be made prior to making a recommendation to grant a Change of Zone, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Zoning Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use):

1. The proposed Change of Zone to Mixed Use (MU) would be consistent with the concurrently proposed General Plan land use designation of Mixed Use Area (MUA) and would be consistent with all other applicable provisions of the General Plan.

Tentative Parcel Map Findings

Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801 is a proposal to subdivide 23.21 gross acres into 7 lots. The findings required to approve the Map, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Ordinance No. 460, are as follows:

1. The proposed map and its design and improvements are consistent with the Riverside County General Plan and any applicable Specific Plan, because the General Plan General Planning Principles VI and VII provide, generally, that the intent of the General Plan is to foster Rural and Economic Development principles to accommodate a rural lifestyle as well as a rapidly growing community economy consistent with housing development and the need for employment growth. General Plan Principle VI.3.4 provides that, "areas in which the rural character is clearly established, its nature is such that intensification is impractical, and current residents/property owners strongly prefer a continued rural lifestyle, should be retained as rural in the General Plan." However, "these principles do not preclude the addition of small-scale villages of a contrasting character in those communities." The proposed tentative parcel map would create seven (7) parcels for commercial development and a senior housing (assisted living) facility. These commercial and housing developments would blend with the existing rural lifestyle and agricultural/equestrian atmosphere with service providing or complementary businesses and in-fill infrastructure based on the project design.

The Project site is proposing a General Plan Land Use Designation of Community Development: Mixed Use Area (CD: MUA). The intent of the land use designation CD: MUA is not to identify a particular mixture of intensity of land uses, but to designate areas where a mixture of residential, commercial, office, entertainment, educational, and/or recreational uses, or other used is planned. The Community Development Overlay (CDO) allows for community development land use designations to be applied through General Plan Amendments within specified areas within Rural, Rural Community Agriculture, or Open Space Foundation Component areas. Specific polices related to each Community Development Overlay are contained within appropriate Area Plan(s). The Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan does provide for Community Development within the Vista Santa Rosa Community area. The MUA designation would accommodate community commercial services and provide residential (senior) housing of an assisted living facility. The subject site would provide for basic shopping needs for newer existing residents within the City of La Quinta and future residents in the surrounding communities. Therefore, the proposed map and its design and improvements are consistent with the Riverside County General Plan. There is no Specific Plan that applies to the project area.

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2. The design or improvements of the proposed map is consistent with the County's General Plan and any applicable Specific Plans. The proposed map is located within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and a Community Development Overlay within the Vista Santa Rosa Community area. These policies and areas plans represent an agricultural and rural community section of the County of Riverside. The CDO recognizes the options for converting agricultural land under the Agricultural Foundation Base Acreage cycle of seven percent (7%) through a GPA. The proposed Project is within Vista Santa Rosa Community which encompasses the CDO and is estimated at 27 acres. The Project has been designed and developed with an understanding for needs of the immediate surrounding agricultural and rural community; plus the neighboring City of La Quinta.

- 3. The site of the proposed land division is physically suitable for the type of development and the proposed density of the development because the terrain is relatively flat, without steep hills or mountains. Development of the tentative parcel map will not require any unique considerations and the subject site will be developed in phases. The first two phases contact the CUP project development and the remainder would be developed at a later time through another CUP submittal. The tentative parcel map would accommodate for seven (7) parcels, encompassing the first five parcels (known as phase one and two) with the remaining parcels six and seven to be developed under a separate entitlement at a later time. Parcels one through five will have interconnecting parking lot(s) and various ingress/egress driveways, two from Monroe Street and two from Airport Boulevard; plus provide an egress school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school to better access Airport Boulevard.
- 4. The design of the proposed land division or proposed improvements are not likely to cause substantial environmental damage or substantially and avoidably injure fish or wildlife or their habitat because, as detailed in the IS/MND for the project, impacts to the environment overall or to fish or wildlife or their habitat would be less than significant. No habitat conservation is identified as necessary by the Coachella Valley Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan.
- 5. The design of the proposed land division or the type of improvements are not likely to cause serious public health problems, since as detailed in the Project's Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration, the Project would not have a significant impact on the environment. In particular, impacts regarding health and safety factors, such as Air Quality, GHG, Hazards, and Noise were considered in the IS/MND and were all determined to be less than significant with mitigation required as part of the approvals.
- 6. The design of the proposed land division or the type of improvements will not conflict with easements, acquired by the public at large, for access through, or use of, property within the proposed land division. There are no underlining recorded tracts or parcel maps for the properties that are a part of the proposed project. The department of Transportation has cleared the proposed parcel map, recommending approval. Therefore, the subdivision will provide substantial equivalent easements to ones previously acquired by the public.
- 7. The Project complies with the Schedule 'E' improvement requirements of Ordinance No. 460 as listed below. The proposed Mixed Use zone for the project site is generally defined as a commercial zone since it primarily permits a variety of commercial uses in addition to residential uses. Additionally, although the project at hand includes a residential component with assisted living, the project includes commercial uses.

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a. <u>Streets</u>. Streets are proposed as shown on the Tentative Map, which includes improvements to both Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard. Entry driveways will be installed for access use into the mixed development from both Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard. These improvements will be consistent with the required improvements pursuant to the General Plan and Ordinance No. 461. Walking trails will be constructed in accordance with improvement standards per Ordinance No. 461.

- b. <u>Domestic Water</u>. Domestic water service will be supplied by the Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD) per a letter received from CVWD on December 12, 2019. This service would be via underground pipes consistent with the requirements set forth in California Administrative Code Title 22, Chapter 16.
- c. <u>Fire Protection</u>. Implementation of the project will provide for appropriate fire hydrant spacing and adequate water pressure and flow to meet Fire Department standards. The project is designed with adequate access consistent with the provisions of Ordinance No. 460. Other fire protection measures shall be determined based on specific interior building designs, building code (Ordinance No. 457), and fire code (Ordinance No. 787) requirements.
- d. <u>Sewage Disposal</u>. Sewer service will be supplied by the Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD) per a letter received from CVWD on December 12, 2019.
- e. <u>Fences/Walls</u>. Six-foot high chain link galvanized wire fence shall be installed along any canal, drain, expressway, or other feature deemed to be hazardous. No chain link fencing is proposed for the subject site and none is required since no canals, drains, expressways or other potentially hazardous features exist adjacent to the project site. The project would install four-foot high vinyl fencing along any the walking trails and three-foot high decorative walls to screen drive-thus from light spillage from vehicles.
- f. <u>Electrical and Communication Facilities</u>. The project will be provided electrical, telephone, street lighting, and cable television service with lines place underground.
- 8. The lots or parcels as shown on the Tentative Parcel Map are consistent with the minimum sizes allowed by the Project site's Mixed Use (MU) Zoning Classification set forth in Ordinance No. 348 in that there is no minimum lot area, lot width, or lot coverage required in the MU zone.

Conditional Use Permit Findings:

A conditional use permit shall not be granted unless the applicant demonstrates that the proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community. Any permit that is granted shall be subject to such conditions as shall be necessary to protect the health, safety or general welfare of the community. The requirements for a conditional use permit are met by this project because:

1. The proposed use conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. The proposed land use designation of CD: MU allows local and regional serving service and retail uses as well as housing (senior) within the Vista Santa Rosa community. The Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan encompasses the Lower Coachella Valley District. The proposed project would consist of a commercial retail portion of a gas station, multi-tenant retail, drive-thru restaurant, and pharmacy; with the remainder of the subject site consisting of a senior housing (assisted living) facility. Currently the closest retail center/corridor is approximately over 4 miles to the northeast in Coachella. Furthermore, both Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard are Arterial roadways; with the latter turning into an Urban Arterial as it progress to the east to Highways 111 and 86. These roadways provide many commuters with access to residential developments, nearby community

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commercial businesses, and these roadways boarder the City of La Quinta; with newer and dense residential population. The proposed project would provide commercial or mixed development consistency that is sought though Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and the Vista Santa Rosa Community that are within a Community Development Overlay (CDO) located within the Lower Coachella Valley District.

- 2. The proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community. The design of the project has been reviewed by all applicable Riverside County Departments and agencies, including but not limited to: Riverside County Transportation, Environmental Health, Fire, Building and Safety, Grading, Environmental Programs, Landscaping, Archeology, and Geology. The review and regulations adopted and applied in the Conditions of Approval ensure that the project would not have an adverse effect on the public's health, safety, and general welfare. These departments have included conditions of approval that the project will be required to meet for prior to issuance of grading permits, prior to issuance of building permits, and prior to final of building permits. In addition, the applicant has received an Advisory Notification Document that includes applicable ordinances and regulations that the County has adopted that the project is also required to adhere to in addition to the conditions of approval. Therefore, the project design, conditions of approval, and permitting will ensure that the project will protect the public's health, safety, and general welfare.
- 3. The proposed use conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible, due to the Community Development Overlay (CDO) and the allowance for Agricultural Foundation Base Acreage to provide for present and future logical development, to service the surrounding community. As stated above, the closest retail center/corridor is approximately over 4 miles to the northeast in Coachella.
- 4. The proposed use has considered the location and need for dedication and improvement of necessary streets and sidewalks, including the avoidance of traffic congestion; and has taken into account topographical and drainage conditions, including the need for dedication and improvements. Additionally, discussing with the City of La Quinta to match with their current roadway dedications and improvements already in place. The proposed project incorporates appropriate dedications and improvements.
- 5. A condition would be applied requiring that the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. The proposed project site would consist of 7 development parcels with one single structure on each parcel as proposed under the project entitlement's conditional use permit (CUP190030). The proposed tentative parcel map has been conditioned for this subject site and project.
- 6. Automobile parking spaces shall comply with Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348 and the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines. The Project developers did a parking analysis (By Ancore Associates International, Inc. dated August 1, 2020) which studied the peak parking demands pertaining to the mixed use development of commercial and residential (senior assisted living housing). Per their analysis of peak parking demand conditions, it demonstrates that the 322 parking spaces provided, including ADA and electric vehicle spaces, would be more than

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adequate. The proposed Project will install 322 parking spaces (including ADA and electric vehicle spaces with associated electric charging stations), which is less than the required 390 parking spaces per Ordinance No. 348 based on maximum utilization of all buildings/uses at the same time. The Planning Director has allowed for a modification to the parking requirements due to Special Review of Parking per Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12.h.1a. This section permits the Planning Director the ability to reduce the parking requirements otherwise prescribed based on the following conditions that the applicant submit a request for modifications of the parking standards, including sufficient evidence and documentation to demonstrate unusual conditions warranting a parking reduction. Evidence shall include, but not limited to, the following: information showing that the parking area serves uses having peak parking demands which occur at different times; floor plans indicate that floor areas for customers or employees use less than typical for the building size; documentation of other programs which will be implemented by the developer or tenant(s) will result in a reduced parking demand (i.e. public transit or car/van pools). The Project applicants provided a parking demand analysis depicting the "peak hours of use" and "time of day of use"; plus the uses themselves that would allow for a reduced parking standard. This parking analysis was reviewed by the Planning Director and agreed with the assessment of the proposed parking and allowed for the reduction of the parking standard to a total of 322 parking spaces (including ADA and electric vehicle spaces with associated electric charging stations). The Project has a condition of approval to provide 322 parking spaces (including 14 ADA and 13 electric vehicle spaces with associated electric charging stations).

Development Standard Findings

The following findings shall be made prior to making a recommendation to grant approval of the Project, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Zoning Ordinance No. 348 (Development Standards):

- 1. With the approval of Change of Zone No. 190034, the project site will have a Mixed Use zoning classification. Per Section 9.87 of Ordinance No. 348, the Project meets the applicable development standards in this zoning classification as follows:
 - a. <u>Mixed Use:</u> Residential dwellings may be provided on upper levels of commercial or office buildings, or may be provided in separate buildings adjacent to commercial or office buildings. The Project proposes to locate residential dwelling units (senior housing/assisted living facility) adjacent to commercial development, which is compliant with this standard.
 - b. <u>Public Use:</u> Any building over thirty thousand square feet (30,000') will include a public use area such as a public park, plaza, or square. These public use areas will be located next to public streets, residential areas, or retail uses, and does not include the public right-of-way. The project will provide a public benefit of an egress school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary) to better access Airport Boulevard. Due to this benefit, the project meets this standard.
 - c. <u>Ground Floor:</u> No more than 50% of all ground floor mixed use buildings may be residential dwellings. The proposed Project has all residential dwellings as a separate structure from the commercial uses, so there are no mixed use buildings in the current proposal. Therefore, the project meets this requirement.

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d. <u>Transparency:</u> The retail portion of any commercial building that has a street facing wall with customer access shall have at least fifty percent (50%) of the total wall area transparent with clear windows. Such windows shall allow views of the indoor space or display areas and start at least three feet (3') above the adjacent sidewalk, but not exceed ten feet (10') in height. The Project's proposed retail space as included in the project plans follows these specifications and is in compliance with this requirement with all commercial buildings facing the streets (roadways) of Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard.

- e. <u>Street Orientation:</u> Commercial and mixed use buildings shall be oriented so functional pedestrian entrances face the street, and parking areas are located mostly underground or to the rear or side of the building. The proposed project doesn't not have mixed use buildings. The buildings of the mixed use development are either commercial; with one as residential (senior housing assisted living facility). Pedestrian entrances face the street and most of the parking for each is situated along the sides of the various buildings or located within a communal area for parking provisions to other commercial uses. The development standard states that "parking areas are mostly located underground or to the rear or side of the building". With the exception of the gas station, most of the mixed use development project has parking that is along the side or rear of the various buildings of the mixed use development. The project meets this section as it pertains to street orientation.
- f. <u>Entrances:</u> Buildings will have an entrance door facing the public sidewalk, which may include doors to individual shops, lobby entrances, entrances to pedestrian-oriented plazas or courtyard entrances. All proposed buildings provide such an entrance as shown on the project plans.
- g. <u>Pedestrian Paths:</u> Pedestrian paths shall be provided to connect commercial building entries with adjacent streets, uses and parcels. The project provides pedestrian pathways of walking trails along both Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard. Those pathways allow for connection into the project development for either the commercial buildings or senior housing (assisted living) facility. The project meets this standard.
- h. <u>Building Design:</u> The parameters for the buildings' designs are met by the Project as follows:
 - i. Building facades shall be varied and articulated to provide visual interest to pedestrians which may be accomplished by incorporating off-setting plans, changes in wall texture and color, architectural elements and landscaping into the design of the buildings. The submitted architectural plans provide detailed renderings of each of the buildings and various materials that will be utilized to construct the structures. The materials and colors are varied, but still coordinate with one another, and include materials such as stone, a variety of beige and olive stucco, clay tile and metal roofing, and various shades of wood. There is also a comprehensive landscaping plan that provides varied visual scenery alongside each of the building structures. The project has been designed with the varied textured or colored elements and enhanced features that meet the building designed desires of a MU zone. In accordance with the provided exhibits, the Project appears to be in compliance with this standard.
 - ii. Except for detached residential dwellings, buildings shall include at least one architectural projection that is at minimum two percent (2%) higher than the primary

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structure but does not exceed twenty feet (20'). The buildings are in compliance as follows:

- Retail Building: A dormer is included on the building design for this structure, and stands at 7 feet in height. This does not exceed the 20 foot maximum, and meets the minimum standard that the projection must be at least 2% higher than the roof. With the roof at 119 feet, the projection must increase the height 2 feet 5 inches. At 7 feet, the dormer exceeds the height minimum and is compliance with this standard.
- 2. Fast Food Restaurant: An architectural projection is included on the building design for this structure, and stands at 17 feet in height. This does not exceed the 20 foot maximum, and meets the minimum standard that the projection must be at least 2% higher than the roof. With the roof at 112 feet, the projection must increase the height 2 feet 3 inches. At 17 feet, the parapet exceeds the height minimum and is compliance with this standard.
- 3. Gas Station: A parapet is included on the building design for this structure, and stands at 10 feet in height. This does not exceed the 20 foot maximum, and meets the minimum standard that the projection must be at least 2% higher than the roof. With the roof at 110 feet, the projection must increase the height 2 feet 2 inches. At 10 feet, the parapet exceeds the height minimum and is compliance with this standard.
- 4. Pharmacy: A parapet is included on the building design for this structure, and stands at 9 feet in height. This does not exceed the 20 foot maximum, and meets the minimum standard that the projection must be at least 2% higher than the roof. With the roof at 118 feet, the projection must increase the height 2 feet 4 inches. At 9 feet, the parapet exceeds the height minimum and is compliance with this standard.
- i. <u>Street Pattern:</u> The street system will be in a grid pattern or modified grid pattern emphasizing interconnected streets and the ability to reach local destinations without crossing major streets or primary arterials. The project is within a grid pattern system of Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard. This project meets the standard.
- j. <u>Lot Area, Width, & Coverage:</u> There are no minimum lot areas or widths, and there is no maximum lot coverage
- k. <u>Setbacks</u>: Building facades shall be no more than fifteen feet (15') from the street side property lines. A setback adjustment, Setback Adjustment No. 200027 (SBA200027), was approved pursuant to Section 18.33 of Ordinance No. 348 subject to compliance with Exhibits and based on the following findings:
 - i. The proposal is consistent with the intent and purposes of Ordinance No. 348; and,
 - ii. There are special circumstances applicable to the property, including such factors as size, shape, topography, location or surroundings that justify the approval of the adjustment of the setback requirement; and,

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iii. The proposal will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare of the community, nor will it be detrimental to neighboring properties.

SBA200027 will allow an increase of the building façade for the street side setback from 15-feet to 135-feet, 43-feet and 92-feet for proposed Buildings 1, 3, and 5 along Monroe Street, and 117 feet and 85 feet for proposed buildings 1 and 2 along Airport Boulevard associated with the proposed CUP190030.

The proposed project is a Mixed Use zone for which the multiple buildings are located onsite to allow for onsite traffic and pedestrian path circulation on approximately 28 acres, and simultaneously allow building facades to be varied and articulated architectural and landscaping elements. The irregular shape of the proposed project site does not provide for the possibility to locate the building facades less than 15 feet to the Airport Blvd and Monroe Street and yet maintain onsite security and allow access and safe onsite circulation for the proposed uses. Through the approval of SBA200027, this proposed project meets the setback standard.

- I. <u>Height:</u> Building heights have been adhered to by the Project as follows:
 - i. The maximum height for buildings or structures is 75 feet. The tallest building proposed in the Project's plan has a height of 47 feet. Therefore, the Project is in compliance. A condition will be set upon approval that the developers may, in no event, build a structure that exceeds one hundred feet (100') in height unless a variance is approved pursuant to Section 18.27 of Ordinance No. 348.
 - ii. Commercial floor space provided on the ground floor of a mixed use building shall have a minimum floor to ceiling height of eleven feet (11'). The retail building has a 19 foot ceiling height, the fast food building has a 15 foot ceiling height, and the pharmacy has a 21 foot ceiling height. All of the proposed commercial buildings meet or exceed this minimum floor to ceiling height standard and are, therefore, in compliance.
- m. <u>Roof-Mounted Equipment Screening:</u> Except for solar energy systems, all roof-mounted mechanical and other equipment will be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of 660 feet. All of the proposed structures integrate roof mounted mechanical equipment in to their designs and are adequately screened by the building parapets. Any solar energy systems that may be included on building rooftops are not subject to this screening provision. Therefore, the project meets this requirement.
- n. <u>Trash Areas:</u> Trash collection areas shall be screened by landscaping or architectural features in such a manner as not to be visible from a public street for from any adjacent residential development. All of the proposed trash collection areas presented on the submitted exhibits are indicated as screened trash enclosures with covers and landscaping, which satisfies this condition.
- o. <u>Encroachments:</u> No yard encroachment is permitted in the front, side, or rear yard except as provided for in Section 18.19 of Ordinance No. 348. The proposed project is detached commercial retail and senior housing (assisted living) facility. There are no front, side, or rear yards for the proposed project.

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p. <u>Lighting:</u> All lighting fixtures, including spot lights, electrical reflectors and other means of illumination for signs, buildings, landscaping, parking, loading, unloading and similar areas, shall be focused, directed and arranged to prevent glare or direct illumination on residential uses. The proposed project provides lights or light standards that are shielded and directed downwards and do not cause light spillage into the road-right-of-way (ROW) or into neighboring properties.

- q. Residential Uses: Residential uses have been adhered to by the Project as follows:
 - <u>Building Orientation</u>: One family dwellings shall be designed to have the front door to each home closer to the street than the garage door and garage doors shall not face the street. This standard is not applicable to the project since no one family dwellings are proposed.
 - ii. <u>Building Separation</u>: For detached residential dwellings, the minimum distance between buildings on three (3) sides shall be five feet (5') and eight feet (8') on the remaining side. The project does not propose detached residential dwellings, therefore this standard is not applicable. Furthermore, the distance on all sides of the residential building proposed in the Project exceeds the minimum distance between buildings and, therefore, is in compliance.
 - iii. <u>Common Recreational Open Space</u>: Development with more than one hundred (100) residential dwellings shall provide one hundred square feet (100') of common useable recreational open space per residential dwelling such as, but not limited to, pools, gyms, parks and recreational facilities. The Senior Housing Facility has 128 residential dwellings, which means the Project is required to provide a minimum of 12,800 square feet of recreational open space. The senior housing (assisted living) facility proposes the development of a centralized courtyard that includes green space, pedestrian paths, and a community pool for resident's to use. This space is 174 feet by 108 feet, equating to 18,792 square feet of common useable recreational open space. The Project adheres to this requirement.

Section 18.48 provides the following development standards for the alcoholic beverage sales:

- 1. A conditional use permit shall be required for the concurrent sale of motor vehicle fuels and beer and wine for off-premises consumption. A conditional use permit is being processed for the sale of alcoholic beverages for off-premises consumption in the Mixed Use (MU) zoning classification.
- 2. A conditional use permit shall be required for the sale of alcoholic beverages for off-premises consumption in all zoning classifications, excluding C/V, where such zoning would permit the sale with plot plan approval or conditional use permit approval, however, that the provisions of Subsection B.1. shall not apply to a retail commercial establishment which (1) contains at least 20,000 square feet of interior floor space and is primarily engaged in the sale of groceries and (2) does not sell motor vehicle fuels. A conditional use permit is being processed for the sale of alcoholic beverages for off-premises consumption in the MU zoning classification for a convenience store associated with sale of motor vehicle fuels as well as the pharmacy building that is less than 20,000 square feet.

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3. Such facilities shall not be situated in such a manner that vehicle traffic from the facility may reasonably be believed to be a potential hazard to a school, church, public park or playground. There is a school adjacent to the project site. Although the sale of alcohol is located nearby the existing school and traffic from the project could be directed to drive past the school, the improvements existing and proposed by the project along Airport Boulevard provide adequate measures to separate pedestrians from vehicle traffic that it would not be a potential hazard to a school. No other public park, nonprofit youth facility, or playground is located within 1,000 feet of the project site. Therefore, vehicle traffic from the facility will not be a potential hazard to a school, public park, nonprofit youth facilities or playground.

Notice of hearing shall be given to all owners of property within 1,000 feet of the subject facility, to any elementary school or secondary school district within whose boundaries the facility is located and to any public entity operating a public park or playground within 1,000 feet of the subject facility. The Planning Director may require that additional notice be given, in a manner the Director deems necessary or desirable, to other persons or public entities. A notice of public hearing has been given to all property owners within 1,000 feet of the subject facility.

- 4. The following additional development standards shall apply as conditions of approval with the Advisory Notification Document to the concurrent sale of motor vehicle fuels and beer and wine for off-premises consumption:
 - a. Only beer and wine may be sold.
 - b. The owner of each location and the management at each location shall educate the public regarding driving under the influence of intoxicating beverages, minimum age for purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverages, driving with open containers and the penalty associated with violation of these laws. In addition, the owner and management shall provide health warnings about the consumption of alcoholic beverages. This educational requirement may be met by posting prominent signs, decals or brochures at points of purchase. In addition, the owner and management shall provide adequate training for all employees at the location as to these matters.
 - c. No displays of beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages shall be located within five feet of any building entrance or checkout counter.
 - d. Cold beer or wine shall be sold from, or displayed in, the main, permanently affixed electrical coolers only.
 - e. No beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages advertising shall be located on gasoline islands; and no lighted advertising for beer, wine, or other alcoholic beverages shall be located on the exterior of buildings or within window areas.
 - f. Employees selling beer and wine between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 2:00 a.m. shall be at least 21 years of age.
 - g. No sale of alcoholic beverages shall be made from a drive-in window.

Public Convenience and Necessity

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1. The project is located within Census Tract 456.09. The 2010 census population for Census Tract 456.09 was 5,880 persons according to the U.S. Census Bureau.

- 2. The maximum concentration level for General Alcohol License of beer and wine (Type 20 or Type 21) is limited to one per 2,500 people by census tract (Alcoholic Beverage Control Act: California Business and Professions Code Section 238175).
- 3. Currently, there are three (3) alcohol beverage control licenses for sale for off-site consumption issued in Census Tract 456.09. Approval of this Conditional Use Permit would increase the number of existing alcohol beverage control licenses to five (5). According to the California State Department of Alcohol Beverage Control (ABC), the maximum number of licenses for off-site consumption for this census tract is three (3) based on the population within this census tract. Approval of this Conditional Use Permit will further exceed the number of typically allowed licenses for a census tract. However, ABC requires acknowledgement from the local jurisdiction that the jurisdiction agrees with the increase beyond the limit. The acknowledgement is the approval of finding of "Determination of Public Convenience and Necessity" in the recommendations.
- 4. The California Alcoholic Beverage Control Board requires the local jurisdiction to make a finding of public convenience and necessity for the granting of a license when said granting would cause an over concentration of licenses within a census tract, or when an over concentration already exists.
- 5. According to ABC, over concentrations of existing licenses above those allocated for Census Tracts are common occurrences.
- 6. Based upon the information contained within the staff report and accompanying attachments, the Planning Commission is required to find the proposal to be in the interest of the Public Convenience of Necessity as follows:
 - a. The sale of alcohol at the convenience store will be a public convenience. The subject property proposes to sell beer and wine for the convenience of its patrons that shop at the convenience store or use the gas station. It is convenient for consumers to purchase beer and wine at the same time as shopping at the convenience store or using the gas station. Additionally, the sale of alcohol at a pharmacy store will be a public convenience. The subject property with the pharmacy store proposes to sell beer and wine and liquor for the convenience of its patrons that shop at the pharmacy store. It is convenient for consumers to purchase beer and wine and liquor at the same time as shopping at a pharmacy store for retail goods.
 - b. The approval of a new license for the off-sale of beer and wine and liquor is an ancillary use to a convenience store and will not have a disproportionate impact on adjacent residential neighborhoods or sensitive uses. Less than 5-7% of store area is devoted exclusively for beer and wine sales, or liquor sales. The sale of beer and wine and liquor is an ancillary us to the sale of general merchandise and groceries and will not adversely affect the adjacent property or sensitive uses that may be nearby.
 - c. The approval of the sale of beer and wine and liquor will not result in an adverse impact on public health, safety, or welfare. The location or the use shall not result in adverse impacts on public health, safety or welfare in that the subject business is a convenience store within

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minimal area allocated to beer and wine sales and liquor. A public hearing notice was mailed to adjacent property owners within 1000' feet of the subject site. To date, staff has not received any comments from the public. Staff has included conditions of approval to address any potential adverse impacts to the surrounding area.

d. The proposed project does provide the public necessity and convenience for the residents of the surrounding community. The Project provides additional local retail services for the surrounding community in line with the General Plan. In addition, the Project will provide a convenience to local residents, jobs, and overall economic growth in the community. By providing fueling as well as retail options, the Project will reduce the number of vehicle trips in the area, and the residents would gain the resulting cumulative benefits of those reduced vehicle trips such as less traffic congestion and lower total emissions.

OTHER FINDINGS

- 1. The project site is not located within a Conservation Area of the Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan.
- 2. The project site is located within the Sphere of Influence for the City of City of La Quinta. This project was provided to the City of La Quinta for review and comment. Discussions and information was additionally provided to the City of La Quinta per their request. No further comments were received either in favor or opposition of the project at the time of this report.
- 3. The project site is not located within an Airport Influence Area ("AIA") boundary and is therefore not subject to the Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") review.
- 4. In accordance with Senate Bill No. 18 (SB18), a letter was sent to the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) on March 23, 2020. NAHC replied by May 5, 2020 with no concerns indicated. SB18 letters were sent to the tribes on May 5, 2020 and concluded on August 5, 2020 with no concerns or comments to address regarding the Project.

Additionally, tribal consultation letters were sent regarding Assembly Bill No. 52 (AB52) on March 23, 2020, to nine (9) tribes. From the nine tribes noticed, only Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians and Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians requested consultations. Both Agua Caliente and Torres Martinez asked to review the site exhibits and any cultural studies. Torres Martinez additionally requested to review the draft CEQA document. Agua Caliente requested monitoring and concluded their consultation on the project on April 15, 2020. Torres Martinez tribe also requested monitoring and concluded their consultation on the project as of August 31, 2020.

- 5. The project site is located within Zone B of the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary, as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The project is required to comply with all lighting standards specified within Ordinance No. 655, pursuant to Zone B.
- 6. The project site is not located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan ("SKRHCP").
- 7. The project site is proposing a monument sign at the corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd and two (2) entry signs; one off of Monroe Street and one off of Airport Blvd. The monument sign is 10 feet

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in height 2 feet in diameter and the two entry signs are 5 feet high and 8' 6" in length. Both signs are under the maximum requirements for Ordinance No. 348 Section 19.4.A.1-4 as the height of the signs are under 20 feet; the surface area is does not exceed 50 square feet; and that there is one sign off of each street. The proposed project meets Ordinance No. 348 for on-site advertising structures and signs.

Fire Findings

The project site is not located within a Cal Fire State Responsibility Area ("SRA") and is not in a fire hazard severity zone.

Conclusion:

 For the reasons discussed above, as well as the information provided in the Initial Study, the proposed project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. Moreover, the proposed project would not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

This project was advertised in the Press Enterprise Newspaper & Desert Sun Newspaper. Additionally, public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 1,000 feet of the project site. As of the writing of this report, Planning Staff has received written communication/phone calls from 5 people who indicated support/opposition to the proposed project.

This project was recently presented twice before the Vista Santa Rosa Community Council in 2020; on May 27, 2020 and September 23, 2020. It had previously been presented to the Vista Santa Rosa Community Council in 2008, 2012, and 2013.

Planning Commission

County of Riverside

RESOLUTION No. 2020-015 RECOMMENDING ADOPTION OF

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of Government Code Section(s) 65350 et seq., a public hearing was held before the Riverside County Planning Commission in Riverside, California on December 16, 2020, to consider the above-referenced matter; and,

WHEREAS, all the procedures of the California Environmental Quality Act and the Riverside County Rules to Implement the Act have been met and the environmental document prepared or relied on is sufficiently detailed so that all the potentially significant effects of the project on the environment and measures necessary to avoid or substantially lessen such effects have been evaluated in accordance with the above-referenced Act and Procedures; and,

WHEREAS, the matter was discussed fully with testimony and documentation presented by the public and affected government agencies; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, FOUND, DETERMINED, AND ORDERED by the Planning Commission of the County of Riverside, in regular session assembled on December 16, 2020, that it has reviewed and considered the environmental document prepared or relied on and, based on the findings and conclusions in the staff report and incorporated herein by reference, recommends that the Board of Supervisors:

TENTATIVELY ADOPT the MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION for ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT. CEQ190110; and

TENTATIVELY APPROVE GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012.

CZ1900034 GPA190012 TPM37801 CUP190030 RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMEN

VICINITY/POLICY AREAS

Supervisor: Perez

District 4

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MONROE ST

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55TH AVE

Vicinity Map

Date Drawn: 11/06/2020

Author: Vinnie Nguyen TS NAR BUREN ST CITY OF SETTH AVE VISTA SANTA ROSA POLICY AREA CALHOUNIST 机 3 BECKMANEDE JACKSONIST

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Feet

Zoning Dist: Low Coachella Valley

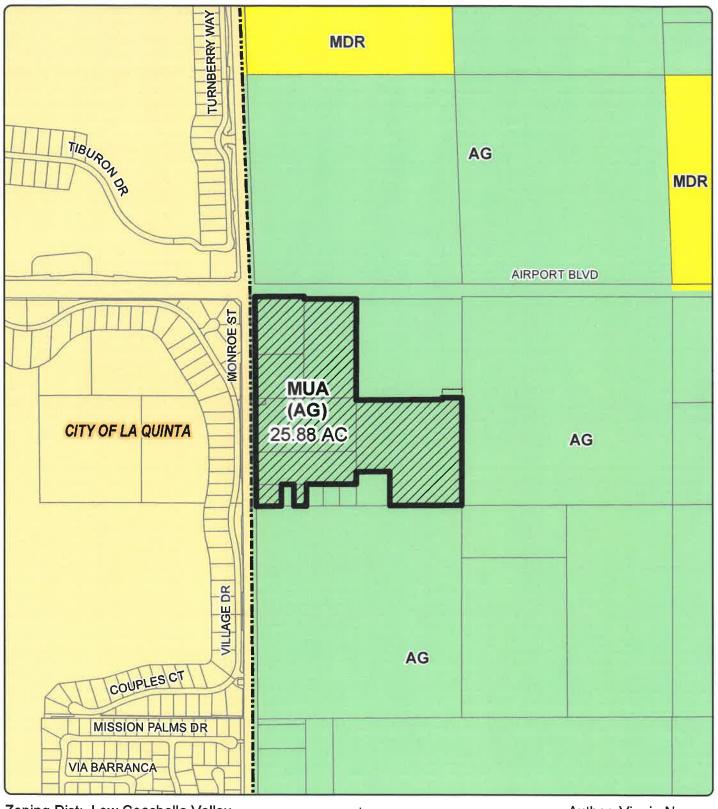
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RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CZ1900034 GPA190012 TPM37801 CUP190030
Date Drawn: 11/06/2020

Supervisor: Perez District 4

PROPOSED GENERAL PLAN

Exhibit 6

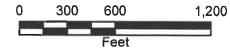


Zoning Dist: Low Coachella Valley

DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General DISCLAMMEN: On October 7, 2023, the County of Neverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (\$51):955-300 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760):863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.retlms.org



Author: Vinnie Nguyen



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CZ1900034 GPA190012 TPM37801 CUP190030 Supervisor: Perez Date Drawn: 11/06/2020 **PROPOSED ZONING** District 4 Exhibit 3 R-1-30000 **R-5** A-1-20 R-4 AIRPORT BLVD MU CITY OF LA QUINTA (A-1-20) 25.88 AC (C-R) A-1-20 MISSION PALMS DR VIA BARRANCA Zoning Dist: Low Coachella Valley Author: Vinnie Nguyen 300 600 1,200 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plun providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951)955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.retlma.org Feet

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CZ1900034 GPA190012 TPM37801 CUP190030

Supervisor: Perez Date Drawn: 11/06/2020 **LAND USE** District 4 Exhibit 1 GOLF COURSE SF RES AGRICULTURE AIRPORT BLVD SF RES SCHOOL CITY OF LA QUINTA AGRICULTURE GOLF COURSE SF RES **AGRICULTURE**

Zoning Dist: Low Coachella Valley

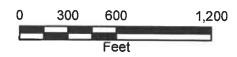
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VIA BARRANCA-VAC

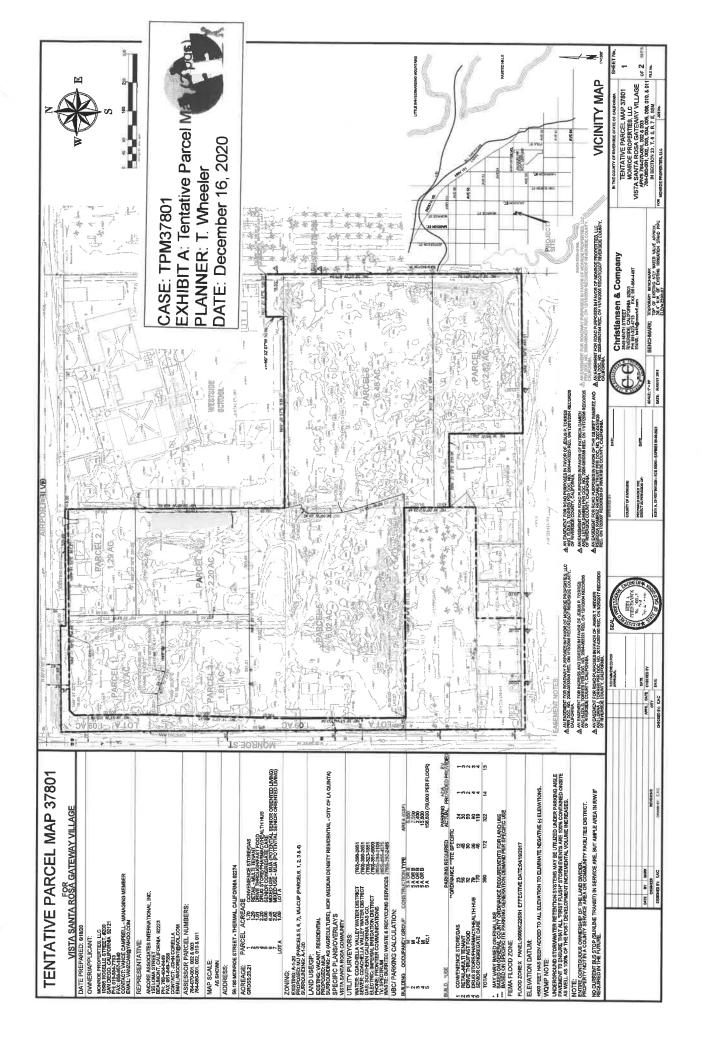
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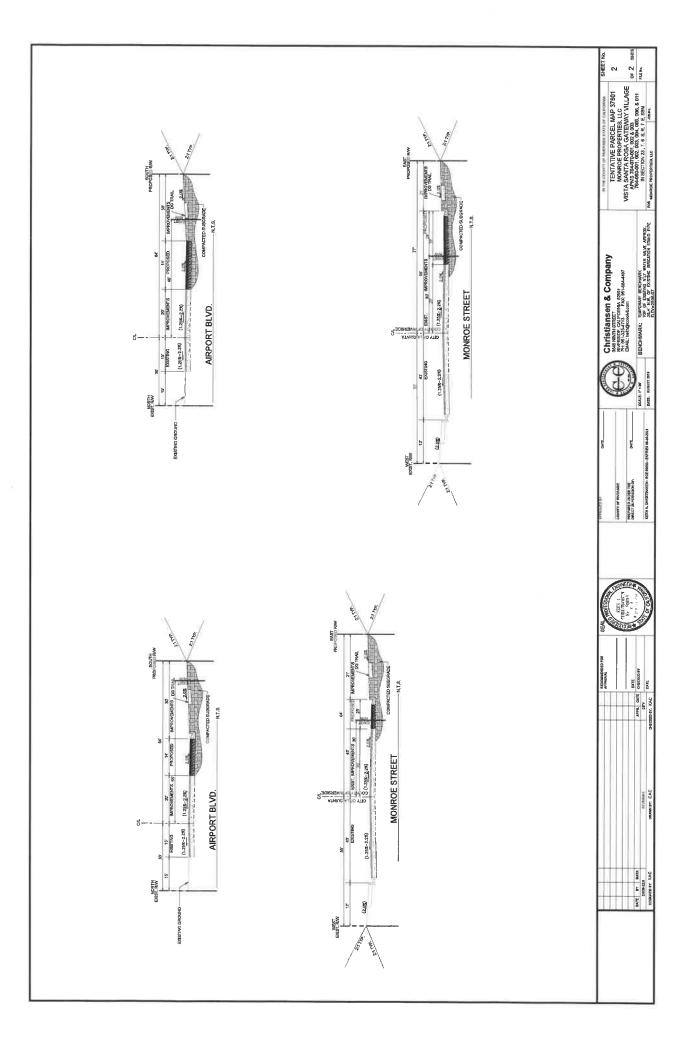
Author: Vinnie Nguyen

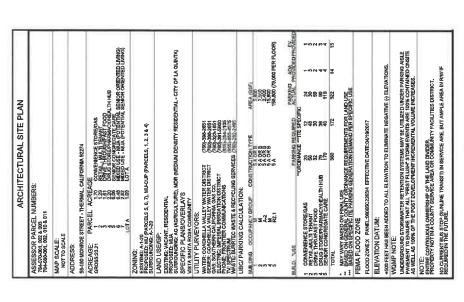
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PROJECT DESCRIPTI

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CASE: CUP190030 EXHIBIT A-B-C: Site/Elevation/II PLANNER: T. Wheeler DATE: December 16, 2020

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SECOND FLOOR

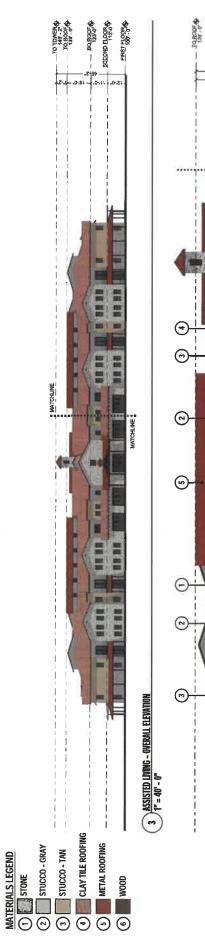
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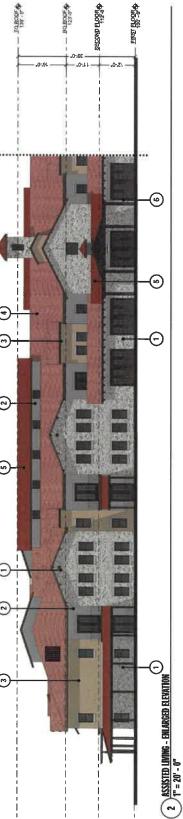
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ASSISTED LIVING BUILDING





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ASSISTED LIVING - ENLARGED ELEVATION 1" = 20" - 0"

SECOND FLOOR

No. MATCHLINE

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(b)

Θ-

3 ASSISTED LIVING - OVERALL ELEVATION T" = 40' - 0"

MATERIALS LEGEND

(1) STONE

(2) STUCCO - GRAY

(3) STUCCO - TAN

(4) CLAY THE ROOFING

(5) METAL ROOFING

(6) WOOD

FIRST FLOOR



FIRST FLOOR



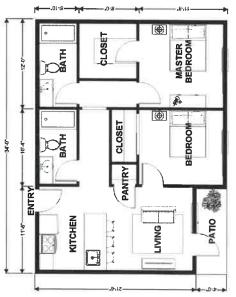


ASSISTED LIVING - EMLARGED ELEVATION I' = 20' - 0"





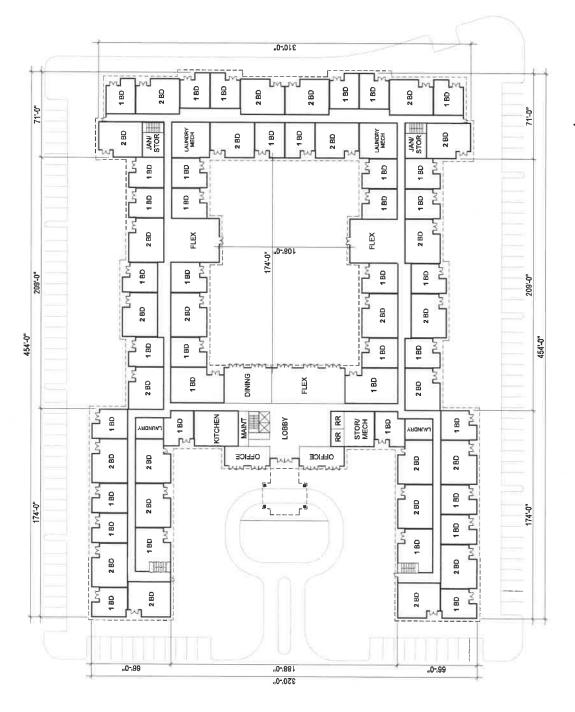




UNIT TYPE 2B / 750 GSF (2 BED/2 BATH)

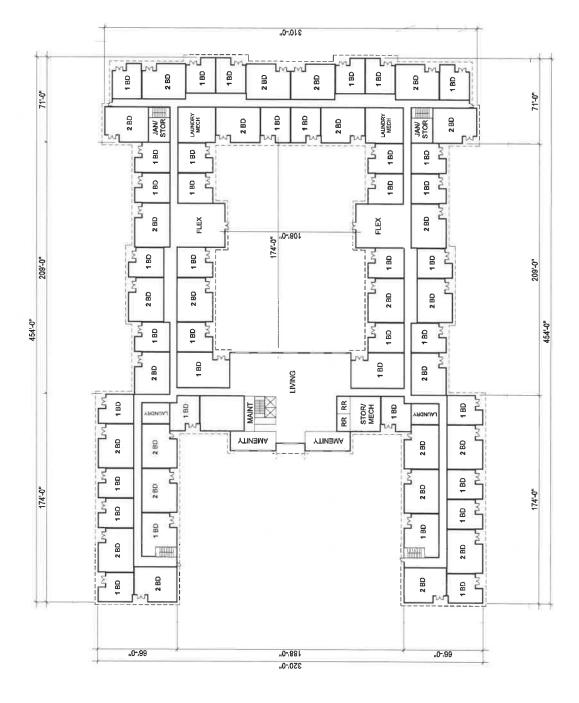
SENIOR HOUSING FACILITY - UNIT PLANS

LEVEL 1 - UNIT SUMMARY
1 Bedroom Units = 38
2 Bedroom Units = 26
Total Level 1 Units = 64



SENIOR HOUSING FACILITY - FIRST FLOOR OF

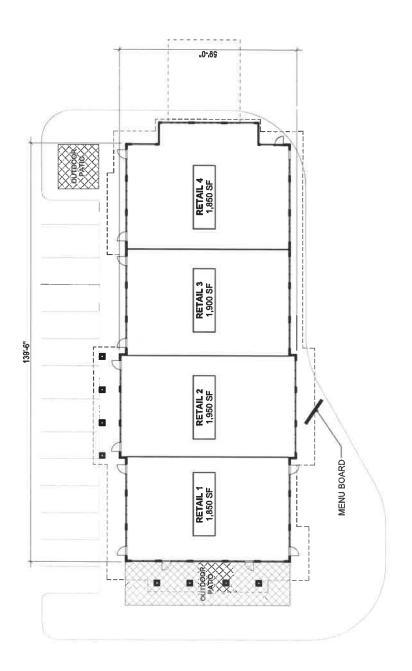
LEVEL 2 - UNIT SUMMARY
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2 Bedroom Units = 26
Total Level 2 Units = 64



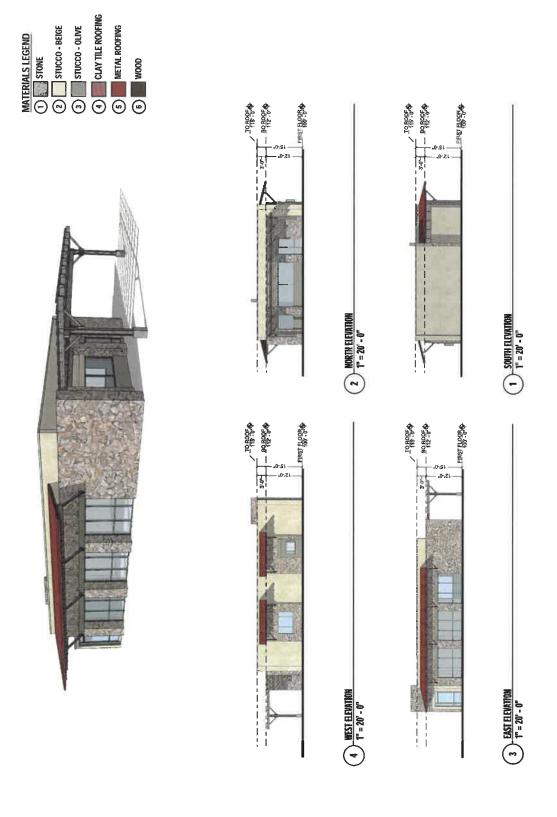
SENIOR HOUSING FACILITY - SECOND FLOOR ON

- 10 ROOF BO ROOF - BOROOF FIRST FLOOR TO DORWER FIRST FLOOR 1 <u>@</u> 0 ⊕ + 2 NORTH ELEVATION 1" = 20" - 0" 1 SOUTH ELEVATION 1" = 20" - 0" - John T BOROOF FIRST FLOOR - BOROOF TO DORMER & FIRST FLOOR 4 EAST ELEVATION 1" = 20" - 0" 3 WEST ELEVATION 1" = 20' - 0"

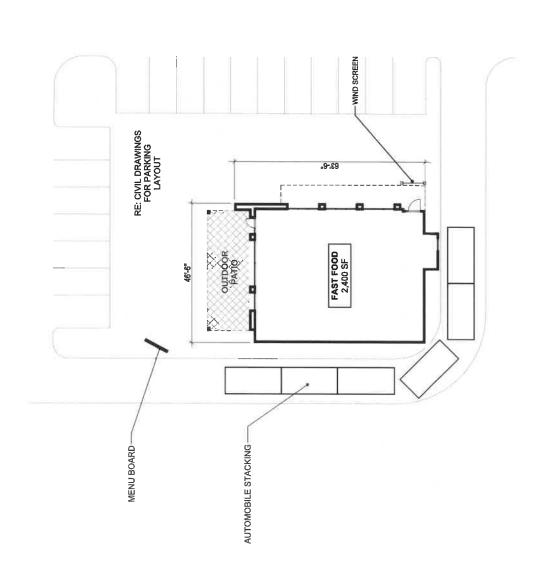
RETAIL BUILDING - ELEVATIONS



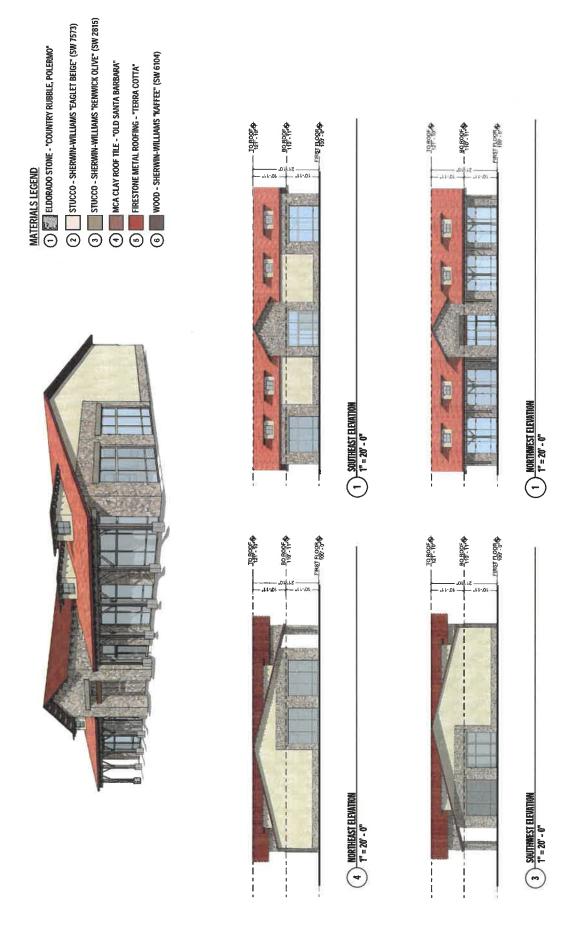
RETAIL BUILDING - FLOOR PLAN ON



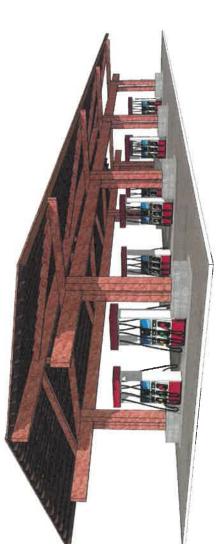
FAST FOOD BUILDING - ELEVATIONS



FAST FOOD BUILDING - FLOOR PLAN ON



GAS STATION - ELEVATIONS

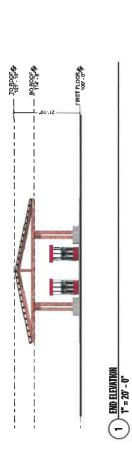


(2) STUCCO - SHERWIN-WILLIAMS "EAGLET BEIGE" (SW 7573)

MATERIALS LEGEND

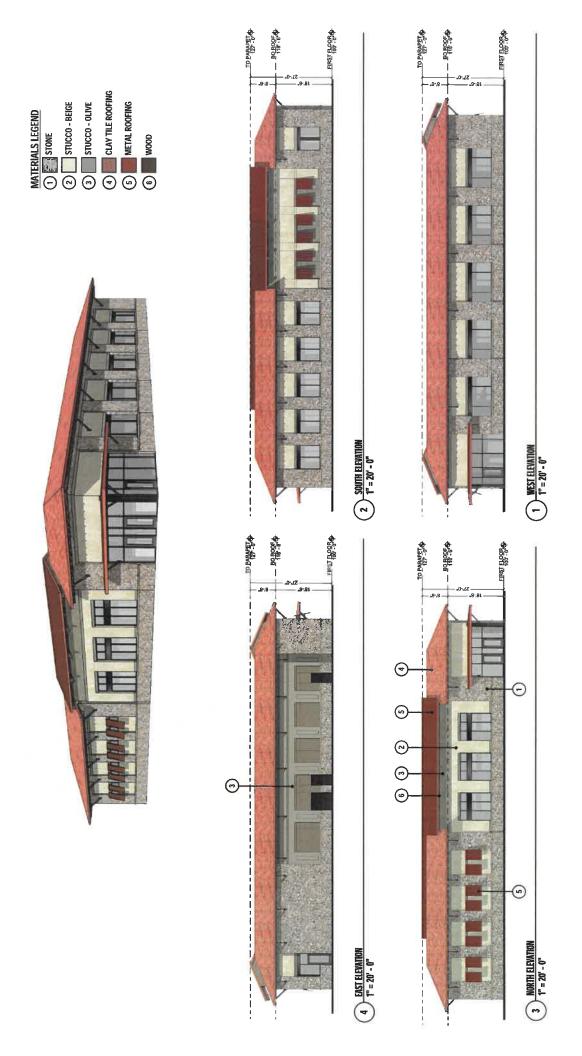
(1) E ELDORADO STONE - "COUNTRY RUBBLE, POLERMO"

2 10NG ELEVATION 1" = 20" - 0"

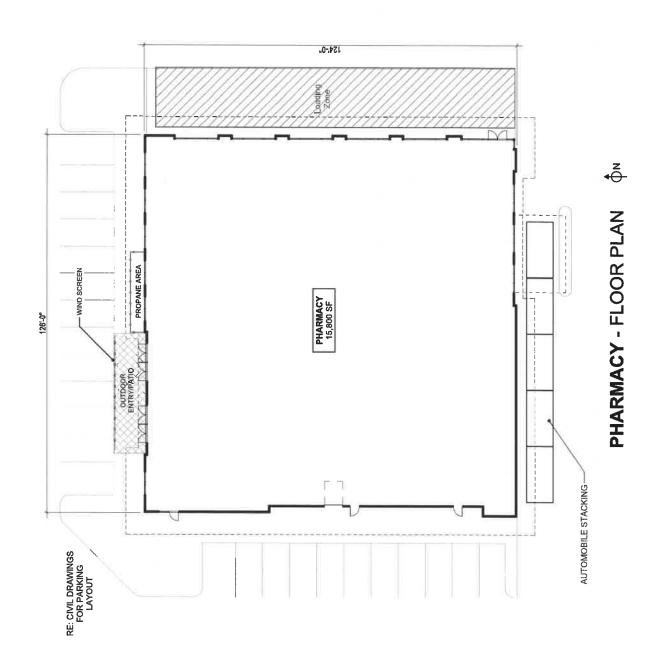


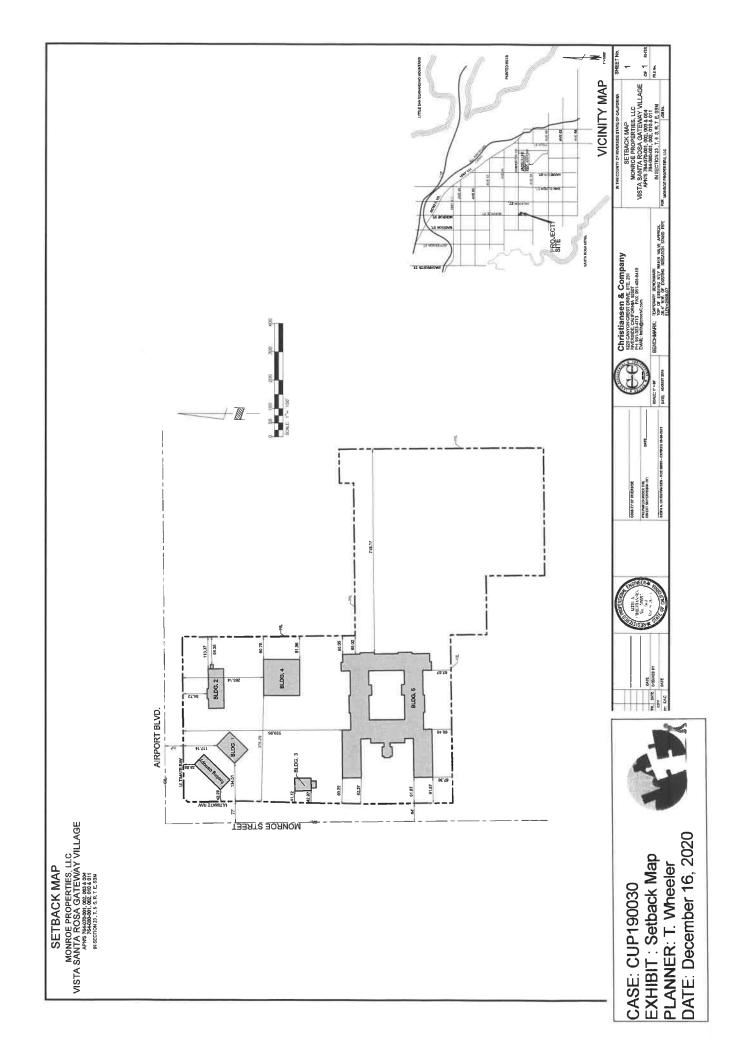
GAS STATION CANOPY - ELEVATIONS

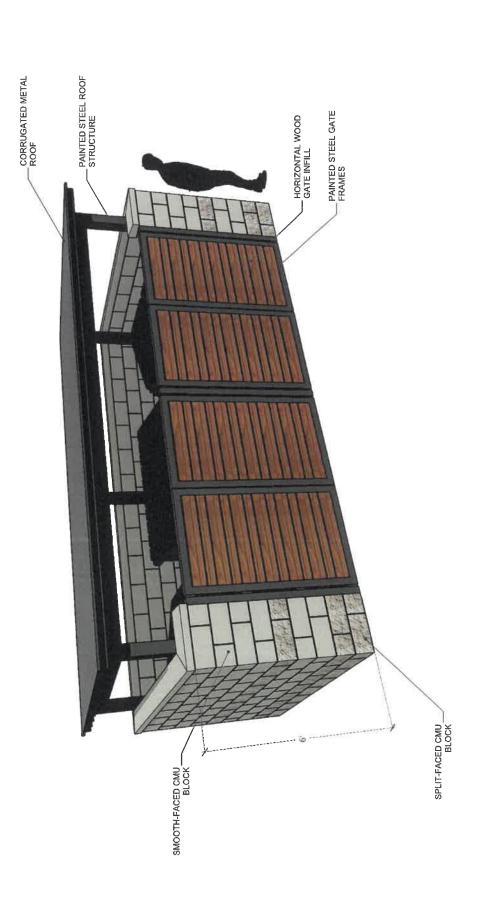
GAS STATION - FLOOR PLAN ON



PHARMACY - ELEVATIONS

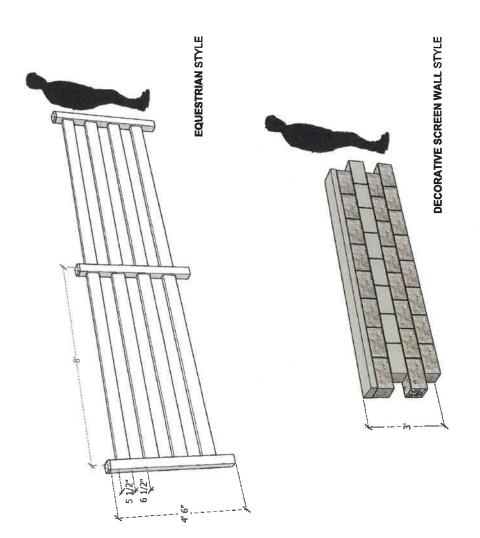






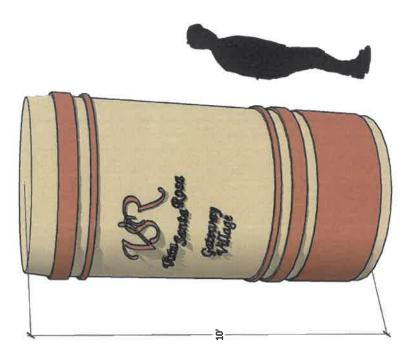
TYPICAL TRASH ENCLOSURE

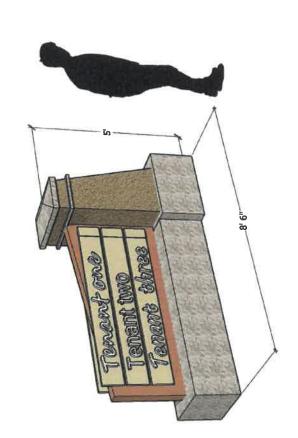
CASE: CUP190030 EXHIBIT D: Detail Plans (trash, pes, PLANNER: T. Wheeler DATE: December 16, 2020





CASE: CUP190030 EXHIBIT S: Signage Plans PLANNER: T. Wheeler DATE: December 16, 2020





TYPICAL ENTRANCE SIGNAGE

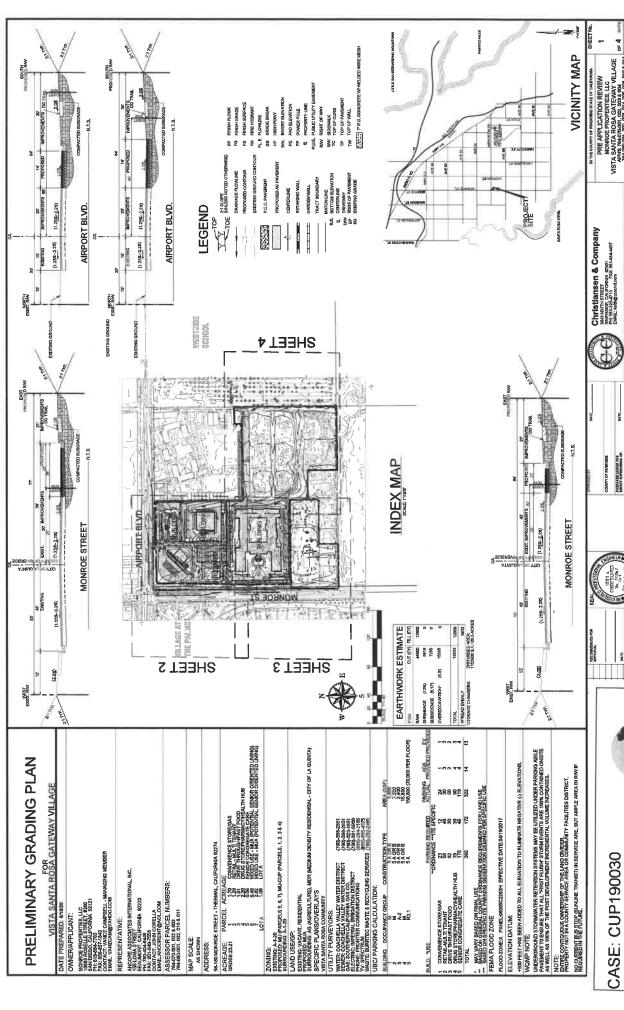


EXHIBIT G: Concept Grading PLANNER: T. Wheeler CASE: CUP190030

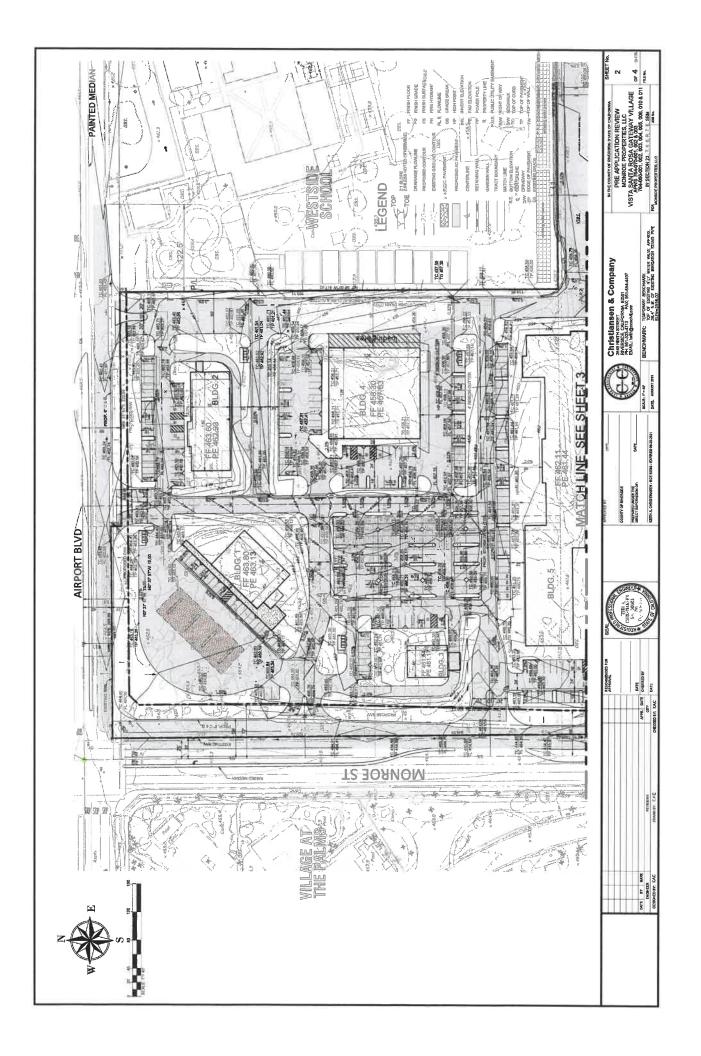


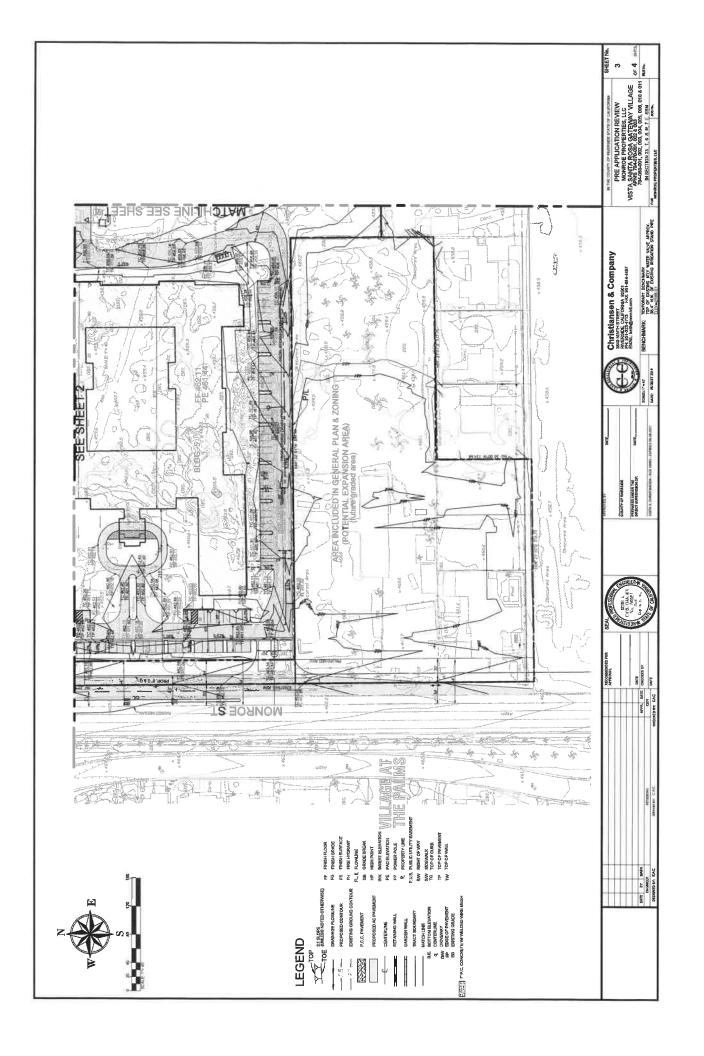
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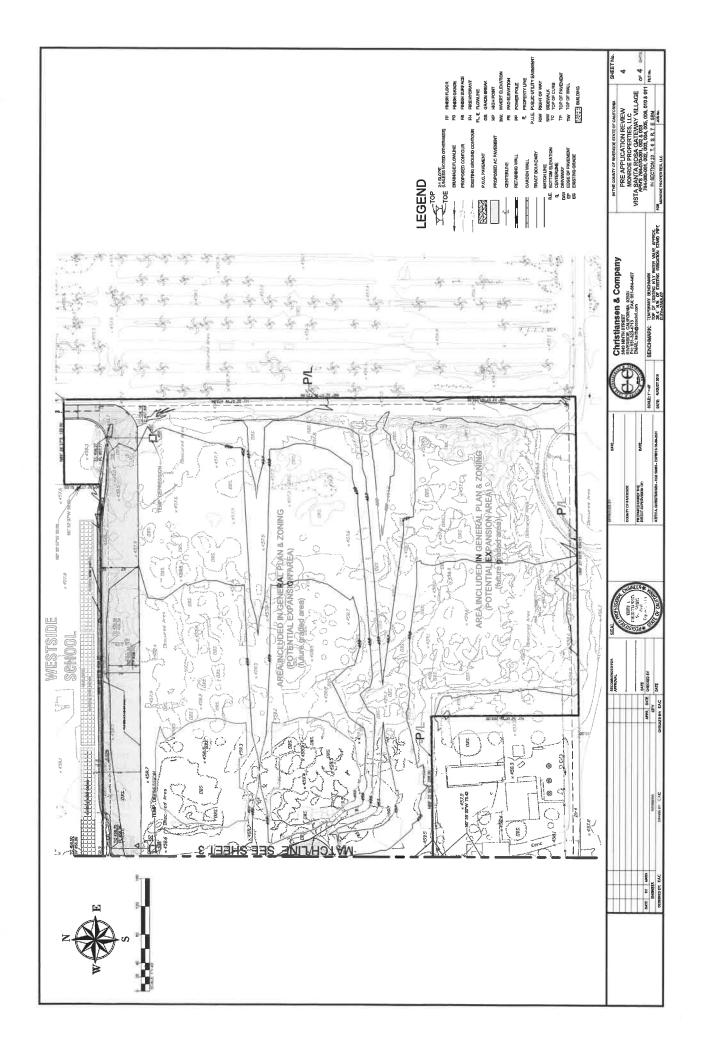
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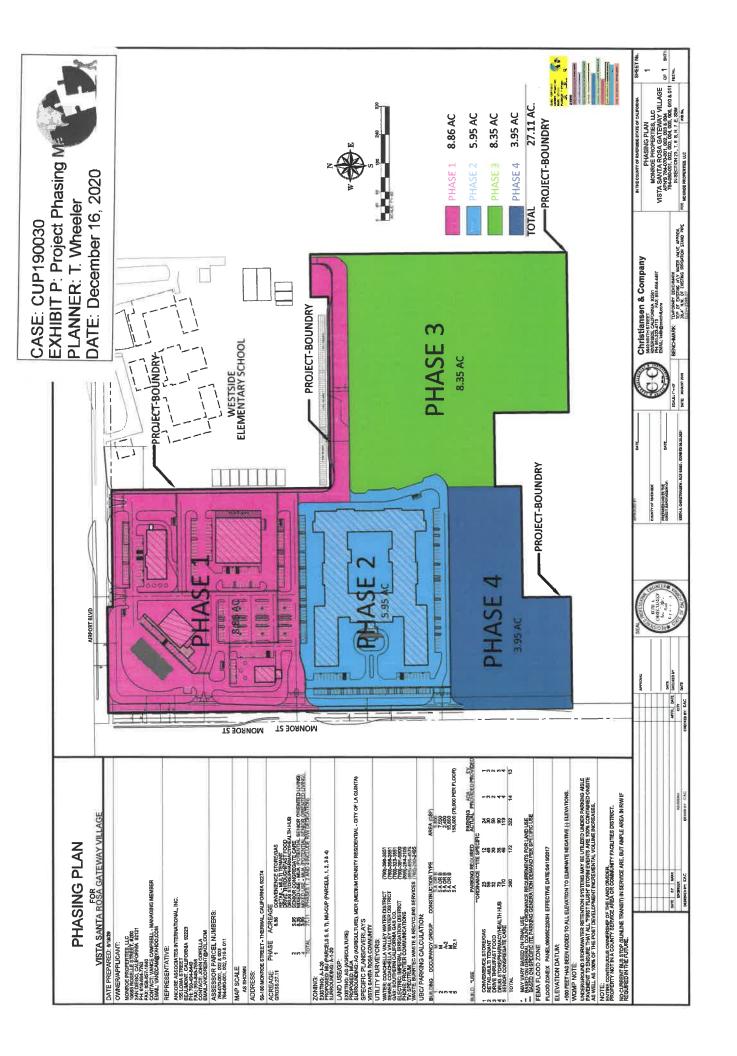


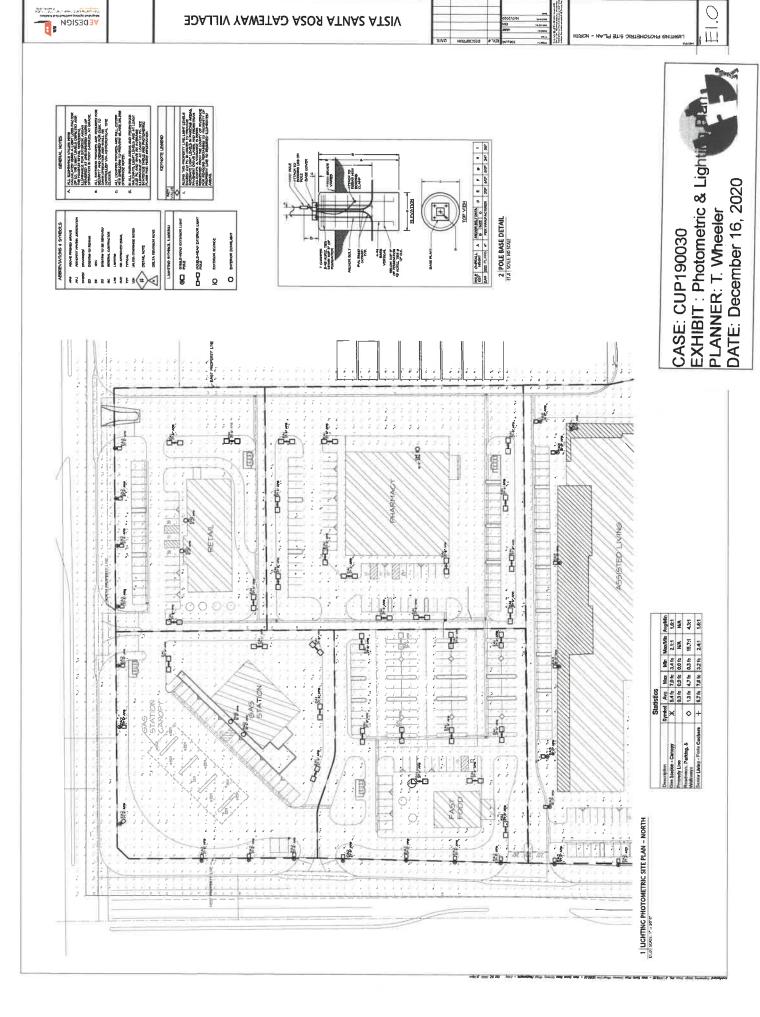
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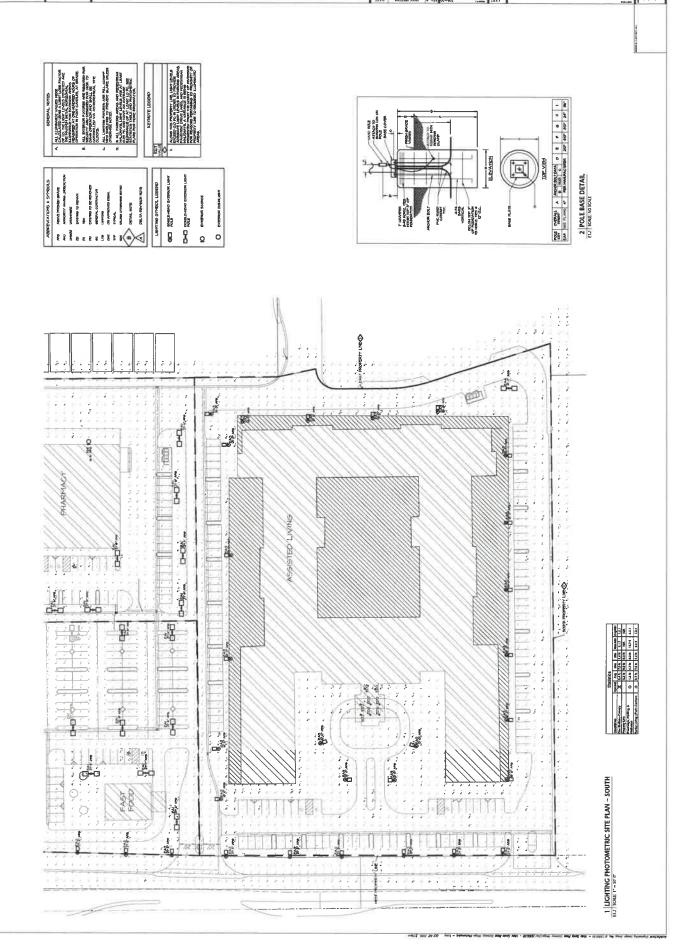
Prepared For.
MONROE PROPERTIES, LLC
10885 ROSELLE STREET, #200
SAN DIEGO, CA 92121



56-180 Monroe Street, La Quinta, CA 92274







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FEATURES

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CONTROL TECHNOLOGY

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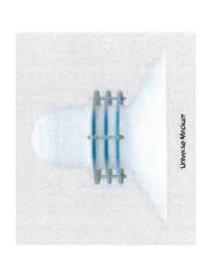
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UNIVERSE®







ARCHITECTURAL AREA/SITE

FEATURES

- Reliable, uniform, glare free Illumination
- Types 1, 2, 3, 4W, 5O, and 5W distributions
- · 3000K, 4000K, 5000K CCT
- 0-10V dimming ready
- Integral surge suppression
- 15 standard powder coat finishes
- Upgrade Kits









CONTROL TECHNOLOGY

₩ISCAPE

SPECIFICATIONS

CONSTRUCTION

- alloy, sealed with continuous sificone rubber All housing components aluminum 360
- Standard configurations do not require a flat fens, optional tenses is tempered glass
- All internal and external hardware is stainless steel
- electrostatically applied, thermally cured, triglycidal isocyanurate (TGIC) polyester Firsh, fade and abrasion resistant, powdercoat
- Optical bezel finish is match the luminaire housing

LED/OPTICS

- cast heat sirtk, LED engine, TIR optics, gasket Optical cartridge system consisting of a die and bezel plate.
- components. Optics are held in place withou Cartridge is easily disassembled to replace the use of adhesives
- Molded silicone gasket ensures a weather proof seal around each individual LED
- Features revolutionary incividual LED optical control based on high performance TIR oplical designs.
- distribution. House Side Shield is not available House Side Shield is available on Standard and Clear Lens options except any Type 5 for any distribution using a Diffused Lens.

NSTALLATION

codes. Failure to do so may result in serious Fixtures must be grounded in accordance. with national, state and/or focal electrical personal injury.

ELECTRICAL

- Luminaires have integral surge protection, UL recognized and have a surge current rating of 10,000 Amps using the industry standard 8/20uSec wave and surge rating of 372J
- current maximum of <20.0 Amps maximum at Drivers are UL recognized with an insush 230VAC
- · 100%-1% dimming range. Fixture will be wired for fow voltage 0-10V dimming control
- Driver and surge suppressor are mounted to a prewired tray with quick disconnects that may be removed from the gear compariment

CONTROLS

over the adapter to add a total of 4.5" ///4mm prewired, independently rotatable 359°, and Egress adapter(s) shall stip over a 47100mm DIA, pole with the luminaire or ann slipping have a cast access cover with an integral to the overall height, Adaptents shall be lens and lanyard

CONTROLS (CONTINUED)

- Photoceil adapter shall include an internal twist lock receptacle. Photocell by others.
- an adjustment range of 15"-45". Adapter shall Egress adapter shall require an auxiliary 120 volt supply for operation of an integral MR16 may be aimed and locked into position with have a socket that accepts miniature bi-pin MRIG lamps up to 50 watts, famp by others lamp in the event of emergency. The lamp

CERTIFICATIONS

- ETL listed under UL 1598 and CSA C22.2 No. 250.0-08 for wel locations
- Materials under Trade Agreements effective 6/06/2020: See Buy American Solutions. This product qualifies as a "designated country construction material" per FAR 52,225-11 Buy American-Construction

WARRANTY

 See - E. Standard Warrenty for additional information

KEY DATA	
LUMEN RANGE	1,821-9,336
WATTAGE RANGE	31,52-71,6
EFFICACY RANGE (LPW)	54,5-138,5
INPUT CURRENT RANGE (ma)	260/420/615 mA
WEIGHT	18 lbs 4:1kg to 27 lbs 12:25 kg
EPA	53 to 1.05

TYPICAL LIGHT FIXTURE



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION						
Project/Case Number: GPA19001	Project/Case Number: <u>GPA190012 / CZ1900034 / TPM37801 / CUP190030 / CEQ190110</u>					
Based on the Initial Study, it has been determined that the proposed project, subject to the proposed mitigation measures, will not have a significant effect upon the environment.						
PROJECT DESCRIPTION, LOCATION, AND MITIGATION MEASURES REQUIRED TO AVOID POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS. (see Environmental Assessment and Conditions of Approval)						
COMPLETED/REVIEWED BY:						
By: <u>Tim Wheeler</u>	Title: Project Planner	Date: November 10, 2020				
Applicant/Project Sponsor: Monro	e Properties, LLC	_ Date Submitted: October 10, 2019				
ADOPTED BY: Board of Supervis	sors					
Person Verifying Adoption: Tim W	heeler	Date: <u>December 16, 2020</u>				
The Mitigated Negative Declaration if any, at: Riverside County Planning Departs For additional information, please of	ment 4080 Lemon Street, 12t					
Please charge deposit fee case#: ZCEQ190110 ZCF0	G FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE O	DNLY				

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FORM: INITIAL STUDY

Environmental Assessment (CEQ / EA) Number: CEQ 190110

Project Case Type (s) and Number(s): GPA 190012, CZ190034, TPM No. 37801, CUP 190030

Lead Agency Name: Riverside County Planning Department

Address: P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409 **Contact Person:** Tim Wheeler, Urban Planner IV

Telephone Number: 951-955-6060

Applicant's Name: Monroe Properties, LLC

Applicant's Address: 10685 Roselle Street #200, San Diego, California 92121

I. PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Description: The 27.11-acre project site consists of an assemblage of 12 parcels located at the southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd (Avenue 56) in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa, Riverside County. Figure 1 shows the regional location of the project site and Figure 2 shows the project site and vicinity.

The proposed project includes: (1) General Plan Amendment No. 190012, a GPA from the current Agricultural General Plan Foundation with an Agricultural land use designation to a Community Development General Plan Foundation with a Mixed Use Area (MUA) designation; (2) Change of Zone No. 190034, a zone change on 12 parcels from the current Agricultural - 20-acre lot minimum (A-1-20) and Commercial Retail (C-R) zoning designations, to a Mixed Use (MU) zoning designation; (3) Tentative Parcel Map (TPM) No. 37801 to create 7 new parcels; and (4) Conditional Use Permit No. 190030, a CUP to allow alcohol sales on proposed commercial portions of the project site. Note, the southerly 3.95-acre parcel (Phase 4) is not included in the TPM, but is a part of the overall Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project site.

Figure 3 is the TPM that shows the relationship between parcels that correspond to the Site Plan and Phasing Plan. Figure 4 is the Site Plan for the proposed project. Figures 4a through 4g show preliminary building elevations for the mix of uses proposed in Phases 1 and 2. Phases 3 and 4 are still conceptual and no elevations have been developed. Figure 5 shows the conceptual phasing plan for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway mixed-use project.

Project Phasing Plan

The project site would be developed in four phases. Phase 1 includes development of Parcels 1 through 4. Construction of Phase 1 is anticipated to begin no sooner than January 2021 and be completed by the beginning of June 2022. Phase 1 will be operational in 2022 and Phase 2 in 2026. Phases 3 and 4 are conceptual phases, that for CEQA purposes have been included in this Initial Study to evaluate a potential future scenario where all phases are buildout. At such time as projects are proposed on the parcels representing these phases, additional environmental review may be required if the proposed land uses or intensity of uses differs from what is evaluated herein.

Project Phase	Proposed Uses	Construction Start	
	5,800 square foot gas station and convenience market with 16 fueling positions		
Phase 1	7,550 square feet of retail use	2021	
	2,400 square foot fast food restaurant with drive-through window		
	15,800 square foot pharmacy with drive-through window		
Phase 2	158,800 square foot, two-story Congregate Care facility	2026	
Phase 3	66 dwelling units of attached senior adult housing	Conceptual phases , timing to be Determined	
Phase 4	16 dwelling units of attached senior adult housing		
	5,000 square feet of restaurant and retail space		
Total	36,550 square feet of commercial retail, 82 attached dwelling		
	units and 158,800 square foot Congregate Care facility		

Α.	Type of Project:	Site Specific ⊠;	Countywide [];	Community ☐;	Policy [
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B. Total Project Area:

Residential Acres: 14.3 Lots: 3 Units: 210 Projected No. of Residents: 344 Commercial Acres: 12.57 Lots: 6 Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: TBD Est. No. of Employees: 385 Industrial Acres: 0 Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: 0 Est. No. of Employees: 0 Other:

Residential acreage represents Congregate Care (Phase 2) and Senior Adult Living (Phase 3). Resident count based on number of one- and two-bedroom units in Congregate Care. Commercial acreage represents Phases 1 and 4.

C. Assessor's Parcel No(s): 764-070-001-1, -002-2, -003-3, -004-4, 764-080-001-2, -002-3, -003-4, -004-5, -005-6, -006-7, -010-0, -011-1.

Street References: Southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd. (Avenue 56) 56180, 56300 and 56400 Monroe Street and 82071 Airport Blvd.

- D. Section, Township & Range Description or reference/attach a Legal Description: Section, Township and Range Description or reference/attach a Legal Description: Section 23, Township 6 South/Range 7 East
- E. Brief description of the existing environmental setting of the project site and its surroundings: Figure 1 shows the location of the project site within the larger Coachella Valley region. Figure 2 shows the project site, surrounding properties and existing land uses. The project site is located within the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa, a rural community bounded on the north by Avenue 50, Monroe Street on the west, State Route 86 (Harrison Street) on the east, and Avenue 66 on the south. The area is an important producer of date, citrus and row crops. Rural residential uses are also prevalent, with an emphasis on equestrian activities including polo facilities. The 27.11-acre project site consists of an assemblage of parcels located at the southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd (Avenue 56) in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa. The site is largely vacant with scattered small residences. a small grocery store and related residence; and a commercial nursery. Ultimately, all structures will be demolished to facilitate the development of the proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project.

II. APPLICABLE GENERAL PLAN AND ZONING REGULATIONS

A. General Plan Elements/Policies:

1. Land Use: Although the existing County Foundation Component is Agriculture, identifying those areas where agricultural uses are generally considered to be the long term desirable use, the project site is located in a Community Development Overlay - identifying areas appropriate for urban or suburban development, including areas for single family and multiple family residential uses, commercial, industrial, business park, public facilities, and a mix of uses. The zoning classification of the project site is Light Agriculture – 20-acre lot minimum (A-1-20). The applicant is requesting a general plan amendment and zone change from the County to allow a mix of uses to be developed on the site including a small commercial site and Senior Oriented Living (Congregate Care).

In its discussion of the Efficient Use of Land, the County's Land Use Element provides the following direction:

In order to efficiently use land, growth must be focused into strategically located centers or into existing developed areas, thus minimizing development pressures on rural, agricultural, and open space areas. This will also help to preserve the unique rural character of the county and its rich open spaces. Grouped with this focused growth is the need to reorganize patterns of development in order to accommodate a range of uses, styles, and densities; is adaptive to transit; and is internally and externally networked to a multi-modal transportation system.

The proposed Vista Sant Rosa Gateway Village is consistent with the County's desire to accommodate orderly growth and the following Land Use Policies:

- **LU 2.1** Accommodate land use development in accordance with the patterns and distribution of use and density depicted on the General Plan Land Use Map (Figure LU-1) and the Area Plan Land Use Maps, in accordance with the following:
 - a. Provide a land use mix at the countywide and area plan levels based on projected need and supported by evaluation of impacts to the environment, economy, infrastructure, and services.
 - b. Accommodate a range of community types and character, from agricultural and rural enclaves to urban and suburban communities.
 - c. Provide for a broad range of land uses, intensities, and densities, including a range of residential, commercial, business, industry, open space, recreation, and public facilities uses.
 - d. Concentrate growth near community centers that provide a mixture of commercial, employment, entertainment, recreation, civic, and cultural uses to the greatest extent possible.
 - e. Concentrate growth near or within existing urban and suburban areas to maintain the rural and open space character of Riverside County to the greatest extent possible.
 - f. Site development to capitalize upon multi-modal transportation opportunities and promote compatible land use arrangements that reduce reliance on the automobile.

g. Prevent inappropriate development in areas that are environmentally sensitive or subject to severe natural hazards.

The Gateway Village project site is not located within an established Community Center however it is within a Community Development Overlay district and would meet the County's intent in creating this Overlay over the project site and vicinity. The proposed project would provide a mix of commercial uses to meet the needs of the Vista Santa Rosa community and adjacent neighborhoods in La Quinta, including retail shops, a gas station/convenience store/car wash, and a pharmacy. In addition, the project includes a congregate care facility for senior independent living, as well as a senior attached housing component adjacent to the congregate care facility. The Site Plan shows connectivity between the commercial phase of the project and the residential phases of the project.

Land Use Policy 3.1 addresses community or neighborhood level projects that would help achieve General Plan Principles and provides applicable policy direction for the proposed project:

LU 3.1 Accommodate land use development in accordance with the patterns and distribution of use and density depicted on the General Plan Land Use Maps (Figure LU-1) and the Area Plan Land Use Maps in accordance with the following concepts:

- a. Accommodate communities that provide a balanced mix of land uses, including employment, recreation, shopping, public facilities and housing.
- c. Promote parcel consolidation or coordinated planning of adjacent parcels through incentive programs and planning assistance.
- d. Create street and trail networks that directly connect local destinations, and that are friendly to pedestrians, equestrians, bicyclists, and others using non-motorized forms of transportation.

The proposed project is consistent with Policy LU 3.1 by providing a mix of uses in a currently underserved area for such uses. In order to develop the project, the Applicant is requesting approval of a Tentative Parcel Map to create 7 parcels to accommodate the phasing plan with its separate and distinct land uses including commercial (Phase 1), residential (Phase 2) and a mix of uses (commercial and residential (Phases 3 and 4)). In addition, and in compliance with the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines, the project includes the development of a multi-purpose trail system that would accommodate pedestrians, equestrians and bicyclists along the front of the project site on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd. Ultimately, as other properties along these arterial streets are improved, the Gateway Village multipurpose trail would connect to adjacent improvements within this trail system.

The land use policies that addresses Project Design and would apply to the proposed project is Land Use Policy 4.1 which is intended to encourage quality and innovative design techniques that help enhance the character of Riverside County and contribute to the distinctiveness of the community. The proposed project is located within the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa, within a Community Development Overlay District.

LU 4.1 Require that new developments be located and designed to visually enhance, not degrade the character of the surrounding area through consideration of the following concepts.

To comply with the intent of this policy, the proposed project is subject to the policies found in the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan (ECVAP). In addition, the project has incorporated many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines for site development.

- ECVAP 1.1 a. Prepare a detailed land use plan, with community development policies, for the Vista Santa Rosa Community that will: provide for a harmonious blend of country club, residential, commercial, rural, agricultural, and equestrian uses and community facilities in this area, and promote unifying community themes through signs, landscaping, scale of development, and trail and road facilities, etc. for the community.
- ECVAP 1.1.d Several portions of the Vista Santa Rosa community, including a large area generally between Avenue 55 and Avenue 62, and smaller areas located along Avenue 66, Harrison Street, and Van Buren Street, are designated as Agriculture, 5-acre minimum parcel size, with a Community Development Overlay. It is the intent of these designations to encourage agricultural uses to remain in the area as long as area landowners desire, while providing for a gradual, orderly transition to other land use types. When conversion of farmland to other uses occurs, adequate buffering shall be incorporated into development proposals to ensure that there will be adequate land use compatibility protection for other nearby landowners who desire to continue farming indefinitely. ...
- ECVAP 1.1e. All development proposals within the Vista Santa Rosa Policy Area shall include multi-purpose recreational trails and shall provide for potential linkages of such trails to Riverside County's planned trail system as shown in the Non-motorized Transportation section of the Circulation Element.

The proposed project complies with these policies through project design that is incorporating many of the design elements set forth in consistent with the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines for site development, including the development of the multipurpose trail along the perimeter of the project site along Monroe Street and Airport Blvd, that will ultimately connect to adjacent parcels to provide a continuous trail system along these arterial roads when other properties in the area are developed.

Finally, Land Use policies regarding Economic Development, the proposed project complies with the County's intent to provide opportunities for economic growth.

LU 8.1 Accommodate the development of a balance of land uses that maintain and enhance Riverside County's fiscal viability, economic diversity, and environmental integrity.

The proposed project complies with this policy through the application a general plan amendment and change of zone to allow for the development of a mixed use project that would provide local shopping opportunities as well as providing a type of residential use that would accommodate the Valley's aging population.

The Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan Policy ECVAP 1.1 sets forth the County's intent to prepare a detailed Vista Santa Rosa community land use plan that will be incorporated into the ECVAP. This land use plan would include community development policies that will "provide for a harmonious blend of country club, residential, commercial, rural, agricultural, and equestrian uses and community facilities in this area, and promote unifying community themes through signs, landscaping, scale of development, and trail and road facilities, etc. for the community." The combination of the Community Development Overlay and the County's intent to develop a land use plan to guide the development of a mix of land uses within the Vista Santa Rosa

community presents an opportunity for the development such a project as the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project. With a Community Development Overlay designation, the County is acknowledging that development of non-agricultural uses is inevitable, especially since the project site and immediate vicinity is within the sphere of influence of the City of La Quinta. The City has designated the majority of this portion of its sphere for Low Density Residential and the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway project site as General Commercial.

2. Circulation: The project site is located on the southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd. The General Plan Circulation Element (CE) requires that all development projects prepared a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) (policies C2.2 and C2.3).

The TIA prepared for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway project is included with the Initial Study in Appendix J.1. In addition, CE Policy C2.4 requires that direct project related traffic impacts of must be mitigated via conditions of approval requiring the construction of any improvements identified as necessary to meet level of service targets. Then, CE Policy C2.5 states that cumulative and indirect traffic impacts of development may be mitigated through the payment of various impact mitigation fees such as County of Riverside Development Impact Fees, Road and Bridge Benefit District Fees, and Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees to the extent that these programs provide funding for the improvement of facilities impacted by development. The project's TIA identified a number of mitigation measures that meet the requirements set forth in these CE policies; including the payment of fees based on the project's fair share percentages of identified impacts intersections.

The project is also responsible for improvements on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd at their ultimate half-section width, including landscaping and parkway improvements in conjunction with development, or as otherwise required by the County of Riverside.

3. Multipurpose Open Space: The Multipurpose Open Space Element (MOSE) categorizes issues and policies into those that seek to conserve, or manage the use of, resources and those that seek to preserve resources for the purpose of sustaining their stocks in perpetuity. For the proposed Gateway Village project, the following MOSE resources were evaluated in the Initial Study:

Scenic Resources - Although the existing County Foundation designation is Agricultural identifying those areas to be used for agricultural production, the project site is located in a Community Development Overlay - identifying areas appropriate for urban or suburban development, including areas for single family and multiple family residential uses, commercial, industrial, business park, public facilities, and a mix of uses. With this Overlay designation, the County is acknowledging that development of non-agricultural uses is inevitable, especially since the project site and immediate vicinity is within the sphere of influence of the City of La Quinta. The City has designated the majority of this portion if its sphere for Low Density Residential and the Village Gateway project site as General Commercial.

The Applicant's intention for the Gateway Village is to create the look and feel of a transition from the golf course/residential land uses on the west side of Monroe Street in La Quinta into the more agrarian area that is Vista Santa Rosa. The building materials, landscape materials and fencing will immediately give the motorist, bicyclist, equestrian and/or pedestrian the sense that they have transitioned into a more rural/equestrian area. Incorporation of many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines and compliance with the County's Zoning and Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance would ensure that the proposed mixed use project would have a less that significant impact on Scenic Resources.

Agricultural Resources - A search of the California Department of Conservation Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP) resulted in a finding that the project site is not identified as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance. The project site is not currently, nor has it been in the recent past, under cultivation or under a Williamson Act Contract. The project site has a general plan designation of Agricultural within the Agricultural Foundation Component. However, the project site is within a Community Development Overlay which allows Community Development land use designations to be applied through General Plan Amendments within specified areas within Rural, Rural Community, Agriculture, or Open Space Foundation Component areas. Currently there is no agricultural production occurring on the project site, and the only agricultural land use is the existing Mountain Green nursery. Specific policies related to the Community Development Overlay are contained in the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan (ECVAP) discussed in detail under the Land Use section above. When considering the proposed Gateway Village project, the Applicant has met the intent of this policy by providing plans for land uses that appear to be consistent with the intent of the Plan to provide a mix of land uses, including a small commercial center and a senior residential component, while still allowing, and not adversely impacting surrounding agricultural uses.

Biological Resources - A Consistency Analysis with the CVMSHCP was conducted as part of the Biological Resources Assessment. The project site does not lie within, or adjacent to, a Conservation Area as shown in the CVMSHCP. Therefore, there are no CVMSHCP requirements or recommendations regarding landscape plant use, drainage modifications or other stipulations for projects adjacent to conservation areas.

Most of the project site is already impacted by human residences, small businesses, dumping, past grading and vehicle use. Disturbance and current uses of surrounding properties have made the site an ecological island with no movement of native terrestrial animals on and off the site. Other than invasive weed species, there are no opportunities for native plant disseminates to be dispersed on or off the site. Together, these factors make the site ecologically insignificant for the maintenance of native plants, animals and habitats in the region. Therefore, there would be a less than significant impact regarding native wildlife using the site as a corridor or nursery site. Finally, there are no naturally occurring springs, seeps, streams or other aquatic or riparian habitats within site boundaries. No blueline streams, as depicted on United States Geological Survey topographical maps, exist within project boundaries.

Cultural Resources – Pre-historic and historic human habitation has occurred in the Eastern Coachella Valley. One prehistoric resource site was found within the project site, and a recovery program included consultation and input from the Torres-Martinez Tribe was completed. Although this site was found not to be eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources and does not meet CEQA's definition of a "historical resource", mitigation in the form of monitoring during all earth-moving operations associated with the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project by a qualified archaeologist and a Native American monitor of Cahuilla heritage. Therefore, the proposed project meets the intent of the MOSE policies for the preservation of Cultural Resources through compliance with MOSE Policy OS 19.3 to review proposed development for the possibility of cultural resources and for compliance with the cultural resources program.

Paleontological Resources - According to MOSE Figure OS-8, Paleontological Sensitivity, the project site is within a High A (Ha) sensitivity area map. MOSE Policy OS 19.6 addresses the scenario where a project that may directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, or site, or unique geologic feature. This policy states that "Whenever existing

information indicates that a site proposed for development has high paleontological sensitivity as shown on Figure OS-8, a paleontological resource impact mitigation program (PRIMP) shall be filed with the County Geologist prior to site grading. The PRIMP shall specify the steps to be taken to mitigate impacts to paleontological resources. The Paleontological Resources Assessment prepared for the project included the requirement that a mitigation program be developed and implemented for the proposed project to prevent potential impact on paleontological resources or reduce such impact to a level less than significant. As the primary component of the mitigation program, all earth-moving operations reaching beyond the depth of two feet should be monitored periodically by a qualified paleontological monitor, and continuous monitoring will become necessary if potentially fossiliferous older alluvium is encountered. Therefore, with submittal of the project's PRIMP and concurrence by the County Geologist the proposed project would comply with MOSE Policy OS 19.6.

Energy Conservation – The proposed project is required to comply with State's Energy Plan by meeting or exceeding the energy standards established in the California Green Building Standards Code, Title 24, Part 11 (CALGreen). CALGreen Standards require that new buildings reduce water consumption, employ building commissioning to increase building system efficiencies, divert construction waste from landfills, and install low pollutant-emitting finish materials. The applicant has shown that the project will be in compliance through the completion of the County's Climate Action Plan Screening Tables (a copy is included in Appendix A.2). These tables consist of a list of energy and water saving measures that the applicant has committed to implement during construction and on-going during the life of the project.

Water Resources/Water Conservation — The proposed project will meet or exceed the energy standards established in the California Green Building Standards Code, Title 24, Part 11 (CALGreen) which include reducing water consumption through the use of water efficient appliances and kitchen/bathroom fixtures. In addition, the proposed project includes a landscape plan that utilizes water saving irrigation techniques and the use of water efficient/drought tolerant landscaping. The project would comply with applicable MOSE policies including OS2.1 to use water efficient plants and irrigation technology and minimize the use of turf; OS2.2 to capture all stormwater on site and allow it to infiltrate without leaving the site; OS 3.3 to comply with the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Permit (NPDES) through the implementation of a construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP); OS3.5 to integrate water runoff management with planned infrastructure and facilities such as landscape areas where feasible; OS 3.6 to design the necessary stormwater detention basins, recharge basins, water quality basins, or similar water capture facilities to protect water-quality.

Multi-purpose Trails - Under existing conditions there are no sidewalks along the frontage of the project site either on Monroe Street or Airport Blvd. As part of the proposed project, the applicant will be developing a multi-purpose trail, incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the with the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines. The site's perimeter treatments include the following (from the right-of-way on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd): (1) landscaped parkway; (2) 3.5-foot high white vinyl ranch rail fence; (3) 10-foot wide multipurpose trail made of decomposed granite; (4) row of parkway palm trees; (5) 4.5-foot high white agricultural fencing; and (6) landscaped berm around the parking lots. The 10-foot wide multi-purpose trail will provide a safe path of travel for pedestrians accessing the project site on foot. The project complies with the guidelines provided in the Multipurpose Open Space Element of the General Plan and generally incorporates design elements from the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines by implementing multi-purpose trails along Monroe Street and Airport Blvd.

4. Safety: The Safety Element focuses on hazards associated with airports, as well as natural hazards. For the proposed Gateway Village project, the following Safety issues were evaluated:

Airport Safety - The Vista Santa Rosa Gateway project site is located approximately 3.5 miles northwest of the Jacqueline Cochran Airport, formerly known as Thermal Airport or Desert Resorts Regional Airport and operated by the County of Riverside. As shown on Figure 4 of the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan, the project site lies outside the airport's area of influence.

Hazards and Hazardous Materials - The project site has no recognized environmental conditions which would include the presence or likely presence of any hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at a property: (1) due to any release to the environment; (2) under conditions indicative of a release to the environment; or (3) under conditions that pose a material threat of a future release to the environment. The conclusion of the Phase I ESA (Initial Study Appendix F) was that further environmental study or investigation of the project site is necessary. Therefore, there are no constraints on the project site that would adversely impact development of the project site.

Flooding Hazards - As part of the Geotechnical Evaluation, a review of the applicable FEMA flood insurance rate map for the area of the project site was completed. This map (Map No. 06065C2263H) indicates that the project site is located within an area that is designated as "Zone X," meaning that the site is an area of minimal flooding potential. The project's Hydrology Study outlined the Applicant's proposed site design for the control and conveyance of stormwater. The drainage design for this project shall consist of graded swales, gutters, catch basins and underground stormwater retention located in the proposed parking lots. All flows shall be collected in a series of gutters, (2 feet x 3 feet NDS Diagonal Grate Inlets and 12-inch, 18-inch and 24-inch ADS polyethylene pipes. The proposed Underground Storage Chambers shall contain 100 percent of the 100-year storm event. Finally, due to existing perimeter topographic conditions all existing flow from adjacent streets passes by the property and all existing flow from adjacent properties flows southeast away from the project site. Therefore, existing offsite flows to property are negligible.

Geologic Hazards - The Geotechnical Evaluation report cites County General Plan Safety Element Policy S-3.8, which requires that a geotechnical evaluation of subsidence be performed if a site lies within a documented subsidence area, or an area that is susceptible to subsidence as shown on Safety Element Figure S-7. The project site lies within this area according to Figure S-7. The Geotechnical Evaluation considered this in its assessment of the subsidence hazard at the site and concluded that (1) the project site appears to be located several miles away from the edge of the deepest section of documented subsidence in the eastern Coachella Valle; (2) the project site lies within the active subsidence area as documented at Map My County version 5.6 and County EIR No. 521; (3) measured settlements in the site area from subsidence related to groundwater withdrawal has reached approximately a few 10's of mm according to data presented in the latest USGS report on this local topic; (4) the probability of the estimated 0.6 inches of potential site subsidence would be across a wide area rather than any bearing capacity failure of site structures, the latter settlement amounting to approximately 0.3 inches; (5) the results of consolidation tests performed as part of the Geotechnical Evaluation (Appendix B: Plate B-2 of EA Appendix E) do not substantiate any significant concerns for subsidence across this site.

5. Noise: The Noise Element intends for noise-producing land uses to be compatible with adjacent land uses. The Gateway Village project Noise Assessment evaluated the proposed project in relation to adjacent (elementary school) and nearby (neighborhoods west of Monroe Street) and provided mitigation measures that would ensure that noise-sensitive land uses are protected from noise generators and separated from noise producing land uses. The County of Riverside has adopted a modified version of the State of California Noise Land Use Compatibility Matrix (see EA Table 25). This Matrix establishes standards for outdoor noise levels that are acceptable, conditionally acceptable, and unacceptable for a variety of land uses. For commercial uses noise levels of up to 70 dBA CNEL are "normally acceptable" and levels up to 77.5 dBA CNEL are "conditionally acceptable". These noise levels are identified for urban and suburban uses and may not necessarily apply when a project site is adjacent to an agricultural site.

The Noise Analysis prepared for the Gateway Village project evaluated the project's construction noise levels and long-term operational levels for the proposed mix of land uses and considered the County's Noise Element policies for construction and operation of proposed land uses.

- N 1.1: Protect noise-sensitive land uses from high levels of noise by restricting noise-producing land uses from these areas. If the noise-producing land use cannot be relocated, then noise buffers such as setbacks, landscaping, or block walls shall be used.
- N 1.3: Consider the following uses noise-sensitive and discourage these uses in areas in excess of 65 CNEL: schools, hospitals, rest homes, long term care facilities, mental care facilities, residential uses, libraries, passive recreation uses, and places of worship.
- N 1.5: Prevent and mitigate the adverse impacts of excessive noise exposure on the residents, employees, visitors, and noise-sensitive uses of Riverside County.
- N 1.6: Minimize noise spillover or encroachment from commercial and industrial land uses into adjoining residential neighborhoods or noise sensitive uses.
- N 2.3: Mitigate exterior and interior noises to the levels listed in Table 4, to the extent feasible, for stationary sources.
- N 4.1: Prohibit facility-related noise, received by any sensitive use, from exceeding the following worst-case noise levels:
 - a. 45 dBA-10-minute Leg between 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM [nighttime standard].
 - b. 65 dBA-10-minute Leq between 7:00 AM and 10:00 PM [daytime standard].
- N 4.3: Ensure any use determined to be a potential generator of significant stationary noise impacts be properly analyzed and ensure that the recommended mitigation measures are implemented.
- N 4.5: Encourage major stationary noise-generating sources throughout the County of Riverside to install additional noise buffering or reduction mechanisms within their facilities to reduce noise generation levels to the lowest extent practicable prior to the renewal of conditional use permits or business licenses or prior to the approval and/or issuance of new conditional use permits for said facilities.
- N 4.8: Require that the parking structures, terminals, and loading docks of commercial or industrial land uses be designed to minimize the potential noise impacts of vehicles on the site as well as on adjacent land uses.

- N 9.3: Require development that generates increased traffic and subsequent increases in the ambient noise level adjacent to noise-sensitive land uses to provide for appropriate mitigation measures.
- N 9.4: Require that the loading and shipping facilities of commercial and industrial land uses, which abut residential parcels be located and designed to minimize the potential noise impacts upon residential parcels.
- N 13.1: Minimize the impacts of construction noise on adjacent uses within acceptable practices.
- N 13.2:Ensure that construction activities are regulated to establish hours of operation in order to prevent and/or mitigate the generation of excessive or adverse noise impacts on surrounding areas.
- N 13.4:Require that all construction equipment utilizes noise reduction features (e.g., mufflers and engine shrouds) that are no less effective than those originally installed by the manufacturer.
- N 16.2:Consider the following land uses sensitive to vibration: hospitals, residential areas, concert halls, libraries, sensitive research operations, schools, and offices.

Compliance with these policies is achieved by the Gateway Village project during construction through compliance with the County's Ordinance No. 847 that limits hours of construction to between 6:00 AM to 6:00 PM during the months of June through September and between the hours of 7:00 AM and 6:00 PM during the months of October through May. In addition, the Noise Analysis prepared for the proposed project included mitigation measures to control construction noise as follows:

- N-1 The contractor shall place all stationary construction equipment so that emitted noise is directed away from the noise sensitive receptors nearest the project site.
- N.2 Equipment shall be shut off and not left to idle when not in use.
- N.3 The contractor shall locate equipment staging in areas that will create the greatest distance between construction-related noise/vibration sources and sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction.
- N.4 Jackhammers, pneumatic equipment and all other portable stationary noise sources shall be shielded and noise shall be directed away from sensitive receptors.
- N.5 The project proponent shall mandate that the construction contractor prohibit the use of music or sound amplification on the project site during construction.
- N.6 The construction contractor shall limit haul truck deliveries to the same hours specified for construction equipment.
- N.7 Care should be used when using vibratory rollers and/or any other equivalent vibratory equipment within 16 feet of the southern property line and 21 feet of the eastern property line and bulldozers within 5 feet of the southern property line and 10 feet of the eastern property line where adjacent residential and school structures are located.

In addition, the Site Plan shows that the land uses in Phase 1 that would produce the most noise associated with traffic – the gas station and fast food restaurant – have been located along the

front of the site at Monroe Street, thus reducing the noise levels that may adversely affect the elementary school directly east of the project site.

- 6. Housing: The Housing Element states that "According to the adopted SCAG Regional Housing Needs Assessment, 30,303 new housing units are needed to accommodate anticipated population growth in the unincorporated areas of Riverside County during the eight-year period from January 1, 2014, to October 31, 2021. The proposed project includes a residential component senior living in a congregate care facility (phase 2) as well as providing attached residential units (Phase 3).
- 7. Air Quality: The project is within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan; however, the Air Quality Element of the County of Riverside General Plan summarizes air quality issues in the Basin, air quality-related plans and programs administered by federal, state, and special purpose agencies, and establishes goals and policies to improve air quality. These goals and policies in the Air Quality Element include:
 - AQ 2.2 Require site plan designs to protect people and land uses sensitive to air pollution through the use of barriers and/or distance from emissions sources when possible.
 - AQ 4.1 Encourage the use of building materials/methods which reduce emissions.
 - AQ 4.2 Encourage the use of efficient heating equipment and other appliances, such as water heaters, swimming pool heaters, cooking equipment, refrigerators, furnaces and boiler units.
 - AQ 4.5 Require stationary pollutions sources to minimize the release of toxic pollutants through: design features, operating procedures, preventative maintenance, operator training, and emergency response planning.
 - AQ 4.6 Require stationary air pollution sources to comply with applicable air district rules and control measures.
 - AQ 4.7 To the greatest extent possible, require every project to mitigate any of its anticipated emissions which exceed allowable emissions as established by the SCAQMD, MDAQMD, SCAB, the Environmental Protection Agency and the California Air Resources Board.
 - AQ 4.9 Require compliance with SCAQMD Rules 403 and 403.1, and support appropriate future measures to reduce fugitive dust emanating from construction sites.
 - AQ 5.4 Encourage the incorporation of energy-efficient design elements, including appropriate site orientation and the use of shade and windbreak trees to reduce fuel consumption for heating and cooling.
 - AQ 17.1 Reduce particulate matter from agriculture, construction, demolition, debris hauling, street cleaning, utility maintenance, railroad rights-of-way, and off-road vehicles to the extent possible.

The Air Quality Analysis prepared for the project identified a number of SCAQMD Rules that apply to the proposed project related to the County's Air Quality Element policies. These include the development and implementation of a Fugitive Dust Control Plan and the use of low VOC architectural coatings. In addition, and as required by the County's Climate Action Plan (CAP), the Applicant has prepared the CAP screening tables that identify how the

project will reduce energy usage, water usage and air emissions during the life of the project. Such measures as providing EV charging stations, installing high efficiency lighting fixtures and energy star appliances. A copy of the project's screening tables is included in the EA in Appendix A.2.

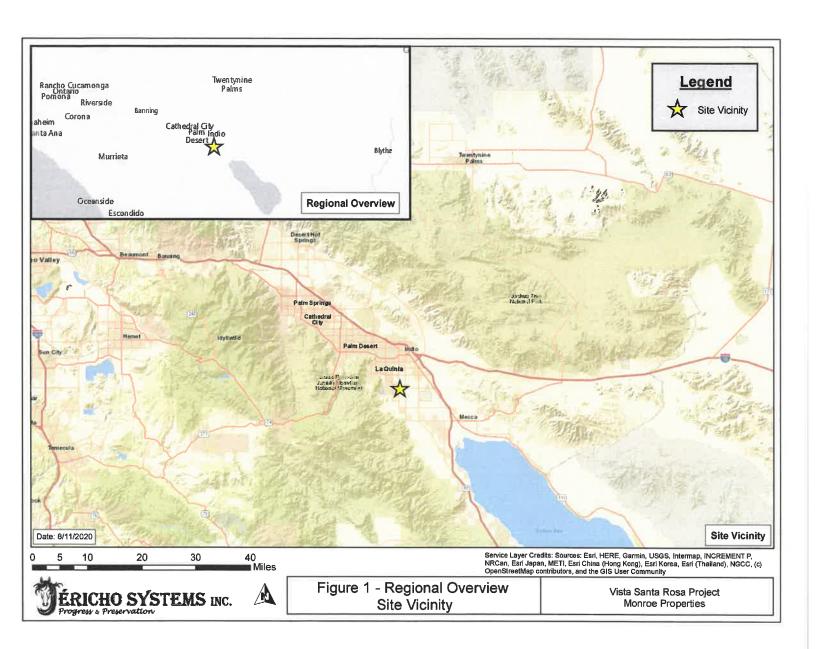
- 8. Healthy Communities: The Healthy Communities Element addresses how public health and planning combine to create a healthy environment and quality of life. One way the County can promote a healthy environment is to encourage developers to create mixed use projects that are adjacent or near existing urban use. Policies that apply to the Gateway Village project area as follows:
 - HC 2.1 Encourage a built environment that promotes physical activity and access to healthy foods while reducing driving and pollution by:
 - b. Directing new growth to existing, urbanized areas while reducing new growth in undeveloped areas of Riverside County.
 - HC 2.2 Promote increased physical activity, reduced driving and increased walking, cycling and public transit by:
 - a. Requiring where appropriate the development of compact, development patterns that are pedestrian and bicycle friendly.
 - b. Increasing opportunities for active transportation (walking and biking) and transit use.

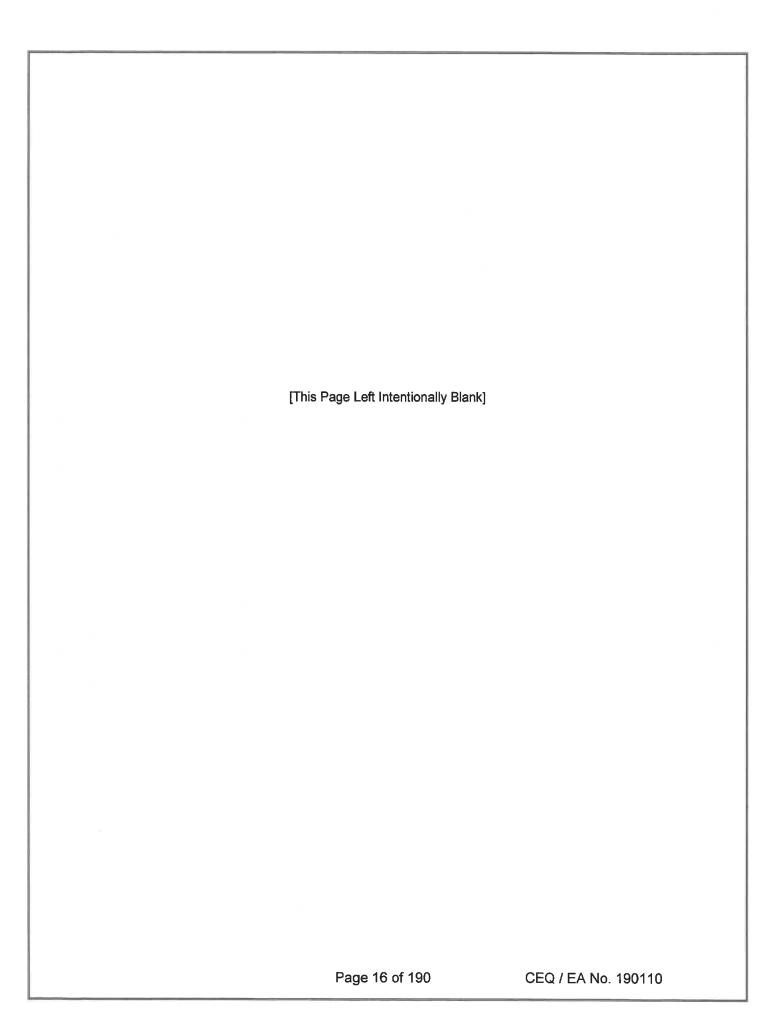
The Gateway Village project is consistent with the policies of the Healthy Communities Element through site design, connecting land uses in the four phases through a series of sidewalks as well as the multi-purpose trail that will be developed along Monroe Street and Airport Blvd in compliance with the MOSE. The Applicant has also incorporated many of the design elements set forth in Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines, including the development of the multi-purpose trail.

- **9. Environmental Justice (After Element is Adopted):** The County has not adopted an EJ Element at this time.
- B. General Plan Area Plan(s): Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan
- C. Foundation Component(s): Agriculture
- D. Land Use Designation(s): Agriculture
- E. Overlay(s), if any: Community Development
- F. Policy Area(s), if any: Vista Santa Rosa and Mt. Palomar Nighttime Lighting
- G. Adjacent and Surrounding:
 - 1. General Plan Area Plan(s): Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan (North, South, East) City of La Quinta (west)
 - 2. Foundation Component(s): Agriculture (North, South, East) City of La Quinta (west)
 - 3. Land Use Designation(s): Agriculture (North, East, South) Low Density Residential (West) in City of La Quinta

- 4. Overlay(s), if any: Community Development (North, East, South), City of La Quinta (West)
- 5. Policy Area(s), if any: Vista Santa Rosa Policy Area
- H. Adopted Specific Plan Information
 - 1. Name and Number of Specific Plan, if any: None
 - 2. Specific Plan Planning Area, and Policies, if any: None
- I. Existing Zoning: Light Agriculture and Commercial Retail
- J. Proposed Zoning, if any: Mixed Use, See Figure 4 (Site Plan) and Figures 4a through 4g (Building Elevations) for proposed project information.
- K. Adjacent and Surrounding Zoning: Project site is located in the Community of Vista Santa Rosa within the Sphere of Influence of the City of La Quinta which has pre-zoned its sphere area. Therefore, both County and City General Plan and Land Use Designations have been identified.

Direction	Existing Land Use	Foundation/ Land Use Designation		Zoning Designation	
		County	La Quinta	County	La Quinta
North	Vacant	Community Development Medium Density Res (CD-MDR, 2-5 du/ac)	Low Density Residential	One-family Dwellings (R-1-10,000)	Low Density Agriculture/ Equestrian Residential
East	West Side Elementary School/ Agriculture	Agriculture/ Agriculture	Major Community Facility Low Density Residential	Light Agriculture, 20-ac min lot size (A-1-20)	Major Community Facility Low Density Residential
South	Agriculture	Agriculture/ Agriculture	Low Density Residential	Light Agriculture, 20-ac min lot size (A-1-20)	Low Density Agriculture/ Equestrian Residential
West	Golf Course Community		Low Density Residential and Open Space – Recreation		Low Density Residential/ Golf Course







ÉRICHO SÝSTEMS INC.
Progress a Preservation

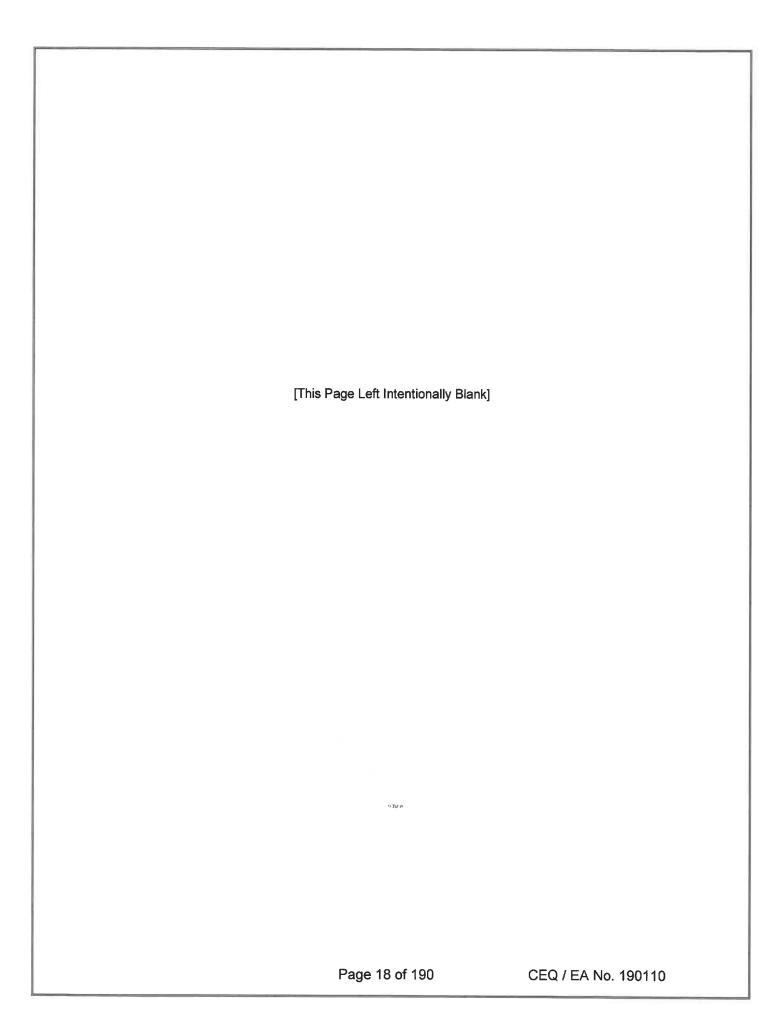


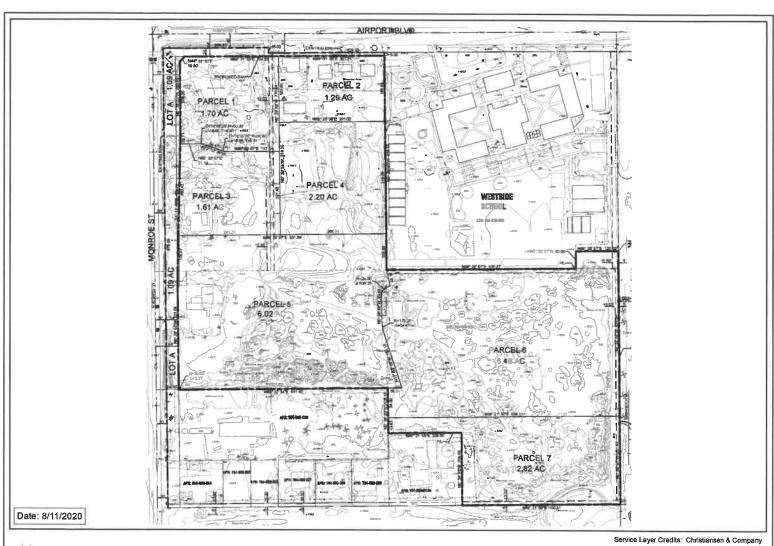
Imagery Date: 2/19/2019

Service Leyer Credits: Esri, HERE, Garmin, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community

Figure 2 Project Site & Vicinity

Vista Santa Rosa Project Monroe Properties

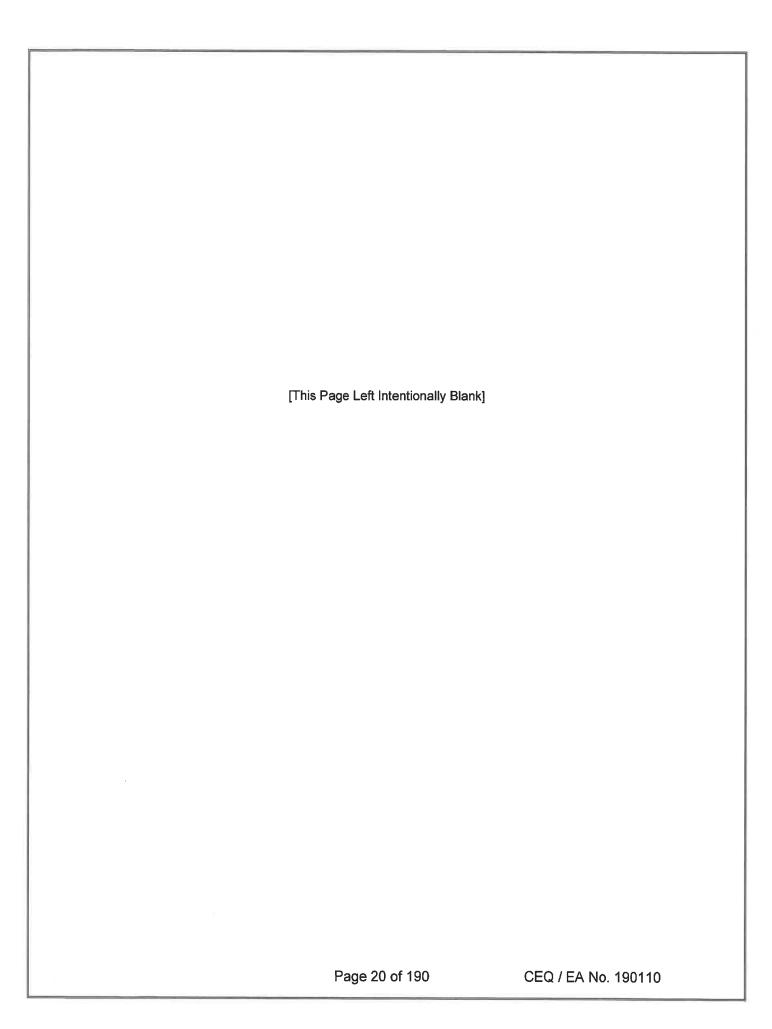




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Figure 3 Tentative Parcel Map Vista Santa Rosa Project Monroe Properties





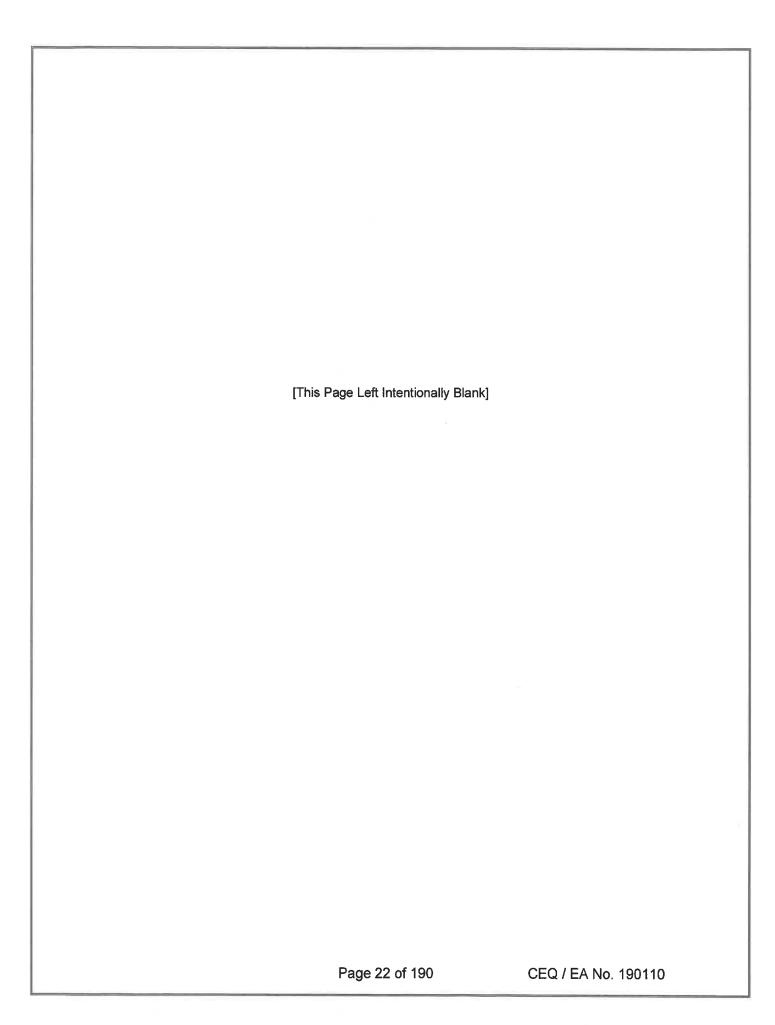
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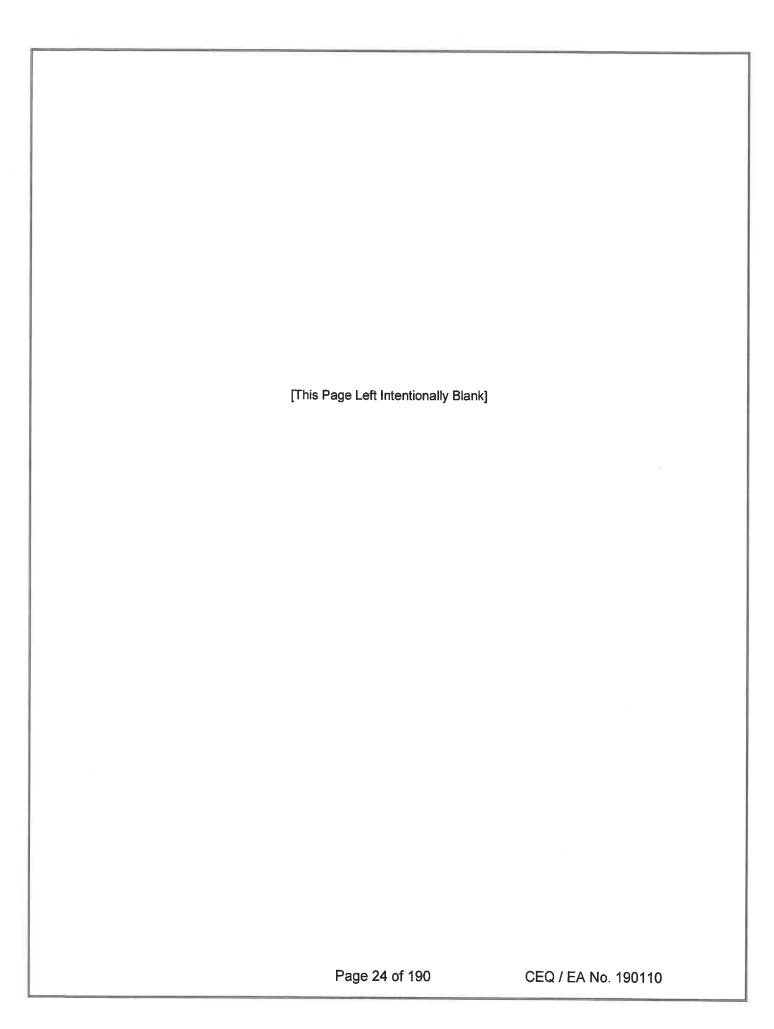


Figure 4 Site Plan Service Layer Credits: Christiansen & Company

Vista Santa Rosa Project Monroe Properties



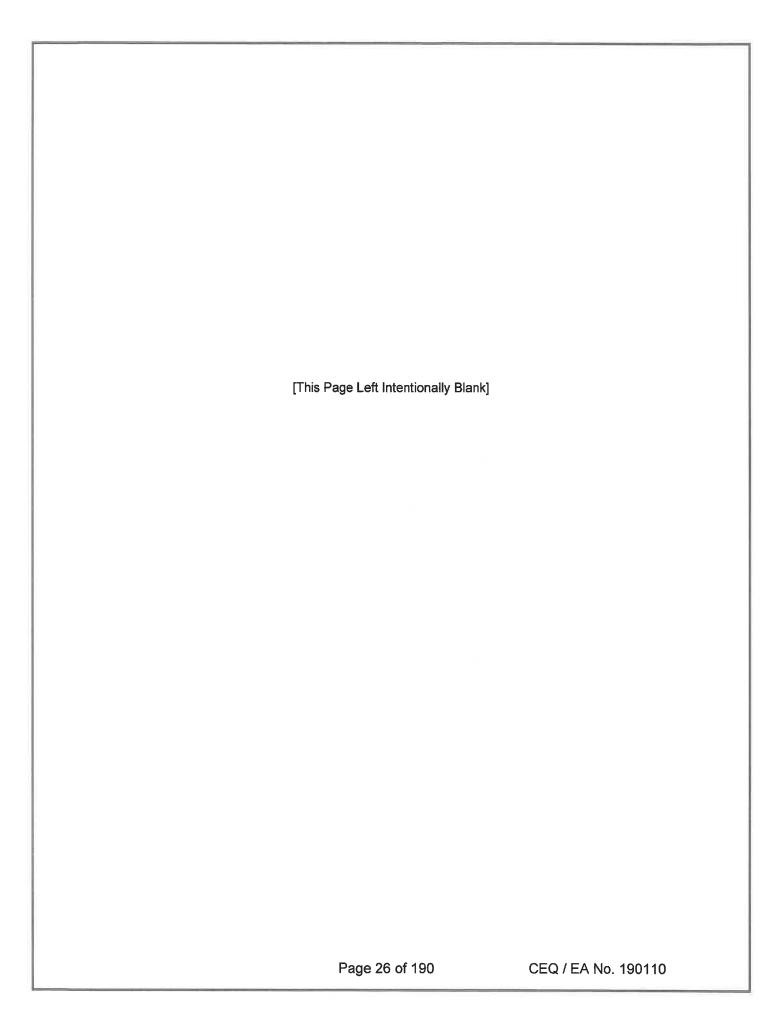


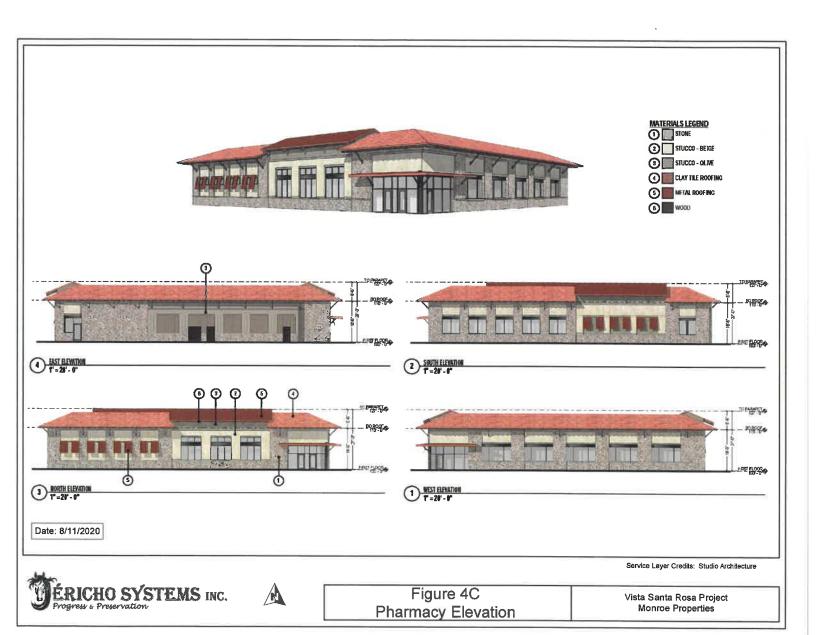


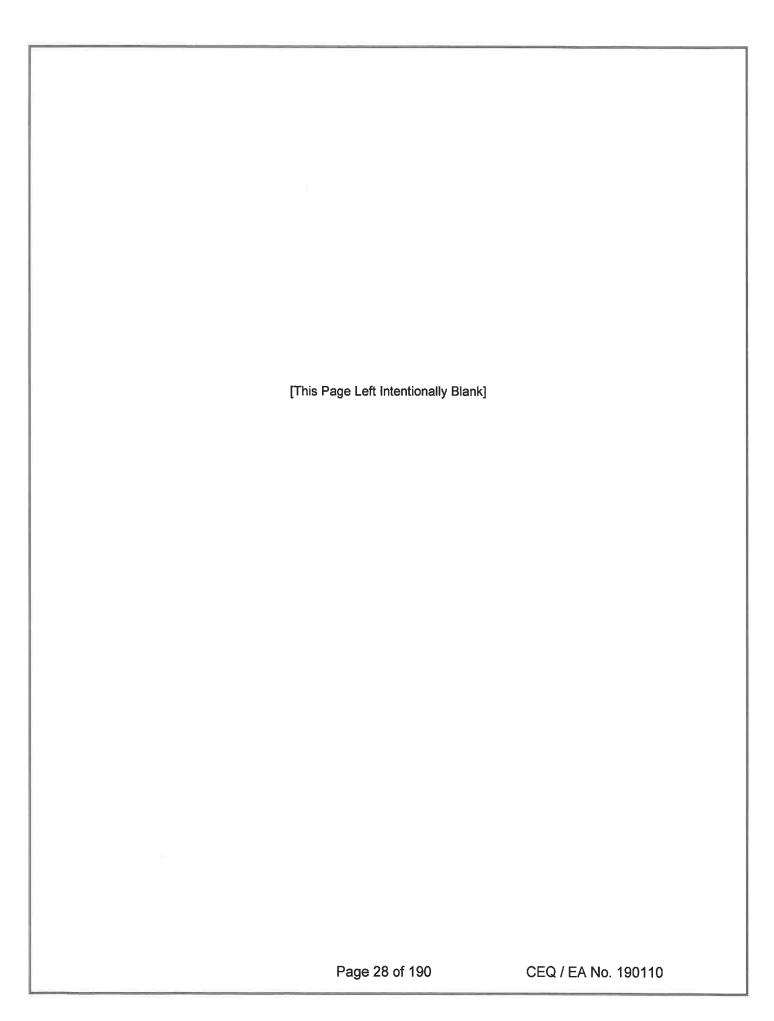


Gas Station Elevation

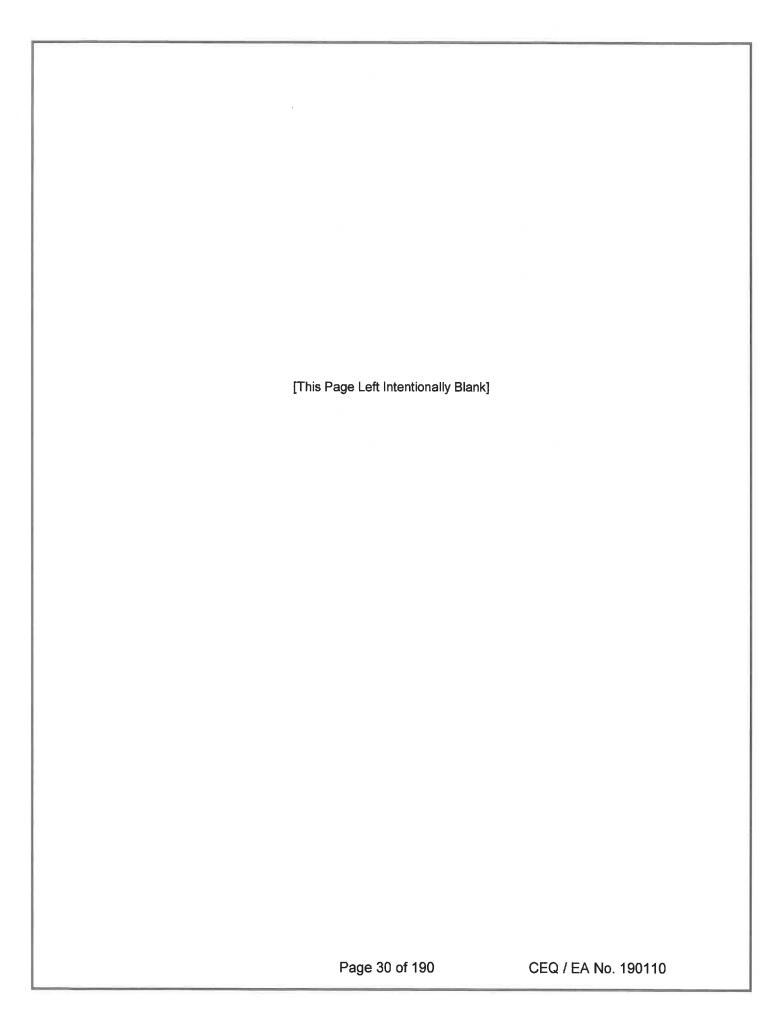
Monroe Properties

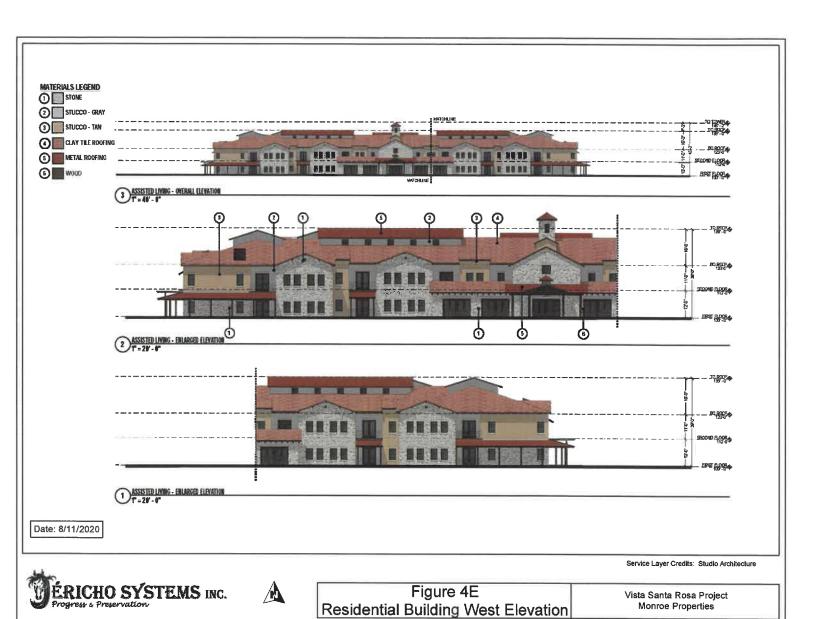


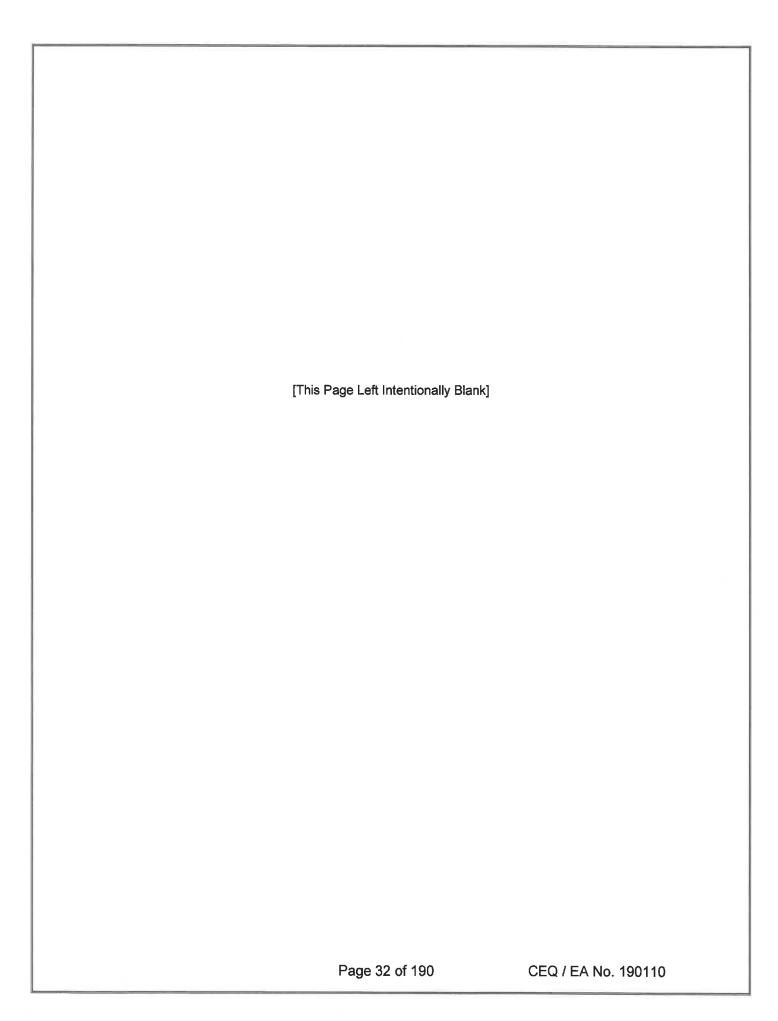




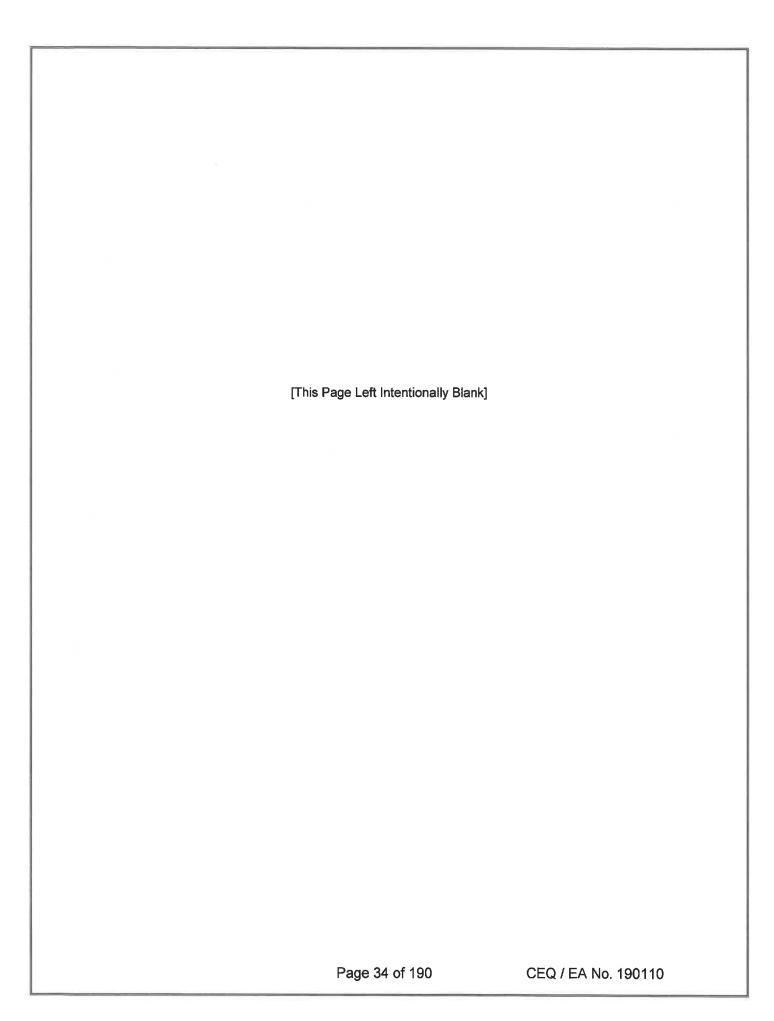


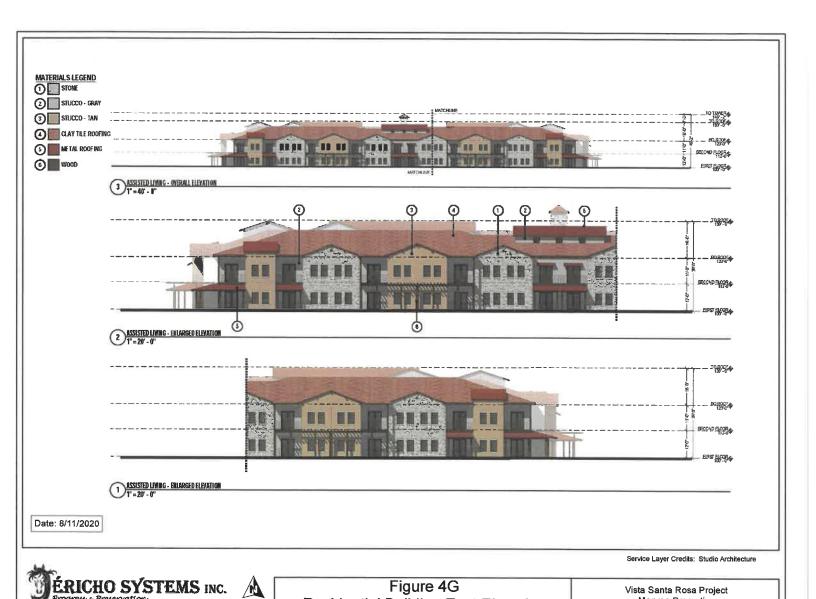






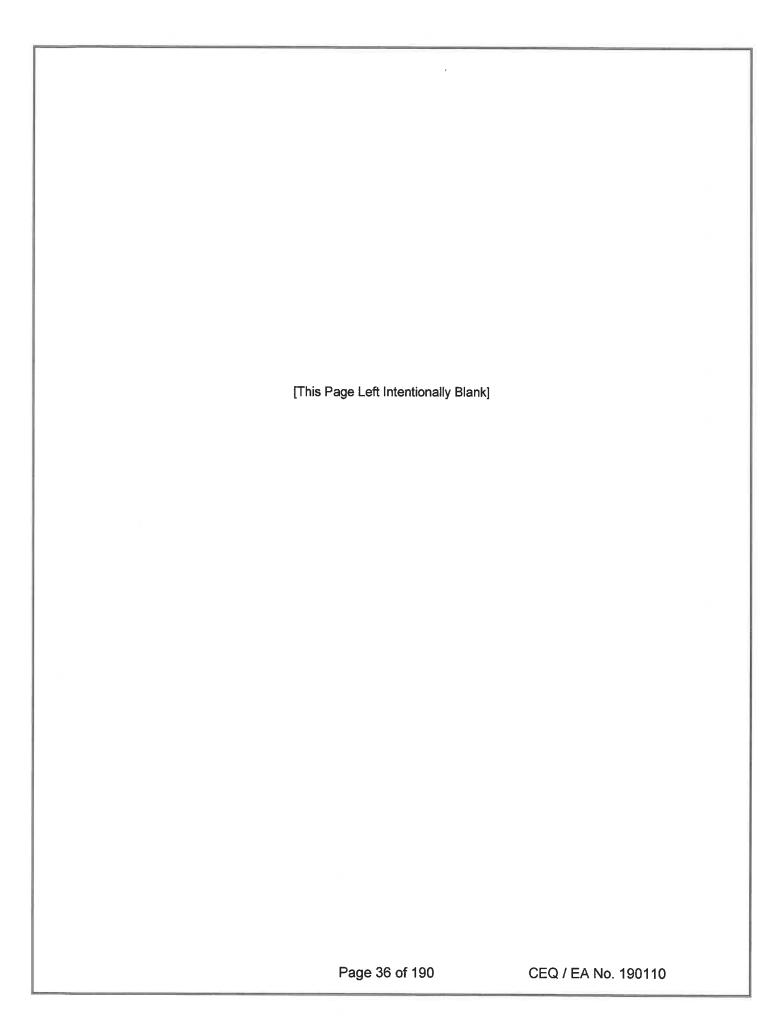


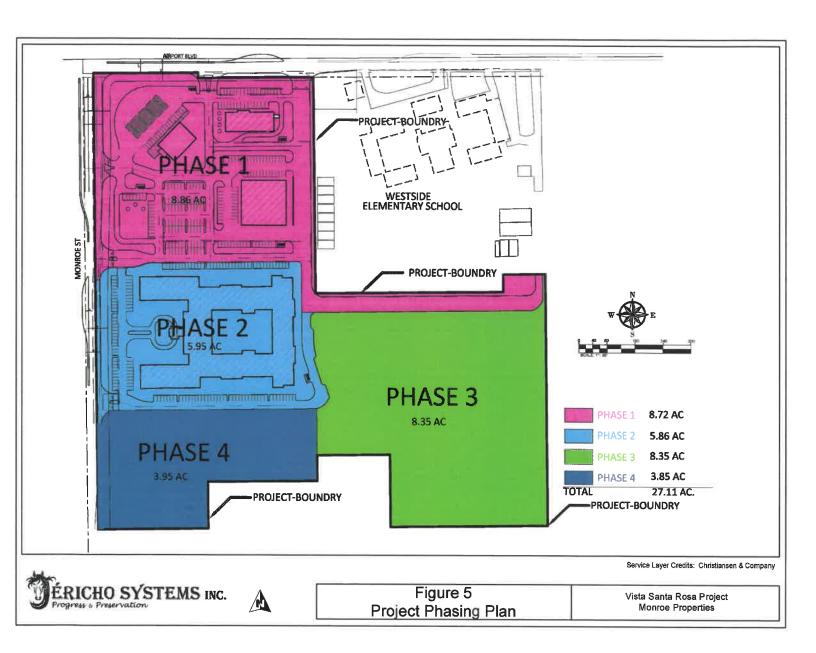


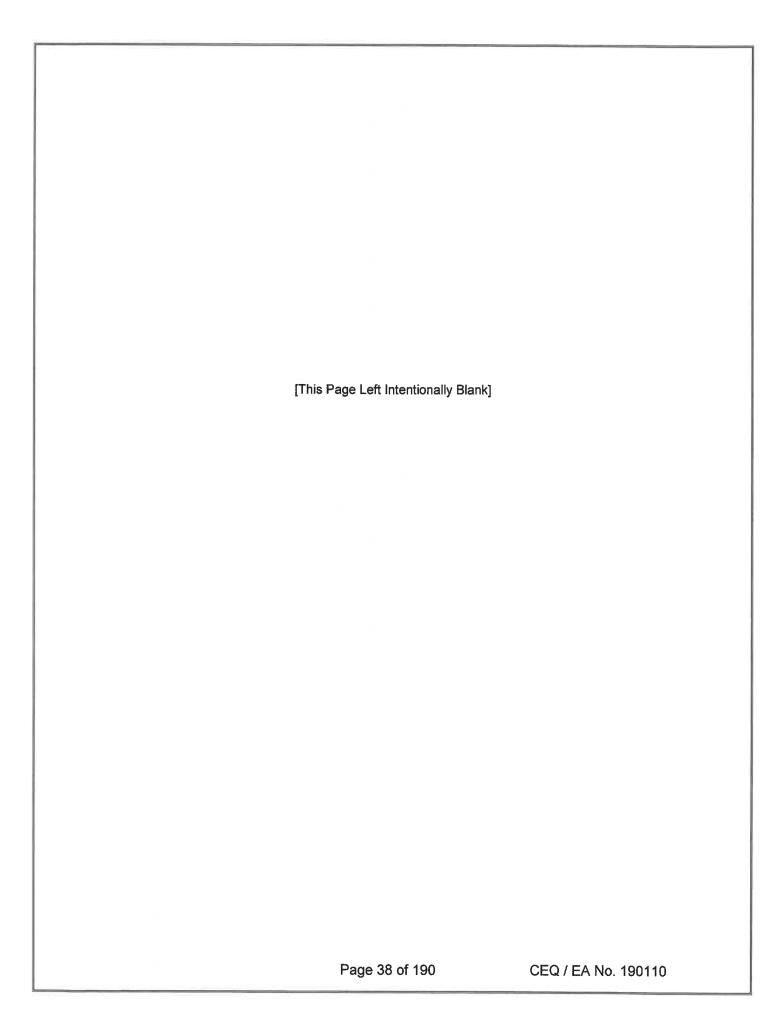


Residential Building East Elevation

Monroe Properties

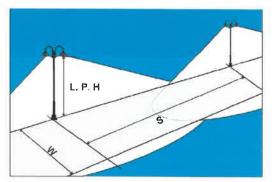








LIGHT DISTRIBUTION

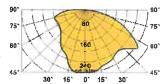


Pedestrian precincts - footpaths and bicycle paths Model: 4007-2 2x150W HPS/2x150W MH/2x40W LED

LPH	w	s	Eave (lux)	Emin Eave
17.2'	19. 7'	50'	110	0.42

Asymmetrical reflectors

Asymmetrical reflector system is designed for use with surfaces where the width is small in relation to the length, such as streets, footpaths and bicycle paths. The values given in the tables are for guidance only.



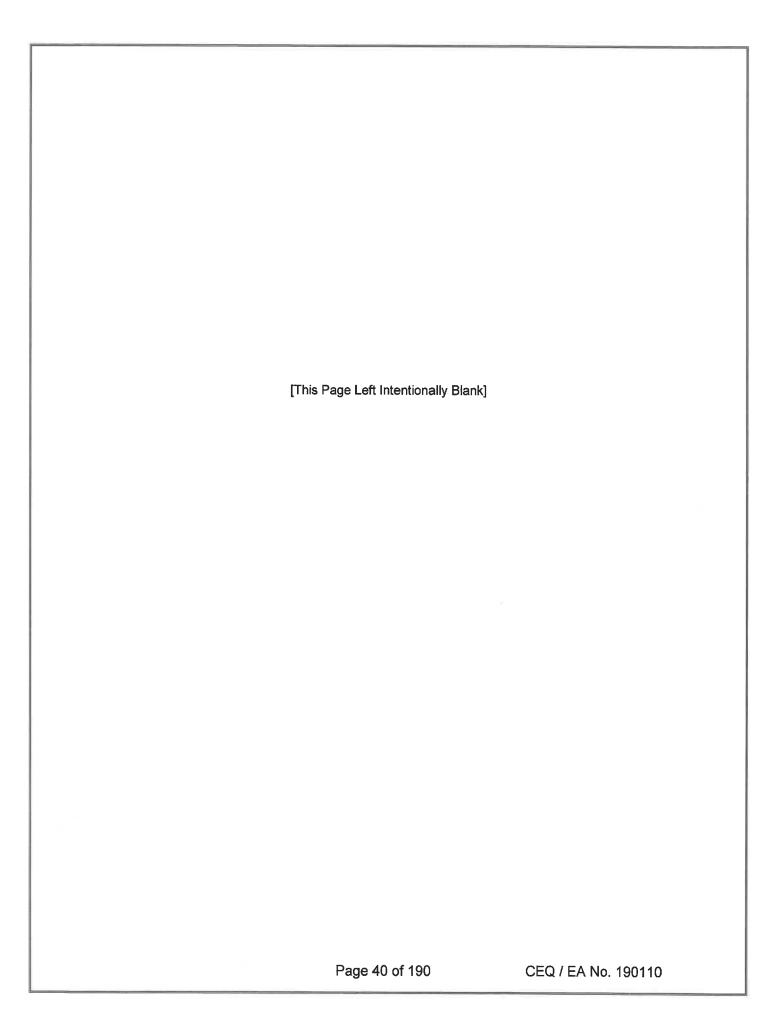
TYPICAL LIGHT FIXTURE





Figure 6 Project Lighting Plan

Vista Santa Rosa Project Monroe Properties



ENVIRONMENTAL FACTOR	RS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	
one impact that is a "Potenti	ally Significant Impact" or "Less th	ted by this project, involving at an Significant with Mitigation
Agriculture & Forest Resources Air Quality Biological Resources Cultural Resources Energy Geology / Soils	 ☐ Hazards & Hazardous Materials ☐ Hydrology / Water Quality ☐ Land Use / Planning ☐ Mineral Resources ☒ Noise ☐ Paleontological Resources ☐ Population / Housing ☐ Public Services 	 □ Recreation ☑ Transportation ☑ Tribal Cultural Resources □ Utilities / Service Systems □ Wildfire □ Mandatory Findings of Significance
DETERMINATION		
PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTATE PARED I find that the proposed project ATIVE DECLARATION will be I find that although the propose not be a significant effect in this e been made or agreed to by the be prepared.	t COULD NOT have a significant en prepared. ed project could have a significant en project could have a significant en project proponent. A MITIGATE	ffect on the environment, and a effect on the environment, there ect, described in this document, ED NEGATIVE DECLARATION
		t on the environment, and an
I find that although the propo W ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTAL DOCUMEN	sed project could have a significant MENTATION IS REQUIRED because been adequately analyzed in an eards, (b) all potentially significant effect to that earlier EIR or Negative Declar environmental effects not identified ect will not substantially increase the content of the Negative Declaration, (e) no content of the Negative Declaration, (e) no content of the Negative Declaration, ally significant effects have been according to the Negative Declaration.	effect on the environment, NO se (a) all potentially significant rlier EIR or Negative Declaration cts of the proposed project have aration, (c) the proposed project in the earlier EIR or Negative is severity of the environmental considerably different mitigation feasible have become feasible.
	environmental factors checked one impact that is a "Potentic porated" as indicated by the characteristics and indicated by the characteristics and indicated by the characteristic as indicated by the characteristic and indicated by the characteristic as indicated by the characteristic and indicated by the characteristic and indicated by the characteristic as indica	Agriculture & Forest Resources

I find that at least one of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist, but I further find that only minor additions or changes are necessary to make the previous EIR adequately apply to the project in the changed situation; therefore a SUPPLEMENT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required that need only contain the information necessary to

considered by the approving body or bodies.

make the previous EIR adequate for the project as revised.

with respect to the circumstances under which the pro- revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration environmental effects or a substantial increase in the seve or (3) New information of substantial importance, which we with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time the pre- negative declaration was adopted, shows any the follow	due to the involvement of new significant erity of previously identified significant effects; as not known and could not have been known previous EIR was certified as complete or the
significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or	
previously examined will be substantially more severe to	
declaration;(C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previous	
feasible, and would substantially reduce one or more sig	
proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or	
alternatives which are considerably different from those	
declaration would substantially reduce one or more significant	
but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation	measures or alternatives.
m Significa	11/10/20
Signature	Date /
Tim Wheeler	For: Charissa Leach, P.E.

Printed Name

I find that at least one of the following conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162, exist and a SUBSEQUENT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required: (1) Substantial changes are proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects; (2) Substantial changes have occurred

Assistant TLMA Director

V. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSESSMENT

In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Code Section 21000-21178.1), this Initial Study has been prepared to analyze the proposed project to determine any potential significant impacts upon the environment that would result from construction and implementation of the project. In accordance with California Code of Regulations, Section 15063, this Initial Study is a preliminary analysis prepared by the Lead Agency, the County of Riverside, in consultation with other jurisdictional agencies, to determine whether a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or an Environmental Impact Report is required for the proposed project. The purpose of this Initial Study is to inform the decision-makers, affected agencies, and the public of potential environmental impacts associated with the implementation of the proposed project.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AESTHETICS Would the project:			NEW YORK	450
 Scenic Resources a) Have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located? 				
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?			\boxtimes	
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				

<u>Source(s)</u>: On-site Inspection, April 20, 2020; Project Application Materials; Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan; Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines; Riverside County Land Use Ordinance (No. 348); Riverside County General Plan Figure C-8 "Scenic Highways"; Riverside County Water Efficiency Landscape Requirements Ordinance (No. 859).

Findings of Fact:

a) Have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located? **Determination: No Impact.**

The nearest designated scenic highways to the project site are Interstate 10 (I-10) and State Highway 74 (Palms to Pines). The project site is located approximately five miles west of I-10 and approximately ten miles east of Highway 74. Due to the distance between the project site and either of these designated scenic highways, the proposed project would not have an impact on a scenic corridor.

b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public;

or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

Most of the approximately 27 acres is already impacted by residences (five homes), small businesses (Mountain Green Nursery and Kennedy's Store and Deli), ornamental trees associated with the residences and nursery), illegal dumping, past grading activities and off-road vehicle use. There are no scenic resources such as rock outcroppings or unique landmark features that would be damaged, and the proposed new buildings will be of a size and scale consistent with other commercial projects in the Eastern Coachella Valley that would not result in the obstruction of a prominent scenic vista or view open to the public. Aesthetic features such building design and landscaping (see figures following Project Information section for examples) have been incorporated into the project design and will be in general conformance with the County's Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant, and no mitigation measures are required.

c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact**.

The proposed Gateway Village project site is located in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa; a community largely characterized by tracts of agricultural land, interspersed with large residential lots (several with equestrian facilities); the Jacqueline Cochran Regional Airport; and immediately to the west, across Monroe Street, a series of gated residential/golf course communities located in the City of La Quinta.

Although the existing County Foundation Component and land use designation is Agriculture: Agriculture, identifying those areas where agricultural uses are generally considered to be the long term desirable use, the project site is located in a Community Development Overlay - identifying areas appropriate for urban or suburban development, including areas for single family and multiple family residential uses, commercial, industrial, business park, public facilities, and a mix of uses. With this Overlay designation, the County is acknowledging that development of non-agricultural uses is inevitable, especially since the project site and immediate vicinity is within the sphere of influence of the City of La Quinta. The City has designated the majority of this portion of its sphere for Low Density Residential and the Village Gateway project site as General Commercial. The applicant is requesting a general plan amendment and zone change from the County to allow a mix of uses to be developed on the site including a small commercial site and Senior Oriented Living (Congregate Care).

The Applicant's intention for the Gateway Village is to create the look and feel of a transition from the golf course/residential land uses on the west side of Monroe Street in La Quinta into the more agrarian area that is Vista Santa Rosa. The building, landscape, and fencing materials will immediately give the motorist, bicyclist, equestrian and/or pedestrian the sense that they have transitioned into a more rural/equestrian area.

Figure 4 represents the site planning concept where the northeast corner of Airport Blvd and Monroe Street (8.86 acres) will be developed with a new commercial retail center anchored by a drugstore/pharmacy, and including a service station/car wash/convenience store, a fast food restaurant, and other small retail stores. The site planning, building architecture and landscaping together create a more rustic setting. Figure 4a shows the retail building elevations using a combination of building materials including walls of earth-toned stucco, stone and glass, with wood accents along the eaves, and tile roofing with metal roofing accents. Figure 4b shows the service station/car wash/convenience store elevations; Figure 4c shows the Pharmacy building elevations, Figure 4d show the retail shops elevations; and Figures 4e through 4g show the building elevations for the congregate care facility. The

figures show that the buildings will all be constructed of similar building materials and design to create a common theme throughout the commercial portion of the site.

The site will be landscaped using a plant palette of desert and drought tolerant landscaping, and the perimeter will be developed incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines. In accordance with the Guidelines perimeter treatments include the following (from the right-of-way on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd): (1) landscaped parkway; (2) 3.5-foot high white vinyl ranch rail fence; (3) 10-foot wide multipurpose trail made of decomposed granite; (4) row of parkway palm trees; (5) 4.5-foot high white agricultural fencing; and (6) landscaped berm around the parking lots. The remainder of the project site will be landscaped with a variety of groundcover, shrubs and trees.

Incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines and the County's Zoning and Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance would ensure that the proposed mixed use project would have a less that significant impact on Scenic Resources.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.		
2. Mt. Palomar Observatory a) Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655?		

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution); On-site Inspection, April 20, 2020; Project Application Materials, Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan; Riverside County Land Use Ordinance (No. 348).

Findings of Fact:

a) Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

As shown on ECVAP Figure 7, *Mt. Palomar Policy Area*, the Vista Santa Rosa community, including the project site, are located in Zone B of the Mt. Palomar Observatory in San Diego County. Zone B is a Special Lighting Area extending outward in a radius of 45 miles from the observatory. The Gateway Village project site is located approximately 42 miles from the Mt. Palomar Observatory and thus is subject to the lighting policies defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 655. Policy ECVAP 4.2 is intended to limit light leakage and spillage that may obstruct or hinder the observatory's view.

ECVAP 4.2 Adhere to Riverside County's lighting requirements for standards that are intended to limit light leakage and spillage that may interfere with the operations of the Palomar Observatory.

Therefore, compliance with the lighting policies defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 would ensure that the proposed project would not adversely affect the use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
3. Other Lighting Issues a) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			\boxtimes	
b) Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): On-site Inspection; Project Application Materials; Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines; Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 Regulating Light Pollution.

Findings of Fact:

- a) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?
- b) Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels? **Determination: Less Than Significant.**

The proposed Gateway Village project site is located in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa; a community largely characterized by tracts of agricultural land, interspersed with large residential lots (several with equestrian facilities); the Jacqueline Cochran Regional Airport; and immediately to the west, across Monroe Street, a series of gated residential/golf course communities located in the City of La Quinta.

The proposed Gateway Village mixed use project would create a new source of light in the area since the lighting at the project site currently is limited to the five residences, and security lighting at the Mountain Green nursery and Kennedy's market at the south end of the property along Monroe Street at Otymar Lane. However, the new lighting would not cause a substantial amount of light and glare that would adversely affect views in the area because the project must comply with Riverside County Ordinance 655 that regulates lighting.

For example, the Applicant intends to utilize LED lighting throughout the project site with proposed lighting poles along the perimeter of the site (along Monroe Street and Airport Blvd) that are designed to light the immediate area along the multipurpose trail with little spillage off-site. In addition, the proposed lighting scheme for the site must be in compliance with Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 Regulating Light Pollution, Section 6, Requirement for Lamp Source and Shielding. These requirements are listed in Table 1, Lighting Requirements.

<u>Mitigation</u>: Incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines and the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 would ensure that new lighting associated with the proposed Gateway Village project would be less than significant. Therefore, no mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Table 1		equirement	S		
Class I - Color F		rtant			
Lamp Type	Zone B	the or the			
Low Pressure Sodium	Allowed				
Others above 4050 Lumens Others 4050 Lumens & Below	Allowed if fu	ily snielaea			
Class II - Parking Lo		Conveite	THE RESERVE		
Lamp Type	Zone B	Security		100,001 -0.	
Low Pressure Sodium	Allowed				
Others above 4050 Lumens	Prohibited				
Others 4050 Lumens & Below	Allowed				
	corative Lamp				
Lamp Type	Zone B				
Low Pressure Sodium	Allowed				
Others above 4050 Lumens	Prohibited				
Others 4050 Lumens & Below	Allowed				
Source: Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 Reg Source and Shielding	gulating Light Pol	llution, Sectio	n 6, Requiren	nent for Lam	p
AGRICULTURE & FOREST RESOURCES V 4. Agriculture	Vould the projec	ot:	ELISHALL	miliades	Unite.
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Monitoring Program of the California Resource non-agricultural use?	d) as shown on d Mapping and ces Agency, to	Ц			
 b) Conflict with existing agricultural zonionse or with land subject to a Williamson Act of within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve 	ontract or land			\boxtimes	
c) Cause development of non-agricultur 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordi "Right-to-Farm")?				\boxtimes	
d) Involve other changes in the existin which, due to their location or nature, conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use	ould result in			\boxtimes	
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan F Materials; California Department of Conser Riverside County Farmland Map, 2016. Findings of Fact: a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farm as shown on the maps prepared pursua the California Resources Agency, to no	vation, Farmla nland, or Farmla ant to the Farml	nd Mapping and of State and Mappin	g and Monit wide Importa g and Monito	toring Prog ance (Farm oring Progra	gram, land)
A search of the California Department of Cor (FMMP) resulted in a finding that the project sit or Farmland of Statewide Importance. FMM	nservation Farn te is not identifie	nland Mapp ed as Prime	ing and Mor Farmland, U	· nitoring Pro nique Farm	land,

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CEQ / EA No. 190110

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

recent mapping effort) showed that the project site is identified as Farmland of Local Importance, where a city or county has identified an Agricultural Zone. Therefore, there would be no impact. See response to 4b below for discussion of the County's agricultural zoning.

 b) Conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve? Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

Existing zoning of the project site is Light Agriculture (A-1-20) and Commercial Retail (southerly 3.95 acres in Phase 4). The project site is not currently nor has it been in the recent past, under cultivation or under a Williamson Act Contract.

The project site has a general plan land use designation of Agriculture within the Agriculture Foundation Component. However, the project site is within a Community Development Overlay which allows Community Development land use designations to be applied through General Plan Amendments in specified areas within Rural, Rural Community, Agriculture, or Open Space Foundation Component areas. Currently there is no agricultural production occurring on the project site, and the only agricultural related land use is the existing Mountain Green commercial nursery.

Specific policies related to the Community Development Overlay are contained in the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan. However, most of the policies pertain to existing Town Centers and not to sites that are within a Community Development Overlay. One policy, ECVAP 1.1 (1.1a and 1.1d) applies to the project site as follows:

ECVAP 1.1a. Prepare a detailed land use plan, with community development policies, for the Vista Santa Rosa Community that will: provide for a harmonious blend of country club, residential, commercial, rural, agricultural, and equestrian uses and community facilities in this area, and promote unifying community themes through signs, landscaping, scale of development, and trail and road facilities, etc. for the community.

ECVAP1.1d reads in part "... When conversion of farmland to other uses occurs, adequate buffering shall be incorporated into development proposals to ensure that there will be adequate land use compatibility protection for other nearby landowners who desire to continue farming indefinitely. ..."

When considering the proposed Gateway Village project, the Applicant has met the intent of this policy by providing plans for land uses that appear to be consistent with the intent of the Plan to provide a mix of land uses, including a small commercial center and a senior residential component, while still allowing, and not adversely impacting surrounding agricultural uses. Therefore, the proposed Zone Change from Light Agriculture (A-1-20,000) to Mixed Use would result in a less than significant impact.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
5. Forest a) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))?				
b) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
c) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				

Source(s): On-site Inspection, April 20, 2020; Project Application Materials

Findings of Fact:

a) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))? **Determination:** No Impact.

The project site is located in the Coachella Valley at an elevation of approximately 50 feet below sea level. The surrounding area to the north, east and south is characterized as relatively flat and is predominately used for agricultural production including date palm groves, citrus orchards and row crops, as well as large-lot residential sites. Land uses on the project site include residential, a plant nursery and a market/deli with large areas of vacant space. Trees on the project site are all ornamental and do not constitute forest trees. The County of Riverside does not have a land use designation or zoning classification of Forest Land or Timber Land. The current land use designation is Agriculture and the zoning classifications are Light Agriculture and Commercial Retail. The project site does not contain any forest land or timberland. Therefore, there would be no impact.

b) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? **Determination:** No impact.

There are no forest land or timberland resources on-site or in the project vicinity. Therefore, there would be no impact.

c) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use? **Determination: No Impact.**

There would not be a change in the existing environment that would result in the conversion of forest land to non-forest use because there is no forest land on the project site or vicinity. Therefore, there would be no impact.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AIR QUALITY Would the project:			a De Niek	
6. Air Quality Impacts a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? 			\boxtimes	
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?				
c) Expose sensitive receptors, which are located within one (1) mile of the project site, to substantial pollutant concentrations?			\boxtimes	
d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County Climate Action Plan ("CAP"), SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook; Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis.

Findings of Fact:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of applicable air quality plan? **Determination**: **Less Than Significant Impact**.

The unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa is located in the Salton Sea Air Basin (SSAB) within the jurisdiction of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD). SCAQMD is responsible for the development of the regional Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) and efforts to regulate pollutant emissions from a variety of sources.

The SSAB portion of Riverside County is separated from the South Coast Air Basin region by the San Jacinto Mountains and from the Mojave Desert Air Basin to the east by the Little San Bernardino Mountains. During the summer, the SSAB is generally influenced by a Pacific Subtropical High Cell that sits off the coast, inhibiting cloud formation and encouraging daytime solar heating. The SSAB is rarely influenced by cold air masses moving south from Canada and Alaska, as these systems are weak and diffuse by the time they reach the desert. Most desert moisture arrives from infrequent warm, moist and unstable air masses from the south. The SSAB averages between three and seven inches of precipitation per year.

The Coachella Valley is a geographically and meteorologically unique area wholly contained within the SSAB. The region is currently impacted by significant air pollution levels caused by the transport of pollutants from coastal air basins to the west, primarily ozone, as well as locally generated dust (PM10). The mountains surrounding the region isolate the Valley from coastal influences and create a hot and dry low-lying desert. As the desert heats up, cooler coastal air is drawn through the narrow San Gorgonio Pass, generating strong and sustained winds that cross the fluvial (water caused) and aeolian (wind) erosion zones in the Valley. These strong winds suspend and transport large quantities of sand and dust, reducing visibility, damaging property, and constituting a significant health threat.

The Eastern Coachella Valley, in relation to other areas in southern California, has good air quality. In the past few decades, however, noticeable deterioration of air quality has occurred due to increased development and population growth, traffic, construction activity, agricultural activity, and other types of

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

site disturbances. It is apparent that although air pollution is emitted from various sources in the Coachella Valley, substantial degradation of air quality may be attributed primarily to sources outside of the Valley.

SCAQMD is the agency principally responsible for comprehensive air pollution control in the region. To that end, as a regional agency, SCAQMD works directly with the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG), the Coachella Valley Association of Governments which is responsible for transportation projects, and local governments; and cooperates actively with all federal and State agencies. SCAQMD develops rules and regulations, establishes permitting requirements for stationary sources, inspects emission sources, and enforces such measures through educational programs or fines, when necessary. SCAQMD is directly responsible for reducing emissions from stationary, mobile, and indirect sources. It has responded to this requirement by preparing a sequence of Air Quality Management Plans (AQMPs) which constitute the regional blueprint for achieving the federal air quality standards.

In June 2016, the SCAQMD released its Draft 2016 AQMP; a regional blueprint for achieving the federal air quality standards and healthful air. In March 2017 CARB approved the 2016 AQMP. The primary goal of this Plan is to meet clean air standards and protect public health, including ensuring benefits to environmental justice and disadvantaged communities. Finally, the 2016 AQMP was approved by the EPA in June 2017. The 2016 AQMP includes both stationary and mobile source strategies to ensure that rapidly approaching attainment deadlines are met, that public health is protected to the maximum extent feasible, and that the region is not faced with burdensome sanctions if the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) are not met on time. As with every AQMP, a comprehensive analysis of emissions, meteorology, atmospheric chemistry, regional growth projections, and the impact of existing control measures was updated with the latest data and methods. The most significant air quality challenge in the Air Basin is to reduce nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions sufficiently to meet the upcoming ozone standard deadlines.

in June 2002, SCAQMD adopted the 2002 Coachella Valley PM10 State Implementation Plan (CVSIP) which included a request for an extension of the PM10 deadline and met all applicable federal Clean Air Act requirements, including a Most Stringent Measures analysis, control measures, and attainment demonstration. EPA approved the 2002 CVSIP in April 2003. At the time of adoption, SCAQMD committed to revising with the 2002 CVSIP with the latest approved mobile source emissions estimates, planning assumptions and fugitive dust source emission estimates, when they became available. The 2003 CVSIP updated those elements of the 2002 CVSIP; the control strategies and control measure commitments have not been revised and remain the same as in the 2002 CVSIP. The 2003 CVSIP contained updated emissions inventories, emission budgets, and attainment modeling. The EPA approved these budgets on in March 2004.

Southern California Association of Governments

SCAG is the regional planning agency for Los Angeles, Orange, Ventura, Riverside, San Bernardino and Imperial Counties and addresses regional issues relating to transportation, the economy, community development and the environment. SCAG is the Federally designated MPO for the majority of the southern California region and is the largest MPO in the nation. With respect to air quality planning, SCAG has prepared the Regional Transportation Plan and Regional Transportation Improvement Plan (RTIP), which addresses regional development and growth forecasts. These plans form the basis for the land use and transportation components of the AQMP, which are utilized in the preparation of air quality forecasts and in the consistency analysis included in the AQMP. The Regional

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

Transportation Plan, Regional Transportation Improvement Plan, and AQMP are based on projections originating within the City and County General Plans.

In April 2016, SCAG's Regional Council adopted the 2016-2040 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (2016 RTP/SCS or Plan). The RTP/SCS is a long-range visioning plan that balances future mobility and housing needs with economic, environmental and public health goals. It charts a course for closely integrating land use and transportation so that the region can grow smartly and sustainably. It outlines more than \$556.5 billion in transportation system investments through 2040. The RTP/SCS was prepared through a collaborative, continuous, and comprehensive process with input from local governments, county transportation commissions, tribal governments, non-profit organizations, businesses and local stakeholders within the counties of Imperial, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino and Ventura. In June 2016, SCAG received its conformity determination from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) indicating that all air quality conformity requirements for the 2016 RTP/SCS and associated 2015 FTIP Consistency Amendment through Amendment 15-12 have been met.

Air Quality Compliance

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a discussion of any inconsistencies between a proposed project and applicable General Plans and Regional Plans (CEQA Guidelines Section 15125). The regional plan that applies to the proposed project includes SCAQMD's AQMP. The purpose of this discussion is to set forth the issues regarding consistency with the assumptions and objectives of the AQMP and discuss whether the proposed project would interfere with the region's ability to comply with federal and State air quality standards. If the decision-makers determine that the proposed project is inconsistent, the lead agency may consider project modifications or inclusion of mitigation to eliminate the inconsistency.

The SCAQMD CEQA Handbook states that "New or amended General Plan Elements (including land use zoning and density amendments), Specific Plans, and significant projects must be analyzed for consistency with the AQMP". Strict consistency with all aspects of the plan is usually not required, however, a proposed project should be considered to be consistent with the AQMP if it furthers one or more policies and does not obstruct other policies. The SCAQMD CEQA Handbook identifies two key indicators of consistency:

- (1) Whether the project will result in an increase in the frequency or severity of existing air quality violations or cause or contribute to new violations; or delay timely attainment of air quality standards or the interim emission reductions specified in the AQMP.
- (2) Whether the project will exceed the assumptions in the AQMP in 2016 or increments based on the year of project buildout and phase.

Both of the following criteria are evaluated in the following sections.

Criteria 1 – Increase in the Frequency or Severity of Violations

Based on the air quality modeling analysis prepared for the Gateway Village project, short-term construction impacts will not result in significant impacts based on SCAQMD's regional and local thresholds of significance. The project's Air Quality Analysis (Appendix A.1) also found that long-term operations impacts will not result in significant impacts based on the SCAQMD local and regional

Sign	tentially inificant mpact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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thresholds of significance. Therefore, the proposed project is not projected to contribute to the exceedance of any air pollutant concentration standards and is found to be consistent with the AQMP for the first criterion.

Criteria 2 – Exceed Assumptions in the AQMP?

Consistency with the AQMP assumptions is determined by performing an analysis of the proposed project with the assumptions in the AQMP. The emphasis of this criterion is to ensure that the analyses conducted for the proposed project are based on the same forecasts as the AQMP. SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS includes chapters on: the challenges in a changing region, creating a plan for our future, and the road to greater mobility and sustainable growth. These chapters currently respond directly to federal and State requirements placed on SCAG. Local governments are required to use these as the basis of their plans for purposes of consistency with applicable regional plans under CEQA. For the Gateway Village project, the County Land Use Plan defines the assumptions that are represented in the AQMP.

The project site is currently designated as Agriculture (AG) in the County's Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan. The proposed project includes: (1) General Plan Amendment from the current Agricultural General Plan Foundation with an Agricultural land use designation to a Community Development General Plan Foundation with a Mixed Use Area (MUA) designation; (2) Zone Change on 12 parcels from the current Agricultural - 20-acre lot minimum (A-1-20) and Commercial Retail (C-R) zoning designations, to a Mixed Use (MU) zoning designation; (3) Tentative Parcel Map (TPM) No. 37801 to create 7 new parcels; and (4) Conditional Use Permit to allow alcohol sales on proposed commercial portion of the project site. Note, the southerly 3.95-acre parcel (Phase 4) is not included in the TPM but is a part of the Gateway Village project site.

Although the project and GPA may initially result in an inconsistency with the AQMP on paper, the inconsistency would not necessarily constitute a conflict with the AQMP. This is because the County has established a Community Development Overlay over the Vista Santa Rosa area that acknowledges that this is an area of transition. In addition, the portion of the Vista Santa Rosa community that includes the project site is located within the Sphere of Influence of the City of La Quinta who has designated the project site as a Commercial site. Because the project site would transition from agriculture to mixed, the project would not be expected to result in population growth beyond that assumed in the AQMP assumptions.

SCAQMD acknowledges that strict consistency with all aspects of the AQMP is not required in order to make a finding of no conflict. Rather, a project is considered to be consistent with the AQMP if it furthers one or more policies and does not obstruct other policies. The project would implement contemporary energy-efficient technologies and regulatory/operational programs required per Title 24, CALGreen and County standards. Generally, compliance with SCAQMD emissions reductions and control requirements also act to reduce project air pollutant emissions. In combination, project emissions-reducing design features and regulatory/operational programs are consistent with and support overarching AQMP air pollution reduction strategies. Project support of these strategies promotes timely attainment of AQMP air quality standards and would bring the project into conformance with the AQMP. Therefore, the proposed project is not anticipated to exceed the AQMP assumptions for the project site and is found to be consistent with the AQMP for the second criterion.

Based on the above, the proposed project will not result in an inconsistency with the SCAQMD AQMP. Therefore, a less than significant impact will occur.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

Pollutants

Pollutants are generally classified as either criteria pollutants or non-criteria pollutants. NAAQS have been established for criteria pollutants, whereas no ambient standards have been established for non-criteria pollutants. In addition, the State has established the California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS). For some criteria pollutants, separate standards have been set for different periods. Most standards have been set to protect public health. For some pollutants, standards have been based on other values (such as protection of crops, protection of materials, or avoidance of nuisance conditions). A summary of State and federal AAQS is provided in Table 2, *State and Federal Criteria Pollutant Standards*.

Criteria pollutants consist of ozone (O3), nitrogen dioxide (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SOx), lead (Pb), and particulate matter (PM). These pollutants can harm your health and the environment, and cause property damage. EPA calls these pollutants "criteria" air pollutants because it regulates them by developing human health-based and/or environmentally based criteria for setting permissible levels. These also include volatile organic compounds (VOC) released as a vapor or gas from burning fuels, and from consumer products such as paint or solvents. VOCs are also known as reactive organic gasses (ROG). A description of the most relevant effects of these pollutants is provided in Table 2.

Other Pollutants of Concern Toxic Air Contaminants

In addition to the above-listed criteria pollutants, toxic air contaminants (TACs) are another group of pollutants of concern. Sources of toxic air contaminants include industrial processes such as petroleum refining and chrome plating operations, commercial operations such as gasoline stations and dry cleaners, and motor vehicle exhaust. Cars and trucks can release at least forty different toxic air contaminants. The most important of these toxic air contaminants, in terms of health risk, are diesel particulates, benzene, formaldehyde, 1,3-butadiene, and acetaldehyde. Public exposure to toxic air contaminants can result from emissions from normal operations as well as from accidental releases. Health effects of toxic air contaminants include cancer, birth defects, neurological damage, and death.

Toxic air contaminants are less pervasive in the urban atmosphere than criteria air pollutants, however they are linked to short-term (acute) or long-term (chronic or carcinogenic) adverse human health effects. There are hundreds of different types of toxic air contaminants with varying degrees of toxicity. Sources of toxic air contaminants include industrial processes, commercial operations (e.g., gasoline stations and dry cleaners), and motor vehicle exhaust.

According to the 2013 California Almanac of Emissions and Air Quality, the majority of the estimated health risk from toxic air contaminants can be attributed to relatively few compounds, the most important of which is diesel particulate matter (DPM). Diesel particulate matter is a subset of PM2.5 because the size of diesel particles are typically 2.5 microns and smaller. The identification of diesel particulate matter as a toxic air contaminant in 1998 led the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to adopt the Risk Reduction Plan to Reduce Particulate Matter Emissions from Diesel-fueled Engines and Vehicles in September 2000. The plan's goals are a 75-percent reduction in diesel particulate matter by 2010 and an 85-percent reduction by 2020 from the 2000 baseline.

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Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Table 2 State and Federal Criteria Pollutant Standards

	Concentration/A		derai Citteria Poliutant Standards
Air Pollutant	California Standards	Federal Primary Standards	Effects
Ozone (O ₃)	0.09 ppm/1-hour 0.07 ppm/8-hour	0.070 ppm/8- hour	(a) Decline in pulmonary function and localized lung edema in humans and animals; (b) Risk to public health implied by alterations in pulmonary morphology and host defense in animals; (c) Increased mortality risk; (d) Risk to public health implied by altered connective tissue metabolism and altered pulmonary morphology in animals after long-term exposures and pulmonary function decrements in chronically exposed humans; (e) Vegetation damage; and (f) Property damage.
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	20.0 ppm/1-hour 9.0 ppm/8-hour	35.0 ppm/1-hour 9.0 ppm/8-hour	a) Aggravation of angina pectoris and other aspects of coronary heart disease; (b) Decreased exercise tolerance in persons with peripheral vascular disease and lung disease; (c) Impairment of central nervous system functions; and (d) Possible increased risk to fetuses
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	0.18 ppm/1-hour 0.03 ppm/annual	100 ppb/1-hour 0.053 ppm/annual	(a) Potential to aggravate chronic respiratory disease and respiratory symptoms in sensitive groups; (b) Risk to public health implied by pulmonary and extra-pulmonary biochemical and cellular changes and pulmonary structural changes; and (c) Contribution to atmospheric discoloration.
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	0.25 ppm/1-hour 0.04 ppm/24-hour	75 ppb/1-hour 0.14 ppm/annual	(a) Bronchoconstriction accompanied by symptoms which may include wheezing, shortness of breath and chest tightness, during exercise or physical activity in persons with asthma.
Suspended Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀)	50 μg/m³/24-hour 20 μg/m³/annual	150 µg/m³/24- hour	(a) Exacerbation of symptoms in sensitive patients with respiratory or cardiovascular disease; (b) Declines in
Suspended Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5})	12 µg/m³ / annual	35 µg/m³/24- hour 12 µg/m³/annual	pulmonary function growth in children; (c) Increased risk of premature death from heart or lung diseases in elderly.
Sulfates	25 µg/m³/24-hour	No Federal Standards	(a) Decrease in ventilatory function; (b) Aggravation of asthmatic symptoms; (c) Aggravation of cardio-pulmonary disease; (d) Vegetation damage; (e) Degradation of visibility; (f) property damage.
Lead	1.5 μg/m³/30-day	0.15 µg/m³/3- month rolling	(a) Learning disabilities; (b) Impairment of blood formation and nerve conduction.
Visibility Reducing Particles	Extinction coefficient of 0.23 per kilometer- visibility of 10 miles or more due to particles when humidity is less than 70 percent.	No Federal Standards	Visibility impairment on days when relative humidity is less than 70 percent.

Source:

Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis, Table 2.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with	Less Than Significant	No Impact
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Diesel engines emit a complex mixture of air pollutants, composed of gaseous and solid material. The visible emissions in diesel exhaust are known as particulate matter or PM, which includes carbon particles or "soot". Diesel exhaust also contains a variety of harmful gases and over 40 other cancercausing substances. California's identification of diesel particulate matter as a toxic air contaminant was based on its potential to cause cancer, premature deaths, and other health problems. Exposure to diesel particulate matter is a health hazard, particularly to children whose lungs are still developing and the elderly who may have other serious health problems. Overall, diesel engine emissions are responsible for the majority of California's potential airborne cancer risk from combustion sources.

Asbestos

Asbestos is listed as a TAC by CARB and as a Hazardous Air Pollutant by EPA. Asbestos occurs naturally in mineral formations and crushing or breaking these rocks, through construction or other means, can release asbestiform fibers into the air. Asbestos emissions can result from the sale or use of asbestos-containing materials, road surfacing with such materials, grading activities, and surface mining. The risk of disease is dependent upon the intensity and duration of exposure. When inhaled, asbestos fibers may remain in the lungs and with time may be linked to such diseases as asbestosis, lung cancer, and mesothelioma. Naturally occurring asbestos is not present in Riverside County. The nearest likely locations of naturally occurring asbestos, as identified in the *General Location Guide for Ultramafic Rocks in California* prepared by the California Division of Mines and Geology, is located in Santa Barbara County. Due to the distance to the nearest natural occurrences of asbestos, the project site is not likely to contain asbestos.

Monitored Air Quality

The air quality at any site is dependent on the regional air quality and local pollutant sources. Regional air quality is determined by the release of pollutants throughout the air basin. Estimates of the existing emissions provided in the Final 2016 AQMP indicate that collectively, mobile sources account for 60 percent of the VOC, 90 percent of the NOx emissions, 95 percent of the CO emissions and 34 percent of directly emitted PM2.5, with another 13 percent of PM2.5 from road dust.

EPA and CARB designate air basins where ambient air quality standards are exceeded as "nonattainment" areas. If standards are met, the area is designated as an "attainment" area. If there is inadequate or inconclusive data to make a definitive attainment designation, they are considered "unclassified". National nonattainment areas are further designated as marginal, moderate, serious, severe, or extreme as a function of deviation from standards. Each standard has a different definition, or 'form' of what constitutes attainment, based on specific air quality statistics. For example, the federal 8-hour CO standard is not to be exceeded more than once per year; therefore, an area is in attainment of the CO standard if no more than one 8-hour ambient air monitoring values exceeds the threshold per year. In contrast, the federal annual PM2.5 standard is met if the three-year average of the annual average PM2.5 concentration is less than or equal to the standard. Attainment status in the SSAB is shown in Table 3, Salton Sea Air Basin Attainment Status.

The local air quality was evaluated by reviewing relevant air pollution concentrations near the project area. For evaluation purposes, SCAQMD has divided the Air Basin into 36 Source Receptor Areas (SRAs), operating monitoring stations in most of the areas. These SRAs are designated to provide a general representation of the local meteorological, terrain, and air quality conditions within the particular geographical area. The project site is within Source Receptor Area 30, Coachella Valley. SCAQMD operates two air monitoring stations in SRA 30, one in Indio approximately 4.62 miles northeast of the project site and the other in Palm Springs approximately 22.89 miles northwest of the project site.

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Table 3 Salton Sea Air Basin Attainment Status

Pollutant	State Status	National Status
Ozone	Nonattainment	Nonattainment
Carbon monoxide	Attainment	Attainment
Nitrogen dioxide	Attainment	Unclassified/Attainment
Sulfur dioxide	Attainment	Attainment
PM10	Nonattainment	Nonattainment
PM2.5	Attainment	Unclassified/Attainment

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis, Table 3.

Table 4, Air Quality Monitoring Summary, summarizes 2016 through 2018 published monitoring data, which is the most recent 3-year period available. The data shows that during the past few years, the project area has exceeded the ozone and Particulate Matter (PM10) standards. However, it should be noted that due to the air monitoring station distance from the project site, recorded air pollution levels at the air monitoring station reflect with varying degrees of accuracy, local air quality conditions at the project site.

Table 4 Air Quality Monitoring Summary

	Pollutant Standard ¹		Year ²	EVALUE AND
	Poliutarit Stanuaru	2016	2017	2018
	Maximum 1-Hour Concentration (ppm)	0.099	0.107	0.106
	Days > CAAQS (0.09 ppm)	3	8	4
Ozone	Maximum 8-Hour Concentration (ppm)	0.090	0.094	0.091
	Days > NAAQS (0.070 ppm)	27	44	49
	Days > CAAQS (0.070 ppm)	29	47	52
Carbon Monoxide ³	Maximum 8-Hour Concentration (ppm)	*	*	*
vionoxide	Days > CAAQS (9ppm)	0	0	0
	Days > NAAQS (9 ppm)	0	0	0
Nitrogen	Maximum 1-Hour Concentration (ppm)	0.042	0.043	0.043
Dioxide ³	Days > CAAQS (0.18 ppm)	0	0	0
Inhalable Particulates	Maximum 24-Hour Concentration (μg/m³)	393.2	198.6	336.0
(PM10)	Days > NAAQS (150 µg/m³)	2	1	2
()	Days > CAAQS (50 µg/m ³)	21	10	14
	Annual Average (µg/m³)	37.0	34.8	34.8
Inhalable	Maximum 24-Hour Concentration (µg/m³)	25.8	18.8	28.7
Particulates	Days >NAAQS (35 µg/m³)	0	0	0
(PM10)	Annual Average (µg/m³)	7.6	*	8.3

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis, Table 4.

Notes:

- 1. CAAQS = California Ambient Air Quality Standard; NAAQS = National Ambient Air Quality Standard; ppm = parts per million
- 2. Data from the Indio-Jackson Street Monitoring Station, unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Data taken from the Palm Springs-Fire Station Monitoring Station.
- * Means there was insufficient data available to determine value.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
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	Mitigation	Impact	
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Regional Air Quality

Many air quality impacts that derive from dispersed mobile sources, which are the dominate pollution generators in the basin, often occurs hours later and miles away after photochemical processes have converted primary exhaust pollutants into secondary contaminants such as ozone. The incremental regional air quality impact of an individual project is generally very small and difficult to measure. Therefore, SCAQMD has developed significance thresholds based on the volume of pollution emitted rather than on actual ambient air quality because the direct air quality impact of a project is not quantifiable on a regional scale. The SCAQMD CEQA Handbook states that any project in the South Coast Air Basin with daily emissions that exceed any of the identified significance thresholds should be considered as having an individually and cumulatively significant air quality impact. For the purposes to the project's air quality impact analysis, a regional air quality impact would be considered significant if emissions exceed the SCAQMD significance thresholds identified in Table 5, SCAQMD Air Quality Significance Thresholds in the Coachella Valley. Table 5 shows the ambient air quality standards for NO₂, CO, and PM10 and PM2.5.

Table 5 SCAQMD Air Quality Significance Thresholds in the Coachella Valley

32 -		Mass Daily	Thresholds				
	Pollutant Construction		ay) Operation (lb/day)				
	1Ox	100	100				
	VOC 75		75				
PM10 150		150	150				
PI	M2.5	55	55				
Sox 150			150				
(CO	550	550				
L	ead	3	3				
		Toxic Air Co	ntaminants				
	Maximu	m Incremental Cancer F	Risk ≥ 10 in 1 million				
TACs	Cancer	Burden > 0.5 excess ca	ncer cases (in areas ≥ 1 in 1 million)				
	Chronic	& Acute Hazard Index >	1.0 (project increment)				
Odor	Project	pject creates an odor nuisance pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 402					
GHG		10,000 MT/yr CO2e for industrial projects					
2	10,0001	Ambient Air Qua					
	Pollut		SCAQMD Standard				
NO2 -1-h	our average		0.18 ppm (338 µg/m^3)				
	-hour avera						
Construct			10.4 μg/m^3				
Operation	ns		2.5 ug/m^3				
PM2.5 -24	4-hour avera	age	. **				
Construct	ion	10.	10.4 μg/m^3				
Operation	ns		2.5 µg/m^3				
SO2							
1-hour av	erage	0.2	0.25 ppm				
24-hour a	verage	0.0	4 ppm				
CO							
1-hour average		20	20 ppm (23,000 µg/m^3)				
8-hour average		9 p	pm (10,000 μg/m^3)				
Lead							
30-day av			1.5 µg/m^3				
	month aver		5 μg/m^3				
Quarterly	average	1.5	μg/m^3				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 5.

Note: Local Air Quality impacts are addressed below in Section 6.c – exposure of sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations.

Toxic Air Contaminants Construction

Temporary TAC emissions associated with DPM emissions from heavy construction equipment would occur during the construction phase of the Gateway Village project. According to the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) and SCAQMD's Health Risk Assessment Guidance for Analyzing Cancer Risks from Mobile Source Diesel Idling Emissions for CEQA Air Quality Analysis (August 2003), health effects from TACs are described in terms of individual cancer risk. "Individual Cancer Risk" is the likelihood that a person exposed to concentrations of TACs over a 30-year lifetime will contract cancer based on the use of standard risk-assessment methodology. Additionally, the SCAQMD CEQA guidance does not require an HRA for short-term construction emissions. Construction activities associated with the project would be sporadic, transitory, and short-term in nature (approximately 16 months for Phase 1 and 54 months for Phase 2). Thus, construction of the project would not result in a substantial, long-term (i.e., 30-year) source of TAC emissions. Nonetheless, a qualitative assessment of TAC emissions associated with short-term construction TAC emissions is provided in the analysis section below.

Operation

The Gateway Village project includes the development of a mix of land uses, including a 5,800 square foot service station and convenience market with 16 fueling positions, 7,550 square feet of retail use, a 2,400 square foot fast food restaurant with drive-through window, a 15,800 square foot pharmacy with drive-through window, a two-story 158,800 square foot Congregate Care facility, and 82 attached senior adult units. The service station portion of the project requires a permit to construct/operate from SCAQMD and fuel-related emissions will be regulated under SCAQMD Rule 461. Gasoline dispensing facilities are required to use Phase I/II EVR (enhanced vapor recovery) systems. Phase II EVR have an average efficiency of 95.1 percent and Phase I EVR have an average efficiency of 98 percent. Therefore, potential for fugitive VOC or TAC emissions from the proposed fueling pumps is negligible. As such, the project will not be a source of toxic air contaminants and sensitive receptors (as close as approximately 180 feet from the proposed fueling pumps) would not be exposed to toxic sources of air pollution.

Short Term Construction Emissions

Construction activities associated with the proposed project would have the potential to generate air emissions, toxic air contaminant emissions, and odor impacts. Assumptions for the duration, for the construction of the proposed project were obtained from the project applicant. For the purposes of the Air Quality Assessment, and to be consistent with the Traffic Impact Analysis prepared for the project (EA Appendix J.1), the proposed project was evaluated for two phases as follows:

For the purposes of the Air Quality analysis, the project was evaluated in two phasing scenarios: completion of Phase 1 in 2020; and completion of phases 2, 3, and 5 in 2026. This is a worst-case analysis because at this time, the Applicant is proposing the commercial uses in Phase 1 and the

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Congregate Care facility in Phase 2. Proposed uses in Phases 3 and 4 are speculative at this time. Likewise is the timing of construction of proposed uses in Phases 2 through 4.

Methodology

Emissions were estimated using the CalEEMod (Version 2016.3.2) software; a statewide land use emissions computer model designed to provide a uniform platform for government agencies, land use planners, and environmental professionals to quantify potential criteria pollutant and GHG emissions from a variety of land use projects. CalEEMod was developed in collaboration with California's air districts. Regional data (e.g., emission factors, trip lengths, meteorology, source inventory, etc.) have been provided by the various air districts to account for local requirements and conditions. The model is considered to be an accurate and comprehensive tool for quantifying air quality and GHG impacts from land use projects throughout California.

Daily regional emissions during construction were forecasted by assuming a conservative estimate of construction activities (i.e., assuming all construction occurs at the earliest feasible date) and applying the mobile source and fugitive dust emissions factors. The input values used in the analysis were adjusted to be project-specific for the construction schedule and the equipment used was based on CalEEMod defaults. The CalEEMod program uses the EMFAC2014 computer program to calculate the emission rates specific for Riverside County for construction-related employee vehicle trips and the OFFROAD2011 computer program to calculate emission rates for heavy truck operations. EMFAC2014 and OFFROAD2011 are computer programs generated by CARB that calculates composite emission rates for vehicles. Emission rates are reported by the program in grams per trip and grams per mile or grams per running hour. Daily truck trips and CalEEMod default trip length data were used to assess roadway emissions from truck exhaust. The maximum daily emissions are estimated values for the worst-case day and do not represent the emissions that would occur for every day of project construction. The maximum daily emissions are compared to SCAQMD's daily regional numeric indicators. Detailed construction equipment lists, construction scheduling, and emission calculations are provided in the Air Quality Analysis Appendix B (Initial study Appendix A.1).

The project will be required to comply with SCAQMD Rules 403 and 403.1 for the reduction of fugitive dust emissions. Compliance with these rules is achieved through application of standard best management practices in construction and operation activities, such as application of water or chemical stabilizers to disturbed soils, managing haul road dust by application of water, covering haul vehicles, restricting vehicle speeds on unpaved roads to 15 mph, sweeping loose dirt from paved site access roadways, cessation of construction activity when winds exceed 25 mph and establishing a permanent and stabilizing ground cover on finished sites.

In addition, Rule 403.1 is specific to the Coachella Valley and requires that any operator applying for a grading permit, or a building permit for an activity with a disturbed surface area of more than 5,000 square feet, shall not initiate any earth-moving operations unless a Fugitive Dust Control Plan has been prepared pursuant to the provisions of the Coachella Valley Fugitive Dust Control Handbook and approved by the County.

SCAQMD's Rule 403 and 403.1 minimum requirements include the application of the best available dust control measures for all grading operations such as the application of water or other soil stabilizers in sufficient quantity to prevent the generation of visible dust plumes. Compliance with Rules 403 and 403.1 would require the use of water trucks during all phases where earth moving operations would

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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occur. Compliance with Rule 403 has been included in the CalEEMod modeling for the proposed project.

Per SCAQMD Rule 1113 as amended on June 3, 2011, architectural coatings applied after January 1, 2014 must be limited to an average of 50 grams per liter or less.

The construction activities evaluated for the project include: (1) demolition, (2) site preparation, (3) grading, (4) building construction, (5) paving, and (6) application of architectural coatings for Phase 1; and 1) site preparation, 2) grading, (3) building construction, (4) paving, and (5) application of architectural coatings for Phase 2. Building construction, paving and painting phases may overlap during construction of each Phase. Details pertaining to the project's construction timing and the type of equipment modeled for each construction phase are available in the CalEEMod output in Appendix B of the Air Quality Assessment (IS Appendix A.1).

Construction-Related Regional Impacts

The construction-related criteria pollutant emissions for Phases 1 and 2 are shown in Table 6, Construction-Related Regional Pollutant Emissions – Phase 1 and Table 7, Construction-Related Regional Pollutant Emissions – Phase 2 respectively. Tables 6 and 7 show that none of the project's emissions during construction of either Phase 1 or Phase 2 will exceed regional thresholds. A less than significant regional air quality impact would occur from construction of the proposed project.

Construction-Related Toxic Air Contaminant Impacts

The greatest potential for toxic air contaminant emissions would be related to diesel particulate emissions associated with heavy equipment operations during construction of the proposed project. According to the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) and the SCAQMD Health Risk Assessment Guidance for Analyzing Cancer Risks from Mobile Source Diesel Idling Emissions for CEQA Air Quality Analysis (August 2003), health effects from TACs are described in terms of individual cancer risk based on a lifetime (i.e., 30-year) resident exposure duration. Given the temporary and short-term construction schedule (approximately 16 months for Phase 1 and 54 months for Phase 2), the project construction would not result in a long-term (i.e., lifetime or 30-year) exposure. Furthermore, construction-based particulate matter (PM) emissions (including diesel exhaust emissions) do not exceed any local or regional thresholds during Phase 1 or Phase 2.

The project must comply with CARB's Air Toxics Control Measure that limits diesel powered equipment and vehicle idling to no more than 5 minutes at a location, and CARB's In-Use Off-Road Diesel Vehicle Regulation; compliance with these would minimize emissions of TACs during construction. Furthermore, construction-based particulate matter (PM) emissions (including diesel exhaust emissions) do not exceed any local or regional thresholds. Therefore, impacts from TACs during construction would be less than significant.

Operations-Related Regional Impacts

The operations-related criteria air quality impacts created by the proposed project were also analyzed using the CalEEMod model. The operating emissions were based on the year 2022 for Phase 1 and 2026 for Phase 2, the anticipated opening years for the proposed project based on the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis (EA Appendix J.1). The on-going operation of the proposed project would result in a long-term increase in air quality emissions.

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Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Table 6 Construction-Related Regional Pollutant Emissions – Phase 1

Anti	a differ	Pollutant Emissions (pounds/day) ¹							
Acti	vity	ROG	NOx	СО	SO ₂	PM10	PM2.5		
	On-Site ²	3.17	31.44	21.57	0.04	1.87	1.49		
Demolition	Off-Site ³	0.08	0.85	0.54	0.00	0.19	0.05		
	Subtotal	3.24	32.29	22.10	0.04	2.06	1.54		
Site Preparation	On-Site ²	1.42	14.76	8.56	0.01	3.21	2.00		
	Off-Site ³	0.07	0.04	0.52	0.00	0.15	0.04		
	Subtotal	1.49	14.80	9.07	0.02	3.36	2.04		
	On-Site ²	2.29	24.74	15.86	0.03	3.72	2.38		
Grading	Off-Site ³	0.06	0.03	0.43	0.00	0.13	0.03		
	Subtotal	2.35	24.77	16.29	0.03	3.84	2.41		
	On-Site ²	1.90	17.43	16.58	0.03	0.96	0.90		
Building Construction	Off-Site ³	0.60	4.60	4.37	0.02	1.32	0.36		
Conou dollon	Subtotal	2.50	22.04	20.94	0.05	2.28	1.27		
	On-Site ²	1.51	11.12	14.58	0.02	0.57	0.52		
Paving	Off-Site ³	0.05	0.03	0.40	0.00	0.13	0.03		
	Subtotal	1.57	11,15	14.98	0.02	0.69	0.56		
	On-Site ²	44.35	1.41	1.81	0.00	0.08	0.08		
Architectural Coating	Off-Site ³	0.09	0.05	0.66	0.00	0.21	0.06		
Coating	Subtotal	44.44	1.46	2.47	0.00	0.29	0.14		
Total for overla	apping phases4	48.51	34.65	38.39	0.08	3.26	1.96		
SCAQI	MD Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55		
Exceed	ds Thresholds?	No	No	No	No	No	No		

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 6.

Notes

- 1. Source: CalEEMod Version 2016.3.2
- 2. On-site emissions from equipment operated on-site that is not operated on public roads. On-site grading and demolition PM-10 and PM-2.5 emissions show mitigated values for fugitive dust for compliance with SCAQMD Rule 403.
- 3. Off-site emissions from equipment operated on public roads.
- 4. Construction, painting and paving phases may overlap.

This increase would be due to emissions from the project-generated vehicle trips and through operational emissions from the on-going use of the proposed project. The potential long-term regional air quality impacts with the on-going operations of the proposed project have been analyzed below for the criteria pollutants and cumulative impacts.

Mobile Sources

Mobile sources include emissions from the additional vehicle miles generated from the proposed project. Vehicle trips associated with the proposed project were analyzed by inputting the project-generated vehicular trips into the CalEEMod Model.

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Table 7 Construction-Related Regional Pollutant Emissions – Phase 2

Acti	vity	Pollutant Emissions (pounds/day)¹						
Acu	vity	ROG	NOx	со	SO ₂	PM10	PM2.5	
	On-Site ²	1.33	13.82	10.30	0.02	3.17	1.94	
Demolition	Off-Site ³	0.07	0.04	0.47	0.00	0.15	0.04	
	Subtotal	1.40	13.86	10.77	0.02	3.32	1.98	
Grading	On-Site ²	3.62	38.84	29.04	0.06	5.02	2.91	
	Off-Site ³	0.07	0.04	0.53	0.00	0.17	0.05	
	Subtotal	3.70	38.88	29.57	0.06	5.19	2.95	
Building Construction	On-Site ²	1.71	15.62	16.36	0.03	0.81	0.76	
	Off-Site ³	2.05	12.28	14.85	0.07	4.81	1.32	
	Subtotal	3.76	27.89	31.21	0.09	5.62	2.08	
	On-Site ²	1.34	8.58	14.58	0.02	0.42	0.39	
Paving	Off-Site ³	0.04	0.02	0.30	0.00	0.13	0.03	
	Subtotal	1.39	8.60	14.87	0.02	0.54	0.42	
A - it t	On-Site ²	31.46	1.15	1.81	0.00	0.05	0.05	
Architectural Coating	Off-Site ³	0.28	0.13	1.91	0.01	0.82	0.22	
o o a tinig	Subtotal	31.74	1.27	3.72	0.01	0.87	0.27	
Total for overla	apping phases4	36.89	37.77	49.80	0.13	7.03	2.77	
SCAQ	MD Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55	
Excee	ds Thresholds?	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 6.

Notes

- 1. Source: CalEEMod Version 2016.3.2
- On-site emissions from equipment operated on-site that is not operated on public roads. On-site grading and demolition PM-10 and PM-2.5 emissions show mitigated values for fugitive dust for compliance with SCAQMD Rule 403.
- 3. Off-site emissions from equipment operated on public roads.
- 4. Construction, painting and paving phases may overlap.

The TIA found that the proposed project would generate approximately 7,923 total daily vehicle trips with incorporation of internal capture and pass-by trip reductions. These are broken down as follows:

- 158.94 trips per fuel pump per day (with incorporation of the 10 percent daily internal capture reduction and 25 percent daily pass-by reduction) for the gasoline service station;
- 25.51 trips per thousand square foot per day (with incorporation of the 10 percent daily internal capture reduction and 25 percent daily pass-by reduction) for the shopping center;
- 317.69 trips per thousand square foot per day (with incorporation of the 10 percent daily internal capture reduction and 25 percent daily pass-by reduction) for the fast-food restaurant with drivethrough;

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- 73.66 trips per thousand square foot per day (with incorporation of the 10 percent daily internal capture reduction and 25 percent daily pass-by reduction) for the pharmacy with drive-through;
- 4.67 trips per thousand square foot per day (with incorporation of the 10 percent internal capture reduction) for the Congregate Care use;
- 6.59 trips per dwelling unit per day (with the 10 percent daily internal capture reduction) for the senior adult housing use; and
- 72.05 trips per thousand square foot per day (with incorporation of the 10 percent daily internal capture reduction and 25 percent daily pass-by reduction) for the supermarket.

The program then applied the emission factors for each trip which was provided by the EMFAC2014 model to determine the vehicular traffic pollutant emissions.

Area Sources

Area sources include emissions from consumer products, landscape equipment and architectural coatings. Landscape maintenance includes fuel combustion emissions from equipment such as lawn mowers, rototillers, shredders/grinders, blowers, trimmers, chain saws, and hedge trimmers, as well as air compressors, generators, and pumps. As specifics were not known about the landscaping equipment fleet, CalEEMod defaults were used to estimate emissions from landscaping equipment. No changes were made to the default area source parameters.

Per SCAQMD Rule 1113 as amended on June 3, 2011, the architectural coatings that would be applied after January 1, 2014 will be limited to an average of 50 grams per liter or less.

Energy Usage

Energy usage includes emissions from the generation of electricity and natural gas used on-site. No changes were made to the default energy usage parameters.

Operational Impacts

The worst-case summer or winter criteria pollutant emissions created from the proposed project's long-term operations were calculated and are shown in Table 8, *Regional Operational Pollutant Emissions*, for Phases 1 and 2. The results show that none of the SCAQMD regional thresholds would be exceeded during long term project operations. Therefore, a less than significant regional air quality impact would occur from operation of the proposed project.

Furthermore, Table 9, Overlapping Regional Construction and Operational Emissions, shows that when maximum daily construction emissions (from the highest-emitting construction phases) are added to the unmitigated operational emissions of the completed Phase 1, the total emissions still do not exceed SCAQMD thresholds. Therefore, a less than significant regional air quality impact would occur from operation of the proposed project.

Table 8 Regional Operational Pollutant Emissions

Activity	Pollutant Emissions (pounds/day)¹						
Activity	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	PM10	PM2.5	
	Ph	ase 1				1111 321	
Area Sources ²	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Energy Usage ³	0.03	0.27	0.23	0.00	0.02	0.02	
Mobile Sources⁴	6.84	45.36	44.92	0.18	11.06	3.04	
Total Emissions	7.96	45.64	45.15	0.18	11.08	3.06	
SCAQMD Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55	
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No	No	No	
	Ph	ase 2		A STATE			
Area Sources ²	10.01	4.81	26.90	0.03	0.50	0.50	
Energy Usage ³	0.15	1.27	0.59	0.01	0.10	0.10	
Mobile Sources ⁴	3.95	25.52	32.82	0.16	12.08	3.29	
Total Emissions	14.11	31.61	60.30	0.20	12.68	3.89	
SCAQMD Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55	
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Total Emissions both Phases	22.06	77.24	105.46	0.38	23.77	6.95	
SCAQMD Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55	
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 10.

Notes

- 1. Source: CalEEMod Version 2016.3.2; the higher of either summer or winter emissions.
- Area sources consist of emissions from consumer products, architectural coatings, and landscaping equipment.
- 3. Energy usage consists of emissions from generation of electricity and on-site natural gas usage.
- Mobile sources consist of emissions from vehicles and road dust.

Table 9 Overlapping Regional Construction and Operational Emissions

Activity ¹	Pollutant Emissions (pounds/day)							
	voc	NOx	со	SO ₂	PM10	PM2.5		
Total for Phase 1 plus construction Phase 2	44.84	84.52	94.96	0.31	18.11	6.01		
SCAQMD Operational Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55		
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No	No	No		

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 11.

Notes:

 Overlapping emissions calculated from the highest emissions levels during construction and the active operational phase.

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Operations-Related Toxic Air Contaminants

CARB's Air Quality and Land Use Handbook provides an advisory recommendation that a 50-foot separation be provided between sensitive receptors and typical gasoline dispensing facilities. The project includes the construction and operation of a 16-fuel pump service station which is not anticipated to exceed over one million gallons of throughput annually. The closest sensitive receptors to the proposed service station are the existing residential uses located west of Monroe Street, at approximately 185 feet (~56 meters) from the service station canopy.

The fuel pump-portion of the project requires permits from SCAQMD and fuel-related emissions will be regulated by SCAQMD Rule 461 and be required to obtain a Permit To Operate. Gasoline dispensing facilities are required to use Phase I/II EVR (enhanced vapor recovery) systems. Phase II EVR have an average efficiency of 95.1 percent and Phase I EVR have an average efficiency of 98 percent. Therefore, the potential for fugitive VOC or TAC emissions from the proposed fueling pumps is negligible.

Assuming one million gallons per year of throughput for this gasoline-dispensing facility (as the actual throughput is unknown at this time but is not anticipated to exceed one million gallons annually), using SCAQMD's *Emission Inventory and Risk Assessment Guidelines for Gasoline Dispensing Facilities* and a downwind distance of 50 meters in the Palm Springs area, to be conservative, the residential cancer risk for the closest residential receptors is 1.43 in a million, which would not exceed the SCAQMD toxic air contaminant threshold of 10 in a million.

Therefore, the project will not be a significant source of toxic air contaminants or fugitive VOC emissions and sensitive receptors would not be exposed to toxic sources of air pollution.

Cumulative Impacts

There are several cumulative projects in the project area that have not yet been built or are currently under construction. Since the timing or sequencing of the cumulative projects is unknown, any quantitative analysis to ascertain daily construction emissions that assumes multiple, concurrent construction projects would be speculative. Further, cumulative projects include local development as well as general growth within the project area. However, as with most development, the greatest source of emissions is from mobile sources, which travel well out of the local area. Therefore, from an air quality standpoint, the cumulative analysis would extend beyond any local projects and when wind patterns are considered would cover an even larger area. SCAQMD recommends using two different methodologies: (1) that project-specific air quality impacts be used to determine the potential cumulative impacts to regional air quality; and (2) that a project's consistency with the current AQMP be used to determine its potential cumulative impacts.

Project Specific Impacts

The project area is out of attainment for ozone and in 2018 was out of attainment for PM10. Construction and operation of cumulative projects will further degrade the local air quality, as well as the air quality of the Salton Sea portion of the South Coast Air Basin. The greatest cumulative impact on the quality of regional air cell will be the incremental addition of pollutants mainly from increased traffic volumes from residential, commercial, and industrial development and the use of heavy equipment and trucks associated with the construction of these projects. Air quality will be temporarily degraded during construction activities that occur separately or simultaneously. However, in

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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accordance with SCAQMD methodology, projects that do not exceed SCAQMD's thresholds, or can be mitigated to less than criteria levels are not significant and do not add to the overall cumulative impact. A significant impact may occur if a project would add a cumulatively considerable contribution of a federal or state non-attainment pollutant.

Project operations would generate emissions of NOx, ROG, CO, PM10, and PM2.5, which would not exceed the SCAQMD regional or local thresholds and would not be expected to result in ground level concentrations that exceed the NAAQS or CAAQS. Since the project would not introduce any substantial stationary sources of emissions, CO is the benchmark pollutant for assessing local area air quality impacts from post-construction motor vehicle operations. As indicated earlier, no violations of the state and federal CO standards are projected to occur for the project, based on the magnitude of traffic the project is anticipated to create. Therefore, operation of the project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase for non-attainment of criteria pollutants or ozone precursors. As a result, the project would result in a less than significant cumulative impact for operational emissions.

In summary, compliance with SCAQMD and CARB Rules for the control of criteria pollutants during construction, and long-term operation would ensure that the project's contribution to regional air quality impacts would be less than significant and no additional mitigation measures are required.

c) Expose sensitive receptors, which are located within one (1) mile of the project site, to substantial pollutant concentrations? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

Project-related construction air emissions may have the potential to exceed the State and federal air quality standards in the project vicinity, even though these pollutant emissions may not be significant enough to create a regional impact to the South Coast Air Basin. In order to assess local air quality impacts SCAQMD has developed Localized Significant Thresholds (LSTs) to assess the project-related air emissions in the project vicinity. In June 2003, SCAQMD provided Final Localized Significant Threshold Methodology (LST Methodology) that details the methodology to analyze local air emission impacts. The LST Methodology found that the primary emissions of concern are NO₂, CO, PM10, and PM2.5.

The significance thresholds for the local emissions of NO₂ and CO are determined by subtracting the highest background concentration from the last three years of these pollutants from Table 4, from the most restrictive ambient air quality standards for these pollutants that are outlined in the Localized Significant Thresholds. Table 5, above, shows the ambient air quality standards for NO₂, CO, and PM10 and PM2.5.

Construction-Related Local Impacts

Construction-related air emissions may have the potential to exceed the State and Federal air quality standards in the project vicinity, even though these pollutant emissions may not be significant enough to create a regional impact to the Salton Sea portion of the South Coast Air Basin. The proposed project has been analyzed for the potential local air quality impacts created from: construction-related fugitive dust and diesel emissions; from toxic air contaminants; and from construction-related odor impacts.

SCAQMD has published a "Fact Sheet for Applying CalEEMod to Localized Significance Thresholds" (South Coast Air Quality Management District 2011b). CalEEMod calculates construction emissions based on the number of equipment hours and the maximum daily disturbance activity possible for each

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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piece of equipment. In order to compare CalEEMod reported emissions against the localized significance threshold lookup tables, the CEQA document should contain the following parameters:

- 1. The off-road equipment list (including type of equipment, horsepower, and hours of operation) assumed for the day of construction activity with maximum emissions.
- 2. The maximum number of acres disturbed on the peak day.
- 3. Any emission control devices added onto off-road equipment.
- Specific dust suppression techniques used on the day of construction activity with maximum emissions.

As shown in Table 10, *Maximum Number of Acres Disturbed per Day*, the maximum number of acres disturbed in a day would be 2.5 acres during grading for Phase 1, and 4 acres during grading for Phase 2. The local air quality emissions from construction were analyzed using SCAQMD's Mass Rate Localized Significant Threshold Look-up Tables and the methodology described in SCAMD's_LST Methodology. The Look-up Tables were developed by SCAQMD in order to readily determine if the daily emissions of CO, NOx, PM10, and PM2.5 from a proposed project could result in a significant impact to the local air quality. The emission thresholds were calculated based on the Coachella Valley source receptor area (SRA) 30 and a disturbance value of two acres per day, to be conservative. According to the LST Methodology, any receptor located closer than 25 meters (82 feet) shall be based on the 25-meter thresholds. The nearest sensitive receptors are the existing single-family detached residential dwelling unit located within the eastern portion of the project site as well as the single-family detached residential dwelling units located adjacent to the eastern and southern property lines of the project site; therefore, the SCAQMD Look-up Tables for 25 meters was used. Table 11, *Local Construction Emissions at the Nearest Receptors*, shows the on-site emissions from the CalEEMod model for the different construction phases for Phases 1 and 2 and the LST emissions thresholds.

The data provided in Table 11 shows that none of the analyzed criteria pollutants would exceed the local emissions thresholds at the nearest sensitive receptors. A less than significant local air quality impact would occur from construction of the proposed project.

Operations Related Local Air Quality Impacts

Project-related air emissions may have the potential to exceed the State and federal air quality standards in the project vicinity, even though these pollutant emissions may not be significant enough to create a regional impact to the SSAB. The proposed project was analyzed for the potential local CO emission impacts from project-generated vehicular trips and from the potential local air quality impacts from on-site operations.

Local CO Emission Impacts from Project-Generated Vehicular Trips

CO is the pollutant of major concern along roadways because the most notable source of CO is motor vehicles. For this reason, CO concentrations are usually indicative of the local air quality generated by a roadway network and are used as an indicator of potential local air quality impacts. Local air quality impacts were assessed by comparing future without and with project CO levels to the State and federal CO standards listed in Table AQ-1.

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Table 10 Maximum Number of Acres Disturbed per Day

Activity ¹	Equipment	Number	Acres/8hr-day	Total Acres
	Phase 1		R WOLLS	
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	0.5	1
Demolition	Phase Total	-	-	1
	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	0.5	0.5
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	0.5	1
	Phase Total	_	-	1.5
Candina	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	0.5	0.5
	Graders	1	0.5	0.5
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	0.5	1.5
	Phase Total	_	-	2.5
	Phase 2			
	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	0.5	0.5
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	0.5	1.5
	Phase Total			2
	Scraper	2	1	2
	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	0.5	0.5
Grading	Graders	1	0.5	0.5
	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	0.5	1
	Phase Total		_	4

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 8.

Notes

 Source: South Coast AQMD, Fact Sheet for Applying CalEEMod to Localized Significance Thresholds, 2011b.

To determine if the proposed project could cause emission levels in excess of the CO standards, a sensitivity analysis is typically conducted to determine the potential for CO "hot spots" at a number of intersections in the general project vicinity. Because of reduced speeds and vehicle queuing, "hot spots" potentially can occur at high traffic volume intersections with a Level of Service E or worse (see initial Study Section 37, *Transportation*, for a discussion of levels of service with and without the project).

The analysis prepared for CO attainment in the South Coast Air Basin by SCAQMD was used to assist in evaluating the potential for CO exceedances in the South Coast Air Basin. CO attainment was thoroughly analyzed as part of SCAQMD's 2003 Air Quality Management Plan (2003 AQMP) and the 1992 Federal Attainment Plan for Carbon Monoxide (1992 CO Plan). As discussed in the 1992 CO Plan, peak carbon monoxide concentrations in the South Coast Air Basin are due to unusual meteorological and topographical conditions, and not due to the impact of particular intersections.

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Table 11 Local Construction Emissions at the Nearest Receptors

Phase 1 Activity	On-Site	Pollutant Em	issions (pour	ids/day)1		
Filase I Activity	NOx	СО	PM10	PM2.5		
Demolition	31.44	21.57	1.87	1.49		
Site Preparation	14.76	8.56	3.21	2.00		
Grading	24.74	15.86	3.72	2.38		
Building Construction	17.43	16.58	0.96	0.90		
Paving	11.12	14.58	0.57	0.52		
Architectural Coating	1.41	1.81	0.08	0.08		
SCAQMD Thresholds ²	191	1,299	7	5		
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No		
Dhan O Antivity	On-Site Pollutant Emissions (pounds/day) ¹					
Phase 2 Activity	NOx	СО	PM10	PM2.5		
Site Preparation	13.82	10.30	3.17	1.94		
Grading	38.84	29.04	5.02	2.91		
Building Construction	15.62	16.36	0.81	0.76		
Paving	8.58	14.58	0.42	0.39		
Architectural Coating	1.15	1.81	0.05	0.05		
SCAQMD Thresholds ²	191	1,299	7	5		
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No		

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 9.

Notes

- 1. Calculated from CalEEMod and SCAQMD's Mass Rate Look-up Tables for 2 acres, to be conservative, at a distance of 25 m in Coachella Valley.
- Closest receptors are the school use located adjacent to the northeast and the singlefamily dwelling units located adjacent to the south of the site; therefore, the 25 meter threshold was used.

Phase 1 will disturb up to a maximum of 2.5 acres a day during grading and Phase 2 will disturb up to a maximum of 4 acres a day during grading (see Table 8). To be conservative, the 2-acre thresholds were used for both Phase 1 and Phase 2.

Considering the region's unique meteorological conditions and the increasingly stringent CO emissions standards, CO modeling was performed as part of 1992 CO Plan and subsequent plan updates and air quality management plans. In the 1992 CO Plan, a CO hot spot analysis was conducted for four busy intersections in Los Angeles at the peak morning and afternoon time periods. The intersections evaluated included: South Long Beach Boulevard and Imperial Highway (Lynwood); Wilshire Boulevard and Veteran Avenue (Westwood); Sunset Boulevard and Highland Avenue (Hollywood); and La Cienega Boulevard and Century Boulevard (Inglewood). These analyses did not predict a violation of CO standards. The busiest intersection evaluated was that at Wilshire Boulevard and Veteran Avenue, which has a daily traffic volume of approximately 100,000 vehicles per day. The Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority evaluated the Level of Service in the vicinity of the Wilshire Boulevard/Veteran Avenue intersection and found it to be Level of Service E during the morning peak hour and Level of Service F during the afternoon peak hour.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

The Vista Santa Rosa Gateway TIA showed that at buildout, the project would generate a maximum of 7,923 net total trips per day. The intersection with the highest traffic volume is located at Project Driveway 2 and Airport Boulevard and has a Buildout Year (2040) With Project morning peak hour volume of 1,109 vehicles. The segment with the highest Average Daily Trip (ADT) volume for the Buildout Year (2040) With Project scenario is Airport Boulevard from Grapefruit Road (Highway 111) to Highway 86, which has 30,000 average daily trips. The 1992 Federal Attainment Plan for Carbon Monoxide (1992 CO Plan) showed that an intersection which has a daily traffic volume of approximately 100,000 vehicles per day would not violate the CO standard. Therefore, as the project's highest traffic volumes (7,923) fall far short of 100,000 vehicles, no CO "hot spot" modeling was performed and no significant long-term air quality impact is anticipated to local air quality with the on-going use of the proposed project.

Local Air Quality Impacts from On-Site Operations

Project-related air emissions from on-site sources such as architectural coatings, landscaping equipment, on-site usage of natural gas appliances as well as the operation of vehicles on-site may have the potential to exceed the State and federal air quality standards in the project vicinity, even though these pollutant emissions may not be significant enough to create a regional impact to the South Coast Air Basin. The nearest sensitive receptor that may be impacted by the proposed project are Westside Elementary School located adjacent to the northeast corner of the project site, the single-family detached residential dwelling units located adjacent to the south, the single-family detached residential dwelling units located as close as approximately 80 feet west (across Monroe Street) and approximately 375 feet northwest (across Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard intersection).

The local air quality emissions from on-site operations were analyzed according to the methodology described in SCAQMD's LST Methodology. The Look-up Tables were developed by the SCAQMD in order to readily determine if the daily emissions of CO, NOx, PM10, and PM2.5 from the proposed project could result in a significant impact to the local air quality. Per SCAQMD staff, the 5-acre Look-up Table can be used as a conservative screening analysis for on-site operational emissions to determine whether more-detailed dispersion modeling would be necessary. The proposed project was analyzed based on the Coachella Valley source receptor area (SRA 30) and the thresholds for a five-acre project site (as the site is approximately 25.9 acres with 6.92 acres for Phase 1 and 18.98 acres for Phase 2).

Table 12, Local Operations at the Nearest Receptors, shows the on-site emissions from the CalEEMod model that includes natural gas usage, landscape maintenance equipment, and vehicles operating on-site and the calculated emissions thresholds. Per LST methodology, mobile emissions include on-site vehicles which equate to approximately 10 percent of the project-related new mobile sources. The data provided in Table 12 shows that the on-going operations of the proposed project would not exceed the local NOx, CO, PM10 and PM2.5 thresholds of significance discussed above. Therefore, the proposed project would create a less than significant operations-related impact to local air quality due to on-site emissions and no mitigation would be required.

Operations-Related Toxic Air Contaminant Impacts on Sensitive Receptors

As discussed in the Regional Air Quality section above, the project will not be a significant source of toxic air contaminants or fugitive VOC emissions and sensitive receptors would not be exposed to toxic sources of air pollution. Therefore, the project will not result in significant Localized Operational emissions-related impacts.

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Table 12 Local Operations at the Nearest Receptors

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Phase 1	On-Site Pollutant Emissions (pounds/day) ¹									
On-Site Emission Source	NOx	СО	PM10	PM2.5						
Area Sources ²	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						
Energy Usage ³	0.27	0.23	0.02	0.02						
Vehicle Emissions ⁴	4.54	4.49	1.11	0.30						
Total Emissions	4.81	4.73	1.13	0.32						
SCAQMD Thresholds ⁵	304	2,292	4	2						
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No						

Phase 2	On-Site Pollutant Emissions (pounds/day) ¹				
On-Site Emission Source	NOx	co	PM10	PM2.5	
Area Sources ²	4.81	26.90	0.50	0.50	
Energy Usage ³	1.27	0.59	0.10	0.10	
Vehicle Emissions⁴	2.55	3.28	1.21	0.33	
Total Emissions	8.64	30.77	1.81	0.94	
SCAQMD Thresholds ⁵	304	2,292	4	2	
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No	

Total Onsite Emissions Phases 1 & 2	13.45	35.50	2.94	1.26
SCAQMD Thresholds ⁵	304	2,292	4	2
Exceeds Threshold?	No	No	No	No

Source: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Table 9.

Notes

- 1. Calculated from CalEEMod and SCAQMD's Mass Rate Look-up Tables for 5 acres.
- Area sources consist of emissions from consumer products, architectural coatings, and landscaping equipment.
- 3. Energy usage consists of emissions from on-site natural gas usage.
- 4. On-site vehicular emissions based on 1/10 of the gross vehicular emissions and road dust.
- 5. Closest receptors are the school use located adjacent to the northeast and the single-family dwelling units located adjacent to the south of the site; therefore, the 25-meter threshold was used.
- d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

SCAQMD's CEQA Handbook states that an odor impact would occur if the proposed project creates an odor nuisance pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 402, which states:

A person shall not discharge from any source whatsoever such quantities of air contaminants or other material which cause injury, detriment, nuisance, or annoyance to any considerable number of persons to the public, or which endanger the comfort, repose, health or safety of any such persons or the public, or which cause, or have a natural tendency to cause, injury or damage to business or property.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	incorporated		

The provisions of this rule shall not apply to odors emanating from agricultural operations necessary for the growing of crops or the raising of fowl or animals.

Construction-Related Odor Impacts

Potential sources that may emit odors during construction activities include the application of materials such as asphalt pavement. The objectionable odors that may be produced during the construction process are of short-term in nature and the odor emissions are expected cease upon the drying or hardening of the odor producing materials. Due to the short-term nature and limited amounts of odor producing materials being utilized, no significant impact related to odors would occur during construction of the proposed project. Diesel exhaust and VOCs would be emitted during construction of the project, which are objectionable to some; however, emissions would disperse rapidly from the project site and therefore should not reach an objectionable level at the nearest sensitive receptors.

Operations-Related Odor Impacts

Potential sources that may emit odors during the on-going operations of the proposed project would include odor emissions from diesel truck emissions and trash storage areas. Due to the distance of the nearest receptors from the project site and through compliance with SCAQMD's Rule 402 no significant impact related to odors would occur during the on-going operations of the proposed project.

<u>Mitigation</u>: Compliance with SCAQMD Rules during short-term construction and long-term operation as listed below. No additional mitigation measures are required.

SCAQMD Rule	Description
402	Prohibits a person from discharging from any source whatsoever such quantities of air contaminants or other material which cause injury, detriment, nuisance, or annoyance.
403	Governs emissions of fugitive dust during construction and operation activities.
403.1	Supplemental to Rule 403 requirements and shall apply only to fugitive dust sources in the Coachella Valley
445	Prohibits permanently installed wood burning devices into any new development.
481	Applies to all spray painting and spray coating operations and equipment. The rule states that a person shall not use or operate any spray painting or spray coating equipment unless one of the following conditions is met:
108	Governs the sale, use, and manufacturing of asphalt and limits the volatile organic compound (VOC) content in asphalt used in the South Coast Air Basin.
1113	Governs the sale, use, and manufacturing of architectural coating and limits the VOC content in paints and paint solvents.
1143	Governs the manufacture, sale, and use of paint thinners and solvents used in thinning of coating materials, cleaning of coating application equipment, and other solvent cleaning operations by limiting their VOC content.
1186	Limits the presence of fugitive dust on paved and unpaved roads and sets certification protocols and requirements for street sweepers that are under contract to provide sweeping services to any federal, state, county, agency or special district such as water, air, sanitation, transit, or school district.
1303	Governs the permitting of re-located or new major emission sources, requiring Best Available Control Measures and setting significance limits for PM ₁₀ among other pollutants.
1401	New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Specifies work practice requireme 1403 demolition and renovation activitie of asbestos-containing materials (s, including				nce
Provides employers with a menu of generated from employee communication requirements, Health & Safety Confederal Clean Air Act.	tes, to comp	ly with fede	eral and state (Clean Air Ac	t
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.					
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:		NAME OF THE	3 12 3 8 1		
7. Wildlife & Vegetation a) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Communior other approved local, regional, or state conservation 	nity Plan,				\boxtimes
b) Have a substantial adverse effect, either d through habitat modifications, on any endange threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the C Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.	irectly or ered, or California Title 50, .12)?				
c) Have a substantial adverse effect, either d through habitat modifications, on any species identicandidate, sensitive, or special status species in regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the ODEPartment of Fish and Wildlife or U. S. Wildlife Se	fied as a local or California				
d) Interfere substantially with the movement native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species established native resident or migratory wildlife cor- impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?	s or with				
e) Have a substantial adverse effect on any habitat or other sensitive natural community identifie or regional plans, policies, and regulations or California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Wildlife Service?	d in local by the				\boxtimes
f) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands (including, but not limarsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?	mited to,				\boxtimes
g) Conflict with any local policies or or protecting biological resources, such as a tree pre- policy or ordinance?					

<u>Source(s)</u>: Resources Assessment and CVMSHCP Consistency Analysis, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village, James W. Cornett, Ecological Consultants, March 2019 (EA Appendix B)

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
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Findings of Fact:

 a. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan? Determination: No Impact.

A Consistency Analysis with the Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (CVMSHCP) was conducted as part of the Biological Resources Assessment. The project site does not lie within, or adjacent to, a Conservation Area as shown in the CVMSHCP. Therefore, there are no CVMSHCP requirements or recommendations regarding landscape plant use, drainage modifications or other stipulations for projects adjacent to conservation areas.

- Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12); or
- c. Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U. S. Wildlife Service? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

Prior to the initiation of field work, reviews of the literature and institutional records were conducted to determine the biological resources that might exist within the general area and to determine the possible occurrence of special status species. Records, collections, websites and/or staff of the University of California at Riverside Herbarium, the Boyd Deep Canyon Desert Research Center and the Coachella Valley Association of Governments were consulted for specific information regarding occurrence of sensitive or non-covered species. The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) was also consulted.

Intensive plant and animal surveys (10 days/nights) were conducted on the project site in February and March 2019. Survey dates were in late winter and early spring when perennial and ephemeral plant species and resident vertebrate species could be detected. This period in 2019 experienced unusually cold temperatures reducing the likelihood that certain species would be detected. Cold temperatures dictate against the germination of some ephemeral plant species and the activity of reptiles and arthropods. Despite this limitation, biologists concluded that the phenomenon did not impact the findings of the report because (1) sensitive species had been recently detected at other locations in the immediate area and/or (2) there was no historical information available contradicting the findings of the current field surveys or literature review.

The site is surrounded by a variety of land uses including an elementary school to the east, residential development to the west, and date orchard and active agricultural fields on the east, north and south. Biologists observed that approximately fifteen acres of the project site has been graded in the past and is currently occupied by residences, small businesses and vegetable/nursery gardens. Seven acres have been severely disturbed by illegal dumping, foot paths and informal roadways. Very recent vehicle tracks were noted. Unleashed dogs were observed on two occasions and unrestrained cats were observed four times. Introduced exotic weed species such as tamarisk (*Tamarix ramosissima*) and Sahara mustard (*Brassica tournefortii*) were found over most of the site.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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<u>Plant Survey Results</u>. One native plant community was found on site, the Saltbush Scrub Community consisting of the dominant quailbrush (*Atriplex lentiformis*), alkaline goldenbush (*Isocoma acradenia*), iodine bush (*Allenrolfea occidentalis*), bush seepweed (*Suaeda moquinii*), and mesquite (*Prosopis glandulosa*). Eight acres of the project site are occupied by this community showing various degrees of disturbance.

Variations of this plant community occupy thousands of square miles of desert lands in California. The community found on site has been negatively impacted by the invasion of non-native plant species including tree tamarisk (*Tamarix aphylla*) and shrub tamarisk (*Tamarix ramosissima*).

In addition, a number of weedy species were in evidence including Russian thistle (*Salsola tragus*), nettleleaf goosefoot (*Chenopodium murale*) and horseweed (*Conyza canadensis*). The Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants of California, published by the California Native Plant Society (2001), the *CNDDB Special Plant List* (2018) and the *Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California* (2018) list no plants species that might conceivably occur on the project site. Additionally, a review of the information on special-status plant species provided in the California Natural Diversity Database revealed no locality information on rare plants for the project site or vicinity.

Therefore, the Biological Resources Assessment concluded that due to the high degree of disturbance of this community, development of the project site would not result in a significant unavoidable impact and no mitigation measures were identified.

Animal Survey Results

Invertebrates

Three insect species known to occur within the Coachella Valley have been placed on the CDFW's Special Animals list: Coachella giant sand treader cricket (Macrobaenetes valgum), Coachella Valley Jerusalem cricket (Stenopelmatus cahuilaensis) and Coachella Valley grasshopper (Spaniacris deserticola). The US Fish and Wildlife Services (USFWS) has expressed concern about a fourth insect species, Casey's June beetle (Dinacoma caseyi). None of these four insect species were found during the surveys reflecting the lack of suitable habitat on and near the project site. The sand treader and Jerusalem crickets are closely associated with areas of loose, windblown sand—a habitat not found on or near the project site. The Coachella Valley grasshopper is not known to occur within disturbed salt bush scrub habitats where its primary food plant does not occur. Casey's June beetle has only been encountered along the southern edge of the City of Palm Springs, nearly twenty-five miles west of the project site. Only the Casey's June beetle is currently listed as threatened or endangered (or a candidate for listing) by CDFW or USFWS.

Reptiles

Three reptile species were detected on site: desert spiny lizard (*Sceloporus magister*), side-blotched lizard (*Uta stansburiana*) and western whiptail (*Cnemidophorus tigris*). Effort was made to locate sign of the officially threatened desert tortoise (*Goperhus agassizi*). However, no evidence of any kind was found and no direct observations were made. The habitat of the project site is considered unsuitable for the desert tortoise because approximately 15 acres (more than half the site) had been graded in the past, approximately 7 acres had been severely disturbed by illegal dumping and the remainder of the site had been impacted by foot paths, informal roadways or off-road-vehicles. Unleashed dogs were observed on two occasions and unrestrained cats were observed four times. Introduced exotic weed species such as tamarisk (*Tamarix ramosissima*) and Sahara mustard (*Brassica tournefortii*) were also found over most of the site. In the report author's forty years of experience conducting desert tortoise

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

surveys, the species has never been found occupying a site with such intense human impacts. The desert tortoise is also not known to occupy the alkali sink community, the historical plant community that once occupied the entire site. For these reasons, it was concluded this species does not currently occur within the project site and immediate vicinity.

An effort was made to locate the Coachella Valley fringe-toed lizard (*Uma inornata*) and flattailed horned lizard (*Phrynosoma mcalli*). However, no individuals or sign off either species were found. Both require a substrate of loose, wind-blown sand, a habitat not found on or near the site boundaries.

Rirds

Birds observed within the project boundaries included Say's phoebe (Sayornis saya), American kestrel (Falco sparverius), Brewer's blackbird (Euphagus cyanocephalus), Gambel's quail (Callipepla gambelii), house finch (Carpodacus mexicanus), mourning dove (Zenaida macroura) and introduced house sparrow (Passer domesticus).

<u>La Conte's Threasher.</u> No observations of LeConte's thrasher (*Toxostoma lecontei*) were recorded during surveys. In the Coachella Valley this species is closely associated with golden cholla, an arborescent cactus that provides a nesting site for the thrasher. The cactus species was not found onsite and it was concluded the thrasher does not occupy the project site. LeConte's thrasher is a covered species under the CVMSHCP.

Yuma Clapper Rail. The Yuma clapper rail (*Rallus longirostris yumanensis*) is known to inhabit freshwater marsh environments in the general region of the project site. However, the absence of these environments in or near the site precluded the presence of this species. The clapper rail is officially listed as endangered by the federal government and threatened by the state government.

<u>Burrowing Owl</u>. An intensive survey for the burrowing owl BUOW) was undertaken following protocols established by state and federal governments. No observations of BUOW were recorded, no burrows were found, and no other evidence of presence was located. More importantly, the habitat of the project site was found to be unsuitable for BUOW. This was a result of several factors including:

- (1) Piles of landscape debris, ornamental trees which nearly surround the property, chest-high vegetation and adjacent structures hawks and prairie falcons (note: photos of these existing conditions are included in the Biological Resources assessment (EA Appendix B). BUOW normally perch on the ground and even minor vertical elements, particularly when in close proximity as they typically are on the project site, can prevent owls from observing the approach of aerial predators. For this reason, they do not take up residence in closed environments such as the project site.
- (2) Because of the vulnerability of their burrows and potential eggs or young within, BUOW rarely take up residence in areas of intense human activity. The small size of the project site and its location immediately adjacent to a school, a small retail enterprise, two human residences, one paved road, two unpaved roads and at least two regularly used foot paths that cross the site demonstrate a high level of human activity. This activity dissuades owls from taking up residency within the site boundaries.
- (3) Unrestrained domesticated predators (dogs and cats) were observed multiple times within project site boundaries. BUOW do not take up residence on a site where they may encounter either domesticated dogs or cats, both of which are known to prey upon or harass BUOW.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Significant	Significant Significant Impact with	Significant Significant Than Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact

(4) No ground squirrel burrows were found within the site boundaries. BUOW require the existence of abandoned ground squirrel burrows, in California usually those of the Beechey ground squirrel (*Spermophilus beecheyi*), which they enlarge for their own use. Although one Beechey ground squirrel was observed, its burrow appeared to be offsite to the south and west. Ornithologists generally agree that BUOW cannot occupy a site without the existence of numerous abandoned burrows. Any one of these BUOW avoidance factors could be expected to prevent, or at least deter residency. Taken together they virtually guarantee that BUOW will not be present. As a sometimes-migratory species, BUOW is not functionally covered under the CVMSHCP.

Therefore, the Biological Resources Assessment concluded that the habitat for BUOW was unsuitable and no pre-construction clearance surveys for this species have been recommended.

<u>Loggerhead Shrike.</u> The loggerhead shrike, a state Species of Special Concern, was not observed or detected on or near the project site. The project site is considered unsuitable for shrike nesting because of past grading and other site disturbances, observations of unrestrained cats and dogs and intense human activities on and surrounding the site. The shrike is not a covered species under the CVMSHCP.

<u>Migratory Birds</u>. Most migratory bird species are not covered under the CVMSHCP. However, the site was not considered a significant food or shelter site for migratory bird species due to human disturbances, presence of domesticated predators and the absence of surface water resources on and adjacent to the site.

Mammals

Detected mammals included the house mouse (*Mus musculus*), desert cottontail (*Sylvilagus audubonii*), and coyote (*Canis latrans*). No individuals or evidence of the Coachella Valley round-tailed ground squirrel (*Spermophilus tereticaudus chlorus*) or Palm Springs little pocket mouse, *Perognathus longimembris bangsi*, were detected. The USFWS has expressed concern regarding the status of these species. The absence of the ground squirrel and pocket mouse on the project site undoubtedly reflects the lack of suitable habitat. These species are normally found in relatively undisturbed localities or where soils are coarser and better drained. Both species are covered under the existing CVNSHCP.

d. Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

To determine if large animal corridors existed on the project site special attention was given during site surveys to observing and identifying animal tracks. In addition, sand sifting and smoothing was done in four areas so that tracks would be more prominent and identifiable. Road kills on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd. were also monitored on all site visits.

Most of the project site is already impacted by human residences, small businesses, dumping, past grading and vehicle use. Disturbance and current uses of surrounding properties have made the site an ecological island with no movement of native terrestrial animals on and off the site. Other than invasive weed species, there are no opportunities for native plant disseminates to be dispersed on or off the site. Together, these factors make the site ecologically insignificant for the maintenance of native plants, animals and habitats in the region. Therefore, there would be a less than significant impact regarding native wildlife using the site as a corridor or nursery site.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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- e. Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service; or
- f. Have a substantial adverse effect on State or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? **Determination: No Impact.**

There are no naturally occurring springs, seeps, streams or other aquatic or riparian habitats within site boundaries. No blue-line streams, as depicted on United States Geological Survey topographical maps, exist within project boundaries.

g. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance? **Determination: No Impact.**

Other than the CVMSHCP, which is addressed above, the only local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources within the project area are County Ordinance No. 559 (Regulating the Removal of Trees) and the County's Oak Tree Management Guidelines. The project site does not contain oak trees. Therefore, the Riverside County Oak Tree Management Guidelines are not applicable to the Project. Ordinance No. 559 pertains to parcels or property located above 5,000 feet in elevation. Because the project site is at an approximate elevation of 50 feet below sea level, Ordinance No. 559 is also not applicable to the project site. Therefore, because the proposed project would not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance, no impact would occur as a result of implementation of the proposed project.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:					
8. Historic Resources			X		
a) Alter or destroy a historic site?					
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the			X		
significance of a historical resource, pursuant to California	ш	ш		ш	
Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?					

Source(s): Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California, CRM TECH, October 2018 (EA Appendix C; and Project Application Materials.

Findings of Fact:

- a. Alter or destroy a historic site; or
- b. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Significant	Significant Significant Impact with Mitigation	Significant Significant Than Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact

In order to determine the presence of any previously recorded historic site, CRM Tech conducted a records search at the Eastern Information Center (EIC) at the University of California, Riverside (UCR), for the project site and a one-mile radius considered the Area of Potential Effect (APE) for the project site. The complete records search results are provided within Appendix C of the Cultural Resources Assessment (Technical Appendix C to this MND). The records search including review of the following sources:

- California Historical Landmarks
- · Points of Historical Interest, or Riverside County Landmarks
- California Register of Historical Resources
- California Historical Resources Inventory
- National Register of Historic Places
- Riverside County Assessor's Office
- Science Library of the University of California, Riverside and the California Desert District of the U.S. Bureau of Land Management California Desert District office (Moreno Valley)
 - o U.S. General Land Office (GLO land survey plat maps dated 1856,
 - U.S. Geological Survey's (USGS) topographic maps dated 1904-1996, and
 - o Aerial photographs taken in 1953-2018.

An intensive survey of the project site was conducted, including a field inspection of all buildings within the project area. The building inspection concluded that buildings appeared to be more than 45 years old and retained a reasonable level of historical characteristics.

A records search at the EIC concluded that the project site has not been the subject of any previous cultural resources assessment. However, there have been 36 other sites within a one-mile radius of the project boundary that were the subject of such assessments; two occurred adjacent to the project area along the Monroe Street fight-of-way for pipeline projects. A review of these reports showed that there were a total of 23 cultural resources, including 16 historical/archaeological sites and seven isolates (localities with fewer than three artifacts) that were reported to the EIC within a one-mile radius. Seven of the sites and all of the isolates were of prehistoric—i.e., Native American—origin, concentrated mostly to the north of the project area, closer to the former shoreline of Holocene Lake Cahuilla. These are discussed further in Section 9, Archaeological Resources, below. Table 12, Previously Identified Historical Resources Within the Project Vicinity, identifies the nine known sites in the scope of the records search dated to the historic period. The nearest among these was Site 33-008129, a date palm grove that was recorded on the west side of Monroe Street and just to the southwest of the project area. The location of the site is now occupied by a part of the Palms Golf Club (SWC of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd). Since none of these sites or isolates was found within or immediately adjacent to the project area, none of them requires further consideration during the assessment of the project site for the Gateway Village project.

Historical sources (including historic maps) consulted for this study indicate that the project area remained unsettled and undeveloped until the mid-20th century. In the 1850s and around the turn of the 20th century, no man-made features were observed within or adjacent to the project area, nor was there any evidence of settlement or land development activities within a one-mile radius. At that time, the most notable features in the vicinity were a few winding roads across the sparsely settled landscape.

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Table 12 Previously Identified Historical Resources Within the Project Vicinity

Primary Number	Trinomial	Description
33-008129		Date palm grove, ca. 1935
33-008684	CA-RIV-6187H	Mid-20th century refuse scatter
33-008690	CA-RIV-6188H	Mid-20th century refuse scatter
33-011007	CA-RIV-6647H	Mid-20th century refuse scatter and well
33-014359		Single-family residence, ca. 1940s
33-014360		Single-family residence, ca. 1940s
33-014940		Single-family residence, ca. 1928
33-015589		Ranch and single-family residence
33-016214		Single-family residence, ca. 1937

Source:

CRM TECH, October 2018, Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report, Vista Sant Rosa Gateway Village, Table 1.

By the early 1940s, a more regular road grid had been established in the Thermal area, including Monroe Street and Avenue 56 (now Airport Blvd east of Monroe Street), lined by scattered buildings and patches of orchards, presumably date palm gardens. One of the buildings was located in the southwestern corner of the project area, where Kennedy's Store and Deli currently stands.

In the 1950s, the project area hosted at least five buildings, two on APN 764-080-004 (56400 Monroe Street; Kennedy's Store and Deli, formerly known as Kennedy's Market) and one each on APNs 764-070-002 (56180 Monroe Street), 764-070-003 (82069-82079 Airport Boulevard), and 764-080-002 (56300 Monroe Street).

Between 1956 and 1972, four more buildings were constructed on APN 764-070-003, completing the group of five modest residences currently extant at that address, and another was built on APN 764-080-003 (56302 Monroe Street), where Mountain Green Nursery is located today. Over the next 24 years, the building on APN 764-080-004 was expanded substantially to a size similar to its current footprint, while the one building on 764-080-002 was evidently replaced by a new building with a different footprint. More recently, the buildings on APNs 764-080-003 and 764-070-002 were removed in 2013-2014 and 2015-2016, respectively, leaving a total of seven buildings remaining within the project boundaries today.

Potential Historical Resources in the Project Area

During the field survey, a historic-period refuse scatter and a prehistoric artifact scatter were identified on APN 764-080-011, in the southeastern portion of the project site. These resources were recorded into the California Historical Resources Inventory, along with the five residences on APN 764-070-003 (82069-82079 Airport Blvd), which date to the late historic period and retain a recognizable level of historical character. The three localities, subsequently designated Sites 33-028312 (CA-RIV-12842), 33-028501 (CA-RIV-12843), and 33- 028507 by the EIC are discussed further in Section 9, *Archaeological Resources*.

Of the two other buildings currently extant in the project area, the residence on APN 764-080-002 (56300 Monroe Street) is clearly modern in origin, constructed sometime between 1972 and 1996. In the southwestern corner of the project area, Kennedy's Store and Deli on APN 764-080-004 (56400 Monroe Street) dates originally to circa 1952, but has undergone extensive expansion and alteration since 1972, including the construction of a two-story addition that is entirely modern in character. As it no longer retains the potential to be considered a "historical resource," this building was noted and

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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photographed but not formally recorded. The concrete slab foundation left by the demolished building on APN 764-070-002 (56180 Monroe Street) occurs without any associated historic-period artifact deposits. It demonstrates no potential to relate to the historic period or yield any data and requires no further study. The following is a summary of the resources that were considered for further evaluation.

Site 33-028312 (CA-RIV-12842): Historic-Period Refuse Scatter. This site consists of a historic-period refuse scatter of common household items spread over an approximately 75x55-foot area. Among the items are some 70 glass fragments and a large number of rusted metal fragments. One piece of sun colored amethyst glass and two bottle bases were observed among the glass shards. One of the bottle bases bears a "Owens Illinois" mark dating to the 1940-1963 period. Since there is no stippling on the base, it appears to predate 1945. The other bottle base has a partial marker's mark, "G", which could be Gayner.

Sparse scatters of domestic refuse on the ground surface are among the most common types of historic-period archaeological remains in the southern California desert regions. Typically, of unknown historical background and representing the result of isolated episodes of trash dumping, such sites demonstrate no identifiable association with any persons or events in history and little potential for any archaeological data, and 33-028313 is no exception. Therefore, Site 33-028312 does not meet the criteria for listing in the California Register, and does not qualify as a "historical resource."

Site 33-028507: Residences at 82069-82079 Airport Blvd. The proposed Gateway Village project would result in the demolition of all existing buildings on the property, including the five residences at 82069-82079 Airport Blvd. Historical sources indicate that all five residences at Site 33-028507 were constructed between 1951 and 1963. Because they stand in a tightly packed cluster on the same parcel and evidently share the same historical background, the five residences were recorded as a single site, 33-028507. All of these buildings are single-family residences of modest size, scale, and character, and are similar in style, construction method, and materials. They are all rectangularly shaped, one-story wood-frame structures with flat or gabled composition roofs and stucco walls except for one, perhaps the oldest in the group, with narrow horizontal clapboard siding. Except for some minor additions and window and door replacements, they are relatively unaltered.

Buildings and other features from the post-WWII era survive in large numbers in the Coachella Valley and throughout southern California, and generally require outstanding historical, architectural, aesthetic, or other merits to be considered for listing in the California Register. These buildings demonstrate no such merits.

Throughout the course of CRM TECH's research, no historical figures or events of recognized significance in national, State, or local history were identified in association with any of these residences. There is no evidence that any of these residences represents the work of a noted architect, designer, or builder, and their simple, utilitarian designs do not stand out as important examples of any style, type, period, region, or method of construction. Furthermore, as late-historic-period residential buildings of no particular distinction they hold little potential for any historical data. Based on these considerations, CRM TECH concluded that the buildings recorded at Site 33-028507 do not appear to meet any of the criteria for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, and do not constitute a "historical resource."

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
9. Archaeological Resources a) Alter or destroy an archaeological site?		\boxtimes		
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?		\boxtimes		
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?		\boxtimes		

Source(s): On-Site Inspection, Project Application Materials, Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California, CRM TECH, October 2018 (EA Appendix C); and Project Application Materials.

Findings of Fact:

- a) Alter or destroy an archaeological site?
- b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.**

As part of CRM TECH's Historical/Archaeological assessment, staff reviewed reports completed for other development projects sites within a one-mile radius of the project site. Table 13, *Previously Identified Archaeological Resources Within the Project Vicinity* lists 14 sites that fell within the scope of the records search conducted for Historical and Archaeological resources. Seven of the sites identified during the records search and all of the isolates were of prehistoric—i.e., Native American—origin, concentrated mostly to the north of the project area, closer to the former shoreline of Holocene Lake Cahuilla. The nearest among them to the project location was Isolate 33-009045, a chert flake found roughly 800 feet to the northwest, in an area that is now occupied by the Greg Norman Golf Club. Among the prehistoric sites, the nearest were Sites 33-011438 and 33-013757, both of them ceramic and lithic scatters recorded just within a half-mile to the north and the northeast, respectively.

In addition to archaeological resources known to occur within a one-mile radius of the project site, the field survey identified a prehistoric site within the boundary of the project site.

Site 33-028501 (CA-RIV-12843): Prehistoric Ceramic Scatter. This site consists of a prehistoric artifact scatter with 19 brownware sherds, including a rim sherd, and a single quartzite lithic flake. The artifacts were found on the surface over an area measuring approximately 42x20 meters, and the depth of the deposit was unknown during the field survey. The surface artifacts recorded at this site belong to the most common classes of prehistoric cultural remains found in the Coachella Valley region, and they alone do not hold a high potential for important archaeological data. However, whether the site has a subsurface component was not known during the initial field survey. At the elevation of approximately 55 feet below mean sea level, the site location was fully submerged by Holocene Lake Cahuilla until circa 1700 A.D. In general, prehistoric sites discovered well within the former lakebed do not tend to have a deep subsurface component in intact depositional context, but the possibility for additional, potentially significant archaeological features or artifacts in subsurface deposits at this site could not be ruled out without further investigation.

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Table 13 Previously Identified Archaeological Resources Within the Project Vicinity

Primary Number	Trinomial	Description	
33-006854		Isolate: ceramic sherds	
33-008682	CA-RIV-6185	Cremation in situ, with the associated ceramic and lithic artifacts	
33-008683	CA-RIV-6186	Lithic scatter	
33-008685		Isolate: ceramic sherd	
33-008686		Isolate: granitic metate fragment	
33-008687		Isolate: chert biface flakes	
33-009043	CA-RIV-6362	Temporary camp site	
33-009044		Isolate: chert flake	
33-009045		Isolate: chert flake	
33-011438	CA-RIV-6823	Ceramic and lithic scatters	
33-013756	CA-RIV-7526	Ceramic scatter and an isolated chipped-stone artifact	
33-013757	CA-RIV-7527	Ceramic and lithic scatters	
33-013758	CA-RIV-7528	Ceramic and lithic scatters	
33-014364		Isolate: wonderstone core	

Source: CRM TECH, October 2018, Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report, Vista Sant Rosa Gateway Village, Table 1.

In summary of the research results, the qualification of Site 33-028501 as a "historical resource" could not be ascertained without further archaeological investigations, as the presence or absence of a subsurface component of the site is currently unknown. Based on these findings, CRM TECH recommended that a systematic archaeological testing and evaluation program, including subsurface excavations, should be completed at Site 33-028501 to determine the data potential—and thereby the significance—of the site.

Between November 2018 and February 2019, CRM TECH conducted a Phase II Cultural Resources Testing and Evaluation Program for Site 33-028501 (CA-RIV-12843), at APN 764-080-011. The testing program was designed to explore the extent (both horizontally and vertically) and the nature of Site 33-028501, and to use this information to determine if the site holds the potential for new, important information regarding Native American lifeways. In an effort to ascertain whether the site had intact subsurface deposits or associated artifacts, CRM TECH performed a series of standard Phase II archaeological field procedures, including a re-survey of the site and the excavation of two test units and three surface scrapes. All of the collected artifacts from both surface and subsurface contexts were transported to the CRM TECH laboratory for in-depth analysis.

Information recovered from Site 33-028501 indicated that the site was used during Late Prehistoric Period. It is known that Native people would spread out across the surrounding countryside from their villages to collect items for food, shelter, clothing, adornment, and social activities. The data from this site do not provide any new, important information regarding the people that used the area or their culture. No new, important information about the chronology, subsistence strategies, settlement patterns, technologies, or any other aspect of the culture(s) of the people that used this area was learned from the testing and evaluation program at Site 33-028501.

CEQA guidelines define the term "historical resources" to apply to any such resources listed in, or determined to be eligible for listing in, the California Register of Historical Resources, included in a local register of historical resources, or determined to be historically significant by the lead agency (Title 14 CCR Section 15064.5(a)(1)-(3)). The criteria for listing in the California Register, are also used in the

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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lead agency's discretionary action of determining which resources are "historically significant," pursuant to CEQA regulations (Title 14 CCR Section 15064.5(a)(3)). Among the four criteria provided in PRC Section 5024.1(c), Criterion D, regarding the ability and potential to yield important information for the study of prehistory or history, is generally the most pertinent to the evaluation of prehistoric archaeological sites.

Additionally, CEQA provides the definition of a "unique archaeological resource". According to PRC Section 21083.2(g), "a unique archaeological resource" mean an archaeological artifact, object, or site about which it can be clearly demonstrated that, without merely adding to the current body of knowledge, there is a high probability that it meets any of the following criteria":

- (1) Contains information needed to answer important scientific research questions, and that there is a demonstrable public interest in that information;
- (2) Has a special and particular quality such as being the oldest of its type or the best available example of its type;
- (3) Is directly associated with a scientifically recognized important prehistoric or historic event or person. (PRC Section 21083.2(g))

Finally, CEQA establishes that "a project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource is a project that may have a significant effect on the environment" (PRC Section 21084.1). "Substantial adverse change," according to PRC Section 5020.1(q), "means demolition, destruction, relocation, or alteration such that the significance of an historical resource would be impaired."

Since Site 33-028501 does not meet CEQA's definition of a "historical resource," and since no other potential "historical resources" have been identified within the project area, the proposed Gateway Village project would not cause a substantial adverse change to any known significant archaeological resources. Nevertheless, the artifacts recovered from the site, the presence of other prehistoric sites in the area, and the disturbed nature of much of the ground surface on the project site, suggest the possibility that more prehistoric cultural remains may be present in subsurface deposits.

Based on these findings, CRM TECH concluded that Site 33-028501 (CA-RIV-12843) is not eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources and does not meet CEQA's definition of a "historical resource." Nevertheless, given the general archaeological sensitivity of the area, CRM TECH has recommended that all earth-moving operations associated with the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project be monitored by a qualified archaeologist and a Native American monitor of Cahuilla heritage. Such activities include grubbing, grading, trenching, excavations, and/or other earth-moving activities that impact undisturbed, native soils associated with the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project. Mitigation measures CUL-1 through CUL-5 address the County's requirements for the implementation of a Cultural Resources Monitoring Plan (CRMP), including the presence on site of a project archaeologist and Native American monitors during all ground disturbing activities. Implementation of these mitigation measures would ensure that impacts associated with construction of the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village would be less than significant.

c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

The project site does not contain a cemetery and no known formal cemeteries are located within the vicinity of the project site. However, because the project vicinity is known for prehistoric human

 Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	Impact
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incomorated		

habitation, Human remains may be inadvertently unearthed. If human remains are unearthed during grading and construction, the construction contractor is required by law to comply with California Health and Safety Code, Section 7050.5 "Disturbance of Human Remains." Under Section 7050.5(b) and (c), if human remains are discovered, the County Coroner must be contacted and if the Coroner recognizes the human remains to be those of a Native American or has reason to believe that they are those of a Native American, the Coroner is required to contact the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) by telephone within 24 hours.

California Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 requires that whenever the NAHC receives notification of a discovery of Native American human remains from a county coroner, the NAHC is required to immediately notify those persons it believes to be most likely descended from the deceased Native American. The descendants may, with the permission of the owner of the land, or his or her authorized representative, inspect the site of the discovery of the Native American human remains and may recommend to the owner or the person responsible for the excavation work means for treatment or disposition, with appropriate dignity, of the human remains and any associated grave goods. The descendants shall complete their inspection and make recommendations or preferences for treatment within 48 hours of being granted access to the site. Compliance with California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 and Public Resources Code Section 5097.98, any potential impacts to human remains, including human remains of Native American descent, would be less than significant. Mitigation measure CR-3 would ensure that this impact would be less than significant.

Mitigation:

Archaeological Resources

CUL-1 <u>Cultural Resources Monitoring Program (CRMP)</u>. Prior to issuance of grading permits, the applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A CRMP shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. This document shall be provided to the County Archaeologist for review and approval prior to issuance of the grading permit. The CRMP shall contain at a minimum the following:

Archaeological Monitor - An adequate number of qualified archaeological monitors shall be onsite to ensure all earth moving activities are observed for areas being monitored. This includes all grubbing, grading and trenching onsite and for all offsite improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined sand directed by the Project Archaeologist.

Cultural Sensitivity Training - The Project Archaeologist and a representative designated by the Tribe shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. Training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the Project and the surrounding area; the areas to be avoided during grading activities; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event unanticipated

Т	Potentially	Less than	Less	No
	Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
	Impact	with	Significant	•
		Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated	•	

cultural resources are identified, including who to contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. This is a mandatory training and all construction personnel must attend prior to beginning work on the project site. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.

Unanticipated Resources - In the event that previously unidentified potentially significant cultural resources are discovered, the Archaeological and/or Tribal Monitor(s) shall have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of discovery to allow evaluation of potentially significant cultural resources. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with the Tribal monitor, shall determine the significance of the discovered resources. The County Archaeologist must concur with the evaluation before construction activities will be allowed to resume in the affected area. Further, before construction activities are allowed to resume in the affected area, the artifacts shall be recovered and features recorded using professional archaeological methods. The Project Archaeologist shall determine the amount of material to be recovered for an adequate artifact sample for analysis. Isolates and clearly non-significant deposits shall be minimally documented in the field and the monitored grading can proceed.

Artifact Disposition - the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery. The Professional Archaeologist may submit a detailed letter to the County of Riverside during grading requesting a modification to the monitoring program if circumstances are encountered that reduce the need for monitoring.

- Native American Monitor (also mitigation measure TCR-1). Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit enter into an agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor. The Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and trenching. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources. The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition. This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.
- **CUL-3** Ground Disturbing Activities. If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed:
 - a. All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource (defined as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other) shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource.
 - b. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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- c. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished.
- CUL-4 <u>Artifact Deposition</u>. Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery.

Historic Resources - all historic archaeological materials recovered during the archaeological investigations (this includes collections made during an earlier project, such as testing of archaeological sites that took place years ago), shall be curated at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines

Prehistoric Resources - One of the following treatments shall be applied:

- a. Reburial of the resources on the Project property. The measures for reburial shall include, at least, the following: Measures to protect the reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all required cataloguing, analysis and studies have been completed on the cultural resources, with an exception that sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains are excluded. Any reburial processes shall be culturally appropriate. Listing of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the confidential Phase IV Report. The Phase IV Report shall be filed with the County under a confidential cover and not subject to a Public Records Request.
- b. <u>Curation at an Approved Curation Facility</u>. If reburial is not agreed upon by the Consulting Tribes then the resources shall be curated at a culturally appropriate manner at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence of curation in the form of a letter from the curation facility stating that subject archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid, shall be provided by the landowner to the County. There shall be no destructive or invasive testing on sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains.
- Phase IV Monitoring Report. Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, a Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring Report shall be submitted that complies with the Riverside County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall follow the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the TLMA website. The report shall include results of any feature relocation or residue analysis as well as evidence of the required cultural sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre-grade meeting and evidence that any artifacts have been treated in accordance to procedures stipulated in the CRMP (CUL-1).

Discovery of Human Remains

The following California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 requirement for the inadvertent discovery of human remains is included as Mitigation Measure CUL-6.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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CR-6 State Requirements for Human Remains. If human remains are unearthed during grading and construction, the construction contractor is required by law to comply with California Health and Safety Code, Section 7050.5 "Disturbance of Human Remains." Under Section 7050.5(b) and (c), if human remains are discovered, the County Coroner must be contacted and if the Coroner recognizes the human remains to be those of a Native American or has reason to believe that they are those of a Native American, the Coroner is required to contact the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) by telephone within 24 hours. Subsequently, the NAHC shall identify the "most likely descendant." The most likely descendant shall then make recommendations and engage in consultation concerning the treatment of the remains as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Due to the area's demonstrated high sensitivity for buried cultural deposits, including possible cremations, archaeological and Native American monitors will be onsite during all grading and other earth-moving activities within the project boundaries.

ENERGY Would the project:			
Result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?			
b) Conflict with or obstruct a State or Local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?		\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County Climate Action Plan ("CAP"), Project Application Materials; Ganddini Group, Inc., July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo (EA Appendix E).

Findings of Fact:

 Result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?
 Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

The Energy Analysis prepared for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway project relies on Information from the CalEEMod 2016.3.2 Daily and Annual Outputs from the project's Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis (see EA Appendix A.1). The CalEEMod outputs detail project related construction equipment, transportation energy demands, and facility energy demands.

Construction Energy Demands

The construction schedule is anticipated to be completed in four phases; however, per the Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis construction was modeled as two phases with Phase 1 beginning January 2021 and taking approximately 16 months to complete and Phase 2 beginning after completion of Phase 1 and taking approximately 54 months to complete. Staging of construction vehicles and equipment will occur on-site.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
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Construction Equipment Electricity Usage Estimates

Electrical service will be provided by the Imperial Irrigation District (IID). The focus within this section is the energy implications of the construction process, specifically the power cost from on-site electricity consumption during construction of the proposed project. The typical power cost per 1,000 square feet of building construction per month is estimated to be \$2.32 (per the 2017 National Construction Estimator). Table 14, *Project Construction Power Cost and Electricity Usage*, shows the total power cost of the on-site electricity usage during the construction is estimated to be approximately \$1,250.94 for Phase 1, \$35,266.32 for Phase 2, and \$36,517.26 for the total project (Phases 1 and 2 combined).

Table 14 Project Construction Power Cost and Electricity Usage

Power Cost (per 1,000 square foot of building per month of construction)	Total Building Size (1,000 Square Foot) ¹	Construction Duration (months)	Total Project Construction Power Cost
	Ph	ase 1	RANGE LINE
\$2.32	33.7	16	\$1,250.94
	Ph	ase 2	
\$2.32	281.5	54	\$35,266.32
	T	otal for Phases 1 & 2	\$36,517.26

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo, Table 3. Notes:

Construction Equipment Fuel Estimates

Fuel consumed by construction equipment would be the primary energy resource expended over the course of project construction. Fuel consumed by construction equipment was evaluated with the following assumptions:

- Construction schedule of 16 months for Phase 1 and 54 months for Phase 2
- All construction equipment was assumed to run on diesel fuel
- Typical daily use of 8 hours, with some equipment operating from ~6-7 hours
- Aggregate fuel consumption rate for all equipment was estimated at 18.5 hp-hr/day (from CARB's 2017 Emissions Factors Tables and fuel consumption rate factors as shown in Table D-21 of the Moyer Guidelines:
 - (https://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/moyer/guidelines/2017gl/2017_gl_appendix_d.pdf).
- Diesel fuel would be the responsibility of the equipment operators/contractors and would be sources within the region.
- Project construction represents a "single-event" for diesel fuel demand and would not require on-going or permanent commitment of diesel fuel resources during long term operation.

Using the CalEEMod data input from the Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis, the project's construction phase would consume electricity and fossil fuels as a single energy demand, that is, once construction is completed their use would cease. CARB's 2013 Emissions Factors tables show that on average aggregate fuel consumption (gasoline and diesel fuel) would be approximately 18.5 hp-hr-gal.

Building square footage estimated per the CalEEMod default floor surface area (see Appendix B of the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis, Ganddini Group, Inc. June 2020).

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
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Table 15, Construction Equipment Fuel Consumption Estimates, shows the results of the analysis of construction equipment.

As presented in Table 15, project construction activities would consume an estimated 44,774 gallons of diesel fuel during Phase 1 and 154,303 gallons of diesel fuel during Phase 2 for a total of 199,077 gallons of diesel fuel for the project (Phases 1 and 2 combined). As stated previously, project construction would represent a "single-event" diesel fuel demand and would not require on-going or permanent commitment of diesel fuel resources for this purpose.

Construction Worker Fuel Estimates

For the Gateway Village project, it was assumed that all construction worker trips are from light duty autos (LDA) along area roadways. With respect to estimated VMT, the construction worker trips would generate an estimated 393,338 VMT during Phase 1, 5,021,929 VMT during Phase 2, and 5,415,267 VMT for the entire project (Phases 1 and 2 combined). Data regarding project related construction worker trips were based on CalEEMod 2016.3.2 model defaults.

Table 15 Construction Equipment Fuel Consumption Estimates

Phase	Number of Days	Off road Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor	HP hrs/day	Total Fuel Consumed diesel fuel) ¹
	77123		Phase 1					
	22	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8	81	0.73	473	563
Demolition	22	Excavators	3	8	158	0.38	1441	1714
	22	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8	247	0.4	1581	1880
Site	11	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8	247	0.4	790	470
Preparation	11	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8	97	0.37	574	341
	22	Excavators	1	8	158	0.38	480	571
Grading	22	Graders	1	8	187	0.41	613	729
Orading	22	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8	247	0.4	790	940
	22	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	8	97	0.37	861	1,024
	270	Cranes	1	7	231	0.29	469	6,844
Building	270	Forklifts	3	8	89	0.2	427	6,235
Constructio	270	Generator Sets	1	8	84	0.74	497	7,258
n	270	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7	97	0.37	754	11,000
	270	Welders	1	8	46	0.45	166	2,417
	22	Pavers	2	8	130	0.42	874	1,039
Paving	22	Paving Equipment	2	8	132	0.36	760	904
	22	Rollers	2	8	80	0.38	486	578
Architectur al Coating	22	Air Compressors	1	6	78	0.48	225	267
Phase 1 Con	struction Fu	uel Demand (gallons of diesel fu	iel)					44,774

Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Table 15 Construction Equipment Fuel Consumption Estimates (continued)

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	able 10	Construction Equipi	ilciit i dei	Oonsu	iiption E	Juliates	Continu	euj
Phase	Number of Days	Off road Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor	HP hrs/day	Total Fuel Consumed diesel fuel)
			Phase 2		1			
Site	35	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8	247	0.4	790	1,495
Preparation	35	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	8	97	0.37	861	1,630
	93	Excavators	2	8	158	0.38	961	4,829
	93	Graders	1	8	187	0.41	613	3,083
Grading	93	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8	247	0.4	790	3,973
	93	Scrapers	2	8	367	0.48	2,819	14,169
	93	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8	97	0.37	574	2,887
	919	Cranes	1	7	231	0.29	469	23,294
Building	919	Forklifts	3	8	89	0.2	427	21,221
Constructio	919	Generator Sets	1	8	84	0.74	497	24,703
n	919	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7	97	0.37	754	37,440
	919	Welders	11	8	46	0.45	166	8,226
	58	Pavers	2	8	130	0.42	874	2,739
Paving	58	Paving Equipment	2	8	132	0.36	760	2,384
	58	Rollers	2	8	80	0.38	486	1,525
Architectur al Coating	58	Air Compressors	1	6	78	0.48	225	704
استتعملا		Phase 2	2 Construct	ion Fuel C	emand (ga	allons of di	esel fuel)	154,303
		Total Phases 1 & 2	Construct	ion Fuel D	emand (ga	allons of di	esel fuel)	199,077

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo, Table 4.

Vehicle fuel efficiencies for construction workers were estimated in the Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis using information generated using CARB's EMFAC model. An aggregate fuel efficiency of 28.57 miles per gallon (mpg) was used to calculate vehicle miles traveled for construction worker trips. Table 16, *Construction Worker Fuel Consumption Estimates*, shows that an estimated 13,768 gallons of fuel would be consumed for construction worker trips during Phase 1 and 175,776 gallons of fuel would be consumed for construction worker trips during Phase 2. As shown in Table EN 3, a total of 189,544 gallons of fuel would be consumed for construction worker trips for the entire project (Phases 1 and 2 combined).

Using Carl Moyer Guidelines Table D-21 Fuel consumption rate factors (bhp-hr/gal) for engines less than 750 hp. (Source: https://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/moyer/guidelines/2017gl/2017_gl_appendix_d.pdf)

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

Table 16 Construction Worker Fuel Consumption Estimates

Phase	Number of Days	Worker Trips/Day	Trip Length (miles)	Vehicle Miles Traveled	Average Vehicle Fuel Economy (mpg)	Estimated Fuel Consumption (gallons)
			Pha	se 1		
Demolition	22	15	11	3630	28.57	127
Site Preparation	11	18	11	2,178	28.57	76
Grading	22	15	11	3,630	28.57	127
Building Construction	270	126	11	374,220	28.57	13,098
Paving	22	15	11	3,630	28.57	127
Architectural Coating	22	25	11	6,050	28.57	212
	Total P	hase 1 Cons	truction W	orker Fuel Co	onsumption	13,768
			Pha	se 2		
Site Preparation	35	18	11	6,930	28.57	243
Grading	93	20	11	20,460	28.57	716
Building Construction	919	487	11	4,923,083	28.57	172,317
Paving	58	15	11	9,570	28.57	335
Architectural Coating	58	97	11	61,886	28.57	2,166
	Total P	hase 2 Cons	truction W	orker Fuel C	onsumption	175,776
٦	Total Phase:	s 1 & 2 Cons	truction W	orker Fuel C	onsumption	189,544

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo, Table 4. Notes:

Construction Vendor/Hauling Fuel Estimates

Table 17, Construction Vendor Fuel Consumption Estimates (MHD Trucks), and Table 18, Construction Vendor Fuel Consumption Estimates (HHD Trucks), show the estimated fuel consumption for vendor and hauling during building construction and architectural coating. With respect to estimated VMT, the vendor and hauling trips would generate an estimated 74,540 VMT during Phase 1, 684,839 VMT during Phase 2, and 759,379 VMT for the entire project (Phases 1 and 2 combined). Data regarding project related construction worker trips were based on CalEEMod 2016.3.2 model defaults.

Architectural Coatings

For the architectural coatings it was assumed that the contractors would be responsible for bringing coatings and equipment with them in their light duty vehicles. Therefore, vendors delivering construction material or hauling debris from the site during grading would use medium to heavy duty vehicles with an average fuel consumption of 8.5 mpg.

Assumptions for the worker trip length and vehicle miles traveled are consistent with CalEEMod 2016.3.2 defaults.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	-
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	-	

Table 17 Construction Vendor Fuel Consumption Estimates (MHD Trucks)

Phase	Number of Days	Vendor Trips/Day	Trip Length (miles)	Vehicle Miles Traveled	Average Vehicle Fuel Economy (mpg)	Estimated Fuel Consumption (gallons) ¹
			Phas	se 1		
Demolition	22	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
Site Preparation	11	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
Grading	22	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
Building Construction	270	50	5.4	72,900	8.5	8,576
Paving	22	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
Architectural Coating	22	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
	Total Pl	nase 1 Const	ruction Wo	rker Fuel Co	onsumption	8,576
1 1 1,2			Phas	se 2		
Site Preparation	35	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
Grading	93	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
Building Construction	919	138	5.4	684,839	8.5	80,569
Paving	58	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
Architectural Coating	58	0	5.4	0	8.5	0
	Total PI	nase 2 Const	ruction Wo	rker Fuel Co	onsumption	80,569
Total F		2 Construc				89,146

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo, Table 6. Notes:

Tables 17 and 18 show that an estimated 8,769 gallons of fuel would be consumed for vendor and hauling trips during Phase 1 and 80,569 gallons of fuel would be consumed for vendor and hauling trips during Phase 2. As shown in Table 17 and 18, a total of 89,339 gallons of fuel would be consumed for vendor and hauling trips for the entire project (Phases 1 and 2 combined).

Construction Energy Efficiency/Conservation Measures

Construction equipment used over the approximately 16-month duration of Phase 1 and 54-month duration of Phase 2 would conform to CARB regulations and California emissions standards and is evidence of related fuel efficiencies. There are no unusual project characteristics or construction processes that would require the use of equipment that would be more energy intensive than is used for comparable activities; or equipment that would not conform to current emissions standards (and related fuel efficiencies). Equipment employed in construction of the project would therefore not result in inefficient wasteful, or unnecessary consumption of fuel.

Assumptions for the vendor trip length and vehicle miles traveled are consistent with CalEEMod 2016.3.2 defaults.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	-	

Table 18 Construction Vendor Fuel Consumption Estimates (HHD Trucks)

Phase	Number of Days	Total # of Hauling Trips	Trip Length (miles)	Vehicle Miles Traveled	Average Vehicle Fuel Economy (mpg)	Estimated Fuel Consumption (gallons) ¹
			Ph	ase 1		
Demolition	22	82	20	1,640	9	193
Site Preparation	11	0	20	0	9	0
Grading	22	0	20	0	9	0
Building Construction	270	0	20	0	9	0
Paving	22	0	20	0	9	0
Architectural Coating	22	0	20	0	9	0
	Total Ph	ase 1 Cons	truction Wo	orker Fuel C	onsumption	193
			Ph	ase 2		
Site Preparation	35	0	20	0	8.5	0
Grading	93	0	20	0	8.5	0
Building Construction	919	0	20	0	8.5	0
Paving	58	0	20	0	8.5	0
Architectural Coating	58	0	20	0	8.5	0
	Total Ph	ase 2 Cons	truction Wo	orker Fuel C	onsumption	0
γ - 1 - γ τ					onsumption	193

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo, Table 7. Notes:

The project would utilize construction contractors which practice compliance with applicable CARB regulation regarding retrofitting, repowering, or replacement of diesel off-road construction equipment. Additionally, CARB has adopted the *Airborne Toxic Control Measure* to limit heavy-duty diesel motor vehicle idling in order to reduce public exposure to diesel particulate matter and other Toxic Air Contaminants. Compliance with these measures would result in a more efficient use of construction-related energy and would minimize or eliminate wasteful or unnecessary consumption of energy. Idling restrictions and the use of newer engines and equipment would result in less fuel combustion and energy consumption.

Additionally, as required by California Code of Regulations Title 13, Motor Vehicles, section 2449(d)(3) Idling, limits idling times of construction vehicles to no more than five minutes, thereby minimizing or eliminating unnecessary and wasteful consumption of fuel due to unproductive idling of construction equipment. Enforcement of idling limitations is realized through periodic site inspections conducted by County building officials, and/or in response to citizen complaints.

Assumptions for the hauling trip length and vehicle miles traveled are consistent with CalEEMod 2016.3.2 defaults.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

Operational Energy Demands

Energy consumption in support of or related to project operations includes transportation energy demands (energy consumed by employee and patron vehicles accessing the project site) and facilities energy demands (energy consumed by building operations and site maintenance activities).

Transportation Fuel Consumption

Using the CalEEMod output from the Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis, an average trip for autos and light trucks was assumed to be 12.5 miles for both Phase 1 and Phase 2 and 3- 4-axle trucks were assumed to travel an average of 5.4 miles for both Phase 1 and Phase 2. To present a worst-case scenario, it was assumed that vehicles would operate 365 days per year rather than the more likely 253 days (excluding weekends and up to 8 holidays). Table 19, *Estimated Vehicle Operations Fuel Consumption*, shows the estimated annual fuel consumption for all classes of vehicles from autos to heavy-heavy trucks.

The proposed project would generate approximately 4,695 trips per day for Phase 1 and 3,228 trips per day for Phase 2 for a total of 7,923 trips per day. The vehicle fleet mix was used from the CalEEMod output. Table 19 shows that an estimated 1,033,101 gallons of fuel would be consumed per year during Phase 1 and 708,825 gallons of fuel would be consumed per year during Phase 2. Therefore, a total of 1,741,926 gallons of fuel would be consumed per year for the operation of the entire proposed project (Phases 1 and 2 combined).

Facility Energy Demands (Electricity and Natural Gas)

Building operation and site maintenance (including landscape maintenance) would result in the consumption of electricity (provided by the Imperial Irrigation District) and natural gas (provided by Southern California Gas Company). The annual natural gas and electricity demands were provided per the CalEEMod output from the Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis and are provided in Table 20, *Project Mitigated Annual Operational Energy Demand Summary*.

Energy use in buildings is divided into energy consumed by the built environment and energy consumed by uses that are independent of the construction of the building such as in plug-in appliances. In California, the California Building Standards Code Title 24 governs energy consumed by the built environment, mechanical systems, and some types of fixed lighting. Non-building energy use, or "plug-in" energy use can be further subdivided by specific end-use (refrigeration, cooking, appliances, etc.).

Mitigation for energy consumption during short-term construction of the project takes the form of compliance with regulations that govern equipment and vehicle operations as set forth by the SCAQMD and CARB. Compliance with these regulations reduce potential impacts to less than significant levels and no additional mitigation measures are required. Likewise, long-term operation of the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway project assume compliance with applicable sections of the California Building Code Energy Efficiency Standards (Title 24, Part 6), and the California Building Energy Efficiency Standards (Title 24, Part 11), commonly referred to as the CalGreen Code.

Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Table 19 Estimated Vehicle Operations Fuel Consumption

Vehicle Type ¹	Vehicle Mix	Number of Vehicles	Average Trip (miles) ²	Daily VMT	Average Fuel Econom y (mpg)	Total Gallons per Day	Total Annual Fuel Consumption (gallons)
			Phase :	1			
Light Auto	Auto	2,561	12.5	32013	28.57	1120.49	408,980
Light Truck	Auto	173	12.5	2163	14.08	153.59	56,059
Light Truck	Auto	873	12.5	10913	14.08	775.04	282,888
Medium Truck	Auto	542	5.4	2927	8.5	344.33	125,680
LH Truck	2-Axle Truck	72	5.4	389	8.5	45.74	16,696
LH Truck 10,000 lbs+	2-Axle Truck	23	5.4	124	8.5	14.61	5,333
MH Truck	3-Axle Truck	82	5.4	443	5.85	75.69	27,628
HH Truck	4-Axle Truck	326	5.4	1760	5.85	300.92	109,837
Tot	al	4,695		50,731	11.74	2830.41	
			Total P	hase 1 Ann	ual Fuel Co	nsumption	1,033,101
			Phase 2	2			
Light Auto	Auto	1,796	12.5	22450	28.57	785.79	286,813
Light Truck	Auto	113	12.5	1413	14.08	100.32	36,617
Light Truck	Auto	611	12.5	7638	14.08	542.44	197,989
Medium Truck	Auto	344	5.4	1858	8.5	218.54	79,768
LH Truck	2-Axle Truck	39	5.4	211	8.5	24.78	9,043
LH Truck 10,000 lbs +	2-Axle Truck	14	5.4	76	8.5	8.89	3,246
MH Truck	3-Axle Truck	56	5.4	302	5.85	51.69	18,868
HH Truck	4-Axle Truck	227	5.4	1226	5.85	209.54	76,482
Tot	al	3,228		35,172	11.74	1941.99	
			Total P	hase 2 Ann	ual Fuel Co	nsumption	708,825
		10,0	Total Phases	s 1 & 2 Ann	ual Fuel Co	nsumption	1,741,926

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo, Table 8. Notes:

1. LH truck = Light Heavy Truck; MH Truck = Medium Heavy Truck; HH Heavy Heavy Truck.

2. Based on the size of the site and relative location, trips were assumed to be local rather than regional.

Pot	entially	Less than	Less	No
Sig	nificant	Significant	Than	Impact
Ir	npact	with	Significant	·
		Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated	•	

Table 20 Project Mitigated Annual Operational Energy Demand Summary

Land Use	Natural Gas Demand (BTU/year)	Electricity Demand (kWh/year)
	Phase 1	
Fast-Food Restaurant with Drive-Through	650,361	113,792
Gasoline/Service Station	223,056	74,624
Pharmacy/Drugstore with Drive-Through	25,153	172,217
Regional Shopping Center	12,823	87,071
Phase 1 Total	911,393	447,704
	Phase 2	
Congregate Care	1,815,120	577,748
Retirement Community	2,608,620	854,081
Supermarket	376,677	687,798
Phase 2 Total	4,800,417	2,119,627
Phases 1 & 2 Total	5,711,810	2,567,331

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Energy Technical Memo, Table 9.

Notes:

- Taken from the CalEEMod 2016.3.2 annual output (Appendix C of the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Impact Analysis, Ganddini Group, Inc. June 30, 2020).
- b) Conflict with or obstruct a State or Local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?

 Determination: Less Than Significant impact.

Regarding federal transportation regulations, the project site is located in an already developed area. Access to/from the project site is from existing roads. These roads are already in place so the project would not interfere with, nor otherwise obstruct intermodal transportation plans or projects that may be proposed pursuant to the ISTEA because SCAG is not planning for intermodal facilities in the project area.

Regarding the State's Energy Plan and compliance with Title 24 CCR energy efficiency standards, the applicant is required to comply with the California Green Building Standard Code requirements for energy efficient buildings and appliances as well as utility energy efficiency programs implemented by the Imperial Irrigation District and Southern California Gas Company.

Regarding Pavley (AB 1493) regulations, an individual project does not have the ability to comply or conflict with these regulations because they are intended for agencies and their adoption of procedures and protocols for reporting and certifying GHG emission reductions from mobile sources.

Regarding the State's Renewable Energy Portfolio Standards, the project would be required to meet or exceed the energy standards established in the California Green Building Standards Code, Title 24, Part 11 (CALGreen). CALGreen Standards require that new buildings reduce water consumption.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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employ building commissioning to increase building system efficiencies, divert construction waste from landfills, and install low pollutant-emitting finish materials.

The proposed project was also evaluated for consistency with the County's Climate Action Plan by completing the CAP screening tables where a project's design features are evaluated against a set of criteria and a point system to determine whether the project would be energy efficient. A project must accumulate at least 100 points in these screening tables in order for it to be found to be consistent with the applicable strategies of the County's CAP. As described in the County's 2019 CAP, mixed-use projects provide additional opportunities to reduce emissions by combining complementary land uses in a manner that can reduce vehicle trips and also have the potential to complement energy-efficient infrastructure in a way that reduces emissions. The project would garner 73.5 points for the residential component due in part to the requirements set forth in State's Title 24 energy standards and water use reduction standards; as well as the Applicant's commitment to installing more energy efficient HVAC equipment, higher efficiency lighting, enhanced insulation and windows, and solar panels for the Congregate Care facility (Phase 2).

According to the screening tables completed for the project, a total of 84.5 points for the non-residential component was reached using the same strategy for higher energy efficiency, but also for the installation of up to 9 EV charging stations. In total, the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project garnered 168 points. Therefore, for the Gateway Village project would have less than significant individual and cumulative impact for Energy usage and would be consistent with the Riverside County CAP.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project directly or indirectly	y:	\$316 L-1	- 147.5
11. Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or County			\square
Fault Hazard Zones	ليا	Ш	\bowtie
 a) Be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, 			
as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake			
Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area			
or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?			

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-2 "Earthquake Fault Study Zones," and Figure S-3 "Petra Geosciences, March 2019, Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Findings of Fact:

Determination: No Impact.

The property does not lie within a State-mandated, regulatory "Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone", which is recently revised by the state and now called "Earthquake Fault Hazard Zone". The nearest fault is the Coachella Segment of the San Andreas Fault zone, which is approximately 7 miles

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
northeasterly from the project site, as determined from the E Quadrangle prepared by the California Geological Survey pre			lap for the	Indio
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
Liquefaction Potential Zone a) Be subject to seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?		\boxtimes		

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-3 "Generalized Liquefaction," Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan Figure 14, "Seismic Hazards"; Petra Geosciences, March 2019, Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Findings of Fact:

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

Liquefaction is the loss of strength in generally cohesionless, saturated soils when the pore-water pressure induced in the soil by a seismic event becomes equal to or exceeds the overburden pressure. The primary factors which influence the potential for liquefaction include groundwater table elevation, soil type and plasticity characteristics, relative density of the soil, initial confining pressure, and intensity and duration of ground shaking. The depth within which the occurrence of liquefaction may impact surface improvements is generally identified as the upper 50 feet below the existing ground surface. The potential is greatest in saturated, loose, poorly graded fine sands such as those underlying the project site and vicinity.

Figure S-3 "Generalized Liquefaction", in the Riverside County General Plan Safety Element and ECVAP Figure 14, "Seismic Hazards" show the project site and surrounding unincorporated areas within the Eastern Coachella Valley are located within an area with an area of High Susceptibility for Liquefaction.

In addition, as part of the Geotechnical Evaluation of the project site (EA Appendix E), Petra Geosciences, conducted a site-specific liquefaction hazard analysis. Review of the literature on the local geology and subsurface testing at the project site show that the project site and surround areas are underlain by geologically young (late Quaternary) alluvial deposits. These soils are described as generally consisting of unconsolidated, very fine-grained sand and silty sand. In addition, borings completed during the field investigation showed that in at least one boring (B-1) groundwater was observed at an approximate depth of 43 feet below ground surface (bgs). In addition, the project geologist also reviewed relevant literature from the California Department of Water Resources (DVR) and the Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD) for historic groundwater data. These sources showed that historic groundwater levels varied considerably in the vicinity of the project site. In consideration of the data, including groundwater encountered during the field investigation, the project geologist used an historic groundwater level of 10 feet bgs for the purposes of the liquefaction analysis conducted for the project.

Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The subsurface investigation was performed as part of the Geotechnical Evaluation. Field exploration included the excavation of 5 borings (B-1 through B-5) ranging in approximate depths of 21 to 51 feet below ground surface (bgs) using a truck-mounted hollow-stem auger drill rig. Boring and percolation test logs, including a figure showing locations, are presented in Appendix A of the Geotechnical Evaluation report (EA Appendix E). An additional boring identified as P-1 was drilled to a depth of 5 feet as part of the infiltration rate test for the proposed stormwater system. Based on the results of the field exploration, the project site is considered to be highly susceptible to seismically induced liquefaction, which corroborates the information contained in the County's Safety Element Figure S-3. This is due primarily to the documented presence of unconsolidated granular (sandy) soils in the area and the shallow historical groundwater conditions. For this reason, a site-specific liquefaction analysis was performed to determine the extent of liquefaction potential.

From a soils engineering and engineering geologic standpoint, the project site is considered suitable for the proposed development provided that the recommendations set forth in the Geotechnical Evaluation of the site are incorporated into the design criteria and project specifications. In addition, the proposed grading and construction are not expected to affect the stability of adjoining properties in an adverse manner provided that grading and construction are performed in accordance with current standards of practice, all applicable grading ordinances, and the recommendations presented in Geotechnical Evaluation. These are provided under Mitigation below but are considered to be tentative until such time as grading and foundation plans are made available for review by the project geologist. Additional recommendations and/or modification of the recommendations may be necessary depending upon the results of grading and foundation plan review.

Mitigation:

Remedial Grading Requirements. Based on the conditions noted in borings conducted by Petra Geosciences, native alluvial materials at the site are subject to seismically induced and collapsible soils settlement. In an effort to limit the potential total and differential settlement to construction tolerances, near-surface soils within the site shall be over-excavated to a minimum depth of at least 5 feet below existing ground, or 3 feet below the bottom of building footings (whichever is deeper) in proposed building pad areas. In areas of proposed paved streets and sidewalks, the existing ground shall also be over excavated to a minimum depth of 5 feet below existing grades, or 3 feet below proposed subgrade elevations (whichever is deeper). The excavated material shall subsequently be replaced as engineered compacted fill as required to establish the planned finished grade elevations.

In addition, in order to avoid disturbance to existing masonry walls, fencing or other sensitive improvements located along the project boundaries, the horizontal limits of remedial grading shall be initially maintained at a distance of approximately two feet from the property boundaries, and that the temporary excavation backcuts along the property boundaries be maintained at a gradient of 1.5:1 (H:V) or flatter until competent ground is exposed.

GEO-2 Prior to issuance of a grading permit, if the project includes any structures planned greater than 2 stories in height or with significant building loads, additional geotechnical evaluation shall be required to determine if additional recommendations for remedial grading, ground modification, or deep foundations are required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
GEO-3	Subsurface Obstructions. Buried pipelines associto exist within the area of proposed grading and constructures may be encountered during demolition of grading that were not observed during the geotechnical grading within the limits of proposed grading entirety, and the resulting cavities backfilled as desof this Geotechnical Evaluation (commencing on proposed Evaluation E	onstruction. On the existing of the existing nical evaluation and construct scribed in the E	ther surface improvemer a. All structu ion shall be arthwork Gu	and subsunts and rem res encoun removed in uidelines se	rface ledial tered their ection
(or subs version	ng: Compliance with final grading plans and recomequent geotechnical review of final grading plans and of the California Building Code will ensure that impact impacts would be less than significant and no	d/or foundation cts associated v	plans), and with liquefac	the most cu	ırrent
13. (a)	Fround-shaking Zone Be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?		\boxtimes		
	of Fact: nation: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitig	ation Incorpo	rated.		
The proj to strong within th	ect site is located in a seismically active area of sough seismically related ground shaking during the antine site must be designed and constructed to resince with the current edition of the California Building	thern Californicipated life spa st the effects	a and will lik	ject. Struc	tures
Mitigatio	n: Implementation of mitigation measures GEO-1 plans and recommendations in the Geotechnical	through GEO- I Evaluation (or subseque	ent geotech	
review o	of final grading plans and/or foundation plans), and Code will ensure that impacts associated with gould be less than significant and no monitoring is	ground shaking			ornia
review of Building impacts Monitori (or subsequence)	Code will ensure that impacts associated with g	ground shaking required. mendations in d/or foundation cts associated v	g and/or oth the Geotech plans), and with liquefac	ner geotech nnical Evalu the most cu	ornia inical ation irrent

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impad
	Incorporated		

Source(s): CVAP Figure 15, "Step Slope" and Figure 16, Slope Instability"; Petra Geosciences, March 2019, Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Findings of Fact:

Determination: No Impact.

The project site is located in a relatively flat area of the Eastern Coachella Valley. Site elevations range from approximately 43 feet below mean sea level (msl) near the southwesterly property line to approximately 56 feet below msl near the southeasterly corner of the site. Surface drainage appears to be primarily internal and flows generally toward the east and southeast. ECVAP Figures 15 and 16 also show that steep slopes in the Eastern Coachella Valley are associated with the Santa Rosa mountains to the south and west (approximately 4 miles distance), the Little San Bernardino Mountains to the north and northeast(approxi9 miles); the Orocopia Mountains to the east (approximately 9 miles). Therefore, there is no landslide risk to the project site.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

15. Ground Subsidence		<u> </u>	
a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is	Ш	\boxtimes	
unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the			
project, and potentially result in ground subsidence?			

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-7 "Documented Subsidence Areas Map,"; Petra Geosciences, March 2019, Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Findings of Fact:

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

Subsidence is the settlement or deformation of the land surface caused by several different conditions (including tectonic activity and petroleum production); however, it is most commonly associated with changes in groundwater levels. Long-term withdrawal of groundwater in the vicinity of the project site has lowered the water table considerably, and this has resulted in 50 or more feet of subsidence in some areas of the Coachella Valley. Although partial recovery of the settlement may be possible if the water table is recharged and if the vertical stress increases induced at the groundwater low point were not generally higher than the past pressure, most subsidence is not recoverable when the stress has increased beyond the highest past pressure.

The Geotechnical Evaluation report cites County General Plan Policy S-3.8, which requires that a geotechnical evaluation of subsidence be performed if a site lies within a documented subsidence area,

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

or an area that is susceptible to subsidence as shown on Figure S-7 of that document. The project site lies within this area according to Figure S-7. As stated in the General Plan Safety Element, "differential displacement and fissures occur at or near the valley margin, and along faults. In the County of Riverside, the worst damage to structures, as a result of regional subsidence, may be expected at the valley margins."

The Geotechnical Evaluation considered this in its assessment of the subsidence hazard at the site and concluded the following:

- The project site does lie near the valley margin where differential ground subsidence from groundwater extraction could be magnified. Based on our review of published USGS reports, the site appears to be located several miles away from the edge of the deepest section of documented subsidence.
- The site does lie within the active subsidence areas as documented by Map My County version 5.6 and County EIR No. 521.
- Measured settlements in the site area from subsidence related to groundwater withdrawal has reached approximately a few 10's of mm according to data presented in the latest USGS report on this local topic.
- The probability of the estimated 0.6 inches of potential site subsidence would be across a wide area rather than any bearing capacity failure of site structures, the latter settlement amounting to approximately 0.3 inches.
- The results of consolidation tests performed as part of the Geotechnical Evaluation (Appendix B: Plate B-2 of EA Appendix E) do not substantiate any significant concerns for subsidence across this site.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
Other Geologic Hazards a) Be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard?			\boxtimes	
Source(s): On-site Inspection, Project Application Materia Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vist Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard	a Santa F	Rosa Gateway	Village Pi	roject,

Findings of Fact: Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

Seismically-Induced Flooding

The types of seismically induced flooding that may be considered as potential hazards to a particular site normally includes flooding due to a tsunami (seismic sea wave), a seiche, or failure of a major reservoir or other water retention structure upstream of the site. Since the project site lies a considerable distance inland from the Pacific Ocean, and since it does not lie in close proximity to an enclosed body of water (14 miles northwest of the Salton Sea), the probability of flooding from a tsunami or seiche is considered to be low. In addition, the site is not located within a designated tsunami inundation area as identified on published tsunami inundation maps.

001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Flooding Not Related to Seismicity

As part of the Geotechnical Evaluation, Petra Geosciences conducted an independent review of the applicable FEMA flood insurance rate map for the area of the subject site (FEMA, 2017). This map (Map No. 06065C2263H) indicates that the project site is located within an area that is designated as "Zone X," meaning that the site is an area of minimal flooding potential. An on-site drainage and retention system has been designed for the proposed project (phases 1 and 2) that includes underground stormwater retention chambers that will capture and retain 100 percent of a 100-year storm event as required by the County of Riverside.

Debris Flows

The site lies within relatively flat topography and it is not located near hillside that could generate significant erosional debris during heavy rainfall. Therefore, the site should not be affected by debris flows

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

17. Slopes a) Change topography or ground surface relief		\boxtimes	
features?			
b) Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher		\square	
than 10 feet?			ш
c) Result in grading that affects or negates	[]		
subsurface sewage disposal systems?	Ш	Ш	

Source(s): Riv. Co. 800-Scale Slope Maps, Project Application Materials, Petra Geosciences, March 2019, Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Findings of Fact:

- a) Change topography or ground surface relief features; or
- b) Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

During clearing/grubbing, grading and excavation for utilities, temporary changes in elevation will occur as the site is over excavated and compaction will create temporary slopes that will be graded to a relatively level site with a slight change in grade for proper site drainage toward the on-site retention/infiltration basin. Upon completion of the project, the change in topography will be negligible and no slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet would be created. Therefore, this impact is less than significant and no mitigation is required.

c) Result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems? **Determination:**No Impact.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The proposed project will be connected to the existing sewer salinport Blvd. No subsurface sewage disposal system is proportherefore, there is no impact and no mitigation is required.	•			
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
18. Soils a) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?		\boxtimes		
b) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1803.5.3 of the California Building Code (2019), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?		\boxtimes		
c) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use		П		\square

<u>Source(s)</u>: NCRS Custom Soil Resources Report for Riverside County Coachella Valley Area, California, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village, May 2020; Petra Geosciences, March 2019, Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of

Findings of Fact:

wastewater?

a) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.**

During grading and demolition/construction at the project site, the construction contractor is required to implement SCAQMD Rule 403.1 regarding the generation and control of fugitive dust. Rule 403,1 requires the applicant or construction contractor to develop (prior to commencement of any ground disturbing activity) and implement a fugitive dust control plan that identifies the control measures set forth in SCAQMD's Rule 403.1 Implementation Handbook that shall be utilized to control fugitive dust at the project site. These include such measures as use of a water truck periodically throughout the day to control dust, cease grading and/or construction at times when wind speeds exceed 25 miles per hour (MPH), and maintain on-site vehicle speeds at 15 mph or less. These measures would be implemented during active operations including, but not limited to, earth-moving activities, construction/demolition activities, and disturbed surface areas such as internal pathways across and around the site during grading and/or construction.

Likewise, during grading and demolition/construction at the project site, the construction contractor must develop and implement a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) that describes the best management practices (BMPs) for the control of soil and construction-related pollutants that may runoff site during storm events or when water is used in such quantities to have the potential to runoff the project site. Such BMPs may include temporary earthen berm, wattles/socks, storm drain filters and absorbent mats. The applicant or construction contractor is required to file a Notice of intent with the

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with	Less Than Significant	No Impact
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

State Water Resources Control Board who will issue a project specific waste discharge identification number (WDID). The WDID and SWPPP must be available for review by inspectors at the construction through the extent of demolition, grading and construction activities.

b) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1803.5.3 of the California Building Code (2019), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.**

A review of the NRCS Custom Soils Report for the project site showed that the majority of the project site is made up of Indio fine sandy loam (It) consisting of fine to very fine sandy loam. The northwest corner of the project site is made up of Gilman fine sandy loam and the southwest corner of the project site is made up of Indio very fine sandy loam (Ir). The parent material of each of these soil types is alluvium and they are all well drained.

In addition, the Geotechnical Evaluation indicated that expansive soils are generally not present at the project site near the surface. During the field investigation, some clayey soils were found at one location (boring B-1) at approximately 5 feet in depth. During remedial grading there is a chance that some of this material may be brought closer to the surface. Testing of finished pad soils for expansion vulnerability is recommended at the end of grading. Also, should imported soil material be required to construct the proposed pads, it is possible that expansive soils could become incorporated into onsite fills. Specifications for import soils are set forth in the Earthwork Guidelines section of the Geotechnical Evaluation Report.

Mitigation:

Soil Erosion or Loss of Topsoil

Compliance with SCAQMD Rule 403 and 403.1 for the control of fugitive dust during construction includes the requirement for an applicant or his/her designee to prepare and implement a fugitive dust control plan during all phases of construction. No additional mitigation measures were required per the project's Air Quality/GHG Analysis (EA Appendix A.1).

Compliance with the NPDES requirements through the preparation and implementation of a construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) during all phases of constriction, as the requirements of a project specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) will ensure that loss of soil would be less than significant.

Expansive Soil

Compliance with the Earthwork Guidelines set forth in the Geotechnical Evaluation (or subsequent geotechnical review of final grading plans and/or foundation plans), and the most current version of the California Building Code will ensure that impacts associated with expansive soils and/or other geotechnical impacts would be less than significant and no monitoring is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?

Determination: No Impact.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The proposed project will be connected to the existing sewer Airport Blvd. No subsurface sewage disposal system is proper Therefore, there is no impact and no mitigation is required.				
Mitigation: No mitigation measures required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
40 Wind Fracian and Plans Cond from marinet although				
19. Wind Erosion and Blow Sand from project either on or off site.			\boxtimes	
a) Be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion and blowsand, either on or off site?				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-8 "Wind Erosion Susceptibility Map," Ord. No. 460, Article XV & Ord. No. 484; Ganddini Group, June 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Analysis. Petra Geosciences, March 2019, Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Findings of Fact:

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

According to the Riverside County General Plan Figure S-8, Wind Erosion Susceptibility Map, the project site and vicinity have a Wind Erodibility Rating of High.

Due to the somewhat loose and compressible conditions of the near surface soils, remedial grading including over excavation and recompaction is recommended for the proposed building areas. All grading shall be performed in accordance with the grading ordinance of the County of Riverside. With adherence to Ord No. 460 and Ord No. 484, impacts will be reduced to less than significant.

Ordinance No. 460 sets forth the requirements for land development in riverside County. Specifically, Article XV, Soil Erosion Control Due to Wind, Section 15.4 and 15.4 identify the requirements to control soil erosion.

<u>Section 15.3, Soil Erosion Control Requirements</u>. When a proposed land division has been determined to be subject to this article, the following requirements may be imposed as conditions of approval of the land division as a means to control soil erosion:

- A. A solid masonry wall, up to 6 feet in height;
- B. windbreak consisting of suitable trees or shrubs;
- C. A suitable ground cover which may consist of plantings, spraying, rock or other approved stabilizing materials;
- D. An irrigation system to maintain any required plantings;
- E. The formation of a homeowners association, improvement district, or management company to maintain the erosion control.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Section 15.4, Wind Erosion Control Plan. When a proposed land division is determined to be subject to this article, the land divider shall submit a proposed wind erosion control plan at the time of the actual filing of the tentative map, and an approved control plan shall be one of the conditions of approval of the tentative map. The plans shall be reviewed as a part of the processing of the tentative map. Incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines, the Applicant intends to provide perimeter fencing that is either vinyl ranch rail fencing along the outer edge of the multi-purpose trail, and agricultural fencing along the inner edge of the trail. Behind the agricultural fencing is a landscape berm with plantings which include trees and ground cover consistent with the requirements for erosion control. Therefore, the project's landscape plan meets the criteria for soil erosion control as set forth in Section 15.3.

Regarding the requirement in Section 15.4, the Applicant has submitted a wind erosion control plan with the tentative map for review and approval of County staff, prior to commencing with any clearing/grubbing or grading at the project site. Compliance with Ordinance 460, Article XV will ensure that soil erosion impacts would be reduced to a less than significant level and no additional mitigation measures are required.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:		H728 10
20. Greenhouse Gas Emissions a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?		
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?		

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County Climate Action Plan ("CAP"), Project Application Materials

Findings of Fact:

a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

Constituent gases of the Earth's atmosphere, called atmospheric greenhouse gases (GHG), play a critical role in the Earth's radiation amount by trapping infrared radiation emitted from the Earth's surface, which otherwise would have escaped to space. Prominent greenhouse gases contributing to this process include carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), ozone, water vapor, nitrous oxide (N₂O), and chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). This phenomenon, known as the Greenhouse Effect, is responsible for maintaining a habitable climate. Anthropogenic (caused or produced by humans) emissions of these greenhouse gases in excess of natural ambient concentrations are responsible for the enhancement of the Greenhouse Effect and have led to a trend of unnatural warming of the Earth's natural climate, known as global warming or climate change. Emissions of gases that induce global warming are attributable to human activities associated with industrial/manufacturing, agriculture, utilities, transportation, and

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with	Less Than Significant	No Impact
,	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

residential land uses. Transportation is responsible for 41 percent of the State's greenhouse gas emissions, followed by electricity generation. Emissions of CO₂ and nitrous oxide (NOx) are byproducts of fossil fuel combustion. Methane, a potent greenhouse gas, results from off-gassing associated with agricultural practices and landfills. Sinks of CO₂, where CO₂ is stored outside of the atmosphere, include uptake by vegetation and dissolution into the ocean. The following provides a description of each of the greenhouse gases and their global warming potential.

Greenhouse Gasses Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

The natural production and absorption of CO₂ is achieved through the terrestrial biosphere and the ocean. However, humankind has altered the natural carbon cycle by burning coal, oil, natural gas, and wood. Since the industrial revolution began in the mid-1700s. Each of these activities has increased in scale and distribution. CO₂ was the first GHG demonstrated to be increasing in atmospheric concentration with the first conclusive measurements being made in the last half of the 20th century. Prior to the industrial revolution, concentrations were fairly stable at 280 parts per million (ppm). The International Panel on Climate Change (IPCC Fifth Assessment Report, 2014) Emissions of CO₂ from fossil fuel combustion and industrial processes contributed approximately 78 percent of the total GHG emissions increase from 1970 to 2010, with a similar percentage contribution for the increase during the period 2000 to 2010. Globally, economic and population growth continued to be the most important drivers of increases in CO₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion. The contribution of population growth between 2000 and 2010 remained roughly identical to the previous three decades, while the contribution of economic growth has risen sharply.

Methane (CH₄)

CH₄ is an extremely effective absorber of radiation, although its atmospheric concentration is less than that of CO₂. Its lifetime in the atmosphere is brief (10 to 12 years), compared to some other GHGs (such as CO₂, N₂O, and Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). CH₄ has both natural and anthropogenic sources. It is released as part of the biological processes in low oxygen environments, such as in swamplands or in rice production (at the roots of the plants). Over the last 50 years, human activities such as growing rice, raising cattle, using natural gas, and mining coal have added to the atmospheric concentration of methane. Other anthropocentric sources include fossil-fuel combustion and biomass burning.

Water Vapor

Water vapor is the most abundant, important, and variable GHG in the atmosphere. Water vapor is not considered a pollutant; in the atmosphere it maintains a climate necessary for life. Changes in its concentration are primarily considered a result of climate feedbacks related to the warming of the atmosphere rather than a direct result of industrialization. The feedback loop in which water is involved is critically important to projecting future climate change. As the temperature of the atmosphere rises, more water is evaporated from ground storage (rivers, oceans, reservoirs, soil). Because the air is warmer, the relative humidity can be higher (in essence, the air is able to "hold" more water when it is warmer), leading to more water vapor in the atmosphere. As a GHG, the higher concentration of water vapor is then able to absorb more thermal indirect energy radiated from the Earth, thus further warming the atmosphere. The warmer atmosphere can then hold more water vapor and so on and so on. This is referred to as a "positive feedback loop". The extent to which this positive feedback loop will continue is unknown as there is also dynamics that put the positive feedback loop in check. As an example, when water vapor increases in the atmosphere, more of it will eventually also condense into clouds, which are

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more able to reflect incoming solar radiation (thus allowing less energy to reach the Earth's surface and heat it up).

Nitrous Oxide (N2O)

Concentrations of N_2O also began to rise at the beginning of the industrial revolution. In 1998, the global concentration of this GHG was documented at 314 parts per billion (ppb). N_2O is produced by microbial processes in soil and water, including those reactions which occur in fertilizer containing nitrogen. In addition to agricultural sources, some industrial processes (fossil fuel-fired power plants, nylon production, nitric acid production, and vehicle emissions) also contribute to its atmospheric load. It is also commonly used as an aerosol spray propellant, (i.e., in whipped cream bottles, in potato chip bags to keep chips fresh, and in rocket engines and in race cars).

Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC)

CFCs are gases formed synthetically by replacing all hydrogen atoms in methane or ethane (C_2H_6) with chlorine and/or fluorine atoms. CFCs are nontoxic, nonflammable, insoluble, and chemically unreactive in the troposphere (the level of air at the Earth's surface). CFCs have no natural source, but were first synthesized in 1928. It was used for refrigerants, aerosol propellants, and cleaning solvents. Due to the discovery that they are able to destroy stratospheric ozone, a global effort to halt their production was undertaken and in 1989 the European Community agreed to ban CFCs by 2000 and subsequent treaties banned CFCs worldwide by 2010. This effort was extremely successful, and the levels of the major CFCs are now remaining level or declining. However, their long atmospheric lifetimes mean that some of the CFCs will remain in the atmosphere for over 100 years.

Hydrofluorocarbons (HFC)

HFCs are synthetic man-made chemicals that are used as a substitute for CFCs. Out of all the GHGs, they are one of three groups with the highest global warming potential. The HFCs with the largest measured atmospheric abundances are (in order), HFC-23 (CHF₃), HFC-134a (CF₃CH₂F), and HFC-152a (CH₃CHF₂). Prior to 1990, the only significant emissions were HFC-23. HFC-134a use is increasing due to its use as a refrigerant. Concentrations of HFC-23 and HFC-134a in the atmosphere are now about 10 parts per trillion (ppt) each. Concentrations of HFC-152a are about 1 ppt. HFCs are manmade for applications such as automobile air conditioners and refrigerants.

Perfluorocarbons (PFC)

PFCs have stable molecular structures and do not break down through the chemical processes in the lower atmosphere. High-energy ultraviolet rays about 60 kilometers above Earth's surface are able to destroy the compounds. Because of this, PFCs have very long lifetimes, between 10,000 and 50,000 years. Two common PFCs are tetrafluoromethane (CF_4) and hexafluoroethane (C_2F_6). Concentrations of CF_4 in the atmosphere are over 70 ppt. The two main sources of PFCs are primary aluminum production and semiconductor manufacturing.

Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF₆)

SF₆ is an inorganic, odorless, colorless, nontoxic, nonflammable gas. SF₆ has the highest global warming potential of any gas evaluated; 23,900 times that of CO₂. Concentrations in the 1990s were about 4 ppt.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	incorporated		

Sulfur hexafluoride is used for insulation in electric power transmission and distribution equipment, in the magnesium industry, in semiconductor manufacturing, and as a tracer gas for leak detection.

Aerosols

Aerosols are particles emitted into the air through burning biomass (plant material) and fossil fuels. Aerosols can warm the atmosphere by absorbing and emitting heat and can cool the atmosphere by reflecting light. Cloud formation can also be affected by aerosols. Sulfate aerosols are emitted when fuel containing sulfur is burned. Black carbon (or soot) is emitted during biomass burning due to the incomplete combustion of fossil fuels. Particulate matter regulation has been lowering aerosol concentrations in the United States; however, global concentrations are likely increasing.

Global Warming Potential

The Global Warming Potential (GWP) was developed to allow comparisons of the global warming impacts of different gases. Specifically, it is a measure of how much energy the emissions of 1 ton of a gas will absorb over a given period of time, relative to the emissions of 1 ton of carbon dioxide (CO₂). The larger the GWP, the more that a given gas warms the Earth compared to CO₂ over that time period. The time period usually used for GWPs is 100 years. GWPs provide a common unit of measure, which allows analysts to add up emissions estimates of different gases (e.g., to compile a national GHG inventory), and allows policymakers to compare emissions reduction opportunities across sectors and gases. A summary of the atmospheric lifetime and the global warming potential of selected gases are summarized in Table 21, Global Warming Potentials and Atmospheric Lifetimes. As shown in Table 21, the global warming potential of GHGs ranges from 1 to 22,800.

Emissions of GHG from land use development projects are governed through a series of federal, State and Local (including the City of Indio) agencies' laws, rules, regulations, and plans. These are all described in detail in the project's *Air Quality, Global Climate Change and Energy Impact Analysis* (see Initial Study Appendix A.1).

Table 21 Global Warming Potentials and Atmospheric Lifetimes

Gas	Atmospheric Lifetime	Global Warming Potential ¹ (100 Year Horizon)
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	_2	1
Methane (CH ₄)	12	28-36
Nitrous Oxide (NO)	114	298
Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)	1-270	12-14,800
Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	2,600-50,000	7,390-12,200
Nitrogen trifluoride (NF ₃)	740	17,200
Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF ₆)	3,200	22,800

Sources: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis, Table 13.

Notes:

- 1. http://www3.epa.gov/ climatechange/ghgemissions/gases.html
- 2. Compared to the same quantity of CO2 emissions.
- Carbon dioxide's lifetime is poorly defined because the gas is not destroyed over time, but instead moves among different parts of the ocean-atmosphere-land system. Some of the

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excess carbon dioxide will be absorbed quickly (for example, by the ocean surface), but some will remain in the atmosphere for thousands of years, due in part to the very slow process by which carbon is transferred to ocean sediments.

Methodology

The proposed project is anticipated to generate GHG emissions from area sources, energy usage, mobile sources, waste, water, and construction equipment. CalEEMod Version 2016.3.2 was used to calculate the GHG emissions from the proposed project.

<u>Area Sources</u>. Area sources include emissions from consumer products, landscape equipment and architectural coatings. No changes were made to the default area source emissions. Per SCAQMD Rule 1113, architectural coatings applied after January 1, 2014 must be limited to an average of 50 grams per liter or less.

<u>Energy Usage</u>. Energy usage includes emissions from the generation of electricity and natural gas used on-site. 2019 Title 24 energy standards for residential uses are approximately 7 percent more efficient than 2016 Title 24 standard, while 2019 Title 24 energy standards for nonresidential uses are approximately 30 percent more efficient than 2016 Title 24 standard. The defaults were adjusted to reflect compliance with 2019 Title 24 energy requirements and are shown as mitigated values. No other changes were made to the model defaults.

<u>Mobile Sources</u>. Mobile sources include emissions from the additional vehicle miles generated from the proposed project. The vehicle trips associated with the proposed project have been analyzed by inputting the project-generated vehicular trips from the TIA into the model. The program then applies the emission factors for each trip which is provided by the EMFAC2014 model to determine the vehicular traffic pollutant emissions.

<u>Waste</u>. Waste includes the GHG emissions generated from the processing of waste from the proposed project as well as the GHG emissions from the waste once it is interred into a landfill. AB 341 requires that 75 percent of waste be diverted from landfills by 2020, reductions for this are shown in the mitigated CalEEMod output values. No other changes were made to the default waste parameters.

<u>Water</u>. Water includes the water used for the interior of the building as well as for landscaping and is based on the GHG emissions associated with the energy used to transport and filter the water. CALGreen standards require that indoor water use be reduced by 20 percent, reductions for this are shown in the mitigated CalEEMod output values. The project is also required to use water-efficient irrigation. No other changes were made to the default water usage parameters.

<u>Construction</u>. The construction-related GHG emissions were also included in the analysis and were based on a 30-year amortization rate as recommended in the SCAQMD GHG Working Group meeting on November 19, 2009.

<u>Sequestration</u>. The analysis includes reduction of GHG emissions from the planting of approximately 382 new trees (for modeling purposes, the new trees were split evenly between Phase 1 and Phase 2). The California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (CAPCOA) states that trees sequester carbon dioxide over 20 years of their life, after that, sequestration is nominal and outweighed by tree maintenance-related emissions. The total sequestration value given in the Annual CalEEMod output was divided by 20 years to yield an annual value, which was then subtracted from the project's emissions.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Riverside County Climate Action Plan

The County of Riverside's Climate Action Plan Update (CAP) was completed in November 2019. The CAP Update describes Riverside County's GHG emissions for the year 2017, projects how these emissions will increase into 2020, 2030, and 2050, and includes strategies to reduce emissions to a level consistent with the State of California's emissions reduction targets. The CAP Update set a target to reduce communitywide GHG emissions by 15 percent from 2008 levels by 2020, 49 percent by 2030, and 83 percent by 2050.

Appendix D of the CAP Update also states that project's that do not exceed the CAP's screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO2e per year are considered to have less than significant GHG emissions and are in compliance with the County's CAP. Therefore, to determine whether the project's GHG emissions are significant, this project's GHG analysis used the SCAQMD draft local agency tier 3 threshold and County of Riverside CAP screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO2e per year for all land use types. Projects that exceed emissions of 3,000 MTCO2e per year are also required to include the following efficiency measures:

- Energy efficiency matching or exceeding the Title 24 requirements in effect as of January 2017, and
- Water conservation measures that matches the California Green Building Code in effect as of January 2017.

Projects that exceed emissions of 3,000 MTCO2e per year are also required to use the CAP Update Screening Tables to evaluate a project's incorporation of GHG reduction methods. Projects that garner at least 100 points will be consistent with the reduction quantities anticipated in the County's CAP Update. Consistent with CEQA Guidelines, such projects would be determined to have a less than significant individual and cumulative impact for GHG emissions. Those projects that do not garner 100 points using the Screening Tables must provide additional analysis to determine the significance of GHG emissions.

Project Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The results of the GHG emissions calculations are shown in Table 22, *Project-Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions*. The table shows that the total for the proposed project's emissions (without credit for any reductions from sustainable design and/or regulatory requirements) would be 3,381.59 MTCO2e per year for Phase 1, 4,905.07 MTCO2e per year for Phase 2, and 8,286.65 MTCO2e per year for the total project (Phases 1 and 2 combined). A cumulative global climate change impact would occur if the GHG emissions created from the on-going operations of the proposed project would exceed the County of Riverside CAP Update and SCAQMD draft threshold of 3,000 MTCO2e per year for all land uses. Therefore, as the emissions for Phase 1 and Phase 2 individually and the total emissions for the proposed project (Phases 1 and 2 combined) would exceed the SCAQMD draft screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO2e per year, emissions reductions are required.

The data provided in Table 23, *Project-Related GHG Emissions with Incorporation of Sustainable Design/Regulation*, shows that the project Applicant's with compliance with regulation and incorporation of sustainable design (compliance with regulation is shown as "mitigation" in the CalEEMod output), the proposed project's emissions would be reduced to 2,598.25 MTCO₂e per year for Phase 1, 3,982.93 MTCO₂e per year for Phase 2, and 6,581.18 MTCO₂e per year for the total project (Phases 1 and 2 combined).

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Table 22 Project-Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions

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	G	reenhouse (Gas Emissio	ns (Metric	Tons/Yea	r) ¹
Phase 1 Category	Bio-CO2	NonBio- CO ₂	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Area Sources ²	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Energy Usage ³	0.00	340.71	340.71	0.01	0.00	341.60
Mobile Sources⁴	0.00	2,933.52	2,933.52	0.24	0.00	2,939.59
Waste ⁵	18.83	0.00	18.83	1.11	0.00	46.65
Water ⁶	0.84	27.60	28.45	0.09	0.00	31.27
Construction ⁷	0.00	22.37	22.37	0.00	0.00	22.47
Total Emissions	19.67	3,324.20	3,343.88	1.45	0.00	3,381.59
SCAQMD Draft Thresi	hold					3,000
Exceeds Threshold?						Yes
Area Sources ²	0.00	218.47	218.47	0.01	0.00	219.83
Energy Usage ³	0.00	1,551.77	1,551.77	0.03	0.01	1,555.90
Mobile Sources⁴	0.00	2,556.21	2,556.21	0.14	0.00	2,559.62
Waste⁵	63.52	0.00	63.52	3.75	0.00	157.37
Water ⁶	7.06	247.36	254.43	0.73	0.02	278.17
Construction ⁷	0.00	133.79	133.79	0.02	0.00	134.18
Total Emissions	70.58	4,707.61	4,778.19	4.68	0.03	4,905.07
SCAQMD Draft Thres	hold					3,000
Exceeds Threshold?						Yes
Total for Phase 1 and	Phase 2					8,286.65
SCAQMD Threshold						3,000
Exceeds Threshold?						Yes

Sources: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis, Table 14.

Notes

- 1. Source: CalEEMod Version 2016.3.2 for Opening Year of 2022 for Phase 1 and 2026 for Phase 2.
- 2. Area sources consist of GHG emissions from consumer products, architectural coatings, and landscape equipment.
- 3. Energy usage consist of GHG emissions from electricity and natural gas usage
- 4. Mobile sources consist of GHG emissions from vehicles.
- 5. Solid waste includes the CO2 and CH4 emissions created from the solid waste placed in landfills.
- 6. Water includes GHG emissions from electricity used for transport of water and processing of wastewater.
- Construction GHG emissions CO2e based on a 30 year amortization rate.

The reduction comes from incorporation of the following CAPCOA-based reduction measures and regulatory compliance: utilizing low-flow fixtures that would reduce indoor water demand by 20 percent per CALGreen Standards, recycling programs that reduces waste to landfills by a minimum of 75 percent (per AB 341), utilizing Energy Star appliances, utilizing water-efficient irrigation systems, and compliance with SCAQMD Rule 1113 for architectural coatings; and incorporation of the CAPCOA-based land use and site enhancement reduction measures: LUT-1 Increased Density, LUT-4 Improve Destination Accessibility, and SDT-1 Improve Pedestrian Network.

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Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Table 23 Project-Related GHG Emissions with Incorporation of Sustainable Design/ Regulation

Phase 1 Category		Greenhouse	Gas Emission	ns (Metric To	ons/Year) ¹	
Filase i Category	Bio-CO2	NonBio-CO ₂	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Area Sources ²	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Energy Usage ³	0.00	306.72	306.72	0.01	0.00	307.52
Mobile Sources⁴	0.00	2,231.20	2,231.20	0.22	0.00	2,236.80
Waste ⁵	4.71	0.00	4.71	0.28	0.00	11.66
Water ⁶	0.67	23.61	24.29	0.07	0.00	26.55
Construction ⁷	0.00	22.37	22.37	0.00	0.00	22.47
Sequestration ⁸						-6.76
Total Emissions	5.38	2,583.91	2,589.30	0.58	0.00	2,598.25
SCAQMD Draft Threshold	k	.181				3,000
Exceeds Threshold?						No
Phone 2Cotegory		Greenhouse	Gas Emission	ns (Metric To	ons/Year) ¹	
Phase 2Category	Bio-CO2	NonBio-CO ₂	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Area Sources ²	0.00	218.47	218.47	0.01	0.00	219.83
Energy Usage ³	0.00	1,478.07	1,478.07	0.03	0.01	1,482.01
Mobile Sources ⁴	0.00	1,872.73	1,872.73	0.12	0.00	1,875.71
Waste ⁵	15.88	0.00	15.88	0.94	0.00	39.34
Water ⁶	5.65	213.93	219.59	0.59	0.01	238.61
Construction ⁷	0.00	133.79	133.79	0.02	0.00	134.18
Sequestration ⁸						-6.76
Total Emissions	21.53	3,917.00	3,938.53	1.70	0.03	3,982.93
SCAQMD Draft Threshold						3,000
Exceeds Threshold?						Yes
Total for Phase 1 and Ph	ase 2					6,581.18
SCAQMD Threshold						3,000
Exceeds Threshold?						Yes

Sources: Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis, Table 15.

Notes

- 1. Source: CalEEMod Version 2016.3.2 for Opening Year of 2022 for Phase 1 and 2026 for Phase 2.
- 2. Area sources consist of GHG emissions from consumer products, architectural coatings, and landscape equipment.
- 3. Energy usage consist of GHG emissions from electricity and natural gas usage
- Mobile sources consist of GHG emissions from vehicles.
- 5. Solid waste includes the CO₂ and CH₄ emissions created from the solid waste placed in landfills.
- Water includes GHG emissions from electricity used for transport of water and processing of wastewater.
- 7. Construction GHG emissions CO2e based on a 30 year amortization rate.
- 8. CO2 sequestration from the planting of ~191 trees per each Phase (135.2280/20 years [trees' lifetime])

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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However, even with incorporation of regulatory compliance and credit for reductions due to CAPCOA location-based efficiency measures, as shown in Table 16, Phase 2 individually and the total proposed project (Phases 1 and 2 combined) would still exceed the Riverside County CAP and SCAQMD draft screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO2e per year for all land uses. Per the County's CAP, projects that exceed emissions of 3,000 MTCO2e per year are also required to use Screening Tables. Projects that garner at least 100 points will be consistent with the reduction quantities anticipated in the County's CAP Update. Consistent with CEQA Guidelines, such projects would be determined to have a less than significant individual and cumulative impact for GHG emissions.

The Gateway Village project was evaluated using the CAP Screening Tables to determine what project components would qualify to receive points. The completed screening tables are included in EA Appendix A as Appendix A.2. The project was evaluated in two parts: (1) Screening Table for GHG Implementation Measures for Residential Development; and (2) Screening Table for GHG Implementation Measures for Commercial Development and Public Facilities. The proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village is a mixed use project. As described in the County's 2019 CAP, mixed-use projects provide additional opportunities to reduce emissions by combining complementary land uses in a manner that can reduce vehicle trips and also have the potential to complement energy-efficient infrastructure in a way that reduces emissions. Therefore, for the proposed mixed-use project, both Table 1 and Table 2 were filled out with points assigned proportionally identical to the proportioning of the mix of uses, and the total between the two tables must equal or exceed 100 points in order to be consistent with the reduction quantities in the County's CAP Update and would be considered less than significant for GHG emissions. Where items in the two tables were common between the two land use types, the point values were split 50/50 between the two land use types. For example, both land use types would be developed with Modestly Enhanced Windows (0.4 U-Factor, 0.32 SHGC), for a total of 3 points, with 1.5 points assigned to each land use type. The Screening Tables completed for the proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project show a total of 168 points with 73.5 points associated to the residential component and 84.5 points associated with the commercial component of the project.

The project would garner 73.5 points for the residential component due in part to the requirements set forth in State's Title 24 energy standards and water use reduction standards; as well as the Applicant's commitment to requiring the installation of more energy efficient HVAC equipment, higher efficiency lighting, enhanced insulation and windows, and solar panels for the Congregate Care facility (Phase 2).

The project would garner 84.5 points for the non-residential component using the same strategy for higher energy efficiency, but also for the installation of up to 9 EV charging stations. Therefore, for the Gateway Village project would have less than significant individual and cumulative impact for GHG emissions and be consistent with the Riverside County CAP. Thus, the proposed project would not create a significant cumulative impact to global climate change.

b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases? **Determination**: **Less Than Significant Impact**.

The proposed project would have the potential to conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. As stated previously, the County of Riverside has a Climate Action Plan; therefore, the project and its GHG emissions have been compared to the goals of the County of Riverside CAP Update.

According to the County's CAP Update, projects that do not exceed emissions of 3,000 MTCO2e per year are also required to include the following efficiency measures:

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

- Energy efficiency matching or exceeding the Title 24 requirements in effect as of January 2017, and
- Water conservation measures that matches the California Green Building Code in effect as of January 2017.

According to the CAP Screening Tables completed for the project, both the residential and non-residential components of the project would garner 168 points. Therefore, as the project would comply with the goals of the County of Riverside CAP, the project would not conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the project	ect:		
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?		\boxtimes	
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			
c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?			
d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter (1/4) mile of an existing or proposed school?			
e) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?			

<u>Source(s)</u>: Project Application Materials, Riverside County Department of Environmental Health website, Department of Toxic Substances Control, Envirostor Database, accessed June 15, 2020, https://www.envirostor.dtsc.ca.gov/public/map/?myaddress=5680+Monroe+Street+Thermal; State Water Resources Control Board Geotracker Database, accessed June 15, 2020, https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/map/?CMD=runreport&myaddress=56180+Monroe+Street+The rmal; and CDA Environmental Services, November 2018, Monroe Street Parcels SEC Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard Vista Santa Rosa, CA 92274 Phase I Environmental Site Assessment.

Findings of Fact:

a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials; or

Potentially Significant	Less than Significant	Less Than	No Impact
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b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

Construction

Construction activities associated with development of a mix of commercial and senior living uses on project site include clearing/grubbing, grading, trenching, or other ground disturbing activities. Construction activities would require the transport, use, and disposal of hazardous materials including gasoline, diesel fuel, hydraulic fluids, and other similarly related materials; generally, in support of heavy equipment (e.g., dozers, excavators, tractors). In addition, other materials such as paints, adhesives, solvents, and other substances typically used in construction may also be used on-site during construction. Improper use, storage, or transport of hazardous materials could result in accidental releases or spills, potentially posing health risks to workers, the public, and the environment. This is a standard risk on all construction projects, and there would be no greater risk for improper handling, transport, or spills associated with the proposed project than would occur on any other similar construction site.

Prior to commencement of any earthmoving activities at the project site, the Applicant or construction contractor is required to prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and file a Notice of Intent (NOI) with the State Water Quality Control Board, who will issue an unique Waste Discharge Identification (WDID) number for the project. The SWPPP and WDID must be kept at the project site and available for inspection by the County's inspectors during all phases of construction. Compliance with the terms of the SWPPP in the form of implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) for the control of pollutants and the prevention of the release of hazardous materials would ensure that this impact would be less than significant and no additional mitigation measures are required.

Operation

During long-term operation of commercial uses at the project site, most of the uses (pharmacy, fast food restaurant, small shops) are not anticipated to transport, use or dispose of hazardous materials. Likewise, the use of hazardous materials during long term operation of the congregate facility would be minimal consisting of household cleaning products as well as oxygen tanks. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.

During long-term operation of the gas station, transport, filling the underground storage tanks, and dispensing of petroleum products (gasoline and diesel fuel) are a routine occurrence which is not anticipated to be any different than how these products are handled at other locations. Likewise, a car wash handles wastewater that includes soap, car wax, dirt and grease, that must be transported off site for disposal at a permitted landfill. These types of uses are subject to a number of regulations by agencies including the SCAQMD (permit to construct/permit to operate).

In addition, the California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA) oversees the statewide implementation of a Unified Program with 81 certified local agencies, known as Certified Unified Program Agencies (CUPAs). These agencies apply regulatory standards established by the Governor's Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES), the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), the Office of the State Fire Marshal (OSFM), the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board), and CalEPA. At the local level, the Riverside County Department of Environmental health is the CUPA for Riverside County and is responsible for administering hazardous materials programs within the County. For the proposed project these include the Underground Storage Tank (UST) program,

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Hazardous Materials Business Plan Program, and the California Accidental Release Program (CalARP).

The County's Hazardous Materials Management Branch (HMMB) regulates and oversees the inspections of constructions, repairs, upgrades, system operation and removal of underground storage tank (UST) systems. A permit to operate a UST system is required per California Code of Regulations Title 23, Division 3, Chapter 16, California Health and Safety Code Section (25280 – 25299.8) and Riverside County Ordinance 617. These regulations mandate the testing and frequent inspections of the UST facilities.

In addition, the owner/operator of the gas station will be required to prepare and implements a Hazardous Materials Business Plan (HMBP) that includes an inventory of all hazardous materials on-site. The information from the HMBP, including an inventory of chemicals used at the site must be made available to first responders in the County for emergency response activities. The chemical inventory and HMBP must be reported electronically to the California Environmental Reporting System (CERS), the only approved method for submitting required information to the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health.

Compliance with all requirements of the State and County agencies for the operation of the gas station and car wash will ensure that this impact would be less than significant and no additional mitigation measures are required.

c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

The project site is located at the southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd. As part of project approval the project includes roadway improvements along both streets to install curb/gutter, center medians, and a multi-purpose trail system along the outer boundary of the project site along these major streets.

Applicant of the proposed project will be required to design, construct, and maintain structures, roadways, and facilities that comply with applicable County, regional, state and/or federal requirements related to emergency access and evacuation plans. Construction activities which may temporarily restrict vehicular traffic will be required to implement adequate and appropriate measures to facilitate the passage of persons and vehicles. This will ensure that the proposed project will not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan and reduce any impact to less than significant.

d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter (1/4) mile of an existing or proposed school? **Determination:**Less than Significant Impact.

The project site is located adjacent on the east and south to the Coachella Valley Unified School District's (CVUSD) Westside Elementary School. Generally, a neighborhood shopping center would include uses such as a grocery store, drug store, small specialty shops and restaurants; and occasionally, a gas station is included. The proposed project includes a gas station at corner of Airport Blvd and Monroe Street, approximately 500 feet west of the elementary school. Gas stations emit benzene, a known human carcinogen and are subject to SCAQMD Rule 461- Gasoline Transfer and Dispensing. Rule 461 applies to "the transfer of gasoline from any tank truck, trailer, or railroad tank

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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car into any stationary storage tank or mobile fueler, and from any stationary storage tank or mobile fueler into any mobile fueler or motor vehicle fuel tank." Therefore, Rule 461 applies to the gas station proposed for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Center.

As described in Section 21(b) above, development and operation of a gas station is a highly regulated land use. In addition to compliance with the regulations discussed above, the owner/operator of the new gas station is also required to obtain a Permit to Construct (Rule 201) and Permit to Operate (Rule 203) from SCAQMD prior to commencing operation of the facility. This will ensure that the gas station is constructed and operated in compliance with all State and County rules, regulations and ordinances, and that hazardous emissions would be controlled over the life of the project, and no additional mitigation measures have been identified.

e) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? **Determination:** No Impact.

A search of the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Envirostor website showed that there are no hazardous waste facilities or sites at the project site or within a 1,000-foot radius. This database is used by DTSC to track cleanup; and permit, enforce and investigate hazardous waste facilities and sites with known contamination or sites where there may be reasons to investigate further.

In addition, a search of the State Water Resources Control Board Geotracker Database also showed that neither the project site or any site within a 1,000-foot radius was identified that would impact, or have the potential to impact, water quality (particularly groundwater quality) in the State. GeoTracker includes records for sites that require cleanup, including sites with underground storage tanks.

A Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) was completed for the project site in October 2018. The ESA found that there were regulated materials including small amounts of pesticides, herbicides and related nursery chemicals and solvents stored at the nursery located on site. There was also a 500 gallon above ground commercial propane tank at Kennedy's market that was previously used for propane sales. There did not appear to be any "buried solid waste" or otherwise unauthorized fill on the project site.

There were two (2) listings in the Riverside County environmental database - Riverside County Disclosure List (RCDL). This database contains the listing of permitted facilities in the County that handle hazardous materials and is maintained by the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health. Note: the Kennedy Grocery listed herein, is located on the project site in unincorporated Riverside County and not within the City of La Quinta.

- Sprint Nextel (CA5656) (cell tower located on APN 764-080-003)
 56302 Monroe Street
 Thermal, CA 92274
- Kennedy Grocery (above ground propane tank and propane sales located on 764-080-004.
 Monroe Street
 La Quinta, CA 92253

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		incorporated		

No violations or enforcement actions were noted. The history of uses and business activity on the project site is well-documented from several sources including long-time property owners and business operators, previous environmental site assessments, historical aerial photographs and records.

In summary, and in accordance with EPA's Standards and Practices for All Appropriate Inquiries (40 CFR part 312), and the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard E-1527-13, Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments, the Phase I ESA found no evidence of potential liabilities or environmental impairment resulting from leaking underground storage tanks, release of hazardous materials and/or toxic contaminants on any properties within the immediate vicinity. The Regulatory Records Search did identify properties with contamination issues and other environmental listings within a 1/8-mile, ½ mile and ½ mile radius of the project site, however, these would appear to have no impact on the project site.

The project site has no recognized environmental conditions which would include the presence or likely presence of any hazardous substances or petroleum products in, on, or at a property: (1) due to any release to the environment; (2) under conditions indicative of a release to the environment; or (3) under conditions that pose a material threat of a future release to the environment." The term is not intended to include de minimis conditions that generally do not present a threat to human health or the environment and that generally would not be the target of an enforcement action if brought to the attention of the appropriate governmental agencies.

The conclusion of the Phase I ESA was that further environmental study or investigation of the project site is necessary with the exception of the following: "Asbestos is not considered to be a concern at the Target Property. When demolition permits are sought for the structures a formal asbestos survey will be required by the County Building Department."

Therefore, compliance with the County's Building Department regarding the completion of an asbestos survey prior to demolition of buildings at the project site will ensure that there are no constraints on the project site that would adversely impact development.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

22. Airportsa) Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master		\boxtimes
Plan?		
b) Require review by the Airport Land Use		
Commission?		
c) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?		
d) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?		

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
	Incorporated		

Coachella Valley Area Plan Figures 4 and 5, and Table 4.

Findings of Fact:

- Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan; or
- b) Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission? **Determination: No impact.**

The Gateway Village project site is located approximately 3.5 miles northwest of the Jacqueline Cochran Airport, formerly known as Thermal Airport or Desert Resorts Regional Airport and operated by the County of Riverside. As shown on Figure 4 of the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan, the project site lies outside the airport's area of influence. The westerly most boundary of Zone E, the least restrictive zone where a project would be subject to review under the Airport Land Use Compatibility Criteria for Riverside County (ECVAP Table 4) is located along Jackson Street east of the project site. Therefore, the project is not subject to a determination of consistency with the Airport Master Plan or Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan and would not require review by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission.

c) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted. within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? Determination: No Impact.

The Gateway Village project site is located approximately 3.5 miles northwest of the Jacqueline Cochran Regional Airport outside its area of influence. Therefore, there would be no impact resulting from the proximity of the project to any Airport Master Plan associated with this airport.

For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety d) hazard for people residing or working in the project area? Determination: No Impact.

The project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport and would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area. Therefore, there would be no impact.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:			
23. Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? 			
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?		\boxtimes	
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course		\boxtimes	
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces?				
d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site?				
e) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site?				
f) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			\boxtimes	
g) Impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
h) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk the release of pollutants due to project inundation?				\boxtimes
 i) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan? 				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-9 "Special Flood Hazard Areas," Figure S-10 "Dam Failure Inundation Zone," Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan Figure 12; Christiansen & Company, September 2019, Hydrology Study for Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village; and Christiansen & Company, September 2019, Final Project Specific Water Quality Management Plan for Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village.

Findings of Fact:

a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact**.

The proposed development area (without the parcel containing the Kennedy Market) was the subject of a Hydrology Study and Final Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP). The remaining parcel was not included as no ground disturbance is proposed in that area at this time. At such time as this parcel (Phase 4) is proposed, that applicant would be required to provide the County with a project specific Hydrology Study and WQMP that addresses that parcel's existing hydrology and drainage and proposed site specific drainage plan and WQMP.

Construction Impacts

Urban runoff has been identified as one of the principal causes of water quality impacts in most urban areas, because it could potentially contain a variety of pollutants such as litter and debris, bacteria and viruses, oil and grease, sediments, nutrients, metals, and toxic chemicals. Violations of water quality standards or waste discharge requirements, or degradation of water quality can result in potentially significant impacts to water quality and result in environmental damage to downstream water courses such as the Whitewater River. Pollutants transported in stormwater runoff most likely to occur during onsite construction would be in the form of sediment loss created from erosion due to soil disturbance, and from stormwater mixing with construction materials. However, because the State has adopted strict regulations for the control and release of stormwater from a project site, under the federal National Pollutant Elimination Discharge System (NPDES) permit, the Applicant or construction contractor will be responsible for preparing a Construction SWPPP that must be implemented throughout the project

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

construction period. The SWPPP must describe Best Management Practices (BMPs) for the control and treatment of runoff from the project site for the following:

Soil Stabilization (erosion control);
Sediment Control;
Tracking Control;
Wind Erosion Control;
Construction Site Management;
Non-Stormwater control; and
Waste Management and Materials Pollution Control.

The SWPPP must be designed to prevent construction related pollutants from discharge of erosional sediments offsite. To comply with the NPDES permit, the Applicant is required to file a Notice of Intent (NOI) with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) who will issue a Waste Discharge identification Number (WDID). A copy of the SWPPP prepared by a Qualified SWPPP Developer (QSD) and implemented by a Qualified SWPPP Practitioner (QSP), along with a copy of the NOI and WDID must be maintained and updated at the project site and available for review during the entirety of the construction period.

Operational Impacts

The County or Riverside requires that each site be responsible for controlling its own hydrology and drainage in compliance with the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (RCFC&WCD) which requires all sites to retain stormwater flows on site and treat stormwater in accordance with an approved Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) that incorporates Low Impact Development (LID) BMPs. As described in the project's Hydrology Report, increased storm water runoff associated with the creation of impervious surfaces (parking lots and buildings) will be controlled by installation of underground chambers designed to have a storage capacity based on the BMP Design Capture Volume established through the project's Hydrology Study. BMPs will be designed, constructed and maintained through the implementation of a site-specific WQMP for each phase of the project. The WQMP will continue to be implemented and updated as needed, throughout the life of the project.

The entire developed area must have 100 percent containment of the 100-year storm event as required by the County of Riverside. Stormwater Containment would be through two separate Contech 96-inch diameter CMP (galvanized epoxy coated) Underground Stormwater Retention Chambers. The design of the project's drainage system includes the use of graded swales, gutters, catch basins and underground stormwater retention located in the proposed parking lots in phases 1 and 2. Phases 3 and 4 will required similar facilities to be designed at such time as future projects in these phases are proposed. All flows would be collected in a series of gutters, (2 feet x 3 feet NDS Diagonal Grate Inlets and 12-inch, 18-inch and 24-inch ADS polyethylene pipes. The Underground Storage Chambers will be designed to contain 100 percent of the 100 year storm event.

Compliance with the requirements of the site specific SWPPP during construction, and with the WQMP during the life of the project, for each phase, would ensure that impacts associated with the proposed project on hydrology and drainage would be less than significant and no mitigation measures are required.

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b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

Currently, much of the project site is not covered with buildings or pavement and the proposed project would result in a decrease in the amount of pervious surface in the area. However, the size of the site at approximately 27 acres is not of such a size to substantially decrease the amount of water that percolates and recharges the groundwater basin. The proposed project includes the implementation of a WQMP for Phases 1 and 2 (approximately 14.66 acres), with the area located in Phases 3 and 4 (approximately 12.39 acres) to be developed at a later date. Each phase will be developed so that 100 percent of post-development stormwater is captured and contained on site. The drainage/retention system has been designed to contain 100 percent of the 100-year storm event as required by the County of Riverside. The WQMP identifies two locations for underground stormwater retention chambers: (1) under the parking lot in Phase 1 between the fast food restaurant and the pharmacy building; and (2) under the parking lot in Phase 2 along the south side of the congregate care building. The Applicant intends to provide similar stormwater capture/water quality treatment facilities for phases 3 and 4. At such time as land uses in these phases are proposed, the Applicant is required to prepare a WQMP for this portion of the project site. Therefore, on-going during the life of the project, stormwater that currently falls on the project site would continue but would be captured, conveyed, treated, then allowed to percolate. Thus, under post-development conditions, there would be a less than significant impact to groundwater recharge and would not substantially impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin.

c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces?

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

Topography on the project site allows drainage to flow toward the center of the site in a northwest to southeast direction. What doesn't percolate on site leaves the site near the southeast corner onto undeveloped agriculture land. There is no defined drainage course or "blue-line" stream on the project site. Therefore, grading the site and developing buildings and parking lots and the creation of a storm drain system to capture stormwater and convey it to underground stormwater retention chambers would not adversely affect or substantially alter the course of a stream or river.

d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

During all construction phases (e.g. grading/excavation, installation of underground infrastructure, construction of buildings, paving and landscaping), the construction contractors will be responsible for the implementation of an approved SWPPP. BMPs for the control of erosion and siltation on site as set forth in the SWPPP would ensure that impacts would be minimal on site, and no erosion or siltation would occur off-site related to the project.

e) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

The addition of impervious surfaces on site would create increased surface runoff; however, proposed BMPs, underground stormwater retention chambers, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices will prevent on or offsite flooding that could be caused by

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	lementation of the project. Development of the site would not substantially increase the rate or bunt of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site.
Also	o see response to 23.b and 23.c above.
f)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.
impl prop requ disp not	der post construction conditions, the project owners/operators will be responsible for the lementation of BMPs to address the pollutants of concern that may potentially be generated from posed land uses, as outlined in the project's WQMP for each phase. BMPs may include treatment uirements, operating procedures and practices to control site runoff, spillage or leaks, trash/waste posal, or drainage from any outdoor storage areas. Therefore, implementation of the project would create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater image systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff.
g)	Impede or redirect flood flows? Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.
Bou Coa a 1	e project site is not located within a flood hazard area, as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard indary, Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map, including the Eastern achella Valley Area Plan Figure 12. Therefore, the project would not impede or redirect flows within 00-year flood hazard area. Impacts resulting from project implementation would be less than hificant.
h)	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk the release of pollutants due to project inundation? Determination: No Impact .
	project site is not located in a flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zone, and therefore, there would be risk of the release of pollutants due to project inundation. No impact is anticipated to occur.
i)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan? Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.
imp	per implementation of project BMP's will ensure that the project will not conflict with or obstruct lementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan. Impact be less than significant. Also see responses to 23.b and 23.c above.
<u>Miti</u>	gation: No mitigation is required.
Mor	nitoring: No monitoring is required.
	AND USE/PLANNING Would the project:
cor	a) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a inflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental fect?

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)?			\boxtimes	

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan, Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan (ECVAP), ECVAP Figure 3, Figure 4 and Table 1, Project Application Materials.

Findings of Fact:

a) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

The project site is approximately 27 acres located at the southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd (Avenue 56) in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa. Figure 2 shows the project site and vicinity. The project site is located in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa, a large portion of which is also located within the Sphere of Influence of the City of La Quinta adjacent to the west of Monroe Street.

The proposed project includes the following entitlements: (1) General Plan Amendment from the current Agriculture General Plan Foundation Component and Agriculture land use designation to a Community Development General Plan Foundation Component with a Mixed Use Area (MUA) land use designation; (2) Zone Change on 12 parcels from the current Light Agriculture - 20-acre lot minimum (A-1-20) and Commercial Retail (C-R) zoning classifications, to a Mixed Use (MU) zoning classification; (3) Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801 to create 7 new parcels (not including the parcel containing the Kennedy Market); and (4) Conditional Use Permit to allow alcohol sales on the proposed commercial portions of the project site. Table 24, *Existing and Proposed Land Use Designations*, shows details on existing conditions and the proposed project.

Development of the project site would be generally governed by the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan (ECVAP) and incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines. The ECVAP describes the Vista Santa Rosa community as follows:

Vista Santa Rosa is a special community where country club and residential development interface with agricultural and rural, equestrian oriented lifestyles. In order to ensure that the community develops in a harmonious manner that protects and enhances its value to area residents and landowners and Riverside County, the County of Riverside has begun the preparation of a detailed Vista Santa Rosa community land use plan that will be incorporated into the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan. The area is an important producer of date crops. Rural Residential and Rural Community uses are also prevalent, with an emphasis on equestrian lifestyles.

The County has not yet completed a detailed land use plan with community development policies. In addition, the project site is <u>not</u> currently located within the Vista Santa Rosa Policy Area as shown on ECVAP Figure 4, Overlays and Policy Areas. The Policy Area is generally located four miles southeast of the project site on the north and south sides of Avenue 62 between Jackson and Van Buren Streets. Therefore, Vista Santa Rosa policies would not apply to the proposed project.

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Table 24 Existing and Proposed Land Use Designations

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Foundation Component	Area Plan Land Use Designation	Building Intensity Range (du/ac or FAR)	Notes
		Existing Co.	nditions
Agriculture	Agriculture (AG)	10 ac min.	Agricultural land including row crops, groves, nurseries, dairies, poultry farms, processing plants, and other related uses. One single-family residence allowed per 10 acres except as otherwise specified by a policy or an overlay.
		Proposed i	Project State of the state of t
Community Development	Mixed-Use Area	0.20 - 0.35 FAR	The MUA land use designation is applied to areas outside of ECVAP designated Community Centers. The intent of the designation is not to identify a particular mixture or intensity of land uses, but to designate areas where a mixture of residential, commercial, office, entertainment, educational, and/or recreational uses, or other uses is planned.

Source: ECVAP Table 1.

Although the existing County Foundation Component is Agriculture, the project site is located in a Community Development Overlay - identifying areas appropriate for urban or suburban development, including areas for single family and multiple family residential uses, commercial, industrial, business park, public facilities, and a mix of uses. The project site and vicinity, east of Monroe Street is located within a Community Development Overlay District as shown on ECVAP Figure 4. This Overlay District is applied to areas outside of Community Centers (e.g. Thermal and Oasis) but that could be developed with a mix of uses other than what is allowed in the underlying land use designation. The intent of the designation is not to identify a particular mixture or intensity of land uses, but to designate areas where a mixture of residential, commercial, office, entertainment, educational, and/or recreational uses, or other uses may be planned. The Community Development Overlay District designation allows community development land use designations to be applied through General Plan Amendments within specified areas including within the Agriculture Foundation Component areas.

The Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan Policy ECVAP 1.1 sets forth the County's intent to prepare a detailed Vista Santa Rosa community land use plan that will be incorporated into the ECVAP. This land use plan will include community development policies that will "provide for a harmonious blend of country club, residential, commercial, rural, agricultural, and equestrian uses and community facilities in this area, and promote unifying community themes through signs, landscaping, scale of development, and trail and road facilities, etc. for the community."

The combination of the Community Development Overlay and the County's intent to develop a land use plan to guide the development of a mix of land uses within the Vista Santa Rosa community presents an opportunity for the development of such a project as the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project. With a Community Development Overlay designation, the County is acknowledging that development of non-agricultural uses is inevitable, especially since the west side of Monroe Street in the City of La Quinta is developed with a number of residential neighborhoods.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The project site and immediate vicinity is within the sphere of influence of the City of La Quinta. The City has designated the majority of this portion if its sphere for Low Density Residential and the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project site as General Commercial.

The Applicant is requesting a general plan amendment and zone change from the County to allow a mix of uses to be developed on the site including a small commercial site and Senior Oriented Living (Congregate Care). The Applicant's intention for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village is to create the look and feel of a transition from the golf course/residential land uses on the west side of Monroe Street in La Quinta into the more agrarian area that is Vista Santa Rosa. The building materials, landscape materials and fencing will immediately give the motorist, bicyclist, equestrian and/or pedestrian the sense that they have transitioned into a more rural/equestrian area.

Therefore, the proposed General Plan Amendment and Zone Change to create the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project would be consistent with the County's intent as set forth in the ECVAP, to allow the development of a mix of land uses on the project site and vicinity.

b) Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)? **Determination:** No Impact.

The project site is located in an area of the Vista Santa Rosa community that is generally defined by agricultural uses as shown in Figure 3 of the ECVAP. There are five existing residences on site that will be demolished as part of the proposed project, however, this number of residences does not constitute an established community. Therefore, there is no impact.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:		GN THE
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?		
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?		
c) Potentially expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing, or abandoned quarries or mines?		\boxtimes

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-6 "Mineral Resources Area"

Findings of Fact:

a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State? **Determination:** No Impact.

According to the Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-6, *Mineral Resources Area*, the project site is located in a Mineral Resource Zone (MRZ) where no significant mineral deposits are known to occur

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The Gateway Village project site is located approximately 3.5 miles west of the Jacqueline Cochran Airport, formerly known as Thermal Airport or Desert Resorts Regional Airport and operated by the County of Riverside. As shown on Figure 4 of the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan, the project site lies outside the airport's area of influence. The westerly most boundary of Airport Compatibility Zone E, the least restrictive zone where a project would be subject to review under the Airport Land Use Compatibility Criteria for Riverside County (ECVAP Table 4) is located along Jackson Street east of the

	Potentially	Less than	Less	No
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project site. Therefore, people residing or working in the excessive noise levels.	project area	a would not	be expos	ed to
b) For a project located within the vicinity of a private residing or working in the project area to excessive no				
The Gateway Village project site is located approximately 3.5 Regional Airport outside its area of influence; and there Therefore, there would be no impact resulting from the proximately 3.5	are no priva	ate airstrips	located ne	earby.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
27. Noise Effects by the Project a) Generation of a substantial temporary of permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?	of al			
b) Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration o ground-borne noise levels?	or \square	\boxtimes		

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Table N-1 ("Land Use Compatibility for Community Noise Exposure"), Project Application Materials

Findings of Fact:

a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.**

The unit of measurement used to describe a noise level is the decibel (dB). The human ear is not equally sensitive to all frequencies within the sound spectrum. Therefore, the "A-weighted" noise scale, which weights the frequencies to which humans are sensitive, is used for measurements. Noise levels using A-weighted measurements are written as dB(A) or dBA.

From the noise source to the receiver, noise changes both in level and frequency spectrum. The most obvious is the decrease in noise as the distance from the source increases. The manner in which noise reduces with distance depends on whether the source is a point or line source as well as ground absorption, atmospheric effects and refraction, and shielding by natural and manmade features. Sound from point sources, such as air conditioning condensers, radiates uniformly outward as it travels away from the source in a spherical pattern. The noise drop-off rate associated with this geometric spreading is 6 dBA per each doubling of the distance (dBA/DD). Noise from roadways are typically analyzed as line sources, since at any given moment the receiver may be impacted by noise from multiple vehicles at various locations along the roadway. Because of the geometry of a line source, the noise drop-off rate associated with the geometric spreading of a line source is 3 dBA/DD.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Average noise levels over a period of minutes or hours are usually expressed as dBA Leq, or the equivalent noise level for that period of time. For example, Leq⁽³⁾ would represent a 3-hour average. When no period is specified, a one-hour average is assumed.

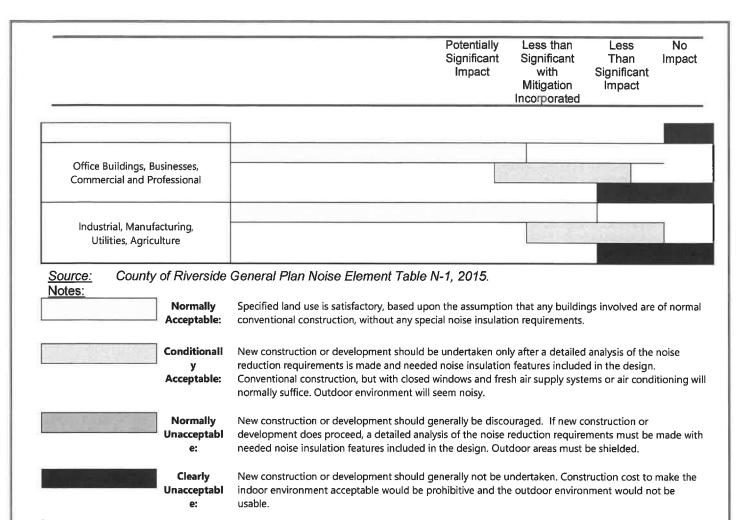
Noise standards for land use compatibility are stated in terms of the Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) and the Day-Night Average Noise Level (DNL). Table 25, *County of Riverside Land Use Compatibility for Community Noise Exposure*, presents the County's CNEL levels. CNEL is a 24-hour weighted average measure of community noise that is obtained by adding five decibels to sound levels in the evening (7:00 PM to 10:00 PM), and by adding ten decibels to sound levels at night (10:00 PM to 7:00 AM). This weighting accounts for the increased human sensitivity to noise during the evening and nighttime hours. DNL is a very similar 24-hour average measure that weights only the nighttime hours.

It is widely accepted that the average healthy ear can barely perceive changes of 3 dBA; that a change of 5 dBA is readily perceptible, and that an increase (decrease) of 10 dBA sounds twice (half) as loud.

County of Riverside Land Use Compatibility for Community Noise Exposure Table 25 Community Noise Exposure dBA CNEL or Ldn Land Use 55 60 65 70 75 Residential-Low Density, Single Family, Duplex, Mobile Homes Residential- Multiple Family Transient Lodging- Motels, Hotels Schools, Libraries, Churches, Hospitals, Nursing Homes Auditoriums, Concert Halls, **Amphitheaters** Sports Arenas, Outdoor Spectator Sports Playgrounds, Neighborhood Parks Golf Courses, Riding Stables, Water Recreation, Cemeteries

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Existing Land Uses and Sensitive Receptors

The project site is bounded by Airport Boulevard and Westside Elementary School to the north, Monroe Street to the west, vacant land to the south, and agricultural land to the east. Sensitive land uses that may be affected by project noise include Westside Elementary School located adjacent to the northeast corner of the project site, the four single-family detached residential dwelling units located adjacent to the south along Otymar Lane, the single-family detached residential dwelling units located as close as approximately 80 feet west (across Monroe Street) and approximately 375 feet northwest (across Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard intersection).

Ambient Noise Measurements

In order to document existing ambient noise levels in the project area, five (5) 10-minute daytime noise measurements were taken between 3:31 PM and 5:18 PM on February 28, 2019. In addition, one (1) long-term 24-hour noise measurement was also taken from February 28, 2019 to March 1, 2019.

Five short-term noise measurements (STNM) were taken in the following locations: (STNM-1) near the northwest corner of the project site, immediately south of the intersection of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd; (STNM-2) at the agricultural site along the north side of across Airport Blvd across from the proposed driveway between the project site and the elementary school; (STNM-3) on the south side of Airport Blvd near the entrance to the elementary school; (STNM-4) within the project site just south of the elementary school; and (STNM-5) on the vacant agricultural site south of the project site along Monroe Street. In addition, one long-term noise measurement (LTNM-1) was taken on the east side of

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Monroe Street in the Phase I portion of the site, across from the existing residential neighborhood along the west side of Monroe Street.

Table 26, Short-Term Noise Measurement Summary (dBA), provides a summary of the data collected for existing conditions. As shown in Table 26 short-term ambient noise levels fell between 49.5 and 69.6 dBA Leq. Table 27, Long-Term Noise Measurement Summary (dBA), provides hourly interval ambient noise data from the long-term noise measurement with noise levels ranging from 39.1 to 61.8 dBA Leq. The dominant noise sources for both types of measurements were from vehicles traveling along Monroe Street and Airport Blvd, and children playing at the nearby elementary school.

Table 26 Short-Term Noise Measurements Summary (dBA)

Daytime ^{1,2}									
Site Location	Time Started	Leq	Lmax	Lmin	L(2)	L(8)	L(25)	L(50)	
STNM1	4:22 PM	64.1	76.8	46.4	72.4	69.3	64.4	58.7	
STNM2	4:47 PM	69.6	82.3	41.0	77.8	75.5	70.0	61.3	
STNM3	5:08 PM	62.5	72.8	44.0	69.5	67.3	64.1	58.9	
STNM4	3:56 PM	49.5	60.4	42.8	54.3	52.3	50.5	48.4	
STNM5	3:31 PM	64.4	76.0	43.1	71.9	69.3	65.9	59.6	

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 1. Notes:

- See Figure 5 for noise measurement locations. Each noise measurement was performed over a 10minute duration
- 2. Noise measurements performed on February 28, 2019.

Table 27 Long-Term Noise Measurement Summary (dBA)

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24-Hour Ambient Noise ^{1,2}										
Hourly Measurements	Time Started	Leq	Lmax	Lmin	L(2)	L(8)	L(25)	L(50)		
Overall Summary	7:00 PM	57.3	91.7	27.0	65.7	62.3	56.4	48.1		
1	7:00 PM	53.5	74.5	36.0	62.9	58.9	49.3	45.1		
2	8:00 PM	50.8	66.7	31.5	61.7	55.4	46.9	43.3		
3	9:00 PM	50.5	66.3	31.1	60.9	55.7	45.8	41.1		
4	10:00 PM	49.2	67.3	30.9	60.5	52.6	44.0	39.5		
5	11:00 PM	45.2	64.4	29.3	56.4	45.8	39.0	34.6		
6	12:00 AM	47.3	70.7	28.1	56.7	44.2	36.0	32.5		
7	1:00 AM	39.1	62.6	29.3	44.5	39.3	34.4	33.1		
8	2:00 AM	42.3	63.6	27.3	51.6	40.8	34.3	31.6		
9	3:00 AM	44.9	67.9	27.0	54.7	41.6	34.9	31.8		
10	4:00 AM	46.9	64.9	27.0	58.7	47.8	41.9	37.6		
11	5:00 AM	54.0	73.7	34.0	63.9	58.7	50.6	45.5		

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Table 27 Long-Term Noise Measurement Summary (dBA) (continued)

	24-Hour Ambient Noise ^{1,2}									
Hourly Measurements	Time Started	Leq	Lmax	Lmin	L(2)	L(8)	L(25)	L(50)		
12	6:00 AM	60.5	88.4	40.7	66.7	63.5	58.9	52.9		
13	7:00 AM	59.3	75.9	43.2	66.4	63.6	60.1	55.0		
14	8:00 AM	61.8	91.7	42.6	66.7	64.1	61.0	56.7		
15	9:00 AM	59.8	72.6	42.0	67.4	64.2	61.0	56.2		
16	10:00 AM	60.5	74.3	40.2	68.5	64.9	61.2	56.8		
17	11:00 AM	60.3	76.7	38.9	68.2	64.7	61.1	56.2		
18	12:00 PM	58.6	76.4	36.8	66.2	63.0	59.4	52.8		
19	1:00 PM	59.9	78.5	39.8	67.4	63.8	60.4	55.7		
20	2:00 PM	59.2	73.2	39.2	66.4	63.5	60.4	56.0		
21	3:00 PM	59.1	73.2	40.0	66.5	63.6	60.3	55.4		
22	4:00 PM	59.7	75.9	40.1	67.5	64.3	60.7	54.2		
23	5:00 PM	57.6	73.1	37.7	65.6	62.6	57.8	51.5		
24	6:00 PM	54.9	71.1	36.0	63.6	60.4	53.0	48.6		

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 2. Notes:

Construction Noise

Construction noise sources are regulated within the County through Ordinance 847 which prohibits construction activities except between the hours of 6:00 AM and 6:00 PM during the months of June through September and between the hours of 7:00 AM and 6:00 PM during the months of October through May.

The County of Riverside has not adopted a numerical threshold that identifies what a substantial increase would be. Therefore, the Noise Study relied on the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment (2006) criteria to establish significance thresholds. The FTA provides reasonable criteria for assessing construction noise impacts based on the potential for adverse community reaction. For residential uses, the daytime noise threshold is 80 dBA Leq averaged over an 8-hour period (Leq (8-hr); and the nighttime noise threshold is 70 dBA Leq (8-hr). For commercial uses, the daytime and nighttime noise threshold is 85 dBA Leq (8-hr). In compliance with the County's Code, it was assumed that construction would not occur during the noise-sensitive nighttime hours.

The elementary school adjacent to the northeast corner of the project site, the four residences located adjacent to the south, the single-family neighborhood located as close as approximately 80 feet west (across Monroe Street) and approximately 375 feet northwest (across Monroe Street and Airport Blvd intersection) of the project site may be temporarily affected by short-term noise impacts associated with

^{1.} See Figure 5 for noise measurement locations. Each noise measurement was performed over a 10-minute duration

^{2.} Noise measurements performed on February 28, 2019.

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the transport of workers, the movement of construction materials to and from the project site, ground clearing, excavation, grading, and building activities. Construction and demolition noise will vary depending on the construction process, type of equipment involved, location of the construction site with respect to sensitive receptors, the schedule proposed to carry out each task (e.g., hours and days of the week) and the duration of the construction work.

The construction phases for the proposed project were evaluated as follows:

- Demolition
- Site preparation
- Phase 1
- Building Construction
- Paving
- Architectural Coating
- Site Preparation
- Phase 2
- Building Construction
- Paving
- Architectural Coating

Construction noise associated with the proposed project was calculated utilizing methodology presented in the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment Manual (2018) together with several key construction parameters including: distance to each sensitive receiver, equipment usage, percent usage factor, and baseline parameters for the project site. Distances to receptors were based on the acoustical center of the proposed construction activity. Construction noise levels were calculated for each phase. Anticipated noise levels during each construction phase for Phase 1 of the proposed project are presented in Table 28, *Phase 1 Construction Noise Levels (Leq)*, and for Phase 2 of the proposed project are presented in Table 29, *Phase 2 Construction Noise Levels (Leq)*.

A comparison of existing noise levels and existing plus project construction noise levels are presented in Tables 28 and 29. For Phase 1 of construction, noise measurement location STNM-33 was used to represent noise levels at the property line of the school use located adjacent to the northeast, STNM-5 was used to represent noise levels at the property lines of the residential uses located adjacent to the south, and STNM-1 was used to represent noise levels at the property lines of the residential uses located to the west and northwest of the project site. During Phase 1 of construction, modeled unmitigated construction noise levels when combined with existing measured noise levels could reach 72.6 dBA Leq at the nearest school property line at the northeast, up to 68 dBA Leq at the nearest residential property line to the west, and up to 67.7 dBA Leq at the nearest residential property line to the project site.

For Phase 2 of construction, noise measurement location STNM-4 was used to represent noise levels at the property line of the school use located adjacent to the northeast, STNM-5 was used to represent noise levels at the property lines of the residential uses located adjacent to the south, and STNM-1 was used to represent noise levels at the property lines of the residential uses located to the west and northwest of the project site. During Phase 2 of construction, modeled unmitigated construction noise levels when combined with existing measured noise levels could reach 72.1 dBA Leq at the nearest school property line at the northeast, up to 77.5 dBA Leq at the nearest residential property line to the south, up to 67.2 dBA Leq at the nearest residential property line to the west, and up to 65.1 dBA Leq at the nearest residential property line to the project site.

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Table 28 Phase 1 Construction Noise Levels (Leq)

Phase	Receptor Location	Existing Ambient Noise Levels (Leq) ¹	Unmitigated Construction Noise Levels (Leq) ²	Combined Noise Levels (Leq) ²	Increase (dB)
	Northeast	62.5	69.8	70.5	8.0
Demolition	South	64.4	65.5	68.0	3.6
Demoilion	West	64.1	67.1	68.9	4.8
	Northwest	64.1	59.6	65.4	1.3
	Northeast	62.5	69.0	69.9	7.4
Site	South	64.4	60.2	65.8	1.4
Preparation	West	64.1	67.1	68.9	4.8
	Northwest	64.1	62.0	66.2	2.1
	Northeast	62.5	72.2	72.6	10.1
Cradina	South	64.4	63.4	66.9	2.5
Grading	West	64.1	70.3	71.2	7.1
	Northwest	64.1	65.2	67.7	3.6
	Northeast	62.5	70.0	70.7	8.2
Building	South	64.4	61.2	66.1	1.7
Construction	West	64.1	68.0	69.5	5.4
	Northwest	64.1	63.0	66.6	2.5
	Northeast	62.5	67.2	68.5	6.0
Dovina	South	64.4	58.4	65.4	1.0
Paving	West	64.1	65.3	67.8	3.7
	Northwest	64.1	60.3	65.6	1.5
	Northeast	62.5	59.9	64.4	1.9
Architectural	South	64.4	51.1	64.6	0.2
Coating	West	64.1	58.0	65.1	1.0
	Northwest	64.1	52.9	64.4	0.3

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 6. Notes:

- Per measured existing ambient noise levels. STNM3 was used for receptors at the northeast, STNM5 for receptors to the south, and STNM1 for receptors to the west and northwest.
- 2. Construction noise worksheets are provided in Appendix D of the Noise Study (Initial Study Appendix H.

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Table 29 Phase 2 Construction Noise Levels (Leq)

Phase	Receptor Location	Existing Ambient Noise Levels (Leq) ¹	Unmitigated Construction Noise Levels (Leq) ²	Combined Noise Levels (Leq) ²	Increase (dB)
	Northeast	49.5	70.8	70.8	21.3
Site	South	64.4	75.9	76.2	11.8
Preparation	West	64.1	63.0	66.6	2.5
	Northwest	64.1	57.1	64.9	0.8
	Northeast	49.5	72.1	72.1	22.6
Grading	South	64.4	77.3	77.5	13.1
Grading	West	64.1	64.3	67.2	3.1
	Northwest	64.1	58.4	65.1	1.0
	Northeast	49.5	70.5	70.5	21.0
Building	South	64.4	75.7	76.0	11.6
Construction	West	64.1	62.7	66.5	2.4
	Northwest	64.1	56.9	64.9	0.8
	Northeast	49.5	67.8	67.9	18.4
Paving	South	64.4	73.0	73.6	9.2
ravilig	West	64.1	60.0	65.5	1.4
	Northwest	64.1	54.1	64.5	0.4
	Northeast	49.5	60.5	60.8	11.3
Architectural	South	64.4	65.7	68.1	3.7
Coating	West	64.1	52.7	64.4	0.3
	Northwest	64.1	46.8	64.2	0.1

Source Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 7.

Notes:

- Per measured existing ambient noise levels. STNM-4 was used for receptors at the northeast, STNM-5 for receptors to the south, and STNM-1 for receptors to the west and northwest.
- 2. Construction noise worksheets are provided in Appendix D of the Noise Study (Initial Study Appendix H.

As discussed earlier, construction noise sources are regulated within the County through Ordinance 847 which prohibits construction activities other than between the hours of 6:00 AM to 6:00 PM during the months of June through September and between the hours of 7:00 AM and 6:00 PM during the months of October through May. In addition, per FTA daytime construction noise levels should not exceed 80 dBA Leq for an 8-hour period at residential uses and 85 dBA Leq for an 8-hour period at commercial uses. Therefore, project construction would not be anticipated to exceed the FTA thresholds for either residential or commercial uses. Further, with compliance with the County's Code, it is assumed that construction would not occur during the noise-sensitive nighttime hours.

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Impacts associated with construction noise will be minimized with adherence to County Ordinance No. 847, as well as with the implementation of the mitigation measures N-1 through N-8 identified in the Mitigation Measure section below. These measures include properly operating and maintaining construction equipment consistent with manufacturer standards; locate stationary construction equipment so that noise is directed away from sensitive receptors; no idling of equipment or vehicles; locate staging areas away from sensitive receptors; when using portable stationary noise sources (e.g jackhammers) direct noise away from sensitive receptors; prohibit music or sound amplification on the project site during construction; and limit haul ruck deliveries to the same hours specified for construction equipment.

Noise Impacts to Off-Site Receptors Due to Project Generated Trips

The Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) prepared for the Gateway Village project (Appendix J.1) concluded that during operation, Phase 1 of the proposed project is expected to generate approximately 4,695 net average daily trips, with 445 trips during the AM peak-hour and 359 trips during the PM peak-hour, and Project Buildout (Phases 1 and 2) of the proposed project is expected to generate approximately 7,923 average daily trips, with 643 trips during the AM peak-hour and 644 trips during the PM peak-hour. A worst-case project generated traffic noise level was modeled and traffic noise levels were calculated at the right of way from the centerline of the analyzed roadway. The modeling is theoretical and does not take into account any existing barriers, structures, and/or topographical features that may further reduce noise levels. Therefore, the levels are shown for comparative purposes only to show the difference in with and without project conditions. Roadway input parameters including average daily traffic volumes (ADTs), speeds, and vehicle distribution data is shown in Table 30, *Project Average Daily Traffic Volumes and Roadway Parameters*. The potential off-site noise impacts caused by an increase of traffic from operation of the proposed project on the nearby roadways were calculated for the following scenarios:

Existing Year (without Project): Existing year traffic noise conditions and is demonstrated in Table 30.

Existing Year (With Project Phase 1): Existing year plus project phase 1 traffic noise conditions and is demonstrated in Table 30.

Existing Year (With Project Buildout): Existing year plus project buildout traffic noise conditions and is demonstrated in Table 30.

Table 30 Project Average Daily Traffic Volumes and Roadway Parameters

		Average	Daily Traffi	c Volume ¹	Posted	
Roadway	Segment	Existing	Existing Plus Project Phase 1	Existing Plus Project Buildout	Travel Speed (MPH)	Site Conditions
	North of Ave 54	5,400	5,630	5,800	50	Hard
Madison St	Ave 54 to Airport Blvd	10,600	11,070	11,390	50	Hard
I WIAGISON OL	Airport Blvd to Ave 58	7,600	8,070	8,390	50	Hard
	South of Ave 58	3,400	3,630	3,800	50	Hard
	North of Ave 54	5,900	6,130	6,300	50	Hard
Monroe St	Ave 54 to Airport Blvd	4,200	4,900	5,390	50	Hard
	South of Airport Blvd	3,000	4,880	6,640	50	Hard

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Table 30 Project Average Daily Traffic Volumes and Roadway Parameters (continued)

			Average	Daily Traffic	C Volume ¹	Posted	RIVE L	
Roadway	S	egment	Existing	Existing Plus Project Phase 1	Existing Plus Project Buildout	Travel Speed (MPH)	Site Conditions	
	North of Av	e 58	3,000	4,520	6,230	50	Hard	
	South of Av	e 58	2,200	2,430	2,600	50	Hard	
Jackson St	North of Air	port Blvd	4,000	4,230	4,400	55	Hard	
Jackson St	South of Air	port Blvd	2,300	2,530	2,700	55	Hard	
Desert Cactus Dr	South of Air	port Blvd	1,200	1,200	1,200	45	Hard	
	West of Ma	dison St	5900	6,130	6,300	55	Hard	
Ave 54	Madison St	to Monroe St	4600	4,840	5,000	55	Hard	
	Monroe St 1	o Jackson St	5500	5,730	5,900	55	Hard	
	Madison St	to Monroe St	3500	4,670	5,480	50	Hard	
	East of Monroe St		3700	4,640	5,720	55	Hard	
	West of Jac	kson St	3700	5,820	7,270	55	Hard	
Airport Blvd		to Van Buren St	3900	5,550	6,670	55	Hard	
•	Grapefruit Blvd to Desert Cactus Dr		6200	7,610	8,580	30	Hard	
	Between to SR-86 Ramps		6100	6,810	7,290	30	Hard	
	East of SR-86 Ramps		5000	5,000	5,000	30	Hard	
	West of Ma	dison St	1400	1,630	1,800	50	Hard	
Ave 58	Madison St	to Monroe St	2000	2,230	2,400	50	Hard	
	Monroe St	o Jackson St	1700	1,930	2,100	50	Hard	
		Vehicle Dis	tribution (Li	ght Mix)2				
Motor-Vehicl	е Туре	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PI		Evenin (7 PM - 1			ght % /i - 7 AM)	
Automobi	les	75.56		13.9	6	1	0.49	
Medium Tr	ucks	48.91		2.17	7	4	8.91	
Heavy Tru	ıcks	47.30		5.41		4	7.30	
		Vehicle Dist	tribution (He	eavy Mix)2			18 May 2	
Motor-Vehicl	е Туре	Daytime % (7 AM - 7 PI		Evenin (7 PM - 1			ght % // - 7 AM)	
Automobi	iles	75.54		14.0	2	1	10.43	
Medium Tr	ucks	48.00		2.00		5	0.00	
Heavy Tru	ıcks	48.00		2.00		50.00		

Source Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 8.

Notes:

- 1. Average daily traffic volumes obtained from the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village TIA (Appendix J.1).
- Existing vehicle percentages are based on the Riverside County Industrial Hygiene Letter for Traffic Noise.

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	Potentially	Less than	Less	No
	Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
	Impact	with	Significant	
		Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated		

As shown in Table 31, Change in Existing Noise Levels Along Roadways as a Result of Project Phase 1 (dBA CNEL), and Table 32, Change in Existing Noise Levels Along Roadways as a Result of Project Buildout (dBA CNEL), modeled Existing traffic noise levels range between 61-73 dBA CNEL at the right-of-way of each modeled roadway segment; the modeled Existing Plus Project Phase 1 traffic noise levels range between 61-73 dBA CNEL at the right-of-way of each modeled roadway segment; and the modeled Existing Plus Project Buildout traffic noise levels range between 61-73 dBA CNEL at the right-of-way of each modeled roadway segment.

Increases in ambient noise along affected roadways due to project generated vehicle traffic is considered substantial if they result in an increase of at least 5 dBA CNEL <u>and</u>: (1) the existing noise levels already exceed the applicable land use compatibility standard for the affected sensitive receptors set forth in the Noise Element of the County's General Plan; or (2) the project increases noise levels by at least 5 dBA CNEL and raises the ambient noise level from below the applicable standard to above the applicable standard. All modeled roadway segments are anticipated to change the noise a nominal amount (between approximately 0 to 3.45 dBA CNEL). Therefore, a change in noise level would not be audible and would be considered less than significant with no mitigation is required.

Table 31 Change in Existing Noise Levels Along Roadways as a Result of Project Phase 1 (dBA CNFL)

		Distance	Modeled	Noise Lev CNEL)1			
Roadway	Segment	roadway centerline to right- of-way (feet) ²	Existing Without Project	Existing Plus Project Phase 1	Change in Noise Level	Exceeds Standards ³	Increase of 5 dB or More?
	North of Ave 54	64	69.85	70.04	0.19	Yes	No
Madison St	Ave 54 to Airport Blvd	64	72.78	72.97	0.19	Yes	No
Madison St	Airport Blvd to Ave 58	64	71.34	71.60	0.26	Yes	No
	South of Ave 58	64	67.85	68.13	0.28	Yes	No
	North of Ave 54	64	70.24	70.41	0.17	Yes	No
	Ave 54 to Airport Blvd	64	68.76	69.43	0.67	Yes	No
Monroe St	South of Airport Blvd	64	67.30	69.41	2.11	Yes	No
	North of Ave 58	64	67.30	69.08	1.78	Yes	No
	South of Ave 58	64	65.95	66.39	0.44	Yes	No
Jackson St	North of Airport Blvd	64	69.21	69.45	0.24	Yes	No
Jackson St	South of Airport Blvd	64	66.81	67.22	0.41	Yes	No
Desert Cactus Dr	South of Airport Blvd	37	61.32	61.32	0.00	Yes	No
	West of Madison St	59	71.25	71.42	0.17	Yes	No
Ave 54	Madison St to Monroe St	59	70.17	70.39	0.22	Yes	No
	Monroe St to Jackson St	59	70.95	71.12	0.17	Yes	No

Table 31 Change in Existing Noise Levels Along Roadways as a Result of Project Phase 1 (dBA CNEL) (continued)

		Distance from	Modeled	Noise Lev CNEL)1	els (dBA		Increase of 5 dB or More?
Roadway	Segment	roadway centerline to right- of-way (feet) ²	Existing Without Project	Existing Plus Project Phase 1	Change in Noise Level	Exceeds Standards ³	
	Madison St to Monroe St	64	67.97	69.22	1.25	Yes	No
	East of Monroe St	64	68.87	69.85	0.98	Yes	No
	West of Jackson St	64	68.87	70.84	1.97	Yes	No
Airport Blvd	Jackson St to Van Buren St	64	69.10	70.63	1.53	Yes	No
•	Grapefruit Blvd to Desert Cactus Dr	64	67.36	68.25	0.89	Yes	No
	Between to SR-86 Ramps	64	67.29	67.77	0.48	Yes	No
	East of SR-86 Ramps	64	66.43	66.43	0.00	Yes	No
	West of Madison St	59	64.35	65.01	0.66	Yes	No
Ave 58	Madison St to Monroe St	59	65.89	66.37	0.48	Yes	No
	Monroe St to Jackson St	59	65.19	65.74	0.55	Yes	No

Source Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 9.

Notes:

- 1. Exterior noise levels calculated 5 feet above pad elevation, perpendicular to subject roadway at the right-of-way
- 2. Right of way per County of Riverside General Plan Roadway Cross Sections
- 3. Per the County of Riverside normally acceptable standard for single-family detached residential dwelling units.

Table 32 Change in Existing Noise Levels Along Roadways as a Result of Project Build-Out (dBA CNEL)

		Distance from	Modeled	Noise Leve	els (dBA		Increase
Roadway	Segment	roadway centerline to right-of-way (feet) ²	Existing Without Project	Existing Plus Project Buildout	Change in Noise Level	Exceeds Standards ³	of 5 dB or More?
	North of Ave 54	64	69.85	70.16	0.31	Yes	No
Madison St	Ave 54 to Airport Blvd	64	72.78	73.10	0.32	Yes	No
Madison St	Airport Blvd to Ave 58	64	71.34	71.77	0.43	Yes	No
	South of Ave 58	64	67.85	68.33	0.48	Yes	No
	North of Ave 54	64	70.24	70.52	0.28	Yes	No
	Ave 54 to Airport Blvd	64	68.76	69.85	1.09	Yes	No
Monroe St	South of Airport Blvd	64	67.30	70.75	3.45	Yes	No
	North of Ave 58	64	67.30	70.48	3.18	Yes	No
	South of Ave 58	64	65.95	66.68	0.73	Yes	No
Jackson St	North of Airport Blvd	64	69.21	69.62	0.41	Yes	No
Jackson St	South of Airport Blvd	64	66.81	67.50	0.69	Yes	No
Desert Cactus Dr	South of Airport Blvd	37	61.32	61.32	0.00	Yes	No

Table 32 Change in Existing Noise Levels Along Roadways as a Result of Project Build-Out (dBA CNFL) (continued)

		Distance from	Modeled	Noise Leve CNEL)1	els (dBA		
Roadway	Segment	roadway centerline to right-of- way (feet) ²	Existing Without Project	Existing Plus Project Buildout	Change in Noise Level	Exceeds Standards ³	Increase of 5 dB or More?
	West of Madison St	59	71.25	71.54	0.29	Yes	No
Ave 54	Madison St to Monroe St	59	70.17	70.53	0.36	Yes	No
Mor	Monroe St to Jackson St	59	70.95	71.25	0.30	Yes	No
	Madison St to Monroe St	64	67.97	69.92	1.95	Yes	No
	East of Monroe St	64	68.87	70.76	1.89	Yes	No
	West of Jackson St	64	68.87	71.80	2.93	Yes	No
Airport Blvd	Jackson St to Van Buren St	64	69.10	71.43	2.33	Yes	No
	Grapefruit Blvd to Desert Cactus Dr	64	67.36	68.77	1.41	Yes	No
	Between to SR-86 Ramps	64	67.29	68.07	0.78	Yes	No
	East of SR-86 Ramps	64	66.43	66.43	0.00	Yes	No
	West of Madison St	59	64.35	65.44	1.09	Yes	No
Ave 58	Madison St to Monroe St	59	65.89	66.69	0.80	Yes	No
	Monroe St to Jackson St	59	65.19	66.11	0.92	Yes	No

Source Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 10.

Notes:

- 1. Exterior noise levels calculated 5 feet above pad elevation, perpendicular to subject roadway at the right-of-way
- 2. Right of way per County of Riverside General Plan Roadway Cross Sections
- 3. Per the County of Riverside normally acceptable standard for single-family detached residential dwelling units.

Transportation Noise Impacts to the Proposed Project

Per the County of Riverside General Plan Noise Element, commercial land uses are considered to be "normally acceptable" in environments where the exterior noise level reaches up to 70 dBA CNEL and "conditionally acceptable" in environments where the exterior noise level reaches up to 77.5 dBA CNEL. In addition, multiple family residential uses are considered to be "normally acceptable" in environments where the exterior noise level reaches up to 65 dBA CNEL and "conditionally acceptable" in environments where the exterior noise level reaches up to 70 dBA CNEL

Roadway segments that may generate enough traffic noise under buildout conditions to affect the proposed commercial uses includes Airport Blvd. and Monroe Street. The County's Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan (ECVAP) identifies Airport Blvd. as an Arterial (128-foot right-of-way) roadway and the City of La Quinta 2035 General Plan Circulation Element identifies Monroe Street as a Primary Arterial (108foot right-of-way) roadway. Per the County of Riverside Industrial Hygiene Guidelines for Determining and Mitigating Traffic Noise Impacts to Residential Structures and County of Riverside General Plan, Chapter 4, Figure C-3 "Link Volume Capacities/Level of Service for Riverside County Roadways" revised March 2001, future buildout noise levels associated with these roadways were modeled using average daily traffic volume Level of Service "C" design capacities (also known as future

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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build-out daily traffic volumes). Airport Blvd and Monroe Street are expected to accommodate up to 28,700 vehicles per day at Level of Service C.

Per Table 25, the County of Riverside considers commercial land uses to be acceptable in areas where noise levels reach up to 70 CNEL and are considered to be conditionally acceptable in areas where the noise level is expected to reach up to 77 dBA CNEL. Conventional construction, but with closed windows and fresh air supply systems and/or air conditioning will normally suffice. Outdoor areas may seem noisy. Future noise levels at the proposed commercial land uses are expected to reach up to 71.5 along Airport Blvd. and up to 72.6 along Monroe Street. As stated above, noise levels of up to 77 are conditionally acceptable as long as air circulation and/or air conditioning is provided allowing a closed window condition. This requirement has been added as mitigation measure N-9. With implementation of this measure, traffic noise levels at proposed commercial land uses would be less than significant.

For the purposes of the Noise Analysis, it was assumed that the assisted care living facility will provide sleeping quarters and will therefore, fall into the category of transient lodging. Transient lodging is considered to be acceptable in areas where the noise level does not exceed 70 dBA CNEL. Future noise levels at the proposed assisted care living facility may reach up to 70.8 dBA CNEL. In order to ensure that interior noise levels do not exceed 45 dBA CNEL, all windows and sliding glass doors facing Monroe Street shall have an STC rating of at least 29. Future traffic noise impacts to the proposed Congregate Care facility would be less than significant with implementation of mitigation measure N-9.

Future traffic noise levels at the proposed attached senior adult housing units are not expected to exceed 58.5 dBA CNEL. Traffic noise impacts to the proposed senior adult housing would be less than significant. No mitigation is required.

Noise Impacts to Off-Site Receptors Due to On-Site Operational Noise

The nearest sensitive receptors that may be affected by project operational noise include the existing school use located adjacent to the northeast corner of the project site, the single-family detached residential dwelling units located adjacent to the south, the single-family detached residential dwelling units located as close as approximately 80 feet west (across Monroe Street) and approximately 375 feet northwest (across Monroe Street and Airport Boulevard intersection) of the project site.

Policy N 4.1 of the County of Riverside General Plan prohibits facility-related noise, received by any sensitive land use, from exceeding the following worst-case noise levels:

- a. 45 dBA-10-minute Leg between 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM [nighttime standard].
- b. 65 dBA-10-minute Leq between 7:00 AM and 10:00 PM [daytime standard].

The modeled peak hour operational noise levels associated with the proposed project are expected to range between 45.7 and 55.3 dBA Leq at adjacent properties and would not exceed County of Riverside stationary daytime noise standards.

Although peak hour operational noise levels may exceed the nighttime noise standard, peak hour would not occur during these hours. Noise impacts related to project operational would be less than significant and no mitigation measures are required.

Incorporated		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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b) Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

The way in which vibration is transmitted through the earth is called propagation. Propagation of groundborne vibrations is complicated and difficult to predict because of the endless variations in the soil through which waves travel. The types of vibration propagation include surface waves, compression waves and shear waves. Surface waves, or Raleigh waves, travel along the ground's surface. These waves carry most of their energy along an expanding circular wave front, similar to ripples produced by throwing a rock into a pool of water. Compression waves, or P-waves, are body waves that carry their energy along an expanding spherical wave front. The particle motion in these waves is longitudinal (i.e., in a "push-pull" fashion). P-waves are analogous to airborne sound waves. Shear waves, or S-waves, are also body waves that carry energy along an expanding spherical wave front. However, unlike P-waves, the particle motion is transverse or "side-to-side and perpendicular to the direction of propagation".

As vibration waves propagate from a source, the energy is spread over an ever-increasing area such that the energy level striking a given point is reduced with the distance from the energy source. This geometric spreading loss is inversely proportional to the square of the distance. Wave energy is also reduced with distance as a result of material damping in the form of internal friction, soil layering, and void spaces. The amount of attenuation provided by material damping varies with soil type and condition as well as the frequency of the wave.

Vibration amplitudes are usually expressed as either peak particle velocity (PPV) or the root mean square (RMS) velocity. The PPV is defined as the maximum instantaneous peak of the vibration signal in inches per second. The RMS of a signal is the average of the squared amplitude of the signal in vibration decibels (VdB), ref one micro-inch per second. The Federal Railroad Administration uses the abbreviation "VdB" for vibration decibels to reduce the potential for confusion with sound decibel.

PPV is appropriate for evaluating the potential of building damage and VdB is commonly used to evaluate human response. Decibel notation acts to compress the range of numbers required in measuring vibration. Similar to the noise descriptors, Leq and Lmax can be used to describe the average vibration and the maximum vibration level observed during a single vibration measurement interval. The threshold of perception for human response is approximately 65 VdB; however, human response to vibration is not usually substantial unless the vibration exceeds 70 VdB. Vibration tolerance limits for sensitive instruments such as magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or electron microscopes could be much lower than the human vibration perception threshold.

Groundborne Vibration Impacts

The use of large pieces of construction equipment such as a vibratory roller or a bulldozer would likely be highly annoying to nearby sensitive receptors. Annoyance is expected to be short-term, occurring only during site grading and preparation. Use of vibratory roller equipment within 16 feet of the southern property line and 21 feet of the eastern property line and bulldozers within 5 feet of the southern property line and 10 feet of the eastern property line where adjacent residential and school structures are located could result in architectural damage. However, mitigation measure N-9, has been identified that would reduce potential impacts to nearby structures. This measure Therefore, with incorporation of mitigation, impacts associated with construction activities would be less than significant.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

As shown in Table 33, Construction Equipment Vibration Source Levels, a peak particle velocity (PPV) of 0.20 is the threshold at which there is a risk to "architectural" damage to normal dwellings. It is also the level at which groundborne vibration can become annoying. Impacts would be significant if construction activities result in groundborne vibration of 0.20 PPV or higher at a sensitive receptor.

Table 33 Construction Equipment Vibration Source Levels¹

Equipment		PPV at 25 ft, in/sec	Approximate Lv at 25 ft ²
Dile Driver (impact)	upper range	1.518	112
Pile Driver (impact)	typical	0.644	104
Pile Driver (sonic) upper range typical		0.734	105
		0.170	93
Clam shovel drop (slurry wall)		0.202	94
Hydromill (slurry wall)	in soil	0.008	66
	in rock	0.017	75
Vibratory Roller		0.210	94
Hoe Ram		0.089	87
Large Bulldozer		0.089	87
Caisson Drilling		0.089	87
Loaded Trucks		0.076	86
Jackhammer		0.035	79
Small Bulldozer		0.003	58

Source Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 11. Notes:

- 1. From the Federal Transit Administration "Transit Noise and Vibration Impact assessment Manual", 2018
- 2. RMS velocity in decibles, VdB re 1micro-in/sec

There are several types of construction equipment that can cause vibration levels high enough to annoy persons in the vicinity and/or result in architectural or structural damage to nearby structures and improvements. For example, as shown in Table 33, a vibratory roller could generate up to 0.21 PPV at a distance of 25 feet; and operation of a large bulldozer (0.089 PPV) at a distance of 25 feet (two of the most vibratory pieces of construction equipment). Groundborne vibration at sensitive receptors associated with this equipment would drop off as the equipment moves away. For example, as the vibratory roller moves further than 100 feet from the sensitive receptors, the vibration associated with it would drop below 0.0026 PPV. It should be noted that these vibration levels are reference levels and may vary slightly depending upon soil type and specific usage of each piece of equipment.

Annoyance to Persons

The primary effect of perceptible vibration is often a concern. However, secondary effects, such as the rattling of a china cabinet, can also occur, even when vibration levels are well below perception. Any effect (primary perceptible vibration, secondary effects, or a combination of the two) can lead to annoyance. The degree to which a person is annoyed depends on the activity in which they are participating at the time of the disturbance. For example, someone who is sleeping or reading will be more sensitive than someone who is running on a treadmill. Reoccurring primary and secondary

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Significant	Significant Significant Impact with Mitigation	Significant Significant Than Impact with Significant

vibration effects often lead people to believe that the vibration is damaging their home, although vibration levels are well below minimum thresholds for damage potential.

As shown in Table 34, *Typical Human Reaction and Effect on Buildings Due to Groundborne Vibration*, vibration is readily perceptible at a peak particle velocity (PPV) of 0.08 and is annoying to people at a PPV of 0.2. Equipment to be utilized for site demolition and construction is considered to be continuous/intermittent equipment.

Table 34 Typical Human Reaction and Effect on Buildings Due to Groundborne Vibration

Vibration Level Peak Particle Velocity (PPV)	Human Reaction	Effect on Buildings
0.006-0.019 in/sec	Threshold of perception, possibility of intrusion	Vibrations unlikely to cause damage of any type
0.08 in/sec	Vibrations readily perceptible	Recommended upper level of vibration to which ruins and ancient monuments should be subjected
0.10 in/sec	Level at which continuous vibration begins to annoy people	Virtually no risk of "architectural" (i.e., not structural) damage to normal buildings
0.20 in/sec	Vibrations annoying to people in buildings	Threshold at which there is a risk to "architectural" damage to normal dwelling – houses with plastered walls and ceilings
0.4-0.6 in/sec	Vibrations considered unpleasant by people subjected to continuous vibrations and unacceptable to some people walking on bridges	Vibrations at a greater level than normally expected from traffic, but would cause "architectural" damage and possibly minor structural damage

Source Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Noise Analysis, Table 12. Notes:

At 5 feet, which is the distance to the closest school buildings located adjacent to the east of the project site, use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 2.35 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.99.

At 10 feet, which is the distance to the next closest off-site building - residential dwelling units located adjacent to the south - use of a vibratory roller would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.83 and a bulldozer would be expected to generate a PPV of 0.35.

Use of either a vibratory roller or a bulldozer would clearly be highly annoying to nearby sensitive receptors. Annoyance is expected to be short-term, occurring only during site grading and preparation. Mitigation measures to reduce potential impacts related to annoyance include mitigation measure N-4 whereby construction contractors shall locate equipment staging in areas that will create the greatest distance between construction-related noise/vibration sources and sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction; and mitigation measure N-8, whereby care shall be used when using vibratory rollers and/or any other equivalent vibratory equipment within 16 feet of the southern property line and 21 feet of the eastern property line and bulldozers within 5 feet of the southern property line and 10 feet of the eastern property line where adjacent residential and school structures are located. Implementation of all construction-related mitigation measures, and in particular,

^{1.} From the California Department of Transportation. Transportation and Construction Vibration Guidance Manual, Chapter 6 Tables 5 and 12, September 2013.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

measures N-4 and N-8 will ensure that impacts associated with groundborne vibration can be reduced to less than significant levels.

Architectural Damage

Vibration generated by construction activity generally has the potential to damage structures. This damage could be structural damage, such as cracking of floor slabs, foundations, columns, beams, or wells, or cosmetic architectural damage, such as cracked plaster, stucco, or tile.

Table 34 identifies the threshold at which there is a risk to architectural damage to normal dwellings as 0.2 PPV. Use of vibratory roller equipment within 16 feet and bulldozer equipment within 5 feet of the portions of the southern property line that lie adjacent to existing residential structures could result in architectural damage. In addition, use of vibratory equipment with 21 feet and bulldozer equipment within 10 feet of the eastern property line that lies adjacent to existing school structures could result in architectural damage. Implementation of all construction-related mitigation measures, and in particular, measures N-4 and N-8 will ensure that impacts associated with groundborne vibration can be reduced to less than significant levels.

<u>Mitigation</u>: The Noise Analysis prepared for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway project identified a number of mitigation measures that must be implemented during the project's construction phases. During construction in all phases, the following measures shall be implemented and shall appear on all construction drawings to ensure implementation:

- **N-1** During all project site excavation and grading on-site, construction contractors shall equip all construction equipment, fixed or mobile, with properly operating and maintained mufflers, consistent with manufacturer standards.
- N-2 Construction contractors shall place all stationary construction equipment so that emitted noise is directed away from the noise sensitive receptors nearest the project site (i.e. elementary school adjacent to the east, and residences adjacent to the south of the project site).
- **N-3** Construction contractors shall shut off and not left to idle when not in use, all construction equipment and vehicles.
- **N-4** Construction contractors shall locate equipment staging in areas that will create the greatest distance between construction-related noise/vibration sources and sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction.
- **N-5** Jackhammers, pneumatic equipment and all other portable stationary noise sources shall be shielded and noise shall be directed away from sensitive receptors.
- **N-6** The project proponent shall mandate that the construction contractor prohibit the use of music or sound amplification on the project site during construction.
- N-7 Construction contractors shall limit haul truck deliveries to the same hours specified for construction equipment.
- **N-8** Care shall be used when using vibratory rollers and/or any other equivalent vibratory equipment within 16 feet of the southern property line and 21 feet of the eastern property line and bulldozers

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	·	

within 5 feet of the southern property line and 10 feet of the eastern property line where adjacent residential and school structures are located.

Specifically, regarding the proposed Congregate Care Facility, the following measure shall be implemented prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy:

N-9 Congregate Care Facility - Future noise levels at the proposed assisted care living facility may reach up to 70.8 dBA CNEL. In order to ensure that interior noise levels do not exceed the County's standard of 45 dBA CNEL within the facility, all windows and sliding glass doors facing Monroe Street shall have an STC rating of at least 29. Therefore, prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, the applicant shall ensure that all windows and sliding glass doors facing Monroe Street meet a Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating of at least 29 in order to ensure interior noise levels do not exceed 45 dBA CNEL.

Monitoring: All measures shall be monitored through the project's MMRP.

PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES:			
28. Paleontological Resources	\boxtimes		
 a) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleonto- 		ш	
logical resource, site, or unique geologic feature?			

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-8 "Paleontological Sensitivity"; CRM TECH, October 2018, Paleontological Resources Assessment Report, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California.

Findings of Fact:

a) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, site, or unique geologic feature?

Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

In order to identify any paleontological resource localities that may exist in or near the project area and to assess the possibility for such resources to be encountered during the project, CRM TECH initiated records searches at the appropriate repositories, conducted a literature review, and carried out a systematic field survey of the project area. Findings from these research procedures indicate that the project's potential to impact significant paleontological resources appears to be low in the surface soils but high in the undisturbed subsurface deposits of older Quaternary age, including Lake Cahuilla sediments.

The project site and vicinity are located in the Eastern Coachella Valley, within the northwestern portion of the Colorado Desert geomorphic province. This province is bound on the southwest by the Peninsular Ranges, on the north by the eastern Transverse Ranges, and on the northeast by the southern portion of the Mojave Desert. The province widens to the southeast through the Imperial Valley and into Mexico. A major feature of this geomorphic province is the Salton Trough, 180-mile-long structural depression stretching between the San Gorgonio Pass on the north southward to Baja Mexico and including the Salton Sea.

During the late Miocene and early Pliocene, the Salton Trough was a northward extension of the Gulf of California. By late Pleistocene and Holocene times, the northwestern portion of the trough was filled

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
·	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	·	

with over 4,000 feet of sediments. Within the larger Salton Trough region lies a smaller area known as the Salton Basin which encompasses that portion that drains directly into present-day Salton Sea.

The Salton Trough was once the location of a much larger freshwater lake known as Holocene Lake Cahuilla, which formed when water from the Colorado River flowed into the basin and then through Baja California to the Gulf of California. The shoreline of the last ancient lake to fill the basin can be seen today as a line along the base of the Santa Rosa Mountains, at the elevation of approximately 42 feet above mean sea level. Along some portions of this shoreline, tufa was deposited on the rocks. This tufa was radiometrically dated as late Pleistocene through early Holocene However, it appears that these dates are far too old, and that the entire tufa sequence is probably of Holocene age.

Elevations within the Colorado Desert geomorphic province tend to be low, while those of the surrounding provinces can be quite high. This configuration has made for local to regional rapid filling of the basin, especially along its margins, with coarse clastic sediments. Such coarse sediments afford only local environments for the preservation of vertebrate remains. However, some scattered vertebrate fossils have been found in these fluvial derived classic sediments.

Records/Literature Searches

The records search was conducted at the Regional Paleontological Locality Inventory located at the San Bernardino County Museum (SBCM) in Redlands and the Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County (NHMLAC) in Los Angeles. The records search results were used to identify known previously performed paleontological resource assessments as well as known paleontological localities within a one-mile radius of the project area. In addition, the Riverside County Land Information System was also consulted for information on the County's overall paleontological sensitivity assessment of the project location.

Neither museum found any record of known paleontological localities within the boundaries of the project site, although the NHMLAC did report four localities yielding significant terrestrial and freshwater fossil specimens as well as diatoms, land plants, mollusk and crustacean less than one mile to the southwest. Additionally, several paleontological localities have been reported further away from the project location but from sediment lithologies similar to those that may be found at depth in the project site.

The NHMLAC reported that the project area lies upon younger Quaternary alluvial deposits that typically do not contain significant fossils, at least in the uppermost layers, but that may be underlain by Quarternary Lake Cahuilla beds. The NHMLAC maintains that shallow excavations in the surface deposit of younger alluvium are unlikely to uncover significant fossils, but deeper excavations extending into the older Quaternary deposits may well encounter significant fossil remains.

The SBCM concluded that the project area is located on Holocene- to late Pleistocene-aged alluvial valley deposits overlying Quaternary lakebed sediments from ancient Lake Cahuilla. These lacustrine sediments were deposited during at least seven high stands of Lake Cahuilla, each resulting from flooding of the Salton Trough by inflow from the Colorado River. Fluvial sediments in the area were laid down during intervening low stands when the lakebed was dry. The alternating lacustrine and fluvial sediments, termed the Lake Cahuilla beds, have previously yielded fossil remains representing diverse freshwater diatoms, land plants, sponges, ostracods, mollusks, fish, and small terrestrial vertebrates. For this reason, the Lake Cahuilla beds are considered to have a high potential to contain significant nonrenewable fossil resources.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

The SBCM identified at least five fossil localities from the nearby La Quinta area, all found in sediment lithologies that are similar to those located within the project area. Those fossil localities yielded fossil specimens of diatoms, land plants, sponges, mollusks, ostracods, bony fish, reptiles, birds, and small mammals. Based on the previous discoveries nearby, both museums assign this project a low potential for impacting significant, nonrenewable fossil resources in the surface soils, but a high potential in the undisturbed subsurface deposits of older Quaternary age, including Lake Cahuilla sediments. The Riverside County Paleontological Resource Sensitivity Map (General Plan Figure OS-8) indicates that the project area is located on sedimentary rocks that have a High Sensitivity A (Ha) for fossil resources, which suggests the potential for yielding not only abundant vertebrate fossils but also a few significant fossils that may provide new and significant data.

The surface geology within the project area has been mapped as QI-Qal, or alluvium of Quaternary lake deposits, and Qa, or alluvial sand and clay of valley areas. Past archaeological excavations on a property approximately two miles to the southwest of the project location found that the general vicinity to be near the distal end of alluvial fans emanating from the Santa Rosa Mountains, where these alluvial fan deposits interfinger with older lake bed sediments. As mentioned above, several vertebrate fossil localities were reported from the Holocene Lake Cahuilla sedimentary beds, all of them discovered in an area with interbedded fluvial and lacustrine sediments. The stratigraphy observed during the archaeological excavations were similar to those encountered at the vertebrate fossil localities.

Surface soils in the project area have been mapped as mainly Indio very fine sandy loam, wet (It) (approximately 24.5 acres) with some Gilman fine sandy loam (GbA) (approximately 4.5 acres) and Indio fine sandy loam wet (It) (approximately 1 acre). These soils are nearly level (0-2 percent slope) and found on alluvial fans and flood plains. According to the literature searches, the Gilman series soils contain many small freshwater shells and shell fragments. The It-type soils contain a scattering of freshwater shells and shell fragments.

Field Survey

Virtually the entire project area has been disturbed by past agricultural, construction, and weed abatement activities, and the ground surface is littered with piles of soil, rocks, and refuse. During the field survey, freshwater mollusk shells and shell fragments were observed on the ground surface over much of the project area, but no fish or other vertebrate remains were found. The disturbances have greatly reduced the sensitivity of the surface soil for intact paleontological remains.

Discussion

Most Holocene paleontological localities known from the Lake Cahuilla sediments generally consist only of freshwater mollusks, as those observed on the surface within project boundaries which are among the most common paleontological remains to be found in the lakebed sediments. The project area lies well within the perimeter of Holocene Lake Cahuilla, where the lakebed sediments have been buried by more recent alluvial deposits but should be present at some unknown depth below the ground surface. Based on these findings, the project area appears to have a low sensitivity for fossil remains in the disturbed surface deposit of recent alluvium but a high potential for containing significant nonrenewable Holocene invertebrate remains in the Lake Cahuilla sediments that may be encountered at the depth of approximately two feet or more.

Based on the findings of the *Paleontological Resources Assessment Report* (EA Appendix I), CRM TECH recommended that a mitigation program be developed and implemented for the proposed project

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

to prevent potential impacts on paleontological resources or reduce such impact to a level less than significant. As the primary component of the mitigation program, all earth-moving operations reaching beyond the depth of two feet should be monitored periodically by a qualified paleontological monitor, and continuous monitoring will become necessary if potentially fossiliferous older alluvium is encountered. Under this condition, CRM TECH further recommended that the proposed project may be cleared to proceed in compliance with CEQA provisions on paleontological resources. Therefore, prior to any ground disturbing activities, the applicant or construction contractor shall prepare a Paleontological Mitigation Program that complies with the provisions of CEQA and the proposed guidelines of the Society of Vertebrate Paleontology as set forth in mitigation measure PAL-1. The Paleontological Monitoring Program must be submitted to the County for review and approval prior to commencement of any ground disturbing activities.

Mitigation:

- PAL-1 Prior to the commencement of any ground disturbing activities at the project site, a Paleontological Mitigation Program shall be submitted to the County for approval, and implemented during all ground disturbing activities (e.g. clearing/grubbing, grading, excavation) for the proposed project to prevent potential impact on paleontological resources or reduce such impact to a level less than significant. The Program shall be developed in accordance with the provisions of CEQA as well as the proposed guidelines of the Society of Vertebrate Paleontology (2010), and shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - All earth-moving operations reaching beyond the depth of two feet shall be monitored
 periodically by a qualified paleontological monitor, and continuous monitoring will become
 necessary if potentially fossiliferous older alluvium is encountered. The monitor shall be
 prepared to quickly salvage fossils, if they are unearthed, to avoid construction delays, but
 must have the power to temporarily halt or divert construction equipment to allow for removal
 of abundant or large specimens.
 - Samples of sediments shall be collected and processed to recover small fossil remains.
 - Recovered specimens shall be identified and curated at a repository with permanent retrievable storage that would allow for further research in the future.
 - A report of findings, including an itemized inventory of recovered specimens and a
 discussion of their significance when appropriate, shall be prepared upon completion of the
 research procedures outlined above. The approval of the report and the inventory by the
 County of Riverside would signify completion of the mitigation program.

Monitoring: The monitoring program is described in mitigation measure PAL-1.

POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:		186	
29. Housing a) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?		\boxtimes	
b) Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?		\boxtimes	
c) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new			

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Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?

<u>Source(s)</u>: Project Application Materials, Riverside County General Plan Housing Element, Table H-37 Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan.

Findings of Fact:

a) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

The approximately 27-acre project site contains five dwelling units, a plant nursery and a small market with living quarters on the second floor. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in the displacement of a substantial number of existing housing that would necessitate the construction of replacement housing elsewhere. The existing five dwelling units represents a negligible number of dwelling units in the project area. Therefore, development of the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project would not displace substantial numbers of people or housing.

b) Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80 percent or less of the County's median income? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

The Gateway Village project is a mixed use project that will provide jobs for commercial retail workers and some employees at the congregate care facility. The proposed mixed use project also includes a residential component – 82 attached senior adult housing units, with 66 units proposed in Phase 3 and 16 units proposed in Phase 4.

The Riverside County Housing Element contains socioeconomic data for all unincorporated areas of the County including the Eastern Coachella Valley and community of Vista Santa Rosa. Socioeconomic data is included in Appendix E of the Housing Element. The average household size by area plan was found in Table E-2, Socioeconomic Build-out Assumptions and Methodology. Then Appendix F-1, Population and Employment Forecasts, projects the population, housing and employment numbers for 2010, 2020 and 2035. For the purposes of this analysis, both Years 2020 and 2035 were considered even though the projected buildout of the project, including new dwelling units is post 2026.

Population and Housing

Appendix E-1, Table E-2, *Average Household Size by Area Plan*, shows that in the Vista Santa Rosa community the average household size is 4.92 persons. However, the Gateway Village project includes a two-story, 158,800 square foot congregate care facility. This type of facility is age restricted and offers senior residents independent living in one- or two-bedroom units, a central cafeteria, and recreational amenities. Although unknown at this, for the purposes of this discussion it was assumed that 50 percent of the building would be available for residential units and 50 percent for common areas (e.g. lobby, cafeteria, hallways, laundry facilities, recreation/meeting rooms) and that units would be up to 600 square feet. The result would be 128 units with 60 percent one-bedroom units and 40 percent two-bedroom units for a total of 76 one-bedroom units and 52 two-bedroom units. Further, it was assumed that the one-bedroom units would be occupied by one resident, while the two-bedroom units may be occupied by two residents. Therefore, the total number of residents associated with the proposed congregate care facility would be up to 180 residents. In addition, the future Phase 3 and 4 would also

Т	Potentially	Less than	Less	No
	Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
	Impact	with	Significant	•
	•	Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated	•	

include senior adult housing in attached "casita" style units. Because these phases have not been planned, it was assumed that Phase 3 would have 66 units (assume all two bedroom units) with a population of 132 residents. Phase 4 would include an additional 16 units (assume two-bedroom units); with a population of 32 residents. Therefore, at ultimate buildout of all phases of residential uses, the project site would include up to 344 new residents.

Housing Element Table E-5, Commercial Employment Factors, showed that a commercial retail project would generate one employee for every 500 square feet of space. Note: this table did not call out a congregate care facility or other similar institutional land use. Therefore, the potential project employment at build-out was evaluated at 500 sf/employee for a total of 385 new jobs (192,500 square feet of new commercial uses). The data is represented in Table 35, Population, Housing and Employment in the Eastern Coachella Valley.

Table 35 Population, Housing and Employment in the Eastern Coachella Valley

	Population		Housing Units			Emp			
	2010	2020	2035	2010	2020	2035	2010	2020	2035
ECVAP	32,454	89,606	206,313	7,363	22,971	55,286	6,878	15,849	35,577
VSR Gateway Village Project			344			210			385
Percent of Total		0.1%	0.002%		0.075%				0.01%

Source: Riverside County General Plan Appendix E-1 Table E-2, and Appendix F, Table F-1.

Cumulatively, the project's population (up to 344 residents) would add a less than significant number of people and housing units to the ECVAP in the near term (2020) or in the long term (2035), contributing less than 0.001 percent of the total projected Population (206,313) and less than 0.01 percent of Housing Units (55,286) Forecast to 2035.

Therefore, the proposed project would not create a demand for additional housing, that cannot be met by existing housing or future residential development projects as anticipated by the County's Housing Element as shown in Table 35.

c) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

The proposed Gateway Village project would not indirectly induce population growth related to the extension of roads or infrastructure because the project site is adjacent to existing roads and public utilities are available in the vicinity of the project site. Therefore, there is no indirect impact on population growth associated with the project.

As shown in Table 35, the project would result in a negligible number of new residents and new jobs. Therefore, the proposed project would not induce substantial unplanned population growth in the area.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
PUBLIC SERVICES Would the project result in surthe provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which conto maintain acceptable service ratios, response tinfollowing public services:	nt facilities or the nee	ed for new or environmenta	physically al impacts, i ves for any	altered n order
30. Fire Services			\boxtimes	
Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Signi The nearest fire station is City of La Quinta Station 7 1.6 miles northwest of the project site. The City of County of Riverside, and the La Quinta Fire Department in areas of fire protection and medical response. In a (5)-mile radius of the project site in the cities of unincorporated community of Thermal. The payment implementation of fire suppression measures in compensation and Emergency Medical Services Strategical will remain less than significant. The proposed Vision County Ordinance No. 659 (Development Impact Feesservices. This is a standard condition of approval and Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.	O located at 54001 M La Quinta contracts ent serve as the City's addition, there are five of La Quinta, Indio, nt of applicable devel pliance with the River c Master Plan will ens ta Santa Rosa Gatev e Ordinance) to preve	for fire server liaison with lee (5) fire state and Coach opment imposside County sure that impoway project sent any poter	rices through Riverside Cons within hella and in act fees, are Fire Departacts to fire schall complytial effects	the ounty a five n the nd the tment safety y with to fire
31. Sheriff Services Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Sign	ificant.			
The project site is located adjacent to and within through a partnership with the Riverside County SI Department (78495 Calle Tampico) consists of persisteriff's Department. In addition, the Sheriff's Department and approximately 4.5 miles incremental effect on the level of sheriff services prarea is slowly developing from an agricultural/equipment of applicable development implementation of safety, lighting and defensible specification services will remain less than significant	neriff's Department, to connel, equipment, ar intment has a facility life from either facility. Tovided in the Vista Sestrian community to ent impacts fees per ace measures will en	he City of Land resources ocated at 86 The project ant Rosa co a more into County Orcesure that im	a Quinta's Is provided to 625 Airport to would har munity, a ensive sublinance No. pacts to Sh	Police by the Blvd. we an as the urban 659, eriff's

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

,	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
32. Schools			\boxtimes	
Source(s): School District correspondence, GIS database)			
Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant.				
Elementary is located adjacent to the east of the project so Duke Middle School approximately 3 miles northeast of the School approximately 1.5 miles to the east. The residential so would not be contributing to an increase in CVUSD's study is required to pay development impact fees for both residential the Gateway Village project to CVUSD based on the District of these fees, the project would have a less than significal standard condition of approval and pursuant to CEQA is no Mittigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.	ne project site Il component o dent population ential and non- i's most recent ant impact on	, and Coach f the project n. Nonethele residential u fee schedule CVUSD sch	ella Valley is age restress, the app ses propose. With pay	High ricted licant ed in ment
33. Libraries			\square	
	<u> </u>			
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				
•				
Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant. Less than Significant Impact: The Coachella Branch Librortheast is the closest library to the project site. La Quin approximately 4 miles northwest of the project site. Althoug be expected to patronize these libraries, the impact would development impact fees per County Ordinance No. 659, facilities, such as libraries, generated by additional resident	orary in Coach ta Public Libra h new resident be less than si which will mitig	ry in the City s of the prop gnificant with	y of La Qui losed project that the payme	nta is et can ent of
Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant. Less than Significant Impact: The Coachella Branch Librortheast is the closest library to the project site. La Quin approximately 4 miles northwest of the project site. Althoug be expected to patronize these libraries, the impact would development impact fees per County Ordinance No. 659, facilities, such as libraries, generated by additional resident Mitigation: No mitigation is required.	orary in Coach ta Public Libra h new resident be less than si which will mitig	ry in the City s of the prop gnificant with	y of La Qui losed project that the payme	nta is at can ent of
Eindings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant. Less than Significant Impact: The Coachella Branch Library to the project site. La Quin approximately 4 miles northwest of the project site. Althoug be expected to patronize these libraries, the impact would development impact fees per County Ordinance No. 659, facilities, such as libraries, generated by additional resident Mitigation: No mitigation is required.	orary in Coach ta Public Libra h new resident be less than si which will mitig	ry in the City s of the prop gnificant with	y of La Qui losed project that the payme	nta is et can ent of
Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant. Less than Significant Impact: The Coachella Branch Librortheast is the closest library to the project site. La Quin approximately 4 miles northwest of the project site. Althoug be expected to patronize these libraries, the impact would development impact fees per County Ordinance No. 659, facilities, such as libraries, generated by additional resident Mitigation: No mitigation is required.	orary in Coach ta Public Libra h new resident be less than si which will mitig	ry in the City s of the prop gnificant with	y of La Qui losed project that the payme	nta is et can ent of
Eindings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant. Less than Significant Impact: The Coachella Branch Librortheast is the closest library to the project site. La Quin approximately 4 miles northwest of the project site. Althoug be expected to patronize these libraries, the impact would development impact fees per County Ordinance No. 659, facilities, such as libraries, generated by additional resident Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.	orary in Coach ta Public Libra h new resident be less than si which will mitig	ry in the City s of the prop gnificant with	y of La Qui osed projec n the paymo mpacts to p	nta is at can ent of
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant. Less than Significant Impact: The Coachella Branch Libnortheast is the closest library to the project site. La Quin approximately 4 miles northwest of the project site. Althoug be expected to patronize these libraries, the impact would development impact fees per County Ordinance No. 659, facilities, such as libraries, generated by additional resident Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required. 34. Health Services Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Findings of Fact: Determination: Less than Significant.	prary in Coach ta Public Libra h new resident be less than si which will mitig	ry in the City s of the prop gnificant with	y of La Qui osed projec n the paymo mpacts to p	nta is at can ent of

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Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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proposed mixed use project also includes a separate residential component – 82 attached senior adult housing units (Phases 3 and 4). As discussed above in Section 29, Population and Housing, at build-out in 2026, the project site would include up to 344 new residents and 385 new employees.

The Coachella Valley is home to three hospitals: (1) John F. Kennedy Memorial Hospital (JFK) in Indio (4.5 miles from the project site), (2) Eisenhower Medical Center in Palm Desert (13 miles northwest); and (3) Desert Regional Medical Center in Palm Springs. In addition, there are a number of out-patient medical clinics affiliated with Eisenhower, Kaiser Permanente, Borrego Health, Desert Oasis Medical Group, that provide services to local full and part time residents. The choice of which hospital to go to in an emergency or which out-patient clinic to frequent would depend on a resident's health care plan. The two closest hospitals are JFK, approximately 4.5 miles north of the project site, and Eisenhower, approximately 3 miles northwest of the project site. All three hospitals have emergency rooms, and Desert Regional Medical Center is the Coachella Valley's trauma center. The Coachella Valley currently has a population (full-time) of approximately 200,000 residents. The addition of 398 new residents represents 0.002 percent of the population. As such, the proposed project would have a less than significant impact on health services in the project area.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

RECREATION Would the project:	7.9 77		3
35. Parks and Recreation a) Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? 			
b) Increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?		\boxtimes	
c) Be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?		\boxtimes	

Source(s): Project Materials (Phasing Plan and Landscape Plan); County Ordinance. No. 659 (Establishing Development Impact Fees), Riverside County General Plan Multipurpose Open Space Element.

Findings of Fact:

a) Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

The proposed commercial retail portion of the project (Phase 1) does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities because there are no residential units associated with this phase of the project. The congregate care facility (Phase 2) and related attached dwelling units (Phase 3 and 4) would generate an estimated 344 new residents. The congregate care

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

facility includes recreational amenities typical of apartment style living, including a pool, barbeque area, walking paths around the site, and a courtyard where outdoor games would be played. It is unknown at this time whether new residences in Phases 3 and 4 would have similar amenities, however as shown in Table 35 in Section 29.b, the increase in the population attributed to all phases of the project would be an estimated 288 residents. The construction of recreational facilities is evaluated as part of the proposed project and would not cause new adverse physical affects not otherwise foreseen in the analysis of the whole of the project. Therefore, this impact would be less than significant.

b) Increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

As described in Section 29 above, the increase in the local population associated with the proposed Gateway Village project is an estimated 288 new residents. As shown in Table 35, this represents 0.001 percent of the future population of the Eastern Coachella Valley as estimated in the County's Housing Element. Therefore, the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or recreational facilities would not result in the substantial physical deterioration of a recreational facility.

c) Be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

The project site is not located within a County CSA, but is located within the Desert Recreation District, a park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan. The Gateway village project applicant will be required to pay Quimby fees, based on the number of acres developed within the project site (approximately 27 acres), which would mitigate for the impacts generated by additional residents who will be utilizing the County's parks. As such, impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

36. Recreational Trails		
a) Include the construction or expansion of a trail		
system?		

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure C-6 Trails and Bikeway System, ECVAP Figure 9, Trails and Bikeway System.

Findings of Fact:

a) Include the construction or expansion of a trail system? Determination: No Impact.

The Riverside county General Plan Circulation Element identifies streets where multi-purpose trails are or will be developed, including most streets within the Eastern Coachella Valley. These multi-use trails must be designed to accommodate hikers, bicyclists, equestrian users, and others as an integral part of Riverside County's circulation system. The intent is that multi-use trails will serve both as a means of connecting communities and activity centers as an effective alternate mode of transportation.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

ECVAP Figure 9, Trails and Bikeway System identifies roadways within the Vista Santa Rosa community as Design Guidelines Trails, referring to the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines. In addition, ECVAP policies 14.1 through 14.3 are intended to guide project applicants to develop multipurpose trails on project sites. These include implementing the Trails and Bikeway System within a development project (Policy 14.1); requiring signalized intersections to include special equestrian buttons to activate the crossing signal (Policy 14.2); and placing signs along public rights-of-way that

identify the multi-purpose trail as it traverse a project site in order to alert motorists of the possible presence of horses, cyclists and pedestrians (Policy 14.3).

Under existing conditions there are no sidewalks along the frontage of the project site either on Monroe Street or Airport Blvd. As part of the proposed project, the applicant will be developing a multi-purpose trail. Incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines the site's perimeter treatments include the following (from the right-of-way on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd): (1) landscaped parkway; (2) 3.5-foot high white vinyl ranch rail fence; (3) 10-foot wide multipurpose trail made of decomposed granite; (4) row of parkway palm trees; (5) 4.5-foot high white agricultural fencing; and (6) landscaped berm around the parking lots. The 10-foot wide multi-purpose trail will provide a safe path of travel for pedestrians accessing the project site on foot. The project complies with the guidelines provided in the Multipurpose Open Space Element of the General Plan and generally with the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines by implementing multi-purpose trails along Monroe Street and Airport Blvd. Therefore, there is no impact associated with the proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

TRANSPORTATION Would the project:		i swestering	FREE	
37. Transportation				
a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance, or policy				
addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway,				
bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?				
b) Conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA		\square		
Guidelines Section 15064.3 subdivision (b)?				
c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric	П		\boxtimes	
design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous		Ш	E.S	
intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)?				
 d) Cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered 			\boxtimes	
maintenance of roads?				
e) Cause an effect upon circulation during the pro-		\bowtie		
ject's construction?			Ш	
f) Result in inadequate emergency access or access		\bowtie		
to nearby uses?				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan, Project Application Materials; Ganddini Group, Inc., Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, County of Riverside, July 28, 2020, Ganddini Group, Inc., Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Project Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated	•	

Memorandum, October 30, 2020 (all phases), Ganddini Group, Inc., Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Project Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) Memorandum, November 6, 2020 (phases 1 and 2 only).

Findings of Fact:

a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

The project site is located at the southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa. It is also located within the sphere of influence (SOI) of the City of La Quinta whose SOI is generally between Avenue 52 on the north, Avenue 62 on the south, Monroe Street on the west and Harrison Street on the east. As such, for the purposes of evaluating this issue, both the County's General Plan Circulation Element and the City's were considered.

Programs related to the local/regional circulation are evaluated below in Section 37.b. This section focuses on the alternative modes of transportation – transit, bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

Sunline Transit

Sunline Transit is the transit agency that serves the Coachella Valley, including the unincorporated communities of the Eastern Coachella Valley. A review of its service area and bus routes showed that there are three routes that travel through the Eastern Coachella Valley. Route 90 travels between the cities of Coachella and Indio but the nearest intersection is two miles east of the project site. Route 91 travels through the unincorporated communities of Mecca and Oasis and the City of Coachella with the nearest intersection to the project site being three miles to the east. Finally, Route 95 travels between North Shore (Salton Sea), Mecca and Coachella, with the nearest intersection being 6.5 miles from the project site. There is currently no bus route that travels along Monroe Street or Airport Blvd near the project site, therefore, the applicant is not required to provide a transit stop at the project site and no impact to Sunline's ability to provide existing service in the region would occur.

Bicycle Facilities

Currently Airport Blvd and Monroe Street in the vicinity of the project site are not fully built out, and there are no bike lanes along the east side of Monroe Street or along Airport Blvd. On the west side of Monroe Street within the City of La Quinta there is an existing Class II bike lane (onstreet dedicated lane), and along both sides of Avenue 56 west of Monroe Street. Avenue 56 becomes Airport Blvd on the east side of Monroe Street. As part of the project's roadway improvements, the Applicant will be required to add a Class II bike lane along the east side of Monroe Street and along the south side of Airport Blvd when roadway improvements to those two roads are constructed. Therefore, the applicant will be in compliance with the County's General Plan Circulation Element, and there is no impact to bicycle facilities.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
·	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

Pedestrian Facilities

Under existing conditions there are no sidewalks along the frontage of project site either on Monroe Street or Airport Blvd. As part of the proposed project, the applicant will be developing a multi-purpose trail. Incorporating many of the design elements set forth in the Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines the site's perimeter treatments include the following (from the right-of-way on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd): (1) landscaped parkway; (2) 3.5-foot high white vinyl ranch rail fence; (3) 10-foot wide multipurpose trail made of decomposed granite; (4) row of parkway palm trees; (5) 4.5-foot high white agricultural fencing; and (6) landscaped berm around the parking lots. The 10-foot wide multi-purpose trail will provide a safe path of travel for pedestrians accessing the project site on foot. Therefore, there would be no impact on pedestrian facilities associated with the proposed project.

b) Conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3 subdivision (b)? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

The project site is located south of Airport Blvd and east of Monroe Street in the County of Riverside. The project will be developed in four phases as shown in Table 36, *Project Phasing Plan*.

Table 36 Project Phasing Plan

Table 30 Project Filashing Fiant				
Project Phase	Proposed Uses	Opening Year		
	5,800 square foot gas station and convenience market with 16 fueling positions			
Phase 1	7,550 square feet of retail use	2022		
	2,400 square foot fast food restaurant with drive-through window			
	15,800 square foot pharmacy with drive-through window			
Phase 2	158,800 square foot, two-story Congregate Care facility	2026		
Phase 3	66 dwelling units of attached senior adult housing	To Be Determined		
Phase 4	16 dwelling units of attached senior adult housing	To Be		
	5,000 square feet of restaurant/retail space			
	36,550 square feet of commercial retail			
Total	158,800 square foot Congregate Care facility			
	82 attached dwelling units			

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, page ES-1.

Study Area intersections, including project driveways are listed in Table 37, Study Area Intersections and Jurisdictions.

Existing Conditions

The study area intersections are shown in Table 38, *Study Area Intersections and Jurisdiction, intersections*. Under existing traffic conditions, all study area intersections operate within acceptable Levels of Service during the peak hours.

Table 37 Study Area Intersections and Jurisdiction

COLUMN TO SERVICE		
No.	Study Area Intersections ¹	Jurisdiction
1	Madison Street (NS) at Avenue 54 (EW)	City of La Quinta
2	Madison Street (NS) at Airport Blvd (EW)	City of La Quinta
3	Madison Street (NS) at Avenue 58 (EW)	City of La Quinta
4	Monroe Street (NS) at Avenue 54 (EW)	County of Riverside/City of La Quinta
5	Monroe Street (NS) at Airport Blvd (EW)	County of Riverside/City of La Quinta
6	Monroe Street (NS) at Avenue 58 (EW)	County of Riverside/City of La Quinta
7	Jackson Street (NS) at Airport Blvd (EW)	County of Riverside
8	SR-86 Southbound Ramps (NS) at Airport Blvd (EW)	Caltrans
9	SR-86 Northbound Ramps (NS) at Airport Blvd (EW)	Caltrans
10	Project Driveway 1 (NS) at Airport Blvd (EW)	County of Riverside
11	Project Driveway 2 (NS) at Airport Blvd (EW)	County of Riverside
12	Monroe Street (NS) at Project Driveway 3 (EW)	County of Riverside
13	Monroe Street (NS) at Project Driveway 4 (EW)	County of Riverside
14	Monroe Street (NS) at Project Driveway 5 (EW)	County of Riverside
15	Monroe Street (NS) at Project Driveway 6 (EW)	County of Riverside

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, page 2.

Notes

1. (NS) = north-south roadway; (EW) = east-west roadway

Table 38 Existing Intersection Levels of Service

_	Table 30 LX	istilig litterse	CHOII LEVE	IS OF DELV	100	
	Study Area Intersection	Traffic	AM Pe	ak Hour	PM Pea	k Hour
	otudy Area intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1.	Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	10.8	В	10.8	В
2.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	9.8	Α	9.9	Α
3.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	8.4	Α	8.5	Α
4.	Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	13.1	В	12.3	В
5.	Monroe St at Airport Blvd	AWS	9.5	Α	9.7	Α
6.	Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	8.0	Α	8.1	Α
7.	Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	10.8	В	9.5	Α
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	19.4	В	15.7	В
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	12.1	В	8.9	Α

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 1.
Notes

Potential Significa Impact		Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
----------------------------------	--	---------------------------------------	--------------

- 1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop
- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

Analysis Scenarios

The following scenarios are analyzed during typical weekday morning and evening peak hour conditions:

- Existing (2020) Conditions
- Existing (2020) Plus Project Phase 1 Conditions
- Existing (2020) Plus Project Buildout Conditions
- Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Conditions
- Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Conditions
- Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Plus Cumulative Conditions
- Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative Conditions
- Buildout Year 2040 Without Project Conditions
- Buildout Year 2040 With Project Conditions

Methodology

Intersection Delay

This methodology is based on the procedures contained in the *Highway Capacity Manual (Transportation Research Board, 6th Edition)*, and considers the traffic volume and distribution of movements, traffic composition, geometric characteristics, and signalization details to calculate the average control delay per vehicle and corresponding Level of Service (LOS). Control delay is defined as the portion of delay attributed to the intersection traffic control (such as a traffic signal or stop sign) and includes initial deceleration, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay. The intersection control delay is then correlated to LOS based on the following thresholds:

Lovel of Comiles	Intersection Control De	elay (Seconds / Vehicle)
Level of Service	Signalized Intersection	Unsignalized Intersection
Α	≤ 10.0	≤ 10.0
В	> 10.0 to ≤ 20.0	> 10.0 to ≤ 15.0
С	> 20.0 to ≤ 35.0	> 15.0 to ≤ 25.0
D	> 35.0 to ≤ 55.0	> 25.0 to ≤ 35.0
Е	> 55.0 to ≤ 80.0	> 35.0 to ≤ 50.0
F	> 80.0	> 50.0

Source: Transportation Research Board, Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition).

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
·	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

Level of Service is used to qualitatively describe the performance of a roadway facility, ranging from LOS A (free-flow conditions) to LOS F (extreme congestion and system failure). At intersections with traffic signal or all way stop control, LOS is determined by the average control delay for the overall intersection. At intersections with cross street stop control (i.e., one- or two-way stop control), LOS is determined by the average control delay for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane).

Intersection delay analysis was performed using the Vistro (Version 6.00-00) software. Saturation flow rates of 1,800 vehicles per hour of green for through and right turn lanes and 1,700 vehicles per lane for single left turn lanes, 1,600 vehicles per lane for dual left turn lanes, and 1,500 vehicles per lane for triple left turn lanes have been assumed for the capacity analysis. Measured peak hour factors have been applied for existing and near-term conditions.

Project Trips

The Gateway Village project was assessed in two interim phases at the project opening year of 2022 for Phase 1 and at the project buildout year of 2026 for Phases 2, 3 and 4 of the project. The traffic analysis also included a long-range Year 2040 analysis conditions. Phase 1 of the project is forecast to generate a total of approximately 4,695 net daily vehicle trips, including 445 net vehicle trips during the AM peak hour and 359 net vehicle trips during the PM peak hour. Buildout of project is forecast to generate a total of approximately 7,625 net daily vehicle trips, including 615 net vehicle trips during the AM peak hour and 609 net vehicle trips during the PM peak hour.

Trip Generation Rates

Table 39, *Trip Generation Rates*, shows the project trip generation based upon trip generation rates obtained from the Institute of Transportation Engineers, *Trip Generation Manual*, 10th Edition, 2017.

Trip generation rates were determined for daily trips, morning peak hour inbound and outbound trips, and evening peak hour inbound and outbound trips for the proposed land uses. Trip generation rates for the proposed land uses. The number of trips forecast to be generated by the proposed project are determined by multiplying the trip generation rates by the land use quantities. Traffic volumes shown in Table 40, *Trips Generation by the Project,* consist of the total trips generated for each project land use. As a residential trip generated by the project will also be making trips to a commercial retail land use within the project site, a double counting of those trips occurs. Ten (10) percent of the trips generated by the project have been identified for the internal interaction between the proposed land uses.

No

Table 39 **Trip Generation Rates**

	Trip Generation Rates									
Project					AM Pea	ak		PM Pea	ık	179 18
No.	Land Use	Code ¹	Units ²	In %	Out %	Total	In %	Out %	Total	Daily
1	Senior Adult Housing - Attached	ITE 252	DU	23%	77%	0.46	63%	37%	0.56	7.32
2	Congregate Care (Assisted Living)	ITE 254	TSF	78%	22%	0.39	30%	70%	0.48	4.19
3	Shopping Center	ITE 820	TSF	62%	38%	0.94	48%	52%	3.81	37.75
4	Supermarket	ITE 850	TSF	60%	40%	3.82	51%	49%	9.24	106.78
5	Pharmacy/Drugstore w/ Drive-Through Window	ITE 881	TSF	53%	47%	3.84	50%	50%	10.29	109.16
6	Fast-Food Restaurant w/ Drive-Thru Window	ITE 934	TSF	51%	49%	40.19	52%	48%	32.67	470.95
7	Gasoline/Service Station w/ Convenience Market	ITE 945	TSF	51%	49%	75.99	51%	49%	88.35	1,440.02

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 3.

Notes

- 1. ITE = Institute of Transportation Engineers, Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition, 2017; ### =
- 2. VFP = Vehicle Fueling Positions; TSF = Thousand Square Feet

Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated Less No Than Impact Significant Impact

Table 40 Project Trip Generation by Phase

		***	Generation b	y Phas	<u>e</u>					
- S 55 H 1		Trips Gene	rated					PM Pe		
Phase		Project		AM Peak				Dail		
(Year)	Parcel	Land Use ¹	Quantity ²	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
		Gasoline/Service Station w/ Convenience Market	8.000 TSF	310	158	468	136	125	261	3,7
	1	Internal Capture ³ - AM (14%); PM (13%); Daily (12%)	10% 4	-31	-16	-47	-14	-13	-27	-3
		Pass-By Trips ⁵ - AM (62%); PM (56%)	25% 4	-70	-36	-106	-31	-28	-59	-8
		Subtotal Net	Trips - Parcel 1	209	106	315	91	84	175	2.5
	R	Retail	7.800 TSF	5	3	8	14	15	29	2
	2	Internal Capture ³ - AM (14%); PM (13%); Daily (12%)	10% 4	-1	-	-1	-1	-2	-3	
		Pass-By Trips ⁵ - PM (34%)	25% ⁴	1 =		-	-3	-3	-6	
Phase 1		Subtotal Net	Trips - Parcel 2	4	3	7	10	10	20	
(2022)	3	Fast-Food Restaurant w/ Drive-Thru Window	2.600 TSF	53	51	104	44	41	85	1,:
		Internal Capture ³ - AM (14%); PM (13%); Daily (12%)	10% 4	-5	-5	-10	-4	-4	-8	-
		Pass-By Trips ⁵ - AM (49%); PM (50%)	25% 4	-12	-12	-24	-10	-9	-19	-:
		Subtotal Net	Trips - Parcel 3	36	34	70	30	28	58	- 28
	4	Pharmacy/Drugstore w/ Drive-Through Window	15.300 TSF	31	28	59	79	79	158	1,
		Internal Capture ³ - AM (14%); PM (13%); Daily (12%)	10% 4	-3	-3	-6	-8	-8	-16	-
		Pass-By Trips ⁵ - PM (49%)	25% 4	-	-	-	-18	-18	-36	_
		Subtotal Net	Trips - Parcel 4	28	25	53	53	53	106	1,
-		Congregate Care (Assisted Living)	158.800 SF	48	14	62	22	54	76	
Phase 2 (2026)	5	Internal Capture ³ - AM (12%); PM (13%); Daily (11%)	10% 4	-5	-1	-6	-2	-5	-7	
(,		Subtotal Net	Trips - Parcel 5	43	13	56	20	49	69	13
		Senior Adult Housing - Attached	175DU	19	61	80	61	37	98	1,
Phase3 TBD)	6	Internal Capture ³ - AM (14%); PM (13%); Daily (12%)	5% 4	-2	-6	-8	-6	-4	-10	-
100)		Subtotal Net	Trips - Parcel 6	17	55	72	55	33	88	1,
		Supermarket	20.500 TSF	47	31	78	97	93	190	2,
Phase 4	7	Internal Capture ³ - AM (14%); PM (13%); Daily (12%)	10%	-5	-3	-8	-10	-9	-19	-
(TBD)	'	Pass-By Trips ⁵ - PM (36%)	25%		-		-22	-21	-43	_
				42	28	70	65	63	128	1,

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

Table 40 Trips Generation by the Phase (continued)

		Trips G	enerated								
Phase		Project		A	M Peak		PM Peak			Delle	
(Year)	Parcel	Land Use ¹	Quantity ²	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	Daily	
	Total Trips without Internal Capture & Pass-By Adjustment 33.700 TSF				240	639	273	260	533	6,956	
Phase1	Total Internal Cap	ture Reduction		-40	-24	64	-27	-27	-54	-695	
(2022)	Total Pass-By Trip Reduction				-48	-130	-62	-58	-120	-1,566	
	Total Net Trips with Internal Capture and Pass-By Trip Reduction				168	445	184	175	359	4,695	
Phases2	Total Trips withou	t Internal Capture & Pass-By Adjustment	281.500 TSF	114	106	220	180	184	364	4,135	
(2026)	Total Internal Capture Reduction			-12	-10	-22	-18	-18	-36	-414	
Phases 3 & 4 (TBD)	Total Pass-By Trip Reduction				-		-22	-21	-43	-493	
(160)	Total Net Trips with	th Internal Capture and Pass-By Trip Reduc	tion	102	96	198	140	145	285	3,228	
	Total Trips withou	t Internal Capture & Pass-By Adjustment	315,200 TSF	513	346	859	453	444	897	11,091	
Overall	Total Internal Capture Reduction			-52	-34	-86	-45	-45	-90	-1,109	
Total	Total Pass-By Trip	Reduction		-82	-48	-130	-84	-79	-163	-2,059	
	Total Net Trips wit	th Internal Capture and Pass-By Trip Reduc	tion	379	264	643	324	320	644	7,923	

Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Sante Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 3. Source: Notes

- ITE = Institute of Transportation Engineers, <u>Trip Generation Manual</u>, 10th Edition, 2017; ### = Land Use Code
 VFP = Vehicle Fueling Positions; TSF = Thousand Square Feet
- 3. Institute of Transportation Engineers, <u>Trip Generation Handboo</u>k, Multi-Use Trip Generation Calculation (Internal Capture). See Appendix A
- A more conservative (lower) internal capture or pass-by trip reduction percentage is utilized in the trip generation calculations.
 Institute of Transportation Engineers, <u>Trip Generation Handbook</u>, 3rd Edition, 2017, Average Pass-by peak hour percentages for Land Use Code ###. Daily pass-by based on PM peak hour pass-by values.

 - Table E.37, Land Use Code 945 Gasoline/Service Station with Convenience Market, Average AM Peak Pass-By Trip Percentage = 62% Table E.38, Land Use Code 945 Gasoline/Service Station with Convenience Market, Average PM Peak Pass-By Trip Percentage = 56%
 - Table E.9, Land Use Code 820 Shopping Center, Average PM Peak Pass-By Trip Percentage = 34%
 - Table E.31, Land Use Code 934 Fast-Food Restaurant with Drive-Through Window, Average AM Peak Pass-By Trip Percentage = 49%
 - Table E.32, Land Use Code 934 Fast-Food Restaurant with Drive-Through Window, Average PM Peak Pass-By Trip Percentage = 50%
 - Table E.23, Land Use Code 881- Pharmacy/Drugstore with Drive-Through Window, Average PM Peak Pas-By Trip Percentage=49% Table E.13, Land Use Code 850 Supermarket, Average PM Peak Pass-By Trip Percentage = 36%

The project trip forecasts shown here in Table 3 reflect a higher development intensity than the currently proposed project description. To provide a conservative analysis in terms of potential project impacts, the traffic operations analysis conducted in this study utilizes the higher trip estimates compared to the currently proposed project description.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

Forecast Operations

<u>Existing Plus Project Phase 1 Conditions:</u> The study area intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service during the peak hours as shown in Table 41, *Existing Plus Project Phase 1 Intersection LOS*.

Table 41 Existing Plus Project Phase 1 Intersection LOS

1	Charles Indiana di an	Traffic	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Pea	k Hour
Study Intersection		Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1.	Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	11.0	В	11.0	В
2.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	11.4	В	11.3	В
3.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	8.6	Α	8.7	Α
4.	Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	14.3	В	13.1	В
5.	Monroe St at Airport Blvd	AWS	10.6	В	10.7	В
6.	Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	8.2	Α	8.4	Α
7.	Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	14.2	В	10.9	В
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	20.1	С	16.8	В
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	12.9	В	9.7	Α
10	Project Driveway 1 at Airport Blvd	CSS	9.6	Α	9.1	Α
11	Project Driveway 2 at Airport Blvd	CSS	9.8	В	9.3	В
12	Monroe St at Project Driveway 3	CSS	9.6	Α	9.6	Α
13 Monroe St at Project Driveway 4		CSS	14.8	В	12.7	В

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 4. Notes

- 1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop
- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

<u>Existing Plus Project Buildout Conditions:</u> The study area intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service during the peak hours for Existing Plus Project Buildout traffic conditions as shown in Table 42, *Existing Plus Project Phase 1 Intersection LOS*.

Ī	Potentially	Less than	Less	No
	Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
	Impact	with	Significant	•
	·	Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated	·	

Table 42 Existing Plus Project Buildout Intersection LOS

Study Intersection		Traffic	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
	Study Intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1.	Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	11.1	В	11.2	В
2.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	12.1	В	12.2	В
3.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	8.7	Α	8.8	Α
4.	Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	15.1	С	13.7	В
5.	Monroe St at Airport Blvd	AWS	11.7	В	12.3	В
6.	Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	8.4	Α	8.6	Α
7.	Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	17.1	С	12.5	В
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	20.5	С	17.6	В
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	13.1	В	10.3	В
10.	Project Driveway 1 at Airport Blvd	CSS	9.9	Α	9.5	Α
11.	Project Driveway 2 at Airport Blvd	CSS	10.1	С	9.8	С
12.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 3	css	10.0	Α	10.3	В
13.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 4	CSS	15.4	С	14.6	В
14.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 5	CSS	12.9	В	12.5	В
15.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 6	CSS	11.4	В	11.1	В

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 6. Notes

- 1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop
- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

Existing Plus Ambient Project Phase 1 (2022) Conditions: The study area intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service (D or better) during the peak hours as shown in Table 43, Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Intersection LOS.

Table 43 Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Intersection LOS

Study Interception	Traffic	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
Study Intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1. Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	11.2	В	11.2	В
2. Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	11.4	В	11.3	В
3. Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	8.7	Α	8.7	Α
4. Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	15.4	С	13.8	В
5. Monroe St at Airport Blvd	AWS	10.9	В	11.1	В
6. Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	8.3	Α	8.4	Α
7. Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	14.8	В	11.1	В

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

Table 43 Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Intersection LOS (continued)

	Study Intersection	Traffic	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
	Study intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	20.3	С	17.1	В
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	13.0	В	9.8	Α
10.	Project Driveway 1 at Airport Blvd	CSS	9.7	Α	9.2	Α
11.	Project Driveway 2 at Airport Blvd	CSS	15.7	С	14.0	В
12.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 3	css	9.5	Α	9.5	Α
13.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 4	CSS	15.0	В	12.9	В

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 7. Notes

- 1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop
- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

<u>Existing Plus Ambient Project Buildout (2026) Conditions:</u> The study intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service (D or better) during the peak hours as shown in Table 44, *Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Traffic Conditions*.

Table 44 Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Intersection LOS

Study Intersection		Traffic	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
	Study intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1.	Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	11.6	В	11.7	В
2.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	12.2	В	12.2	В
3.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	8.9	Α	9.0	Α
4.	Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	18.3	С	16.1	С
5.	Monroe St at Airport Blvd	AWS	12.4	В	13.2	В
6.	Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	8.6	Α	8.8	Α
7.	Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	20.8	С	13.6	В
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	21.1	С	18.1	В
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	13.4	В	10.7	В
10.	Project Driveway 1 at Airport Blvd	CSS	10.0	В	9.6	Α
11.	Project Driveway 2 at Airport Blvd	CSS	10.2	С	9.9	С
12.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 3	CSS	10.1	Α	10.4	В
13.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 4	CSS	15.9	С	15.0	С
14.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 5	CSS	13.3	В	12.8	В
15.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 6	CSS	11.7	В	11.4	В

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 8. Notes

1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Plus Cumulative Conditions: The study area intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service during the peak hours as shown in Table 45, Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Plus Cumulative Intersection LOS, except for the following study intersections that are projected to operate at deficient Levels of Service:

Madison Street/Avenue 58 – #3
 Monroe Street/Avenue 54 – #4
 Monroe Street/Airport Boulevard – #5
 Jackson Street/Airport Boulevard – #7
 SR-86 Southbound Ramps/Airport Boulevard – #8
 (PM peak hours)
 (AM & PM peak hours)
 (PM peak hour)

Table 45 Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Plus Cumulative Intersection LOS

Study Internation		Traffic	AM Pea	AM Peak Hour		k Hour
	Study Intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1. I V	ladison St at Ave 54	AWS	13.3	В	13.3	В
2. N	fladison St at Airport Blvd	TS	12.3	В	14.8	В
3. N	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	17.0	С	46.2	Е
N	lew Traffic Signal	TS	16.4	В	16.8	В
	lonroe St at Ave 54	AWS	71.4	F	93.0	F
	lew Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB eft Turn; WB Left Turn	TS	15.1	В	15.1	В
	onroe St at Airport Blvd	AWS	87.9	F	337.8	F
	ew Traffic Signal; NB Right Turn; WB eft Turn; WB Right Turn	TS	28.4	С	25.1	С
6. M c	onroe St at Ave 58	AWS	20.5	С	22.0	С
	ckson St at Airport Blvd ew Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB	AWS	305.6	F	259.9	F
	eft Turn; EB Left Turn; 2nd EB Thru; B Left Turn; 2nd WB Thru	TS	18.0	В	15.4	В
8. SF	R-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	28.1	С	56.1	Е
SE	Right-Turn Overlap Phasing	TS	17.6	В	25.1	С
9. SF	R-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	15.2	В	24.3	С
10. P	roject Driveway 1 at Airport Blvd	CSS	17.1	С	13.0	В
11. P	roject Driveway 2 at Airport Blvd	CSS	17.3	F	13.2	В
12. N	Monroe St at Project Driveway 3	CSS	12.0	В	11.4	В
13. N	Monroe St at Project Driveway 4	CSS	25.1	D	23.4	С

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 9. Notes

1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop

ī	Potentially	Less than	Less	No
	Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact		with	Significant	-
	-	Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated	•	

- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

Traffic signals are projected to be warranted at the following study intersections based upon the <u>California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices</u> (2014) for Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Phase 1 (2022) Plus Cumulative traffic conditions:

- Madison Street/Avenue 58 #3
- Monroe Street/Avenue 54 #4
- Monroe Street/Airport Boulevard #5
- Jackson Street/Airport Boulevard #7
- SR 86 Southbound Ramps/Airport Blvd #8

Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative Conditions: The study area intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service during the peak hours as shown in Table 46, Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative Intersection LOS, except for the following study intersections that are projected to operate at deficient Levels of Service:

Madison Street/Avenue 58 – #3
 Monroe Street/Avenue 54 – #4
 Monroe Street/Airport Boulevard – #5
 Jackson Street/Airport Boulevard – #7
 (AM & PM peak hours)
 (AM & PM peak hours)

SR-86 Southbound Ramps/Airport Boulevard – #8 (PM peak hour)

Table 46 Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative Intersection LOS

Study Intersection		Traffic	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
		Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1.	Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	13.6	В	13.7	В
2.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	13.0	В	15.4	В
3.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	17.8	С	49.4	Е
	- New Traffic Signal	TS	16.4	В	16.6	В
4.	Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	89.9	F	124.4	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; WB Left Turn 	TS	16.1	В	15.5	В
5.	Monroe St at Airport Blvd	AWS	115.0	F	367.1	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Right Turn; WB Left Turn; WB Right Turn 	TS	31.9	С	28.4	С
6.	Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	23.9	С	26.5	D
7.	Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	356.0	F	321.4	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; EB Left Turn; 2nd EB Thru; WB Left Turn; 2nd WB Thru 	TS	19.5	В	17.0	В

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

Table 46 Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative Intersection LOS (continued)

		Traffic	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak Hour	
	Study Intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	32.6	С	68.9	Е
	- SB Right-Turn Overlap Phasing	TS	18.3	В	28.0	С
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	16.1	В	28.9	С
10.	Project Driveway 1 at Airport Blvd	CSS	18.3	С	14.0	В
11.	Project Driveway 2 at Airport Blvd	CSS	18.8	F	14.6	В
12.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 3	CSS	12.8	В	12.7	В
13.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 4	CSS	26.1	D	27.9	D
14.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 5	CSS	20.8	С	22.3	С
15.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 6	CSS	17.5	С	19.1	С

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 10. Notes

- 1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop
- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

<u>Buildout Year 2040 Without Project Conditions:</u> The study area intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service during the peak hours as shown in Table 47, *Year 2040 Without Project Intersection LOS*, except for the following study intersections that are projected to operate at deficient Levels of Service

•	Madison Street/Avenue 58 – #3	(PM peak hour)
•	Monroe Street/Avenue 54 – #4	(AM & PM peak hours)
•	Monroe Street/Airport Boulevard – #5	(AM & PM peak hours)
•	Monroe Street/Avenue 58 – #6	(AM & PM peak hours)
•	Jackson Street/Airport Boulevard – #7	(AM & PM peak hours)
•	SR-86 Southbound Ramps/Airport Boulevard – #8	(PM peak hour)
•	SR-86 Northbound Ramps/Airport Boulevard – #9	(PM peak hour)

A traffic signal is projected to be warranted for Buildout Year 2040 Without Project traffic conditions for the following intersection:

Monroe Street/Avenue 58 – #6

Potentially Significant Impact Less than
Significant
with
Mitigation
Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact

No Impact

Table 47 Year 2040 Without Project Intersection LOS

7.3	Of such a lundary and land	Traffic	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Pe	ak Hour
	Study Intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1.	Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	15.5	С	18.0	С
2.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	13.7	В	17.5	В
3.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	AWS	26.8	D	92.4	F
	•New Traffic Signal	TS	15.9	В	16.5	В
4.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	189.3	F	254.8	F
	•New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; WB Left Turn	TS	20.5	С	22.9	С
5.	Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	219.1	F	596.1	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Right Turn; WB Left Turn; WB Right Turn 	TS	36.1	D	37.3	D
6.	Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	48.9	E	89.5	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; EB Left Turn; WB Left Turn 	TS	13.8	В	18.3	В
7.	Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	415.7	F	473.9	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; EB Left Turn; 2nd EB Thru; WB Left Turn; 2nd WB Thru 	TS	37.3	D	31.9	С
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	23.4	С	92.4	F
	SB Right-Turn Overlap Phasing; 2nd EB Thru;2nd WB Thru	TS	18.6	В	27.7	С
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	18.6	В	56.0	E
	•EB Right Turn	TS	16.7	В	31.8	С

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 11. Notes

- 1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop
- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

<u>Buildout Year 2040 With Project Conditions:</u> The study intersections are projected to operate within acceptable Levels of Service during the peak hours as shown in Table 48, *Year 2040 With Project Intersection LOS*, except for the following study intersections that are projected to operate at deficient Levels of Service:

• N	ladison	Street/Avenue	58 – #3
-----	---------	---------------	----------------

Monroe Street/Avenue 54 – #4

Monroe Street/Airport Boulevard – #5

Monroe Street/Avenue 58 – #6

Jackson Street/Airport Boulevard – #7

SR-86 Southbound Ramps/Airport Boulevard – #8

SR-86 Northbound Ramps/Airport Boulevard – #9

Project Driveway 4/Monroe Street – #13

(PM peak hour)

(AM & PM peak hours)

(PM peak hour)

(PM peak hour)

(PM peak hour)

Incorporated

Table 48 Year 2040 With Project Intersection LOS

	Study Intersection	Traffic	AM Pea	k Hour	PM Pea	k Hour
	Study Intersection	Control ¹	Delay ²	LOS ³	Delay ²	LOS ³
1.	Madison St at Ave 54	AWS	16.0	С	19.0	С
2.	Madison St at Airport Blvd	TS	15.2	В	18.8	В
3.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	31.2	D	100.1	F
	- New Traffic Signal	TS	15.9	В	16.4	В
4.	Madison St at Ave 58	AWS	217.7	F	283.5	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; WB Left Turn 	TS	22.0	С	26.1	С
5.	Monroe St at Ave 54	AWS	260.2	F	608.3	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Right Turn; WB Left Turn; WB Right Turn 	TS	48.6	D	49.3	D
6.	Monroe St at Ave 58	AWS	64.4	F	101.6	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; EB Left Turn; WB Left Turn 	тѕ	14.4	В	20.7	С
7.	Jackson St at Airport Blvd	AWS	521.6	F	583.0	F
	 New Traffic Signal; NB Left Turn; SB Left Turn; EB Left Turn; 2nd EB Thru; WB Left Turn; 2nd WB Thru 	TS	45.2	D	38.3	D
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	51.1	D	125.1	F
	 SB Right-Turn Overlap Phasing; 2nd EB Thru; 2nd WB Thru 	TS	18.5	В	30.8	С
9.	SR-86 NB Ramps at Airport Blvd	TS	21.2	С	75.4	Е
	- EB Right Turn	TS	18.2	В	42.4	D
10.	Project Driveway 1 at Airport Blvd	CSS	24.0	С	23.4	С
11.	Project Driveway 2 at Airport Blvd	CSS	24.8	С	24.8	С
12.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 3	CSS	14.4	В	14.7	В
13.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 4	CSS	32.9	D	39.7	E
	- 2nd NB Thru	CSS	27.7	D	29.2	D
14.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 5	CSS	25.6	D	30.9	D
15.	Monroe St at Project Driveway 6	CSS	21.2	С	25.7	D

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 12. Notes

- 1. TS = Traffic Signal; CSS = Cross Street Stop
- 2. Delay is shown in seconds/vehicle. For intersections with traffic signal, all way stop control, overall average intersection delay and LOS are shown. For intersections with cross street stop control, LOS is based on average delay of the worst individual lane (or movements sharing a lane).
- 3. LOS = Level of Service

Project Fair Share of Intersection Improvements

Mitigation measures are required for project specific and cumulative impacts to provide an adequate level of service at all affected intersections. These are listed below at the end of this section. The project's fair share contributions have also been calculated for Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative improvement locations. The project share of cost was based on the

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

proportion of project peak hour intersection turning movement volumes contributed to the improvement location relative to the total new peak hour Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative intersection turning movement volumes.

Table 49, *Project Fair Share Intersection Traffic Contributions*, provides a summary of improvement cost and project cost shares at the Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative study area intersection improvement locations. The intersection fair share cost calculations are typically based on the higher of the weekday morning and weekday evening peak hour traffic volumes. As shown in Table 49 the project's fair share percentages of identified impacted intersections are approximately 4.1 percent to 24.9 percent. The fair share calculations are intended only for the discussion purposes regarding the findings of the TIA, and do not imply any legal responsibility or formula for contributions or mitigation.

Table 49 Project Fair Share Intersection Traffic Contributions

Intersection Turning Movement Volumes Existing Plus						mes	
	Study Intersection	Peak Hour	Existing	Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative	Project Buildout	Total New	Project Percent of Total New
3.	Madison Ct at Ava 50	AM	433	1,641	64	1,208	5.3%
Э.	Madison St at Ave 58	PM	474	2,027	64	1,553	4.1%
4.	Manna Ct at Ava 54	AM	785	1,441	96	669	14.6%
	Monroe St at Ave 54	PM	739	1,523	96	784	12.2%
5.	Monroe St at Airport	AM	532	1,946	352	1,414	24.9%
	Blvd	PM	488	2,226	353	1,738	20.3%
7.	Jackson St at Airport	AM	705	1,954	294	1,249	23.5%
	Blvd	PM	605	2,150	292	1,545	18.9%
8.	SR-86 SB Ramps at	AM	574	1,628	198	1,054	18.8%
	Airport Blvd	PM	651	1,994	197	1,343	14.7%

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Table 13.

In addition to paying the project's fair share of intersection improvements as mitigation for the project's impacts on study area intersections, the project includes roadway improvements related to the new driveways (intersections 10 through 15). These improvements are as follows listed in Table 50, *Project Site Access Improvements*, and are solely incumbent upon the applicant to complete.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incomprated	· ·	

Table 50 Project Site Access Improvements

Study Intersection	Improvements
10. Project Driveway 1 at Airport Boulevard	 Install a northbound stop sign Install a northbound right-turn only sign Provide a northbound right turn lane
11. Project Driveway 2 at Airport Boulevard	 Install a northbound stop sign Install a northbound right-turn only sign Provide a northbound right-right lane Provide a westbound left turn lane on Airport Blvd
12. Project Driveway 3 at Monroe Street	 Install a westbound stop sign Install a westbound right-turn only sign Provide a westbound right turn lane
13. Project Driveway 4 at Monroe Street	 Install a westbound stop sign Provide a westbound shared left-right lane Provide a southbound left turn lane on Monroe Street
14. Project Driveway 5 at Monroe Street	 Install a westbound stop sign Provide a westbound shared left-right lane Provide a southbound left turn lane on Monroe Street
15. Project Driveway 6 at Monroe Street	 Install a westbound stop sign Provide a westbound shared left-right lane Provide a southbound left turn lane on Monroe Street

Source: Ganddini Group, Inc, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Traffic Impact Analysis, Page 80.

In addition to driveway improvements listed in Table 50, the project includes the following roadway improvements:

Phase 1 to be completed in 2022 will include Buildings 1, 2, 3 and 4 (Parcels 1, 2, 3 and 4) which will include:

- Continuous medians along the entire frontage of Buildings 1, 2, 3 and 4 (Parcels 1, 2, 3 and 4).
- Right-in/right-out only driveway (Intersection #12 Project Driveway 3) on Monroe Street approximately 300 feet south of Airport Blvd.
- Right-in/right-out only driveway (Intersection #10 Project Driveway 1) on Airport Blvd approximately 350 feet from Monroe Street.
- Left-in/left-out (unrestricted) full access driveway (Intersection #13 Project Driveway 4) between Building 4 and 5 on Monroe Street approximately 570 feet south of Airport Blvd.
- The center raised median shall terminate at this unrestricted full access driveway (Intersection #13 – Project Driveway 4) approximately 550 south of Airport Blvd. A left turn pocket with appropriate stacking shall be built into center raised median.
- Left-in/left-out (unrestricted) full access driveway (Intersection #11 Project Driveway 2) between Building 1 and the existing school on Airport Blvd approximately 650 feet east of Monroe Street
- The center raised median shall terminate at this unrestricted driveway (Intersection #11 Project Driveway 2) approximately 630 feet east of Monroe Street. An acceleration lane shall be built into this raised median.
- A 14-foot wide two-way center turn lane will continue 760 feet east of the project boundary to accommodate turning movements at the adjacent school and the proposed shared use driveway

Potentially Significant	Less than Significant	Less Than	No Impact
Impact	with Mitigation	Significant Impact	
	Incorporated	paot	

at the east edge of the school. The center turn lane will taper back to the existing 2 lane condition within 200 feet of its terminus (approximately 960 feet east of Monroe Street).

• Phase 1 must also include a temporary center acceleration lane on Monroe Street south of the termination of the median for vehicles that exit the property and turn south. This asphalt acceleration lane will be replaced with a raised median and acceleration lane in later Phase 2.

Phases 2, 3 and 4 will include Building 5 and remaining buildings (Parcels 5, 6 and 7) and a completion of all remaining improvements:

- The previously proposed driveway located at 680 feet south of Airport Blvd will be removed.
- The proposed driveway (Intersection #14 Project Driveway 5) at the southern edge of Building 5 (Parcel 5) approximately 900 feet south of Airport Blvd will be unrestricted full access driveway.
- The proposed driveway (Intersection #15 Project Driveway 6) at the southern edge of Parcel 7 and the southern project boundary approximately 1,200 feet south of Airport Blvd will be unrestricted full access driveway.
- Left turn pocket will continue south for 100 feet to accommodate vehicles that exit and head south.
- Center lane will taper back to existing 2 lane condition within 300 feet of the southern project boundary.

Therefore, completion of roadway improvements on Monroe Street and Airport Blvd, improvements related to the project's new access driveways as shown in Table 50, and participating in improvements to other study area intersections through fair share contributions as shown in Table 49, impacts on transportation levels of service and facilities associated with the proposed Gateway Village project can be reduced to less than significant levels.

Vehicles Miles Traveled (VMT) Analysis

As required under the County's Draft Transportation Analysis Guidelines (TA Guidelines), the Ganddini Group, also completed a Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) memorandum for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Project. The results f the VMT analysis are summarized here.

Project Screening

The County of Riverside TA Guidelines identify the following seven screening criteria to determine if a presumption of a non-significant transportation impact can be made based on the facts of the project:

- Small Projects
- Projects Near High Quality Transit
- Local-Serving Retail
- Affordable Housing
- Local Essential Service
- Map-Based Screening
- Redevelopment Projects

The Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project would include a mix of uses that would serve the needs of the local community. For mixed-use projects, the Governor's Office of Planning and Research (OPR)

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

Technical Advisory recommends that lead agencies can evaluate each component of a mixed-use project independently and apply the thresholds of significance for each land use (e.g., residential and retail). Therefore, the retail and residential components of the proposed project may be assessed independently.

Retail Component

Some project types have been identified as having the presumption of a less than significant impact as they are small enough to not warrant assessment. This applies to projects with low trip generation per existing CEQA exemptions or that based on the Riverside County Greenhouse Gas Emissions Screening Tables result in a 3,000 Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (MTCO2e) per year screening level threshold to identify projects that require the use of the Screening Tables or a project-specific technical analysis to quantify and mitigate project emissions. (See Section 20, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, for the results of this exercise) This includes any land use types (residential, office, etc.). The following land use quantities can be presumed to have a less than significant impact under this screening criteria:

- Project generation is less than 110 trips day per the ITE Manual or other acceptable source determines by Riverside County; or
- Project GHG emissions less than 3,000 Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (MTCO2e) as determined by a methodology acceptable to the Transportation Department; or
- Single Family Housing projects less than or equal to 110 dwelling units; or
- Multi Family (low-rise) Housing projects less than or equal to 147 dwelling units; or
- Multi Family (mid-rise) Housing projects less than or equal to 194 dwelling units; or
- General Office Building with area less than or equal to 165,000 square feet; or
- Retail buildings with area less than or equal to 60,000 square feet; or
- Warehouse (unrefrigerated) buildings with area less than or equal to 208,000 square feet;
- General Light Industrial buildings with area less than or equal to 179,000 square feet.

Unless:

It is inconsistent with the Sustainable Communities Strategy as determined by the Transportation Department. The Ganddini Group prepared two VMT memos for their evaluation of the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project. The first was an evaluation of all four phases of the project – phases 1 and 2 that are the subject of CUP 190030, plus phase 3 and 4 which are conceptual and may be revised at such time as these parcels are ripe for development. The second was an evaluation of phased 1 and 3 – the two phases that would be developed immediately upon approval of the requested entitlements.

VMT Analysis – Phases 1-4

The proposed retail uses on Parcels 1-4 and 7 total 36,550 square feet, which is less than the 60,000 square foot Small Projects screening criteria for retail buildings. Therefore, the retail component of the proposed project satisfies the County-established screening criteria for small projects consisting of retail buildings less than 60,000 square feet and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

Residential Component

The County's TA Guidelines screening criteria for Small Projects include multi- family (low rise) housing projects less than or equal to 147 dwelling units are presumed to cause a less than significant impact and are exempt from the requirement of preparing a VMT impact analysis.

The sum of the congregate care facility and senior adult housing is equal to 210 dwelling units. Although this exceeds the number of dwelling units per the screening thresholds for single- or multi-family housing, it is important to note that both congregate care facilities and senior adult housing developments generate substantially fewer trips per dwelling unit than either the single- or multi-family housing land uses. The following is a summary of the number of daily trips generated by the Small Project threshold for single- and multi-family housing land uses based on daily trip generation rates from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual* (10th Edition, 2017):

- 110 single-family dwelling units x 9.44 trips per day = 1,038 daily trips
- 147 multi-family (low-rise) dwelling units x 7.32 trips per day = 1,076 daily trips
- 194 multi-family (mid-rise) dwelling units x 5.44 trips per day = 1,055 daily trips

For comparison, the proposed congregate care and senior housing uses are forecast to generate a total of 803 daily trips. Assuming trip lengths for the proposed congregate care and senior housing uses are comparable to single- and multi-family housing, the proposed residential uses are expected to generate VMT that is similar to or less than the Small Project threshold for single- and multi-family housing land uses. Therefore, the residential component of the proposed project satisfies the County-established screening criteria for small residential projects and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis.

In summary, the retail component of the proposed project satisfies the County-established screening criteria for small projects consisting of retail buildings less than 60,000 square feet and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis. While the residential component of the proposed project satisfies the County-established screening criteria for small residential projects and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis.

VMT Analysis - Phases 1 and 2 only

Retail Component

The proposed retail uses on Parcels 1-4 total 31,550 square feet, would be considered local-serving retail which is less than the 50,000 square foot Local-Serving Retail screening criteria for single store on-site. Therefore, the retail component of the proposed project satisfies the County-established screening criteria for local-serving retail consisting of retail buildings less than 50,000 square feet and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis.

Residential Component

The sum of the congregate care facility in Phase 2 and Parcel 5 is equal to 128 dwelling units which is less than the 147 dwelling unit Small Project screening criteria for multi-family (low rise) housing project. Therefore, the residential component of the proposed project satisfies the County-established screening criteria for Small Project that is a multi-family (low rise) housing project less than 147 dwelling units and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis.

Potentiall Significar Impact		Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

In summary, the retail component of the proposed project (Phase 1) satisfies the County-established screening criteria for local serving retail consisting of single retail buildings on-site less than 50,000 square feet and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis. While the residential component of the proposed project (Phase 2) satisfies the County-established screening criteria for small residential projects and may be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact without further analysis.

c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

There are no design features that would substantially increase hazards such as sharp curves, dangerous intersections, or incompatible uses with farming activities in the project area. However, the project site is located adjacent to an existing elementary school located east of the project site along Airport Blvd. In order to provide a safe environment for student, faculty and parents during AM and PM student drop-off times, the applicant will develop Driveway 11 between Building 1 and the existing school on Airport Blvd approximately 650 feet east of Monroe Street. In addition, the project includes a 14 foot wide two-way center turn lane that will continue 760 feet east of the project boundary to accommodate turning movements at the adjacent elementary school and the proposed shared use driveway at the east edge of the school. The center turn lane will taper back to the existing 2 lane condition within 200 feet of its terminus (approximately 960 feet east of Monroe Street). Finally, as shown on the Project Phasing exhibit (Figure 5), the driveway will developed so that vehicles accessing the school can continue southerly through the Phase 1 portion of the site then easterly along the northerly boundary of the Phase 3 portion of the site in order to provide the school with adequate safe off-street access for drop-off/pick-up of students away from Airport Blvd. Therefore, the existing situation where parents drop-off/pick-up students on Airport Blvd would be largely eliminated thus reducing this hazard to a less than significant level.

d) Cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered maintenance of roads? **Determination:**Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

Implementation of the proposed Gateway Village project would result in need for new or altered maintenance of roads due to the introduction of new vehicle trips in the area. This is addressed in Section 37.b. above.

e) Cause an effect upon circulation during the project's construction? **Determination: Less**Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

Implementation of the project would cause a temporary effect on circulation during the project's construction phases generally due to the road and intersection improvements that are required along Monroe Street and Airport Blvd. The applicant and/or construction contractor shall coordinate with the County of Riverside on a Construction Traffic Control Plan for the construction period of the project to maintain traffic circulation. This is outlined in mitigation measure TIA-7. With implementation of mitigation measure TIA-7, impacts associated with construction, particularly proposed road improvements, would be less than significant.

f) Result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses? **Determination: Less**Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Implementation of the project would not result in inadecuses. An emergency secondary ingress/egress point will main entrance to the development. Therefore, less than	be provided off o	f Monroe Str	eet, south	
Mitigation:				

- TIA-1 The applicant shall pay a fair share of the improvement cost and project cost shares at the Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative study intersection improvement locations as shown in TIA Table 12. The project's fair share percentages of identified impacted intersections are approximately 4.1 percent to 24.9 percent. The fair share calculations are intended only for the discussion purposes of this traffic impact analysis, and do not imply any legal responsibility or formula for contributions or mitigation.
- TIA-2 All roadway design, traffic signing and striping, and traffic control improvements relating to the proposed project shall be constructed in accordance with applicable engineering standards and to the satisfaction of the County of Riverside.
- TIA-3 Site-adjacent roadways shall be constructed or repaired at their ultimate half-section width, including landscaping and parkway improvements in conjunction with development, or as otherwise required by the County of Riverside.
- TIA-4 On-site traffic signing and striping plans shall be submitted for County of Riverside approval in conjunction with detailed construction plans for the project.
- TIA-5 The final grading, landscaping, and street improvement plans shall demonstrate that sight distance standards are met in accordance with applicable County of Riverside/California Department of Transportation sight distance standards.
- TIA-6 As is the case for any roadway design, the County of Riverside should periodically review traffic operations in the vicinity of the project once the project is constructed to assure that the traffic operations are satisfactory.
- TIA-7 Prior to commencement of construction in each phase, the Applicant or his/her designee shall prepare and submit for County of Riverside Approval, a Construction Traffic Management Plan.

Monitoring: Monitored through the project's Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP).

38. Bike Trails a) Include the construction or expansion of a bike system or bike lanes?		×	
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan			
Findings of Fact:			

a) Include the construction or expansion of a bike system or bike lanes? Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
are no Stree along side of to add when	ently Airport Blvd and Monroe Street in the vicinity of the pro- to bike lanes along the east side of Monroe Street or along A the within the City of La Quinta there is an existing Class II bit to both sides of Avenue 56 west of Monroe Street. Avenue of Monroe Street. As part of the project's roadway improved a Class II bike lane along the east side of Monroe Street a roadway improvements to those two roads are construct bliance with the County's General Plan Circulation Elementes.	irport Blvd ke lane (o e 56 beconvernents, the and along ed. There	. On the wes n-street dedi mes Airport I the applicant the south sid efore, the ap	et side of Mo cated lane) Blvd on the will be req le of Airport plicant will	onroe o, and e east puired t Blvd be in
Mitiga	ation: No mitigation is required.				
Monit	toring: No monitoring is required.				
sign site,	BAL CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project causificance of a Tribal Cultural Resource, defined in Public Refeature, place, or cultural landscape that is geographically le landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to is:	esources C y defined i	ode section in terms of the	21074 as ene size and	either a scope
of F	Tribal Cultural Resources a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register listorical Resources, or in a local register of historical purces as defined in Public Resources Code section 0.1 (k)?				
disc sign Pub crite Sec	b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its retion and supported by substantial evidence, to be ificant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of lic Resources Code Section 5024.1? (In applying the tria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code tion 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the ificance of the resource to a California Native American (c.)			<u> </u>	
Proje Phas the V	ce(s): Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California, CRM TE II Cultural Resources Testing and Evaluation Program, Sista Santa Rosa Gateway Project Area, Thermal Area, River Archaeologist, AB52 Tribal Consultation.	ECH, Octo Site 33-02	ber 2018 (E 8501 (CA-RI	A Appendi V-12843), v	ix Č); within
Findi	ngs of Fact:				
a)	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Hi of historical resources as defined in Public Resources C				gister
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its disevidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth Code Section 5024.1? (In applying the criteria set forth Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider	in subdivi in subdiv	ision (c) of F ision (c) of F	Public Reso Public Reso	urces urces

Potent	ially	Less than	Less	No
Signific	cant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impa	act	with	Significant	
		Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated		

California Native American tribe.) **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated.**

Findings of fact: Notifications were sent out to eight tribes on March 23, 2020. Consultation requests were received from the Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians and the Torres Martinez Band of Cahuilla Indians. The Soboba Band deferred to closer tribes but also requested that a Tribal Monitor be present during all ground disturbing activities associated with this Project. Torres Martinez told Planning during an August 10, 2020 consultation meeting that the area is sensitive for cultural resources and requested that a monitor from Torres Martinez be present during ground disturbing activities. A consultation meeting was held with Agua Caliente.

Also, a Sacred Lands File Search and an SB18 Tribal Consultation List was requested from the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) on March 23, 2020. A response was received from the NAHC on March 27, 2020 which indicated that the Sacred Lands File Search was negative and included a list of 12 tribes whose Traditional Use Area was in the vicinity of the project. Letters were sent to all 12 tribes on March 23, 2020. None of the tribes requested SB18 consultation.

No Tribal Cultural Resources were identified by the Tribes during consultation. However, the project area is sensitive for cultural resources and there is the possibility that previously unidentified resources might be found during ground disturbing activities. As such, during all ground disturbing activities, a qualified archaeologist and a Tribal Monitor from the consulting Tribe(s) shall be present. In addition, conditions of approval that dictate the procedures to be followed should any unanticipated resources or human remains be identified during ground disturbing activities has been placed on this project (see Section 9 Archaeological Resources and mitigation measures CUL-1 through CUL-5). With the implementation of these mitigation measures, impacts to any previously unidentified Tribal Cultural Resources would be mitigated to a level less than significant.

<u>Mitigation</u>: Please refer to Section 9, Archaeological Resources and mitigation measures CUL-1 through CUL-5.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Due to the area's demonstrated high sensitivity for buried cultural deposits, including possible cremations, archaeological and Native American monitors will be onsite during all grading and other earth-moving activities within the project boundaries.

UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project:	127-239		TOTAL
40. Water a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects? 			
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years?			

<u>Source(s)</u>: Project Application Materials, CVWD, Urban Water Management Plan July 2011; CVWD Will Serve Letter, December 2019; Department of Environmental Health Review; Hydrology Study for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village, Christiansen & Company, September 2019; Final WQMP for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village, Christiansen & Company, September 2019.

Sig	tentially gnificant mpact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Findings of Fact:

a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

The proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project includes the development of all wet utilities on-site including new water and sewer lines, a new stormdrain system that will capture and convey 100 percent of the 100-year storm flow as required by the County of Riverside, into new underground stormwater retention chambers where stormwater will be treated and percolated below the surface of the site. Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD) has provided the County with a "notice of domestic water and sanitation service availability" for the proposed project. The letter indicates that CVWD would be able to provide water service to the site with the extension of existing water and sewer lines in the vicinity, to be funded by the Applicant. Therefore, the proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project would not cause a significant environmental effect regarding the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems.

b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

The 2015 CVWD Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) was prepared and adopted by the CVWD Board of Directors in June 2016. CVWD and other water agencies in the Coachella Valley are in the process of preparing a regional UWMP which will not be submitted to the Department of Water Resources until July 2021. Therefore, the CVWD's 2015 UWMP is the most current plan for use in evaluating the proposed Gateway Village project. The UWMP identified future per capita water usage through 2035 and determined that proportions of water use by sector (e.g. residential, commercial, office park) would be near equal to the sector proportions of 2010 water use due to conservation efforts. Water conservation in the Coachella Valley and specifically within CVWD's service area has resulted in a reduction in per capita water usage. CVWD Ordinance 1302.4, Establishing Landscape and Irrigation System Design Criteria, requires project applicants to submit a Landscape Document Package that includes a landscape plan (including a plant list based on CVWD's approved plant list), irrigation design plan, grading plan and water budget calculations. In addition, all new projects must comply with the water conservation requirements of the California Green Building Standards Code for landscaping as well as appliances and kitchen and bathroom fixtures. CALGreen standards require that indoor water use be reduced by 20 percent. Compliance with CVWD and GBSC requirements will ensure that the proposed Gateway Village project does not cause an increase in water usage such that a significant impact on the water supply would occur.

In addition to new project development requirements, CVWD has improved its water conservation efforts with existing customers through a tiered water budget-based rate structure; a turf replacement program, a residential toilet rebate program. CVWD anticipates that a 20 percent reduction in indoor water use, and a 50 percent reduction in outdoor water use will allow the per capita water usage between 2010 and 2035 to remain virtually the same, even with projected population increase within CVWD's service area. All things considered, CVWD anticipates that it will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years. Therefore, the projects contribution to water usage would be less than significant.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
41. Sewer a) Require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?				
b) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Source(s): Project Application Materials, CVWD, Urban Waw Will Serve Letter, December 2019 Findings of Fact:	ter Manage	ment Plan Ju	uly 2011; C	VWD
Require or result in the construction of new wastewa systems, or expansion of existing facilities, whereby th significant environmental effects; and				
Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project provider's existing commitments? Determination: Le	ect's project	ted demand i	n addition t	
CVWD has provided the County with a "notice of domestic wathe proposed project. The letter indicates that CVWD would be with the extension of existing water and sewer lines in the Therefore, the proposed Gateway Village project would not regarding the provision of sewer service, and would not resuwastewater facilities.	e able to pro vicinity, to cause a sig	ovide water s be funded b gnificant envi	ervice to the y the Applornmental	e site icant. effect
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
42. Solid Waste a) Generate solid waste in excess of State or Local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				
b) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan)?				
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County Department of Waste Resources Website, accessed August 6, 2020; CalRecycle Solid Waste Information System (SWIS) accessed August 6, 2020; Burrtec Waste and Recycling website, accessed August 6, 2020.

Findings of Fact:

- a) Generate solid waste in excess of State or Local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals; and
- b) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan)? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

Construction

Development of the project site would not generate solid waste in excess of State and County standards. Construction and demolition activities at the project site would require the removal of typical material and debris including vegetation (clearing and grubbing); wood, stucco, dry wall and roofing material from structures; wall and fencing material, etc. Demolition may also uncover asbestos containing materials and lead based paints. The County of Riverside, in compliance with the California Green Building Standards Code, requires all projects where C&D waste is generated to prepare and submit a completed Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) Form B, that identifies the expected material types and locations for recycling of C&D waste resulting from the project, prior to permit issuance (e.g. demolition, grading building). Then upon completion of the project and prior to final inspection and demonstrates the actual quantity of C&D waste recycled, submit a completed Waste Reporting Form – Form C. For the proposed Gateway Village project, this task shall be completed for each phase of the project. Compliance with the County's requirements for C&D recycling, construction related solid waste generation would not generate solid waste in excess of State and County standards and would not otherwise impair the attainment of the County's solid waste reduction goals.

Operation

During long-term operation, owners and/or operators of business within the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village will be responsible for recycling per County requirements and requirements of the California Green Building Standards Code. In addition, Assembly Bill (AB) 341 requires that all business or multifamily units that generate 4 cubic yards or more of solid waste per week are required to have a recycling program or subscribe to recycling services through their waste hauler. In addition, AB 1826 requires that all businesses that generate 4 cubic yards or more of organic waste per week must have an organics recycling program or subscribe to recycling services through their waste hauler for the following types of organic matter: Food Waste; Food Soiled Paper; Green Waste; Nonhazardous Wood Waste; and Landscape/Pruning Waste. Because the congregate care facility (Phase 2) includes a food service facility, the requirements of AB 1826 would also apply to this part of the Gateway Village project. Therefore, compliance with the County and State requirements for recycling, would ensure that land uses within the Gateway Village project wound not generate solid waste in excess of State and County standards and would not otherwise impair the attainment of the County's solid waste reduction goals.

Potentially Significant	Less than Significant	Less Than	No Impact
Impact	with Mitigation	Significant Impact	
	Incorporated		

Solid Waste Disposal

During both construction and operation solid waste will be generated and must be disposed of. The designated solid waste hauler for the project site would be Burrtec. In addition to hauling, Burrtec also operates two transfer stations and adjacent composting facilities in the Coachella Valley: (1) Coachella Valley Transfer Station and Coachella Valley Post located on Landfill Road east of Dillon Road adjacent to the City of Indio, and approximately 7 miles northeast of the project site; and (2) Edom Hill Transfer Station which includes a small composting component, located approximately 20 miles northwest of the project site. In addition, Burrtec operates the Salton City landfill in Imperial County, approximately 30 miles southeast of the project site. This landfill was recently expanded and is permitted to take agricultural, asbestos, ash, C&D material, contaminated soil, dead animals, green materials, industrial, inert, mixed municipal, sludge (bio-solids), and tires. Burrtec's various operations assist property owners and the County and State in meeting the resource reduction and recycling goals in order to comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid wastes.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

Utilities

43.

Would the project impact the following facilities requiring or resulting in the construction of new facilities or the expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects? a) Electricity? b) Natural gas? c) Communications systems? d) Street lighting? e) Maintenance of public facilities, including roads? f) Other governmental services?

Source(s): Project Application Materials, Utility Companies

Findings of Fact:

a) Electricity: **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

The proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project would not result in a significant impact on a service provider's ability to serve the site, such that construction of new facilities or the expansion of existing facilities would be required.

Imperial Irrigation District (IID) is the electrical service provider in the area and will serve the site. The proposed project will require the installation of new electrical infrastructure on-site which is the responsibility of the Applicant, as well as the construction of any additional facilities needed to extend electrical service to the site such as backbone feeders, distribution overhead and/or underground facilities line extensions or other upgrades to IID's electrical system in the vicinity.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Natural Gas: De	termination: Less Than Significant	Impact.			
	Company is the natural gas service prompany will require that installation of ricant.				
c) Communication	Systems: Determination: Less Th	an Signifi	cant Impa	ct.	
provider. Future tenants Likewise, future tenants	is is the telephone service provide in swill have the choice between the two may also choose a satellite option d on-site installation will be the respons	for teleph for televis	one and bro	oadband se oadband se	rvice.
d) Street lighting? I	Determination: Less Than Significa	nt Impact.			
common parking lot. De	ponsible for providing street lighting are velopers of individual project componer sible for their own site lighting based o	nts such as	the gas stat	tion and fas	t food
e) Maintenance of p	public facilities, including roads? Deter	mination:	Less Than	Significan	ıt
parkway and trail improv	ateway Village project Applicant is restements along the frontage of the project future is the responsibility of the Cou	ct site on N	Monroe Stree	et and Airpo	
f) Other governmen	ntal services: Determination: Less T	han Signif	icant Impac	et.	
	nt Impact Fees for other governmental of issuance of building permits.	services w	ould be the i	esponsibilit	y of
Mitigation: No mitigatio	n is required.				
Monitoring: No monitor	ing is required.				
	n or near a State Responsibility Area (" or other hazardous fire areas that may				
44. Wildfire Impacts	pair an adopted emergency response				
b) Due to slope, exacerbate wildfire r	prevailing winds, and other factors, sks, and thereby expose project concentrations from a wildfire or the			\boxtimes	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
e) Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?				\boxtimes

<u>Source(s)</u>: Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan Figure 13 "Wildfire Susceptibility", Figure 15, Steep Slope, and Figure 16, Slope Instability; and Project Application Materials.

Findings of Fact:

- a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.
- b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire? **Determination:** Less Than Significant Impact.

The project site is located in a relatively flat area of the Eastern Coachella Valley, an area that can experience high wind conditions during certain times of the year. However, site elevations range from approximately 43 feet below mean sea level (msl) near the southwesterly property line to about 56 feet below msl near the southeasterly corner of the site. ECVAP Figures 15 and 16 also show that steep slopes in the Eastern Coachella Valley are associated with the Santa Rosa mountains to the south and west (approximately 4 miles distance), the Little San Bernardino Mountains to the north and northeast(approximately 9 miles); the Orocopia Mountains to the east (approximately 9 miles).

The proposed project is a mixed-use project consisting of a neighborhood commercial center and an congregate care facility. Therefore, the project's potential to exacerbate wildfire risk, including pollutant concentrations and uncontrolled spread of wildfire would be less than significant.

c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment? **Determination: Less Than Significant Impact.**

The project site is located at the southeast corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd in the unincorporated community of Vista Santa Rosa. No new roads or fuel breaks are required to protect the project site from potential wildfire risk. In addition, all utilities are available in the vicinity of the project site and no new off-site infrastructure is required. Therefore, the proposed project would not exacerbate wildfire risk or impacts to the environment related to the constuction nor operation of the proposed new land uses.

	Potentially Less than Less No Significant Significant Than Impact Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact Incorporated
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes? Determination : No Impact.
flood (RCF gene	project site is not located in an area where slopes may be subject to landsliding. Regarding ling, as required by the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District FCWCD) under post development conditions, a project must retain 100 percent of the runoff grated from on-site. The Applicant is responsible for the control, treatment and retention of surface r runoff from the project site in order to minimize the potential for flooding to occur on-site or off-
e)	Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires? Determination: No Impact.
area	hown on Figure 13 of the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan, the project site is not located in an that is susceptible to wildland fires. Therefore, construction and operation of the proposed project d not result in a direct or indirect impact on people and structures due to wildland fires.
Mitig	ation: No mitigation is required.
Mon	itoring: No monitoring is required
	*
MA 45.	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE Does the Project: Have the potential to substantially degrade the quality
of the or when the of the or when the or w	he environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish vildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop ow self- sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or mal community, substantially reduce the number or trict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or ninate important examples of the major periods of ifornia history or prehistory?
	rce(s): Project Application Materials.
	ings of Fact:
Biolo Imple subs belov or re	ogical Resources ementation of the proposed project would not substantially degrade the quality of the environment, stantially reduce the habitat of fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife populations to drop w self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, or reduce the number estrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the periods of California history or prehistory.
	t Survey Results. One native plant community was found on site, the Salthush Scrub Community

consisting of the dominant quailbrush (*Atriplex lentiformis*), alkaline goldenbush (*Isocoma acradenia*), iodine bush (*Allenrolfea occidentalis*), bush seepweed (*Suaeda moquinii*), and mesquite (*Prosopis glandulosa*). Eight acres of the project site are occupied by this community showing various degrees of disturbance. Variations of this plant community occupy thousands of square miles of desert lands in

P	otentially	Less than	Less	No
S	Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
	Impact	with	Significant	•
	•	Mitigation	Impact	
		Incorporated	•	

California. The community found on site has been negatively impacted by the invasion of non-native plant species including tree tamarisk (*Tamarix aphylla*) and shrub tamarisk (*Tamarix ramosissima*).

In addition, a number of weedy species were in evidence including Russian thistle (*Salsola tragus*), nettleleaf goosefoot (*Chenopodium murale*) and horseweed (*Conyza canadensis*). The Inventory of Rare and Endangered Plants of California, published by the California Native Plant Society (2001), the *CNDDB Special Plant List* (2018) and the *Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Plants of California* (2018) list no plants species that might conceivably occur on the project site. Additionally, a review of the information on special-status plant species provided in the California Natural Diversity Database revealed no locality information on rare plants for the project site or vicinity.

Therefore, the Biological Resources Assessment concluded that due to the high degree of disturbance of this community, development of the project site would not result in a significant unavoidable impact on native plants or the native plant community.

Animal Survey Results

Invertebrates

Three insect species known to occur within the Coachella Valley have been placed on the CDFW's Special Animals list: Coachella giant sand treader cricket (Macrobaenetes valgum), Coachella Valley Jerusalem cricket (Stenopelmatus cahuilaensis) and Coachella Valley grasshopper (Spaniacris deserticola). The US Fish and Wildlife Services (USFWS) has expressed concern about a fourth insect species, Casey's June beetle (Dinacoma caseyi). None of these four insect species were found during the surveys reflecting the lack of suitable habitat on and near the project site.

Reptiles

Three reptile species were detected on site: desert spiny lizard (*Sceloporus magister*), side-blotched lizard (*Uta stansburiana*) and western whiptail (*Cnemidophorus tigris*). Effort was made to locate sign of the officially threatened desert tortoise (*Goperhus agassizi*). However, no evidence of any kind was found and no direct observations were made. The habitat of the project site is considered unsuitable for the desert tortoise because approximately 15 acres (more than half the site) had been graded in the past, approximately 7 acres had been severely disturbed by illegal dumping and the remainder of the site had been impacted by foot paths, informal roadways or off-road-vehicles. Unleashed dogs were observed on two occasions and unrestrained cats were observed four times. Introduced exotic weed species such as tamarisk (*Tamarix ramosissima*) and Sahara mustard (*Brassica tournefortii*) were also found over most of the site. In the report author's forty years of experience conducting desert tortoise surveys, the species has never been found occupying a site with such intense human impacts. The desert tortoise is also not known to occupy the alkali sink community, the historical plant community that once occupied the entire site. For these reasons, it was concluded this species does not currently occur within the project site and immediate vicinity.

An effort was made to locate the Coachella Valley fringe-toed lizard (*Uma inornata*) and flattailed horned lizard (*Phrynosoma mcalli*). However, no individuals or sign off either species were found. Both require a substrate of loose, wind-blown sand, a habitat not found on or near the site boundaries.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
·	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

Birds

Birds observed within the project boundaries included Say's phoebe (Sayornis saya), American kestrel (Falco sparverius), Brewer's blackbird (Euphagus cyanocephalus), Gambel's quail (Callipepla gambelii), house finch (Carpodacus mexicanus), mourning dove (Zenaida macroura) and introduced house sparrow (Passer domesticus).

<u>La Conte's Threasher</u>. No observations of LeConte's thrasher (*Toxostoma lecontei*) were recorded during surveys. In the Coachella Valley this species is closely associated with golden cholla, an arborescent cactus that provides a nesting site for the thrasher. The cactus species was not found onsite and it was concluded the thrasher does not occupy the project site. LeConte's thrasher is a covered species under the CVMSHCP.

<u>Yuma Clapper Rail</u>. The Yuma clapper rail (*Rallus longirostris yumanensis*) is known to inhabit freshwater marsh environments in the general region of the project site. However, the absence of these environments in or near the site precluded the presence of this species. The clapper rail is officially listed as endangered by the federal government and threatened by the state government.

<u>Burrowing Owl</u>. An intensive survey for the burrowing owl BUOW) was undertaken following protocols established by State and federal agencies. No observations of BUOW were recorded, no burrows were found, and no other evidence of presence was located. Therefore, the Biological Resources Assessment concluded that the habitat for BUOW was unsuitable and no pre-construction clearance surveys for this species have been recommended.

<u>Loggerhead Shrike.</u> The loggerhead shrike, a state Species of Special Concern, was not observed or detected on or near the project site. The project site is considered unsuitable for shrike nesting because of past grading and other site disturbances, observations of unrestrained cats and dogs and intense human activities on and surrounding the site. The shrike is not a covered species under the CVMSHCP.

Migratory Birds. Most migratory bird species are not covered under the CVMSHCP. However, the site was not considered a significant food or shelter site for migratory bird species due to human disturbances, presence of domesticated predators and the absence of surface water resources on and adjacent to the site.

Mammals

Detected mammals included the house mouse (*Mus musculus*), desert cottontail (*Sylvilagus audubonii*), and coyote (*Canis latrans*). No individuals or evidence of the Coachella Valley round-tailed ground squirrel (*Spermophilus tereticaudus chlorus*) or Palm Springs little pocket mouse, *Perognathus longimembris bangsi*, were detected. The USFWS has expressed concern regarding the status of these species. The absence of the ground squirrel and pocket mouse on the project site undoubtedly reflects the lack of suitable habitat. These species are normally found in relatively undisturbed localities or where soils are coarser and better drained. Both species are covered under the existing CVNSHCP.

Cultural Resources

During the Cultural Resources Assessment for the proposed Gateway Village project the field survey identified a prehistoric site within the boundary of the project site.

<u>Site 33-028501 (CA-RIV-12843): Prehistoric Ceramic Scatter</u>. This site consists of a prehistoric artifact scatter with 19 brownware sherds, including a rim sherd, and a single quartzite lithic flake. The artifacts

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

were found on the surface over an area measuring approximately 42x20 meters, and the depth of the deposit was unknown during the field survey. The surface artifacts recorded at this site belong to the most common classes of prehistoric cultural remains found in the Coachella Valley region, and they alone do not hold a high potential for important archaeological data. However, whether the site has a subsurface component was not known during the initial field survey. At the elevation of approximately 55 feet below mean sea level, the site location was fully submerged by Holocene Lake Cahuilla until circa 1700 A.D. In general, prehistoric sites discovered well within the former lakebed do not tend to have a deep subsurface component in intact depositional context, but the possibility for additional, potentially significant archaeological features or artifacts in subsurface deposits at this site could not be ruled out without further investigation.

In summary of the research results, the qualification of Site 33-028501 as a "historical resource" could not be ascertained without further archaeological investigations, as the presence or absence of a subsurface component of the site is currently unknown. Based on these findings, CRM TECH recommended that a systematic archaeological testing and evaluation program, including subsurface excavations, should be completed at Site 33-028501 to determine the data potential—and thereby the significance—of the site.

Subsequently, a Phase II Cultural Resources Testing and Evaluation Program for Site 33-028501 (CA-RIV-12843), at APN 764-080-011. Information recovered from Site 33-028501 indicated that the site was used during Late Prehistoric Period. It is known that Native people would spread out across the surrounding countryside from their villages to collect items for food, shelter, clothing, adornment, and social activities. The data from this site do not provide any new, important information regarding the people that used the area or their culture. No new, important information about the chronology, subsistence strategies, settlement patterns, technologies, or any other aspect of the culture(s) of the people that used this area was learned from the testing and evaluation program at Site 33-028501. Therefore, the site does not meet CEQA's definition of a "historical resource," and since no other potential "historical resources" have been identified within the project area, the proposed Gateway Village project would not cause a substantial adverse change to any known significant archaeological resources. Nevertheless, the artifacts recovered from the site, the presence of other prehistoric sites in the area, and the disturbed nature of much of the ground surface on the project site, suggest the possibility that more prehistoric cultural remains may be present in subsurface deposits. Mitigation measures CR-1 and CR-2 have been identified that must be implemented during all earth-moving operations associated with the project. Measure CR-1 calls for monitoring by a qualified archaeologist and a Native American monitor of Cahuilla heritage during ground disturbing activities. Such activities include grubbing, grading, trenching, excavations, and/or other earth-moving activities that impact undisturbed, native soils associated with the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project. Measure CR-2 requires that if significant resources are uncovered, all work within 50 feet of the find will be suspended (work in other areas can continue) and the County Archaeologist and a Tribal Representative shall be called in to discuss the significance of the find and the recovery plan that will be required. Finally, mitigation measure CR-3 addresses the potential for human remains to be uncovered during ground disturbing activities. Implementation of mitigation measures CR-1 through CR-3 would ensure that impacts associated with construction of the Gateway Village the potential to eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory would be less than significant with mitigation.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
46. Have impacts which are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects and probable future projects)?				

Source(s): Project Application Materials, Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Air Quality and Global Climate Change Impact Analysis; Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Noise Impact Analysis, Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Vista Santa Rosa Traffic Impact Analysis, Ganddini and Associates, July 2020, Energy Memo.

Findings of Fact:

The environmental evaluation of the Gateway Village concluded that the project does not have impacts that would contribute significantly to cumulatively considerable impacts. As evaluated in the Air Quality, Energy, Green House Gas, Noise and Traffic sections, the proposed Gateway Village project includes a number of design features required by County Ordinance, or Regional and State agencies requirements to reduce impacts; or mitigation measures have been identified (e.g. noise and traffic). These include the following:

Air Quality – the Applicant is required to comply with all SCAQMD Rules for the reduction of air emissions during construction an operation including the development and implementation of a Fugitive Dust Control Plan during all phases of construction.

Energy and GHG – the Energy analysis showed that with implementation of construction energy/conservation measures as required by SCAQMD and CARB, construction activities would not result in the wasteful use of energy, including fuel. During long term operation, the Applicant has committed to a number of conservation measures as outlined in the project's CAP screening tables were the project would garner 137 points for residential uses (100 points being the threshold) and 217 points (100 points being the threshold). Completed screening tables are included in EA Appendix A.2)

Noise – The Noise analysis showed that with the implementation of mitigation measures during construction to reduce impacts to the adjacent school and nearby residential uses. During long term operation, noise associated with commercial area would be typical of similar shopping centers in the area and would not be a significant source of noise.

Traffic – Cumulative impacts were evaluated in the TIA (EA Appendix J.1) for all study area intersections. The TIA identified a number of mitigation measures including the project's fair share contribution for the construction of road and intersection improvements in the area as required by the County of Riverside. These measures include the applicant paying the project's fair share of costs for Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative study intersection improvement locations as shown in TIA Table 12, and constructing or repairing roadways adjacent to the project site to their ultimate half-width including landscaping and parkway improvements in conjunction with development.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
47. Have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

Source(s): Project Application Materials

<u>Findings of Fact</u>: Based on the entirety of the Environmental Assessment prepared for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project, the proposed project would not result in environmental effects which would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly. Therefore, this impact was found to be less than significant.

VI. EARLIER ANALYSES

Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration as per California Code of Regulations, Section 15063 (c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:

Earlier Analyses Used, if any: County of Riverside General Plan Program EIR, City of La Quinta General Plan Program EIR.

Location Where Earlier Analyses, if used, are available for review:

Location:

County of Riverside Planning Department

4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor

Riverside, CA 92505

Revised: 11/9/2020 6:48 PM

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COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Charissa Leach Interim Agency Director

12/09/20, 8:43 am TPM37801

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for <u>TPM37801</u>. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this Plan (TPM37801) and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

<u>Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801</u> is a proposal for a Schedule "E" subdivision and would create seven parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village.

This project is associated with - General Plan Amendment No. 190012 is a proposal to change the existing General Plan Foundation Component and Land Use Designation from Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD: MUA). Change of Zone No. 190034 is a proposal to change the existing Zoning Classifications for the project site from Light Agriculture – 20-Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU). Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is a proposal to construct a 7,550-square-foot multi-tenant retail building, a 5,800-square-foot gas station with a convenience store, 8 fueling pump stations with a canopy (which offers 16 fueling positions), a 15,800-square-foot pharmacy retail building, a 2,400-square-foot fast food restaurant with a drive-thru, and a 158,800-square -foot two-story assisted living facility with 128 units. Furthermore, the project would remodel an existing restaurant building located on Assessor's Parcel Number 764-080-004. Parking for the project would consist of 322 parking spaces; including 13 electric vehicle and 14 disabled person parking spaces. Additionally, the project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School).

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED MAP and/or EXHIBIT(S)

Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801, dated September 3, 2020.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Fire Hydrants and Fire Flow: Prior to the issuance of building permits, plans for the water system shall be submitted to the fire department for review and approval. The water system shall be capable of delivering the required fire flow. Fire hydrant(s) location and spacing shall comply with the fire code. An approved water supply for fire protection during construction shall be made available prior to the arrival of combustible materials on site. Reference 2016 California Fire Code (CFC) 507.5.1, 3312, Appendices B and C.
- 2. Fire Department Access: Prior to building permit issuance, provide a fire access site plan. Access roads shall be provided to within 150 feet to all portions of the exterior building walls and shall have an unobstructed width of not less than 24 feet. The construction of the access roads shall be all weather and capable of sustaining 40,000 lbs. over two axles for areas of residential development and 60,000 lbs. over two axels for commercial developments. Approved vehicle access, either permanent or temporary, shall be provided during construction Ref. CFC 503.1.1, 3310.1 and 503.2.1
- 3. Requests for installation of traffic calming designs/devices on fire apparatus access roads shall be submitted and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. Ref. CFC 503.4.1
- 4. Construction Permits Fire Department Review: Submittal of construction plans to the Office of the Fire Marshal for development, construction, installation and operational use permitting will be required. Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews these plans.
- 5. Phased Construction Access: If construction is phased, each phase shall provide approved access for fire protection prior to any construction. Ref. CFC 503.1
- 6. Fire Sprinkler System: All new commercial structures 3,600 square feet or larger will be required to install a fire sprinkler system. Ref CFC 903.2 as amended by the County of Riverside.
- 7. Fire Alarm and Detection System: A water flow monitoring system and/or fire alarm system will be required and determined at time of building plan review. Ref. CFC 903.4, CFC 907.2 and NFPA 72
- 8. Knox Box and Gate Access: Buildings shall be provided with a Knox Box. The Knox Box shall be installed in an accessible location approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. All electronically operated gates shall be provided with Knox key switches and automatic sensors for access. Ref. CFC 506.1
- 9. Addressing: All commercial buildings shall display street numbers in a prominent location on the address side and additional locations as required. Ref. CFC 505.1 and County of Riverside Office of the Fire Marshal Standard #07-01
- 10. Emergency Responder Radio Coverage Systems: Projects that do not meet the exceptions set forth by the Riverside County Office of the Fire Marshal shall provide plans for an emergency responder radio coverage system. Ref. CFC 510.1 and Riverside County Office of the Fire Marshal Technical Policy #TP19-002

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
- · Clean Water Act
- Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)
- Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
- Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
- State Subdivision Map Act
- Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
- School District Impact Compliance
- Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Native Americans: CEQA)
- Current California Building Code (CBC)
- California Alcoholic Beverage Control License
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
- Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
- Ord. No. 421 (Excavation Covering & Swimming Pool Safety)
- Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements)
- Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
- Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land)
- Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards)
- Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand)
- Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution)
- Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
- Ord. No. 742 (Fugitive Dust/PM10 Emissions in Coachella Valley)
- Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
- Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
- Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
- Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
- Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)
- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances
- Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
- Ord. No. 673 Coachella Valley Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (CV/ETUMF)
- Ord. No. 875 Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (CV MSHCP)

12/09/20, 8:43 am TPM37801

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 1 0010 - Planning - One Parcel, One Structure

This condition of approval requires that the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. Furthermore, the proposed project consists of seven (7) development parcels with one single structure on each parcel as proposed under the project entitlement's conditional use permit (CUP190030). The proposed tentative parcel map (TPM37801) has been conditioned for this subject site and project.

Planning. 2 0010-Planning-USE - MAINTAIN LICENSING

At all times during the conduct of the permitted use the permittee shall maintain and keep in effect valid licensing approval from Federal, State, Local, and Regulatory agencies or equivalent agency as provided by law. Should such licensing be denied, expire or lapse at any time in the future, this permit shall become null and void.

Planning. 3 0010-Planning-USE - NO RESIDENT OCCUPANCY

No permanent occupancy shall be permitted within the property approved under this tentative parcel map or conditional use permit as a principal place of residence (except for the assisted living senior housing facility).

Planning. 4 0010-Planning-USE - BASIS FOR PARKING

Parking for this project was determined primarily on the basis of County Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12. a.(2).b.c.(1).2(f.2e.1)

The proposed project (a mixed use shopping center and senior housing/assisted living facility) will consist of 322 parking spaces; including 14 ADA parking spaces and 13 electric vehicle parking spaces. A Special Review of Parking per Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12.h.1a was allowed per the Planning Director.

Planning. 5 0010-Planning-USE - BEER & WINE RESTRICTIONS

The following development standards shall apply to the concurrent sale of motor vehicle fuels and beer and wine for off-premises consumption:

- a. Only beer and wine may be sold.
- b. The owner and the management shall educate the public regarding driving under the influence of intoxicating beverages, minimum age for purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverages, driving with open containers and the penalty associated with violation of these laws. In addition, the owner and management shall provide health warnings about the consumption of alcoholic beverages. This

Planning

Planning. 5 0010-Planning-USE - BEER & WINE RESTRICTIONS (cont.)

educational requirement may be met by posting prominent signs, decals or brochures at points of purchase. In addition, the owner and management shall provide adequate training for all employees at the location as to these matters.

- c. No displays of beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages shall be located within five feet of any building entrance or checkout counter.
- d. Cold beer or wine shall be sold from, or displayed in, the main, permanently affixed electrical coolers only.
- e. No beer, wine or other alcoholic beverage advertising shall be located on gasoline islands; and, no lighted advertising for beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages shall be located on the exterior of buildings or within window areas.
- f. Employees selling beer and wine between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 2:00 a.m. shall be at least 21 years of age.
- g. No sale of alcoholic beverages shall be made from a drive-in window.

Planning. 6 0010-Planning-USE - BUSINESS LICENSING

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office at www.rctlma.org.buslic.

Planning. 7 0010-Planning-USE - CAUSES FOR REVOCATION

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit, a) is found to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit, b) is found to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony, or c) is found to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance, this permit shall be subject to the revocation procedures.

Planning. 8 0010-Planning-USE - COMPLY WITH ORD./CODES

The development of these premises shall comply with the standards of Ordinance No. 348 and all other applicable Riverside County ordinances and State and Federal codes.

Planning

Planning. 8

0010-Planning-USE - COMPLY WITH ORD./CODES (cont.)

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s), unless otherwise amended by these conditions of approval.

Planning. 9

0010-Planning-USE - EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS

Exterior noise levels produced by any use allowed under this permit, including, but not limited to, any outdoor public address system, shall not exceed 45 db(A), 10-minute LEQ, between the hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m., and 65 db(A), 10-minute LEQ, at all other times as measured at any residential, hospital, school, library, nursing home or other similar noise sensitive land use. In the event noise exceeds this standard, the permittee or the permittee's successor-in-interest shall take the necessary steps to remedy the situation, which may include discontinued operation of the facilities. The permit holder shall comply with the applicable standards of Ordinance No. 847.

Planning. 10

0010-Planning-USE - FEES FOR REVIEW

Any subsequent submittal(s) required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan or mitigation monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

Planning. 11

0010-Planning-USE - IF HUMAN REMAINS FOUND

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

Planning. 12

0010-Planning-USE - LIGHTING HOODED/DIRECTED

Any outside lighting shall be hooded and directed so as not to shine directly upon adjoining property or public rights-of-way.

Planning

Planning. 13

0010-Planning-USE - LIMIT ON SIGNAGE

Signage for this project shall be limited to one (1) monument "Gateway" sign at the corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd and two (2) tenant monument signs; one (1) off of Monroe Street and one (1) off of Airport Blvd. No other signage or location of signs has been determined per this project.

Additionally, any on-site building signage will be approved by a separate plot plan project. Any additional signage shall be approved by the Planning Department pursuant to the requirements of Section 18.30 (Planning Department review only) of Ordinance No. 348.

Planning. 14

0010-Planning-USE - MT PALOMAR LIGHTING AREA

Within the Mt. Palomar Special Lighting Area, as defined in Ordinance No. 655, low pressure sodium vapor lighting or overhead high pressure sodium vapor lighting with shields or cutoff luminaries, shall be utilized.

Planning. 15

0010-Planning-USE - NO OUTDOOR ADVERTISING

No outdoor advertising display, sign or billboard (not including on-site advertising or directional signs) shall be constructed or maintained within the property subject to this approval.

Planning, 16

0010-Planning-USE - NO SECOND FLOOR

No tenant improvement permit, or any other building permit, shall be granted for any second story, second floor, mezzanine, or interior balcony (except for the two-story assisted living senior housing facility) unless a plot plan, conditional use permit, public use permit, substantial conformance or a revised permit is approved by the Planning Department pursuant to Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348 in order to assure adequate parking remains within the property.

Planning. 17

0010-Planning-USE - RECLAIMED WATER

The permit holder shall connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape watering purposes when secondary or reclaimed water is made available to the site.

Planning. 18

0020-Planning-USE - EXPIRATION DATE-USE CASE

This approved permit shall be used within nine (9) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void. The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the 9 years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning-All

Planning-All. 1 0010-Planning-All-USE - 90 DAYS TO PROTEST

The project developer has 90 days from the date of approval of these conditions to protest, in accordance with the procedures set forth in Government Code Section 66020, the imposition of any and all fees, dedications, reservations and/or other exactions imposed on this project as a result of this approval or conditional approval of this project.

Planning-All. 2 0010-Planning-All-USE - HOLD HARMLESS

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees (COUNTY) from the following: (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the Conditional Use Permit and Tentative Parcel Map: and, (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the Conditional Use Permit and Tentative Parcel Map, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests. The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such claim, action, or proceeding and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such claim, action, or proceeding or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY. The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such claim, action or proceeding, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel. Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 Unanticipated Resources

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit. If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed: All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished. * A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other. ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, the land divider shall provide all street improvements, street improvement plans and/or road dedications set forth herein in accordance with Ordinance 460 and Riverside County Road Improvement Standards (Ordinance 461). It is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. The County of Riverside applicable ordinances and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. The Project shall submit a preliminary soils and pavement investigation report addressing the construction requirements within the road right-of-way.
- 3. The Project shall obtain approval of street improvement plans from the Transportation Department. Street Improvement Plans shall comply with Ordinance 460, 461, Riverside County Improvement Plan Check Policies and Guidelines, which can be found online http://rctlma.org/trans.
- 4. A signing and striping plan is required for this project. The Project shall be responsible for any additional paving and/or striping removal caused by the striping plan or as approved by the Director of Transportation.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - GENERAL CONDITIONS (cont.)

- 5. Alternations to natural drainage patterns shall require protecting downstream properties by means approved by the Transportation Department.
- 6. If the Transportation Department allows the use of streets for drainage purposes, the 10-year discharge shall be contained in the top of curb or asphalt concrete dikes, and the 100-year discharge shall be contained in the street right-of-way.
- 7. The Project shall install street name sign(s) in accordance with County Standard No. 816 and as directed by the Transportation Department.
- 8. All corner cutbacks shall be applied per Standard 805, Ordinance 461.
- 9. All centerline intersections shall be at 90 degrees, plus or minus 5 degrees.
- 10. The project shall comply with the most current ADA requirements. Ramps shall be constructed at all 4 legs of 4 way intersections per draft Standard No. 403, sheets 1 through 7 of Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 11. The Project shall obtain approval of street improvement plans from the Transportation Department.

Improvement plans shall be based upon a design profile extending a minimum of 300 feet beyond the project limits.

12. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955 6527.

Page 1

Plan: TPM37801 Parcel: 764070001

50. Prior To Map Recordation

Planning

050 - Planning. 1

Map - ECS Note-Mt. Palomar Lighting

Not Satisfied

The following Environmental Constraint Note shall be placed on the ECS: This property is subject to lighting restrictions as required by Ordinance No. 655, which are intended to reduce the effects of night lighting on the Mount Palomar Observatory. All proposed outdoor lighting systems shall be in conformance with Ordinance No. 655."

050 - Planning. 2 Map - ECS Shall be Prepared

Not Satisfied

The land divider shall prepare an Environmental Constraints Sheet (ECS) in accordance with Section 2.2. E. & F. of Ordinance No. 460, which shall be submitted as part of the plan check review of the FINAL MAP.

050 - Planning. 3 MAP - FEE BALANCE

Not Satisfied

Prior to recordation, the Planning Department shall determine if the deposit based fees for the TENTATIVE MAP are in a negative balance. If so, any unpaid fees shall be paid by the land divider and/or the land divider's successor-in-interest.

050 - Planning. 4 MAP - FINAL MAP PREPARER

Not Satisfied

The FINAL MAP shall be prepared by a licensed land surveyor or registered civil engineer.

050 - Planning. 5

Prior to Recordation - Reciprocal Access

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall provide reciprocal legal access for Parcels Nos. 1 thru 5 for means of legal ingress/egress within the mixed use development; including parking, access, and trash or by other means as approved by County Survey and Transportation Department under the Tentative Parcel Map (TPM37801).

Survey

050 - Survey. 1

RCTD - FINAL MAP REQMTS

Not Satisfied

The final map shall comply with the following requirements, as approved by the Transportation Department, to clear this condition:

- 1. Any easement not owned by a public utility, public entity or subsidiary, not relocated or eliminated prior to final map approval, shall be delineated on the final map in addition to having the name of the easement holder, and the nature of their interests, shown on the map.
- 2. Prior to construction, if survey monuments including centerline monuments, tie points, property corners and benchmarks found it shall be located and tied out and corner records filed with the County Surveyor pursuant to Section 8771 of the Business & Professions Code. Survey points destroyed during construction shall be reset, and a second corner record filed for those points prior to completion and acceptance of the improvements.

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - UTILITY COORDINATION

Not Satisfied

All electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be designed to be placed underground on the Improvement Plans, according to Ordinance 460 for

50. Prior To Map Recordation

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - UTILITY COORDINATION (cont.)

Not Satisfied

subdivisions and/or Ordinance 461 for road improvements. This also applies to all overhead lines below 34 kilovolts along the project frontage and all offsite overhead lines in each direction of the project site to the nearest offsite pole. The Project shall coordinate with the serving utility companies to complete the final installations. This condition will be cleared after both of the following requirements are met:

- The Street Improvement Plans are approved.
- Transportation Department receives written proof that the Project has filed an application for the relocation of said utilities or said utility companies have initiated their relocation design.

050 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - ANNEX ALL MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, the Project shall complete all annexation/formation into all of respective maintenance districts, as approved by the County Transportation and County EDA/CSA, with approved improvement plans, and as noted or shown on the approved Maintenance Exhibit.

050 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - ANNEX CATCH BASIN INSERTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, the Project shall complete annexation/formation, with fees, into the applicable maintenance district(s) (e.g. CSA, CFD, or other approved public or quasi-public entity) for maintenance of catch basin inserts, as shown on the approved Maintenance Exhibit, as applicable.

050 - Transportation. 4 RCTD - ANNEX LANDSCAPING MAINTENANCE

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, the Project shall complete annexation/formation for landscaping, graffiti maintenance, fencing, and trails, with approved improvement plans and fees, into the applicable maintenance district(s) (e.g. CSA, CFD, or other approved entity) for landscaping maintenance, as shown on the approved Maintenance Exhibit, as applicable.

050 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - ANNEX ST SWEEPING MAINTENANCE

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, the Project shall complete street sweeping annexation/formation, with fees, into the applicable maintenance district(s) (e.g. CSA 152, or other approved entity) for street sweeping maintenance, as noted on the approved Maintenance Exhibit, as applicable.

050 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - ANNEX STREETLIGHT MAINTENANCE

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, the Project shall complete streetlight annexation/formation, with approved improvement plans and fees, into the applicable maintenance district(s) (e.g. CSA, CFD, or other approved entity) for streetlight maintenance, as noted on the approved Maintenance Exhibit, as applicable.

050 - Transportation. 7 RCTD - ANNEX WQMP MAINTENANCE

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, the Project shall file an application for annexation/formation, with the approved WQMP and fees, into the applicable maintenance district(s) (e.g. CFD, CSA 152, or other approved entity) for WQMP maintenance outside of public right of way, as shown on the approved Maintenance Exhibit, as applicable.

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Plan: TPM37801 Parcel: 764070001

50. Prior To Map Recordation

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 8 RCTD - APPROVED MAINTENANCE EXHIBIT (ME)

Not Satisfied

The Project shall submit a Maintenance Exhibit (ME) for approval, on two 11x17 inches hard copies and two CD copies to County EDA/CSA. The ME shall show, with applicable quantities (i.e. square footage, or lengths), potable and recycled water meters, irrigated landscaped areas, non-irrigated landscaping, open space, trails and pedestrian pathways, WQMP related BMPs, basin bottoms, fence and walls, graffiti, weed abatement, traffic signals, and any other feature that may require permanent maintenance (e.g. storm drains, low flow drains, community buildings, restrooms, parking lots, block walls, and fencing) with the entities proposed to provide maintenance. All right-of-way areas shall be separately delineated. The ME shall have the engineer certification for square footage calculations and note the proposed maintenance entity responsible for all maintenance activities, including those that cannot be depicted on the exhibit (e.g. street sweeping, etc.).

The Transportation Department will clear this condition after the ME is approved by the County EDA/CSA and/or other associated public/quasi-public maintenance entities. The approved ME shall be provided to the Transportation Department (three 11x 17 inches hardcopies and one fully signed PDF copy on CD).

Note: Landscaping within the private road easement shall be maintained by HOA and/or as approved by the Transportation Department, Landscape Section. To ensure water quality compliance, the County discourages the use of HOAs for maintaining WQMP related BMPs. County Policy B-12 limits the total tax burden. Tax burden includes Community Facility Districts (CFDs), Assessment District, ad valorem taxes, any other assessments, taxes, and fees. The local water purveyor may require the use of reclaimed water for landscaping, prior to approving water improvement plans. ME shall be approved prior to submitting CC&Rs, and submitting water improvement plans.

050 - Transportation. 9 RCTD - COORDINATION WITH OTHERS

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition.

- 1. The Project shall coordinate with CUP190030.
- 2. The project shall coordinate with the City of La Quinta.

050 - Transportation. 10 RCTD - IMPROVEMENT

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition. The Project shall provide the following improvements:

Monroe Street (from Airport Boulevard to the northern boundary of Phase 4) along project boundary is designated as ARTERIAL HIGHWAY and shall be improved with 43-56 foot half- width AC pavement, 8-inch concrete curb and gutter, concrete sidewalk, and d.g. trail (project side) and MUST match up asphalt concrete paving; reconstruction; or resurfacing of existing paving as determine by the Director of Transportation within the 69-82 foot half-width dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County Standard No. 92, page (1 of 2) and page (2 of 2) and Standard 405, Ordinance 461 and with coordination of 'Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines'.

Note:

1. A 5 foot concrete sidewalks shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway.

50. Prior To Map Recordation

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 10 RCTD - IMPROVEMENT (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 2. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461.
- 3. The northerly driveway is a right in and right out access only and proper channelization shall be constructed to restrict a left out and left in movements as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 4. An 8-inch raised curbed landscape median for Phase-I (from Airport Boulevard to the middle driveway) shall be constructed at the centerline per Standard No. 113, Ordinance 461.
- 5. The middle driveway is serving as an interim full-access for Phase 1 & Phase 2, however, in the event Phase 3 or Phase 4 is constructed the middle driveway is restricted to right in/right out access only and raised media shall be extended to the south boundary of Phase 2 as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 6. Construct a transition AC pavement tapering lane from the Phase-II (Building No. 5) southern project boundary southerly for the design speed limit of 60 mph or as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 7. A 10 foot d.g. multipurpose trail shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway per Standard No. 405, page (1 of 2) and (2 of 2), Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Planning Department and Director of Transportation.
- 8. Median at the entry driveway shall be constructed 35 feet radial from the adjacent street flowline.

Airport Boulevard along project boundary is designated as ARTERIAL HIGHWAY and shall be improved with 66-79 foot (43- 56 feet project side and 23 feet on the other side of the centerline) part-width AC pavement, 8-inch concrete curb and gutter, 8-inch concrete raised median, concrete sidewalk, and d.g. trail (project side) and MUST match up asphalt concrete paving; reconstruction; or resurfacing of existing paving as determine by the Director of Transportation within the 90-103 foot (64-77 feet project side and 26 feet on the other side of the centerline), minimum, dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County Standard No. 92, Page (1 of 2) and (Page (2 of 2) and Standard No. 405, Ordinance 461 and with coordination of 'Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines'.

Note:

- 1. A 5 foot concrete sidewalks (project side) shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway.
- 2. A 5 foot concrete sidewalk shall be extended to join existing 'Westside School' sidewalks as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 3. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461.
- 4. The westerly driveway along Airport Boulevard is a right in and right out access only and proper channelization shall be constructed to restrict a left out and left in movements as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 5. An 8-inch raised curbed landscape median (project boundary) shall be constructed at the centerline per Standard No. 113, Ordinance 461.

50. Prior To Map Recordation

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 10 RCTD - IMPROVEMENT (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 6. A 14 foot two way center turn-lane shall be improved from the easterly project boundary to 100 feet east of school's eastern property line and the center turn lane shall be taper back as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 7. A 10 foot d.g. multipurpose trail shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway per Standard No. 405, page (1 of 2) and (2 of 2), Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Planning Department and Director of Transportation.
- 8. Median at the entry driveway shall be constructed 35 feet radial from the adjacent street flowline.

050 - Transportation. 11 RCTD - LIGHTING PLAN

Not Satisfied

A separate street light plan shall be approved by the Transportation Department. Street lighting shall be designed in accordance with County Ordinance 460 and Streetlight Specification Chart found in Specification Section 22 of Ordinance 461. For projects within SCE boundaries use County of Riverside Ordinance 461, Standard No. 1000 or No. 1001. For projects within Imperial Irrigation District (IID) use IID's pole standard.

050 - Transportation. 12 RCTD - SUBMIT APPLICATION-MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, the Project shall file an application with County EDA/CSA for annexation/formation into all of respective maintenance districts, with a proposed Maintenance Exhibit and applicable fees.

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1 EASEMENTS/PERMISSION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, it shall be the sole responsibility of the owner/applicant to obtain any and all proposed or required easements and/or permissions necessary to perform the grading herein proposed. A notarized letter of permission and/or recorded easement from the affected property owners or easement holders shall be provided in instances where off site grading is proposed as part of the grading plan. In instances where the grading plan proposes drainage facilities on adjacent off site property, the owner/applicant shall provide a copy of the recorded drainage easement or copy of Final Map.

060 - BS-Grade. 2 IF WQMP IS REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the Final Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) site plan for comparison to the grading plan.

060 - BS-Grade. 3 IMPROVEMENT SECURITIES

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Grading Permit, the applicant may be required to post a Grading and/or Erosion Control Security. Please contact the Riverside County Transportation Department for additional information and requirements.

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 4 NO PRECISE GRADING

Not Satisfied

A PRECISE GRADING PERMIT WILL NOT BE ISSUED, BY THE BUILDING AND SAFETY DEPARTMENT, FOR ANY PARCEL (S) OF THIS SUBDIVISION – UNLESS AN APPROPRIATE LAND USE PERMIT HAS ALSO BEEN ISSUED AND APPROVED, BY THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT, FOR THAT SAME PARCEL (S).

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1 Cultural Resources Monitoring Program (CRMP)

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of grading permits: The applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A CRMP shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. This document shall be provided to the County Archaeologist for review and approval prior to issuance of the grading permit. The CRMP shall contain at a minimum the following: Archaeological Monitor An adequate number of qualified archaeological monitors shall be onsite to ensure all earth moving activities are observed for areas being monitored. This includes all grubbing, grading and trenching onsite and for all offsite improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined sand directed by the Project Archaeologist, Cultural Sensitivity Training - The Project Archaeologist and if required, a representative designated by the Tribe shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. Training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the Project and the surrounding area; the areas to be avoided during grading activities; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event unanticipated cultural resources are identified, including who to contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. This is a mandatory training and all construction personnel must attend prior to beginning work on the project site. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report. Unanticipated Resources - In the event that previously unidentified potentially significant cultural resources are discovered, the Archaeological and/or Tribal Monitor(s) shall have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of discovery to allow evaluation of potentially significant cultural resources. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with the Tribal monitor, shall determine the significance of the discovered resources. The County Archaeologist must concur with the evaluation before construction activities will be allowed to resume in the affected area. Further, before construction activities are allowed to resume in the affected area, the artifacts shall be recovered and features recorded using professional archaeological methods. The Project Archaeologist shall determine the amount of material to be recovered for an adequate artifact sample for analysis. Isolates and clearly non-significant deposits shall be minimally documented in the field and the monitored grading can proceed. Artifact Disposition- the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1 Cultural Resources Monitoring Program (CRMP) (cont.) Not Satisfied investigations and/or Phase III data recovery. The Professional Archaeologist may submit a detailed letter to the County of Riverside during grading requesting a modification to the monitoring program if circumstances are encountered that reduce the need for monitoring

060 - Planning-CUL. 2 Native American Monitor

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into an agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor. The Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and trenching. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources. The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition. This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 MBTA Nesting Bird Survey - EPD

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season (February 1st through August 31st). If habitat must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted. The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted.

Prior to issuance of a permit for rough grading, the project's consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report, documenting the results of the survey, to EPD for review. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a rough grading permit.

When the requested documents/studies are completed and ready for EPD review, please upload them to our Secure File Transfer server to ensure prompt response and review. If you are unfamiliar with the process for uploading biological documents to the FTP site, please contact Matthew Poonamallee at mpoonama@rivco.org and Melissa Manzo at melmanzo@rivco.org for instructions. Biological reports not uploaded to the FTP site may result in delayed review and approval.

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - APPROVED MAINT EXHIBIT (ME)

Not Satisfied

In the event that the project requires a grading permit prior to map recordation, the Project shall submit a Maintenance Exhibit (ME) for approval, on two 11x17 inch hard copies and two CD copies to County EDA/CSA. The ME shall have the engineer's certification for square footage calculations for all

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - APPROVED MAINT EXHIBIT (ME) (cont.)

Not Satisfied

facilities requiring maintenance, and note the proposed maintenance entity responsible for all maintenance activities, including those that cannot be depicted on the exhibit (e.g. street sweeping, etc.). The Transportation Department will clear this condition after the ME is approved by the County EDA/CSA and/or other associated public/quasi-public maintenance entities. The approved ME shall be provided to the Transportation Department (three 11x 17 inch hardcopies and one fully signed PDF copy on CD).

060 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - MAINT DISTRICTS - SUBMIT APPLICATION

Not Satisfied

In the event that the project requires a grading permit prior to map recordation, the Project shall file an application with County EDA/CSA for annexation/formation into all of respective maintenance districts, with a proposed Maintenance Exhibit and applicable fees.

70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection

Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 1 Artifact Disposition

Not Satisfied

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery. Historic Resources- all historic archaeological materials recovered during the archaeological investigations (this includes collections made during an earlier project, such as testing of archaeological sites that took place years ago), shall be curated at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines Prehistoric Resources- One of the following treatments shall be applied. a. Reburial of the resources on the Project property. The measures for reburial shall include, at least, the following: Measures to protect the reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all required cataloguing. analysis and studies have been completed on the cultural resources, with an exception that sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains are excluded. Any reburial processes shall be culturally appropriate. Listing of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the confidential Phase IV Report. The Phase IV Report shall be filed with the County under a confidential cover and not subject to a Public Records Request. b. If reburial is not agreed upon by the Consulting Tribes then the resources shall be curated at a culturally appropriate manner at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence of curation in the form of a letter from the curation facility stating that subject archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid, shall be provided by the landowner to the County. There shall be no destructive or invasive testing on sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains.

070 - Planning-CUL. 2 Phase IV Monitoring Report

Not Satisfied

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, a Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring Report shall be submitted that complies with the Riverside County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall follow

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Plan: TPM37801 Parcel: 764070001

70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection

Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 2 Phase IV Monitoring Report (cont.)

Not Satisfied

the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the TLMA website. The report shall include results of any feature relocation or residue analysis required as well as evidence of the required cultural sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre-grade meeting and evidence that any artifacts have been treated in accordance to procedures stipulated in the Cultural Resources Management Plan.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 1 NO BUILDING PEMRITS W/O LAND USE PERMIT

Not Satisfied

NO BUILDING PERMITS TO BE ISSUED, BY THE BUILDING AND SAFETY DEPARTMENT, FOR ANY PARCEL(S) OF THIS SUBDIVISION - UNLESS AN APPROPRIATE LAND USE PERMIT HAS ALSO BEEN ISSUED AND APPROVED, BY THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT, FOR THAT SAME PARCEL(S).

E Health

080 - E Health. 1 Sewer Will Serve

Not Satisfied

A "Will Serve" letter is required from the sewer agency serving the project.

080 - E Health. 2 Water Will Serve

Not Satisfied

A "Will-Serve" letter is required from the appropriate water agency.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - ANNEX ALL MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the Project shall complete all annexation/formation into all of respective maintenance districts, as approved by the County Transportation and County EDA/CSA, with approved improvement plans, and as noted or shown on the approved Maintenance Exhibit.

080 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - PAYMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEES

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the project proponent shall pay the Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) in accordance with the fee schedule in effect at the time of issuance, pursuant to Ordinance No. 673.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1 NO PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

A PRECISE GRADING INSPECTION WILL NOT BE PERFORMED, BY THE BUILDING AND SAFETY DEPARTMENT, FOR ANY PARCEL(S) OF THIS SUBDIVISION - ALL PRECISE GRADE INSPECTIONS TO BE PERFORMED UNDER THE PRECISE GRADE PERMIT ISSUED UNDER THE APPROPRIATE LAND USE PERMIT, FOR THAT SAME PARCEL(S).

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Plan: TPM37801 Parcel: 764070001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - 80% COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Occupancy releases will not be issued to Building and Safety for any lot exceeding 80% of the total recorded residential lots within any map or phase of map prior to completion of the following improvements:

- a. Primary and Alternate (secondary) access roads shall be completed and paved to finish grade according to the limits indicated in the improvement plans and as noted elsewhere in these conditions.
- b. Interior roads shall be completed and paved to finish grade according to the limits indicated in the improvement plans and as noted elsewhere in these conditions. All curbs, gutters, sidewalks and driveway approaches shall be installed. The final lift of Asphalt Concrete on interior streets shall be placed prior to the release of the final 20% of homes or the production models or at any time when construction of new homes within the development has stopped. The Project shall be required to cap pave in front of occupied homes up to the nearest capped street within the tract boundary. The subdivision will remain responsible for the maintenance of these facilities until all improvements within the tract boundary shall be completed and accepted into the County maintained system.
- c. Storm drains and flood control facilities shall be completed according to the improvement plans and as noted elsewhere in these conditions. Written confirmation of acceptance for use by the Flood Control District, if applicable, is required.
- d. Water system, including fire hydrants, shall be installed and operational, according to the improvement plans and as noted elsewhere in these conditions. All water valves shall be raised to pavement finished grade. Written confirmation of acceptance from water purveyor is required.
- e. Sewer system shall be installed and operational, according to the improvement plans and as noted elsewhere in these conditions. All sewer manholes shall be raised to pavement finished grade.
- f. Written confirmation of acceptance from sewer purveyor is required.
- g. Landscaping and irrigation, water and electrical systems shall be installed and operational in accordance with County Ordinance 461 and 859.

090 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - LANSCAPING

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall comply in accordance with landscaping requirements within the streets associated with the project in accordance with Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859.

Landscaping shall be improved within the streets associated along the project.

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - UTILITY INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be installed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. This also applies to all overhead lines below 34 kilovolts along the project frontage and all offsite overhead lines in each direction of the project site to the nearest offsite pole. A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion for clearance.

12/09/20 09:50

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

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Plan: TPM37801 Parcel: 764070001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - UTILITY INSTALL (cont.)

Not Satisfied

In addition, the Project shall ensure that streetlights are energized and operational along the streets of those lots where the Project is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Charissa Leach Interim Agency Director

12/09/20, 3:42 pm CUP190030

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for <u>CUP190030</u>. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of these Plans (CUP190030) and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

<u>General Plan Amendment No. 190012</u> is a proposal to change the existing General Plan Foundation Component and Land Use Designation from Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD: MUA).

<u>Change of Zone No. 190034</u> is a proposal to change the existing Zoning Classifications for the project site from Light Agriculture – 20-Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU).

Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is a proposal to construct a 7,550-square-foot multi-tenant retail building, a 5,800-square-foot gas station with a convenience store, 8 fueling pump stations with a canopy (which offers 16 fueling positions), a 15,800-square-foot pharmacy retail building, a 2,400-square-foot fast food restaurant with a drive-thru, and a 158,800-square -oot two-story assisted living facility with 128 units. Furthermore, the project would remodel an existing restaurant building located on Assessor's Parcel Number 764-080-004. Parking for the project would consist of 322 parking spaces; including 13 electric vehicle and 14 disabled person parking spaces. Additionally, the project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School).

The Project site is within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan, and is located north of 58th Avenue, south of Airport Boulevard, east of Monroe Street, and west of Jackson Street.

This project is associated with - <u>Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801</u> is a proposal for a Schedule "E" subdivision and would create seven parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S) Exhibit A (Title Sheet and Site Plan), dated October 13

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Exhibits (cont.)

Exhibit B (Project Site Elevations), dated October 13 2020.

Exhibit C (Project Site Floor Plans), dated October 13 2020.

Exhibit D Detail Plans trash/fence/wall), dated October 13 2020

Exhibit G (Conceptual Grading Plan), dated September 3, 2020.

Exhibit L (Conceptual Landscaping and Irrigation Plans), dated October 15 2020.

Exhibit P (Project Phasing Plan), dated September 3, 2020.

Exhibit (Photometric, Lighting, Signage), dated October 13, 2020

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
- Clean Water Act
- Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)
- Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
- Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
- State Subdivision Map Act
- · Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
- School District Impact Compliance
- Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Native Americans: CEQA)
- Current California Building Code (CBC)
- California Alcoholic Beverage Control License
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
- Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
- Ord. No. 421 (Excavation Covering & Swimming Pool Safety)
- Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements)
- Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
- Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land)
- Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards)
- Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand)
- Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution)
- · Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
- Ord. No. 742 (Fugitive Dust/PM10 Emissions in Coachella Valley)
- Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
- Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
- Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
- Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
- Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances
- Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
- Ord. No. 673 Coachella Valley Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (CV/ETUMF)
- Ord. No. 875 Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (CV MSHCP)

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Fire Hydrants and Fire Flow: Prior to the issuance of building permits, plans for the water system shall be submitted to the fire department for review and approval. The water system shall be capable of delivering the required fire flow. Fire hydrant(s) location and spacing shall comply with the fire code. An approved water supply for fire protection during construction shall be made available prior to the arrival of combustible materials on site. Reference 2016 California Fire Code (CFC) 507.5.1, 3312, Appendices B and C.
- 2. Fire Department Access: Prior to building permit issuance, provide a fire access site plan. Access roads shall be provided to within 150 feet to all portions of the exterior building walls and shall have an unobstructed width of not less than 24 feet. The construction of the access roads shall be all weather and capable of sustaining 40,000 lbs. over two axles for areas of residential development and 60,000 lbs. over two axels for commercial developments. Approved vehicle access, either permanent or temporary, shall be provided during construction Ref. CFC 503.1.1, 3310.1 and 503.2.1
- 3. Requests for installation of traffic calming designs/devices on fire apparatus access roads shall be submitted and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. Ref. CFC 503.4.1
- 4. Construction Permits Fire Department Review: Submittal of construction plans to the Office of the Fire Marshal for development, construction, installation and operational use permitting will be required. Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews these plans.
- 5. Phased Construction Access: If construction is phased, each phase shall provide approved access for fire protection prior to any construction. Ref. CFC 503.1
- 6. Fire Sprinkler System: All new commercial structures 3,600 square feet or larger will be required to install a fire sprinkler system. Ref CFC 903.2 as amended by the County of Riverside.
- 7. Fire Alarm and Detection System: A water flow monitoring system and/or fire alarm system will be required and determined at time of building plan review. Ref. CFC 903.4, CFC 907.2 and NFPA 72
- 8. Knox Box and Gate Access: Buildings shall be provided with a Knox Box. The Knox Box shall be installed in an accessible location approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. All electronically operated gates shall be provided with Knox key switches and automatic sensors for access. Ref. CFC 506.1

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- 9. Addressing: All commercial buildings shall display street numbers in a prominent location on the address side and additional locations as required. Ref. CFC 505.1 and County of Riverside Office of the Fire Marshal Standard #07-01
- 10. Emergency Responder Radio Coverage Systems: Projects that do not meet the exceptions set forth by the Riverside County Office of the Fire Marshal shall provide plans for an emergency responder radio coverage system. Ref. CFC 510.1 and Riverside County Office of the Fire Marshal Technical Policy #TP19-002
- 11. Strategic Planning Review: This planning case will also be reviewed by Riverside County Fire Department Strategic Planning for the cumulative impact on the Fire Department's ability to provide an acceptable level of service. Additional requirements may be conditioned by Strategic Planning to mitigate these impacts. Questions for Strategic Planning can be addressed to RRUStrategicPlanningBureau@fire.ca.gov.

E Health

E Health. 1 DEH ECP COMMENTS

Based on the information provided in the environmental assessment documents submitted for this project and with the provision that the information was accurate and representative of site conditions, RCDEH-ECP (Riverside County Department of Environmental Health – Environmental Cleanup Program) concludes no further environmental assessment is required for this project.

If previously unidentified contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

Planning

Planning. 1 0010 - Planning - One Parcel, One Structure

This condition of approval requires that the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. Furthermore, the proposed project consists of seven (7) development parcels with one single structure on each parcel as proposed under the project entitlement's conditional use permit (CUP190030). The proposed tentative parcel map (TPM37801) has been conditioned for this subject site and project.

Planning. 2 0010-Planning-USE - MAINTAIN LICENSING

At all times during the conduct of the permitted use the permittee shall maintain and keep in effect valid

Planning

Planning. 2

0010-Planning-USE - MAINTAIN LICENSING (cont.)

licensing approval from Federal, State, Local, and Regulatory agencies or equivalent agency as provided by law. Should such licensing be denied, expire or lapse at any time in the future, this permit shall become null and void.

Planning. 3

0010-Planning-USE - BASIS FOR PARKING

Parking for this project was determined primarily on the basis of County Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12. a.(2).b.c.(1).2(f.2e.1)

The proposed project (a mixed use shopping center and senior housing/assisted living facility) will consist of 322 parking spaces; including 14 ADA parking spaces and 13 electric vehicle parking spaces. A Special Review of Parking per Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12.h.1a was allowed per the Planning Director.

Planning. 4

0010-Planning-USE - BEER & WINE RESTRICTIONS

The following development standards shall apply to the concurrent sale of motor vehicle fuels and beer and wine for off-premises consumption:

- a. Only beer and wine may be sold.
- b. The owner and the management shall educate the public regarding driving under the influence of intoxicating beverages, minimum age for purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverages, driving with open containers and the penalty associated with violation of these laws. In addition, the owner and management shall provide health warnings about the consumption of alcoholic beverages. This educational requirement may be met by posting prominent signs, decals or brochures at points of purchase. In addition, the owner and management shall provide adequate training for all employees at the location as to these matters.
- c. No displays of beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages shall be located within five feet of any building entrance or checkout counter.
- d. Cold beer or wine shall be sold from, or displayed in, the main, permanently affixed electrical coolers only.
- e. No beer, wine or other alcoholic beverage advertising shall be located on gasoline islands; and, no lighted advertising for beer, wine or other alcoholic beverages shall be located on the exterior of buildings or within window areas.
- f. Employees selling beer and wine between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 2:00 a.m. shall be at least 21 years of age.
- g. No sale of alcoholic beverages shall be made from a drive-in window.

Planning

Planning. 5 0010-Planning-USE - BUSINESS LICENSING

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office at www.rctlma.org.buslic.

Planning. 6 0010-Planning-USE - CAUSES FOR REVOCATION

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit, a) is found to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit, b) is found to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony, or c) is found to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance, this permit shall be subject to the revocation procedures.

Planning. 7 0010-Planning-USE - COLORS & MATERIALS

Building color materials and renderings shall be in substantial conformance with those shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s).

Planning. 8 0010-Planning-USE - COMPLY WITH ORD./CODES

The development of these premises shall comply with the standards of Ordinance No. 348 and all other applicable Riverside County ordinances and State and Federal codes.

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s), unless otherwise amended by these conditions of approval.

The development of the premises (under the CUP) shall not be in effect until the General Plan Amendment (GPA190012) and Change of Zone (CZ1900034) received final approval by the Board.

Planning. 9 0010-Planning-USE - EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS

Exterior noise levels produced by any use allowed under this permit, including, but not limited to, any outdoor public address system, shall not exceed 45 db(A), 10-minute LEQ, between the hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m., and 65 db(A), 10-minute LEQ, at all other times as measured at any residential, hospital, school, library, nursing home or other similar noise sensitive land use. In

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 9 0010-Planning-USE - EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS (cont.)

the event noise exceeds this standard, the permittee or the permittee's successor-in-interest shall take the necessary steps to remedy the situation, which may include discontinued operation of the facilities. The permit holder shall comply with the applicable standards of Ordinance No. 847.

Planning. 10 0010-Planning-USE - FEES FOR REVIEW

Any subsequent submittal(s) required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan or mitigation monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

Planning. 11 0010-Planning-USE - HOURS OF OPERATION

The hours of operation for the shopping center approved through Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 shall be as follows: Fueling Station and Convenience Store will be open 24 hours a day; 7 days a week. Liquor Sales in the Convenience Store will occur from 6 a.m. to 2 a.m. The Drive-Thru Restaurant will be open 24 hours a day; 7 days a week. The Pharmacy with Drive-Thru will be open 24 hours a day; 7 days a week. Multi-Tenant Retail Building will be open from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Planning. 12 0010-Planning-USE - IF HUMAN REMAINS FOUND

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

Planning. 13 0010-Planning-USE - LIGHTING HOODED/DIRECTED

Any outside lighting shall be hooded and directed so as not to shine directly upon adjoining property or public rights-of-way.

Planning. 14 0010-Planning-USE - LIMIT ON SIGNAGE

Signage for this project shall be limited to one (1) monument "Gateway" sign at the corner of Monroe Street and Airport Blvd and two (2) tenant monument signs; one (1) off of Monroe Street and one (1) off of Airport Blvd. No other signage or location of signs has been determined per this project.

Additionally, any on-site building signage will be approved by a separate plot plan project. Any additional

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 14 0010-Planning-USE - LIMIT ON SIGNAGE (cont.)

signage shall be approved by the Planning Department pursuant to the requirements of Section 18.30 (Planning Department review only) of Ordinance No. 348.

Planning. 15 0010-Planning-USE - MT PALOMAR LIGHTING AREA

Within the Mt. Palomar Special Lighting Area, as defined in Ordinance No. 655, low pressure sodium vapor lighting or overhead high pressure sodium vapor lighting with shields or cutoff luminaries, shall be utilized.

Planning. 16 0010-Planning-USE - NO OUTDOOR ADVERTISING

No outdoor advertising display, sign or billboard (not including on-site advertising or directional signs) shall be constructed or maintained within the property subject to this approval.

Planning. 17 0010-Planning-USE - NO RESIDENT OCCUPANCY

No permanent occupancy shall be permitted within the property approved under this tentative parcel map or conditional use permit as a principal place of residence (except for the assisted living senior housing facility).

Planning. 18 0010-Planning-USE - NO SECOND FLOOR

No tenant improvement permit, or any other building permit, shall be granted for any second story, second floor, mezzanine, or interior balcony (except for the two-story assisted living senior housing facility) unless a plot plan, conditional use permit, public use permit, substantial conformance or a revised permit is approved by the Planning Department pursuant to Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348 in order to assure adequate parking remains within the property.

Planning. 19 0010-Planning-USE - RECLAIMED WATER

The permit holder shall connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape watering purposes when secondary or reclaimed water is made available to the site.

Planning. 20 0010-Planning-USE -NO DIESEL TRUCK FUELING PUMPS/CANOPY

No diesel truck fueling pumps or canopies are proposed or would be approved for this project site. No diesel truck parking (i.e. Truck Stop) is permitted on the project site.

Planning. 21 0020-Planning-USE - EXPIRATION DATE-USE CASE

This approved permit shall be used within nine (9) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void. The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 21 0020-Planning-USE - EXPIRATION DATE-USE CASE (cont.)

building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the 9 years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning. 22 15 - PLANNING - Landscape Requirement

Landscape Requirement

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall: 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859; 3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and, 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later.

To ensure ongoing maintenance, the developer/ permit holder or any successor-in-interest shall: 1) Connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape irrigation purposes when reclaimed water is made available. 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859. 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 23 Air Quality - Mitigation Measures

Compliance with SCAQMD Rules during short-term construction and long-term operation as listed below. No additional mitigation measures are required. SCAQMD Rule Description 402 Prohibits a person from discharging from any source whatsoever such quantities of air contaminants or other material which cause injury, detriment, nuisance, or annoyance. 403 Governs emissions of fugitive dust during construction and operation activities. 403.1 Supplemental to Rule 403 requirements and shall apply only to fugitive dust sources in the Coachella Valley 445 Prohibits permanently installed wood burning devices into any new development. 481 Applies to all spray painting and spray coating operations and equipment. The rule states that a person shall not use or operate any spray painting or spray coating equipment unless one of the following conditions is met: 108 Governs the sale, use, and manufacturing of asphalt and limits the volatile organic compound (VOC)

Planning

Planning. 23 Air Quality - Mitigation Measures (cont.)

content in asphalt used in the South Coast Air Basin. 1113 Governs the sale, use, and manufacturing of architectural coating and limits the VOC content in paints and paint solvents. 1143 Governs the manufacture, sale, and use of paint thinners and solvents used in thinning of coating materials, cleaning of coating application equipment, and other solvent cleaning operations by limiting their VOC content. 1186 Limits the presence of fugitive dust on paved and unpaved roads and sets certification protocols and requirements for street sweepers that are under contract to provide sweeping services to any federal, state, county, agency or special district such as water, air, sanitation, transit, or school district. 1303 Governs the permitting of re-located or new major emission sources, requiring Best Available Control Measures and setting significance limits for PM10 among other pollutants. 1401 New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants. 1403 Specifies work practice requirements to limit asbestos emissions from building demolition and renovation activities, including the removal and associated disturbance of asbestos-containing materials (ACM). 2202 Provides employers with a menu of options to reduce mobile source emissions generated from employee commutes, to comply with federal and state Clean Air Act requirements, Health & Safety

Planning-All

Planning-All. 1

0010-Planning-All-USE - 90 DAYS TO PROTEST

The project developer has 90 days from the date of approval of these conditions to protest, in accordance with the procedures set forth in Government Code Section 66020, the imposition of any and all fees, dedications, reservations and/or other exactions imposed on this project as a result of this approval or conditional approval of this project.

Planning-All. 2

0010-Planning-All-USE - HOLD HARMLESS

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees (COUNTY) from the following: (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the Conditional Use Permit and Tentative Parcel Map; and, (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the Conditional Use Permit and Tentative Parcel Map, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests. The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such claim, action, or proceeding and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such claim, action, or proceeding or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY. The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such claim, action or proceeding, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to

Planning-All

Planning-All. 2 0010-Planning-All-USE - HOLD HARMLESS (cont.)

pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel. Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1

Human Remains

CUL-2. If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

Planning-CUL. 2

PDA No. 7001, 7010 and 8029 accepted

County Archaeological Report (PDA) No. 7001, 7010 and 8029 submitted for this project (CUP1900030) was prepared by CRM Tech. These documents are herein incorporated as a part of the record for project.

Planning-CUL. 3

Unanticipated Resources

CUL-1. The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit. If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed: All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 3 Unanticipated Resources (cont.)

* A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other. ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1

GEO200036 ACCEPTED

County Geologic Report GEO No. 200036, submitted for the project CUP190030, was prepared by Petra Geosciences, Inc., and is titled; "Revised Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard, Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California," dated March 22, 2019. In addition, Petra has submitted the following report for the project: "Updated Design-Phase Geotechnical Evaluation to Comply with the 2019 California Building Code, Proposed Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project, Monroe Street, Southeast of Intersection with Airport Boulevard. Assessor Parcel Numbers 764-070-001 thru 004, 764-080-001 thru 009, 011 and 012, Thermal Area, Riverside County, California," dated October 8, 2020. GEO200036 concluded: 1.Based on our review of the referenced geologic maps and literature, no active faults are known to project through the property. Furthermore, the site does not lie within the boundaries of an "Earthquake Fault Zone" as defined by the State of California in the Alguist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, 2. Base on the results of our site exploration and in corroboration with information from Riverside County, this site is considered to be highly susceptible to seismically induced liquefaction. 3. Based on the analysis results provided above, the estimated amount of unweighted free field dynamic differential settlement is less than approximately 2 1/2 inches (less than 2/3 of total settlement) over a horizontal span of approximately 40 feet. This can be expressed as an angular distortion ratio of 1:215. 4.

Based on the method outlined by Ishihara (1985) and considering both the historic high groundwater elevation and the depth of the liquefiable layer identified by the results of our exploratory drilling, the thickness of the non-liquefiable layers above the liquefiable zone is not likely to be sufficient to prevent surface manifestation of liquefaction (such as sand boils, ground fissures, etc.). 5. Theoretically, lateral ground displacements of a few feet are estimated using the historical high groundwater depth; however, in practice the lateral movement of ground in any one direction at the site does not appear to be conceivable. 6. Since the site lies a considerable distance inland from the Pacific Ocean, and since it does not lie in close proximity to an enclosed body of water, the probability of flooding from a tsunami or seiche is considered to be low. In addition, the site is not located within a designated tsunami inundation area as identified on published tsunami inundation maps. 7. The potential for seismically-induced flooding at the site from a reservoir or dam is very low as there are not such facilities located immediately upstream of the subject site. 8. Development plans should account for the potential effects of wind-blown sand. 9. It is Petra's opinion that regional subsidence is not a design consideration. 10. The probability of the site being affected by landslides is considered very low.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1 GEO200036 ACCEPTED (cont.)

11. Onsite soils are generally classified as non-expansive. 12. The site lies within relatively flat topography and it is not located near hillside that could generate significant erosional debris during heavy rainfall. Therefore, the site should not be affected by debris flows. 13. The results indicated a collapse potential of less than or equal to 1 percent for the majority of the samples and near 2 percent for two samples at a depth of 10 below ground surface. This level of potential for collapse typically is not deemed critical for the proposed structures. The recommended remedial grading is expected to reduce the potential for shallow collapsible soils to affect the planned development of the site. GEO200036 recommended: 1. Prior to commencement of remedial grading within the site, all existing stockpiled soil, landscape cuttings, household wastes and other debris should be hauled offsite. 2. Remnant underground structures such as building foundations, utility pipelines, existing onsite septic tanks and seepage pits, leach lines or other structures that may also be found below current grades should be removed in their entirety within the project limits and disposed of offsite. 3. In an effort to limit the potential total and differential settlement to construction tolerances, it is recommended that the near-surface soils within the site be over-excavated to a minimum depth of at least 5 feet below existing ground, or 3 feet below the bottom of building footings (whichever is deeper) in proposed building pad areas. 4.

In areas of proposed paved streets and sidewalks, the existing ground should also be overexcavated to a minimum depth of 5 feet below existing grades, or 3 feet below proposed subgrade elevations (whichever is deeper). 5.In the event that undocumented fill or low-density native materials are exposed below the recommended overexcavation depth, somewhat deeper removals may be required. 6. Low-density soils are those where the in-situ dry density is less than the equivalent density that could be achieved at 85 percent of the maximum laboratory density at optimum moisture conditions. 7. In order to avoid disturbance to existing masonry walls, fencing or other sensitive improvements located along the project boundaries, it is recommend that the horizontal limits of remedial grading be initially maintained at a distance of approximately two foot from the property boundaries, and that the temporary excavation backcuts along the property boundaries be maintained at a gradient of 1.5:1 (horizontal:vertical) or flatter until competent ground is A total static settlement of approximately 1 inch, and a differential settlement of approximately of 3/4 an inch over a distance of 40 feet are estimated. In addition, based on our analysis, an estimated 3/1/4 inches of seismically-induced (dynamic) total settlement, with a corresponding differential settlement of approximately 2 1/4 inches for the free-field condition, should be anticipated after remedial grading. 9. Any planned larger or heavier structures (those generally more than 2 stories in height) may require further evaluation, and additional recommendations for ground improvement or deep foundations.

GEO No. 200036 satisfies the requirement for an updated geologic/geotechnical study for Planning/CEQA purposes. GEO No. 200036 is hereby accepted for planning purposes. Engineering and other Building Code parameters were not included as a part of this review or approval. This approval is not intended and should not be misconstrued as approval for grading permit. Engineering and other building code parameters should be reviewed and additional comments and/or conditions may be imposed by the County upon application for grading and/or building permits.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, the land divider shall provide all street improvements, street improvement plans and/or road dedications set forth herein in accordance with Ordinance 460 and Riverside County Road Improvement Standards (Ordinance 461). It is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. The County of Riverside applicable ordinances and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. The Project shall submit a preliminary soils and pavement investigation report addressing the construction requirements within the road right-of-way.
- 3. A signing and striping plan is required for this project. The Project shall be responsible for any additional paving and/or striping removal caused by the striping plan or as approved by the Director of Transportation.
- 4. Alternations to natural drainage patterns shall require protecting downstream properties by means approved by the Transportation Department.
- 5. If the Transportation Department allows the use of streets for drainage purposes, the 10-year discharge shall be contained in the top of curb or asphalt concrete dikes, and the 100-year discharge shall be contained in the street right-of-way.
- 6. The Project shall install street name sign(s) in accordance with County Standard No. 816 and as directed by the Transportation Department.
- 7. All corner cutbacks shall be applied per Standard 805, Ordinance 461.
- 8. All centerline intersections shall be at 90 degrees, plus or minus 5 degrees.
- 9. The project shall comply with the most current ADA requirements. Ramps shall be constructed at all 4 legs of 4 way intersections per draft Standard No. 403, sheets 1 through 7 of Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 10. Median at the entry driveway shall be constructed 35' radial from the adjacent street flowline.
- 11. The Project shall obtain approval of street improvement plans from the Transportation Department.

Improvement plans shall be based upon a design profile extending a minimum of 300 feet beyond the project limits.

12. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - GENERAL CONDITIONS (cont.)

the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955 6527.

Transportation. 2 Transportation - Mitigation Measures

Monitoring: Monitored through the project's Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP): TIA-1 The applicant shall pay a fair share of the improvement cost and project cost shares at the Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project Buildout (2026) Plus Cumulative study intersection improvement locations as shown in TIA Table 12. The project's fair share percentages of identified impacted intersections are approximately 4.1 percent to 24.9 percent. The fair share calculations are intended only for the discussion purposes of this traffic impact analysis, and do not imply any legal responsibility or formula for contributions or mitigation. TIA-2 All roadway design, traffic signing and striping, and traffic control improvements relating to the proposed project shall be constructed in accordance with applicable engineering standards and to the satisfaction of the County of Riverside, TIA-3 Site-adjacent roadways shall be constructed or repaired at their ultimate half-section width. including landscaping and parkway improvements in conjunction with development, or as otherwise required by the County of Riverside. TIA-4 On-site traffic signing and striping plans shall be submitted for County of Riverside approval in conjunction with detailed construction plans for the project. TIA-5 The final grading, landscaping, and street improvement plans shall demonstrate that sight distance standards are met in accordance with applicable County of Riverside/California Department of Transportation sight distance standards. TIA-6 As is the case for any roadway design, the County of Riverside should periodically review traffic operations in the vicinity of the project once the project is constructed to assure that the traffic operations are satisfactory. TIA-7 Prior to commencement of construction in each phase, the Applicant or his/her designee shall prepare and submit for County of Riverside Approval, a Construction Traffic Management Plan.

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste - General

Hazardous materials are not accepted at Riverside County landfills. In compliance with federal, state, and local regulations and ordinances, any hazardous waste generated in association with the project shall be disposed of at a permitted Hazardous Waste disposal facility. Hazardous waste materials include, but are not limited to, paint, batteries, oil, asbestos, and solvents. For further information regarding the determination, transport, and disposal of hazardous waste, please contact the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, Environmental Protection and Oversight Division. AB 341 focuses on increased commercial waste recycling as a method to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The regulation requires businesses and organizations that generate four or more cubic yards of waste per week and multifamily units of 5 or more, to recycle. A business shall take at least one of the following actions in order to reuse, recycle, compost, or otherwise divert commercial solid waste from disposal:

· Source separate recyclable and/or compostable material from solid waste and donate or self-haul the

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste - General (cont.)

material to recycling facilities.

- Subscribe to a recycling service with their waste hauler.
- Provide recycling service to their tenants (if commercial or multi-family complex).
- Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of California Code of Regulations Title 14. For more information, please visit:

www.rivcowm.org/opencms/recycling_and_compost_business.html#mandatory Consider xeriscaping and using drought tolerant/low maintenance vegetation in all landscaped areas of the project. The use of mulch and/or compost in the development and maintenance of landscaped areas within the project boundaries is recommended. Recycle green waste through either onsite composting of grass, i.e., leaving the grass clippings on the lawn, or sending separated green waste to a composting facility. AB 1826 requires businesses and multifamily complexes to arrange for organic waste recycling services. Those subject to AB 1826 shall take at least one of the following actions in order to divert organic waste from disposal: -Source separate organic material from all other recyclables and donate or self-haul to a permitted organic waste processing facility. -Enter into a contract or work agreement with gardening or landscaping service provider or refuse hauler to ensure the waste generated from those services meet the requirements of AB 1826.

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1 DRAINAGE GRADES

Not Satisfied

Minimum surface grades are .35% for concrete and 1% for all other surface types.

060 - BS-Grade. 2 EASEMENTS/PERMISSION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, it shall be the sole responsibility of the owner/applicant to obtain any and all proposed or required easements and/or permissions necessary to perform the grading herein proposed. A notarized letter of permission and/or recorded easement from the affected property owners or easement holders shall be provided in instances where off site grading is proposed as part of the grading plan. In instances where the grading plan proposes drainage facilities on adjacent off site property, the owner/applicant shall provide a copy of the recorded drainage easement or copy of Final Map.

060 - BS-Grade. 3 IF WQMP IS REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the Final Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) site plan for comparison to the grading plan.

060 - BS-Grade. 4 IMPROVEMENT SECURITIES

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Grading Permit, the applicant may be required to post a Grading and/or Erosion Control Security. Please contact the Riverside County Transportation Department for additional information and requirements.

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1 Cultural Resources Monitoring Program (CRMP)

Not Satisfied

CUL-3. Prior to issuance of grading permits: The applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A CRMP shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. This document shall be provided to the County Archaeologist for review and approval prior to issuance of the grading permit. The CRMP shall contain at a minimum the following: Archaeological Monitor An adequate number of qualified archaeological monitors shall be onsite to ensure all earth moving activities are observed for areas being monitored. This includes all grubbing, grading and trenching onsite and for all offsite improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined sand directed by the Project Archaeologist. Cultural Sensitivity Training - The Project Archaeologist and a representative designated by the Tribe shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. Training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the Project and the surrounding area; the areas to be avoided during grading activities; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event unanticipated cultural resources are identified, including who to

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1 **Cultural Resources Monitoring Program (CRMP) (cont.) Not Satisfied** contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. This is a mandatory training and all construction personnel must attend prior to beginning work on the project site. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report. Unanticipated Resources - In the event that previously unidentified potentially significant cultural resources are discovered, the Archaeological and/or Tribal Monitor(s) shall have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of discovery to allow evaluation of potentially significant cultural resources. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with the Tribal monitor, shall determine the significance of the discovered resources. The County Archaeologist must concur with the evaluation before construction activities will be allowed to resume in the affected area. Further, before construction activities are allowed to resume in the affected area, the artifacts shall be recovered and features recorded using professional archaeological methods. The Project Archaeologist shall determine the amount of material to be recovered for an adequate artifact sample for analysis. Isolates and clearly non-significant deposits shall be minimally documented in the field and the monitored grading can proceed. Artifact Disposition- the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery. The Professional Archaeologist may submit a detailed letter to the County of Riverside during grading requesting a modification to the monitoring program if circumstances are encountered that reduce the need for monitoring

060 - Planning-CUL. 2 Native American Monitor

Not Satisfied

TCR-1. Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into an agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor. The Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and trenching. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources. The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition. This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 MBTA Nesting Bird Survey - EPD

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season (February 1st through August 31st). If habitat must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted. The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted.

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP

Not Satisfied

This site is mapped in the County's General Plan as having a High potential for paleontological resources (fossils). Proposed project site grading/earthmoving activities could potentially impact this resource. HENCE:

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF GRADING PERMITS: 1. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County to create and implement a project-specific plan for monitoring site grading/earthmoving activities (project paleontologist). 2. The project paleontologist retained shall review the approved development plan and grading plan and conduct any pre-construction work necessary to render appropriate monitoring and mitigation requirements as appropriate. These requirements shall be documented by the project paleontologist in a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP). This PRIMP shall be submitted to the County Geologist for approval prior to issuance of a Grading Permit. Information to be contained in the PRIMP, at a minimum and in addition to other industry standards and Society of Vertebrate Paleontology standards, are as follows: 1. A corresponding County Grading Permit (BGR) Number must be included in the title of the report. PRIMP reports submitted without a BGR number in the title will not be Description of the proposed site and planned grading operations. 3. Description of the level of monitoring required for all earth-moving activities in the project area. 4. Identification and qualifications of the qualified paleontological monitor to be employed for grading operations monitoring, 5. personnel with authority and responsibility to temporarily halt or divert grading equipment to allow for recovery of large specimens. 6.Direction for any fossil discoveries to be immediately reported to the property owner who in turn will immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery. 7. Means and methods to be employed by the paleontological monitor to quickly salvage fossils as they are unearthed to avoid construction delays. 8.

Sampling of sediments that are likely to contain the remains of small fossil invertebrates and vertebrates. 9. Procedures and protocol for collecting and processing of samples and specimens. 10. Fossil identification and curation procedures to be employed. 11. Identification of the permanent repository to receive any recovered fossil material. *Pursuant the County "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet. A written agreement between the property owner/developer and the repository must be in place prior to site grading. 12.

All pertinent exhibits, maps and references. 13. Procedures for reporting of findings. 14. Identification and acknowledgement of the developer for the content of the PRIMP as well as acceptance of financial responsibility for monitoring, reporting and curation fees. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution. 15. All reports shall be signed by the project paleontologist and all other professionals responsible for

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP (cont.)

Not Satisfied

the report's content (eg. PG), as appropriate. One original signed copy of the report(s) shall be submitted to the County Geologist along with a copy of this condition and the grading plan for appropriate case processing and tracking. These documents should not be submitted to the project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County office. In addition, the applicant shall submit proof of hiring (i.e. copy of executed contract, retainer agreement, etc.) a project paleontologist for the in-grading implementation of the PRIMP.

Safeguard Artifacts Being Excavated in Riverside County (SABER)

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - FILE L&LMD APPLICATION

Not Satisfied

File an application with the Transportation Department, L&LMD Section, 8th Floor, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, CA, for required annexation.

If you have any questions or for the processing fee amount, please call the L&LMD Section at (951) 955-6748.

060 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - SUBMIT GRADING PLANS

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall submit two sets of grading plans (24x36 inches) to the Transportation Department for review and approval. If road right-of-way improvements are required, the project proponent shall submit street improvement plans for review and approval, open an IP account, and pay for all associated fees in order to clear this condition. The Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days. Approval is required prior to issuance of a grading permit.

060 - Transportation. 3 RCTD-MAP-WQ - Whitewater Region - FINAL WQMP

Not Satisfied

The project is located in the Whitewater watershed. An approved Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required prior to recordation of a final map or issuance of a grading permit. The project shall submit a single PDF on two CD/DVD copies, in accordance with the latest version of the WQMP manual, found at https://rctlma.org/trans/Land-Development/WQMP. In addition, the project proponent shall ensure that the effects of increased peak flowrate for the 1, 3, 6, 24-hour storm events for the 2, 5, 10, and 100-year return periods from the project are mitigated or in Bermuda Dunes area these flows shall be fully retained. All details necessary to build BMPs per the WQMP shall be included on the grading plans.

060 - Transportation. 4 RCTD-USE - CVWD Letter

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition. The Project shall comply with recommendations from Coachella Valley Water District letter dated December 12, 2019.

060 - Transportation. 5 RCTD-USE - CVWD Letter

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition. The Project shall comply with recommendations from Coachella Valley Water District letter dated December 12, 2019.

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70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 1 Artifact Disposition

Not Satisfied

CUL-4. Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery. Historic Resources- all historic archaeological materials recovered during the archaeological investigations (this includes collections made during an earlier project, such as testing of archaeological sites that took place years ago), shall be curated at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines Prehistoric Resources- One of the following treatments shall be applied, a. Reburial of the resources on the Project property. The measures for reburial shall include, at least, the following: Measures to protect the reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all required cataloguing, analysis and studies have been completed on the cultural resources, with an exception that sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains are excluded. Any reburial processes shall be culturally appropriate. Listing of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the confidential Phase IV Report. The Phase IV Report shall be filed with the County under a confidential cover and not subject to a Public Records Request. b. If reburial is not agreed upon by the Consulting Tribes then the resources shall be curated at a culturally appropriate manner at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence of curation in the form of a letter from the curation facility stating that subject archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid, shall be provided by the landowner to the County. There shall be no destructive or invasive testing on sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains.

070 - Planning-CUL. 2 Phase IV Monitoring Report

Not Satisfied

CUL-5. Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, a Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring Report shall be submitted that complies with the Riverside County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall follow the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the TLMA website. The report shall include results of any feature relocation or residue analysis required as well as evidence of the required cultural sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre-grade meeting and evidence that any artifacts have been treated in accordance to procedures stipulated in the Cultural Resources Management Plan.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 1

No Building Permit W/O Grading Permit

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the property owner shall obtain a grading permit and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 2 Rough Grade Approval

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the applicant shall obtain rough grade approval and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the completed grading of your project before a building permit can be issued. Rough Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following: 1. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report containing substantiating data from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for his/her certification of the project. 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Rough Grade certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. 3. Requesting a Rough Grade Inspection and obtaining rough grade approval from a Riverside County inspector. 4. Rough Grade Only Permits: In addition to obtaining all required inspections and approval of all final reports, all sites permitted for rough grade only shall provide 100 percent vegetative coverage or other means of site stabilization as approved by the County Inspector prior to receiving a rough grade permit final. Prior to release for building permit, the applicant shall have met all rough grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

E Health

080 - E Health. 1 E Health Clearance

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of the building permit, clearance must be obtained from the Department of Environmental Health.

080 - E Health. 2 Food Plans

Not Satisfied

A total of three complete set of plans for each food establishment are needed including a fixture schedule, a finish schedule, and a plumbing schedule in order to ensure compliance with applicable California Health and Safety Code.

080 - E Health. 3 Hazmat Clearance

Not Satisfied

Obtain clearance from the Hazardous Materials Management Division.

080 - E Health. 4 Hazmat Tanks

Not Satisfied

Construction plans must be reviewed and approved by the Hazardous Materials Division prior to the installation of the underground storage tank (UST) system. There is a construction fee based on the number of UST's installed. Permits from the Hazardous Materials Division must be obtained for the operation of the UST's prior to occupancy.

080 - E Health. 5 Sewer Will Serve

Not Satisfied

A "Will Serve" letter is required from the sewer agency serving the project.

080 - E Health. 6 Water Will Serve

Not Satisfied

A "Will-Serve" letter is required from the appropriate water agency.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 1 0080-Planning-USE - CONFORM TO ELEVATIONS

Not Satisfied

Elevations of all buildings and structures submitted for building plan check approval shall be in substantial conformance with the elevations shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s).

080 - Planning. 2 0080-Planning-USE - CONFORM TO FLOOR PLANS

Not Satisfied

Floor plans shall be in substantial conformance with that shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s).

080 - Planning. 3 0080-Planning-USE - FEE STATUS

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of building permits, the Planning Department shall determine the status of the deposit based fees for project. If the case fees are in a negative state, the permit holder shall pay the outstanding balance.

080 - Planning. 4 0080-Planning-USE - LIGHTING PLANS

Not Satisfied

All parking lot lights and other outdoor lighting shall be shown on electrical plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety for plan check approval and shall comply with the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 and the Riverside County Comprehensive General Plan.

080 - Planning. 5

0080-Planning-USE - PLANS SHOWING BIKE RACKS

Not Satisfied

Bike rack spaces or bike lockers shall be shown on the project's parking and landscaping plan submitted.

080 - Planning. 6

0080-Planning-USE - REC & PARK DIST MITIG.

Not Satisfied

The permit holder shall enter into an agreement with the County Service Area No. 125 (CSA# 125-Thermal street lighting) to provide for the payment of park and recreation mitigation fees and/or dedication of land as identified in the District's Master Plan, and shall submit sufficient written evidence to the Riverside County Department of Building and Safety that the park and recreation mitigation fees and/or dedication for land have been provided to the District.

080 - Planning. 7

0080-Planning-USE - ROOF EQUIPMENT SHIELDING

Not Satisfied

Roof mounted equipment shall be shielded from ground view. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

080 - Planning. 8

0080-Planning-USE - SCHOOL MITIGATION

Not Satisfied

Impacts to the Coachella Valley Unified School District shall be mitigated in accordance with California State law.

080 - Planning. 9 R2-CE1

Not Satisfied

In accordance with measure R2-CE1 of the County's Climate Action Plan, the proposed project shall be required to offset its energy demand by 20 percent through provision of renewable energy generation. This is anticipated to be accommodated through solar panels mounted on the building rooftops. The energy demand shall be determined at the initial building permit stage if the tenant/particular use is known at that time. If the tenant or particular use is not known at that time, this condition should be deferred to the tenant improvement building permit and to any subsequent tenant

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 9

R2-CE1 (cont.)

Not Satisfied

improvement permits as tenants may change. Utilizing the energy demand calculated, the appropriate amount of solar panels shall be included with the related building permits to ensure their installation and operation. As it relates to the initial building permit, the roof shall be designed to accommodate rooftop mounted solar panels.

080 - Planning. 10

Recorded Final Map TPM37801

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the Final Map for TPM37801 must be recorded.

080 - Planning. 11

Recorded Reciprocal Access

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall provide recorded reciprocal legal access for Parcels Nos. 1 thru 5 for means of legal ingress/egress within the mixed use development; including parking, access, and trash or by other means as approved by County Survey and Transportation Department.

080 - Planning. 12

Use - Mitigation Monitoring

Not Satisfied

*The permittee shall prepare and submit a written report to the Riverside County Planning Director demonstrating compliance with those conditions of approval and mitigation measures of this permit and CEQ190110 which must be satisfied prior to the issuance of a building permit. The Planning Director may require inspection or other monitoring to ensure such compliance.

Survey

080 - Survey. 1

RCTD - SURVEY MONUMENT

Not Satisfied

Not Satisfied

Prior to construction, if survey monuments including centerline monuments, tie points, property corners and benchmarks found it shall be located and tied out and corner records filed with the County Surveyor pursuant to Section 8771 of the Business & Professions Code. Survey points destroyed during construction shall be reset, and a second corner record filed for those points prior to completion and acceptance of the improvements.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1

80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Inspection Deposit

Landscape Inspection Deposit Required

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall: Prior to building permit issuance, the developer/permit holder shall verify all plan check fees have been paid and deposit sufficient funds to cover the costs of the required landscape inspections associated with the approved landscape plans. The deposit required for landscape inspections shall be determined by the Transportation Department, Landscape Section. The Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 2 80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Not Satisfied Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Required. This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall: Prior to issuance of building permits, the developer/permit holder shall apply for a Plot Plan (Administrative/PPA) Landscape Permit (LSP) or Landscape Plot Plan (LPP) from TLMA Land Use along with applicable deposit (plan check and inspection are DBF fees).

Provide construction level landscape plans in PDF (all sheets compiled in 1 PDF file), along with an electronic transmittal memo in PDF (include Owner contact, Developer, if not the same as the owner, Project manager, person or persons most likely to inquire about the status of the plans, Landscape Architect, Principal or LA signing the plans, Landscape Architect, Project Manager, person responsible for making the corrections, if different from above), and a current set of grading plans in PDF, and submit all three PDF files on a CD (compact Disc) with application. The landscape plans shall be prepared in a professional manner by a California Licensed/Registered Landscape Architect and signed/stamped by such.

Drawings shall be completed on County standard Transportation Department title block, plan sheet format (24" x 36"), 1:20 scale, north arrow, limit of work lines, hardscape features, graphic scale, and street names, etc. The landscaping plans shall be in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; in compliance with Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12; Ordinance No. 859; and, be prepared consistent with the County of Riverside Guide to California Friendly Landscaping. At minimum, plans shall include the following components:

1) Landscape and irrigation working drawings "stamped" by a California certified/registered landscape architect; 2) Weather-based controllers and necessary components to eliminate water waste; 3) A copy of the "stamped" approved grading plans; and, 4) Emphasis on native and drought tolerant species.

When applicable, plans shall include the following components:

1) Identification of all common/open space areas; 2) Natural open space areas and those regulated/conserved by the prevailing MSHCP and or ALUC; 3) Shading plans for projects that include parking lots/areas; 4) The use of canopy trees (24" box or greater) within the parking areas; 5) Landscaping plans for slopes exceeding 3 feet in height; 6) Landscaping and irrigation plans associated with entry monuments. All monument locations shall be located outside of the ROW and dimensions shall be provided on the plan; and/or, 7) If this is a phased development, then a copy of the approved phasing plan shall be submitted for reference.

Please reference Landscape Plan Checklists available online at RCTLMA.org.

NOTE: When the Landscaping Plot Plan is located within a special district such as LMD/CSA/CFD or Valleywide, the developer/permit holder shall submit plans for review to the appropriate special district for simultaneous review. The permit holder shall show evidence to the Transportation Department, Landscape Section that the subject district has approved said plans. Water Districts such as CVWD, TVWD, and EMWD may be required to approve plans prior to County approval.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 2 80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Not Satisfied Upon verification of compliance with this condition and the APPROVED EXHIBITS, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

080 - Transportation. 3

80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Project Specific

Not Satisfied

Landscape Project Specific Requirements

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall: In addition to the requirements of the Landscape and Irrigation Plan submittal, the following project specific conditions shall be imposed:

- Project shall comply with the latest version of Ord. 859 ETo of .45, for commercial applications, .50 ETo for residential, or .70 ETo for recycled water uses. Project shall comply with the latest State Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance. Project shall comply with the local servicing water purveyor/district/company landscape requirements including those related to recycled water.
- Project proponent shall design overhead irrigation with a minimum 24" offset from non-permeable surfaces, even if that surface drains into a permeable area.
- Landscaping plans shall incorporate the use of specimen (24" box or greater) canopy trees. All trees and shrubs shall be drawn to reflect the average specimen size at 15 years of age. All trees shall be double or triple staked and secured with non-wire ties.
- Project shall prepare water use calculations as outlined in Ord 859.3.
- · Trees shall be hydrozoned separately.
- Irrigation shall be designed using hydrozones by plant water type, irrigation type, and flat/sloped areas.
- The developer/ permit holder/landowner shall use the County of Riverside's California Friendly Plant List when making plant selections. Use of plant material with a "low" or "very low" water use designation is strongly encouraged.
- All plant materials within landscaped areas shall be maintained in a viable growth condition throughout the useful plant life, and replaced with an equal or lessor water use plant.
- Project shall use County standard details for which the application is available in County Standard Detail Format.
- Monuments, boulders, and fan palms shall be located outside the County Maintained Road Right-of-Way (ROW).
- Restricted plant species noted in MSHCP documents shall not be used if MSHCP areas are adjacent to the project.
- Plant species shall meet ALUC requirements, if applicable.
- Hydroseeding is not permitted in stormwater BMP slope areas, container stock will be required on slopes.
 Trees must be located to avoid drainage swales and drain, utility, leach, etc. lines and structures
- Landscape and irrigation plans must meet erosion control requirements of Ordinance 457.
- Project shall use 50% point source irrigation type regardless of meeting the water budget with alternative irrigation methods, except as needed within stormwater BMP areas as noted in an approved WQMP document. Point source is defined as one emitter (or two) located at each plant. In-line emitter tubing is not defined as point source for the purpose of this requirement.
- The project proponent or current property owner shall connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape watering purposes when secondary or reclaimed water is made available to the site.
- · Project shall install purple/reclaimed/recycled components as deemed necessary and as

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 3 80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Project Specific Not Satisfied determined by the County and/or water district.

• Project proponent shall provide 12" wide concrete maintenance walkway on planter islands adjacent to parking spaces. Concrete maintenance walkway shall be shown on landscape and grading plans, typical.

080 - Transportation. 4 RCTD - ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER DISTRICT Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the project proponent shall comply with County requirements within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461. Assurance of maintenance is required by filing an application for annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated by contacting the Transportation Department at (951) 955-6767, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division. Said annexation should include the following:

(1) Landscaping. (2) Streetlights. (3) Graffiti abatement of walls and other permanent structure. (4) Street sweeping. (5) Trail

For street lighting, the project proponent shall contact the Transportation Department L&LMD 89-1-C Administrator and submit the following:

(1) Completed Transportation Department application. (2) Appropriate fees for annexation. (3) Two (2) sets of street lighting plans approved by Transportation Department. (4) Streetlight Authorization form from IID, SCE or other electric provider

080 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - COORDINATION WITH OTHERS

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition.

- 1. The Project shall coordinate with TPM37801.
- 2. The project shall coordinate with the City of La Quinta.

080 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - LANDSCAING DESIGN PLANS

Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards, Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department.

Landscaping plans shall be designed within the streets associated with the project and submitted to the Transportation Department. Landscaping Plans shall be submitted on standard County format (24x36 inches). Landscaping plans shall be submitted with the street improvement plans.

080 - Transportation. 7 RCTD - LIGHTING PLAN

Not Satisfied

A separate street light plan shall be approved by the Transportation Department. Street lighting shall

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 7 RCTD - LIGHTING PLAN (cont.)

Not Satisfied

be designed in accordance with County Ordinance 460 and Streetlight Specification Chart found in Specification Section 22 of Ordinance 461. For projects within SCE boundaries use County of Riverside Ordinance 461, Standard No. 1000 or No. 1001. For projects within Imperial Irrigation District (IID) use IID's pole standard.

080 - Transportation. 8 RCTD - PAYMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEES

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the project proponent shall pay the Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) in accordance with the fee schedule in effect at the time of issuance, pursuant to Ordinance No. 673.

080 - Transportation. 9 RCTD - UTILITY PLAN

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. This also applies to existing overhead lines which are 33.6 kilovolts or below along the project frontage and between the nearest poles offsite in each direction of the project site. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on design improvement plans whenever those plans are required. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes.

080 - Transportation. 10 RCTD-USE-WQ - ESTABLISH WQMP MAINT ENTITY

Not Satisfied

A maintenance plan and signed WQMP/BMP maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department shall be approved and recorded against the property. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance.

080 - Transportation. 11 RCTD-USE-WQ - IMPLEMENT WQMP

Not Satisfied

The Project shall construct BMP facilities described in the approved Final County WQMP prior to the issuance of a building permit to the satisfaction of County Grading Inspection Section. The Project is responsible for performing all activities described in the County WQMP and that copies of the approved Final County WQMP are provided to future owners/occupants.

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall submit one electronic (1) copy of a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for review and approval to WastePlanning@rivco.org. The plot plan shall conform to Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas, provided by the Department of Waste Resources (found at http://www.rcwaste.org/business/planning/design) and shall show the location of and access to the collection area for recyclable materials, shall demonstrate space allocation for trash and recyclable materials and have the adequate signage indicating the location of each bin in the trash enclosure. The project applicant is advised that clearance of the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan only satisfies the Waste Resources' conditions for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas space allocation and other Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Guideline items. Detailed drawings of the Trash Enclosure and its particular construction details,

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area (cont.) Not Satisfied e.g., building materials, location, construction methods etc., should be included as part of the Project plan submittal to the Riverside County Department of Building and Safety.

080 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste Recycling Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, a Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be submitted to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for approval. At a minimum, the WRP must identify the materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, wood, etc.) that will be generated by construction and development, the projected amounts, the measures/methods that will be taken to recycle, reuse, and/or reduce the amount of materials, the facilities and/or haulers that will be utilized, and the targeted recycling or reduction rate. During project construction, the project site shall have, at a minimum, two (2) bins: one for waste disposal and the other for the recycling of Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials. Additional bins are encouraged to be used for further source separation of C&D recyclable materials. Accurate record keeping (receipts) for recycling of C&D recyclable materials and solid waste disposal must be kept. Arrangements can be made through the franchise hauler.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1 PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall obtain precise grade approval and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the precise grading of your project before a building final can be obtained. Precise Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following: 1. Requesting and obtaining approval of all required grading inspections. 2.

Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for the sub-grade and base of all paved areas. 3. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Sub-grade (rough) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the sub-grade was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. 4.

Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Precise (Final) Grade Certification for the entire site from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the precise grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. Prior to release for building final, the applicant shall have met all precise grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

E Health

090 - E Health. 1 Hazmat BUS Plan

Not Satisfied

The facility will require a business emergency plan for the storage of hazardous materials greater than 55 gallons, 200 cubic feet or 500 pounds, or any acutely hazardous materials or extremely hazardous substances.

090 - E Health. 2 Hazmat Clearance

Not Satisfied

Obtain clearance from the Hazardous Materials Management Division.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

E Health

090 - E Health. 3 Hazmat Review

Not Satisfied

If further review of the site indicates additional environmental health issues, the Hazardous Materials Management Division reserves the right to regulate the business in accordance with applicable County Ordinances.

090 - E Health. 4 Hazmat Tanks

Not Satisfied

Construction plans must be reviewed and approved by the Hazardous Materials Division prior to the installation of the underground storage tank (UST) system. There is a construction fee based on the number of UST's installed. Permits from the Hazardous Materials Division must be obtained for the operation of the UST's prior to occupancy.

090 - E Health. 5 Hazmat Waste

Not Satisfied

The facility requires a hazardous waste permit if a hazardous waste is generated as defined in Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 66260.10 and 66261.3. The hazardous waste report and fee is due at occupancy. If further review of the site indicates additional environmental health issues, the Division reserves the right to regulate the business in accordance with applicable County Ordinances. Contact (760) 863-8976 for more information.

Planning

090 - Planning. 1

0090-Planning USE - Ord. No. 875 CVMSHCP

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, or upon building permit final inspection prior to use or occupancy for cases without final inspection or certificate of occupancy (such as an SMP), whichever comes first, the applicant shall comply with the provisions of Riverside County Ordinance No. 875, which requires the payment of the appropriate fee set forth in the Ordinance. The amount of the fee will be based on the "Project Area" as defined in the Ordinance and the aforementioned Condition of Approval. The Project Area for Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is calculated to be a total of 26.81 acres.

090 - Planning. 2 0090-Planning-ELECTRICAL VEHICLE PARKING

Not Satisfied

A minimum of thirteen (13) electrical vehicle parking spaces for shall be provided for the project per Ordinance 348, Section 18.12.A2.c1 and 2: Requirements: All development projects that require fifty (50) or more parking spaces shall designate three (3) spaces for electrical vehicles, and designate one (1) additional space for electrical vehicles for each additional fifty (50) parking spaces. All electrical vehicle parking spaces shall be serviced by an electrical vehicle charging station. If capable, a charging station may service more than one electrical vehicle parking space. Signage and Charging Station Location Signage shall be installed designating spaces for electric vehicles only. Charging stations shall be installed in locations easily accessible to service an electrical vehicle. Charging stations and associated equipment or materials shall not encroach into the minimum required areas for driveways, parking spaces, garages or vehicle maneuvering.

090 - Planning. 3

0090-Planning-USE - LOADING SPACES

Not Satisfied

A minimum of one (1) loading space shall be provided in accordance with Section 18.12.a.(2)f(3).b. of Ordinance 348, and as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s). The loading spaces shall be surfaced with six (6) inches of concrete over a suitable base and shall not be less than 10 feet wide by 35 feet long, with 14 feet vertical clearance. This loading space will be to the east end of the pharmacy building of the project.

Plan: CUP190030 Parcel: 764070001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection Planning

090 - Planning. 4 0090-Planning-USE - WALL/BERM REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

A minimum three (3) foot high decorative block wall or combination landscaped earthen berm and decorative block wall shall be constructed along the Drive-Thru lanes. There will be two (2) decorative walls for the Drive-Thru lanes; one for the Drive-Thru Restaurant and one for the Drive-Thru Multi-Tenant Retail. The exterior side of all masonry walls shall be surfaced with a protective coating that will facilitate the removal of graffiti. The required wall and/or berm shall be subject to the approval of the Director of the Department of Building and Safety and the Planning Director and the appropriate flood control agency, and shall be shown on all grading and landscaping plans.

090 - Planning. 5

0090-Planning-USE - ACCESSIBLE PARKING

Not Satisfied

A minimum of fourteen (14) accessible parking spaces for persons with disabilities shall be provided as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s). Each parking space reserved for persons with disabilities shall be identified by a permanently affixed reflectorized sign constructed of porcelain on steel, beaded text or equal, displaying the International Symbol of Accessibility. The sign shall not be smaller than 70 square inches in area and shall be centered at the interior end of the parking space at a minimum height of 80 inches from the bottom of the sign to the parking space finished grade, or centered at a minimum height of 36 inches from the parking space finished grade, ground, or sidewalk. A sign shall also be posted in a conspicuous place, at each entrance to the off-street parking facility, not less than 17 inches by 22 inches, clearly and conspicuously stating the following:

"Unauthorized vehicles not displaying distinguishing placards or license plates issued for physically handicapped persons may be towed away at owner's expense.

In addition to the above requirements, the surface of each parking space shall have a surface identification sign duplicating the symbol of accessibility in blue paint of at least 3 square feet in size.

090 - Planning. 6

0090-Planning-USE - CONDITION COMPLIANCE

Not Satisfied

The Department of Building and Safety shall verify that the Development Standards of this approval and all other preceding conditions have been complied with prior to any use allowed by this permit.

090 - Planning. 7

0090-Planning-USE - INSTALL BIKE RACKS

Not Satisfied

Five (5) bicycle racks with a minimum of five (5) bike lock spaces shall be provided in convenient locations to facilitate bicycle access to the project area as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(s). The bicycle racks shall be shown on project landscaping and improvement plans submitted for Planning Department approval, and shall be installed in accordance with those plans.

090 - Planning. 8

0090-Planning-USE - ORD NO. 659 (DIF)

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of either a certificate of occupancy or prior to building permit final inspection, the applicant shall comply with the provisions of Riverside County Ordinance No. 659, which requires the payment of the appropriate fee set forth in the Ordinance. Riverside County Ordinance No. 659 has

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 8 0090-Planning-USE - ORD NO. 659 (DIF) (cont.)

Not Satisfied

been established to set forth policies, regulations and fees related to the funding and installation of facilities and the acquisition of open space and habitat necessary to address the direct and cumulative environmental effects generated by new development project described and defined in this Ordinance, and it establishes the authorized uses of the fees collected.

The amount of the fee for commercial or industrial development shall be calculated on the basis of the "Project Area," as defined in the Ordinance, which shall mean the net area, measured in acres, from the adjacent road right-of-way to the limits of the project development. The Project Area for Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 has been calculated to be at a total of 26.81 acres.

090 - Planning. 9 0090-Planning-USE - PARKING PAVING MATERIAL

Not Satisfied

A minimum of three hundred twenty-two (322) parking spaces shall be provided as shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT(s), unless otherwise approved by the Planning Department. The parking area shall be surfaced with asphaltic concrete or concrete to current standards as approved by the Department of Building and Safety.

090 - Planning. 10

0090-Planning-USE - ROOF EQUIPMENT SHIELDING

Not Satisfied

Roof-mounted equipment shall be shielded from ground view. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

090 - Planning. 11 0090-Planning-USE - TRASH ENCLOSURES

Not Satisfied

Five (5) trash enclosures which are adequate to enclose a minimum of two (2) bins shall be located as shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT(s), and shall be constructed prior to the issuance of occupancy permits. The enclosures shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and shall be made with masonry block, landscape screening, and a solid gate which screens the bins from external view. Additional enclosed area for collection of recyclable materials shall be located within, near or adjacent to each trash and rubbish disposal area. The recycling collection area shall be a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the area provided for the trash/rubbish enclosures or as approved by the Riverside County Waste Management Department. All recycling bins shall be labeled with the universal recycling symbol and with signage indicating to the users the type of material to be deposited in each bin.

090 - Planning. 12 0090-Planning-USE - UTILITIES UNDERGROUND

Not Satisfied

All utilities, except electrical lines rated 33 kV or greater, shall be installed underground. If the permittee provides to the Department of Building and Safety and the Planning Department a definitive statement from the utility provider refusing to allow underground installation of the utilities they provide, this condition shall be null and void with respect to that utility.

090 - Planning. 13 0090-Planning-USE - WALL & FENCE LOCATIONS

Not Satisfied

Wall and/or fence locations shall be in conformance with APPROVED EXHIBIT(s).

090 - Planning. 14 0090-Planning-USE - CURBS ALONG PLANTERS

Not Satisfied

A six inch high curb with a twelve (12) inch wide walkway shall be constructed along planters on end stalls adjacent to automobile parking areas. Public parking areas shall be designed with permanent

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 14 0090-Planning-USE - CURBS ALONG PLANTERS (cont.) Not Satisfied curb, bumper, or wheel stop or similar device so that a parked vehicle does not overhang required sidewalks, planters, or landscaped areas.

090 - Planning. 15 R2-CE1 Installed

Not Satisfied

In accordance with measure R2-CE1 of the County's Climate Action Plan, the proposed project shall be required to offset its energy demand by 20 percent through provision of renewable energy generation. In accordance with the prior condition titled "Renewable Energy Generation R2-CE1", prior to occupancy for any tenant improvement building permit, the renewable energy facility as approved with the prior condition shall be installed and ready for operation.

090 - Planning. 16 Use - Mitigation Monitoring

Not Satisfied

*The permittee shall prepare and submit a written report to the Planning Department demonstrating compliance with all remaining conditions of approval and mitigation measures of this permit and CEQ190110. The Planning Director may require inspection or other monitoring to ensure such compliance.

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1 90 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Inspection and

Not Satisfied

Landscape Inspection and Drought Compliance

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

The developer/permit holder shall coordinate with their designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector to ensure all landscape planting and irrigation systems have been installed in accordance with APPROVED EXHIBITS, landscaping, irrigation, and shading plans. The Transportation Department will ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests; and, irrigation systems are properly constructed and determined to be in good working order. The developer/permit holder's designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector shall determine compliance with this condition and execute a Landscape Certificate of Completion. All landscape inspection deposits and plan check fees shall be paid.

Upon determination of compliance, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

090 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - COMPLETE ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of an occupancy permit, the project proponent shall complete annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division for continuous maintenance within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859.

Plan: CUP190030 Parcel: 764070001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - COMPLETE ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER Not Satisfied A Streetlight Authorization form from SCE, or other electric provider required in order to complete the annexation process.

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - IMPROVEMENT

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition. The Project shall provide the following improvements:

Monroe Street (from Airport Boulevard to the northern boundary of Phase 4) along project boundary is designated as ARTERIAL HIGHWAY and shall be improved with 43-56 foot half- width AC pavement, 8-inch concrete curb and gutter, concrete sidewalk, and d.g. trail (project side) and MUST match up asphalt concrete paving; reconstruction; or resurfacing of existing paving as determine by the Director of Transportation within the 69-82 foot half-width dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County Standard No. 92, page (1 of 2) and page (2 of 2) and Standard 405, Ordinance 461 and with coordination of 'Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines'.

Note:

- 1. A 5 foot concrete sidewalks shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway.
- 2. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461.
- 3. The northerly driveway is a right in and right out access only and proper channelization shall be constructed to restrict a left out and left in movements as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 4. An 8-inch raised curbed landscape median for Phase-I (from Airport Boulevard to the middle driveway) shall be constructed at the centerline per Standard No. 113, Ordinance 461.
- 5. The middle driveway is serving as an interim full-access for Phase 1 & Phase 2, however, in the event Phase 3 or Phase 4 is constructed the middle driveway is restricted to right in/right out access only and raised media shall be extended to the south boundary of Phase 2 as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 6. Construct a transition AC pavement tapering lane from the Phase-II (Building No. 5) southern project boundary southerly for the design speed limit of 60 mph or as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 7. A 10 foot d.g. multipurpose trail shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway per Standard No. 405, page (1 of 2) and (2 of 2), Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Planning Department and Director of Transportation.
- 8. Median at the entry driveway shall be constructed 35 feet radial from the adjacent street flowline.

Airport Boulevard along project boundary is designated as ARTERIAL HIGHWAY and shall be improved with 66-79 foot (43-56 feet project side and 23 feet on the other side of the centerline) part-width AC pavement, 8-inch concrete curb and gutter, 8-inch concrete raised median, concrete sidewalk, and d.g. trail (project side) and MUST match up asphalt concrete paving; reconstruction; or

Plan: CUP190030 Parcel: 764070001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - IMPROVEMENT (cont.)

Not Satisfied

resurfacing of existing paving as determine by the Director of Transportation within the 90-103 foot (64-77 feet project side and 26 feet on the other side of the centerline), minimum, dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County Standard No. 92, Page (1 of 2) and (Page (2 of 2) and Standard No. 405, Ordinance 461 and with coordination of 'Vista Santa Rosa Design Guidelines'.

Note:

- 1. A 5 foot concrete sidewalks (project side) shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway.
- 2. A 5 foot concrete sidewalk shall be extended to join existing 'Westside School' sidewalks as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 3. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461.
- 4. The westerly driveway along Airport Boulevard is a right in and right out access only and proper channelization shall be constructed to restrict a left out and left in movements as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 5. An 8-inch raised curbed landscape median (project boundary) shall be constructed at the centerline per Standard No. 113, Ordinance 461.
- 6. A 14 foot two way center turn-lane shall be improved from the easterly project boundary to 100 feet east of school's eastern property line and the center turn lane shall be taper back as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 7. A 10 foot d.g. multipurpose trail shall be improved within the 26 foot parkway per Standard No. 405, page (1 of 2) and (2 of 2), Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Planning Department and Director of Transportation.
- 8. Median at the entry driveway shall be constructed 35 feet radial from the adjacent street flowline.

090 - Transportation. 4 RCTD - LANDSCAPING INSTALLATION COMPLETION Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right-of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards and Ordinance 461 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department. Landscaping shall be improved within streets associated with the project.

090 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - STREETLIGHTS INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Install streetlights along the streets associated with development in accordance with the approved street lighting plan and standards of County Ordinances 461.

Streetlight annexation into L&LMD or similar mechanism as approved by the Transportation Department shall be completed.

It shall be the responsibility of the developer to ensure that streetlights are energized along the streets associated with this development where the developer is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - UTILITY INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be installed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. This also applies to all overhead lines below 34 kilovolts along the project frontage and all offsite overhead lines in each direction of the project site to the nearest offsite pole. A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion for clearance.

In addition, the Project shall ensure that streetlights are energized and operational along the streets where the Project is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

090 - Transportation. 7 RCTD-USE-WQ - WQMP COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the Project is required to furnish educational materials regarding water quality to future owners/occupants, provide an engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established, and for businesses registering BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Storm Water Compliance Program Section.

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall complete a Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Recycling Compliance form (Form D). Form D requires applicants to identify programs or plans that address commercial and organics recycling, in compliance with State legislation/regulation. Once completed, Form D shall be submitted to the Recycling Section of the Department of Waste Resources for approval. For more information go to: www.rcwaste.org/business/planning/applications. To obtain Form D, please contact the Recycling Section at 951-486-3200, or email to: Waste-CompostingRecycling@rivco.org.

090 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste Reporting Form and Receipts

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, evidence (i.e., waste reporting form along with receipts or other types of verification) to demonstrate project compliance with the approved Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be presented by the project proponent to the Planning Division of the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources. Receipts must clearly identify the amount of waste disposed and Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials recycled.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

March 23, 2020

Native American Heritage Commission 1550 Harbor Blvd., Suite 100 West Sacramento, CA 95691 VIA Email to: Steven.Quinn@nahc.ca.gov, nahc@nahc.ca.gov **RE:** Tribal Consultation List Request To whom it may concern: Pursuant to SB18, Riverside County requests a Tribal Consultation List for the project listed below: Project Title: GPA190012, TPM37801, CUP190030 **Riverside County Planning Department** Valentina Lopez 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Direct Phone Number: 951--955-8632 Fax Number: 951-955-2767 Riverside, CA 92501 Email: vslopez@rivco.org **Specific Area Subject to Proposed Action:** County: Riverside USGS Quadrangle: La Quinta Section: 23 Township: 6S 7E Range: Local; Action Type: ☐ Tract Map General Plan Amendment Specific Plan Amendment Parcel Map General Plan Element ☐ Specific Plan – Planning Area Change ☐ Use Permit

Project Description:

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012, CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 190034, TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 37801, CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190030 — CEQ190110 - Applicant: Monroe Properties, LLC. — Engineer/Representative: Ancore Associates International, Inc. — Fourth Supervisorial District — Lower Coachella Valley Zoning District — Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan: Existing: Agriculture: Agriculture (AG); Proposed: Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD: MUA)

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555 **LOCATION:** North of Otymar Lane, South of Airport Boulevard, East of Monroe Street – 25.88 Acres - Zoning: Light Agriculture – 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R)

REQUEST: General Plan Amendment No. 190012 proposes to change the existing General Plan from Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD: MUA).

<u>Change of Zone No. 190034</u> proposes to change the existing zone(s) from Light Agriculture — 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU).

<u>Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801</u> proposes to create seven parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village.

Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 proposes to develop an 8,200 sqft. retail building; a 6,000 sqft. gas station with a convenience store and fueling pump stations; a 15,600 sqft. pharmacy retail building; a 2,900 sqft. fast food restaurant with a drive-thru; a 140,750 sqft two-story assisted living facility; and will remodel an existing restaurant building located on Assessor's Parcel Number 764-080-004. The project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School). – APN: 764-070-001, 002, 003, 764-080-001, 002, 003, 004, 006, and 011



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

March 23, 2020

SUBJECT: ASSEMBLY BILL 52 (AB 52) FORMAL NOTIFICATION (CUP190030)

This serves to notify you of a proposed project located within Riverside County. A map depicting the location and a project description can be found below. Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1(d), if you wish to initiate consultation on this proposed project, please send a consultation request within 30 days of receipt of this notice to wslopez@rivco.org. To ensure an effective and good faith consultation effort, Planning asks that the request for consultation also indicate the following:

- Whether there are TCR's in project area. If so, what specifically is the TCR? The Tribe must provide County
 with substantial evidence to support this and if the TCR consists of a "landscape", the Tribe must also
 geographically define the landscape in terms of size and scope of the project.
- Is the Project causing a substantial adverse impact to a TCR? If so, what is that impact?

Project Description:

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012, CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 190034, TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 37801, CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190030 — CEQ190110 - Applicant: Monroe Properties, LLC. — Engineer/Representative: Ancore Associates International, Inc. — Fourth Supervisorial District — Lower Coachella Valley Zoning District — Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan: Existing: Agriculture: Agriculture (AG); Proposed: Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD: MUA)

LOCATION: North of Otymar Lane, South of Airport Boulevard, East of Monroe Street – 25.88 Acres - Zoning: Light Agriculture – 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R)

REQUEST: General Plan Amendment No. 190012 proposes to change the existing General Plan from Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD: MUA).

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<u>Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801</u> proposes to create seven parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village.

Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 proposes to develop an 8,200 sqft. retail building; a 6,000 sqft. gas station with a convenience store and fueling pump stations; a 15,600 sqft. pharmacy retail building; a 2,900 sqft. fast food restaurant with a drive-thru; a 140,750 sqft two-story assisted living facility; and will remodel an existing restaurant building located on Assessor's Parcel Number 764-080-004. The project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School). – APN: 764-070-001, 002, 003, 764-080-001, 002, 003, 004, 006, and 011

Sincerely,

John Hildebrand

TLMA Administrative Services Manager

John Hildebrand

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-3157 Desert Office · 77588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040 Project Planner: Tim Wheeler Email CC: twheeler@rivco.org

Attachment: Project Vicinity Map and Project Aerial



COACHELLA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

Established in 1918 as a public agency

GENERAL MANAGER Jim Barrett

CLERK OF THE BOARD Sylvia Bermudez RECEIVED

DEC 1 6 2019

ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER Robert Cheng

ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER
Dan Charlton

December 12, 2019

TRANSPORTATION DEPT. PLAN CHECK

Tim Wheeler Riverside County Planning Department 77588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, CA 92211

Dear Mr. Wheeler:

Subject: General Plan Amendment 190012, Change of Zone 190034, Tentative Parcel Map 37801, Conditional Use Permit 190030, APNS 764-070-001, 764-070-002, 764-070-003; 764-080-001, 764-080-002, 764-080-003, 764-080-004, 764-080-006 and 764-080-011

This area is designated Zone X on Federal Flood Insurance rate maps, which are in effect at this time by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

Flood protection measures for local drainage shall comply with California Drainage Law and provide that stormwater flows are received onto and discharged from this property in a manner that is reasonably compatible with predevelopment conditions.

The County of Riverside (County) shall require mitigation measures to be incorporated into the development to prevent flooding of the site or downstream properties. These measures shall require 100 percent on-site retention of the incremental increase of runoff from the 100-year storm.

The project is located within the service area of CVWD for the provision of domestic water and sanitation service. The initiation of said service to this area will be subject to the satisfaction of terms and conditions established by CVWD and imposed from time to time, including but not limited to fees and charges, water conservation measures, etc.

CVWD may need additional facilities to provide for the orderly expansion of its domestic water and sanitation systems. These facilities may include pipelines, wells, reservoirs, booster pumping stations, lift stations, treatment plants and other facilities. The developer may be required to construct/install these facilities and then convey said facilities to CVWD along with the land and/or easements on which these facilities will be located. The terms and conditions for the planning, design, construction/installation, and conveyance of property interests shall be determined by CVWD pursuant to its rules and regulations as said requirements may be revised from time to time. These sites shall be shown on the tract map as lots and/or easements to be deeded to CVWD for "CVWD public services" purposes.

Tim Wheeler Riverside County Planning Department December 12, 2019 Page 2

This notice of domestic water and sanitation service availability only applies to the specific property for which it was issued and shall expire three (3) years from date of issuance. Unless or until all requirements for the initiation of service are met, the developer shall not be deemed to have any vested right or other commitment to receive water and/or sanitation service. In the event all of the terms, conditions, fees and charges are not satisfied on or before the expiration date, this notice shall expire. Upon expiration, the developer will be required to submit a new application and otherwise comply with any and all new or amended requirements for the provision of service as may be determined by CVWD pursuant to its rules and regulations.

Domestic water and sanitation service remains at all times subject to changes in regulations adopted by CVWD's Board of Directors including reductions in, or suspensions of, service.

CVWD requires any business having the potential of discharging grease into a public sewer to install a grease interceptor, including a sample box, sanitary tee and running trap with cleanout, prior to any discharge to its sanitation facilities. The size of the grease interceptor will be determined and approved by CVWD prior to installation. Installation of the interceptor will be inspected and subject to approval by CVWD.

CVWD requires any business having the potential of discharging oil/sand into a public sewer to install an oil and sand separator, including a sample box, sanitary tee and running trap with cleanout, prior to any discharge to its sanitation facilities. The size of the oil and sand separator will be determined and approved by CVWD prior to installation. Installation of the oil and sand separator will be inspected and subject to approval by CVWD.

There are existing United States Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) facilities not shown on the development plans. There may be conflicts with these facilities. The County shall withhold issuance of grading permits until CVWD has reviewed the proposed development and related impacts to the USBR facilities and associated right-of-way and provided County with written confirmation that there is no interference. The USBR conflicts include but are not limited to Irrigation Lateral 122.7 and 122.7-2.4.

The project lies within the East Whitewater River Subbasin Area of Benefit. Groundwater production within the area of benefit is subject to a replenishment assessment in accordance with the State Water Code.

All water wells owned or operated by an entity producing more than 25 acre-feet of water during any year must be equipped with a water-measuring device. A CVWD Water Production Metering Agreement is required to provide CVWD staff with the authority to regularly read and maintain this water-measuring device.

Tim Wheeler Riverside County Planning Department December 12, 2019 Page 3

The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA) is State law requiring that groundwater basins are made sustainable. In accordance with SGMA, CVWD submitted an alternative Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) for the Indio Subbasin Coachella Valley Water Management Plan Update on December 29, 2016. On July 17, 2019, the Department of Water Resources (DWR) sent a notification approving the alternative GSP. The goal of the alternative GSP is to reliably meet current and future water demands in a cost-effective and sustainable manner. This development lies within the Indio Subbasin and will contribute to the total water demand in the basin. The elements and actions described in the alternative GSP shall be incorporated into the design, construction, and operation of this development to reduce its negative impact on the Indio groundwater basin.

If you have any questions, please call Tommy Fowlkes, Development Services Supervisor, extension 3535.

Sincerely,

Carrie Oliphant

Director of Engineering

Carrie Oliphant

cc: Andrew Simmons
Riverside County Department of Transportation
77588 El Duna, Suite H

Palm Desert, CA 92211

Russell Williams Riverside County Department of Transportation 4080 Lemon Street, 8th Floor Riverside, CA 92501

Mark Abbott
Supervising Environmental Health Specialist
Riverside County Department of Environmental Health
Environmental Protection and Oversight Division
47-950 Arabia Street, Suite A
Indio, CA 92201



RM: ms\Eng\Dev Srvs\2019\Dec\DRL PZ 2019-16017 Gen Plan.doc File: 0163.1, 0421.1, 0721.1, 1150.11 Geo.060836-2 PZ 19-16017

From: Sent: To: Subject:	Jody Shapiro <shapiro.jody@gmail.com> Tuesday, November 24, 2020 2:44 PM Wheeler, Timothy Re: Agenda for 12-2-2020 Planning Commission Hearing</shapiro.jody@gmail.com>
Mr. Wheeler,	
I appreciate your quick respon	se. I will hold off submitting my form until I can confirm the agenda number.
Jody	
Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075 Mobile: 818.292.1992 shapiro.jody@gmail.com	
On Tue, Nov 24, 2020 at 2:39	PM Wheeler, Timothy < TWHEELER@rivco.org > wrote:
Afternoon Ms. Shapiro,	
The agenda should be posted b	y the end of the day tomorrow. I believe this project will be Agenda Item No. 4.2.
There is no option for video, on	ly speaking via telephone for the public hearing (Planning Commission).
Kind Regards,	
Tim Wheeler	
Urban Regional Planner I	V
4080 Lemon St - 12th flo	or
Riverside, CA 92501	
951-955-6060	

How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

From: Jody Shapiro [mailto:shapiro.jody@gmail.com]

Sent: Tuesday, November 24, 2020 2:31 PM **To:** Wheeler, Timothy < TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG >

Subject: Agenda for 12-2-2020 Planning Commission Hearing

CAUTION: This email originated externally from the <u>Riverside County</u> email system. **DO NOT** click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Mr. Wheeler,

Notice has been posted of a Public Hearing on December 2, 2020 concerning the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project. I am planning on speaking in opposition of granting the General Plan Amendment.

The form posted on the County's website requires knowing the agenda item number. As far as I can tell, the agenda has not been posted yet. Do you know what item number this is?

Also, am I only allowed to speak via telephone, or is there an option to participate via video?

Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Jody Shapiro

Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075 Mobile: 818.292.1992

shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Confidentiality Disclaimer

This email is confidential and intended solely for the use of the individual(s) to whom it is addressed. The information contained in this message may be privileged and confidential and protected from disclosure.

If you are not the author's intended recipient, be advised that you have received this email in error and that any use, dissemination, forwarding, printing, or copying of this email is strictly prohibited. If you have received this email in error please delete all copies, both electronic and printed, and contact the author immediately.

County of Riverside California

From: Jody Shapiro <shapiro.jody@gmail.com>
Sent: Tuesday, November 24, 2020 2:31 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy

Subject: Agenda for 12-2-2020 Planning Commission Hearing

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Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Sincerely, Jody Shapiro

Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075 Mobile: 818.292.1992 shapiro.jody@gmail.com

From:

Laurie M Davis < lmacdavis93@att.net>

Sent:

Sunday, November 22, 2020 12:25 PM

To:

Wheeler, Timothy

Subject:

Information on December 2nd hearing before Planning Department

Dear Mr. Wheeler,

I am writing in regards to the scheduled hearing of the Planning Department at 9 AM on December 2nd.
I am a part of a group of concerned residents of La Quinta, CA, opposed to a proposed development called the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village at the corner of Airport Boulevard and Monroe Street.

We have several representatives who would like to speak at the December 2nd meeting, and I have found the instructions for requesting to speak on the Planning Department's website. Is there a time allotted to each speaker? If so, may one speaker donate his time to another speaker? This will help us plan accordingly for the meeting.

May I also request an email copy of the project case file for our perusal and records? It can be emailed to me at Lmacdavis93@att.net.

Thank you very much in advance for your assistance with these matters. We look forward to "attending" the December 2nd meeting.

Sincerely,

Laurie M. Davis 55120 Autumn Valley Court La Quinta, CA 92253

From:	Laurie Davis <imacdavis93@att.net></imacdavis93@att.net>
Sent:	Monday, December 7, 2020 10:27 AM
To:	Wheeler, Timothy
Subject:	Re: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project (CUP190030)
	nation Tim. And we did find the request to speak form on the County website so will be requesting
time to speak for sev	eral of our group.
Best,	
Laurie Davis	
	10:24 AM, Wheeler, Timothy <twheeler@rivco.org> wrote:</twheeler@rivco.org>
>	
> Ms. Davis,	
> 	
Supervisors meeting.	ect is for a General Plan Amendment (GPA) and a Change of Zone (CZ); it will be hear at a Board of The Planning Commission only recommends for approval to the Board on these types of projects.
	a Board of Supervisors meeting, set for this project. It will depend on how the Planning Commission
hearing goes on Dece	ember 16th.
> Cinca the heginning	r of the nandomic many of our Board of Supervisors and Blanning Commission mostings /heavings
	g of the pandemic, many of our Board of Supervisors and Planning Commission meetings/hearings ag with a remote application to them (call in procedures). This project was noticed under those
•	I be a way for you to call in if you wish. You can contact the PC Secretary, Elizabeth Sarabia at
-	RG for more details. I do not know if the chambers will be closed to the public on that day of the
	h Sarabia would also be someone to ask. I have included her on this reply.
>	in surable would also be someone to ask. Thave included her on this reply.
	urther, I will try to let you know.
>	and the state of t
> Kind Regards,	
>	
>	
> Tim Wheeler	
> Urban Regional Pla	nner IV
> 4080 Lemon St - 12	th floor
> Riverside, CA 9250	1
> 951-955-6060	
> How are we doing?	Click the Link and tell us
>	
>Original Messag	•
	vis [mailto:lmacdavis93@att.net]
• •	nber 4, 2020 1:43 PM
	thy <twheeler@rivco.org></twheeler@rivco.org>
-	a Rosa Gateway Village Project
>	
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> Hi Tim, > Our group of concerned citizens opposed to the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project met this morning and we have a couple of questions. > > If this project should be approved by the Planning Commission, does it then go to the Supervisors for a vote, and if so, when would that happen. > Also, we are wondering what will happen with the meeting on 16th if our Southern California Region should go into lockdown or stay-at-home order. Would the meeting be postponed should that happen? > Thanks for your help Tim! > Laurie Davis > Confidentiality Disclaimer > > This email is confidential and intended solely for the use of the individual(s) to whom it is addressed. The information contained in this message may be privileged and confidential and protected from disclosure. > If you are not the author's intended recipient, be advised that you have received this email in error and that any use, dissemination, forwarding, printing, or copying of this email is strictly prohibited. If you have received this email in error please delete all copies, both electronic and printed, and contact the author immediately. >

http://www.countyofriverside.us/__;!!JTyGX330HN5x6Ko!RCPxe_3a0-GyP9kliNkEAetTkKGO5KO4nKDzijWg3SW-vEZhZomCiK6V_CH7tZk\$ >

From: Laurie M Davis <lmacdavis93@att.net>
Sent: Friday, December 4, 2020 1:43 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy

Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project

CAUTION: This email originated externally from the Riverside County email system. DO NOT click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Tim,

Our group of concerned citizens opposed to the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project met this morning and we have a couple of questions.

If this project should be approved by the Planning Commission, does it then go to the Supervisors for a vote, and if so, when would that happen.

Also, we are wondering what will happen with the meeting on 16th if our Southern California Region should go into lockdown or stay-at-home order. Would the meeting be postponed should that happen?

Thanks for your help Tim!

Laurie Davis

From:

Wheeler, Timothy

Sent:

Monday, November 30, 2020 9:15 AM

To:

Jody Shapiro

Cc:

Baez, Ken; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez; Virgen, Stephanie; Laurie M Davis; John

Hoffner; Valerie Murphy; Sarabia, Elizabeth

Subject:

RE: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission

Hearing

Good Morning Ms. Shaprio,

Thank you for your email and I have forwarded this information to the Planning Commission Secretary, Elizabeth Sarabia, to distribute to the Planning Commissioners.

I did want to let you know that already, this project will be <u>continued to the December 16, 2020 Planning Commission</u> (PC) hearing date. No determination will be made at the PC hearing on Wednesday. Weather you wait until December 16th or Wednesday (or both) that is up to you. I will include these PDFs in the December 16th report package as well.

Kind Regards,

Tim Wheeler
Urban Regional Planner IV
4080 Lemon St - 12th floor
Riverside, CA 92501
951-955-6060
How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

From: Jody Shapiro [mailto:shapiro.jody@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, November 27, 2020 8:31 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Cc: hbaez@rivco.org; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez < District4@RIVCO.ORG>; Virgen, Stephanie

<SVirgen@rivco.org>; Laurie M Davis <Imacdavis93@att.net>; John Hoffner <johnfhoffner@aol.com>; Valerie Murphy

<valeriemurphy@bdhomes.com>

Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing

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DO NOT click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Mr. Wheeler,

I represent a group of concerned citizens opposed to the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project and the General Plan Amendment and Zoning Change related to it; item # 4.2 on the December 2, 2020, Riverside Planning Commission Regular Meeting, Agenda.

Attached to this email are 4 PDFs of communications materials, which constitute our objections to this project and our request that it not be approved. Please be kind enough to distribute all of these PDFs (materials) to each member of the Riverside County Planning Commission and any other necessary parties.

We will be submitting "Request To Speak Remotely" forms for the Planning Commission hearing and will reference (not attach) each of these 4 PDFs (materials) as attachments on those forms.

Additionally, because of the holidays, the limitations imposed by the COVID virus restrictions, and because of the significant precedent-setting implications of this request, we agree with the City Council of La Quinta, and respectfully request that the Riverside County Planning Commission grant a 90-day postponement of the hearing on this matter.

I would appreciate it if you would please confirm by email to me that you have received this email and that you have distributed it and all 4 PDFs (materials).

Attachments:

- 1. Cover Letter to Mr. Wheller
- 2. Objections to Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Development.
- 3. Letter of Objections and Petition from residents at The Palms community.
- 4. Letter of Objections from the Board of Directors of PGA West Fairways HOA*

**We will soon be forwarding this same Letter of Objections addressed to the County, which the PGA West Fairways HOA Board sent to the La Quinta City Council.

Thank you for your consideration and support of our request and best regards,

Jody Shapiro

Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075 Mobile: 818.292.1992 shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Cc: Ken Baez, Supervisor Perez, Stephanie Virgen, Laurie Davis, John Hoffner and Valerie Murphy

Jody Shapiro <shapiro.jody@gmail.com> From: Friday, November 27, 2020 8:31 PM Sent:

To: Wheeler, Timothy

hbaez@rivco.org; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez; Virgen, Stephanie; Laurie M Cc:

Davis; John Hoffner; Valerie Murphy

Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing **Subject: Attachments:**

Tim Wheeler 12-2-20 Hearing PDF.pdf; VSRGV Objections 12-2-20 Hearing.pdf; The

Palms Objections and Petition for 12-2-20 Hearing.pdf; Letter from PGA West Fairways

HOA for LQ City Council 11-17-20 Meeting.pdf

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Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075

Mobile: 818.292.1992 shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Cc: Ken Baez, Supervisor Perez, Stephanie Virgen, Laurie Davis, John Hoffner and Valerie Murphy

From: Wheeler, Timothy

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2020 9:10 AM

To: Sarabia, Elizabeth

Cc: Baez, Ken

Subject: FW: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission

Hearing (CUP190030)

Attachments: Tim Wheeler 12-2-20 Hearing PDF.pdf; VSRGV Objections 12-2-20 Hearing.pdf; The

Palms Objections and Petition for 12-2-20 Hearing.pdf; Letter from PGA West Fairways

HOA for LQ City Council 11-17-20 Meeting.pdf

Importance: High

Elizabeth,

Can you please forward this to the Commissioners? I know that the project is being continued until 12/16/20, but I want to make sure they have this information. Some people may still speak at the hearing on 12/2/20.

Kind Regards,

Tim Wheeler
Urban Regional Planner IV
4080 Lemon St - 12th floor
Riverside, CA 92501
951-955-6060
How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

From: Jody Shapiro [mailto:shapiro.jody@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, November 27, 2020 8:31 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Cc: hbaez@rivco.org; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez < District4@RIVCO.ORG>; Virgen, Stephanie

<SVirgen@rivco.org>; Laurie M Davis <Imacdavis93@att.net>; John Hoffner <johnfhoffner@aol.com>; Valerie Murphy

<valeriemurphy@bdhomes.com>

Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing

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Thank you for your consideration and support of our request and best regards,

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Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075 Mobile: 818.292.1992 shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Cc: Ken Baez, Supervisor Perez, Stephanie Virgen, Laurie Davis, John Hoffner and Valerie Murphy

From: Sarabia, Elizabeth

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2020 11:01 AM

To: Bill Sanchez; Carl Bruce Shaffer; David Leonard; Eric Kroencke; Gary Thornhill

Cc: Wheeler, Timothy; Baez, Ken

Subject: FW: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission

Hearing (CUP190030)

Attachments: Tim Wheeler 12-2-20 Hearing PDF.pdf; VSRGV Objections 12-2-20 Hearing.pdf; The

Palms Objections and Petition for 12-2-20 Hearing.pdf; Letter from PGA West Fairways

HOA for LQ City Council 11-17-20 Meeting.pdf

Importance: High

Good morning Commissioners,

Attached for your review are comment letters reg. CUP190030, agenda item 4.2.

Thank you, Elizabeth

From: Wheeler, Timothy

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2020 9:10 AM To: Sarabia, Elizabeth <ESarabia@RIVCO.ORG>

Cc: Baez, Ken < KBAEZ@RIVCO.ORG>

Subject: FW: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing (CUP190030)

Importance: High

From: Jody Shapiro [mailto:shapiro.jody@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, November 27, 2020 8:31 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Cc: hbaez@rivco.org; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez District 4

<<u>SVirgen@rivco.org</u>>; Laurie M Davis <<u>Imacdavis93@att.net</u>>; John Hoffner <<u>johnfhoffner@aol.com</u>>; Valerie Murphy

<valeriemurphy@bdhomes.com>

Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing

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Jody Shapiro

Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075 Mobile: 818.292.1992 shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Cc: Ken Baez, Supervisor Perez, Stephanie Virgen, Laurie Davis, John Hoffner and Valerie Murphy

From: Cassie Gertz < Cassie.Gertz@managementtrust.com>

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2020 2:49 PM **To:** District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez

Cc: Virgen, Stephanie; Wheeler, Timothy; Chuck Eckman; 'brilldeborah@gmail.com'; Baez,

Ken

Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Development

Attachments: Letter to RIVCO re Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Development.pdf

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DO NOT click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Mr. Perez,

Please find the attached letter from the PGA WEST Fairways Board of Directors regarding the above noted development.

If you have any questions, please let me know.

Kind regards,

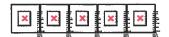
Cassie Gertz, CCAM, CMCA, AMS | Division Vice President of Onsite Communities

Champion Employee Owner



39755 Berkey Drive, Suite A • Palm Desert, California 92211

P: (760) 776-5100 x6337 | F: (760) 776-5111



HOW DID WE DO?

My goal as an employee owner is to create a wonderful customer experience. Please let me know how I am doing by taking this brief survey.

If I exceeded your expectations, or you have other feedback about your experience, please let my supervisor **Damian**Jenkins know at (760) 776-5100 x6317 or by email at damian.jenkins@managementtrust.com

From: Wheeler, Timothy

Sent: Tuesday, December 1, 2020 12:06 PM

To: Jody Shapiro

Cc: Baez, Ken; Laurie M Davis; John Hoffner; Valerie Murphy

Subject: RE: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission

Hearing

Attachments: Final MND (pdf) for CUP190030 dtd 11.10.20.pdf

Jody,

Please see the attached Initial Study (MND) that I just provided to Ms. Davis. I am finishing up the Staff Report package (Staff Report and Exhibits) for the December 16th hearing. When I have them finished I can provide those to you too as well.

If you provide me with your mailing address, I will make sure the revised notice for the December 16, 2020 hearing is sent to you. I am providing one to Ms. Davis as I have her mailing address already.

Kind Regards,

Tim Wheeler
Urban Regional Planner IV
4080 Lemon St - 12th floor
Riverside, CA 92501
951-955-6060
How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

From: Jody Shapiro [mailto:shapiro.jody@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, November 30, 2020 3:32 PM **To:** Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Cc: Baez, Ken <KBAEZ@RIVCO.ORG>; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez <District4@RIVCO.ORG>; Virgen, Stephanie <SVirgen@rivco.org>; Laurie M Davis <Imacdavis93@att.net>; John Hoffner <johnfhoffner@aol.com>; Valerie Murphy <valeriemurphy@bdhomes.com>; Sarabia, Elizabeth <ESarabia@RIVCO.ORG>

Subject: Re: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing

Hi Tim,

Thank you for the quick response to my email, and for forwarding the materials.

I appreciate the heads-up on the postponement. We would like to wait until the December 16, 2020 Planning Commission hearing date, when this is on the agenda for discussion.

I understand one of our members, Laurie Davis, requested to have the "project case file" emailed to her. Can you please inform me when that file is available?

Additionally, I would also appreciate you adding me to any communications that are being sent to the public concerning this project.

Best regards, Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro

Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation Phone: 760.564.2299 Fax: 760.564.9075 Mobile: 818.292.1992 shapiro.jody@gmail.com

On Mon, Nov 30, 2020 at 9:15 AM Wheeler, Timothy <\tau\text{TWHEELER@rivco.org} \text{ wrote:}

Good Morning Ms. Shaprio,

Thank you for your email and I have forwarded this information to the Planning Commission Secretary, Elizabeth Sarabia, to distribute to the Planning Commissioners.

I did want to let you know that already, this project will be <u>continued to the December 16, 2020 Planning Commission</u> (PC) hearing date. No determination will be made at the PC hearing on Wednesday. Weather you wait until December 16th or Wednesday (or both) that is up to you. I will include these PDFs in the December 16th report package as well.

Kind Regards,

Tim Wheeler

Urban Regional Planner IV

4080 Lemon St - 12th floor

Riverside, CA 92501

951-955-6060

How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

From: Jody Shapiro [mailto:shapiro.jody@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, November 27, 2020 8:31 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Cc: hbaez@rivco.org; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez District4@RIVCO.ORG; Virgen, Stephanie SVirgen@rivco.org; Laurie M Davis lmacdavis93@att.net; John Hoffner johnfhoffner@aol.com; Valerie Murphy valeriemurphy@bdhomes.com; Valerie Murphy

Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing

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Dear Mr. Wheeler,

I represent a group of concerned citizens opposed to the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project and the General Plan Amendment and Zoning Change related to it; item # 4.2 on the December 2, 2020, Riverside Planning Commission Regular Meeting, Agenda.

Attached to this email are 4 PDFs of communications materials, which constitute our objections to this project and our request that it not be approved. Please be kind enough to distribute all of these PDFs (materials) to each member of the Riverside County Planning Commission and any other necessary parties.

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Additionally, because of the holidays, the limitations imposed by the COVID virus restrictions, and because of the significant precedent-setting implications of this request, we agree with the City Council of La Quinta, and respectfully request that the Riverside County Planning Commission grant a 90-day postponement of the hearing on this matter.

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Jody Shapiro

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shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Cc: Ken Baez, Supervisor Perez, Stephanie Virgen, Laurie Davis, John Hoffner and Valerie Murphy

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County of Riverside California

From: Wheeler, Timothy

Sent: Tuesday, November 24, 2020 2:40 PM

To: Jody Shapiro Cc: Baez, Ken

Subject: RE: Agenda for 12-2-2020 Planning Commission Hearing

Afternoon Ms. Shapiro,

The agenda should be posted by the end of the day tomorrow. I believe this project will be Agenda Item No. 4.2.

There is no option for video, only speaking via telephone for the public hearing (Planning Commission).

Kind Regards,

Tim Wheeler
Urban Regional Planner IV
4080 Lemon St - 12th floor
Riverside, CA 92501
951-955-6060
How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

From: Jody Shapiro [mailto:shapiro.jody@gmail.com]

Sent: Tuesday, November 24, 2020 2:31 PM
To: Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Subject: Agenda for 12-2-2020 Planning Commission Hearing

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Mr. Wheeler,

Notice has been posted of a Public Hearing on December 2, 2020 concerning the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project. I am planning on speaking in opposition of granting the General Plan Amendment.

The form posted on the County's website requires knowing the agenda item number. As far as I can tell, the agenda has not been posted yet. Do you know what item number this is?

Also, am I only allowed to speak via telephone, or is there an option to participate via video?

Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Sincerely, Jody Shapiro

Jonathan D. (Jody) Shapiro The Chase Foundation

Phone: 760.564.2299
Fax: 760.564.9075
Mobile: 818.292.1992
shapiro.jody@gmail.com

From:

Wheeler, Timothy

Sent:

Tuesday, December 1, 2020 2:12 PM

To:

shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Cc:

Baez, Ken; Laurie M Davis; John Hoffner; Valerie Murphy

Subject:

RE: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission

Hearing

Jody,

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Valerie Murphy <valeriemurphy@bdhomes.com>

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Tim.

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I apologize, I thought I had provided my address:

55525 Turnberry Way

La Quinta, CA 92253-8720

Jody

Jonathan D (Jody) Shapiro Office: 760.564.2299

Cell: 818.292.1992 Fax: 760.564.9075

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Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission Hearing

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shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Mobile: 818.292.1992

Cc: Ken Baez, Supervisor Perez, Stephanie Virgen, Laurie Davis, John Hoffner and Valerie Murphy

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County of Riverside California

<Final MND (pdf) for CUP190030 dtd 11.10.20.pdf>

From:

Wheeler, Timothy

Sent: Monday, December 7, 2020 10:25 AM

Laurie M Davis To:

Cc: Baez, Ken; Sarabia, Elizabeth

Subject: RE: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project (CUP190030)

Ms. Davis,

Yes, since the project is for a General Plan Amendment (GPA) and a Change of Zone (CZ); it will be hear at a Board of Supervisors meeting. The Planning Commission only recommends for approval to the Board on these types of projects. There is no date, for a Board of Supervisors meeting, set for this project. It will depend on how the Planning Commission hearing goes on December 16th.

Since the beginning of the pandemic, many of our Board of Supervisors and Planning Commission meetings/hearings have been proceeding with a remote application to them (call in procedures). This project was noticed under those guidelines. There will be a way for you to call in if you wish. You can contact the PC Secretary, Elizabeth Sarabia at ESARABIA@RIVCO.ORG for more details. I do not know if the chambers will be closed to the public on that day of the hearing. Ms. Elizabeth Sarabia would also be someone to ask. I have included her on this reply.

If I hear anything further, I will try to let you know.

Kind Regards,

Tim Wheeler Urban Regional Planner IV 4080 Lemon St - 12th floor Riverside, CA 92501 951-955-6060 How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

----Original Message-----

From: Laurie M Davis [mailto:lmacdavis93@att.net]

Sent: Friday, December 4, 2020 1:43 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG> Subject: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project

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Hi Tim,

Our group of concerned citizens opposed to the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Project met this morning and we have a couple of questions.

If this project should be approved by the Planning Commission, does it then go to the Supervisors for a vote, and if so. when would that happen.

Also, we are wondering what will happen with the meeting on 16th if our Southern California Region should go into lockdown or stay-at-home order. Would the meeting be postponed should that happen?

Thanks for your help Tim!

Laurie Davis

From:

Sent:

To:

To: Cc: Subject:	Cassie Gertz; District 4 Supervisor V. Manuel Perez Virgen, Stephanie; Chuck Eckman; 'brilldeborah@gmail.com'; Baez, Ken RE: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Development
Afternoon Ms. Gertz,	
Thank you for your emai	I and letter regarding the proposed project.
	requesting a <u>continuance of the project from the December 2, 2020 Planning Commission</u> public r 16, 2020 public hearing . I will include your email/letter with the report package for the
Kind Regards,	
Tim Wheeler	
Urban Regional Plan	ner IV
4080 Lemon St - 12	
Riverside, CA 9250) 1
951-955-6060	
How are we doing? Cl	ick the Link and tell us
Sent: Monday, November To: District 4 Supervisor Cc: Virgen, Stephanie <s <eckman.chuck@gmail.c<="" td=""><td>to:Cassie.Gertz@managementtrust.com] er 30, 2020 2:49 PM V. Manuel Perez <district4@rivco.org> Virgen@rivco.org>; Wheeler, Timothy <twheeler@rivco.org>; Chuck Eckman com>; 'brilldeborah@gmail.com' <bri>brilldeborah@gmail.com>; Baez, Ken <kbaez@rivco.org> a Gateway Village Development</kbaez@rivco.org></bri></twheeler@rivco.org></district4@rivco.org></td></s>	to:Cassie.Gertz@managementtrust.com] er 30, 2020 2:49 PM V. Manuel Perez <district4@rivco.org> Virgen@rivco.org>; Wheeler, Timothy <twheeler@rivco.org>; Chuck Eckman com>; 'brilldeborah@gmail.com' <bri>brilldeborah@gmail.com>; Baez, Ken <kbaez@rivco.org> a Gateway Village Development</kbaez@rivco.org></bri></twheeler@rivco.org></district4@rivco.org>
	inated externally from the <u>Riverside County</u> email system. attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
Dear Mr. Perez,	
Please find the attached	letter from the PGA WEST Fairways Board of Directors regarding the above noted development.
If you have any question	s, please let me know.
Kind regards,	
Cassie Gertz, CCAM, C Champion Employee Ow	MCA, AMS Division Vice President of Onsite Communities ner
	1

Wheeler, Timothy

Monday, November 30, 2020 3:09 PM

39755 Berkey Drive, Suite A	 Palm Desert, California 92211
P: (760) 776-5100 x6337 F:	(760) 776-5111

HOW DID WE DO?

My goal as an employee owner is to create a wonderful customer experience. Please let me know how I am doing by taking this brief <u>survey</u>.

If I exceeded your expectations, or you have other feedback about your experience, please let my supervisor **Damian**Jenkins know at (760) 776-5100 x6317 or by email at damian.jenkins@managementtrust.com

From:

Wheeler, Timothy

Sent:

Tuesday, December 1, 2020 11:52 AM

To:

Laurie M Davis

Cc:

Baez, Ken

Subject:

RE: Dec. 2nd Planning Commission meeting

Attachments:

Final MND (pdf) for CUP190030 dtd 11.10.20.pdf

Good Morning Ms. Davis,

Thank you your email. I have been trying to contact/email all parties that I have received comments or correspondence from regarding this project.

Staff is requesting a continuance for the project to the Planning Commission. Staff is requesting to continue the project from the December 2, 2020 public hearing date to the December 16, 2020 public hearing date for Planning Commission.

Additionally, per your request, I am providing you a copy of the Initial Study (MND) for the project (see attached). I am still finishing up the Staff Report package for December 16th (Staff Report and Exhibits) and will provide those to you as well when they are ready.

Kind Regards,

Tim Wheeler
Urban Regional Planner IV
4080 Lemon St — 12th floor
Riverside, CA 92501
951-955-6060
How are we doing? Click the Link and tell us

----Original Message-----

From: Laurie M Davis [mailto:lmacdavis93@att.net]

Sent: Tuesday, December 1, 2020 11:24 AM

To: Wheeler, Timothy <TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG> Subject: Dec. 2nd Planning Commission meeting

Hi Tim,

I just want to verify that the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village project is scheduled on the agenda for tomorrow's meeting, item number 4.2. I have found the agenda online and plan to listen in to the meeting so just want to confirm that it is still to be discussed.

Thanks very much,

Laurie Davis La Quinta CA

From:

shapiro.jody@gmail.com

Sent:

Tuesday, December 1, 2020 2:15 PM

To:

Wheeler, Timothy

Cc:

Baez, Ken; Laurie M Davis; John Hoffner; Valerie Murphy

Subject:

Re: Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Development 12-2-20 County Planning Commission

Hearing

Tim,

Thank you for the quick response & detailed answer.

Stay Safe, Jody

Jonathan D (Jody) Shapiro Office: 760.564.2299 Cell: 818.292.1992 Fax: 760.564.9075

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55525 Turnberry Way La Quinta, CA 92253-8720

Jody

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Hearing

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County of Riverside California

<Final MND (pdf) for CUP190030 dtd 11.10.20.pdf>



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN

SECTIONS I, II, AND VI BELOW MUST BE COMPLETED FOR ANY AMENDMENT TO THE AREA PLAN MAPS OF THE GENERAL PLAN.

FOR OTHER TYPES OF AMENDMENTS, PLEASE CONSULT PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF FOR ASSISTANCE PRIOR TO COMPLETING THE APPLICATION.

INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:
GENERAL (WITHOUT SPECIFIC PLAN) CIRCULATION SECTION GENERAL (WITH SPECIFIC PLAN)
I. GENERAL INFORMATION
APPLICATION INFORMATION
Applicant Name: MONROE PROPERTIES, LLC
Contact Person: VANCE CAMPBELL E-Mail: YANZCAM@YAHOO.COM
Mailing Address: 10685 ROSELLE ST. #200 Street 92121 City State ZIP
Daytime Phone No: (619) 884-7763 Fax No: (858) 857-1840
Engineer Representative Name: ANCORE ASSOCIATES INTERNATIONAL, INC.
Contact Person: JOHN A. CORFLIA E-Mail: ANCOREINT@ ADL.COM
Mailing Address: 155 Loma St. REAUMONT A 92723 City State ZIP Daytime Phone No: (760) 404-8449 Fax No: (951) 849-7558
Property Owner Name: Monroe Properties, LLC
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN
Contact Person: VANCE CAMPBELL E-Mail: VANZCAM@YAHOO.COM
Mailing Address: 10685 ROSELLE St. #200
SAN DIEGO CA 92121
Daytime Phone No: (619) 884-7763 Fax No: (858) 857-1840
☐ Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the General Plan Amendment type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:
I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof.
(If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the General Plan Amendment is ready for bublic healing.) AND POLE THE SECOND SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)

The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.

AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER

The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be **NO** refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied.

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN **PROPERTY INFORMATION:** Assessor's Parcel Number(s): SEE ATTACHED ASSEMBLAGE DATA SPREADSHEET Approximate Gross Acreage: _ 76.81 General location (nearby or cross streets): North of _____58 W AVENUE AIRPORT BLUD, East of MONROE ST., West of JACKSON ST. Existing Zoning Classification(s): AGRICUITURA WITH ZOACRE LOT MIN (Existing Land Use Designation(s): AGRICUltural G.P. FOXDATION W/AGRICUltural Check the box(es) as applicable: Technical Amendment I Entitlement/Policy Amendment Foundation Component Amendment-Regular Foundation Component Amendment-Extraordinary Agricultural Foundation Component Amendment Proposal (describe the details of the proposed General Plan Amendment): CHANGE THE CURRENT AGRICULTURAL GENERAL PLANFOUNDATION WITH AGRICULTURAL LAND USE DESIGNATION TO EMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION COMPONENT GENERAL PLAN WITH A MIXED USE AREA (MUA) GENERAL PIAN Related cases filed in conjunction with this request: No. 180023 Is there previous development application(s) filed on the same site: Yes \(\sigma\) No \(\sigma\) If yes, provide Application No(s). (e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.) EIR No. (if applicable): _ Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeológical report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes 🗹 No 🗌 If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide signed copy(ies): INCLUDED AS PART OF THIS APPLICATION PARKAGE

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN

Name of Company or District serving the area the project site is located Are facilities/services available at		
(if none, write "none.") the project site? Yes No		
Electric Company IMPERIAL IRRIGATION DISTRICT		
Gas Company SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY		
Telephone Company VERIZON		
Water Company/District COACHELLA VAILEY WATER DISTRICT		
Sewer District COACHELLA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT V		
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.		
If not known, please refer to Riverside County's Map My County website to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer — then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)		
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.		
☐ Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley		
Santa Margarita River		
Whitewater River		
If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.		
Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.		
Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application. HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Government Code Section 65962.5 requires the applicant for any development project to consult specified state-prepared lists of hazardous waste sites and submit a signed statement to the local agency indicating whether the project is located on or near an identified site. Under the statute, no		
Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application. HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Government Code Section 65962.5 requires the applicant for any development project to consult specified state-prepared lists of hazardous waste sites and submit a signed statement to the local agency indicating whether the project is located on or near an identified site. Under the statute, no application shall be accepted as complete without this signed statement. I (we) certify that I (we) have investigated our project with respect to its location on or near an identified hazardous waste site and that my (our) answers are true and correct to the best of my (our) knowledge.		
Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application. HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Government Code Section 65962.5 requires the applicant for any development project to consult specified state-prepared lists of hazardous waste sites and submit a signed statement to the local agency indicating whether the project is located on or near an identified site. Under the statute, no application shall be accepted as complete without this signed statement. I (we) certify that I (we) have investigated our project with respect to its location on or near an identified hazardous waste site and that my (our) answers are true and correct to the best of my (our) knowledge. My (Our) investigation has shown that:		

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN		
II. AMENDMENTS TO THE AREA PLAN MAPS OF THE GENERAL PLAN:		
AREA PLAN MAP PROPOSED FOR AMENDMENT (Please name):		
EASTERN COACHELLA VALLEY AREA PLAN		
PROPOSED DESIGNATION(S): ACRICULTURAL G.P. FOUNDATION W/AGRICULTURAL LANDROPOSED DESIGNATION(S): COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION W/(MUA)		
JUSTIFICATION FOR AMENDMENT (Please be specific. Attach more pages if needed.)		
PLEASE SEE ATTACHED:		
"VISTA SANTA ROSA GATEWAY VILLAGE OVERVIEW"		
III. AMENDMENTS TO POLICIES:		
(Note: A conference with Planning Department staff <u>is required</u> before application can be filed. Additional information may be required.)		
A. LOCATION IN TEXT OF THE GENERAL PLAN WHERE AMENDMENT WOULD OCCUR:		
Element: VI STA SANTA ROSA POINCY AREATER Plan: EASTERN COACHELLA VALLEY		

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN
B. EXISTING POLICY (If none, write "none." (Attach more pages if needed):
C. PROPOSED POLICY (Attach more pages if needed):
SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO CURRENT VISTA SANTA ROSA POLICY AREA PLAN.
D. JUSTIFICATION FOR CHANGE (Please be specific. Attach more pages if needed): PLEASE SEE ATTACHED:
"VISTA SANTA ROSA GATEWAY VILLAGIE OVERVIEW"
IV. OTHER TYPES OF AMENDMENTS: (Note: A conference with Planning Department and/or Transportation Department staff for amendments related to the circulation element is required before application can be filed. Additional information may be required.)
A. AMENDMENTS TO BOUNDARIES OF OVERLAYS OR POLICY AREAS:
Policy Area: VISTA SANTA ROSA (Please name)
Proposed Boundary Adjustment (Please describe clearly):
B. AMENDMENTS TO CIRCULATION DESIGNATIONS:
Area Plan (if applicable):

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN		
Road Segment(s) MONROE ST. And AIRPORT BLVD.		
Existing Designation: ARTERIALS		
Proposed Designation: ARTERIALS PER VISTA SANTA ROSA AREA PAN		
C. JUSTIFICATION FOR AMENDMENT (Please be specific. Attach more pages if needed):		
NO CHANGE REQUESTED to CIRCULATION		
This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the General Plan Amendment Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.		

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\295-1019 GPA Condensed Application.docx Created: 07/01/2015 Revised: 07/30/2018

Monroe Properties, LLC

Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Assemblage Data

Parcel		Owner	Property Address	APN#	Size	Ours
Parcel #1a	Atkins A	Monroe Properties, LLC	56300 Monroe Street	764-080-002-3	4.72	4.72
Parcel #1b	Atkins B	Monroe Properties, LLC	56300 Monroe Street	764-080-001-2 well site		
Parcel #2	Waggoner	Monroe Properties, LLC	82071 Airport Rd (AKA 56th)	764-070-003-3	4.70	4.7
Parcel #3a	Gilleland A	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-070-004-4 well site		
Parcel #3b	Gilleland B	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-080-010-0		
Parcel #3c	Gilleland C	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-080-011-1	9.14	9.14
Parcel #4	Castro	Monroe Properties, LLC	56180 Monroe Street	764-070-002-2	1.91	1.91
Parcel #5		John Damlen	Vacant land	764-070-001-1	2.52	2.52
Parcel #6		John Damien	Vacant land	764-080-005-6	0.27	0.27
Parcel #7		John Damien	Vacant land	764-080-006-7	0.27	0:27
Parcel #8		Gilbert Ramirez	Vacant land	764-080-003-4	2.8	2,8
Parcel #9		Gilbert Ramirez	Kennedy Store & Res.	764-080-004-5	0.48	0:48
TOTAL					26,81	26.81

Parcels Owned by Monroe Properties LLC that are part of the Parcel Map

Parcels Owned by Others (Damian Family) that are part of the Parcel Map

Parcels Owner by Others (Ramirez) that are part of the GP Amendment, but not the Parcel Map

Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village

Overview

General

Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village (Project) submitted by Monroe Properties, LLC (Monroe) is comprised of twelve (12) parcels with three different landowners, making up a 26.81-acre Project land area. This Project is located in the Vista Santa Rosa area of the County of Riverside in the Eastern Coachella Valley at the southeastern corner of Airport Blvd. and Monroe Avenue (attached Vicinity Map, Assessor's Parcel Map of Parcels and Assemblage Data). The Project shares a property line with the Coachella Valley Unified School District's (CVUSD) Westside Elementary School.

There are four major components that Monroe is proposing. The first component of this application package is to create a Tentative Parcel Map with 8 of the parcels owned by Monroe Properties, LLC. and John Damien as designated on the Assemblage Date spreadsheet attached.

The second component of this application package is to secure a General Plan Amendment approval to change all twelve (12) Parcels owned by Monroe Properties, LLC., John Damien and Gilbert Ramirez from the current Agricultural General Plan Foundation with an Agricultural Land Use Designation to a Community Development Foundation Component General Plan with a Mixed Use Area (MUA) General Plan designation.

The third component of this application package is to secure a Zone Change approval to change all twelve (12) Parcels owned by Monroe Properties, LLC., John Damien and Gilbert Ramirez from the current Agricultural with a 20-acre lot minimum (A-1-20) and Commercial Retail (C-R) to a Mixed Use (MU) zoning designation.

The fourth component of this application package is to secure a Conditional Use Permit approval for alcohol sales on the parcel areas shown on the Change of Zone Map, included in the submittal package, on Parcels owned by Monroe Properties, LLC., John Damien and Gilbert Ramirez.

Monroe's intention for this Project is to create the actual visual and feel of the transition into the Vista Santa Rosa area that immediately gives motorist, bicyclist and/or pedestrians the sense and feel that they have transitioned into a unique area, hence the "Gateway." Correspondingly, the land use designations are intended to accommodate the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village retail/commercial and senior oriented living components that create this transition.

Currently the parcels are not under agricultural development. Due to the limited size of each of the parcels that comprise the Project, a commercial agricultural operation is not viable and could not sustain a significant commercial agricultural operation.

There are seven (7) existing structures on the Project site today, which are not economically viable to rehabilitate. These structures are proposed to be razed when a successful change of Land Use designation is achieved.

Commercial

Monroe's commercial center portion of the Project is proposed to embrace the architectural emphasis of the Vista Santa Rosa equestrian style. The Project will provide for a friendly and comfortable environment that encourages walking, shopping and dining, while making available essential and desirable services. These services will serve the senior oriented portion of the Project, as well as the residents and businesses in the immediate area.

Many uses may be included on the Project site, such as, and not limited to:

- Neighborhood Drug/Health Hub store.
- Dry Cleaners;
- Florist:
- Bike Shop;
- Local Hardware Store.
- Coffee Shop:
- Food Court;
- Gas Station:
- Other typical services that are allowed in the Zoning.

Senior Oriented Living

Monroe's Senior Oriented portion of the Project is will consist of Campus style low rise facilities, that again, are architecturally consistent with the Vista Santa Rosa equestrian style.

Some of the Senior Oriented uses proposed are, and not limited to:

- Senior Independent living units;
- Senior assisted living;
- Senior Nursing and Memory care;
- Fitness services:
- Senior recreation amenities:
- Educational amenities:
- Senior volunteering opportunities.

CVUSD Bus Drop On-Off

From the conception of the Project, Monroe has embraced the proximity and location of the CVUSD's Westside Elementary School. Through many discussions with Coachella Valley Unified School District (CVUSD) Staff, the need for a dedicated bus drop off for the Westside Elementary School (School) was determined as a benefit to the School.

As a result, Monroe is working in earnest with CVUSD to provide a dedicated bus pick up and drop off location for the School within the Monroe properties Project area.

As of recent, the Project was presented to the CVUSD Facilities Committee of the CVUSD Board and did not receive any negative comment. The direction was to work with the Staff to get down to the details of the bus drop off located on Monroe's property, work with the School and it's Principal and Parents on some outreach communication and then bring this back to the Facilities Committee prior to being presented to the CVUSD Board.

2012 Pre-Application Review (PAR) with Riverside County

Monroe had completed a significant amount of outreach in the 2011 – 2012 years when the Project was contemplated to be submitted at that time. The Project was presented to the Vista Santa Rosa Community Council in 2012 and was recommended for approval by all the members. The Project was also presented at the HOA meeting for the Village at the Palms development, located due west of the Project site within the City of La Quinta, and received enthusiastic support. Monroe also presented the Project to the neighboring City of La Quinta Planning Staff, where the Project met with support as well.

In 2012 a Pre-Application General Plan Amendment Review request for the Project was submitted by Monroe to the Riverside County Planning Department. Late in 2012 the Project was presented to the Planning Commission for comments and/or suggestions. The Project did not receive any negative comments from the Planning Commission nor public.

2018 Pre-Application Review (PAR) with Riverside County

The Project completed the PAR review process with the County in the summer of 2018. The process revealed that there were no significant obstacles in moving forward with the Project. All studies that were required by the County as outlined in the PAR process have been complete to date, October 2019, and the Project is ready for formal Parcel Map submittal as well as applications for a General Plan Amendment, Zone Change and Conditional Use Permit.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

APPLICATION FOR CHANGE OF ZONE

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:
Standard Change of Zone
There are three different situations where a Planning Review Only Change of Zone will be accepted:
 Type 1: Used to legally define the boundaries of one or more Planning Areas within a Specific Plan. Type 2: Used to establish or change a SP zoning ordinance text within a Specific Plan. Type 3: Used when a Change of Zone application was conditioned for in a prior application.
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
APPLICATION INFORMATION
Applicant Name: MONROE PROPERTIES, LLC
Contact Person: VANCE CAMPELL E-Mail: VANZCAMO YAHOO, COM
Mailing Address: 10685 ROSELLE ST. # ZOO
SAN DIEGO Street 92121 City State ZIP
Daytime Phone No: (619) 884-7763 Fax No: (858) 857-1840
Engineer/Representative Name. ANCORE ASSOCIATES INTERNATIONAL, INC.
Contact Person: JOHN A. CORELLA E-Mail: ANCOREINT@ AOL.COM
Mailing Address: 155 Loma Street
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Property Owner Name: MONROE PROPERTIES, LLC
Contact Person: VANCE CAMPBELL E-Mail: VANZCAM@ YAHOO.COM
Mailing Address: 10685 ROSFLCE St. #Z00
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 Palm Desert, California 92211

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(951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811

APPLICATION FOR CHANGE OF ZONE
SAN DIEGO CA. 92121
Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the property address and/or assessor's parcel number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.
AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER
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I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof.
(If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the subdivision is ready for public hearing.) ALCE CAMPBELL MANUSCEL MANUSCEL PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PROPERTY INFORMATION:
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE DATE
Approximate Gross Acreage: 26.81 SPREADSHEAT
General location (nearby or cross streets): North of

APPLICATION FOR C					
AIRPORT BL	VD, East of	MONROE ST.	_, West of	JACKSON S	Γ
Specific Plan, indicate	the affected Plant	licate the existing and p ning Areas):			
CURRENTZ	ONE IS	AGRIGULTU USE (MU)	RE W/ZE	D-ACRE LOT	as-1-A)um
PROPOSED:	MIXED	USE (MU)	,		
Related cases filed in	conjunction with the	nis request:			
D	no Ma	12273			

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Change of Zone Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\295-1071 CZ Condensed Application.docx Created: 07/06/2015 Revised: 07/30/2018

Monroe Properties, LLC

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Parcel		Owner	Property Address	APN#	Size	Ours
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Parcel #9		Gilbert Ramirez	Kennedy Store & Res.	764-080-004-5	0.48	0.48
TOTAL					26.81	26,81

LEGEND	
Yellow	Parcels Owned by Monroe Properties LLC that are part of the Parcel Map
Red	Parcels Owned by Others (Damian Family) that are part of the Parcel Map
Blue	Parcels Owner by Others (Ramirez) that are part of the GP Amendment, but not the Parcel Map



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:
 □ TENTATIVE TRACT MAP □ REVERSION TO ACREAGE □ AMENDMENT TO FINAL MAP □ VESTING MAP
MINOR CHANGE Original Case No. PAR No. 180023
REVISED MAP Original Case No
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
APPLICATION INFORMATION
Applicant Name: MONROE PROPERTIES, LLC
Contact Person: VANCE CAMPBELL E-Mail: VANZCAM@YAHOO.COM
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Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555

*Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

Fax No: (858) 857-1840 Daytime Phone No: (619) 884-7763 ☑ Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the subdivision type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application. **AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:** I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof. (If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the wet-signed signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the subdivision is ready for public hearing. ANCE CAMPBELL MANAGER MONROE PROPERTIES PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent. **AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER** The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied. PROPERTY INFORMATION: Assessor's Parcel Number(s): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE AS Approximate Gross Acreage: FOR PARCEL MAP = 22.99 ACRES.

<u>APPLICATION FOR SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT</u>

APPLICATION FOR SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT
General location (cross streets, etc.): North of, South of
AIRPORT BLVD, East of MONROE ST., West of
SUBDIVISION PROPOSAL:
Map Schedule: Number of existing lots: Planned Unit Development (PUD): Yes \(\) No \(\) Vesting Map: Yes \(\) No \(\) Subdivision Density: (excluding streets): Minimum Developable Lot Size: Number of proposed developable lots: Vesting Map: Yes \(\) No \(\) Subdivision Density: acre.
Is there previous development application(s) filed on the same site: Yes No V
If yes, provide Application No(s)
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) EIR No. (if applicable):
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes ✓ No ☐
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide signed copy(ies): APPLICATION, If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.
If not known, please refer to Riverside County's Map My County website to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer — then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.
Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley
☐ Santa Margarita River
☑ Whitewater River
If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Subdivision Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Subdivision Condensed Application.docx Created: 04/08/15 Revised: 08/03/18

Monroe Properties, LLC

Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Assemblage Data

Parcel		Owner	Property Address	APN#	Size	Ours
Parcel #1a	Atkins A	Monroe Properties, LLC	56300 Monroe Street	764-080-002-3	4.72	4.72
Parcel #1b	Atkins B	Monroe Properties, LLC	56300 Monroe Street	764-080-001-2 well site		
Parcel #2	Waggoner	Monroe Properties, LLC	82071 Airport Rd (AKA 56th)	764-070-003-3	4.70	4.7
Parcel #3a	Gilleland A	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-070-004-4 well site		
Parcel #3b	Gilleland B	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-080-010-0		
Parcel #3c	Gilleland C	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-080-011-1	9.14	9.14
Parcel #4	Castro	Monroe Properties, LLC	56180 Monroe Street	764-070-002-2	1,91	1.91
Parcel #5		John Damlen	Vacant land	764-070-001-1	2.52	2.52
Parcel #6		John Damien	Vacant land	764-080-005-6	0.27	0.27
Parcel #7		John Damien	Vacant land	764-080-006-7	0.27	0.27
Parcel #8		Gilbert Ramirez	Vacant land	764-080-003-4	2.8	2.8
Parcel #9		Gilbert Ramirez	Kennedy Store & Res.	764-080-004-5	0.48	0.48
TOTAL	1				26.81	26.81

LEGEND	
Yellow	Parcels Owned by Monroe Properties LLC that are part of the Parcel Map
Red	Parcels Owned by Others (Damian Family) that are part of the Parcel Map
Blue	Parcels Owner by Others (Ramirez) that are part of the GP Amendment, but not the Parcel Map



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:
□ PLOT PLAN □ PUBLIC USE PERMIT □ VARIANCE □ TEMPORARY USE PERMIT
REVISED PERMIT Original Case No
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.
APPLICATION INFORMATION
Applicant Name: MONROE PROPERTIES, LLC
Contact Person: VANCE CAMPISELL E-Mail: VANZCAM@YAHOO.COM
Mailing Address: 10685 ROSELLE ST. #200
SAN DIEGO CA 9ZIZI
Daytime Phone No: (619) 884-7763 Fax No: (858) 857-1840
Engineer Representative Name: ANCORE ASSOCIATES INTERNATIONAL, INC.
Contact Person: JOHN A. CORELLA E-Mail: ANCOREINT@ ACL. COM
Mailing Address: 155 Loma Street A 92223
Beaumoint Street A 97723
Daytime Phone No: (760) 404-8449 Fax No: (951) 849-7558
Property Owner Name: MONROE PROPERTIES, INC.
Contact Person: VANCE CAMPBELL E-Mail: VANZCAM@ YAHOO. COM
Mailing Address: 10685 ROSELLE ST, #200
SAN DIEGO Street 92121 City State ZIP
Daytime Phone No: (619) 884-7763 Fax No: (858 857-1840
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H
P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 Palm Desert, California 92211 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT
Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:
i certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof.
(If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be admitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the use permit is ready to public hearing.) VANCE CAMPRILL MANAGER MANAGER PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.
AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER
The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied.
PROPERTY INFORMATION:
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLAGE
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILLAGE ASSEMBLUSE DAYA SPREADSHEAT Approximate Gross Acreage: 11.28 (SHOWN ON ZORNE CHANGE PLAN)
General location (nearby or cross streets): North of, South of
AIRPORT BLVD, East of MONROE St., West of JACKSON St.

PROJECT PROPOSAL:

Describe the proposed project. PLEA	SE SEE ATTAMEN:
"VISTA SANTA ROSA (STATEWAY VILLAGE OVERVIEW"
CIAP CALLICE CAR AN	Y ALCOHOL SALES DNI PARCELS Show
Identify the applicable Ordinance No. 348 land use(s): ARTICLE IX - M	VAP. Section and Subsection reference(s) describing the proposed UZONE (MU) ORDINANCE NOC348-4896
	/

Number of existing lots: 12

	EXISTING Buildings/Structures: Yes 🗹 No 🗌					
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function To be Remo		Bidg. Permit No.
1				EXISTING BUILDINGS tO BE RAZED AND REMOVED		
2				BE RAZED AND REMOVED		
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						

Place check in the applicable row, if building or structure is proposed to be removed.

	PROPOSED Buildings/Structures: Yes V No U					
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function		
1	8.760	27'		RETAIL BLDG		
2	6,030	22'		GAS STATION Plus C STORE		
3	15,624	27'		PHARMACY STORE		
4	2:898	151	1	FAST FOOD BLDG		
5	1/1/1700	547	2	ASSISTED LIVING BLDG		
6						
7						
8	SE	F A	PLICA	TION PACKAGE ARCHITECTURAL RENDERIN		
9	-0-					
10						

PROPOSED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes No No				
No.*	Square , Feet	Use/Function		
1.1	ZD,000	IN CONJUNCTION WITH SENIOR ORIENTED BLDG		
2	,	3		
3				
4				
5				

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT
6
7 8
9
10 * Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".
Watch to buildings/Structures/Outdoor Oses/Areas Identined on Exhibit A.
Check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) to identify them.)
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application:
Are there previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes ☐ No ☑
If yes, provide Application No(s)
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) EIR No. (if applicable):
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes 🗵 No 🔲
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies): SUBMITTED WITH APPLICATION PACKAGE
Is the project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes \(\subseteq\) No \(\subseteq\)
Is this an application for a development permit? Yes 🗹 No 🗌
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.
If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.
Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley
Santa Margarita River
Whitewater River

Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT				
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:				
Name of Applicant: MONROE PROPERTIES, LLC				
Address: 10685 ROSELLE ST. #ZOO, SAN DIEGO, CA 92121				
Phone number: _ ^ 6 19 <u>- 884 - 7763</u>				
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code): 56180 Monkor St., 92274				
Local Agency: County of Riverside				
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number: SEE ATTACHED VSR GATEWAY VILAGE ASSEMBLAGE DATA SPREADHEEL				
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code:				
Regulatory Identification number:N/A				
Date of list:				
Applicant: MANKER Date 9/16/2019				
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT				
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether:				
1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes \(\subseteq\) No \(\subseteq\)				
2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes \(\sigma\) No \(\sigma\)				
I (we) certify that my (our) answers are true and correct.				
Owner/Authorized Agent (1) While MANNEEL Date 9/16/2019				
Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Date				

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

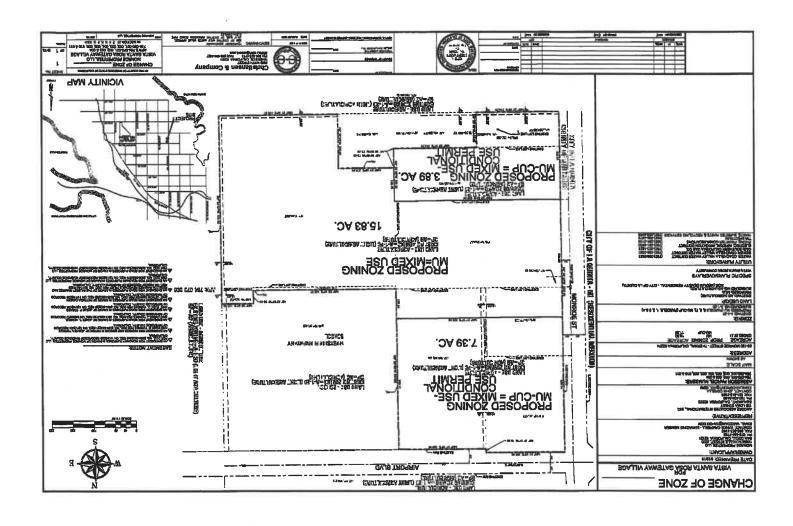
Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Land Use and Development Condensed application.docx
Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 08/03/2018

Monroe Properties, LLC

Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village Assemblage Data

Parcel		Owner	Property Address	APN#	Size	Ours
Parcel #1a	Atkins A	Monroe Properties, LLC	56300 Monroe Street	764-080-002-3	4.72	4.72
Parcel #1b	Atkins B	Monroe Properties, LLC	56300 Monroe Street	764-080-001-2 well site		
Parcel #2	Waggoner	Monroe Properties, LLC	82071 Airport Rd (AKA 56th)	764-070-003-3	4.70	4.7
Parcel #3a	Gilleland A	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-070-004-4 well site		
Parcel #3b	Gilleland B	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-080-010-0		
Parcel #3c	Gilleland C	Monroe Properties, LLC	Vacant land	764-080-011-1	9.14	9.14
Parcel #4	Castro	Monroe Properties, LLC	56180 Monroe Street	764-070-002-2	1.91	1.91
Parcel #5		John Damlen	Vacant land	764-070-001-1	2.52	2.52
Parcel #6		John Damien	Vacant land	764-080-005-6	0.27	0.27
Parcel #7		John Damien	Vacant land	764-080-006-7	0.27	0.27
Parcel #8		Glibert Ramirez	Vacant land	764-080-003-4	2.8	2.8
Parcel #9		Gilbert Ramirez	Kennedy Store & Res.	764-080-004-5	0.48	0.48
TOTAL	1				26.81	26.81

LEGEND	
Yellow	Parcels Owned by Monroe Properties LLC that are part of the Parcel Map
Red	Parcels Owned by Others (Damian Family) that are part of the Parcel Map
Blue	Parcels Owner by Others (Ramirez) that are part of the GP Amendment, but not the Parcel Map





PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E, Assistant TLMA Director

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

MONROE PROPERTIES LLC AMUNICIPAL MANAGER OF
Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

MON LOC PROPERTIES LLC VANCE AMPBEL MANAGER OF
Printed Name of Owner

**SEE ATTACHED OWNERSHIP CLAMFICATION

MANAGER OF MONROE
PROPERTIES, LLC

MANAGER OF MONROE
PROPERTIES, LLC

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

• If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018

Form 295-1082 (12-19-17)

Monroe Properties LLC, A California LLC Ownership and Management Information

Monroe Properties LLC (Monroe) is a California LLC. The Manager, and sole Member of Monroe is 101 Coastal Investors LLC. Vance Campbell is the Manager of 101 Coastal Investors LLC (Coastal) and is authorized to sign on behalf of both Monroe and Coastal.



Charissa Leach, P.E, Assistant TLMA Director

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding. FOR PARCELE: 764-070-001-14764-080-005-64006-7

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

Printed Name of Owner
ADD PATRICIA DAMIAN SILVA WHO ACQUIRED TITLE AS LETICIA DAMIAN

PATRICIA DAMIAN SILVA WHO ACQUIRED TITLE AS PATRICIA DAMIAN

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7049

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

 If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

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Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018

Form 295-1082 (12-19-17)

Monroe Properties LLC, A California LLC Ownership and Management Information

Monroe Properties LLC (Monroe) is a California LLC. The Manager, and sole Member of Monroe is 101 Coastal Investors LLC. Vance Campbell is the Manager of 101 Coastal Investors LLC (Coastal) and is authorized to sign on behalf of both Monroe and Coastal.



Charissa Leach, P.E, Assistant TLMA Director

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Printed Name of Owner

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

 If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018



Charissa Leach, P.E, Assistant TLMA Director

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding. For PARCEL 764-080-004-5

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

Patricia M. Ramirez

Printed Name of Owner

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"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

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Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

and

INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012, CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 1900034, TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 37801, and CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190030 - Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration -CEQ190110 - Applicant: Monroe Properties, LLC. - Engineer/Representative: Ancore Associates International, Inc. -Fourth Supervisorial District - Lower Coachella Valley Zoning District - Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan: Existing: Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) - Proposed: Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD-MUA) - Location: Northerly of Otymar Lane, southerly of Airport Boulevard, and easterly of Monroe Street - 27.11 Acres (GPA/CZ)/23.21 Acres (TPM/CUP) – Zoning: Existing: Light Agriculture – 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) – Rural Commercial (C-R) – Proposed: Mixed Use (MU) - REQUEST: General Plan Amendment No. 190012 is a proposal to change the existing General Plan Foundation Component and Land Use Designation from Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD-MUA) on 27.11 acres. Change of Zone No. 190034 is a proposal to change the existing Zoning Classifications for the project site from Light Agriculture, 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU) on the 27.11 acres. Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801 is a proposal for a Schedule "E" subdivision of 23.21 gross acres into seven (7) parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres. Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is a proposal to construct a 7,550 sq. ft. multi-tenant retail building, a 5,800 sq. ft. gas station with a convenience store including sale of beer and wine, eight (8) fueling pump stations with a canopy (which offers 16 fueling positions), a 15,800 sq. ft. pharmacy retail building with sale of beer, wine, and liquor, a 2,400 sq. ft. fast food restaurant with a drive-thru, and a 158,800 sq. ft. two-story assisted living facility with 128 units on 23.21 acres. Parking for the project would consist of 322 parking spaces; including 13 electric vehicle and 14 disabled person parking spaces. Additionally, the project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School). APN: 764-070-001 thru 004, and 764-080-001 thru 006, 010, 011.

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING: DECEMBER 16, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/. For further information regarding this project please contact Project Planner Tim Wheeler at (951) 955-6060 or email at twheeler@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above project will not have a significant effect on the environment and has recommended adoption of a mitigated negative declaration. The Planning Commission will consider the proposed project and the proposed mitigated negative declaration, at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project and the proposed mitigated negative declaration is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If you challenge this project in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that, as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands, within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to:

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Tim Wheeler, P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

and

INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

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GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190012, CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 190034, TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 37801, and CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190030 Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration -CEQ190110 - Applicant: Monroe Properties, LLC, - Engineer/Representative: Ancore Associates International, Inc. - Fourth Supervisorial District - Lower Coachella Valley Zoning District - Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan: Existing: Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) - Proposed: Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD-MUA) - Location: Northerly of Otymar Lane, southerly of Airport Boulevard, and easterly of Monroe Street - 25.88 Acres -Zoning: Light Agriculture - 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) - Rural Commercial (C-R) - REQUEST: General Plan Amendment No. 190012 is a proposal to change the existing General Plan from Agriculture (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Planning Area (CD-MUA). Change of Zone No. 190034 is a proposal to change the existing zone(s) from Light Agriculture - 20 Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural Commercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU). Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801 is a proposal to create seven parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to 6.48 acres for the Vista Santa Rosa Gateway Village. Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is a proposal to develop a 7,550 sq. ft. multi-tenant retail building; a 5,800 sq. ft. gas station with a convenience store and eight (8) fueling pump stations with a canopy (which offers 16 fueling positions); a 15,800 sq. ft. pharmacy retail building; a 2,400 sq. ft. fast food restaurant with a drivethru; a 158,800 sq. ft. two-story assisted living facility; and will remodel an existing restaurant building located on Assessor's Parcel Number 764-080-004. The project would also provide a school bus lane for the neighboring elementary school (Westside Elementary School).

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING: **DECEMBER 2, 2020**

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

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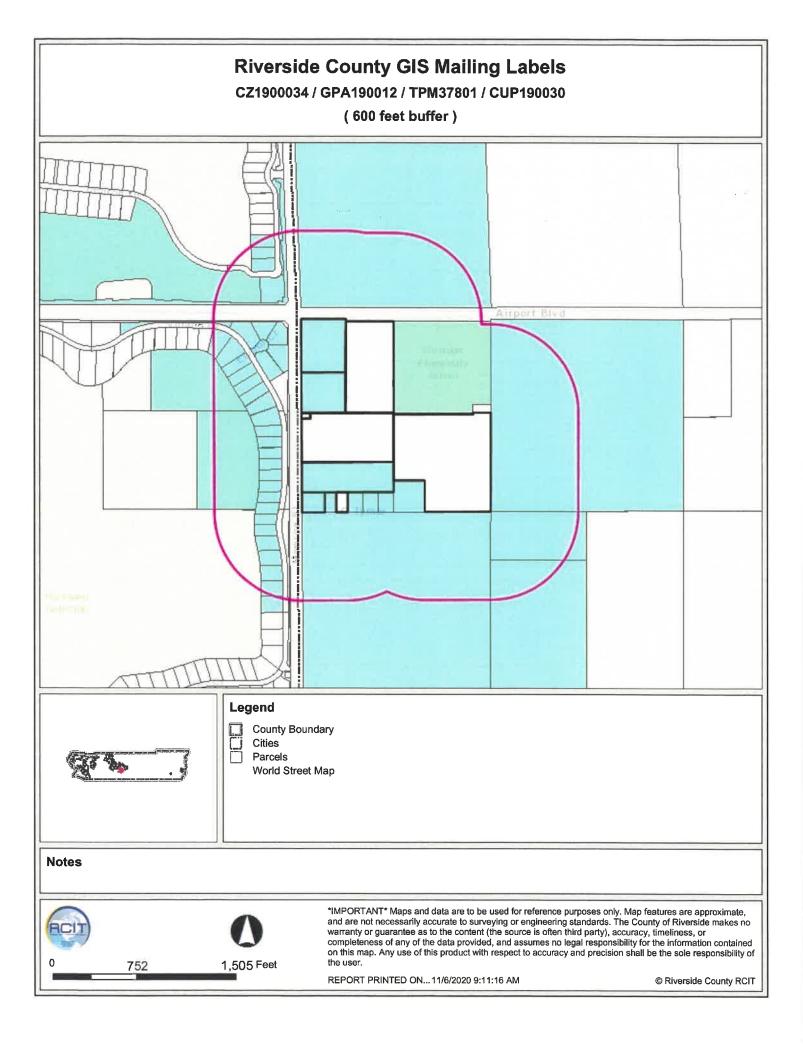
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Please send all written correspondence to:
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Tim Wheeler/P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I, VINNIE NGUYEN certify that on November 06, 2020
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS
APN (s) or case numbers <u>CZ1900034/GPA190012/TPM37801/CUP190030</u> for
Company or Individual's NameRCIT - GIS
Distance buffered600'
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all oth
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 2
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundarie
based upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identifie
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names ar
mailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-si
improvement/alignment.
I further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
understand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of the
application.
TITLE: GIS Analyst
ADDRESS: 4080 Lemon Street 9 TH Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
TELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a.m. – 5 p.m.): (951) 955-8158



764040012 CLIFFORD R. CUMMINGS 3377 VALENCIA AVE SAN BERNARDINO CA 92404 764040014 DAVIS KELVIN L TRUST DATED 10/2/2015 PO BOX 102017 FORT WORTH TX 76185

764040019 VILLAGE AT THE PALMS INC P O BOX 1032 PALM DESERT CA 92261 764040023 CHRISTOPHER THODE 81920 ELYNOR CT LA QUINTA CA 92253

764040026 LINDGREN DAVID H FAMILY TRUST 81945 ELYNOR CT LA QUINTA CA 92253 764040028 VILLAGE AT THE PALMS INC 39755 BERKEY DR NO A PALM DESERT CA 92211

764050018 JOHN B. CAHOON 56665 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253 764050026 RICHMOND MCKINNISH 3253 NEW HOLLAND RD WAGENER SC 29164

764040013 BRIAN DOYLE 697 CYPRESS HILLS DR ENCINITAS CA 92024 764040016 STANLEY S. HERR 56545 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253

764040024 HUBERT JYH REN YEN 950 ROSALIND RD SAN MARINO CA 91108 764050017 TOROS DZHINANYAN 6409 BLEWETT AVE LAKE BALBOA CA 91406

764050029 JACK P. WADE 6893 VIA VALVERDE LA JOLLA CA 92037 764070001 JOHN S. DAMIAN 41 226 BROADMOOR DR INDIO CA 92203 764070006 COACHELLA VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL PO BOX 847 THERMAL CA 92274 764080004 PATRICIA M. RAMIREZ 82562 PISA CT INDIO CA 92203

764090001 PARS RANCH 10990 WILSHIRE BLVD # 1200 LOS ANGELES CA 90024 764010002 RANCHO ELDA P O BOX 29 LA QUINTA CA 92253

764010003 PALMS GOLF CLUB INC P O BOX 29 LA QUINTA CA 92253 780310012 PARS RANCH 10990 WILSHIRE BLVD # 1200 LOS ANGELES CA 90024

780170014 KSL DESERT RESORT 1 POST OFFICE SQ STE 3100 BOSTON MA 02109 764050019 JEFFREY DALE LAWHEAD 56685 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253

764050020 BRUCE R. VOGEL 56705 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253 764070005 RICHERT FAMILY PARTNERSHIP 83801 AVENUE 45 INDIO CA 92201

764080008 JESUS P. TORRES 82170 OTYMAR LN THERMAL CA 92274 764040010 OSCAR LYNN ROACH 2089 HUNTER CREST WAY VIENNA VA 22181

764040025 JULIO CALERO 81964 ELYNOR CT LA QUINTA CA 92253

764070002 MONROE PROP 10685 ROSELLE ST NO 200 SAN DIEGO CA 92121 764090002 JEROME B. BURNETT 5617 BEDFORD PINES CT RALEIGH NC 27613 764090003 J BURTON BURNETT 82261 AIRPORT BLV THERMAL CA 92274

780170011 PGA WEST FAIRWAYS ASSN P O BOX 1690 LA QUINTA CA 92247 764040027 JIM LHOTKA P O BOX 4209 LAGO VISTA CA 78645

764050016 JEFF KORMAN 488 VIA PALERMO DR HENDERSON NV 89011 764050027 GARY T. MORTON 4144 RIDGE RD UNIT 30 STEVENVILLE MI 49127

764050028 AFFAITATI TRUST DATED 08/15/19 38380 WILD LILAC POINT YUCAIPA CA 92399 764080012 JESUS TORRES 82170 OTYMAR LN THERMAL CA 92274

764040011 RICHARD A. COOMBS 9982 TROON CT WINDSOR CA 95492 764050013 PAULA RUDIN KLUG 279 BROADWAY COSTA MESA CA 92627

764050030 ADAM C. LIBMAN 150 N SANTA ANITA NO 740 ARCADIA CA 91006 764050001 TIMOTHY P. MURPHY 56745 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253

764050002 JACK B. SNOW PO BOX 67 ZEPHYR COVE NV 89448 764050021 JOHN KONISZEWSKI 56725 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253 764080007 SANCHEZ ERASMO A REVOCABLE TRUST P O BOX 2314 INDIO CA 92202 764080009 JAMES T. HEDGER 82120 OTYMAR LN THERMAL CA 92274

764040015 JOHN R. MATHESON 56525 VILLAGE DR LAQUINTA CA 92253 780170009 BRE ICONIC LQR OWNER LLC PO BOX 3879 CHICAGO IL 60690

780280004 A VICTOR KUBBEH 55885 TURNBERRY WAY LA QUINTA CA 92253 764080003 SYLVIA CERVANTES 4625 W VARTIKIAN FRESNO CA 93722

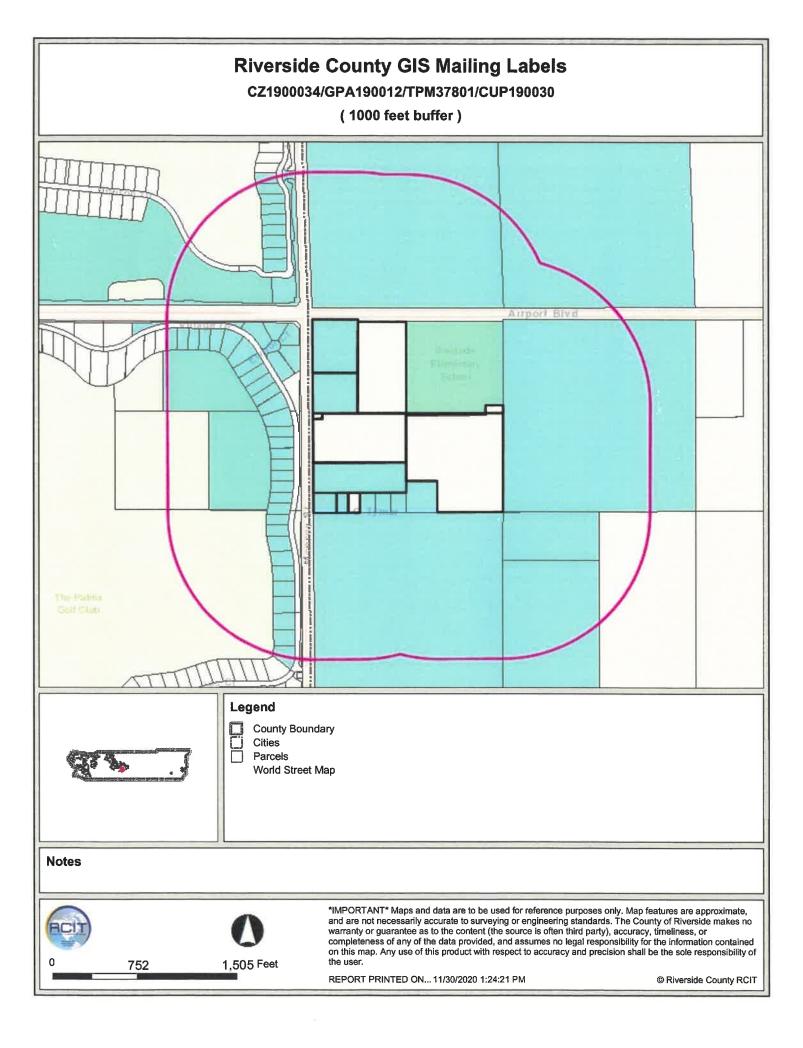
764080005 PATRICIA DAMIAN 41226 BROADMOOR DR INDIO CA 92203 764050014 SIRIUS 8210 SE 30TH ST MERCER ISLAND WA 98040

764050015 JEFFREY W. JOHNSON 118 BELLA VISTA AVE BELVEDERE CA 94920 780170004 CVWD P O BOX 1058 COACHELLA CA 92236

780280003 ROBERT L. CHAISSON 3209 5TH ST NW CALGARY AB T2M3E1 780280005 STEVEN S. FOUNTAIN 55915 TURNBERRY WAY LA QUINTA CA 92253

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Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department.
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764060004 KALLIANA R. KRISHNAN 737 RICHARDSON DR BRENTWOOD CA 94513 764050018 JOHN B. CAHOON 56665 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253

764050026 RICHMOND MCKINNISH 3253 NEW HOLLAND RD WAGENER SC 29164 764080003 SYLVIA CERVANTES 4625 W VARTIKIAN FRESNO CA 93722 764080005 PATRICIA DAMIAN 41226 BROADMOOR DR INDIO CA 92203 780310012 PARS RANCH 10990 WILSHIRE BLVD # 1200 LOS ANGELES CA 90024

764040006 PATRICIA REILLY 448 EUCALYPTUS REDLANDS CA 92373 764050001 TIMOTHY P. MURPHY 56745 VILLAGE DR LA QUINTA CA 92253

780280004 A VICTOR KUBBEH 55885 TURNBERRY WAY LA QUINTA CA 92253 780260014 TURNER FAMILY TRUST DTD 11/01/2004 24422 AVENIDA DE LA CARLATA STE 400 LAGUNA HILLS CA 92653

780310013 MAJID FAMILY LTD PARTNERSHIP 81709 DR CAREON BLV INDIO CA 92201 780260013 SAM TORBATI 5016 N PARKWAY CALABASAS # 200 CALABASAS CA 91302

780260015 PERKINS CAROLE L FAMILY TRUST DATED 24 ANACAPA LN ALISO VIEJO CA 92656

780260016 LAURENCE H. WAYNE 55765 TURNBERRY WAY LA QUINTA CA 92253

780280001 PETER HENRICSSON 55795 TURNBERRY WAY LA QUINTA CA 92253 780280003 ROBERT L. CHAISSON 3209 5TH ST NW CALGARY AB T2M3E1

780280005 STEVEN S. FOUNTAIN 55915 TURNBERRY WAY LA QUINTA CA 92253 780280002 CHARLES G. COLBY 59 ESTABAN DR CAMARILLO CA 93010

Ancore Associates International, Inc. 155 Loma Street Beaumont, CA 92223 Attn: John A. Corella

Christiansen & Company 5225 Canyon Crest Drive, Suite 251 Riverside, CA 92507 Attn: Keith A. Christiansen

> Monroe Properties, LLC. 10685 Roselle Street #200 San Diego, CA 92121 Attn: Vance Campbell

City of La Quinta 78495 Calle Tampico La Quinta, CA 92253 Attn: Carlos Flores, Senior Planner

> Agua Caliente Band Of Cahuilla Indians 5401 Dinah Shore Drive Palm Springs , CA 92264

Torres Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians P.O. Box 969 66725 Martinez Rd. · Thermal, CA 92274

Native American Heritage Commission Environmental and Cultural Department 1550 Harbor Blvd., Suite 100 West Sacramento, CA 95691



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach Assistant TLMA Director

	Office of Planning and Research (OPR) P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 County of Riverside County Clerk	FROM:	Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P. O. Box 1409 Riverside, CA 92502-1409		38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, California 92211
UBJECT	T: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with	Section 2	21152 of the California Public Resources (Code.	
	012 / CZ1900034 / TPM37801 / CUP190030 / CEQ190 /Case Numbers	110			
im Whe	eler tact Person	(951) 9 Phone No	55-6060 mber		
I/A	inghouse Number (if submitted to the State Clearinghouse)				
	Properties, LLC	10685 Address	Roselle Street, #200, San Diego, CA 921	21	
	ect site is within the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Pl ackson Street.	an, and is	located north of 58th Avenue, south of A	Airport	Boulevard, east of Monroe Street, and
gricultur xisting 2 7.11 ac .48 acre onvenie etail buil acility wi	Plan Amendment No. 190012 is a proposal to change re (AG) to Community Development: Mixed Use Plant Zoning Classifications for the project site from Light A res. Tentative Parcel Map No. 37801 is a proposal for es. Conditional Use Permit No. 190030 is a proposal tence store including sale of beer and wine, 8 fueling planting with sale of beer, wine, and liquor, a 2,400-squath 128 units on 23.21 acres. Parking for the project was Additionally, the project would also provide a school bus cription	ning Area griculture a Sched construction nump stat re-foot fast ould cons	(CD: MUA) on 27.11 acres. Change of 2 – 20-Acre Minimum (A-1-20) and Rural ule "E" subdivision of 23.21 gross acres it a 7,550-square-foot multi-tenant retail bons with a canopy (which offers 16 fueling the food restaurant with a drive-thru, and a list of 322 parking spaces; including 13 elements.	Cone N Comminto se uilding ng pos 158,8 ectric	No. 190034 is a proposal to change the nercial (C-R) to Mixed Use (MU) on the even parcels ranging from 1.13 acres to a 5,800-square-foot gas station with a sitions), a 15,800-square-foot pharmacy 300-square-foot two-story assisted living vehicle and 14 disabled person parking
nade the	o advise that the Riverside County <u>Board of Supervisor</u> e following determinations regarding that project: project WILL NOT have a significant effect on the envience environmental Impact Report was not prepared for the gation measures WERE made a condition of the approlitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan/Program WAS latement of Overriding Considerations WAS NOT adoptings were made pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.	ronment. project pu val of the NOT ado	rsuant to the provisions of the California E project.		
	o certify that the earlier EA, with comments, responses ent, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 925		ord of project approval is available to the	genei	ral public at: Riverside County Planning
		Project I	Planner		
Date Red	Signature ceived for Filing and Posting at OPR:	110,000	Title		Date
Pleas	se charge deposit fee case#: ZCEQ190110 ZCFG .				



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

4.1

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

CZ No. 1900012	Applicant: County of Riverside
CEQ 180084	
Countywide	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Countywide	
All districts Peter Hersh Advance Planning	John E. Hildebrand
Countywide	TLMA Deputy Director — Interim Planning Director
	CEQ 180084 Countywide Countywide All districts Peter Hersh Advance Planning

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Change of Zone (CZ) No. 1900012 is a text amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use Ordinance) that (1) adds a new article establishing regulations for Single-Room Occupancy units ("SROs"); (2) adds a new article establishing regulations for Tiny Homes and Container Housing; (3) updates existing regulations and definitions related to Supportive and Transitional Housing, Employee Housing and Family Day Care Homes; (4) modifies the existing R-3 Zone (General Residential), R-6 Zone (Residential Incentive), R-7 Zone (Highest Density Residential), and the MU Zone (Mixed Use); (5) adds a new section providing allowances for density bonus and other incentives, and (6) makes clarifying revisions to ensure consistency with Ordinance No. 348.

CZ No. 1900012 and the associated text amendment to Ordinance No. 348, attached hereto, is hereinafter referred to as the "Project."

The Project, as proposed, affects and applies only to all unincorporated areas of the County of Riverside.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

RECOMMENDS THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>ADOPT</u> the NEGATIVE DECLARATION for CEQA ANALYSIS NO. CEQ 180084, based on the findings and conclusions provided in the initial study, attached hereto and incorporated herein, and the conclusion that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment; and,

CZ No. 1900012

Planning Commission Staff Report: December 16, 2020

Page 2 of 8

<u>APPROVE</u> Change of Zone No. 1900012 and the associated text amendment to Ordinance No. 348, attached to this staff report, that modifies Ordinance No. 348 by adding new regulations and modifying existing regulations related to housing, zoning and family day care homes in compliance with state law and the County's 2013-2021 Housing Element and its Eight Year Action Plan.

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

The Board of Supervisors approved the 2013-2021 Housing Element of the General Plan in December 2016 and a Mid-Cycle Update of the Housing Element in October 2017. Both approvals were deemed by the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) to be in compliance with State housing element law (Article 10.6 of the Government Code) on April 27, 2017 and January 11, 2018, respectively. The HCD determination of compliance was based on "the County completing various zoning amendments such as amending zoning for employee housing and transitional and supportive housing and adopting a density bonus ordinance in compliance with Government Code Section 65915." The purpose of the Project is to contribute to the conditions set forth by HCD and help promote affordable and special needs housing as required by State housing element law. The amendment to Ordinance No. 348, as described below, has been prepared in furtherance of this direction by HCD when the Housing Element was certified by HCD in 2017 and 2018, and it has been further updated by legislation passed in 2018 and 2019.

The Board of Supervisors initiated an order and directed the Planning Department and County Counsel to prepare and process an amendment to Ordinance No. 348 on April 24, 2018.

In furtherance of providing additional opportunities for affordable housing, included in this amendment to Ordinance No. 348, are provisions for the construction of container housing and tiny homes, which can be built individually or in clusters and as accessory dwelling units, as well as technical amendments to certain "R" (residential) zones or the MU (Mixed-Use) zone to facilitate the construction of both single family and higher density housing.

Project Analysis:

Single Room Occupancy Units (SROs)

State law encourages jurisdictions to allow for Single Room Occupancy Units ("SROs") - a form of housing in which one or two occupants are housed in individual permanent resident rooms within a multiple tenant building. Due to the need to house to house lower income households, SROs would be allowed in the unincorporated areas of Riverside County. In order to appropriately regulate SROs to ensure compatibility with surrounding uses, private properties and minimize impacts associated with such uses to a community, the Project proposes to add "Article XIXn Single Room Occupancy Units" to Ordinance No. 348. The article would allow SROs in the C-1/C-P and MU Zones with a Conditional Use Permit and establish development standards for the use. Allowing SROs in these zones would maximize the potential for compatibility as SROs are typically high density residential products which can resemble extended stay hotels.

Housing Alternatives

In order to increase the availability of a greater variety of potentially affordable housing products in the unincorporated areas, the construction and installation of tiny homes (500 sq. feet or less) or the placement of shipping containers, adapted for residential, would be allowed on all lots that permit the construction of a conventional single family dwelling and accessory dwelling unit (ADU), and in a clustered manner on lots in the an R-7 or MU zones. These housing alternatives would be added as new Article XIXo in Ordinance No.348.

Tiny homes and shipping container housing can be constructed off-site or on-site. When a tiny home or a shipping container residential structure is provided in lieu of a single family dwelling or accessory dwelling unit, it would be permitted by right. In the event that these housing alternative products are constructed in a clustered manner in the R-7 or MU zone, a plot plan approval would be required.

Supportive and Transitional Housing

Two new housing types would be defined and recognized through this amendment as new Section 18.55 of Article XVIII of Ordinance No. 348.

In accordance with Section 50675.14 of the California Health and Safety Code, "supportive housing" consists of rental housing with no limit on length of stay that is occupied by persons with disabilities, homeless families, or homeless youth, in association with onsite or offsite services related to obtaining housing, improving health, or obtaining work. Supportive housing would be permitted where one family dwellings or multiple family dwellings are allowed, according to the same terms that that these latter uses are allowed. However, if supportive housing meets specific criteria, set forth in Government Code Section 65651, such use would be allowed by right where one family dwellings, multiple family dwellings, and mixed uses are allowed.

In accordance with Section 50675.2 of the California Health and Safety Code, "transitional housing" consists of rental housing provided to eligible recipients on an interim basis, not less than six months. Transitional housing would be allowed in all zone classifications where one family dwellings or multiple family dwellings are allowed, subject to the General Plan density, permitting process, and development standards applicable to that zoning classification.

Density Bonus

The Project would add Section 18.54 to Article XVIII of Ordinance No. 348 to address density bonuses to codify allowances in state law. A density bonus is proposed to be defined as an "increase over the maximum allowable residential density set forth in the Riverside County General Plan land use designation for a Housing Development...," typically to enable the construction of affordable housing. The bonus could be applied to any project of five or more dwelling units. The allowable bonuses are as specified in State law and would be calculated above the maximum General Plan density on a site. Applicants meeting the requirements for the density bonus may also request incentives, such as modifications to site development standards and architectural design requirements, if such modifications would result in identifiable enumerated cost reductions that would increase housing affordability or if the development standard has the effect of physically precluding the construction of the affordable housing development. The applicant may also request a reduction in parking ratios to the minimum set by State law. An additional bonus or incentive is available if the applicant includes a child care facility as part of the project.

The density bonus or other incentives are usually requested to reduce development costs in order to provide affordable housing pursuant to formulaic considerations provided in Government Code Section 65915 et seq. Additionally, in order to ensure long term affordability for rental or for-sale products, long term affordability would be deed restricted and with residents being income qualified for subsequent rentals or sales.

Employee Housing

New state law recognizes the need to provide adequate and safe employee housing, particularly in agricultural communities. Pursuant thereto, this amendment to Ordinance No. 348 would add a definition of "Employee Housing" (new Section 21.32c of Article XXI) as including "housing accommodations provided by an employer for five or more employees that are maintained or connected with any work or place where work is performed" and "housing accommodations or property located in a rural area provided by someone other than an agricultural employer for five or more agricultural employees that are not maintained or connected with work or workplace." The "housing accommodations" may consist of any living quarters, dwelling, boardinghouse, tent, bunkhouse, and maintenance of way car, mobilehome, manufactured home, recreational vehicle, travel trailer, or other accommodations maintained in one or more buildings or one or more sites." The location of employee housing is generally in the more intense agricultural zones where agriculture is typically a commercial activity. Allowances for employee housing is also extended to zones which allow larger industrial activity. Smaller employee housing approval is typically permitted through staff review with the Planning Commission involved if there are outstanding issues remaining after staff review. Larger employee housing is processed through discretionary review as required by the underlying zone.

General Residential (R-3) and Planned Residential (R-6) Zoning

To further promote affordable housing opportunities, the Project proposes refinements to the existing R-3 and R-6 Zone classifications. A plot plan approval for a one-family dwelling would no longer be required with the one family dwelling considered a "by-right" use. Development standards for the R-6 Zone regarding minimum lot areas for single family detached developments would be reduced to 3,000 square feet from the existing 5,000 square feet for greater flexibility in the development of affordable housing.

Highest Density Residential (R-7) and Mixed Use (MU) Zoning

The Project proposes refinements to the existing MU and R-7 Zones that clearly define the purpose and intent of the MU and R-7 Zones, further specifies uses permitted within the MU and R-7 Zones, and further clarifies development standards. The purpose of the MU Zone is to promote a mix of land uses and facilitate development of areas that offer a combination of housing, employment, and commercial opportunities, which encourages "active transportation" such as walking, biking, use of transit, in addition to traditional vehicular modes of transportation. The intent of the MU Zone is to implement the Mixed-Use Area (MUA) land use designation of the General Plan. The purpose of the R-7 Zone is to establish a residential zone that allows the highest residential densities in the unincorporated areas of the County. Additionally, the R-7 Zone allows for a density range to match the Highest Density Residential (HHDR) land use designation of the General Plan. Both zones will also allow one family dwellings by right on an existing legal lots.

Family Day Care Homes

Pursuant to recent state law enactments, the Project proposes refinements to the existing section of Family Day Care Homes to allow both small family day care homes and large family day care homes, with the latter allowing up to 14 children, including children under 10 years of age in a lawfully occupied detached single-family dwelling, a townhouse, a dwelling unit within a dwelling, or a dwelling unit within a covered multifamily dwelling as a use by right without requiring any approval permit. The intent of the state law is to increase allowances for such licensed facilities to make daycare opportunities more available, cost less, and easier to establish.

Airport Land Use Commission

Change of Zone No. 1900012 amending the Land Use Ordinance was reviewed by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) on July 11, 2019. ALUC determined that the project was consistent with Airport Land Use Compatibility Plans provided that employee housing in Airport Influence Areas are referred to ALUC staff for statements as to consistency or inconsistency with applicable compatibility plans prior to acceptance of building plans.

Subsequent to the ALUC action on July 11, 2019, staff did not pursue the approval of the project, pending further changes to the Project. Those changes, including a proposal to allow tiny homes and container housing in the unincorporated area along with changes to the R-3 and R-6 zones were not previously reviewed by ALUC. Therefore, ALUC staff determined that a second review by ALUC for land use compatibility plan consistency was necessary. Such review was conducted at an ALUC public hearing held on September 10, 2020. The Commission unanimously found that the ordinance amendments were consistent with the 2004 Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan and all other Compatibility Plans applicable to the unincorporated area provided that proposals for employee housing and supportive housing in Airport Influence areas are referred to ALUC staff for statements as to consistency or inconsistency with applicable Compatibility Plans prior to acceptance of building permits. Changes have been made to the building permit application form to ensure that this additional level of review by ALUC staff occurs for use by right applications.

Assembly Bill 52

State law requires that an opportunity for consultation be made available to Native American Tribes in the County when considering a CEQA project compliance document, pursuant to Assembly Bill (AB) 52. AB 52 compliant letters were sent to all Tribes in Riverside County on January 28, 2019. AB 52 consultation was required, since an IS/ND was prepared for the Project. In response to the letters sent, one (1) Native American Tribe requested consultation (the Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians). However, consultation between the aforementioned tribe was not held because the project was delayed. As a result, a new round of AB 52 consultation letters were sent to the Native American Tribes on July 9, 2020 with a request for consultation due by August 14, 2020. No request for consultation were received by the due date of August 14, 2020. The Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians did not renew its request for consultation in response to the second letter likely because with the additional information contained in the second letter, this Native American Tribe understood that its interests would not be affected by the Land Use Ordinance Amendment.

CEQA COMPLIANCE

An Initial Study (IS) and a Negative Declaration (ND) have been prepared for this Project, in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The IS and ND represent the independent judgement of Riverside County. A Notice of Intent to Adopt an ND was prepared, and the documents were circulated for public review per the CEQA Statute and Guidelines Section 15105 and Executive Order No. N-54-20, which allowed for unique noticing options during the current situation (see compliance information below). While the IS/ND identifies potentially significant impacts relating to transportation, mitigation measures have been incorporated into the Project to reduce those impacts to a level of less than significant. Accordingly, the Project as proposed will not result in any potentially significant environmental impacts.

Posting/Availability of IS/ND and the amendment to Ordinance No. 348

- IS/ND and ordinance amendment was posted on the Planning Department's public website and noticed on the County's Twitter account on November 16, 9020.
- Planning Commission Public Hearing Notice / CEQA Notice of Intent to recommend adoption of the IS/ND as described below.
- Notice of Intent was filed with the County Clerk/Recorder.
- SCH #2020110251 -- IS/ND circulated for public review and comment from November 16, 2020 through December 16, 2020.

OUTREACH AND NOTIFICATION

The Project was noticed in the Press Enterprise on November 16, 2020 and the in Desert Sun on December 15, 2020, pursuant to Section 1.6, 1.7, 1.8 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 348. The project is scheduled to be presented to the Planning Commission on December 16, 2020 as a public hearing item on the Agenda. If comments are received after the release of this report to the Planning Commission, Advance Planning staff will update the Commission at the Public Hearing. Otherwise, comments and responses will be included with this staff report packet.

Any member of the public is welcome to provide comments or concerns during the Planning Commission public hearing.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The County's 2013-2021 Housing Element was approved by HCD contingent on the County establishing ordinances for density bonuses, single room occupancy units, transitional housing, supportive housing, and employee housing.
- 2. The County's Housing Element was part of a comprehensive update to the General Plan which was completed in 2015 and 2016. The Housing Element covers an 8 year cycle between 2013 and 2021. Its goals, policies, and actions are contained in Housing Element Eight Year Action Plan. The requirement for density bonus allowances single room occupancies, employee housing, supportive housing, and transitional housing emanated from the Eight Year Action Plan.

- a. Policy 1.1 encourages housing developers to produce affordable housing by providing incentives in order to reduce housing production costs. Adding density bonus provisions to Ordinance No. 348, as required by Action 1.1g. provides multiple incentives which can reduce housing costs, thereby making housing more affordable. Therefore, the density bonus provisions are consistent with Housing Element Policy 1.1.
- b. Policy 1.3 commits the County to provide assistance in development of new farm worker housing. Associated Action 1.3b broadens the land use districts where such housing is permitted and concurrently broadens the definition to include all employee housing. Employee housing amendments to Ordinance No. 348, facilitate locating small and large employee housing in agricultural land use classifications and reduces or eliminates discretionary processing requirements, thereby providing further opportunities for locating employee housing where needed, consistent with Policy 1.3.
- c. Policy 1.5 commits the County to assist in the development of supportive and transitional housing with Action 1.5c. requiring the placement of supportive and transitional housing to be no more complicated than other residential uses. Amendments to Ordinance No. 348 allow supportive housing by right in zoning classifications where single family and multifamily units are allowed. Further, supportive housing is also allowed by right in mixed use zoning classifications if certain state law findings can be made. Transitional housing is allowed wherever single family and multifamily uses are allowed according to the process that allows these latter uses. By expanding allowanced for supportive housing and transitional housing, the amendments to Ordinance No. 348 are consistent with Policy 1.5.
- d. Policy 3.5 commits the County to expanding the availability of affordable housing. Associated Action 3.5b. requests that the County consider converting older hotels to single room occupancy units (SRO), among other types of potentially affordable housing. While there have been no requests for such conversion, nevertheless Ordinance No. 348 is proposed to include a new SRO provision. SRO units are self-contained small efficiencies for single or double occupancy which support lower cost rents thereby providing affordable units consistent with Policy 3.5.
- e. Policy 1.1 and Policy 3.5 focus on establishing parameters for the production of affordable housing. In addition to facilitating affordable housing as discussed in subsections a. through e., as discussed above, Ordinance No. 348 is proposed to include requirements for building tiny homes and container housing. Because the raw materials associated with construction of such housing and the high density being allowed, including being built as accessory dwelling units, tiny homes and container housing can typically be built for less than traditional single family or multifamily housing making them more affordable to the owner or tenant. Therefore, construction of tiny homes and container housing is consistent with Policy 1.1 and Policy 3.5.
- f. The most substantive change to the R-3 and R-6 zoning classifications in Ordinance No.348 is the allowance for single family homes to be built by right primarily on legal lots and with respect to the R-6 zoning classification to reduce the minimum lot size to 3000 square feet with the idea that smaller lower cost lots would reduce the cost of housing, thereby making housing more affordable. With respect to the R-7 and MU zoning classifications, requirements were clarified with minor adjustments to development requirements, particularly pertaining to multiple family housing.

According to state law, Ordinance No. 348 must be consistent with the General Plan. The changes above are to existing zoning classifications of Ordinance No.348. But, none of the changes discussed create an inconsistency between the General Plan and Ordinance No.348. Therefore, the latter ordinance remains consistent with the General Plan because no inconsistencies are created by changes to the above zoning classifications.

- 3. The Government Code allows the County to establish regulations by ordinance for the development of Single Room Occupancy Units (Section 65583(c)(1), and allowances for a Density Bonus (Sections 65915-65918). The Health and Safety Code addresses local ordinance needs for Employee Housing (Section 17008), Supportive Housing (Section 50675.14), Transitional Housing (Section 50675.2), and Family Day Care Homes (1597.30 1597.622), within the unincorporated area of Riverside County.
- 4. Ordinance No. 348 may be amended pursuant to its Article XX. Pursuant to Article XX, the text amendment to Ordinance No. 348 establishes or amends requirements and development standards for allowing Single Room Occupancy units (SRO's), Tiny Homes and Container Housing, Supportive and Transitional Housing, Density Bonus, Employee Housing, changes to the R-7, MU, R-3 and R-6 Zone Classifications, and Family Day Care Homes.
- 5. The clarifying text changes to the Land Use Ordinance as part of the Project will assure internal consistency within Ordinance No. 348.

CONCLUSIONS:

Based on the above, the Project is in conformance with the Riverside County General Plan; is consistent with the zoning classifications of Ordinance No. 348, and with all other applicable provisions of Ordinance No. 348; protects the public's health, safety, and general welfare; and, pursuant to the IS/ND prepared for the project, it will not have a significant effect on the environment.

REPORT:

Prepared by Peter Hersh Reviewed by Robert Flores Reviewed by Shellie Clack and Aaron Gettis Approved by John Hildebrand

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment A: Initial Study/Negative Declaration and Appendix 1, Draft Amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (for CZ No. 190012)

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FORM: INITIAL STUDY

Environmental Assessment (CEQ / EA) Number: 190036

Project Case Type (s) and Number(s): CZ 1900012

Lead Agency Name: Riverside County Planning Department

Address: 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside CA, 92503

Contact Person: Peter Hersh (Project Planner)

Telephone Number: (951) 955-1195

Applicant's Name: Riverside County Planning Department

Applicant's Address: 4080 Lemon St. 12th Floor, Riverside CA 92507

I. PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Description:

CZ 1900012 ("Project") Project proposes to make focused housing-related updates to Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (the Land Use Ordinance). The update to the Land Use Ordinance would consist of the addition of a new article and section to the Land Use Ordinance, as well as the refinement of existing sections and articles of the ordinance. The proposed new article includes regulations that address Single-Room Occupancy Units (SROs) and the proposed new sections of the Ordinance addresses Density Bonuses, Supportive, Transitional, and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, Container Homes, and Family Day Care Homes. The proposed modifications to existing sections and articles include refinements to the Mixed Use (MU) Zone (Article IXf), General Residential (R-3) Zone, Residential Incentive (R-6) Zone, and the Highest Density Residential (R-7) Zone (Article VIIIg) classifications. Additionally, refinements have been made to Article XXI ("Definitions") to include "supportive housing" and "transitional housing," as defined in Government Code Section 65582, under the definitions of "Dwelling, One Family" and "Dwelling, Multiple Family." By adding supportive/transitional housing to the definition of dwelling units, they would be allowed wherever such dwelling units are allowed.

The revisions to the Land Use Ordinance are being undertaken to implement the County of Riverside Housing Element programs and changes to state law requirements.

Project Background:

In 2016, the County of Riverside adopted a 2013-2021 General Plan Housing Element (Housing Element). As a component of the Housing Element a number of policies and programs were developed to implement the Housing Element. These implementation actions were carried forward by the Mid-Cycle Update approved in Fall 2017. These implementation actions include the following:

Single- Room Occupancy Units

Action 3.5b: Assist with available housing for extremely low and lower income households by: (1) Process an amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use Ordinance) to define SROs and

allow them to be permitted in the General Commercial Zone (C-1/C-P) with a conditional use permit. Additionally, supportive housing meeting specific criteria listed in Government Code Section 65651 would be allowed by right and can also be built in the mixed use zone.

Supportive and Transitional Housing

<u>Action 3.5b</u>: The County would allow Supportive and Transitional Housing in all zone classifications where one family or multiple family dwellings are allowed, and shall be subject to the permit process and development standards which governs the category in which the supportive or transitional housing falls.

• Employee Housing:

Action 1.3 e: The County would amend the Zoning Ordinance, to comply with Health and Safety Code Sections 17021.5 and 17021.6. For the purpose of all local ordinances, employee housing would not be deemed a use that implies that the employee housing is an activity that differs in any other way from an agricultural use. The permitted occupancy for employee housing in an agricultural zone would include agricultural employees who do not work on the property where the employee housing is located.

• Family Day Care Homes:

Action 4.1b: The County would amend Section 18.29a of the Land Use Ordinance to include Family Day Care Homes, pursuant to the California Child Day Care Facilities Act (Chapters 3.4, 3.5 and 3.6) of the Health and Safety Code. The use of a lawfully occupied dwelling unit in the form of a detached single-family dwelling, a townhouse, a dwelling unit within a dwelling, or a dwelling unit within a covered multifamily dwelling as a small family day care home for up to eight (8) children, or a large family day care home for up to fourteen (14) children, including children under ten (10) years of age who reside at the home, would be a permitted use in all zones where such dwelling unit types are permitted, and would not require any permit pursuant to the Land Use Ordinance.

Density Bonus:

Action 1.1g: "Continue to promote use of density bonus provisions and adopt an ordinance to ensure consistency with state law."

Additionally, the Land Use Ordinance has been modified with respect to the following areas:

Revisions to the R-3 and R-6 Zones

The proposed updates to these zones have been developed to allow one family dwellings within the R-3 zone and allow one family dwellings, including mobilehomes on permanent foundations, in the R-6 zone. Minor revisions have also been made to the text of the R-3 and R-6 zone descriptions.

Revisions to the R-7 and MU Zones

The R-7 and MU zones were created with the adoption of the 2013-2021 Housing Element. The proposed updates to these zones have been developed to clarify the uses and development standards for these zones, as well as to make minor revisions to the text of the zone descriptions.

Housing Alternatives Ordinance:

<u>Action 1.7a:</u> Continue to provide for greater flexibility in the design of single-family development to allow for varying lot sizes and development standards than normally required in residential districts.

II. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

In response to the summaries noted above, the County is undertaking a number of modifications to the County Land Use Ordinance. This includes a number of new ordinances, as well as modifications to existing ordinances within the County Land Use Ordinance. The proposed update to the Land Use Ordinance includes two types of modifications, the inclusion of new articles and sections into the Land Use Ordinance, as well as modifications to existing articles, sections, and zones. As outlined previously, the articles and sections developed for inclusion into the Land Use Ordinance include a SROs Article, Density Bonus Section, and Supportive and Transitional Housing Section. Section 19.11 would include new standards, specifically, for Tiny Homes, and Container Housing. Additionally, changes to Section 18.29a would amend current Family Day Care Homes standards. Lastly, refinement to the articles addressing the MU, R-3, R-6, and R-7 Zones would be incorporated.

New Articles/Sections Proposed for Inclusion into the Land Use Ordinance

Proposed Single-Room Occupancy (SROs) Units Article

In order to address state provisions (Government Code Section 65583(c)(2)), the purpose of the new SROs Article is to allow for the development of SROs, while providing regulations for SROs to ensure compatibility with surrounding uses and properties and minimize impacts associated with such uses. SROs are a housing type in which one or two people are housed in individual permanent resident rooms within a multiple tenant building. The SRO Article would permit this housing type in General Commercial (C-1/ C-P) and MU zones subject to approval of a Conditional Use Permit (CUP).

SROs developed in these zones would be required to meet the development standards of the respective zone, as well as additional standards outlined in the proposed SROs Article. The proposed SROs Article incorporates a number of development standards including:

- A minimum separation of 300-feet between SRO units to avoid over-concentration;
- Compatibility with existing development and consistency with County Design Guidelines;
- Inclusion of Bicycle Parking and Storage; as well as communal space;
- Unit minimum requirements for laundry, kitchen, and bathroom facilities;
- Management plan and full-time on-site manager requirements;
- · Income restrictions for units;
- Annual review of Management Plan; and,
- Handicap Access for units consistent with State Law.

In addition to the requirements included in the SROs Article, as listed above, SROs would be subject to the site location, operation, and development standards included in the General Commercial Zone (Article IX) or Mixed Use Zone (Article IXf). Additional conditions may be required on a project level basis dependent on the conditions required under the Conditions of Approval developed by County Planning Staff and the Riverside County Planning Commission.

Proposed Density Bonus Section

In order to address state provisions (Government Code Sections 65915 through 65918), the purpose of the new Density Bonus Section is to incentivize the production of housing, particularly for very low income and low income households, and senior households. The Density Bonus Section allows for the

development of residential units within a housing development beyond what would be allowed by General Plan residential densities, given that units are made available for very low income, low income, senior, or other special needs households.

The Density Bonus Section defines a Density Bonus as a process which allows for an increase in the density within a Housing Development by a percentage established by State density bonus law. The intent of the Density Bonus is to offer economic incentives in return for guarantees that affordable housing would be preserved for qualifying households. State law allows for the following concessions or incentives: reduction in site development standards or modification of zoning code requirements including reduced lot sizes and setbacks, and others proposed by the applicant which the County finds would result in actual cost reductions.

Incentives pursuant to State density bonus law would not be granted unless a Housing Development provides a combination of affordable housing units as defined respectively in Government Code Sections 65915(b)(1)(B), 65915(b)(1)(A) and 65915(b)(1)(D), thereby constituting a Housing Development's inclusionary housing dwelling units.

In addition to identifying basic implementation procedures, development standards, and development incentives, the Density Bonus Section establishes and defines the Planning Department's application requirements and review process, as well as execution and recordation procedures for the density bonus housing agreement providing long long-term affordability for qualifying households. Any future development that utilizes the Density Bonus provisions noted above would be required to undergo a project level California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) analysis except in instances where residential development is permitted by right.

Proposed Supportive and Transitional Housing Section

The Supportive and Transitional Housing section would allow supportive housing in all zone classifications where one family dwellings or multiple family dwellings are allowed, subject to General Plan density requirements, the development standards provided in the zone classification, and the zoning permit process for the permit category in which supportive housing falls. Supportive housing meeting the requirements set forth in Government Code Section 65651 would be allowed by-right (e.g., would not require a discretionary review) in all zone classifications where multiple family and mixed uses are allowed, subject to General Plan density requirements.

Transitional housing would be allowed in all zone classifications where one family or multiple family dwellings are allowed, subject to General Plan density requirements, the development standards provided in the zone classification, and the zoning permit process which governs the category in which the transitional housing falls.

Proposed Employee Housing Section

As currently drafted, the Land Use Ordinance allows for farm labor camps in agricultural zoning classifications subject to discretionary review. Due to new State law requirements, Employee Housing would be allowed in agricultural zones in two forms, small scale and larger scale. The County defined small-scale Employee Housing as consisting of no more than 36 beds in group quarters of 12 units or spaces designed for use by single family or household. The County defines larger scale Employee Housing as consisting of more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by single family or household. The larger scale employee housing designation would replace the existing "farm labor camp" designation currently in the Land Use Ordinance. The revised Employee Housing section allows for small scale employee housing in the agricultural zones by-right (e.g., would not require a discretionary review) except to allow for a review of staff determination as needed pursuant

to Health and Safety Code Section 17021.8, while larger scale employee housing would require a discretionary review.

Future employee housing development would be required to undergo a project level CEQA analysis with the exception of small employee housing, as defined above, which does allow development by-right without a project level CEQA analysis. While small employee housing developments would be allowed in the Agriculture zone by-right, these developments would be required to meet County building standards.

Further, to account for any potential employee housing developments located in Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) compatibility zones, the amended building permit application form would identify:

- Whether a project is being proposed as employee housing pursuant to Ordinance No. 348 as revised, and
- Whether the site is located in an Airport Influence Area.

If the answer to both is "yes," the proponent would be referred to ALUC staff for a determination regarding the project's consistency with the applicable Compatibility Plan. If not consistent, the proponent would be notified before officially submitting an application or paying any associated fees. This process would be limited to proposed employee housing developments.

Proposed Tiny Homes Section

To increase the variety and supply of housing products permitted in the unincorporated area and thereby potentially increase housing affordability, the Tiny Homes Section would incentivize housing production by allowing for a smaller housing product while at the same time considering the preservation of property values, and protecting the public health, safety and welfare.

It is the intent of the Board of Supervisors to allow for the construction and installation of tiny homes in order to increase the variety and supply of housing products permitted in the unincorporated area and thereby potentially increase housing affordability by allowing for a smaller housing product while at the same time considering the preservation of property values, and protecting the public health, safety and welfare. A tiny home is a detached structure built and designed to resemble a single family home with analogous architectural features which cannot exceed 500 square feet in size (excluding patios, porches, garages, and similar structures), with a first floor living space of at least 150 square feet for split level structures, for permanent year round occupancy by one household with functional areas that support normal daily routines including cooking, sleeping and sanitation. A tiny home would be installed on a concrete slab foundation on any lot in the unincorporated area of the County of Riverside within the affected zone.

Housing units would be prohibited in locations where a development moratorium is imposed by the County or another public agency with authority to impose such a development moratorium due to a deficient water supply or inadequate sewer/septic capacity.

Proposed Container Homes Section

In order to increase the variety and supply of housing products permitted in the unincorporated area and thereby potentially increase housing affordability, the purpose of the Container Homes Section is to incentivize housing production by allowing for a smaller housing product while at the same time considering the preservation of property values, and protecting the public health, safety and welfare.

It is the intent of the Board of Supervisors to allow for the construction and installation of container homes in order to increase the variety and supply of housing products permitted in the unincorporated

area and thereby potentially increase housing affordability by allowing for a smaller housing product while at the same time considering the preservation of property values, and protecting the public health, safety and welfare. A shipping container residential structure is a dwelling made from a steel shipping container. The shipping container residential structure is adapted from a either a 20 foot by 8 foot or 40 foot by 8 foot container with a height of either 8.5 feet or 9.5 feet for permanent year round occupancy by one household with functional areas that support normal daily routines including cooking, sleeping and sanitation. A shipping container residential structure can consist of multiple shipping containers, but cannot exceed 1200 square feet in size (excluding patios, porches, garages, and similar structures) and is for permanent year round occupancy by one household with functional areas that support normal daily routines including cooking, sleeping and sanitation. A shipping container residential structure is limited to either a pier foundation, concrete slab foundation, or a piling/platform foundation on any lot in the unincorporated area of the County of Riverside within the affected zone.

Housing units would be prohibited in locations where a development moratorium is imposed by the County or another public agency with authority to impose such a development moratorium due to a deficient water supply or inadequate sewer/septic capacity.

Before a shipping container is considered for adaptation for use as a residential structure, certification must be provided to document its construction pursuant to ISO standards, documentation in the form of a manifest or other form that the container was new or single use, and documentation that its use as a residential structure is not compromised in any way including but not limited to because of physical or structural integrity, use of hazardous material for coating or fumigating, or having been used to transport hazardous material. Determinations by the Department of Environmental Health and the Fire Department regarding these criteria are absolute.

Proposed Revisions to Existing Articles and Sections in the Land Use Ordinance

Proposed Family Day Care Homes Section

Pursuant to the California Child Day Care Facilities Act (Chapters 3.4, 3.5 and 3.6) of the Health and Safety Code, the California Legislature has declared that it is the public policy of the State of California to locate family day care homes for children in normal residential surroundings so as to give children a home environment which is conducive to healthy and safe development. It is the declared public policy of the State to provide children the same environment as would be found in a dwelling unit.

The Project proposes that the use of a lawfully occupied dwelling unit in the form of a detached single-family dwelling, a townhouse, a dwelling unit within a dwelling, or a dwelling unit within a covered multifamily dwelling as a small family day care home for up to eight (8) children, or a large family day care home for up to fourteen (14) children, including children under ten (10) years of age who reside at the home, would be a permitted use in all zones where such dwelling unit types are permitted, and would not require any permit pursuant to the Land Use Ordinance.

Revisions to the R-3 and R-6 Zones

The Project proposes revisions to the R-3 and R-6 zones to allow one family dwellings within the R-3 zone and allow one family dwellings, including mobilehomes on permanent foundations, in the R-6 zone. Minor revisions have also been made to the text of the R-3 and R-6 zone descriptions.

Proposed Revisions to the Mixed Use (MU) and Highest Density Residential (R-7) Zones

The Project proposes refinements to the existing MU and R-7 Zones to clearly define the purpose and intent of the MU and R-7 Zones, further specify uses permitted within the MU and R-7 Zones and clarify

development standards in the MU and R-7 Zones . The purpose of the MU Zone is to promote a mix of land uses and facilitate development of areas that offer a combination of housing, employment, and commercial opportunities, which encourages "active transportation" such as walking, biking, use of transit, in addition to traditional vehicular modes of transportation. The intent of the MU Zone is to implement the Mixed-Use Area (MUA) land use designation of the General Plan. The purpose of the R-7 Zone is to establish a residential zone that allows the highest residential densities in the unincorporated areas of the County. Additionally, the R-7 Zone allows for a density range to match the Highest Density Residential (HHDR) land use designation of the General Plan. The MU and R-7 Zones are intended to assist the County in accommodating its required share of the Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) allocation pursuant to the Housing Element.

Other Revisions

In addition to the items noted above, the proposed Project includes definitions related to the Project components. The full text of the revised Land Use Ordinance is included as <u>Appendix 1</u>, <u>Proposed Ordinance Revisions</u>, of this document.

- A. Type of Project: Site Specific \square ; Countywide \boxtimes ; Community \square ; Policy \square .
- **B. Total Project Area:** The proposed revisions to Ordinance No. 348 would affect all unincorporated portions of the County (approximately 4.1 Million acres).

Residential Acres: N/A Lots: N/A Units: N/A Projected No. of Residents: N/A

Commercial Acres: N/A Lots: N/A Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: N/A Est. No. of Employees: N/A

Industrial Acres: N/A Lots: N/A Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: N/A Est. No. of Employees: N/A

Other: N/A

C. Assessor's Parcel No(s): Various.

D. Street References: Various.

E. Section, Township & Range Description or reference/attach a Legal Description: N/A

F. Brief description of the existing environmental setting of the project site and its surroundings: Riverside County encompasses 7,295 square miles that stretch across 200 miles of California, from the eastern edge of the Los Angeles metropolitan basin to the Colorado River. The County is bounded by San Bernardino County to the north, the State of Arizona to the east, San Diego and Imperial Counties to the south, and Orange County to the west. Riverside County is one of the most diverse counties in the State, and supports well-established urban, suburban, and rural communities. It also includes an extensive array of agricultural lands, lands devoted to mineral resources extraction, and recreational areas. The western portion of the County contains most of the County's non-desert and urbanized areas. To the east is the urbanizing hub of the Coachella Valley. Beyond the Coachella Valley is the northern half of the Salton Sea. Eastern Riverside County, which lies east of the crest of the San Jacinto Mountains, contains almost all the County's desert regions. The revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would apply to the entire unincorporated areas of the County of Riverside which are primarily rural and agricultural with a limited number of suburban communities.

III. APPLICABLE GENERAL PLAN AND ZONING REGULATIONS

A. General Plan Elements/policies:

- 1. Land Use: The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not amend or introduce any new land uses into the Planning Area. Changes would not be made to the text of the General Plan or any of the County's 19 Area Plans.
- **2. Circulation:** The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not involve any changes to the existing General Plan circulation network.
- 3. Multipurpose Open Space: The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance are consistent with the policies included in the General Plan Multipurpose Open Space Element. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not prevent compliance with the Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP).
- **4. Safety:** The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance are consistent with the policies included in the General Plan Safety Element. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance do not propose any land use changes that would introduce new development or intensify a use that was not already considered as part of Certified EIR No. 521.
- 5. Noise: The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance are consistent with the policies included in the General Plan Noise Element. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not change development standards that regulate and mitigate potential noise impacts. Further, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not encourage new noise sources that were not already considered as part of Certified EIR No. 521.
- 6. Housing: The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance do not propose the addition or removal of housing units within the County. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not introduce a new use or increase density beyond those considered as part of Certified EIR No. 521. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance are intended to implement certain components of the action plan contained within the County's Housing Element.
- 7. Air Quality: The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance is consistent with the policies included in the General Plan Air Quality Element. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not introduce new uses or increase intensity of a use beyond those considered as part of Certified EIR No. 521.
- **8. Healthy Communities:** The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance are consistent with the policies included in the General Plan Healthy Communities Element.
- **B.** General Plan Area Plan(s): The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would apply within all 19 Area Plans of the General Plan.
- **C.** Foundation Component(s): The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance do not propose to change the Foundation Component of any site.
- D. Land Use Designation(s): The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not alter or create new Land Use designations.
- **E.** Overlay(s), if any: The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would apply within all Overlays areas.
- F. **Policy Area(s), if any:** The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would apply within all Policy Areas.

G. Adjacent and Surrounding	•				
1. General Plan Area Plan	(s): N/A				
2. Foundation Componen	t(s): N/A				
3. Land Use Designation(s): N/A					
4. Overlay(s), if any: N/A					
5. Policy Area(s), if any:	N/A				
H. Adopted Specific Plan Info					
•					
 Name and Number of Specific Plan, if any: N/A Specific Plan Planning Area, and policies, if any: N/A 					
	Area, and policies, it any.				
I. Existing Zoning: Various.					
J. Proposed Zoning, if any:	N/A				
K. Adjacent and Surrounding	Zoning: Various.				
. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTOR	RS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED				
ncorporated" as indicated by the ch Aesthetics	□ Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Recreation			
Agriculture & Forest Resources	Hydrology / Water Quality	☐ Transportation			
☐ Air Quality	☐ Land Use / Planning	☐ Tribal Cultural Resources			
Biological Resources	☐ Mineral Resources	Utilities / Service Systems			
Cultural Resources	Noise	Wildfire			
Energy	Paleontological Resources	Mandatory Findings of			
Geology / Soils	Population / Housing	Significance			
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Public Services				
. DETERMINATION					
On the basis of this initial evaluation	n:				
A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL PREPARED	IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DEC	CLARATION WAS NOT			
	ct (Land Use Ordinance No. 348 amonment, and a NEGATIVE DECLAR				
Significant effect on the envir	billient, and a NESATIVE DESEARCH	ATTOTA Would be propared:			

	document, have been made or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION would be prepared.							
	I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.							
ΑP	A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS PREPARED							
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED because (a) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, (b) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (c) the proposed project would not result in any new significant environmental effects not identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (d) the proposed project would not substantially increase the severity of the environmental effects identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (e) no considerably different mitigation measures have been identified and (f) no mitigation measures found infeasible have become feasible.							
	I find that although all potentially significant effects have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, some changes or additions are necessary but none of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist. An ADDENDUM to a previously-certified EIR or Negative Declaration has been prepared and would be considered by the approving body or bodies.							
	I find that at least one of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist, but I further find that only minor additions or changes are necessary to make the previous EIR adequately apply to the project in the changed situation; therefore a SUPPLEMENT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required that need only contain the information necessary to make the previous EIR adequate for the project as revised.							
	I find that at least one of the following conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162, exist and a SUBSEQUENT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required: (1) Substantial changes are proposed in the project which would require major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects; (2) Substantial changes have occurred with respect to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken which would require major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects; or (3) New information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been known with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time the previous EIR was certified as complete or the negative declaration was adopted, shows any the following:(A) The project would have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or negative declaration;(B) Significant effects previously examined would be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR or negative declaration;(C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would in fact be feasible, and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives; or,(D) Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR or negative declaration would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives.							

aplan	Thedeland	
Signature		

1/16/2

For: John Hildebrand

TLMA Deputy Director - Interim

Planning Director

John Hildoboand
Printed Name

VI. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSESSMENT

In accordance with CEQA (Public Resources Code Section 21000-21178.1), this Initial Study has been prepared to analyze the proposed Project to determine any potential significant impacts upon the environment that would result from the proposed amendments to Land Use Ordinance No.348. In accordance with California Code of Regulations, Section 15063, this Initial Study is a preliminary analysis prepared by the Lead Agency, the County of Riverside, to determine whether a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or an Environmental Impact Report is required for the proposed Project. The purpose of this Initial Study is to inform the decision-makers, affected agencies, and the public of potential environmental impacts associated with the implementation of the proposed Project.

Impact Analysis Methodology

In order to develop a succinct analysis and avoid repetition within the environmental document, the Land Use Ordinance amendments that would result in similar impacts were grouped together for each impact threshold. Generally, the new uses allowed and refinements to existing sections of the Land Use Ordinance (SROs Article, Density Bonus Section, Supportive, Transitional, and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes Section, and the revisions to the MU, R-3, R-6, and R-7 Zones, as well as the changes to the current Family Day Care Homes standards) were grouped and analyzed together due to similar impact types. In instances where specific project components require individual analysis, subheadings have been included to assist the reader in understanding which components are being discussed.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AE	STHETICS Would the project:				
1 . a)	Scenic Resources Have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located?			\boxtimes	
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?				
c)	In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure C-8 "Scenic Highways;" Ordinance No. 460, Regulating the Division of Land; Ordinance No. 461, Road Improvement Standards and Specifications; Riverside County Design Guidelines; and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located?

The County of Riverside has a limited number of officially designated scenic highways, including Highway 74, Highway 243, and a portion Highway 62. The County also has a limited number of State Eligible (but not officially designated scenic highways), including Interstate 15, Highway 111, a portion of Highway 62, and small portions of State Route 91 and State Route 71.

The County has a number of existing ordinances and General Plan policies that specifically address potential impacts to scenic highways. Ordinance No. 460, regulates the division of land for unincorporated Riverside County and promotes the preservation of visual resources by requiring that subdivisions comply with "Street Tree" provisions as well as installation requirements for electrical and communication facilities, specifically when located next to scenic highways. Ordinance No. 461, requires that rights-of-way be kept clear for the travelling public. General Plan Policy LU 14.3 would ensure the design and appearance of new development within designated or eligible State and County scenic highway corridors is compatible with the surrounding scenic setting or environment. Policy LU 14.4 would ensure a 50-foot setback is maintained from the edge of right-of-way for new development adjacent to designated and eligible State and County scenic highways. Policy OS 22.1 would ensure development within scenic highway corridors balances the objectives of maintaining scenic resources via compatible land uses, while Policy OS 22.4 would impose conditions on development within scenic highway corridors requiring the dedication of scenic easements consistent with the Scenic Highways Plan when it is necessary to preserve unique or special visual features.

The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the revised Land Use Ordinance would occur in areas where development is already anticipated. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. If it is determined that future development has the potential to impact scenic highway corridors, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA and project entitlement process, at which time mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Compliance with existing County of Riverside ordinances and General Plan policies, future development that may result from proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to scenic highway corridors.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to scenic highway corridors.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?

Scenic resources include areas that are visible to the general public and considered visually attractive, such as hillsides and ridges that rise above urban or rural areas or highways, or places accessible to the general public that provide a view of the countryside. Riverside County contains many scenic resources, such as the Santa Rosa National Monument.

The County has a number of existing ordinances and General Plan policies that specifically address potential impacts to scenic resources. Policy OS 21.1 calls for the County to identify and conserve the skylines, view corridors, and outstanding scenic vistas within Riverside County. Ordinance No. 460 regulates the division of land for unincorporated Riverside County and promotes the preservation of visual resources around natural scenic and historic sites, recreation areas, wildlife refuges, national and state monuments or other unique natural resources. Policy LU 9.1 provides for the permanent preservation of open space lands that contain scenic value. Additionally, potential impacts to scenic resources would also be less than significant through compliance with existing General Plan policies, including Policy OS 9.3 and Policy OS 9.4, which call for the conservation of trees and native vegetation to protect visual resources within Riverside County from the effects of future development.

The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to impact scenic resources and vistas, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA and project entitlement process, at which time mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Upon compliance with existing County of Riverside ordinances and General Plan policies, future development that may result from the administrative changes to the Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to scenic resources.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to scenic resources.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?

A scenic vista is a view of an area that is visually and aesthetically pleasing and is generally associated with rural open spaces. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance are generally related to areas where there is existing development, or where development is already anticipated by the General Plan and Land Use Ordinance.

The County has a number of existing ordinances and General Plan policies that specifically address potential impacts to scenic resources. General Plan Policies including Policy OS 9.3 and Policy OS 9.4, which call for the conservation of trees and native vegetation to protect visual resources within Riverside County from the effects of future development.

The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to impact public views, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Upon compliance with existing County of Riverside ordinances and General Plan policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to the scenic quality of public views.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to the scenic quality of public views.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AE	ESTHETICS Would the project:				
2 . a)	Mt. Palomar Observatory Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655?				

<u>Source(s)</u> Ordinance No. 655, *Regulating Light Pollution*; Riverside County Design Guidelines; and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655?

The Mt. Palomar Observatory is located in northern San Diego County, immediately south Riverside County. Light pollution in the vicinity of the observatory can reduce the effectiveness of the facility. To protect the operation of the observatory, Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 has been adopted to help mitigate the effects of light and glare surrounding Mt. Palomar.

The revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not involve revisions to Ordinance No. 655, and all future development occurring within Lighting Policy Area Zone A and Zone B would be subject to the light pollution controls enforced through Ordinance No. 655. Any impacts to the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory would be less than significant through compliance with existing regulations and processing procedures, such as the Riverside County Design Guidelines, as well as General Plan Policy LU 4.1, which provides mitigation for potential impacts associated with the Mt. Palomar Observatory.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to impact nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required. Following compliance with existing Ordinance No. 655, the Riverside County Design Guidelines, and General Plan policies, future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Al	ESTHETICS Would the project:				
3 . a)	Other Lighting Issues Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
b)	Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Ordinance No. 915, Regulating Outdoor Lighting; Ordinance No. 461, Road Improvement Standards and Specifications; Ordinance No. 655, Regulating Light Pollution; Riverside County Design Guidelines; and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?

The presence of artificial light or new sources of glare can have a significant impact on the aesthetics of an area during both daytime and nighttime hours. Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with Ordinance No. 915, which generally prohibits light trespass, Ordinance No. 461, which includes residential lighting standards, as well as lighting standards for highways, roadways, intersections and traffic signage, and Ordinance No. 655; refer to Response 2(a) above. Policy LU 4.1 requires that new developments be located and designed to visually enhance, not degrade the character of the surrounding area, including mitigation of potential lighting impacts to other properties, while policy LU 7.4 expresses the desire to maintain the integrity of existing developed and open space areas by protecting them from undue impacts, including lighting and glare impacts.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in light and glare impacts, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Any residual impacts to light or glare would be reduced through compliance with existing regulations and processing procedures, such as the Riverside County Design Guidelines, as well as General Plan policies (i.e., General Plan Policy LU 4.1), which provides mitigation for potential impacts associated with light and glare. Thus, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would have less than significant impacts related to light and glare.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to related to light and glare.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?

Refer to Response 3(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to unacceptable light levels.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	GRICULTURE & FOREST RESOURCES Would the oject:				
4. a)	Agriculture Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
b)	Conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve?				\boxtimes
c)	Cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm")?				\boxtimes
d)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-2, *Agricultural Resources*; Ordinance No. 509, *Establishing Agricultural Preserves*; Ordinance No. 625, *Right to Farm*; and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?

As depicted on General Plan Figure OS-2, Riverside County includes 105,390 acres of Prime Farmland, 32,360 acres of Unique Farmland, 36,660 acres of Farmland of Statewide Importance, and 162,410 acres of Farmland of Local Importance.

The County implements several existing regulations and General Plan policies to prevent or reduce impacts resulting in the conversion of State-designated farmlands to non-agricultural use. Ordinance No. 509 would protect agricultural uses from incompatible uses by limiting what types of development and uses may occur within an agricultural preserve. Ordinance No. 625, protects existing agricultural uses from nuisance complaints often generated by encroaching non-agricultural uses. A number of General Plan policies specifically address development in agricultural areas including Policy OS 7.1, which encourages the maintenance of updated agricultural resource maps to reflect current conditions, Policy OS 7.3, which encourages conservation of productive agricultural lands, and Policy OS 7.5, which encourages agricultural operations through allowing some agricultural uses by right.

The revised Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would occur in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts related to the conversion of farmland to non-agricultural uses, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations and General Plan policies; future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to the conversion of farmland to non-agricultural uses.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would not result in any impacts related to farmland conversion.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County lands encompass a number of Williamson Act contracts and thousands of acres lie within agricultural preserves within the County.

The County implements several existing regulations and General Plan policies to prevent the potential for land use conflicts with existing agricultural zoning or land uses. As discussed in Response 4(a) above, implementation of Ordinance No. 509 and Ordinance No. 625 would prevent potential conflicts with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural uses, and other related changes. In compliance with the County's rules and regulations governing agricultural preserves, any future diminishment or disestablishment of agricultural preserves would be reviewed by the County's Comprehensive Agricultural Preserve Technical Advisory Committee (CAPTAC), who in turn would provide a recommendation to the County Board of Supervisors. General Plan policies OS 7.1, OS 7.3, and OS 7.5, among others, address potential impacts resulting from the conversion of designated farmland to non-agricultural uses. In conformance with General Plan Policy LU 20.5, the County would continue its participation in the California Land Conservation Act of 1965 (Williamson Act).

The revised Land Use Ordinance would accommodate potential future development which may involve physical impacts that could conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. The revised Employee Housing section of the Land Use Ordinance allows for small scale Employee Housing in the agricultural zone by-right, with an opportunity for further review in certain

instances, while larger scale Employee Housing would require a discretionary review and would undergo a project-level CEQA analysis. While small Employee Housing developments would be allowed in the agriculture zone by-right, these developments would be required to meet County building standards. No conflicts with existing agricultural zoning would occur in this regard.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations and General Plan policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to conflicts with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use, or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to agricultural zoning or land uses.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm")?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, urban encroachment of development into areas in agricultural production, particularly if within 300 feet, increases the likelihood of conflicts between urban and agricultural land uses. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not involve revisions to Ordinance No. 625, and all future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to the agricultural protection controls enforced through Ordinance No. 625. All future development would be subject to compliance with existing County regulations and General Plan policies in place to prevent the potential for conflict with existing agricultural zoning or land uses; refer to Responses 4(a) and 4(b) above.

The revised Land Use Ordinance would accommodate future development which may involve physical impacts that could develop a non-agricultural use within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to Ordinance No. 625, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations and General Plan policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to Ordinance No. 625.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to Ordinance No. 625.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

d) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?

Refer to Response 4(a) and 4(c) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to the conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	SRICULTURE & FOREST RESOURCES Would the oject:				
5. a)	Forest Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))?				
b)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
c)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
<u>So</u>	urce(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-3a " County Parks, Forests, and Recreation Areas;" Ri 3b "Forestry Resources Eastern Riverside County Ordinance No. 559, Regulating the Removal of	verside Co y Parks, Fo	unty General rests, and Re	Plan Figure ecreation A	e OS- reas;"

Findings of Fact:

a) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County does not have any lands zoned forest land, timberland, or Timberland Production. Thus, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production. No impacts would occur in this regard.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned Timberland Production.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

EIR No. 521

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, although no lands within the County are formally zoned forest land, timberland, or Timberland Production, forest lands do occur within scattered areas of the County.

The County implements several existing regulations and General Plan policies to prevent the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Most notably, Ordinance No. 559, *Regulating the Removal of Trees*, protects forest and timber resources within the County by requiring the review and issuance of a permit for the removal of living native trees on parcels or properties greater than 0.5-acre and located above 5,000 feet elevation. General Plan policies OS 8.1 and OS 8.2, among others, address potential adverse impacts to forest lands and uses by requiring development proposals cooperate with the appropriate Federal and State agencies to achieve sustainable conservation of forest land and support conservation programs to reforest privately held forest lands.

The revised Land Use Ordinance would accommodate future development which may involve physical impacts that could result in the loss of forest land or the conversion of forest land to non-forest use. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to the loss or conversion of forest land, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

With compliance with existing Riverside County regulations and General Plan policies, any future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in no impacts related to the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

Refer to Responses 5(a) and 5(b) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to forest land.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Al	R QUALITY Would the project:				
6 . a)	Air Quality Impacts Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
b)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable Federal or state ambient air quality standard?				
c)	Expose sensitive receptors, which are located within one (1) mile of the project site, to substantial pollutant concentrations?				
d)	Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?				

Source(s): SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook; Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; Ordinance No. 706, *Mobile Source Air Pollution Reduction Programs (Funding)*; and Ordinance No. 726, *Transportation Demand Management for New Development.*

Findings of Fact:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County spans three different air basins: South Coast, Salton Sea, and Mojave Desert. The areas of the County located within the South Coast and Salton Sea Air Basins are regulated by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD), while the Mojave Desert Air Basin is regulated by the Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD). Any future developments would still be required to comply with the respective air districts' applicable rules and regulations.

Implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would not introduce new uses or increase intensity of a use beyond those considered as part of the County's General Plan. As a result, the revised Land Use Ordinance would not increase vehicle miles traveled (VMT) or construction-related air quality impacts as compared to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521. Nonetheless, the County enforces several existing regulations, ordinances, and General Plan policies to prevent the potential for conflict with applicable Air Quality Management Plans (AQMPs). For example, Ordinance No. 706, and Ordinance No. 726, act to reduce motor vehicle emissions of criteria pollutants through reduction of VMT. The Land Use Element, Circulation Element, and Air Quality Element of the General Plan incorporate several policies that address impacts with respect to AQMP compliance.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where

development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Further, future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.7.A-N1 and 4.7.A-N2, which would minimize air pollution by reducing energy use and VMT to comply with applicable AQMPs. Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations, General Plan policies, and existing County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures; the potential for future development that may result from implementation of the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance to conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable AQMP would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to conflicting with or obstructing implementation of the applicable AQMP.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable Federal or State ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?

Refer to Response 6(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts involving a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the County is in non-attainment under an applicable Federal or State ambient air quality standard.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Expose sensitive receptors which are located within 1 mile of the project site to project substantial point source emissions?

According to the County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, sensitive receptors include children, the elderly, the acutely ill, and the chronically ill. According to the SCAQMD and MDAQMD, sensitive receptors include children less than 14 years of age, the elderly over 65 years of age, athletes, and people with cardiovascular and chronic respiratory diseases. Many of these individuals reside in the County of Riverside, which has built-out urban as well as rural communities.

The County enforces several existing regulations and General Plan policies to reduce emission exposures to sensitive receptors. For example, it is the County's policy to protect people and land uses sensitive to air pollution through the use of barriers and/or distance from emissions sources (General Plan Policy AQ 2.2, among others). Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.5.1A through 4.5.1C, which would

reduce impacts to air quality by minimizing fugitive dust during construction and reducing pollution resulting from construction equipment. County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.6.D-N1, 4.6.D-N2, 4.6.B-N1, 4.6.B-N2, and 4.6.B-N3 would further reduce construction or operational emissions, which in turn would further reduce the concentration of air pollutants sensitive receptors would be exposed to within the County.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts to sensitive receptors, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations, General Plan policies, and existing County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to emissions exposures to sensitive receptors.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the exposure of sensitive receptors to substantial point source emissions.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, land uses known to have odor-emitting potential include agriculture, chemical plants, composting operations, dairies, fiberglass-molding operations, landfills, refineries, rendering plants, rail yards, and wastewater treatment plants.

The construction of future development could result in temporary airborne odors that would be limited to the duration of construction and the immediate site vicinity. Implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance is not anticipated to result in any of the odor-emitting land uses identified by County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521. Nonetheless, the County of Riverside enforces several existing regulations and policies to reduce emission exposures to sensitive receptors. For example, General Plan Policy AQ 2.1 and AQ 2.2 address potential odor impacts through the use of distance, site design, and barriers between odor emitting sources and receptors. Further, future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.6.E-N1, 4.6.E-N2, and 4.6.E-N3, which act to lessen potential odor impacts by affecting the location and design of odor-generating uses.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development

accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to objectionable odors, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations, General Plan policies, and existing County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts associated with the creation of objectionable odors.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts involving the creation of objectionable odors.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
BI	OLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
7. a)	Wildlife & Vegetation Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan?				
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12)?				
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
e)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
f)	Have a substantial adverse effect on State or Federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
g)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
Soi	urce(s): Western Riverside County Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan; Riverside Cocertified EIR No. 521; Ordinance No. 663; Ordina Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan Mitiga Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat	ounty Gene ance No. 81 ation Fee O	eral Plan, Coi 10, <i>Western I</i> Irdinance, Or	unty of Rive R <i>iverside C</i> dinance No	erside ounty . 875,

Conservation Plan Mitigation Fee Ordinance; Riverside County Oak Tree Management Guidelines; and Ordinance No. 559, Regulating the Removal of Trees.

Findings of Fact:

a) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance and occurring within the boundaries of an adopted HCP would be subject to applicable HCP requirements. All projects occurring within MSCHP criteria cells must undergo the Habitat Assessment and Negotiation Strategy (HANS) process to determine if potential future development would be consistent with the conservation requirements of the MSHCP. Future development involving a discretionary action and occurring outside criteria cells (non-MSHCP areas) may still require habitat assessments and focused surveys to verify biological resources within the area proposed for development pursuant to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.8.A-N1 and 4.8.A-N2. Any residual impacts to adopted HCPs would be reduced through compliance with existing regulations and processing procedures, such as Ordinance No. 663, which requires development projects within the SKR HCP to pay a development mitigation fee to establish Stephens' kangaroo rat reserves, administer the plan, and otherwise meet the requirements of the SKR HCP. Ordinance No. 810 and Ordinance No. 875 would require land use projects within the coverage areas of those plans to pay a development impact fee to establish reserves and implement the respective conservation plans. The Open Space Element and Circulation Element of the General Plan include several policies that would further reduce impacts with respect to HCPs.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to conflict with adopted conservation plans, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Implementation of the County's two MSHCPs, as well as existing County regulations, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside EIR No. 521 mitigation would ensure that future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to adopted conservation plans.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts involving approved local, regional, or state conservation plans.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12)?

The revised Land Use Ordinance would accommodate future development which has the potential to, either directly or through habitat modifications, impact endangered or threatened species.

Species included within the WRC-MSHCP and CV-MSHCP would be adequately covered by these plans to reduce impacts to these species and their habitats. Remaining impacts to sensitive and protected species within the 1,141 acres of non-MSHCP areas in Riverside County would be reduced through compliance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.8.A-N1 and 4.8.A-N2 and existing General Plan policies; refer to Response 7(a).

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts to endangered or threatened species, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Implementation of the County's two MSHCPs, as well as existing County regulations and General Plan policies and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation would reduce the impacts to endangered or threatened species from future development that may result from implementation of the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance to a less than significant level.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to endangered or threatened species.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, approximately 349 species in Riverside County are identified as candidate, sensitive, or special status under the Federal Endangered Species Act (FESA), California Endangered Species Act (CESA), the California Native Plant Protection Act (CNPPA), or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). Of these species, 146 are covered by the WRC-MSHCP and 27 are covered by the CV-MSHCP. Further, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act prohibits the disturbance of active nests of any native bird and requires avoidance measures for nesting birds during the breeding seasons.

Species included within the WRC-MSHCP and CV-MSHCP would be adequately covered by these plans to reduce impacts to these species and their habitats for projects located within the MSHCP. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with the FESA and CESA, Federal Clean Water Act, the California Fish and Game Code (CFGC), as well as the WRC-MSHCP and CV-MSHCP. Remaining impacts to candidate, sensitive, or special status species within the 1,141 acres of non-MSHCP areas in Riverside County would be reduced through compliance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation

Measures 4.8.A-N1 and 4.8.A-N2 (for projects involving a discretionary action), and existing County policies as noted in Response 7(a) above.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the CDFW or USFWS. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts to candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Implementation of the County's two MSHCPs, as well as existing Federal, State, and County regulations and General Plan policies and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation would reduce impacts to candidate, sensitive, or special status species from future development that may result from implementation of the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance to less than significant levels.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to candidate, sensitive, or special status species.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

Both the WRC-MSHCP and CV-MSHCP establish a system of corridors and linkages to accommodate wildlife within the open areas of Riverside County. Intensified development within these areas would have the potential to result in direct or indirect impacts to wildlife movement.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with the FESA, Migratory Bird Treaty Act, CESA, Federal Clean Water Act, CFGC, as well as the WRC-MSHCP, CV-MSHCP, and SKR HCP. All projects occurring within MSCHP criteria cells must undergo the HANS process, which outlines a methodology for permittees to utilize in order to negotiate for, set-aside, or purchase areas needed for conservation. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.8.D-N1, which would require consultation with a Riverside County Ecological Resources Specialist (ERS) if a wildlife nursery site or native resident or migratory wildlife corridor is uncovered through a project-specific biological resources assessment, as well as existing County policies.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan.

Implementation of the County's two MSHCPs, as well as existing Federal, State, and County regulations and General Plan policies and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation would ensure that any impacts to wildlife movement from future development as a result of implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to wildlife movement.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

e) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

According to the County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the WRC-MSHCP supports nine sensitive habitat types, the CV-MSHCP supports 25 sensitive habitat types, and non-MSCHP areas within the County support eight habitat types.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the CDFW or USFWS. However, future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act, CFGC, as well as the WRC-MSHCP, and CV-MSHCP. All projects occurring within MSCHP criteria cells must undergo the HANS process, which would ensure that sensitive habitats and riparian habitats are conserved. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action and occurring within the 1,141 acres of non-MSHCP areas in Riverside County would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.8.A-N1 and 4.8.A-N2 and existing General Plan Land Use Element, Open Space Element, and Circulation Element policies.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, implementation of the County's two MSHCPs, as well as existing Federal, State, and County regulations and General Plan policies and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation would ensure that any impacts to riparian habitats or other sensitive natural communities as a result of implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to riparian habitats or other sensitive natural communities.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

f) Have a substantial adverse effect on State or Federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County supports approximately 470,800 acres of (broadly defined) wetlands.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could have a substantial adverse effect on Federally protected wetlands. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act, CFGC, as well as the WRC-MSHCP and the CVMSHCP. All projects occurring within the WRC-MSCHP or CV-MSHCP would require assessment of potentially significant effects on any riparian/riverine areas or vernal pools. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action and occurring within the 1,141 acres of non-MSHCP areas in Riverside County would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.8.C-N1, which would require preparation of a jurisdictional assessment to determine if a site supports Federally protected wetlands and, where impacts to such wetlands are unavoidable, require a 404 permit to be obtained from the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). Similarly, County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.8.C-N2 would address State protected wetlands pursuant to CFGC Section 1600 et seq.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, implementation of the WRC-MSHCP, CV-MSHCP, as well as existing Federal, State, and County regulations and General Plan policies and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation would ensure that impacts to Federally protected wetlands that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to Federally protected wetlands.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?

The County implements several existing regulations and policies to prevent potential conflicts with local biological resource regulations. Riverside County's Oak Tree Management Guidelines address the treatment of oak woodlands in order to reduce potential adverse development impacts to oak trees and their protected zones. Ordinance No. 559 regulates the removal of native trees from lots that are at a

minimum one-half acre in size and that are located above 5,000 feet in elevation in unincorporated Riverside County. General Plan policies OS 9.3 and OS 9.4 would prevent significant conflicts with policies and regulations protecting biological resources such as oak trees and timberlands.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could conflict with local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to conflict with local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations and General Plan policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to potential conflicts with local biological resource regulations.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to local biological resource regulations.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Cl	JLTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
8 . a)	Historic Resources Alter or destroy a historic site?			\boxtimes	
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Ordinance No. 578, *Historic Preservation Districts*.

Findings of Fact:

a) Alter or destroy an historic site?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County has a significant number of historic structures, sites and ruins, along with other historic resources that have yet to be identified.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could alter or destroy a historic site. However, the County implements several existing procedures, regulations, and General Plan policies to prevent the alteration or destruction of historic sites. Vacant parcels within areas of the County known to have historic resources would require preparation of a Phase I Cultural Resources Study. Similarly, any parcels with environmental, geomorphological, or vegetative features known to increase the likelihood of cultural resources being present would require preparation of a Phase I Cultural Resources Study. Future development would be subject to compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), Government Code Section 65352.3 (Traditional Tribal Cultural Places Act), Public Resource Code Section 5097, and CEQA requirements. Ordinance No. 578 prevents the construction or alteration of any building or structure within an adopted Historic Preservation District. except in strict compliance with the plans approved in conjunction with the issuance of a Certificate of Historic Appropriateness by the Riverside County Planning Director. General Plan policies OS 19.2 to OS 19.5, among others, would ensure that future development projects are adequately reviewed for historic resources prior to approval; that appropriate mitigation measures are developed and incorporated into project design and project conditions of approval; and projects are appropriately reviewed for archeological resources and conditioned to comply with applicable State and Federal regulations. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.7.1B, which stipulates that avoidance is the preferred treatment for cultural resources.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and

Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following compliance with existing Riverside County procedures, regulations, policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to historic sites.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to historic sites.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?

Refer to Response 8(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to historical resources.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
CL	JLTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
9 . a)	Archaeological Resources Alter or destroy an archaeological site?			\boxtimes	
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?				
c)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Ordinance No. 578, *Historic Preservation Districts*.

Findings of Fact:

a) Alter or destroy an archaeological site?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, significant archeological resources exist within Riverside County, based on what is known from histories of local Native American and other descendant communities, and archeological and historic surveys conducted by archeologists and historians. Further, it is expected that a large number of currently undiscovered archeological resources occur within Riverside County. This is particularly true for resources that are located below the ground's surface.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could alter or destroy an archaeological site. However, the County implements several existing procedures, regulations, and General Plan policies to prevent the alteration or destruction of archaeological sites. Development of vacant parcels within areas of the County known to have historic or prehistoric resources would require preparation a Phase I Cultural Resources Study pursuant to Riverside County Planning Department procedures. Similarly, any parcels with environmental, geomorphological, or vegetative features known to increase the likelihood of cultural resources being present would require preparation of a Phase I Cultural Resources Study. Future development would be subject to compliance with the NHPA, NAGPRA, Government Code Section 65352.3 (Traditional Tribal Cultural Places Act), Public Resource Code Section 5097, and CEQA requirements, Ordinance No. 578, along with General Plan policies OS 19.2 to OS 19.5, described above, would further lessen the potential for future development proposals accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance to alter or destroy an archaeological site. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.7.1B; refer to Response 8(a) above.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County procedures, regulations, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to archaeological sites.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to archaeological sites.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?

Refer to Response 9(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to archaeological resources.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County has a long history of occupation by Native American peoples and likely includes areas of prehistoric habitation where human remains may be interred.

The County implements several existing procedures, conditions of approval, and policies to prevent disturbance to human remains. Development of vacant parcels within areas of the County known to have historic or prehistoric resources would require a Phase I Cultural Resources Study pursuant to Riverside County Planning Department procedures. Similarly, any parcels with environmental, geomorphological, or vegetative features known to increase the likelihood of cultural resources being present would require preparation of a Phase I Cultural Resources Study. Additionally, for every project subject to CEQA not otherwise categorically exempt, the County of Riverside reviews said project and implements conditions of approval. The project conditions are designed specifically to address land use projects with potential for disturbing or uncovering historical or archeological resources associated with Native American history or prehistory. Remaining impacts related to the potential to disturb human remains would be reduced through compliance with General Plan policies OS 19.2 to OS 19.5, along with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.7.1B, and Mitigation Measure 4.7.1A (for projects involving a discretionary action), which would ensure that development which encounters human remains follows Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 directives.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could disturb human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries. However, the

proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County procedures, conditions of approval, and policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to human remains.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to human remains.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ENERGY Would the project:				
Result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				
b) Conflict with or obstruct a State or Local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?			\boxtimes	

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County Climate Action Plan ("CAP"), Project Application Materials

Findings of Fact:

a) Result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could result in increased energy consumption. Implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would not introduce new uses or increase intensity of a use beyond those considered as part of the County's General Plan. As a result, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not increase VMT or construction-related air quality impacts as compared to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521. Nonetheless, the County enforces several existing regulations, ordinances, and General Plan policies to prevent the potential for wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan.

Further, future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.8.1B, which requires the County of Riverside to review all development plans prior to approval to guarantee that energy conservation and efficiency standards of Title 24 are met and incorporated into the design of future development proposals. Following compliance with existing Riverside County regulations, General Plan policies, and existing County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, impacts would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary energy consumption.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Conflict with or obstruct a State or Local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?

Implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would comply with applicable County, State, and Federal energy conservation measures. Many of the regulations regarding energy efficiency are focused on increasing building efficiency and renewable energy generation, promoting sustainability through energy conservation measures as well as reducing water consumption and vehicles miles traveled. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.5.1C, which would reduce construction vehicle and exhaust emissions, Mitigation Measure 4.7.A-N1, which would require new development projects to reduce their individual project emissions, and Mitigation Measure 4.7.A-N2, which would require future discretionary projects to incorporate Implementing measures from the County's CAP into project designs.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan.

Following compliance with existing Federal, State, and SCAQMD and MDAQMD regulations, as well as existing County ordinances, General Plan policies, County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, and the County's CAP, future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would be consistent with the goals and policies of the County's General Plan and the County CAP.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the potential to conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of improving renewable energy or energy efficiency.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
11. Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or County Fault Hazard Zones			\boxtimes	
a) Be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?				

Cod

County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; Riverside County General Plan Figure S-2 "Earthquake Fault Study Zones," Ordinance No. 457, *Riverside County Building and Fire Codes*; and Ordinance No. 547, *Implementation of the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act*.

Findings of Fact:

a) Be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as described on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone have been designated by the California Geologic Survey for the Elsinore, San Jacinto, and San Andreas Fault Zones in Riverside County. Additionally, the County of Riverside has developed and applied special studies zone criteria for the Agua Caliente Fault Zone between the Elsinore and San Jacinto faults in southwestern Riverside County.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance occurring within the Elsinore, San Jacinto, San Andreas, and Aqua Caliente Fault Zones would have the potential to expose people or structures to substantial adverse effects due to fault hazards. The County implements several existing ordinances, policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures to reduce the potential to expose people or structures to substantial adverse effects due to fault hazards. Ordinance No. 457 is adapted from the California Building Standards Codes and establishes site-specific investigation requirements, construction standards, and inspection procedures to ensure that development authorized by the County of Riverside does not pose a threat to the health, safety, or welfare of the public. Ordinance No. 547 establishes the regulations for construction, including for grading, slopes, and compaction, erosion control, retaining wall design and earthquake fault zone setbacks. General Plan Policy S 2.1 would ensure that future development complies with the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act through the provisions of a geologic study for any project within one-half mile of any Quaternary through historic faults shown on the Earthquake Fault Studies Zones map. Based on the study, development projects may be required to adhere to specific setbacks from faults, engineer structures to specific tolerances, engineer soils, etc. The General Plan Safety Element includes several other policies intended to avoid, reduce, or minimize risk related to fault hazards. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR

No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.10.1A, which would require geotechnical studies in areas that are within fault zones and that no habitable structures are constructed on an active or potentially active fault.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following compliance with existing ordinances, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.10.1A, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to fault rupture hazards.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to fault rupture hazards.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
Liquefaction Potential Zone Be subject to seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-3 "Generalized Liquefaction;" County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Figure 4.12.3, Liquefaction Zones, and Ordinance No. 547, Implementation of the Alguist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act.

Findings of Fact:

a) Be subject to seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?

Areas within Riverside County that are susceptible to liquefaction are illustrated on County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Figure 4.12.3, Liquefaction Zones. According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, there are a total of roughly 150,000 acres of "very high" and 123,500 acres of "high" liquefaction susceptibility within unincorporated Riverside County.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance occurring within these areas would have the potential for seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction. The County implements several existing ordinances, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures to reduce the potential for seismic-related ground failure. Ordinance No. 547, along with policies S 2.2 through S 2.7, would reduce seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction. by requiring specific grading standards for those development projects that involve grading. The General Plan Safety Element includes several other policies intended to avoid, reduce, or minimize risk related to seismic-related ground failure. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.10.3A and Mitigation Measure 4.10.3B, which would ensure that areas subject to liquefaction are studied by a qualified geologist and that the resultant study recommendations are implemented as part of project conditions of approval.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County ordinances, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.10.3A and 4.10.3B, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts associated with seismic-related ground failure and liquefaction.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to seismic-related ground failure.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
Ground-Shaking Zone Be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-4 "Earthquake-Induced Slope Instability Map;" Riverside County General Plan Figures S-13 through S-21 (showing General Ground Shaking Risk); County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Riverside County Municipal Code Chapter 15.60, Earthquake Fault Area Construction Regulations.

Findings of Fact:

a) Be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?

Riverside County, like the rest of Southern California, is situated within a seismically active region as the result of being located near the active margin between the North American and Pacific tectonic plates. Thus, future development occurring throughout the County would be subject to the effects of strong seismic ground shaking.

The County implements several existing ordinances, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures to reduce potential hazards related to strong seismic ground shaking. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with California Building Standards Code (CBSC), as well as Municipal Code Chapter 15.60, Earthquake Fault Area Construction Regulations, which would ensure new construction adheres to necessary seismic standards to protect against ground shaking. General Plan Policy S 7.7 would ensure that development standards, designs and construction practices are implemented to reduce ground shaking risk to tolerable levels for projects involving critical facilities. large-scale residential development and major commercial and industrial development. The General Plan Safety Element includes several other policies intended to avoid, reduce, or minimize risk related to seismic ground shaking. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.10.2A, 4.10.2B, and 4.10.2C, which would ensure the design and construction of structures adheres to the CBSC and preparation of a site-specific ground shaking assessment as determined necessary by the County Geologist.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan.

Following compliance with existing Riverside County ordinances, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.10.2A through 4.10.2C, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to strong seismic ground shaking.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to strong seismic ground shaking.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
14. Landslide Risk a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards?				

Source(s): County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 and Riverside County General Plan Figure S-5, "Regions Underlain by Steep Slope."

Findings of Fact:

a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, unstable geologic units and soils occur throughout Riverside County. Areas highly susceptible to landslides and rockfall occur in and adjacent to mountainous areas throughout the County. Approximately 94,700 acres of unincorporated Riverside County is recognized as having "very high" landslide potential, while 301,700 acres is recognized as having a "high" potential. Areas susceptible to lateral spreading are found throughout the County. Future development occurring within these areas of the County would be subject to the effects of landslide and rockfall hazards.

The County implements several existing regulatory standards and General Plan policies to reduce potential hazards related to lateral spreading and landslide and rockfall hazards. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with CBSC, as well as relevant General Plan Safety Element policies. Most notably, General Plan policies S 3.1 through S 3.7 would require landslide potential hazard management zones, including geotechnical and geologic investigations, site stability evaluations and design recommendations, as well as adequate mitigation, against potentially hazardous slope conditions. General Plan policies S 3.8 through S 3.10 would ensure future development neither causes unstable geology or soils, nor introduces people and property to sites at significant risk of such.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following compliance with existing regulations and General Plan policies, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to unstable geologic units or soils.

	lo mitigation is			
nitoring:	No monitoring	is required.		

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				in i
15. Ground Subsidence a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence?				

Source(s): County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 and Riverside County General Plan Figure S-7, "Documented Subsidence Areas Map."

Findings of Fact:

a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, unstable geologic units and soils occur throughout Riverside County. Documented subsidence has occurred in the San Jacinto Valley, the Elsinore Trough, and the southern Coachella Valley.

The County implements several existing regulatory standards and General Plan policies to reduce potential hazards related to ground subsidence. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with CBSC, as well as relevant General Plan Safety Element policies. Most notably, General Plan policies S 3.8 through S 3.10 would ensure future development neither causes unstable geology or soils, nor introduces people and property to sites at significant risk of such.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to ground subsidence, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing regulations and General Plan policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to ground subsidence as a result of unstable geologic units or soils.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to ground subsidence.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
Other Geologic Hazards Be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, several lakes and large bodies of water are capable of subjecting life and property to the effects of seiche. Mudflow could occur in any area, especially after alternating occurrences of wildfires and rain; however, there is a high potential for mudflows to occur in some areas of unincorporated Riverside County which contain areas with steep slopes. No areas of known volcanic hazards are known to affect Riverside County.

The County implements several existing regulatory standards and General Plan policies to reduce potential hazards related to seiche and mudflow. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to compliance with CBSC, as well as relevant General Plan Safety Element policies. Most notably, General Plan policies S 3.8 through S 3.10 would ensure future development neither causes unstable geology or soils, nor introduces people and property to sites at significant risk of such. In areas where steep slopes occur that are susceptible to mudflow hazards, implementing projects would be required to prepare a site-specific geologic and geotechnical investigation to identify potential impacts and provide recommendations as to slope stability and design requirements to reduce potential hazards.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following compliance with existing regulations and Riverside County policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, and volcanic hazards.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to seiche, mudflow, and volcanic hazards.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
17. Slopesa) Change topography or ground surface relief features?			\boxtimes	
b) Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet?			\boxtimes	
c) Result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Riv. Co. 800-Scale Slope Maps.

Findings of Fact:

a) Change topography or ground surface relief features?

As depicted on County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Figure 2.12.4, *Steep Slopes*, a considerable portion of Riverside County supports slope angles of 30 percent or greater. Development occurring within these areas would have the potential to substantially change existing topography or ground surface relief features.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would be required to demonstrate conformance with State regulations in place to mitigate the effects of surface grading, as well as local regulations, ordinances, General Plan policies, and standard conditions or requirements. The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to a change in topography or ground surface relief features, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with such measures, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to existing topography or ground surface relief features.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to changes in topography or ground surface relief features.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

b) Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet?

Refer to Response 17(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the creation of cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems?

Refer to Response 17(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to grading that affects subsurface sewage disposal systems.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
18. SOILSa) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
b) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1802.3.2 of the California Building Code (2007), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				
c) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Ordinance No. 484, *Blowing Sand Control*.

Findings of Fact:

a) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance could result in soil erosion or loss of topsoil. The County implements several existing laws, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures to reduce soil erosion impacts. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to Ordinance No. 484, *Blowing Sand Control*, which establishes requirements for the control of blowing sand within County-designated Agricultural Dust Control Areas. General Plan policies S 3.5 and S 3.6 minimize the effects of soil erosion by identifying and encouraging mitigation of onsite and offsite slope instability, debris flow and erosion hazards on land undergoing substantial improvements. General Plan policies S 3.11, S 3.13, and S 3.14 require site-specific studies to determine the potential of hazardous impacts from wind erosion and identify the necessary best management practices to prevent the erosion.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.10.9A, which states that the County would require contractors to implement best management practices during implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance, and Mitigation Measure 4.10.9B, which states that a grading plan would be submitted prior to project development that addresses erosion control measures. Following compliance with existing regulations, Riverside County policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to soil erosion and loss of topsoil.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to soil erosion and loss of topsoil.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1802.3.2 of the California Building Code (2007), creating substantial risks to life or property?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, expansive soils are widely dispersed throughout Riverside County and can be found in hillside areas as well as low-lying alluvial bases.

The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would accommodate future development which could be located on expansive soil. However, the County implements several existing regulatory standards and General Plan policies to reduce potential hazards resulting from expansive soils. Pursuant to the CBSC, all projects to be located on expansive soils would require a registered geologist to prepare a site-specific geotechnical investigation. As a condition of approval, the County of Riverside would require all grading plans satisfactorily address the site-specific geotechnical investigation's recommendations. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.10.7A, which would ensure proponents of new development adhere to applicable policies and standards contained in the most recent version of the CBSC related to the construction of structures and facilities on expansive soils. Following compliance with existing regulations, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to expansive soils.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to expansive soils.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems are likely to include those outside of existing water and sewer service providers.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance could be sited on soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems. However, the County implements several existing regulatory standards and General Plan policies to ensure the effects of unsuitable soils on septic systems and alternative wastewater disposal systems are avoided or minimized to less than significant levels. Pursuant to the CBSC, all projects proposing alternative waste water disposal systems would require a registered geologist to prepare a site-specific geotechnical investigation to ensure that a site's soil type, permeability, structural loads, design and integrity, as well as overall acceptability for a septic or alternative waste water system are sufficiently established and verified prior to project approval. General Plan Policy S 3.3 would further reduce the impact associated with wastewater disposal systems since it would require the Riverside County Building Official to verify that individual Project sites have soils capable of supporting septic or other wastewater systems prior to building permit issuance. Following compliance with existing regulations and Riverside County policies, future development that may result from implementation of the revised

Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:				
19. Wind Erosion and Blowsand From Project Either On Or Off Site			\boxtimes	
a) Be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion and blowsand, either on or off site?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Ordinance No. 457, *Building Codes and Fees*.

Findings of Fact:

a) Be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion and blowsand, either on or off site?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could result in wind erosion or blowsand. Future development with the potential to be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion or blow sand would be required to comply with Ordinance No. 484, which provides requirements intended to reduce the potential for blowing sand within areas designated as Agricultural Dust Control Areas. Ordinance No. 484 identifies certain restrictions on land disturbance activities within these areas and identifies procedures necessary to obtain a valid permit. As needed, an erosion control plan would be prepared and submitted to the County to identify methods by which potential soil run-off during rain events and erosion hazards would be minimized to ensure that no adverse effects on water quality occur to downstream properties or water bodies. Whenever a division of land is proposed in an area that is subject to wind erosion, the soil erosion control requirements identified in Ordinance No. 460 would apply. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to wind erosion and blowsand, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with Ordinance No. 484 and Ordinance No. 460, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to wind erosion or blowsand.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to wind erosion or blowsand.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:				
 20. Greenhouse Gas Emissions a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? 				
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; Riverside County Climate Action Plan ("CAP"); Ordinance No. 706, Mobile Source Air Pollution Reduction Emissions; Ordinance No. 726, Transportation Management Requirements: New Development projects; Ordinance No. 748, Mitigate Traffic Congestion Through Signalization; Ordinance No. 782, Establishing the Golf Cart Transportation Plan; Ordinance No. 824. Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee Program; Ordinance No. 659, Establishing a Development Impact Fee Program; Ordinance No. 810, Establishing an Interim Open Space Mitigation Fee; Ordinance No. 875, Establish a Local Development Mitigation Fee for Funding the Preservation of Natural Ecosystems in Accordance with the Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan; Ordinance No. 655, Regulating Light Pollution; Ordinance No. 559, Regulating the Removal of Trees; and Ordinance No. 695, Requiring the Abatement of Hazardous Vegetation.

Findings of Fact:

a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County currently generates greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions associated with electricity use, natural gas consumption, solid waste. area sources (i.e., landscaping and woodburning emissions), water use, agriculture, and transportation.

In addition to existing Federal, State, and SCAQMD and MDAQMD regulations, the County has a number of ordinances, General Plan policies, County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, and the County's CAP to reduce GHG emissions. Ordinance No. 706 establishes air pollution reduction programs for mobile source pollution, Ordinance No. 726 establishes transportation demand management requirements. Further, the General Plan Land Use Element, Circulation Element, Multipurpose Open Space Element, and Air Quality Element include several policies which would reduce development impacts related to greenhouse gas emissions. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.5.1C, which would reduce construction vehicle and exhaust emissions, Mitigation Measure 4.7.A-N1, which would require new development projects to reduce their individual project emissions. and Mitigation Measure 4.7.A-N2, which would require future discretionary projects to incorporate Implementing Measures from the County's CAP into project designs.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following compliance with existing Federal, State, and SCAQMD and MDAQMD regulations, as well as existing County ordinances, General Plan policies, County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, and the County's CAP, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to GHG emissions.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to GHG emissions.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?

Refer to Response 20(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the potential to conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing GHG emissions.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the oject:				
21 a)	Hazards and Hazardous Materials Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
c)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?				
d)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter (1/4) mile of an existing or proposed school?			\boxtimes	
e)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
301	Irce(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside 615, Hazardous Waste: Storing, Treating, Recyclof Hazardous Materials & Formulation of Emerger Generation, Storage, Transportation of Medical Ordinance; Riverside County Emergency Oper Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan; Ordinance Containing Hazardous Substances; Riverside Hazardous Waste Management Plan.	ling, and Oncy Responduste; Once Planting Planti	rdinance No. se Plans; Ordinance No. an; Riverside 617, Under bunty Fire [651, Discledinance No 348, Land County Traground Street Department	osure . 718, d Use Multi- orage Fire

Findings of Fact:

a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?

The routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials are highly regulated by Federal, State, and local regulations and policies, as well as by the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health (RCDEH) and fire departments. Ordinance No. 615 and Ordinance No. 651 establish programs and procedures for the County to monitor facilities that handle hazardous materials, pursuant to applicable State and Federal laws and regulations. The Land Use Ordinance also regulates the

allowable locations and expansions of hazardous materials facilities. General Plan Policy S 7.3 requires all entities that handle hazardous materials take the necessary actions to prepare for possible hazardous materials accidents. General Plan policies S 6.1, S 7.1, and S 9.1 would further reduce impacts associated with the routine transport, use, and disposal of hazardous materials.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Further, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not alter the allowable locations and expansions of hazardous materials facilities. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing regulatory programs, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts involving the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?

Refer to Response 21(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the release of hazardous materials into the environment.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the County's Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) addresses planned responses to extraordinary emergency situations, such as natural disasters, technological incidents and national security emergencies in or affecting Riverside County. The Riverside County Operational Area also developed the Riverside County Multi-Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (LHMP), which identifies and analyzes the natural and technical hazards faced by the County of Riverside.

The County of Riverside enforces several existing laws and regulatory programs to ensure development does not interfere with implementation of or physically interfere with the County's EOP or LHMP. Ordinance No. 787 adopts the Uniform Fire Code standards and requires that future development include adequate emergency access for fire safety personnel, equipment and apparatus, and do not hinder evacuation from fire, including potential blockage of stairways or fire doors. General Plan Policy S 5.12 requires the County of Riverside to conduct and implement long-range fire safety planning, including improved mutual aid agreements with the private and public sector that assist with evacuation of residents as well as access for emergency responders. General Plan Policy S 5.14 requires a review of inter-jurisdictional fire response agreements, and improvements to fire reporting and response times as recommended in the Riverside County Fire Department Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Services Strategic Master Plan.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to the impairment or interference with adopted emergency response or evacuation plans, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing laws and regulatory programs, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to interference with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to interference with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, there are 25 separate school districts for primary grades (K-12), four Community College Districts, and a number of public and private colleges and universities within Riverside County.

The County of Riverside enforces several existing laws and regulatory programs to ensure development does not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school. In addition to all relevant State and Federal regulations, future development would be subject to compliance with Ordinance No. 617, which requires hazardous substances stored in underground tanks to be done in a manner that prevents contamination.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to hazardous emissions or substances within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing laws and regulations, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the emission or handling of hazardous materials, substances, or wastes within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to hazardous materials impacts related to the emission or handling of hazardous materials, substances, or wastes within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

e) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may be located on sites which are included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 ("Cortese List"). According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, there are 19 sites within Riverside County that are on the Cortese List.

The County of Riverside enforces several existing laws and regulatory programs to reduce potential risks of public exposure to Cortese Listed hazardous materials sites. In addition to all relevant State and Federal Regulations, General Plan Policy S 7.3 would reduce the impacts of future development as it relates to hazardous material sites through reinforcement of the County of Riverside Hazardous Waste Management Plan. This plan ensures the coordination of regional hazardous waste facility responsibilities and requires those businesses that handle hazardous materials. Policy S 7.6 ensures the continued improvement of emergency information dispersal through technology that tracks locations and types of hazardous materials. Policy S 7.14 also requires that emergency evacuation plans for hazardous materials release events are reviewed on a regular basis. Through regular review of evacuation plans, necessary updates can be made in order to maintain the efficiency of the plan, thereby further reducing potential hazardous impacts. policies S 6.1 and S 7.1 would further prevent significant impacts related to hazardous materials sites as they would reinforce the County's Hazardous Waste Management Plan, require the continued strengthening of Riverside County's Response Plan and Multi-Jurisdictional Local Hazard Mitigation Plan, and ensure the continued coordination of various agencies in order to assist in a number of activities including hazardous materials response.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to Cortese Listed sites, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing laws and regulations, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to Cortese Listed sites.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to Cortese Listed sites.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the oject:				
22 a)	. Airports Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan?				
b)	Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission?			\boxtimes	
c)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?			\boxtimes	
d)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	0.102				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; Riverside County General Plan Figure S-20 "Airport Locations;" Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan; Ordinance No. 269, Height Limits, March Air Field, and Ordinance No. 448, Airport Operations.

Findings of Fact:

a) Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan?

In 2004, the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) adopted the Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan policy document that establishes land use compatibility planning and policies near airports throughout Riverside County. The ALUC would review future development projects near airports to verify consistency with the Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan. In addition, the County has a number of ordinances addressing airport land use consistency, including Ordinance No. 448, which establishes airport operating areas and regulates height limitations therein, and Ordinance No. 269, which addresses safety of both air operations at and people and property surrounding March Air Reserve Base through the establishment of maximum height limits around the air base.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required. Future development accommodated by the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would be required to include or incorporate by reference specific development standards to regulate the height of new development. It should be noted that the ALUC has reviewed the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance and has determined that the proposed revisions are consistent with all compatibility plans with potential further review by the ALUC for Supportive and Employee Housing. Impacts related to inconsistencies with an Airport Master Plan would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to inconsistencies with an Airport Master Plan.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission?

Refer to Response 22(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to Airport Land Use Commission review.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County is host to municipal airports, a military air base and an aerial gunnery range, as well as a number of private fields and airstrips; refer to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Figure 4.13.2, *Airport Locations*. Most of the twelve publicuse airports in Riverside County (including incorporated cities) are small and serve the needs of local residents for civilian light aircraft flights.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance within an airport land use plan or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport may result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the County. However, the ALUC would review future development projects near airports to make sure they are consistent with the Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan. In addition to Ordinance No. 448 and Ordinance No. 269, General Plan Policy LU 1.8 reduces airport-related safety hazards by requiring review of land use proposals around airports involving general plan or zoning amendments, etc., to ensure that potential airport safety hazard concerns are addressed.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Further, it would be noted that the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance includes or

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incorporates by reference specific development standards to regulate the height of new development. The ALUC has reviewed the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance and has determined that the proposed revisions are consistent with all compatibility plans with potential further review by the ALUC for Supportive and Employee Housing. Impacts related to airport safety hazards would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to a public airport-related safety hazard for people residing or working in the County.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

d) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

Refer to Response 22(c) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to a private airport-related safety hazard for people residing or working in the County.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:				
Water Quality Impacts Violate any water quality standards or waste discharg requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surfactor ground water quality?				
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfer substantially with groundwater recharge such that th project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?	e \Box			
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the sit or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces?	of			
d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or of site?	f- 🗌		\boxtimes	
e) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surfaction runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-sit or off-site?	1			
f) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?	je 🗀			
g) Impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
h) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk the release of pollutants due to project inundation?	ne 🗌		\boxtimes	
i) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?			\boxtimes	
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Rive 457, Building Codes and Fees; Ordinand Management and Discharge Controls; and Ord Areas and Implementing the National Flood Ins	ce No. 754 dinance No. 4	, Stormwate 158, Regulati	er/Urban F	Runoff
Findings of Fact:				

a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality?

The County enforces several existing Federal and State regulations, County ordinances, and General Plan policies to reduce potential impacts to water quality. Most notably, the Federal Clean Water Act and one of its implementing programs, the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) protect water quality by regulating sources of runoff that could pollute waterbodies. The County has a number of ordinances and General Plan policies that specifically address water quality and waste discharge standards, including Ordinance No. 457 and Ordinance No. 754, described in Response 24(a) above, in addition to General Plan policies OS 3.1 and OS 3.3 which address wastewater treatment and protection of water quality through compliance with various pollution discharge standards. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.17.5B, which requires point source pollution reduction programs to adhere to Federal, State, and local programs, Mitigation Measure 4.17.5D, which requires project review by the County and Regional Water Quality Control Board, and Mitigation Measure 4.17.5E, which provides example measures to protect water quality for development projects.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may violate water quality standards or waste discharge requirements. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to a violation of water quality standards, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing regulatory controls, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to violation of a water quality standard or waste discharge requirements.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to violating any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.<u>Monitoring</u>: No monitoring is required.

b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would introduce new impervious surfaces which could interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table. Compliance with existing General Plan policies and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures would reduce potential impacts to groundwater recharge. General Plan policies OS 1.1 and OS 1.3 address water supply issues at the County level and for individual development projects. General Plan policies OS 4.1 through OS 4.3 address programs to support aquifer recharge which is necessary to prevent excessive draw-down of groundwater basins. Future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land

Use Ordinance involving a discretionary action and occurring in groundwater recharge areas would be subject to conformance with County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measure 4.17.2A, which requires that water harvesting, and recharge facilities are built within the same groundwater basin in which the recharge area is lost.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to a decrease in groundwater supplies, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing regulatory programs, General Plan policies, and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation measures, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to substantially depleting groundwater supplies or interfering with groundwater recharge.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to substantially depleting groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river through the addition of impervious surfaces?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the conversion of undeveloped, natural areas to urbanized uses throughout the County's watersheds have increased flooding potential by increasing the rate and amount of runoff in watersheds and altering drainage patterns.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site. However, the County enforces several existing regulations and General Plan policies to reduce potential impacts related to erosion or siltation. These include, but are not limited to, the Federal Clean Water Act, the NPDES program and various Riverside County ordinances and General Plan policies. In particular, Ordinance No. 457 includes requirements for preparation of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for construction sites, implementation of year-round best management practices (BMPs) on such sites and the monitoring and maintaining of the BMPs to ensure they continue to provide adequate stormwater flow/runoff protections, erosion protection and sediment controls, both during and after construction activities on a site. Ordinance No. 754 requires that all discharges to storm drain systems be confined to stormwater runoff discharged pursuant to a NPDES permit or as otherwise authorized by the Santa Ana, San Diego, or Colorado River Basin RWQCB or the SWRCB in compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act. General Plan Policy S 4.5 prohibits substantial modification to watercourses unless modification does not increase erosion or adjacent sedimentation.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to alteration of existing drainage patterns, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following conformance with existing regulatory controls, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to substantially altering an existing drainage pattern of the site or area.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to substantially altering the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

<u>Monitoring</u>: No monitoring is required.

d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

According to County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the conversion of undeveloped, natural areas to urbanized uses throughout the County's watersheds have increased flooding potential by increasing the rate and amount of runoff in watersheds and altering drainage patterns.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site. However, the County enforces several existing regulations and General Plan policies to reduce potential impacts related to erosion or siltation. These include, but are not limited to, the Federal Clean Water Act, the NPDES program and various Riverside County ordinances and General Plan policies. In particular, Ordinance No. 457 includes requirements for preparation of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for construction sites, implementation of year-round BMPs on such sites and the monitoring and maintaining of the BMPs to ensure they continue to provide adequate stormwater flow/runoff protections, erosion protection and sediment controls, both during and after construction activities on a site. Ordinance No. 754 requires that all discharges to storm drain systems be confined to stormwater runoff discharged pursuant to a NPDES permit or as otherwise authorized by the Santa Ana, San Diego, or Colorado River Basin RWQCB or the SWRCB in compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act. General Plan Policy S 4.5 prohibits substantial modification to watercourses unless modification does not increase erosion or adjacent sedimentation.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General

Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to erosion or siltation, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following conformance with existing regulatory controls, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to substantially altering erosion or siltation on- or off-site.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to substantially altering the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

e) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site?

Refer to Response 23(c) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to altering surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

f) Create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

Refer to Response 23(c) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to creating or contributing runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

g) Impede or redirect flood flows?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area, as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map. However, compliance with existing laws and regulatory programs, including Ordinance No. 458 and General Plan policies, would be sufficient to ensure that this impact is less than significant. Ordinance No. 458 implements the National Flood Insurance Program and places strict conditions on acceptable levels of development in floodplains. In compliance with General Plan Policy S 4.1, the County of Riverside would review new development accommodated

through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance to ensure that new development would have a minimum level of acceptable risk to flood hazards. Further, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not involve amendments to the "Watercourse, Watershed & Conservation Areas" (W-1) zone of Ordinance No. 348, which mitigates potential flood impacts by preventing permanent occupancy or residency in areas potentially at risk for flooding.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Impacts would be less than significant in this regard.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to placing within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

h) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk the release of pollutants due to project inundation?

Riverside County a seismically active area and contains a number of topographical features and bodies of water which could result in potential seiche impacts if development is unregulated. With regard to tsunami risk, the Pacific Ocean is located more than 25 miles from Riverside County and as such, does not represent an inundation risk for the County.

Furthermore, future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance located within potential flooding areas or on unstable slopes would be subject to existing regulations as well as development review from the County, as noted in the "Geology and Soils" discussion, above. Compliance with these existing regulations would ensure the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance related to mudflow inundation are less than significant.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to flood hazards, tsunami, seiche, or mudflow, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following conformance with existing regulatory controls, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to flood hazards, tsunamis, seiche, or mudflow.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to flood hazards, tsunamis, or seiche.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

i) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?

Refer to Responses 23(a) and 23(c) above.

<u>Determination</u>: The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan. Compliance with policies, regulations, and programs in place to protect water quality are assured through conditions of approval issued by the County of Riverside for implementing projects. Impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
LAND USE/PLANNING Would the project:		Incorporated		
24. Land Use				
a) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?	Ц	Ц		
b) Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

The revised Land Use Ordinance does not modify any General Plan Land Use designations. Further, no development is proposed with the modifications included in the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance. The revised Land Use Ordinance does not allow development to occur in new areas within the County.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to land use conflicts, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required. Therefore, less than significant impacts would occur related to alteration of the present or planned land use of an area.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the substantial alteration of the present or planned land use of an area.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)?

Refer to Response 24(a) above. The revised Land Use Ordinance does not propose any modifications to the General Plan or General Plan Land Use Designations. The revised Land Use Ordinance would not disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community. If it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to disruption or division of an established community, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required. Therefore, impacts concerning the disruption or division of the physical arrangement of an established community would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the disruption or division of the physical arrangement of an established community.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
25. Mineral Resources a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?				
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-importan mineral resource recovery site delineated on a loca general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
c) Potentially expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing, or abandoned quarries or mines?	ר ח		\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-6 "Mineral Resources Area."

Findings of Fact:

a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts that could result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State. In order to address potential impacts to mineral resources, future development accommodated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to the number of existing General Plan policies that address protection of mineral resource areas, including policies LU 27.2 and 27.3, which protect the land and access to land for mineral resource uses, as well as Policy OS 14.2, which restricts the development of incompatible uses near existing or potential surface mining areas.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. If it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to the loss of availability of a known mineral resource, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required. Due to the limited modifications proposed for the Land Use Ordinance, and the limit of the modifications to areas already zoned for future development, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the loss of availability of a known mineral resource.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to results in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?

As depicted on General Plan Figure 4.14.1, *Mineral Resource Zones*, Riverside County does not contain any locally delineated important mineral recovery sites. Therefore, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not impact a locally-important mineral recovery site.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, no impact would occur related to the loss of availability of a locally important mineral recovery site.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Potentially expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing or abandoned quarries or mines?

Refer to Responses 11(a) and 11(b) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to exposure of people or property to hazards from proposed, existing or abandoned quarries or mines.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
NOISE Would the project:				
26. Airport Noise a) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?			\boxtimes	
b) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; Riverside County General Plan Figure S-20 "Airport Locations"

Findings of Fact:

a) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

Refer to Response 22(a) above. Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance could generate excessive noise levels for people residing or working within two miles of a public or public use airport; however, no specific development is proposed as part of the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance. The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Further, any future development accommodated by the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would be subject to review by the Riverside County ALUC, which would address the compatibility of the proposed development with the adjacent airport. The ALUC has reviewed the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance and has determined that the proposed revisions are consistent with all compatibility plans with potential further review by the ALUC for Supportive and Employee Housing. Less than significant impacts would occur in relation to excessive noise levels for people residing or working within two miles of a public or public use airport.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, less than significant impacts would occur in relation to excessive noise levels for people residing or working within two miles of a public or public use airport.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

b) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

Refer to Responses 22(a) through 22(c) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, less than significant impacts related to excessive noise levels for people within the vicinity of a private airstrip would occur.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
NOISE Would the project:				
27. Noise Effects by the Project a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			\boxtimes	
b) Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; Riverside County General Plan, Ordinance No. 847, and Table N-1 ("Land Use Compatibility for Community Noise Exposure").

Findings of Fact:

a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?

Ordinance No. 847 regulates noise levels throughout the County and addresses both short-term construction impacts as well as long-term operational impacts related to excessive noise levels. The General Plan has a number of policies that have been developed specifically to restrict noise levels, including Policy N 1.1, Policy N 1.3, and Policy N 2.3, described in Response 30.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes a site-specific review of each future implementing project. All future development would be required to be compliant with Ordinance No. 847. At that time, project level measures can be imposed as needed. Therefore, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would have less than significant impacts related to the impacts due to increases in ambient noise levels.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to increases in ambient noise levels.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

b) Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?

Refer to Response 27(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: Impacts related to ground-borne noise levels would be less than significant.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
28. Paleontological Resources a) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, site, or unique geologic feature?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-8 "Paleontological Sensitivity"

Findings of Fact:

a) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, or site, or unique geologic feature?

The General Plan has a number of policies that have been developed specifically to protect paleontological resources, including, but not limited to, Policy OS 19.3, which states that all development would be reviewed for potential cultural resource sensitivity, Policy OS 19.6, which states that for any site that existing data shows may contain paleontological resources, a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP) would be filed with the County Geologist prior to grading, and Policy OS 19.8, which states that any site with unknown paleontological sensitivity would be studied to determine the sensitivity of the site in coordination with the County Geologist.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Therefore, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would have less than significant impacts to paleontological resources and unique geologic features.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to paleontological resources and unique geologic features.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:				
29. Housing a) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
b) Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?			\boxtimes	
c) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Riverside County General Plan Housing Element.

Findings of Fact:

a) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts due to future development accommodated under the revised Land Use Ordinance articles and modified MU and Highest Density Residential Zones. The proposed modifications to the Land Use Ordinance would allow for future development; however, no development is proposed as part of the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to the displacement of substantial numbers of existing housing, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

As such, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not displace housing, requiring replacement housing to be constructed, and revised Land Use Ordinance would have less than significant impacts related to the displacement of residential units.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the displacement of residential units.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?

Refer to Response 29(a) above. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Additionally, the proposed modifications to the Land Use Ordinance are intended to aid the development of future residential development and would not result in additional demand for housing. The revisions have been developed to assist in the implementation of the General Plan Housing Element and are intended to provide increasingly affordable housing options within the County.

<u>Determination</u>: Impacts would be less than significant in regard to demand for additional housing.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?

Refer to Response 29(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: Less than significant impacts related to inducing population growth would occur.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
the provision of altered governm impacts, in orde	ES Would the project result in substantial a ew or physically altered government facilities ntal facilities, the construction of which cou to maintain acceptable service ratios, respond of the following public services:	es or the nee ld cause sig	ed for new or nificant envir	physically onmental	l with

No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts due to future development accommodated under the revised Land Use Ordinance articles and modified MU and R-7 Zones. Future development would be required to have or be served by fire services. Riverside County is served though a contract with the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CalFire). Since the proposed development would include residential units, increased demand for CalFire services may occur with future development. However, the Riverside County General Plan has a number of General Plan policies that specifically address fire services capacity, including Policy LU 5.2, which states that development would be monitored to ensure that fire service capacity can serve proposed development, as well as a number of policies that require individual development projects to incorporate fire prevention measures. To further offset impacts to fire services, future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes the payment of development impact fees to support development and operation of fire services and facilities.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and payment of development impact fees, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to fire services.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to fire services.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Si	otentially ignificant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
the alte imp	BLIC SERVICES Would the project result in substantial adversariation of new or physically altered government facilities of governmental facilities, the construction of which could coacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response ectives for any of the following public services:	r the nee	ed for new or nificant envir	physically onmental	l with

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County General Plan EIR No. 521

Findings of Fact:

Riverside County is served by the Riverside County Sheriff's Department (RCSD). Since the proposed development would include residential units, increased demand for RCSD services may occur with future development. The General Plan has a number of policies developed in order to address sheriff services, including Policy LU 10.1, which states that new development would pay a fair share fee for sheriff services, as well as Policy LU 5.1, which states that development capacity would be monitored to ensure development does not exceed sheriff capacity. To further offset future demand increases, future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes the payment of development impact fees to support sheriff services. Any proposed development that may occur under the proposed ordinance modifications would be served by the RCSD and would be required to pay development impact fees to the RCSD.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and payment of development impact fees, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to sheriff services.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to sheriff services.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
the alte imp	BLIC SERVICES Would the project result in substantial provision of new or physically altered government facilities governmental facilities, the construction of which coacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, resectives for any of the following public services:	ties or the nee	ed for new or nificant envir	physically onmental	l with

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County General Plan EIR No. 521

Findings of Fact:

Numerous school districts are present throughout the County. Since future development accommodated by the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance could include future residential units, increased demand for school services may occur with future development. Thus, future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts due to future development accommodated under the revised Land Use Ordinance articles and modified MU and R-7 Zones. However, the General Plan has policies in place that specifically address school capacity. For example, Policy LU 5.2 states that the County would monitor development and projected development capacity to ensure that public services have adequate capacity to serve future demands. To further offset future demand increases, any potential future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes the payment of development impact fees to support school services. Development impact fees would be paid to the applicable school district.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and payment of development impact fees, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to school capacity.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to school capacity.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Potentially Less than Less Nο Significant Significant Than Impact Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact Incorporated PUBLIC SERVICES Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government facilities or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the following public services: 33. Libraries \boxtimes

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Ordinance No. 659.

Findings of Fact:

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may involve physical impacts due to future development accommodated under the revised Land Use Ordinance articles and modified MU and R-7 Zones. Future development would be required to have or be served by public services including libraries. However, the County has a number of policies and ordinances that specifically address library services. Riverside County Ordinance No. 659 requires development impact fees to be paid for development to fund library facilities operations and expansions. Relevant General Plan policies include, but are not limited to, Policy LU 5.2 which states that the County would monitor development and projected development capacity to ensure that public services have adequate capacity to serve future demands. To further offset future demand increases, future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes the payment of development impact fees to support development and operation of library facilities.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing County ordinances, General Plan policies, and payment of development impact fees, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related library facilities.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to library facilities.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
PUBLIC SERVICES Would the project of the provision of new or physically altered altered governmental facilities, the constimpacts, in order to maintain acceptable objectives for any of the following public	d government facilities or the need truction of which could cause sig service ratios, response times o	ed for new or nificant envi	r physically ronmental	l with
34. Health Services				
Source(s): Riverside County General P	lan			
Findings of Fact:				
The revised Land Use Ordinance does r care facilities or services centers and wou care services within the County. No impa	ıld not result in the modification o			
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
RE	CREATION Would the project:				
35. a)	Parks and Recreation Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
b)	Increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
c)	Be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?			\boxtimes	

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; Ordinance No. 460, Section 10.35 (Regulating the Division of Land – Park and Recreation Fees and Dedications), and Ordinance No. 659 (Establishing Development Impact Fees).

Findings of Fact:

a) Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

Throughout Riverside County, recreational facilities are provided by a number of agencies including Federal and State park lands, Riverside County parks, as well as parks provided by local parks districts. Although no specific development is proposed under the revised Land Use Ordinance, future development accommodated by the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would include residential units, and increased demand for parks and recreational facilities may occur with future development.

A number of County ordinances and General Plan policies specifically address parks and recreational facilities. Riverside County Ordinance No. 460 addresses park and recreation fees and dedications related to Quimby Act and requires development to provide 3 acres of parkland per 1,000 residents or pay fees in-lieu of such dedication. The revenues generated through the Quimby Act, however, cannot be used for the operation and maintenance of park facilities. Relevant General Plan policies include, but are not limited to, Policy OS 20.3, which discourages the removal of parks for non-recreational uses, Policy OS 20.5, which requires new development to include recreational areas within proposed development areas, and Policy OS 20.6, which requires the development to provide funding for active and passive recreational areas. To further offset future demand increases, future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes meeting County Open Space requirements for new development as well as the payment of development impact fees to fund future park development (Section 4.60.070 "Development Impact Fee" of the County's Municipal Code).

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing County ordinances, General Plan policies, and payment of development impact fees, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to parks and recreational facilities.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to parks and recreational facilities.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

Refer to Response 35(a), above. Future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes meeting County Open Space requirements for new development as well as the payment of development impact fees to fund future park development. Construction of park facilities within proposed developments when required by the County, or the payment of development impact fees for park facilities, would offset any potential physical impacts to existing parks. Less than significant impacts would occur related to the deterioration of parks and recreational facilities.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the deterioration of existing parks and recreational facilities.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?

Refer to Response 35(a) above. Future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes meeting County Open Space requirements for new development as well as the payment of development impact fees to fund future park development. Therefore, the dedication of parkland or payment of in-lieu of dedication fees required during the entitlement process would reduce impacts associated with this issue area. As such, less than significant impacts would occur related to development within a Community Service Area.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the location of development within a Community Service Area.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
RECREATION Would the project:				
36. Recreational Trails a) Include the construction or expansion of a trail system?				

Source(s): Riv. Co. 800-Scale Equestrian Trail Maps; Open Space and Conservation Map for Western County trail alignments; Riverside County General Plan; and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Include the construction or expansion of a trail system?

The revised Land Use Ordinance does not directly involve the construction or expansion of a trail system; however, future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance includes the potential for development. Future residential development facilitated by the revised Land Use Ordinance would be subject to Riverside County Ordinance No. 659, which requires new development to pay mitigation fees used to fund public facilities, including regional parks, community centers/parks, and regional multipurpose trails. Existing ordinances and development fees, along with the County's development review process, would ensure that future development facilitated through implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would provide adequate trail facilities. The construction of proposed trail facilities would be subject to CEQA, and developers would be required to conduct further environmental analysis to determine whether the construction of these trails would result in an environmental impact. Future trail construction/development would be subject to a separate environmental review process, as well as the above-mentioned Riverside County policies and ordinances, and would be required to mitigate any potential environmental impacts identified at that time. For these reasons, impacts would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would have no impacts related to the construction or expansion of the trail system.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
TRANSPORTATION Would the project:					
37. Transportation a) Conflict with a program, plan, or addressing the circulation system roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian factors.	, including transit,				
	to level of service easures, or other county congestion				
c) Substantially increase hazards due to feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerd incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipme	ous intersections) or			\boxtimes	
d) Cause an effect upon, or a need maintenance of roads?	for new or altered			\boxtimes	
e) Cause an effect upon circulation of construction?	during the project's			\boxtimes	
f) Result in inadequate emergency as nearby uses?	ccess or access to			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Ordinance No. 461, Ordinance No. 659, Ordinance No. 824.

Findings of Fact:

a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may have the potential to conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing a measure of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. However, the General Plan includes a number of policies that specifically address traffic and circulation, including Policy C 1.1, which states that transportation systems would be designed to respond to concentrations of population and employment activities, Policy C 1.5, which states that the County would encourage development of projects that facilitate alternative transportation methods and encourage mixed use projects, Policy C 2.1, which establishes Level of Service requirements for County Roadways, and Policy C 2.2, which requires new development to prepare a traffic impact analysis as warranted by the County Traffic Impact Analysis Preparation Guidelines. Further, future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which would verify compliance with relevant General Plan policies, County ordinances, and the payment of applicable County fees, including development impact fees and Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) fees. Ordinance No. 659, which established mitigation fees for residential development, Ordinance No.

461, which includes road improvement standards and specifications, and Ordinance No. 824, which established the Western Riverside County TUMF program. On September 27, 2013, Governor Jerry Brown signed Senate Bill (SB) 743 into law, which initiated a process to change transportation impact analyses completed in support of CEQA documentation. SB 743 eliminates Level of Service as a basis for determining significant transportation impacts under CEQA and provides a new performance metric, vehicle miles travelled (VMT). The County of Riverside is currently establishing a policy related to VMT to achieve the State's goals of reducing GHG emissions, encouraging infill development, and improving public health through active transportation.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Therefore, impacts related to conflicts with existing plans or policies that establish measures of effectiveness for transportation facilities would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to conflicts with existing plans or policies that establish measures of effectiveness for transportation facilities.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?

Refer to Response 37(a) above. Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance could conflict with an applicable congestion management program. As noted in County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the Riverside County Congestion Management Program is administered by the Riverside County Transportation Commission. Under the program, Riverside County Transportation Commission monitors congestion throughout the County through a traffic monitoring system. If an area of the County experiences congestion beyond acceptable levels, a deficiency plan is required. In order to maintain the County roadways, it is the responsibility of local agencies, when reviewing and approving development proposals, to consider the traffic impacts on the CMP. Any future development accommodated under the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would be subject to a project level review by the County including an analysis of traffic impacts. Therefore, impacts related to conflicting with a Congestion Management Plan would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to conflicting with an applicable congestion management plan.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)?

The revised Land Use Ordinance does not include any roadway redesign, nor does it include changing the use of roadways for a new use. Any future development would be required to undergo the design review process, which would include a review of proposed circulation infrastructure. Impacts related to an increase in hazards due to roadway design or incompatible uses would be less than significant in this regard.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, less than significant impacts would occur related to an increase in hazards due to roadway design or incompatible uses.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

d) Cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered maintenance of roads?

Refer to Responses 37(a) and 37(b) above. The revised Land Use Ordinance does not propose the development of new roadways or additional roadway maintenance requirements. Any implementing development accommodated by the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would be required to pay development impact fees to support the development and maintenance of new roadways. Impacts would be less than significant related to the need for new or altered maintenance of roads.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, less than significant impacts would occur related to the need for new or altered maintenance of roads.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

e) Cause an effect upon circulation during the project's construction?

Refer to Responses 37(a) and 37(b) above. The revised Land Use Ordinance does not propose development at this time. Any future development would be subject to a project level review, which would include reviewing potential circulation issues during project review. Less than significant impacts would occur in relation to circulation issues caused by construction.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, less than significant impacts would occur in relation to circulation issues caused by construction.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

f) Result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses?

Refer to Responses 37(a) and 37(b) above. Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would be required to undergo a project level review. This would include an evaluation of any potential impacts related to emergency access to each implementing project site by the County Transportation and Planning Departments. Further, as noted in Responses 37(a) and 37(b) above, the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not result in impacts related to emergency access or access to nearby uses. Impacts would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, less than significant impacts would occur related to emergency access or access to nearby uses.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.		
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.		
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		-

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
TRANSPORTATION Would the project:				
38. Bike Trails				\boxtimes
a) Include the construction or expansion of a bike system or bike lanes?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

The revised Land Use Ordinance does not propose any modifications to bike trails and would not result in the modification of existing or proposed bike trails within the County. No impact would occur in this regard.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project causignificance of a Tribal Cultural Resource, defined in Public R site, feature, place, or cultural landscape that is geographica of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value t that is:	esources (Code section in terms of the	21074 as end	either a
39. Tribal Cultural Resources a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k)?				
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1? (In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency would consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.)				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a Tribal Cultural Resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American Tribe, and that is: Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k)?

The County General Plan has a number of policies that address tribal cultural resources. Policy OS 19.2 ensures that cultural resources are reviewed, and Native Americans Tribes are consulted following SB 18 and Section 15064.5(d) of the State CEQA Guidelines. Policy OS19-5 requires compliance with all applicable laws related to human remains. In addition, existing General Plan EIR No. 521 contains Mitigation Measure 4.9.B-N1, which requires consultation with local tribes if discoveries are made. Future development would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which would include formal AB 52 tribal consultation, and a review of potential tribal cultural resources, including those listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1.

In compliance with AB 52, the Riverside County Planning Department distributed letters notifying each tribe that requested to be on the County's list for the purposes of AB 52 of the opportunity to consult with the County regarding the proposed project. No tribes responded to the County requesting

notification or consultation, and as such consultation has concluded. Nonetheless, future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance could cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a Tribal Cultural Resource. However, for any implementing projects developed under the Land Use Ordinance, site-level review would include analyzing the subject site for tribal cultural resources. The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and Certified EIR No. 521 mitigation, as well as project level review and entitlement, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to tribal cultural resources.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to Tribal Cultural Resources.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a Tribal Cultural Resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American Tribe, and that is a resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1?

Refer to Response 39(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: Less than significant impacts would occur related to Tribal Cultural Resources that are significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
UT	TILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project:				
40 . a)	Water Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?				
b)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years?			\boxtimes	

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Require or result in the construction of new water treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects?

As noted in Table 4.19-A of the County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the County of Riverside is served by a number of water and wastewater providers, depending on the location within the County. To ensure that adequate water capacity is available, the County General Plan has a number of policies that specifically address wastewater treatment capacity. General Plan Policy OS 1.1, which states that the county would balance consideration of water supply requirements among various land needs (urban, agricultural, and environmental), Policy LU 5.3, which states that all projects would be reviewed for consistency with individual urban water management plans, and Policy LU 28.3, which requires that adequate water infrastructure is available for future residential land uses.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would be required to be a served by a water supplier and would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes obtaining a will-serve letter from the applicable local water provider. It should be noted that the revised Land Use Ordinance would prohibit the construction of Tiny Homes and Container Homes in areas that are constrained by water availability and water quality concerns. The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and project level review; future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to water treatment facilities.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to water treatment facilities.

b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?

Refer to Response 40(a) above.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to water supplies.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
UTILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project:				
41. Sewer a) Require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?			⊠ _i	
b) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan and County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521.

Findings of Fact:

a) Require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects?

As noted in Table 4.19-A of the County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the County of Riverside is served by a number of wastewater providers, depending on the location within the County. To ensure that adequate wastewater capacity is available, the County General Plan has a number of policies that specifically address wastewater treatment capacity. These include, but are not limited to Policy LU 28.3, which requires that adequate water and sewer infrastructure is available for future residential land uses.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance would be required to be a served by a wastewater treatment provider, and would be subject to project level review and entitlement, which includes obtaining a will-serve letter from the applicable local wastewater provider. The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. It should be noted that the revised Land Use Ordinance would prohibit the construction of Tiny Homes and Container Homes in areas that are constrained by sewage disposal and other health and safety concerns. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and project level review, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to wastewater treatment facilities.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to wastewater treatment facilities.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?

Refer to Response 41(a) above. The proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not result in a substantial increase in the need for wastewater treatment capacity. Less than significant impacts would occur in this regard.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to wastewater treatment capacity.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

42. Solid Waste			
a) Generate solid waste in excess of State standards, or in excess of the capacity infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment waste reduction goals?	of local		
b) Comply with Federal, state, and local manage reduction statutes and regulations related to sol including the CIWMP (County Integrated Wastement Plan)?	id wastes		

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan; County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521; and Riverside County Waste Management District Integrated Waste Management Plan.

Findings of Fact:

a) Is the project served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?

According to Table 4.17K of County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, Riverside County has a number of landfills, transfer stations, and hazardous waste facilities that serve the County. According to Table 4.17-L of the County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521, the County of Riverside includes an existing landfill capacity of approximately 49 million tons, with landfills having capacity extending beyond 2040. The County General Plan has a number of policies addressing the capacity of local landfills. These include, but are not limited to, Policy LU 5.2, which specifically states that the County would monitor landfill capacity in conjunction with local landfill providers.

Any future development would be required to coordinate with the local solid waste provider for landfill service to ensure that solid waste service is available. If it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to landfill capacity, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required. The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and coordination with local solid waste providers, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts to landfill capacity.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to permitted landfill capacity to accommodate future development.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Does the project comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan)?

The proposed modifications to the Land Use Ordinance, and any future development that it may accommodate, do not propose any modifications to regulations related to solid waste disposal.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. If it is determined that future development has the potential to result in impacts relative to Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Future development would be required to comply with all Federal, State, and local solid waste regulations. Therefore, any future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to compliance with applicable solid waste regulations.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to compliance with applicable solid waste regulations.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
UT	LITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project:				
or t	uld the project impact the following facilities requiring o he expansion of existing facilities, whereby the const ironmental effects?				
a)					
	Electricity?				
b)	Electricity? Natural gas?				
b)					
c)	Natural gas?				
	Natural gas? Communications systems?				

Source(s): Utility Companies, County of Riverside Certified EIR No. 521

Findings of Fact:

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance could impact electricity, natural gas, telecommunications, storm water, street lights, public facilities, and other applicable governmental services. Any future development would be required to be served by utility providers including electricity, natural gas, telecommunications, storm water, street lights, public facilities, and other applicable governmental services. The General Plan provides a number of policies developed to reduce potential impacts related to utility requirements including Policy LU 5.1, which states that development would not exceed the ability to adequately provide supporting infrastructure and services for development, Policy LU 5.2, which states that the County must monitor capacity of infrastructure and services in coordination with local utility and service providers to ensure growth does not exceed capacity, and Policy LU 10.1, which states that new development must contribute a fair share payment to fund future development of infrastructure. Further, future developments would be required to undergo a project-specific design review and analysis, such as the availability and expansion of utility infrastructure.

The proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following conformance with existing General Plan policies and project level CEQA review, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to construction of new or expanded utilities infrastructure.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to construction of new or expanded utilities infrastructure.

wormtorning.	No monitoring is	required.		

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ha	LDFIRE If located in or near a State Responsibility Area ("zard severity zone, or other hazardous fire areas that may project:				
44 . a)	Wildfire Impacts Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?			\boxtimes	
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
e)	Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan, General Plan Figure S-11 "Wildfire Susceptibility", GIS database, Project Application Materials, County of Riverside No. 521, Ordinance No. 695, and Ordinance No. 787.

Findings of Fact:

a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?

The Riverside County Fire Department Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Services Strategic Master Plan includes a plan for facility, service, and equipment needs, as well as evacuation routes and access routes for emergency routes.

Ordinance No. 787 adopts the Uniform Fire Code standards and requires that future development include adequate emergency access for fire safety personnel, equipment and apparatus, and do not hinder evacuation from fire, including potential blockage of stairways or fire doors. General Plan Policy S 5.12 requires the County of Riverside to conduct and implement long-range fire safety planning, including improved mutual aid agreements with the private and public sector that assist with evacuation of residents as well as access for emergency responders. General Plan Policy S 5.14 requires a review of inter-jurisdictional fire response agreements, and improvements to fire reporting and response times

as recommended in the Riverside County Fire Department Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Services Strategic Master Plan.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. In addition, if it is determined that future development has the potential to impact emergency response plans, impacts would be evaluated at the project level through the CEQA process and mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval would be identified as required.

Following compliance with existing laws and regulatory programs, future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to interference with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to interference with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose product occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of wildfire?

According to the *Riverside County Map My County* GIS database, portions of the County directly border undeveloped hillsides, and contains areas of Very High fire hazard risk. While the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would allow development adjacent to and within Very High fire hazards zones, the County of Riverside Building and Safety Department has developed a number of protocols and regulations in order to protect development and reduce fire hazard impacts within these areas.

These regulations include Riverside County Ordinance No. 787, which adopts the Uniform Fire Code that requires future development to adhere to standards developed to reduce loss of life and property due to fire risk, and Riverside County Ordinance No. 695, which requires the abatement of hazardous vegetation. As noted in Response 44(a) above, the *Riverside County Fire Department Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Services Strategic Plan* also provides facility, service, and equipment planning in order to reduce potential loss due to fire risk. All development applications are sent to the County Fire Department for review and comment on each individual development's site-specific project design and to make recommendations on fire safety and emergency access. Each site-specific project design would be modified prior to approval to ensure compliance with fire department requirements which ensure that future development under the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not exacerbate wildfire risks due to slope, prevailing winds, or other factors, and thereby, would not expose occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire.

Future implementing projects under the revised Land Use Ordinance may expose occupants to pollutant concentrations from wildfires. However, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Following compliance with existing laws and regulatory programs, impacts related to exposing occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to the exposure of occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?

Refer to Response 30(b) above. All applications for future development would be sent to the County Fire Department for review and comment on each individual development's site-specific project design and to make recommendations on fire safety and emergency access. Each site-specific project design would be modified prior to approval to ensure compliance with Fire Department requirements which ensure that future development under the revised Land Use Ordinance would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risk or result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to fire services.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes.

Refer to Response 30(b) above. All applications for future development would be sent to the County Fire Department for review and comment on each individual development's site-specific project design and to make recommendations on fire safety and emergency access. Each site-specific project design would be modified prior to approval to ensure compliance with Fire Department requirements which ensure that future development under the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risk or result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment.

Following compliance with existing laws and regulatory programs; future development that may result from implementation of the revised Land Use Ordinance would have a less than significant risk of exposing people or structures to hazards. Specifically, implementation of existing County of Riverside

Certified EIR No. 521 Mitigation Measures 4.9.1A, 4.9.1B, 4.9.1C, 4.9.1D, 4.9.2A, 4.9.2B, 4.9.2C, and 4.9.D would ensure that future development projects in the County would not expose people or structures to significant flood risks including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes. Therefore, impacts would be reduced to a less than significant level.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to fire services.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required

e) Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?

Refer to Response 30(b) above. All applications for future development would be sent to the County Fire Department for review and comment on each individual development's site-specific project design and to make recommendations on fire safety and emergency access. Each site-specific project design would be modified prior to approval to ensure compliance with Fire Department requirements which ensure that future development under the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risk or result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

<u>Determination</u>: As determined in the analysis above, the revised Land Use Ordinance would result in less than significant impacts related to fire services.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE Does the Pro	ject:			
45. Have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self- sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				

Source(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials

Findings of Fact:

Potential impacts to biological resources were addressed in Section 7 above. Less than significant impacts related to the reduction of the habitat for fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife populations to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, or reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory would be less than significant.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE Does the Pr	roject:			
46. Have impacts which are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects and probable future projects)?				

Source(s): Staff Review, Project Materials

Findings of Fact:

As noted above, the proposed changes to the Land Use Ordinance would not permit development within new areas of the County; any development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance would be in areas where development is already anticipated to occur. While the unit makeup of future development accommodated under the Land Use Ordinance may be slightly modified (with the implementation of Single Room Occupancy Units, Supportive, Transitional and Employee Housing, Tiny Homes, and Container Homes), the total buildout would remain the same as the buildout anticipated in the General Plan. Since the anticipated buildout due to the proposed revisions to the Land Use Ordinance would be within the anticipated General Plan buildout, impacts would be less than significant and would not be considered cumulatively considerable.

MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE Does the Project	ect:		
47. Have environmental effects that would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		\boxtimes	

Source(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials

Findings of Fact:

Refer to the responses provided above. The revised Land Use Ordinance would have a less than significant impact relative to substantial adverse effects that affect human beings as noted in the analysis above. The revised Land Use Ordinance would not result in environmental effects which would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

VII. EARLIER ANALYSES

Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration as per California Code of Regulations, Section 15063 (c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief discussion would identify the following:

Earlier Analyses Used, if any:

Location Where Earlier Analyses, if used, are available for review:

Location:

County of Riverside Planning Department

4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor

Riverside, CA 92505

VIII. AUTHORITIES CITED

Authorities cited: Public Resources Code Sections 21083 and 21083.05; References: California Government Code Section 65088.4; Public Resources Code Sections 21080(c), 21080.1, 21080.3, 21082.1, 21083, 21083.05, 21083.3, 21093, 21094, 21095 and 21151; Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino (1988) 202 Cal.App.3d 296; Leonoff v. Monterey Board of Supervisors (1990) 222 Cal.App.3d 1337; Eureka Citizens for Responsible Govt. v. City of Eureka (2007) 147 Cal.App.4th 357; Protect the Historic Amador Waterways v. Amador Water Agency (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th at 1109; San Franciscans Upholding the Downtown Plan v. City and County of San Francisco (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 656.

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Appendix 1 Proposed Ordinance Revisions

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ORDINANCE NO. 348. XXX

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

AMENDING ORDINANCE NO. 348

RELATING TO ZONING

follows:

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The Board of Supervisors of the County of Riverside ordains as follows:

Section 1. A new subsection A.19, is added to Section 5.1 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

> "19. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c) "

> Section 2. Subsection D.54. of Section 5.1 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as

> Employee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety "54. Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household."

A new subsection A.21. is added to Section 6.50 of Ordinance No. 348 to Section 3. read as follows:

> "21. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and

1		Safety	Code s	ection 17021.8.(c)."
2		Sectio	<u>n 4</u> .	A new subsection C.2. is added to Section 6.50 of Ordinance No. 348 to
3	read as follows	s:		
4		"2.	Emplo	yee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety
5		Code	section	17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a group
6		quarte	rs or 12	units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household."
7		Sectio	<u>n 5</u> .	Subsection A. of Section 8.1 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as
8	follows:			
9		"A.	The fo	ollowing use shall be permitted in the R-3 Zone: One-family dwellings."
10	:	Sectio	<u>n 6</u> .	The existing Subsection 1. of Section 8.1.A. of Ordinance No. 348 is
11	deleted in its e	ntirety	•	
12	:	Sectio	<u>n 7</u> .	The existing Subsections A., B., and C. of Section 8.1 of Ordinance No. 348
13	are relettered I	3., C.,	and D. r	respectively.
14	:	Sectio	on 8.	The existing Subsections 2. through 28 of Section 8.1.A of Ordinance No.
15	348 are renum	bered	1. throu	gh 27 respectively.
16		Section	on 9.	Section 8.202 of Article VIIIf of Ordinance No. 348 is amended in its
17	entirety to read	d as fol	llows:	
18		"SEC	TION 8	.202 USES PERMITTED.
19		A.	The f	following use shall be permitted in the R-6 zone: One family dwellings,
20			includ	ling mobilehomes on permanent foundations.
21		B.	The f	following uses are permitted provided a plot plan has been approved in
22			accord	lance with the provisions of this article:
23			1.	Two-family dwellings and multiple family dwellings.
24			2.	Planned residential development.
25			3.	Apartment houses.
26			4.	Accessory buildings, provided there is a main building on the lot.
27			5.	Home occupations.
28			6.	Temporary real estate offices located within a subdivision, to be used only

1		for and during the original sale of the subdivision.
2		7. Community recreation facilities as a part of a development.
3		8. Child day care center.
4		C. The following uses are permitted provided a public use permit has been approved
5		pursuant to Section 18.29 of this ordinance: churches, temples and other places of
6		religious worship.
7		D. The following use is permitted provided a conditional use permit has been
8		approved pursuant to Section 18.28 of this ordinance: mobilehome parks developed
9		pursuant to Section 19.92 of this ordinance."
10		Section 10. Article VIIIg of Ordinance No. 348 is amended in its entirety to read as
11	follows:	
12		"ARTICLE VIIIg R-7 ZONE (HIGHEST DENSITY RESIDENTIAL)
13		SECTION 8.301. PURPOSE AND INTENT.
14		The purpose of this article is to establish the Highest Density Residential (R-7) Zone. The
15		intent of the R-7 Zone is to implement the Highest Density Residential land use
16		designation of the General Plan in an effort to accommodate the County's Regional
17		Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) allocation.
18		SECTION 8.302. PERMITTED USES.
19	3).2/se	A. The following uses shall be permitted in the R-7 Zone:
20		1. One family dwelling on an existing legal lot
21		2. Home occupations
22		3. Multiple family dwellings
23		4. Community gardens
24		B. The following uses shall be permitted provided a plot plan has been approved
25		pursuant to the provisions of Section 18.30 of this ordinance:
26		1. Boarding, rooming and lodging houses
27		2. Child day care centers
28		3. Churches, temples and other places of religious worship

- 4. Libraries, museums and art galleries
- 5. Public and private parks and playgrounds
- C. The following uses shall be permitted provided a conditional use permit has been approved pursuant to the provisions of Section 18.28 of this ordinance:
 - 1. Mobile home parks
- D. Any use not specifically listed in subsections B. or C. may be considered a permitted or conditionally permitted use provided that the Planning Director finds that the proposed use is substantially the same in character and intensity as those listed in the designated subsections. Such a use is subject to the permit process which governs the category in which it falls.

SECTION 8.303. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN THE R-7 ZONE.

- A. LOT SIZE. There is no minimum lot size.
- B. LOT WIDTH. There is no minimum lot width.
- C. LOT DEPTH. There is no minimum lot depth.
- D. FRONTAGE. There is no minimum frontage.
- E. HEIGHT. The maximum height of any buildings or structures shall be no greater than seventy-five (75) feet.
- F. SCREENING. All roof-mounted equipment, excluding solar panels, shall be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of six hundred sixty (660) feet for residential buildings and one thousand three hundred twenty (1,320) feet for non-residential buildings.
- G. LOT COVERAGE. There is no maximum lot coverage.
- H. FRONT SETBACK. There is no front setback requirement, except for one family dwellings or associated structure(s), which shall have a minimum front setback of no less than twenty-five (25) feet.
- I. SIDE SETBACK. There is no side setback requirement, except for the following:
 - 1. One family dwellings or associated structure(s) shall have a minimum side setback of no less than five (5) feet.

- 2. For lots zoned R-7 that abut lots zoned R-R, R-A, R-1 and R-1-A, the minimum side setback shall be no less than five (5) feet.
- J. REAR SETBACK. There is no rear setback requirement, except for the following:
 - 1. One family dwellings or associated structure(s) shall have a minimum rear setback of no less than fifteen (15) feet.
 - 2. For lots zoned R-7 that abut lots zoned R-R, R-A, R-1 and R-1-A, the minimum rear setback shall be no less than fifteen (15) feet.

K. OPEN SPACE.

- 1. Any development with more than ten (10) multiple family dwelling units shall provide at least one hundred (100) square feet of common use area (CUA) for each unit above ten (10) units. A CUA is a recreational open space area, such as a park, sport field, pool, gym, or passive recreational area, associated with and located on the same lot or lots as the primary use. A reduction in this requirement may be applied pursuant to the following:
 - a. A five percent (5%) reduction for developments that provide more than two hundred (200) dwelling units.
 - b. A five percent (5%) reduction for developments that provide housing for very low, low or moderate income households, as defined in the Riverside County's General Plan Housing Element, with applicable affordability restrictions.
- 2. Any development with multiple family dwelling units shall provide at least fifty (50) square feet of private open space (POA) per unit. A POA is a private usable open space area, such as a patio or balcony, which is not encumbered with structures and is attached to the primary dwelling unit.

L. SITE REQUIREMENTS.

 REFUSE AND RECYCLABLE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA. A refuse and recyclable material storage area shall be provided for any new development, or existing development that will add thirty percent (30%) or

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more units or floor area. This area must be fully enclosed and have adequate separation from any habitable areas. This area shall be screened using landscape or architectural features.

- 2. ENCROACHMENTS. No setback or yard encroachments are permitted, except as provided in Section 18.19 of this ordinance.
- 3. LIGHTING. All onsite lighting shall be focused, directed, or arranged to prevent glare or direct illumination on adjacent residential uses.
- 4. PARKING. Off-street parking shall be provided pursuant to Section 18.12 of this ordinance.
- 5. LANDSCAPE. There is no minimum landscape area requirement.

SECTION 8.304. DEVELOPMENT DESIGN AND PHASING.

- A. PHASING PLAN. For phased developments, a site development phasing plan shall be submitted with the land use application or design review application and include maps, exhibits and a description of the following: phasing for development and infrastructure, and the development of multi-modal transportation connectivity with the neighborhood and adjoining community areas.
- B. DESIGN REVIEW. For multiple family dwellings, a site design plan shall be submitted to the Planning Director for review and shall include the following:
 - 1. Site plan with building footprint
 - 2. Floor plans
 - 3. Landscape plan, as necessary
 - 4. Wall and fencing plan
 - 5. Elevation plan
 - 6. Architectural design
 - 7. Photometric plan, as necessary
 - 8. Traffic analysis
- C. PUBLIC REVIEW PERIOD. A thirty (30) day public review period shall be provided prior to the Planning Director considering the site design plan submitted

for multiple family dwellings. Notice of the public review period shall be given in the same manner as provided in Section 18.26.c. subsections (2),(4), (5),(6) and (7) of this ordinance. The notice shall include the mailing address to send comments to, the dates for the public review period, location where the site design plan may be reviewed, and explain that the public may comment on the site design plan for the multiple family dwellings.

- D. DESIGN APPROVAL. The above referenced site design plan shall be approved by the Planning Director if the site design plan is consistent with all of the following:
 - 1. The Riverside County General Plan;
 - 2. This ordinance;
 - 3. The Countywide Design Guidelines;
 - 4. There is no specific, adverse impact upon the public health or safety. A specific adverse impact means a significant, quantifiable, direct, and unavoidable impact, based on objective, identified written public health or safety standards, policies or conditions as they existed on the date the application was deemed complete; or
 - 5. If there is a specific adverse impact upon the public health or safety, the development has been conditioned to develop at a lower density which removes the specific adverse impact.
- E. APPROVAL PERIOD. An applicant of a site design plan shall obtain building permits within two (2) years of the site design approval for any multiple family dwellings, pursuant to this section. The Planning Director may grant a request for a one-year extension of time of this requirement, if the request is submitted by the applicant at least six (6) months prior to the expiration of the original time limit with the appropriate fee. If an extension is granted, the total time allowed for a site design plan approval shall not exceed three (3) years."

follows:

Section 11. Article IXf of Ordinance No. 348 is amended in its entirety to read as

"ARTICLE IXf MU ZONE (MIXED USE)

SECTION 9.85. PURPOSE AND INTENT.

The purpose of this article is to establish the Mixed Use (MU) Zone to promote a mix of land uses and to facilitate development that offers a combination of housing, employment, and commercial opportunities, which encourages active transportation, such as walking, biking, use of transit, while still allowing for other modes of transportation. The intent of the MU Zone is to implement the Mixed-Use Area (MUA) land use designation of the General Plan, which assists the County in accommodating its share of the regional housing needs assessment (RHNA) allocation pursuant to the Riverside County Housing Element. The MU Zone shall apply to land designated MUA in the General Plan and may apply to land within an approved Specific Plan.

SECTION 9.86. USES PERMITTED.

- A. The following uses shall be permitted in the MU Zone:
 - 1. One family dwelling on an existing legal lot
 - 2. Multiple family dwellings that only include a residential use
 - 3. Home occupations
 - 4. Public parks, playgrounds, and plazas
 - 5. Community gardens
- B. The following uses shall be permitted provided a plot plan has been approved pursuant to provisions of Section 18.30 of this ordinance. In the event a development includes a combination of uses that are permitted with a plot plan and conditional use permit, the development shall be processed in accordance with Section 9.86.C. of this Article.
 - 1. Animal hospitals, not including any outdoor facilities
 - 2. Antique shops
 - 3. Art Supply shops and studios

1	4.	Artisan or novelty stores
2	5.	Bakery shops, including baking only when incidental to retail sales on the
3		premises
4	6.	Banks and financial institutions
5	7.	Barber and beauty shops
6	8.	Book stores
7	9.	Business and Professional Schools
8	10.	Cellular telephone sales and service
9	11.	Check Cashing Business
10	12.	Churches, temples, and other places of religious worship
11	13.	Clothing Dry Cleaners
12	14.	Clothing stores
13	15.	Community and Civic Centers
14	16.	Computer sales and service
15	17.	Day care centers
16	18.	Delicatessens
17	19.	Drug stores
18	20.	Florist shops
19	21.	Gift shops
20	22.	Grocery stores
21	23.	Hardware stores
22	24.	Health and fitness facility, indoor
23	25.	Household furniture and appliance stores
24	26.	Internet cafes and internet gaming facilities
25	27.	Jewelry store with incidental repairs
26	28.	Laundries and laundromats
27	29.	Medical offices
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1		30.	Multiple family dwellings combined with non-residential uses listed in this
2			subsection B
3		31.	Museums and libraries
4		32.	Nurseries and garden supply stores
5		33.	Paint and wall paper stores
6		34.	Pet shops ad pet supply shops
7		35.	Photography shops and studios and photo engraving
8		36.	Plumbing shops, not including plumbing contractors
9		37.	Post services
10		38.	Restaurant and other eating establishments
11		39.	Shoe stores and repair shops
12		40.	Sporting goods stores
13		41.	Tailor shops
14		42.	Tobacco or Hookah shops; but not lounges
15		43.	Tourist information centers
16		44.	Toy stores
17	C.	The following uses shall be permitted provided a conditional use permit has been	
18		approved pursuant to the provisions of Section 18.28 of this ordinance:	
19		1.	Animal hospitals and veterinary office, with outdoor facilities
20		2.	Bars and cocktail lounges
21		3.	Billiard and pool halls
22		4.	Catering services
23		5.	Convenience stores
24		6.	Film, dental medical, research, and testing laboratories
25		7.	Hotels, resort hotels and motels
26		8.	Indoor entertainment and recreation facility
27		9.	Liquor stores pursuant to the provisions of Section 18.48 (Alcoholic
28			Beverage Sales) of this Ordinance.

- 10. Mobilehome parks pursuant to Section 19.91 of this ordinance.
- 11. Multiple family dwellings combined with non-residential uses listed in this subsection C.
- 12. Private Academic Facility
- 13. Theaters and Auditoriums
- D. SAME CHARACTER AND INTENSITY. Any use that is not specifically listed in subsections B. or C. may be considered a permitted or conditionally permitted use provided that the Planning Director finds that the proposed use is substantially the same in character and intensity as those listed in the designated subsections. Such a use is subject to the permit process which governs the category in which it falls.

SECTION 9.87. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS IN THE MU ZONE.

- A. LOT SIZE. There is no minimum lot size.
- B. LOT WIDTH. There is no minimum lot width.
- C. LOT DEPTH. There is no minimum lot depth.
- D. FRONTAGE. There is no minimum lot frontage.
- E. HEIGHT. The maximum height of any buildings or structures shall be no greater than seventy-five (75) feet. Ground floor commercial retail shall have a minimum ceiling height of eleven (11) feet, measured from foundation to finished ceiling.
- F. SCREENING. All roof-mounted equipment, excluding solar panels, shall be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of six hundred sixty (660) feet for residential buildings and one thousand three hundred twenty (1,320) feet for non-residential buildings, including mixed-use buildings.
- G. LOT COVERAGE. There is no minimum lot coverage.
- H. FRONT SETBACKS. There is no front setback requirement, except for one family dwellings or associated structure(s), which shall have a minimum front setback of no less than twenty-five (25) feet.
- I. SIDE SETBACKS. There is no side setback requirement, except for the following:
 - 1. One family dwellings or associated structure(s) shall have a minimum side

setback of no less than five (5) feet.

- 2. For lots zoned MU that abut lots zoned R-R, R-A, R-1, R-1-A, the minimum side setback shall be no less than five (5) feet.
- J. REAR SETBACKS. There is no rear setback requirement, except for the following:
 - 1. One family dwellings or associated structure(s) shall have a minimum side setback of no less than fifteen (15) feet.
 - 2. For lots zoned MU that abut lots zoned R-R, R-A, R-1, R-1-A, the minimum rear setback shall be no less than fifteen (15) feet.

K. OPEN SPACE.

- 1. Any development with one or more non-residential building(s) with thirty thousand (30,000) square feet or greater of floor area each shall provide at least one (1) public use area (PUA) that is adjacent to public streets or ground floor retail or ground floor commercial uses. A PUA is an urban and public open space area, such as a plaza, square or court, located on the same lot(s) as the primary use and used as a gathering place or a pedestrian linkage between buildings.
- 2. Any development with more than ten (10) multiple family dwelling units shall provide at least one hundred (100) square feet of common use area (CUA) for each unit above ten (10) units. A CUA is a recreational open space area, such as a park, sport field, pool, gym, or passive recreational area, associated with and located on the same lot or lots as the primary use. A PUA may be used to fulfill the CUA.

requirement. A reduction in this requirement may be applied pursuant to the following:

- a. A ten percent (10%) reduction for developments that provide more than two hundred (200) dwelling units.
- b. A twenty-five percent (25%) reduction for developments that

provide housing for very low, low or moderate income households as defined in the Riverside County Housing Element with applicable affordability restrictions.

3. PRIVATE OPEN AREA. A private open area (POA) is a private usable open area, such as a patio or balcony, which is not encumbered with structures and is attached to the primary dwelling unit. A development with multiple family units shall provide at least fifty (50) square feet of POA per unit.

L. SITE REQUIREMENTS.

- 1. Any mixed-use buildings shall provide ground floor retail or commercial uses for at least fifty percent (50%) of ground floor units that front a public street, sidewalk, or public use area at the time of development.
- 2. Any ground floor retail or commercial units shall have transparent walls on at least fifty percent (50%) of the wall area that fronts a public street, sidewalk, or public use area.
- 3. REFUSE AND RECYCLABLE STORAGE AREA. A refuse and recyclable material storage area shall be provided for any new multiple family, mixed-use, or commercial development, or existing multiple family mixed-use, or commercial development that will add thirty percent (30%) or more units or floor area. This area must be fully enclosed and have adequate separation from any habitable areas. This area shall be screened using landscape or architectural features.
- 4. ENCROACHMENTS. No setbacks or yard encroachments are permitted, except as provided in Section 18.19 of this ordinance.
- 5. LIGHTING. All onsite lighting shall be focused, directed or arranged to prevent glare or direct illumination on adjacent residential uses.
- 6. PARKING. Off-street parking shall be provided pursuant to Section 18.12 of this Ordinance.

7. LANDSCAPE. There is no required minimum landscape area.

SECTION 9.88. DEVELOPMENT DESIGN AND PHASING.

- A. PHASING PLAN. For phased developments, a site development phasing plan shall be submitted with the land use application or design review application and include maps, exhibits and a description of the following: phasing for development and infrastructure, and the development of multi-modal or active transportation connectivity with the neighborhood and adjoining community areas.
- B. DESIGN REVIEW. For multiple family dwelling developments that only include a residential use, a site design plan shall be submitted to the Planning Director for review and shall include the following:
 - 1. Site plan with building footprint
 - 2. Floor plans
 - 3. Landscape plan, as necessary
 - 4. Wall and fencing plan
 - 5. Elevation plan
 - 6. Architectural design
 - 7. Photometric plan, as necessary
 - 8. Traffic analysis
- C. PUBLIC REVIEW PERIOD. A thirty (30) day public review period shall be provided prior to the Planning Director considering the site design plan submitted for multiple family dwelling developments that only include residential use. Notice of the public review period shall be given in the same manner as provided in Section 18.26.c. subsections (2),(4), (5),(6) and (7) of this ordinance. The notice shall include the mailing address to send comments to, the dates for the public review period, location where the site design plan may be reviewed, and explain that the public may comment on the site design plan for the multiple family dwelling development.
- D. DESIGN APPROVAL. The site design plan referenced above shall be approved if

the Planning Director finds the site design plan conforms to or is consistent with all of the following:

- 1. The Riverside County General Plan;
- 2. This ordinance;
- 3. The Countywide Design Guidelines;
- 4. There is no specific, adverse impact upon the public health or safety. A specific adverse impact means a significant, quantifiable, direct, and unavoidable impact, based on objective, identified written public health or safety standards, policies or conditions as they existed on the date the application was deemed complete; or
- 5. If there is a specific adverse impact upon the public health or safety, the development has been conditioned to develop at a lower density which removes the specific adverse impact.
- E. APPROVAL PERIOD. An applicant of a site design plan approval shall obtain building permits within two (2) years of the approval of any multiple family dwellings, pursuant to this section. The Planning Director may grant a request for a one-year extension of time of this requirement, if the request is submitted by the applicant at least six (6) months prior to the expiration of the original time limit with the appropriate fee. If the extension is granted, the total time allowed for a site design plan approval shall not exceed three (3) years."

Section 12. A new Subsection A.18. is added to Section 13.1 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"18. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code

section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 13. Subsection C.3. of Section 13.1 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as follows:

"3. Employee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces for use by a single family or household."

Section 14. A new subsection K. is added to Section 13.51 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"K. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 15. A new subsection L. is added to Section 13.51 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"L. Employee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household."

Section 16. A new subsection A.23. is added to Section 14.1 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"23. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and

Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 17. Subsection C.3. of Section 14.1 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as follows:

- "3. Employee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a groups quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household."
- Section 18. A new subsection A.12. is added to Section 14.52 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:
 - "12. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."
- Section 19. A new subsection C.3. is added to Section 14.52 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:
 - "3. Employee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household."
- Section 20. A new subsection A.6. is added to Section 14.73 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:
 - "6. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and

Safety Code section 17021.8.(c) "

Section 21. Subsection C.3. of Section 14.73 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as follows:

- "3. Employee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household."
- Section 22. A new subsection A.8. is added to Section 14.92 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:
 - "8. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."
- Section 23. Subsection C.1. of Section 14.92 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as follows:
 - "1. Employee housing not meeting the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household."
- Section 24. A new subsection A.8. is added to Section 14.94 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:
 - "8. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and

Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 25. Subsection C.1. of Section 14.94 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as follows:

"1. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 26. A new subsection A.14. is added to Section 14.96 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"14. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 27. Subsection C.1. of Section 14.96 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended to read as follows:

"1. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 28. A new subsection A.9. is added to Section 14.98 of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"9. Employee housing meeting the requirements, as determined by the Planning Director, set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8, as may be amended, or consisting of no more than 36 beds in a group quarters or 12 units or spaces designed for use by a single family or household. Review of determinations that employee housing meets the requirements set forth in Health and Safety Code section 17021.8 shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 17021.8.(c)."

Section 29. Subsection B. of Section 18.18 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"B. DETACHED ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES.

- 1. ALLOWED USE. Subject to the provisions provided in this Section, detached accessory buildings and structures are allowed on lots where the principal use of the lot is a one family dwelling.
- 2. PLOT PLAN REQUIREMENT.
 - a. Notwithstanding the above Section 18.18.B.1., the Planning Director may, based on a determination of potential environmental concerns, require the submittal of a plot plan including the preparation of an environmental assessment pursuant to Section 18.30 of this ordinance if either:
 - A detached accessory building or structure on a lot equals or exceeds five thousand (5,000) square feet in size; or,
 - ii. The total square footage of all detached accessory buildings or structures of a lot equal or exceed five thousand (5,000) square feet. Said determination of potential environmental concerns shall be made by the Planning Director and is within his or her sole discretion.

- b. If a plot plan is required for a detached accessory building or structure, a public hearing shall be held in accordance with Section 18.30 of this ordinance and the plot plan shall only be approved if it complies with the requirements of this Section and the requirements of Section 18.30 of this ordinance.
- 3. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS. In addition to the development standards of the applicable zone, a detached accessory building or structure shall comply with the following:
 - a. Where a rear yard is required by this ordinance, a detached
 accessory building or structure may occupy not more than fifty
 percent (50%) of the required rear yard.
 - b. In areas of altitudes above four thousand (4,000) feet, a detached accessory building or structure may be constructed in accordance with the same building setback line as is required for a one family dwelling on the same lot.
 - c. Detached accessory buildings or structures shall be located in the rear portion of a lot and shall not be nearer to the street line than the principal dwelling on the lot.
 - d. No detached accessory building shall be nearer to the one family dwelling, or other building or structure than that permitted by Ordinance No. 457 and Ordinance No 787.
 - e. Notwithstanding the height limitations of any zone, the height limit shall be thirty (30) feet or the height of the principal dwelling, whichever is less.
 - f. Bare metal buildings and structures without paint or exterior architectural coatings or treatments shall not be located on a lot one (1) acre or smaller.
 - g. No final inspection shall be performed for the detached accessory

building or structure until a final inspection has been performed for the one family dwelling on the same lot.

- h. No detached accessory building or structure shall be rented or leased, or offered for rent or lease, unless the one family dwelling on the lot is also being rented or leased, or offered for rent or lease, to the same renter or lessee.
- No detached accessory building or structure shall be used for overnight accommodations.
- j. No detached accessory building or structure shall contain a kitchen.
- k. Any detached accessory building or structure must have the same lot access as the one family dwelling on the lot. No additional curb cuts, rear access or any other type of access is allowed to the detached accessory building or structure except as may be authorized by the Transportation Department through the issuance of an encroachment permit.
- A detached accessory building or structure shall be compatible with the architecture of the one family dwelling and consistent with the character of the surrounding neighborhood.
- m. Notwithstanding the above, in areas of altitudes below four (4,000) thousand feet and where the slope of the front twenty (20) feet of the lot is greater than one (1) foot rise or fall in a seven (7) foot run from the established street elevation, or where the frontage of the lot is more than four (4) feet above or below such established street elevation, a private garage may be built to the front or side lot lines if the placement of the building or structure or the design of the building or structure prevents vehicles directly exiting or entering onto the adjacent roadway; however, in areas of altitudes above four thousand (4,000) feet and where the slope of the front twenty (20)

feet of a lot is greater than one (1) foot rise or fall in a seven (7) foot run from the established street elevation, or where the frontage of the lot is more than four (4) feet above or below such established street elevation, a private garage or carport may be built to the front or side lot lines."

Section 30. Subsection C of Section 18.18 of Ordinance No. 348 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"C. EXCEPTIONS.

- 1. This section shall not apply to agricultural structures in the A-1, A-P, A-2 or A-D zones."
- Section 31. Subsection D. of Section 18.18 of Ordinance No. 348 is deleted in its entirety.
- Section 32. Section 18.29a. of Ordinance No. 348 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"SECTION 18.29a. FAMILY DAY CARE HOMES.

A. STATE PREEMPTION. Pursuant to the California Child Day Care Facilities Act, Health and Safety Code sections 1597.30 through 1597.622, the California Legislature has declared that it is the public policy of the State of California to locate family day care homes for children in normal residential surroundings so as to give children a home environment which is conducive to healthy and safe development. It is the declared public policy of the State to provide children the same environment as would be found in a dwelling unit. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 1597.40.(b), the Legislature has further declared that this policy is a matter of statewide concern with the purpose of occupying and shall preempt local laws, regulations and rules governing the use and occupancy of family daycare homes. Additionally, in accordance with Health and Safety Code section 1597.45.(a), the use of a home as a small or large family daycare home shall be considered a residential use of property and a use by right.

- B. SMALL FAMILY DAY CARE HOMES. In accordance with the above-referenced State policies, the use of a lawfully occupied detached one-family dwelling, a townhouse, a dwelling unit within a dwelling, or a dwelling unit within a covered multiple family dwelling as a small family day care home for up to seven (7) children, including children under ten (10) years of age who reside at the home, shall be a permitted use in all zones where such dwelling unit types are permitted, and shall not require any permit pursuant to this ordinance.
- C. LARGE FAMILY DAY CARE HOMES. In accordance with the above-referenced State policies, the use of a lawfully occupied detached one-family dwelling, a townhouse, a dwelling unit within a dwelling, or a dwelling unit within a covered multiple family dwelling as a large family day care home for eight (8) to fourteen (14) children, including children under ten (10) years of age who reside at the home shall be a permitted use in all zones where such dwelling unit types are permitted, and shall not require any permit pursuant to this ordinance.
- D. SECOND UNITS/GUEST QUARTER. No second unit or guest quarter may be used as a family day care home.
- E. FAMILY DAY CARE HOME OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS. A family day care home operator shall obtain all necessary building permits in accordance with Ordinance No. 457 and comply with the following operational standards:
 - A family day care home shall obtain a valid state license in accordance with Section 1597.54 of the Health and Safety Code, as may be amended, and upon receipt provide a certified copy of the state license to the Planning Director.
 - A family day care home shall provide off-street parking as provided in Section 18.12 of this ordinance as required for similar residential uses.
 These parking spaces may include spaces provided to meet residential requirements.
 - 3. The unloading and loading of vehicle occupants shall be done in a manner

that does not impede the flow of traffic on the adjacent roadways and does not allow for the stacking of vehicles on adjacent roadways.

- 4. To ensure the health and safety of children, family day care homes shall comply with applicable Fire and Building Code regulations pursuant to Section 1597.46 of the Health and Safety Code, as may be amended.
- 5. Family day care homes shall comply with the development standards for one family or multiple family dwellings, as applicable, located within the same zone.
- 6. Family day care homes shall comply with all applicable State Fire Marshall regulations.
- 7. An on-site identification sign may be installed in accordance with this ordinance.
- F. SUSPENSION OF OPERATION. If the family day care operator fails to comply with any requirement of this section, the family day care home shall suspend operations until corrective action(s) are taken pursuant to Section 1597.58 of the Health and Safety Code, as may be amended."

Section 33. A new Section 18.54 is added to Article XVIII of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"SECTION 18.54. DENSITY BONUSES.

- A. PURPOSE AND INTENT. The Board of Supervisors finds that certain incentives are appropriate and necessary to help increase opportunities for affordable housing in the County and to achieve the goals and policies of the General Plan Housing Element. The purpose of this Section is to facilitate the development of affordable rental and for-sale housing, including inclusionary housing, in accordance with California Government Code sections 65915 through 65918, as may be amended from time to time.
- B. DEFINITIONS. As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- 1. <u>Density Bonus.</u> An increase over the otherwise maximum allowable residential density set forth in the Riverside County General Plan land use designation for a Housing Development, as defined in this Section.
- 2. Housing Development. As provided in section 65915(i) of the Government Code, a development project for five (5) or more dwelling units that may include mixed-use developments, a subdivision or common interest development consisting of one family or multiple family dwellings or unimproved residential lots. A Housing Development can also include either a project to substantially rehabilitate and convert an existing commercial building to residential use, or the substantial rehabilitation of an existing multiple family dwelling, where the result of the rehabilitation would be a net increase in available dwelling units.
- 3. <u>Target Units.</u> Dwelling units with affordability restrictions for the following:
 - Very low, low and moderate income households as defined in sections 50105, 50079.5, and 50093, respectively, of the Health and Safety Code;
 - b. Transitional foster youth, as defined in section 66025.9 of the Education Code;
 - c. Disabled veterans, as defined in section 18541 of the Government Code;
 - d. Senior citizens as defined in sections 51.3 and 51.12 of the Civil
 Code; or
 - e. Homeless persons as defined in section 11302 of title 42 of the United States Code, also known as the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.
- C. ELIGIBILITY. A Housing Development is eligible for a Density Bonus when the Housing Development meets at least one of the following requirements:

- Ten (10%) percent of the total dwelling units of a Housing Development are for lower income households, as defined in section 50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code;
- 2. Five (5%) percent of the total dwelling units of a Housing Development are for very low income households, as defined in section 50105 of the Health and Safety Code;
- 3. The Housing Development includes a senior citizen housing development, as defined in sections 51.3 and 51.12 of the Civil Code, or a mobilehome park that limits residency based on age requirements for housing for older persons pursuant to section 798.76 and 799.5 of the Civil Code;
- 4. Ten (10%) percent of the total dwelling units in a common interest development, as defined in section 4100 of the Civil Code, are for persons and families of moderate income, as defined in section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, provided that all dwelling units are offered to the public for purchase; or
- 5. Ten (10%) percent of the total dwelling units of a Housing Development are for transitional foster youth, as defined in section 66025.9 of the Education Code, disabled veterans, as defined in section 18541 of the Government Code, or homeless persons, as defined in section 11302 of title 42 of the United States Code, also known as the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act. The dwelling units described in this subparagraph shall be subject to a recorded affordability period of 55 years and shall be provided at the same affordability level as very low income dwelling units, as defined in section 50105 of the Health and Safety Code.
- 6. Twenty (20%) percent of the total units for lower income students in a student housing development that meets the requirements as provided in section 65915(b)(1)(F) of the Government Code.

7. One hundred percent (100%) of the total units, exclusive of a manager's unit or units, are for lower income households, as defined by Section 50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code, except that up to 20 percent of the total units in the development may be for moderate-income households, as defined in Section 50053 of the Health and Safety Code.

D. APPLICATION PROCEDURE.

- 1. An applicant proposing a Housing Development pursuant to this Section that also requires an approved land use permit may submit a Density Bonus request to the Planning Director or designee in conjunction with the application for the Housing Development project. The request shall be processed concurrently with the Housing Development project application, and heard by the appropriate hearing body for the Housing Development.
- 2. An applicant proposing a Housing Development pursuant to this Section that does not require an approved land use permit may submit a Density Bonus request to the Planning Director. The request shall be considered by the Planning Director in accordance with subsection F. below and in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act. The Planning Director shall provide the determination in writing to the applicant.
- E. DENSITY BONUS CALCULATIONS. The Density Bonus shall be calculated in accordance with Government Code Sections 65915(f) and 65915(i), as may be amended, or in accordance with Government Code Section 65917.2 as may be amended.
- F. DENSITY BONUS APPROVAL. The County shall grant the Density Bonus request for an eligible Housing Development unless the County makes a written finding, based upon substantial evidence, of any of the following:
 - 1. The Density Bonus would have a specific, adverse impact upon public health and safety, or the physical environment or on any historical property as provided in Government Code section 65915(d)(1)(B) as may be

amended from time to time.

- 2. The Density Bonus would be contrary to state or federal law.
- G. DENSITY BONUS AGREEMENT. The applicant shall enter into a Density Bonus agreement with the County in a form consistent with Government Code Section 65915, as may be amended from time to time, and approved by the Office of County Counsel. The Density Bonus agreement shall include the applicable affordability period and be recorded on the lot or lots designated for the construction of the Target Units prior to final map approval, or, where a map is not being processed, prior to the issuance of the first building permit.
- H. INCENTIVES. In addition to the Density Bonus, an applicant who meets the requirements of this Section may request incentives that result in identifiable and actual cost reductions to provide affordable housing, as provided in section 65915(d)(2) and section 65915(k) of the Government Code, as may be amended from time to time. Incentive examples include, but are not limited to, modifications to site development standards and architectural design requirements.
- I. INCENTIVE APPROVAL. The County shall grant incentives pursuant to the provisions of this Section unless the County makes a written finding, based upon substantial evidence, of any of the following:
 - 1. The incentive does not result in identifiable and actual cost reductions to provide for affordable housing or for the setting of rents for Target Units a as provided in section 65915(d)(1)(A) of the Government Code, as may be amended from time to time.
 - 2. The incentive would have a specific, adverse impact upon public health and safety, or the physical environment or on any historical property as provided in section 65915(d)(1)(B) of the Government Code, as may be amended from time to time.
 - 3. The incentive would be contrary to state or federal law.

- J. PROJECT DESIGN. Target Units shall be constructed concurrently with marketrate dwelling units, integrated into the Housing Development and include comparable infrastructure, construction quality and exterior and interior design to the market-rate dwelling units.
- K. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS. The Housing Development shall comply with the development standards of its zoning classification. If a development standard has the effect of physically precluding the construction of a Housing Development meeting the criteria for a Density Bonus or incentive, an applicant may request a development standard modification as provided in section 65915(e) of the Government Code, as may be amended from time to time.
- L. PARKING RATIOS. In addition to the Density Bonus, an applicant who meets the requirements of this Section may request parking ratios as provided in section 65915(p) of the Government Code, as may be amended from time to time.

M. ADDITIONAL DENSITY BONUS CREDITS.

- 1. An applicant who meets the requirements of this Section and includes a child care facility that will be located on the premises of, as part of, or adjacent to the Housing Development may be eligible for an additional Density Bonus or incentive as provided in Government Code section 65915(h) as may be amended from time to time. The County shall not be required to provide a Density Bonus or incentive for a child care facility if it finds, based upon substantial evidence, that the community has adequate child care facilities. No additional Density Bonus or incentive shall be granted unless the following requirements are met:
 - a. The child care facility shall remain in operation for a period of time that is as long as or longer than the period of time during which the Target Units are required to remain affordable pursuant to Government Code section 65915(c) as may be amended from time to time; and

- b. Of the children who attend the child care facility, the children of very low income households, lower income households, or families of moderate income shall equal a percentage that is equal to or greater than the percentage of dwelling units that are required for very low income households, lower income households, or families of moderate income pursuant to Government Code section 65915(h) as may be amended from time to time.
- 2. An applicant for approval to convert apartments to a condominium project in accordance with Government Code section 65915.5, as may be amended from time to time, may be eligible for a Density Bonus or other incentive as provided in Government Code section 65915.5(a), as may be amended from time to time.
- 3. An applicant for approval of a commercial development that has entered into an agreement for partnered housing as provided in Government Code section 65915.7, as may be amended from time to time, may be eligible for a development incentive as provided in Government Code section 65915.7, as may amended from time to time."

Section 34. A new Section 18.55 is added to Article XVIII of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"SECTION 18.55. SUPPORTIVE AND TRANSITIONAL HOUSING.

- A. Supportive housing as defined in this ordinance that does not meet the requirements provided in Subsection B. below is allowed in all zone classifications where one family dwellings or multiple family dwellings are allowed, and shall be subject to General Plan density requirements, the development standards provided in the zone classification and the permit approval process for the permit category in which the supportive housing falls.
- B. Supportive housing as defined in this ordinance meeting the requirements set forth in Government Code Section 65651, as may be amended, is allowed by right in all

zone classifications where multiple family and mixed uses are allowed, and shall be subject to General Plan density requirements.

C. Transitional housing as defined in this ordinance is allowed in all zone classifications where one family or multiple family dwellings are allowed, and shall be subject to General Plan density requirements, development standards provided in the zone classification, and the permit approval process which governs the permit category in which the transitional housing falls."

Section 35. A new Article XIXn is added to Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"ARTICLE XIXn SINGLE ROOM OCCUPANCY UNITS

SECTION 19.1200. PURPOSE AND INTENT.

The purpose of this Article is to allow for Single Room Occupancy Units (SROs) to assist in providing affordable housing to extremely low, very low, lower, and low income households consistent with Government Code Section 65583(c)(2) and to appropriately regulate SRO's to ensure compatibility with surrounding uses and properties, and as well as to minimize impacts associated with such uses.

SECTION 19.1201. APPLICABILITY AND PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.

- A. SROs are a form of housing in which one or two individuals are housed in individual permanent resident rooms within a multiple tenant building.
- B. SROs are allowed in the following zone classifications with an approved conditional use permit subject to the requirements of this Article and in accordance with Section 18.28 of this ordinance: C-1/C-P and MU.

SECTION 19.1202. SITE LOCATION, OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS.

The standards set forth below and the standards in Article IX and Article IXf of this ordinance shall apply to the development of SROs. In the event of a conflict between standards, the standards set forth below shall apply.

A. SEPARATION. To avoid over-concentration of SROs, there shall be a 300-foot

- separation requirement as measured from the nearest outside building walls between a proposed SRO and any other SRO.
- B. COMPATIBILITY. The design of the SRO shall be compatible with the character of the surrounding neighborhood and consistent with any applicable County design guidelines.
- C. PARKING AND BICYCLE STALLS. On-site parking shall be provided as required for studio dwelling units pursuant to Section 18.12. of this ordinance. Bicycle stalls shall be provided at a minimum of one (1) Class I bicycle parking facility, as provided in Section 18.12 of this ordinance, for every 5 SRO units.
- D. COMMON SPACE. A minimum of ten (10) square feet per unit, or 250 square feet total, whichever is greater, shall be provided for interior common space. Dining rooms, meeting rooms, recreational rooms and other similar areas may be considered common areas. Shared bathrooms kitchens, storage, laundry facilities and common hallways shall not be considered common areas.
- E. FLOOR AREA. An SRO unit shall be a minimum of one hundred fifty (150) square feet in floor area and up to a maximum of four hundred (400) square feet in floor area, including bathroom and kitchen facilities.
- F. LAUNDRY FACILITIES. Laundry facilities shall be provided in a separate area within the SRO project at the ratio of one (1) washer and one (1) dryer for every twenty (20) SRO units or fractional number thereof.
- G. KITCHEN FACILITIES. Each unit shall include a kitchen sink serviced with hot and cold water, a garbage disposal, and a counter top measuring a minimum of 18 inches wide by 24 inches deep. A complete kitchen facility available for all residents shall be provided on each floor of the structure, if all individual SRO units are not provided with a minimum of a refrigerator and a microwave oven.
- H. BATHROOM FACILITIES. For each SRO unit, a private toilet shall be provided in an enclosed room with a door having a minimum of fifteen (15) square feet in floor area. If private bathing facilities are not provided for each SRO unit, shared

shower or bathtub facilities shall be provided at a ratio of one (1) such facility for every seven (7) SRO units or fraction thereof. The shared shower or bathtub facility shall be on the same floor as the SRO units it is intended to serve and shall be accessible from a common area or hallway. Each shared shower or bathtub facility shall be provided with an interior lockable door.

- I. MANAGEMENT PLAN. An SRO project shall submit a management plan, along with the appropriate review fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671, for review and approval by the County prior to issuance of the first building permit. The management plan shall contain management policies, operations, emergency procedures, number of residents per SRO unit permitted, overnight guest policy, security program including video cameras monitoring building access points at every floor, rental procedures that allow for monthly tenancies and proposed rates, maintenance plans, staffing needs, tenant mix, selection and regulations. Income levels shall be verified in writing and provided to the County by a third party.
- J. SRO MANAGER. An on-site 24-hour manager is required for a SRO project. The manager's unit shall be at least 300 square feet with its own kitchen and bath facilities.
- K. INCOME RESTRICTED UNITS. All units in an SRO project shall be deed restricted to extremely low, very low, lower and low income households as such income restrictions are defined in the Riverside County's General Plan Housing Element and Health and Safety Code Sections 50079.5, 50093, 50105 and 50106, as may be amended, with the only exception being the 24-hour on-site manager. When accompanied by the appropriate review fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671, such deed restriction shall be reviewed and approved by the Office of County Counsel and recorded prior to issuance of a building permit for the construction of the SRO project.
- L. ANNUAL REVIEW OF MANAGEMENT PLAN. Each SRO project shall annually provide a report of compliance with its management plan to be prepared

by a qualified third party who is approved by the County. Such report shall be accompanied by the appropriate review fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671.

- M. DISABLITY ACCESS. Disability access facilities shall be provided as may be required pursuant to federal, state and county laws and regulations. At a minimum, one (1) disabled accessible SRO unit shall be required for every twenty (20) SRO units.
- N. RESTRICTION ON NUMBER OF RESIDENTS. No more than two (2) residents shall be permitted to reside in each SRO unit."
- Section 36. A new Article XIXo is added to Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows: "ARTICLE XIXo HOUSING ALTERNATIVES

SECTION 19,1300. PURPOSE AND INTENT.

In adopting this article it is the intent of the Board of Supervisors to enact provisions that allow for the construction and installation of tiny homes or the placement of shipping containers adapted for residential use in order to increase the variety and supply of housing products permitted in the unincorporated area and thereby potentially increase housing affordability by allowing for a smaller housing product while at the same time considering an enhancement or maintenance of community aesthetics, preserving property values, and protecting the public health, safety and welfare.

SECTION 19. 1301. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this Article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- A. Tiny Home: A tiny home is a detached structure built and designed to resemble a single family home for permanent year round occupancy by one household with functional areas that support normal daily routines including cooking, sleeping and sanitation.
- Residential Shipping Container: A residential shipping container is a dwelling made from a steel shipping container. The residential shipping container is adapted from either a 20 foot by 8 foot or 40 foot by 8 foot container with a height of either 8.5 feet or 9.5 feet for permanent year round occupancy by one household with

functional areas that support normal daily routines including cooking, sleeping and sanitation.

SECTION 19. 1302. LOCATION AND PERMIT PROCESSING.

- A. Except as otherwise provided in this Article, tiny homes and residential shipping containers are allowed as a use by right in the R-7 and MU zone classifications as well as in all zoning classifications that permit one family dwellings or accessory dwelling units.
- B. Tiny homes or residential shipping containers located on lots adjacent to a lot containing a place, building, structure, or other object listed on the National Register of Historic Places, shall be allowed with an approved plot plan in accordance with Section 18.30. of this ordinance.
- C. Tiny homes and residential shipping containers are prohibited in areas that are constrained by water availability, water quality, sewage disposal or other health and safety concerns.
- D. Tiny homes and residential shipping containers are prohibited in areas where a development moratorium is imposed by the County or another public agency with authority to impose such a development moratorium due to a deficient water supply, inadequate sewer or septic capacity.
- E. Applications for a tiny home or residential shipping container shall include a site design plan demonstrating compliance with the development standards provided in this Article, and processed in accordance with this ordinance, Ordinance No. 671 and Ordinance No. 457, as applicable.

SECTION 19.1303. APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS.

An application for a tiny home or residential shipping container shall be approved if it complies with all of the following, as applicable:

- A. The requirements and development standards set forth in this Article.
- B. Certification is provided demonstrating that the residential shipping container is constructed pursuant to ISO standards and is a new or single use shipping

container.

- C. All required approvals are obtained from the Department of Environmental Health and the Fire Department including that the residential shipping container is not compromised in any way including, but not limited to, physical or structural integrity, use of hazardous material for coating or fumigating, or having been used to transport hazardous material.
- D. All applicable laws and regulations related to flood control, seismic safety, and health and safety including, but not limited to, Fire and Building Code regulations.
- E. Written confirmation has been provided from the Department of Environmental Health for the use of an existing or new septic system.
- F. A percolation test is completed and certified within the last year or recertified by the Department of Environmental Health.
- G. All required approvals are obtained from the applicable water and sewer purveyor(s).
- H. If applicable because of geographic location and constraints, all required approvals are obtained from the Fire Department, Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, Coachella Valley Water District, or the Environmental Programs Division of the Planning Department.
- I. Tiny homes that are factory-built off-site and transported to a residential site shall comply with Health and Safety Code sections 19960, et seq, and Title 25, CCR sections 3000, et seq. as may be amended.
- J. Tiny homes and residential shipping containers shall not be subject to Section18.11 of this ordinance related to size of dwellings.

SECTION 19.1304. FOUNDATIONS.

- A. A tiny home shall be installed on a concrete slab foundation.
- B. Residential shipping container shall be installed on a pier foundation, concrete slab foundation, piling foundation or platform foundation.

SECTION 19.1305. CLUSTERING.

- A. Tiny homes or residential shipping containers located in the R-7 or MU zoning classifications and meeting the requirements below may be clustered with an approved plot plan in accordance with section 18.30 of this ordinance.
 - 1. In a residential subdivision where the underlying lot and tiny home or residential shipping container are purchased in fee;
 - As a condominium product where the tiny home or residential shipping container is owned and the underlying lot is owned as an undivided interest derived from the number of tiny homes or residential shipping containers provided;
 - 3. Where the tiny home or residential shipping container is owned, but the underlying space or site is leased; or
 - 4. Where the underlying lot and the tiny home or residential shipping container are both in the possession of an owner or entity and the tiny home or residential shipping container on the designated space or site are rented.
- B. Clustered tiny homes and residential shipping containers shall be compatible with the surrounding area's characteristics including, but not limited to, density.
- C. Open space or recreation facilities are not required for clustered tiny homes or residential shipping containers.

SECTION 19.1306. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS.

Tiny homes and residential shipping containers shall comply with the development standards for the applicable zoning classification and the development standards listed below. If there is an inconsistency between the development standards of the zone classification and these standards, the more restrictive standard applies.

A. LOT SIZE.

The minimum lot size shall be 1500 square feet.

B. HEIGHT

The maximum height for a building or structure shall be twenty five (25) feet.

C. SETBACK.

Side and rear setbacks shall not be less than five (5) feet. No front setback is required except as may be needed to accommodate off-street parking pursuant to Subsection E. below.

D. WALL.

When clustering, a masonry wall six feet in height shall be erected along the perimeter of the lot.

E. VEHICLE PARKING.

Off-street automobile parking space shall be provided as required by Section 18.12. of this ordinance When clustering, parking spaces shall be delineated on the plot plan or as a separate attachment to the plot plan.

F. BUILDING SIZE.

- A tiny home shall not exceed 500 square feet, excluding patios, porches, garages, and similar structures. A split level tiny home shall include a first floor living space of at least 150 square feet.
- 2. A residential shipping container may consist of multiple shipping containers, but shall not exceed 1200 square feet, excluding patios, porches, garages, and similar structures."

Section 37. A new Section 21.32c. is added to Article XXI of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"SECTION 21.32c. EMPLOYEE HOUSING

As defined in Health and Safety Code section 17008, housing accommodations provided by an employer for five or more employees that are maintained or connected with any work or place where work is performed. Employee housing also includes housing accommodations or property located in a rural area, as defined by Health and Safety Code section 50101, provided by someone other than agricultural employer for five or more agricultural employees that are not maintained or connected with work or workplace.

Housing accommodations may consist of any living quarters, dwelling, boardinghouse, tent, bunkhouse, maintenance of way car, mobilehome, manufactured home, recreational vehicle, travel trailer, or other accommodations maintained in one or more buildings or one or more sites."

Section 38. A new Section 21.70b. is added to Article XXI of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"SECTION 21.70b. SUPPORTIVE HOUSING.

As defined by Health and Safety Code Section 50675.14, as may be amended from time to time, housing with no limit on length of stay that is occupied by persons with disabilities, families who are homeless as defined by Title 42 of the United States Code or homeless youth as defined by Section 11139.3 of the California Government Code that is connected to onsite or offsite services related to obtaining housing, improving health, or obtaining work consistent with Government Code Section 65582(g) and Section 65582(h), as may be amended from time to time. Supportive housing is not a Community Care Facility as defined by this ordinance."

Section 39. A new Section 21.71a. is added to Article XXI of Ordinance No. 348 to read as follows:

"SECTION 21.71a. TRANSITIONAL HOUSING.

As defined by Health and Safety Code Section 50675.2, as may be amended from time to time, rental housing provided to eligible recipients on an interim basis not less than six months."

Section 40. If any provision, clause, sentence or paragraph of this ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions of this ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end, the provisions of this ordinance are hereby declared to be severable.

Section 41. This Ordin	ance shall take effect thirty (30) days after its adoption.
III	OARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY
O	F RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA
By	/:
	Chairman, Board of Supervisors
By:	
Deputy	
(SEAL)	
APPROVED AS TO FORM	
November, 2020	
By: MICHELLE CLACK	
Chief Deputy County Counsel	
11	
	By:

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING and INTENT TO ADOPT A NEGATIVE DECLARATION

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the Riverside County PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a number of amendments to Ordinance No. 348, as described below:

Change of Zone No. 1900012 – Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration – CEQ180084 – Applicant: County of Riverside – Location: Countywide – REQUEST: Change of Zone No. 1900012 proposes an amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use Ordinance) in accordance with State law and the Riverside County General Plan's Housing Element. The amendment to the Land Use Ordinance (ordinance) would: (1) add a new article to address Single-Room Occupancy units ("SROs"); (2) add a new article to address Tiny Homes and Container Housing; (3) add sections that address Supportive and Transitional Housing, Density Bonus, and Employee Housing; (4) modify existing articles and sections that include the R-3 Zone (General Residential), the R-6 Zone (Residential Incentive), the R-7 Zone (Highest Density Residential), the MU Zone (Mixed Use), and Family Day Care Homes; (5) add new definitions that include "Supportive Housing," "Transitional Housing," and "Employee Housing;" and (6) make global changes for consistency of the ordinance. No new development is being proposed.

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter

DATE OF HEARING: **DECEMBER 16, 2020**

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/.

For further information regarding these ordinance amendments please contact Project Planner Peter Hersh at (951) 955-8514 or email at phersh@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above ordinance amendments will not have a significant effect on the environment and has recommended adoption of a negative declaration. The Planning Commission will consider the proposed ordinance amendments and the proposed negative declaration, at the public hearing. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed ordinance amendments may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed ordinance amendments. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If the proposed ordinance amendments are challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed ordinance amendments.

Please send all written correspondence to: RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Peter Hersh

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

4.2

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

PROPOSED PROJECT		
Case Number(s):	CUP190006	Applicant(s): Halle Properties LLC.,
EA No.:	CEQ190078 MND	Scott Fournier
Area Plan:	Elsinore	
Zoning Area/District:	Meadowbrook Area	Colby Nennig
Supervisorial District:	First District	
Project Planner:	Deborah Bradford	() 00 960000 - 00
Project APN(s):	377-020-026	Jøhn Hildebrand
		Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190006 is a request to allow for the construction of an 8,192-square foot building to operate a retail tire store specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and wheels. The proposed building will be, twenty-six (26') feet in height and will provide 57 parking spaces, including three (3) for electrical vehicles and three (3) that are ADA compliant. The Project site is comprised of 2.42 gross acres. The hours of operation would be from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Saturday, and closed on Sunday.

The above as described is herein after referred to as the 'Project" in this staff report.

The Project site is located in the Elsinore Area Plan-Warm Springs Policy Area, north-east of Cambern Avenue, south-west of Conrad Avenue, south-east of 10th Street, and north-west of Highway 74.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>ADOPT</u> a MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION for ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT NO. CEQ 190078, based on the findings and conclusions provided in the initial study, attached hereto, and the conclusion that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190006, subject to the attached advisory notification document, conditions of approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

PROJECT DATA				
Land Use and Zoning:				
Existing General Plan Foundation	on Component:	Community Development		
Proposed General Plan Foundation	on Component:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:		Business Park (BP)		
Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation:		N/A		
Policy /	Overlay Area:	Warm Springs Policy Area		
Surrounding General F	Plan Land Uses			
	North:	Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP)		
	East:	City of Lake Elsinore		
	South:	Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP) and the City of Lake Elsinore		
	West:	Community Development: Very Low Density Residential (CD: VLDR)		
Existing Zoning	Classification:	Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S)		
Proposed Zoning Classification:				
Surrounding Zoning Classifications				
North:		Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S)		
	East:	City of Lake Elsinore		
	South:	Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S) and City of Lake Elsinore		
	West:	Residential Agricultural – 20,000 square foot lot minimum. (R-A-20,000)		
	Existing Use:	Vacant Land		
Surrounding Uses				
		Caltrans Facility		
South:		Vacant Land and City of Laka Flainara Commercial		
East:		City of Lake Elsinore Residential Development		
West:		Vacant Land		
Project Details:				
Item		lue	Min./Max. Development Standard	
Project Site (Acres):	2.42 Gross Acres		N/A	
Proposed Building Area (SQFT):	8,192 square feet		N/A	
Building Height (FT):	26'		50'	

Parking:

Type of Use	Building Area (in SF)	Parking Ratio	Spaces Required	Spaces Provided
Automobile Repair and/or Service Shops	8,192 SF	1 space/150 sq.ft. gross floor area	54	57
TOTAL:				57

Located Within:

Yes – City of Lake Elsinore		
No		
Yes – Area of Flooding Sensitivity		
No		
No		
Yes – Susceptible		
No		
Yes – High Fire Hazard – State Responsibility Area (SRA)		
Yes – Zone B		
No		
No		
Yes – In		
No		

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

PROJECT SETTING

Current Site Characteristics

The site comprises of 2.42 gross acres that is currently vacant and undeveloped. The southeast half of the site has been graded and is routinely maintained, while the northwest half of the site is undeveloped and supports a plant community that has been disturbed by Bicycle Motocross (BMX) activities.

The site is relatively flat. On-site elevations range from approximately 1,332 to 1,345 feet above mean sea level. The southeastern portion of the project site is elevated above the northwestern portion of the site, with the highest elevation occurring near the middle of the project site. For the highest point, the southwestern portion of the site gently slopes to the south, and the northeastern portion of the site slopes to the north. It should be noted that a drainage feature (Arroyo del Toro) is located approximately 100 feet northwest of the site, and the northwestern portion of the site lies within the 100-year flood plain.

The site is surrounded by a mixture of land uses. There are vacant lots located directly northwest and southwest of the site. Single-family residential homes are located directly across Highway 74 within the City of Lake Elsinore. Similar uses to the proposed project are located within its vicinity and includes: a CalTrans service station - located directly north, an automotive shop - located approximately 0.2 miles northeast, and a Costco Tire Center - located approximately 0.5 miles south within the City of Lake Elsinore.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project Characteristics

Halle Properties is proposing the construction of an 8,192-square foot commercial building to be utilized as a tire sales and installation stations. The proposed building has a mezzanine floor where the tires will be stored on racks. The building will be used entirely for the sale and installation of tires and wheels. The site will be accessed by a driveway off Central Avenue (Highway 74). The scope of the Project includes a proposed parking area with one driveway, connection to on-site private utilities, and storm water quality measures. The Project will provide a total of 57 parking spaces, which includes three electric vehicle spaces with charging stations and three parking spaces that are ADA compliant.

A Pre-Application Review (PAR190016) application for the proposed Project was submitted to the Planning Department and was scheduled for comment with the Development Advisory Committee (DAC) on May 9, 2019. The current application, Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 (CUP190006), was submitted to the Planning Department for review on July 1, 2019. The overall design of the Project is similar to what was submitted for PAR review. Due to some constraints in regards to peak flow rates on downstream properties, accessibility for emergency vehicles, and the potential for widening of the adjacent streets in the future, some minimal changes to the site design were made. Namely these changes include the implementation of bio-retention/bio-swales in high flood areas of the site, a five (5) foot increase in the width of the parking lot to accommodate for emergency vehicles, and a 25-foot dedication that creates a new proposed right of way (ROW) between the parcel and the adjacent street (Central Avenue).

General Plan Consistency

The Project site's existing General Plan Foundation Component is Community Development (CD) and Land Use Designation is Business Park (BP). The land use designations within the Community Development Foundation Component are grouped into five broad categories. BP is grouped along with Light Industrial (LI) Land Use Designation. As described in the Land Use Element, LI and BP designations aid economic growth by providing jobs for local and area-wide residents, growth opportunities for new and existing businesses, and facilitate a tax base upon which public services can be provided. The goal of Riverside County is to provide attractive work environments that fit with the character of each community and are well served by convenient and adequate accessibility to multi-modal transportation options that bring jobs and housing in closer proximity to one another. Stimulation of clusters of similar industrial business will facilitate competitive advantage in the market place. BP land use designation supports employee intensive uses, including research and development, technology centers, corporate offices, clean industry and supporting retail uses.

The proposed tire store at this location does not conflict with the objectives of the BP land use designation because it provides job opportunities for the local area residents, it is a supporting retail use that is similar to other uses located within a mile of project site along Highway 74, and there is an existing bus stop located directly in front of the proposed project.

The proposed building floor area ratio (FAR) is approximately 0.15. The Project's FAR is lower than the FAR range noted in the General Plan for BP, which is between 0.25-0.60. FAR indicates the ratio of gross building square footage permitted on a parcel to net square footage of the parcel. FAR is used to estimate employment generated from commercial, industrial and business park land uses. It is a reflection of a theoretical build-out, rather than what is likely to appear on the ground. Land Use Element Policy LU 30.9 allows for a FAR that is less intense in order to encourage good project design and efficient site utilization. The Project was designed to address peak flow rates in high flood area, emergency vehicle accessibility, and ROW dedication. The Project's FAR, while less than the normal range for BP, is suitable for a supporting retail use in this area since the project was designed to address the various site constraints.

The Project is located along a segment of Highway 74 that is identified as State Eligible Scenic Highway in the Circulation Element. The Project complies with the General Plan policies for Scenic Corridors. The Project architectural design and color palette is compatible with the area and does impact the visual assets of Galivan Hills. The project is appropriately set back from the right of way and will be enhanced with landscaping. The Project was also conditioned to underground all overhead utilities (34.5 KV or lower).

Policy Area Consistency

The Project site is within the Warm Springs Policy Area of the Elsinore Area Plan (ELAP). The objective of the Policy Area is to protect biological and visual assets of Gavilan Hills and the surrounding rural area. In accordance to the Warm Springs Policy Area, the Project complies with policies ELAP 1.1 through ELAP 1.4.

ELAP 1.1 requires adherence [1] to the Hillside Development and Slope section of the General Plan Land Use Element, [2] the Environmentally Sensitive Lands section of the Multipurpose Open Space Element, and [3] the Slope and Soil Instability Hazards and [4] Fire Hazards sections of the General Plan Safety Element.

- ELAP 1.1 [1] and [3]: The Project does not impact the slopes of Gavilan Hills and the site will remain relatively flat; therefore, the first and third part of ELAP 1.1 does not apply.
- ELAP 1.1 [2]: The Project complies with the second part of ELAP 1.1. The Project was reviewed and conditioned to mitigate, where applicable, the potential impacts to biological resources in accordance to the Multiple Species Conservation Habitat Plan (MSCHP), Migratory Bird Treaty Act, and California Fish and Game Code. It was determined that the site has moderate potential to support three special-status wildlife species and a low potential to support five special-status wildlife species. The Project was conditioned for pre-construction surveys to ensure that impacts to the special-status species do not occur from implementation of the proposed Project. Suitable nesting habitat for birds is present on the Project site and potential impacts to nesting bird species will be mitigated. Mitigation Measure BIO-1 requires a survey for active nests prior to the start of activities if any ground disturbances will occur during the nesting bird season (generally February 1st to August 31st). The Project will not impact state or federally protected wetlands, nor will it impact any sensitive natural community or riparian habitat. The Project is not within a MSCHP criteria cell. Based on an analysis of the MSHCP requirements for the proposed Project, and with payment of the Stephen Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan mitigation fee and MSHCP mitigation fee, development of the project site is fully consistent with the MSHCP.
- ELAP 1.1 [4]: The Project complies with the fourth part of ELAP 1.1 that requires adherence to the Fire Hazard section of the Safety Element. The site is located within a high fire hazard severity zone. The Project is designed to meet the development and construction requirements of the County's Building and Fire Codes. The exterior walls/wall projections within 30 feet of the property line shall be one-hour fire resistance rated, openings in the exterior walls within 30 feet of the property line shall be 3/4 hour opening protective assemblies, and the portion of the roof within 30 feet of the property line shall be Class A. The roof shall not contain any vent openings within 30 feet of the property line. Additionally, the Project will not result in the impairment of an adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan within a fire hazard severity zone.

The Project does not conflict with ELAP 1.2, which requires development of contiguous areas designated as Light Industrial be designated in a coordinated manner. The Project site is not designated as Light Industrial; therefore, this policy does not apply to the Project. The Project is considered a supporting retail uses within the Business Park designation that is similar to the uses that are located within a mile of the project site.

The Project complies with ELAP 1.3, which requires all commercial and industrial uses to be sensitive to environmental hazards (i.e. flooding) and not substantially impact environmental resources (i.e., biological and water quality). As noted above, the Project is designed to address the flood area and have been conditioned to ensure impacts to biological resources are mitigated. The proposed tire store and parking lot is located outside of the 100-year flood area and project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) that includes Best Management Practices (BMPs) will be implemented to minimize water pollutants including sedimentation in stormwater runoff. The bioretention basin will capture and treat water before it is released into the existing drainage system.

The Project complies with ELAP 1.4 that requires commercial and industrial uses to not substantially impact circulation systems. The Project was reviewed by the County's Transportation Department, which determined that the Project does not have the capacity to significantly affect traffic volumes for this area, including on Highway 74. As a result, the project would not conflict with any program, plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system.

Zoning/Development Code Consistency

The site's current zoning classification is Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S). The Project is an allowed commercial use subject to a conditional use permit approval. The Project meets the C-P-S development standards and other applicable standards of Ord. 348. The height of the proposed building is below the height limit of 50 feet, roof mounted mechanical equipment are screened from view, off-street parking is adequately provided for, the parking lot and the perimeter of the site will be landscaped, and on-site advertising standards are met.

Landscaping

The project proposes the installation of approximately 0.49 acres of landscaping. The submitted conceptual landscape plan meets the standards of Ordinance 348 Section 18.12 E regarding landscape requirements for off-street vehicle parking and Ordinance No. 859 regarding water efficient landscaping. Landscaping is proposed around the perimeter of the site and within the parking lot area. According to the applicant's landscape water conservation statement, all plant materials selected for this site were appropriate for the geographical location and local climate (i.e. their adaptability to drought).

Per Ordinance No. 859, the landscaping proposal applies the criteria for the efficient use of water in the irrigation design plan, such as the installation of a smart irrigation controller in landscaped areas, designed systems that prevent runoff/over spray on adjacent hardscape and buildings, and the grouping of plants with similar water needs for efficient irrigation. The plan also proposes a bio-retention area with underdrains in the northwest portion of the parcel where the site is impacted by a flood zone.

Offsite Improvements

A large portion of State Route 74 generally between the Cities of Lake Elsinore and Perris was relinquished from Caltrans in 2017. The relinquishment transferred jurisdiction of the Highway to the County and City of Lake Elsinore. Subsequent to the relinquishment, the County recorded a quitclaim deed in June 2017 which transferred a portion of Highway 74 to the City of Lake Elsinore. The recording also included the acceptance by the City. This action places the Highway under the control of the City. Development projects that propose access on Highway 74 will ultimately require an encroachment permit from the City. For this reason, County staff coordinates improvement requirements with the City which are finalized as conditions of approval.

Neighborhood Compatibility

Architectural Design

The proposed retail building is a box store with architectural details to provide visual interests and to complement the surrounding area. The building will be painted with neutral tones and accented with a primary color. The exterior building facade materials include red aluminum storefront, steel beam, tan synthetic stucco, and white and tan split-face concrete masonry unit. An illuminated sign for "American Tire" will be placed on the north, east and south elevations. The letters will be red and the font will match the company's national logo. The building signage meets all of the development standards for signs affixed to buildings required by Ordinance No. 348 Section 19.4 B. Roof top materials are properly screened from view. The height of the building is 26 feet, which is below the height limit of the Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S) Zone. The overall architectural design of the building is designed and scaled appropriately for the area and is compatible with the surrounding neighborhood.

Sphere of Influence

The project is within the City of Lake Elsinore Sphere of influence. This project was provided to the City of Lake Elsinore for review and comment. No comments were received either in favor or opposition of the project. As mentioned above, the project abuts a segment of the Highway 74 that was relinquished to the City's and future road improvements will be coordinated with the City.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW / ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

An Initial Study (IS) and a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND) have been prepared for this project in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Environmental Assessment No. CEQ190078. The Initial Study identified potentially significant impacts in regards to the issue areas of Biological Resources, Cultural Resources, and Tribal Resources; however, with the incorporation of mitigation measures the impacts were reduced to less than significant. Based on the Initial Study's conclusions, the County of Riverside determined that an MND is appropriate for the proposed Project pursuant to CEQA Guidelines. The IS and MND represent the independent judgement of Riverside County. The documents were circulated for public review on November 26, 2020 per the California Environmental Quality Act Statue and Guidelines Section 15105. The public review period ended on December 16, 2020.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made

LAND USE FINDINGS

The following findings shall be made prior to making a recommendation to grant a Plot Plan, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County General Plan and the Elsinore Area Plan:

- 1. Per the General Plan and the Elsinore Area Plan Land Use Maps, the Project site has a land use designation of Business Park (BP). As described above the proposed use, tire sales and installation stations, is considered a supporting retail use that may be establish in the BP designation. The proposed use will be located within a mile of similar industries which will facilitate a competitive advantage in the market place for this area. The Project's FAR is approximately 0.15 which is below the typical range noted for the BP designation. The Project's location was determined to be adequate due to the various constraints that exists on the property as well as to accommodate emergency response vehicles. The Project is, therefore, consistent with the current land use designation as shown in both the General Plan and the Elsinore Area Plan.
- 2. The Project site has a Zoning Classification of Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S), which allows a tire sales and services facility. This use is compatible with the area and supports similar industries that are located within a mile of the Project site. For this reason, the proposed use is considered a supporting retail use that may establish in the BP land use designation. Therefore, it is consistent with the Riverside County General Plan.

- 3. The Project site is within the Warm Springs Policy Area of the Elsinore Area Plan. The Policy Area is intended to protect the biological and visual assets of the Gavilan Hills and the surrounding rural area. The Project was reviewed and conditioned to mitigate, where applicable, the potential impacts to biological resources. Impacts to biological resources have been addressed through site design and conditioned for appropriate biological surveys prior to any ground disturbances and during nesting season, pursuant to Mitigation Measure BIO-1. The Project is designed to meet the development and construction requirements of the County's Building and Fire Codes. The Project does not impair any adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan. The Project does not have the capacity to impact the area's circulation system, including Highway 74. As described above under "Policy Area Consistency", the Project is in full compliance with the Warm Springs Policy Area policies.
- 4. The project site has a Zoning Classification of Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S). The proposed use a tire sales and services facility is an allowed use pursuant to Section 9.50 of Ordinance No. 348 B. 14, subject to an approval of a Conditional Use Permit.

ENTITLEMENT FINDINGS

The following findings shall be made prior to making a recommendation to grant a Conditional Use Permit, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Zoning Ordinance 348 (Land Use):

- 1. The proposed use conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. The proposed Project is within the acceptable uses for its existing land use designation and zoning code, and the plans provided to the Department demonstrate compliance to applicable County Ordinances.
- 2. The overall development of the land shall be designed for the protection of the public health, safety and general welfare. As detailed in the Project's Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration all impacts have been reduced to levels that are less than significant. In addition compliance with the development standards of Ordinance No. 348, road improvements along Highway 74, Riverside County Flood Control Standards, CalTrans Standards regarding site distance site into and out of the Project site, and all applicable Building and Fire Codes for development within a high fire hazard severity zone will ensure that the protection of the public health, safety and general welfare has been met.
- 3. The proposed use conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property since the surrounding parcels are either similarly designated land uses and zoning codes or will not be significantly impacted by the implementation of the Project. The surrounding land use designations are within the Community Development Foundation Component and includes BP to the north and south, and Very Low Density Residential (VLDR) to the northwest. The zoning is similarly aligned, with the surrounding parcels are zoned as C-P-S and Residential Agricultural 20,000 square feet minimum (R-A-20,000). While there are properties that are designated VLDR abutting the Project site, the setback of the Project from the existing property line will be over 200 feet and is designed to not have an impact on the surrounding properties. Thus, a tire sales and service station based on the Project's proposal will align with the surrounding properties present and future uses as per the logical development that is to be expected from the surrounding parcels' current designations.

- 4. The plan for the proposed use shall consider the location and need for dedication and improvement of necessary streets and sidewalks, including the avoidance of traffic congestion; and shall take into account topographical and drainage conditions, including the need for dedication and improvements of necessary structures as a part thereof.
 - a. The Project applicant submitted a thorough landscape, drainage, and irrigation plan that establishes measures to handle the site's topographical and drainage conditions. This plan includes an on-site bio-retention area to allow for the efficient capture, retention, and diversion of storm water, as well as additional vegetation surrounding the development to further support on-site drainage.
 - b. In order to accommodate for the potential that the street adjacent to the property Central Avenue (Highway 74) may widen in the future, a twenty five (25) foot dedication was proposed to create a new right of way between the parcel and the adjacent street. The Project is conditioned to coordinate future road improvements along Highway 74 with City staff.

DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FINDINGS

The following findings shall be made prior to making a recommendation to grant a Plot Plan, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Zoning Ordinance No. 348 (Development Standards):

- 1. The Project site has a Zoning Classification of Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S). Per Section 9.53 of Ordinance No. 348, the Project meets the applicable development standards in this zoning classification as follows:
 - a. No building or structure shall exceed fifty feet in height. According to the provided architectural plans by the applicant, the maximum height of the proposed structures will be 26 feet, which puts the structure in compliance with this standard.
 - b. All roof mounted mechanical equipment will be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of 1,320 feet. There is no roof mounted equipment that is proposed for this project. A condition will be applied to the permit so as to ensure future conformance to this standard if roof mounted equipment in the future is considered.
- 2. Parking requirements are set forth in Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348. The requirements for parcels that are being utilized for automobile service are met by the Project as follows:
 - a. Auto service shops must provide 1 space per 150 square feet of gross floor area of the proposed building. For a 8,192 square foot building, the Project would be required to provide a minimum of 54 total parking spaces. The proposed parking plan for the Project seeks to provide 57 parking spaces, which exceeds the required amount of parking necessary for this type of development. As such, the Project is compliant with this requirement.
 - b. All development projects that require 50 or more parking spaces will be required to designate 3 parking spaces for electrical vehicles (EVs), and all EV parking spaces will be shown on parking site plans. The Project proposes 3 designated EV charging stations that meet the minimum requirements set forth in Section 18.12.A.2.c. of Ordinance No. 348.

c. For developments that require between 51 to 75 parking spots, there will be a minimum of 3 accessible parking spaces. The Project provides 3 accessible spaces that meet the specifications set forth in Section18.12.C. of Ordinance No. 348.

Other Findings:

- 1. The project site is located within the City of Lake Elsinore Sphere of Influence. This project was provided to the City of Lake Elsinore for review and comment. No comments were received either in favor or opposition of the project. The Project was conditioned to coordinate HWY -74 road improvements with the City of Lake Elsinore.
- 2. The project site is not located within an Airport Influence Area ("AIA") boundary and is therefore not subject to the Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") review.
- 3. On August 29, 2019 AB 52 notifications for CUP190006 were sent to the were sent to the Cahuilla Band of Indians, Colorado River Indian Tribes, Morongo Band of Mission Indians, Pala Band of Mission Indians, Pechanga Band of Luiseño Indians, Quechan Indian Tribe, Ramona Band of Cahuilla, Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians, and Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians. Both the Pechanga and Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians requested consultation. Emails were sent to the tribes with proposed conditions of approval. No further responses occurred, and consultation was concluded on March 6, 2019.
- 4. The project site is located within Zone B of the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary, as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The project is required to comply with all lighting standards specified within Ordinance No. 655, pursuant to Zone B.
- 5. The project site is located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan ("SKRHCP"). Per County Ordinance No. 663 and the SKRHCP, all applicants who submit for development permits, including maps, within the boundaries of the Fee Assessment Area who cannot satisfy mitigation requirements through on-site mitigation, as determined through the environmental review process, shall pay a Mitigation Fee of \$500.00 per gross acre of the parcels proposed for development. Payment of the SKRHCP Mitigation Fee for this Project, instead of onsite mitigation, will not jeopardize the implementation of the SKRHCP as all core reserves required for permanent Stephen's Kangaroo Rat habitat have been acquired and no new land or habitat is required to be conserved under the SKRHCP.

Fire Findings:

1. The Project site is located within a Very High/High Fire Hazard Area and is within a high fire hazard severity zone. As a part of being within an SRA, the Director of the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection or his/her designee must be notified of applications for building permits, tentative tract/parcel maps, and use permits for construction or development within an SRA. Riverside County Code Section 8.32.050 (C) (2) states that the Fire Chief is authorized and directed to enforce all applicable State fire laws and provisions of this ordinance and to perform such duties as directed by the Board of Supervisors. As designated, the Riverside County Assistant Fire Marshall shall have the authority to enforce all applicable State fire laws that the notification requirement of Title 14 has been met. The following additional findings are required to be met:

- a. Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 construction of an 8,192 square foot building to operate a retail tire store specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and wheels. The proposed building will be, twenty-six (26') feet in height and will provide 57 parking spaces, including 3 electrical vehicle parking spaces and charging stations. The Project site is comprised of 2.42 gross acres. The proposed Project is in compliance with sections 4290 and 4291 of the Public Resources Code in that the applicant will provide water system plans to the Fire Department for review to ensure conformance with required hydrant type, location, and spacing. Blue reflective markers shall be installed to identify fire hydrant locations. Minimum fire flow shall be capable of delivering water flow for 2 hours at 20 PSI. Fire access roads shall be capable of sustaining an imposed load of 75,000 pounds. Fire lanes and fire apparatus access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than 24 feet and an unobstructed vertical clearance of not less 15 feet. Construction materials shall be Class B materials pursuant to the California Building Code.
- b. Fire protection and suppression services will be available for the subdivision through Riverside County Fire Department.
- c. The Project meets the regulations regarding road standards for fire equipment access adopted pursuant to Section 4290 of the Public Resources Code and Riverside County Ordinance No. 787. All necessary roadway infrastructure exists and the Project site is located adjacent to Central Avenue (Highway 74).

Conclusion:

 For the reasons discussed above, as well as the information provided in the Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration, the proposed project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. Moreover, the proposed project would not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

This project was advertised in the Press Enterprise Newspaper. Additionally, public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 600 feet of the project site. As of the writing of this report, Planning Staff has/has not received written communication/phone calls from any person who indicated support/opposition to the proposed project.

This project was presented before the Warm Springs Advisory Committee on October 24, 2019. The Project was received well and there were no community complaints.

APPEAL INFORMATION

The Planning Commission's decision may be appealed to the Board of Supervisors. Such appeals shall be submitted in writing to the Clerk of the Board, with the required fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (Consolidated Fees for Land Use and Related Functions), within 10 days after the mailing of the Planning Commission's decision.

Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 Planning Commission Staff Report: December 16, 2020 Page 13 of 13

Date Drawn: 10/30/2020 Vicinity Map CIT, Prictometry CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT VICINITY/POLICY AREAS CUP190006 YAW GOODYAH MI SPRINGS POLICY AREA BVA ATARTEOR RED GUN DR Zoning Area: Meadowbrook Tem Hallario Terressona, KIMBERLY SUE Supervisor: Jeffries EL TORO'RD District 1



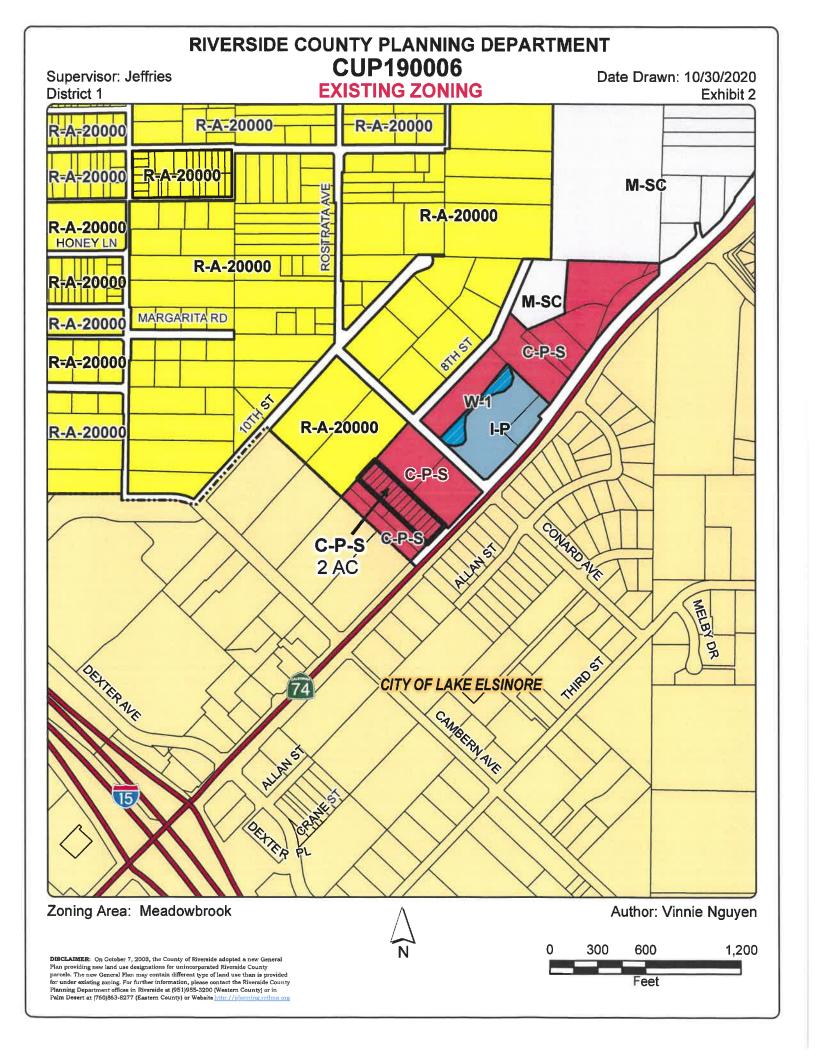
Author: Vinnie Nguyen



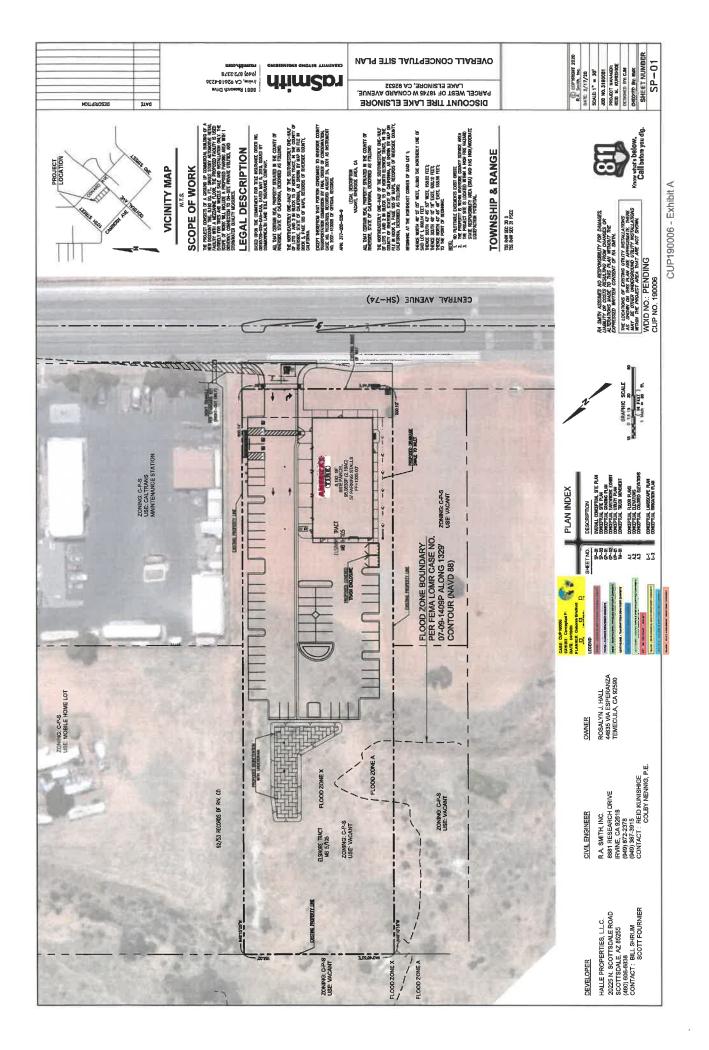
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CUP190006 Supervisor: Jeffries Date Drawn: 10/30/2020 **LAND USE** District 1 Exhibit 1 SF RES SF RES APARTMENT DON JUAN VAC INDUSTRIAL SF RES **VAC** VAC SF RES COMMERCIAL CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE SF RES VAC SF RES COMMERCIAL RCIT, Pictometry Zoning Area: Meadowbrook Author: Vinnie Nguyen

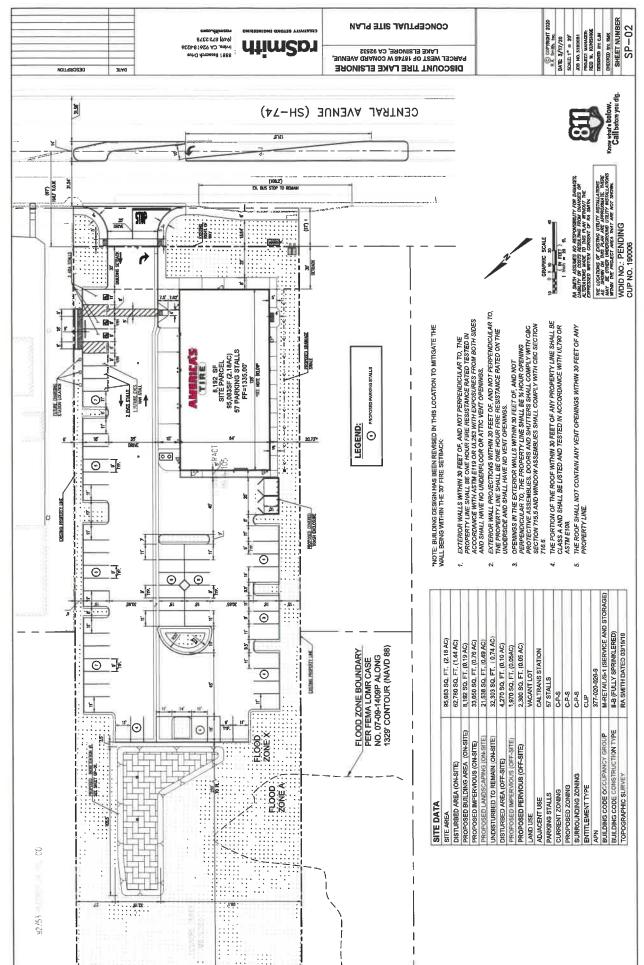
DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Inverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at §519555-2000 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.rotlma.org 300 600 1,200

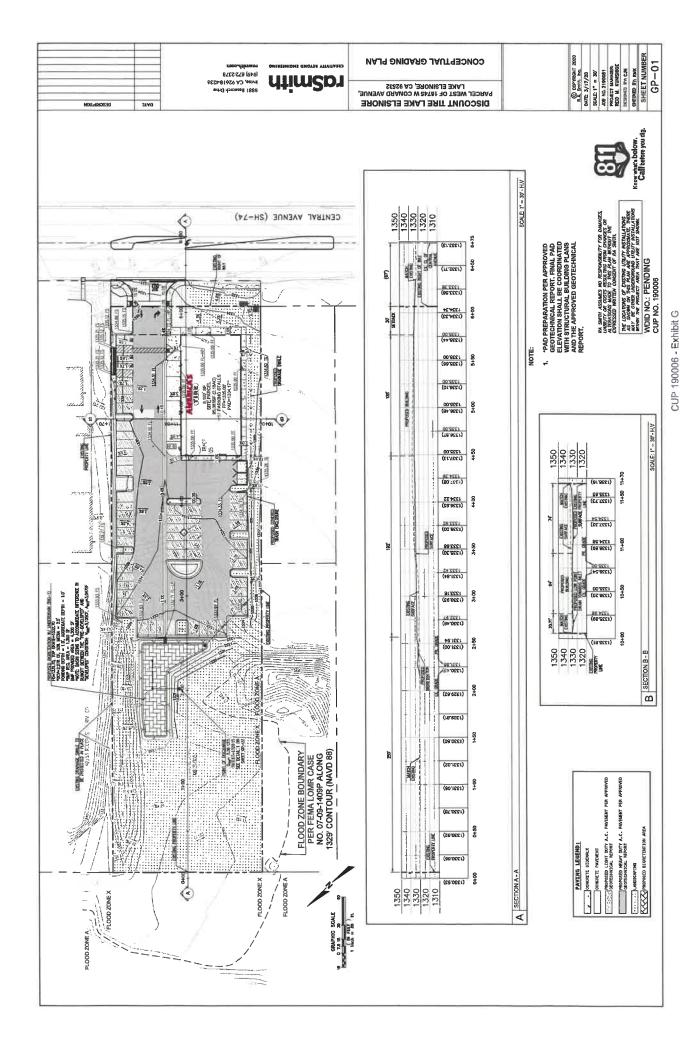
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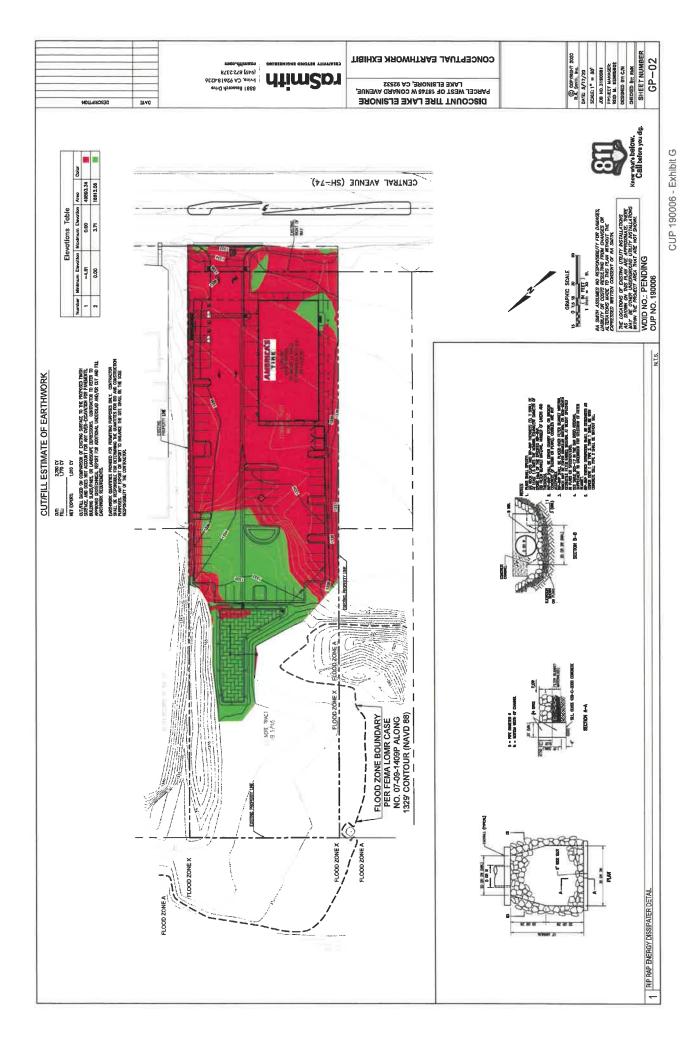


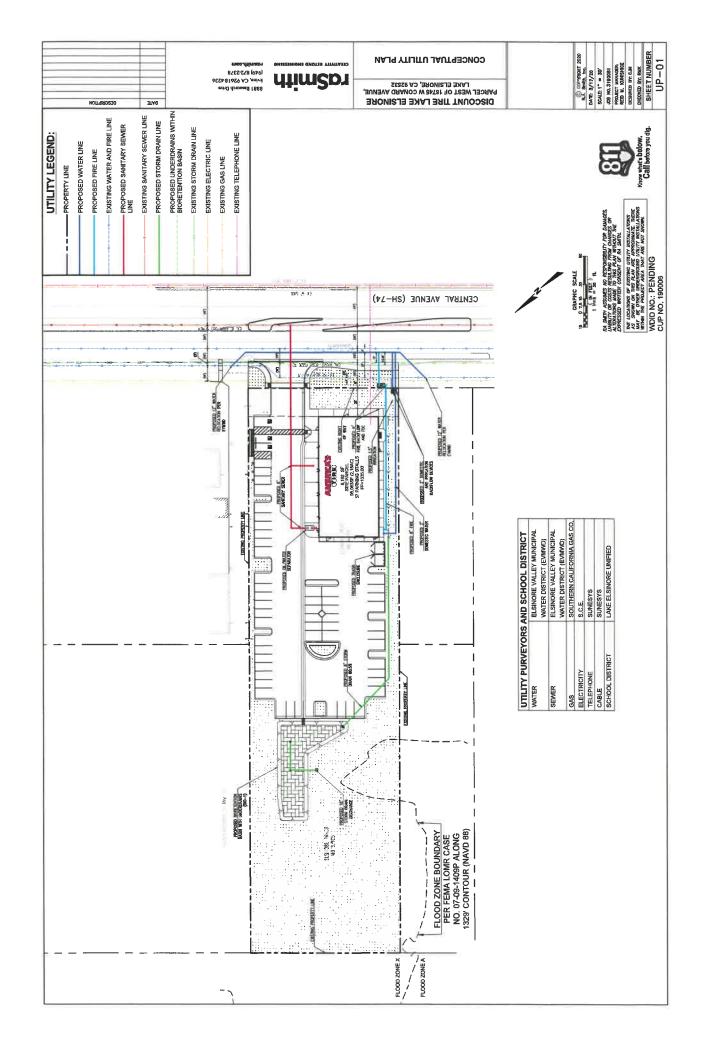
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT **CUP190006** Supervisor: Jeffries Date Drawn: 10/30/2020 **EXISTING GENERAL PLAN** District 1 Exhibit 5 TERETICORNIS AVE ROSTRATA AVE **VLDR EUCALYPTUS AVE** Ш GUM DR **VLDR** MARGARITA RD OTHS DON JUAN BP LDR CONARD AVE. BP 2 AC 另 THROST CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE CAMBERNAVE Zoning Area: Meadowbrook Author: Vinnie Nguyen 300 1,200 600 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (95)1955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.redma.org Feet

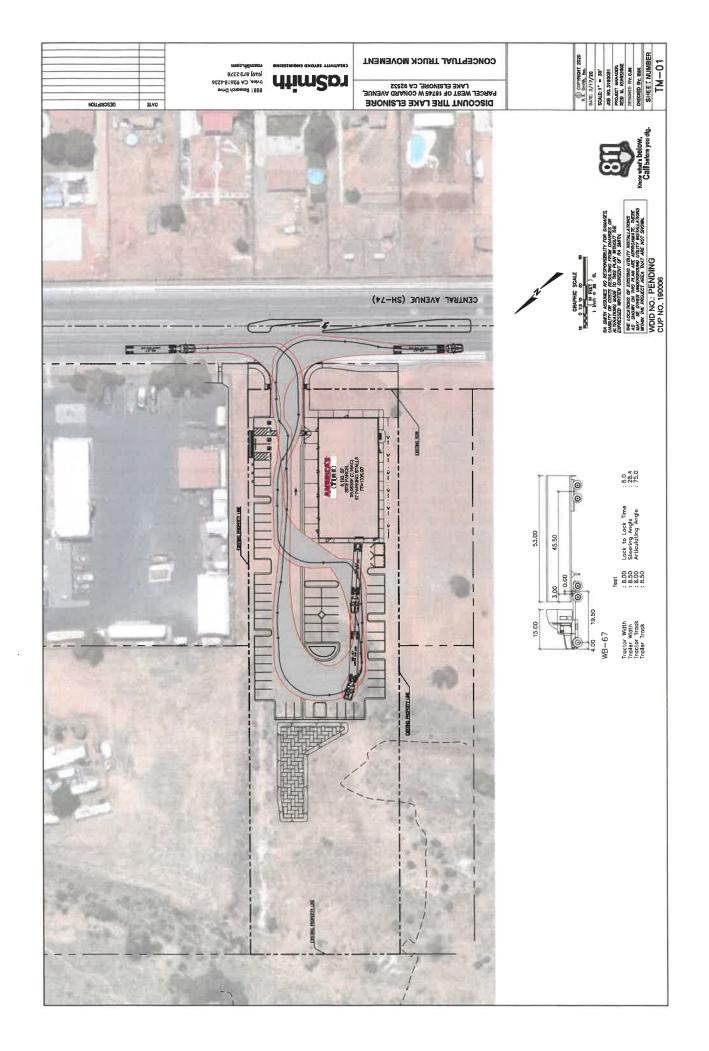


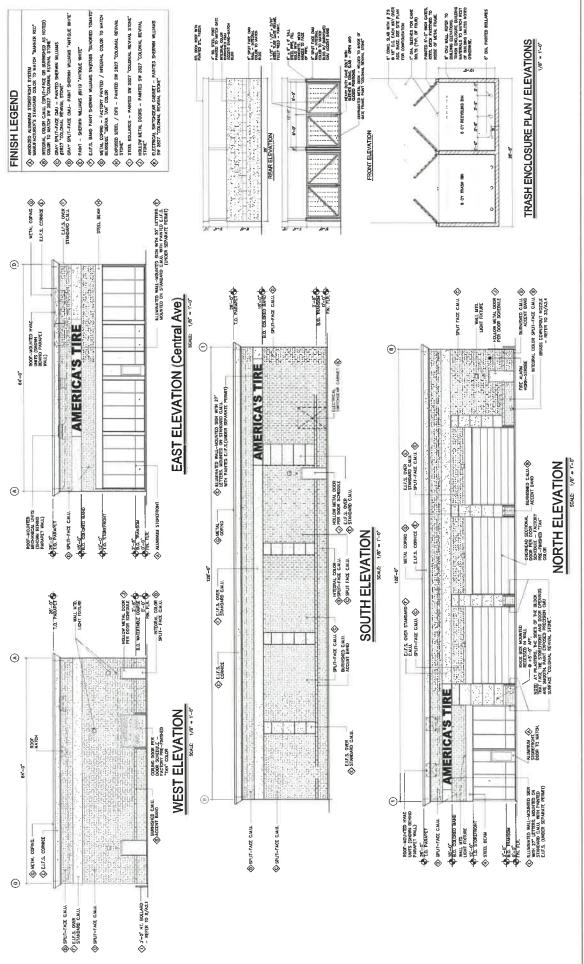












CONCEPTUAL ELEVATIONS

TIRE

West of 18745 W. Conard Avenue LAKE ELSINORE, CA 92532



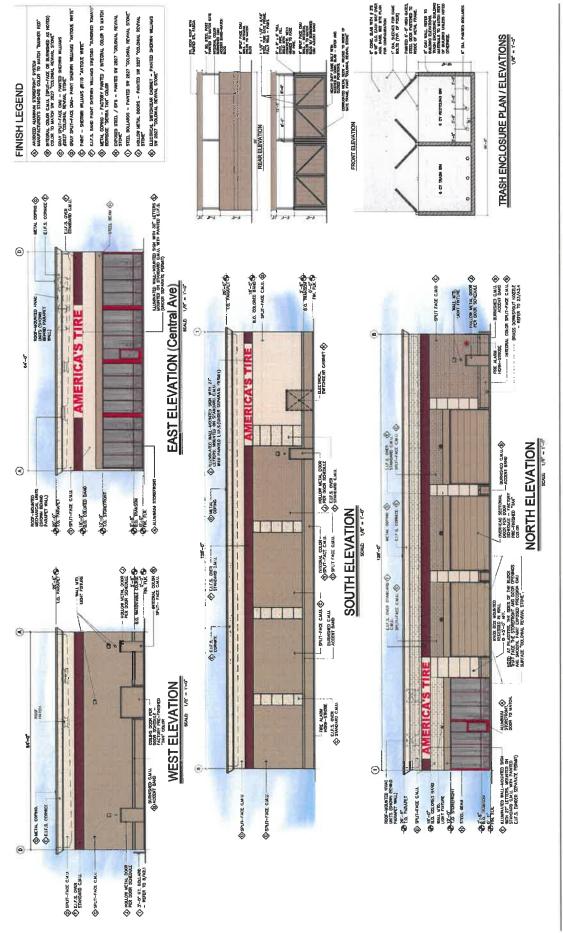
El Design Inc. 1260 Corona Pointe, Suite 301 Corona, CA 92879 951-251-0136 p)

03.25.20 AS NOTED ALT - 1L

Sheet No.

ROJECT NUMBER 70,0026194

CUP 190006 - Exhibit B



CONCEPTUAL ELEVATIONS

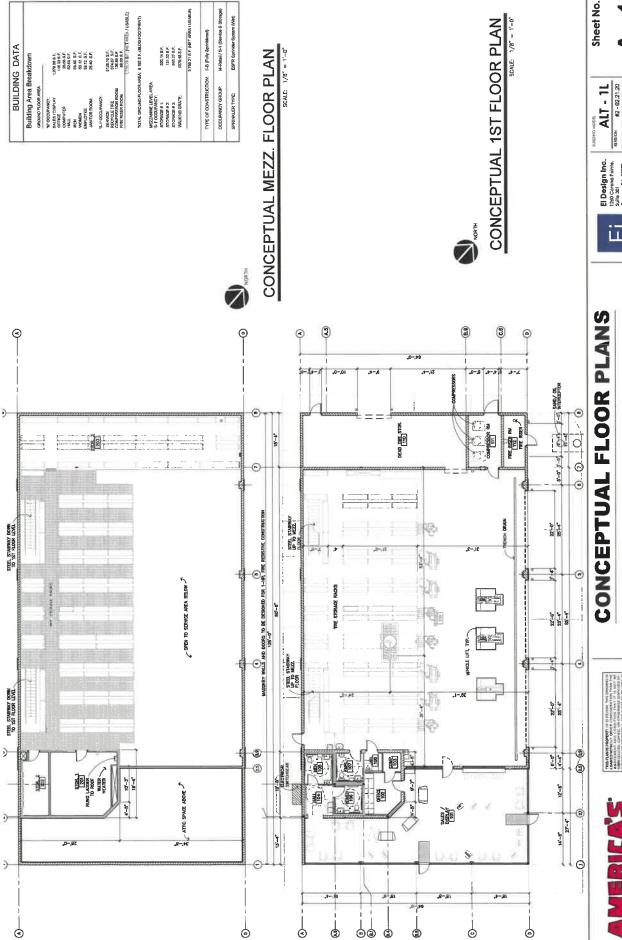
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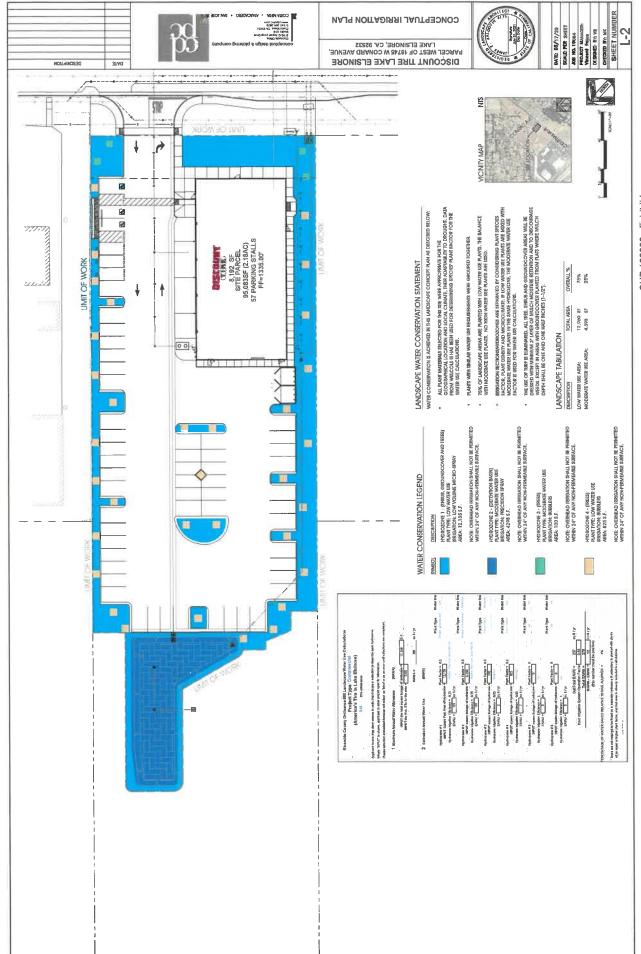


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CUP 190006 - Exhibit C

CUP 190006 - Exhibit L





COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Agency Director

11/24/20, 2:17 pm CUP190006

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for CUP190006. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this Plan (CUP190006) and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190006 is a request to allow for the construction of an 8,192-square foot building to operate a retail tire store specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and wheels. The proposed building will be, twenty-six (26') feet in height and will provide 57 parking spaces, including three (3) for electrical vehicles and three (3) that are ADA compliant. The Project site is comprised of 2.42 gross acres.

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Design Guidelines

Compliance with applicable Design Guidelines:

1. County Wide Design Guidelines and Standards

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED Exhibits A, B, C, G, and L (Combined Exhibits) dated April 9, 2020.

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 - Clean Water Act
 - Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)

- Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
- Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
- State Subdivision Map Act
- Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
- School District Impact Compliance
- Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Native Americans: CEQA)
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
 - Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
 - Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
 - Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land)
 - Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards)
 - Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand)
 - Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution)
 - Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
 - Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
 - Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
 - Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
 - Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
 - Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)
- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances
 - Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
 - Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
 - Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
 - Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1 Gen - Custom

NOTIFICATIONS:

CODE/ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction on the property. All building plans and supporting documentation shall comply with current adopted California Building Codes, Riverside County Ordinances regulations in effect at the time of building plan submittal and fee payment to the Building Department. All Building Department plan submittal and fee requirements shall apply.

NOTE: The new updated 2019 California Building Codes will be in effect as of January 1st 2020, as mandated by the state of California. Any building plan and fee payment submitted to the building department on or after January 1st, 2020 will be subject to the new updated California Building Code(s).

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1 Gen - Custom (cont.)

PERMIT ISSUANCE:

Per section 105.1 (2019 California Building Code, CBC): Where any owner or authorized agent intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert, or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical, or plumbing system, the regulation of which is governed by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit.

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction or placement of any building, structure or equipment on the property.

The applicant shall obtain an approved final building inspection and certificate of occupancy from the building department prior to any use or occupancy of the building, or structure.

At no time shall the approval of the planning case exhibit allow for the construction or use of any building, structure, or equipment. In residential applications, each separate structure will require a separate building permit.

E Health

E Health. 1 Water/Sewer

The proposed facility shall obtain potable water service and sanitary sewer service from Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District (EVMWD). Prior to building permit issuance, applicant shall submit an original copy of water and sewer "will-serve" letter(s) to DEH.

It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that all requirements to obtain potable water service and sanitary sewer service are met with the appropriate purveyors, as well as, all other applicable agencies.

Fire

Fire. 1 Gen - Custom

Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews building plans. These conditions will be based on occupancy, use, California Building Code (CBC), California Fire Code (CFC), and related codes, which are in effect at the time of building plan submittal.

Fire Department emergency vehicle apparatus access road locations and design shall be in accordance with the California Fire Code, Riverside County Ordinance 460, Riverside County Ordinance 787, and Riverside County Fire Department Standards. Plans must be submitted to the Fire Department for review and approval prior to building permit issuance.

Fire Department water system(s) for fire protection shall be in accordance with the California Fire Code, Riverside County Ordinance 787 and Riverside County Fire Department Standards. Plans must be submitted to the Fire Department for review and approval prior to building permit issuance.

The project is located in the "SRA High Fire Hazard Severity Zone" of Riverside County as shown on a map titled Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, dated April 8, 2010 and retained on file at the office of the Fire Chief and supersedes other maps previously adopted by Riverside County designating high fire hazard areas.

Any building constructed on lots created by this project shall comply with the special construction provisions contained in Riverside County Ordinance 787, Title 14, the California Building Code and

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Fire

Fire. 1

Gen - Custom (cont.)

Riverside County Fire Department Information Bulletin #08-05. Plans must be submitted to the Fire Department for review and approval prior to building permit issuance.

Flood

Flood. 1

Flood Hazard Report

FHR: 10/22/2019 BBID: 728-649-503

Conditional Use Permit (CUP) 190006 is a proposal to construct an 8,192 square foot building on 2.42 acre parcel (of which only 1.4 acres will be disturbed), to be utilized for the installation and selling of tires. The project is located in the Elsinore Area Plan, north of Cambern Avenue, south of Conrad Avenue, east of 10th Street, and west of State Highway 74.

The northern portion of the property is located within the limits of the 100-year FEMA Zone A floodplain limits as delineated on Panel Number 06065C-2029G of the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) dated August 28, 2008 issued in conjunction with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The approximate drainage area tributary to the project site from the north is approximately 5 square miles. There is a lack of drainage infrastructure in the area to provide flood protection to the portion of the site within the floodplain. The floodplain impacting the project site shall be kept free of all structures and obstructions including fill material and flow obstructing fences (e.g. chain-link block wall, etc.). The site plan shows all proposed development to remain clear of the floodplain. Note: the applicant was directed to avoid fill/development within the contour of 1329' NAVD 88 and below. The District is currently working with FEMA to revise the adjacent Zone A floodplain.

The applicant proposes an onsite bioretention basin (labeled BIO-1) which will mitigate for water quality, HCOC, and increased runoff. Onsite runoff is conveyed to BIO-1 via surface drains on the eastern portion and via a drainage swale on the northern and western portions of the site. Runoff after treatment in the drainage swales are conveyed to BIO-1 via an onsite stormdrain. BIO-1 will discharge treated runoff onsite where it will return to natural before leaving the property.

A preliminary Hydromodification, Hydrology, and Hydraulic Study was submitted for review and is sufficient for entitlement. The study quantifies peak flow rates and volumes for the pre and post-developed condition for the 10-year 24-hour storm event, and showed adequate volume in the proposed bioretention basin. Please note that the final Hydrology Report will be required to show mitigation for increased runoff for all storms specified in the District's Increased Runoff Criteria. See comment 015-Flood INCREASED RUNOFF CRITERIA for further information.

Any questions pertaining to this project may be directed to Mike Venable of this office at 951-955-1248 or mlvenabl@RIVCO.org.

Flood, 2

Flood-Increased Runoff Criteria

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Flood

Flood. 2 Flood- Increased Runoff Criteria (cont.)

The development of this site would increase peak flow rates on downstream properties. Mitigation shall be required of offset such impacts. An increased runoff basin shall be shown on the exhibit and calculations supporting the size of the basin shall be submitted to the District for review. The entire area of proposed development will be routed through a detention facility to mitigate increased runoff. All basins must have positive drainage; dead storage basins shall not be acceptable.

Storms to be studied will include the 1-hour, 3-hour, 6-hour and 24-hour duration events for the 2-year, 5-year, and 10-year return frequencies. Detention basin(s) and outlet(s) sizing will ensure that none of these storm events has a higher peak discharge in the post-development condition than in the pre-development condition.

For the 2-year and 5-year events, the loss rate will be determined using an AMC I condition. For the 10-year event, AMC II will be used. Constant loss rates shall be used for the 1-hour, 3-hour, and 6-hour events. A variable loss rate shall be used for the 24-hour event.

Low Loss rates will be determined using the following:

- 1. Undeveloped Condition --> LOW LOSS = 90%
- 2. Developed Condition --> LOW LOSS = .9 (.8 X % IMPERVIOUS)
- 3. Basin Site --> LOW LOSS = 10%

Where possible and feasible, the on-site flows should be mitigated before combining with off-site flows to minimize the size of the detention facility required. If it is necessary to combine off-site and on-site flows into a detention facility two separate conditions should be evaluated for each duration/return period/before-after development combination studied; the first for the total tributary area (off-site plus on-site), and the second for the area to be developed alone (on-site). It must be clearly demonstrated that there is no increase in peak flow rates under either condition (total tributary area or on-site alone), for each of the return period/duration combinations required to be evaluated.

No outlet pipe(s) shall be less than 18" in diameter. Where necessary an orifice plate may be used to restrict outflow rates. Appropriate trash racks shall be provided for all outlets less than 48" in diameter.

The basin(s) and outlet structure(s) must be capable of passing the 100-year storm without damage to the facility. Embankment shall be avoided in all cases unless site constraints or topography make embankment unavoidable in the judgment of the General Manager-Chief Engineer.

Mitigation basins should be designed for joint use and be incorporated into open space or park areas. Side slopes should be no steeper than 4:1 and depths should be minimized where public access is uncontrolled.

^{**}Preliminary sizing may be based on the difference in runoff hydrograph volume between the

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Flood

Flood. 2 Flood- Increased Runoff Criteria (cont.)

"developed" condition and the "pre-developed" condition for the 24-hour duration event for the 10-year return frequency. Final design of the basin, including a complete hydrology study will not be required until the improvement plan stage of this development. The project may need modifications at the plan check stage in order to comply with the increased runoff criteria.

Planning

Planning. 1 Business Licensing

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office of the Building and Safety Department.

Planning. 2 CALGreen Nonresidential Mandatory Measures

The Project is required to comply with CALGreen, including all Nonresidential Mandatory Measures, including but not limited to requirements for bicycle parking, parking for clean air vehicles, charging stations, lighting, water conservation, waste reduction, and building maintenance. The provisions of CALGreen reduce energy use and fossil fuel use.

Planning. 3 Causes for Revocation

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit,

- a) is found to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit,
- b) is found to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony, or
- c) is found to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance, this permit shall be subject to the revocation procedures.

Planning. 4 Ceased Operations

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 5 Compliance with Calif. Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices

During construction activities, Project construction activities shall comply with the California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, which specify that temporary traffic controls shall be provided during construction, such as a flag person, during all phases of construction to facilitate the flow of construction traffic on streets abutting the Project site. To implement this requirement, the requirement to comply with the temporary traffic control plan shall be noted on all grading and building plans and also shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractions, including the following notes.

• Delivery trucks shall use the most direct route between the construction site and the I-15 Freeway.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 5 Compliance with Calif. Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (cont.)

• Construction traffic during the AM peak hours (7:00 AM-9:00 AM) and PM peak hours (4:00 PM-6:00 PM) shall be minimized. The construction contractor shall assure that construction-related trips (passenger car and truck trips) do not exceed 55 net AM PCE peak hour trips and 55 net PM peak hour trips (inbound and outbound combined). The construction contractor shall be responsible for periodic monitoring and shall be required to supply the County of Riverside with monitoring records upon request.

Planning. 6 Construction Noise

All construction activities shall comply with Riverside County Noise Ordinance Ordinances No. 847. This requirement shall be noted on all grading and building plans and in bid documents issued to construction contractors

Planning. 7 Diesel Fueled Vehicles

Diesel-fueled vehicles at the Project site are required to comply with the CARB idling restriction requirements, which currently restrict vehicles from idling for more than 5 minutes. Prior to building permit final inspection, the County of Riverside shall verify that signs are posted in the Project's truck courts specifying the idling restriction requirement.

Planning. 8 Expiration Date Use Case

This approved permit shall be used within NINE (9) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void.

The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the 9 years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning. 9 Fugitive Dust

The Project is required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 403 "Fugitive Dust." Rule 403 requires implementation of best available dust control measures during construction activities that generate fugitive dust, such as earth moving, grading, and construction equipment travel on unpaved roads. To comply with Rule 403, and prior to grading permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that notes are specified on the Project's grading plans requiring Rule 403 compliance. Project construction contractors would be required to ensure compliance with the notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. To comply with Rule 403:

- In order to limit fugitive dust emissions, all clearing, grading, earth-moving, or excavation activities shall cease when winds exceed 25 miles per hour (mph) per SCAQMD guidelines.
- The construction contractor(s) shall ensure that all distributed unpaved roads and disturbed areas

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 9 Fugitive Dust (cont.)

within the Project site are watered at least three (3) times daily during dry weather. Watering, with complete coverage of disturbed areas, shall occur at least three (3) times a day, preferably in the mid-morning, afternoon, and after work is done for the day.

• The construction contractor(s) shall ensure that traffic speeds on unpaved roads and the Project site area are reduced to 15 miles per hour or less.

Planning. 10 Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees (COUNTY) from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning CUP190006 or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning CUP190006 including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Planning. 11 Hours of Operation

Use of the facilities approved under this conditional use permit shall be limited to the hours of 8:00 a.m.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 11 Hours of Operation (cont.)

to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday and 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Saturday, and closed on Sunday.

Planning, 12

Landscape Requirement

The developer/ permit holder shall:

- 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS;
- 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859;
- 3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and,
- 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later.

To ensure ongoing maintenance, the developer/ permit holder or any successor-in-interest shall:

- 1) Connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape irrigation purposes when reclaimed water is made available.
- 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859.
- 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 13 Landscape Requirements

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

- 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS;
- 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859;
- 3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and,
- 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later.

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- 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859.
- 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 14

LCP Landscape Concept Plan required at project submittal

11/24/20, 2:17 pm CUP190006

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 14

LCP Landscape Concept Plan required at project submittal (cont.)

LCP Landscape Concept Plan required at project submittal

Provide a single digital file in PDF form on a non-rewritable Compact Disc (CD) media with a Landscape Concept Plan (LCP) on County standard Transportation Department Title Block plan sheet format (24" x 36"), 1:20 scale, with title block, north arrow, limit of work lines, hardscape features, graphic scale, and street names, etc. Plan shall clearly depict concept designs for the expected future final landscaping, shading, and parking plan. Final landscape plans will be required to be submitted, reviewed, and approved prior to the issuance of building permits.

The LCP shall be prepared in a professional manner by a California Licensed/Registered Landscape Architect and signed/stamped by such.

For basic guidance, please review Section 18.12, Sections 19.300 through 19.304 of Ordinance No. 348, Ordinance No. 859, and the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping. No irrigation system information is required but the plan shall include an estimated annual water use calculation for irrigation on the project. Conceptual plan shall also provide information on the size, number, genus, species, common name, spacing, plant factor, size, and symbol of trees, bushes and ground cover to be provided within landscaped areas and in other open space areas within the project. Plants must be selected from the Riverside County California Friendly Plant List. Water efficient planting materials are encouraged. Special features, such as rockwork, fencing, water features, existing plants to remain, MSHCP regulated areas, ALUC flight areas, recreational trails, and uses shall be identified.

Planting plans shall consider existing landscaping on adjacent and nearby properties and provide a logical transition to the on-site landscaping concepts with designs to prevent abrupt contrasts between properties, typically show 300 feet from project boundary.

If impacts to on-site or nearby biological resources require special treatments, the planting plans shall be reviewed and approved by a professional biologist from the County's official list.

Planning. 15

No Outdoor Advertising

No outdoor advertising display, sign or billboard (not including on-site advertising or directional signs) shall be constructed or maintained within the property subject to this approval.

Planning. 16

NO RESIDENT OCCUPANCY

No permanent occupancy shall be permitted within the property approved under this conditional use permit as a principal place of residence. No person, shall use the premises as a permanent mailing address nor be entitled to vote using an address within the premises as a place of residence.

Planning. 17

Outside Storage

No outside storage is proposed as a part of this development proposal. If future tenants desire to incorporate outside storage compliance with the applicable development standards will be required.

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 18 Reclaimed Water (cont.)

Planning. 18 Reclaimed Water

The permit holder shall connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape watering purposes when secondary or reclaimed water is made available to the site.

Planning. 19 Review Fees

Any subsequent submittals required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan, or mitigation and monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

Planning. 20 SCAQMD Rule 1113

The Project is required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 1113 "Table of Standards" pertaining to VOC emissions by using Low-Volatile Organic Compounds paints (no more than 50 gram/liter of VOC) and/or High-Pressure Low Volume (HPLV) applications. Prior to building permit final inspection, the County of Riverside shall verify a note requiring Rule 1113 compliance is specified on all building plans. Project contractors would be required to comply with the note and maintain written records of such compliance that can be inspected by the County of Riverside or its designee upon request.

Planning. 21 SCAQMD Rule 1186

The Project's construction activities are required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 1186 "PM10 Emissions from Paved and Unpaved Roads and Livestock Operations," which requires the use of a street sweeper certified by the SCAQMD, and the use of non-toxic chemical stabilizers for dust control.

Planning. 22 SCAQMD Rule 402

The Project is required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 402, "Nuisance" which requires that a person shall not discharge air contaminants or other materials that would cause health or safety hazards to any considerable number of persons or the public.

Planning. 23 Signage

A sign proposal is a part of this Project and shall be in compliance with Article XIX of Ordinance No. 348.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 Human Remains

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

Pursuant to State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, if human remains are encountered, no further

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 Human Remains (cont.)

disturbance shall occur until the Riverside County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. Further, pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 (b), remains shall be left in place and free from disturbance until a final decision as to the treatment and their disposition has been made. If the Riverside County Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the Native American Heritage Commission shall be contacted by the Coroner within the period specified by law (24 hours). Subsequently, the Native American Heritage Commission shall identify the "Most Likely Descendant". The Most Likely Descendant shall then make recommendations and engage in consultation with the property owner concerning the treatment of the remains as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98.

Planning-CUL. 2 PDA08019 accepted

County Archaeological Report (PDA) No. 8019 submitted for this project (CUP190006) was prepared by Paleowest and is entitled: "Lake Elsinore Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment Project, Lake Elsinore, Riverside County, California", dated February 26, 2020. (Discount Tire)

PDA08019 concludes: The field survey revealed that the Project is currently undeveloped open land (Figures 5-1 through and 5-4). The ground surface visibility throughout the project was poor, with approximately 30 percent of the surface visible; a fairly dense cover of fresh grass, bushes of white sage and buckwheat were present throughout the project as well as numerous mature trees. No evidence of previous cultivation was noted; however, several modern dirt roads were seen throughout the parcel. The background research indicates that numerous archaeological sites have been previously documented within one mile of the project area, all of which are 0.5 mile or more from the project. Review of the historic maps and aerial photographs indicates that the project has been undeveloped since 1938. No cultural resources were identified as a result of the field survey.

A study of the geology and soil types within the project area indicate a sensitivity for buried cultural resources is low due to a mixture of depositional types within the project boundaries. As described in the preceding section, based on the alluvial nature of the soils, the western half of the Project Area has low sensitivity for buried prehistoric resources. Likewise, it is highly likely that the deposits making up the surface soils of the terrace in the southeastern half of the Project predate human inhabitation of the area; therefore this portion of the Project has very low-to-no potential for burial prehistoric resources due also to the age of the surface associated with the soil. The northwestern half of the Project has a low-to-moderate potential for buried resources due to the sediments young age. The sensitivity range for this area includes moderate because the sediments underlying this part of Project were deposited during the Prehistoric period.

PDA08019 recommends: Therefore, based upon the overall low sensitivity for buried cultural resources and the distance from known archaeological resources, PaleoWest recommends no further archaeological efforts. In the event cultural materials are encountered during earthmoving operations associated with the project, all work in that area should be halted or diverted until a qualified archaeologist can evaluate the nature and significance of the find and appropriate treatment of the discovery can be determined (California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Chapter 3, Section 15064.5(f)).

These documents are herein incorporated as a part of the record for project.

Planning-CUL. 3 Unanticipated Resources

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit.

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 3 Unanticipated Resources (cont.)

If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed:

All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative, and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis.

Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished.

- * A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other.
- ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1 GEO190043 ACCEPTED

County Geologic Report (GEO) No. 190043, submitted for this project (CUP190006) was prepared by Salem Engineering Group, Inc. and is entitled: "Geotechnical Engineering Investigation, Proposed American Tire Store – CAS 11917, West of 18745 Conard Avenue, Lake Elsinore, California", dated April 29, 2019.

GEO 190043 concluded:

- 1. The site is not within a currently established State of California Earthquake Fault Zone for surface fault rupture hazards. No active faults with the potential for surface rupture are known to pass directly beneath the site.
- 2. Site reconnaissance and review of aerial/satellite imagery did not reveal evidence of active faulting at the subject site.
- 3. The liquefaction analysis performed for the site indicated that the on-site soils had a low potential for liquefaction and that the total liquefaction-induced settlement was negligible.
- 4. The total and differential settlements are expected to be within 1.0 and 0.50 inch over 20 feet, respectively.
- 5. Due to relatively flat site topography, we judge the likelihood of lateral spreading to be low.
- 6. Based on the existence of medium dense to very dense clayey sand, silty sand, sand, very stiff to hard sandy clay, silty clay, and siltstone/claystone, subsidence potential is considered minimal.
- 7. The subject site is on a gently sloping grade, over ¾ mile from the nearest significant topographic change. As such, landslide/slope instability/rock fall/debris flow issues pose a very low risk.

GEO 190043 recommended:

- 1. Surface vegetation should be stripped to a sufficient depth to remove organic-rich soils and roots.
- 2. The stripped vegetation will not be suitable for use as engineered fill or within 5 feet of building pads

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1

GEO190043 ACCEPTED (cont.)

or within paving areas.

- 3. Any buried utilities or structures, as well as surficial debris, should be properly removed and the resulting excavations backfilled with engineered fill.
- 4. Overexcavation and recompaction within the proposed building areas should be performed to a minimum depth of three (3) feet below existing grade or two (2) feet below proposed footing bottom, whichever is deeper. The overexcavation should extend a minimum of 5 feet beyond the outer edges of the proposed footings.
- 5. Within pavement, it is recommended overexcavation and recompaction be performed to a minimum depth of two (2) feet below existing grade or one (1) foot below proposed grade, whichever is deeper.
- 6. The actual depths of the overexcavation and recompaction should be determined by our field representative during construction.

GEO No. 190043 satisfies the requirement for a geologic/geotechnical study for Planning/CEQA purposes. GEO No. 190043 is hereby accepted for Planning purposes. Engineering and other Building Code parameters were not included as a part of this review or approval. This approval is not intended and should not be misconstrued as approval for grading permit. Engineering and other building code parameters should be reviewed and additional comments and/or conditions may be imposed by the County upon application for grading and/or building permits.

Planning-PAL

Planning-PAL. 1

LOW PALEO POTENTIAL

According to the County's General Plan, this site has been mapped as having a "Low Potential" for paleontological resources. This category encompasses lands for which previous field surveys and documentation demonstrates a low potential for containing significant paleontological resources subject to adverse impacts. As such, this project is not anticipated to require any direct mitigation for paleontological resources. However, should fossil remains be encountered during site development:

- 1. All site earthmoving shall be ceased in the area of where the fossil remains are encountered. Earthmoving activities may be diverted to other areas of the site.
- 2. The owner of the property shall be immediately notified of the fossil discovery who will in turn immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery.
- 3. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County of Riverside.
- 4. The paleontologist shall determine the significance of the encountered fossil remains.
- 5. Paleontological monitoring of earthmoving activities will continue thereafter on an as-needed basis by the paleontologist during all earthmoving activities that may expose sensitive strata. Earthmoving activities in areas of the project area where previously undisturbed strata will be buried but not otherwise disturbed will not be monitored. The supervising paleontologist will have the authority to reduce monitoring once he/she determines the probability of encountering any additional fossils has dropped

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-PAL

Planning-PAL. 1 LOW PALEO POTENTIAL (cont.)

below an acceptable level.

- 6. If fossil remains are encountered by earthmoving activities when the paleontologist is not onsite, these activities will be diverted around the fossil site and the paleontologist called to the site immediately to recover the remains.
- 7. Any recovered fossil remains will be prepared to the point of identification and identified to the lowest taxonomic level possible by knowledgeable paleontologists. The remains then will be curated (assigned and labeled with museum* repository fossil specimen numbers and corresponding fossil site numbers, as appropriate; places in specimen trays and, if necessary, vials with completed specimen data cards) and catalogued, an associated specimen data and corresponding geologic and geographic site data will be archived (specimen and site numbers and corresponding data entered into appropriate museum repository catalogs and computerized data bases) at the museum repository by a laboratory technician. The remains will then be accessioned into the museum repository fossil collection, where they will be permanently stored, maintained, and, along with associated specimen and site data, made available for future study by qualified scientific investigators. * Per the County of Riverside "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County of Riverside should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet.
- 8. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - Engineering - General

City of Lake Elsinore Conditions of Approval

- 1. All required soils, geology, hydrology and hydraulic and seismic reports shall be prepared by a Registered Civil Engineer.
- 2. A Soil/Geotechnical Report is required for any land disturbance.
- 3. All plans for construction in City right of way shall prepared by a Registered Civil Engineer using the City's standard title block, Design Manual guidance, Lake Elsinore Municipal Code, California Building Code, Riverside County Flood Control Standards for drainage, and City Standards unless otherwise noted or approved by City staff.
- 4. Sight distance into and out of this project location shall comply with CALTRANS Standards.
- 5. All slopes and landscaping within public right-of-way shall be maintained by the property owner or property owner's association or another maintenance entity approved by the City Council. An

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - Engineering - General (cont.)

Encroachment Maintenance Removal Agreement shall be executed and recorded prior to certificate of occupancy.

- 6. A preconstruction meeting with the City Engineering Inspector (Engineering Department) is required prior to commencement of ANY grading activity.
- 7. Minimum good housekeeping and erosion and sediment control BMP's as identified by the City shall be implemented by all projects.
- 8. Project shall submit to the City Engineering Department through the Client Self Service Portal Plans for plan check review and approval for all work in SR 74/Central Avenue. Plans must be approved and signed by the City Engineer prior to construction. Construction shall be completed prior to Certificate of Occupancy of any building.
- 9. Applicant shall enter into an agreement with the City for the construction for the public works improvements and shall post the appropriate bonds prior to commencement of work.
- 10. All plan check submittals shall be made using the City's online Client Self Service Portal at www.lake-elsinore.org.
- 11. Developer shall submit landscape plans to the City's Planning Division for review and approval. Landscape plans shall include California Native drought tolerant plantings and comply with Lake Elsinore Municipal Code Chapter 19.08 Water Efficient Landscape Requirements.
- 12. Developer shall install landscaping within encroachment area and the project consistent with the landscape plan approved by the City.
- 13. Landscape installed within State Route 74 pursuant to the approved landscape plan shall be maintained in good condition by the developer/owner, at developer's/owner's sole cost and exempt. Such obligation will be memorialized in a long-term encroachment and landscape maintenance agreement. The maintenance agreement shall be executed prior to issuance of an Encroachment Permit.

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste - General

Hazardous materials are not accepted at Riverside County landfills. In compliance with federal, state, and local regulations and ordinances, any hazardous waste generated in association with the project shall be disposed of at a permitted Hazardous Waste disposal facility. Hazardous waste materials include, but are not limited to, paint, batteries, oil, asbestos, and solvents. For further information regarding the determination, transport, and disposal of hazardous waste, please contact the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, Environmental Protection and Oversight Division.

AB 341 focuses on increased commercial waste recycling as a method to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The regulation requires businesses and organizations that generate four or more cubic yards of

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste - General (cont.)

waste per week and multifamily units of 5 or more, to recycle. A business shall take at least one of the following actions in order to reuse, recycle, compost, or otherwise divert commercial solid waste from disposal:

- Source separate recyclable and/or compostable material from solid waste and donate or self-haul the material to recycling facilities.
- Subscribe to a recycling service with their waste hauler.
- Provide recycling service to their tenants (if commercial or multi-family complex).
- Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of California Code of Regulations Title 14.

For more information, please visit:

www.rivcowm.org/opencms/recycling/recycling_and_compost_business.html#mandatory Consider xeriscaping and using drought tolerant/low maintenance vegetation in all landscaped areas of the project.

AB 1826 requires businesses and multifamily complexes to arrange for organic waste recycling services. Those subject to AB 1826 shall take at least one of the following actions in order to divert organic waste from disposal:

- -Source separate organic material from all other recyclables and donate or self-haul to a permitted organic waste processing facility.
- -Enter into a contract or work agreement with gardening or landscaping service provider or refuse hauler to ensure the waste generated from those services meet the requirements of AB 1826.

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 1

Plan: CUP190006 Parcel: 377020026

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade, 1

EASEMENTS/PERMISSION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, it shall be the sole responsibility of the owner/applicant to obtain any and all proposed or required easements and/or permissions necessary to perform the grading herein proposed.

A notarized letter of permission and/or recorded easement from the affected property owners or easement holders shall be provided in instances where off site grading is proposed as part of the grading plan.

In instances where the grading plan proposes drainage facilities on adjacent off site property, the owner/ applicant shall provide a copy of the recorded drainage easement or copy of Final Map.

060 - BS-Grade. 2

IF WQMP IS REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the Final Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) site plan for comparison to the grading plan.

060 - BS-Grade. 3

IMPROVEMENT SECURITIES

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Grading Permit, the applicant may be required to post a Grading and/or Erosion Control Security. Please contact the Riverside County Transportation Department for additional information and requirements.

Flood

060 - Flood. 1

Increased Runoff Mitigation

Not Satisfied

This project shall mitigate for adverse impacts of increased runoff that will be generated by this development. Calculations supporting the design of the mitigation feature(s) shall be submitted for review and approval prior to issuance of permits for this project. See the Advisory Notification Document for Increased Runoff Mitigation Criteria.

060 - Flood. 2

Submit Plans

Not Satisfied

Submit storm drain plans, the hydrologic and hydraulic report, and reference material including but not limited to, street improvement plans, grading plans, utility plans, the approved tentative map or site plan, the final map and the environmental constraint sheet, the geotechnical soils report and environmental documents (CEQA, federal and state permits). The storm drain plans and the hydrologic and hydraulic report must receive District approval prior to the issuance of permits. All submittals shall be date stamped by the Engineer and include a Plan Check Application, Flood Control Deposit Based Fee Worksheet, found on the District's website, and a plan check fee deposit.

Planning

060 - Planning. 1

FEE STATUS

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of grading permits for Conditional Use Permit No. 190006, the Planning Department shall determine the status of the deposit based fees. If the fees are in a negative status, the permit holder shall pay the outstanding balance.

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1

Cultural Resources Monitoring Program (CRMP)

Not Satisfied

Plan: CUP190006 Parcel: 377020026

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1 Cultural Resources Monitoring Program (CRMP) (cont.) Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of grading permits: The applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A CRMP shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. This document shall be provided to the County Archaeologist for review and approval prior to issuance of the grading permit.

The CRMP shall contain at a minimum the following:

Archaeological Monitor An adequate number of qualified archaeological monitors shall be onsite to ensure all earth moving activities are observed for areas being monitored. This includes all grubbing, grading and trenching onsite and for all offsite improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined sand directed by the Project Archaeologist.

Cultural Sensitivity Training - The Project Archaeologist and if required, a representative designated by the Tribe shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. Training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the Project and the surrounding area; the areas to be avoided during grading activities; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event unanticipated cultural resources are identified, including who to contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. This is a mandatory training and all construction personnel must attend prior to beginning work on the project site. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.

Unanticipated Resources - In the event that previously unidentified potentially significant cultural resources are discovered, the Archaeological and/or Tribal Monitor(s) shall have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of discovery to allow evaluation of potentially significant cultural resources. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with the Tribal monitor, shall determine the significance of the discovered resources. The County Archaeologist must concur with the evaluation before construction activities will be allowed to resume in the affected area. Further, before construction activities are allowed to resume in the affected area, the artifacts shall be recovered and features recorded using professional archaeological methods. The Project Archaeologist shall determine the amount of material to be recovered for an adequate artifact sample for analysis. Isolates and clearly non-significant deposits shall be minimally documented in the field

and the monitored grading can proceed.

Artifact Disposition- the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources that are

unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery.

The Professional Archaeologist may submit a detailed letter to the County of Riverside during grading requesting a modification to the monitoring program if circumstances are encountered that reduce the need for monitoring

060 - Planning-CUL. 2 Native American Monitor

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into a agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor(s).

The Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and

Plan: CUP190006 Parcel: 377020026

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 2 Native American Monitor (cont.) Not Satisfied trenching. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources.

The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement(s) to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition.

This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 0060-EPD-Nesting Bird Survey (MBTA)

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season. Nesting bird season is February 15st through August 31st. If habitat or structures that support nesting birds must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted.

The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit the project proponent must provide written proof to the Riverside County Planning Department, Environmental Programs Division (EPD) that a biologist who holds an MOU with the County of Riverside has been retained to carry out the required survey. Documentation submitted to prove compliance prior to grading permit issuance must at a minimum include the name and contact information for the Consulting Biologist and a signed statement from the Consulting Biologist confirming that they have been contracted by the applicant to conduct a Preconstruction Nesting Bird Survey. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a grading permit.

Prior to finalization of a grading permit or prior to issuance of any building permits the projects consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report to Environmental Programs Division (EPD) documenting the results of the pre-construction nesting bird survey.

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 RCTD-MAP-WQ - Santa Ana Region - FINAL WQMP REQUII Not Satisfied

The project is located in the Santa Ana watershed. An approved Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required prior to recordation of a final map or issuance of a grading permit. The project shall submit a single PDF on two CD/DVD copies, in accordance with the latest version of the WQMP manual, found at www.rcflood.org/npdes. In addition, the project proponent shall ensure that the effects of increased peak flowrate for the 1, 3, 6, 24-hour storm events for the 2, 5, and 10-year return periods from the project are mitigated. All details necessary to build BMPs per the WQMP shall be included on the grading plans.

060 - Transportation. 2 UTILITIES Not Satisfied

Plan: CUP190006 Parcel: 377020026

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 2

UTILITIES (cont.)

Not Satisfied

UTILITIES

Arrangements for relocation of utility company facilities (power poles, vaults, etc.) on site and/or out on the roadway or alley shall be the responsibility of the property owner or his agent. All power lines (temporary or permanent) shall comply with CALTRANS standards for vehicle clearance.

All overhead utilities (34.5 KV or lower) shall be undergrounded in accordance with Chapter 12.16 of Lake Elsinore Municipal Code.

The developer shall apply for, obtain and submit to the City Engineering Department a letter from Southern California Edison (SCE) indicating that the construction activity will not interfere with existing SCE facilities (aka SCE NIL). Due prior to Grading Permit.

70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection

Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 1

Artifact Disposition

Not Satisfied

In the event cultural resources are identified during ground disturbing activities, the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources, (with the exception of sacred items, burial goods, and Human Remains) and Provide evidence to the satisfaction of the County Archaeologist that all archaeological materials recovered during the archaeological investigations (this includes collections made during an earlier project, such as testing of archaeological sites that took place years ago), have been handled through one of the following methods.

- 1. A fully executed reburial agreement with the appropriate culturally affiliated Native American tribe(s) or band(s). This shall include measures and provisions to protect the reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloguing, analysis and special studies have been completed on the cultural resources. Details of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the Phase IV Report.
- 2. Curation at a Riverside County Curation facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79 and therefore will be professionally curated and made available to other archaeologists/researchers and tribal members for further study. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence shall be in the form of a letter from the curation facility identifying that archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid.

If more than one Native American Group is involved with the project and cannot come to a consensus as to the disposition of cultural resources, the landowner(s) shall then proceed with curation at the Western Science Center. The details of any disposition of artifacts shall be documented in the Phase IV report.

070 - Planning-CUL. 2 Phase IV Monitoring Report

Not Satisfied

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, a Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring Report shall be submitted that complies with the Riverside County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall follow the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the TLMA website. The report shall include results of any feature relocation or residue analysis required as well as evidence of the required cultural sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre-grade meeting and evidence that any artifacts

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70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection

Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 2 Phase IV Monitoring Report (cont.)

Not Satisfied

have been treated in accordance to procedures stipulated in the Cultural Resources Management

Plan.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade, 1

NO BUILDING PERMIT W/O GRADING PERMIT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the property owner shall obtain a grading permit and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department.

080 - BS-Grade. 2

ROUGH GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the applicant shall obtain rough grade approval and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the completed grading of your project before a building permit can be issued. Rough Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following:

- 1. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report containing substantiating data from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for his/her certification of the project.
- 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Rough Grade certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan.
- 3. Requesting a Rough Grade Inspection and obtaining rough grade approval from a Riverside County inspector.
- 4. Rough Grade Only Permits: In addition to obtaining all required inspections and approval of all final reports, all sites permitted for rough grade only shall provide 100 percent vegetative coverage to stabilize the site prior to receiving a rough grade permit final.

Prior to release for building permit, the applicant shall have met all rough grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

E Health

080 - E Health. 1

Sewer Will Serve

Not Satisfied

A "Will Serve" letter is required from the sewer agency serving the project.

080 - E Health. 2

Water Will Serve

Not Satisfied

A "Will-Serve" letter is required from the appropriate water agency.

Fire

080 - Fire. 1

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Prior to building construction, fire apparatus access roads extending beyond 150 feet which have not been completed shall have a turnaround capable of accommodating fire apparatus. (CFC 503.2.5) Prior to issuance of Building Permits, an approved site plan for fire apparatus access roads and signage shall be submitted and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. (CFC 501.3) The Fire Apparatus Access Road shall be (all weather surface) capable of sustaining an imposed load of 75,000 lbs. GVW. The fire apparatus access road or temporary access road shall be

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Fire

080 - Fire. 1 Prior to permit (cont.)

Not Satisfied

reviewed and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and in place during the time of construction. (CFC 501.4)

Fire apparatus access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than twenty–four (24) feet as approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and an unobstructed vertical clearance of not less the thirteen (13) feet six (6) inches or 15 feet if project is located in a State Responsibility Area Fire Hazard Zone. (CFC 503.2.1)

080 - Fire. 2 Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Minimum fire flow for the construction of all commercial buildings is required per CFC Appendix B and Table B105.1. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant/developer shall provide documentation to show there exists a water system capable of delivering the fire flow based on the information given. Per this submittal the minimum fire flow will be 1500 gpm at 20 psi for 2 hours. Subsequent design changes may increase or decrease the required fire flow.

Prior to issuance of Building Permits, the applicant/developer shall furnish one copy of the water system plans to the Office of the Fire Marshal for review and approval.

The required water system, including fire hydrants, shall be installed, made serviceable, and be accepted by the Office of the Fire Marshal prior to beginning construction. They shall be maintained accessible.

Existing fire hydrants on public streets are allowed to be considered available. Existing fire hydrants on adjacent properties shall not be considered available unless fire apparatus access roads extend between properties and easements are established to prevent obstruction of such roads. (CFC 507, 501.3)

Flood

080 - Flood. 1 Submit Plans

Not Satisfied

Submit storm drain plans, the hydrologic and hydraulic report, and reference material including but not limited to, street improvement plans, grading plans, utility plans, the approved tentative map or site plan, the final map and the environmental constraint sheet, the geotechnical soils report and environmental documents (CEQA, federal and state permits). The storm drain plans and the hydrologic and hydraulic report must receive District approval prior to the issuance of permits. All submittals shall be date stamped by the Engineer and include a Plan Check Application, Flood Control Deposit Based Fee Worksheet, found on the District's website, and a plan check fee deposit.

Planning

080 - Planning. 1 AQ Building Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

The Project is required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 1113 "Table of Standards" pertaining to VOC emissions by using Low-Volatile Organic Compounds paints (no more than 50 gram/liter of VOC) and/or High-Pressure Low Volume (HPLV) applications. Prior to building permit final inspection, the County of Riverside shall verify a note requiring Rule 1113 compliance is specified on all building plans. Project contractors would be required to comply with the note and maintain written records of such compliance that can be inspected by the County of Riverside or its designee upon request.

080 - Planning, 2

Bike Racks

Not Satisfied

Commercial, office, service and other similar developments shall provide one (1) employee bicycle

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 2 Bike Racks (cont.)

Not Satisfied

space for every twenty-five (25) parking spaces required, and one (1) patron or visitor bicycle space for every thirty-three (33) parking spaces required, with a minimum of four (4) bicycle spaces provided for the development. The bicycle spaces may include either Class I or Class II bicycle parking facilities. Based on the number of parking spaces provided the applicant shall provide 4 bicycle spaces.

080 - Planning. 3

Building Traffic Control Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, a "Traffic Control Plan" shall be prepared, which details the locations of equipment staging areas, material stockpiles, proposed road closures, and hours of construction operations. This is in addition to a Traffic Impact Study as may be required for the environmental review process.

080 - Planning. 4

Colors and Materials

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the colors and materials selected for final construction of the building shall coordinate with the colors and materials as shown on the APPROVED Colored Elevations within the Combined Exhibits Planning Set dated April 9, 2020.

080 - Planning. 5

Commercial Structure - Building Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the following measures shall be noted on building plans and shall be complied with during grading operations:

- 1. During construction of the commercial structure, all heavy duty haul trucks accessing the site shall have CARB-Compliant 2010 engines or newer approved CARB engine standards.
- 2. All diesel fueled off-road construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower, including but not limited to excavators, graders, rubber-tired dozers, and similar "off-road" construction equipment shall be equipped with CARB Tier 4 Compliant engines. If the operator lacks Tier 4 equipment, and it is not available for lease or short-term rental within 50 miles of the project site, Tier 3 or cleaner off-road construction equipment may be utilized subject to County approval.
- 3. Construction contractors shall utilize construction equipment, with properly operating and maintained mufflers, consistent with manufacturers' standards.
- 4. Construction contractors shall locate or park all stationary construction equipment so that the emitted noise is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site, to the extent practicable.
- 5. The surrounding streets shall be swept on a regular basis to remove any construction related debris and dirt.
- 6. Appropriate dust control measures that meet the SCAQMD standards shall be implemented for grading and construction activity.
- 7. Construction equipment maintenance records and data sheets, which includes equipment design specifications and equipment emission control tier classifications, as well as any other records necessary to verify compliance with the items above, shall be kept onsite and furnished to the County upon request.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 5

Commercial Structure – Building Plan Notes (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 8. During construction, the Transportation & Land Management Agency representative shall conduct an on-site inspection with a facility representative to verify compliance with these policies, and to identify other opportunities to reduce construction impacts.
- 9. Facility construction shall comply with the hours of operation and exterior noise decibel levels as required by Riverside County Ordinance No. 847 ("Noise Ordinance")
- 080 Planning. 6

Conform to Elevations/Floor Plans

Not Satisfied

Elevations and Floor Plans of all buildings and structures submitted for building plan check approval shall be in substantial conformance with the elevations shown on APPROVED Combined EXHIBITS, dated April 9, 2020.

080 - Planning. 7

Diesel Construction Equipment Criteria

Not Satisfied

Construction plans and specifications shall state that during the site preparation phase, the Construction Contractor shall ensure that off-road diesel constriction equipment greater than 150 horsepower (>150 HP) complies with EPA/CARB Tier 3 emissions standards and shall ensure that all construction equipment is tuned and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

080 - Planning. 8

EV Charging Stations

Not Satisfied

County Ordinance No.348, Section 18.12 c. (1) c. & d., states that all development projects that require fifty (50) or more parking spaces will be required to designate three (3) parking spaces for electrical vehicles and designate one (1) additional space for electrical vehicles for each additional fifty (50) parking spaces. Based on the parking spaces required the applicant would be required to provide three (3) EV parking spaces. Each electrical vehicle parking space shall have a charging station. Charging stations if capable may service more than one electrical vehicle. The applicant's site plan will illustrate the location of these spaces and charging stations.

080 - Planning. 9

Fee Status

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of building permits for Conditional Use Permit No. 190006, the Planning Department shall determine the status of the deposit based fees for project. If the case fees are in a negative state, the permit holder shall pay the outstanding balance.

080 - Planning. 10

Lighting Plans

Not Satisfied

All parking lot lights and other outdoor lighting shall be shown on electrical plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety for plan check approval and shall comply with the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance Nos. 655 and 915 and the Riverside County Comprehensive General Plan.

080 - Planning, 11

Roof Equipment Shielding

Not Satisfied

All roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of 1,320 feet. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 11

Roof Equipment Shielding (cont.)

Not Satisfied

080 - Planning. 12

School Mitigation

Not Satisfied

Impacts to the Lake Elsinore Unified School District shall be mitigated in accordance with California State law.

080 - Planning. 13

Wall/Fencing Plan Required

Not Satisfied

A fencing plan shall be submitted showing all wall and fence locations and typical views of all types of fences or walls proposed. This plan shall require anti-graffiti coatings on fences and walls, where applicable.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1

0080-RCTD-ESTABLISH WQMP MAINT ENTITY

Not Satisfied

A maintenance plan and signed WQMP/BMP maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department shall be approved and recorded against the property. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance.

080 - Transportation. 2

FEES:

Not Satisfied

FEES:

The developer shall pay all Engineering Department assessed Plan Check fees, Permit fees, and In Lieu (LEMC 16.34).

The project may be eligible for TUMF credit and reimbursement of road improvements constructed on Central Ave (SR-74).

In Lieu fees calculated on a project basis.

NOTE: Above fees quoted are subject to change. Fees will be assessed at the prevalent rate at time of payment in full.

NOTE: Above fees quoted are subject to change. Fees will be assessed at the prevalent rate at time of payment in full.

080 - Transportation. 3

Landscape Inspection Deposit Required

Not Satisfied

Landscape Inspection Deposit Required

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

Prior to building permit issuance, the developer/permit holder shall verify all plan check fees have been paid and deposit sufficient funds to cover the costs of the required landscape inspections associated with the approved landscape plans. The deposit required for landscape inspections shall be determined by the Transportation Department, Landscape Section. The Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 3 Landscape Inspection Deposit Required (cont.)

Not Satisfied

080 - Transportation. 4

Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Required

Not Satisfied

Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Required

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

Prior to issuance of building permits, the developer/permit holder shall apply for a Plot Plan (Administrative/PPA) Landscape Permit (LSP) or Landscape Plot Plan (LPP) from TLMA Land Use along with applicable deposit (plan check and inspection are DBF fees).

Provide construction level landscape plans in PDF (all sheets compiled in 1 PDF file), along with an electronic transmittal memo in PDF (include Owner contact, Developer, if not the same as the owner, Project manager, person or persons most likely to inquire about the status of the plans, Landscape Architect, Principal or LA signing the plans, Landscape Architect, Project Manager, person responsible for making the corrections, if different from above), and a current set of grading plans in PDF, and submit all three PDF files on a CD (compact Disc) with application. The landscape plans shall be prepared in a professional manner by a California Licensed/Registered Landscape Architect and signed/stamped by such.

Drawings shall be completed on County standard Transportation Department title block, plan sheet format (24" x 36"), 1:20 scale, north arrow, limit of work lines, hardscape features, graphic scale, and street names, etc. The landscaping plans shall be in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; in compliance with Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12; Ordinance No. 859; and, be prepared consistent with the County of Riverside Guide to California Friendly Landscaping. At minimum, plans shall include the following components:

- 1) Landscape and irrigation working drawings "stamped" by a California certified/registered landscape architect;
- 2) Weather-based controllers and necessary components to eliminate water waste;
- 3) A copy of the "stamped" approved grading plans; and,
- 4) Emphasis on native and drought tolerant species.

When applicable, plans shall include the following components:

- 1) Identification of all common/open space areas;
- 2) Natural open space areas and those regulated/conserved by the prevailing MSHCP and or ALUC;
- 3) Shading plans for projects that include parking lots/areas;
- 4) The use of canopy trees (24" box or greater) within the parking areas:
- 5) Landscaping plans for slopes exceeding 3 feet in height;
- 6) Landscaping and irrigation plans associated with entry monuments. All monument locations shall be located outside of the ROW and dimensions shall be provided on the plan; and/or,
- 7) If this is a phased development, then a copy of the approved phasing plan shall be submitted for reference.

Please reference Landscape Plan Checklists available online at RCTLMA.org.

NOTE: When the Landscaping Plot Plan is located within a special district such as LMD/CSA/CFD or

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 4 Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Required (cont.) Not Satisfied Valleywide, the developer/permit holder shall submit plans for review to the appropriate special district for simultaneous review. The permit holder shall show evidence to the Transportation Department, Landscape Section that the subject district has approved said plans. Water Districts such as CVWD, TVWD, and EMWD may be required to approve plans prior to County approval.

Upon verification of compliance with this condition and the APPROVED EXHIBITS, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

080 - Transportation. 5 Landscape Project Specific Requirements

Not Satisfied

The developer/ permit holder shall:

- Project shall comply with the latest version of Ord. 859 ETo of .45, for commercial applications, or .70 ETo for recycled water uses. Project shall comply with the latest State Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance. Project shall comply with the local servicing water purveyor/district/company landscape requirements including those related to recycled water.
- Project proponent shall design overhead irrigation with a minimum 24" offset from non-permeable surfaces, even if that surface drains into a permeable area.
- Landscaping plans shall incorporate the use of specimen (24" box or greater) canopy trees. All trees and shrubs shall be drawn to reflect the average specimen size at 15 years of age. All trees shall be double or triple staked and secured with non-wire ties.
- Project shall prepare water use calculations as outlined in Ord 859.3.
- Trees shall be hydrozoned separately.
- Irrigation shall be designed using hydrozones by plant water type, irrigation type, and flat/sloped areas.
- The developer/ permit holder/landowner shall use the County of Riverside's California Friendly Plant List when making plant selections. Use of plant material with a "low" or "very low" water use designation is strongly encouraged.
- All plant materials within landscaped areas shall be maintained in a viable growth condition throughout the useful plant life, and replaced with an equal or lessor water use plant.
- Project shall use County standard details for which the application is available in County Standard Detail Format.
- Monuments, boulders, and fan palms shall be located outside the County Maintained Road Right-of-Way (ROW).
- Restricted plant species noted in MSHCP documents shall not be used if MSHCP areas are adjacent to the project.
- Plant species shall meet ALUC requirements, if applicable.
- Hydroseeding is not permitted in stormwater BMP slope areas, container stock will be required on slopes. Trees must be located to avoid drainage swales and drain, utility, leach, etc. lines and structures
- · Landscape and irrigation plans must meet erosion control requirements of Ordinance 457.
- Project shall use 40% point source irrigation type regardless of meeting the water budget with alternative irrigation methods, except as needed within stormwater BMP areas as noted in an approved WQMP document. Point source is defined as one emitter (or two) located at each plant. In-line emitter tubing is not defined as point source for the purpose of this requirement.
- The project proponent or current property owner shall connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape watering purposes when secondary or reclaimed water is made available to the site.
- Project shall install purple/reclaimed/recycled components as deemed necessary and as determined by the County and/or water district.
- Project proponent shall provide 12" wide concrete maintenance walkway on planter islands

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 5 Landscape Project Specific Requirements (cont.) Not Satisfied adjacent to parking spaces. Concrete maintenance walkway shall be shown on landscape and grading plans, typical.

080 - Transportation. 6 RCTD-MAP-WQ - IMPLEMENT WQMP

Not Satisfied

The Project shall construct BMP facilities described in the approved Final County WQMP prior to the issuance of a building permit to the satisfaction of County Grading Inspection Section. The Project is responsible for performing all activities described in the County WQMP and that copies of the approved Final County WQMP are provided to future owners/occupants.

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area

Not Satisfied

Recycling Collection Plan: Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall submit one electronic (1) copy of a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for review and approval to WastePlanning@rivco.org. The plot plan shall conform to Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas, provided by the Department of Waste Resources (found at http://www.rcwaste.org/business/planning/design) and shall show the location of and access to the collection area for recyclable materials, shall demonstrate space allocation for trash and recyclable materials and have the adequate signage indicating the location of each bin in the trash enclosure. The project applicant is advised that clearance of the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan only satisfies the Waste Resources' conditions for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas space allocation and other Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Guideline items. Detailed drawings of the Trash Enclosure and its particular construction details, e.g., building materials, location, construction methods etc., should be included as part of the Project plan submittal to the Riverside County Department of Building and Safety.

080 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste Recycling Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, a Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be submitted to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for approval. At a minimum, the WRP must identify the materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, wood, etc.) that will be generated by construction and development, the projected amounts, the measures/methods that will be taken to recycle, reuse, and/or reduce the amount of materials, the facilities and/or haulers that will be utilized, and the targeted recycling or reduction rate. During project construction, the project site shall have, at a minimum, two (2) bins: one for waste disposal and the other for the recycling of Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials. Additional bins are encouraged to be used for further source separation of C&D recyclable materials. Accurate record keeping (receipts) for recycling of C&D recyclable materials and solid waste disposal must be kept. Arrangements can be made through the franchise hauler.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1 PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall obtain precise grade approval and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1 PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL (cont.) Not Satisfied precise grading of your project before a building final can be obtained. Precise Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following:

- 1. Requesting and obtaining approval of all required grading inspections.
- 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for the sub-grade and base of all paved areas.
- 3. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Sub-grade (rough) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the sub-grade was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan.
- 4. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Precise (Final) Grade Certification for the entire site from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the precise grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan.

Prior to release for building final, the applicant shall have met all precise grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

Planning

090 - Planning. 1 Accessible Parking

Not Satisfied

A minimum of three (3) accessible parking spaces for persons with disabilities, shall be provided as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A. Each parking space reserved for persons with disabilities shall be identified by a permanently affixed reflectorized sign constructed of porcelain on steel, beaded text or equal, displaying the International Symbol of Accessibility.

The sign shall not be smaller than 70 square inches in area and shall be centered at the interior end of the parking space at a minimum height of 80 inches from the bottom of the sign to the parking space finished grade, or centered at a minimum height of 36 inches from the parking space finished grade, ground, or sidewalk. A sign shall also be posted in a conspicuous place, at each entrance to the off-street parking facility, not less than 17 inches by 22 inches, clearly and conspicuously stating the following:

"Unauthorized vehicles not displayin	g distinguishing placards o	or license plates issued for physically
handicapped persons may be towed	away at owner's expense.	. Towed vehicles may be reclaimed at
or by telephoning	."	

In addition to the above requirements, the surface of each parking space shall have a surface identification sign duplicating the symbol of accessibility in blue paint of at least 3 square feet in size.

090 - Planning. 2 Curbs Along Planters

Not Satisfied

A six inch high curb with a twelve (12) inch wide walkway shall be constructed along planters on end stalls adjacent to automobile parking areas. Public parking areas shall be designed with permanent curb, bumper, or wheel stop or similar device so that a parked vehicle does not overhang required sidewalks, planters, or landscaped areas.

090 - Planning. 3, Ordinance No. 659 (DIF)

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of either a certificate of occupancy or prior to building permit final inspection, the applicant shall comply with the provisions of Riverside County Ordinance No. 659, which requires the payment of the appropriate fee set forth in the Ordinance. Riverside County Ordinance No. 659 has been established to set forth policies, regulations and fees related to the funding and installation of

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 3 Ordinance No. 659 (DIF) (cont.)

Not Satisfied

facilities and the acquisition of open space and habitat necessary to address the direct and cumulative environmental effects generated by new development project described and defined in this Ordinance, and it establishes the authorized uses of the fees collected.

The amount of the fee for commercial or industrial development shall be calculated on the basis of the "Project Area," as defined in the Ordinance, which shall mean the net area, measured in acres, from the adjacent road right-of-way to the limits of the project development. The Project Area for Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 has been calculated to be approximately 2.18 net acres.

090 - Planning. 4

Ordinance No. 810 Open Space Fee

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, or upon building permit final inspection prior to use or occupancy for cases without final inspection or certificate of occupancy (such as an SMP), whichever comes first, the applicant shall comply with the provisions of Riverside County Ordinance No. 810, which requires the payment of the appropriate fee set forth in the Ordinance. The amount of the fee will be based on the "Project Area" as defined in the Ordinance and the aforementioned Condition of Approval. The Project Area for Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 is calculated to be approximately 2.42 gross acre site.

090 - Planning. 5

Parking Paving Material

Not Satisfied

A minimum of 57 parking spaces shall be provided pursuant to Ordinance No. 348 requirements, as shown on the approved APPROVED EXHIBIT A. The parking area shall be surfaced with asphaltic concrete or concrete to current standards as approved by the Department of Building and Safety.

090 - Planning. 6

Roof Equipment Shielding

Not Satisfied

All roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of 1,320 feet. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

090 - Planning. 7

Trash Enclosures

Not Satisfied

Two (2) trash enclosures will be provided as shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT A which are adequate to enclose a minimum of two bins per enclosure and shall be constructed prior to the issuance of occupancy permits. The enclosure(s) shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height and shall be made with concrete tilt-up panels, painted to match the building and landscaping screening and a solid gate which screens the bins from external view. Additional enclosed area for collection of recyclable materials shall be located within, near or adjacent to each trash and rubbish disposal area. The recycling collection area shall be a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the area provided for the trash/rubbish enclosure(s) or as approved by the Riverside County Waste Management Department.

All recycling bins shall be labeled with the universal recycling symbol and with signage indicating to the users the type of material to be deposited in each bin.

090 - Planning. 8

Utilities Underground

Not Satisfied

All utilities, except electrical lines rated 33 kV or greater, shall be installed undergroundithe permittee provides to the Department of Building and Safety and the Planning Department a definitive statement from the utility provider refusing to allow underground installation of the utilities they provide, this condition shall be null and void with respect to that utility.

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 8 Utilities Underground (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1 IMPROVEMENTS AND DRAINAGE:

Not Satisfied

IMPROVEMENTS AND DRAINAGE:

Install a root barrier for the dripline of trees installed within 10 feet of any on or off-site hardscape (sidewalk, driveway, pavement, etc.).

If the existing street improvements are to be modified, the existing street plans on file shall be modified accordingly and approved by the City Engineer prior to issuance of building permit.

An encroachment permit is required for all work to be done in the public right-of-way. Upon approval of engineered plans, the requirements outlined in these COA's and the permit issue letter shall be met prior to Encroachment Permit issuance.

Developer shall construct improvements including but not limited to curb and gutter, sidewalks, right in-right out median and commercial driveway to City Standards from the existing property line back to the proposed property line along the project frontage on SR-74/Central Ave. New improvements shall match or transition to existing improvements along property frontage.

Developer shall construct or pay fee in-lieu of construction for ½ width of future City ultimate road improvements including but not limited to curb and gutter, sidewalks, and bus stop, street light and/or utility relocation on SR-74/Central Ave. The fee shall be equal to current cost estimate for improvements (including contingency) plus an additional 15% of the total construction cost estimate to cover design and administrative costs. An Engineer's Estimate shall be submitted to the City and approved by City Staff.

The developer shall coordinate bus pad limits, modifications and reconstruction with Riverside Transit Authority.

All existing storm drain inlet facilities adjacent to the subject properties shall be retrofitted to comply with the State of California full trash capture mandate; all new storm drain inlet facilities constructed by this project shall also comply with the full trash capture mandate.

All improvements must comply with ADA standards.

Developer shall install public street lighting along SR-74/Central Ave, consistent with City Street Light Standards. It is the responsibility of the Developer to ensure any street lights associated with the project are energized.

Street light plans shall be submitted to the City Engineering Department for plan check review and approval through the Client Self Service Portal.

Developer shall submit signing and striping plans for City review and approval. All signing and striping and traffic control devices shall be installed on SR-74/Central Avenue and approved by the City.

Improvements shall be designed and constructed to City of Lake Elsinore Standards and City Codes (LEMC 12.04 and 16.34), or as directed or approved by the City Engineer.

11/24/20 09:49

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 16

Plan: CUP190006 Parcel: 377020026

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1

IMPROVEMENTS AND DRAINAGE: (cont.)

Not Satisfied

The developer shall coordinate with Riverside Transit Authority for location and installation of bus transit facilities.

10-year storm runoff shall be contained within the curb and the 100-year storm runoff shall be contained within the street right-of-way. When either of these criteria are exceeded, drainage facilities shall be provided.

All drainage facilities in this project shall be constructed to Riverside County Flood Control District Standards.

The installation of permanent bench marks / monuments per City Standards at intersection of the project entrance and the centerline of SR-74/Central Avenue shall be shown on the plan.

All storm drain inlet facilities shall be appropriately marked "Only Rain Down the Storm Drain" using the City authorized marker to prevent illegal dumping in the drain system.

PRIOR TO OCCUPANCY/FINAL APPROVAL:

Paper copy of plan with any redlines shall be submitted to the Engineering Department before final inspection will be scheduled.

All off-site street improvements (curb, gutter, street light, signage, striping, pavement, etc.) shall be completed in accordance with approved plans to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.

PROJECT CLOSEOUT/SECURITY RELEASE:

Developer shall As-built all Engineering Department approved project plan sets. After City approval of paper copy, developer/owner is responsible for revising the original mylar plans. Once the original mylars have been approved, the developer shall provide the City with a CD/DVD of the "as-built" plans in .tif format.

Developer shall submit documentation pursuant to City's Security Release handout.

All final studies and reports shall be submitted in .tif format on a CD/DVD. Studies and reports include, Soils, Seismic, Hydrology, Hydraulics, Grading, WQMP, etc.

Provide on compact disc auto cad and GIS Shape files of all final maps and street and storm drain plans. *ALL DATA MUST BE IN projected Coordinate System: NAD 83 State Plane California Zone VI U.S. Fleet

090 - Transportation. 2

Landscape Inspection and Drought Compliance

Not Satisfied

Landscape Inspection and Drought Compliance

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

The developer/permit holder shall coordinate with their designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector to ensure all landscape planting and irrigation

Plan: CUP190006 Parcel: 377020026

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 2 Landscape Inspection and Drought Compliance (cont.) Not Satisfied systems have been installed in accordance with APPROVED EXHIBITS, landscaping, irrigation, and shading plans. The Transportation Department will ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests; and, irrigation systems are properly constructed and determined to be in good working order. The developer/permit holder's designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector shall determine compliance with this condition and execute a Landscape Certificate of Completion. All landscape inspection deposits and plan check fees shall be paid.

Upon determination of compliance, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD-MAP-WQ - WQMP COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the Project is required to furnish educational materials regarding water quality to future owners/occupants, provide an engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established, and for businesses registering BMPs with the Transportation Department Business Storm Water Compliance Program Section.

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Mandatory Commercial and Organics Recycling Com Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall complete a Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Recycling Compliance form (Form D). Form D requires applicants to identify programs or plans that address commercial and organics recycling, in compliance with State legislation/regulation. Once completed, Form D shall be submitted to the Recycling Section of the Department of Waste Resources for approval. For more information go to:

www.rcwaste.org/business/planning/applications. To obtain Form D, please contact the Recycling Section at 951-486-3200, or email to: Waste-CompostingRecycling@rivco.org.

090 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Inspection Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall construct the recyclables collection and loading area in compliance with the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan, as approved and verified through an on-site inspection by the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources.

090 - Waste Resources. 3 Waste Reporting Form and Receipts

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, evidence (i.e., waste reporting form along with receipts or other types of verification) to demonstrate project compliance with the approved Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be presented by the project proponent to the Planning Division of the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources. Receipts must clearly identify the amount of waste disposed and Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials recycled.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach Assistant TLMA Director

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project/Case Number: CUP190006
Based on the Initial Study, it has been determined that the proposed project, subject to the proposed mitigation measures, will not have a significant effect upon the environment.
PROJECT DESCRIPTION, LOCATION, AND MITIGATION MEASURES REQUIRED TO AVOID POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS. (see Environmental Assessment/Initial Study and Conditions of Approval)
COMPLETED/REVIEWED BY:
By: <u>Deborah Bradford</u> Title: <u>Contract Project Planner</u> Date: <u>November 16, 2020</u>
Applicant/Project Sponsor: Halle Properties LLC., Scott Fournier Date Submitted: July 1, 2019
ADOPTED BY: Planning Commission
Person Verifying Adoption: Date:
The Mitigated Negative Declaration may be examined, along with documents referenced in the initial study, if any, at: Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501 For additional information, please contact Deborah Bradford at (951) 955-6646.
Please charge deposit fee case#: CEQ190078 ZCFG
FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FORM: INITIAL STUDY

Environmental Assessment (CEQ / EA) Number: CEQ190078

Project Case Type (s) and Number(s): CUP 190006

Lead Agency Name: County of Riverside Planning Department **Address:** 4080 Lemon Street 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501

Contact Person: Deborah Bradford Telephone Number: (951) 955-6646

Applicant's Name: Halle Properties/R.A. Smith, Inc.

Applicant's Address: 20225 N. Scottsdale Road, Scottsdale, AZ 85255/8881 Research Drive,

Irvine, CA 92618

I. PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Description: Halle Properties and R.A. Smith, Inc. ("Applicant") propose to develop an approximately 95,083 square-foot (2.18 acres) site on APN 377-020-026 located immediately southwest of 18745 W. Conard Ave., east of the City of Lake Elsinore, in Riverside County, California, for the purposes of constructing and operating a retail tire store ("Project"). The Project site is zoned Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S); the Project is permitted in that zone subject to a Conditional Use Permit per Riverside County Ordinance No. 348. The Project site is currently undeveloped, and historical land uses on the site include agriculture.

Development on the property would occur primarily on the southern portion fronting Central Avenue/Highway 74. The Applicant proposes to construct an 8,192 square foot building for the purposes of operating a retail tire store. The installation of tires and wheels would also occur onsite. A total of 57 parking spaces are proposed, inclusive of three electric vehicle spaces with charging stations. The site would be accessed by a driveway off Central Avenue. In addition, the Applicant proposes a bioretention pond on the northern portion of the project site adjacent to an existing mobile home lot.

The project would be connected to existing utilities. Lighting will be provided consistent with the County of Riverside Outdoor Lighting Regulations and would be consistent with similar commercial uses in the project vicinity. Landscaping would be provided in the front setback along Highway 74/Central Avenue in accordance with the County landscape requirements for the C-P-S zone.

The commercial tire operation would require 4-5 full-time employees and 4-5 part-time employees. Hours of operation would be from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Saturday, and closed on Sunday. Deliveries to the site would average two times per week.

The project involves a proposed Conditional Use Permit (CUP). The following sub-section summarizes the discretionary application that is under consideration by the County of Riverside.

Conditional Use Permit (CUP)

The project requires approval of Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 (CUP 190006) in accordance with Riverside County Ordinance 348 (Providing for Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations and Related Functions of the County of Riverside).

The Project site is located east of the City of Lake Elsinore in unincorporated Riverside County, California, on APN 377-020-026 immediately southwest of 18745 W. Conard Ave. The Project site is approximately 95,083 square feet (2.18 acres), of which 8,192 square feet will be a ground-up structure, with the remaining front half of the parcel area devoted to parking stalls, driveways, and landscaping. The rear of the property will remain undeveloped with the exception of a bioretention basin with underdrain. As shown on the following figures, the Project site is located on Highway 74 (Central Avenue).

The project site consists of undeveloped, vacant land that has been subject to a variety of disturbances. The southeast half of the site has been graded and is routinely maintained, while the northwest half of the is undeveloped and supports a disturbed plant community that has been subject Bicycle Motocross (BMX) activities. The site is bordered by undeveloped, vacant land to the west and south, residential and undeveloped, vacant land to the east, and commercial development to the north.

On-site elevations range from approximately 1,332 to 1,345 feet above mean sea level. The southeastern portion of the project site is elevated above the northwestern portion of the site, with the highest elevation occurring near the middle of the project site. From the highest point, the southwestern portion of the site gently slopes to the south, and the northeastern portion of the site slopes to the north. It should be noted that a drainage feature (Arroyo del Toro) is located approximately 100 feet northwest of the site, and the northwestern portion of the site lies within the 100-year flood plain.

A.	Type of Project:	Site Specific ⊠;	Countywide [;	Community [];	Policy _].
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B. Total Project Area:

Residential Acres:	Lots:	Units:	Projected No. of Residents:
Commercial Acres: 2.42 Industrial Acres:	Lots: 1	Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: 8,192	Est. No. of Employees: 12
	Lots:	Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area:	Est. No. of Employees:

C. Assessor's Parcel No(s): 377-020-026

Street References: immediately southwest of 18745 W. Conard Ave

D. Section, Township & Range Description or reference/attach a Legal Description:

Brief description of the existing environmental setting of the project site and its surroundings: The site is bordered by undeveloped, vacant land to the west and south, residential and undeveloped, vacant land to the east, and commercial development to the north.

E.

II. APPLICABLE GENERAL PLAN AND ZONING REGULATIONS

A. General Plan Elements/Policies:

1. Land Use: The Project site has a land use designation of Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP) and a zoning classification of Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S). The BP land use designation encourages, employee-intensive uses, research and development, technology centers, corporate and support offices uses, and supporting retail uses at an FAR of 0.25 to 0.6. The development of the Project site will result in an FAR of 0.15. The Project's FAR is lower than the FAR range noted in the General Plan for BP, which is between 0.25-0.60. FAR indicates the ratio of gross building square footage permitted on

a parcel to net square footage of the parcel. FAR is used to estimate employment generated from commercial, industrial and business park land uses. It is a reflection of a theoretical build-out, rather than what is likely to appear on the ground. Land Use Element Policy LU 30.9 allows for a FAR that is less intense in order to encourage good project design and efficient site utilization. The Project was designed to address peak flow rates in high flood area, emergency vehicle accessibility, and ROW dedication. The Project's FAR, while less than the normal range for BP, is suitable for a supporting retail use in this area since the project was designed to address the various site constraints. The uses permitted in the C-P-S zoning classification subject to the approval of a conditional use permit include but not limited to, tire sales and services, automobile sales, animal hospitals and trailer and boat storage. The Project does not require rezoning or an amendment to the General Plan. The Project is in compliance with all applicable land use policies of the General Plan.

- 2. Circulation: The Project has adequate existing circulation facilities and is therefore consistent with the Circulation Element of the General Plan. The proposed Project meets all other applicable circulation policies of the General Plan.
- 3. Multipurpose Open Space: The proposed Project is located within the Western Riverside County Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRMSHCP), but is not within a Criteria Cell. A General Biological Resource Assessment was completed for the project site and was determined that a preconstruction nesting bird survey be conducted. The Project is in compliance with all applicable open space policies of the General Plan.
- 4. Safety: The Project site is located within a High Fire State Responsibility Area, has moderate to very high liquefaction potential and is susceptible to subsidence. The site is not located in a fault zone. Implementation of standard conditions of approval and compliance with applicable County and State Ordinances will be required. The Project is in compliance with all applicable safety policies of the General Plan.
- 5. Noise: The Project would introduce new sources of construction and operational noise. Implementation of standard conditions of approval and compliance with applicable County and State Ordinances will be required. The Project is in compliance with all applicable noise policies of the General Plan.
- 6. Housing: The Project does not include housing and would not result in a direct or indirect increase in population. Furthermore, because the project site is vacant, the project would not displace existing housing. The Project is in compliance with all applicable housing policies of the General Plan.
- 7. Air Quality: The Project will not result in construction or operational emissions that exceed thresholds or conflict with any air quality plan. Implementation of standard conditions of approval and compliance with applicable County and State Ordinances will be required. The Project is in compliance with all applicable air quality policies of the General Plan.
- **8. Healthy Communities:** The project would be consistent with all applicable Healthy Community policies of the General Plan.
- 9. Environmental Justice (After Element is Adopted): N/A
- B. General Plan Area Plan(s): Elsinore
- C. Foundation Component(s): Community Development

D. Land Use Designation(s): Bu	usiness Park (BP)	
E. Overlay(s), if any: N/A		
F. Policy Area(s), if any: Warm	Springs	
G. Adjacent and Surrounding:		
1. General Plan Area Plan(s)): Elsinore	
2. Foundation Component(s	s): Community Development	
3. Land Use Designation(s):	: Very Low Density Residential (VI	DR) and Business Park (BP)
4. Overlay(s), if any: N/A		
5. Policy Area(s), if any: Wa	arm Springs	
H. Adopted Specific Plan Inform	mation	
1. Name and Number of Spe	ecific Plan, if any: N/A	
2. Specific Plan Planning A	rea, and Policies, if any: N/A	
I. Existing Zoning: Scenic High	hway Commercial (C-P-S)	
J. Proposed Zoning, if any: N/	/A	
	Coning: Residential Agricultural, 20 hway Commercial (C-P-S), and City	·
III. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS	POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	
The environmental factors checked be least one impact that is a "Potential Incorporated" as indicated by the checked	lly Significant Impact" or "Less th	
 ☐ Aesthetics ☐ Agriculture & Forest Resources ☐ Air Quality ☐ Biological Resources ☐ Cultural Resources ☐ Energy ☐ Geology / Soils ☐ Greenhouse Gas Emissions 	Hazards & Hazardous Materials Hydrology / Water Quality Land Use / Planning Mineral Resources Noise Paleontological Resources Population / Housing Public Services	☐ Recreation ☐ Transportation ☐ Tribal Cultural Resources ☐ Utilities / Service Systems ☐ Wildfire ☐ Mandatory Findings of Significance
IV. DETERMINATION On the basis of this initial evaluation:		

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CEQ190078.

A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS NOT
PREPARED
I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there
will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project, described in this document,
have been made or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION
will be prepared.
☐ I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS PREPARED
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO
NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED because (a) all potentially significant
effects of the proposed project have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration
pursuant to applicable legal standards, (b) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have
been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (c) the proposed project
will not result in any new significant environmental effects not identified in the earlier EIR or Negative
Declaration, (d) the proposed project will not substantially increase the severity of the environmental effects identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (e) no considerably different mitigation
measures have been identified and (f) no mitigation measures found infeasible have become feasible.
I find that although all potentially significant effects have been adequately analyzed in an earlier
EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, some changes or additions are
necessary but none of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist.
An ADDENDUM to a previously-certified EIR or Negative Declaration has been prepared and will be
considered by the approving body or bodies.
☐ I find that at least one of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162
exist, but I further find that only minor additions or changes are necessary to make the previous EIR
adequately apply to the project in the changed situation; therefore a SUPPLEMENT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required that need only contain the information necessary to
make the previous EIR adequate for the project as revised.
I find that at least one of the following conditions described in California Code of Regulations,
Section 15162, exist and a SUBSEQUENT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required: (1)
Substantial changes are proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous EIR
or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial
increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects, (2) Substantial changes have occurred
with respect to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken which will require major
revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects;
or (3) New information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been known
with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time the previous EIR was certified as complete or the
negative declaration was adopted, shows any the following:(A) The project will have one or more
significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or negative declaration;(B) Significant effects
previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR or negative
declaration;(C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would in fact be
feasible, and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project
proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives; or,(D) Mitigation measures or
alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR or negative
declaration would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives.

Signature	Date
	For: John Hildebrand Interim Planning Director
Printed Name	

V. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSESSMENT

In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Code Section 21000-21178.1), this Initial Study has been prepared to analyze the proposed project to determine any potential significant impacts upon the environment that would result from construction and implementation of the project. In accordance with California Code of Regulations, Section 15063, this Initial Study is a preliminary analysis prepared by the Lead Agency, the County of Riverside, in consultation with other jurisdictional agencies, to determine whether a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or an Environmental Impact Report is required for the proposed project. The purpose of this Initial Study is to inform the decision-makers, affected agencies, and the public of potential environmental impacts associated with the implementation of the proposed project.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AESTHETICS Would the project:				
1. Scenic Resources a) Have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located? 			\boxtimes	
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?				
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure C-8 "Scenic Highways"

a-c) Findings of Fact: The project site is located along an area of Highway 74 that has been designated as a State Eligible scenic highway by Riverside County. According to the County's Planning Department, "...many corridors in Riverside County traverse its scenic resources. Enhancing aesthetic experiences for residents and visitors to the County has a significant role in promoting tourism, which is important to the County's overall economic future. Due to the visual significance of some of these areas, several roadways have been officially recognized as either State or County designated or eligible scenic highways."

The area immediately south and east of the project site is developed with both residential and commercial uses, none of which exceed two stories in height. North and west of the project site is undeveloped land, allowing views of the mountains to the west of Interstate 15 and Lake Elsinore. The proposed retail tire store is one-story in height and has a footprint of less than half of the two-acre project site. Because of the vastness of the open space between the project site and the scenic views to the north and west, as well as the relatively low height of the building and associated features, and the fact that the County's General Plan designates the parcel for

commercial uses such as the one proposed by the project, impacts to scenic views from Highway 74 would be less than significant.

Although the project site is located along an area designated as a State Eligible scenic highway, no trees, rock outcroppings, or historic buildings exist on the project site or in its vicinity. Therefore, such resources would be unaffected by project implementation. No impacts would occur.

Implementation of the proposed project would not involve a substantial change to the visual character of the site or its surroundings. The proposed project involves a commercial use on a property that is zoned for such uses and is currently undeveloped. The site is not of a scale large enough that the overall visual character of the area would be affected by project implementation. New construction would be limited to a commercial building, a parking lot, a bioretention basin, and security lighting, as well as trash enclosures, a loading dock, and other infrastructure associated with commercial development for a single retailer. This is consistent with the nature and intensity of land use at surrounding parcels to the southeast and northeast. Therefore, the visual character of the site and its surroundings would be not be degraded as it would generally remain unchanged. Impacts would be less than significant.

<u>Mitigation</u> : No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
2. Mt. Palomar Observatory a) Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655?				
Source(s): GIS database, Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Poll	ution)			
a) Findings of Fact: Mt. Palomar Observatory is located a that light emissions from proposed retail tire center wo observatory. The proposed project is located approximately palomar Observatory and would be within Zone B of the that regulates light pollution. The project would be required fixtures shielded and pointed downward to reduce light adjacent properties as well as to use materials (light Adherence to Ordinance No. 655 along with design revireduce impacts to less than significant levels.	uld not aff mately 36 e Riverside uired to ha pillover int bulbs) tha	ect the night miles northe County Ore all artific to the night tilt are approximate are approximate.	ttime use of the dinance Notice of the dinance Notice of the dinance Notice of the dinance of th	of the e Mt. o. 655 r light d onto ne B.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
3. Other Lighting Issues a) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area? 				
b) Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?			\boxtimes	
Page 8 of 52		CE	EQ190078.	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Source(s): On-site Inspection, Project Application Description	on			

a-b) Findings of Fact: The County of Riverside Zoning Code includes design standards for outdoor lighting that apply to all development in the County. The Zoning Code lighting standards govern the placement and design of outdoor lighting fixtures to ensure adequate lighting for public safety while also minimizing light pollution and glare and precluding public nuisances (e.g., blinking/flashing lights, unusually high intensity or needlessly bright lighting). The proposed project would include the construction of light fixtures typical of security lighting on the exterior of commercial buildings. These light fixtures would be fully cut off and directed downward. Because light fixture additions at the site would be minimal in the context of the size of the site as a whole, and would be consistent with the provisions of the Zoning Code, similar in nature and intensity to lighting at adjacent parcels, and would be fully cut off and directed downwards, impacts regarding light would be less than significant. Sources of glare are typically windows and automobile windshields. The project does not propose construction that would include glareinducing windows of a large enough surface area to be considered significant, and there would be no extensive nighttime operations at the site. In addition, it is not expected that the project would generate sufficient light such that residences across Highway 74 would be affected as it is downward-directed lighting, across the highway, and not a land use that is typically noted for emitting substantial quantities of light. Therefore, the proposed Project would not create new sources of substantial light and glare or impact adjacent residential land uses. Impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

AGRICULTURE & FOREST RESOURCES Would the project:		pierwine)
4. Agriculture a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?		
b) Conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve?		\boxtimes
c) Cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm")?		\boxtimes
d) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?		\boxtimes

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-2 "Agricultural Resources," GIS database, Project Application Materials

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<u>a)</u>	Findings of Fact: According to the California Departmer Program, the project site is mapped Other Lands/Unclassific soils. The project site is adjacent to urban-built up land to the the site. No impacts would occur.	ed and doe	s not contain	prime agric	ultural
b)	Findings of Fact: The project site is zoned C-P-S (Scela Williamson Act contract parcel of land according to Fidatabase. No impacts would occur.				
c-d)	Findings of Fact: The project site is approximately 260 to f Local Importance. However, no Agricultural Preserve and the implementation of the project would not interfere the land designated as Farmlands of Local Important products. The project site would be located on the north area of urban built-up land. This location would not resagricultural use. Thus, no impacts would occur.	es are loca e with any a nce want nern side o	ated within the agricultural p to plant/proof f Highway 74	ne project vi production s duce agricu 4 and is with	icinity hould ıltural nin an
Mitig	ation: No mitigation is required.				
Monit	oring: No monitoring is required.				
fores 1222 sect	Forest a) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, st land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 20(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code ion 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))?				
) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest				\boxtimes
whic	to non-forest use? c) Involve other changes in the existing environment ich, due to their location or nature, could result in conion of forest land to non-forest use?				
Coun	ce(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-3a "ty Parks, Forests, and Recreation Areas," Figure OS-3b ty Parks, Forests, and Recreation Areas," Project Applica	"Forestry	Resources E		
<u>a-c)</u>	<u>Findings of Fact</u> : The project site is not zoned as Production, nor is it surrounded by forest land, timberlar are no lands located within the vicinity of the Project Production. No impacts would occur.	nd, or Timb	erland Produ	uction land.	There
	The project site does not contain a forest and is not design project would not result in the loss of forest land or the use. No impacts would occur.				
Mitig	ation: No mitigation is required.				

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
Monitoring: No monitoring is re	quired.				
AIR QUALITY Would the proje	n C	ita di pri e Africa		The way watched	10.75
6. Air Quality Impacts			I MADE I SAN I MANUFACTURE I SAN I S		BAY V.G.
	uct implementation of the				
 b) Result in a cumulatively any criteria pollutant for which attainment under an applicable quality standard? 					
c) Expose sensitive receptione (1) mile of the project sconcentrations?	ors, which are located within site, to substantial pollutant				
d) Result in other emissio odors) adversely affecting a su	ns (such as those leading to ostantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
review by linking local consistency determination of the environmental costhat air quality concerns Plans, and significantly	sistency determination plays planning and unique individent in fulfills the CEQA goal of fully ts of the project under consider addressed. Only new or a unique projects need to under goased on projections from less that is the control of the cont	ual projects y informing learation at a mended Geergo a cons	s to the air local agency stage early e neral Plan el istency revie	quality plandecision-menough to e ements, Sp	ns. A akers nsure pecific
Association of Governments is not defined as a region Intergovernmental Revious designation for the projection General Plan is consistent SCAQMD AQMP. Pursu Quality Handbook, consinot increase the frequents	on regional growth projection regional growth projections (SCAG). The proposed pally significant project under Cew criteria. The proposed ct site, which is consistent with the SCAG Regional Cent with the methodology in Chastency with the Basin 2012 Action or severity of an air quastent with the growth assump	oroject is a or EQA; there uses are the Cour Comprehen apter 12 of the QMP is affirality standar	commercial of fore, it does reconsistent wanty General Fusive Plan Guardine 1993 SCA med when a rds violation	levelopmer not meet SC with the zero. The Cuidelines ar AQMD CEC project: (1) or cause a	ot and CAG's coning county and the QA Air does a new
	ct would result in short-term than the CEQA significant				

violation and would not cause a new air quality standard violation.

SCAQMD with control measures incorporated as described in Item III(b) below; therefore, the project would not result in an increase in the frequency or severity of any air quality standard

2. The CEQA Air Quality Handbook indicates that consistency with AQMP growth assumptions must be analyzed for new or amended General Plan elements, Specific Plans, and significant projects. Significant projects include airports, electrical generating facilities, petroleum and gas

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than-	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	·
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

refineries, designation of oil drilling districts, water ports, solid waste disposal sites, and offshore drilling facilities; therefore, since the proposed project is a commercial development that does not fall into any of these categories, the proposed project is not defined as significant.

Construction Impacts

The emission values provided in the tables below are from the CalEEMod output tables, unmitigated:

		Total Dai	ly Maximun	Pollutant Emissi	ons (lbs/day)	
Construction Phase	NOx	SOx	co	ROG (VOC)	PMss	PMas
2020 Year						
Site Preparation	18.37	0.01	8.13	1.68	6.74	3.74
Grading	17:32	0.02	7.15	1.45	5.89	3.24
Building Construction	15.61	0.03	14.28	2.17	1.12	0.86
Paving	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Architectural Coating	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00
Peak Daily	18.38	0.03	14.28	2.17	6.74	3.74
SCAQMD Thresholds	100	150	550	75	150	55
Significant Emissions?	No	No	No	No	No	No

		Total Dai	ily Maximum	Pollutant Emissi	ons (lbs/day)	
Construction Phase	NOx	SOx	co	ROG (VOC)	PMas	PM25
2021 Year		***************************************				
Site Preparation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Grading	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Building Construction	14.37	0.03	13.89	1.94	1.01	0.75
Paving	7.79	0.03	9.49	1.07	0.61	0.44
Architectural Coating	1.54	0.02	2.01	8.86	0.15	0.11
Peak Daily	14.37	0.03	13.89	8.86	1.01	0.75
SCAOMO Thresholds	100	150	550	75	150	55
Significant Emissions?	No	No	No	No	No	No

Because no exceedances of any threshold for criteria pollutants are expected, no significant impacts would occur for project construction. Details of the emission factors and other assumptions are included in Appendix A.

Localized Impacts Analysis

The SCAQMD has issued guidance on applying CalEEMod results to localized impacts analyses. The sensitive receptors, residences and corresponding distance from the Project site are identified below. Peak day construction emissions would result in concentrations of pollutants at the nearest residences (approximately 50 meters) below the SCAQMD thresholds of significance (Table 19).

Less than
Significant
with
Mitigation

Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Table 19. Constru	ction Localize	d Impacts	Analysis	
Emissions Sources	NOx	CO	PMao	PMas
On-Site Emissions (lbs/day)	18.38	14.28	6.74	3.74
LST Thresholds (lbs/day)	275	1,575	20	6
Significant Emissions?	No	No	No	No

Operational Impacts

Operational air pollutant emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources involving any project-related changes. The area-source emissions from the project may come from natural gas use, landscaping equipment, and/or solid waste disposal. Mobile source emissions may come from patron and employee vehicles and supply and delivery trucks. The project's trip generation rates, primary trips and pass-by trips percentages used are based on the CalEEMod defaults since there has not been a Traffic Impact Analysis performed for the project.

Table 20. Estimated Operational Emissions							
			Pollutant Em	issions (lbs/day)			
Source (Onsite)	NOx	SOx	co	ROG (VOC)	PMse	PMLS	
Area Sources	0.0000	0.0000	0.0046	0.1990	0.0000	0.0000	
Energy Sources	0.0715	0.0004	0.0600	0.0079	0.0054	0.0054	
Mobile Sources	2.0211	0.0098	2.3394	0.2980	0.6444	0.1767	
Total Project Emissions	2.09	0.01	2.40	0.50	0.65	0.18	
SCAQMD Thresholds	55	150	550	55	150	55	
Significant?	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Localized Impacts Analysis

The calculated emissions for the proposed operational activities compared with the appropriate LSTs is shown in Table 21. By design, the localized impacts analysis only includes on-site sources; however, CalEEMod outputs do not separate on-site and off-site emissions for mobile sources. Nonetheless, the project generated emissions are well below the LST Thresholds.

Based on the data from the Air Quality Study presented above, the proposed project is consistent with the General Plan and the regional AQMP. Thus, the proposed project does not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan. Therefore, impacts are less than significant.

Air pollutant emissions associated with the proposed project would occur over the short term from construction activities (e.g., fugitive dust from site preparation and grading, and emissions from equipment exhaust). Long-term regional emissions would be associated with project-related vehicular trips and would be due to energy consumption (e.g., electricity usage) by the proposed land uses.

Construction

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

CalEEMod (Version 2016.3.1) was used to calculate the construction emissions in the AQ/GHG Analysis prepared by HANA Resources (Appendix A). The table below (Estimated Construction Emissions) shows the combination of the on- and off-site construction emissions from CalEEMod output tables. The measures that have been applied to the analysis are SCAQMD-required construction emissions control measures, or standard conditions. The proposed project would be required to comply with SCAQMD Rules 402 and 403 to avoid nuisance and control fugitive dust.

Estimated Construction Emissions 2020

		Total Daily	Maximum F	Pollutant Emis	sions (ibs/d	ay)
Construction Phase	NOx	SOx	со	ROG (VOC)	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}
2020 Year		-				
Site Preparation	18.37	0.01	8.13	1.68	6.74	3.74
Grading	17.32	0.02	7.15	1.45	5.89	3.24
Building Construction	15.61	0.03	14.28	2.17	1.12	0.86
Paving	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Architectural Coating	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Peak Daily	18.38	0.03	14.28	2.17	6.74	3.74
SCAQMD Thresholds	100	150	550	75	150	55
Significant Emissions?	No	No	No	No	No	No

Estimated Construction Emissions 2021

	Total Daily Maximum Pollutant Emissions (lbs/day)						
Construction Phase	NOx	SOx	co	ROG (VOC)	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	
2021 Year							
Site Preparation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Grading	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Building	14.37	0.03	13.89	1.94	1.01	0.75	
Construction	14.57	1.94	1.94				
Paving	7.79	0.03	9.49	1.07	0.61	0.44	
Architectural Coating	1.54	0.02	2.01	8.86	0.15	0.11	
Peak Daily	14.37	0.03	13.89	8.86	1.01	0.75	
SCAQMD Thresholds	100	150	550	75	150	55	
Significant Emissions?	No	No	No	No	No	No	

Less than
Significant
with
Mitigation
Incorporated

Less Than Ir Significant

Impact

No Impact

Construction Localized Impact Analysis

Emissions Sources	NOx	CO	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}
On-Site Emissions (lbs/day)	18.38	14.28	6.74	3.74
LST Thresholds (lbs/day)	275	1,575	20	6
Significant Emissions?	No	No	No	No

Certain measures, which include using minimum Tier 2 equipment engines standard with particulate control devices and on-site watering at least three times daily, are required by the SCAQMD and can be reasonably implemented to significantly reduce PM10 emissions from construction. Because no exceedances of any threshold for criteria pollutants are expected, no significant impacts would occur during project construction.

Operations

Operational air pollutant emission impacts are those associated with stationary sources and mobile sources involving any project-related changes. The area-source emissions from the project may come from natural gas use, landscaping equipment, and/or solid waste disposal. Mobile source emissions may come from patron and employee vehicles and supply and delivery trucks. The project's trip generation rates, primary trips and pass-by trips percentages used are based on the CalEEMod defaults since there has not been a Traffic Impact Analysis performed for the Project.

Results from the CalEEMod analysis, shown below, indicate that no criteria pollutants resulting from the proposed project would exceed the corresponding SCAQMD daily emission thresholds for any criteria pollutants. Therefore, project-related operational air quality impacts would be less than significant.

Estimated Operational Emissions

	Pollutant Emissions (lbs/day)							
Source (Onsite)	NOx	SOx	co	ROG (VOC)	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}		
Area Sources	0.0000	0.0000	0.0046	0.1990	0.0000	0.0000		
Energy Sources	0.0715	0.0004	0.0600	0.0079	0.0054	0.0054		
Mobile Sources	2.0211	0.0098	2.3394	0.2980	0.6444	0.1767		
Total Project Emissions	2.42	0.01	2.40	0.50	0.65	0.18		
SCAQMD Thresholds	55	150	550	55	150	55		
Significant?	No	No	No	No	No	No		

Operations Localized Impact Analysis

Emissions Sources	NOx	CO	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}
On-Site Emissions (lbs/day)	2.42	0.01	0.65	0.18
LST Thresholds (lbs/day)	275	1,572	5	2
Significant Emissions?	No	No	No	No

The proposed project will not result in construction or operational emissions that exceed SCAQMD thresholds for criteria pollutants, impacts related to the violation an air quality

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

standard or substantial contribution to an existing or projected air quality violation. Therefore, impacts are less than significant.

Sensitive receptors near the project site are identified in the table below:

Receptor Address	Location Relative to Project ¹	Type of Receptor
29139 Allan Street	82 meters east	Private home
29147 Allan Street	90 meters east	Private home
29161 Alian Street	82 meters southeast	Private home
29177 Allan Street	78 meters southeast	Private home
29193 Allan Street	53 meters southeast	Private home
29211 Allan Street	73 meters southeast	Private home
29225 Allan Street	73 meters southeast	Private home
29247 Allan Street	73 meters southeast	Private home
18721 Conard Avenue	52 meters northeast	Mobile home
18670 Conrad Avenue	138 meters northeast	Private home
28841 8th Street	155 meters north	Private home
28869 Rostrata Avenue	264 meters north	Private home
28871 Rostrata Avenue	242 meters north	Private home
28791 10 th Street	252 meters north	Private home
28830 10 th Street	282 meters north	Private home
28871 10 th Street	225 meters northwest	Private home
28875 10 th Street	223 meters northwest	Private home
28901 10th Street	197 meters northwest	Private home
28921 10 th Street	207 meters northwest	Private home
28985 10 th Street	247 meters northwest	Private home
29029 10th Street	269 meters west	Private home

Note:

Minimal equipment is expected on-site during project construction or operations. Because of the limited overall number of sensitive receptors, the complete absence of schools near the project site, the temporary nature of project construction activities, and the fact that the project would involve emissions typically associated with the commercial uses for which the area is both designated and zoned, impacts would be less than significant.

d) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> According to the AQ/GHG Analysis prepared by HANA Resources (Appendix A), odors are not expected to substantially increase from existing conditions in the area due to the proposed project. Typically, odors are generally regarded as an annoyance rather than a health hazard. However, manifestations of a person's reaction to foul odors can range from the psychological (i.e., irritation, anger, or anxiety) to the physiological (including circulatory and respiratory effects, nausea, vomiting, and headache).

Neither the state nor the federal government has adopted rules or regulations for the control of odor sources. The SCAQMD investigates odor complaints from the public. These complaints and the results of SCAQMD investigations are recorded and kept on file. A review of SCAQMD

¹ Relative straight-line distance from existing sensitive receptor structures to the nearest project property boundary.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
records from the last 10 years shows no complaints log with the Project site and no notices of violations relate potential odors.				
The diesel delivery trucks are not considered significal mobile source and the diesel odor emitted would dissipate be a constant source of odor. Thus, there would be no with respect to objectionable odors that could affect a sumpacts are less than significant.	ate as the v	vehicle move t adverse air	s and woul quality im	d not pacts
litigation: No mitigation is required.				
lonitoring: No monitoring is required.				
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
7. Wildlife & Vegetation				
a) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat				
Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan?				
b) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or				
through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or		\boxtimes		
threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California				
Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50,				
Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12)?				
c) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a		\boxtimes		
candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or				_
regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California				
Department of Fish and Wildlife or U. S. Wildlife Service?				
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any			Г	\boxtimes
native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with	Ш	Ш	Ш	
established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or				
impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? e) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian				_
habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local				\boxtimes
or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the				
California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and				
Wildlife Service?				
f) Have a substantial adverse effect on State or				\boxtimes
federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal,				_
maran, yang bugi bugi bugsidi amu miduun dilagi lamoyal.				
				K>
filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?		1.1		\boxtimes
	Ш		_	

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	Incorporated		

Findings of Fact:

A-C) Twenty-seven (27) special-status plant species have been recorded in the Lake Elsinore quadrangle. Based on habitat requirements for specific species and the availability and quality of on-site habitats, it was determined that no special-status plant species have potential to occur on the project site due to the lack of undisturbed native habitats and routine on-site disturbances.

Sixty-four (64) special-status wildlife species have been reported in the Lake Elsinore quadrangle. Based on habitat requirements for specific species and the availability and quality of on-site habitats, it was determined that the proposed project site has a moderate potential to support Cooper's hawk, sharp-shinned hawk, California horned lark, and a low potential to support burrowing owl, northern harrier, white-tailed kite, prairie falcon, and San Diego blacktailed jackrabbit. Further it was determined that the project site does not provide suitable habitat for any of the other special-status wildlife species known to occur in the area since the project site has been heavily disturbed from on-site disturbances and surrounding development. To ensure impacts to the aforementioned special-status species do not occur from implementation of the proposed project, a pre-construction nesting clearance survey shall be conducted prior to ground disturbance. With implementation of the pre-construction clearance survey, impacts to the aforementioned species will be less than significant and no mitigation will be required. San Diego black-tailed jackrabbit is a covered species under the MSHCP and impacts to this species are mitigated to a less than significant level through the conservation efforts carried out under the MSHCP. No addition mitigation is required for San Diego blacktailed jackrabbit, as long as the proposed Project is consistent with the MSHCP.

Suitable nesting habitat for birds is present on the project site. Project implementation could result in direct impacts to nesting bird species, should the activity occur during the nesting season and nesting birds are present. Destruction of active nest or disruption of nesting activity for non-special status species would not be considered a significant impact under CEQA; however, it would be a violation of Fish and Game Code. Impacts to non-listed special-status nesting birds may be considered significant under CEQA if they result in adverse effects to a local or regional population, and any impacts to listed nesting birds would be considered significant under CEQA. Implementation of the proposed project has the potential to impact several special-status avian species and nesting birds.

None of the aforementioned special-status avian species are federally or state listed as endangered or threatened. In order to ensure impacts to special-status avian species and nesting birds do not occur from implementation of the proposed project, a pre-construction nesting bird clearance survey shall be conducted prior to ground disturbance. With implementation of the recommendations outlined in the below mitigation measure BIO-1, impacts to the aforementioned special-status avian species and nesting birds will be less than significant.

D-F) The proposed project would not impact any sensitive natural community or riparian habitat identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations by CDFW or the USFWS. No sensitive plant communities or riparian habitats occur on the project site. The proposed project will not impact state or federally protected wetlands through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means. The proposed project will not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites. The

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

proposed project will not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources. Impacts are considered less than significant.

The project site is located within the Elsinore Area Plan of the MSHCP but is not located within any Criteria Cells or MSHCP Conservation Areas. Additionally, the project is not located within any designated survey areas for specific wildlife species, Narrow Endemic Plant Species, or Criteria Area Plant Species. The County is a permittee under the MSHCP and, while the project is not specifically identified as a Covered Activity under Section 7.1 of the MSHCP, public and private development that are outside of Criteria Areas and Public/Quasi-Public (PQP) Lands are permitted under the MSHCP, subject to consistency with MSHCP policies that apply to area outside of Criteria Areas. To achieve coverage, the project must be consistent with Sections 6.1.2, 6.1.3, 6.3.2, and 6.1.4 of the MSHCP.

Based on an analysis of the MSHCP requirements for the proposed project, and with payment of the SKR HCP mitigation fee and MSHCP mitigation fee, development of the project site is fully consistent with the Western Riverside County MSHCP.

G) Aerial imagery and Google Earth did not indicate that there are any oak trees, native trees, trees of historic or cultural significance, or mature trees existing on-site. Should trees indicated above be determined to exist on site, specifically oak, the proposed project would be subject to the Riverside County Oak Tree Management Guidelines. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation:

BIO-1:

If any ground disturbances will occur during the nesting bird season (generally February 1st to August 31st), prior to any ground disturbing activity, a survey for active nests shall be conducted by a qualified biologist following, no more than 10 days prior to the start of activities. The survey shall include the entire area of disturbance plus a 300 - foot buffer for common passerine species, and a 500 - foot buffer for raptors.

The biologist conducting the clearance survey should document a negative survey with a brief letter report indicating that no impacts to active avian nests will occur. If an active avian nest is discovered during the pre-construction clearance survey, construction activities should stay outside of a no-disturbance buffer.

All construction work shall be conducted outside of a buffer avoidance zone to be determined by the qualified biologist based on the level of noise and/or surrounding anthropogenic disturbances, line of sight between the nest and the construction activity, type and duration of construction activity, ambient noise, species habituation, and topographical barriers. These factors will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis when developing buffer distances. Limits of construction to avoid an active nest will be established in the field with flagging, fencing, or other appropriate barriers; and construction personnel will be instructed on the sensitivity of nest areas. The buffer area(s) shall be closed to all construction personnel and equipment until the adults and young are no longer reliant on the nest site. Once work commences, all nests shall be continuously monitored to detect any behavioral changes. If behavioral changes are observed, the work causing that change shall cease and CDFW shall be consulted for additional avoidance and minimization measures. A qualified biologist shall confirm that

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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breeding/nesting is completed, and young have fledged the nest prior to removal of the buffer.

Monitoring: To be conducted by a qualified biologist in consultation with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:		
8. Historic Resources a) Alter or destroy a historic site?	\boxtimes	
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?		

<u>Source(s)</u>: County Archaeological Report (PDA) No.8019 submitted for this project was prepared by Paleowest and is entitled: Lake Elsinore Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment Project, Lake Elsinore, Riverside County, California", dated February 26, 2020.

<u>a-b</u>) Findings of Fact: The field survey revealed that the Project is currently undeveloped open land. The ground surface visibility throughout the project was poor, with approximately 30 percent of the surface visible; a fairly dense cover of fresh grass, bushes of white sage and buckwheat were present throughout the project as well as numerous mature trees. No evidence of previous cultivation was noted; however, several modern dirt roads were seen throughout the parcel. Review of the historic maps and aerial photographs indicates that the project has been undeveloped since 1938. No historic resources were identified as a result of the field survey.

It has been determined that there will be no impacts to significant historical resources as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5 because they do not occur on the project site. As such, no change in the significance of historical resources would occur with the implementation of the proposed project because there are no significant historical resources.

Mitigation:

- CUL-1: If during ground disturbance activities, unique cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed:
 - * Unique cultural resources are defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or multiple artifacts in close association with each other.
 - i. All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resources shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the archaeologist, the tribal representative(s) and the Planning Director to discuss the significance of the find.
 - ii. At the meeting, the significance of the discoveries shall be discussed with the tribal representative(s) and the archaeologist. A decision shall be made, with the concurrence of the Planning Director, as to the appropriate mitigation (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resources.
 - iii. Grading or further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
	discovery until the appropriate treatment has been to continue outside of the buffer area and monitor iv. Treatment and avoidance of the newly discove the Cultural Resources Management Plan. This resources through project design, in-place prese native soils and/or re-burial on the Project propedisturbance. v. The applicant and the Project Archaeologist, with a Preservation Plan for the long term care and management Plan shall indicate at minimum, the specific from long-term maintenance, prohibited activities employed, the party responsible for the long term monitoring and necessary emergency protocols.	ring will co ered resor may inclu- rvation of erty so the ith input fruaintenance areas to ties, meth	ontinue if needurces shall be ude avoidance cultural rescent are not somethic the culture of the culture be included nods of pre-	eded. e consistence of the curces local ubject to function (s) shall de ural resourd in and exciservation to	at with ultural ted in urther velop ce(s). luded to be
Monitoring:	If resources are found, the Riverside Count monitoring efforts in consultation with the Plannir project applicant.				
	aeological Resources r or destroy an archaeological site?		\boxtimes		
b) Cau significance	se a substantial adverse change in the of an archaeological resource, pursuant to code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?		\boxtimes		
c) Dist	urb any human remains, including those interred ormal cemeteries?		\boxtimes		
Paleowest a Elsinore, Riv a-c) Findi The g the s were resea	County Archaeological Report (PDA) No.8019 sub- and is entitled: Lake Elsinore Phase I Cultural F- erside County, California", dated February 26, 2026 and of Fact: The field survey revealed that the Project of Fact and Surface visibility throughout the project was urface visible; a fairly dense cover of fresh grass, present throughout the project as well as num- arch indicates that numerous archaeological sites have of the project area, all of which are 0.5 mile or many contracts.	Resources O. ect is curr poor, with bushes of erous ma	ently undeven approximate sage ature trees.	nt Project, loped open ely 30 perce and bucky	land. ent of wheat

Based on an analysis of records and archaeological survey of the property, it has been determined that the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. Nonetheless, the project will be required

cultural resources that were not identified during field surveys or do not have a surface expression, could be inadvertently unearthed during ground-disturbing activities that could result in the demolition or substantial damage to significant cultural resources. Avoidance or reduction of this potentially significant impact on subsurface or otherwise unidentified cultural resources

would be achieved by implementing mitigation measures CUL-1 to CUL-2.

Potentially Significant	Less than Significant	Less Than	No Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated		

to adhere to State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 if in the event that human remains are encountered and by ensuring that no further disturbance occur until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin of the remains. Furthermore, pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 (b), remains shall be left in place and free from disturbance until a final decision as to the treatment and their disposition has been made. Mitigation measure CUL-3 is required to ensure proper adherence to state laws regarding accidental discovery of human remains. Implementation would ensure that any potential impacts are reduced to less-than significant levels. Therefore, impacts in this regard are considered less than significant with the inclusion of these mitigation measures.

Mitigation:

CUL-2:

Prior to issuance of grading permits: The applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A CRMP shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. This document shall be provided to the County Archaeologist for review and approval prior to issuance of the grading permit.

The CRMP shall contain at a minimum the following:

- -Archaeological Monitor: An adequate number of qualified archaeological monitors shall be onsite to ensure all earth moving activities are observed for areas being monitored. This includes all grubbing, grading and trenching onsite and for all offsite improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined sand directed by the Project Archaeologist.
- -Cultural Sensitivity Training The Project Archaeologist and if required, a representative designated by the Tribe shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. Training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the Project and the surrounding area; the areas to be avoided during grading activities; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event unanticipated cultural resources are identified, including who to contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. This is a mandatory training, and all construction personnel must attend prior to beginning work on the project site. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.
- -Unanticipated Resources In the event that previously unidentified potentially significant cultural resources are discovered, the Archaeological and/or Tribal Monitor(s) shall have the authority to divert or temporarily halt ground disturbance operations in the area of discovery to allow evaluation of potentially significant cultural resources. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with the Tribal monitor, shall determine the significance of the discovered resources. The County Archaeologist must concur with the evaluation before construction activities will be allowed to resume in the affected area. Further,

		ntially ficant pact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
	before construction activities are allowed to resume shall be recovered, and features recorded using pro The Project Archaeologist shall determine the amoun adequate artifact sample for analysis. Isolates and clo be minimally documented in the field and the monitor	fessio t of ma early r	nal archaeoi aterial to be non-significa	logical met recovered t nt deposits	hods. for an
	-Artifact Disposition- the landowner(s) shall relinquish that are unearthed on the Project property during including previous investigations and/or Phase III Archaeologist may submit a detailed letter to the C requesting a modification to the monitoring program that reduce	any data ounty	ground-disturecovery. Tof Riverside	urbing acti he Profess during gr	vities, sional ading
CUL-3:	If human remains are found on this site, the develope interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Co				sor in
	If human remains are encountered, State Health and that no further disturbance shall occur until the Rivers necessary findings as to origin. Further, pursuant to 50.97.98(b), remains shall be left in place and free from as to the treatment and disposition has been made determines the remains to be Native American. Commission shall be contacted within the period Subsequently, the Native American Heritage Commistated and the consultation concerning the treatment of the remain Code Section 5097.98. Evidence of compliance with the found, shall be provided to the County of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and the plan and final report detailing the significance and treatment of the county of Riverside and t	side Cooperation Public	ounty Coron lic Resource turbance unt e Riverside Native Am ecified by I shall identify ecommendat provided in Findition, if hunder of the findition of the findition if the completion of the findition.	er has mades Code Soil a final de County Coerican He aw (24 how the "mostions and er Public Resoman remain of a trea	de the ection cision proner ritage ours). likely ngage ources ns are
	: Monitoring will be overseen by the Project Archaeolog	gist, C	ounty Archae	eologist, ar	nd the
	: Monitoring will be overseen by the Project Archaeolog erican Tribal Monitor.	gist, C	ounty Archae	eologist, ar	nd the
Native Am	erican Tribal Monitor. / Would the project:	gist, C	ounty Archae	eologist, ar	nd the
ENERGY 10. En a) R impacts consump	erican Tribal Monitor. Would the project: ergy Impacts esult in potentially significant environmental due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary	gist, C	ounty Archae	eologist, ar	nd the

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Findings of Fact: The proposed project involves construction activities typically associated with

the conversion of open or land to commercial uses, including the equipment to be used. Because the construction activities proposed would be of a limited nature in terms of duration and extent,

Application Materials

<u>a-b)</u>

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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no unnecessary consumption of energy resources would occur in the construction phase. The long-term operations at the project site would be consistent with commercial uses and would not require significant amounts of energy inputs, as would be the case with certain other industrial, residential, or commercial uses. Because the project involves only the creation of a single commercial retail location and a limited amount of infrastructure to support it, ongoing operations would not cause significant impacts to energy resources in terms of wastefulness or inefficiency. Because neither the construction nor operations of the proposed project have the potential to result in wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, impacts would be less than significant.

Energy consumption from new projects that do not include residential uses, such as the proposed project, are primarily controlled by Title 24, Part 11 California Green Building Standards Code (CalGreen), which provides minimum requirements for bicycle parking, carpool/vanpool/electric vehicle parking spaces, use of water-efficient plumbing and landscaping fixtures, and recycling and use of recycled materials in building products. Because the project will comply with all aspects of CalGreen that apply to it as conditioned by the CUP that would be required, impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project directly or indirectly	у.		
11. Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or County Fault Hazard Zones		\boxtimes	
a) Be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?			

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-2 "Earthquake Fault Study Zones," GIS database, Geologist Comments, Geology Report

<u>Findings of Fact</u>: The site is not within a currently established State of California Earthquake Fault Zone for surface fault rupture hazards. No active faults with the potential for surface fault rupture are known to pass directly beneath the site. Thus, the potential for surface rupture due to faulting occurring beneath the site during the design life of the proposed development is considered low. Additionally, any structure developed as a part of the Project will be subject to seismic design criteria in accordance with the California Building Code (CBC) which will reduce potential impacts related to the rupture of an earthquake fault. Therefore, impacts are less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
a) Be subject to seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?							
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-3 "Generalized Liquefaction," Geology Report							
<u>a)</u> Findings of Fact: According to the Geology Report, to 49 feet on the project site consisted predominately of no silty sand, sand, very stiff to hard sandy clay, silty clay highest groundwater is estimated to be at a depth of 30 County GIS website shows the subject site to be in a me upon further study stated in the Geology Report, the area is low potential for liquefaction and that the thtal liquefaction would be less than significant.	nedium dens y and siltsto feet below g oderate lique nalysis indica action-induc	se to very del ne/claystone ground surfact efaction potel ated that the	nse clayey: . The histor e. The Rive ntial area. E on-site soil	sand, rically erside Based s had			
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.							
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.							
13. Ground-shaking Zone							
a) Be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?							
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-4 "Ea and Figures S-13 through S-21 (showing General Ground Sh	rthquake-Ind aking Risk),	duced Slope Geology Re	Instability I port	Мар,"			
Findings of Fact: The project site is located in a seismically active area of southern California and is expected to experience moderate to severe ground shaking during the lifetime of the proposed project. The ground shaking risk is not considered substantially different than that of other similar properties in the southern California area. As a mandatory condition of project approval, the County of Riverside will require that the proposed structures be constructed in accordance with the California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen), also known as California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 24 and the County Building Code. CALGreen and the County Building Code are designed to preclude significant adverse effects associated with strong seismic ground shaking. No active faults are known to exist within the project site. The site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. The closest know active fault zone is the Elsinore Fault Zone located approximately 1.8 miles southwest from the project site. Compliance with California Building Codes/Regulations, and geotechnical recommendations will reduce impacts related to strong seismic ground shaking to less than significant levels.							
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.							
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.							

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
14. Landslide Risk a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslid lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards?	ne			
Source(s): On-site Inspection, Riverside County General P Slope," Geology Report	lan Figure S-5	"Regions Un	derlain by S	Steep
<u>Findings of Fact</u> : The project site is relatively flat anticipated to result in the creation of any new substolandslide. Grading of the site would not pose a lastite workers, or the proposed buildings. Accordingly would not be exposed to any risk of a landslide bevicinity of the site. Due to the relatively flat site topothe likelihood of lateral spreading would be low. significant. <u>Mitigation</u> : No mitigation is required.	stantial slopes ndslide threat , the proposed cause there a ography, the G	on-site that on to adjacent project would be no steep seed to get the control of	could be supporties, for designing the could be supported by the could	ubject uture e and n the d that
-				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required. 15. Ground Subsidence a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the substable in the substabl	ne	Sidence Area		ology
Monitoring: No monitoring is required. 15. Ground Subsidence a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence? Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-7 "Doc Report	ne cumented Sub at the Riversion as Geology Re ayey sand, silty	de County GI port further s and, sand,	s Map," Ge S shows the stated that be very stiff to	e site pased hard
Monitoring: No monitoring is required. 15. Ground Subsidence a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence? Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-7 "Doc Report a) Findings of Fact: The Geology Report indicated the to be in a susceptible subsidence potential area. The on the existence of medium dense to very dense classandy clay, silty clay and siltstone/claystone, subsidence.	ne cumented Sub at the Riversion as Geology Re ayey sand, silty	de County GI port further s and, sand,	s Map," Ge S shows the stated that be very stiff to	e site pased hard
Monitoring: No monitoring is required. 15. Ground Subsidence a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence? Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-7 "Doc Report a) Findings of Fact: The Geology Report indicated the to be in a susceptible subsidence potential area. The on the existence of medium dense to very dense classandy clay, silty clay and siltstone/claystone, subsidering impacts are considered less than significant.	ne cumented Sub at the Riversion as Geology Re ayey sand, silty	de County GI port further s and, sand,	s Map," Ge S shows the stated that be very stiff to	e site pased hard

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
<u>a)</u>	Findings of Fact: The project site is not located close Lake Elsinore, such that seiche conditions in that body known volcanoes in the project area with the potential not adjacent to any significant slopes, mudflow condition Impacts are considered less than significant.	could affe to affect th	ect the project e site. As th	ct. There a e site is fla	re no t and
Mitiga	ation: No mitigation is required.				
<u>Monit</u>	oring: No monitoring is required.				
	Slopes a) Change topography or ground surface relief ures?			\boxtimes	
k	c) Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher 10 feet?			\boxtimes	
	c) Result in grading that affects or negates surface sewage disposal systems?				
Mitiga	implementation. A bioretention basin is proposed at the graded slopes no greater than 2:1 and will be approxin that would occur greater than 2:1 or 10 feet in height. negated because none exist, or will be utilized on the significant. ation: No mitigation is required.	nately 8 ft. No sewage	high. No grade e disposal sy	ding is prop stems wou	osed Ild be
<u>Moni</u>	toring: No monitoring is required.				
18. tops	Soils a) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of oil?				
180	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 3.5.3 of the California Building Code (2019), creating stantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				
of s	c) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use eptic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems re sewers are not available for the disposal of waste				
	ce(s): U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service Soil Survey ection, Soils Report	s, Project /	Application M	laterials, O	n-site
<u>a)</u>	Findings of Fact: Construction activities associate movement and the exposure of soil, which would temp				

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		No mpac
	the long-term, development of the subject property would increase impervious surface cover the form of the building footprint, parking, and bioretention basin. The project would be require to adhere to standard regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, requirement imposed by the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Order WQ 2017-0023-DW as well as the California Construction General Permit for site development activities and transported state order for ongoing operations. In addition, a project-specific Water Qual Management Plan (WQMP) that includes Best Management Practices (BMPs) would implemented to minimize water pollutants including sedimentation in stormwater runch Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.	red ents NQ the ality be
b)	According to USDA's Web Soil Survey, the project site is underlain with nine different soil type most of which are either sand or loamy sand. These soils generally have a "Low" shrink sw potential (USDA, n.d.). As a result, the project is not located on an expansive soil. Impacts would be less than significant.	vell
c)	The project would not install any septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems. T project would connect to existing utilities/infrastructure within the off-site roadway right-of-wastewater.	
<u> Mitig</u>	No impact would occur. tion: No mitigation is required.	
Moni 19.	wind Erosion and Blowsand from project either on or off site. Be impacted by or result in an increase in wind	
19. eros	wind Erosion and Blowsand from project either on or off site.	No.

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Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:		Messes		
20. Greenhouse Gas Emissions a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			\boxtimes	
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County Climate Action Plan ("CAP"), Project Application Materials

<u>a)</u> <u>Findings of Fact</u>: Project-related construction and operational activities would emit air pollutants, several of which are regarded as Greenhouse Gases (GHGs). Because climate change is a global phenomenon and not limited to a specific locale such as the Project site and its immediate vicinity, emissions must be evaluated for their potential to contribute to cumulatively considerable increase in GHGs.

Construction activities produce combustion emissions from various sources (e.g., demolition, site grading, utility engines, on-site heavy-duty construction vehicles, equipment hauling materials to and from the site, asphalt paving, and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew). Exhaust emissions from on-site construction activities would vary daily as construction activity levels change. The annual CO₂ emissions for each of the planned construction phases (see Appendix A for details) is provided in Table 22.

	Peak A	nnual En	issions (
Construction Phase	COa	CH4	NzO	Total COre	Total Emissions/Year (MTCOze
2020					
Site Preparation	1.61	<0.01	0.00	1.62	
Grading	4.02	<0.01	0.00	4.04]
Building Construction	164.80	0.026	0.00	165.46	171.12
Paving					1
Architectural Coating					1

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

	Peak A	nnual Em	issions (Total Carlos and the state of t	
Construction Phase	COž	CH ₄	NzO	Total COze	Total Emissions/Year (MTCOze
2021					
Site Preparation					
Grading					
Building Construction	57.67	<0.01	0.00	57.89	66.11
Paving	6.65	<0.01	0.00	6.70]
Architectural Coating	1.51	<0.01	0.00	1.52	1
Total Construction Emissions					237.23
Total Construction Emissions Amortized Over 30 years					7,91

Operation of the proposed Project would generate GHG emissions from area and mobile sources and indirect emissions from stationary sources associated with energy consumption. Mobile-source emissions of GHGs would include project-generated vehicle trips associated with on-site facilities and customers and employees to the project site. Area-source emissions would be associated with activities including landscaping and maintenance of proposed land uses, natural gas for heating, and other sources. Increases in stationary-source emissions would also occur at off-site utility providers as a result of demand for electricity, natural gas, and water by the proposed uses.

The GHG emission estimates associated with the level of proposed development is provided in Table 23. Area sources include architectural coatings and landscaping. Energy sources include natural gas consumption. Refer to Appendix A for CalEEMod outputs.

Source	Pollutant Emissions (MT/yr)					
Source	Sig-CO2	NBio-CO ₂	Total CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	Total CO2e
Construction emissions amortized over 30 years						7.91
Area Sources	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Energy Sources	0.00	44.78	44.79	0.00	0.00	44.98
Mabile Sources	0.00	145.04	145.04	0.01	0.00	145.29
Waste Sources	6.35	0.00	6.35	0.38	0.00	15.74
Water Usage	0.24	4.87	5.11	0.02	0.00	5.93
Total Project Emissions	6.59	194.69	201.29	0.41	0.00	211.94

As discussed above under *Air Quality*, the limited scope and duration of construction involved in preparing an open space for a single commercial use would not lead to considerable GHG emissions that could have potentially significant impacts on the environment either directly or indirectly. The long-term operation of the site would involve commercial/retail activities, and GHG-related emissions would be limited to a limited number of truck trips to and from the site, as well as travel to and from the site by its employees and customers. GHG generation could

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
	Incorporated		

not occur at levels that have the potential to be significant in either a local or regional context Impacts would be less than significant.

b) Findings of Fact: The California State Legislature adopted AB 32 in 2006, which requires the state's GHG emissions by 2020 to meet the GHG emissions level created in 1990, and adopted AB 197 and SB 32 in 2016, which require the state's GHG emissions to be 40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030.

Based on an evaluation of the methodology to determine GHG emissions calculations in the legislation above, the Project does not have the potential to conflict with their provisions nor the goals of any other applicable GHG reduction plan or policy. Construction would be limited to grading and the erection of a single commercial structure including associated features such as parking, lighting, and a bioretention basin, and operations would be typical of those found in small commercial enterprises. The County of Riverside adopted the updated Climate Action Plan (CAP) in December 2019. Due to the relatively small size of the project, the GHG emissions generated by the proposed project would not exceed the County's 3,000 MT of CO2e per year screening threshold. Consequently, the implementation of the proposed project would not hinder the ability of the State to achieve AB 32's goal of achieving a 15 percent reduction below 2005-2008 baseline levels by 2020, a 49 percent reduction below 2008 levels by 2030, and an 80 percent reduction below 2008 levels by 2050. Therefore, the Project would not conflict with plans, policies, or regulations for GHG reductions. Impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the project	ect:		
21. Hazards and Hazardous Materials a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? 		\boxtimes	
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?		\boxtimes	
c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?		\boxtimes	
d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter (1/4) mile of an existing or proposed school?			\boxtimes
e) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?			

Source(s): Project Application Materials

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	•
-	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	·	

<u>a-b)</u> Findings of Fact: Construction of the proposed project would involve the use of construction-related chemicals. These include but are not limited to hydraulic fluids, motor oil, grease, runoff, and other related fluids and lubricants. The construction activities would involve the disposal and recycling of materials, trash, and debris. The County's General Plan Safety Element addresses potential hazards in the County and identifies goals and policies to reduce risks and damages associated with hazards, including disposal of hazardous materials due to human activities.

The proposed project would comply with local, state, and federal requirements for proper storage and handling of hazardous materials, including development of a hazardous materials business plan. In addition, the project would implement BMPs to minimize impacts in the event of a spill or release of hazardous materials used on site. These include, but are not limited to routine cleaning, inspection, and maintenance, development of procedures to mitigate spills, provide signage in construction areas, proper storage and handling procedures, and providing secondary containment of liquid materials. No routine transport or use of hazardous materials would occur. With adherence to State and federal compliance and implementation of BMPs, impacts would be less than significant.

Construction of the proposed project would utilize potentially hazardous materials from construction equipment and other related materials. As previously discussed in Section 4.3.9(a), the proposed project would comply with the goals and policies under the Hazard Mitigation section of the County's General Plan to ensure the safe use, transport, and disposal of hazardous materials. Project-specific BMPs would be implemented, including but not limited to, providing temporary containment for spills, use of drip pans beneath potential leak points, segregation of potentially hazardous materials from non-hazardous debris, and storage and disposal procedures of hazardous materials. All operations would be in compliance with County and State regulations on hazardous materials; therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

- c) <u>Findings of Fact</u>: The proposed project is in a semi-rural area and is well-served by existing roads. No construction equipment or operations would necessitate lane closures. As a result, construction of the proposed project would have no impact on emergency response or evacuation plans. The project would also not generate significant traffic, as detailed below. Impacts would be less than significant.
- d) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> The proposed project is not within one-quarter mile of any school. The closest school to the project site would be Earl Warren Elementary School, 41221 Rosetta Canyon Drive, Lake Elsinore, CA, 92532. No impacts would occur.
- e) According to the Department of Toxic Substances Control GeoTracker database, there are no hazardous materials sites on or adjacent to the project site. Therefore, the proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public because no proposed activities would occur on a LUST cleanup site. Impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
22. Airports a) Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan?				
b) Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission?				\boxtimes
c) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
d) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
with an Airport Master Plan or require the review by the the project site would not be located within those jurisd be Skylark Field Airport, which is approximately 4.3 m would occur. **Ilitigation:** No mitigation is required.**	lictions. The	closest priva	ate airstrip v	would
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
		W. C. Salaka	111.4°-71.0°	
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project: 23. Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade				
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project: 23. Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater				
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project: 23. Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin? c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious				
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project: 23. Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin? c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces? d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or				
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project: 23. Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin? c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces? d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site? e) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site?				
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project: 23. Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin? c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces? d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site? e) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-				

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	e systems or provide substantial additional sources ted runoff?				
g)	Impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
h) release	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk the of pollutants due to project inundation?			\boxtimes	
i) quality o plan?	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water control plan or sustainable groundwater management				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-9 "Special Flood Hazard Areas," Figure S-10 "Dam Failure Inundation Zone," Riverside County Flood Control District Flood Hazard Report/Condition. GIS database

<u>a)</u> Findings of Fact: The County is one of the municipal permittees under the Municipal Separate Storm Sewer system (MS4) issued by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board. Development projects in the County over one-acre in size must comply with the MS4 permit regulations, including the preparation of Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs) which detail short- and long-term Best Management Practices (BMPs) that must be implemented by applicants to ensure that the regulations of the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) including Order WQ 2017-0023-DWQ, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), and the federal Clean Water Act (CWA) are met.

The proposed commercial uses on the project site, including all associated infrastructure, would be analyzed by a Qualified SWPPP Developer (QSD) so that appropriate short- and long-term BMPs could be developed and outlined in the Project's SWPPP, and approved by the County of Riverside Engineering Department. Implementation of these BMPs including regular, documented inspections would ensure that the implementation of the proposed Project would not affect ground or surface water quality. BMPs would include but not be limited to erosion control plans, sediment control, non-stormwater management, and waste management and materials control to limit or reduce potential pollutants at the source. In addition, an on-site bioretention basin that will capture and treat water before it is released into the existing drainage system is proposed as part of the project. Impacts would be less than significant.

- b) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> The proposed project would create impervious surfaces beyond existing conditions on portions of the site as it is currently undeveloped. This would include the footprint of the building itself as well as associated access and parking. However, the project includes a bioretention basin such that groundwater flows on the site would be funneled to the basin, therefore ensuring impacts to groundwater recharge as a result of project implementation would be less than significant.
- c) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> The proposed project is a parcel designated and zoned for commercial uses, and all construction and operational activities would occur within its boundaries. No streams or rivers are currently located within the project site. Although grading would occur on the site as part of preparation for commercial activities, no significant impervious surfaces are proposed as part of the project beyond standard features such as a parking lot. In addition, a bioretention basin is proposed for the site. Impacts would be less than significant.

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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- d) Findings of Fact: A drainage feature (Arroyo del Toro) is located approximately 100 feet northwest of the project site, outside of the project footprint. Storm flows within this drainage feature are infrequent, and the drainage does not support riparian habitat. This drainage feature becomes channelized west of the project site at the Lake Elsinore Marketplace. In addition, the northwestern portion of the site lies within the 100-year flood plain but has been cut off from the influences of the river from the development northeast of the project site. Site development will be confined to the southeastern portion of the project site and no impacts to the offsite drainage feature will occur. On-site grading would not alter the course of any streams as none exist on the site.
- e) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> The site would see an increase in impervious surfaces associated with the building itself as well as associated parking and access. However, the inclusion of a bioretention basin as part of project implementation and adherence to County-required Best Management Practices (BMPs) detailed in a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) would ensure that impacts are less than significant.
 - f) Findings of Fact: The implementation of the proposed project would create impervious surfaces on portions of the project site, parts of which have been previously graded, but which is currently undeveloped. However, the project includes a bioretention basin to manage stormwater flows created by project implementation. The project would also be in compliance with the MS4 permit during construction by implementing strategies to lessen water quality impacts by minimizing soil compaction, design projects to minimize impervious areas, and employ LID design principles. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in increased polluted runoff or exceed the capacity of existing or planned drainage systems. Impacts would be less than significant.
- g) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> As previously discussed in Section 4.3.10 a) through c), the proposed project is located on an undeveloped site designated for commercial uses of the type proposed by the project with no rivers or streams in the immediate vicinity. No aspect of project implementation would significantly increase impervious surfaces at the project site such that flood flows would be affected. The project includes the construction of bioretention basin to manage stormwater. Impacts would be less than significant.
- h) Findings of Fact: According to Riverside County GIS (Map My County), the project site is potentially within an area prone to flooding. A drainage is indicated to the north of the project site, but is not located within the project boundary. If determined necessary, the project would be required to flood proof the proposed building pursuant to County of Riverside regulations so that the structure would not contribute to property damage or risks to public safety. Compliance with County regulations would ensure that the project would not impede or redirect flood flows. The potential for seiche or tsunami is considered very low due to the location/distance of the site from large bodies of water. The project may require review and approval from the Riverside County Flood Control District and comply with any conditions imposed by the District. As such, compliance with County and Flood Control regulations and conditions would reduce impacts to less than significant levels.
- i) Findings of Fact: The proposed project would comply with the County's MS4 permit, as noted above. Implementation of project BMPs from the SWPPP during proposed construction activities would reduce any impacts associated with water quality to less than significant. In addition, the proposed project does not include any activities that will interfere with any groundwater management plan as all construction would occur entirely within the site. Impacts would be less than significant.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigati	on: No mitigation is required.				
<u>Monitor</u>	ring: No monitoring is required.				
LAND	USE/PLANNING Would the project:				
24. a) conflic	Land Use Cause a significant environmental impact due to a significant environmental impact due to a significant environmental				
	Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an ished community (including a low-income or minority unity)?		1		
Source	e(s): Riverside County General Plan, GIS database, P	roject Appli	cation Mater	ials	
Finding	s of Fact:				
a)	The land use at the project site is governed by the Use Element as well as the County's zoning ordinar ordinance designate the project site for commercial proposed. No impacts would occur.	nce. Both th	e Land Use	Map and zo	oning
a) b)	The land use at the project site is governed by the Use Element as well as the County's zoning ordinar ordinance designate the project site for commercial	nce. Both the land uses anded by continued by continued utilized not be out of easement.	mmercial and The project the existing ci of the ordinats, roadway	Map and zo retail tire d residential would provinculation sy ary for this right-of-wa	store I land ide a vstem area.
	The land use at the project site is governed by the Use Element as well as the County's zoning ordinar ordinance designate the project site for commercial proposed. No impacts would occur. The project site consists of undeveloped land surrout uses on two sides, and undeveloped areas on all ordiveway access off of the existing Highway 74 and we for the community. This type of development would The project does not propose any bridges, utility drainage channels that would have the potential to occur.	nce. Both the land uses anded by continued by continued utilized not be out of easement.	mmercial and The project the existing ci of the ordinats, roadway	Map and zo retail tire d residential would provinculation sy ary for this right-of-wa	store I land ide a vstem area.
b)	The land use at the project site is governed by the Use Element as well as the County's zoning ordinar ordinance designate the project site for commercial proposed. No impacts would occur. The project site consists of undeveloped land surrour uses on two sides, and undeveloped areas on all ordiveway access off of the existing Highway 74 and we for the community. This type of development would The project does not propose any bridges, utility drainage channels that would have the potential to occur. on: No mitigation is required.	nce. Both the land uses anded by continued by continued utilized not be out of easement.	mmercial and The project the existing ci of the ordinats, roadway	Map and zo retail tire d residential would provinculation sy ary for this right-of-wa	store I land ide a vstem area.
b) <u>Mitigati</u>	The land use at the project site is governed by the Use Element as well as the County's zoning ordinar ordinance designate the project site for commercial proposed. No impacts would occur. The project site consists of undeveloped land surrout uses on two sides, and undeveloped areas on all ordiveway access off of the existing Highway 74 and we for the community. This type of development would The project does not propose any bridges, utility drainage channels that would have the potential to occur. on: No mitigation is required.	nce. Both the land uses anded by continued by continued utilized not be out of easement.	mmercial and The project the existing ci of the ordinats, roadway	Map and zo retail tire d residential would provinculation sy ary for this right-of-wa	store I land ide a vstem area.
Mitigati Monitor MINE 25. a) resour	The land use at the project site is governed by the Use Element as well as the County's zoning ordinar ordinance designate the project site for commercial proposed. No impacts would occur. The project site consists of undeveloped land surrout uses on two sides, and undeveloped areas on all ordiveway access off of the existing Highway 74 and we for the community. This type of development would The project does not propose any bridges, utility drainage channels that would have the potential to occur. on: No mitigation is required. RAL RESOURCES Would the project: Mineral Resources	nce. Both the land uses anded by continued by continued utilized not be out of easement.	mmercial and The project the existing ci of the ordinats, roadway	Map and zo retail tire d residential would provinculation sy ary for this right-of-wa	store I land ide a vstem area.
Mitigati Monitor MINE 25. a) resour of the b) import	The land use at the project site is governed by the Use Element as well as the County's zoning ordinar ordinance designate the project site for commercial proposed. No impacts would occur. The project site consists of undeveloped land surrour uses on two sides, and undeveloped areas on all ordiveway access off of the existing Highway 74 and we for the community. This type of development would The project does not propose any bridges, utility drainage channels that would have the potential to occur. On: No mitigation is required. PAL RESOURCES Would the project: Mineral Resources Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral received that would be of value to the region or the residents State?	nce. Both the land uses anded by continued by continued utilized not be out of easement.	mmercial and The project the existing ci of the ordinats, roadway	Map and zo retail tire d residential would provinculation sy ary for this right-of-wa	store I land ide a vstem area. y, or would

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-6 "Miner	ral Resour	ces Area"		
a-c) Findings of Fact: The project site is designated by the Division of Mines and Geology as Mineral Resource Zone that the area's mineral resource significance is und surroundings are not currently being mined for miner County General Plan's Multipurpose Open Space Elem resources in the County and goals, policies, and objective as well as maps the aforementioned Mineral Resource Zone affect mineral resources in Riverside County as the project implementation would the objectives regarding mineral resources in the relevant set there are no existing, proposed, or abandoned quarries of would occur.	e 3 (MRZ- determined al resource ent discus es for their ones. Project site is re erefore no ections of t	B). This design. I. The project extraction is ses the president conservation is conservation in the conservation in the conservation is affect anything the conservation in the conservat	gnation indi ect site ar a. The Rive sence of m n and extra ntation wou site of signi goal, polic Plan. In add	cates and its erside ineral ction, ld not ficant cy, or dition,
<u>Mitigation</u> : No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
NOISE Would the project result in:			Salta Milita	
26. Airport Noise a) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
b) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
Source(s) : Riverside County General Plan Figure S-20 "Airpor Facilities Map	t Locations	s," County of	Riverside A	Airport
Findings of Fact: Refer to response 22. Airports, above within two miles of the project site and the project site i plan. No impacts would occur.				
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
27. Noise Effects by the Project a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local			\boxtimes	
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
general plan, noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
b) Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?			\boxtimes	

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan, Table N-1 ("Land Use Compatibility for Community Noise Exposure"), Project Application Materials

- <u>a-b</u>) Findings of Fact: The proposed project would generate noise during both construction and operations. Construction noise would be limited primarily to grading activities at the site, which is undeveloped, semi-rural in nature, and surrounded by other similar land uses and open space. Operational noise would consist of truck trips to and from the site as well as noise typically emitted by construction machinery. As noted above, the County Environmental Thresholds and Guidelines Manual has four criteria which, if exceeded, would constitute significant noise impacts:
 - Generate noise levels in excess of 65 dBA CNEL and could affect sensitive receptors.
 - Expose noise sensitive uses to 65 dBA CNEL or greater in outdoor living areas or if indoor noise levels cannot be reduced to at least 45 dBA CNEL.
 - Substantially increase ambient noise levels at noise sensitive receptors. This is generally
 presumed when ambient noise levels exceed 65 dBA CNEL. However, a significant impact
 may also occur when ambient noise levels affecting sensitive receptors increase
 substantially but remain less than 65 dBA CNEL, as determined on a case-by-case basis.
 - Result in the operation of construction and grading equipment within 1,600 feet of noise sensitive receptors. This number is based on the assumption that average construction noise is 95 dBA at 50 feet from the source and a distance of 1,600 feet is necessary to attenuate this level to 65 dBA. Construction equipment generating noise levels above 95 dBA may require additional mitigation.

The construction activities at the site would be limited to the two-acre project site. Given the size of the overall site relative to surrounding open space on two sides, the activities would have significant physical buffers from nearby receptors, all of which are either commercial or residential uses across Highway 74. There are no sensitive receptors in the Project area beyond a limited number of single-family homes, detailed above under *Air Quality*. These homes are of sufficient distance from the project site such that noise levels would not reach 65 dBA CNEL as a result of project construction or operational activities. Impacts would be less than significant.

Construction activities would require the operation of construction vehicles that are known sources of vibration. However due to the fact that two sides or the project site are undeveloped, and the only directly adjacent land use is commercial in nature, no construction activities would occur close enough to existing occupied structures such as residences such that they could be affected by construction-generated vibration.

Operational activities at the site would be limited to truck trips servicing the commercial/retail location and typical traffic from employees and customers, discussed below. However, as stated above, no operational activities would occur close enough to existing occupied structures such that they could be affected by operational-generated vibration. Impacts would be less than significant.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES:	Tis he Freda			
28. Paleontological Resources a) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, site, or unique geologic feature?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-8 "Pale GIS	eontologica	l Sensitivity F	Riverside Co	ounty
<u>a)</u> Findings of Fact: Pursuant to the Riverside County Element, Figure OS-8, Paleontological Sensitivity, and the project site, the potential for paleontological resources are uncovered du will halt, the County of Riverside Geologist will be combe called to the site. This will be a standard condition Riverside. Compliance with this condition will reduce in Mitigation : No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.	d the Rivers urces occur uring ground tacted, and n of approv	ide County F ring on the s I-disturbing a a qualified p al imposed b	Parcel Repo lite is low. I activities, all aleontologie by the Cour	ort for n the work st will nty of
POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would the project:			New York	
a) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
b) Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?				
c) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
Source(s): Project Application Materials, GIS database, Element	Riverside C	County Gener	ral Plan Ho	using
a) Findings of Fact: The proposed project is commerce homes. The site is currently vacant and the proposed project implementation. No impact would occur.				

	Potentially Less than Less No Significant Significant Than Impact Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact Incorporated
b)	The proposed project would be a commercial operation. Due to the relatively small nature of the project development, the project would not create a demand for additional housing or affordable housing. No impact would occur.
c)	The proposed project would operate as a commercial facility. The operation would be considered as a small business and would not have the capacity to induce substantial unplanned population growth in the area. The project would not be required to extend any roads or other infrastructure. The only roads associated with project implementation are parking areas, a turning lane for site access, and a loading dock internal to the project site. No existing housing would be displaced as the project site is undeveloped and both designated and zoned for commercial uses such as the one proposed. Therefore, the proposed project would not induce population growth. No impacts would occur.
Mitig	ation: No mitigation is required.
Moni	itoring: No monitoring is required.
	BLIC SERVICES Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with
	provision of new or physically altered government facilities or the need for new or physically altered remmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order
to r	maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the
follo	owing public services:
Sou	rce(s): Riverside County General Plan Safety Element
prop cons on o upor that leve	ings of Fact: The proposed project is commercial in nature as is the only developed neighboring party. Project features include parking, signage, lighting, and a bioretention basin would be structed. None of these project features change the nature or intensity of population or structures or adjacent to the project site. Therefore, no new or altered fire protection facilities would be required in project implementation. The project would be subject to Development Impact Fees for fire services would contribute to potential future facilities and reduce fire services impacts to less than significant is. Impacts would be less than significant as the site is adequately served by fire protection and lid not require additional protection upon project implementation.
Mitig	gation: No mitigation is required.
<u>Mon</u>	nitoring: No monitoring is required.
31.	Sheriff Services
Sou	rce(s): Riverside County General Plan
site, it is	dings of Fact: The project would introduce a new building structure and employees to the project, which would result in an incremental increase in demand for sheriff protection services. However, not anticipated to require or result in the construction of new or physically altered sheriff facilities ause the new facility and uses would not significantly increase demand on such services. The project

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
site receives adequate sheriff protection service and in the new or physically altered sheriff facilities. The project we sheriff services that would contribute to potential futur less than significant levels. Impacts to sheriff protection	would be subject to I re facilities and redu	Development ce sheriff sei	t Impact Fee vices impa	es for cts to
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
32. Schools			\boxtimes	
Source(s): School District correspondence, GIS dat	abase			
lirectly generate any school-aged children requiring generating uses on the project site would assist the obs/housing balance within the County. However, substantial number of new residents to the region as exherefore not indirectly generate school-aged students subject to Development Impact Fees for school facilities, which would reduce impacts to school service would contribute Development Impact Fees and wou to indirectly draw students to the area, the project wo new or physically altered public school facilities. Impact Impacts in the impact of the impact in the project wo new or physically altered public school facilities. Impact Impacts in the impact in the im	County in achieving the proposed project employees are likely a requiring public educilities that would less less than significated not directly generuld not cause or controls.	g its goal to ct is not exp to be already ucation. The contribute to ant levels. Be tate students intribute to a result of the contribute	provide a la ected to draw local and worder to potential for cause the project to consect to consec	cetter raw a would be future roject ected
33. Libraries			\boxtimes	
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact: The proposed project would not discussed above. The project would be subject to Defacilities such as libraries, which would reduce impact would therefore be no need for new or expanded libra	velopment Impact F its to libraries to less	ees for the posterior	rovision of cant levels.	apital There
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
34. Health Services				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Findings of Fact: As noted above, the proposed project is no occur nor is it a land use that would increase the likelihood impacts would be less than significant. Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
RECREATION Would the project:				VIEW C
35. Parks and Recreation a) Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? 	1		×	
b) Increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?	t ^U			
c) Be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?				
Source(s): GIS database, Ord. No. 460, Section 10.35 (Recreation Fees and Dedications), Ord. No. 659 (Establishin a-c) Findings of Fact: The proposed project is a commopoulation growth in the area and does not include visiting the operation are not anticipated to visit/utilize a result, it is not expected than an increase in the use account in addition, the site is not leasted in a CSA are	mercial tire of any recreation nearby parks se of parks of	ent Impact F center that wonal compon as or recreation or recreations	ees), vould not in ents. Custo onal facilities al facilities	nduce omers es. As would
occur. In addition, the site is not located in a CSA ar would be less than significant.	ia is not suc	iject to Quim	by tees. Im	ipacts
Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
36. Recreational Trails a) Include the construction or expansion of a training system?	il			
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure C-6 Trail	ls and Bikew	ay System		
<u>a)</u> Findings of Fact: No trails would be constructed or According to the Riverside County General Plan, the Toro Cut Off Road that is accessed off of Highway northeast of the project site. Implementation of the prexpansion of a trail system. No impacts would occur.	closest trail 74 and is loc oject would	is a Commu ated approx	nity Trail ald imately 0.7	ong El 8-mile

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
TRANSPORTATION Would the project:				
37. Transportation				
a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance, or po- addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadd bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?				
b) Conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guideli section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?	ines		\boxtimes	
 c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or danger intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment) 	rous			
d) Cause an effect upon, or a need for new or alter maintenance of roads?	ered		\boxtimes	
e) Cause an effect upon circulation during the ject's construction?	pro-		\boxtimes	
f) Result in inadequate emergency access or ac	cess		\boxtimes	
Findings of Fact: Each county in California is recovered Program (CMP) that analyzes at the links between Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCM) Management Agency. The RCTC prepares and prefederal Congestion Management System guideling According to Table 2-1-CMP System of Highways Congestion Management Program, the RCTC has Elsinore area to be Highway 74 and Interstate 18 for determining the impacts of local development system. RCTC requires local agencies whose development that Level of Service (LOS) on a non-exempt segning LLG Engineers performed a trip generation analyst their findings with the Riverside County Transport (Appendix D). County staff determined that a Transport to Service (LOS) on the capacity to signific including on Highway 74. As a result, the project ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation systems.	in land use, tran CTC) is the Coueriodically updares and state CM and Roadways defined the CM (I-15). All local nt/land use decelopments imparent to fall to "Fisis for the proposortation and Laimaffic Impact Anal antly affect traffict would not co	sportation an inty of Rivers the Count MP legislation in the 2011 I IP roadway sy all jurisdictions cisions on the CMP sy to prepare of the CMP sy to prepare of the CMP sy to project and Managem alysis was not ic volumes in inflict with an	d air quality ide's Congary's CMP to consider CMP roadystem by calleficiency part (TLMA) trequired for the project y program,	ounty Lake nsible dway lans. cated staff or the area, plan,
b) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> New retail development, inc proposed project, typically redistributes shopping retail opportunities into the urban fabric and the	lude service co	ommercial us	ses such a v trips. By a	s the

	Potentially Less than Less No Significant Significant Than Impact Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact Incorporated
	tends to shorten trips and reduce VMT. According to guidance from OPR's Technical Advisory document and Riverside County's draft Transportation Analysis Guidelines, local serving retail projects less than 50,000 square feet can be presumed to result in a less than significant VMT impact. The proposed project has a total building area of less than 50,000 square feet and is expected to serve the local community. Therefore, less than significant impacts are identified or anticipated, and no mitigation measures are required.
c)	<u>Findings of Fact:</u> The project does not have design features that would alter existing roadways, and the only paving associated with the project is a turn lane off of Highway 74, plus the parking lot. No incompatible uses are proposed as the project is a commercial development on a site designated and zoned for such uses. No impacts would occur.
d-f)	<u>Findings of Fact:</u> The project would be accessed via Highway 74. No aspect of this access point or trip generation has the ability to interfere with existing emergency access to the project site or surrounding uses. The site is parked per County guidelines, and no interference with Highway 74 would occur during construction staging or ongoing operations. Less than significant impacts would occur.
Mitiga	pation: No mitigation is required.
Moni	itoring: No monitoring is required.
	Bike Trails a) Include the construction or expansion of a bike
	tem or bike lanes?
syst	
syst	tem or bike lanes?

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project car significance of a Tribal Cultural Resource, defined in Public R site, feature, place, or cultural landscape that is geographica of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value t that is:	Resources C Ily defined	Code section in terms of the	21074 as end	either a scope
39. Tribal Cultural Resources a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k)?				
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1? (In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.)				

Source(s): County Archaeologist, AB52 Tribal Consultation

<u>Findings of Fact</u>: According to PRC Chapter 2.5, Section 21074, tribal cultural resources are sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, sacred places, and items with cultural value to a California Native American tribe that are either included or determined to be eligible for inclusion in the California Register of Historical Resources or included in a local register of historical resources as defined in Section 5020.1. Assembly Bill (AB) 52 mandates early tribal circulation prior to and during CEQA review with a requirement to formally conclude consultation. AB 52 established a new category of tribal cultural resources for which only tribes are experts. The mandate requires CEQA documents to incorporate findings, not just in terms of mitigation measures, but also in terms of which type of CEQA document is appropriate.

Tribal consultation was conducted in accordance with AB 52. Notification letters were distributed on 8/28/2019, to tribal parties on the list provided by the County and no responses were received. The tribal parties were the Pechanga Band of Luiseño Indians, Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians, and Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians, Cahuilla, CRIT, Morongo, and Pala. Pechanga, Rincon, and Soboba provided information indicating that they project site is in a Tribal Cultural Properties (TCP) area, however they did not indicate that the proposed project would impact a TCP.

There is the potential to uncover tribal cultural resources. However, adherence to mitigation measure TCR-1 would ensure that Native American monitors are present during grading activities. If a potential tribal cultural resource is discovered, work would halt, and the tribal monitor and archaeological monitor would determine the appropriate course of action.

Mitigation:

TCR-1:

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into an agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor.

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
•	Mitigation	Impact	
	Incorporated	•	

In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. In addition, the Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and trenching. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources.

The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition.

This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.

<u>Monitoring</u>: Monitoring will be overseen by the Project Archaeologist, County Archaeologist, and Native American Tribal Monitor.

UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project:						
40. Water a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects? 						
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years?						

Source(s): Project Application Materials, WMWD UWMP

- <u>a)</u> Findings of Fact: The proposed project consists of undeveloped land in an area zoned and designated for commercial uses. In addition to the structure itself, associated infrastructure including a parking lot, bioretention basin, security lighting, and signage are proposed. Grading would occur on the site but would be subject to a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan that complies with the California Construction General Permit under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, which would ensure that stormwater drainage impacts would be less than significant. The proposed project is not anticipated to require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems. The project would obtain potable water from Western Municipal Water District (WMWD). Wastewater would be conveyed to an existing sewer system within roadway right-of-way. Due to the relatively small amount of wastewater the commercial facility would generate, no wastewater facility would be impacted. Impacts would be less than significant.
- b) <u>Findings of Fact:</u> The proposed commercial uses associated with the project would occur on a parcel that has been designated by both the County's General Plan and zoning code as intended for commercial uses. It is the responsibility of the developer to ensure that all requirements to obtain potable water service are communicated with WMWD as well as all other applicable agencies as necessary. Due to the relatively small nature of the proposed development, it is

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
anticipated that the project would not impact the district delivery would be in compliance with WMWD's and the that WMWD will have sufficient water supplies available foreseeable future development during normal, dry, considered less than significant. Mitigation: No mitigation is required.	e County's rable to serve	equirements the project	. It is antici and reaso	pated nably
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
41. Sewer a) Require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?	•			
b) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
<u>a-b)</u> Findings of Fact: The proposed project is a retail tire significant strain on wastewater treatment facilities. existing sewer lines and would not require the installar would result in a minimal demand for wastewater treatbe consistent with the County General Plan and the accounted for in the WMWD Urban Water Manag construction of new wastewater treatment facilities. In	In addition, tion of septic atment by th projected w ement Plan	the project value tanks. The formal terms of the control of the co	vould conne Proposed P he Project v ow demand not requir	ect to roject would ls are e the
Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.			-	
42. Solid Waste a) Generate solid waste in excess of State or Loca standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?	,			
b) Comply with federal, state, and local managemen and reduction statutes and regulations related to solic wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan)?	, L		\boxtimes	
<u>Source(s)</u> : Riverside County General Plan, Riverside https://www.americastire.com/learn/tire-fees	e County \	Waste Mana	agement D	istrict,

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
--	--------------------------------------	--	---------------------------------------	--------------

<u>a-b)</u> Findings of Fact: As noted above, the intention of the goals, policies, and land use map of the County's General Plan is that the project site and surround parcels be used for commercial purposes. As such, the County's solid waste handling infrastructure has sufficient capacity to serve solid waste generated by the project, although the commercial nature of the project would not generate significant amounts of solid waste as no residential or industrial activities including processing would occur on the site. The proposed project is a commercial tire facility. The state requires fees for tire sales that go toward programs that mitigate tire waste. The operation of the tire facility would comply with state-mandated environmental fees that apply to new tire purchases, which provide funds for research and development on recycling used tires. The operation of the tire facility would impose tire disposal fees that covers the cost for a licensed regulated disposal service to properly transport/discard/recycle used tires. Impacts would be less than significant.

<u>Mitigation</u>: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

43. Utilities

Would the project impact the following facilities requiring or resulting in the construction of new facilities or the expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?

a) Electricity?		
b) Natural gas?		
c) Communications systems?		
d) Street lighting?		
e) Maintenance of public facilities, including roads?		
f) Other governmental services?		

Source(s): Project Application Materials, Utility Companies

<u>a-f)</u> <u>Findings of Fact</u>: The proposed retail tire center would not require the construction or expansion of infrastructure facilities such as those listed above. Energy consumption in the form of electricity or natural gas would not be of a level such that either Southern California Edison or the SoCal Gas would need new or expanded facilities to service the site. No communications systems would be affected, and the project would not necessitate the provision of additional off-site street lighting. Implementation of the proposed project would incrementally increase the demand for utility service systems. The incremental increased demand would not have an adverse effect based on the availability of existing utility facilities that support project area systems. Connections would be made to existing facilities within local roadway right-of-way. Each utility service provider would be coordinated with on the design, approvals and installation of new facilities, which would ensure that potential impacts to utility systems are reduced to a less than significant level. Thus, impacts would be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required.

Monitoring: No monitoring is required.

	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
WILDFIRE If located in or near a State Responsibility hazard severity zone, or other hazardous fire areas the project:				ACCRECATE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PA
44. Wildfire Impacts a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency resplan or emergency evacuation plan?	ponse			
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other far exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose p occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?	oroject \Box			
c) Require the installation or maintenance of asso infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exac fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing imports the environment?	water └└ erbate		×	
d) Expose people or structures to significant including downslope or downstream flooding or land as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or dra changes?	slides,			
e) Expose people or structures either directindirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or involving wildland fires?	- 1 1		\boxtimes	
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-1 Application Materials a) Findings of Fact: The proposed project is local FIRE 2007). However, the proposed construction the impairment of an adopted emergency responsively zone. The construction of the proposed would physically impair or interfere with emergency construction there could be the potential for connections. However, the temporary lane closs recommendations provided in the California Temergency access is maintained. The project maintain structures and access ways in compared to emergency access. Riverside Count adequate emergency access and adequate Compliance with local, regional, state requiremental the Proposed Project would not substantial or emergency evacuation plan and potential impairments.	ted within a high on and operation onse plan or evac ed project would ency response plar temporary land sures would be imporary Traffic twould be requoliance with locally Fire Department emergency responses related to early impair and ado	fire hazard se al activities w uation plan wi not involve a ans for the pro- c closures to aplemented in Control Han ired to desig i, regional, sta t would review ponse times mergency accepted emergen	everity zone ould not resithin a fire hiny activitie oject area. It allow for accordance dbook to eate required are maintages would be overespons	(CAL sult in azard s that During utility e with ensure at and ments re that ained. ensue
b) Findings of Fact: The Project site appears to (Riverside County, 2019, Figure S-8) relative area. The project is surrounded by developed susceptibility area. The project would be deve regulations which would involve the use of non-fire impacts. Adjacent undeveloped propertie County Fire regulations that regulate brush gro	have a "moderate to the amount of and vacant land a loped in compliar flammable mater s would be requ	e" susceptibilit winds typica and is located nce with River ials that would ired to comp	y to wind e lly present within a hig rside Count d reduce po ly with Riv	in the gh fire by Fire tential erside

	Potentially Less than Less No Significant Significant Than Impact Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact Incorporated
	the proposed project would reduce fire risks in the area. Because the project would reduce fire risk, prevailing winds, and other factors, will not expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire. Impacts are considered less than significant.
<u>c)</u>	The proposed project is being developed on a parcel surrounded by developed and vacant land uses and by an existing developed roadway system that will not be impacted. The project does not propose any new above ground utility lines or other infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risk. As discussed above the project site is surrounded by existing developed and vacant land and will not require the installation of new infrastructure. Therefore, impacts are considered less than significant.
<u>d-e)</u>	The proposed project site is relatively flat, which will limit exposure to people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes. The surrounding area is vacant and developed and is located in a relatively flat area with no hilly terrain, which limits the risk of wildfires, landslides or flooding in the vicinity. As discussed above, construction of the project will minimize fire risk because there will be no more vacant open space on the site and non-flammable materials will be used to minimize fire risks. Impacts are considered less than significant.
Mitiga	ation: No mitigation is required.
<u>Moni</u>	toring: No monitoring is required
MAI	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE Does the Project:
or w belo anin rest elim	Have the potential to substantially degrade the quality ne environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish vildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop ow self- sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or nall community, substantially reduce the number or rict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or ninate important examples of the major periods of fornia history or prehistory?
Sour	ce(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials
to Ae Emis	ngs of Fact: Based on the environmental analysis conducted throughout this Initial Study, impacts esthetics, Agriculture & Forest Resources, Air Quality, Energy, Geology/Soils, Greenhouse Gas sions, Hazards & Hazardous Materials, Hydrology/Water Quality, Land Use/Planning, Mineral burces, Noise, Paleontological Resources, Population/Housing, Public Services, Recreation,
Trans	sportation, Utilities/Service Systems and Wildfire would have a less than significant impact on the onment. Some of the issue areas will have no impact.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Impacts to Cultural Resources or Tribal Cultural Resources mitigated. Mitigation Measures presented in the Cultural Reanalysis are required and would reduce impacts to less than s	sources an	nd Tribal Cult		
Therefore, implementation of the proposed project would not environment, substantially reduce the habitat of fish or wildlife lations to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered examples of the major periods of California history or prehist within this document are either considered to have No Impact Than Significant Impact With Mitigation Incorporated.	e species, on the aplant or plant or arestory. All er	cause a fish of animal comminimal, or eliminal, or eliminal	or wildlife punity, or reinate impostopics analogics	oopu- duce ortant lyzed
46. Have impacts which are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects and probable future projects)?				
Source(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials				
Findings of Fact: The environmental analysis conducted in tuses, once approved, would be consistent with the County's land uses have been considered with overall County growth. This in compliance with federal, State, and County applicable recreate impacts, that considered with the effects of other pass would be cumulatively considerable because impacts were demittigation, less than significant or there would be no impact. significant.	General Pl he analysis egulations. I t, present, etermined to	an land use publication demonstrated Further, the plant and probable to be less than	projections I that the project woul future project significan	. The roject d not jects, t with
47. Have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			\boxtimes	
Source(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials				
Findings of Fact: The environmental analysis conducted in this determined that the project would not have the potential to human beings. The proposed project would not result in ensubstantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly have no impact, a less than significant impact or less incorporated	generate s nvironmenta or indirect	significant adv al effects which ly. Impacts w	verse effec ch would d ere identifi	ts on ause ed to

VI. EARLIER ANALYSES

Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration as per California Code of Regulations, Section 15063 (c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Earlier Analyses Used, if any: N/A

Location Where Earlier Analyses, if used, are available for review:

Location:

County of Riverside Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street 12th Floor

Riverside, CA 92501

Revised: 11/19/2020 3:58 PM Y:\Planning Master Forms\Templates\CEQA Forms\EA-IS_Template.docx



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

DEVELOPMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE ("DAC") INITIAL CASE TRANSMITTAL RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT – RIVERSIDE PO Box 1409 Riverside, 92502-1409

DATE: July 17, 2019

TO:

Riv. Co. Transportation Dept. Riv. Co. Environmental Health Dept. Riverside County Flood Control Riv. Co. Fire Department (Riv. Office) Riv. Co. Building & Safety – Grading Riv. Co. Building & Safety – Plan Check Riv. Co. Regional Parks & Open Space P.D. Environmental Programs Division P.D. Geology Section
Riv. Co. Trans. Dept. – Landscape Section
P.D. Archaeology Section
Riv. Co. Waste Resources Management Dept.

Warm Springs Municipal Advisory Council (MAC)

Board of Supervisors - Supervisor: Jeffries Planning Commissioner: Shaffer

City of Lake Elsinore Sphere of Influence Lake Elsinore Unified School District Western Municipal Water District (WMWD) Southern California Edison Co. (SCE) Southern California Gas Co. CALTRANS District #8

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190006 — CEQ#19XXX — Applicant: Halle Properties, LLC, Scott Fournier - Engineer: R. A. Smith, INC. - First Supervisorial District — Meadowbrook Zoning Area — Elsinore Area Plan: Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP) — Location: North of Cambern Avenue, south of Conrad Avenue, east of 10th Street, and west of State Highway 74 — 2.42 gross acres — Zoning: Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S) — **REQUEST**: The proposed project is for the construction of a 8,192 square foot building to operate a retail tire store specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and wheels. The proposed building will be, twenty-six (26') feet in height and will provide 55 parking spaces,

583

DAC staff members and other listed Riverside County Agencies, Departments and Districts staff:

including 3 electrical vehicle parking spaces and charging stations - APN: 377-020-026 - BBID: 162-159-

A Bluebeam invitation has been emailed to appropriate staff members so they can view and markup the map(s) and/or exhibit(s) for the above-described project. Please have your markups completed and draft conditions in the Public Land Use System (PLUS) on or before the indicated DAC date. If it is determined that the attached map(s) and/or exhibit(s) are not acceptable, please have corrections in the system and DENY the PLUS routing on or before the above date. This case is scheduled for a <u>DAC meeting on July 25, 2019</u>. Once the route is complete, and the approval screen is approved with or without corrections, the project can be scheduled for a public hearing.

DATE:	SIGNATURE:
PLEASE PRINT NAME AND TITLE:	
TELEPHONE:	

If you do not include this transmittal in your response, please include a reference to the case number and project planner's name. Thank you.

Y:\Planning Case Files-Riverside office\CUP190006\Admin Docs\DAC Transmittal Forms\CUP190006 Initial Case Transmittal.docx



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

planner's name. Thank you.

Any questions regarding this project, should be directed to Deborah Bradford, Project Planner at (951) 955-6646, or e-mail at dbradfor@rivco.org / MAILSTOP #: 1070							at
Public Hearing Path:	Administrative Action:	DH: 🗌	PC: 🛛	BOS:			
COMMENTS:							
DATE:		SIGNATU	RE:				
	AND TITLE:						
TELEPHONE:							

Y:\Planning Case Files-Riverside office\CUP190006\Admin Docs\DAC Transmittal Forms\CUP190006 Initial Case Transmittal.docx

If you do not include this transmittal in your response, please include a reference to the case number and project

Bradford, Deborah

From: Lopez, Valentina

Wednesday, August 28, 2019 8:23 AM Sent:

To: anthonymad2002@gmail.com; CRITTHPO (CRITTHPO@crit-nsn.gov);

> culturaldirector@cahuilla.net; dcolocho@rincontribe.org; Ebru Ozdil - Pechanga (eozdil@pechanga-nsn.gov); emartinez@rincontribe.org; Joseph Ontiveros

(jontiveros@soboba-nsn.gov); Juan Ochoa; JValdez (JValdez@soboba-nsn.gov); Molly

Earp-Escobar (mescobar@pechanga-nsn.gov); sqaughen@palatribe.com;

thpo@morongo-nsn.gov

Cc: Bradford, Deborah; Jones, David AB52 Formal Notification CUP190006 Subject:

Attachments: 8.5_ x 11_Topo.pdf; 8.5_ x 11_ Aerial.pdf; AB52 Formal Notification.pdf

Good Morning,

Please find as an attachment, an AB52 notification for the above referenced project. Feel free to contact us with any questions.

Thank you-

Valentina Lopez OAIII 4080 Lemon St., 12th Floor Riverside, CA 92501 (951) 955-8632 office (951) 955-1811 fax

vslopez@rivco.org



How are we doing? Click the link and tell us.

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PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

August 28, 2019

SUBJECT: ASSEMBLY BILL 52 (AB 52) FORMAL NOTIFICATION (CUP190006)

This serves to notify you of a proposed project located within Riverside County. A map depicting the location and a project description can be found below. Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1(d), if you wish to initiate consultation on this proposed project, please send a consultation request within 30 days of receipt of this notice to dljones@rivco.org and cc: vslopez@rivco.org. To ensure an effective and good faith consultation effort, Planning asks that the request for consultation also indicate the following:

- Whether there are TCR's in project area. If so, what specifically is the TCR? The Tribe must provide
 County with substantial evidence to support this and if the TCR consists of a "landscape", the Tribe must
 also geographically define the landscape in terms of size and scope of the project.
- Is the Project causing a substantial adverse impact to a TCR? If so, what is that impact?

Project Description:

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190006 – CEQ#19XXX – Applicant: Halle Properties, LLC, Scott Fournier - Engineer: R. A. Smith, INC. - First Supervisorial District – Meadowbrook Zoning Area – Elsinore Area Plan: Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP) **LOCATION**: North of Cambern Avenue, south of Conrad Avenue, east of 10th Street, and west of State Highway 74 – 2.42 gross acres – Zoning: Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S) – **REQUEST**: The proposed project is for the construction of an 8,192 square foot building to operate a retail tire store specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and wheels. The proposed building will be, twenty-six (26') feet in height and will provide 55 parking spaces, including 3 electrical vehicle parking spaces and charging stations – APN: 377-020-026

Sincerely,

Dave Jones, Chief Engineering Geologist

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Project Planner: Deborah Bradford Email CC: dbradford@rivco.org

Attachment: Project Vicinity Map and Project Aerial



* 1 1

RIVERSIDE COUNTY COP 19000 9 PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:					
☐ PLOT PLAN ☐ PUBLIC USE PERMIT ☐ VARIANCE ☐ TEMPORARY USE PERMIT					
REVISED PERMIT Original Case No.	**************************************				
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.					
APPLICATION INFORMATION					
Applicant Name: Halle Properties, L.L.C					
Contact Person: Scott Fournier	E-Mail: scott.fournier@discounttire.com				
Mailing Address: 20225 N. Scottsdale Road					
Scottsdale AZ	85255				
City Ste	nie ZIP				
Daytime Phone No: (480) 606-6838	Fax No: ()				
Engineer/Representative Name: R.A. Smith, Inc.					
Contact Person: Reid Kunishige	E-Mail: reid.kunishige@rasmith.com				
Mailing Address: 8881 Research Drive					
Stree Irvine C	A 92618				
City St	ate ZIP				
Daytime Phone No: (<u>949</u>) <u>242-8042</u>	Fax No: ()				
Property Owner Name: Rosalyn U. Hall					
Contact Person: Prosalyne & Hill	E-Mail: Roz. andbilleicloud. com				
Mailing Address: 44835 Via Esperanza					
Stree Temecula C	e/ CA 92590				
	ale ZIP				
Daytime Phone No: (451)538 273	3 Fax No: (951) 367-1545				
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811	Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555				

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

RECEIVED County of Riverside Building & Safety

JUL 0 1 2019

RIVERSIDE

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT ☐ Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application. **AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:** I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof. (If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wel-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the use permit is ready for public hearing.) Hul Salune PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent. AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied. **PROPERTY INFORMATION:** Assessor's Parcel Number(s): 377-020-026-9 Approximate Gross Acreage: 95,083 SQ. FT. (2.18 Acres)

Conard Avenue

South of

West of <u>Central Avenue (SH-74)</u>

General location (nearby or cross streets): North of __Central Avenue (SH-74)

East of 10th Street

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

<u>PROJ</u>	ECT PRO	POSAL:				
Descr The proje	ibe the pro	posed pro	oject. mercial building	of a new Discount Tire, 8,192 sq. it., single story automotive retail facility with a me	ezzenline	floor. The
processes	facility is used	entirely for tires	and wheels sal	e and installation only. The scope of work will include a proposed partiting area with	1 drive	way, connection
to on-sit	e private utilities.	and stormwate	er quality measu	ires.		
land u	fy the applise(s): _Ti	re Sales a	and Servic	o. 348 Section and Subsection reference(s) describines - Not Including Recapping.	ng the	e proposed
			FYIST	ING Buildings/Structures: Yes No X		
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function 70 be Remo	bevi	Bidg. Permit No.
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
Place	check in t	he applic		f building or structure is proposed to be removed.		
		1		OSED Buildings/Structures: Yes X No		
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function		
1	8,192	26	1	Installation and selling of tires. Trash Enclosure with Steel Deck Roof		
2	2,600	10'-4"	1	I rash Enclosure with Steel Deck Root		
4		+	-			
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
			PROP	OSED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes 🗌 No 🗵		
No.*	Square Feet			Use/Function		
1						
2						
3		-				
5	-	+				

Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT
6 7
8
9
10 * Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".
Check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) to identify them.)
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application:
Are there previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes \(\text{No } \text{X} \) If yes, provide Application No(s). (e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) EIR No. (if applicable):
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes $\overline{\mathbb{X}}$ No \square
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies): Geotechnical Report
Is the project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes \(\subseteq\) No \(\overline{\mathbb{X}}\)
Is this an application for a development permit? Yes \(\square\) No \(\square\)
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.
If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.
X Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley
Santa Margarita River
Whitewater River
Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

HAZARDOUS WAS IE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to <u>Section 65962.5</u> of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:
Name of Applicant:
Address:
Phone number:
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code):
Local Agency: County of Riverside
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number:
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code:
Regulatory Identification number:
Date of list:
Applicant: Date
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether:
1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes \(\Boxed{\text{No}}\) No \(\Boxed{\text{No}}\)
2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes ☐ No ☒
Owner/Authorized Agent (1) Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Date
Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Date

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\text{Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Lend Use and Development Condensed application.docx
Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 08/03/2018



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Director of Transportation and Land Management Agency

Patricia Romo Transportation Director, Transportation Department Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director Planning Department

Mike Lara **Building Official. Building & Safety Department** Hector Viray Code Enforcement Official. Code Enforcement Department

LAND USE and PERMIT APPLICATION PROCESSING AGREEMENT Agreement for Payment of Costs of Application Processing

This agreement is by and between the C	County of Riverside, hereafter "County of Riverside"	7
and Halle Properties, L.L.C.	hereafter "Applicant" and Rosalyn J. Hall	Property Owner".
Description of application/permit use: Land Use and Conditional Use Permit Application for	r a construct a ground up single story, 8,192 sf automotive retail faci	ility with a 2,750 sf mezzanine floor.
Proposed Facility is used emitraly for tices and wheels sales and installatio	n only. Scope of work includes new parking tol paving, landscaping, installation of new undergo	oucid utility lines, and stormwater quality measures
If your application is subject to Deposit-	-based Fee, the following applies	

Section 1. Deposit-based Fees

TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT:

Purpose: The Riverside County Board of Supervisors has adopted ordinances to collect "Deposit-based Fees" for the costs of reviewing certain applications for land use review and permits. The Applicant is required to deposit funds to initiate staff review of an application. The initial deposit may be supplemented by additional fees, based upon actual and projected labor costs for the permit. County departments draw against these deposited funds at the staff hourly rates adopted by the Board of Supervisors. The Applicant and Property Owner are responsible for any supplemental fees necessary to cover any costs which were not covered by the initial deposit.

Section 2. Applicant and Property Owner Responsibilities for Deposit-based Fee Applications

- A. Applicant agrees to make an initial deposit in the amount as indicated by County ordinance, at the time this Agreement is signed and submitted with a complete application to the County of Riverside. Applicant acknowledges that this is an initial deposit and additional funds may be needed to complete their case The County of Riverside will not pay interest on deposits. Applicant understands that any delays in making a subsequent deposit from the date of written notice requesting such additional deposit by County of Riverside, may result in the stoppage of work.
- B. Within 15 days of the service by mail of the County of Riverside's written notice that the application permit deposit has been reduced to a balance of less than 20% of the initial deposit or that the deposit is otherwise insufficient to cover the expected costs to completion, the Applicant agrees to make an additional payment of an amount as determined by the County of Riverside to replenish the deposit. Please note that the processing of the application or permit may stop if the amount on deposit has been expended. The Applicant agrees to continue making such payments until the County of Riverside is reimbursed for all costs related to this application or permit. The County of Riverside is entitled to recover its costs, including attorney's fees, in collecting unpaid accounts that would have been drawn on the deposit were it not depleted.
- C. The Property Owner acknowledges that the Applicant is authorized to submit this agreement and related application(s) for land use review or permit on this property. The Property Owner also acknowledges that should the Applicant not reimburse the County of Riverside for all costs related to this application or permit, the Property Owner shall become immediately liable for these costs which shall be paid within 15 days of the service by mail of notice to said property Owner by the County.

4080 Lemon Street, 14th Floor • Riverside, California 92501 • (951) 955-6838 P. O. Box 1605 • Riverside, California 92502-1605 • FAX (951) 955-6879

- D. This Agreement shall only be executed by an authorized representative of the Applicant and the Property Owner. The person(s) executing this Agreement represents that he/she has the express authority to enter into this agreement on behalf of the Applicant and/or Property Owner.
- E. This Agreement is not assignable without written consent by the County of Riverside. The County of Riverside will not consent to assignment of this Agreement until all outstanding costs have been paid by Applicant.

 F. Deposit statements, requests for deposits or refunds shall be directed to Applicant at the address identified in
- Section 4.

Section 3. To ensure quality service, Applicant is responsible to provide one-week written notice to the County of Riverside Transportation and Land Management Agency (TLMA) Permit Assistance Centers if any of the information below changes.

Section 4. Applicant and Owner Information

1. PROPERTY INFORMATION:	
Assessors Parcel Number(s): 377-020-026-9	
Property Location or Address:	
West of 18745 Conard Ave., Lake Elsinore, CA 92532	
2. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION:	
Property Oner Name: Rosalyn J. Hall Firm Name: Rosalyn J. Hall Address: 44835 Via Esperanza	Phone No.: 0151.538 2738 Email: Roz. and billaicloud. con
Temecula, CA 92590	
3. APPLICANT INFORMATION:	
Applicant Name: Scott Fournier	Phone No.: (480) 606-6838
Firm Name: Halle Properties, L.L.C.	Email:
Address (if different from property owner) 20225 N. Scottsdale Road	
Scottsdale, AZ 85255	
4. SIGNATURES: Signature of Applicant:	Date: 1 July 2019
Print Name and Title: SCAM M FOURNI	
	Hall Date: 4/2×119
Signature of the County of Riverside, by	
FOR COUNTY OF RIVERS	FIDE USE ONLY
Application or Permit (s)#:	
Set #:Applicatio	



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

Resolute J Hall

Printed Name of Owner

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

Form 295-1082 (07/30/18)

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

• If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018

Form 295-1082 (12-19-17)

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

and

INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190006 – Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration – CEQ190078 – Halle Properties, LLC./Scott Fournier – Engineer: R. A. Smith, Inc. – First Supervisorial District – Meadowbrook Zoning Area – Elsinore Area Plan: Community Development: Business Park (CD-BP) – Location: Northeasterly of Cambern Avenue, southwesterly of Conrad Avenue, southeasterly of 10th Street, and northwesterly of Highway 74 – 2.42 gross acres – Zoning: Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S) – REQUEST: Conditional Use Permit No. 190006 proposes to allow for the construction of an 8,192 sq. ft. building to operate a retail tire store specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and wheels. The proposed building will be, 26 feet in height and will provide 57 parking spaces, including three (3) for electrical vehicles and three (3) that are ADA compliant. The Project site is comprised of 2.42 gross acres. APN: 377-020-026.

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING: DECEMBER 16, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/.

For further information regarding this project please contact Project Planner Deborah Bradford at (951) 955-6646 or email at dbradfor@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above project will not have a significant effect on the environment and has recommended adoption of a mitigated negative declaration. The Planning Commission will consider the proposed project and the proposed mitigated negative declaration, at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project and the proposed mitigated negative declaration is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If you challenge this project in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that, as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands, within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to: RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Deborah Bradford

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I, VINNIE NGUYEN certify that on October 29, 2020,
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS,
APN (s) or case numbersfor
Company or Individual's Name RCIT - GIS
Distance buffered 600'
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department.
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all other
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 25
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum of
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundaries,
based upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identified
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names and
mailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-site
improvement/alignment.
I further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
understand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of the
application.
TITLE: GIS Analyst
ADDRESS: 4080 Lemon Street 9 TH Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
TELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a.m. – 5 p.m.): (951) 955-8158

Riverside County GIS Mailing Labels CUP190006 (600 feet buffer) Legend County Boundary Cities Parcels World Street Map **Notes** *IMPORTANT* Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user. 376 752 Feet REPORT PRINTED ON... 10/29/2020 2:05:17 PM © Riverside County RCIT

377371005 MATTHEW PINGMAO WU 1828 S BALDWIN AVE ARCADIA CA 91007 377403001 CAROL A SOLIS JONES 29138 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377403008 KENNETH W. MILLER 29234 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377020004 STATE OF CALIFORNIA P O BOX 231 SAN BERNARDINO CA 92403

377392001 ANTONIO CURIEL 29111 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377404003 MIGUEL MUNOZ 29211 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377020001 XIU YING SHI 26560 MEADOW RD MENIFEE CA 92584 377020014 BILLIE J. BOYLE 4337 N DESERTS GATE CIR MESA AZ 85207

377020016 NIELSEN RTT&T REVOCABLE LIVING TRUST 25092 WILD VIEW RD MENIFEE CA 92584 377371004 MIGUEL CEJA ROSALES 28841 8TH ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377372040 74 CENTRAL SELF STORAGE 200 E CARIILLO ST STE 200 SANTA BARBARA CA 93101 377403005 CHRIS MATTESON 29186 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377404002 THOMAS A. PACHECO 29225 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377404004 JOHN BRANSON 29193 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377404006 CHARLES E. LAGRONE 29161 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377404007 J&K DTD 1/22/2009 29147 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377403002 ROBERT B. MCCLARY 29146 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377403004 SARETH LOEUNG 29170 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377403006 DAVID MCLEAN 29202 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377403007 ARMANDO GOMEZ 29218 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377404005 TU UYEN CAO NGUYEN 1601 NABIL CIR CORONA CA 92881 377401001 ANGELA DUTCHEN 29123 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377403009 KARIN MARIE PARKS 29248 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377404001 DAVID BAUCHMAN 29247 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377404008 JASON LEMMON 29139 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377372017 LAURIE ANNE LABBITT 28830 8TH ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377392002 MARIA VALENCIA GARZA 29101 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532 377401002 WE FIVE SAI DESAIS 18442 VILLA DR VILLA PARK CA 92861 377020009 POPE ATHANASIUS 4030 BIRCH ST STE 100 NEWPORT BEACH CA 92660 377020023 STEVEN D. VANMETER 30239 CALLE BELCANTO MENIFEE CA 92584

377020026 HALLE PROPERTIES 20225 N SCOTTSDALE RD SCOTTSDALE AZ 85255 377403003 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE INC 29154 ALLAN ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92532

377020003 CHARLES H. SIMS 33280 HOLLISTER ST LAKE ELSINORE CA 92530 Halle Properties, LLC Atten: Scott Fournier 20225 N. Scottsdale Road Scottsdale, AZ 85255

R.A. Smith, INC. Atten: Reid Kunishige 8881 Research Drive Irvine, CA 92618

City of Lake Elsinore Community Development Dept. 130 S. Main Street Lake Elsinore, CA 92530

Pechanga Band of Luiseño Mission Indians Ebru Ozdil, Planning Specialist P.O. Box 2183 Temecula, CA 92593

Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians Atten: Joseph Ontiveros P.O. Box 487 San Jacinto, CA 92581

Rincon Band of Mission Indians Atten: Jim McPherson 1 West Tribal Road Valley Center, CA 92082 Halle Properties, LLC Atten: Scott Fournier 20225 N. Scottsdale Road Scottsdale, AZ 85255

Lake Elsinore Unified School Dist. c/o Facilities & Operations Building B., 545 Chaney Street Lake Elsinore, CA 92530

City of Lake Elsinore Community Development Dept. 130 S. Main Street Lake Elsinore, CA 92530

Cal Trans District #8
Atten: Mark Roberts MS:725
464 W. 4th Street, 6th Floor
San Bernardino, CA 92401-1400

Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians Atten: Joseph Ontiveros P.O. Box 487 San Jacinto, CA 92581

Richard Drury Komalpreet Toor Lozeau Drury, LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612 R.A. Smith, INC. Atten: Reid Kunishige 8881 Research Drive Irvine, CA 92618

Lake Elsinore Unified School Dist. c/o Facilities & Operations Building B., 545 Chaney Street Lake Elsinore, CA 92530

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San Bernardino, CA 92401-1400

Rincon Band of Mission Indians Atten: Jim McPherson 1 West Tribal Road Valley Center, CA 92082

Kirkland West Habitat Defense Council PO Box 7821 Laguna Niguel, Ca, 92607-7821



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

John Hildebrand Interim Planning Director

то:	 Office of Planning and Research (OPR) P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 ☑ County of Riverside County Clerk 	FROM:	Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P. O. Box 1409 Riverside, CA 92502-1409		38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, California 92211
SUB.	JECT: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with	n Section	21152 of the California Public Resources Co	ode.	
	190006; CEQ190078MND				
	orah Bradford, Project Planner y Contact Person	(951) 9 Phone N	955-6646 umber		
State (Clearinghouse Number (if submitted to the State Clearinghouse)				
	e Properties, LLC; c/o Scott Fournier of Applicant	Address			
Proje	ect Location: north-east of Cambern Avenue; south-west of	Conrad A	Avenue; south-east of 10th Street; north of Hi	ghwa	y 24.
store	ect Description: CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 19000 e specializing in the retail sales and installation of tires and es, including 3 electrical vehicle parking spaces and chargi	wheels.	The proposed building will be, twenty-six (2	26') fe	et in height and will provide 55 parking
	is to advise that the Riverside County <u>Planning Director</u> , as wing determinations regarding that project:	the lead	agency, has approved the above-referenced	d proje	ect on <u>July 13, 2020,</u> and has made the
 3. 4. 6. 	The Project WILL NOT have a significant effect on the environm A Mitigated Negative Declaration was prepared for this project Mitigation measures WERE made a condition of the approval of A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan/Program WAS ado A Statement of Overriding Consideration WAS NOT adopted for Findings WERE made pursuant to the provisions of CEQA. is to certify that the Final Mitigated Negative Declaration (et, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501.	pursuant t f the projec pted for th r this proje	ct. is project. ct.	e Cou	nty Planning Department, 4080 Lemon
01166	et, 12 1 1001, Niverside, OA 32301.				
E	Signature	-	Project Planner Title	_	Date
	e Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:				
Pleas	se charge deposit fee case#: CEQ190078	FOR COU	NTY CLERK'S USE ONLY		

INVOICE (INV-00128572) FOR RIVERSIDE COUNTY

County of Riverside Transportation & Land Management Agency



BILLING CONTACT / APPLICANT

Scott Fournier Halle Properties, L.L.C. 20225 N Scottsdale Rd Scottsdale, Az 85255

INVOICE NUMBER	INVOICE DATE	INVOICE DUE DATE	INVOICE STATUS
INV-00128572	11/02/2020	11/02/2020	Paid In Full

REFERENCE NUMBER	FEE NAME	TOTAL
CFW200046	0451 - CF&W Trust ND/MND	\$2,406.75
	0452 - CF&W Trust Record Fees	\$50.00

SITE ADDRESS		
0 Unassigned Lake Elsinore, CA 92532	SUB TOTAL	\$2,456.75

TOTAL DUE	\$2,456.75

PAYMENT OPTIONS		Note: A 2.28% transaction service fee will be applied to Credit Card payments.
Online Payments	Go to: RivCoPlus.org	E-Checks and Credit Cards are accepted on-line.
Credit Card Payment by Phone	(760) 863-7735	Please have your invoice number ready for reference.
Payment by US Postal Mail Service	County of Riverside Attn: Accounts Receivables P.O. Box 1605 Riverside, CA 92502	Reference your invoice number on your check or include a copy of the invoice.
Payment by FedEx, UPS or similar courier	County of Riverside Attn: Accounts Receivables 4080 Lemon St., 14th Fl. Riverside, CA 92501	Reference your invoice number on your check or include a copy of the invoice.

Note that this invoice is used for both initial and supplemental payment requests. On Deposit Based Fee (DBF) cases and permits all work will cease when the balance is negative. If you have already made an initial payment and you are receiving an additional invoice, your case or permit has a low or negative balance. Work cannot resume until you have provided additional funds. If you would like to review a full statement of costs to date, e-mail your request to, TLMABilling@rivco.org and include the reference number(s), which is your case number and department in the subject line.

November 24, 2020 Page 1 of 1



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

4.3

Planning Commission Hearing: December 16, 2020

ı				
ı		DOCED	DDA	ICCT
ı	PKU	POSED	PRU	JEU

Case Number(s): PPT190011 Applicant(s): Sares Regis Group
Perris LP c/o Patrick Russell

EIR No.: 190038 (CEQ190038) Representative(s): Michael Baker

Area Plan: Mead Valley International c/o Cesar Mota

Project Planner: Tim Wheeler John Hildebrand

Project APN(s): 295-310-012, 013, 014, and 015 Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

Plot Plan No. 190011 is a proposal to construct two industrial warehouse buildings on two parcels. The total project site consists of four parcels that would adjust their existing lot lines to consist of the following: Parcel 1 of 20.90 acres would include a 363,367 sqft. industrial building (Building A) with 15,000 sqft. of office/mezzanine space and 348,367 sqft. of warehouse area with 46 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 245 parking spaces for vehicles and 62 parking stalls for trucks. Parcel 2 of 19.59 acres would include a 347,369 sqft. industrial building (Building B) with 15,000 sqft. of office/mezzanine space and 332,369 sqft of warehouse area with 39 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 226 parking spaces for vehicles and 53 parking stalls for trucks. Landscaping will surround the perimeter of both industrial sites. Parcels 3 and 4, totaling approximately 53.35 acres will remain vacant.

The project site's location is north of Oleander Avenue, south of Nandina Avenue, east of Day Street, and west of Decker Road, within the Mead Valley Area Plan.

The above is hereinafter referred to as "the project or Project".

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>ADOPT</u> Planning Commission Resolution No. 2020-016 CERTIFYING the ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (EIR), adopting environmental findings pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act, and adopting a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> PLOT PLAN NO. 190011, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

PROJECT DATA Land Use and Zoning: Specific Plan: N/A Existing General Plan Foundation Component: Community Development Proposed General Plan Foundation Component: N/A Existing General Plan Land Use Designation: Business Park (CD: BP) Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation: N/A Policy / Overlay Area: N/A Surrounding General Plan Land Uses North: City of Riverside East: Light Industrial (CD: LI) Light Industrial (CD: LI) and Rural Community: Very South: Low Density Residential (RC: VLDR) Rural Community: Very Low Density Residential (RC: West: VLDR) Existing Zoning Classification: Industrial Park (I-P) Proposed Zoning Classification: N/A **Surrounding Zoning Classifications** North: Rural Residential East: Industrial Park (I-P)/Manufacturing – Medium (M-M) Industrial Park (I-P) and Light Agriculture -! Acre Minimum (A-1-1) West: Light Agriculture - 2 1/2 Acre Minimum (A-1-2 1/2) Existing Use: Vacant Land Surrounding Uses North: City of Riverside South: Vacant Land East: Vacant Land and Distribution Center

Project Details:

Item	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	93.84 Gross/90.90 Net Acres	Min. lot size of 20,000 sqft.
Project Site (Width):	Approx. 680 feet wide	Min. 100 feet required width
Proposed Building Area (SQFT):	Total of Buildings A and B is 710,736 sqft.	N/A
Floor Area Ratio:	0.40 FAR	0.25 - 0.60 FAR

West: Vacant Land

ltem	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Building Height (FT):	43 feet	50 feet

Parking:

Type of Use	Building Area (in SF)	Parking Ratio	Spaces Required	Spaces Provided
Building A - Office	15,000 sqft.	1 parking space per 250 square feet	60	60
Building A - Warehouse	348,367 sqft.	1 parking space per 2,000 square feet	182	185
*Building A trailer stalls	*N/A	*N/A	*N/A	*62
Building A TOTAL:	363,367 sqft.	*includes 7 ADA and 11 EV spaces	242	245
Building B - Office	15,000 sqft.	1 parking space per 250 square feet	60	40
Building B - Warehouse	332,369 sqft.	1 parking space per 2,000 square feet	166	209
*Building B trailer stalls	*N/A	*N/A	*N/A	*53
Building B TOTAL:	347,369 sqft.	*includes 7 ADA and 11 EV spaces	226	226
Building Total - A & B	710,736 sqft.	*includes 14 ADA and 22 EV spaces	468	471

Located Within:

outou milini.		
City's Sphere of Influence:	Yes – City of Perris	
Community Service Area ("CSA"):	Yes - CSA 117 (Mead Valley Street Lighting)	
Special Flood Hazard Zone:	No	
Agricultural Preserve:	No	
Liquefaction Area:	No	
Subsidence Area:	No	
Fault Zone:	No	
Fire Zone:	No	
Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone:	Yes – Zone B	
WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell:	No	
CVMSHCP Conservation Boundary:	No	
Stephens Kangaroo Rat ("SKR") Fee Area:	Yes – Inside SKR Fee Area	
Airport Influence Area ("AIA"):	Yes – March Air Reserve Base, Zone C2	

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

Plot Plan No. 190011 was submitted to the County of Riverside on April 10, 2019.

Anticipated Uses

The Project proposes the construction of a warehouse building on a speculative basis with no specific tenant or use intended at this time. These types of buildings can be used for a variety of tenants and uses including, but not limited to distribution centers, e-commerce, and manufacturing. The ultimate tenant will have to comply with the Project conditions of approval and the analysis included within the Environmental Impact Report (EIR), which may limit certain types of uses due to their scale that might exceed what is currently proposed to be permitted and what was analyzed in the EIR. If any proposed uses exceed what the Project was permitted for and what was analyzed in the EIR, further entitlement permitting and analysis pursuant to CEQA would be required.

Airport Land Use Commission

The Project is located within the Airport Influence Area of the March Air Reserve Base, specifically located within Compatibility Zone C2. This Project was reviewed by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) on September 12, 2019. The ALUC determined the Project consistent subject to recommended conditions of approval that are included in the recommended conditions of approval on the Project.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

An Environmental Impact Report (EIR) has been prepared for this project in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The EIR represents the independent judgement of Riverside County. The Draft Environmental Impact Report was circulated on September 15, 2020 with the comment period closed on October 30, 2020. Below is a summary of the significant and unavoidable impacts identified in the circulated Draft EIR:

Air Quality - AQMP Consistency

The Project would have the potential to result in or cause National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) or California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS) violations due to the project's exceedance of regional operational emission thresholds for NOx. Therefore, the Project would have a significant and unavoidable cumulative effect on regional air pollution. All feasible mitigation has been adopted. However, impacts related to AQMP consistency would remain significant and unavoidable.

Air Quality - Operation Emissions-Regional

Although construction emissions are able to be mitigated to a level that does not exceed emission thresholds, operational emissions (primarily from mobile/vehicle emissions) for NOx are not able to be mitigated to a level below emission thresholds as no feasible mitigation exists to reduce mobile emissions. Therefore, impacts related to operational emissions of NOx would remain significant and unavoidable.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Although GHG emissions are exceeding the CAP Update 3,000 MTCO2E screening level threshold, thereby resulting in significant environmental impacts. These GHG emissions impacts are by definition cumulative and global in their effects. Therefore, impacts related to GHG emissions would remain significant and unavoidable.

All other potential Project impacts would be either less-than-significant, or less-than significant after mitigation.

Four comments were received during the 45-day public review period (from September 15 through October 30, 2020; including the summary from State Clearinghouse). These comments were reviewed, and detailed responses to each comment were prepared and included in the Final EIR, which was posted on December 4, 2020 and with emailed notices to commenters sent.

For the reasons set forth above and in the Environmental Impact Report prepared for this Project, the proposed project will potentially have a significant effect on the environment related to Air Quality and

Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Mitigation Measures from the Environmental Impact Report have been incorporated as conditions of approval on the project.

Solar Energy:

Riverside County Climate Action Plan, as revised in 2019, includes Measure R2-CE1 which requires renewable energy generation by projects of a certain size. This measure requires the production of 20% of the energy demand for commercial, office, industrial of manufacturing uses totaling more than 100,000 square feet. This measure has been applied to this Project based on feasibility analysis provided and will be further implemented by the conditions of approval once a specific tenant is identified and more specific energy demand calculations can be calculated based on that specific tenant to determine the amount of renewable energy generation that is necessary. This is anticipated to be accommodated via rooftop mounted solar panels.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve the proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Land Use Findings:

- 1. The Project site currently has a Land Use Designation of Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP) in the Riverside County General Plan. The Project is consistent with the Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP) land use designation and other aspects of the General Plan, including the Mead Valley Area Plan, since the Project proposes employee-intensive uses, including research and development, technology centers, corporate and support office uses, clean industry and supporting retail uses. Additionally, the proposed Project would accommodate the continuation of existing and development of new industrial, manufacturing, research and development, and professional offices in area that are described as anticipated uses within the Business Park land use designation in the General Plan.
- 2. The Project site currently has a Zoning Classification of Industrial Park (I-P). This zone specifically allows for warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing uses; as well as various other industrial uses, offices, and professional sales and services as previously noted in the background section.
- 3. The Project, with proposed uses including warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing; plus other industrial uses, offices, and professional sales and services, is consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and is an allowable use within the Industrial Park (I-P) Zoning Classification, subject to Plot Plan approval. Specific findings relating to the proposed uses, including findings relating to the applicable development standards, are in the following separate sections below.

Entitlement Findings:

Plot Plan

The following findings are required to approve the Plot Plan, pursuant to the provisions of Ordinance No. 348:

1. The proposed use conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. The Project site is designated as

Business Park in the Riverside County General Plan. The Plot Plan proposes the construction of two buildings designed to be used for warehouse, distribution, and/or manufacturing purposes; as well as various other industrial uses, offices, and professional sales and services. These general uses are consistent with the Business Park land use designation of the General Plan since these uses are specifically listed as anticipated uses for each of these designations in the General Plan.

- 2. The overall development of the land shall be designed for the protection of the public health, safety and general welfare. As detailed in the Project's Initial Study/Environmental Impact Report, all impacts have been reduced to levels that are less than significant. These impacts were analyzed and feasible mitigation incorporated in the Initial Study/ Environmental Impact Report and through this project to reduce these impacts to a less than significant level. The Project prepared a Health Risk Assessment which determined that impacts from the Project's emissions on the surrounding residents would be within typical acceptable levels and would be less than significant. Conditions of approval incorporated for the Plot Plan will further ensure that public health, safety and general welfare are protected.
- 3. The proposed use conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property, as areas to the east and south of the Project site have been developed with, approved for, or designated for similar uses as the proposed Project for industrial and warehouse type uses. The area to the west is over 1,000 feet of vacant land, buffering residential dwelling from the proposed Project. To the north is also vacant land and beyond that existing development from the Air Force Village West, General Old Golf Course, and Riverside National Cemetery. The Project has oriented dock doors to the west facing the 1,000 plus feet of vacant land; with landscaped screening slope directly next to the Project property line. The project also includes landscaping along the Nandina Avenue, Decker Road, and Oleander Avenue; plus along the proposed extended roadway cul-de-sac for Harley Knox Boulevard. Said landscaping would be in the right-of-way and on the property that will provide some visual buffering for traffic along those roadways. Additionally, the proposed Project would not inhibit development of surrounding areas.
- 4. The plan for the proposed use shall consider the location and need for dedication and improvement of necessary streets and sidewalks, including the avoidance of traffic congestion; and shall take into account topographical and drainage conditions, including the need for dedication and improvements of necessary structures as a part thereof. The Project will provide the necessary additional dedication for Decker Road, Nandina Avenue, Oleander Avenue, and Harley Knox Road. The Project has been designed to accommodate, treat, and outlet the existing drainage pattern on the Project site with the proposed storm drain facility to accommodate existing flows that enter the western portion of the site to the existing storm drain lines beneath Harley Knox Boulevard east of the project site.
- 5. The proposed uses are consistent with Ordinance No. 348, in particular with the permitted uses and development standards of the Industrial Park (I-P) zone as detailed in the following Development Standards Findings section. The Plot Plan proposes two industrial buildings with uses anticipated to include warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing. The Industrial Park (I-P) zone allows specifically for warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing as well as for other various industrial uses with the approval of a plot plan.
- 6. All plot plans which permit the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. The Plot Plan proposes two buildings on currently four parcels.

The four current parcels are planned to have a lot line adjustment that would create a single parcel for each building and two parcels that would remain vacant. The project has been conditioned for this lot line adjustment to occur prior to building permit issuance. No further subdivision would be required to create legal lots to allow for the sale of any individual building.

Development Standards Findings:

- 1. The proposed use is consistent with Ordinance No. 348, in particular with the permitted uses and development standards of the Industrial Park (I-P) zone as detailed below:
 - a. The minimum lot size shall be 20,000 square feet with a minimum average lot width of 100 feet. No subdivision is proposed at this time that would create parcels smaller than what currently exists. However, a lot line adjustment is anticipated to realign the current four parcels to create a single parcel for each building and two parcels that would remain vacant. The anticipated realignment of parcels from this would result in a minimum lot size of 19.59 acres that would far exceed the minimum standard of 20,000 square feet.
 - b. The maximum height of all structures, including buildings, shall be 35 feet at the yard setback line. Any portion of a structure that exceeds 35 feet in height shall be set back from each yard setback line not less than two feet for each one foot in height that is in excess of 35 feet. All buildings and structures shall not exceed 50 feet in height, unless a height up to 75 feet for buildings, or 105 feet for other structures is specifically permitted under the provisions of Section 18.34. of Ordinance No. 348. The maximum height proposed for the building is 43 feet. As also noted below in subsection g of this section, the applicable baseline setback requirements are 25 foot minimum along streets, side yard setback of 10 feet, rear yard setback of 15 feet, and when abutting a residential or commercially zoned property of 50 feet.

As the Project is designed, the critical setback relative to the allowed height is the setback to the street since the property is not located adjacent to or near any residential or commercial zoned properties. Each building is fronted by streets on three sides. The required setback based on the proposed building height of 43 feet would be 41 feet (25 feet plus 16 feet with the 8 feet of additional building height above 35 feet). The smallest setback proposed is approximately 99 feet for Building 2 along Decker Road. All other setbacks for either building on any street are greater than this so would also more than meet the 41 foot setback. All other standard required setbacks per the Industrial Park (I-P) zone are met as shown in subsections d, e, and f of this section to not affect the maximum allowed height of the building.

- c. In the I-P zone, a minimum 15 percent of the site shall be landscaped and automatic irrigation shall be installed (I-P zone). Parcel 1/Building A is approximately 21.04 acres net and based on the 15% requirement would require a minimum of 136,557 square feet of landscaping. Parcel 1/Building A proposes 197,409 square feet or approximately 21% of the site for landscaping. Parcel 2/Building B is approximately 19.71 acres net and based on the 15% requirement would require a minimum of 128,028 square feet of landscaping. Parcel 2/Building B proposes 170,418 square feet or approximately 20% of the site for landscaping. Each site on its own and collectively meets the 15% requirement for landscape coverage. Automatic irrigation will be installed for landscaped areas and will be reviewed with final landscape plans.
- d. A minimum 25 foot setback shall be required on any street. A minimum ten foot strip adjacent to the street line shall be appropriately landscaped and maintained, except for designated

pedestrian and vehicular access ways. The remainder of the setback may be used for offstreet automobile parking, driveways or landscaping. Each building is bordered by streets on three sides. The Project proposes a minimum setback of approximately 99 feet for Building B along Decker Road. As noted above in section a., the setback is increased from 25 to 41 based on the building height. The proposed buildings more than meet this 41 foot setback requirement. The Project includes a minimum 10 foot strip of landscaping on the site outside of the right-of-way along all frontages, excluding where driveways are located.

- e. The minimum sideyard setback shall equal not less than ten feet for the two side lot areas combined. The sideyard condition could be applied on the north and south sides of the site. However, these sides front streets which the setback from streets is already greater than this sideyard setback condition. So the sideyard setback minimum is also met.
- f. The minimum rear yard setback shall be 15 feet. The rear yard setback condition would be applied on the west side of the site. This standard setback of 15 feet would increase to 31 based on the proposed building height of 43 feet. The minimum setback from the western proposed property line that is anticipated from the pending lot line adjustment is approximately 130 feet, which far exceeds the minimum setback of 31 feet.
- g. A minimum 50 foot setback shall be required on any boundary where the industrial property abuts a residential or commercially zoned property. A minimum of 20 feet of the setback shall be landscaped, unless a tree screen is approved, in which case the setback area may be used for automobile parking, driveways or landscaping. Block walls or other fencing may be required. As noted previously, this condition does not exist since no residential or commercially zoned properties are adjacent to or even near the Project site.
- h. Parking, loading, trash and service areas shall be screened by structures or landscaping. They shall be located in such a manner as to minimize noise or odor nuisance. Block walls or other fencing may be required. Standard vehicle parking areas are located along the south and north sides of each building and are screened with landscaping between the parking areas and the adjacent road right-of-way. The loading areas are located on the west sides of the buildings that face residential land uses further to the west, but would be screened via proposed slopes and existing topography between the buildings and dock areas and residential uses. Furthermore, closely spaced, tall growing shrubs are proposed immediately adjacent to the dock and truck and trailer parking area to screen views immediately outside of the site.
- i. Outside storage shall be screened with structures or landscaping. Landscaping shall be placed in a manner adjacent to the exterior boundaries of the area so that materials stored are screened from view. If a non-screened exhibit of products is proposed, it shall be part of the industrial park plot plan, and shall be set back at least ten feet from the street line. No outside storage is proposed with the Project. If future tenants desire to incorporate outside storage it will be required to be adequately screened consistent with the I-P development standards.
- j. Automobile parking shall be provided as required by Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348. Based on the conceptual floor plans provided and the division between office and warehouse uses, the building for the proposed Project provides adequate parking consistent with Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348. Parcel 1/Building A proposes 10,000 square feet of office area and the remaining 353,367 square feet as warehouse area. At 1 space per 250 square feet, as required by Ordinance No. 348, the office area requires 40 spaces. At 1 space per 2,000

square feet, as required by Ordinance No. 348, the warehouse area requires 177 spaces. A total of 217 spaces is required for Parcel 1/Building A. A total of 245 total parking spaces are proposed for Parcel 1/Building A that meets the minimum required number of spaces. Parcel 2/Building B proposes 10,000 square feet of office area and the remaining 337,369 square feet as warehouse area. At 1 space per 250 square feet, as required by Ordinance No. 348, the office area requires 40 spaces. At 1 space per 2,000 square feet, as required by Ordinance No. 348, the warehouse area requires 169 spaces. A total of 209 spaces is required for Parcel 2/Building B. A total of 226 total parking spaces are proposed for Parcel 2/Building B that meets the minimum required number of spaces. If future tenants propose tenant improvements through the building permit process that increase the amount of office or other area that requires more parking, such parking shall be provided on the Project site as appropriate and necessary consistent with Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348 and may be subject to further review pursuant to Section 18.43 of Ordinance No. 348. Additionally, electrical vehicle parking is noted on the site plan for 24 spaces, which meets the minimum requirement of Section 18.12 for 14 spaces.

- k. All new utilities shall be underground. The Project is conditioned to underground any new utilities, excluding electrical lines rated higher than 33 kV.
- I. All roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of 1,320 feet. No specific use is proposed at this time and therefore no specific equipment is proposed. However, any future tenants would be required to comply with the development standards of the I-P zone and would be subject to this requirement to have any manufacturing equipment enclosed in a building. The Project is conditioned to provide complete screening of roof mounted mechanical equipment from ground view. The building design with parapet is anticipated to provide the necessary screening. If roof mounted equipment exceeds the parapet height, it may be necessary to screen the equipment immediately around the equipment to not require an increase in the height to the parapet.
- m. All signs shall be in conformance with Article XIX of Ordinance No. 348. No signs are proposed at this time, but applications future signs will be reviewed as part of the building permit process for consistency with Article XIX of Ordinance No. 348.
- n. All lighting, including spotlights, floodlights, electrical reflectors and other means of illumination for signs, structures, landscaping, parking, loading, unloading and similar areas shall be focused, directed, and arranged to prevent glare or direct illumination on streets or adjoining property. The Project is conditioned to comply with Ordinance No. 915 which similarly requires direction of lighting downward and away from adjoin properties.

Other Findings:

- 1. The project site is not located within a Criteria Cell of the Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan.
- 2. The project site is located within the City of Perris Sphere of Influence. This project was provided to the City of Perris for review and comment. No comments were received either in favor or opposition of the project.
- 3. The project site is located within the March Air Reserve Base Airport Influence Area ("AIA") boundary and is therefore subject to the Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") review. This project was

reviewed by ALUC on September 12, 2019 and determined the Project was Consistent with the 2014 March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port Airport Land use Compatibility Plan.

4. In compliance with Assembly Bill 52 (AB52), on December 12, 2019 notices regarding this project were mailed to seven tribes and individuals identified by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC). Of the tribes noticed, three of them (Rincon, Soboba, and Pechanga) requested additional consultation. Recommendations by the consulting tribes and the lead agency, County of Riverside, have resulted in conditions of approval being imposed on the project. These conditions, which includes, archaeological and tribal monitoring during ground disturbing activities have been inserted.

Per these recommendations and conditions of approval, the Rincon tribe provided a conclusion letter dated January 20, 2020. Additionally, the County has sent conclusion notices for AB52 to both Soboba and Pechanga tribes on February 10, 2020 and March 9, 2020 respectively and have not received any further replies from the tribes.

- 5. The project site is located within Zone B of the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary, as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The project is required to comply with all lighting standards specified within Ordinance No. 655, pursuant to Zone B.
- 6. The project site is located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan ("SKRHCP"). Per County Ordinance No. 663 and the SKRHCP, all applicants who submit for development permits, including maps, within the boundaries of the Fee Assessment Area who cannot satisfy mitigation requirements through on-site mitigation, as determined through the environmental review process, shall pay a Mitigation Fee of \$500.00 per gross acre of the parcels proposed for development. Payment of the SKRHCP Mitigation Fee for this Project, instead of onsite mitigation, will not jeopardize the implementation of the SKRHCP as all core reserves required for permanent Stephen's Kangaroo Rat habitat have been acquired and no new land or habitat is required to be conserved under the SKRHCP.

Fire Findings:

- 1. The Project is not located within a CAL FIRE state responsibility area or any fire hazard severity zone.
- 2. Fire protection and suppression services will be available for the subdivision through Riverside County Fire Department.

Conclusion:

 For the reasons discussed above, as well as the information provided in the Environmental Impact Report (EIR), the proposed Project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. Moreover, the proposed project would not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

This project was advertised in the Press Enterprise Newspaper. Additionally, public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 1200 feet of the project site. As of the writing of this report, Planning

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Staff has not received written communication/phone calls from the public who indicated support/opposition to the proposed project.

This project was presented before the Mead Valley MAC on September 4, 2019.

APPEAL INFORMATION

The Planning Commission's decision may be appealed to the Board of Supervisors. Such appeals shall be submitted in writing to the Clerk of the Board, with the required fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (Consolidated Fees for Land Use and Related Functions), within 10 days after the mailing of the Planning Commission's decision.

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RESOLUTION NO. 2020 – 016

CERTIFYING ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT NO. CEQ190038 FOR PLOT PLAN NO. 190011

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of Government Code Section 65350 et seq., public hearings were held before the Riverside County Planning Commission in Riverside, California on December 16, 2020, to consider Plot Plan No. 190011 (PPT 190011); and,

WHEREAS, all the procedures of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and Riverside County Rules to Implement CEQA (Rules) have been met, and EIR CEQ190038 (referred to herein as EIR or DEIR), in connection with PPT 190011 (referred to alternatively herein as the Project), is sufficiently detailed so that all of the potentially significant effects of the Project on the environment and measures necessary to avoid or substantially lessen such effects have been evaluated in accordance with CEQA and the above referenced Rules; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the State CEQA Guidelines section 15151, the evaluation of environmental effect is to be completed in light of what is reasonably feasible; and

WHEREAS, the Riverside County Planning Department circulated a Notice of Preparation (NOP) for a 30-day public review period from June 4, 2019 to July 5, 2019. The County prepared a Draft EIR (State Clearinghouse No. 2019060002) to address and evaluate all potential environmental impacts of PPT 190011. The County circulated the DEIR for public review and comment as specified in the *State CEQA Guidelines* for a 45-day period from September 15, 2020 to October 30, 2020. Public comments were received by the County and have been responded to by the County consistent with CEQA requirements. The Project's Final EIR (FEIR) Responses to Comments document was published on December 2, 2020 (the Responses).

WHEREAS, the matter was discussed fully with testimony and documentation presented by the public and affected government agencies; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, FOUND, DETERMINED, AND ORDERED by the Planning Commission of the County of Riverside in regular session assembled on December 16, 2020 that:

- A. The Project includes PPT 190011 which was considered at the public hearing before the Planning Commission.
- B. The Project site consists of approximately 93.85 gross acres in the Mead Valley Area Plan area in unincorporated western Riverside County (the Project Site). The Project Site comprises vacant, undeveloped property. To the north, south, and west of the Project Site, properties are also vacant and undeveloped. Easterly of the Project Site, across Decker Road, are warehouse/distribution center uses and vacant land.
- C. The Project Site General Plan Land Use designation and MVAP Land Use designation is "Business Park" (BP). Zoning designation of the Project Site is "Industrial Park" (I-P). The Project does not propose or require amendment of the site's existing General Plan Land Use designation, amendment of the MVAP, and/or Zoning designation.
- D. The Project Site is located within the influence are of March Air Reserve Base and is subject to Compatibility Zone C2 in the March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan.
- E. PPT 190011 proposes construction and operation of approximately 710,736 square feet of warehouse/manufacturing uses on the Project Site. Project Parcel 1 (approximately 20.90 acres) would be developed with approximately 363,367 square feet of warehouse/manufacturing uses. Project Parcel 2 (approximately 19.59 acres) would be developed with approximately 347,369 square feet of warehouse/manufacturing uses. Project Parcels 3 and 4, totaling approximately 53.36 acres (gross) would remain vacant.
- F. EIR CEQ190038 was prepared to evaluate the potential environmental impacts of PPT 190011. The DEIR analyzed the Project's potential significant effects on the environment and made the required findings in compliance with the State CEQA Guidelines and Riverside County Rules. Based on the findings and conclusions in the DEIR and the conditions of approval applied to the Project by the County of Riverside, PPT 190011 will not cause serious public health problems.

G. As part of the approval process, conditions of approval were agreed to by the Project Applicant.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the following environmental impacts associated with EIR CEQ190038 are determined to have no environmental impacts in consideration of existing regulations and Project Design Features.

A. Aesthetics

Scenic Resources Threshold a): Implementation of the Project would not have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located.

1. No Impact:

The site is not located within a scenic highway corridor. As shown at Figure 10, Scenic Highways, of the Mead Valley Area Plan (MVAP), there are no designated scenic highways within the MVAP boundaries. The only State Eligible Scenic Highway in the MVAP is State Route 74, which is located approximately 6 miles southerly of the site. At this distance, and due to intervening development and topography, the Project will not affect views from State Route 74. Therefore, Project development will have no impact upon a scenic highway corridor. (DEIR, p. 1-16). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

B. Agriculture and Forestry Resources

Agriculture Threshold b): The Project would not conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve.

1. No Impact:

The Project Site does not contain land zoned for agriculture or land used for agricultural purposes. This threshold of significance was addressed in the Initial Study prepared for the Project, which indicated no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Agriculture Threshold c): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm").

2. No Impact:

No portion of the Project site or any adjacent properties is zoned for agricultural uses. According to Table 2, Statistical Summary of Mead Valley Area Plan, of the MVAP, no agriculturally-zoned properties exist within the MVAP. As such, the Project does not have the potential to cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally-zoned property. (DEIR, p. 1-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Agriculture Threshold d): The Project would not involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use.

3. No Impact:

Given the existing land use designations of the site and vicinity, the Project does not involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use. This threshold of significance was addressed in the Initial Study prepared for the Project (DEIR Appendix A), which indicated no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-17). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Forest Threshold a): The Project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g)).

4. No Impact:

The Project Site is not zoned as forest land and there are no lands within the Project Site's vicinity that are zoned for forest land, timberland, or Timberland Production. This threshold of significance was addressed in the Initial Study prepared for the Project (DEIR Appendix A), which indicated no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Forest Threshold b): The Project would not result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use.

5. No Impact:

As shown at General Plan Figure OS-3a, Forestry Resources Western Riverside County Parks, Forests, and Recreation Areas, neither the Project site nor vicinity is forest land. As such, there is no potential for the proposed Project to cause the loss of forest land or the conversion of forest land to non-forest use. No impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Forest Threshold c): The Project would not involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use.

6. No Impact:

Due to the absence of forest lands on the Project Site and in its vicinity, there is no potential for the proposed Project to involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in the conversion of forest land to non-forest use. No impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

C. Air Quality

Air Quality Threshold e): The Project would not involve the construction of a sensitive receptor located within one mile of an existing substantial point source emitter.

1. No Impact:

The Project proposes to develop the site with light industrial uses, which are not considered sensitive receptors; as such, no impact would occur in this regard. (DEIR, p. 1-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

D. Geology and Soils

Landslide Risk Threshold a): The Project would result in no impact due to a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards.

1. No Impact:

The Project site is mildly sloping and stable. Additionally, the site is not located within a Slope Instability Area, as shown at Figure 15 of the MVAP. For this reason, the site is not internally susceptible to landslides. As such, the potential for landslides does not exist in the Project vicinity. No impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the

discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Other Geologic Hazards Threshold a): The Project would not be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard.

2. No Impact:

The Project site is not located near any bodies of water or water storage facilities that would be considered susceptible to seiche. No volcanoes are located in proximity to the site. Impacts related to seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazards are unlikely. No impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Slopes Threshold c): The Project would not result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems.

3. No Impact:

The Project site is vacant, and contains no subsurface sewage disposal systems. Project wastewater would be conveyed by the municipal sanitary sewer system to area-serving wastewater treatment facilities. No subsurface sewage disposal systems are proposed. No impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Soils Threshold c): The Project would not have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water.

4. No Impact:

Project wastewater would be conveyed by the municipal sanitary sewer system to area-serving wastewater treatment facilities. No septic tanks or other alternative

wastewater disposal systems are proposed. There is no potential for adverse impacts due to soil limitations relative to septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems. No impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

E. Hazards and Hazardous Materials

Hazards and Hazardous Materials Threshold d): The Project would result in less-thansignificant impacts due to emission of hazardous emissions or handling hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter (1/4) mile of an existing or proposed school.

1. No Impact:

There are no existing schools, and no schools are proposed, within one-quarter mile of the Project site. The school nearest the Project site is Tomas River Middle School, located over one mile southwesterly of the site. Accordingly, the Project would have no potential to emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school. Thus, no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-20).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Hazards and Hazardous Materials Threshold e): The Project would not be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment as a result.

2. No Impact:

Based on information compiled by the Department of Toxic Substances Control, the Project site is not included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant

to Government Code Section 65962.5. The Project will not result in or cause any impacts in this regard. Thus, no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-20).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Airports Threshold d): The Project Site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, and would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area due to private airstrips or heliports.

3. No Impact:

There are no known private airstrips or heliports located in the vicinity of the Project site. Therefore, the Project will not expose people residing or working in the Project area to safety hazards associated with a private airstrip or heliport. (DEIR, p. 1-20). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

F. Hydrology and Water Quality

Water Quality Threshold e): The Project would not place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area, as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map.

1. No Impact:

Housing is not a component of the Project. Additionally, as shown at Figure 11 of the MVAP, the site is not located within any special flood hazard area. Thus, no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-21).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Water Quality Threshold f): The Project would not place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows.

2. No Impact:

As shown at Figure 11 of the MVAP, the site is not located within any special flood hazard area. As such, the Project would not place housing or other structures within a 100-year flood hazard area. Thus, no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-21).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

G. Land Use and Planning

Planning Threshold e): The Project would not disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)

1. No Impact:

Project development is consistent with the land use designations assigned to the Project Site in the County of Riverside General Plan, Land Use Ordinance, and the Mead Valley Area Plan. The Project site is currently vacant. Light industrial land uses, such as those proposed by the Project, have been anticipated for the site by applicable planning documents. Additionally, as previously stated above, the Project represents a logical continuation of the light industrial uses and designations that exist westerly, easterly, and southerly of the site. No established community would be disrupted or divided by development of the Project, and the Project would have no impact in this regard. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

H. Mineral Resources

Mineral Resources Threshold a): The Project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State.

1. No Impact:

According to Figure OS-6, Mineral Resource Zones, of the Riverside County General Plan, the Project Site is located within the "MRZ-3" Mineral Resource Zone. This category represents "Areas where the available geologic information indicates that mineral deposits are likely to exist, however, the significance of the deposit is undetermined." There are no known mineral resources within the Project site, nor does the site's existing zoning allow for the extraction of mineral resources. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Mineral Resources Threshold b): The Project would not result in the loss of availability of a locally-imported mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan

2. No Impact:

The Project Site does not have any known mineral resources. Neither the County General Plan nor MVAP identify any locally-important mineral resource recovery sites on-site or within close proximity to the site. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study

Mineral Resources Threshold c): The Project would not be an incompatible land use located adjacent to a State classified or designated area or existing surface mine.

3. No Impact:

There are no known mineral resources within the Project site, nor does the site's existing zoning allow for the extraction of mineral resources. No mines or quarries are proposed by the Project nor are any known to exist on the site or in the surrounding area.

Mineral Resources Threshold d): The Project would not expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing, or abandoned quarries or mines.

4. No Impact:

There are no proposed, existing or abandoned quarries or mines on the Project Site. Therefore, Project development has no potential to expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing or abandoned quarries or mines and there would be no impact. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

I. Noise

Airport Noise Threshold b): The Project would not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels associated with private airstrips.

1. No Impact:

The Project Site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip. The Project would not expose people working in the Project area to excessive noise levels. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Other Noise Threshold: The Project would not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels from other sources.

2. No Impact:

The Project does not contain any aspects that would qualify as "other noise" that have not been addressed by the preceding discussions. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

J. Population and Housing

Housing Threshold a): The Project would not displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere.

1. No Impact:

The Project site is currently vacant; no housing exists within the site. Therefore, Project development and operation would not result in displacing any housing. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Housing Threshold c): The Project would not displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere.

2. No Impact:

The Project site is currently vacant; no people reside within the site. Therefore, Project development and operation would not result in displacing any people. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Housing Threshold d): The Project would not affect a County Redevelopment Project Area.

3. No Impact:

The Riverside County Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of February 1, 2012. As such, the Project has no potential to adversely impact a County redevelopment area. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

K. Recreation

Parks and Recreation Threshold c): The Project would not be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees).

1. No Impact:

The Project Site is located within Community Service Area (CSA) 117. However, CSA 117 was established for street lighting services, and does not address recreational facilities. The Project site is not located in any recreation and parks district. The Quimby Act (Government Code Section 66477) allows local jurisdictions, through an ordinance, to require developers to dedicate land, pay fees or a combination of both for park and recreational purposes as a condition of approval of tract and parcel maps. The land, fees, or combination thereof would be used for the development of new, or rehabilitation of existing, park and recreation facilities to serve the associated population. The County of Riverside currently does not have a requirement for industrial projects to pay Quimby Act fees. (DEIR, p. 1-25). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial

1. Transportation/Traffic

Study.

Bike Trails Threshold: The Project would not interfere with the use of any existing bike trails, or conflict with any planned future bike trails.

1. No Impact:

According to Figure 9, Trails and Bikeway System, of the MVAP no designated bike trails exist adjacent to the Project site. The nearest bike trail is located along Cajalco Road, approximately 1.5 miles to the south of the Project site. Implementation of the Project would not interfere with the use of this trail. (DEIR, p. 1-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial

Study.

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the following environmental impacts associated with the DEIR are determined to be less than significant in consideration of existing regulations and Project Design Features.

A. Aesthetics

Scenic Resources Threshold b): The Project would result in a less-than-significant impact resulting from damage to scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; less-than-significant impacts resulting from an obstruction of prominent scenic vistas or views open to the public; and less-thansignificant impacts resulting from the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view.

1. Project Impact(s):

No scenic resources or significant natural features have been identified on the Project site. All Project land uses and development would be required to conform to applicable County design standards and development provisions, thereby ensuring that the Project would not create or result in visually intrusive or objectionable features. Passing motorists would view a contemporary, cohesively designed, and landscaped development. It is noted that the rock outcroppings located on the property to the west of the site would not be affected by the Project. (DEIR, p. 1-16) The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Mt. Palomar Observatory Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to an interference with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655.

2. Project Impact(s):

As shown at Figure 7, Mt. Palomar Night Time Lighting Policy Area, of the MVAP. the Project site is located within Zone B of the Mt. Palomar Nighttime Lighting

Policy Area. All projects within this Zone are required to adhere to the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655, which controls artificial lighting sources to protect the Observatory. Ordinance No. 655 requires the use of low-pressure sodium lamps that are shielded and identifies timing restrictions based on the type of lighting source. As such, compliance with existing regulations precludes significant impacts in this regard. (DEIR, p. 1-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Other Lighting Issues Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to the creation of a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area.

3. Project Impact(s):

Illumination of Project entrances, walkways, and parking areas would introduce new sources of light to the site and vicinity. Light sources within the Project site would likely include building-mounted, wall-mounted, and pole-mounted light fixtures; and illuminated signs. All Project lighting would comply with County requirements, and would be designed and implemented in a manner that ensures adequate site illumination; minimizes or precludes light overspill and glare; and that would not otherwise result in potentially adverse impacts. Compliance with County standards would minimize any potential light and glare impacts to levels that would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Other Lighting Issues Threshold b): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to the exposure of residential property to unacceptable light levels.

4. Project Impact(s):

Residentially-zoned properties exist to the north, across Nandina Avenue, and further west, across Day Street. As stated above, the Project would comply with all County requirements to preclude significant impacts to nearby residential properties. (DEIR, p. 1-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

B. Agriculture and Forest Resources

Agriculture Threshold a): The Project would not convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use.

1. Project Impact:

As illustrated at Figure OS-2, Agricultural Resources, of the Riverside County General Plan, the site is not considered Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance. However, the site is designated as Farmland of Local Importance. Regardless, the General Plan and zoning designations of the site are Business Park and Industrial Park, indicating the County's desire to dedicate the site to urban uses. This threshold of significance was addressed in the Initial Study prepared for the Project (DEIR Appendix A), which indicated that there is no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) on the Project Site. Thus, no impact would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

C. Air Quality

Air Quality Threshold d): The Project would not expose sensitive receptors which are

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located within 1.0 mile of the Project site to substantial point source emissions.

1. Project Impact(s):

Sensitive receptors can include uses such as long-term health care facilities, rehabilitation centers, and retirement homes. Residences, schools, playgrounds, childcare centers, and athletic facilities can also be considered as sensitive receptors. As concluded in the above discussion of Localized Air Quality Impacts, the sensitive receptors nearest the Project site would not be subject to emissions exceeding SCAQMD LSTs. Nor would the Project create or result in localized CO hot spots. The Project HRA, summarized herein, substantiates that the Project would not generate or result in localized DPM emissions that would create or result in potentially significant health risks. (DEIR, p. 4.2-72)

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.2 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix C.

Air Quality Threshold f): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to the creation of objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people.

2. Project Impact(s):

Temporary, short-term odor releases are potentially associated with Project construction activities. Potential sources of odors include, but are not limited to: asphalt/paving materials, glues, paint, and other architectural coatings. Construction-related odor impacts are mitigated by established requirements for a material handling and procedure plan, which identifies odor sources, odor-generating materials and quantities permitted on site, and isolation/containment devices or mechanisms to prevent significant release of odors. Operations of light industrial facilities proposed by the Project are not typically associated with objectionable odors. The temporary storage of refuse associated with the proposed Project's long-term operational use could be a potential source of odor; however, Project-generated refuse is required to be stored in covered containers and removed at regular intervals

in compliance with Riverside County's solid waste regulations, thereby precluding any significant odor impact. Furthermore, the proposed Project would be required to comply with SCAQMD Rule 402, which prohibits the discharge of odorous emissions that would create a public nuisance. (DEIR, p. 1-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

D. Biological Resources

Threshold a): Project construction and implementation would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan.

1. Project Impact(s): The Project site is located within the Western Riverside County MSHCP. No Cell or Cell Group is located within the site. No part of the Project site is required for conservation or reserve assembly under the MSHCP. There are no other known applicable local ordinances protecting biological resources. (DEIR, p. 4.9-13).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.9 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix J.

Threshold d): The Project would result in less-than-significant interference with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites.

2. Project Impact(s): Due to disturbance and development of vicinity properties, the Biological Report concluded that the site is unlikely to be of any significance to wildlife movement or migratory wildlife corridors. Nor does the site function as a wildlife nursery. Impacts to potential nesting migratory species are addressed through the EIR mitigation measures. On this basis, the potential for the Project to

interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.9-18 – 4.9-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.9 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix J.

Threshold e): The Project would result in less-than-significant effects on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

3. Project Impact(s): Riparian habitat or other sensitive natural communities do not exist within the Project site. Under existing conditions, some surface drainage may sheet flow off the Project site. This sheet flow appears to be conveyed off site, which ultimately leads to broad swales located east of the site. The Project area is generally not conducive to the development of wetland resources because of intensive agricultural uses and/or routine discing activities (Jurisdictional Survey, p. 15). Further, the Project does not propose or require facilities or operations that would have an adverse effect on any off-site riparian habitat or other sensitive natural communities. (DEIR, p. 4.9-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.9 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix J.

Threshold f): The Project would result in less-than-significant effects on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means.

4. Project Impact(s): The Biological Report found no federally protected wetlands within the Project site. Under existing conditions, some surface drainage may sheet flow off the Project site. This sheet flow appears to be conveyed off site, which ultimately leads to broad swales located east of the site. The Project area is generally not conducive to the development of wetland resources because of intensive agricultural uses and/or routine discing activities (Jurisdictional Survey, p. 15). Further, the Project would have no adverse effect on any off-site federally protected wetlands. (DEIR, pp. 4.9-19 – 4.9-20).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.9 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix J.

Threshold g): The Project would not conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance.

5. <u>Project Impact(s):</u> There are no known applicable local ordinances protecting biological resources. The Project's potential to conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources is therefore considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 4.9-13).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.9 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix J.

D. Cultural Resources

Historic Thresholds a) and b): Project construction and implementation would not alter or destroy a historic site or cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to California Code of regulations 15064.5.

1. Project Impact(s):

The 2008 Phase II Study prepared for the Project concluded that Site 33-017080, located within the Project site, qualifies as a historical resource. The 2019 Update to the 2008 Phase II Study confirms and reiterates this finding. The site was centrally

located among a large group of bedrock milling sites that contained little or no cultural deposit. This suggests that Site 33-017080 may have operated as a temporary habitation center surrounded by food resources and milling stations, situated some distance away from a larger, permanently settled village. The information provided helps to set a possible scenario for prehistoric settlement and site distribution patterns in the Mead Valley area. Because the site has yielded information important to the study of prehistory, it meets Criterion 4 for listing in the California Register.

Pursuant to PRC §21083.2, impacts to archaeological resources, when they cannot be prevented can be mitigated through data recovery. As a result of the field recordation of the bedrock milling features, coupled with the collection and analysis of a substantial amount of surface and subsurface cultural materials from the site, the 2008 Phase II Study successfully gathered sufficient information as to constitute adequate mitigation of Project effects to Site 33-017080. The 2008 Phase II Study concluded that future impacts to Site 33-017080 would be less-than-significant. No other historical resources would be affected by the Project. (DEIR, pp. 4.10-18 – 4.10-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.10 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein.

Paleontological Threshold a): Project would not directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature.

1. Project Impact(s):

The entire site evidences surface exposure of igneous rocks. Igneous rocks (from the Greek word for fire) form when hot, molten rock crystallizes and solidifies. The melt originates deep within the Earth near active plate boundaries or hot spots, then rises toward the surface. Fossils, with few exceptions, are not found within igneous rocks (volcanic, or of molten origin) due to the extreme heat and/or pressure associated with the origin and history of these rock types. The Paleontological Resources

Assessment concluded that the Project would not significantly affect paleontological resources. (DEIR, p. 4.10-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.10 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein.

Archaeological Resources Threshold c): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts associated with the disturbance of human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries.

2. Project Impact(s):

The likelihood of encountering human remains in the course of Project development is minimal. Further, as required by California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, should human remains be found, no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made a determination of origin and disposition pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. The County Coroner must be notified of the find immediately. If the remains were found to be prehistoric, the coroner would coordinate with the California Native American Heritage Commission as required by State law. Based on compliance with these existing regulations, the potential for the Project to disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

E. Energy

Energy Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation.

1. Project Impact(s):

Energy demands of the Project can be accommodated within the context of available

resources and energy delivery systems. The Project would comply with the California Code Title 24, Part 6 (the California Energy Code) and California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen; CCR, Title 24, Part 11) as implemented by the County of Riverside. Further, the Project would implement applicable efficiency/conservation measures provisions of the CAP Update. The Project would also provide for and promote energy efficiencies beyond those required under Federal and State of California standards and regulations and in doing so would meet or exceed all California Building Standards Code Title 24 standards. Lastly, the Project would not cause or result in the need for additional energy producing facilities or energy delivery systems. (DEIR, pp. 4.11-12 – 4.11-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.11 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix K.

Energy Threshold b): The Project would result in less-than-significant conflict or obstruction of a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency.

2. Project Impact(s):

Project would implement energy-saving features and operational programs, consistent with reduction measures contained in the County of Riverside Climate Action Plan and would comply with Standards Title 24 mandates, along with other State and County Energy Efficiency/Energy Conservation Plans as summarized in Table 4.11-1. (DEIR, pp. 4.11-6-4.11-11). Additionally, regulatory measures, standards, and policies directed at reducing air pollutant emissions and GHG emissions would also act to promote energy conservation and reduce Project energy consumption. (DEIR, pp. 4.11-12-4.11-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.11 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix K.

F. Geology and Soils

Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or County Fault Zone Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to the exposure of people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death.

1. Project Impact(s):

There are no known active or potentially active faults traversing the Project site. The site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Zone or an earthquake hazard zone, as mapped by the County (General Plan Figures S-1 and S-2, MVAP Figure 13). (DEIR, p. 1-18).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or County Fault Zone Threshold b): The Project would have less-than-significant impacts due to the rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on substantial evidence of a known fault.

Project Impact(s):

Development of the Project site would not expose people or structure to substantial adverse seismic risks. No active or potentially active faults with the potential for surface fault rupture are known to pass directly beneath the site. The site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Zone or an earthquake hazard zone, as mapped by the County (General Plan Figures S-1 and S-2, MVAP Figure 13). (DEIR, p. 1-18). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Liquefaction Potential Zone Threshold a): The Project would result in less-thansignificant impacts associated with seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction.

3. Project Impact(s):

Liquefaction and seismically-induced settlement or ground failure are generally associated with strong seismic shaking in areas where groundwater tables are at relatively shallow depths (within 50 feet of the ground surface) and/or when the area is underlain by loose, cohesionless deposits.

The Riverside County GIS system indicates that the Project site is not located within an area of liquefaction susceptibility. Additionally, the subsurface exploration conducted as part of the Project Geotechnical Investigation included eight borings at a maximum depth of approximately 30 feet. Groundwater was not encountered during any of the borings. Groundwater data within two miles of the Project site indicates a high groundwater level of approximately 72 feet below ground surface. (DEIR, p. 4.6-9).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.6 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix G.

Ground-Shaking Zone Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts associated with strong seismic ground shaking.

4. <u>Project Impact(s):</u>

Based on information presented in the Project Geotechnical Investigation, the Project site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone, or adversely affected by known earthquake faults or other seismic hazards. Further, appropriate measures which reduce the effects of seismic events and potentially adverse geology and soils conditions at the Project site are broadly identified in the CBC as implemented by the County of Riverside. Through established Site Plan, Building Permit, and Certificate of Occupancy requirements, the County will verify that required design and construction measures are incorporated throughout Project development and are functionally implemented in the completed structures and facilities. It is anticipated that any site-specific geologic constraints which may be

encountered during Project implementation will be addressed by compliance with the recommendations of the final Project Geotechnical Investigation(s), and existing County/CBC seismic design regulations, standards, and policies. (DEIR, pp. 4.6-9 – 4.6-10).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.6 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix G.

Ground Subsidence Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts associated with geologic units or soils that are unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the Project, and impacts associated with ground subsidence would be less than significant.

5. Project Impact(s):

According to Riverside County GIS, the site is not located within a subsidence hazard area. As a standard condition of Project approval, the Project would be required to comply with the site-specific recommendations contained in the final Project Geotechnical Investigation, including recommendations related to site preparation and compaction that would minimize potential hazards in this regard. (DEIR, p. 4.6-11).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.6 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix G.

Slopes Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to a change to topography or ground surface relief features.

6. Project Impact(s):

Under existing conditions, the Project Site consists of gently sloping topography. These conditions would generally be maintained by the proposed Project, although some grading would be necessary to accommodate level development pads and site drainage. Development of the Project would change topography and ground surface

relief features as compared to existing conditions. However, any potential impacts of the Project are determined to be less-than-significant based on compliance with recommendations of the Project Geotechnical Investigation, provisions of the California Building Code (CBC) and County Conditions of Approval. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Slopes Threshold b): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to the creation of cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet.

7. Project Impact(s):

The Project would involve slopes higher than 10 feet. The Project Geotechnical Investigation includes recommendations to ensure the stability of newly constructed slopes. As a standard condition of Project approval, the Project would be required to comply with the site-specific recommendations contained in the final Project Geotechnical Investigation, including recommendations related to site preparation, soil compaction, and manufactured slope design that would minimize potential hazards associated with manufactured slopes. (DEIR, p. 4.6-11).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.6 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix G.

Soils Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to substantial soil erosion or loss of topsoil.

8. Project Impact(s):

Construction activities associated with the Project would temporarily expose underlying soils, thereby increasing their susceptibility to erosion until the Project is fully implemented. Potential erosion impacts and construction-source stormwater pollutant discharges are addressed through compliance with the National Pollutant

Discharge Elimination System (NPDES). The NPDES program is administered by the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) through the individual California Regional Water Quality Control Boards (RWQCBs). General Construction Activity Storm Water NPDES permits are issued for storm water discharges by the RWQCBs. Construction activities subject to this General Permit include clearing, grading, disturbances to the ground such as stockpiling, or excavation that results in soil disturbances. Stormwater pollution prevention plans (SWPPP) are required for issuance of a construction NPDES permit; these plans typically include both structural and non-structural Best Management Practices (BMPs) that minimize erosion potentials and reduce impacts. Prior to issuance of a grading permit, the Applicant would be required to demonstrate compliance with NPDES construction activity stormwater permit requirements.

Further, the Project as implemented would be required to implement and maintain stormwater management systems and faculties pursuant to an approved Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) that would effectively minimize or negate erosion potentials on a long-term basis. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Soils Threshold b): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to location on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1803.5.3 of the California Building Code (2019), creating substantial risks to life or property.

9. Project Impact(s):

Based on testing conducted as part of the Project Geotechnical Investigation, the near surface site soils are generally expected to possess a "non-expansive" to "very low" expansion potential (EI of 0 to 2). Additionally, any site-specific geologic constraints which may be encountered during Project implementation will be addressed by compliance with the recommendations of the final Project Geotechnical

Investigation(s), and existing County/CBC seismic design regulations, standards, and policies. (DEIR, p. 4.6-12).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.6 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix G.

Erosion Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts associated with a change in deposition, siltation, or erosion that may modify the channel of a river or stream or the bed of a lake.

10. Project Impact(s):

Project construction activities would temporarily expose underlying soils, thereby increasing their susceptibility to crosion until the Project is fully implemented. However, potential crosion impacts and construction-source stormwater pollutant discharges are addressed through compliance with the NPDES. Pursuant to the NPDES program, BMPs that minimize crosion and reduce water quality impacts would be implemented. Prior to issuance of a grading permit, development proposals within the Project site would be required to demonstrate compliance with NPDES construction activity stormwater permit requirements. Further, the Project would be required to implement and maintain stormwater management systems and facilities pursuant to an approved WQMP that would effectively minimize or negate crosion potentials on a long-term basis. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Erosion Threshold b): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts associated with any increase in water erosion either on or off site.

11. Project Impact(s):

Project construction activities would temporarily expose underlying soils, thereby increasing their susceptibility to erosion until the Project is fully implemented.

However, potential erosion impacts and construction-source stormwater pollutant discharges are addressed through compliance with the NPDES. Pursuant to the NPDES program, BMPs that minimize erosion and reduce water quality impacts would be implemented. Prior to issuance of a grading permit, development proposals within the Project site would be required to demonstrate compliance with NPDES construction activity stormwater permit requirements. Further, the Project would be required to implement and maintain stormwater management systems and facilities pursuant to an approved WQMP that would effectively minimize or negate erosion potentials on a long-term basis. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Wind Erosion and Blowsand Threshold a): The Project would result in less-thansignificant impacts associated with on- or off-site wind erosion and blowsand.

12. Project Impact(s):

According to General Plan Figure S-8, Wind Erosion Susceptibility Map, the Project site is located in an area with a moderate susceptibility to wind erosion. Construction activities associated with the Project would temporarily expose underlying soils, thereby increasing their susceptibility to erosion until the Project is fully implemented. However, the site would be constructed and maintained consistent with the requirements set forth in County Ordinances 460 (Article XV) and 484, which set forth methods and requirements for the control of blowsand. Compliance with these existing regulations would ensure impacts due to wind erosion and blowsand are less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-19).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

G. <u>Hazards and Hazardous Materials</u>

Hazards and Hazardous Materials Threshold a): The Project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials and impacts.

1. Project Impact:

During the normal course of construction activities, there will be limited transport of potentially hazardous materials (e.g., gasoline, diesel fuel, paints, solvents, fertilizer, etc.) to and from the Project site. The Project is required to comply with Hazardous Materials Management Plans and regulations addressing transport, use, storage and disposal of these materials. Additionally, rock blasting activities may be required during the site preparation phase to remove bedrock and create buildable pads. Rock blasting typically utilizes small, highly controlled explosive charges to fragment hard rocks into smaller, crushable pieces. Construction contractors would be required to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations in this regard. The Project does not propose uses or activities that would require atypical transportation, use, storage, or disposal of hazardous or potentially hazardous materials not addressed under current regulations and policies. Mandated compliance with existing regulations also reduces the potential for risk of accidental explosion or release of hazardous substances. (DEIR, p. 1-20).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Hazards and Hazardous Materials Threshold b): The Project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment.

2. Project Impact(s):

During the normal course of construction activities, there will be limited transport of potentially hazardous materials (e.g., gasoline, diesel fuel, paints, solvents, fertilizer,

etc.) to and from the Project site. The Project is required to comply with Hazardous Materials Management Plans and regulations addressing transport, use, storage and disposal of these materials. Additionally, rock blasting activities may be required during the site preparation phase to remove bedrock and create buildable pads. Rock blasting typically utilizes small, highly controlled explosive charges to fragment hard rocks into smaller, crushable pieces. Construction contractors would be required to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations in this regard. The Project does not propose uses or activities that would require atypical transportation, use, storage, or disposal of hazardous or potentially hazardous materials not addressed under current regulations and policies. Mandated compliance with existing regulations also reduces the potential for risk of accidental explosion or release of hazardous substances. (DEIR, p. 1-20).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Hazards and Hazardous Materials Threshold c): The Project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan.

3. Project Impact:

The Project does not propose or require designs or activities that would interfere with any identified emergency response or emergency evacuation plan. Temporary alterations to vehicle circulation routes associated with Project construction are addressed through the Project Construction Traffic Management Plan (please refer to IS Section 2.0, *Project Description*, Construction Traffic Management Plan). Ongoing coordination with the local fire and police departments during construction would ensure that potential interference with emergency response and evacuation efforts are avoided. (DEIR, p. 1-20).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the

discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Airports Threshold a): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan.

4. Project Impact(s):

The Project site is located approximately one mile southwesterly of March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port Airport. An Airport Master Plan has not yet been created for March Inland Port Airport. Absent an Airport Master Plan, the March JPA General Plan establishes the long-term vision to guide the future development of properties located within the March JPA Planning Area. As shown at Figure II-1 of the March JPA General Plan, the Project site is not located within the General Plan Planning Area, and as such is not subject to the provisions presented therein. The Project would not conflict or obstruct implementation of the General Plan in any way. It is assumed that the future Airport Master Plan would be developed consistent with the land uses and boundaries presented within the existing General Plan. (DEIR, p. 4.5-14).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.5 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix F.

Airports Threshold b): The Project was reviewed by the Airport Land Use Commission and was found to be compatible with airport operations; impacts would be less than significant.

5. Project Impact(s):

Riverside County ALUC review is necessary primarily for projects that include legislative actions such as a General Plan Amendment, Specific Plan Amendment, or Zone Change. The Oleander Business Park Project would not require any such amendments. Since the Project is consistent with the existing Riverside County land use designations of the site, it would also be considered consistent with the land uses assumed by the 2014 Riverside County ALUCP for March ARB/IPA (March

ARB/IPA ALUCP).

The Project Applicant has submitted the Project plans to the ALUC for that agency's independent review. Review and conditional approval of the Project is documented in Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) Development Review (Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission) September 19, 2019 (DEIR Appendix F). Conditions, revisions or limitations required by the ALUC would be incorporated in the Project prior to approval by the County. (DEIR, pp. 4.5-15 – 4.5-16).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.5 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix F.

Airports Threshold c): The Project would result in a less-than-significant impact due to safety hazards associated with public airports.

6. Project Impact(s):

The Riverside County ALUC has reviewed the Project and determined the Project to be consistent with the March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port Airport ALUCP, subject to conditions. Additionally, Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) airspace review has been completed for the Project, and the FAA has issued No Hazard to Air Navigation Determinations for all Project facilities. The Project would comply with all ALUC conditions and requirements established through the ALUC review process, including but not limited to compliance with applicable provisions of the March ARB/IPA ALUCP. Consistency with the ALUCP demonstrates that the Project would not result in or create safety hazard related to or affecting March ARP/IPA facilities or operations. (DEIR, p. 4.5-17).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.5 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix F.

Hazardous Fire Area Threshold a): The Project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands

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are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands.

7. <u>Project Impact(s)</u>:

As shown at Figure 12, Wildfire Susceptibility, of the MVAP, the Project site is not located within a designated Fire Hazard Severity Zone. Additionally, the Project site and surrounding areas are currently provided fire protection and emergency response services by the Riverside County Fire Department. Development fees and taxes paid by the Project act to offset its incremental demands for fire protection services. Based on the preceding discussion, the Project's potential to expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-20).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

H. Hydrology and Water Quality

Water Quality Threshold a): The Project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site.

1. Project Impact(s):

Post-development drainage patterns would respect the tributary drainage areas and drainage patterns depicted on the Master Drainage Plan for Perris Valley Area June 1991. The Project does not propose or require alteration of any streams or rivers.

Developed stormwaters would be conveyed by storm drains connecting to the existing MDP storm drain system and would not be discharged to areas subject to erosion. Stormwaters from the Project site would therefore not be discharged in a manner that cause or result in substantial erosion. The Project SWPPP and WQMP, discussed subsequently, would ensure that substantial erosion and/or siltation would not otherwise occur under post-development conditions. (DEIR, p. 4.7-26).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the

discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.7 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix H.

Water Quality Thresholds b) and g): The Project would not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements; or otherwise substantially degrade water quality.

2. Project Impact(s):

During site preparation activities, any existing groundcover would be removed from the site, exposing the Project area to increased wind and water erosion potentials. Further, construction site runoff may carry increased loads of sediment, heavy metals and petroleum hydrocarbons (from machinery) which could degrade water quality. In accordance with NPDES requirements, the Project Applicant would be required to prepare and implement a construction activities erosion control plan to alleviate potential sedimentation and stormwater discharge contamination impacts of the Project.

The Applicant would also be responsible for compliance with the General Construction NPDES permit from the SARWQCB by filing a Notice of Intent to Commence Construction Activities. Under the General Construction Permit, discharge of materials other than stormwater is prohibited. The General Construction Permit stipulates further that the Applicant shall prepare, retain at the construction site, and implement a SWPPP which identifies the sources of sediments and other pollutants that affect the quality of stormwater discharge, and implement practices to reduce sediment and other pollutants to stormwater discharge. SWPPP requirements include identification of construction and post-construction BMPs that would act to reduce sediments and other pollutants.

Implementation of the Project SWPPP and compliance with applicable NPDES and SARWQCB requirements would ensure that potential construction-source water quality impacts of the Project are reduced below the level of significance. (DEIR, p. 4.7-27).

Over the life of the Project, contaminants such as oil, fuel and grease that are spilled or left behind by vehicular traffic, collect and concentrate on paved surfaces. During storm events, these contaminants are washed into the storm drain system and may potentially degrade receiving water quality. Stormwater runoff from paved surfaces within the developed Project area could carry a variety of urban wastes, including greases and oils and small amounts of metals which are common by-products of vehicular travel. In addition, storm runoff will likely contain residual amounts of fertilizers and plant additives washed off from landscaped areas.

Recognizing the potential hazards of such urban runoff, the EPA has issued regulations which require municipalities to participate in the NPDES program. As part of this program, the SARWQCB has issued an NPDES permit for urban runoff to the RCFCWCD, and the County has been established as a co-permittee. Compliance with the provisions specified in the NPDES permit ensures proper management and disposal of urban runoff from the Project.

To ensure adequate and appropriate treatment of stormwater discharges, the Project stormwater management system concept and associated WQMP would incorporate treatment systems to remove potential pollutants of concern from developed stormwater discharges onsite prior to release to the master plan drainage system. More specifically, the Project WQMP would provide volume-based underground storage areas and MWS bio-filtration facilities. Additionally, self-treating landscape areas would be constructed along the Project perimeter. Please refer also to Project WQMP Section D: Implement LID BMPs for specific water quality treatment systems and facilities to be implemented by the Project. The Project WQMP would be designed, constructed, operated and maintained in conformance with design criteria and performance standards presented in the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board WQMP Guidance Document. (DEIR, p. 4.7-28).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.7 of the DEIR and the citations noted

therein, and DEIR Appendix H.

Water Quality Threshold c): The Project would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level.

3. Project Impact(s):

The Project would be provided domestic water service by the Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). The Project does not propose direct withdrawal of groundwater that would substantially deplete groundwater supplies. Nor does the Project propose facilities or activities affecting designated groundwater recharge areas. Further, construction proposed by the Project will not involve massive substructures at depths that would significantly impair or alter the direction or rate of flow of groundwater. As such, the potential for the Project to substantially deplete groundwater supplies, or to substantially interfere with groundwater recharge capabilities are anticipated to be less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-21).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Water Quality Threshold d): The Project would not create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of the existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff.

4. Project Impact(s):

The Project incorporates necessary drainage and stormwater management systems, and would comply with stormwater system design, construction, and operational requirements mandated under the County Code as well as regulations established by other agencies such as the SARWQCB and RCFCWCD. The Project stormwater management system incorporates storm drains sized to accept and convey calculated maximum stormwater discharges. More specifically, as discussed in the Project Hydrology Report, and summarized in this Section, stormwater discharges from the

Project stormwater management system would not exceed existing conditions.

Receiving MPD storm drains are adequately sized and configured to accept developed stormwater discharges from the Project site.

Final design, configuration, and locations of proposed drainage system improvements would be reviewed and approved by the County and RCFCWCD, prior to, or concurrent with, application for grading permits. (DEIR, p. 4.7-29).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.7 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix H.

Water Quality Threshold h): The Project would include new or retrofitted stormwater Treatment Control Best Management Practices (BMPs) (e.g., water quality treatment basins, constructed treatment wetlands), the operation of which could result in significant environmental effects (e.g., increased vectors or odors).

5. Project Impact(s):

The Project does not propose or require Treatment Control BMPs the operation of which could result in significant environmental effects. More specifically, Treatment Control BMPs implemented by the Project would comprise underground storage areas, followed by bio-filtration utilizing a Modular Wetlands System (MSW). Treatment Control BMPs implemented by the Project would conform to design criteria and performance standards presented in Water Quality Management Plan, A Guidance Document for the Santa Ana Region of Riverside County (Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board) October 22, 2012 (WQMP Guidance Document) Section 3.4.2 Types of LID BMPs.

There is the potential that vegetation in and around MSW areas or elsewhere within the Project site could provide food or cover for bird species that could interfere with operations of proximate March Air Base. The Project would be required to comply with Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) conditions of approval addressing vegetation in and around MSW areas or elsewhere in the Project site that could

provide food or cover for bird species. Normal maintenance activities for biofiltration areas and MSWs would further minimize potential effects related to vectors and odors. (DEIR, p. 4.7-30).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.7 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix H.

Floodplains Threshold a): The Project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site.

6. Project Impact(s):

The Project stormwater management concept would maintain the subject site's existing prevalent west – east trending drainage pattern. The Project does not propose or require alteration of any streams or rivers. The Project stormwater management system described herein would ensure that additional stormwaters generated by the Project would not exceed the capacity of the receiving storm drain system or otherwise result in flooding on-site or off-site. (DEIR, p. 4.7-31).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.7 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix H.

Floodplains Threshold b): The Project would not change absorption rates or the rate and amount of surface runoff.

7. Project Impact(s):

New impervious surfaces and structures implemented by the Project would increase the rate and amount of surface runoff developed within the Project site. However, the Project stormwater management system described herein acts to preclude or minimize potential adverse effects of additional generated stormwater runoff. (DEIR, p. 4.7-32).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.7 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix H.

Floodplains Threshold c): The Project will result in less-than-significant impacts due to exposure of people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam (Dam Inundation Area).

8. Project Impact(s):

The Project site is not located in a dam inundation area, or any other special flood hazard area, as delineated at Figure 15 of the MVAP. As such, the potential for the Project to expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-21).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Floodplains Threshold d): The Project would not change the amount of surface water in any water body.

9. Project Impact(s):

Runoff from the Project site would be conveyed south/southwesterly toward Lake Elsinore, which is located approximately 14 miles southwesterly of the Project site. As discussed previously, the Project stormwater management system would be designed to ensure that the historical drainage characteristics of the Project site and surrounding areas would not be substantially altered. Additionally, stormwater discharges from the Project site would not exceed existing conditions and would therefore not substantially add to the amount of surface water in any water body. The Project does not propose elements or operations that would substantially reduce the amount of surface water in any water body. (DEIR, p. 4.7-33).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.7 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix H.

I. Land Use and Planning

Land Use Threshold a): The Project would not result in a substantial alteration of the present or planned land use of an area.

1. Project Impact(s):

Uses proposed by the Project are consistent with the site's current Business Park General Plan Land Use designation; and the site's Industrial zoning designation. The proposed uses are representative of those envisioned for the site by the General Plan and the MVAP. The site is located within the City of Perris' sphere of influence (SOI). However, the Perris General Plan does not identify land use designations for property located outside the City boundaries, but within its SOI. Although the Project represents development of a property located within a City SOI, it is consistent with the land use designations currently in place. No change in land use designation is required or proposed. Impacts in this regard are considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-21).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Land Use Threshold b): The Project would not affect land use within a city sphere of influence and/or within adjacent city or county boundaries.

2. Project Impact(s):

Uses proposed by the Project are consistent with the site's current Business Park General Plan Land Use designation; and the site's Industrial zoning designation. The proposed uses are representative of those envisioned for the site by the General Plan and the MVAP. The site is located within the City of Perris' sphere of influence (SOI). However, the Perris General Plan does not identify land use designations for

property located outside the City boundaries, but within its SOI. Although the Project represents development of a property located within a City SOI, it is consistent with the land use designations currently in place. No change in land use designation is required or proposed. Impacts in this regard are considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-21).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Planning Threshold a): The Project would not be inconsistent with the site's existing or proposed zoning.

3. Project Impact(s):

The General Plan Land Use designation of the site is Business Park (BP). The site's zoning is Industrial Park (I-P). The Project does not propose or require modification of the County's existing General Plan Land Use or Zoning designations. Properties located to the north are zoned Rural Residential (R-R). Properties located easterly and southerly of the site are zoned for light industrial (LI) uses. Properties located westerly adjacent to the site are zoned I-P. The Project represents a logical continuation of the existing light industrial uses and designations that exist westerly, easterly, and southerly of the site. (DEIR, p. 1-21).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Planning Threshold b): The Project would be compatible with existing surrounding zoning.

4. Project Impact(s):

The General Plan Land Use designation of the site is Business Park (BP). The site's zoning is Industrial Park (I-P). The Project does not propose or require modification of the County's existing General Plan Land Use or Zoning designations. Properties located to the north are zoned Rural Residential (R-R). Properties located easterly

and southerly of the site are zoned for light industrial (LI) uses. Properties located westerly adjacent to the site are zoned I-P. The Project represents a logical continuation of the existing light industrial uses and designations that exist westerly, easterly, and southerly of the site. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Planning Threshold c): The Project would be compatible with existing and planned surrounding land uses.

5. Project Impact(s):

The General Plan Land Use designation of the site is Business Park (BP). The site's zoning is Industrial Park (I-P). The Project does not propose or require modification of the County's existing General Plan Land Use or Zoning designations. Properties located to the north are zoned Rural Residential (R-R). Properties located easterly and southerly of the site are zoned for light industrial (LI) uses. Properties located westerly adjacent to the site are zoned I-P. The Project represents a logical continuation of the existing light industrial uses and designations that exist westerly, easterly, and southerly of the site. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Planning Threshold d): The Project would be consistent with the land use designations and policies of the General Plan (including those of any applicable Specific Plan).

6. Project Impact(s):

The General Plan Land Use designation of the site is Business Park (BP). The site's zoning is Industrial Park (I-P). The Project does not propose or require modification of the County's existing General Plan Land Use or Zoning designations. Properties located to the north are zoned Rural Residential (R-R). Properties located easterly

and southerly of the site are zoned for light industrial (LI) uses. Properties located westerly adjacent to the site are zoned I-P. The Project represents a logical continuation of the existing light industrial uses and designations that exist westerly, easterly, and southerly of the site. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

J. Noise

Airport Noise Threshold a): The Project would result in a less-than-significant exposure of people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise levels associated with public airports.

1. Project Impact(s):

The Project site is located within Compatibility Zone C2 of the March Air Reserve Base/Inland Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP). According to Table MA-1, Compatibility Zone Factors, of the ALUCP, Compatibility Zone C2 includes properties within the 60 dBA CNEL noise contour. Properties within Compatibility Zone C2 may be subject to single-noise events that are disruptive to noise-sensitive land uses. However, uses proposed by the Project are not considered noise-sensitive receptors. According to General Plan Table N-1, land uses such as the Project are considered "normally acceptable" at noise levels up to 75 dBA CNEL. Based on the preceding, significant impacts related to airport noise would not occur. (DEIR, p. 1-22).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Railroad Noise Threshold: The Project will result in a less-than-significant exposure of people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels from rail/railroad operations.

2. Project Impact(s):

The Project site is located approximately one-half mile (2,640 feet) westerly of an existing rail spur line, which connects to a north-south rail corridor that runs adjacent to Interstate 215. According to General Plan Draft EIR No. 521 (Figures 4.15.2 through 4.15.4), which presents information about noise levels associated with rail lines throughout the County, land uses located between 1,600 feet and 3,800 feet from existing rail corridors would be subject to noise levels between 60 dBA and 65 dBA. According to General Plan Table N-1, land uses such as the Project are considered "normally acceptable" at noise levels up to 75 dBA CNEL. Based on the preceding, significant impacts related to railroad noise would not occur. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Highway Noise Threshold: The Project will result in a less-than-significant exposure of people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels from highway operations.

3. Project Impact(s):

The Project site is located approximately one-half mile (2,640 feet) westerly of Interstate 215. According to Figure 4.13.9 of the Riverside County General Plan EIR, land uses that are located between 1,228 feet and 2,645 feet from a freeway corridor would be subject to noise levels ranging from 55 dBA to 60 dBA. According to General Plan Table N-1, land uses such as the Project are considered "normally acceptable" at noise levels up to 75 dBA CNEL. Based on the preceding, significant impacts related to highway noise would not occur. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Noise Effects by the Project Threshold a): The Project would not result in a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project.

4. Project Impact(s):

Project noise sources that could result in or cause a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the Project vicinity above levels existing without the Project include: Project operational/area-source noise, and Project vehicular-source noise. As substantiated at DEIR Subsection 4.4, Noise and supporting technical Noise Impact Analysis (DEIR Appendix E):

- Project operational/area-source noise would not cause or result in a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels when compared to ambient conditions without the Project. Impacts in these regards would therefore be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.4-31, 4.4-32).
- Project vehicular-source noise would not cause or result in a substantial
 permanent increase in ambient noise levels when compared to ambient
 conditions without the Project. Impacts in these regards would therefore be
 less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 4.4-27).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.4 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix E.

Noise Effects by the Project Threshold b): The Project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project.

5. Project Impact(s):

Project noise sources that could result in or cause a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the Project vicinity above levels existing without the Project include: Project construction-source noise. As substantiated at DEIR Subsection 4.4, Noise and supporting technical Noise Impact Analysis (DEIR

Appendix E):

 Project construction-source noise would not cause or result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels when compared to ambient conditions without the Project. Impacts in these regards would therefore be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.4-24, 4.4-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.4 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix E.

Noise Effects by the Project Threshold c): The Project would not result in exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies.

6. Project Impact(s):

Project noise sources that could result in exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies include: Project construction-source noise, Project operational/area-source noise, and Project vehicular-source noise. As substantiated at DEIR Subsection 4.4, and supporting technical Noise Impact Analysis (DEIR Appendix E):

- Project construction-source noise would not cause or result in exposure of
 persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in
 the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other
 agencies. Impacts in these regards would therefore be less-than-significant.
 (DEIR, pp. 4.4-23 4.4-25).
- Project operational/area-source noise would not cause or result in exposure
 of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established
 in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other
 agencies. Impacts in these regards would therefore be less-than-significant.
 (DEIR, pp. 4.4-28, 4.4-29).

Project vehicular-source noise would not cause or result in exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. Impacts in these regards would therefore be less-than-significant.
 (DEIR, pp. 4.4-25 – 4.4-27).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.4 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix E.

Noise Effects by the Project Threshold d): The Project would not result in exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels.

7. Project Impact(s):

Project vibration sources that could result in exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels include: Project construction activities, and Project operational activities.

As substantiated at DEIR Subsection 4.4 and supporting technical Noise Impact Analysis (DEIR Appendix E):

- Project construction activities would not result in exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels.
 Impacts in these regards would therefore be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.4-32 – 4.4-34).
- Project operational activities would not result in exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels.
 Impacts in these regards would therefore be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.4-34, 4.4-35).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.4 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix E.

K. Population and Housing

Housing Threshold b): The Project would not create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income, and impacts would be less than significant.

1. Project Impact(s):

The Project does not propose uses that would result in substantial population growth, creating a demand for additional housing. Project-related employment demands would likely be filled by the existing Riverside County personnel pool, with little or no measurable increase in the County resident population or the demand for housing within the area. Impacts would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Housing Threshold e): The Project would not cumulatively exceed official regional or local population projections, and impacts would be less than significant.

2. Project Impact(s):

The Project would not induce substantial population growth in the area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure), and impacts would be less than significant. (DEIR, p. 1-23).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Housing Threshold f): The Project would not induce substantial population growth in the area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure), and impacts would be less than significant.

3. Project Impact(s):

The Project does not propose residential development, nor would the Project otherwise induce substantial population growth in the area, either directly or indirectly. In this latter regard, land uses and development intensities proposed by the Project are consistent with land uses and development intensities assumed under the General Plan. As such, growth resulting from buildout of the Project is consistent with, and reflected in, the growth projections assumed by the County. Further, supporting infrastructure for the Project is also a planned response to anticipated growth of the area, not an inducement to growth. The potential for the Project to induce substantial population growth in the area, either directly or indirectly is therefore considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-24).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

L. Public Services

Public Services Threshold): The Project would not result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government facilities or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for fire services, sheriff services, schools, libraries, and/or health services.

1. Project Impact(s):

The Project would introduce structures, traffic, and workers to the Project Site, which would increase the demand for fire protection and law enforcement services provided by the Riverside County Fire Department and Sheriff Facilities. However, the Project would be required to comply with County Ordinance No. 695, which establishes development impact fees. Fees collected pursuant to Ordinance No. 695 would act to offset incremental Project-related fire protection and police protection services demands.

The Project is industrial in nature and thereby would not result in impacts to schools, libraries or health services such that the physical impacts would require provision of altered or new government facilities. Additionally, the Project Applicant would pay mandatory school impact fees prior to issuance of the first Project building permit. The overall Project impact level to Public Services will be less than significant. (DEIR, p. 1-24).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

M. Recreation

Parks and Recreation Threshold a): The Project would not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

1. Project Impact(s):

The Project does not propose elements (e.g., residential development) that would result in substantial increased demands for neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities. Additionally, Development Impact Fees (DIF) would be collected by the County to offset any impacts to recreational facilities. As such, the Project's potential to result in increased demands on neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-24). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Parks and Recreation Threshold b): The Project would not include the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated.

2. Project Impact(s):

The Project does not propose elements (e.g., residential development) that would

result in substantial increased demands for neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities. Additionally, Development Impact Fees (DIF) would be collected by the County to offset any impacts to recreational facilities. As such, the Project's potential to result in increased demands on neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-25). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Recreational Trails Threshold: The Project would not interfere with the use of any existing recreational trails, or conflict with any planned future recreational trails.

3. Project Impact(s):

The Figure 9, Trails and Bikeway System, of the MVAP indicates that designated Community Trails exist along Nandina Avenue, Decker Road, Oleander Avenue and Harley Knox Road. Implementation of the Project would not interfere with the use of any existing trails. Any future trails planned adjacent to the Project site would be implemented by the Project. As such, no significant impacts to recreational trails would occur. (DEIR, p. 1-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

N. Transportation/Traffic

Transportation Threshold: The Project would not conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b), resulting in Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) impacts.

1. Project Impact(s):

The Project would generate additional Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). As substantiated at DEIR Subsection 4.1, and supporting technical VMT Assessment (DEIR Appendix B), Project VMT/employee would not exceed the applicable

County VMT/employee threshold. On this basis, the potential for the Project to conflict with or be inconsistent with *CEQA Guidelines* Section 15064.3, subdivision (b) would be less-than-significant. Additionally, the Project would not result in or contribute to substantial adverse induced VMT impacts. Impacts in this regard would therefore be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.1-3 - 4.1-9).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.1 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix B.

Circulation Threshold a): The Project would not conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

2. Project Impact(s):

The Project does not propose elements or aspects that would conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities. In this respect, the Project is designed to accommodate pedestrians via sidewalks provided along adjacent public roadways. Landscaping would be installed along the Project's perimeter, separating and defining the adjacent public roadway rights-of-way (and their associated streetscapes and sidewalks) from the Project interior spaces, minimizing or avoiding conflict between Project operations and pedestrian traffic. Additionally, all Project site design features, including but not limited to sidewalk designs and driveway access to adjacent streets would be subject to review and approval by the County of Riverside at the time improvement plans are submitted. Established County review processes ensure that Project driveway access control and sight distance standards conform to County safety standards, acting to minimize potential pedestrian/vehicle conflicts at the Project driveway intersections with adjacent sidewalks.

The Project is located within the MVAP. In the Project vicinity, community trails are proposed along Oleander Avenue, Harvill Avenue (north of Oleander Avenue), and

Harley Knox Boulevard. Consistent with County requirements, the Project would design and construct adjacent roadway sections, including any trail improvements and/or incorporation of trail easements.

There are no public transit services in the vicinity of the Project site under existing conditions. On a long-term basis, the Project may result in increased demand for public transportation as increased employment opportunities become available on-site; however, transit agencies routinely review and adjust their ridership schedules to accommodate public demand. Accordingly, the Project has no potential to conflict with local public transit service.

No designated truck routes exist within the County jurisdiction. However, when Project truck traffic passes through adjacent jurisdictions (e.g., City of Perris) trucks would be required to use designated truck routes. Mandatory use of designated truck routes would minimize potential conflicts between truck traffic and other motorized and non-motorized transportation modes. (DEIR, pp. 4.1-10 – 4.1-11).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.1 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix B.

Circulation Threshold b): The Project would not conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways.

3. Project Impact(s):

Congestion and Level of Service (LOS) deficiencies are no longer environmental impact considerations under CEQA. The Initial Study topic: "Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways" is therefore no longer a County CEQA environmental consideration. For informational

purposes, congestion management and related analysis of potential LOS deficiencies are addressed in detail in the Project TIA, DEIR Appendix B.

Circulation Threshold c): The Project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks.

4. Project Impact(s):

The Project site is located approximately one mile southwesterly of March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port Airport (MARB/IPA), within the MARB/IPA Airport Influence Area (Airport Influence Area). Within the Airport Influence Area are three designated Compatibility Zones. Properties within these zones are subject to MARB/IPA Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) policies and regulations governing such issues as land use, development intensity, density, height of structures, and noise. The Project site is located within Compatibility Zone C2.

The Project proposes conventional warehouse/manufacturing uses and does not propose or require facilities or operations that would affect or be affected by MARB/IPA air traffic levels or air traffic patterns. The Project does not propose designs or uses that would not encroach on restricted air space(s) nor would the Project structures otherwise adversely affect MARB/IPA airfield operations. The Project would comply with all requirements established under the ALUCP. (DEIR, p. 4.1-12).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.1 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix B.

Circulation Threshold d): The Project would not alter waterborne, rail or air traffic.

5. Project Impact(s):

There are no existing or proposed waterborne traffic routes or rail traffic routes within the Study Area. The Project would have no impact on waterborne traffic or rail traffic. On this basis, the potential for the Project to alter waterborne, rail, or air

traffic would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 4.1-13).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.1 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix B.

Circulation Threshold e): The Project would not substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment).

6. Project Impact(s):

The final design of the Project site plan and all Project traffic improvements would be subject to review and approval by the County, thereby ensuring conformance of the Project improvements with County design and safety standards. In addition, representatives of the County Sheriff Department and County Fire Department would review the Project's plans to ensure that emergency access is provided consistent with Department(s) requirements. Efficient and safe access within, and access to, the Project is provided by the site plan design concept, site access improvements, and site adjacent roadway improvements included as components of the Project. On-site traffic signing and striping would be implemented in conjunction with detailed construction plans for the Project site. Sight distance at each Project access point would be reviewed to ensure conformance with County sight distance standards at the time of preparation of final grading, landscape and street improvement plans. (DEIR, p. 4.1-14).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.1 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix B.

Circulation Threshold f): The Project would not cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered maintenance of roads.

7. Project Impact(s):

The Project would implement recommended roadway system improvements

identified in this Section and any additional/alternative improvements that may be required pursuant to the Project Conditions of Approval. All proposed improvements would be designed and constructed consistent with County engineering standards and requirements. The County would review and inspect all roads constructed as part of the Project prior to their acceptance for maintenance, thereby minimizing potential roadway maintenance requirements.

Roadways in the Study Area generally would require routine, intermittent maintenance. Periodic maintenance of the Study Area roadway system is a function of the County (and Caltrans for Caltrans facilities). Such maintenance activities would not result in any new or substantially different impacts beyond those identified and addressed in this EIR.

Maintenance and repair of Study Area roads is funded by federal, state, and local tax revenues. The Project will also contribute fees and tax revenues to the County that may be directed to the repair and maintenance of Study Area roads. (DEIR, p. 4.1-15).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.1 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix B.

Circulation Threshold g): The Project would not substantially cause an effect upon circulation during Project's construction.

8. Project Impact(s):

Temporary alterations to vehicle circulation routes associated with Project construction are addressed through the Project Construction Traffic Management Plan (please refer to IS Section 2.0, *Project Description*, Construction Traffic Management Plan). With the implementation of this Plan, the Project's potential to cause an effect upon circulation during construction is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Circulation Threshold h): The Project would not substantially result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses.

9. Project Impact(s):

The Project would not affect any local area roadways that serve as emergency access routes during construction or operations. The Project's design would be reviewed to ensure adequate access for emergency vehicles. With required adherence to Riverside County requirements for emergency vehicle access, impacts in this regard are considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Circulation Threshold i): The Project would not conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs regarding public transit, bikeways or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise substantially decrease the performance or safety of such facilities.

10. Project Impact(s):

The Project does not propose elements or aspects that would conflict with adopted alternative transportation policies. On a long-term basis, the Project may result in increased demand for public transportation as increased employment opportunities become available on-site; however, transit agencies routinely review and adjust their ridership schedules to accommodate public demand. As part of the County's standard development review processes, the need for transit-related facilities, bicycle, and pedestrian access would be coordinated between the County and the Project Applicant. Based on the preceding discussions, the potential for the Project to conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such

facilities is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

O. Utilities and Service System

Water Threshold a): The Project would not require or result in the construction of new water treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects.

1. Project Impact(s):

The Project proposes conventional light industrial facilities and does not require water treatment beyond that provided by EMWD. No additional or non-standard treatment is required to specifically meet the Project's water demands.

The Applicant would be required to pay water service connection fees established by EMWD to support the maintenance and planned improvement of water treatment facilities. The EMWD, as a regional water treatment provider, would determine when and in what manner treatment facilities would be constructed and/or upgraded to meet increasing demands of area wide development, including the incremental demands of the Project. (DEIR, p. 4.8-7).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.8 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix I.

Water Threshold b): The Project would have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed.

2. Project Impact(s):

Water service to the Project would be provided by EMWD. The Project would connect to existing EMWD water system lines located in adjacent rights-of-way. EMWD's 2015 Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) was prepared in response

to Water Code Sections 10610 through 10656 of the Urban Water Management Planning Act, and includes detailed information about EMWD's water demand, supply and reliability for the next 25 years. A Water Supply Assessment (WSA) has been prepared for the proposed Project.

Summarizing the findings of the WSA, the Project's annual demand of 60.7 af is well below the demand assumed for the site within the 2015 UWMP. As stated on page 24 of the WSA, "EMWD has determined that it will be able to provide adequate water supplies to meet the potable water demand for this project as part of its existing and future demands." Further, within the 2015 UWMP, EMWD determined that they have the ability to meet all projected demand through 2040, even under a repeat of historic multiple-year drought scenarios.

EMWD has provided a conditional "Will-Serve" letter indicating availability of water supplies and water service to the Project. Provision of water service by EMWD is contingent on the Applicant's compliance with EMWD rules and regulations. The Applicant would comply with additional EMWD requirements for water service including, but not limited to, plan check review and approval, facility construction, inspection, jurisdictional annexation, and payment of financial participation charges. (DEIR, p. 4.8-9).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.8 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix I.

Sewer Threshold a): The Project would not require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects.

3. Project Impact(s):

Wastewater treatment and conveyance services for the Project would be provided by EMWD and/or WMWD. The Project would construct wastewater service lines connecting to existing EMWD/WMWD sewer mainlines. Existing EMWD/WMWD

sewer mainlines may be realigned or otherwise modified as part of the Project. All proposed connections to sewer lines, and proposed sewer realignments and modifications would conform to purveyor standards and requirements, and would be subject to review and approval by the affected purveyor(s).

The composition of wastewater produced by the Project would be typical of other light industrial uses currently operating within EMWD/WMWD service areas, and would not require alteration of EMWD/WMWD wastewater treatment practices or facilities. No additional or non-standard treatment is required to specifically meet the Project's wastewater treatment demands.

The Applicant would be required to pay sewer connection fees established by EMWD/WMWD to support the maintenance and planned improvement of wastewater treatment facilities. EMWD/WMWD, as regional wastewater treatment providers, would determine when and in what manner treatment facilities would be constructed and/or upgraded to meet increasing demands of areawide development, including the incremental demands of the Project. (DEIR, p. 4.8-8).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.8 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix I.

Sewer Threshold b): The Project would not result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments.

4. Project Impact(s):

WMWD. Wastewater generated by the Project would be collected and conveyed to the PVRWRF and or the WWRF. The PVRWRF currently has a capacity to treat 22 million gallons of wastewater per day (mgd) and a planned capacity to expand to 100 mgd. Estimated daily influent flow for this facility is 13.8 mgd. The current WWRF wastewater treatment capacity is 3.0 mgd. Estimated year 2020 average daily

influent flow for the WWRF is 2.0 mgd.

Based on the current PVRWRF capacity/demand estimates, the PVRWRF has an approximately 8.2 mgd residual treatment capacity. Conservatively assuming the entire Project water demand (54,150 gpd) would translate to wastewater treatment demand, the Project wastewater treatment demand would comprise approximately 0.66 percent of PVRWRF estimated 8.2 mgd residual capacity. It therefore appears that there is available PVRWRF wastewater treatment capacity available to serve the Project without the need for additional or expanded wastewater treatment facilities. Based on the current WWRF capacity/demand estimates, the WWRF has an approximately 1.0 mgd residual treatment capacity. Conservatively assuming the entire Project water demand (54,150 gpd) would translate to wastewater treatment demand, the Project wastewater treatment demand would comprise approximately 5.4 percent of WWRF estimated 1.0 mgd residual capacity. It therefore appears that there is available WWRF wastewater treatment capacity available to serve the Project without the need for additional or expanded wastewater treatment facilities. EMWD has provided a conditional "Will-Serve" letter indicating availability of wastewater treatment service for the Project. Provision of wastewater service by EMWD is contingent on the Applicant's compliance with EMWD rules and regulations. The Applicant would comply with additional EMWD requirements for wastewater service including, but not limited to, plan check review and approval, facility construction, inspection, jurisdictional annexation, and payment of financial participation charges. Should the Project ultimately request connection to WMWD wastewater services, a Will-Serve letter from that agency would be required prior to the issuance of building permits. The Project would be required to comply with WMWD requirements for wastewater service. (DEIR, pp. 4.8-10 – 4.8-11).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.8 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix I.

Solid Waste Threshold a): The Project would be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs resulting in less-than-significant impacts.

5. Project Impact(s):

The Riverside County Department of Waste Resources operates several landfills within the County. Additionally, Waste Management, Inc. operates the El Sobrante Landfill, which is open to the public. All Riverside County landfills are Class III disposal sites permitted to receive non-hazardous municipal solid waste such as would be generated by the Project. The projected capacity of landfills to serve existing and proposed developed is based on buildout of the County, consistent with existing General Plan land use designations. The Project proposes development consistent with the existing land use designations, as envisioned by the Riverside County General Plan. Further the EIR prepared by the General Plan concluded, "...the proposed General Plan would not create demands for waste management services that exceed the capabilities of the County's waste management system and impacts to solid waste facilities associated with future build out of the General Plan are less than significant."

Compliance with State and County waste reduction and recycling mandates would decrease the Project's solid waste disposal requirements by a minimum of 50 percent, further reducing potential impacts at serving landfills. Project impacts would be less than significant. (DEIR, p. 1-25).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Solid Waste Threshold b): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to a conflict with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan).

6. Project Impact(s):

The Project would be implemented and operated in compliance with applicable County General Plan Goals and Policies, and would comport with County Zoning regulations. Specifically, the Project would comply with local, state and federal initiatives and directives acting to reduce and divert solid waste from landfill waste streams.

In these regards, the California Integrated Waste Management Act under the Public Resources Code requires that local jurisdictions divert at least 50% of all solid waste generated by January 1, 2000. The County remains committed to continuing its existing waste reduction and minimization efforts with the programs that are available through the County. Additionally, beginning July 1, 2012, the State of California required that all businesses that generate four cubic yards or more of refuse per week implement a recycling program. This requirement is set forth in Assembly Bill 341, which was passed by the California legislation in October 2011. The Project would comply with the California Integrated Waste Management Act and AB 341 as implemented by the County.

Light industrial uses proposed by the Project, and solid waste generated by those uses would not otherwise conflict with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste; as such, impacts related to solid waste statutes and regulations would be less than significant. (DEIR, p. 1-26).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

Utilities Threshold: The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to the construction of new facilities or the expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects for the following: electricity; natural gas; communications systems; storm water drainage; street lighting; maintenance of public facilities, including roads; and other governmental services.

7. Project Impact(s):

Development of the Project site would require the construction of a variety of utilities on- and/or off-site, including electrical, natural gas, communications systems, storm water drainage facilities, street lighting, and other facilities.

For sewer service, the Project would connect to an 8-inch sewer line that exists within Harley Knox Boulevard, east of the Project site. The connection would occur east of Diablo Drive. Domestic water service would connect to an existing 12-inch water line located in Harley Knox Boulevard and to an existing 12-inch water line that is located within Oleander Avenue. Storm drain improvements would involve connecting the proposed on-site storm drainage system to an existing 48-inch line that is located within Oleander Avenue. All dry utilities would also connect to the existing dry utility systems located within Oleander Avenue. All utilities currently exist with the immediate vicinity of the Project site, and all connections would be accomplished consistent with County and purveyor requirements. Impacts associated with providing utilities to the Project site are considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 1-26).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Section 1.0 of the DEIR and Section 3.0 of the Initial Study.

P. Wildfires

Wildfire Threshold a): The Project would not impair implementation of an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan; impacts would be less than significant.

1. Project Impact(s):

The Project is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones; and therefore, would not impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan for a very high fire hazard severity zone. Moreover, the Project does not propose or require uses or operations

that would substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Impacts would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.12-5-4.12-7).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.12 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein.

Wildfire Threshold b): The Project would result in less-than-significant impacts to Project occupants from exposure of pollutant concentrations from wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire caused by slope, prevailing winds, and other factors.

2. Project Impact(s):

The Project is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones; and therefore, would not exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire in a very high fire hazard severity zone. Further, the Project would comply with applicable County Policies, County Ordinances, and State Codes acting to prevent or minimize wildfire hazards, thereby avoiding or minimizing exposure to pollutant concentrations from wildfires. Impacts would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.12-5 – 4.12-7).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.12 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein.

Wildfire Threshold c): The Project would not require installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risks or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment; less-than-significant impacts.

3. Project Impact(s):

The Project is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones; and therefore, would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risk or that may

result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment in a very high fire hazard severity zone. Additionally, the Project does not propose or require installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure that may exacerbate fire risk. In the event of fire, County fire suppression services would be available to the Project site thereby minimizing potential fire risks and associated temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment. Impacts would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.12-5-4.12-7). The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.12 of the DEIR and the citations noted

Wildfire Threshold d): The Project would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes; less-than-significant impacts.

4. Project Impact(s):

therein.

The Project is not located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones; and therefore, would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes in a very high fire hazard severity zone. Further, the Project stormwater management system, Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), and Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) act to avoid or minimize flooding, landslides, slope instability, or adverse drainage changes. Impacts would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.12-5 – 4.12-7).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.12 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the following environmental impacts associated with the DEIR are potentially significant unless otherwise indicated, but each of these impacts would be avoided or substantially lessened to a level of less than significant through existing

regulations, Project Design Features, and/or mitigation measures specified in Attachment A (Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program) which is incorporated herein by this reference. Accordingly, the County makes the following findings as to each of the following impacts pursuant to *State CEQA Guidelines* section 15091 (a): "Changes or alterations have been required in, or incorporated into, the Project which avoid or substantially lessen the significant environmental effect as identified in the final EIR."

A. Biological Resources

Thresholds b) and c): The Project would not have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12); or have a substantial adverse effect either directly or through habitat modifications on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service.

1. Project Impact(s): Two special-status wildlife species, the California horned lark (Eremophila alpestris actia) and the San Diego black-tailed jackrabbit (Lepus californicus bennettii) have been documented on-site. Both of these species are covered species under the Western Riverside County MSHCP; preserved open spaces under this plan provide sufficient habitat for these species. The Project's required compliance with all measures in the MSHCP plan, including payment of appropriate fees, fulfills all required mitigation measures for these species.

The survey area for the biological survey consisted of all areas that could be disturbed during Project construction activities (developed building areas and all areas disturbed by infrastructure construction), and also included a buffer area extending 150 meters beyond construction areas. A single burrowing owl located within the 150-meter buffer area was detected during the survey. Additionally, Project construction activities could disturb nesting birds. (DEIR, pp. 4.9-14 – 4.9-18).

Finding: Impacts to nesting birds are prohibited under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act
 (MBTA) and California Fish and Game Code. Impacts to burrowing owls and nesting

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28

birds is a potentially significant impact.

3. Mitigation Requirements:

- 4.9.1 Limits of the Project site shall be clearly marked by stakes or other means to ensure that off-site areas are not disturbed by Project construction activities.
- 4.9.2 A biological monitor shall be on-site during all ground disturbance activities, and shall halt any such activities if, in his or her professional opinion, such activities will result in the take of a protected species.
- 4.9.3 General Avoidance/Protection of Burrowing Owls: No more than 72 hours prior to any site disturbances, a pre-construction survey for the burrowing owl shall be conducted. If absence of this species is confirmed, Project work can proceed.
- 4.9.4 Protection of Observed Owl(s). One burrowing owl was observed during focused April 2020 springtime surveys. This owl was observed at the location indicated at EIR Figure 4.9-1. If this owl is still present at the time construction activities are initiated along Harley Knox Boulevard, a sound barrier/wall shall be installed along the edge of the work area along Harley Knox Boulevard. The sound barrier/wall shall be a minimum of 10 feet in height, and a minimum of 200 feet in length. The barrier/wall shall be located adjacent to the Harley Knox Boulevard right-of-way southerly edge and shall be roughly centered opposite the primary burrow (B1, as indicated at EIR Figure 4.9-1). The barrier/wall shall be composed of hay bales, plywood or similar materials or combinations of materials. The sound barrier/wall shall be installed prior to start of construction and remain in place until construction is completed in the vicinity of the owl. Should the owl relocate closer to Decker Road, or another project location, a sound barrier/wall shall be installed adjacent to the potentially affected location. The owl shall be monitored during construction activity to ensure no impacts occur to the owl.

4.9.5 Avoidance of Nesting Migratory Birds: If possible, all vegetation removal activities shall be scheduled from August 1 to February 1, which is outside the general avian nesting season. This would ensure that no active nests would be disturbed and that removal could proceed rapidly. If vegetation is to be cleared during the nesting season, all suitable habitat will be thoroughly surveyed within 72 hours prior to clearing for the presence of nesting birds by a qualified biologist (Project Biologist). The Project Biologist shall be approved by the County and retained by the Applicant. The survey results shall be submitted by the Project Applicant to the County Planning Department. If any active nests are detected, the area shall be flagged and mapped on the construction plans along with a minimum 300foot buffer, with the final buffer distance to be determined by the Project Biologist. The buffer area shall be avoided until, as determined by the Project Biologist, the nesting cycle is complete or it is concluded that the nest has failed. In addition, the Project Biologist shall be present on the site to monitor the vegetation removal to ensure that any nests, which were not detected during the initial survey, are not disturbed.

4. Rationale:

With the incorporation of Mitigation Measures 4.9.1 through 4.9.5, impacts would be less-than-significant. The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.9 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix J.

B. Cultural Resources

Archeological Resources Thresholds a), b) and d): Potential to alter or destroy an archaeological site; or cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5 or restrict existing religious or sacred uses within the potential impact area.

- Project Impact(s): There is the potential for the area in general to contain additional
 as yet unknown subsurface cultural deposits that could be disturbed by Project
 development. (DEIR, p. 4.10-19).
- 2. Finding: This is a potentially significant impact.

3. Mitigation Requirements:

- 4.10.1 Prior To Grading Permit Issuance: CULTURAL SENSITIVITY TRAINING

 The Project Archaeologist and a representative designated by the Tribe shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all Construction Personnel. Training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the Project and the surrounding area; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event unanticipated cultural resources are identified, including who to contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. This is a mandatory training and all construction personnel must attend prior to beginning work on the Project site. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.
- 4.10.2 Prior To Grading Permit Issuance: FEATURE RELOCATION

 Site(s) 33-011076, 33-011075, 33-017077, 33-017075, 33-017076 and
 portions of 33-017098, 33-017078, 33-017080 cannot be avoided through
 Project redesign. Prior to grading permit issuance, the Project Supervisor
 and Project Archaeologist shall meet onsite to determine the strategy for
 relocating the milling features to a permanent open space area
 predetermined and designated on a confidential map. Before construction
 activities are allowed to start and using professional archaeological
 methods, any visible artifacts shall be recovered and recorded, photo
 documentation of each feature in situ shall occur. The current Department of

Parks and Recreation forms for the sites shall be updated, detailing which features were relocated, the process through which this was done, and updated maps using sub meter GIS technology to document the new location of each feature. The relocation information shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.

4.10.3 Prior To Grading Permit Issuance: NATIVE AMERICAN MONITOR

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into an agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor. The Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the Project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and trenching. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources. The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition. This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.

4.10.4 Prior To Grading Permit Issuance: PROJECT ARCHAEOLOGIST

Prior to issuance of grading permits, the applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist (Project Archaeologist) has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A CRMP shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological

resources associated with this Project. A fully executed copy of the contract and a wet-signed copy of the Monitoring Plan shall be provided to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval.

Working directly under the Project Archaeologist, an adequate number of qualified Archaeological Monitors shall be present to ensure that all earth moving activities are observed and shall be on-site during all grading activities for areas to be monitored including off-site improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined by the Project Archaeologist.

4.10.5 Prior to Ground Disturbing activities: TEMPORARY FENCING

Prior to ground disturbance, temporary fencing shall be required for the protection of cultural sites 33-005368, 33-005367, 33-005373, 33-017081, 33-017179, 33-005380, 33-017099 and portions of 33-017098, 33-017078, 33-017080 and 33-028891. Prior to commencement of grading or brushing, the Project Archaeologist shall identify the site boundaries and determine an adequate buffer for protection of the site(s). Upon approval of buffers, the applicant shall direct the installation of fencing under the supervision of the project archaeologist. The fencing can be removed only after grading operations have been completed.

4.10.6 Prior To Grading Final Inspection: ARTIFACT DISPOSITION

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all tribal cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery.

 Historic Resources - all historic archaeological materials recovered during the archaeological investigations (this includes collections

made during an earlier project, such as testing of archaeological sites that took place years ago), shall be curated at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines.

- Prehistoric Resources One of the following treatments shall be applied.
 - a. Preservation-In-Place of the cultural resources, if feasible.

 Preservation in place means avoiding the resources, leaving them in the place where they were found with no development affecting the integrity of the resources.
 - b. Reburial of the resources on the Project property. The measures for reburial shall include, at least, the following: Measures to protect the reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all required cataloguing, analysis and studies have been completed on the cultural resources, with an exception that sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains are excluded. Any reburial processes shall be culturally appropriate. Listing of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the confidential Phase IV Report. The Phase IV Report shall be filed with the County under a confidential cover and not subject to a Public Records Request.
 - c. If reburial is not agreed upon by the Consulting Tribes then
 the resources shall be curated at a culturally appropriate
 manner at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County
 curation facility that meets State Resources Department

Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence of curation in the form of a letter from the curation facility stating that subject archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid, shall be provided by the landowner to the County. There shall be no destructive or invasive testing on sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains.

4.10.7 Prior To Grading Final Inspection: PHASE IV MONITORING REPORT

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, a Phase IV Cultural Resources

Monitoring Report shall be submitted that complies with the Riverside

County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground

disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall

follow the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources

(Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the

TLMA website. The report shall include results of any feature relocation or

residue analysis required as well as evidence of the required cultural

sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre
grade meeting and evidence that any artifacts have been treated in

accordance to procedures stipulated in the Cultural Resources Management

Plan.

4. Rationale:

With the incorporation of Mitigation Measures 4.10.1 through 4.10.7, impacts would be less-than-significant. The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.10 of the DEIR

and the citations noted therein.

Tribal Cultural Resources Thresholds a) and b): Potential to cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource as defined in Public Resources Code 21074 and that is: Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k); or, A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1.

- Project Impact(s): The County has contacted those tribes on its most current AB 52
 Consultation list. In compliance with AB 52, notices regarding the Project were provided to all requesting tribes.
 Consultation was requested by the Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians (Tribe), who advised the Planning Department that the Project area comprises a tribal cultural resource (TCR). (DEIR, pp. 4.10-25 4.10-26).
- 2. Finding: Development of the Project could adversely affect this TCR, and the Project therefore has the potential to cause or result in substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource as defined in Public Resources Code 21074. This is a potentially significant impact.
- 3. <u>Mitigation Requirements:</u> Please refer to previous Mitigation Measures 4.10.1 through 4.10.7.
- 4. Rationale: The Tribe concurred with measures outlined in the Project Conditions of Approval to mitigate impacts to any TCRs that may be impacted during Project grading activities. These Conditions of Approval are restated herein as previous Mitigation Measures 4.10.1 through 4.10.7. With implementation of the Project Conditions of Approval and Mitigation Measures 4.10.1 through 4.10.7, potential impacts to TCRs would be reduced to levels that would be less-than-significant. The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.10 of the DEIR and the citations noted

therein.

C. Greenhouse Gases

Greenhouse Gases Threshold b): Potential to conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

- 1. Project Impact(s): The CAP Update establishes Screening Tables to aid in measuring the reduction of GHG emissions from development projects, and provide a basis for determining project consistency with the CAP Update. Projects that yield at least 100 points are determined to be consistent with the reduction quantities anticipated in the County's GHG Technical Report, and consequently would be consistent with the CAP Update. Absent implementation of Screening Table Measures yielding 100 points, the Project could be considered inconsistent with the County CAP Update. (DEIR, pp. 4.3-38 4.3-47).
- 2. Finding: This is a potentially significant impact.

3. Mitigation Requirements:

- 4.3.1 The Project shall implement Screening Table Measures providing for a minimum 100 points per the County Screening Tables. The Project would be consistent with the CAP Update's requirement to achieve at least 100 points. The County shall verify incorporation of the identified Screening Table Measures within the Project building plans and site designs prior to the issuance of building permit(s) and/or site plans (as applicable). The County shall verify implementation of the identified Screening Table Measures prior to the issuance of Certificate(s) of Occupancy.
- 4.3.2 The Project shall comply with CAP Update Measure R2-CE1. CAP Update Measure R2-CE1 requires that the Project provide onsite renewable energy production generation comprising at least 20% of the Project energy demand. The County shall verify implementation of CAP Update Measure R2-CE1 within the Project building plans and site designs prior to the issuance of building permit(s) and/or site plans (as applicable). The County

shall verify implementation of CAP Update Measure R2-CE1 prior to the issuance of Certificate(s) of Occupancy.

4. Rationale: Pursuant to Mitigation Measure 4.3.1, the Project would implement Screening Table Measures that would provide a minimum of 100 Screening Table Points. Pursuant to Mitigation Measure 4.3.2, the Project would be required to comply with CAP Update Measure R2-CE1. With incorporation of Mitigation Measures 4.3.1 and 4.3.2, the Project would be consistent with the CAP Update and impacts would be less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.3 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix D.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the following impacts potentially resulting from the adoption of the EIR CEQ190038 cannot be fully mitigated and would be only partially avoided or lessened in consideration of existing regulations, Project Design Features, or mitigation measures specified in Attachment A (Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, incorporated by reference into this document). Accordingly, and as further explained below, the County makes the following findings as to each of the following impacts as allowed by *State CEQA Guidelines* section 15091(a): "Changes or alterations [that might further reduce Project impacts] are within the responsibility and jurisdiction of another public agency and not the [County]. Such changes have been adopted by such other agency"; or "Specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other considerations, make infeasible the mitigation measures or project alternatives identified in the final EIR." Therefore, a statement of overriding considerations consistent with *State CEQA Guidelines* sections 15092(b)(2)(B) and 15093 is required and included herein:

A. <u>Air Quality</u>

Air Quality Threshold a): Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan.

Project Impact(s): Project operational-source emissions would exceed SCAQMD
 NOx regional significance thresholds. Project operational-source NOx emissions

exceedances may delay or obstruct goals and strategies articulated in the AQMP for the SCAB. The Project would therefore conflict with AQMP consistency Criterion No. 1. (DEIR, p. 4.2-38).

- Finding: Operational-source regional exceedances would conflict with the AQMP.
 There is no feasible mitigation that would reduce this impact to levels that would be less-than-significant. This is a significant and unavoidable impact.
- 3. <u>Mitigation Requirements:</u> There is no feasible mitigation that would reduce this impact to levels that would be less-than-significant.
- 4. Rationale: Because there are no feasible means to reduce this impact to levels that would be less-than-significant, this is a significant and unavoidable impact.
 The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.2 of the DEIR and the citations noted

Air Quality Threshold b): Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

- Project Impact(s): Operational NOx emissions would exceed applicable SCAQMD regional thresholds. (DEIR, p. 4.2-45).
- 2. Finding: This a potentially significant impact.

therein, and DEIR Appendix C.

- 3. Mitigation Requirements:
 - 4.2.1 Legible, durable, weather-proof signs shall be placed at truck access gates, loading docks, and truck parking areas that identify applicable California Air Resources Board (CARB) anti-idling regulations. At a minimum, each sign shall include: 1) instructions for truck drivers to shut off engines when not in use; 2) instructions for drivers of diesel trucks to restrict idling to no more than five (5) minutes once the vehicle is stopped, the transmission is set to "neutral" or "park," and the parking brake is engaged; and 3) telephone numbers of the building facilities manager and the CARB to report violations. Prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit, the County shall conduct a site

inspection to ensure that the signs are in place.

- 4.2.2 Prior to tenant occupancy, the Project Applicant or successor in interest shall provide documentation to the County demonstrating that occupants/tenants have been provided documentation on funding opportunities, such as the Carl Moyer Program, that provide incentives for using cleaner-than-required engines and equipment.
- 4.2.3 As agreed to by the Project Applicant and Lead Agency, final designs of the Project buildings shall include electrical infrastructure sufficiently sized to accommodate potential installation of additional auto and truck EV charging stations.
- 4.2.4 As agreed to by the Applicant and Lead Agency, final Project designs shall provide for installation of conduits in tractor trailer parking areas, for the purpose of accommodating the installation of EV truck charging stations.

Additionally, as provided for under Board Policy F-3 Section 6.4, "the applicant for any new facility may be required to provide a supplemental funding contribution, which would be applied to further off-set potential air quality impacts to the community and provide a community benefit above and beyond any CEQA related mitigation measures. Said financial contribution would generally be determined by the Transportation and Land Management Agency based on the level of nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions generated by the project that exceeds the regional NOx significance thresholds established by the appropriate AQMD" (Board Policy F-3, p. 9).

4. Rationale: Even with application of Mitigation Measures 4.2.1 through 4.2.4 and implementation of applicable Board Policy F-3 provisions, Project operational-source NOx emissions impacts would exceed applicable SCAQMD regional thresholds. Individually and cumulatively, Project operational-source NOx emissions would result in significant and unavoidable air quality impacts.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the

discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.2 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix C.

Air Quality Threshold c): Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard.

- 1. <u>Project Impact(s)</u>: The Project area is designated as an extreme non-attainment area for ozone; a serious non-attainment area for PM₁₀; and a non-attainment area for PM_{2.5}. Even after application of mitigation, Project operational-source NOx emissions would exceed applicable SCAQMD regional significance thresholds. (DEIR, p. 4.2-71).
- 2. Finding: The fact that the Project operational-source NOx emissions would exceed applicable SCAQMD thresholds indicates that the Project impacts in these regards are significant on an individual basis, and under SCAQMD significance criteria, would therefore also be cumulatively considerable. NOx is an ozone precursor. Project operational-source emissions of NOx would therefore contribute to a cumulatively considerable net increase in the ozone precursor NOx within the encompassing ozone non-attainment area. Additionally, NOx is a precursor to PM₁₀/PM_{2.5}, and Project operational-source emissions of NOx would therefore contribute to a cumulatively considerable net increase in PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} levels within the encompassing PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} nonattainment area. These are potentially significant cumulative air quality impacts.
- 3. <u>Mitigation Requirements:</u> See Mitigation Measures 4.2.1 through 4.2.4.
- 4. Rationale: Mitigation Measures 4.2.1 through 4.2.4 would reduce Project-source air pollutant emissions, including NOx emissions, to the extent feasible. The Project would also comply with all applicable SCAQMD Rules and would be required to comply with County of Riverside development standards, California Title 24 energy efficiency performance standards. However, even with the application of mitigation, Project operations would result in cumulatively considerable net increase of in the

non-attainment pollutants NOx, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}. Project impacts in this regard are cumulatively considerable and the impacts are cumulatively significant and unavoidable.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.2 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix C.

B. Greenhouse Gases

Greenhouse Gases Threshold a): The Project could generate direct or indirect GHG emissions that would result in a significant impact on the environment.

- Project Impact(s): The Project would generate approximately 10,837.63 MTCO2e per year, which exceeds the CAP Update screening threshold of 3,000 MTCO2e per year. (DEIR, p. 4.3-36).
- 2. <u>Finding:</u> Unmitigated Project GHG emissions could result in a potentially significant impact on the environment.

3. Mitigation Requirements:

- 4.3.1 The Project shall implement Screening Table Measures providing for a minimum 100 points per the County Screening Tables. The Project would be consistent with the CAP Update's requirement to achieve at least 100 points. The County shall verify incorporation of the identified Screening Table Measures within the Project building plans and site designs prior to the issuance of building permit(s) and/or site plans (as applicable). The County shall verify implementation of the identified Screening Table Measures prior to the issuance of Certificate(s) of Occupancy.
- 4.3.2 The Project shall comply with CAP Update Measure R2-CE1. CAP Update Measure R2-CE1 requires that the Project provide onsite renewable energy production generation comprising at least 20% of the Project energy demand. The County shall verify implementation of CAP Update Measure R2-CE1 within the Project building plans and site designs prior to the

issuance of building permit(s) and/or site plans (as applicable). The County shall verify implementation of CAP Update Measure R2-CE1 prior to the issuance of Certificate(s) of Occupancy.

4. Rationale: Implementation of the CAP Screening Table Measures per Mitigation Measures 4.3.1, 4.3.2 does not ensure that quantified Project GHG emissions would not exceed the CAP Update screening level threshold of 3,000 MTCO2e. As such, the Project could generate direct or indirect GHG emissions that would result in a significant impact on the environment. This is a significant and unavoidable impact. The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts in Subsection 4.3 of the DEIR and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix D.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that it has considered, consistent with CEQA's requirements, the impacts of the Project together with all other past, present, and probable future projects producing related or cumulative impacts within the affected area for each resource area, and finds that:

A. Aesthetics Cumulative Impacts.

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not cumulatively considerable.

As discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

Scenic Resources

- Potential to have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located.
- Potential to substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view.

Mt. Palomar Observatory

Potential to interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as

protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655.

Other Lighting Issues

- Potential to create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area.
- Potential to expose residential property to unacceptable light levels.
 (DEIR, p. 5-4).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Section 5.1, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

B. Agriculture and Forest Resources Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not cumulatively considerable.

As discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

Agriculture

- Potential to convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use.
- Potential to conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve.
- Potential to cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm").
- Potential to involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use.

Forest

• Potential to conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as

defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g)).

- Potential to result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use.
- Potential to involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use. (DEIR, pp. 5-4, 5-5).

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussions presented at DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

C. Air Quality Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Cumulatively Considerable for operational-source NOx emissions impacts; nonattainment impacts; AQMP inconsistency impacts.

Operational-Source Emissions Impacts

The Project would incorporate mitigation, energy-efficient technologies and operational programs design features, and would be required to comply with SCAQMD emissions reductions measures and rules. These measures would reduce Project operational-source air pollutant emissions generally. However, even with implementation of these measures, the Project would generate operational-source NOX emissions that would exceed applicable SCAQMD regional thresholds.¹ This is an individually significant and cumulative significant air quality impact. (DEIR, pp. 5-17, 5-18).

Nonattainment Impacts

The Project is located within ozone and PM₁₀/PM_{2.5} nonattainment areas (NOx is a precursor

¹ For purposes of the DEIR analysis, unmitigated and mitigated operational-source NOx emissions are considered substantively equal. In this regard, it is important to recognize that approximately 93% of the Project operational-source NOx emissions derive from mobile-source tailpipe emissions. Regulation and mitigation of tailpipe emissions is the responsibility of CARB and EPA. The Lead Agency and/or Applicant cannot autonomously regulate or mitigate tailpipe emissions.

to ozone and PM₁₀/PM_{2.5}). Over the life of the Project, operational-source NOx emissions exceedances would result in a cumulatively considerable net increase in criteria pollutants (ozone and PM₁₀/PM_{2.5}) for which the encompassing region is nonattainment. Project nonattainment impacts would therefore be cumulatively significant and unavoidable. (DEIR, p. 5-18).

AQMP Consistency Impacts

Project operational-source NOx emissions would exceed applicable SCAQMD regional thresholds. As discussed above, there is no feasible means to reduce Project operational-source emissions to levels that would be less-than-significant. Project operational-source NOx emissions exceedances may therefore delay or obstruct goals and strategies articulated in the AQMP for the South Coast Air Basin. On this basis, the Project would conflict with the governing AQMP. This is a Project-level and cumulatively significant and unavoidable impact. (DEIR, pp. 5-17, 5-18).

Construction-Source Emissions Impacts

All construction-source criteria pollutant emissions impacts would be less-than-significant at the Project level, and would therefore per AQMD criteria, not be cumulatively significant. (Project AQIA, p. 64; DEIR, pp. 5-15-5-17).

Air Quality Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant. There are no known or probable related projects that would interact with the less-than-significant effects of the Project and thereby result in cumulatively significant impacts.

- Involve the construction of a sensitive receptor located within one mile of an existing substantial point source emitter; or
- Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.3, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, the Project AQIA (DEIR Appendix C) and citations noted therein, the Initial Study and the

citations noted therein, and FEIR Responses to Comment Letter "EJA."

D. Biological Resources Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after the incorporation of Mitigation Measures and mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

As discussed at DEIR Section 4.9, Biological Resources, mitigation proposed in the DEIR reduces potential impacts to special-status wildlife species to levels that would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.9-17, 4.9-18; Mitigation Measures 4.9.1 through 4.9.5). Mitigation of Project-specific biological resources impacts would also reduce the Project's potential incremental contributions to cumulative biological resources impacts within the region.

The Project would not result in any other potentially significant biological resources impacts. (DEIR, pp. 4.9-13 - 4.9-20). The Project would therefore not otherwise contribute considerably to cumulative biological resources impacts. (DEIR, p. 5-32).

There are no known or probable related projects that would interact with the less-thansignificant effects of the Project and thereby result in cumulatively significant impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative biological resources impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are determined to be less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.9 and the citations noted therein, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix J.

E. Cultural Resources Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after the incorporation of Mitigation Measures and mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

Several archaeological finds have been identified within the Project site. Any finds that may be affected by the Project would be documented, relocated, and protected pursuant to the DEIR mitigation measures. Additionally, any temporary staging and storage of construction

equipment, construction materials, and soils stockpiling would be located so as not to affect any known resources. DEIR Mitigation Measures 4.10.1 through 4.10.7 reduces impacts to potentially affected archaeological resources to levels that would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.10-19 – 4.10-25).

Mitigation Measures 4.10.1 through 4.10.7 would also reduce potential impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources to levels that would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.10-25, 4.10-26).

Cultural Resources Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topic listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

 Potential to disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries.

There are no known or probable related projects that would interact with the less-thansignificant effects of the Project and thereby result in cumulatively significant impacts.

Based on the preceding, cultural resources/tribal cultural resources impacts of the Project are not cumulatively considerable and the Project cumulative cultural resources/tribal cultural resources impacts would be less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.9 and the citations noted therein, the Initial Study and the citations noted therein, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, confidential technical studies and analyses on file with the County, DEIR Appendix L, and FEIR Responses to Comment Letter from the Rincon Band of Luiseno Indians.

F. Geology and Soils Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

All potential Project-related impacts related to geology and soils would be precluded through Project mandatory compliance with geotechnical recommendations contained in the Geotechnical Investigation and with compliance with State standards and regulations as part

of Project design. All Project-related impacts to geology and soils would be less-thansignificant and would not require mitigation. (Initial Study Checklist Section *Geology and Soils*; DEIR Section 4.6).

The Project site and all of Southern California lie within a seismically active area, generally susceptible to earthquake hazards. In this sense, Southern California is considered the cumulative impact area for geology and soils considerations. As noted above, the Project's potential geology and soils impacts are determined to be less-than-significant as mitigated. The Project does not propose or require facilities or operations that would result in or contribute to potentially adverse seismic effects or adverse soils conditions.

Geology and Soils Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death.
- Potential to be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the
 most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State
 Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault.
- Potential to be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become
 unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide,
 lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards.
- Potential to be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard.
- Potential to change topography or ground surface relief features.
- Potential to result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems.
- Potential to result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil.
- Potential to have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the

disposal of wastewater.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative geology and soils impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.6 and the citations noted therein, the Initial Study and the citations noted therein, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix G.

G. Greenhouse Gas Emissions Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Cumulatively Considerable for GHG emissions impacts on the environment. Potential conflicts with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases not cumulatively considerable after incorporation of mitigation.

CEQA emphasizes that the effects of greenhouse gas emissions are cumulative and should be analyzed in the context of CEQA's requirements for cumulative impacts analysis. (CEQA Guidelines Section 15130(f)). The Project Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Analysis (DEIR Appendix D) is by nature a cumulative analysis. Because GHG emissions and climate change are a global issue, any approved project regardless of its location has the potential to contribute to a cumulative global accumulation of GHG emissions. The geographic context of the cumulative contributions to GHGs and climate change is worldwide. Practically however, lead agencies and responsible agencies are only able to regulate GHG emissions within their respective jurisdictions. Accordingly, for the purposes of this analysis, the cumulative impact area for GHG/Global Climate Change considerations is the County and the encompassing SCAQMD jurisdictional area.

Consistent with CEQA Guidelines direction, the Project GHG Analysis and the DEIR

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evaluate Project GHG emissions under the following topical headings:

- Potential for the Project to generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment; and
- Potential for the Project to conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases.

The County has further determined that each of the above thresholds establish a separate and independent basis upon which to substantiate the significance of the Project's potential GHG emissions impact. Project impacts within the context of the above threshold considerations are evaluated in the following discussions.

As substantiated at DEIR Section 4.3, the Project cannot feasibly achieve no net increase in GHG emissions, nor can the applicable CAP Update screening-level threshold (3,000 MTCO2e/year) be achieved. In this regard, the majority (approximately 75%) of the Project GHG emissions would be generated by Project vehicular sources. Responsibility and authority for regulation of vehicular-source emissions resides with the State of California (CARB, et al.). Neither the Applicant nor the Lead Agency can effect or mandate substantial reductions in vehicular-source GHG emissions, much less reductions that would achieve no net increase condition or achieve the CAP Update screening-level 3,000 MTCO2e/year threshold. In effect, all Project traffic would need to be eliminated or be "zero GHG emissions sources" in order to achieve the CAP Update threshold. There are no feasible means to or alternatives to eliminate all Project traffic, or to ensure that Project traffic would be zero GHG emissions sources. In terms of its practical application, this would constitute a "no build" condition. On this basis, even with implementation of mitigation the Project could generate direct or indirect GHG emissions that would result in a significant impact on the environment. This is a significant and unavoidable impact at the Project level. (DEIR, p. 4.3-38). Significant and unavoidable GHG emissions impacts at the Project level are by definition cumulatively significant.

As also discussed at DEIR Section 4.3, *Greenhouse Gas Emissions*, with incorporation of mitigation, the Project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation

adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. The Project's potential GHG emissions impacts in this respect are therefore determined to be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.3-38 – 4.3-47). Less-than-significant GHG emissions impacts at the Project level are by definition not cumulatively significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.3 and the citations noted therein, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, and DEIR Appendix D.

H. Hazards and Hazardous Materials Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

All potential Project-related impacts related to hazards and hazardous materials would be precluded through Project mandatory compliance with local, state, and federal regulations. All Project-related impacts to hazards and hazardous materials would be less-than-significant and would not require mitigation. (Initial Study Checklist Section *Hazards and Hazardous Materials*; DEIR Section 4.5).

For the purposes of the DEIR analysis, the cumulative impact area when considering potential hazards and hazardous materials issues generally includes the area to be developed within the Project site, as well as off-site locations that might be affected by or contribute to hazards or hazardous conditions resulting from the Project and its operations. The cumulative hazards and hazardous materials impact analysis evaluates effects of the Project construction and operations, and reflects long-term buildout conditions within the cumulative impact area.

As substantiated at DEIR Section 4.5, *Hazards/Hazardous Materials*, development and operation of land uses within the Project site would not create, or result in exposure to potentially significant hazardous conditions. Further, the Project would not be adversely affected by any hazards or hazardous conditions associated with MARB/Inland Port Airport (Airport); nor would the Project result in or cause hazards or hazardous conditions that would adversely affect the Airport or its operations. (DEIR, pp. 5-24, 5-25).

The Project does not propose uses or activities that would require substantive handling or use of hazardous materials, hazardous substances, or hazardous waste that could result in potential adverse effects. To the extent that such materials or substances may be present during Project construction or operations they would be transported, stored, used and disposed of consistent with the multiple and broad regulatory requirements. (DEIR, p. 5-25). Hazards/Hazardous Materials Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan;
- Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission; or
- For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative hazards/hazardous materials impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.5 and the citations noted therein, the Initial Study and the citations noted therein, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, and the Riverside County ALUC Staff Report for the Project presented at DEIR Appendix F.

I. Hydrology and Water Quality Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after mandated compliance with applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

The area encompassed within the jurisdictional Regional Water Quality Control Board

(RWQCB); in this case, the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (SARWQCB), defines the cumulative impact area for hydrology/water quality impact considerations. Local oversight addressing hydrology/water quality impact considerations is provided by Riverside County. Development of the Project site would incrementally increase impervious surfaces within the cumulative impact area, with related potential increases in the rate and quantity of local stormwater discharges. As summarized at DEIR Section 4.7, and presented in detail within the Project Hydrology Study, (DEIR Appendix H), the Project incorporates those stormwater management components, including drainage facilities, stormwater detention basins, and structural and non-structural Best Management Practices, which collectively act to ensure that post-development stormwater discharge rates are adequately conveyed within available system capacities. (DEIR Section 4.7, DEIR, p. 5-27).

Stormwater discharges from the Project site would be conveyed via the on-site storm drain system to existing Master Drainage Plan (MDP) storm drains. The MDP storm drain has been designed and constructed pursuant to the Perris Valley MDP, and in anticipation of stormwater discharges resulting from areawide development such as that proposed by the Project. As substantiated in the Project Hydrology Study, Project stormwater discharges would not result in exceedance of available storm drain capacities or flooding due to the introduction of substantial, unanticipated stormwater flows. In this manner, the Project's contributions to cumulative stormwater discharges are limited consistent with available stormwater system capacities, and the Project's contributions would not be cumulatively considerable. (DEIR Section 4.7, DEIR p. 5-27).

To ensure adequate and appropriate treatment of stormwater discharges, the Project stormwater management system concept and associated Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) would incorporate treatment systems to remove potential pollutants of concern from developed stormwater discharges onsite prior to release to the MDP system. More specifically, the Project WQMP would provide volume-based underground retention areas and Modular Wetland System (MWS) bio-filtration facilities. The Project WQMP would be designed, constructed, operated and maintained in conformance with design criteria and

performance standards presented in the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board WQMP Guidance Document. (DEIR Section 4.7, DEIR pp. 5-27, 5-28).

The Project would also be required to comply with applicable provisions of the Statewide Industrial General Permit 2014-0057-DWQ. The Statewide Industrial General Permit (IGP) implements applicable federal regulations addressing industrial activities that discharge stormwaters to waters of the United States. The Project WQMP and mandated compliance with provisions of the IGP act to ensure that potential water quality impacts of the Project would be individually and cumulatively less-than-significant. (DEIR Section 4.7, DEIR, p. 5-28).

Hydrology and Water Quality Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of the pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted);
- Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map;
- Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows; or
- Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam (Dam Inundation Area).

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative

impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative hydrology/water quality impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.7 and the citations noted therein, the Initial Study and the citations noted therein, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, and the Project Hydrology Report and WQMP presented at DEIR Appendix H.

J. Land Use and Planning Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable

Land Use and Planning Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Project Land Use and Planning impacts have been previously determined through the Initial

Study process not to be potentially significant. These topics include the potential to:

- Result in a substantial alteration of the present or planned land use of an area;
- Affect land use within a city sphere of influence and/or within adjacent city or county boundaries;
- Be inconsistent with the site's existing or proposed Zoning;
- Be in compatible with existing surrounding Zoning;
- Be incompatible with existing and planned surrounding land uses:
- Be inconsistent with the land use designations and policies of the General Plan (including those of any applicable Specific Plan); or
- Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community).

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative land use and planning impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-

significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Section 5.1, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

K. Mineral Resources Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable

Mineral Resources Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Project Mineral Resources impacts have been previously determined through the Initial

Study process not to be potentially significant. These topics include the potential to:

- Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State;
- Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan;
- Be an incompatible land use located adjacent to a State classified or designated area
 or existing surface Mine; or
- Expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing or abandoned quarries or mines.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative mineral resources impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Section 5.1, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

L. Noise Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

The cumulative impact area for noise considerations is generally defined as surrounding properties that could receive Project-generated noise (either construction-source or operational-source), and would also include roadway corridors affected by Project-related traffic and associated vehicular noise. Potential noise impacts of the Project are discussed in detail at DEIR Section 4.4, *Noise*; and DEIR Appendix E.

Construction-Source Noise

As discussed at DEIR Section 4.4, *Noise*, Project construction-source noise would not exceed applicable thresholds, and would not substantially contribute to ambient noise conditions or to other related noise sources. There are no known or probable related projects that would interact with the less-than-significant effects of the Project and thereby result in cumulatively significant impacts. Other related projects within the cumulative impact area would be required to minimize construction noise consistent with County policies and regulations, thereby minimizing cumulative impacts. Mitigation would be implemented, if applicable. Based on the preceding, the potential for Project construction-source noise to result in or cause cumulatively significant impacts is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 5-22).

Operational Noise-Area Sources

As discussed at DEIR Section 4.4, Project operational noise from area sources would not exceed applicable thresholds. Noise levels resulting from Project operations would not substantially contribute to ambient noise conditions or to other related noise sources. There are no known or probable related projects that would interact with the less-than-significant effects of the Project and thereby result in cumulatively significant impacts. Other related projects within the cumulative impact area would be required to minimize construction noise consistent with County policies and regulations, thereby minimizing cumulative impacts. Mitigation would be implemented, if applicable. Based on the preceding, the potential for

Project operational area-source noise to result in or cause cumulatively significant impacts is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR pp. 5-22, 5-23).

Operational Noise-Mobile Sources

Maximum cumulative effects of vehicular (mobile-source) noise are demonstrated by comparing noise levels under Existing Conditions (2019) and Opening Year Conditions (2021). Noise contours for Study Area roadway segments are based on roadway average daily trip (ADT) estimates, Project trip generation, and trip distribution as presented in the Project TIA. As summarized at DEIR Table 5.1-1, even when considering the maximum cumulative noise increases along roadways, none of the received cumulative vehicular-source noise impacts would exceed applicable thresholds. Cumulative effects of vehicular-source noise would therefore be less-than-significant. Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative operational mobile-source noise impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 5-23, 5-24).

Noise Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to expose people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise
 levels from public airport or public use airport operations.
- Potential to expose people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise levels from private airstrip operations.
- Potential to expose people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise levels from rail/railroad operations.
- Potential to expose people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise levels from highway operations.
- Potential to expose people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise levels from other noise sources.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or

interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative noise impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.4 and the citations noted therein, the Initial Study and the citations noted therein, DEIR Section 5.1 and the citations noted therein, and the Project Noise Impact Analysis presented at DEIR Appendix E.

M. Paleontological Resources Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable.

The entire Project site evidences surface exposure of igneous rocks. Igneous rocks (from the Greek word for fire) form when hot, molten rock crystallizes and solidifies. The melt originates deep within the Earth near active plate boundaries or hot spots, then rises toward the surface. Fossils, with few exceptions, are not found within igneous rocks (volcanic, or of molten origin) due to the extreme heat and/or pressure associated with the origin and history of these rock types. The Paleontological Resources Assessment concluded that the Project would not significantly affect paleontological resources. Notable geological features within the Project site include slopes and rock formations that are predominant in the westerly portion of the Project site. The westerly approximately 58 acres of the Project site will remain vacant. As such, the potential for the Project to destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature is considered less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 4.10-25).

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative paleontological resources impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the discussion of these impacts at DEIR Subsection 4.10 and the citations provided therein, the discussions at DEIR Section 5.1, and confidential technical studies and analyses on file with the County.

N. Population and Housing Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable

Population and Housing Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

As discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the

Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere;
- Potential to create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable
 to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income;
- Potential to displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere;
- Potential to affect a County Redevelopment Project Area;
- Potential to cumulatively exceed official regional or local population projections; or
- Potential to induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly or indirectly.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative population and housing impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Section 5.1, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

O. Public Services Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable

Public Services Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

As discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of the new or physically altered fire protection facilities.
- Potential to result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of the new or physically altered sheriff services facilities.
- Potential to result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of the new or physically altered school services facilities.
- Potential to result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of the new or physically altered library services facilities.
- Potential to result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of the new or physically altered health services facilities.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative public services impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Section 5.1, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

P. Recreation Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable

Recreation Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

As discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to include or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities
 that might have an adverse physical effect on the environment.
- Potential to increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated.
- Potential to be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees).
- Potential to interfere with the use of any existing recreational trails, or conflict with any planned future recreational trails.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative recreation impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Section 5.1, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

Q. Transportation Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable

Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) Impacts

As discussed at DEIR Section 4.1, Project VMT per employee would not exceed the County Guidelines threshold. On this basis the potential for the Project to conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b) is less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 4.1-8). As summarized in the Technical Advisory on Evaluating Transportation Impacts in CEQA (Technical Advisory) "a project that falls below an efficiency-based

threshold that is aligned with long-term environmental goals and relevant plans would have no cumulative impact distinct from the project impact." Since the Project VMT per employee impact is less than significant, and the Project is consistent with the County of Riverside Land Use Element, the Project's cumulative effect on VMT is also presumed to be less-than-significant. (DEIR, p. 4.1-8).

Other Transportation Impacts

As also discussed at DEIR Section 4.1, Project impacts under the following topics would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities;
- Potential to result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks;
- Potential to alter waterborne, rail or air traffic;
- Potential to substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment);
 and
- Potential to cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered maintenance of roads.
 (DEIR, pp. 4.1-10 4.1-15).

Transportation Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to cause an effect upon circulation during the Project's construction.
- Potential to result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses.
 There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative transportation impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-

significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Subsection 4.1 and the citations noted therein, DEIR Appendix B and the citations noted therein, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

R. Utilities and Service Systems Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

The DEIR at Section 4.8 substantiates that Project impacts related to utilities and service systems (Water Supply, Water Treatment, Wastewater Treatment, Energy Conservation) would be less-than-significant. (DEIR, pp. 4.8-6 – 4.8-13).

Utilities and Service Systems Impacts Previously Substantiated not to be Potentially Significant

Additionally, as discussed in the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A), under the topics listed below, the Project would have no impact, or impacts would be less-than-significant.

- Potential to cause an effect upon circulation during the Project's construction;
- Potential to result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses;
- Potential to generate waste that would exceed the capacity of the serving landfill(s);
- Potential to conflict with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan);
 and
- Potential to impact the following facilities requiring the construction of new facilities or the expansion of existing facilities; the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects:
 - o Electricity;
 - o Natural gas;
 - o Communications systems;

- Storm water drainage;
- o Street lighting;
- o Maintenance of public facilities, including roads; and
- o Other governmental services.

There are no known or anticipated projects or conditions whose impacts might compound or interrelate with those of the Project, and thereby result in potentially significant cumulative impacts.

Based on the preceding, the Project's potential contribution to cumulative utilities and service systems impacts is not considerable, and the cumulative effects of the Project are less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, discussions at DEIR Subsection 4.8 and the citations noted therein, DEIR Appendix I and the citations noted therein, and the Initial Study and the citations noted therein.

S. Energy Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

The DEIR at Section 4.11 substantiates that Project wildfire impacts would be less-than-significant.

As substantiated at DEIR Section 4.11, Project construction and operations would not result in the inefficient, wasteful or unnecessary consumption of energy, and potential Project impacts in these regards would be less-than-significant. Further, energy demands of the Project can be accommodated within the context of available resources and energy delivery systems. The Project would therefore not cause or result in the need for additional energy-producing or energy transmission facilities. The Project would not create or otherwise result in a potentially significant impact affecting energy resources or energy delivery systems. On this basis, the potential for the Project to result in a potentially significant environmental

impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation is considered less-than-significant.

As further substantiated at DEIR Section 4.11, the Project would comply with implement construction and operational energy conservation and sustainability measures required by the State and County, and that are consistent with and support the CAP Update. The Project is also consistent with and supports applicable State and County Energy Efficiency/Energy Conservation Measures. (DEIR Table 4.11-1).

There are no known or probable related projects that would interact with effects of the Project and thereby result in potentially significant energy impacts.

Based on the preceding, energy impacts of the Project are not cumulatively considerable and the Project cumulative energy impacts would be less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, the discussions at DEIR Subsection 4.11 and the citations noted therein, and the Project Energy Estimates (DEIR Appendix K) and the citations noted therein.

T. Wildfire Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative Impact Finding: Not Cumulatively Considerable after mandated compliance with Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements.

The DEIR at Section 4.12 substantiates that Project wildfire impacts would be less-than-significant. As discussed at DEIR Section 4.12, the Project site and vicinity properties are not classified as very high fire hazard severity zones. Further, the Project does propose or require facilities or operations that would result in or substantially contribute to wildfire hazards. The Project would comply with General Plan Policies, County Ordinances, and State Government Codes that act to preclude or minimize wildfire hazards.

There are no known or probable related projects that would interact with effects of the Project and thereby result in potentially significant wildfire impacts.

Based on the preceding, wildfire impacts of the Project are not cumulatively considerable and the Project cumulative wildfire impacts would be less-than-significant.

The evidence supporting these conclusions includes, without limitation, the Project's application materials on file with the County of Riverside, discussion of the Project's design features presented at DEIR Section 3.0, and the discussions at DEIR Subsection 4.12 and the citations noted therein.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that it has considered the following alternatives identified in EIR CEQ190038 in light of the environmental impacts which cannot be avoided or substantially lessened and has rejected those alternatives as failing to meet most of the Project's objectives, as failing to reduce or avoid the Project's significant impacts, and/or as infeasible for the reasons hereinafter stated:

A. Pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21002 and the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15126.6(a), an EIR must assess a reasonable range of alternatives to the project action or location. Section 15126.6(a) places special emphasis on focusing the discussion on alternatives which provide opportunities for eliminating any significant adverse environmental impacts, or reducing them to a level of insignificance, even if the alternative would impede to some degree the attainment of the project objectives, or would be costlier. In this regard, the EIR must identify an environmentally superior alternative among the other alternatives. As with cumulative impacts, the discussion of alternatives is governed by the "rule of reason." The EIR need not consider an alternative whose effect cannot be reasonably ascertained or does not contribute to an informed decision-making and public participation process. The range of alternatives is defined by those alternatives, which could feasibly attain the objectives of the project. As directed by State CEQA Guidelines section 15126.6(a), an EIR shall include alternatives to the project that could feasibly accomplish most of the basic objectives of the Project.

B. Objectives

The Project has been developed to achieve the following objectives:

Implement the County General Plan (General Plan) through development that is

consistent with the General Plan Land Use Element and applicable General Plan Goals, Objectives, Policies and Programs;

- Implement the Mead Valley Area Plan (Area Plan) through development that is consistent with the Area Plan land uses and development concepts, and in total supports the Area Plan Vision;
- Provide adequate roadway and wet and dry utility infrastructure to serve the Project;
- Implement warehouse/manufacturing uses that are compatible with adjacent land uses;
- Provide an attractive, efficient and safe environment for warehouse/manufacturing
 uses that is cognizant of natural and man-made conditions;
- Accommodate warehouse/manufacturing uses responsive to current and anticipated market demands;
- Make efficient use of the undeveloped subject property by maximizing its buildout potential for employment-generating warehouse/manufacturing uses, while protecting natural features;
- Implement warehouse/manufacturing uses providing additional construction employment opportunities;
- Implement warehouse/manufacturing uses supporting additional long-term employment opportunities;
- Provide warehouse/manufacturing uses near existing roadways and freeways and thereby reduce VMT, traffic congestion, and air emissions;
- Attract new businesses and jobs and thereby foster economic growth. (DEIR, pp. 1-13, 1-14).

C. Alternatives

As directed in *State CEQA Guidelines* Section 15126.6(a), an EIR shall include alternatives to the project that could avoid or substantially reduce one or more of the significant effects. Because not all significant effects can be substantially reduced to a less-than-significant level, either by adoption of mitigation measures, Project Design Features, existing

regulations, or by standard conditions of approval, the following section considers the feasibility of the Project Alternatives as compared to the Project. As explained below, these findings describe and reject, for reasons documented in the Draft EIR and summarized below, each one of the Project Alternatives. The evidence supporting these findings is presented at DEIR Section 5.2, *Alternatives Analysis* and elsewhere in the administrative record as a whole.

1. No Project Alternatives

The CEQA Guidelines require that an EIR include evaluation of a No Project Alternative. Within the DEIR, two "No Project" Alternatives are evaluated – "No Build" and "Manufacturing Uses Development Scenario."

No Project Alternative: No Build Scenario

The No Project Alternative: No Build Scenario assumes the site remains in its current undeveloped condition. If a No Build Scenario were maintained, its comparative environmental impacts would replicate the existing conditions discussions for each of the environmental topics evaluated in the DEIR; and comparative impacts of the Project would be as presented under each of the DEIR environmental topics. All effects of the Project would be equal to or lessened by the selection of the No Build Scenario. (DEIR, pp. 5-42 – 5-60; DEIR Table 5.2-7, Summary of Potential Impacts, Alternatives Compared to the Project, by Topic). The No Build Scenario would not achieve any of the Project's Objectives (DEIR, p. 5-61, DEIR Table 5.2-6, Comparative Attainment of Project Objectives).

No Project Alternative: Manufacturing Uses Development Scenario

The No Project Alternative: Manufacturing Uses Development Scenario assumes development of the subject site with a building area equal to that of the Project (710,736 total square feet). The Manufacturing Uses Development Scenario would however comprise manufacturing uses only, rather than the mix of 80% warehouse uses/20% manufacturing uses assumed under the Project. Under the Manufacturing Uses Development Scenario, certain impacts, listed below, would be increased, or

would likely be increased, when compared to the Project:

- Trip generation would be increased. VMT/Employee and total VMT impacts would be increased;
- Operational-source NOx emissions would be increased in proportion to increased trip generation;
- GHG emissions would be increased;
- Cancer and non-cancer risks from DPM emissions may be increased; and
- Increased trip generation may translate to increased vehicular-source energy demands.

All other environmental impacts under the Manufacturing Uses Development Scenario would be similar to those resulting from the Project. (DEIR, pp. 5-42 – 5-60; DEIR Table 5.2-7, Summary of Potential Impacts, Alternatives Compared to the Project, by Topic).

Under the Manufacturing Uses Development Scenario, the Project warehouseoriented Objectives would not be realized, and attainment of 2 of the 11 Project Objectives (listed below) would be substantially constrained.

- Project Objective: Accommodate warehouse/manufacturing uses responsive to current and anticipated market demands. Remarks: Only manufacturing uses would be implemented under this Alternative. There would no opportunity to respond to market demands for warehouse uses.
- Project Objective: Attract new businesses and jobs and thereby foster
 economic growth. Remarks: Only manufacturing uses would be
 implemented under this Alternative. This would limit the potential range of
 new businesses and related job opportunities when compared to the Project.

(DEIR, p. 5-61, DEIR Table 5.2-6, Comparative Attainment of Project Objectives).

2. Reduced Project Alternative – The Environmentally Superior Alternative

Under the Reduced Intensity Alternative, it is assumed that uses similar to the Project would be implemented but at a 60% reduction in scope. When compared to the

Project scope (710,736 square feet), the Reduced Intensity Alternative would realize approximately 284,294 square feet of warehouse/manufacturing uses. Like the Project, it is assumed that the warehouse/manufacturing uses would be apportioned between 2 buildings of approximately equal size (2 buildings at approximately 142,147 square feet each).

All effects of the Project would be equal to or lessened by the selection of the Reduced Intensity Alternative. (DEIR, pp. 5-42 – 5-60; DEIR Table 5.2-7, Summary of Potential Impacts, Alternatives Compared to the Project, by Topic). The approximately 60% reduction in scope under this Alternative would however substantially diminish attainment of certain of the Project Objectives, as summarized below:

- Project Objective: Accommodate warehouse/manufacturing uses responsive to current and anticipated market demands. Remarks: The 60 percent reduction in development scope under this Alternative would limit response to current and anticipated market demands for warehouse/manufacturing uses.
- Project Objective: Make efficient use of the undeveloped subject property by maximizing its buildout potential for employment-generating warehouse/manufacturing uses, while protecting natural features. Remarks: The 60 percent reduction in development scope under this Alternative would result in inefficient use of available land by limiting rather than maximizing buildout potential of the site. The 60 percent reduction in development scope under this Alternative would comparably reduce total available employment opportunities as well as the range of available employment opportunities.
- Project Objective: Implement warehouse/manufacturing uses providing additional
 construction employment opportunities. Remarks: The 60 percent reduction in
 development scope under this Alternative would comparably reduce total
 construction employment opportunities as well as the range of available construction
 employment opportunities.

- Project Objective: Implement warehouse/manufacturing uses supporting additional
 long-term employment opportunities. Remarks: The 60 percent reduction in
 development scope under this Alternative would comparably reduce total long-term
 employment opportunities as well as the range of available long-term employment
 opportunities.
- Project Objective: Attract new businesses and jobs and thereby foster economic growth. Remarks: The 60 percent reduction in development scope under this Alternative would comparably reduce the scopes and types of businesses that may locate at the site. The 60 percent reduction in development scope under this Alternative would comparably reduce long-term employment opportunities as well as the range of available long-term employment opportunities.

3. Environmentally Superior Alternative

Section 15126.6(e)(2) of the State CEQA Guidelines indicates that an analysis of alternatives to a Project shall identify an environmentally superior alternative among the alternatives evaluated in an EIR. This issue is evaluated at DEIR Section 5.2, Alternatives Analysis. Here, the "Reduced Intensity Alternative" is the environmentally superior alternative. The Reduced Intensity Alternative would however substantially diminish attainment of the Project Objectives (see: previous Item C. 2).

(DEIR, p. 5-61, DEIR Table 5.2-6, Comparative Attainment of Project Objectives).

4. Alternatives Considered but Rejected

The DEIR also considered and rejected Alternative Sites from further analysis on grounds that there would be no reduction in the Project's significant environmental impacts if implemented at an Alternative Site. (DEIR, pp. 5-39 – 5-41).

In this regard, as stated in the CEQA Guidelines §15126.6 (f)(1)(2)(A), the "key question and first step in [the] analysis [of alternative locations] is whether any of the significant effects of the project would be avoided or substantially lessened by putting the project in another location. Only locations that would avoid or

substantially lessen any of the significant effects of the project need be considered for inclusion in the EIR."

Moreover, there are no other available Alternative Sites that the Project Applicant has the reasonable possibility of controlling. In this regard, *CEQA Guidelines* §15126.6 (f) (1) also provides that when considering the feasibility of potential alternative sites, the factors that may be taken into account include: "... whether the proponent can reasonably acquire, control, or otherwise have access to the alternative site..."

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that it has, pursuant to *State CEQA Guidelines* Section 15093, balanced the "economic, legal, social, technological, and other benefits" of the Project, against the unavoidable adverse environmental effects described herein, and has determined that each and every one of the following benefits individually outweigh and render acceptable each and every one of those environmental effects:

A. The Project will create new jobs.

Because users of the Project's buildings are not yet known, the number of jobs that the Project would generate cannot be precisely determined; however, using data and average employment density factors utilized in the County of Riverside General Plan, it is expected that the Project would employ one (1) worker for every 1,030 s.f. of building area. Based on this employment generation rate, the Project is expected to create approximately 690 new, recurring jobs (710,736 s.f. ÷ 1,030). (Riverside County, 2016 Appendix E, Table ES-5; DEIR, p. 5-43, et. al). Additional employment opportunities would result from Project construction activities.

B. The Project will implement the intent of Riverside County's General Plan for locating employment-generating businesses along the I-215 corridor.

The Riverside County General Plan and Mead Valley Area Plan call for the development of employment-generating land uses along the I-215 corridor in Mead Valley. The Project will assist the County in implementing these plans. As stated in the County's General Plan Land Use Element (Chapter 3, p. LU-62, 2017): "Industrial land aids in creating economic growth

by providing jobs for local and area-wide residents, providing growth opportunities for new and existing businesses, and facilitating a tax base upon which public services can be provided. The goal of Riverside County is to provide attractive work environments that fit with the character of each community and are well served by convenient and adequate accessibility to multi-modal transportation options that bring jobs and housing in closer proximity to one another. Stimulation of clusters of similar industrial business will facilitate competitive advantage in the marketplace."

C. The Project will bring needed economic investment to the Mead Valley community.

Development of the Project site with the proposed warehouse/manufacturing uses represents substantial economic investment in the Mead Valley area of Riverside County. Investment will be made in infrastructure improvements, the buildings' shells and exterior features, and interior features as part of building tenant improvements.

D. The Project will improve public roadways in favor of Riverside County.

Roadway, intersection, and site access improvements to be constructed by the Project are listed below. Roadways adjacent to the Project, site access points and site-adjacent intersections will be constructed consistent with the identified roadway classifications and respective cross-sections in the County of Riverside General Plan Circulation Element or as otherwise specified by the County. Additional or alternative improvements may be specified by the County through the Project Conditions of Approval. Pursuant to County Ordinance No. 659, the Project would also pay Development Impact Fees in support of transportation system facilities per the circulation system master plan.

Roadways

Harley Knox Boulevard (E – W)

Harley Knox Boulevard would be extended westerly within the central portion of the Project site and would be constructed at its ultimate full-section width as a major highway (118-foot right-of-way), in compliance with applicable County standards and specifications. Access to/from Harley Knox Boulevard would be provided by two Project driveways connecting northerly to Parcel 2, and one Project driveway connecting southerly to Parcel 1.

Nandina Avenue (E – W)

Nandina Avenue defines the northerly Project site boundary. As part of the Project, Nandina Avenue between the Project's western and eastern boundaries, would be constructed at its ultimate half-section width as secondary highway (100-foot right-of-way). The Project would also construct a minimum of one lane in the westbound direction in order to provide access to the Project site.

Oleander Avenue (E – W)

Oleander Avenue defines the southerly Project site boundary. As part of the Project, Oleander Avenue between the Project's western and eastern boundaries, would be constructed at its ultimate half-section width as an industrial collector (78-foot right-of-way). The Project would also construct a minimum of one lane in the eastbound direction in order to provide access to the Project site.

Decker Road (N-S)

Decker Road defines the easterly Project site boundary. As part of the Project, Decker Road between the Project's northern and southern boundaries would be constructed at its ultimate half-section width as a secondary highway (100-foot right-of-way). The Project would also construct a minimum of one lane in the northbound direction in order to provide access to the Project site

Intersections

Intersection No. 1 - Driveway 1/Nandina Avenue

- Install a stop control on the northbound approach and a northbound shared left-right turn lane.
- Add an eastbound shared through-right turn lane.
- Add a westbound two-way left turn lane within the median.
- Add a westbound through lane.

Intersection No. 2 - Driveway 2/Oleander Avenue

Install a stop control on the southbound approach and a southbound shared left-right turn lane.

	I	
1		• Add an eastbound two-way left turn lane within the median.
2		Add an eastbound through lane.
3		Add a westbound shared through-right turn lane.
4		Intersection No. 3 - Driveway 3/Oleander Avenue
5		• Install a stop control on the southbound approach and a southbound shared left-right
6		turn lane.
7		• Add an eastbound two-way left turn lane within the median.
8		• Add an eastbound through lane.
9		• Add a westbound shared through-right turn lane.
10		Intersection No. 4 - Decker Road/Nandina Avenue
11		• Add a northbound left turn lane.
12		• Add an eastbound shared through-right turn lane.
13]	Intersection No. 5 - Decker Road/Driveway 4/Harley Knox Boulevard
14	,	• Add a northbound left turn lane with a minimum of 100-feet of storage.
15		• Add a northbound shared through-right turn lane.
16		• Add a southbound through lane.
17	,	• Add a southbound shared through-right turn lane.
18		• Add an eastbound left turn lane with a minimum of 100-feet of storage.
19		• Add an eastbound shared through-right turn lane.
20		• Add a westbound through lane.
21]	Intersection No. 6 - Decker Road/Oleander Avenue
22		Add a southbound left turn lane with a minimum of 100-feet of storage.
23		Add a southbound shared through-right turn lane.
24		Add an eastbound left turn lane.
25		Add an eastbound shared through-right turn lane.
26		(DEIR, pp. 3-12 – 3-17).
27	E. 7	The Project will improve area utility infrastructure.
28		The Project will improve and take advantage of the availability of local infrastructure as

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described below.

Water Infrastructure

Water service to the Project would be provided by the Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). Water system lines available to the Project are schematically indicated at DEIR Figure 3.4-8, *Water Plan Concept*. The Project would construct 12-inch water lines within existing rights-of-way to connect to the existing 12-inch water lines located in Decker Road, Harley Knox Boulevard, and Oleander Avenue; and to the existing 12-inch water line located within Nandina Avenue. The Project would also pay service and connection fees that would be available for upgrading and continued maintenance of the area potable water system. (DEIR, pp. 3-23, 3-24).

Wastewater Infrastructure

The Project site is located at the interface of EMWD and WMWD Wastewater Service Areas. Both EMWD and WMWD sewer mainlines are located in adjacent Nandina Avenue, along the Project site northerly boundary. Because both service provider options are available to the Project, wastewater conveyance and treatment services for the Project may be provided by EMWD and/or WMWD. The Project would construct wastewater service lines connecting to existing EMWD/WMWD sewer mainlines. Existing EMWD/WMWD sewer mainlines may be realigned or otherwise modified as part of the Project. All proposed connections to sewer lines, and proposed sewer realignments and modifications would conform to purveyor standards and requirements, and would be subject to review and approval by the affected purveyor(s). It is anticipated that wastewater generated by the Project would be conveyed to and treated at the EMWD Perris Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility (PVRWRF)and/or the WWMD Western Water Recycling Facility (WWRF). The Project Sanitary Sewer Plan Concept is presented at DEIR Figure 3.4-9. The Project would also pay service and connection fees that would be available for upgrading and continued maintenance of the area sanitary sewer system. (DEIR, pp. 3-25, 3-26).

Stormwater Drainage Infrastructure

The Project Stormwater Management System Concept is presented at DEIR Figure 3.4-10.

The Project stormwater management system would provide for collection, treatment, and controlled release of developed stormwaters. The proposed stormwater management system would direct stormwaters easterly consistent with existing drainage patterns. All Project stormwater management system components would be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained consistent with criteria and standards presented in Riverside County Stormwater Quality Best Management Practice Design Handbook (Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District) July 21, 2006 (and updates).

Stormwater runoff would be treated consistent with provisions of a Project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP). The Project WQMP would be required to conform with Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (SARWQCB) criteria and performance standards for projects located within the Santa Ana Watershed Region of Riverside County. The Project would also implement construction stormwater management improvements and practices consistent with mandated Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) requirements as outlined under the California General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction and Land Disturbance Activities (General Permit) Order No. 2009-0009-DWQ, and amendments. (DEIR, pp. 3-25, 3-27, 3-28).

F. The Project will install ornamental landscaping features where none currently exist.

The Project Landscape Concept is presented at DEIR Figure 3.4-6. The Project would incorporate perimeter and interior landscaping and streetscape elements, acting to generally enhance the Project's visual qualities and screen potentially intrusive views. Pursuant to County Ordinance No. 348, I-P Zone Development Standards, a minimum of 15 percent of the developed Project site shall be landscaped. Project landscape plans would be subject to County review and approval. (DEIR, p. 3-19).

G. The Project will include energy efficiency and sustainability features.

The Project would comply with or would surpass standards established under the California Code Title 24, Part 6 (the California Energy Code) and California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen; CCR, Title 24, Part 11). CALGreen standards promote progressive design elements that have positive environmental impacts while encouraging sustainable

construction practices. Project energy efficiency/sustainability design features include onsite renewable energy production providing for a portion of the Project electricity demands. The Project would also comply with applicable provisions of the County of Riverside Climate Action Plan Update, November 2019 (CAP Update). (DEIR, p. 1-12). See also DEIR Table 4.3-4, Representative Implementation of CAP Update Screening Table Measures.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the *State CEQA Guidelines* section 15126(g) requires an EIR to discuss how a Project could directly or indirectly lead to economic, population, or housing growth. A project may be growth inducing if it removes obstacles to growth, taxes, community service facilities, or encourages other activities which cause significant environmental effect. The discussion is as follows:

- A. Overview: CEQA requires a discussion of the ways in which the Project could be growth inducing. The CEQA Guidelines identify a project as growth inducing if it would foster economic or population growth or the construction of additional housing, either directly or indirectly, in the surrounding environment (CEQA Guidelines §15126.2(d)). Potential growth-inducing aspects and elements of the Project would include: Construction of infrastructure systems; Job creation; and Economic stimulus/other. (DEIR. p. 5-72).
- B. Growth Inducement Summary: The Project could induce growth through the construction of infrastructure improvements, job creation, and economic stimulus. Project infrastructure improvements would not of themselves result in impacts not considered and addressed within the DEIR body text. There are no unique or atypical conditions or aspects of the Project utilities and service systems distribution and conveyance lines that would result in significant environmental impacts. Growth resulting from or facilitated by Project infrastructure improvements is anticipated under the General Plan, and environmental impacts attributable to such growth is considered and addressed in the General Plan EIR. Further, new development that may be facilitated by availability of infrastructure constructed by the Project would be required to conduct CEQA analyses substantiating less-than-significant impacts to infrastructure systems themselves or to customers served by those

infrastructure systems.

Project job creation (approximately 690 jobs) would not exceed employment projection developed under the General Plan. Growth resulting from Project job creation is anticipated under the General Plan, and such growth would not result in environmental impacts not already considered and addressed in the General Plan EIR.

The Project would provide economic stimulus that would directly and indirectly contribute to growth. However, growth due to Project economic stimulus factors would not result in impacts not already considered and addressed in the General Plan EIR.

The Project would not otherwise encourage and facilitate known or probable activities that could significantly affect the environment, either individually or cumulatively. To the satisfaction of the County, as-yet unknown activities or developments that may derive from the Project would be independently required to evaluate and address their potential environmental impacts. (DEIR, pp. 5-74, 5-75).

- C. Under CEQA, growth inducement is not considered necessarily detrimental, beneficial, or of little significance to the environment. (DEIR, p. 5-72). Typically, growth-inducing potential of a project could be considered significant if: 1) development fosters growth or a concentration of population in excess of what is assumed in pertinent master plans, land use plans, or in projections made by regional planning agencies such as SCAG; or 2) if a project provides infrastructure or service capacity to accommodate growth beyond the levels currently permitted by local or regional plans and policies. In general, growth induced by a project is considered a significant impact if it can be demonstrated that the potential growth significantly affects the environment in some other way.
- D. The Project is consistent with the County of Riverside General Plan land use designation and zoning, along with all applicable development standards. (DEIR, pp. 3-2 3-8, et. al). The Project would implement infrastructure systems anticipated under the General Plan. Growth resulting from or facilitated by Project infrastructure improvements is anticipated under the General Plan, and environmental impacts attributable to such growth is considered and addressed in the General Plan EIR.

Project job creation (approximately 690 jobs) would not exceed employment projection developed under the General Plan. Growth resulting from Project job creation is anticipated under the General Plan, and such growth would not result in environmental impacts not already considered and addressed in the General Plan EIR.

The Project would provide economic stimulus that would directly and indirectly contribute to growth. However, growth due to Project economic stimulus factors would not result in impacts not already considered and addressed in the General Plan EIR.

Based on the foregoing, the Project would not otherwise encourage and facilitate known or probable activities that could significantly affect the environment, either individually or cumulatively.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the Project would implement applicable elements of the Riverside County General Plan as follows:

A. Land Use Element.

The Land Use Element designates the general distribution, general location, and extent of land uses, such as housing, business, industry, open space, agriculture, natural resources, recreation, and public-quasi-public uses. The Land Use Element also discusses the standards of residential and non-residential density intensity for the various land use designations. The Land Use Element also provides development standards related to each land use category, and general plan policy level direction for an array of land-use related issues. The Project is consistent with, and is allowed under the site's current General Plan and MVAP Land Use designation ("Business Park"). The Project would be implemented consistent with and would support applicable General Plan and MVAP Land Use Policies. (DEIR, pp. 3-2 – 3-8, et. al).

Project consistency with the County Land Use Element is further substantiated at DEIR Section 1.7, *Impacts Not Found to be Potentially Significant*, and within the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A, Checklist Item *Land Use and Planning*).

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Land Use Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan Land

Use Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

B. Circulation Element

The Circulation Element identifies the general location and extent of existing and proposed major transportation facilities, including major roadways, rail, transit systems, and airports. The Circulation Element also identifies and provides policy direction for implementation of the Community Environmental Transportation Acceptability Process (CETAP) Corridors. The Project would be required to pay MVAP Development Impact Fees (DIF) pursuant to County Ordinance 659, and as outlined in the Project Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA), DEIR Appendix B. Additionally, payment of Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees (TUMF) is required pursuant to County Ordinance 824, and as outlined in the TIA. Applicant responsibility for improvements not covered by the MVAP DIF or TUMF Programs, and/or not constructed the Project shall be fulfilled by payment of Fair Share fees as stipulated in the Project Conditions of Approval and as outlined in the TIA. Additionally, the Project would implement site-adjacent circulation system improvements pursuant to the County Conditions of Approval.

Project consistency with the County Circulation Element is further substantiated in in the TIA.

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Circulation Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan Circulation Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

C. Multipurpose Open Space Element

The Multipurpose Open Space Element addresses the conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including water, soils, rivers, and mineral deposits. The Multipurpose Open Space Element details plans and measures for preserving open space for protection of natural resources such as wildlife habitat; the managed availability of space for parks, trails, and scenic vistas; and protection of public health and safety through protection of areas subject to geologic hazards, flooding and fires.

With the implementation of Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements (RRs) and

feasible Mitigation Measures (MMs), the Project would have a less than significant impact on biological resources as disclosed in DEIR Section 4.9, *Biological Resources*. The Project's potentially significant biological resources impacts would be reduced to levels that would be less-than-significant through implementation of DEIR Mitigation Measures 4.9.1 through 4.9.5. These measures compliance with measures that address potential impacts to the burrowing owl and migratory birds, and habitat protection. All other Project biological resources impacts would be less-than-significant.

With the implementation of Applicable Regulations and Design Requirements (RRs) and feasible Mitigation Measures (MMs), the Project would have a less than-significant-impact on cultural resources as disclosed at DEIR Section 4.10, *Cultural Resources/Tribal Cultural Resources*. The Project's potentially significant cultural resources/tribal cultural impacts would be reduced to levels that would be less-than-significant through implementation of DEIR MMs 4.10.1 through 4.10. These measures require retainment of a qualified archeologist and archaeological monitors; monitoring for, and protection of potentially significant archaeological resources that may be encountered during Project construction; and reporting and recordation of the site archaeological monitoring activities; and archaeological monitoring findings per the County's Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work.

With respect to other potential cultural resources impacts, the Project would comply with Conditions of Approval, County Policies and Regulations, and State Regulations. In combination these measures ensure proper design, construction, and operation of the Project such that all other cultural resources impacts would remain at levels that would be less-than-significant,

As disclosed at DEIR Section 1.7, *Impacts Not Found to be Potentially Significant*, and within the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A, Checklist Item *Recreation*), the Project does not propose any type of residential use or other land use that would generate a population that would increase the use of recreation facilities or existing neighborhood or regional parks. Therefore, parks and recreational facilities would not by physically affected by the Project.

In addition, the Project does not propose any type of residential use and is not located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees).

The Project is located within the MVAP. In the Project vicinity, community trails are proposed along Oleander Avenue, Harvill Avenue (north of Oleander Avenue), and Harley Knox Boulevard. Consistent with County requirements, the Project would design and construct adjacent roadway sections, including any required trail improvements and/or incorporation of trail easements.

For these reasons, the Project's potential to impact the environmental topic of Recreation, would be less-than-significant.

Project consistency with the County Multipurpose Open Space Element is further substantiated at DEIR Section 1.7, *Impacts Not Found to be Potentially Significant*, and within the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A, Checklist Item *Recreation*).

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Multipurpose Open Space Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan Multipurpose Open Space Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

D. Safety Element

The Safety Element establishes policies and programs to protect the community from risks associated with seismic, geologic, flood, and wildfire hazards. The Safety Element serves the following functions: develops a framework by which safety considerations are introduced into the land use planning process; facilitates identification and mitigation of hazards for new development and thus strengthens existing codes; project review, and permitting processes; presents policies directed at identifying and reducing hazards in existing development; and strengthens earthquake, flood, inundation, and wildland fire preparedness planning and post-related reconstruction policies. The Project complies with all applicable building codes, County Ordinances, and State and federal laws.

As disclosed in DEIR Section 4.6, Geology and Soils, the Project site is not affected by any

potentially significant or adverse geology/soils conditions. The Project does not propose or require uses or operations that would exacerbate any potentially significant or adverse geology/soils conditions. Further, the Project would comply with recommendations of the Project Geotechnical Investigation (DEIR Appendix G), Conditions of Approval, County Policies and Regulations, and State Regulations. In combination these measures ensure proper design, construction and operation of the Project such that all geology and soils impacts would remain at levels that would be less-than-significant.

As disclosed at DEIR Section 4.5, *Hazards/Hazardous Materials*, and substantiated in the Project Phase I Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs, DEIR Appendix F) there is no evidence or indication of recognized environmental conditions (RECs), historical-RECs (HRECs), controlled-RECs (CRECs), or conditions indicative of releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances at or affecting the Project site.

With respect to other potential hazards/hazardous materials impacts, the Project would comply with recommendations of the Project Phase I ESA, Conditions of Approval, County Policies and Regulations, and State and Federal Regulations. In combination these measures ensure proper design, construction, and operation of the Project such that all other hazards/hazardous materials impacts would remain at levels that would be less-than-significant. Additionally, the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) has reviewed the Project and determined the Project to be consistent with the March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP), subject to conditions. Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) airspace review has also been completed for the Project, and the FAA has issued No Hazard to Air Navigation Determinations for all Project facilities (please refer to DEIR Appendix F, Airport Compatibility Documentation).

Project consistency with the County Safety Element is further substantiated at DEIR Section 1.7, Impacts Not Found to be Potentially Significant, and within the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A, Checklist Item Hazards & Hazardous Materials).

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Safety Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan

Multipurpose Open Space Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

E. Noise Element

The Noise Element identifies and appraises noise problems and includes policies to protect the County from excessive noise. The County of Riverside has adopted a Noise Element of the General Plan to control and abate environmental noise, and to protect the citizens of the County from excessive exposure to noise. The Noise Element identifies two separate types of noise sources: 1) transportation and 2) stationary, and establishes guidelines for acceptable transportation and stationary community noise levels.

As disclosed at DEIR Section 4.4, *Noise*, and with the Project Noise Impact Analysis (DEIR Appendix E) the all Project noise impacts and vibration impacts would be less-than-significant.

Further, the Project would be required to comply with Conditions of Approval, County Policies and Regulations, and State Regulations. In combination these measures ensure proper design, construction, and operation of the Project such that all potential noise and vibration impacts would remain at levels that would be less-than-significant.

Project consistency with the County Safety Element is further substantiated at DEIR Section 1.7, *Impacts Not Found to be Potentially Significant*, and within the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A, Checklist Item *Noise*).

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Noise Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan Noise Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

F. Housing Element

The 2017-2021 Housing Element identifies and establishes County policies intended to fulfill the housing needs of existing and future residents in Riverside County. The Element establishes policies that guide County decision-making and set forth an action plan to implement its housing goals.

As disclosed at DEIR Section 1.7, Impacts Not Found to be Potentially Significant, and within the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A, Checklist Item Population and Housing), the

Project site does not contain any residential uses, and the Project would not require demolition or displacement of off-site residential uses. The Project site is expected to employ approximately 690 workers. It is expected that the job opportunities created by the Project would be filled by existing residents in Riverside County and residents of homes that are already approved for construction but not yet built. Therefore, the Project would not create a demand for additional housing, and impacts would be less than significant.

Project consistency with the County Housing Element is further substantiated within the FEIR Responses to Comment Letter "EJA."

Based on the preceding, the Board of Supervisors finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Housing Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan Housing Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

G. Air Quality Element

As disclosed at DEIR Section 4.2, *Air Quality*, even after compliance with regulatory requirements and DEIR MMs 4.2.1 through 4.2.4, the Project's operational-source NOx emissions would exceed applicable SCAQMD regional thresholds. This exceedance would cause the Project to be inconsistent with the applicable AQMP. There are no feasible mitigation measures that would reduce this impact to levels that would be less-than-significant. Project operational-source NOx exceedances would also result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of non-attainment criteria pollutants (ozone, PM₁₀, PM _{2.5}).² There are no feasible mitigation measures that would reduce this impact to levels that would be less-than-significant. These DEIR mitigation measures would diminish the Project operational-source NOx emissions — however, impacts would remain significant and unavoidable.

With respect to other potential air quality impacts (including localized air quality impacts, regional air quality impacts, and health risk impacts) the Project would comply with Conditions of Approval, County Policies and Regulations, and State and Federal Regulations. In combination, these measures ensure proper design, construction, and

²NOx is a precursor to ozone and PM10/PM2.5.

operation of the Project such that all other air quality impacts would remain at levels that would be less-than-significant.

Project consistency with the County Air Quality Element is further substantiated DEIR Section 4.2, the Project Air Quality Impact Analysis (AQIA) presented at DEIR Appendix C, DEIR Section 1.7, *Impacts Not Found to be Potentially Significant*, and within the Initial Study (DEIR Appendix A, Checklist Item *Air Quality*).

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Air Quality Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan Air Quality Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

H. Healthy Communities Element

The Healthy Communities Element establishes policies to address primary health issues that may address County residents, such as high rates of obesity, chronic illness, air pollution, lack of access to healthy foods, unsafe environments, and lack of access to health care and mental health services. The Project would be consistent with the applicable Healthy Communities Element policies governing Countywide Land Uses and non-Motorized Transportation, as the Project would help to achieve the purposes of the General Plan through compliance with applicable General Plan policies.

Further, in support of the Healthy Communities Element, the Project would conform to applicable provisions of the County's *Good Neighbor Policy for Logistics and Warehouse/Distribution Uses* Board of Supervisors Policy F-3 (Policy). The purpose of this Policy is to provide framework for the development and operations of logistics and warehouse projects larger than 250,000 sf in size in a way that would lessen their impact on the surrounding communities. This Policy provides development and operational criteria that can be implemented to supplement project-level mitigation measures. The Project would be required to comply with applicable provisions of the Good Neighbor as implemented through the Project Conditions of Approval.

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Healthy Communities Element. The Project is consistent with the General

Plan Healthy Communities Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

The Administration Element focuses on the administration of the General Plan, which is the sole responsibility of the County of Riverside, under the authority of the Board of Supervisors. This Element details the vision for Riverside County, General Planning Principals, Countywide Elements and Planning Policies/Area Plan, Appendices of the General Plan, and other administrative topics. The Project does not propose or require facilities or operations that would conflict with or obstruct County Administration of the General Plan.

Based on the preceding, the Planning Commission finds that the Project is consistent with the General Plan Administration Element. The Project is consistent with the General Plan Administration Element and is therefore consistent with the General Plan.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the Final EIR also discusses, pursuant to *State CEQA Guidelines* Sections 15126(c) and 15126.2(d), and 15127 significant irreversible environmental changes. As disclosed in DEIR Section 5.0, *Other CEQA Considerations*:

CEQA Guidelines sections 15126 (c), 15126.2 (c) & 15127 require that for certain types or categories of projects, an EIR must address significant irreversible environmental changes that would occur should the project be implemented. As presented in *State CEQA Guidelines* Section 15127, the topic of Significant Irreversible Environmental Changes need be addressed in EIRs prepared in connection with any of the following activities:

- (a) The adoption, amendment, or enactment of a plan, policy, or ordinance of a public agency;
- (b) The adoption by a local agency formation commission of a resolution making determinations; or
- (c) A project which will be subject to the requirements for preparing of an environmental impact statement pursuant to the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, 42 U.S.C. Section 4321-4347.

The Project would not require or result in actions listed in *State CEQA Guidelines* Section 15127. Accordingly, the EIR is not required to address potential significant irreversible

environmental changes involved in the proposed action should it be implemented.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that PPT 190011 is consistent with the Riverside County General Plan.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that it has reviewed and considered EIR CEQ190038 in evaluating PPT 190011, and that EIR CEQ190038 is an accurate and objective statement that complies with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and reflects the County's independent judgment, and that EIR CEQ190038 is incorporated by this reference.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that it ADOPTS the statement of overriding consideration, CERTIFIES EIR CEQ190038 and ADOPTS the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan attached as Attachment "A" hereto. To the extent that there are any inconsistencies between the mitigation measures as set forth in EIR CEQ190038, and those set forth in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, the measure more protective of the environment shall control.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that PPT 190011 on file with the Clerk of the Board, including the final exhibits and related cases, are hereby approved for the real property described and shown on the final exhibits, and said real property shall be developed substantially in accordance with PPT 190011, unless they are amended by the Board of Supervisors.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that copies of PPT 190011 shall be placed in the Office of Clerk of the Board, in the Office of County Planning Department, and the Office of the Building and Safety Director.

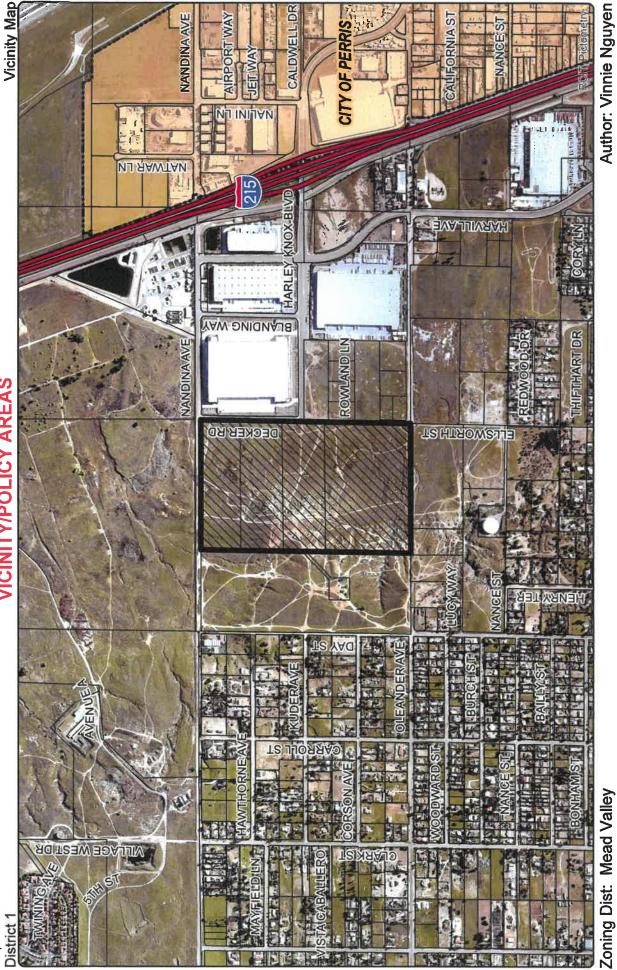
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that the custodians of the documents upon which this decision is based are the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors and the County Planning Department and that such documents are located at 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, California.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPT190011

VICINITY/POLICY AREAS

Supervisor: Jeffries

Date Drawn: 11/20/2020



Zoning Dist: Mead Valley



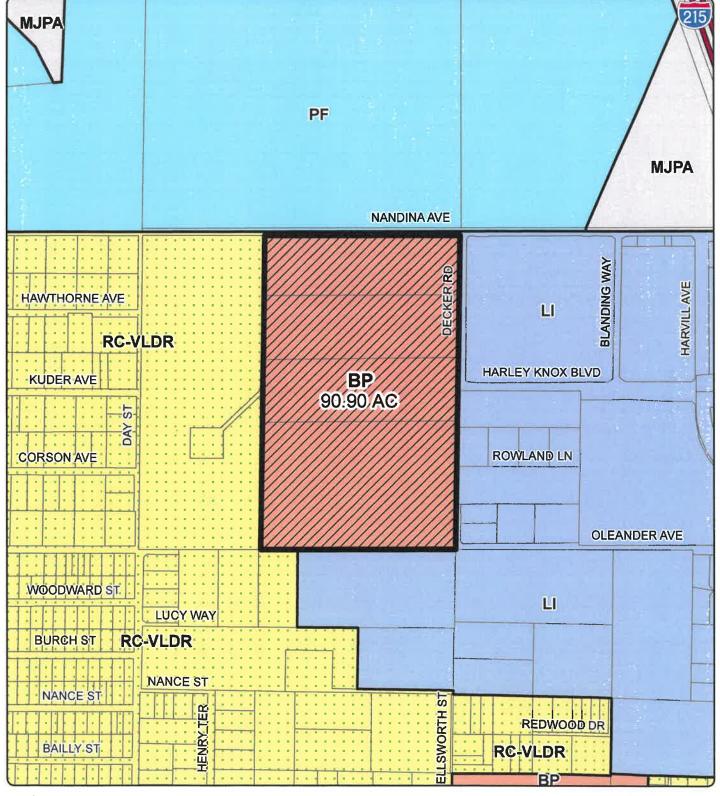


RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPT190011

Supervisor: Jeffries District 1

EXISTING GENERAL PLAN

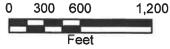
Date Drawn: 11/20/2020 Exhibit 5



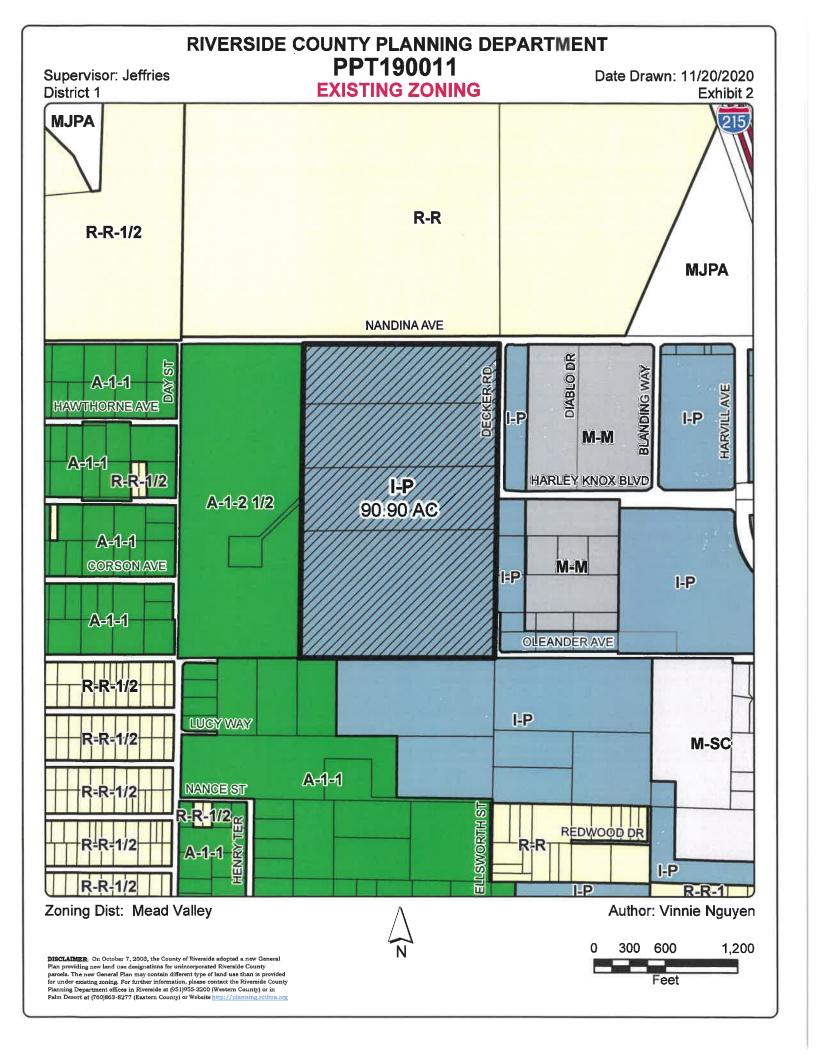
Zoning Dist: Mead Valley

A

Author: Vinnie Nguyen



DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (55)1955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://olanning.retime.org



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPT190011

Supervisor: Jeffries District 1

LAND USE

Date Drawn: 11/20/2020

Exhibit 1



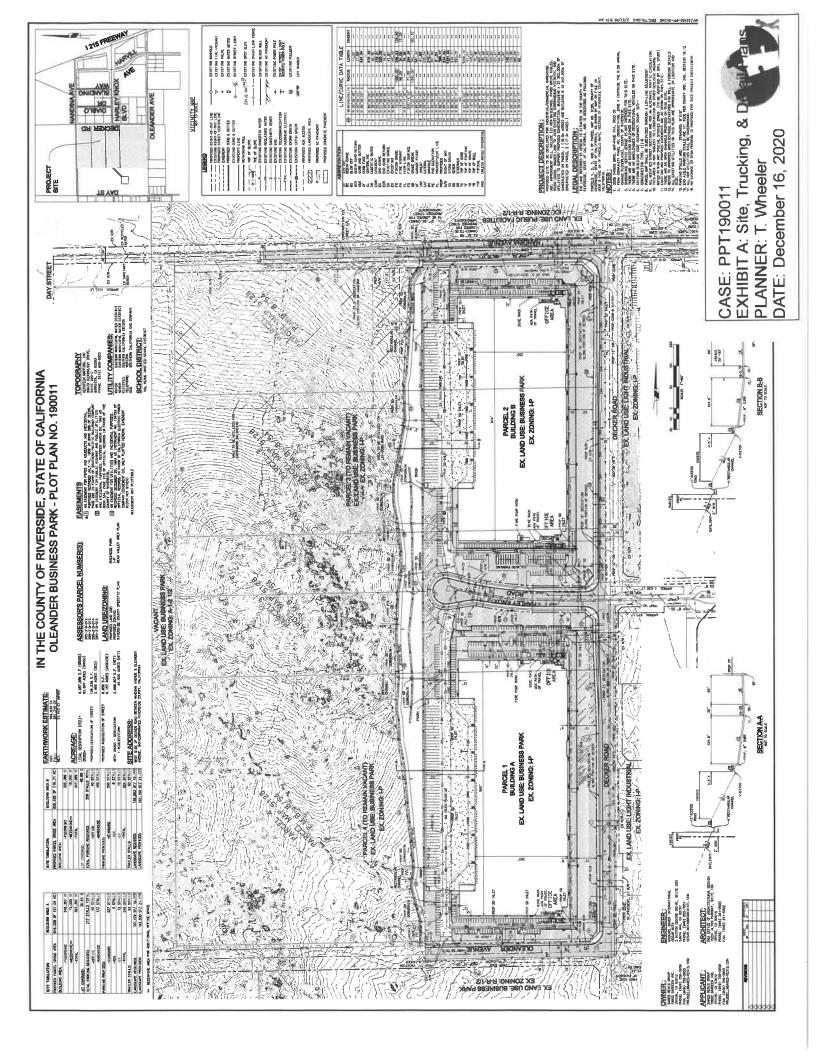
Zoning Dist: Mead Valley

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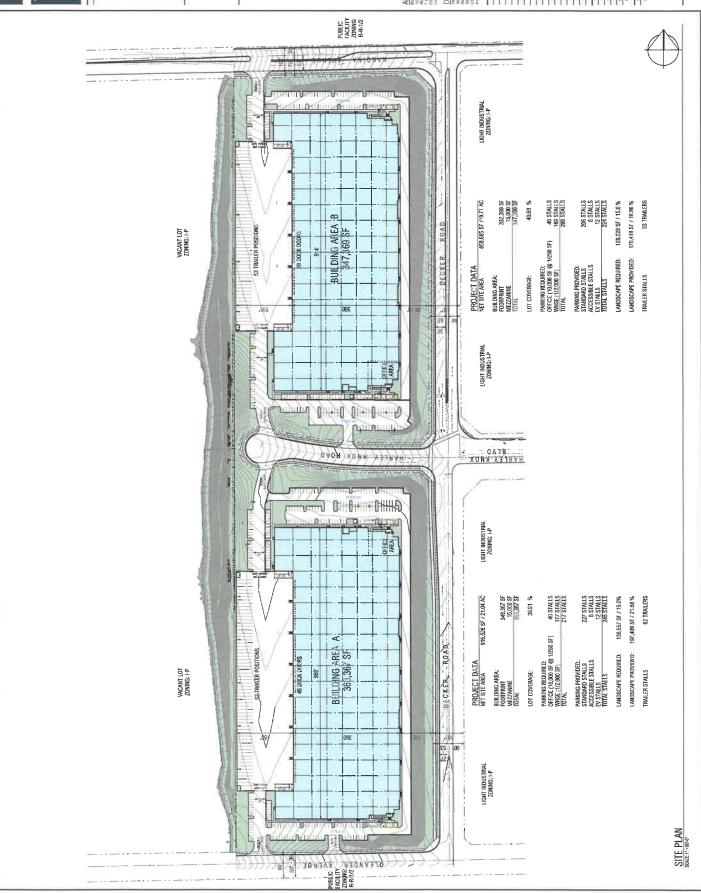
Author: Vinnie Nguyen

0 300 600 1,200 Feet

DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951958-3800 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.redma.org



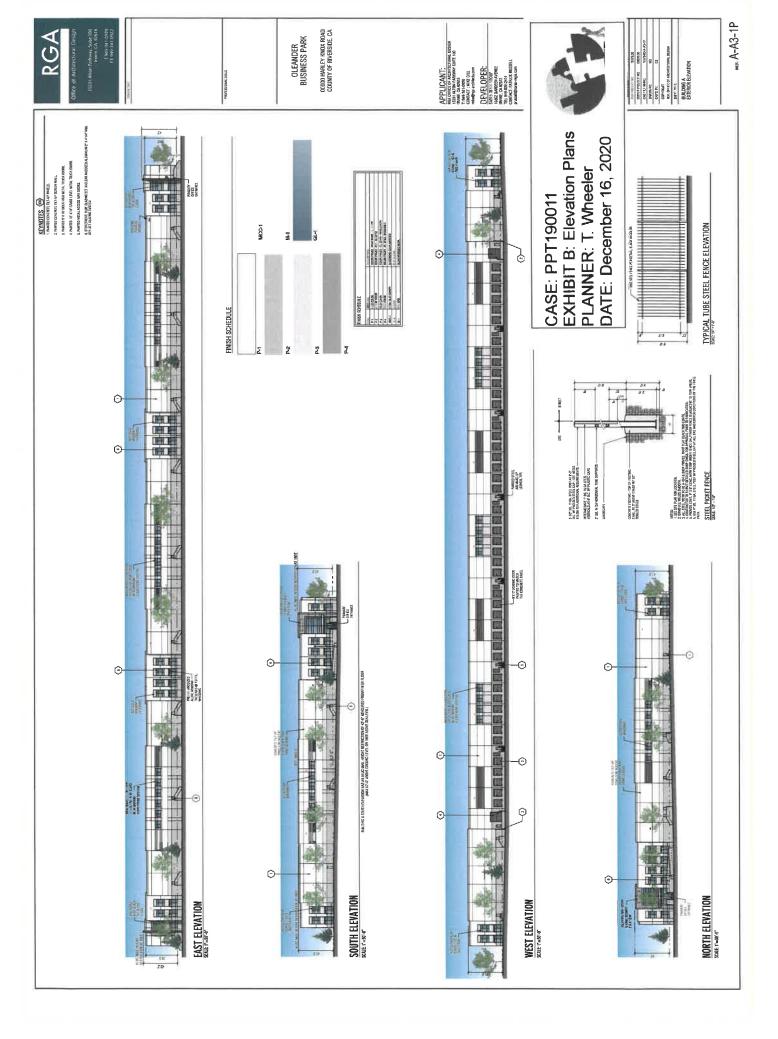
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A1-2P

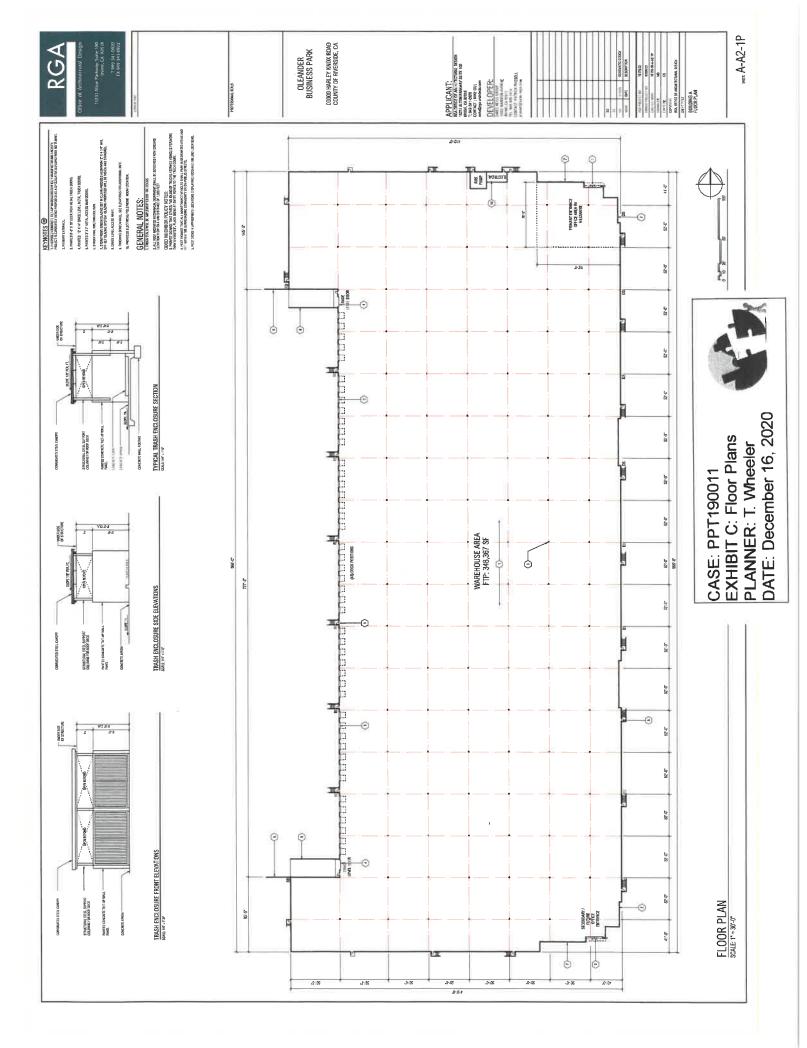
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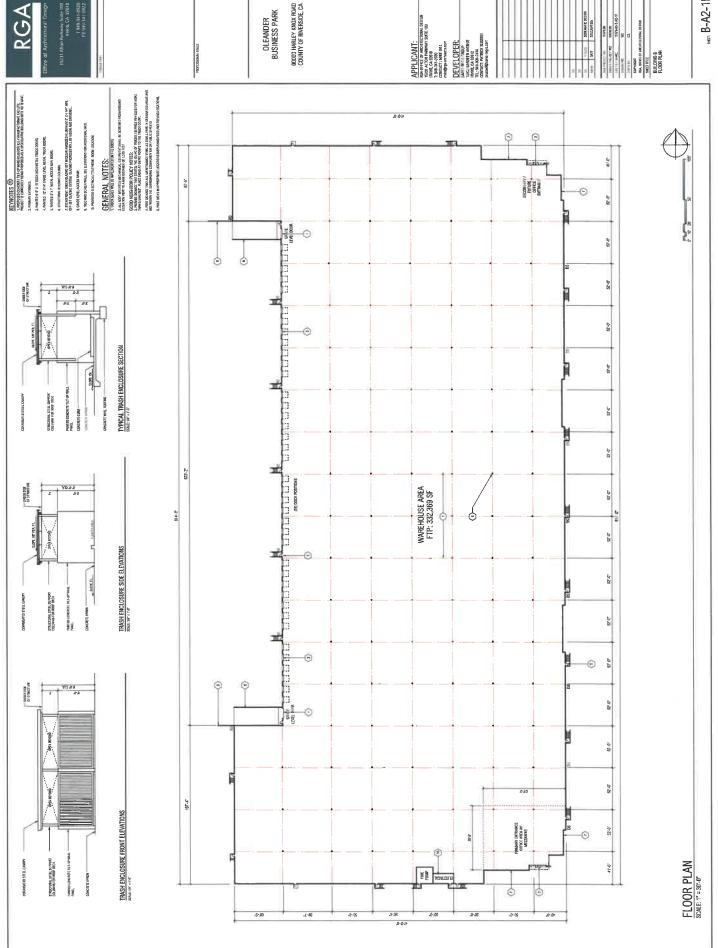
A1-4P











ser. B-A2-1P



P-2

GL-1

<u>P</u>-1

MC-1

P-3

Σ

P-4



Office of Architectural Design

COLOR: SHERWIN WILLIAMS - GUANTLET GRAY - #SW 7019

ACCENT COLOR ACCENT COLOR ACCENT COLOR

FIELD COLOR

P-1 P-2 P-3

MATERIAL

CODE

FINISH SCHEDULE

SCALE 1" =30'-0"

COLOR: SHERWIN WILLIAMS - SNOWFALL - #SW 6000

DESCRIPTION

COLOR: SHERWIN WILLIAMS - THUNDER GRAY - #SW 7645 COLOR: SHERWIN WILLIAMS - ELLIE GRAY - #SW 7650

15231 Alton Parkway, Suite 100 Irvine, CA 92618

T 949-341-0920 FX 949-341-0922

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CA

ALUCOBOND NATURAL BRUSHED GRAPHITE

METAL CLAD CANOPY

MC-1

MULLIONS GLAZING

M-1

GL-1

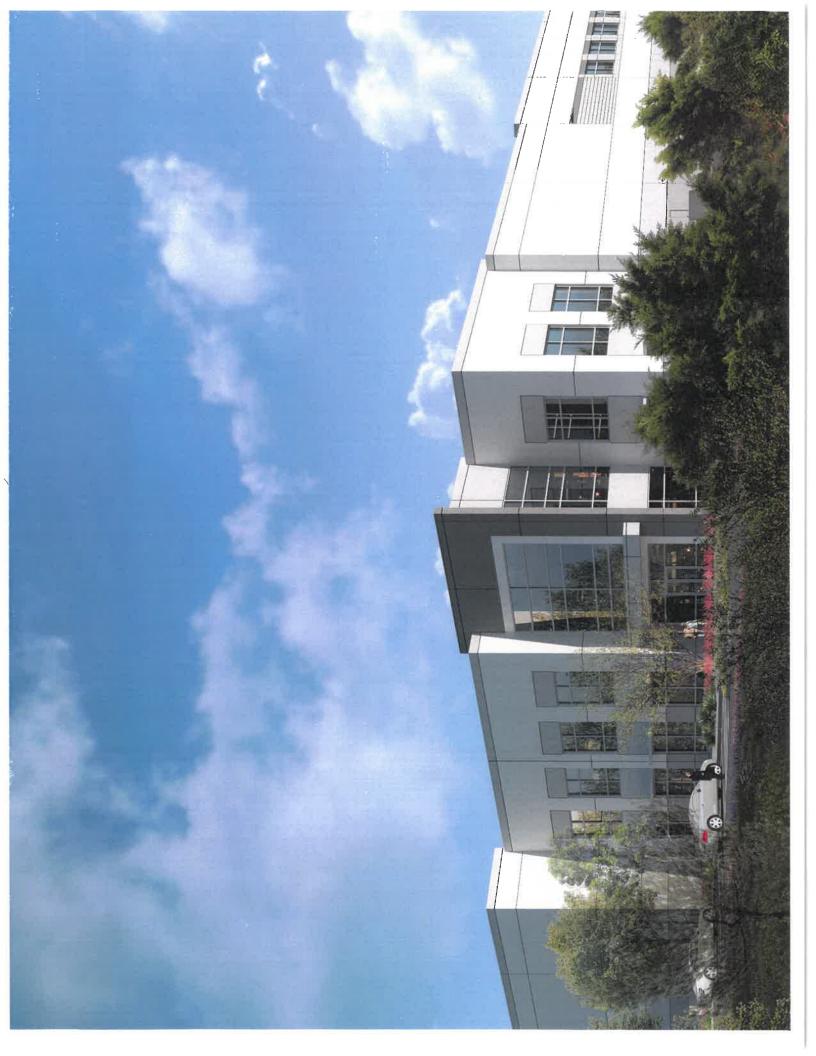
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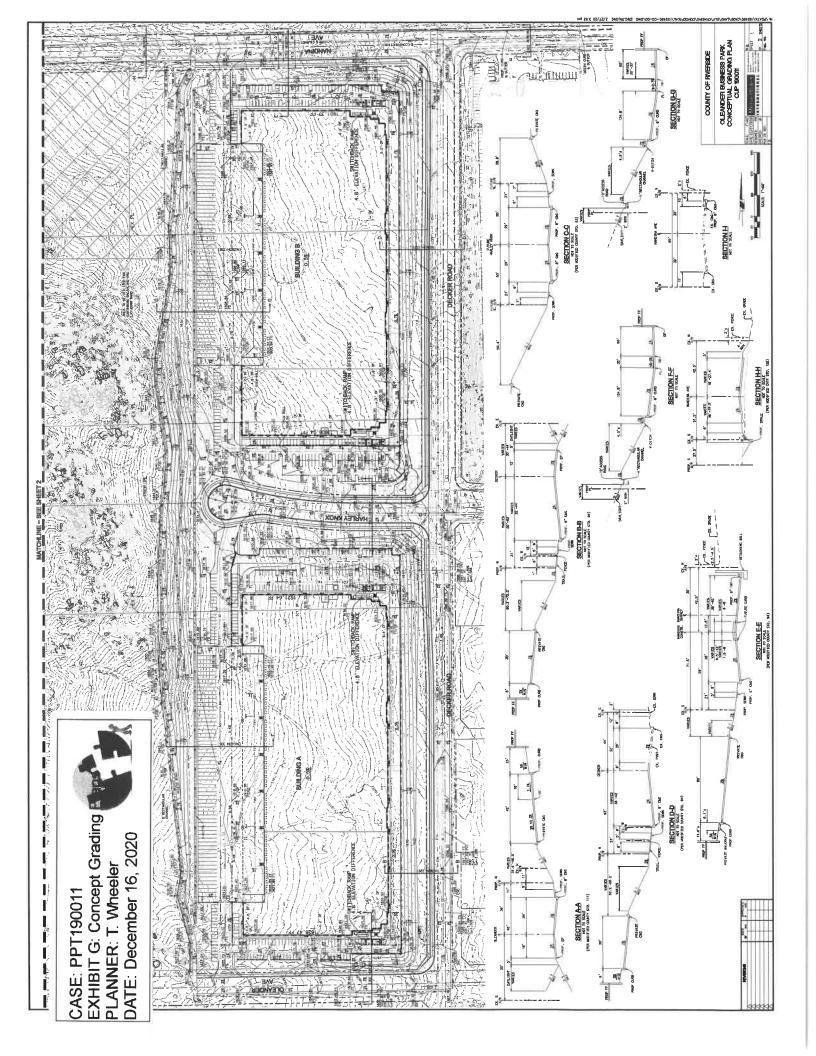
CLEAR ANODIZED ALUMINUM BLUE REFLECTIVE GLAZING

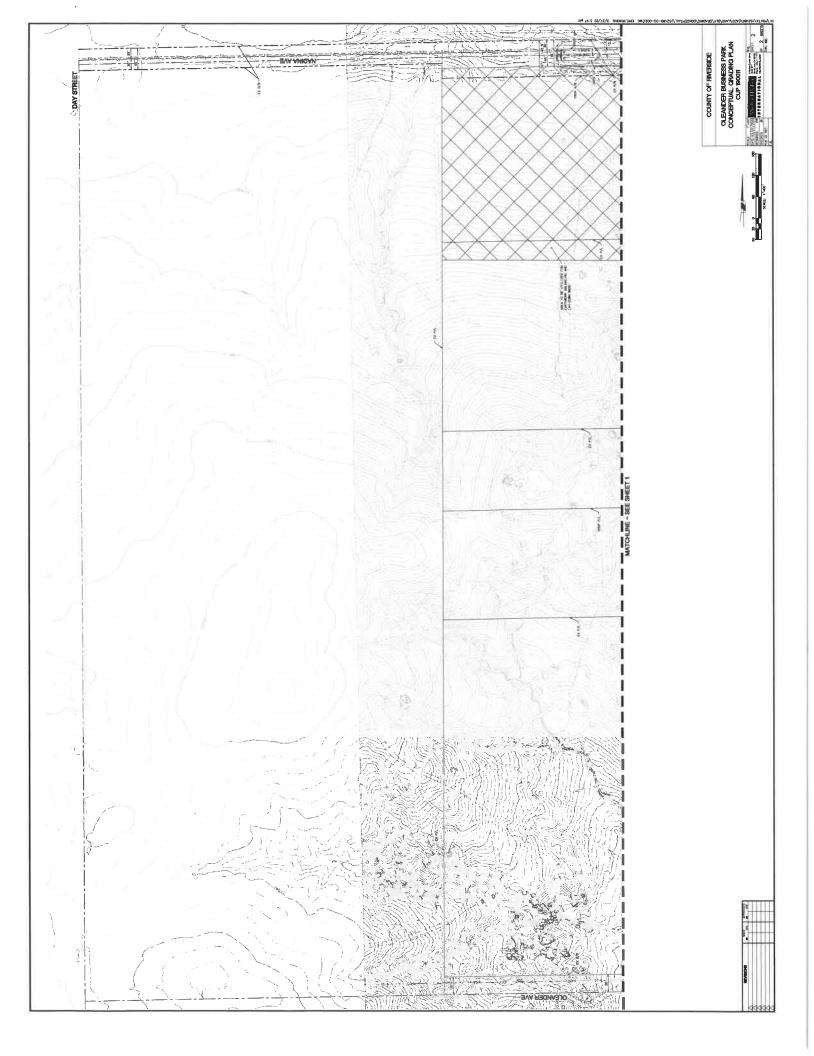
EXHIBIT M: Color Board & Replement
PLANNER: T. Wheeler CASE: PPT190011

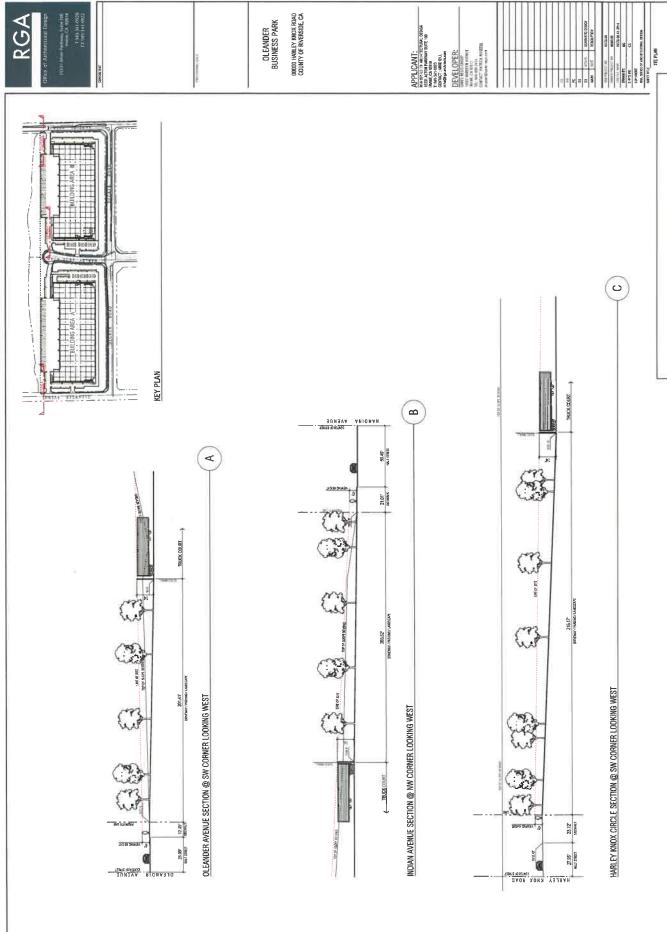
DATE: December 16, 2020

00000 HARLEY KNOX ROAD MEAD VALLEY INDUSTRIAL PARK









CASE: PPT190011 EXHIBIT H: Line of Sight Plan (Cro PLANNER: T. Wheeler DATE: December 16, 2020

mm. A1-5P

SITE SECTIONS

SITE PHOTO PLAN

OR ENLARGEMENT SEE SHEET L-4 PROPOSED BUILDING B

FOR ENLARGEMENT SEE SHEET L-3 PROPOSED BUILDING A

0000 HARLEY KNOX ROAD RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA LANDSCAPE PLANS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

GENERAL NOTES

- FINAL LOCATION OF CONTROLLER TO BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD WITH ARCHITECT. IRRIGATION
 - 2. RETER TO GENERAL IRRIGATION NOTES ON IRRICATION PLAN. PLANTING 1. ALL BOX TREES ARE TO BE SELECTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ANCHIECT.
- 2. REMOVE STAKES FROM ALL ESPALIERS AND VINES AND ATTACH TO WALLS, POSTS, ETC.

1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 SHADE PLAN AND SHADE CALCULATIONS SHEET INDEX PRELIMINARY LANDSCAPE PLANS HYDROZONE MAP COVER SHEET



NOT TO SCALE THOMAS BROS. MAPS PAGE 777, C-1 VICINITY MAP

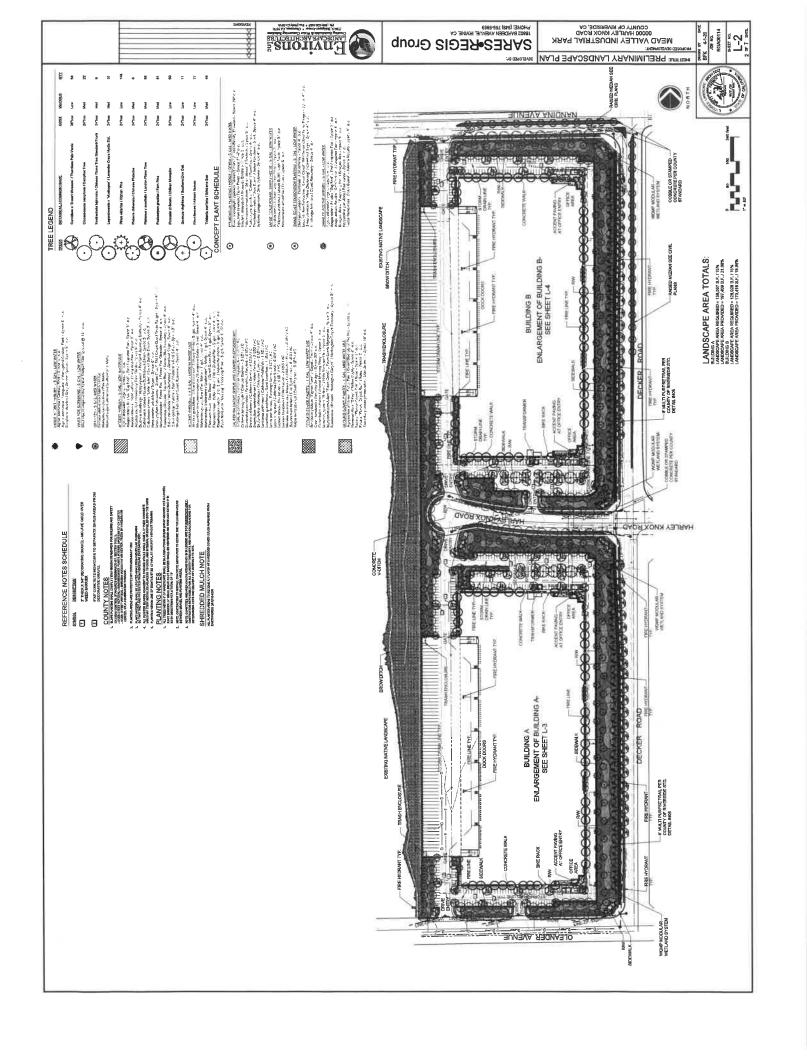
KEY MAP NOT TO SCALE

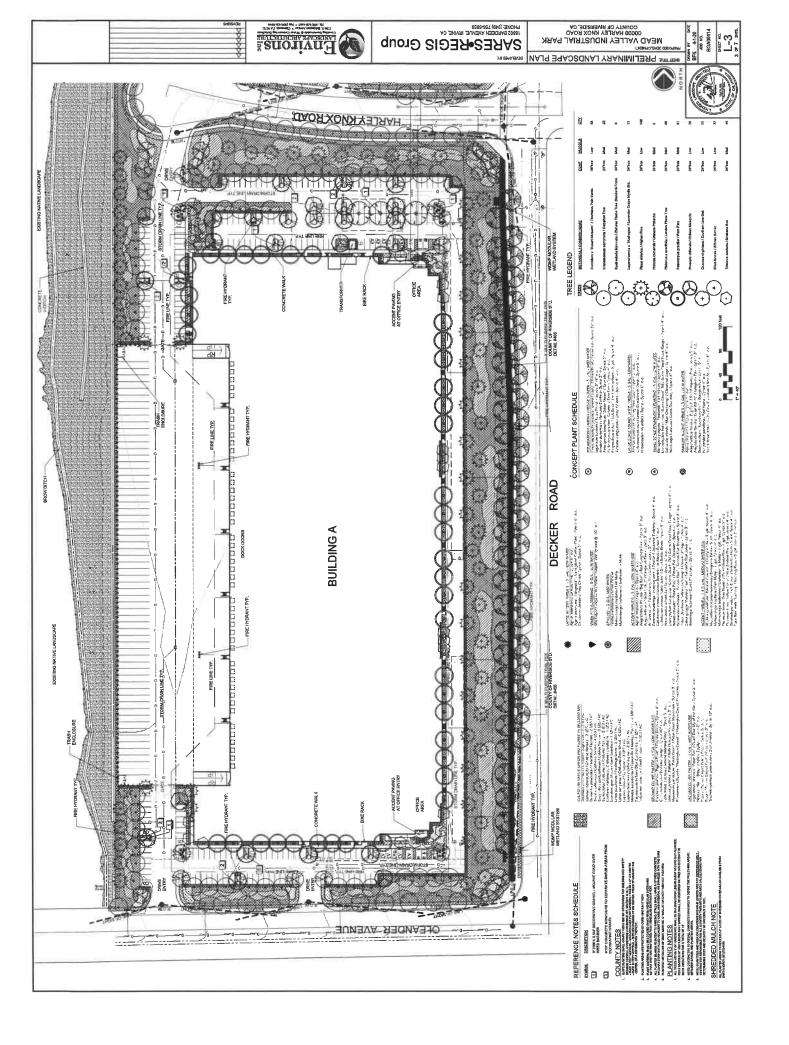
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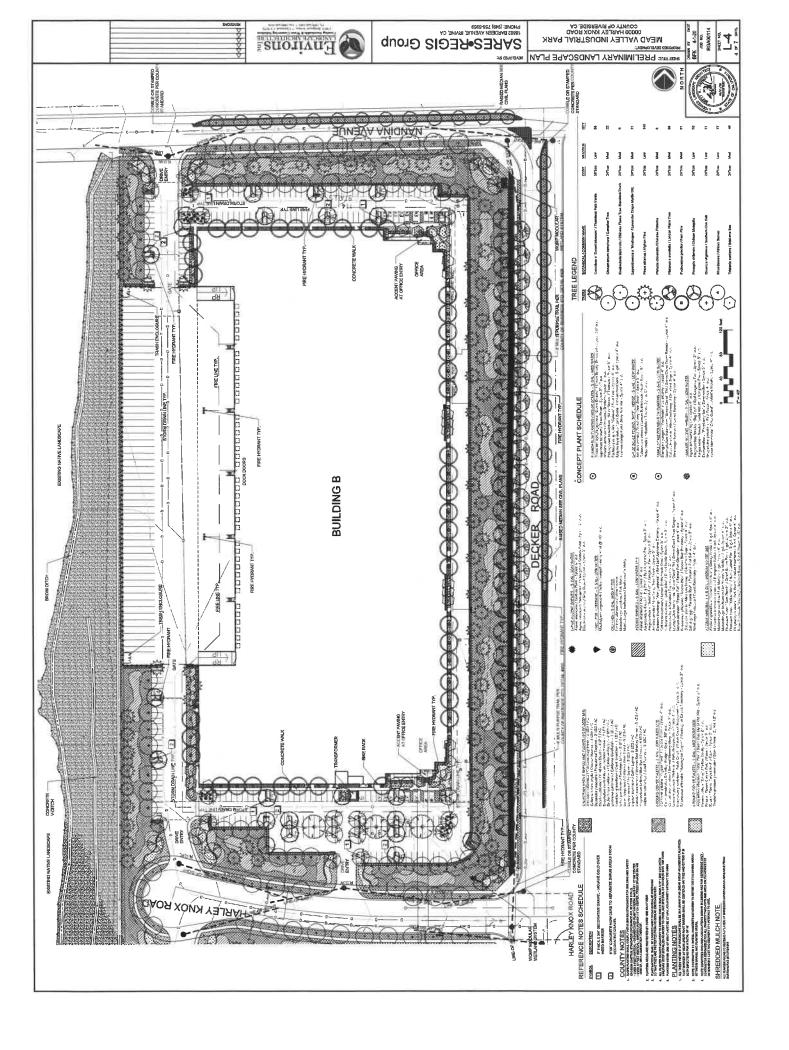
CASE: PPT190011

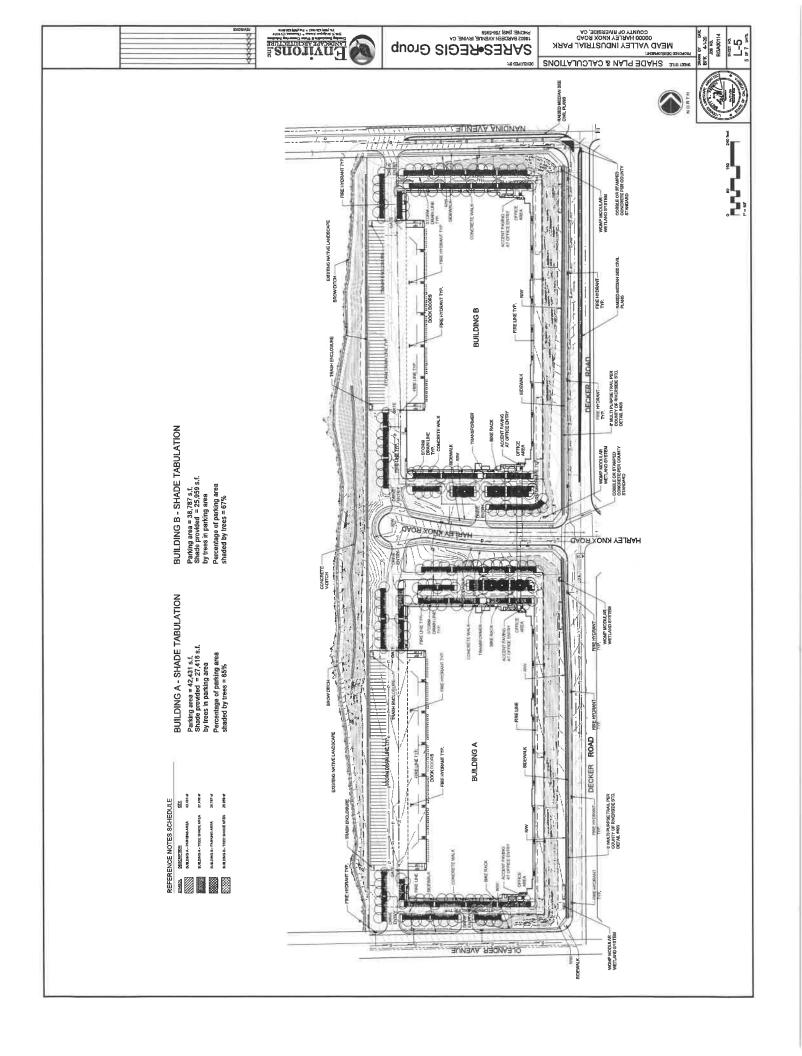
EXHIBIT L: Concept Landscap PLANNER: T. Wheeler DATE: December 16, 2020

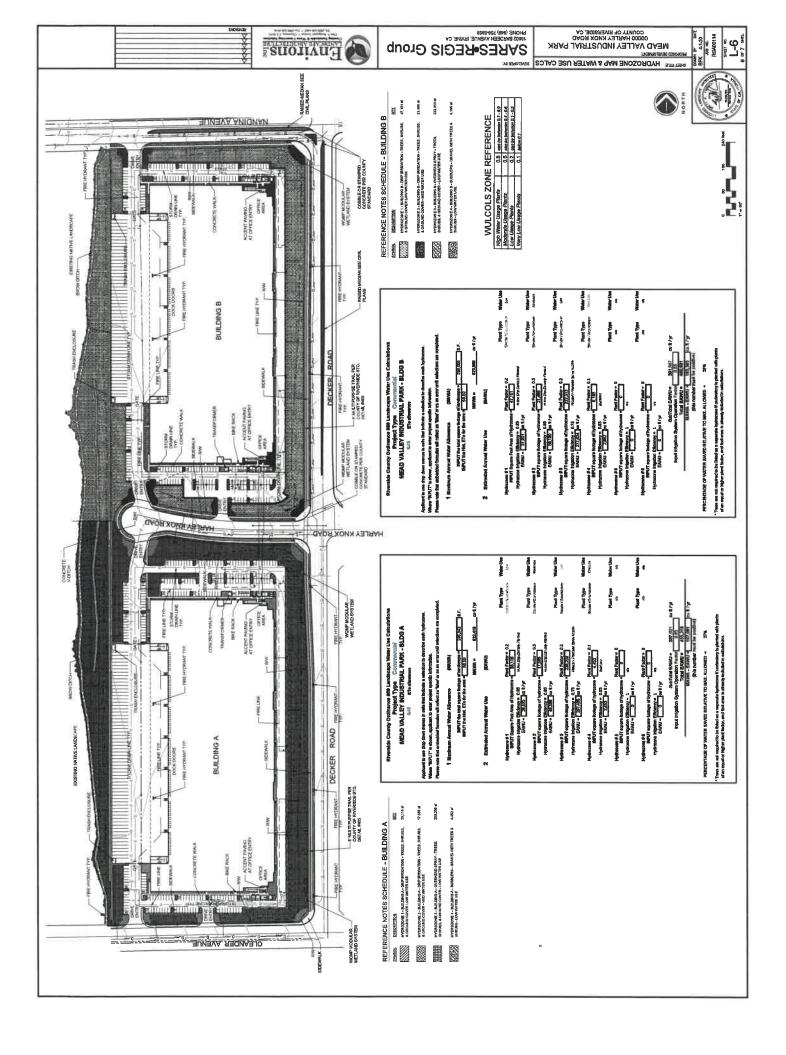
MAINTENANCE NOTE:

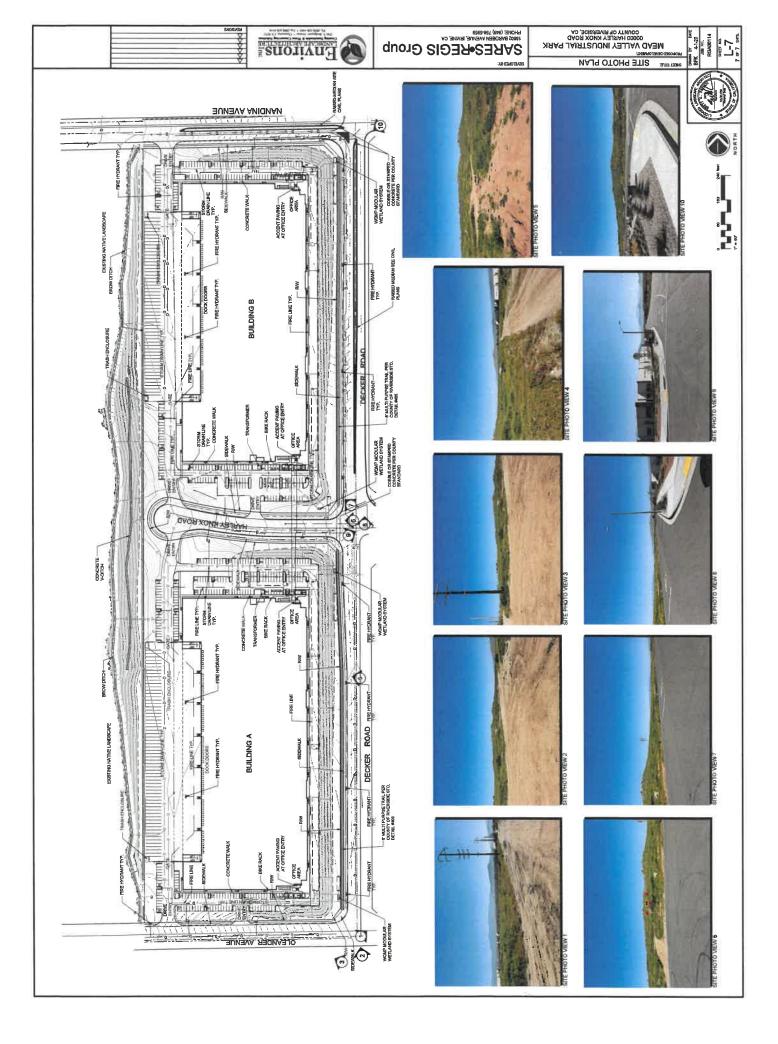


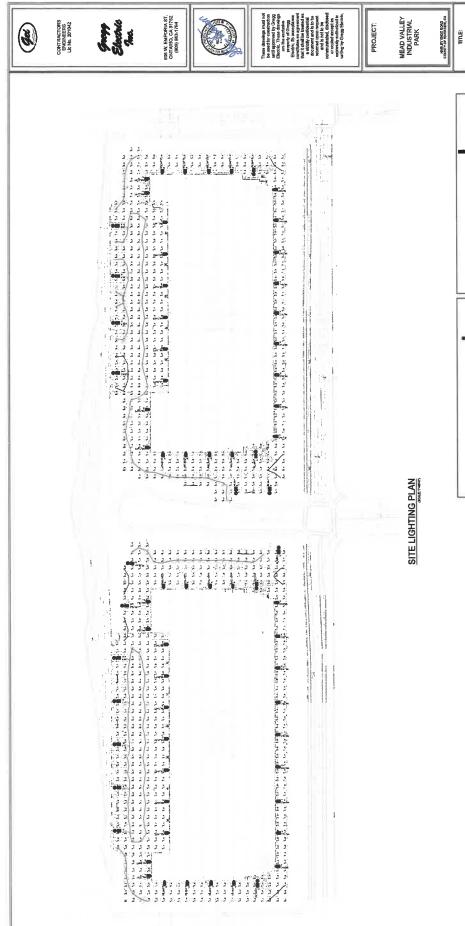


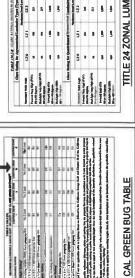












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DATE: DATE:

EXHIBIT P: Photometric Plans PLANNER: T. Wheeler DATE: December 16, 2020 CASE: PPT190011

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PRINTELL PARMETA.

*- SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR ACTUAL POLE BASE HEIGHTS

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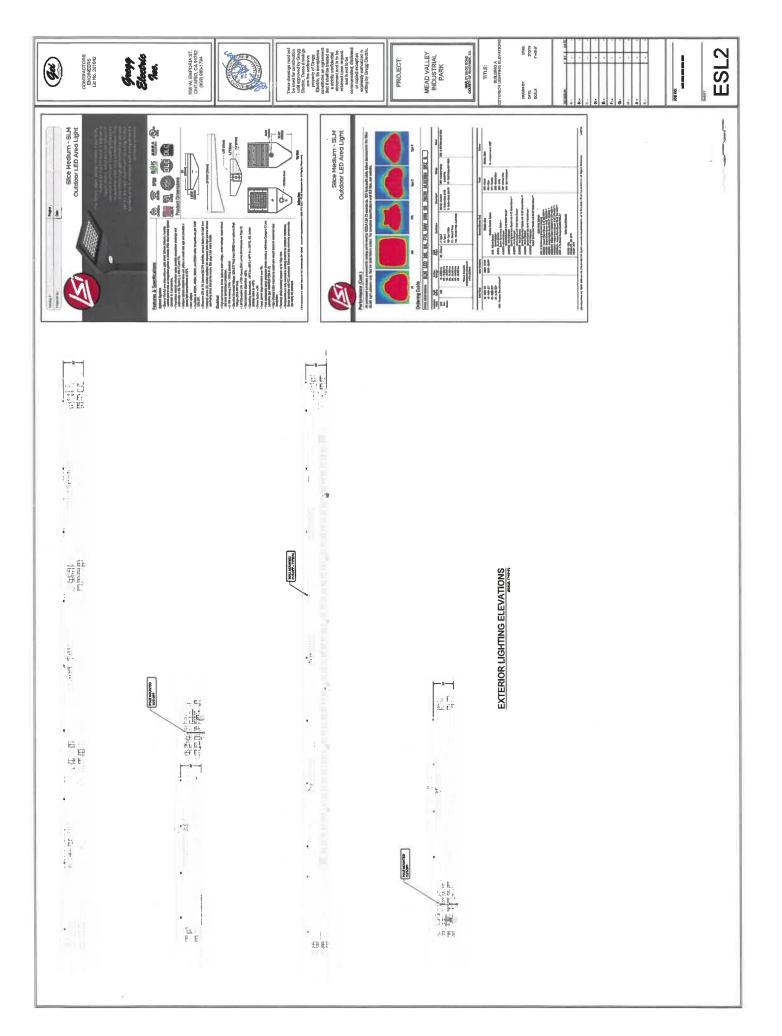
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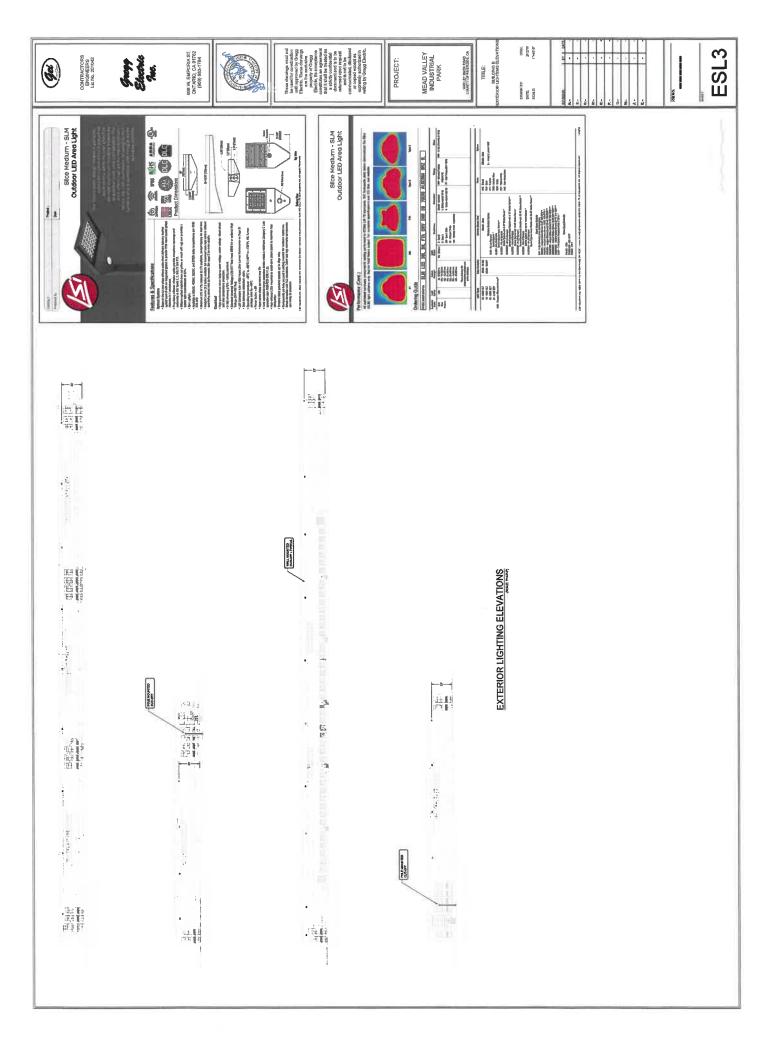
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FIXTURE LEGEND



ESL1





Catalog #:	Project:
Prepared By:	Date:



Slice Medium - SLM Outdoor LED Area Light

The Slice's sleek design makes it perfectlysuited for Commercial & Industrial applications, while its cost-effective die-cast aluminum housing makes its acquisition cost very competitive. The Slice offers high performance silicone optics, die cast aluminum housing, 42,000+ lumens and is available with integral Airlink Synapse controls.

Features & Specifications

Optical System

- State-of-the-Art one piece silicone optic sheet delivers industry leading optical control with an integrated gasket to provide IP66 rated sealed optical chamber in 1 component.
- Proprietary silicone refractor optics provide exceptional coverage and uniformity in IES Types 2, 3, 5W, FT and FTA.
- Silicone optical material does not yellow or crack with age and provides a typical light transmittance of 93%.
- · Zero uplight.
- Available in 5000K, 4000K, 3000K, and 2700K color temperatures per ANSI C78.377.
- Minimum CRI of 70. Optional 80 CRI available, consult factory for lead time.
- Integral Louver (IL) option available for improved back-light control without sacrificing street side performance. See page 5 for more details.

Electrical

- High-performance driver features over-voltage, under-voltage, short-circuit and over temperature protection.
- 0-10V dimming (10% 100%) standard.
- Standard Universal Voltage (120-277 Vac) Input 50/60 Hz or optional High Voltage (347-480 Vac).
- L80 Calculated Life: >100k Hours (See Lumen Maintenance on Page 3)
- Total harmonic distortion: <20%
- Operating temperature: -40°C to +50°C (-40°F to +122°F). 42L lumen package rated to +40°C.
- Power factor: >.90
- · Input power stays constant over life.
- Field replaceable surge protection device meets a minimum Category C Low operation (per ANSI/IEEE C62.41.2).
- High-efficacy LEDs mounted to metal-core circuit board to maximize heat dissipation
- Terminal block provided accepts up to 10ga wire.
- Components are fully encased in potting material for moisture resistance.
 Driver complies with FCC standards. Driver and key electronic components can easily be accessed.













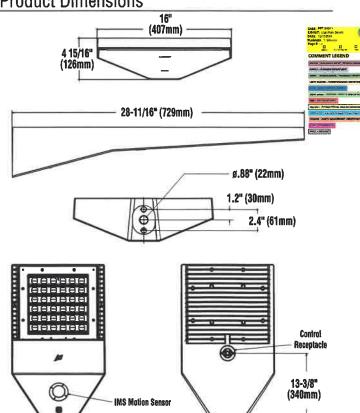








Product Dimensions



Bottom View

Top View



Bpoles & Brackets

LSI offers a full line of poles and brackets to complete your lighting assembly. Our USA manufacturing facility has the same high quality standards for our poles and brackets as we do our lighting fixtures.



BKA UMB CLR

The 3G rated Universal Mounting Bracket (UMB) allows for seemless integration of LSI Luminaires onto existing or new construction poles. The UMB bracket was designed specifically for square or round (tapered/straight) poles with (2) mounting hole spaces between 3.5"-5".



Square Pole 14'-39'



Round Pole



Tapered Pole 20'-39'



BKA ASF CLR

The adjustable Slip Fitter is a 3G rated rugged die cast aluminum adapter to mount LSI luminaires onto a 2" (51mm) IP, 2.375" (60mm) O.D. tenon. The Adjustable Slip Fitter can be rotated 180" allowing for tilting LSI luminaires up to 45° and 90° when using a vertical tenon.



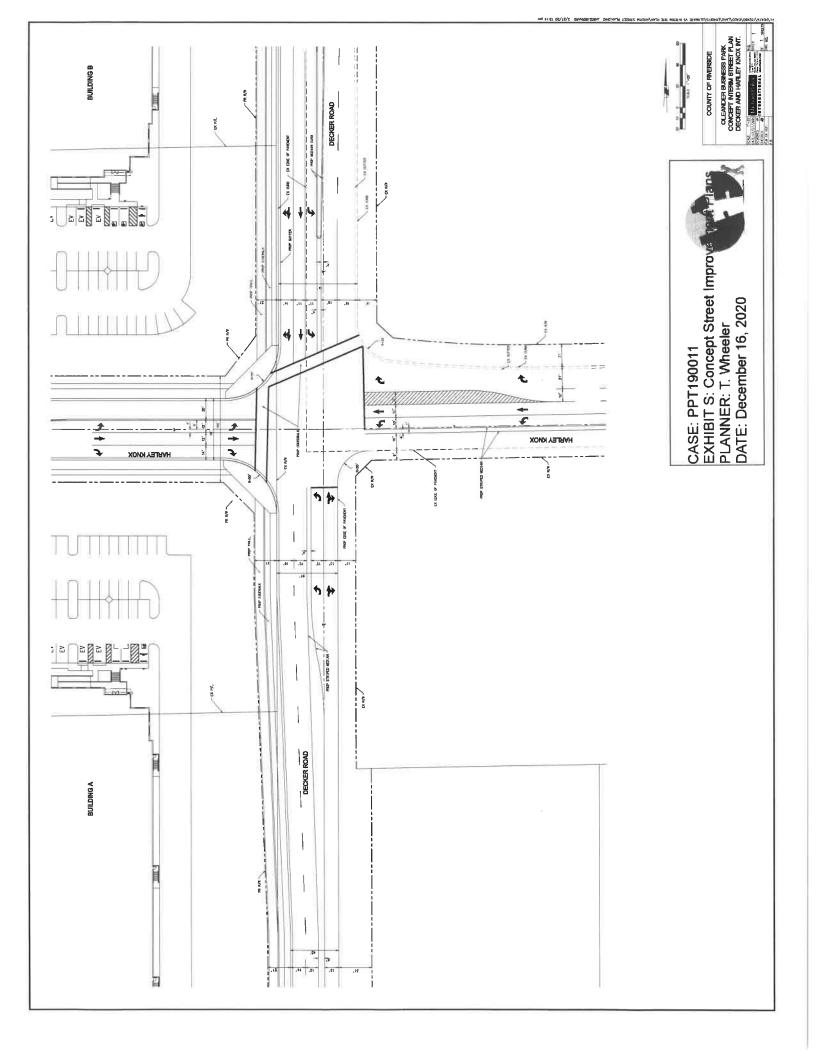
BKS PQMH CLR

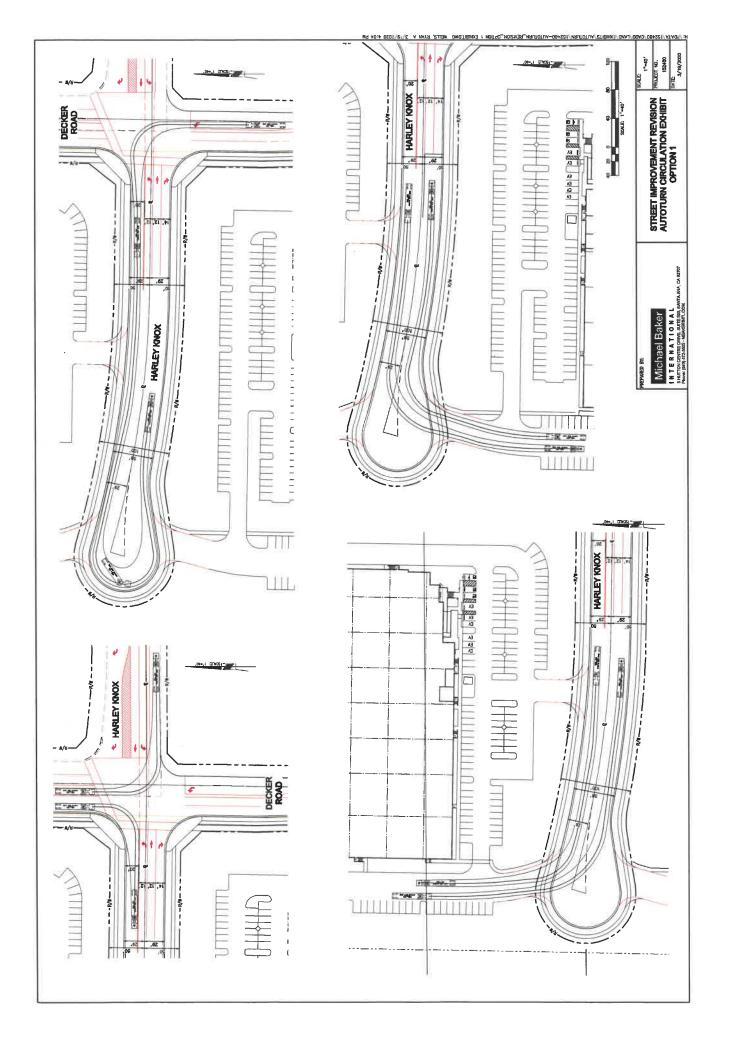
The Pole Quick Mount Bracket allows for lightning fast installation of LSI luminaires onto existing and new construction poles with LSI's 3" or 5"standard bolt patterns.

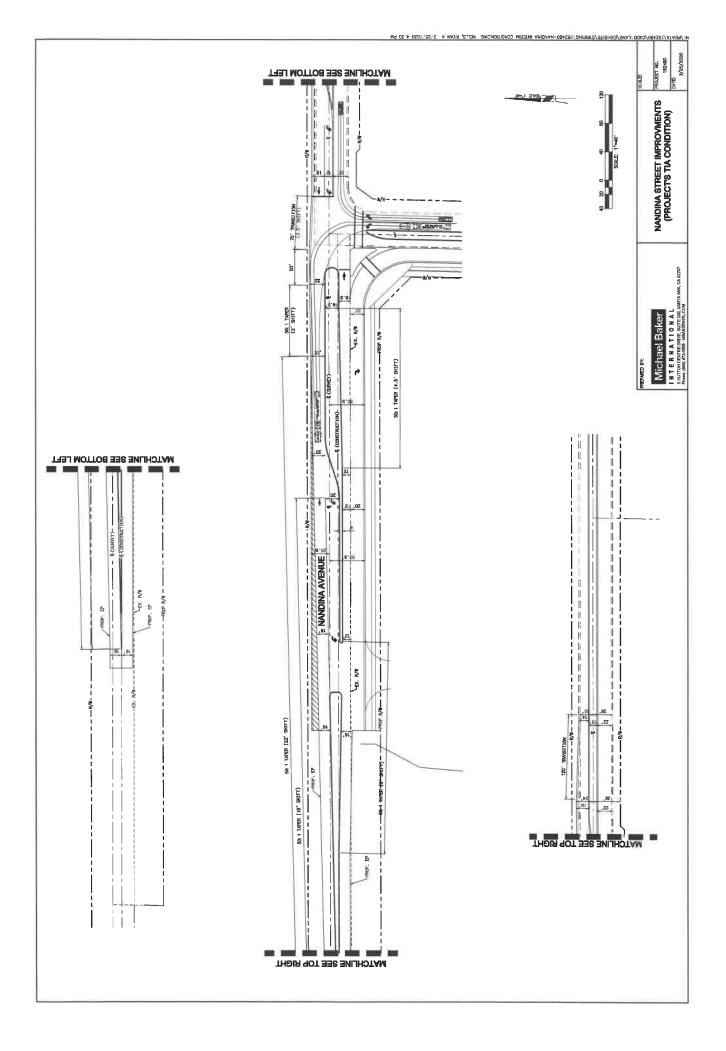


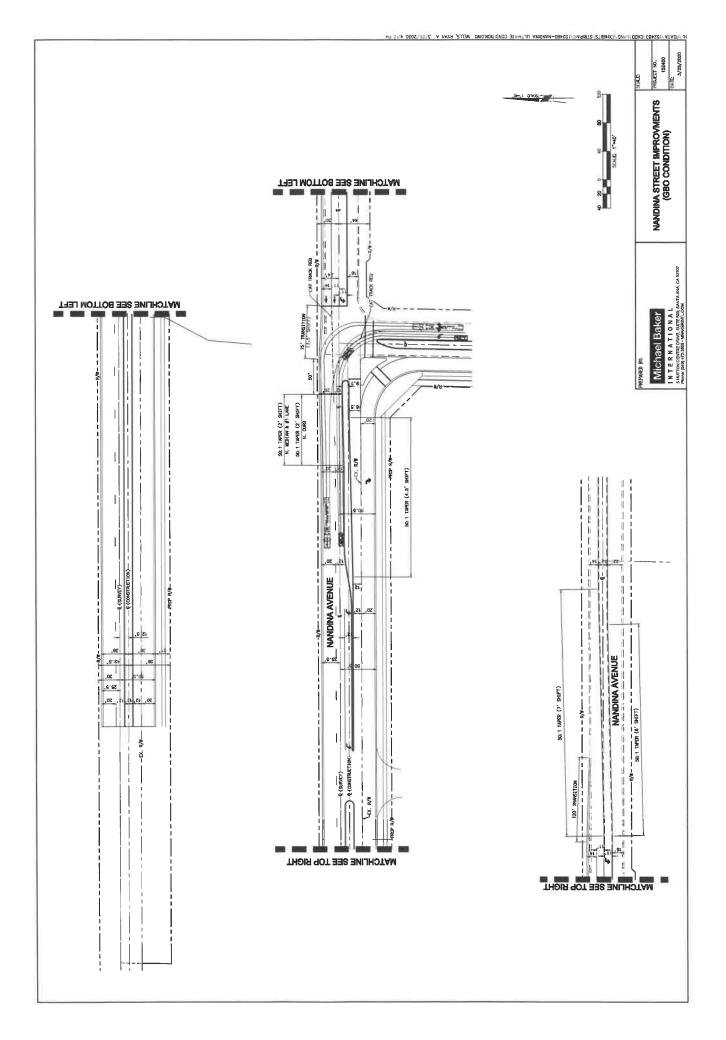
BKS PQM15 CLR

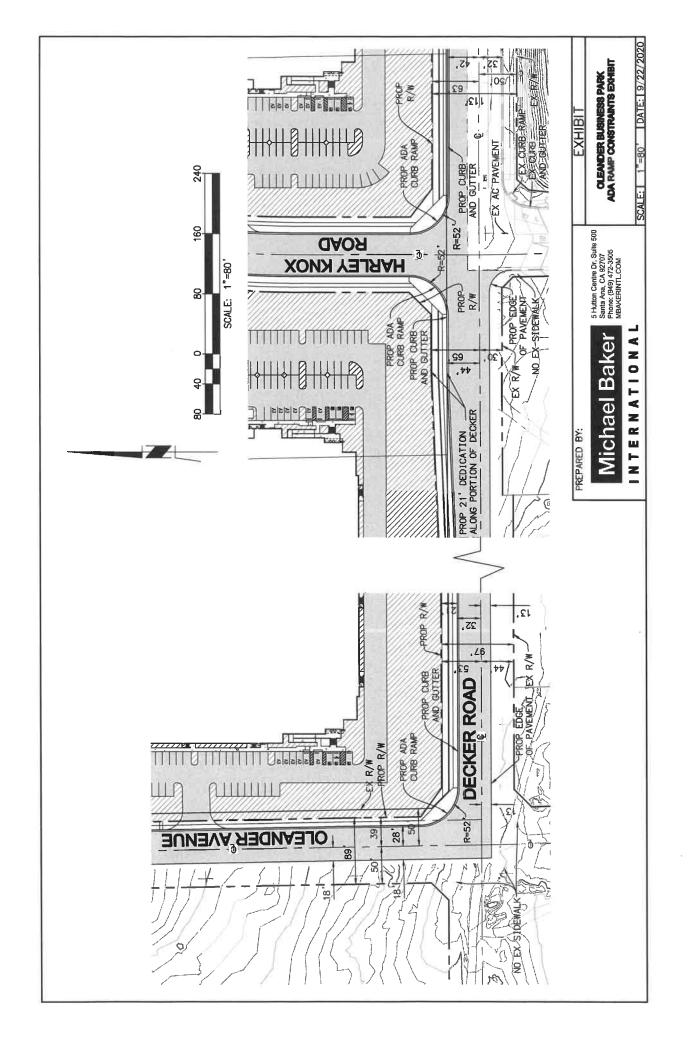
The Pole Quick Mount Bracket allows for preset 15° uptilt of LSI luminaires for greater throw of light and increased vertical illumination aswell as fast installation onto poles with LSI's 3" or 5" bolt pattern.













COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Charissa Leach Interim Agency Director

12/08/20, 4:14 pm PPT190011

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for <u>PPT190011</u>. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this Plan (PPT190011) and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

Plot Plan No. 190011 is a proposal to construct two industrial warehouse buildings on two parcels. The total project site consists of four parcels that would adjust their existing lot lines to consist of the following: Parcel 1 of 20.90 acres would include a 363,367 sqft. industrial building (Building A) with 15,000 sqft. of office/mezzanine space and 348,367 sqft. of warehouse area with 46 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 245 parking spaces for vehicles and 62 parking stalls for trucks. Parcel 2 of 19.59 acres would include a 347,369 sqft. industrial building (Building B) with 15,000 sqft. of office/mezzanine space and 332,369 sqft of warehouse area with 39 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 226 parking spaces for vehicles and 53 parking stalls for trucks. Landscaping will surround the perimeter of both industrial sites. Parcels 3 and 4, totaling approximately 53.35 acres will remain vacant.

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S):

Exhibit A (Site Plan), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit B (Elevations), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit C (Floor Plans), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit G (Conceptual Grading Plan), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit H (Line of Sight Analysis), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit L (Conceptual Landscaping and Irrigation Plans), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit M (Colors and Materials), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit P (Photometric Plan), dated April 14, 2020.

Exhibit S (Concept Street Improvement Plans), dated April 14, 2020.

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
- · Clean Water Act
- Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)
- Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
- Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
- State Subdivision Map Act
- Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
- School District Impact Compliance
- current California Building Code (CBC)
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
- Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
- Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements)
- Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
- Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land)
- Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards)
- Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand)
- Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution)
- Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
- · Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
- Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
- Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
- Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
- Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)
- Ord. No. 916 (Cottage Food Operations)
- Ord. No. 928 (Clarifying County Prohibition on Mobile Marijuana Dispensaries and Deliveries)
- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances
- Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
- Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
- Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
- Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor in interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees (COUNTY) from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the Plot Plan, or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the Plot Plan, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1 Gen - Custom

NOTIFICATIONS: CODE/ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction on the property. All building plans and supporting documentation shall comply with current adopted California Building Codes, Riverside County Ordinances regulations in effect at the time of building plan submittal and fee payment to the Building Department. All Building Department plan submittal and fee requirements shall apply. NOTE: The new updated 2019 California Building Codes will be in effect as of January 1st 2020, as mandated by the state of California. Any building plan and fee payment submitted to the building department on or after January 1st, 2020 will be subject to the new updated California Building Code(s). PERMIT ISSUANCE: Per section 105.1 (2019 California Building Code, CBC): Where any owner or authorized agent intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert, or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical, or plumbing system, the regulation of which is governed by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit. The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction or placement of any building, structure or equipment on the property. The applicant shall obtain an approved final building inspection and certificate of occupancy from the building department prior to any use or occupancy of the building, or structure. At no time shall the approval of the planning case exhibit allow for the construction or use of any building, structure, or equipment. In residential applications, each separate structure will require a separate building permit.

E Health

E Health. 1 ECP COMMENTS

Based on the information provided in the environmental assessment documents submitted for this project and a site visit conducted by RCDEH-ECP (Riverside County Department of Environmental Health – Environmental Cleanup Program) staff and with the provision that the information was accurate and representative of site conditions, RCDEH-ECP concludes no further environmental assessment is required for this project. If previously unidentified contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

E Health. 2 Water & Sewer

The proposed facility shall obtain potable water service and sanitary sewer service from Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). Prior to building permit issuance, applicant shall submit an original copy of water and sewer "will-serve" letter(s) to DEH for review and record keeping. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that all requirements to obtain potable water service and sanitary sewer service are met with the appropriate purveyors, as well as, all other applicable agencies.

Flood

Flood. 1 Flood Hazard Report

FLOOD HAZARD REPORT-DRT: 02/24/2020 BB Session ID: 744-562-320

Plot Plan 190011 is a proposal consisting of two industrial buildings. Building "A" (363,000 square feet) and Building "B" (347,000 square feet). The project is located in the Mead Valley Area north of Oleander Avenue, south of Nandina Avenue, east of Day Street and west of Decker Road. The entire property totals 100 acres however the project only proposes to develop the eastern portion (approx. 42 acres) of the total property.

This site receives runoff from a tributary offsite drainage area of approximately 85 acres from the hills to the west (including undeveloped area within the property boundary). The project site is adjacent to the northwestern border of Specific Plan 341, which contains District maintained drainage facilities that were constructed by Community Facilities District (CFD) 88-8 in conformance with the Perris Valley Master Drainage Plan (MDP). The Perris Valley MDP Interim Line B and Lateral B-9 (Drawing No. 4-1061) were constructed along Nandina Avenue providing an adequate outlet for local development. The Perris Valley MDP Lateral B-8 (Drawing No. 4-1060) is another existing MDP facility in Harley Knox Road. These facilities drain to the east via Caltrans RCB culverts under I-215 and ultimately to the District's Lateral B Channel and Perris Valley Channel.

To provide the southern portion of the project site with an outlet, the applicant is proposing to extend Lateral B-8 west along Harley Knox Boulevard from its existing upstream terminus (1000 feet west of the intersection of Harley Knox Boulevard and Harvill Avenue) to the end of the proposed Harley Knox Boulevard near the project's western border. The extension of Harley Knox Boulevard bisects the proposed development. Two storm drain systems are proposed along the western border of the proposed development; one storm drain north, and one storm drain south of the proposed extension of Harley Knox Boulevard. Both storm drain systems collect and convey the offsite runoff (north storm drain via 3 inlets and southern storm drain via 4 inlets) to the extension of Lateral B-8 within proposed Harley Knox Boulevard. A six-foot rectangular channel and a 12-foot maintenance access road are proposed at the top of the proposed slope to collect the tributary offsite runoff (from the west). Both the channel and maintenance road extend the entire slope from Oleander Avenue to Nandina Avenue. The offsite runoff is kept separate from the onsite runoff. Onsite runoff is collected and conveyed to proposed BMPs prior to discharging into the proposed extension of Lateral B-8 (mitigation for increased runoff is not required, see explanation below). The drainage report does not specify the proposed storm drain sizes within Harley Knox Blvd. Per the MOU, facilities 42" and larger are to be maintained by Flood Control. Smaller facilities are maintained by Transportation and an encroachment permit will be required to connect to the existing Lateral B-8 currently maintained by Flood Control. Onsite runoff (after treatment) from the northern portion of the project through Lateral B-9AA (Riverside County file No. 9648) shown on the "Proposed Condition" exhibit as a 30-inch RCP and aligned along Nandina Avenue. Lateral B-9AA connects to Lateral B-9A near the Nandina Avenue and Blanding Way intersection and ultimately to the District maintained Interim Line B. It should be noted that both B-9AA

Flood

Flood. 1

Flood Hazard Report (cont.)

and B-9A are maintained by the Riverside County Transportation Department.

Offsite runoff from watershed B-9A (2.9 acres) is shown to be collected and conveyed east along Nandina Avenue through the Lateral B-9AA storm drain systems. The proposed storm drain conveying the offsite runoff from watershed B-9A connects to the existing Lateral B-9AA near the intersection of Decker Road and Nandina Avenue.

Increased Runoff Criteria - The downstream concrete drainage ditch (south of Harley Knox Boulevard) serves as the outlet point for Lateral B-8 (prior to crossing under I215). A submitted normal depth calculation showed an adequate capacity. After internal discussion between Edwin Quinonez and Mike Venable, it was decided that an increase runoff was recommended but not required since the proposed development has an engineered and adequate outlet via the Cal Trans RCB. To remain on the conservative side, the District recommended (but not required) that PP 190011 continue to show onsite detention facilities to capture the 10-year 24-hour volume.

ADP Fee - This site is located within the bounds of the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan (ADP) for which drainage fees have been established by the Board of Supervisors. Applicable ADP fees will be due (in accordance with the Rules and Regulations for Administration of Area Drainage Plans) prior to permits for this project. Although the current fee for this ADP is \$8,875 per acre, the fee due will be based on the fee in effect at the time of payment. The underlying Community Facilities District 88-8 constructed sufficient local drainage infrastructure to fulfill the local portion of the ADP obligation. The ADP fee due will be only that portion of the fee earmarked for construction of the mainstem "Perris Valley Channel" (currently, the mainstem portion is \$1,070 per acre). Drainage fees shall be paid directly to the District. Personal or corporate checks will not be accepted for payment.

The District has reviewed the submitted exhibits and Preliminary Hydrology Report for PP 190011 and is issuing the conditions of approval.

Any questions pertaining to this project can be directed to Hilal Elhaddad at 951.955.8255 or haelhadd@rivco.org.

Planning

Planning. 1

015 PLANNING - Landscape Requirement

Landscape Requirement

This condition applies to both on-site and off-site (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall: 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859;

Planning

Planning. 1 015 PLANNING - Landscape Requirement (cont.)

3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and, 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later.

To ensure ongoing maintenance, the developer/ permit holder or any successor-in-interest shall: 1) Connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape irrigation purposes when reclaimed water is made available. 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859. 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 2 ALUC General Conditions

- 1. Any outdoor lighting installed shall be hooded or shielded so as to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky. Outdoor lighting shall be downward facing.
- 2. The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project and shall be prohibited at this site, in accordance with Note A on Table 4 of the Mead Valley Area Plan.
- (a) Any use which would direct a steady light or flashing light of red, white, green, or amber colors associated with airport operations toward an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or toward an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach toward a landing at an airport, other than an FAA-approved navigational signal light or visual approach slope indicator.
- (b) Any use which would cause sunlight to be reflected towards an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or towards an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach towards a landing at an airport.
- (c) Any use which would generate smoke or water vapor or which would attract large concentrations of birds, or which may otherwise affect safe air navigation within the area.
- (d) Any use which would generate electrical interference that may be detrimental to the operation of aircraft and/or aircraft instrumentation.
- 3. The following uses/activities are specifically prohibited at this location: trash transfer stations that are open on one or more sides; recycling centers containing putrescible wastes; construction and demolition debris facilities; wastewater management facilities; incinerators; noise-sensitive outdoor nonresidential uses; and hazards to flight. Children's schools are discouraged.
- 4. The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project, but, if they were to be

Planning

Planning. 2 ALUC General Conditions (cont.)

proposed through a subsequent use permit or plot plan, would require subsequent Airport Land Use Commission review:

Restaurants and other eating establishments; day care centers; health and exercise centers; churches, temples, or other uses primarily for religious worship; theaters.

- 5. Prior to issuance of any building permits, the landowner shall convey and have recorded an avigation easement to the March Inland Port Airport Authority. Contact March Joint Powers Authority at (951) 656-7000 for additional information.
- 6. The attached notice shall be given to all prospective purchasers of the property and lessees/tenants of the building.
- 7. Any detention basins on the site (including water quality management basins) shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.
- 8. March Air Reserve Base must be notified of any land use having an electromagnetic radiation component to assess whether a potential conflict with Air Base radio communications could result. Sources of electromagnetic radiation include radio wave transmission in conjunction with remote equipment inclusive of irrigation controllers, access gates, etc.
- 9. Noise attenuation measures shall be incorporated into the design of the office areas of the structures, to the extent such measures are necessary to ensure that interior noise levels from aircraft operations are at or below 45 CNEL.
- 10. This project has been evaluated for a total of 710,736 square feet of manufacturing area, including 30,000 square feet of office area. Any increase in building area or change in use other than for warehouse, office and manufacturing uses will require an amended review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 11. Solar panels shall incorporate anti-reflective coating and shall be fixed with no rotation. Panels shall have a tilt of 10 degrees and orientation of 160 degrees. Solar panel areas shall be limited to 30,000 square feet per building.
- 12. Any revisions to the solar panels will require a new solar glare analysis to ensure that the project does not create "yellow" level glare, and require ALUC review.
- 13. In the event that any incidence of glint, glare, or flash affecting the safety of air navigation occurs as a result of project operation, upon notification to the airport operator of an incidence, the airport operator shall notify the project operator in writing. Within 30 days of written notice, the project operator shall be required to promptly take all measures necessary to eliminate such glint, glare, or flash. An "incidence"

Planning

Planning. 2 ALUC General Conditions (cont.)

includes any situation that results in an accident, incident, "near-miss," or specific safety complaint regarding an in-flight experience to the airport operator or to federal, state, or county authorities responsible for the safety of air navigation. The project operator shall work with the airport operator to prevent recurrence of the incidence. Suggested measures may include, but are not limited to, reprogramming the alignment of the panels, covering them at the time of day when incidences of glare occur, or wholly removing panels to diminish or eliminate the source of the glint, glare, or flash. For each such incidence made known to the project operator, the necessary remediation shall only be considered to have been fulfilled when the airport operator states in writing that the situation has been remediated to the airport operator's satisfaction, 14. In the event that any incidence of electrical interference affecting the safety of air navigation occurs as a result of project operation, upon notification to the airport operator of an incidence, the airport operator shall notify the project operator in writing. Within 30 days of written notice, the project operator shall be required to promptly take all measures necessary to eliminate such interference. An "incidence" includes any situation that results in an accident, incident, "near-miss," report by airport personnel, or specific safety complaint to the airport operator or to federal, state, or county authorities responsible for the safety of air navigation. The project operator shall work with the airport operator to prevent recurrence of the incidence. For each such incidence made known to the project operator, the necessary remediation shall only be considered to have been fulfilled when the airport operator states in writing that the situation has been remediated to the airport operator's satisfaction.

- 15. The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted aeronautical studies of the proposed buildings (Aeronautical Study Nos. 2019-AWP-8541-OE through 2019-AWP-8548-OE) and has determined that neither marking nor lighting of the structures is necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking and/or lighting for aviation safety are accomplished on a voluntary basis, such marking and/or lighting (if any) shall be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory Circular 70/7460-1 L Change 2 and shall be maintained in accordance therewith for the life of the project.
- 16. The proposed buildings shall not exceed a height of 62 feet above ground level and a maximum elevation at top point of 1,669 feet above mean sea level.
- 17. The maximum height and top point elevation specified above shall not be amended without further review by the Airport Land Use Commission and the Federal Aviation Administration; provided, however, that reduction in structure height or elevation shall not require further review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 18. Temporary construction equipment used during actual construction of the buildings shall not exceed 62 feet in height and a maximum elevation of 1,669 feet above mean sea level, unless separate notice is provided to the Federal Aviation Administration through the Form 7460-1 process.
- 19. Within five (5) days after construction of each proposed structure reaches its greatest height, FAA Form 7460-2 (Part II), Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, shall be completed by the project proponent or his/her designee and e-filed with the Federal Aviation Administration. (Go to https://oeaaa.faa.gov for instructions.) This requirement is also applicable in the event the project is abandoned or a decision is made not to construct the applicable structure(s).

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 3 Causes for Revocation

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit, a) is found to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit, b) is found to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony, or c) is found to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance, this permit shall be subject to the revocation procedures.

Planning. 4 Ceased Operations

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 5 Construction Traffic Control

Project construction activities are required to comply with the California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, which specify that temporary traffic controls shall be provided during construction, such as a flag person, during all phases of construction to facilitate the flow of construction traffic on streets abutting the Project site.

Planning. 6 Expiration Date Use Case

This approved permit shall be used within NINE (9) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void.

The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the 9 years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning. 7 Fugitive Dust

The Project is required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 403 "Fugitive Dust." Rule 403 requires implementation of best available dust control measures during construction activities that generate fugitive dust, such as earth moving, grading, and construction equipment travel on unpaved roads. To comply with Rule 403, and prior to grading permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that notes are specified on the Project's grading plans requiring Rule 403 compliance. Project construction contractors would be required to ensure compliance with the notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. To comply with Rule 403:

Planning

Planning. 7 Fugitive Dust (cont.)

- In order to limit fugitive dust emissions, all clearing, grading, earth-moving, or excavation activities shall cease when winds exceed 25 miles per hour (mph) per SCAQMD guidelines.
- The construction contractor(s) shall ensure that all distributed unpaved roads and disturbed areas within the Project site are watered at least three (3) times daily during dry weather. Watering, with complete coverage of disturbed areas, shall occur at least three (3) times a day, preferably in the mid-morning, afternoon, and after work is done for the day.
- The construction contractor(s) shall ensure that traffic speeds on unpaved roads and the Project site area are reduced to 15 miles per hour or less.

Planning. 8 Industrial Occupant Change

Prior to initial occupancy, upon tenant/occupant change, or upon change in industrial use, the permit holder shall provide a letter from the Planning Department to Building & Safety verifying no need for further environmental, hazardous materials or air quality review as a result of the change.

Planning. 9 Landscape Requirement

This condition applies to both on-site and off-site (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall: 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859; 3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and, 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later.

To ensure ongoing maintenance, the developer/ permit holder or any successor-in-interest shall: 1) Connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape irrigation purposes when reclaimed water is made available. 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859. 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 10 Logistics/Warehouse – General/Operational Measures

The following measures shall be complied with generally through design/permitting of the project and through continued operation of the project. 1.On-site speed bumps shall not be allowed. Truck loading bays and drive aisles shall be designed to minimize truck noise.

Planning

Planning. 10 Logistics/Warehouse – General/Operational Measures (cont.)

- 2. Facility operators shall prohibit truck drivers from idling more than five (5) minutes and require operators to turn off engines when not in use, in compliance with the California Air Resources Board regulations.
- 3. All lighting used in conjunction with a warehouse/distribution facility operations, shall be directed down into the interior of the site and not spill over onto adjacent properties.
- 4. Facility operators shall maintain records of their facility owned and operated fleet equipment and ensure that all diesel-fueled Medium-Heavy Duty Trucks ("MHDT") and Heavy-Heavy Duty ("HHD") trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating greater than 19,500 pounds accessing the site use year CARB compliant 2010 or newer engines. The records should be maintained on-site and be made available for inspection by the County.
- 5. Facility operators shall train their managers and employees on efficient scheduling and load management to eliminate unnecessary queuing and idling of trucks.
- 6. Facility operators shall coordinate with CARB and SCAQMD to obtain the latest information about regional air quality concentrations, health risks, and trucking regulations.
- 7. Facility operators shall establish specific truck routes between the facility and regular destinations, identifying the most direct routes to the nearest highway/freeway and avoid traveling near sensitive receptors.
- 8. Facility operators shall require their drivers to park and perform any maintenance of trucks in designated on-site areas and not within the surrounding community or on public streets.
- 9. Facility operators for sites that exceed 250 employees shall establish a rideshare program, in accordance with AQMD rule 2202, with the intent of discouraging single-occupancy vehicle trips and promote alternate modes of transportation, such as carpooling and transit where feasible.
- 10. If a public address (PA) system is being used in conjunction with a warehouse/distribution facility operations, the PA system shall be oriented away from sensitive receptors and the volume set at a level not readily audible past the property line.
- 11. Facility Operation shall comply with the exterior noise decibel levels as required by Ord. 847 (Noise Ordinance), which includes a maximum exterior decibel level of 55 dba (between 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.) and 45 dba (between 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.) as measured on adjacent occupied residences, or as modified by the most current version of Ordinance No. 847.
- 12. Each Facility shall designate a Compliance Officer responsible for implementing the measures described herein and/or in the project conditions of approval and mitigation measures. Contact information should be provided to the County and updated annually, and signs should be posted in visible locations providing the contact information for the Compliance Officer to the surrounding community.

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 10 Logistics/Warehouse – General/Operational Measures (cont.)

These signs shall also identify the website and contact information for the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

13. On-site equipment, such as forklifts, shall be electric with the necessary electrical charging stations provided.

Planning. 11 No Outdoor Advertising

No outdoor advertising display, sign or billboard (not including on-site advertising or directional signs) shall be constructed or maintained within the property subject to this approval.

Planning. 12 No Resident Occupancy

No permanent occupancy shall be permitted within the property approved under this plot plan as a principal place of residence. No person, shall use the premises as a permanent mailing address nor be entitled to vote using an address within the premises as a place of residence.

Planning. 13 Noise Monitoring Reports

The permit holder may be required to submit periodic noise monitoring reports as determined by the Department of Building and Safety as part of a code enforcement action. Upon written notice from the Department of Building and Safety requiring such a report, the permittee or the permittee's successor-in-interest shall prepare and submit an approved report within thirty (30) calendar days to the Department of Building and Safety, unless more time is allowed through written agreement by the Department of Building and Safety. The noise monitoring report shall be approved by the Office of Industrial Hygiene of the Health Service Agency (the permittee or the permittee's successor-in-interest shall be required to place on deposit sufficient funds to cover the costs of this approval prior to commencing the required report).

Planning. 14 PM 10 – Street Sweeper

The Project's construction activities are required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 1186 "PM10 Emissions from Paved and Unpaved Roads and Livestock Operations," which requires the use of a street sweeper certified by the SCAQMD, and the use of non-toxic chemical stabilizers for dust control.

Planning. 15 Reclaimed Water

The permit holder shall connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape watering purposes when secondary or reclaimed water is made available to the site.

Planning. 16 SCAQMD Rule 402

The Project is required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 402, "Nuisance" which requires that a person shall not discharge air contaminants or other materials that would cause health or safety hazards to any considerable number of persons or the public.

Planning

Planning. 17 Void Related Projects

Any approval for use of or development on the parcels associated with the proposed project, that was made pursuant to Plot Plan No. 190011 shall become null and void upon final approval of Plot Plan No. 190011 by the County of Riverside

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 HUMAN REMAINS

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5. Pursuant to State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, if human remains are encountered, no further disturbance shall occur until the Riverside County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. Further, pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 (b), remains shall be left in place and free from disturbance until a final decision as to the treatment and their disposition has been made. If the Riverside County Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the Native American Heritage Commission shall be contacted by the Coroner within the period specified by law (24 hours). Subsequently, the Native American Heritage Commission shall identify the "Most Likely Descendant". The Most Likely Descendant shall then make recommendations and engage in consultation with the property owner concerning the treatment of the remains as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98.

Planning-CUL. 2 UNANTICIPATED RESOURCES

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit. If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed: All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished. *A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other. ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1

GEO190024 ACCEPTED

County Geologic Report GEO No. 190024, submitted for the project (PPT190011/APNs 295-310-012), was prepared by Southern California Geotechnical, Inc. The report is titled; "Geotechnical Investigation, Two Proposed Commercial/Industrial Buildings, Mead Valley Business Park, SWC Nandina Avenue and Decker Road, Unincorporated Riverside County (Perris Area), California," dated June 13, 2019. In addition, the applicant has submitted the following report: "Geotechnical Feasibility Study, Proposed Commercial/Industrial Development, NWC Oleander Avenue and Decker Road, Riverside County, California," dated December 13, 2005. GEO190024 concluded: 1. No active faults are known to traverse the site and the site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. 2. The subject site is underlain at shallow depth by dense bedrock; therefore, liquefaction is not considered to be a significant design concern for this project, 3. proposed remedial grading will diminish the potential for collapse, hydroconsolidation, slope instability and/or settlement to tolerable limits. 4. Laboratory testing performed on a representative sample of the near-surface materials indicate that they possess a very low expansion potential. 5. The existing alluvial/older alluvial soils, as well as a portion of the bedrock, are not considered suitable for support of the new structure and will require remedial grading, GEO190024 recommended: 1. Initial site preparation should include stripping of any surficial vegetation and organic soils. 2. In general, it is recommended that the overexcavation extend to a depth of at least 3 feet below existing grade, and to a depth of at least 3 feet below proposed pad grade, whichever is greater. 3. Remedial grading should be performed within the proposed building greas in order to remove all existing alluvial/older alluvial soils, and a portion of weathered bedrock, 4. Within zones of the new foundations, the overexcavation should extend to a depth of at least 2 feet below proposed foundation bearing grade. 5. The overexcavation should include the entire pad area. The intent of the grading recommendations is to overexcavate the bedrock and replace it as a compacted fill to a depth of at least 3 feet in cut areas and to overexcavate all alluvial soils prior to fill placement in fill areas. This will facilitate future building activities with respect to excavation of shallow foundations and utilities in cut areas. 6. In reduce the settlement potential of the newly placed fill soils to acceptable levels and avoid excessive differential settlements, fill soils placed at depths greater than 10 feet below proposed pad grade within the building pads should be compacted to at least 95 percent of the ASTM D-1557 maximum dry density. GEO No. 190024 satisfies the requirement for a geologic/geotechnical study for Planning/CEQA purposes. GEO No. 190024 is hereby accepted for planning purposes. Engineering and other Building Code parameters were not included as a part of this review or approval. This approval is not intended and should not be misconstrued as approval for grading permit. Engineering and other building code parameters should be reviewed and additional comments and/or conditions may be imposed by the County of Riverside upon application for grading and/or building permits.

Planning-PAL

Planning-PAL. 1 LOW PALEO POTENTIAL

According to the County's General Plan, this site has been mapped as having a "Low Potential" for paleontological resources. This category encompasses lands for which previous field surveys and documentation demonstrates a low potential for containing significant paleontological resources subject to adverse impacts. As such, this project is not anticipated to require any direct mitigation for paleontological resources. However, should fossil remains be encountered during site development:

- 1. All site earthmoving shall be ceased in the area of where the fossil remains are encountered. Earthmoving activities may be diverted to other areas of the site.
- 2. The owner of the property shall be immediately notified of the fossil discovery who will in turn immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery.
- 3. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County of Riverside.
- 4. The paleontologist shall determine the significance of the encountered fossil remains.
- 5. Paleontological monitoring of earthmoving activities will continue thereafter on an as-needed basis by the paleontologist during all earthmoving activities that may expose sensitive strata. Earthmoving activities in areas of the project area where previously undisturbed strata will be buried but not otherwise disturbed will not be monitored. The supervising paleontologist will have the authority to reduce monitoring once he/she determines the probability of encountering any additional fossils has dropped below an acceptable level.
- 6. If fossil remains are encountered by earthmoving activities when the paleontologist is not onsite, these activities will be diverted around the fossil site and the paleontologist called to the site immediately to recover the remains.
- 7. Any recovered fossil remains will be prepared to the point of identification and identified to the lowest taxonomic level possible by knowledgeable paleontologists. The remains then will be curated (assigned and labeled with museum* repository fossil specimen numbers and corresponding fossil site numbers, as appropriate; places in specimen trays and, if necessary, vials with completed specimen data cards) and catalogued, an associated specimen data and corresponding geologic and geographic site data will be archived (specimen and site numbers and corresponding data entered into appropriate museum repository catalogs and computerized data bases) at the museum repository by a laboratory technician. The remains will then be accessioned into the museum repository fossil collection, where they will be permanently stored, maintained, and, along with associated specimen and site data, made available for future study by qualified scientific investigators. * Per the County of Riverside "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County of Riverside should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet.
- 8. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall

Planning-PAL

Planning-PAL. 1 L

LOW PALEO POTENTIAL (cont.)

provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution.

Transportation

Transportation. 1

RCTD - GENERAL

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, it is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. The County of Riverside applicable ordinances and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. The Project shall submit a preliminary soils and pavement investigation report addressing the construction requirements within the road right-of-way.
- 3. A signing and striping plan is required for this project. The Project shall be responsible for any additional paving and/or striping removal caused by the striping plan or as approved by the Director of Transportation.
- 4. Alterations to natural drainage patterns shall require protecting downstream properties by means approved by the Transportation Department.
- 5. If the Transportation Department allows the use of streets for drainage purposes, the 10-year discharge shall be contained in the top of curb or asphalt concrete dikes, and the 100-year discharge shall be contained in the street right-of-way.
- 6. The Project shall install street name sign in accordance with County Standard No. 816 and as directed by the Transportation Department.
- 7. All corner cutbacks shall be applied per Standard 805, Ordinance 461
- 8. All centerline intersections shall be at 90 degrees, plus or minus 5 degrees.
- 9. Vacating/abandoning excess public rights-of-way requires a separate request from the Project that is approved by the Board of Supervisors. If said excess public rights-of-way is also County owned land, it may be necessary to enter into an agreement with the County for its purchase or exchange.
- 10. The project shall comply with the most current ADA requirements. ADA ramps shall be constructed at intersections of public streets utilizing draft Standard No. 403, sheets 1 through 7 of Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Director of Transportation.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - GENERAL (cont.)

11. The Project shall obtain approval of street improvement plans from the Transportation Department.

Improvement plans shall be based upon a design profile extending a minimum of 300 feet beyond the project limits.

12. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955 6527.

Transportation. 2 RCTD-USE TS/General Conditions

The Transportation Department has reviewed the traffic study submitted for the referenced project. The study has been prepared in accordance with County-approved guidelines. We generally concur with the findings relative to traffic impacts.

The General Plan circulation policies require development proposals to maintain a Level of Service 'C', except that Level of Service 'D' shall apply to all development proposals located within any of the following Area Plans: Eastvale, Jurupa, Highgrove, Reche Canyon/Badlands, Lakeview/Nuevo, Sun City/Menifee Valley, Harvest Valley/Winchester, Southwest Area, The Pass, San Jacinto Valley, Western Coachella Valley and those Community Development Areas of the Elsinore, Lake Mathews/Woodcrest, Mead Valley and Temescal Canyon Area Plans.

The study indicates that it is possible to achieve adequate levels of service for the following intersections based on the traffic study assumptions.

Project Driveway (NS) at: Nandina Avenue (EW)

West Project Driveway (NS) at: Oleander Avenue (EW)

East Project Driveway (NS) at: Nandina Avenue (EW)

Decker Road (NS) at: Nandina Avenue (EW) Harley Knox Boulevard (EW) Oleander Avenue (EW)

Harvill Avenue (NS) at: Harley Knox Boulevard (EW)

I-215 Southbound Ramps (NS) at:

Transportation

Transportation. 2

RCTD-USE TS/General Conditions (cont.)

Harley Knox Boulevard (EW)

I-215 Northbound Ramps (NS) at: Harley Knox Boulevard (EW)

As such, the proposed project is consistent with this General Plan policy.

The associated conditions of approval incorporate mitigation measures identified in the traffic study, which are necessary to achieve or maintain the required level of service.

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste - General

Hazardous materials are not accepted at Riverside County landfills. In compliance with federal, state, and local regulations and ordinances, any hazardous waste generated in association with the project shall be disposed of at a permitted Hazardous Waste disposal facility. Hazardous waste materials include, but are not limited to, paint, batteries, oil, asbestos, and solvents. For further information regarding the determination, transport, and disposal of hazardous waste, please contact the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, Environmental Protection and Oversight Division. AB 341 focuses on increased commercial waste recycling as a method to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The regulation requires businesses and organizations that generate four or more cubic yards of waste per week and multifamily units of 5 or more, to recycle. A business shall take at least one of the following actions in order to reuse, recycle, compost, or otherwise divert commercial solid waste from disposal:

- Source separate recyclable and/or compostable material from solid waste and donate or self-haul the material to recycling facilities.
- Subscribe to a recycling service with their waste hauler.
- Provide recycling service to their tenants (if commercial or multi-family complex).
- Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of California Code of Regulations Title 14. For more information, please visit:

www.rivcowm.org/opencms/recycling_and_compost_business.html#mandatory - Consider xeriscaping and using drought tolerant/low maintenance vegetation in all landscaped areas of the project. AB 1826 requires businesses and multifamily complexes to arrange for organic waste recycling services. Those subject to AB 1826 shall take at least one of the following actions in order to divert organic waste from disposal: -Source separate organic material from all other recyclables and donate or self-haul to a permitted organic waste processing facility. -Enter into a contract or work agreement with gardening or landscaping service provider or refuse hauler to ensure the waste generated from those services meet the requirements of AB 1826.

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1

EASEMENTS/PERMISSION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, it shall be the sole responsibility of the owner/applicant to obtain any and all proposed or required easements and/or permissions necessary to perform the grading herein proposed. A notarized letter of permission and/or recorded easement from the affected property owners or easement holders shall be provided in instances where off site grading is proposed as part of the grading plan. In instances where the grading plan proposes drainage facilities on adjacent off site property, the owner/applicant shall provide a copy of the recorded drainage easement or copy of Final Map.

060 - BS-Grade. 2

IF WQMP IS REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the Final Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) site plan for comparison to the grading plan.

060 - BS-Grade. 3

IMPROVEMENT SECURITIES

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Grading Permit, the applicant may be required to post a Grading and/or Erosion Control Security. Please contact the Riverside County Transportation Department for additional information and requirements.

Flood

060 - Flood. 1

6 Items to Accept Facility

Not Satisfied

Inspection and maintenance of the flood control facility(ies) to be constructed with this development must be performed by either the County Transportation Department or the Flood Control District. THE APPLICANT OR AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MUST REQUEST IN WRITING THAT ONE OF THESE AGENCIES ACCEPT THE PROPOSED SYSTEM FOR OWNERSHIP, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE. Applicant's request shall note the project number, location, briefly describe the system (sizes and lengths) and include an exhibit that shows the proposed alignment(s). The request to the District shall be addressed to the General Manager-Chief Engineer, Attn: Chief of the Planning Division. In event the District is willing to maintain the proposed facility(ies), the following six (6) items must be accomplished prior to the issuance of a grading permit or starting construction of the drainage facility(ies) whichever comes first: 1) Plans shall be prepared in strict accordance with District drafting, engineering, operations, and maintenance standards. 2) The Applicant shall submit to the District the preliminary title reports, plats, and legal descriptions for all right-of-way that is to be conveyed to the District and shall secure that right-of-way to the satisfaction of the District. All right-of-way transfer issues shall be coordinated with the District's Right-of-Way Section. 3) The Applicant shall enter into an agreement establishing the terms and conditions of inspection, operation, and maintenance with the District and any other maintenance partners. The Applicant shall submit a completed Application for Agreement Preparation to the District's Contract Services Section. 4) All regulatory permits (and all documents pertaining thereto, e.g., Habitat Mitigation and Monitoring Plans, Conservation Plans/Easements) that are to be secured by the Applicant for both facility construction and maintenance shall be submitted to the District for review. The regulatory permits' terms and conditions shall be approved by the District prior to improvement plan approval, map recordation, or finalization of the regulatory permits. There shall be no unreasonable constraint upon

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Flood

060 - Flood. 1 6 Items to Accept Facility (cont.)

Not Satisfied

the District's ability to operate and maintain the flood control facility(ies) to protect public health and safety. 5) Plans for the facility must be signed by the District's General Manager-Chief Engineer (the plans will not be signed prior to execution of the above referenced agreement). 6) A pre-construction meeting shall be scheduled with the District's Construction Management Section. Prior to scheduling the pre-construction meeting, the Applicant must submit proof of flood control facility bonds and a certificate of insurance to the District's Contract Services Section.

060 - Flood. 2 Encroachment Permit Required

Not Satisfied

An encroachment permit shall be obtained for any work that is to be performed within the District right-of-way or involving District facilities. The encroachment permit application shall be processed and approved concurrently with the improvement plans.

060 - Flood. 3 Mitcharge - Use

Not Satisfied

This project is located within the limits of the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan (ADP). The County Board of Supervisors has adopted this ADP to establish a drainage fee within the plan area. This project may require earlier construction of downstream ADP facilities. Therefore, the District recommends that this project be required to pay a flood mitigation fee. The mitigation charge for this project shall be equal to the prevailing ADP fee rate multiplied by the area of the new development. Fees shall be paid after final approval of the staff report/conditions of approval by the Board of Supervisors and prior to issuance of permits. Drainage fees shall be paid directly to the District. Personal or corporate checks will not be accepted for payment.

060 - Flood. 4 Submit Plans Not Satisfied

Submit storm drain plans, the hydrologic and hydraulic report, and reference material including but not limited to, street improvement plans, grading plans, utility plans, the approved tentative map or site plan, the final map and the environmental constraint sheet, the geotechnical soils report and environmental documents (CEQA, federal and state permits). The storm drain plans and the hydrologic and hydraulic report must receive District approval prior to the issuance of permits. All submittals shall be date stamped by the Engineer and include a Plan Check Application, Flood Control Deposit Based Fee Worksheet, found on the District's website, and a plan check fee deposit.

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1 CULTURAL SENSITIVITY TRAINING

Not Satisfied

The Project Archaeologist and a representative designated by the Tribe shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all Construction Personnel. Training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the Project and the surrounding area; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event unanticipated cultural resources are identified, including who to contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. This is a mandatory training and all construction personnel must attend prior to beginning work on the project site. A sign-in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 2 Feature Relocation

Not Satisfied

Site(s) 33-011076, 33-011075, 33-017077, 33-017075, 33-017076 and portions of 33-017098, 33-017078, 33-017080 cannot be avoided through Project redesign. Prior to grading permit issuance, the Project Supervisor and Project Archaeologist shall meet onsite to determine the strategy for relocating the milling features to a permanent open space area predetermined and designated on a confidential map. Before construction activities are allowed to start and using professional archaeological methods, any visible artifacts shall be recovered and recorded, photo documentation of each feature in situ shall occur. The current Department of Parks and Recreation forms for the sites shall be updated, detailing which features were relocated, the process through which this was done, and updated maps using sub meter GIS technology to document the new location of each feature. The relocation information shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.

060 - Planning-CUL. 3 NATIVE AMERICAN MONITOR

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into an agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor. The Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and trenching. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources. The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition. This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.

060 - Planning-CUL. 4 PROJECT ARCHAEOLOGIST

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of grading permits: The applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist (Project Archaeologist) has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A Cultural Resource Monitoring Plan shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. The CRMP shall be provided to the consulting tribes for review if requested. A fully executed copy of the contract and a wet-signed copy of the Monitoring Plan shall be provided to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Working directly under the Project Archaeologist, an adequate number of qualified Archaeological Monitors shall be present to ensure that all earth moving activities are observed and shall be on-site during all grading activities for areas to be monitored including off-site improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined by the Project Archaeologist.

060 - Planning-CUL. 5 TEMPORARY FENCING

Not Satisfied

Prior to ground disturbance, temporary fencing shall be required for the protection of cultural sites 33-005368, 33-005367, 33-005373, 33-017081, 33-017179, 33-005380, 33-017099 and portions of 33-017098, 33-017078, 33-017080 and 33-028891. Prior to commencement of grading or brushing,

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 5 TEMPORARY FENCING (cont.)

Not Satisfied

the project archaeologist shall identify the site boundaries and determine an adequate buffer for protection of the site(s). Upon approval of buffers, the applicant shall direct the installation of fencing under the supervision of the project archaeologist. The fencing can be removed only after grading operations have been completed.

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 30-Day Burrowing Owl Preconstruction Survey - EPD Not Satisfied

Per the Burrowing Owl Survey Report for the Oleander Business Park Project Site prepared by Harmsworth Associates in April 2020, a single burrowing owl was observed during March and April 2020 focused surveys off site but within the 500ft buffer. Within 30 days prior to issuance of a grading permit, a pre-construction presence/absence survey for the burrowing owl shall be conducted by a qualified biologist and the results provided in writing to the Environmental Programs Division (EPD) of Riverside County Planning Department. If any owls are present on the project site, including off-site impact areas, within 300ft of the project site during breeding season (February 1 to August 31), or within 150ft of the project site outside of breeding season (September 1 to January 31), a document describing mitigation and/or a relocation plan prepared by a qualified biologist and reviewed by EDP and the California Department of Fish and Wildlife. A grading permit may be issued once the species has been relocated or appropriate mitigation has been established. When the requested documents/studies are completed and ready for EPD review, please upload them to our Secure File Transfer server to ensure prompt response and review. If you are unfamiliar with the process for uploading biological documents to the FTP site, please contact Matthew Poonamallee at mpoonama@rivco.org and Melissa Manzo at melmanzo@rivco.org for instructions. Biological reports not uploaded to the FTP site may result in delayed review and approval.

060 - Planning-EPD. 2 Biological Monitoring and Site Marking - EPD Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall supply EPD with a commitment that a biological monitor will be on-site during ground disturbance activities, and will halt any such activities if, in their professional opinion, such activities will result in the take of a protected species. Additionally they will provide EPD will documentation showing that the Project site has been clearly marked by stakes or other means to ensure that off-site areas are not disturbed by Project construction activities.

Commitment to monitoring, and documentation of Project site staking may be included in the required Preconstruction surveys.

When the requested documents/studies are completed and ready for EPD review, please upload them to our Secure File Transfer server to ensure prompt response and review. If you are unfamiliar with the process for uploading biological documents to the FTP site, please contact Matthew Poonamallee at mpoonama@rivco.org and Rigo Caballero at rcaballero@rivco.org for instructions. Biological reports not uploaded to the FTP site may result in delayed review and approval.

060 - Planning-EPD. 3 MBTA Nesting Bird Survey - EPD

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season (February 1st through August 31st). If habitat must be cleared during the nesting

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 3 MBTA Nesting Bird Survey - EPD (cont.)

Not Satisfied

season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted. The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted.

Prior to issuance of a permit for rough grading, the project's consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report, documenting the results of the survey, to EPD for review. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a rough grading permit.

When the requested documents/studies are completed and ready for EPD review, please upload them to our Secure File Transfer server to ensure prompt response and review. If you are unfamiliar with the process for uploading biological documents to the FTP site, please contact Matthew Poonamallee at mpoonama@rivco.org and Melissa Manzo at melmanzo@rivco.org for instructions. Biological reports not uploaded to the FTP site may result in delayed review and approval.

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - FILE L&LMD APPLICATION

Not Satisfied

File an application with the Transportation Department, L&LMD Section, 8th Floor, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, CA, for required annexation.

If you have any questions or for the processing fee amount, please call the L&LMD Section at (951) 955-6748.

060 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - SUBMIT GRADING PLANS

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall submit two sets of grading plans (24x 36 inch) to the Transportation Department for review and approval. If road right-of-way improvements are required, the project proponent shall submit street improvement plans for review and approval, open an IP account, and pay for all associated fees in order to clear this condition. The Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days. Approval is required prior to issuance of a grading permit.

060 - Transportation. 3 RCTD-MAP-WQ - Santa Ana Region - FINAL WQMP

Not Satisfied

The project is located in the Santa Ana watershed. An approved Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required prior to recordation of a final map or issuance of a grading permit. The project shall submit a single PDF on two CD/DVD copies, in accordance with the latest version of the WQMP manual, found at https://rctlma.org/trans/Land-Development/WQMP. All details necessary to build BMPs per the WQMP shall be included on the grading plans.

70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection

Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 1 ARTIFACT DISPOSITION

Not Satisfied

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all tribal cultural resources that are unearthed on the Project property during any ground-disturbing activities, including

Plan: PPT190011 Parcel: 295310012

70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 1 ARTIFACT DISPOSITION (cont.)

Not Satisfied

previous investigations and/or Phase III data recovery. Historic Resources- all historic archaeological materials recovered during the archaeological investigations (this includes collections made during an earlier project, such as testing of archaeological sites that took place years ago), shall be curated at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines Prehistoric Resources- One of the following treatments shall be applied. a. Preservation-In-Place of the cultural resources, if feasible. Preservation in place means avoiding the resources, leaving them in the place where they were found with no development affecting the integrity of the resources. b. Reburial of the resources on the Project property. The measures for reburial shall include, at least, the following: Measures to protect the reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all required cataloguing, analysis and studies have been completed on the cultural resources, with an exception that sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains are excluded. Any reburial processes shall be culturally appropriate. Listing of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the confidential Phase IV Report. The Phase IV Report shall be filed with the County under a confidential cover and not subject to a Public Records Request. c. If reburial is not agreed upon by the Consulting Tribes then the resources shall be curated at a culturally appropriate manner at the Western Science Center, a Riverside County curation facility that meets State Resources Department Office of Historic Preservation Guidelines for the Curation of Archaeological Resources ensuring access and use pursuant to the Guidelines. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence of curation in the form of a letter from the curation facility stating that subject archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid, shall be provided by the landowner to the County. There shall be no destructive or invasive testing on sacred items, burial goods and Native American human remains.

070 - Planning-CUL. 2 PHASE IV MONITORING REPORT

Not Satisfied

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, a Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring Report shall be submitted that complies with the Riverside County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall follow the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the TLMA website. The report shall include results of any feature relocation or residue analysis required as well as evidence of the required cultural sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre-grade meeting and evidence that any artifacts have been treated in accordance to procedures stipulated in the Cultural Resources Management Plan.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 1 NO BUILDING PERMIT W/O GRADING PERMIT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the property owner shall obtain a grading permit and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 2 ROUGH GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the applicant shall obtain rough grade approval and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the completed grading of your project before a building permit can be issued. Rough Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following: 1. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report containing substantiating data from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for his/her certification of the project. 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Rough Grade certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. 3. Requesting a Rough Grade Inspection and obtaining rough grade approval from a Riverside County inspector. 4. Rough Grade Only Permits: In addition to obtaining all required inspections and approval of all final reports, all sites permitted for rough grade only shall provide 100 percent vegetative coverage or other means of site stabilization as approved by the County Inspector prior to receiving a rough grade permit final. Prior to release for building permit, the applicant shall have met all rough grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

Fire

080 - Fire. 1

Fire - Prior to permit - access

Not Satisfied

Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews building plans. These conditions will be based on occupancy, use, California Building Code (CBC), California Fire Code (CFC), and related codes, which are in effect at the time of building plan submittal. 2. Prior to building construction, fire apparatus access roads extending beyond 150 feet which have not been completed shall have a turnaround capable of accommodating fire apparatus. (CFC 503.2.5) 3. Prior to issuance of Building Permits, an approved site plan for fire apparatus access roads and signage shall be submitted and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. (CFC 501.3) 4. The Fire Apparatus Access Road shall be (all weather surface) capable of sustaining an imposed load of 75,000 lbs. GVW. The fire apparatus access road or temporary access road shall be reviewed and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and in place during the time of construction. (CFC 501.4) 5. Fire apparatus access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than twenty–four (24) feet as approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and an unobstructed vertical clearance of not less the thirteen (13) feet six (6) inches or 15 feet if project is located in a State Responsibility Area Fire Hazard Zone. Fire apparatus shall, additionally, have a minimum outside turning radius of 38'. These dimensions shall be verified during building plan check. (CFC 503.2.1)

080 - Fire. 2

Fire - Prior to permit - water

Not Satisfied

Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews building plans. These conditions will be based on occupancy, use, California Building Code (CBC), California Fire Code (CFC), and related codes, which are in effect at the time of building plan submittal. 2. Minimum fire flow for the construction of all commercial buildings is required per CFC Appendix B and Table B105.1. Based on the proposed size and construction, the minimum fire flow would be 4000 gallons per minute, for 4 hours, at 20psi. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant/developer shall provide documentation to show there exists a water system capable of

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Fire

080 - Fire. 2 Fire - Prior to permit - water (cont.)

Not Satisfied

delivering the fire flow based on the information given. Subsequent design changes may increase or decrease the required fire flow 3. The minimum number of fire hydrants required, as well as the location and spacing of fire hydrants, shall comply with the C.F.C. and NFPA 24. Fire hydrants shall be located no closer than 40 feet from a building. A fire hydrant shall be located within 50 feet of the fire department connection for buildings protected with a fire sprinkler system. The size and number of outlets required for the approved fire hydrants are (6" x 4" x 2 ½" x 2 ½") (CFC 507.5.1, 507.5.7, Appendix C, NFPA 24-7.2.3) 4. Prior to issuance of Building Permits, the applicant/developer shall furnish one copy of the water system plans to the Office of the Fire Marshal for review and approval. The required water system, including fire hydrants, shall be installed, made serviceable, and be accepted by the Office of the Fire Marshal prior to beginning construction. They shall be maintained accessible. 5. Existing fire hydrants on public streets are allowed to be considered available. Existing fire hydrants on adjacent properties shall not be considered available unless fire apparatus access roads extend between properties and easements are established to prevent obstruction of such roads. (CFC 507, 501.3)

Flood

080 - Flood. 1

6 Items to Accept Facility

Not Satisfied

Inspection and maintenance of the flood control facility(ies) to be constructed with this development must be performed by either the County Transportation Department or the Flood Control District. THE APPLICANT OR AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MUST REQUEST IN WRITING THAT ONE OF THESE AGENCIES ACCEPT THE PROPOSED SYSTEM FOR OWNERSHIP, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE. Applicant's request shall note the project number, location, briefly describe the system (sizes and lengths) and include an exhibit that shows the proposed alignment(s). The request to the District shall be addressed to the General Manager-Chief Engineer, Attn: Chief of the Planning Division. In event the District is willing to maintain the proposed facility(ies), the following six (6) items must be accomplished prior to the issuance of a grading permit or starting construction of the drainage facility(ies) whichever comes first: 1) Plans shall be prepared in strict accordance with District drafting, engineering, operations, and maintenance standards. 2) The Applicant shall submit to the District the preliminary title reports, plats, and legal descriptions for all right-of-way that is to be conveyed to the District and shall secure that right-of-way to the satisfaction of the District. All right-of-way transfer issues shall be coordinated with the District's Right-of-Way Section. 3) The Applicant shall enter into an agreement establishing the terms and conditions of inspection, operation, and maintenance with the District and any other maintenance partners. The Applicant shall submit a completed Application for Agreement Preparation to the District's Contract Services Section. 4) All regulatory permits (and all documents pertaining thereto, e.g., Habitat Mitigation and Monitoring Plans, Conservation Plans/Easements) that are to be secured by the Applicant for both facility construction and maintenance shall be submitted to the District for review. The regulatory permits' terms and conditions shall be approved by the District prior to improvement plan approval, map recordation, or finalization of the regulatory permits. There shall be no unreasonable constraint upon the District's ability to operate and maintain the flood control facility(ies) to protect public health and safety. 5) Plans for the facility must be signed by the District's General Manager-Chief Engineer (the plans will not be signed prior to execution of the above referenced agreement).

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Flood

080 - Flood. 1 6 Items to Accept Facility (cont.)

Not Satisfied

6) A pre-construction meeting shall be scheduled with the District's Construction Management Section. Prior to scheduling the pre-construction meeting, the Applicant must submit proof of flood control facility bonds and a certificate of insurance to the District's Contract Services Section.

080 - Flood. 2 Encroachment Permit Required

Not Satisfied

An encroachment permit shall be obtained for any work that is to be performed within the District right-of-way or involving District facilities. The encroachment permit application shall be processed and approved concurrently with the improvement plans.

080 - Flood. 3 Mitcharge - Use

Not Satisfied

This project is located within the limits of the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan (ADP). The County Board of Supervisors has adopted this ADP to establish a drainage fee within the plan area pursuant to Ordinance No. 460 Section 10.25. This project may require earlier construction of downstream ADP facilities. Therefore, the District recommends that this project be required to pay a flood mitigation fee. The mitigation charge for this project shall be equal to the prevailing ADP fee rate multiplied by the area of the new development. The charge is payable to the Flood Control District, and shall be paid after final approval of the staff report/conditions of approval by the Board of Supervisors and prior to issuance of permits. Personal or corporate checks will not be accepted for payment.

080 - Flood. 4 Submit Plans Not Satisfied

Submit storm drain plans, the hydrologic and hydraulic report, and reference material including but not limited to, street improvement plans, grading plans, utility plans, the approved tentative map or site plan, the final map and the environmental constraint sheet, the geotechnical soils report and environmental documents (CEQA, federal and state permits). The storm drain plans and the hydrologic and hydraulic report must receive District approval prior to the issuance of permits. All submittals shall be date stamped by the Engineer and include a Plan Check Application, Flood Control Deposit Based Fee Worksheet, found on the District's website, and a plan check fee deposit.

Planning

080 - Planning. 1 ALUC - Detention Basins

Not Satisfied

The proposed detention basins on the site (including water quality management basins) shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.

080 - Planning. 2 AQ Building Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

The Project is required to comply with the provisions of the SCAQMD Rule 1113 "Table of Standards" pertaining to VOC emissions by using Low-Volatile Organic Compounds paints (no more than 100 gram/liter of VOC) and/or High-Pressure Low Volume (HPLV) applications. Prior to building permit final inspection, the County of Riverside shall verify a note requiring Rule 1113 compliance is specified on all building plans. Project contractors would be required to comply with the note and maintain written records of such compliance that can be inspected by the County of Riverside or its designee upon request.

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance Planning

080 - Planning. 3 Break Areas

Not Satisfied

Prior to initial building permit the break areas shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A shall be shown on proposed building plans and final landscape plans as applicable.

Additionally, prior to initial building permit or tenant improvement building permit (including subsequent tenant improvements), the project proponent shall consider the provision of additional outdoor break areas or patios to accommodate the number of separate tenants and number of employees anticipated in the building since the type of tenant and amount of employees may vary. These additional areas may reduce the amount of landscape areas or parking areas on the site as long as the minimum landscape and parking is provided pursuant to Ordinance No. 348.

080 - Planning. 4 Building Color/Accent

Not Satisfied

Prior to initial building permit or subsequent tenant improvement building permits, the plans shall indicate what colors or additional architectural enhancements or details are provided to enhance the elevations as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT B. The elevations as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT B are a base elevation and are not intended to be constructed as shown. The intent is to provide additional varied colors at prominent areas of the building facing Harley Knox and/or at building corners, in particular those with pedestrian entrances to incorporate desired colors or enhancements that are consistent with the color desires of a particular tenant.

080 - Planning. 5 CAP Screening Table Measures

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the project applicant shall provide documentation to the County of Riverside Transportation Land Management Agency demonstrating that the improvements and/or buildings subject to a building permit application include the measures from the County of Riverside Climate Action Plan (CAP) GHG Emissions Screening Tables (Appendix D to the CAP), as needed to achieve a minimum of 100 points. Alternatively, with the exception of Measure R2-E10, specific measures may be substituted for other measures that achieve an equivalent amount of GHG reduction, subject to County of Riverside Transportation Land Management Agency review. (MM GHG 4.3.1)

080 - Planning. 6 Conform to Elevations/Floor Plans

Not Satisfied

Elevations and Floor Plans of all buildings and structures submitted for building plan check approval shall be in substantial conformance with the elevations shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT B and the floor plans shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT C.

080 - Planning. 7 Landscape Screening

Not Satisfied

Final landscape plans shall show that the site is densely screened with landscaping along all bordering streets and adjacent sensitive receptors, with trees spaced no further apart than 25 feet on center. Fifty percent of the landscape screening shall include a minimum of 36-inch box trees. Facility operators will be responsible to establish a long-term maintenance mechanism to assure that the landscaping remains in place and functional in accordance with the approved landscaping plan. This shall apply to landscaping along Harvill Avenue for this project unless otherwise deemed acceptable by the TLMA Director.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance Planning

080 - Planning. 8 Lighting Plans

Not Satisfied

All parking lot lights and other outdoor lighting shall be shown on electrical plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety for plan check approval and shall comply with the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 and the Riverside County Comprehensive General Plan.

080 - Planning. 9 Logistics/Warehouse - Building Plan Design

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the following measures shall be incorporated into the building design and appropriately noted: 1. Warehouse/distribution facilities shall install electrical panels and conduit to facilitate future electrical connections, to eliminate idling of main and auxiliary engines during the loading and unloading process. At all cold storage facilities electrical connections shall be provided to each dock.

- 2. All lighting used in conjunction with a warehouse/distribution facility operations, shall be directed down into the interior of the site and not spill over onto adjacent properties.
- 3. A minimum of 5% or as required by the Cal Green Code, whichever is greater of employee parking spaces shall be designated for electric or other alternative fueled vehicles.
- 4. On-site equipment, such as forklifts, shall be electric with the necessary electrical charging stations provided.
- 5. Final designs of the Project buildings shall include electrical infrastructure sufficiently sized to accommodate potential installation of additional auto and truck EV charging stations. (MM AQ 4.2.3)
- 6. Final Project designs shall provide for installation of conduits in tractor trailer parking areas, for the purpose of accommodating the installation of EV truck charging stations. (MM AQ 4.2.4)

080 - Planning. 10 Logistics/Warehouse - Building Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the following measures shall be noted on building plans and shall be complied with during grading operations:

- 1. During construction of the warehouse/distribution facility, all heavy duty haul trucks accessing the site shall have CARB-Compliant 2010 engines or newer approved CARB engine standards.
- 2. All diesel fueled off-road construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower, including but not limited to excavators, graders, rubber-tired dozers, and similar "off-road" construction equipment shall be equipped with CARB Tier 4 Compliant engines. If the operator lacks Tier 4 equipment, and it is not available for lease or short-term rental within 50 miles of the project site, Tier 3 or cleaner off-road construction equipment may be utilized subject to County approval.
- 3. The maximum daily disturbance area (actively graded area) shall not exceed 10 acres per day. Non-Grading construction activity in areas greater than 10 acres is allowed.
- 4. Construction contractors shall utilize construction equipment, with properly operating and maintained mufflers, consistent with manufacturers' standards.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 10 Logistics/Warehouse - Building Plan Notes (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 5. Construction contractors shall locate or park all stationary construction equipment so that the emitted noise is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site, to the extent practicable.
- 6. The surrounding streets shall be swept on a regular basis to remove any construction related debris and dirt.
- 7. Appropriate dust control measures that meet the SCAQMD standards shall be implemented for grading and construction activity.
- 8. Construction equipment maintenance records and data sheets, which includes equipment design specifications and equipment emission control tier classifications, as well as any other records necessary to verify compliance with the items above, shall be kept onsite and furnished to the County upon request.
- 9. During construction, the Transportation & Land Management Agency representative shall conduct an on-site inspection with a facility representative to verify compliance with these policies, and to identify other opportunities to reduce construction impacts.
- 10. Facility construction shall comply with the hours of operation and exterior noise decibel levels as required by Riverside County Ordinance No. 847 ("Noise Ordinance")

080 - Planning. 11 Logistics/Warehouse – Building Traffic Control Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, a "Traffic Control Plan" shall be prepared, which details the locations of equipment staging areas, material stockpiles, proposed road closures, and hours of construction operations. This is in addition to a Traffic Impact Study as may be required for the environmental review process.

080 - Planning. 12 Lot Line Adjustment

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the applicant, in accordance with Ordinance No. 460, shall obtain an approved Lot Line Adjustment for the entire project site(s). Documentation showing the approval/recordation of the Lot Line Adjustment shall be submitted to the Planning Department prior to issuance of the first building permit for Plot Plan No. 190011. The proposed parcel or parcels shall comply with all applicable development standards for the parcel's zone classification as provided in Ordinance No. 348.

080 - Planning. 13 Mitigation Measure GHG - Energy Measures

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of each building permit, the project applicant shall provide documentation to the County of Riverside Transportation Land Management Agency demonstrating implementation of CAP Measure R2-E10 (Energy Use), which includes onsite renewable energy production. This measure is required for any tentative tract map, plot plan, or conditional use permit that proposes development or one or more new buildings totaling more than 100,000 gross square feet of commercial, office, industrial, or manufacturing development to offset its energy demand. For industrial developments, measure R2-E10 requires a 20 percent offset in building energy demand.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 13 Mitigation Measure GHG - Energy Measures (cont.)

Not Satisfied

The energy demand shall be determined at the initial building permit stage if the tenant/particular use is known at that time. If the tenant or particular use is not known at that time, this condition should be deferred to the tenant improvement building permit and to any subsequent tenant improvement permits as tenants may change.

Utilizing the energy demand calculated, the appropriate amount of solar panels shall be included with the related building permits to ensure their installation and operation.

As it relates to the initial building permit, the roof shall be designed to accommodate rooftop mounted solar panels.

ALUC approval shall be required for rooftop mounted solar panels related glare prior to building permit issuance based on their separate conditions of approval and determination of consistency for this project.

080 - Planning. 14 Parking Spaces Verification

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of any tenant improvement building permit, a plan for parking and trailer stalls including striping and other measures as may be appropriate shall be provided to show that adequate standard vehicle parking will be provided on-site based on applicable parking rates.

080 - Planning. 15 Plans Showing Bike Racks

Not Satisfied

Bike rack spaces or bike lockers shall be shown on the project's parking and landscaping plan submitted to the Planning Department for approval.

080 - Planning. 16 Renewable Energy Generation R2-CE1

Not Satisfied

In accordance with measure R2-CE1 of the County's Climate Action Plan, the proposed project shall be required to offset its energy demand by 20 percent through provision of renewable energy generation. This is anticipated to be accommodated through solar panels mounted on the building rooftops.

The energy demand shall be determined at the initial building permit stage if the tenant/particular use is known at that time. If the tenant or particular use is not known at that time, this condition should be deferred to the tenant improvement building permit and to any subsequent tenant improvement permits as tenants may change.

Utilizing the energy demand calculated, the appropriate amount of solar panels shall be included with the related building permits to ensure their installation and operation.

As it relates to the initial building permit, the roof shall be designed to accommodate rooftop mounted solar panels.

ALUC approval shall be required for rooftop mounted solar panels related glare prior to building permit issuance based on their separate conditions of approval and determination of consistency for this project.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 17 Roof Equipment Shielding

Not Satisfied

Roof mounted equipment shall be shielded from ground view. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

080 - Planning. 18 School Mitigation

Not Satisfied

Impacts to the Val Verde Unified School District shall be mitigated in accordance with California State law.

080 - Planning. 19 Wall/Fencing Plan Required

Not Satisfied

A wall and fencing plan shall be submitted showing all wall and fence locations and typical views of all types of fences or walls proposed. This plan shall require anti-graffiti coatings on fences and walls, where applicable. This plan shall be in substantial conformance with the wall/fence locations and designs shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A and APPROVED EXHIBIT L.

Survey

080 - Survey. 1

RCTD - IRRIVOCABLE RIGHT-OF-WAY DEDICATION

Not Satisfied

An irrevocable offer of dedication for sufficient public street right-of-way along Harley Knox Boulevard (west of Decker Road) shall be offered for public use to provide for a 100 foot full-width dedicated right-of-way per County Standard No. 94, Ordinance 461. (modified)

080 - Survey. 2 RCTD - SURVEY MONUMENT

Not Satisfied

Prior to construction, if survey monuments including centerline monuments, tie points, property corners and benchmarks found it shall be located and tied out and corner records filed with the County Surveyor pursuant to Section 8771 of the Business & Professions Code. Survey points destroyed during construction shall be reset, and a second corner record filed for those points prior to completion and acceptance of the improvements.

080 - Survey. 3 RCTD - VACATION

Not Satisfied

The project proponent, by his/her design, is requesting a vacation of the existing dedicated right-of-way along Oleander Avenue. The project proponent shall apply under a separate application with the County Surveyor for conditional vacation of Oleander Avenue (north side) and receive a Board of Supervisors decision.

Should the Board of Supervisors fail to approve said vacation request, the project proponent shall re-design the project, utilizing the existing right-of-way.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - LANDSCAPING DESIGN PLANS

Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards, Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department.

Landscaping plans shall be designed within the associated road right-of-way and submitted to the Transportation Department. Landscaping Plans shall be submitted on standard County format (24x36

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - LANDSCAPING DESIGN PLANS (cont.)

Not Satisfied

inch). Landscaping plans shall with the street improvement plans.

080 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - LIGHTING PLAN

Not Satisfied

A separate street light plan shall be approved by the Transportation Department. Street lighting shall be designed in accordance with County Ordinance 460 and Streetlight Specification Chart found in Specification Section 22 of Ordinance 461. For projects within SCE boundaries use County of Riverside Ordinance 461, Standard No. 1000 or No. 1001.

080 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - UTILITY PLAN

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. This also applies to existing overhead lines which are 33.6 kilovolts or below along the project frontage and between the nearest poles offsite in each direction of the project site. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on design improvement plans whenever those plans are required. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes.

080 - Transportation. 4 RCTD-USE TS/Fair Share

Not Satisfied

Based on the Oleander Business Park General Plan Evaluation prepared by Urban Crossroads, dated August 16, 2019, the project is estimated to contribute 1.0% of the total new traffic at the intersection of Decker Road and Nandina Avenue. The project is also estimated to contribute 5.9% of the total new traffic at the intersection of Decker Road and Harley Knox Blvd. The project proponent shall contribute its fair share towards ultimate future traffic signals located at identified intersections above.

or as approved by the Director of Transportation.

080 - Transportation. 5 RCTD-USE TS/Geometrics

Not Satisfied

The intersection of Project Driveway (NS) at Nandina Avenue (EW) shall be improved to provide the following geometrics:

Northbound: one shared left-turn/right-turn lane Southbound: N/A Eastbound: one shared through/right-turn lane Westbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane

The intersection of West Project Driveway (NS) at Oleander Avenue (EW) shall be improved to provide the following geometrics:

Northbound: N/A Southbound: one shared left-turn/right-turn lane Eastbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane Westbound: one shared through/right-turn lane

The intersection of East Project Driveway (NS) at Oleander Avenue (EW) shall be improved to provide

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Transportation

080 - Transportation. 5 RCTD-USE TS/Geometrics (cont.)

Not Satisfied

the following geometrics:

Northbound: N/A Southbound: one shared left-turn/right-turn lane Eastbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane Westbound: one shared through/right-turn lane NOTE: This access shall be limited to passenger car and delivery vehicles. Heavy trucks from using this driveway and shall utilize the West Project Driveway. Appropriate on-site signage shall be posted to enforce this restriction.

The intersection of Decker Road (NS) at Nandina Avenue (EW) shall be improved to provide the following geometrics:

Northbound: one left-turn lane, one right-turn lane – 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review Southbound: N/A Eastbound: one shared through/right-turn lane Westbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane - 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review NOTE: Based on the findings of the Oleander Business Park General Plan Buildout Evaluation prepared by Urban Crossroads, date August 16, 2019, the westbound approach shall accommodate one left-turn lane, and two through lanes. The project shall demonstrate sufficient road right-of-way is available to accommodate this lane configuration. If there is insufficient road right-of-way, the applicant shall be responsible for acquiring sufficient right-of-way to allow the implementation of the geometrics in the future.

The intersection of Decker Road (NS) at Harley Knox Boulevard (EW) shall be improved to provide the following geometrics:

Northbound: one left-turn lane, one shared through/right-turn lane – 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review Southbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane, one shared through/right-turn lane – 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review Eastbound: one shared left-turn/through lane, one share through/right-turn lane Westbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane, one right-turn lane - 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review

NOTE: The geometrics for the eastbound approach shown above are for ultimate conditions. In the event the described geometrics cannot be utilized the following shall be used in the interim: one left-turn lane, one shared through/right-turn lane - 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review.

The intersection of Decker Road (NS) at Oleander Avenue (EW) shall be improved to provide the following geometrics:

Northbound: N/A Southbound: one left-turn lane, one shared through/right-turn lane – 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 5 RCTD-USE TS/Geometrics (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Eastbound: one left-turn lane, one shared through/right-turn lane - 100' min. left-turn storage to be adjusted during final design review Westbound: N/A

or as approved by the Transportation Department.

All improvements listed are requirements for interim conditions only. Full right-of-way and roadway half sections adjacent to the property for the ultimate roadway cross-section per the County's Road Improvement Standards and Specifications must be provided.

Any off-site widening required to provide these geometrics shall be the responsibility of the landowner/developer.

080 - Transportation. 6 RCTD-USE-WQ - ESTABLISH WQMP MAINT ENTITY Not Satisfied

A maintenance plan and signed WQMP/BMP maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department shall be approved and recorded against the property. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance.

080 - Transportation. 7 RCTD-USE-WQ - IMPLEMENT WQMP

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall agree to construct BMP facilities described in the approved Final County WQMP. The Project is responsible for performing all activities described in the County WQMP and that copies of the approved Final County WQMP are provided to future owners/occupants.

080 - Transportation. 8 RCTS - ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER DISTRICT Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the project proponent shall comply with County requirements within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461. Assurance of maintenance is required by filing an application for annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated by contacting the Transportation Department at (951) 955-6767, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division. Said annexation should include the following:

- (1) Landscaping.
- (2) Streetlights.
- (3) Graffiti abatement of walls and other permanent structure.
- (4) Street sweeping.

For street lighting, the project proponent shall contact the Transportation Department L&LMD 89-1-C Administrator and submit the following:

(1) Completed Transportation Department application.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 8 RCTS - ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER DISTRICT Not S

Not Satisfied

- (2) Appropriate fees for annexation.
- (3) Two (2) sets of street lighting plans approved by Transportation Department.
- (4) Streetlight Authorization form from SCE or other electric provider.

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall submit one electronic (1) copy of a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for review and approval to WastePlanning@rivco.org. The plot plan shall conform to Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas, provided by the Department of Waste Resources, and shall show the location of and access to the collection area for recyclable materials, shall demonstrate space allocation for trash and recyclable materials and have the adequate signage indicating the location of each bin in the trash enclosure. The project applicant is advised that clearance of the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan only satisfies the Waste Resources' conditions for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas space allocation and other Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Guideline items. Detailed drawings of the Trash Enclosure and its particular construction details, e.g., building materials, location, construction methods etc., should be included as part of the Project plan submittal to the Riverside County Department of Building and Safety.

080 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste - Waste Recycling Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, a Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be submitted to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for approval. At a minimum, the WRP must identify the materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, wood, etc.) that will be generated by construction and development, the projected amounts, the measures/methods that will be taken to recycle, reuse, and/or reduce the amount of materials, the facilities and/or haulers that will be utilized, and the targeted recycling or reduction rate. During project construction, the project site shall have, at a minimum, two (2) bins: one for waste disposal and the other for the recycling of Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials. Additional bins are encouraged to be used for further source separation of C&D recyclable materials. Accurate record keeping (receipts) for recycling of C&D recyclable materials and solid waste disposal must be kept. Arrangements can be made through the franchise hauler.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1 PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall obtain precise grade approval and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the precise grading of your project before a building final can be obtained. Precise Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following: 1. Requesting and obtaining approval of all required grading inspections. 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report from the Soils Engineer (registered

Plan: PPT190011 Parcel: 295310012

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1 PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL (cont.)

Not Satisfied

geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for the sub-grade and base of all paved areas. 3. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Sub-grade (rough) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the sub-grade was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. 4. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Precise (Final) Grade Certification for the entire site from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the precise grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. 5. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Certification certifying the installation of any on-site storm drain systems not inspected by Riverside County Flood Control District or the Riverside County Transportation Department. Prior to release for building final, the applicant shall have met all precise grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

Flood

090 - Flood. 1

Facility Completion - Use

Not Satisfied

The District will not release occupancy permits for any commercial lot prior to the District's acceptance of the drainage system for operation and maintenance.

Planning

090 - Planning. 1 Accessible Parking

Not Satisfied

A minimum of fourteen (14) accessible parking spaces for persons with disabilities, shall be provided as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A. Each parking space reserved for persons with disabilities shall be identified by a permanently affixed reflectorized sign constructed of porcelain on steel, beaded text or equal, displaying the International Symbol of Accessibility.

The sign shall not be smaller than 70 square inches in area and shall be centered at the interior end of the parking space at a minimum height of 80 inches from the bottom of the sign to the parking space finished grade, or centered at a minimum height of 36 inches from the parking space finished grade, ground, or sidewalk. A sign shall also be posted in a conspicuous place, at each entrance to the off-street parking facility, not less than 17 inches by 22 inches, clearly and conspicuously stating the following:

"Unauthorized vehicles not displaying distinguishing placards or license plates issued for physically handicapped persons may be towed away at owner's expense.

In addition to the above requirements, the surface of each parking space shall have a surface identification sign duplicating the symbol of accessibility in blue paint of at least 3 square feet in size.

090 - Planning. 2 CAP Screening Table Measures

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit final/occupancy, appropriate pre-operation measures shall apply to achieve the minimum 100 points on the Riverside County Climate Action Plan Commercial Screening Tables. The conceptual measures anticipated for the project are included as an appendix to the project Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration. The conceptual measures may be replaced with other measures as listed in the table included with the project Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration, as long as they are replaced at the same time with other measures that in total achieve a minimum of 100 points on the screening table. (MM GHG 4.3.1)

12/08/20 16:29

Plan: PPT190011 Parcel: 295310012

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection Planning

090 - Planning. 3 Curbs Along Planters

Not Satisfied

A six inch high curb with a twelve (12) inch wide walkway shall be constructed along planters on end stalls adjacent to automobile parking areas. Public parking areas shall be designed with permanent curb, bumper, or wheel stop or similar device so that a parked vehicle does not overhang required sidewalks, planters, or landscaped areas.

090 - Planning. 4 ELECTRICAL VEHICLE PARKING

Not Satisfied

A minimum of twenty-two (22) electrical vehicle parking spaces for shall be provided for the project per Ordinance 348, Section 18.12.A2.c1 and 2: Requirements: All development projects that require fifty (50) or more parking spaces shall designate three (3) spaces for electrical vehicles, and designate one (1) additional space for electrical vehicles for each additional fifty (50) parking spaces. All electrical vehicle parking spaces shall be serviced by an electrical vehicle charging station. If capable, a charging station may service more than one electrical vehicle parking space. Signage and Charging Station Location Signage shall be installed designating spaces for electric vehicles only. Charging stations shall be installed in locations easily accessible to service an electrical vehicle. Charging stations and associated equipment or materials shall not encroach into the minimum required areas for driveways, parking spaces, garages or vehicle maneuvering.

090 - Planning. 5 Logistics/Warehouse - Signs

Not Satisfied

Prior to Final Inspection, the following measures shall be implemented: 1. Legible, durable, weather-proof signs shall be placed at truck access gates, loading docks, and truck parking areas that identify applicable California Air Resources Board (CARB) anti-idling regulations. At a minimum, each sign shall include: 1) instructions for truck drivers to shut off engines when not in use; 2) instructions for drivers of diesel trucks to restrict idling to no more than five (5) minutes once the vehicle is stopped, the transmission is set to "neutral" or "park," and the parking brake is engaged; and 3) telephone numbers of the building facilities manager and the CARB to report violations. (MM AQ 4.2.1)

- 2. Signs should be posted in the appropriate locations that clearly show the designated entry and exit points for trucks and service vehicles.
- 3. Signs should be posted in the appropriate locations that state parking and maintenance of all trucks is to be conducted within designated areas and not within the surrounding community or on public streets.
- 4. Signs should be posted in the appropriate locations and/or handouts should be provided that show the locations of nearest food options, fueling, truck maintenance services, and other similar convenience services, if these services are not available onsite.
- 5. Each Facility shall designate a Compliance Officer responsible for implementing the measures described herein and/or in the project conditions of approval and mitigation measures. Contact information should be provided to the County and updated annually, and signs should be posted in visible locations providing the contact information for the Compliance Officer to the surrounding community. These signs shall also identify the website and contact information for the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

Plan: PPT190011 Parcel: 295310012

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 5 Logistics/Warehouse – Signs (cont.)

Not Satisfied

6. Signs shall be posted in accordance with Ordinance No. 348, which may be amended from time to time.

090 - Planning. 6

MM AQ 4.2.2 - Clean Engine/Equipment Programs

Not Satisfied

Prior to tenant occupancy, the Project Applicant or successor in interest shall provide documentation to the County demonstrating that occupants/tenants have been provided documentation on funding opportunities, such as the Carl Moyer Program, that provide incentives for using cleaner-than-required engines and equipment.

090 - Planning. 7 Parking Paving Material

Not Satisfied

A minimum of four hundred seventy-one (471) parking spaces shall be provided as shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT A, unless otherwise approved by the Planning Department and pursuant to the prior condition of approval titled Parking Spaces Verification and any approved parking plan. The parking area shall be surfaced with asphaltic concrete or concrete to current standards as approved by the Department of Building and Safety.

090 - Planning. 8 Parking Spaces Verification

Not Satisfied

Prior to occupancy of any tenant improvement building permit, verification on implementation of the plan for parking and trailer stalls shall be provided to show that adequate standard vehicle parking will be provided on-site based on applicable parking rates.

090 - Planning. 9 Renewable Energy Generation R2-CE1 Installed

Not Satisfied

In accordance with measure R2-CE1 of the County's Climate Action Plan, the proposed project shall be required to offset its energy demand by 20 percent through provision of renewable energy generation. In accordance with the prior condition titled "Renewable Energy Generation R2-CE1", prior to occupancy for any tenant improvement building permit, the renewable energy facility as approved with the prior condition shall be installed and ready for operation. (MM GHG 4.3.2)

090 - Planning. 10 Roof Equipment Shielding

Not Satisfied

Roof-mounted equipment shall be shielded from ground view. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - COMPLETE ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of an occupancy permit, the project proponent shall complete annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division for continuous maintenance within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859.

A Streetlight Authorization form from SCE, or other electric provider required in order to complete the annexation process.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - LANDSCAPING INSTALLATION COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right-of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards and Ordinance 461 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department. Landscaping shall be improved within streets associated with development.

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - PART-WIDTH IMPROVEMENT

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition. The Project shall provide the following improvements:

Nandina Avenue (from Decker Street westerly to the proposed driveway) along project boundary shall be improved with 76-78 foot full-width AC pavement (38 feet south of the construction centerline and 38-40 foot north of the construction centerline) 6 inch concrete curb and gutter, and concrete sidewalk (south side) within 101.5 foot full-width (71.5 feet south of Survey centerline and 30 feet north of Survey centerline) dedicated right-of-way in accordance with modified County Standard No. 93, Ordinance 461. (Modified for increased AC pavement improvement from 76 feet to 76-78 feet and reduced right-of-way from 118 feet to 101.5 feet)

- 1. A 5 foot concrete sidewalks (south side) shall be improved 9 feet from the curb line within the 21 foot parkway.
 - 2. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461.
- 3. Construct a 32 foot to 47 foot wide two way AC pavement tapering lanes from the proposed driveway westerly to undeveloped project boundary per 50 m/h design speed limit and as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 4. The project proponent shall design and construct the retaining wall and its footing to the satisfaction of Director of Transportation.
- 5. The eastbound approach of Nandina Avenue at its intersection with Decker Road shall be improved with a raised "pork-chop" median for the right-turn slip lane as approved by the Director of Transportation.

Nandina Avenue (from Decker Street easterly) outside project boundary shall be reconstructed with 20-24 foot half-width AC pavement (north of the centerline), 6 inch concrete curb and gutter, and MUST match up asphalt concrete paving; reconstruction; or resurfacing of existing paving as determine by the Director of Transportation within 30 feet, minimum, half-width (north side of the centerline) dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County modified Standard No. 111, Ordinance 461. (Modify for reducing half-width improvement from 28 feet to 20-24 feet and reducing right-of-way from 39 feet to 30 feet.

- 1. The project shall provide acceptable transition curb & gutter and AC pavement tapering as directed by the Director of Transportation.
 - 2. The westbound lanes at the intersection shall line-up with the receiving lane, east of Decker Road.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - PART-WIDTH IMPROVEMENT (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Nandina Avenue (from the proposed driveway to the westerly limit of property ownership) shall be improved with a minimum of 32-foot AC pavement within a 60-foot full-width right-of-way per Ord. 461, Std. No. 106 Section A.

1. A cash-in-lieu of constructing the last 335-foot westerly segment (approx.) may be considered. A preliminary cost evaluation prepared by Michael Baker International estimates the cost to be \$93,000. Further refinement of this estimate may be required during final design review. 2. A cash-in-lieu of constructing the entire westerly segment may also be considered at the discretion of the Director of Transportation. A preliminary cost evaluation prepared by Michael Baker International estimates the cost to be \$250,000. Further refinement of this estimate may be required during final design review. 3. Appropriate transitions shall be provided as this segment transitions to the wider section to the east.

Oleander Avenue along project boundary shall be improved with 46 foot part-width AC pavement (28 feet project side and 18 feet on the other side of the centerline), 6 inch concrete curb and gutter, and concrete sidewalk (project side) within the 89 foot (39 feet project side and 50 feet on the other side of the centerline) full-width dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County Standard No. 111, Ordinance 461.

- 1. A 6 foot concrete sidewalks (project side) shall be improved adjacent the curb-line within the 11 foot parkway.
 - 2. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461.

Decker Road along project boundary designated as a SECONDARY HIGHWAY and shall be improved with 45-57 foot part-width AC pavement (32-44 feet project side and 13 feet on the other side of the centerline), 6 inch concrete curb and gutter, and concrete sidewalk (project side) within the 83-109 foot (53-65 feet project side and 30-44 feet on the other side of the centerline) dedicated right-of-way in accordance with modified County Standard No. 94, Ordinance 461. (Modified for increased half-width right-of-way from 50 feet to 53-65 feet and increased half-width AC pavement improvement from 32 feet to 32-44 feet.

- 1, A 5 foot concrete sidewalks shall be improved 6 foot from the curb-line within the 21 foot parkways.
- 2. A 58 foot wide driveway, within the irrevocable dedicated right-of- way, shall be constructed in accordance with modified County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461. As an alternative, the Director of Transportation may consider a public street intersection design which utilizes Ord. 461, Std. No. 93 modified for a reduced pavement width of 58-feet within a reduced 100-foot dedicated right-of-way.
- 3. An 8 foot split fenced Trail shall be constructed along Decker Road 12 foot from the curb-line within the 21 foot parkway as directed by the Planning Department and Director of Transportation.

Or as approved by the Director of Transportation.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 4 RCTD - PAYMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEES

Not Satisfied

Prior to the time of issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or upon final inspection, whichever occurs first, the Project shall pay fees in accordance with the fee schedule in effect at the time of payment:

• Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees (TUMF) in accordance with Ordinance No. 824.

090 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - STREETLIGHTS INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Install streetlights along the streets associated with development in accordance with the approved street lighting plan and standards of County Ordinances 461.

Streetlight annexation into L&LMD or similar mechanism as approved by the Transportation Department shall be completed.

It shall be the responsibility of the developer to ensure that streetlights are energized along the streets associated with this development where the developer is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

090 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - UTILITY INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be installed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. This also applies to all overhead lines below 34 kilovolts along the project frontage and all offsite overhead lines in each direction of the project site to the nearest offsite pole. A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion for clearance.

In addition, the Project shall ensure that streetlights are energized and operational along the streets where the Project is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

090 - Transportation. 7 RCTD-USE TS/Interconnect

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall be required to provide traffic signal interconnect on Decker Road (NS) between Nandina Avenue (EW) and Harley Knox Boulevard (EW).

The planned traffic signal at Decker Road (NS) and Nandina Avenue (EW) shall be ultimately interconnected with the planned traffic signal at Decker Roard (NS) and Harley Knox Boulevard (EW). The project proponent shall provide interconnect along the project frontage and shall make all provisions necessary for the traffic signals to be connected.

or as approved by the Transportation Department.

090 - Transportation. 8 RCTD-USE-WQ - IMPLEMENT WQMP

Not Satisfied

The Project shall construct BMP facilities described in the approved Final County WQMP prior to the issuance of a occupancy permit to the satisfaction of Director of Transportation. The Project is responsible for performing all activities described in the County WQMP and that copies of the approved Final County WQMP are provided to future owners/occupants.

Plan: PPT190011 Parcel: 295310012

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 9 RCTD-USE-WQ - WQMP COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the Project is required to furnish educational materials regarding water quality to future owners/occupants, provide an engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established, and for businesses registering BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Storm Water Compliance Program Section.

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall construct the recyclables collection and loading area in compliance with the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan, as approved and verified through an on-site inspection by the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources.

090 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste - Recycling and Organics Compliance

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall complete a Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Recycling Compliance form (Form D). Form D requires applicants to identify programs or plans that address commercial and organics recycling, in compliance with State legislation/regulation. Once completed, Form D shall be submitted to the Recycling Section of the Department of Waste Resources for approval. To obtain Form D, please contact the Recycling Section at 951-486-3200, or email to: Waste-CompostingRecycling@rivco.org.

090 - Waste Resources. 3 Waste - Waste Reporting Form and Receipts

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, evidence (i.e., waste reporting form along with receipts or other types of verification) to demonstrate project compliance with the approved Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be presented by the project proponent to the Planning Division of the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources. Receipts must clearly identify the amount of waste disposed and Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials recycled.



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

May 17, 2019

SUBJECT: ASSEMBLY BILL 52 (AB 52) FORMAL NOTIFICATION (PPT190011)

This serves to notify you of a proposed project located within Riverside County. A map depicting the location and a project description can be found below. Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1(d), if you wish to initiate consultation on this proposed project, please send a consultation request within 30 days of receipt of this notice to dliones@rivco.org and cc: vslopez@rivco.org. To ensure an effective and good faith consultation effort, Planning asks that the request for consultation also indicate the following:

- Whether there are TCR's in project area. If so, what specifically is the TCR? The Tribe must provide
 County with substantial evidence to support this and if the TCR consists of a "landscape", the Tribe must
 also geographically define the landscape in terms of size and scope of the project.
- Is the Project causing a substantial adverse impact to a TCR? If so, what is that impact?

Project Description:

PLOT PLAN NO. 190011 - Applicant: Sares Regis Group Perris, LP c/o Patrick Russell — Engineer/Representative: Michael Baker International c/o Cesar Mota - First Supervisorial District — March Zoning Area/Mead Valley Zoning District — Mead Valley Area Plan: Community Development: Business Park (CD: BP)

Location: North of Oleander Avenue, South of Nandina Avenue, East of Day Street, and West of Decker Road – 100 Gross Acres - Zoning: Industrial Park (I-P)

REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 190011 proposes to construct two (2) industrial warehouse buildings on two (2) parcels. Parcel 1 of 18.5 acres would include a 363,000 square-foot building.. – APN: 295-310-012, 013, 014, and 015

Sincerely,

Dave Jones, Chief Engineering Geologist

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Project Planner: Tim Wheeler Email CC: twheeler@rivco.org

Attachment: Project Vicinity Map and Project Aerial

AB52 Tribal Consultation PPT190011

In compliance with Assembly Bill 52 (AB52), notices regarding this project were mailed to all requesting tribes on May 17, 2019.

The Pechanga Band received the notification on May 17, 2019 but did not request to consult on the project. Morongo responded on June 19, 2019 and deferred to closer tribes. Rincon replied on June 19, 2019 and although they did not request consultation, they recommended that an archaeological record search be conducted. The Pala Band responded in a letter dated May 22, 2019 declining consultation.

Consultations were requested by the Soboba Band in a letter dated June 17, 2019. A meeting was held on June 18, 2019 and also January 7, 2020 in which the tribe told planning that the project was within a TCR. The Phase I report was provided to the tribe on August 26, 2019. On January 09, 202 the project conditions of approval were provided to the tribe and on February 11, 2020 the tribe concurred with these measures to mitigate impacts to any Tribal Cultural Resources that may be impacted during grading activities.

Wheeler, Timothy

From: Cheryl Madrigal < CMadrigal@rincon-nsn.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, July 23, 2019 3:32 PM

To: Wheeler, Timothy

Cc: Deneen Pelton; Destiny Colocho

Subject: Oleander Business Park Project- Draft Environmental Impact Report (CEQ190038)

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Feedback

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Dear Mr. Wheeler,

This letter is written on behalf of the Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians. We have received your notification regarding the above referenced project and we thank you for the opportunity to consult. The identified location is within the Territory of the Luiseño people, and is also within Rincon's specific area of Historic interest.

Embedded in the Luiseño territory are Rincon's history, culture and identity. We do not have knowledge of any cultural resources within or near the proposed project area. However, this does not mean that none exist. We recommend that an archaeological records search be conducted and ask that a copy of the record search results be provided to the Rincon Band.

If you have additional questions or concerns please do not hesitate to contact our office at your convenience at (760) 297-2635.

Thank you for the opportunity to protect and preserve our cultural assets.

Sincerely,

Cheryl Madrigal, M.A.

Museum Specialist Cultural Resources Department Wa\$xayam Pomki Museum Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians

1 West Tribal Road | Valley Center, CA 92082 Office:760-297-2635 ext. 318 | Cell: 760-648-3000

Email: cmadrigal@rincon-nsn.gov



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Wheeler, Timothy

From:

Thomson, Heather

Sent:

Tuesday, September 1, 2020 8:18 AM

To:

Joseph Ontiveros; Jessica Valdez

Cc:

Lopez, Valentina; Edgington, Darren; Wheeler, Timothy

Subject:

RE: PPT190011 updated conditions of approval

Hi Joe-

The County has been receiving requests from Tribes to modify the language in our project conditions for Cultural and Tribal Cultural resources. We appreciate the requests and comments and in the near future, the County may be revisiting our condition language and sending our Cultural/Tribal relevant conditions for Tribal review and comment. Comments and recommendations received from the Tribes will be reviewed and deliberated upon by County Planning staff, County Counsel and other relevant parties to see if a condition modification would be helpful to reduce potential impacts. At this time, the County conditions have been developed with Tribal input and would not be changed until we have completed the update process (Tribal comments received and discussions conducted).

Heather

From: Joseph Ontiveros [mailto:jontiveros@soboba-nsn.gov]

Sent: Monday, August 31, 2020 2:52 PM

To: Thomson, Heather < HThomson@rivco.org>; Jessica Valdez < JValdez@soboba-nsn.gov>

Cc: Lopez, Valentina < VSLOPEZ@RIVCO.ORG>; Edgington, Darren < DEdgingt@rivco.org>; Wheeler, Timothy

<TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Subject: RE: PPT190011 updated conditions of approval

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Hi Heather,

I have reviewed the proposed language and I am requesting one slight inclusion. "The CRMP shall be provided to the consulting tribes for review and comment, if requested." Please let me know if the amendment is acceptable.

Thank you,

Joe

JOSEPH ONTIVEROS

TRIBAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER (951) 654-5544 Ext. 4137 (951) 663-5279 Cell

jontiveros@soboba-nsn.gov

EST: JUNE 19, 1883

CULTURAL RESOURCE 23906 Soboba Rd. San Jacinto, CA 92583 P.O. Box 487 San Jacinto, CA 92581

www.soboba-nsn.gov

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From: Thomson, Heather < HThomson@rivco.org>

Sent: Friday, August 28, 2020 1:06 PM

To: Joseph Ontiveros <jontiveros@soboba-nsn.gov>; Jessica Valdez @soboba-nsn.gov>

Cc: Lopez, Valentina < VSLOPEZ@RIVCO.ORG >; Edgington, Darren < DEdgingt@rivco.org >; Wheeler, Timothy

<TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Subject: RE: PPT190011 updated conditions of approval

Prior to issuance of grading permits: The applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist (Project Archaeologist) has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program (CRMP). A Cultural Resource Monitoring Plan shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. The CRMP shall be provided to the consulting tribes for review if requested. A fully executed copy of the contract and a wet-signed copy of the Monitoring Plan shall be provided to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval.

Working directly under the Project Archaeologist, an adequate number of qualified Archaeological Monitors shall be present to ensure that all earth moving activities are observed and shall be on-site during all grading activities for areas to be monitored including off-site improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined by the Project Archaeologist.

From: Joseph Ontiveros [mailto:jontiveros@soboba-nsn.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, August 18, 2020 5:21 PM

To: Thomson, Heather < HThomson@rivco.org >; Jessica Valdez @soboba-nsn.gov >

Cc: Lopez, Valentina < VSLOPEZ@RIVCO.ORG >; Edgington, Darren < DEdgingt@rivco.org >; Wheeler, Timothy

<TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Subject: RE: PPT190011 updated conditions of approval

Hi Heather,

I reviewed the proposed language and I have a major concern regarding the creation of the CRMP referenced in 060 - Planning-CUL. 4. This is a result of the problematic projects that were approved and had permits issued during you absence. The issues came with regard to the language within the CRMPs, and the tribes not being able to provide input. I have altered the language you provided with some inclusions in bold.

"A Cultural Resource Monitoring Plan shall be developed in coordination with the consulting tribe(s), that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. The draft CRMP will submitted to the Riverside County Archaeologist for final approval prior to it's implementation."

I really hope the proposed inclusions are acceptable. The issue we had were that the CRMPs were subject to considerations of the hired archaeologist, who is an agent of the developer. Let me know if you'd like to discuss the recommendations directly.

Sincerely,

Joe



JOSEPH ONTIVEROS

TRIBAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER (951) 654-5544 Ext. 4137 (951) 663-5279 Cell

jontiveros@soboba-nsn.gov

CULTURAL RESOURCE 23906 Soboba Rd. San Jacinto, CA 92583 P.O. Box 487 San Jacinto, CA 92581

www.soboba-nsn.gov

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From: Thomson, Heather < HThomson@rivco.org>

Sent: Monday, August 17, 2020 8:30 AM

To: Joseph Ontiveros < jontiveros @soboba-nsn.gov>; Jessica Valdez < JValdez @soboba-nsn.gov>

Cc: Lopez, Valentina < VSLOPEZ@RIVCO.ORG >; Edgington, Darren < DEdgingt@rivco.org >; Wheeler, Timothy

<TWHEELER@RIVCO.ORG>

Subject: PPT190011 updated conditions of approval

Good morning Joe-

I added some more cultural conditions to this project. Please see the attachment.

Heather A. Thomson M.A., RPA County Archaeologist TLMA- Planning

4080 Lemon St., 12th Floor Riverside, CA 92501 (951) 955-2873 office hthomson@rivco.org



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AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION RIVERSIDE COUNTY

September 19, 2019

Mr. Tim Wheeler, Project Planner Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Riverside CA 92501

Steve Manos Lake Elsinore

(VIA HAND DELIVERY)

VICE CHAIR Russell Betts **Desert Hot Springs**

RE: AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION (ALUC) DEVELOPMENT REVIEW

COMMISSIONERS

File No.: ZAP1371MA19

Arthur Butler

PPT190011 (Plot Plan)

APNs: Riverside

295-310-012 through 295-310-015

Related File No.:

Compatibility Zone: C2 High Terrain Zone

John Lyon Riverside

Dear Mr. Wheeler:

Richard Stewart

Steven Stewart Palm Springs

Moreno Valley

Gary Youmans Temecula

STAFF

Director Simon A. Housman

John Guerin Paul Rull Barbara Santos

County Administrative Center 4080 Lemon St,14th Floor. Riverside, CA 92501 (951) 955-5132

www.rcaluc.org

On September 12, 2019, the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) found Riverside County Case No. PPT190011 (Plot Plan), a proposal to construct two industrial manufacturing buildings with a combined total floor area (including mezzanines) of 710,736 square feet (with 30,000 square feet of rooftop solar panels on each building) on 35.76 acres located northerly of Oleander Avenue, westerly of Decker Road, southerly of Nandina Avenue, and easterly of Day Street in the unincorporated community of Mead Valley, **CONSISTENT** with the 2014 March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan, subject to the following conditions.

CONDITIONS:

- Any outdoor lighting installed shall be hooded or shielded so as to prevent either the 1. spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky. Outdoor lighting shall be downward facing.
- The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project and shall be 2. prohibited at this site, in accordance with Note A on Table 4 of the Mead Valley Area Plan.
 - Any use which would direct a steady light or flashing light of red, white, green, or (a) amber colors associated with airport operations toward an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or toward an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach toward a landing at an airport, other than an FAA-approved navigational signal light or visual approach slope indicator.
 - Any use which would cause sunlight to be reflected towards an aircraft engaged (b) in an initial straight climb following takeoff or towards an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach towards a landing at an airport.
 - Any use which would generate smoke or water vapor or which would attract large (c) concentrations of birds, or which may otherwise affect safe air navigation within the area.
 - (d) Any use which would generate electrical interference that may be detrimental to the operation of aircraft and/or aircraft instrumentation.

- 3. The following uses/activities are specifically prohibited at this location: trash transfer stations that are open on one or more sides; recycling centers containing putrescible wastes; construction and demolition debris facilities; wastewater management facilities; incinerators; noise-sensitive outdoor nonresidential uses; and hazards to flight. Children's schools are discouraged.
- 4. The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project, but, if they were to be proposed through a subsequent use permit or plot plan, would require subsequent Airport Land Use Commission review:
 - Restaurants and other eating establishments; day care centers; health and exercise centers; churches, temples, or other uses primarily for religious worship; theaters.
- 5. Prior to issuance of any building permits, the landowner shall convey and have recorded an avigation easement to the March Inland Port Airport Authority. Contact March Joint Powers Authority at (951) 656-7000 for additional information.
- 6. The attached notice shall be given to all prospective purchasers of the property and lessees/tenants of the building.
- 7. Any detention basins on the site (including water quality management basins) shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.
- 8. March Air Reserve Base must be notified of any land use having an electromagnetic radiation component to assess whether a potential conflict with Air Base radio communications could result. Sources of electromagnetic radiation include radio wave transmission in conjunction with remote equipment inclusive of irrigation controllers, access gates, etc.
- Noise attenuation measures shall be incorporated into the design of the office areas of the structures, to the extent such measures are necessary to ensure that interior noise levels from aircraft operations are at or below 45 CNEL.
- 10. This project has been evaluated for a total of 710,736 square feet of manufacturing area, including 30,000 square feet of office area. Any increase in building area or change in use other than for warehouse, office and manufacturing uses will require an amended review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 11. Solar panels shall incorporate anti-reflective coating and shall be fixed with no rotation. Panels shall have a tilt of 10 degrees and orientation of 160 degrees. Solar panel areas shall be limited to 30,000 square feet per building.
- 12. Any revisions to the solar panels will require a new solar glare analysis to ensure that the project does not create "yellow" level glare, and require ALUC review.
- 13. In the event that any incidence of glint, glare, or flash affecting the safety of air navigation occurs as a result of project operation, upon notification to the airport operator of an incidence, the airport operator shall notify the project operator in writing. Within 30 days of written notice, the project operator shall be required to promptly take all measures necessary to eliminate such glint, glare, or flash. An "incidence" includes any situation

that results in an accident, incident, "near-miss," or specific safety complaint regarding an in-flight experience to the airport operator or to federal, state, or county authorities responsible for the safety of air navigation. The project operator shall work with the airport operator to prevent recurrence of the incidence. Suggested measures may include, but are not limited to, reprogramming the alignment of the panels, covering them at the time of day when incidences of glare occur, or wholly removing panels to diminish or eliminate the source of the glint, glare, or flash. For each such incidence made known to the project operator, the necessary remediation shall only be considered to have been fulfilled when the airport operator states in writing that the situation has been remediated to the airport operator's satisfaction.

- 14. In the event that any incidence of electrical interference affecting the safety of air navigation occurs as a result of project operation, upon notification to the airport operator of an incidence, the airport operator shall notify the project operator in writing. Within 30 days of written notice, the project operator shall be required to promptly take all measures necessary to eliminate such interference. An "incidence" includes any situation that results in an accident, incident, "near-miss," report by airport personnel, or specific safety complaint to the airport operator or to federal, state, or county authorities responsible for the safety of air navigation. The project operator shall work with the airport operator to prevent recurrence of the incidence. For each such incidence made known to the project operator, the necessary remediation shall only be considered to have been fulfilled when the airport operator states in writing that the situation has been remediated to the airport operator's satisfaction.
- 15. The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted aeronautical studies of the proposed buildings (Aeronautical Study Nos. 2019-AWP-8541-OE through 2019-AWP-8548-OE) and has determined that neither marking nor lighting of the structures is necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking and/or lighting for aviation safety are accomplished on a voluntary basis, such marking and/or lighting (if any) shall be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory Circular 70/7460-1 L Change 2 and shall be maintained in accordance therewith for the life of the project.
- 16. The proposed buildings shall not exceed a height of 62 feet above ground level and a maximum elevation at top point of 1,669 feet above mean sea level.
- 17. The maximum height and top point elevation specified above shall not be amended without further review by the Airport Land Use Commission and the Federal Aviation Administration; provided, however, that reduction in structure height or elevation shall not require further review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 18. Temporary construction equipment used during actual construction of the buildings shall not exceed 62 feet in height and a maximum elevation of 1,669 feet above mean sea level, unless separate notice is provided to the Federal Aviation Administration through the Form 7460-1 process.
- 19. Within five (5) days after construction of each proposed structure reaches its greatest height, FAA Form 7460-2 (Part II), Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, shall be completed by the project proponent or his/her designee and e-filed with the Federal Aviation Administration. (Go to https://oeaaa.faa.gov for instructions.) This requirement is also applicable in the event the project is abandoned or a decision is made not to construct the applicable structure(s).

If you have any questions, please contact Paul Rull, ALUC Principal Planner, at (951) 955-6893.

Sincerely, RIVERSIDE COUNTY AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION

Simon A. Housman, ALUC Director

Attachments: Notice of Airport in Vicinity

Aeronautical Study Numbers 2019-AWP-8541-OE thru 2019-AWP-8548-OE

cc: Patrick Russell or Brad Nielsen, SRG Perris, LP/Sares-Regis Group (applicant/owner)

Norah Jaffan, EPD Solutions (representative) Nick Johnson, Johnson Aviation (representative) Gary Gosliga, March Inland Port Airport Authority Base Civil Engineer, March Air Reserve Base

ALUC Case File

Y:\AIRPORT CASE FILES\March\ZAP1371MA19\ZAP1371MA19.LTR.doc



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:	
☑ PLOT PLAN☐ CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT☐ DUBLIC USE I TEMPORARY	
REVISED PERMIT Original Case No	
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.	
APPLICATION INFORMATION	
Applicant Name: Sures - Regis Group SRI	3 Perris, L.P.
Contact Person: Patrick Russell	E-Mail: prusselle saves - regis. Lorn
Mailing Address: 18802 Bardeen Avenu	e
Irvine, CA Street	92412
City State	ZIP
Daytime Phone No: (944) 804-2414	Fax No: (949) 156-5955
Engineer/Representative Name: Michael Baker	International
Contact Person: Cesav Mota	E-Mail: cesar, motae mbakerintl. com
Mailing Address: 5 Hutton Centre Dr	ive, Suite 500
Santa Ana, CA Street	92707
City State	ZIP
Daytime Phone No: (949) 855-7051	Fax No: ()
Property Owner Name: SRG Perris, Life	<u> </u>
Contact Person: Patrick Russell	E-Mail: prussell@sures- regis.com
Mailing Address: 18802 Bardeln Ave	inse
Truine CA	9 2612
City State	
Daytime Phone No: (949) 809-2414	Fax No: (944) 756-5455
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811	Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555

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APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT
Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:
I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof.
(If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the use permit is ready for public hearing.)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SR G PEVVIS L. P. PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.
AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER
The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied.
PROPERTY INFORMATION: 3 4 5
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): 345310012 245310012 345010012 345010012 345010012 345010012 345010012 345010012 345010012 3450100
Approximate Gross Acreage:
General location (nearby or cross streets): North of Old Dleander Road , South of
Nandina Asense, East of Undercloped land West of Decker.

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

PROJ	ECT PRO	POSAL:					
Descr	be the pro	posed pro	oject.	struction of two industrial buil	dings		
COA	sishny	otap	proxima	lely 711,000 square feet			
				V			
land u	se(s):	348 Si	ction 10	a. 348 Section and Subsection reference(s) describing the section ref	ne proposed		
Numb	er of existi	ng lots: _	4				
			EXISTI	NG Buildings/Structures: Yes ☐ No ☒			
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function To be Removed	Bldg. Permit No.		
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8					V		
9							
10			11 25				
Place	cneck in ti	ne applica	able row, it	building or structure is proposed to be removed.			
			PROPO	SED Buildings/Structures: Yes ⊠ No □			
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function			
1	358,867		I plus mes	Industrial building			
2	352,369		I plus mez	Industrial building			
3				J			
4 5		-	1				
6		-	 				
7							
8							
9							
10							
			PROPO	SED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes 🔲 No 🗵			
No.*	Square Feet	Use/Function					
1							
2							
3							
<u>4</u> 5		-					
ວ							

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT					
6 7					
8					
9					
10					
* Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".					
Check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) to identify them.)					
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application:					
The state of the s					
Are there previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes No \[\subseteq \text{No} \text{No} \text{V} \]					
If yes, provide Application No(s)					
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) EIR No. (if applicable):					
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes ☐ No ☑					
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies):					
Is the project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes No					
Is this an application for a development permit? Yes 🗵 No 🗌					
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.					
If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)					
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.					
Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley					
Santa Margarita River					
Whitewater River					
Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)					

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained as the Pate					
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to <u>Section 65962.5</u> of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:					
Name of Applicant:					
Address:					
Phone number:					
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code):					
Local Agency: County of Riverside					
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number:					
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code:					
Regulatory Identification number:					
Date of list:					
Applicant: Date					
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT					
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether:					
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project					
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether: 1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the					
 Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether: 1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes ☐ No ☒ 2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes ☐ No ☒ I (we) certify that my (our) answers are true and correct. 					
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether: 1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes ☐ No ☒ 2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes ☐ No ☒					

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Land Use and Development Condensed application.docx Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 08/03/2018



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E,
Assistant TLMA Director

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date Purvice Russell Sutherized Acent

Printed Name of Owner

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H
Palm Desert, California 92211
(760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

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INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

• If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018

Form 295-1082 (12-19-17)

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

and

INTENT TO CERTIFY AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

PLOT PLAN NO. 190011 – Intent to Certify an Environmental Impact Report (CEQ190038) – Applicant: Sares Regis Group Perris, LP c/o Patrick Russell – Engineer/Representative: Michael Baker International c/o Cesar Mota – First Supervisorial District – March Zoning Area/Mead Valley Zoning District – Mead Valley Area Plan: Community Development: Business Park (CD-BP) – Location: Northerly of Oleander Avenue, southerly of Nandina Avenue, easterly of Day Street, and westerly of Decker Road – 93.84 Gross Acres – Zoning: Industrial Park (I-P) – REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 190011 is a proposal to construct two (2) industrial warehouse buildings on two (2) parcels. The total project site consists of four (4) parcels that would adjust their existing lot lines to consist of the following: Parcel 1 of 20.90 acres would include a 363,367 sq. ft. industrial building (Building A) with 15,000 sq. ft. of office/mezzanine space and 348,367 sq. ft. of warehouse area with 46 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 245 parking spaces for vehicles and 62 parking stalls for trucks. Parcel 2 of 19.59 acres would include a 347,369 sq. ft. industrial building (Building B) with 15,000 sq. ft. of office/mezzanine space and 332,369 sq. ft. of warehouse area with 39 docking bay doors and drive aisles. Parking for Parcel 1/Building A would consist of 224 parking spaces for vehicles and 53 parking stalls for trucks. Landscaping will surround the perimeter of both industrial sites. Parcels 3 and 4, totaling approximately 53.35 acres will remain vacant. APN: 295-310-012, 013, 014, and 015.

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter

DATE OF HEARING: **DECEMBER 16, 2020**

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/. For further information regarding this project please contact Project Planner: Tim Wheeler at (951) 955-6060 or email at https://planning.rctlma.org/publicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above-described project has the potential to have a significant effect on the environment and has prepared an environmental impact report. The Environmental Impact Report, which identifies all significant environmental effects, has been prepared in conjunction with the above referenced applications that constitute the proposed project. The Planning Commission will consider the proposed project, and the final environmental impact report, at the public hearing.

The case file for the proposed project is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods or to schedule an appointment.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to:
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

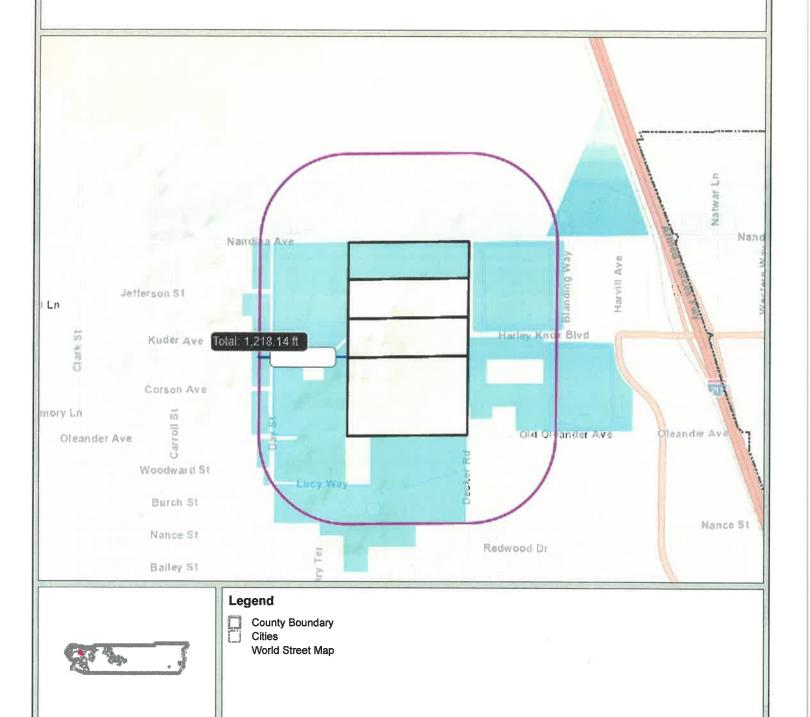
Attn: Tim Wheeler, P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I,VINNIE NGUYEN certify that on November 20, 2020
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS
APN (s) or case numbers
Company or Individual's Name
Distance buffered1200'
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all other
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 2:
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum o
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundaries
based upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identified
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names and
mailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-sit
improvement/alignment.
I further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
understand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of the
application.
TITLE: GIS Analyst
ADDRESS:4080 Lemon Street 9 TH Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
TELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a.m. – 5 p.m.): (951) 955-8158

Riverside County GIS Mailing Labels

PPT190011 (1200 feet buffer)



Notes





1,505 3,009 Feet

IMPORTANT Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user.

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295292016 ANGEL FLORES 17995 DAY ST PERRIS CA 92570 295310054 KNOX LOGISTICS 1717 MCKINNEY STE 1900 DALLAS TX 75202

295292045 EPIGMENIO HUMBERTO RUIZ 17907 DAY ST PERRIS CA 92570 295280032 ODILON URIBE 760 E 9TH ST SP 67 SAN BERNARDINO CA 92410

295310001 OLEANDER VENTURES 12671 HIGH BLUFF DR STE 150 SAN DIEGO CA 92130 315141013 RAMON VAZQUEZ 13032 BARRETT LN SANTA ANA CA 92705

295310012 SRG PERRIS 18802 BARDEEN AVE IRVINE CA 92612 315142014 FRANCISCO NEGRETE 21999 WOODWARD ST PERRIS CA 92570

295310016 HARRY T. MURANAKA P O BOX 8360 NORTHRIDGE CA 91327 295310018 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS PKY LA PUENTE CA 91746

295310037 HARRY MURANAKA PO BOX 8360 PORTER RANCH CA 91327

295310044 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS 6TH FL LA PUENTE CA 91746

314020013 ROBERT P. HERNANDEZ 18098 DAY ST PERRIS CA 92570

314030023 OLEANDER VENTURES 12671 HIGH BLUFF DR # 150 SAN DIEGO CA 92130 314020014 FERNANDINO MACHADO AVILA 18175 DAY ST PERRIS CA 92570

314020016 ALBERTO DE LA CRUZ MARTINEZ 733 W CALIFORNIA NO B VISTA CA 92083

314020021 EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DIST P O BOX 8300 PERRIS CA 92572

314020007 JOSUE VALENZUELA 10806 WOODRUFF AVE DOWNEY CA 90241

314020010 KNOX LOGISTICS III & IV 3501 JAMBOREE RD STE 230 NEWPORT BEACH CA 92660 314020019 CAROL E. MUNARETTO 6350 HAWARDEN RIVERSIDE CA 92506

314020015 RAMON ALDACO GUTIERREZ 18040 DAY ST PERRIS CA 92570 295280033
RODGERS DOLORES L REVOC LIVING TRUST
19510 VAN BUREN BL F3-151
RIVERSIDE CA 92508

295291016 ROSARIO FLORES 3037 S ROSEWOOD SANTA ANA CA 92707

295292046 J GUADALUPE VIRAMONTES 17915 DAY ST PERRIS CA 92570

315141015 ROMERO CORTES 21990 WOODWARD ST PERRIS CA 92570 315141014 MARCIANO ROMERO CORTES 21990 WOODWARD ST PERRIS CA 92570

295300014 WMWD P O BOX 5286 RIVERSIDE CA 92517

295310069 KNOX LOGISTICS V 3501 JAMBOREE RD STE 230 NEWPORT BEACH CA 92660 295310041 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS PKWY N LA PUENTE CA 91746

295280021 TONATIO SALVADOR GONZALEZ 18825 MALKOHA ST PERRIS CA 92570

295291015 JOHN R. RAMSEY 17771 DAY ST PERRIS CA 92570 295291017 HIDALIA PEREZ 21934 CORSON AVE PERRIS CA 92570

295280020 ANDRES TORRES 18373 BROWN ST PERRIS CA 92570 314020017 KNOX LOGISTICS III & IV 3501 JAMBOREE RD NEWPORT BEACH CA 92660

314030074 MARIO ZAMORA 18260 HENRY TERRACE PERRIS CA 92570 315141016 JOSE FLORES 21976 WOODWARD ST PERRIS CA 92570

314020008 OLEANDER VENTURES 12671 HIGH BLUFF DR STE 150 SAN DIEGO CA 92130

314030011 RODRIGO NAVARRO 21740 OLD ELSINORE RD LAKE MATHEWS CA 92570 City of Perris - Planning Department 101 N. D Street Perris, CA 92570

Imperial County-Planning Dept. 801 Main Street El Centro, CA 92243

Rincon Band of Luiseño Indians 1 West Tribal Road Valley Center, CA 92082 Attn: Destiny Colocho-Cultural Res.

Colorado River Indian Tribes (CRIT) 26600 Mohave Road Parker, AZ 85344 Attn: Brian Etsitty, acting THPO

EPD Solutions 2030 Main St. #1200 Irvine, CA 92614 Attn: Andrea Arcilla

Lozeau Drury LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612 Attn: Stacey Oborne

Trip Hord P.O. Box 1235 Riverside, CA 92502

Golden State Environmental Justice Alliance P.O. Box 79222 Corona, CA 92877

Kirkland West Habitat Defense Council PO Box 7821 Laguna Niguel, Ca, 92607-7821 San Bernardino County-Planning Dept. 385 N. Arrowhead Ave-1st Floor San Bernardino, CA 92415-0187

Pechanga Band of Luiseño Indians P.O. Box 2183 Temecula, CA 92593 Attn: Ebru Odzil-Cultural Analyst

Pala Band of Mission Indians PMB 50, 35008 Pala Temecula Rd Pala, CA 92059 Attn: Shasta C Gaughen-THPO

Cahuilla Band of Indians 52701 Highway 371 Anza, CA 92539 Attn: Anthony Madrigal, Sr.-Cultural Dir

Applied Planning 11762 De Palma Road, I-C 310 Corona, CA 92883 Attn: Ross Geller

Lozeau Drury LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612 Attn: Komalpreet Toor

State Clearinghouse P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 San Diego County-Planning Dept. 1600 Pacific Highway San Diego, CA 92101

Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians P.O. BOX 487 San Jacinto, CA 92581 Attn: Joe Ontiveros-Cultural Res. Dir.

Morongo Band of Mission Indians 12700 Pumarra Road Banning, CA 92220 Attn: Alicia Benally-Cultural Res.

Sares-Regis Group Perris LP 18802 Bardeen Avenue Irvine, CA 92612 Attn: Patrick Russell & Janine Padia

Lozeau Drury LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612 Attn: Richard Drury

South Coast Air Quality Management District 21865 Copley Drive Diamond Bar, CA 91765 Attn: Ms. M. Isied or L. Sun

City of Moreno Valley 14177 Frederick St. Moreno Valley, CA 92553 Attn: Community Development Claudia Manrique

Claudie Ray & Peggy Ann Miller 22075 Nance St Perris, CA 92570

Richard Drury Komalpreet Toor Lozeau Drury, LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach Assistant TLMA Director

Please charge deposit fee case#: ZCEQ190038 ZCFG

то:	 Office of Planning and Research (OPR) P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 ☑ County of Riverside County Clerk 	FROM:	Rive	erside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P. O. Box 1409 Riverside, CA 92502-1409		38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, California 92211
	JECT: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with 190011 / CEQ190038 (EIR)	Section	21152	of the California Public Resource	s Code.	
Projec	t Title/Case Numbers					
	Wheeler y Contact Person	(951) 9 Phone N		060		
	#2019060002 Clearinghouse Number (if submitted to the State Clearinghouse)					
	s Regis Group Perris LP c/o Patrick Russell t Applicant	18802 Address	Barde	en Avenue, Irvine, CA 92612		
The Project	project site's location is north of Oleander Avenue, south of	Nandina	Aveni	ue, east of Day Street, and west of	Decker I	Road,
office parki of off parki appre	Plan No. 190011 is a proposal to construct two industrial was existing lot lines to consist of the following: Parcel 1 of almost place and 348,367 sqft. of warehouse area was spaces for vehicles and 62 parking stalls for trucks. Parafice/mezzanine space and 332,369 sqft of warehouse area no spaces for vehicles and 53 parking stalls for trucks eximately 53,35 acres will remain vacant.	20.90 ac vith 46 do cel 2 of 1 with 39 c	res wocking 9.59 a dockin	ould include a 363,367 sqft. indu bay doors and drive aisles. Parki cres would include a 347,369 sqft. o bay doors and drive aisles. Park	strial bui ng for Pa industria ing for P	Iding (Building A) with 15,000 saft. of arcel 1/Building A would consist of 245 at building (Building B) with 15,000 saft arcel 1/Building A would consist of 226
This has r 1. 2. 3.	is to advise that the Riverside County <u>Planning Commission</u> nade the following determinations regarding that project: The project WILL have a significant effect on the environmental Impact Report was prepared for the project Mitigation measures WERE made a condition of the approval A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan/Program WAS at A statement of Overriding Considerations WAS adopted	ent. ect pursua	ant to	the provisions of the California En		
6. This	Findings were made pursuant to the provisions of CEQA. is to certify that the earlier EA, with comments, responses intment, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 9250	, and rec	ord of	f project approval is available to th	ne genera	al public at: Riverside County Planning
		Project F	Planne	er		
Date	Signature Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:			Title		Date

FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY