

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

9:00 A.M. **NOVEMBER 18, 2020**

Planning Commissioners 2020

REGULAR MEETING RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

AGENDA

COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER First Floor Board Chambers 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, CA 92501

https://planning.rctlma.org/

1st District Carl Bruce Shaffer Vice-Chairman

Pursuant to Government Code Section 54953(b) and Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be limited to comply with the Executive Order. Public Comments will be accepted remotely via teleconference.

2nd District **David Leonard**

Any person wishing to speak must complete a "Speaker Identification Form" at least 24 hours in advance. To submit your request to speak remotely please visit: planning.rctlma.org/Speak and complete the electronic form. You will receive an email confirming your request that will provide further instructions. Additional information is available on the Planning Department website.

3rd District Gary Thornhill

Any person wishing to make a presentation that includes printed material, video or another form of electronic media must provide the material to the Project Planner at least 48 hours prior to the meeting.

4th District Bill Sanchez In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you require reasonable accommodations please contact Elizabeth Sarabia, TLMA Commission Secretary, at (951) 955-7436 or email at esarabia@rivco.org. Requests should be made at least 72 hours prior to the scheduled meeting.

5th District Eric Kroencke Chairman

CALL TO ORDER: SALUTE TO THE FLAG - ROLL CALL

Assistant TLMA Director Charissa Leach, P.E.

1.0 CONSENT CALENDAR: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter (Presentation available upon Commissioners' request)

Legal Counsel Michelle Clack Chief Deputy County Counsel

- 1.1 THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31857 Applicant: City Development, Inc. - Third Supervisorial District - Winchester Zoning Area - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan: Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) (2-5 DU/AC) - Highway 79 Policy Area - Location: Southerly of Grand Avenue, northerly of Simpson Road, and westerly of Beeler Road – 44 Gross Acres – Zoning: One-Family Dwellings (R-1) – Approved Project Description: Schedule "A" Subdivision of 44 acres into 140 single family residential lots with a minimum lot size of 7,200 sq. ft., one (1) drainage lot, one (1) open space lot for a paseo, and a 3.55 acre portion of 5.57 acre joint park with Tentative Tract Map No. 31858 - REQUEST: Third Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 31857, extending the expiration date to August 29, 2022. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.
- 1.2 THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32694 Applicant: Cliff Woolley - Fourth Supervisorial District - Lower Coachella Valley Zoning District - Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan: Agriculture: Agriculture (AG-AG) (10 acres min.) - Rural: Rural Residential (R-RR) (1DU/5AC) - Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) (2-5 DU/AC) -Community Development: Public Facilities (CD-PF) - Vista Santa Rosa Policy Area - Location: Westerly of Harrison Street, easterly of Van Buren Street, southerly of 62nd Avenue, and northerly of 64th Avenue - 396.2 Acres - Zoning: One Family Dwelling (R-1) - One Family Dwelling - One Acre Minimum (R-1-1) – One Family Dwelling – 5 Acre Minimum (R-1-5) – Planned Residential (R-4) – Open Area Combining Zone – Residential Developments (R-5) – Heavy Agriculture – 10 acre minimum (A-2-10) – Approved Project Description: Schedule "A" Tentative Tract Map to subdivide 396 acres into 547 residential lots with common areas, including recreational trails, equestrian pastures, and open space lot, two (2) lots for equestrian uses, and one (1) lot for a school - REQUEST: Third Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 32694, extending the expiration date to October 17, 2022. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.

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1.3 **THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32693** – Applicant: Cliff Woolley – Fourth Supervisorial District – Lower Coachella Valley Zoning District – Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan – Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) (2-5 DU/AC) – Vista Santa Rosa Policy Area – Location: Westerly of Van Buren Street, southerly of 62nd Avenue, easterly of Calhoun Street, and northerly of 64th Avenue – 162 Acres – Zoning: One Family Dwelling (R-1) – One Family Dwelling – One Acre Minimum (R-1-1) – Open Area Combining Zone – Residential Developments (R-5) – Approved Project Description: Schedule "A" map to subdivide 162 acres into 228 single family residential lots with common areas, including recreational trails, equestrian pastures, and open space lots, and one (1) lot for an equestrian use – **REQUEST:** Third Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 32693, extending the expiration date to October 17, 2022. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.

- 1.4 FIRST EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 36635 Applicant: Nuevo Meadows Land Co LLC. c/o James Hoxie Engineer: United Engineering Group Fifth Supervisorial District Nuevo Zoning Area Lakeview/Nuevo Area Plan Community Development: Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) (2 5 DU/AC) Community Development: Public Facilities (CD:PF) San Jacinto River Policy Area Location: Northwesterly corner of San Jacinto Avenue and Pico Avenue 80.1 Gross Acres Zoning: Planned Residential (R-4) Approved Project Description: The Tentative Tract Map proposes a Schedule "A" subdivision of 80.1 acres into 283 residential lots with a minimum lot size of 4,000 sq. ft. The tract map will also include four (4) lots for water quality basins, two (2) open space lots, and eight (8) lots intended for landscaped features. REQUEST: First Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 36635, extending the expiration date to August 29, 2023. Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell at (951) 955-6836 or email at kmitchell@rivco.org.
- 1.5 ADOPTION OF THE 2021 PLANNING COMMISSION CALENDAR
- PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 190017 and VARIANCE CASE NO. 190009 RECEIVE and FILE 190009 Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration CEQ190168 Applicant: Smartlink LLC c/o Alisha Strasheim Engineer/Representative: CASA Industries c/o Alisha Strasheim Third Supervisorial District Aguanga Zoning Area REMAP Area Plan Open Space: Recreation (OS-R) Location: Northerly of Clubhouse Drive, easterly of Manzanita Drive, westerly of State Highway 371, and more specifically located at 45120 Highway 79 120 acres Zoning: Rural Residential (R-R) REQUEST: Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 proposes to construct a wireless communication facility for AT&T, disguised as a 70-foot tall mono-pine with three (3) live pine trees, including 12 antennas, 36 RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within a 912 sq. ft. lease area, surrounded by an 8-foot high barrier. Variance Case No. 190009 is a proposal for a modification to the height requirement established through Section 19.410.C of Ordinance No. 348 which states disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed 50 feet, the proposal requests a variance for a 70-foot tower. Project Planner: Jay Olivas at (760) 863-7050 or email at jolivas@rivco.org.
- 2.0 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT INITIATION PROCEEDINGS: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter (Presentation available upon Commissioners' request)

NONE

- 3.0 PUBLIC HEARING CONTINUED ITEMS: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter NONE
- 4.0 PUBLIC HEARING NEW ITEMS: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter
- 4.1 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 190017, CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 1900048, TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 37590, and PLOT PLAN NO. 190037 Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration CEQ190165 Applicant: Coachella Valley Housing Coalition Engineer/Representative: MSA Consulting, Inc. Fourth Supervisorial District Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan: Medium Density Residential (MDR) Lower Coachella Valley District: W-2 (Controlled Development Areas) Location: Westerly of Tyler Street, northerly of 68th Avenue, southerly of 66th Avenue, and easterly of Harrison Street Gross Acreage: 26.2 Request: General Plan Amendment No. 190017 (GPA190017), a General Plan Amendment to change the sites existing Medium Density Residential (MDR) [2-5 DU/AC] land use designation to Commercial Retail (CR) [0.20 0.35 FAR] in the northwest corner of the site and High Density Residential (HDR) [8-14 DU/AC] throughout the remainder of the site. Change of Zone No. 1900048 (CZ1900048), proposal to change the site's existing zoning of W-2 (Controlled Development Areas) to R-3 (General Residential) and C-1/C-P (General Commercial). Tentative Parcel Map No. 37590 (TPM37590), a Tentative Parcel Map for a Schedule "E" subdivision of 26.2 acres into four developable lots. The Map also proposes to realign Middleton Avenue. Plot Plan No. 190037 (PPT190037), a Plot Plan to facilitate the development of commercial, retail, and multi-family residential buildings. The development is proposed in phases: Phase I includes 80 multi-family residential units within 68,976 sq. ft. of buildings. Phase II proposes approximately 23,000 sq. ft. of commercial buildings including a childcare facility, market,

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general retail, and a medical clinic. Phase III includes 80 multi-family residential units within 68,976 sq. ft. of buildings. Project Planner: Deborah Bradford at (951) 955-6646 or email at dbradfor@rivco.org.

- 4.2 CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190018 and DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT NO. 1900011 Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) and Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) CEQ190090 Applicant: Coronita Helping Hands, LLC Second Supervisorial District West Corona Zoning Area Temescal Canyon Area Plan: Community Development: Commercial Retail (CD-CR) (0.20 0.35 FAR) Location: Northerly of Via Santiago, easterly of Ridgeview Terrace, southerly of Frontage Road, and westerly of Via Josefa 0.52 Acres Zoning: General Commercial (C-1/C-P) REQUEST: Conditional Use Permit No. 190018 proposes to construct a 2,500 sq. ft. building as a storefront for a retail cannabis business with office space for cannabis related business. Development Agreement No. 1900011 would impose a lifespan on the proposed cannabis project and provide community benefit to the West Corona Area. Project Planner: Gabriel Villalobos at (951) 955-6184 or email at gvillalo@rivco.org.
- 4.3 Plot Plan No. 180029 Intent to Consider an Addendum to Environmental Impact Report No. 466 EIR466 Applicant: Majestic Realty c/o John Semcken Representative: T & B Planning c/o Tracy Zinn & Jer Harding First Supervisorial District North Perris Zoning Area Mead Valley Area Plan: Community Development: Light Industrial (CD-LI) Location: Southerly of Old Oleander Avenue, easterly of Decker Road, westerly of Harvill Avenue, and northerly of Markham Street 41.20 Net Acres Zoning: Industrial Park (I-P) and Manufacturing–Service Commercial (M-SC) REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 180029 is a proposal for the construction and operation of a 406,496 sq. ft. concrete tilt-up industrial building on 21.1 acres. The building (Majestic Freeway Business Center Building 20) would include 20,325 sq. ft. of office area and the remaining 386,171 sq. ft. for warehouse space. There would be a 2.5 acre detention basin that could accommodate picnic tables along the rim of the basin and a designated parking cut-out for food trucks. A total of 280 parking spaces will be provided, including eight (8) for disabled persons and eight (8) for electric vehicles. The Assessor's Parcel No. 314-051-015 which is 19.42 net acres will be used as a potential stockpile, borrow site, and construction staging area for the development of Building 20 and the detention basin. Additionally, there would be proposed truck queuing and vehicle access driveway that would traverse between the borrow site and the project site for Building 20. Project Planner: Tim Wheeler at (951) 955-6060 or email at twheeler@rivco.org.
- 4.4 CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO 3771 No New Environmental Documentation Required EA43010 Applicant: Vohne Liche Kennels West Engineer/Representative: Kathleen Browne Fifth Supervisorial District Beaumont/Banning Zoning District The Pass Area Plan: Agriculture: Agriculture (AG) –Location: Northerly of Death Valley Road, southerly of Hilltop Drive, easterly of Sunset Avenue, and westerly of Turtle Dove Lane 10 gross acres Zoning: Light Agriculture (A-1) REQUEST: Conditional Use Permit No. 3771 proposes to expand the existing law enforcement K9 dog kennel training facility to increase the kennel's capacity to 80 dogs, changing the facility from a Class I Kennel to a Class IV Kennel. The previously approved project Plot Plan No. 25072 permitted the applicant to house up to 10 dogs at the kennel. High and low explosives are securely kept on site to train police and military dogs to detect the odor of explosives. All explosive materials shall be maintained per federal, state, and local requirements. No ignition systems are kept on the site, and there is to be no detonation of explosive devices at the site. The expansion will include the construction of a 6,000 sq. ft. office and training facility, two (2) 3,000 sq. ft. kennels (each with a 30-dog capacity) not open to the public, additional OWTS facilities will be constructed. The hours of operation are 7:30am 5:30pm, Monday through Friday. The dogs are to be trained for police and law enforcement agencies only, and not available for purchase by the general public. Project Planner: Rob Gonzalez at (951) 955-9549 or email at rgonzalez@rivco.org.
- 4.5 CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190019 and DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT NO. 1900012 Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303(c) (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) CEQ190089 Michael Simonian Third Supervisorial District Rancho California Area Southwest Area Plan: Commercial Retail (CR) (0.20 0.35 FAR) Location: Northerly of Sparkman Way, easterly of Winchester, southerly of Auld Road, and westerly of Sky Canyon 0.71 Acres Zoning: Specific Plan (SP) REQUEST: Development Agreement No. 1900012 has a term of 10 years and grants the applicant vesting rights to develop the Project, in accordance with the terms of Development Agreement No. 1900012 and Conditional Use Permit No. 190019, and will provide community benefits to the Southwest Area. Conditional Use Permit No. 190019 is a proposal for a retail cannabis business with delivery to occupy 1,709 sq. ft. suite to be used as a storefront on a 0.71 acre lot with parking and landscaping. Project Planner: Mina Morgan at (951) 955-6035 or email at mimorgan@rivco.org.
- 4.6 CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 2000007 Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) Applicant: County of Riverside Location: Countywide REQUEST: Change of Zone No. 2000007 is an amendment to the County's Land Use Ordinance, Ordinance No. 348, to revise Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities. The purpose of this amendment is to clarify definitions,

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update the permitting process, delineate levels of environmental analysis pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), revise development standards, and incorporate new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless telecommunication towers. This amendment also revises several other sections within Ordinance No. 348, for the purpose of establishing a single, consistent entitlement application appeal process for projects that Director's Hearing or Planning Commission have approval authority. Project Planner: John Hildebrand at (951) 955-1888 or email at jhildebr@rivco.org.

5.0 WORKSHOPS:

NONE

- 6.0 ORAL COMMUNICATION ON ANY MATTER NOT ON THE AGENDA
- 7.0 DIRECTOR'S REPORT
- 8.0 COMMISSIONERS' COMMENTS



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT EXTENSION OF TIME REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

1.1

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

PROPOSED PROJECT

Case Number(s): TR31857E03 Applicant(s): City Development, Inc.

Area Plan: Harvest Valley/Winchester c/o Clark Ballantyne

Zoning Area/District: Winchester Area

Supervisorial District: Third District

Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell

APN(s): 462-020-005, 462-020-036

John Wildelynn

John Hildebrand.

Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The applicant of the subject case has requested an extension of time to allow for the recordation of the final map to subdivide 44 acres into 140 single family residential lots with a minimum lot size of 7,200 sq. ft., one drainage lot, one open space lot for a paseo, and a 3.55 acre portion of 5.57 acre joint park with Tentative Tract Map No. 31858.

The Project is located in the Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan and the Highway 79 Policy Area. The Project site is located south of Grand Avenue, north of Simpson Road, east of Von Euw Drive, and west of Beeler Road

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

<u>APPROVAL</u> of the THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31857 extending the expiration date to August 29, 2022, subject to all the previously approved and amended Conditions of Approval, with the applicant's consent.

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

Tentative Tract Map No. 31857 (TR31857) was originally approved at Planning Commission on June 28, 2006. It proceeded to the Board of Supervisors along with Change of Zone No. 6907 where both applications were approved on August 29, 2006. The expiration date of the TR31857 was automatically extended to August 29, 2016 pursuant to the state bills listed below.

The First Extension of Time was approved at Planning Commission on June 21, 2017 to extend the map to August 29, 2017. The Second Extension of Time was approved at Planning Commission on January 30, 2018 to extend the map to August 29, 2020.

The Third Extension of Time was received August 25, 2020, ahead of the expiration date of August 29, 2020. The applicant and the County discussed conditions of approval and reached consensus on October 6, 2020.

The County Planning Department, as part of the review of this Extension of Time request, recommends the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval, in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety, and welfare of the public. The applicant was informed of these recommended conditions and has agreed to accept them. Included in this staff report package are the recommended conditions of approval, and the correspondence from the Extension of Time applicant (October 6, 2020) indicating the acceptance of the seven (7) recommended conditions.

Unless specifically requested by the applicant, this Extension of Time request will not be discussed at the time it is presented to the Planning Commission as a consent calendar item.

Riverside County Map Extensions

Pursuant to County of Riverside Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), tentative tract and parcel maps have an initial life-span approval of 3-years. Prior to September 12, 2017, a maximum of 5, 1-year extensions may have been approved, upon a timely filed extension request, allowing for a total tentative map life-span approval of 8-years. On September 12, 2017, the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to Ordinance 460, replacing the extension time frames to allow for 2, 3-year extensions, for a total tentative map life-span of 9-years.

The total number years a map may be extended is 6 years. The First Extension of Time granted 1 year. The Second Extension of Time granted another 3 years. The remaining number of years available to extend this tentative map is, therefore, 2 years, pushing the final expiration date of the map to August 29, 2022.

Therefore, upon an approval action by the Planning Commission, subsequent receive and file action by the Board of Supervisors, and the conclusion of the 10-day appeal period, this Tentative Map's final expiration date will become August 29, 2022.

State Bills

EFFECT OF Senate Bill No. 1185 (SB1185): On July 15, 2008, SB1185 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand

for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 12 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2008 and January 1, 2011. SB1185 extended the tentative map's expiration date to August 29, 2010.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 333 (AB333): On July 15, 2009, AB333 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2009 and January 1, 2012. AB333 extended the tentative map's expiration date to August 29, 2012.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 208 (AB208): On July 13, 2011, AB208 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 13, 2011 and January 1, 2014. AB208 extended the tentative map's expiration date to August 29, 2014.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 116 (AB116): On July 11, 2013, AB116 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on maps approved after January 1, 2000 and that have not expired prior to July 11, 2013. AB116 extended the tentative map's expiration date to August 29, 2016.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

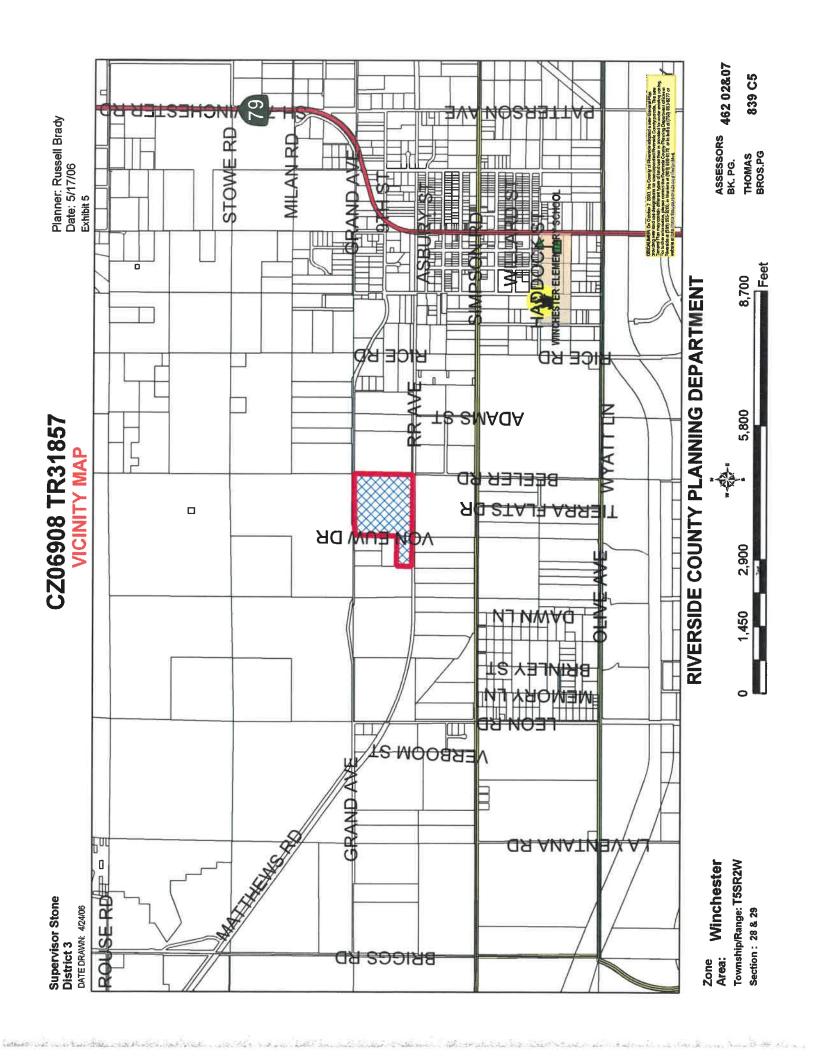
The subject case has conformed to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and all impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. No changes to the approved map are proposed and as a result, no new environmental documentation is required prior to an Extension of Time approval.

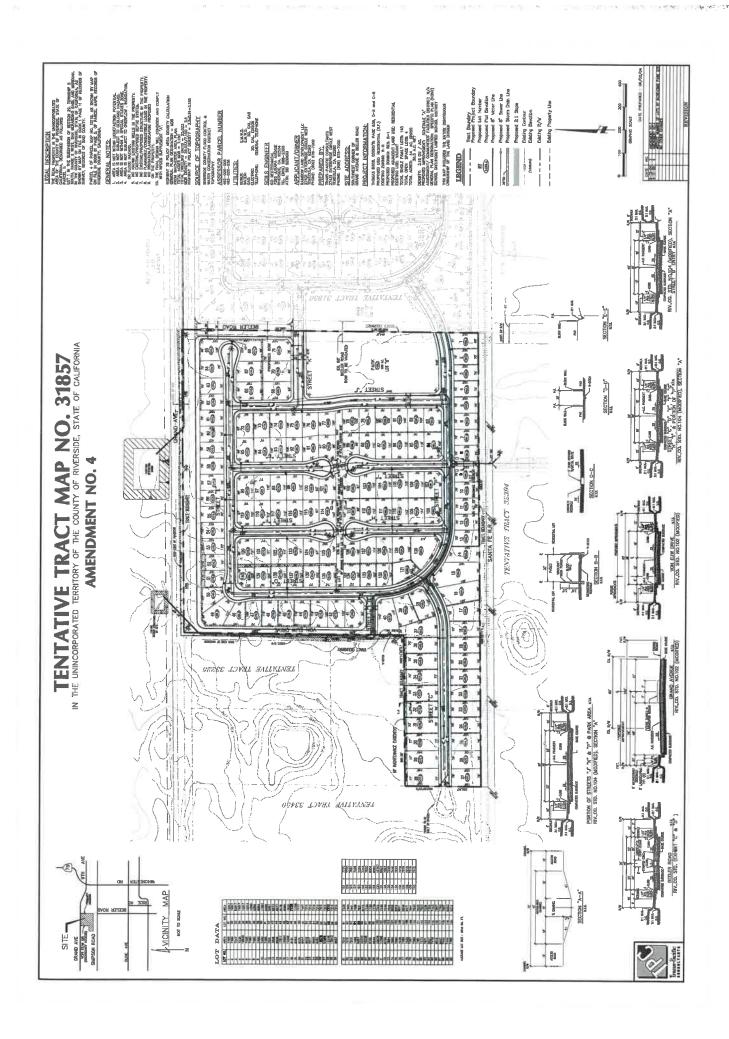
FINDINGS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Extension of Time Findings

- 1. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 2. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 3. No changes to the approved Tentative Tract Map are proposed in conjunction with this Extension of Time. All impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.





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Plan: TR31857E03 Parcel:

50. Prior To Map Recordation

050 - E Health.

0050-E Health-EOT3 - REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, provide the following documents to the Riverside County Environmental Health Department:

- 1. Provide current documentation from the appropriate purveyor(s) for the establishment of water and/or sewer service for this project.
- 2. Provide documentation from an approved waste hauler in regards to solid waste service. Please call (951)955-8980 for additional details.
- 3. Provide written clearance from DEH Environmental Cleanup Programs. Please note that an Environmental Site Assessment, Phase 1 study may be required at their discretion. For further information, please contact (951) 955-8982.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

050 - Transportation.

Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

Additionally, prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall ensure that BMP facilities are placed in dedicated easements and that sufficient legal access to the BMPs are provided. This requirement is for both onsite and offsite property.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

060 - BS-Grade.

BS-Grade- EOT3 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the owner / applicant shall obtain a BMP (Best Management Practices) Permit for the monitoring of the erosion and sediment control BMPs for the site. The Department of Building and Safety will conduct NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) inspections of the site based on Risk Level to verify compliance with the Construction General Permit, Storm water ordinances and regulations until completion of the construction activities, permanent stabilization of the site and permit final.

Grading and construction sites of "ONE" acre or larger required to develop a STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) - the owner/applicant shall submit the SWPPP to the Building and Safety Department Environmental Compliance Division for review and approval prior to issuance of a grading permit.

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the approved project - specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) and ensure that all approved water quality treatment control BMPs have been included on the grading plan.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Plan: TR31857E03 Parcel:

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

060 - Transportation. 0060-Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING Not Satisfied

This condition would apply when grading occurs before map recordation. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

080 - Transportation. 0080 - Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP AND MAINTENANCE Not Satisfied

The project shall begin constructing and installing the BMP facilities described in the approved Final WQMP. The project shall be responsible for performing all activities described in the WQMP and that copies of the approved Final WQMP are available for the future owners/occupants.

A maintenance plan and signed maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for review and approval prior to issuance of occupancy permits. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance. The maintenance plan shall require that all BMP facilities are inspected, if required, cleaned no later than October 15 each year.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

090 - BS-Grade. 0090 - BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall comply with the following:

- 1. Obtain inspection of all treatment control BMPs and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. All structural BMPs described in the project specific WQMP and indicated on the approved grading plan shall be constructed and installed in conformance with the approved plans and specifications.
- 2. The applicant/owner shall submit a "Wet Signed" copy of the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs have been installed in accordance with the approved WQMP.

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10/29/20 14:14

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

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Plan: TR31857E03

Parcel:

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

090 - BS-Grade.

0090 - BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 3. The applicant/owner shall provide the Department of Building Safety with GPS coordinates for the location of the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs.
- 4. The applicant/owner shall register the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs with the Department of Building Safety Business Registration Division. Any person or entity that owns or operates a commercial and/or industrial facility shall register such facility for annual inspections.
- 5. The applicant shall make payment to the Building and Safety Department for the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Annual Inspection.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

090 - Transportation.

0090 - Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP COMP AND BNS REG Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the applicant will be required to hand out educational materials regarding water quality, provide a engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, and ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established. Additionally, the applicant will be required to register BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Registration Division.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Mitchell, Kathleen

From:

city development @sbcglobal.net

Sent:

Tuesday, October 6, 2020 9:24 AM

To:

Mitchell, Kathleen

Subject:

RE: THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 31857

Ms. Mitchell:

In response to your email of 30Sep2020 (below), City Development Inc. accepts the following: 50. REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS; 50. FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT; 60. REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP; 60. FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING; 80. WQMP AND MAINTENANCE; 90. WQMP REQUIRED; 90. WQMP COMP AND BNS REG Conditions of Approval for Riverside County TR31857.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and if you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact us at your earliest convenience (858-277-8787).

Thank you,

City Development Inc.

Clark L. Ballantyne, Pres.

From: Mitchell, Kathleen <KMitchell@Rivco.org> Sent: Wednesday, September 30, 2020 3:48 PM

To: citydevelopment@sbcglobal.net

Subject: RE: THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 31857

Attn:

City Development Inc. c/o Clark Ballantyne P.O. Box 711014 Ulric St. San Diego, CA, 92171

RE: THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 31857

Good afternoon.

I am contacting you in regard to your Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 31857. The County Planning Department has determined it necessary to recommend the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety and welfare of the public.

Please review the proposed conditions of approval attached in this correspondence. If these conditions are acceptable, then submit a short written letter/memo/email that clearly references this case, the acceptance of each condition by name and number, and clearly state that you, the Extension of Time Applicant, accept these conditions. This documentation will then be included in the staff report package. The attached document is a copy of the recommended conditions which are identified as follows:

50. REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

80. WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

50. FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

60. REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

60. FINAL WOMP FOR GRADING

90. WQMP REQUIRED

90. WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

If the addition of the conditions is not acceptable, please notify me so we can discuss your concerns. If the issue cannot be resolved, then I will direct you to contact the individual Department representative to discuss this matter further.

Once the conditions have been accepted, I will begin preparing the staff report package for the Planning Commission Hearing as a Consent Item. County Ordinance requires that conditions added thru the extension of time process are presented to and accepted by the applicant. If you, the EOT applicant, is unable to accept these conditions, the Planning Department will recommend denial of this extension of time request. An opportunity will, if requested, be provided for arguments to be made to the hearing body justifying why this request should be approved without the recommended conditions of approval.

I am eager to move this case forward and continue the extension of time process. If you have not contacted me within thirty (30) days, I will begin preparing this case with a recommendation of denial. I need one of two items to proceed:

- 1) Correspondence from you, the EOT applicant, accepting the recommended conditions per the directions provided above; or,
- 2) Correspondence from you, the EOT applicant, advising me of the concerns with the recommended conditions. If the concern still exists after our discussion, then direction on how to approach the issue will be given and additional time will be provided until the issue is resolved.

If you have any questions, comments, or concerns regarding this email, please feel free to contact me as indicated below.

Best, Kathleen Mitchell

Kathleen Mitchell

TLMA-Planning ~ Urban Planner II

Email: kmitchell@rivco.org

Phone: 951-955-6836



Confidentiality Disclaimer

This email is confidential and intended solely for the use of the individual(s) to whom it is addressed. The information contained in this message may be privileged and confidential and protected from disclosure.

If you are not the author's intended recipient, be advised that you have received this email in error and that any use, dissemination, forwarding, printing, or copying of this email is strictly prohibited. If you have received this email in error please delete all copies, both electronic and printed, and contact the author immediately.

County of Riverside California

Extension of Time Environmental Determination

Project Case Number:	TR31857E03			
Original E.A. Number:	EA39343			
Extension of Time No.:	3 rd Extension of Time			
Original Approval Date:	June 28, 2006 (PC); August 29, 2006 (BOS)			
Project Location: S/Gra	nd Ave., N/Simpson Rd., E/Von Euw Dr., and W/ Beeler Rd.			
minimum lot size of 7,2	hedule "A" Subdivision of 44 acres into 140 single family residential lots with a 200 sq. ft., one drainage lot, one open space lot for a paseo, and a 3.55 acrest park with Tentative Tract Map No. 31858. Third Extension of Time will extend 19 gust 29, 2022.			
On August 29, 2006, th	is Tentative Tract Map and its original environmental assessment/environmental			
impact report was revie	wed to determine: 1) whether any significant or potentially significant changes in			
the proposed developm	ve occurred; 2) whether its environmental conditions or circumstances affecting ent have changed. As a result of this evaluation, the following determination has			
been made:	the state of the discountry and renothing determination ride			
I find that although	h the proposed project sould have a circuffeent effect on the environment NO NEW			
ENVIRONMENTA TIME, because al Negative Declarat pursuant to that ea	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and the project's original conditions of approval.			
one or more pote which the project TO APPROVAL C adequately analyz (b) have been avo project's original co	the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and there are nitially significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under sundertaken, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR F THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been ed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and ded or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and revisions to the original of approval which have been made and agreed to by the project proponent.			
I find that there a circumstances und may not address, cannot be determined REQUIRED in ordinary be needed, Regulations, Section environmental assortimes of TIME SHOULD	re one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the ler which the project is undertaken, which the project's original conditions of approval and for which additional required mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval need at this time. Therefore, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT/INITIAL STUDY IS at to determine what additional mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval, if any, and whether or not at least one of the conditions described in California Code of the one of the conditions described in California Code of the conditions of approval in the least one of the conditions described in California Code of the conditions described			
have a significant of	nal project was determined to be exempt from CEQA, and the proposed project will not effect on the environment, therefore NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS R TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME.			
	Date: October 29, 2020			
For Charissa	Leech, Interim TLMA Director			



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT EXTENSION OF TIME REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

1.2

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

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Case Number(s): TR32694E03

Area Plan: Eastern Coachella Valley

Lower Coachella Valley District Zoning Area/District:

Supervisorial District: Fourth District

Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell

753-110-001, 751-020-004, 751-020-001 APN(s):

Applicant(s):

Cliff Woolley

Representative:

Coachella Valley Engineers

John Hildebrand

Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The applicant of the subject case has requested an extension of time to allow for the recordation of the final Tentative Tract Map No. 32694. The map is a proposed Schedule "A" subdivision of 396 gross acres into 547 single family residential lots with common areas, including recreational trails, equestrian pastures, and open space lot, two lots for equestrian uses, and one lot for a school.

The Project is located in the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and the Vista Santa Rosa Policy Area. The Project site is located north of 64th Avenue, east of Van Buren Street, south of 62nd Avenue, and west of Harrison Street.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

APPROVAL of the THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32694, extending the expiration date to October 17, 2022, subject to all the previously approved and amended Conditions of Approval, with the applicant's consent.

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

Tract Map No. 32694 (TR32694) was originally approved at Planning Commission on June 28, 2006. It proceeded to the Board of Supervisors along with Change of Zone No. 7027 where both applications were approved on October 17, 2006. The expiration date of the TR32694 was automatically extended to October 17, 2016 pursuant to the state bills listed below.

The First Extension of Time was approved April 18, 2017 to extend the map to October 17, 2017. The Second Extension of Time was approved on March 13, 2018 to extend the map to October 17, 2020.

The Third Extension of Time was received September 14, 2020, ahead of the expiration date of October 17, 2020. The applicant and the County discussed conditions of approval and reached consensus on October 7, 2020.

The County Planning Department, as part of the review of this Extension of Time request, recommends the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval, in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety, and welfare of the public. The applicant was informed of these recommended conditions and has agreed to accept them. Included in this staff report package are the recommended conditions of approval, and the correspondence from the Extension of Time applicant (October 7, 2020) indicating the acceptance of the seven (7) recommended conditions.

Unless specifically requested by the applicant, this Extension of Time request will not be discussed at the time it is presented to the Planning Commission as a consent calendar item.

Riverside County Tentative Map Extensions

Pursuant to County of Riverside Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), tentative tract and parcel maps have an initial life-span approval of 3-years. In addition, a maximum of 5, 1-year extensions may be approved, upon a timely filed extension request, allowing for a total tentative map life-span approval of 8-years. On September 12, 2017, the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to Ordinance 460, replacing the extension time frames to allow for 2, 3-year extensions, for a total tentative map life-span of 9-years.

The total number years a map may be extended is 6 years. The First Extension of Time granted 1 year. The Second Extension of Time granted another 3 years. The remaining number of years available to extend this tentative map will, therefore, be 2 years, pushing the final expiration date of the map to October 17, 2022.

Therefore, upon an approval action by the Planning Commission, subsequent receive and file action by the Board of Supervisors, and the conclusion of the 10-day appeal period, this Tentative Map's expiration date will become October 17, 2022.

State Bills

EFFECT OF Senate Bill No. 1185 (SB1185): On July 15, 2008, SB1185 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 12 month extension on previously approved

subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2008 and January 1, 2011. SB1185 extended the tentative map's expiration date to October 17, 2010.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 333 (AB333): On July 15, 2009, AB333 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2009 and January 1, 2012. AB333 extended the tentative map's expiration date to October 17, 2012.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 208 (AB208): On July 13, 2011, AB208 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 13, 2011 and January 1, 2014. AB208 extended the tentative map's expiration date to October 17, 2014.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 116 (AB116): On July 11, 2013, AB116 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on maps approved after January 1, 2000 and that have not expired prior to July 11, 2013. AB116 extended the tentative map's expiration date to October 17, 2016.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

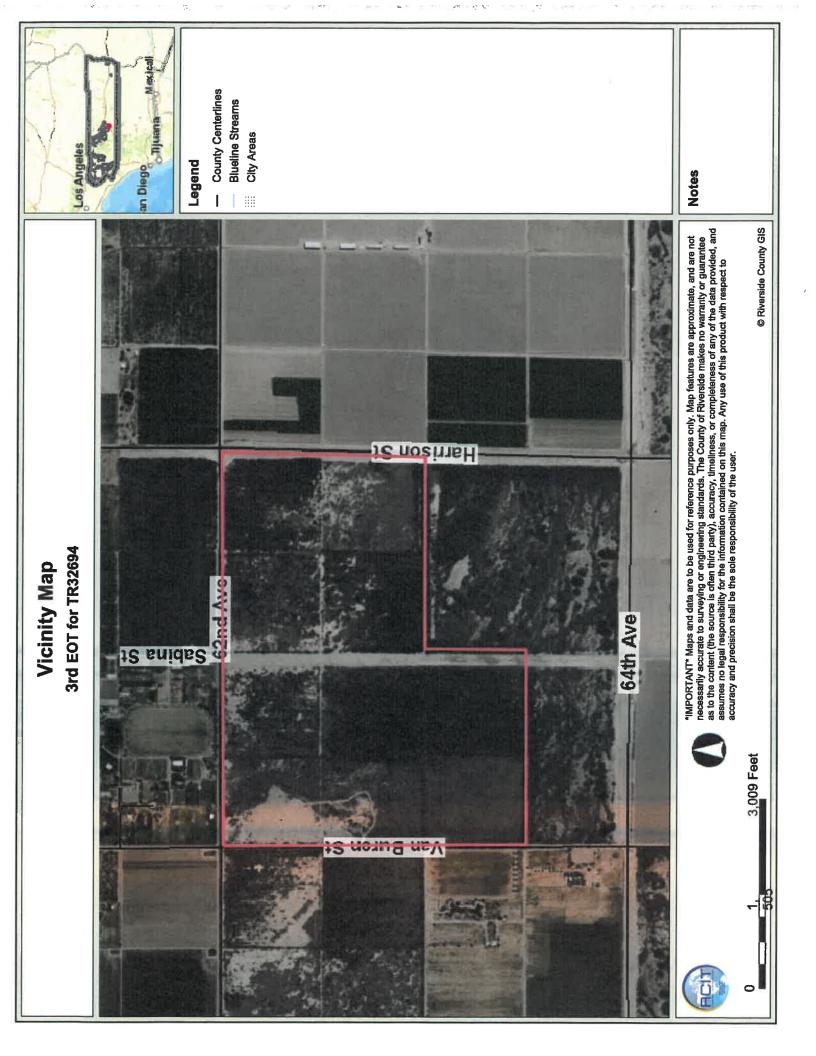
The subject case has conformed to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and all impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. No changes to the approved map are proposed and as a result, no new environmental documentation is required prior to an Extension of Time approval.

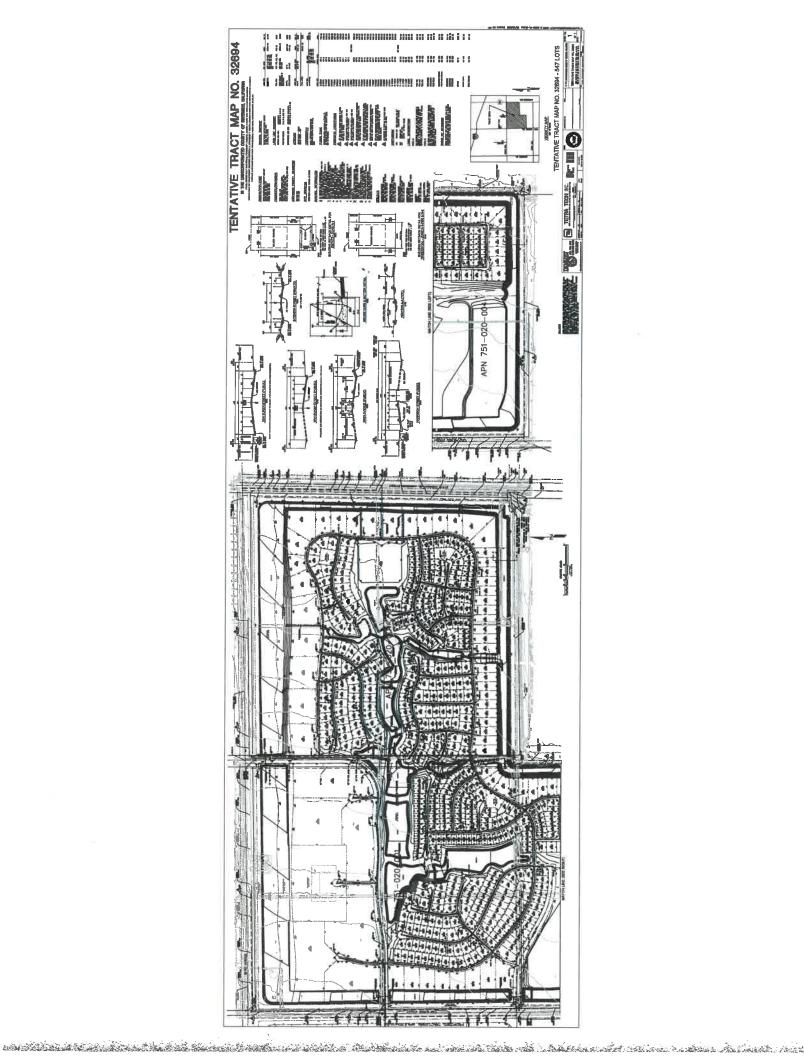
FINDINGS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Extension of Time Findings

- This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 2. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 3. No changes to the approved Tentative Tract Map are proposed in conjunction with this Extension of Time. All impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.





Page 1

Plan: TR32694E03 Parcel: 753110001

50. Prior To Map Recordation

050 - E Health.

0050-E Health-EOT3 - REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, provide the following documents to the Riverside County Environmental Health Department:

- 1. Provide current documentation from the appropriate purveyor(s) for the establishment of water and/or sewer service for this project.
- 2. Provide documentation from an approved waste hauler in regards to solid waste service. Please call (951)955-8980 for additional details.
- 3. Provide written clearance from DEH Environmental Cleanup Programs. Please note that an Environmental Site Assessment, Phase 1 study may be required at their discretion. For further information, please contact (951) 955-8982.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

050 - Transportation.

Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

Additionally, prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall ensure that BMP facilities are placed in dedicated easements and that sufficient legal access to the BMPs are provided. This requirement is for both onsite and offsite property.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

060 - BS-Grade.

BS-Grade- EOT3 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the owner / applicant shall obtain a BMP (Best Management Practices) Permit for the monitoring of the erosion and sediment control BMPs for the site. The Department of Building and Safety will conduct NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) inspections of the site based on Risk Level to verify compliance with the Construction General Permit, Storm water ordinances and regulations until completion of the construction activities, permanent stabilization of the site and permit final.

Grading and construction sites of "ONE" acre or larger required to develop a STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) - the owner/applicant shall submit the SWPPP to the Building and Safety Department Environmental Compliance Division for review and approval prior to issuance of a grading permit.

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the approved project - specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) and ensure that all approved water quality treatment control BMPs have been included on the grading plan.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Page 2

Plan: TR32694E03 Parcel: 753110001

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

060 - Transportation. 0060-Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING Not Satisfied

This condition would apply when grading occurs before map recordation. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

080 - Transportation. 0080 - Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP AND MAINTENANCE Not Satisfied

The project shall begin constructing and installing the BMP facilities described in the approved Final WQMP. The project shall be responsible for performing all activities described in the WQMP and that copies of the approved Final WQMP are available for the future owners/occupants.

A maintenance plan and signed maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for review and approval prior to issuance of occupancy permits. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance. The maintenance plan shall require that all BMP facilities are inspected, if required, cleaned no later than October 15 each year.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

090 - BS-Grade. 0090 - BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall comply with the following:

- 1. Obtain inspection of all treatment control BMPs and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. All structural BMPs described in the project specific WQMP and indicated on the approved grading plan shall be constructed and installed in conformance with the approved plans and specifications.
- 2. The applicant/owner shall submit a "Wet Signed" copy of the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs have been installed in accordance with the approved WQMP.

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10/29/20 14:01

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 3

Plan: TR32694E03 Parcel: 753110001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

090 - BS-Grade.

0090 - BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 3. The applicant/owner shall provide the Department of Building Safety with GPS coordinates for the location of the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs.
- 4. The applicant/owner shall register the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs with the Department of Building Safety Business Registration Division. Any person or entity that owns or operates a commercial and/or industrial facility shall register such facility for annual inspections.
- 5. The applicant shall make payment to the Building and Safety Department for the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Annual Inspection.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

090 - Transportation.

0090 - Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP COMP AND BNS REG Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the applicant will be required to hand out educational materials regarding water quality, provide a engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, and ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established. Additionally, the applicant will be required to register BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Registration Division.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)



MEMORANDUM

TO:

Kathleen Mitchell, Urban Planner II

County of Riverside

FROM:

Cliff Woolley

c/o Coachella Valley Engineers

SUBJECT:

TIME EXTENSION OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 32694

DATE:

October 6, 2020

Please be advised that Cliff Woolley applicant for the Time Extension of Tentative Map 32694 accepts the following conditions:

- 50. E Health -EOT Req. E. Health Documents
- 50 Transportation -EOT Final Access and Maintenance
- 60 BS Grade -EOT Required BMP SWPPP WQMP
- 60 Transportation- EOT- Final WQMP for Grading
- 80 Transportation -EOT WQMP and Maintenance
- 90 BS Grade- EOT- WQMP Required
- 90 Transportation -EOT- WQMP Comp and BNS REG

Please call David Turner, Coachella Valley Engineers at 760-360-4200 if you have any further questions.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Cliff Woolley

c/o Coachella Valley Engineers

77-933 Las Montanas Road – Suite 101 Palm Desert, CA 92260 Tel: (760) 360-4200 Fax: (760) 360-4204

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Extension of Time Environmental Determination

Proje	ct Case Number:	TR32694E03				
Origin	Original E.A. Number: <u>EA39736</u>					
Exten	Extension of Time No.: 3 rd Extension of Time					
Origin	Original Approval Date: June 28, 2006 (PC); October 17, 2006 (BOS)					
Projec	ct Location: <u>W/ Harri</u>	ison St., E/ Van Buren St., S/ 62 nd Ave., N/ 64 th Ave.				
Projec	t Description: <u>Trac</u>	t Map No. 32694 is a Schedule A subdivision of 396 gross acres into 547 non areas, including recreational trails, equestrian pastures, and open space lot.				
		es, and one lot for a school. The third extension will move the expiration date to				
	er 17, 2022.	The state of the s				
O= 1	00 0000 this	Total Africa Transfer Many and the section is the section of the s				
impac	<u>ine 28, 2006,</u> this t report was review	Tentative Tract Map and its original environmental assessment/environmental ed to determine: 1) whether any significant or potentially significant changes in				
the or	iginal proposal have	e occurred; 2) whether its environmental conditions or circumstances affecting				
the pr	oposed developmer	nt have changed. As a result of this evaluation, the following determination has				
been	made:					
	I find that although	the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW				
	ENVIRONMENTAL	DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF				
	Negative Declaration	potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or n pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated				
	pursuant to that earli	er EIR or Negative Declaration and the project's original conditions of approval.				
	I find that although to	he proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and there are ally significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under				
\boxtimes	which the project is	undertaken, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR				
	TO APPROVAL OF	THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been				
	(b) have been avoided	I in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and ed or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and revisions to the				
	project's original con	ditions of approval which have been made and agreed to by the project proponent.				
	I find that there are	one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the r which the project is undertaken, which the project's original conditions of approval				
	may not address, a	and for which additional required mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval				
	cannot be determine	ed at this time. Therefore, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT/INITIAL STUDY IS				
	may be needed, ar	to determine what additional mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval, if any, and whether or not at least one of the conditions described in California Code of				
	Regulations, Section	15162 (necessitating a Supplemental or Subsequent E.I.R.) exist. Additionally, the				
	environmental asses	sment/initial study shall be used to determine WHETHER OR NOT THE EXTENSION BE RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL.				
		al project was determined to be exempt from CEQA, and the proposed project will not				
	have a significant eff	ect on the environment, therefore NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS				
	REQUIRED PRIOR	TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME.				
	N	1 2				
o: .	ISA					
Signat		Date: 10/29/2020				
	Kathleen Mitchell, Project Planner For Charissa Leach, Interim TLMA Director					



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT EXTENSION OF TIME REPORT

Agenda item No.:

1.3

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

	P	RC	PC	SED	PRO.	JECT
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Case Number(s): TR32693E03 Applicant(s): CRMX-142, Inc.

Area Plan: Eastern Coachella Valley c/o Cliff Woolley

Zoning Area/District: Lower Coachella Valley District **Representative:**

Supervisorial District: Fourth District Coachella Valley Engineers

Project Planner: Kathleen Mitchell

APN(s): 753-110-003

Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The applicant of the subject case has requested an extension of time to allow for the recordation of the final Tentative Tract Map No. 32693. The map is a proposed Schedule "A" subdivision of 162 gross acres into 228 single family residential lots with common areas, including recreational trails, equestrian pastures, and open space lots, and one lot for an equestrian use.

The Project is located in the Eastern Coachella Valley Area Plan and the Vista Santa Rosa Policy Area. The project site is located west of Van Buren Street, south of 62nd Avenue, east of Calhoun Street, and north of 64th Avenue.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

<u>APPROVAL</u> of the THIRD EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32693, extending the expiration date to October 17, 2022, subject to all the previously approved and amended Conditions of Approval, with the applicant's consent.

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

Tentative Tract Map No. 32693 (TR32693) was originally approved at Planning Commission on July 12, 2006. The Map proceeded to the Board of Supervisors in conjunction with Change of Zone No. 7027 and was approved on October 17, 2006. The expiration date of TR32693 was automatically extended to October 17, 2016 pursuant to the state bills listed below.

The First Extension of Time was approved on January 4, 2017 to extend the map to October 17, 2017. The Second Extension of Time was approved on January 17, 2018 to extend the map to October 17, 2020.

The Third Extension of Time was received September 28, 2020, ahead of the expiration date of October 17, 2020. The applicant and the County discussed conditions of approval and reached consensus on October 7, 2020.

The County Planning Department, as part of the review of this Extension of Time request, recommends the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval, in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety, and welfare of the public. The applicant was informed of these recommended conditions and has agreed to accept them. Included in this staff report package are the recommended conditions of approval, and the correspondence from the Extension of Time applicant (October 7, 2020) indicating the acceptance of the seven (7) recommended conditions.

Unless specifically requested by the applicant, this Extension of Time request will not be discussed at the time it is presented to the Planning Commission as a consent calendar item.

Riverside County Tentative Map Extensions

Pursuant to County of Riverside Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), tentative tract and parcel maps have an initial life-span approval of 3-years. Prior to September 12, 2017, a maximum of 5, 1-year extensions may have been approved, upon a timely filed extension request, allowing for a total tentative map life-span approval of 8-years. On September 12, 2017, the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to Ordinance 460, replacing the extension time frames to allow for 2, 3-year extensions, for a total tentative map life-span of 9-years.

The total number years a map may be extended is 6 years. The First Extension of Time granted 1 year. The Second Extension of Time granted another 3 years. The remaining number of years available to extend this tentative map is, therefore, 2 years, pushing the final expiration date of the map to October 17, 2022.

Therefore, upon an approval action by the Planning Commission, subsequent receive and file action by the Board of Supervisors, and the conclusion of the 10-day appeal period, this Tentative Map's expiration date will become October 17, 2022.

State Bills

EFFECT OF Senate Bill No. 1185 (SB1185): On July 15, 2008, SBB1185 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the

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demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 12 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2008 and January 1, 2011. SB1185 extended the tentative map's expiration date to October 17, 2010.

EFFECT OF Assembly Bill No. 333 (AB333): On July 15, 2009, AB333 was signed into law, which grants a one-time extension to existing subdivision maps so developers can build immediately when the demand for housing goes up. It gives developers an automatic 24 month extension on previously approved subdivision maps set to expire between July 15, 2009 and January 1, 2012. AB333 extended the tentative map's expiration date to October 17, 2012.

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ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

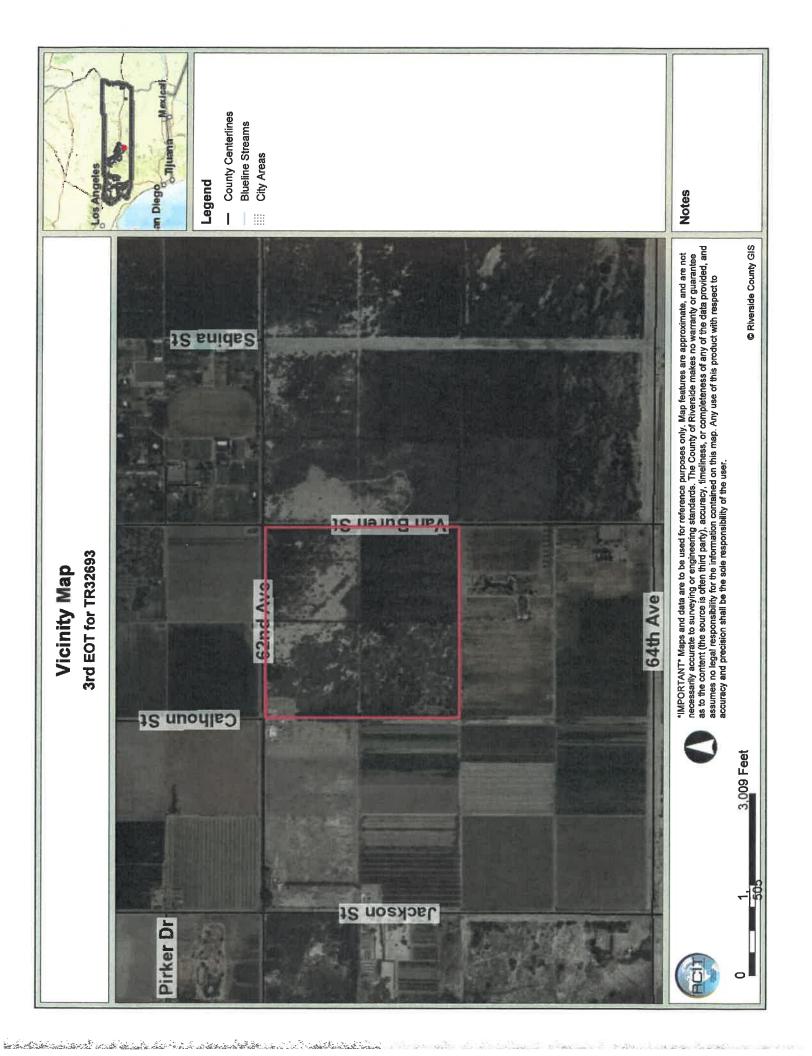
The subject case has conformed to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and all impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. No changes to the approved map are proposed and as a result, no new environmental documentation is required prior to an Extension of Time approval.

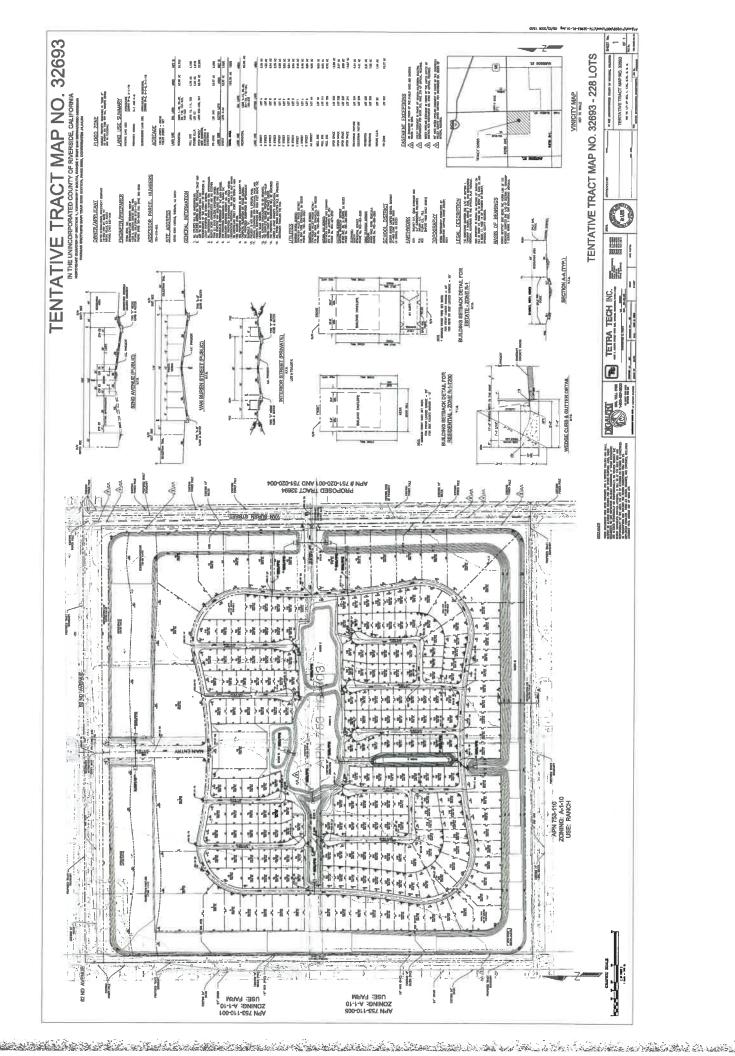
FINDINGS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Extension of Time Findings

- This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 3. No changes to the approved Tentative Tract Map are proposed in conjunction with this Extension of Time. All impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.





Page 1

Plan: TR32693E03 Parcel: 753110003

50. Prior To Map Recordation

050 - E Health.

0050-E Health-EOT3 - REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, provide the following documents to the Riverside County Environmental Health Department:

- 1. Provide current documentation from the appropriate purveyor(s) for the establishment of water and/or sewer service for this project.
- 2. Provide documentation from an approved waste hauler in regards to solid waste service. Please call (951)955-8980 for additional details.
- 3. Provide written clearance from DEH Environmental Cleanup Programs. Please note that an Environmental Site Assessment, Phase 1 study may be required at their discretion. For further information, please contact (951) 955-8982.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

050 - Transportation.

Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

Additionally, prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall ensure that BMP facilities are placed in dedicated easements and that sufficient legal access to the BMPs are provided. This requirement is for both onsite and offsite property.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

060 - BS-Grade.

BS-Grade- EOT3 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the owner / applicant shall obtain a BMP (Best Management Practices) Permit for the monitoring of the erosion and sediment control BMPs for the site. The Department of Building and Safety will conduct NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) inspections of the site based on Risk Level to verify compliance with the Construction General Permit, Storm water ordinances and regulations until completion of the construction activities, permanent stabilization of the site and permit final.

Grading and construction sites of "ONE" acre or larger required to develop a STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) - the owner/applicant shall submit the SWPPP to the Building and Safety Department Environmental Compliance Division for review and approval prior to issuance of a grading permit.

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the approved project - specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) and ensure that all approved water quality treatment control BMPs have been included on the grading plan.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Plan: TR32693E03 Parcel: 753110003

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

060 - Transportation.

0060-Transportation- EOT3 - FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING

Not Satisfied

This condition would apply when grading occurs before map recordation. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

080 - Transportation.

0080 - Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP AND MAINTENANCE Not 9

Not Satisfied

The project shall begin constructing and installing the BMP facilities described in the approved Final WQMP. The project shall be responsible for performing all activities described in the WQMP and that copies of the approved Final WQMP are available for the future owners/occupants.

A maintenance plan and signed maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for review and approval prior to issuance of occupancy permits. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance. The maintenance plan shall require that all BMP facilities are inspected, if required, cleaned no later than October 15 each year.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

090 - BS-Grade.

0090 - BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall comply with the following:

- 1. Obtain inspection of all treatment control BMPs and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. All structural BMPs described in the project specific WQMP and indicated on the approved grading plan shall be constructed and installed in conformance with the approved plans and specifications.
- 2. The applicant/owner shall submit a "Wet Signed" copy of the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs have been installed in accordance with the approved WQMP.

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10/29/20 13:03

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 3

Plan: TR32693E03 Parcel: 753110003

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

090 - BS-Grade.

0090 - BS-Grade- EOT3 - WQMP REQUIRED (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 3. The applicant/owner shall provide the Department of Building Safety with GPS coordinates for the location of the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs.
- 4. The applicant/owner shall register the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs with the Department of Building Safety Business Registration Division. Any person or entity that owns or operates a commercial and/or industrial facility shall register such facility for annual inspections.
- 5. The applicant shall make payment to the Building and Safety Department for the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Annual Inspection.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

090 - Transportation.

0090 - Transportation- EOT3 - WQMP COMP AND BNS REG Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the applicant will be required to hand out educational materials regarding water quality, provide a engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, and ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established. Additionally, the applicant will be required to register BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Registration Division.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)



MEMORANDUM

TO:

Kathleen Mitchell, Urban Planner II

County of Riverside

FROM:

Cliff Woolley

c/o Coachella Valley Engineers

SUBJECT:

TIME EXTENSION OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 32693

DATE:

October 6, 2020

Please be advised that Cliff Woolley applicant for the Time Extension of Tentative Map 32693 accepts the following conditions:

- 50. E Health -EOT Req. E. Health Documents
- 50 Transportation -EOT Final Access and Maintenance
- 60 BS Grade -EOT Required BMP SWPPP WQMP
- 60 Transportation- EOT- Final WQMP for Grading
- 80 Transportation -EOT WQMP and Maintenance
- 90 BS Grade- EOT- WQMP Required
- 90 Transportation -EOT- WQMP Comp and BNS REG

Please call David Turner, Coachella Valley Engineers at 760-360-4200 if you have any further questions.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Cliff Woolley

c/o Coachella Valley Engineers

77-933 Las Montanas Road - Suite 101 Palm Desert, CA 92260

Tel: (760) 360-4200 Fax: (760) 360-4204

Extension of Time Environmental Determination

Proje	ct Case Number:	TR32693E03				
Origin	al E.A. Number:	EA39736				
Exten	Extension of Time No.: 3 rd Extension of Time					
Origin	al Approval Date:	July 12, 2006 (PC); October 17, 2006 (BOS)				
Projec	ct Location: W/ Van	Buren St., S/ 62 nd Ave., E/ Calhoun St, N/ 64 th Ave.				
		9				
Projec	ct Description: <u>Tra</u>	ct Map No. 32693 is a Schedule A subdivision of 162 gross acres into 228				
lots, a	and one lot for an ed	non areas, including recreational trails, equestrian pastures, and open space questrian use. The third extension will move the expiration date to October 17,				
2022.		Agestian ass. The third exemplon will move the expiration date to October 17,				
	150 40 0000 H 1 T					
On Ju	<u>ily 12, 2006,</u> this 1	Tentative Tract Map and its original environmental assessment/environmental				
the or	iginal proposal have	ed to determine: 1) whether any significant or potentially significant changes in e occurred; 2) whether its environmental conditions or circumstances affecting				
the pr	oposed developmer	nt have changed. As a result of this evaluation, the following determination has				
been	made:					
	I find that although	the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW				
	ENVIRONMENTAL	DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF				
	TIME, because all p	potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or				
	pursuant to that earli	n pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated er EIR or Negative Declaration and the project's original conditions of approval.				
	I find that although t	he proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and there are				
	one or more potenti	ally significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under undertaken, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR				
	TO APPROVAL OF	THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been				
	adequately analyzed	I in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and				
	project's original con	ed or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and revisions to the ditions of approval which have been made and agreed to by the project proponent.				
	I find that there are	one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the				
	circumstances unde	r which the project is undertaken, which the project's original conditions of approval				
ب	cannot be determine	and for which additional required mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval at this time. Therefore, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT/INITIAL STUDY IS				
	REQUIRED in order	to determine what additional mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval, if any.				
	may be needed, and whether or not at least one of the conditions described in California Code of					
	Regulations, Section 15162 (necessitating a Supplemental or Subsequent E.I.R.) exist. Additionally, the environmental assessment/initial study shall be used to determine WHETHER OR NOT THE EXTENSION					
	OF TIME SHOULD E	BE RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL.				
	I find that the origina	al project was determined to be exempt from CEQA, and the proposed project will not				
Ш	REQUIRED PRIOR	ect on the environment, therefore NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME.				
	111					
Signat	Signature: Date: 10/29/2020					
Jigiriat	Signature: Date: 10/29/2020 Kathleen Mitchell, Project Planner					
For Charissa Leach, Interim TLMA Director						



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT EXTENSION OF TIME REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

1.4

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

PROPOSED PROJECT		
Case Number(s):	TR36635E01	Applicant: Nuevo Meadows Land Co LLC
Area Plan:	Lakeview/Nuevo	c/o James Hoxie
Zoning Area/District:	Nuevo Area	
Supervisorial District:	Fifth District	
Project Planner:	Kathleen Mitchell	1 1 Acol . 1
APN(s):	309-020-037, 309-020-036	John The delvante
	309-020-38, 309-020-039	John Hildebrand Interim Planning Director
	309-020-005	Witchill Figure 1

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The applicant of the subject case has requested an extension of time to allow for the recordation of the final Tentative Tract Map No. 36635. The map proposed a Schedule "A" subdivision of 80.1 acres into 283 residential lots with a minimum lot size of 4,000 square feet. The tract map also included four (4) lots for water quality basins, two (2) open space lots, and eight (8) lots intended for landscaped features.

The Project is located in the Lakeview/Nuevo Area Plan and the San Jacinto River Policy Area. The project site is located north of San Jacinto Avenue, south of Central Avenue, east of Dawson Road, and west of Pico Avenue.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

APPROVAL of the FIRST EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 36635, extending the expiration date to August 29, 2023, subject to all the previously approved and amended Conditions of Approval, with the applicant's consent.

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background

Tentative Tract Map No. 36635 was originally approved by the Planning Commission on May 17, 2017. It then proceeded to the Board of Supervisors, along with Change of Zone No. 07804, where both applications were approved on August 29, 2017.

The First Extension of Time was received August 12, 2020, ahead of the expiration date of August 29, 2020.

The County Planning Department, as part of the review of this Extension of Time request, recommends the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval, in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety, and welfare of the public. The applicant was informed of these recommended conditions and has agreed to accept them. Included in this staff report package are the recommended conditions of approval, and the correspondence from the Extension of Time applicant (October 6, 2020) indicating the acceptance of the seven (7) recommended conditions.

Unless specifically requested by the applicant, this Extension of Time request will not be discussed at the time it is presented to the Planning Commission as a consent calendar item.

Riverside County Tentative Map Extensions

Pursuant to County of Riverside Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), tentative tract and parcel maps have an initial life-span approval of 3-years. In addition, a maximum of 5, 1-year extensions may be approved, upon a timely filed extension request, allowing for a total tentative map life-span approval of 8-years. On September 12, 2017, the Board of Supervisors approved an amendment to Ordinance 460, replacing the extension time frames to allow for 2, 3-year extensions, for a total tentative map life-span of 9-years.

The total number years a map may be extended is 6 years. This is the 1st extension of time for this project, potentially granting an extension of 3 years if approved. The remaining number of years available to extend this tentative map after this approval will, therefore, be 3 years.

Upon an approval action by the Planning Commission, subsequent receive and file action by the Board of Supervisors, and the conclusion of the 10-day appeal period, this Tentative Map's expiration date will become August 29, 2023. If a Final Map has not been recorded prior to this date, the next extension of time request must be filed 30-days prior to map expiration.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The subject case has conformed to the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), and all impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. No changes to the approved map are proposed and as a result, no new environmental documentation is required prior to an Extension of Time approval.

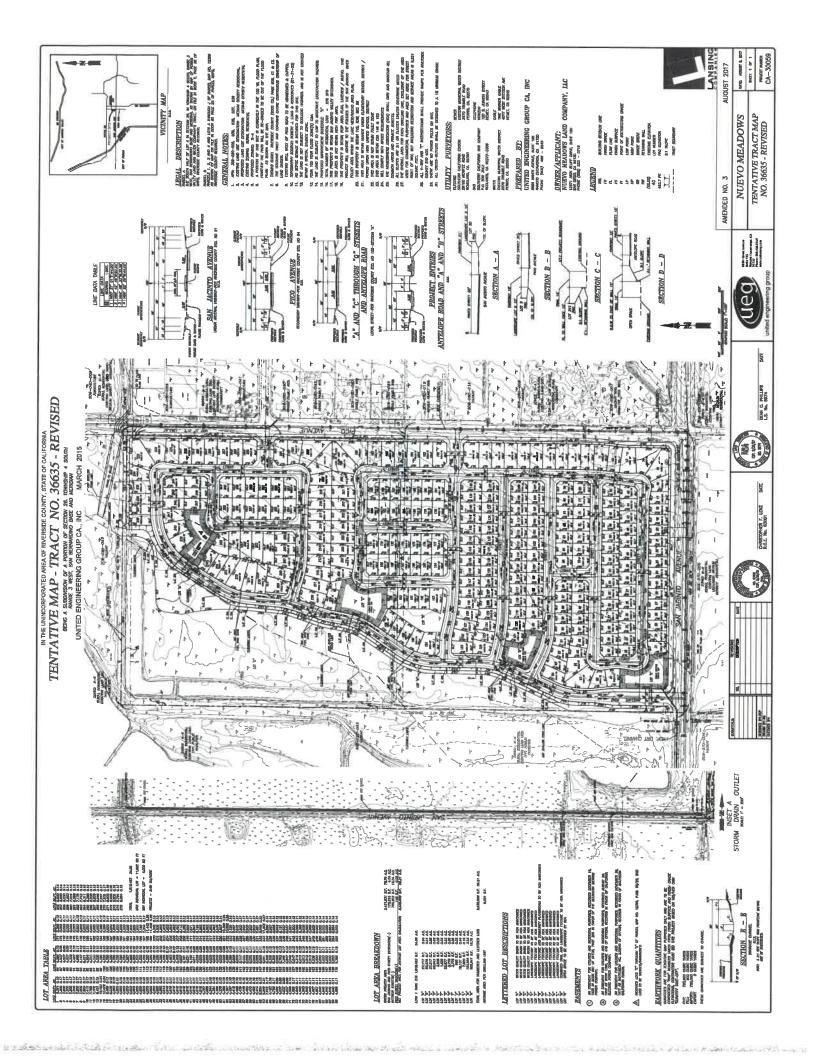
FINDINGS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Extension of Time Findings

- 1. This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- This Tentative Tract Map has been found to be consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and Ordinance No. 460 (Subdivision Regulations), pursuant to the originally approved findings and conditions of approval. This Extension of Time proposes no changes to the map design and is therefore still found to be consistent.
- 3. No changes to the approved Tentative Tract Map are proposed in conjunction with this Extension of Time. All impacts have been analyzed in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

hydrographylines INTERCHANGE City Boundaries INTERSTATE Major Roads OFFRAMP ONRAMP waterbodies USHWY Collector roadsanno Arterial highways Lakes Rivers ¥¥ counties Cities roads cities **Legend** Notes *IMPORTANT* Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user. C Riverside County TLMA GIS REPORT PRINTED ON... 2/29/2016 12:58:44 PM Vicinity Map **TR36635** B 4,673 Feet 2,336 City of Perris . 57



Page 1

Plan: TR36635E01 Parcel: 309020005

50. Prior To Map Recordation

E Health

050 - E Health. 1

EOT1 - REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

Not Satisfied

Prior to map recordation, provide the following documents to the Riverside County Environmental Health Department:

1. Provide current documentation from the appropriate purveyor(s) for the establishment of water and/or sewer service for this project.

- 2. Provide documentation from an approved waste hauler in regards to solid waste service. Please call (951)955-8980 for additional details.
- 3. Provide written clearance from DEH Environmental Cleanup Programs. Please note that an Environmental Site Assessment, Phase 1 study may be required at their discretion. For further information, please contact (951) 955-8982.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

050 - Transportation. 1

EOT1 - FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water Quality Board. All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011 Additionally, prior to the map recordation, the applicant shall ensure that BMP facilities are placed in dedicated easements and that sufficient legal access to the BMPs are provided. This requirement is for both onsite and offsite property.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade, 1

EOT1 - REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the owner / applicant shall obtain a BMP (Best Management Practices) Permit for the monitoring of the erosion and sediment control BMPs for the site. The Department of Building and Safety will conduct NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) inspections of the site based on Risk Level to verify compliance with the Construction General Permit, Storm water ordinances and regulations until completion of the construction activities, permanent stabilization of the site and permit final.

Grading and construction sites of "ONE" acre or larger required to develop a STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) - the owner/applicant shall submit the SWPPP to the Building and Safety Department Environmental Compliance Division for review and approval prior to issuance of a grading permit. If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the approved project - specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) and ensure that all approved water quality treatment control BMPs have been included on the grading plan.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1

department)

EOT1 - FINAL WOMP FOR GRADING

Not Satisfied

This condition would apply when grading occurs before map recordation. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall submit a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) subject to the State Regional Water Quality Board Order No. (See watershed below) to Transportation Department for review and approval. However, the applicant may be required to comply with the latest version of the WQMP manual if required by the State Regional Water

10/29/20 14:21

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 2

Plan: TR36635E01 Parcel: 309020005

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1

EOT1 - FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Quality Board, All water quality features shall be included on the grading plan. WQMP applicability checklist, templates, LID design requirements, and guidance can be found on-line at: www.rcflood.org/npdes. For any questions, please contact (951) 712-5494.

Watersheds: Santa Ana No. R8-2013-0024 / Santa Margarita No. R9-2010-0016 / Whitewater No. R7-2013-0011 (This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1

EOT1 - WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

Not Satisfied

The project shall begin constructing and installing the BMP facilities described in the approved Final WQMP. The project shall be responsible for performing all activities described in the WQMP and that copies of the approved Final WQMP are available for the future owners/occupants.

A maintenance plan and signed maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for review and approval prior to issuance of occupancy permits. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance. The maintenance plan shall require that all BMP facilities are inspected, if required, cleaned no later than October 15 each year.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade, 1

EOT1 - WQMP REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall comply with the following:

- 1. Obtain inspection of all treatment control BMPs and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. All structural BMPs described in the project specific WQMP and indicated on the approved grading plan shall be constructed and installed in conformance with the approved plans and specifications.
- 2. The applicant/owner shall submit a "Wet Signed" copy of the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs have been installed in accordance with the approved WQMP.
- 3. The applicant/owner shall provide the Department of Building Safety with GPS coordinates for the location of the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs.
- 4. The applicant/owner shall register the project specific WQMP treatment control BMPs with the Department of Building Safety Business Registration Division. Any person or entity that owns or operates a commercial and/or industrial facility shall register such facility for annual inspections.
- 5. The applicant shall make payment to the Building and Safety Department for the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Annual Inspection.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1

EOT1 - WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the applicant will be required to hand out educational materials regarding water quality, provide a engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, and ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established. Additionally, the applicant will be required to register BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Registration Division.

(This Extension of Time condition may be considered "Met" if it duplicates another similar condition issued by this department)

are also as a contract of the contract of the

Mitchell, Kathleen

From: James Hoxie <jhoxie@lansingcompanies.com>

Sent: Tuesday, October 6, 2020 9:38 AM

To: Mitchell, Kathleen Cc: Paul Pitingaro

Subject: RE: FIRST EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 36635

Kathleen,

Sorry for the delay. The property is in an escrow and the potential buyers were slow to give us their approval. But they have. So please let this email confirm that we accept the New COAs as requested.

50. REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS 80. WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

50. FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT 90. WQMP REQUIRED

60. REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP 90. WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

60. FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING

Thank you,

Jim Hoxie



12671 High Bluff Drive, Ste. 150 San Diego, CA 92130 P: 858-523-0719

F: 858-523-0826

Privileged And Confidential Communication.

This electronic transmission, and any documents attached hereto, (a) are protected by the Electronic Communications Privacy Act (18 USC §§ 2510-2521), (b) may contain confidential and/or legally privileged information, and (c) are for the sole use of the intended recipient named above. If you have received this electronic message in error, please notify the sender and delete the electronic message. Any disclosure, copying, distribution, or use of the contents of the information received in error is strictly prohibited.

Any tax advice contained in the body of this e-mail (and any attachments thereto) was not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, by the recipient for the purpose of avoiding penalties that may be imposed under the Internal Revenue Code or applicable state or local tax law provisions.

Please consider the environment before printing this e-mail.

From: Mitchell, Kathleen <KMitchell@Rivco.org>

Sent: Monday, October 5, 2020 4:43 PM

To: James Hoxie < jhoxie@lansingcompanies.com>

Subject: RE: FIRST EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 36635

Good afternoon.

I am reaching out in regards to an extension of time request you submitted for Tentative Tract Map No. 36635. On September 17th, I sent forward an email discussing the acceptance of conditions necessary to move forward with this application. Please see this correspondence below. I wanted to bring this back to your attention, and I'm happy to discuss any questions or concerns you may have. Please let me know how you would like to proceed.

Best, Kathleen Mitchell

Kathleen Mitchell

TLMA-Planning ~ Urban Planner II

Email: kmitchell@rivco.org

Phone: 951-955-6836



From: Mitchell, Kathleen

Sent: Thursday, September 17, 2020 10:38 AM

To: jhoxie@lansingcompanies.com

Subject: RE: FIRST EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 36635

Attn:

Lansing Companies c/o Jim Hoxie 12671 High Bluff Drive, Ste. 150 San Diego, CA, 92130

RE: FIRST EXTENSION OF TIME REQUEST for Tentative Tract Map No. 36635

Good morning,

I am contacting you in regard to your Extension of Time Request for Tentative Tract Map No. 36635. The County Planning Department has determined it necessary to recommend the addition of seven (7) new conditions of approval in order to be able to make a determination that the project does not adversely affect the general health, safety and welfare of the public.

Please review the proposed conditions of approval attached in this correspondence. If these conditions are acceptable, then please submit a short written letter/memo/email that clearly references this case, the acceptance of each condition by name and number, and clearly state that you, the Extension of Time Applicant, accept these conditions. This documentation will then be included in the staff report package. The attached document is a copy of the recommended conditions which are identified as follows:

50. REQ E HEALTH DOCUMENTS

50. FINAL ACCESS AND MAINT

60. REQ BMP SWPPP WQMP

80. WQMP AND MAINTENANCE

90. WQMP REQUIRED

90. WQMP COMP AND BNS REG

and the state of t

60. FINAL WQMP FOR GRADING

If the addition of the conditions is not acceptable, please notify me so we can discuss your concerns. If the issue cannot be resolved, then I will direct you to contact the individual Department representative to discuss this matter further.

Once the conditions have been accepted, I will begin preparing the staff report package for the Planning Commission Hearing as a Consent Item. County Ordinance requires that conditions added thru the extension of time process are presented to and accepted by the applicant. If you, the EOT applicant, is unable to accept these conditions, the Planning Department will recommend denial of this extension of time request. An opportunity will, if requested, be provided for arguments to be made to the hearing body justifying why this request should be approved without the recommended conditions of approval.

I am eager to move this case forward and continue the extension of time process. If you have not contacted me within thirty (30) days, I will begin preparing this case with a recommendation of denial. I need one of two items to proceed:

- 1) Correspondence from you, the EOT applicant, accepting the recommended conditions per the directions provided above; or,
- 2) Correspondence from you, the EOT applicant, advising me of the concerns with the recommended conditions. If the concern still exists after our discussion, then direction on how to approach the issue will be given and additional time will be provided until the issue is resolved.

If you have any questions, comments, or concerns regarding this email, please feel free to contact me as indicated below.

Best, Kathleen Mitchell

Kathleen Mitchell

TLMA-Planning ~ Urban Planner II

Email: kmitchell@rivco.org Phone: 951-955-6836



Confidentiality Disclaimer

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County of Riverside California

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Extension of Time Environmental Determination

Proje	ct Case Number:	TR36635E01
Origir	nal E.A. Number:	EA42612
Exten	sion of Time No.:	1st Extension of Time
Origin	al Approval Date:	May 17, 2017 (PC); August 29, 2017 (BOS)
Proje	ct Location: <u>W/ Pico</u>	Ave., S/ Central Ave., E/ Dawson Rd., N/ San Jacinto Ave.
reside water first e	ential lots with a min quality basins, two xtension will move t	ct Map No. 36635 proposed a Schedule "A" subdivision of 80.1 acres into 283 imum lot size of 4,000 square feet. The tract map also included four (4) lots for (2) open space lots, and eight (8) lots intended for landscaped features. The he expiration date to August 29, 2023. Tentative Tract Map and its original environmental assessment/environmental
impac	t report was review	ed to determine: 1) whether any significant or potentially significant changes in
the or	iginal proposal have	e occurred; 2) whether its environmental conditions or circumstances affecting
	oposed developmer made:	nt have changed. As a result of this evaluation, the following determination has
DECIT	maue.	
	ENVIRONMENTAL TIME, because all Negative Declaratio pursuant to that earl	the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF potentially significant effects (a) have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or pursuant to applicable legal standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated ier EIR or Negative Declaration and the project's original conditions of approval.
	one or more potent which the project is TO APPROVAL OF adequately analyzed (b) have been avoid project's original con	the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and there are ially significant environmental changes or other changes to the circumstances under undertaken, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED PRIOR THE EXTENSION OF TIME, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards and ed or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration and revisions to the iditions of approval which have been made and agreed to by the project proponent.
	I find that there are circumstances unde may not address, a cannot be determine REQUIRED in order may be needed, an Regulations, Section environmental assess OF TIME SHOULD I	one or more potentially significant environmental changes or other changes to the which the project is undertaken, which the project's original conditions of approval and for which additional required mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval ed at this time. Therefore, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT/INITIAL STUDY IS to determine what additional mitigation measures and/or conditions of approval, if any, and whether or not at least one of the conditions described in California Code of a 15162 (necessitating a Supplemental or Subsequent E.I.R.) exist. Additionally, the essment/initial study shall be used to determine WHETHER OR NOT THE EXTENSION BE RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL.
	have a significant eff	al project was determined to be exempt from CEQA, and the proposed project will not fect on the environment, therefore NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS TO APPROVAL OF THE EXTENSION OF TIME.
Signat	Kathleen Mitch	Date: 10/29/2020 rell, Project Planner each, Interim TLMA Director

2021 PLANNING COMMISSION CALENDAR

Wednesdays at 9:00 a.m. on the dates and location noted below (unless noted)

County Administration Center, Board Chambers 1st floor, 4080 Lemon Street Riverside:

1.5

Location TBD (9:30 a.m.) Desert/Other:

No Meeting: Dark Holidays: Close

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2021 Planning Commission Hearing Dates	Hearing
Wednesdays at 9:00 a.m. or as noted	location
County Administration Center	
Board Chambers	Riverside
4080 Lemon Street 1st floor	
Steve Robbins Administration Building	
CVWD – Administration Board Room	Palm Desert
75515 Hovley Lane East (9:30 a.m.)	
January 6, 2021	Riverside
January 20, 2021	Riverside
February 3, 2021	Riverside
February 17, 2021	Riverside
March 3, 2021	Riverside
March 24, 2021	Desert
April 7, 2021	Riverside
April 21, 2021	Riverside
May 5, 2021	Riverside
May 19, 2021	Riverside
June 2, 2021	Riverside
June 16, 2021	Desert
July 7, 2021	Riverside
July 21, 2021	Riverside
August 4, 2021	Riverside
August 18, 2021	Riverside
September 1, 2021	Riverside
September 22, 2021	Desert
October 6, 2021	Riverside
October 20, 2021	Riverside
November 3, 2021	Riverside
November 17, 2021	Riverside
December 1, 2021	Riverside
December 15, 2021	Riverside



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT RECEIVE & FILE REPORT

Agenda Item No.:

1.6

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

PROPOSED PROJECT		
Case Number(s):	PPW190017, VAR190009	Applicant(s):
Area Plan:	REMAP	Smartlink LLC for AT&T
Zoning Area/District:	Aguanga Area	Representative(s):
Supervisorial District:	Third District	Alisha Strasheim
Project Planner:	Jay Olivas	1
Continued From:	N/A	_ John Hildebrund
		John Earle Hildebrand III Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 proposes to construct a wireless communication facility for AT&T, disguised as a 70-foot tall mono-pine with three (3) live pine trees, including twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within a 912 square foot lease area, surrounded by an 8-foot high wall barrier.

Variance Case No. 190009 is a proposal for a modification to the height requirement established through Section 19.410.C of Ordinance No. 348 which states disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet, the proposal requests a variance for a 70-foot tower.

The project is located north of Clubhouse Drive, east of Manzanita Drive, west of State Highway 371, and more specifically located at 45120 Highway 79.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

RECEIVE AND FILE the Notice of Decision for the above referenced case acted on by the Planning Director on October 19, 2020.

The Planning Department recommended APPROVAL; and, THE PLANNING DIRECTOR:

<u>ADOPTED</u> a **NEGATIVE DECLARATION** for **ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT NO. CEQ190168**, based on the findings and conclusions provided in the initial study, attached hereto, and the conclusion that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment; and,

<u>APPROVED</u> VARIANCE CASE NO. 190009, based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report; and,

<u>APPROVED</u> PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 190017, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

On November 25, 2019, an application for Plot Plan No. 190001 (PPW190001) was submitted to the Riverside County Planning Department. The project proposes to construct a 70 foot tall disguised wireless telecommunications facility, to be designed as a pine tree or "monopine" within a lease area of 912 square feet with 3-live pine trees. The monopine includes twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within the 912 square foot lease area, surrounded by an 8-foot high wall barrier.

The project for the disguised wireless communications facility included a proposed variance for a modification in the height requirement to allow for a seventy foot (70') tall mono-pine, 20 feet taller than the 50 feet standard maximum height, allowed in the Rural Residential (R-R) Zone. Properties in the area to be served were evaluated, including properties where the coverage could be met with a 50 foot tall tower that would meet height requirements. However, the applicant was not able to receive cooperation from property owners on any properties that may accommodate a lower tower. Additionally, the location at the north easterly corner of the 120 acre site is within a unique topographical area with peaks and

PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 1900017 / VAR190009 Planning Commission Receive & File Report: November 18, 2020 Page 3 of 3

valleys, and is necessary for residents commuting along State Highway 371 and 79 to address coverage gaps. For these reasons the currently proposed site was selected as a desirable location to achieve coverage requirements in cooperation with the landlord, which necessitates the additional height for the tower due to the relative height of the property and the topography of the surrounding area. By allowing for the 70' foot facility, the area covered by the tower would be substantially greater and would help cover a significant gap in coverage that is needed in the area without requiring an additional wireless facility or leaving gaps in coverage in the area.

The case was heard by the Planning Director on October 19, 2020, there were no speakers for or against the proposal and only the applicant spoke on behalf of the project, accepting the conditions as proposed and the case was approved as proposed.

An edit was made at the hearing to correct the staff report appeal language as follows: "The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no action by the Planning Commission is required unless, within ten days after the notice appears on the Planning Commission agenda, the applicant or an interested person files an appeal, accompanied by the fee set forth in Ordinance No. 671, or unless the Planning Commission assumes jurisdiction by ordering the matter set for public hearing."

Template Location: Y:\Planning Case Files-Riverside office\PPW190017\DH-PC-BOS Hearings\PC\PPW190017 PC R&F Staff Report.docx Template Revision: 11/05/20



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

3:1

Director's Hearing: October 19, 2020

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Project APN:

Case Number: PPW190017; VAR190009

EA No.: CEQ190168

Area Plan: REMAP

Zoning Area/District: Aguanga Area

Supervisorial District: Third District

Project Planner: Jay Olivas

583-160-001

John Earle Hildebrand,

Julius Santiago

Deputy Director of TLMA-Planning

Applicant: Alisha Strashelm c/o

Representative: CASA Industries c/o

Smartlink on behalf of AT&T

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

Plot Plan No. 190017 (PPW190017) is a proposal to construct a wireless communication facility for AT&T, disguised as a 70-foot tall mono-pine with three (3) live pine trees, including twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within a 912 square foot lease area, surrounded by an 8-foot high wall barrier.

Variance No. 190009 (VAR190009) is a proposal for a modification to the height requirement established through Section 19.410.C of Ordinance No. 348 which states disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet. The proposal requests a variance to exceed the fifty (50) feet height requirement for the proposed 70-foot tower.

The project is located north of Clubhouse Drive, east of Manzanita Drive, west of State Highway 371, and more specifically located at 45120 Highway 79.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING DIRECTOR TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

ADOPT a NEGATIVE DECLARATION for ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT NO. CEQ190168, based on the findings and conclusions provided in the initial study, attached hereto, and the conclusion that the project will not have a significant effect on the environment; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> VARIANCE NO. 190009, based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> PLOT PLAN NO. 190017, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

PROJECT DATA	
and Use and Zoning:	
Specific Plan	N/A
Specific Plan Land Use:	N/A
Existing General Plan Foundation Component:	Open Space
Proposed General Plan Foundation Component:	
Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:	Open Space-Recreation (OS-R)
Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation:	
Policy / Overlay Area:	N/A
Surrounding General Plan Land Uses	
North:	Open Space-Conservation (OS-C)
East:	Rural Residential (R-R)
South:	Rural Residential (R-R), Open Space-Conservation (OS-C) and Open Space-Recreation (OS-R)
West:	Rural Residential (R-R)
Existing Zoning Classification:	Rural Residential (R-R)
Proposed Zoning Classification:	N/A
Surrounding Zoning Classifications	
North:	Rural Residential (R-R)
East:	Rural Residential (R-R)
South:	Rural Residential (R-R)
West:	Rural Residential (R-R)
Existing Use:	Jojoba Hills Recreational Vehicle Resort
Surrounding Uses	
North:	Vacant Land
	Single Family Residences, RV Park Campground and Vacant Land
East:	Vacant Land
West:	Vacant Land, Farmland

Project Details:

ltem	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	120 Acres	
	Cell Site Project Area is 912 sq. ft. Disguised Mono-pine is 70 feet.	50 feet max.

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City's Sphere of Influence:	No
Community Service Area ("CSA"):	Yes - CSA 152 and 153
Special Flood Hazard Zone:	No
Agricultural Preserve:	No
Liquefaction Area:	No
Subsidence Area:	No
Fault Zone:	Yes – Agua Caliente Fault
Fire Zone:	Yes – High (State Responsibility Area)
Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone:	Yes – Zone A
WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell:	Yes - Cell Number 7663
CVMSHCP Conservation Boundary:	No
Stephens Kangaroo Rat ("SKR") Fee Area:	Yes – In Or Partially Within
Airport Influence Area ("AIA"):	No

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

Page 4 of 11

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

Site Characteristics

The project site is located is generally north of State Highway 79, west of State Highway 371, and east of White Mountain Road within the unincorporated Riverside County. The project site is located northeast corner of the Jojoba Hills Recreational Vehicle Resort. The existing RV resort is for an active 55+community nestled in the hills of the community of Aguanga. Project area will occupy 912 square feet of the 120-acre RV resort site.

Zoning/Development Standards

The applicant has identified the general location and footprint of development on the parcel to show compliance with the applicable development standards of the Ordinance No. 348, specifically the R-R Zoning Classification (Article V) and Wireless Communication Facility Article XIXg. The project site Rural Residential (R-R). The R-R generally permits one-family dwellings, water works facilities, farm stock or animals keeping, production, and allows a range of other uses with the approval of a land use permit. The proposed project is consistent with the Rural Residential (R-R) zoning classification

General Plan

The Project site has a General Plan Foundation Component of Open Space, and a land use designation of Recreation (OS: R), within the Riverside Extended Mountain Area Plan (REMAP). The Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) land use designation allows for active and passive recreational uses such as parks, trails, camp grounds, athletic fields, golf courses, and off-road vehicle parks. Ancillary structures may be permitted for recreational opportunities. The proposed Project is consistent with the General Plan, as a wireless communication facilities are allowed in support of residential uses.

Project Analysis

The Plot Plan Wireless No.190017 application for the proposed disguised mono-pine wireless communication facility at 70', was submitted to the County of Riverside on November 25, 2019. On December 19, 2019, Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 was reviewed for the first time by Development Advisory Committee (DAC) meeting for internal review. Comments and corrections regarding the conceptual landscape plan and the screening, specifications and design elements of the proposed exhibits and all elevations. In September 2020, Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 have obtained clearances from all applicable departments and are ready to move forward to hearing.

Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 was submitted to the County of Riverside on November 25, 2019.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW / ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

An Initial Study (IS), Environmental Assessment No. 190168, and Negative Declaration (ND) were prepared for this project in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The IS represents the independent judgment of Riverside County and determines that the proposed project could not have a significant effect on the environment. A Notice of Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration was prepared, and the Negative Declaration was made available for public review per the CEQA Statute and Guidelines Section 15105 for at least 20 days. Therefore, no new mitigation measures were required and the IS/ ND was not recirculated per California Environmental Quality Act Statue and Guidelines Section 15073.5(c).

Page 5 of 11

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve a proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Land Use Findings:

- 1. The Project site has a General Plan Foundation Component of Open Space, and a land use designation of Recreation (OS: R), within the REMAP Area Plan. The Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) land use designation allows for active and passive recreational uses such as parks, trails, camp grounds, athletic fields, golf courses, and off-road vehicle parks. Ancillary structures may be permitted for recreational opportunities. Neighborhood parks are permitted within residential land uses.
- 2. The project site surround by properties which are designated Open Space: Conservation (OS: C) to the north, Rural Residential (R-R) to the east and west; Open Space: Conservation (OS: C), Rural Residential (R-R) and Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) to the south. The proposed Project is consistent with the General Plan and the surrounding land uses, as wireless communication facilities are allowed in support of residential and related uses.
- 3. The project site has a Zoning Classification of Rural Residential (R-R). The project is allowed in the R-R zone with an approved plot plan pursuant to Ordinance No. 348, Section 19.404, (A).1, which states the disguised wireless communication facilities may be located in the R-R zoning classification.
- 4. The subject site is not located within a Specific Plan. The proposed project is compatible with surrounding land uses, as the surrounding land uses consist of scattered single family residences, RV Park, campground and vacant land.

Entitlement Findings:

Findings for a recommendation to grant a Plot Plan permit for a Wireless Communication facility shall include the following, pursuant to the provisions of the County of Riverside Zoning Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use):

- 1. The proposed facility is owned by one telecommunication service provider and is attached to a facility owned by different telecommunication service provider or tower or operator by Smartlink on behalf for AT&T Wireless. The propose project site is located in a Recreational Vehicle (RV) Park setting and is located at the northeastern border of the property line and is approximately 90 feet from a RV space. The surrounding properties uses consist of single family residences, RV Park, campground and vacant land.
- 2. The proposed project is designed and sited in Ordinance No. 348, Section 19.404.A, states an application for a Plot Plan shall be made to the Planning Director in accordance with Section 18.30. The proposed use conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property because the project proposes a 70-foot mono-pine that it will blend with trees onsite and the surrounding providing trees in the north and east.

- 3. The application has met the processing requirements set forth the Article 19.409 (Processing Requirements) of the Riverside County Zoning ordinance.
- 4. The application has met the location and development standards set forth the Article 19.404 of the Riverside County Zoning ordinance. The proposed development meets all development standards as set forth in Article 19.404 with the exception of the height limit, which a variance has been applied for.
- 5. The County has been provided with a fully executed copy of the lease entered into with the owner of the underlying property. The lease or other agreement includes a provision indicating that the telecommunication service provider, or its successors and assigns, shall remove the wireless communication facility completely upon its abandonment. The lease or other agreement also includes a provision notifying the property owner that if the telecommunication service provider does not completely remove a facility upon its abandonment, the County may remove the facility at the property owner's expense and lien the property for the cost of such removal.

The following findings shall be made prior to making a recommendation to grant a Variance, pursuant to the provisions of the Riverside County Zoning Ordinance 348 (Land Use):

- 1. That special circumstances applicable to a parcel of property, including size, shape, topography, location or surroundings. The application for this disguised wireless communications facility includes a proposed variance for a modification in the height requirement to allow for a seventy foot (70') tall mono-pine, 20 feet taller than the 50 feet standard maximum height, allowed in the Rural Residential (R-R) Zone. Properties in the area to be served were evaluated, including properties where the coverage could be met with a 50 foot tall tower that would meet height requirements. However, the applicant was not able to receive cooperation from property owners on any properties that may accommodate a lower tower. Additionally, the location at the north easterly corner of the 120 acre site is within a unique topographical area with peaks and valleys, and is necessary for residents commuting along State Highway 371 and 79 to address coverage gaps. For these reasons the currently proposed site was selected as a desirable location to achieve coverage requirements in cooperation with the landlord, which necessitates the additional height for the tower due to the relative height of the property and the topography of the surrounding area. By allowing for the 70' foot facility, the area covered by the tower would be substantially greater and would help cover a significant gap in coverage that is needed in the area without requiring an additional wireless facility or leaving gaps in coverage in the area.
- 2. That the strict application of this ordinance deprives such property of privileges enjoyed by other property in the vicinity that is under the same zoning classification. Other properties in the area that have Rural Residential zoning but are located at lower elevations or on sloped areas facing the area to provide coverage are in a position for better wireless facility location. This property due to its variation in topography and exposure to the coverage area is not provided the same privilege in ability to provide coverage with a fifty foot high tower compared to other, better located properties under the same zoning. With the interest of providing better coverage in the area and minimizing the amount of wireless facilities overall, the proposed variance for additional height would serve those interests.
- 3. That a variance shall not be granted for a parcel of property which authorizes a use or activity that is not otherwise expressly authorized by the zone regulation governing the parcel of property, but shall be limited to modifications of property development standards, such as lot size, lot coverage, yards, and parking and landscape requirements. The proposed variance does not proposed a modification

to a use or activity for the existing zoning classification of the subject property. The variance is only for a modification to the height requirement as established through Section 19.410.C.

Development Standards Findings:

Section 19.410 "Development Standards of Article XIXg "Wireless Communication Facilities"

- A. Area Disturbance. Physical disturbance to the site will be minimal. The proposed AT&T Wireless Communications facility is a disguised 70-foot-high mono-pine. The mono-pine will blend with trees onsite and the surrounding areas. The mono-pine will be located where most of the surrounding properties are vacant and the mono-pine will look aesthetically pleasing and blend with the surrounding area.
- B. Fencing and Walls. Support equipment is located entirely within an equipment enclosure and not readily available to the general public. The 912 square foot enclosure will be partially screened from view with landscape vegetation. The proposed enclosure will be comprised of an 8-foot high CMU wall.
- C. Height Limitations. The project site is located within the Rural Residential (R-R) Zoning Classification, and disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet in height. The project proposes wireless communication facility disguised as a 70-foot mono-pine, exceeds the height limit, and the project has applied for Variance Case No. 190009 to address exceeding this height limit with findings as described above.
- D. Impacts. The location of this existing wireless communication facility is within an area which allows public utilities. The project will not result in adverse impacts to the surrounding community because the proposed wireless facility will not have an adverse effect on the environment, and will be minimally intrusive to the surroundings.
- E. Landscaping. The area surrounding the project site will have three (3) live pine trees and shrubs species along the CMU wall for adequate screening of the equipment and will also provide irrigation to maintain the growth and prosperity of the landscape materials, which meets the requirement of the Ordinance.
- F. Lighting Outside lighting is prohibited unless required by the FAA or the California Building Code ("CBC"). Any new lighting system used during construction or installed on the facility shall also be shielded to the greatest extent possible so as to minimize the negative impact of such lighting on adjacent properties and to not to create a nuisance for the surrounding property owners or wildlife.
- G. Noise All noise produced by wireless communication facilities shall be minimized and in no case shall noise produced exceed 45 decibels inside the nearest dwelling and 60 decibels at the property line. Wireless communication facilities typically produce negligible noise during normal operations and the nearest habitable structure will not be affected. The equipment enclosure will contain an emergency backup generator. The generator is to be only used in the event of a power disruption and during maintenance checks. It will not be used during the course of regular operations. Any noise produced by the generator is required to comply with the County noise standards.

- H. Parking: The wireless communication facility will provide one parking space for the employee providing maintenance to the tower.
- I. Paved Access. Access to the existing wireless communication facility is provided by a 20-foot wide access road via Manzanita Drive and Clubhouse Drive. Adequate access to the facility is provided.
- J. Power and Communication Lines. No above-ground power or communication lines shall be extended to the site and all underground utilities shall be installed in a manner so as to minimize disturbance of existing vegetation.
- K. Roof- Mounted Facilities. This project includes an AT&T Wireless Communication facility and is not roof mounted. This is not a roof mounted facility and as a result, this requirement to maintain rooftop equipment at a height of 10-feet or less above a roofline, does not apply.
- L. Sensitive View-shed: The wireless communication facility will be disguised as a mono-pine which will blend with the surrounding and will reduce the impacts of a negative view-shed.
- M. Setbacks. Disguised wireless communication facilities in or adjacent to residential zone classifications shall be setback from habitable dwellings at a distance equal to 200% of the facility. This project meets this development standard because the disguised wireless communication facility is setback approximately 300 feet from the nearest habitable dwelling. With the height of the proposed facility being 70 feet; the distance would need to be at least 140 feet from a habitable dwelling. The location of the mono-pine exceeds the required setback distance.
- N. Support Facilities Freestanding equipment enclosures shall be constructed to look like adjacent structures or facilities typically found in the area and shall adhere to the Countywide Design Standards and Guidelines, where appropriate. This project meets the development standard because the location of the new equipment closure will not be readily visible to the public, due to its location, being naturally screened behind the ridgeline. Furthermore, the enclosure will be closed in with an 8-foot high CMU block wall, painted in earth tones to match the surrounding environment.
- O. Treatment Wireless communication facilities shall be given a surface treatment similar to surrounding architecture and all finishes shall be light tan and shall match the surrounding environment.

Pursuant to Section 18.30 of Ordinance No. 348, the disguised wireless communication facility application has met the requirements for approval as follows:

1. This project meets the requirements for of the General Plan, Land Use Elements of Area Plans, Foundation Components, and Land Use Designations by its location within the Riverside Extended Mountain Area Plan (REMAP). As noted above, it has a Foundation Component of Open Space. It is consistent with these designations because under the REMAP Area Plan, within the community of Aguanga, utility and compatible resource development is encouraged. The proposed project along the northerly boundary of an existing RV Park for an unmanned wireless communication facility will service the local constituents in the area, making it consistent with the REMAP Area Plan, the Land Use Designation of OS-R, and the General Plan Foundation Component of Open Space. It is also in compliance with all other applicable land use policies and County ordinances.

- Based on the above, the plot plan is such that the overall development of the land is designed for the protection of the public health, safety, and general welfare, which are protected through the project design.
- 3. Based on the above, the project conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible the present and future logical development of the surrounding property. Because of the small lease area and type of use, there is no need for dedication or improvement of additional streets or sidewalks, and, compliance with building codes addresses topography and drainage.
- 4. All plot plans which permit the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each structure is located on a separate legally divided parcel. The project does not propose sale of multiple buildings or structures on one existing parcel, however, project shall comply with AND Planning. Land Division should any future subdivisions be proposed.

Other Findings:

- 1. The project site is located within the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan. This project fulfills the plan requirements and is not located within a Criteria Cell Number of the Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan.
- 2. The project site is not located within the Sphere of Influence.
- 3. The project site is not located within an Airport Influence Area ("AIA") boundary and is therefore not subject to the Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") review.
- 4. In compliance with Assembly Bill 52 (AB52), notices regarding this project were mailed to all requesting tribes on January 21, 2020. Agua Caliente deferred to closer tribes in a letter dated January 23, 2020. Cahuilla requested consultation in a letter dated January 21, 2020. The Phase I report and project exhibits were sent to Cahuilla on April 1, 2020. A follow up email was sent to the tribe on August 17, 2020 inquiring if Cahuilla had any further comments or concerns. No response has been received to date. Morongo responded in an email dated February 6, 2020 told Planning that they had no comments regarding the project. Pala declined consultation in an email dated January 29, 2020. Pechanga requested consultation in a letter dated February 20, 2020. The cultural report was provided to Pechanga on April 1, 2020. A follow up email was sent to Pechanga on August 17, 2020 asking if they wanted to continue consultation or if their concerns were resolved after review of the cultural report. No response has been received. No response to the AB52 notification was received from Rincon, Soboba, Ramona, or the Colorado River Indian Tribes.
- 5. The project site is located within Zone A of the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary, as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The project is required to comply with all lighting standards specified within Ordinance No. 655, pursuant to Zone A.
- 6. The project site is located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan ("SKRHCP"). Per County Ordinance No. 663 and the SKRHCP, all applicants who submit for development permits, including maps, within the boundaries of the Fee

Page 10 of 11

Assessment Area who cannot satisfy mitigation requirements through on-site mitigation, as determined through the environmental review process, shall pay a Mitigation Fee of \$500.00 per gross acre of the parcels proposed for development. Payment of the SKRHCP Mitigation Fee for this Project, instead of onsite mitigation, will not jeopardize the implementation of the SKRHCP as all core reserves required for permanent Stephen's Kangaroo Rat habitat have been acquired and no new land or habitat is required to be conserved under the SKRHCP.

Fire Findings:

- 1. The project site is located within a Cal Fire State Responsibility Area ("SRA") and is within a high fire hazard severity zone. As a part of being within an SRA, the Director of the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection or the designee must be notified of applications for building permits, tentative tract/parcel maps, and use permits for construction or development within an SRA. Riverside County Code Section 8.32.050 (C) (2) states that the Fire Chief is authorized and directed to enforce all applicable State fire laws and provisions of this ordinance and to perform such duties as directed by the Board of Supervisors. As designated, the Riverside County Assistant Fire Marshall shall have the authority to enforce all applicable State fire laws that the notification requirement of Title 14 has been met. The following additional findings are required to be met:
 - a. This wireless communication facility has been designed so that it is in compliance sections 4290 and 4291 of the Public Resources Code by providing a defensible space within each lot of 100 feet from each side, front and rear of a pad site, requiring that the site have fuel modification standards acceptable to the Riverside County Fire Department, requiring a minimum 10-foot clearance of all chimneys or stovetop exhaust pipes, no buildings shall covered or have dead brush overhang the roof line and requiring that the roof structure shall be maintained free of leaves, needles, or other vegetation.
 - b. Fire protection and suppression services will be available for the wireless communication facility through California Department of Forestry and Riverside County Fire Department.
 - c. The project site is located within a Cal Fire State Responsibility Area ("SRA") and is also located within a high hazard severity zone.

Conclusion:

 For the reasons discussed above, as well as the information provided in the Initial Study, the proposed project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. Moreover, the proposed project would not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

This project was advertised in the Press Enterprise Newspaper. Additionally, public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 1000 feet of the project site. As of the writing of this report, Planning Staff has received one (1) written communication for general information purposes, and no phone calls from 1000 feet who indicated support or opposition to the proposed project.

File No. PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 190017 / VAR190009 Director's Hearing Staff Report: October 19, 2020 Page 11 of 11

APPEAL INFORMATION

The Director's Hearing decision may be appealed to the Planning Commission. Such appeals shall be submitted in writing to the Clerk of the Board, with the required fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (Consolidated Fees for Land Use and Related Functions), within 10 days after the mailing of the Planning Director's decision.

The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no action by the Planning Commission is required unless, within ten days after the notice appears on the Planning Commission agenda, the applicant or an interested person files an appeal, accompanied by the fee set forth in Ordinance No. 671, or unless the Planning Commission assumes jurisdiction by ordering the matter set for public hearing."

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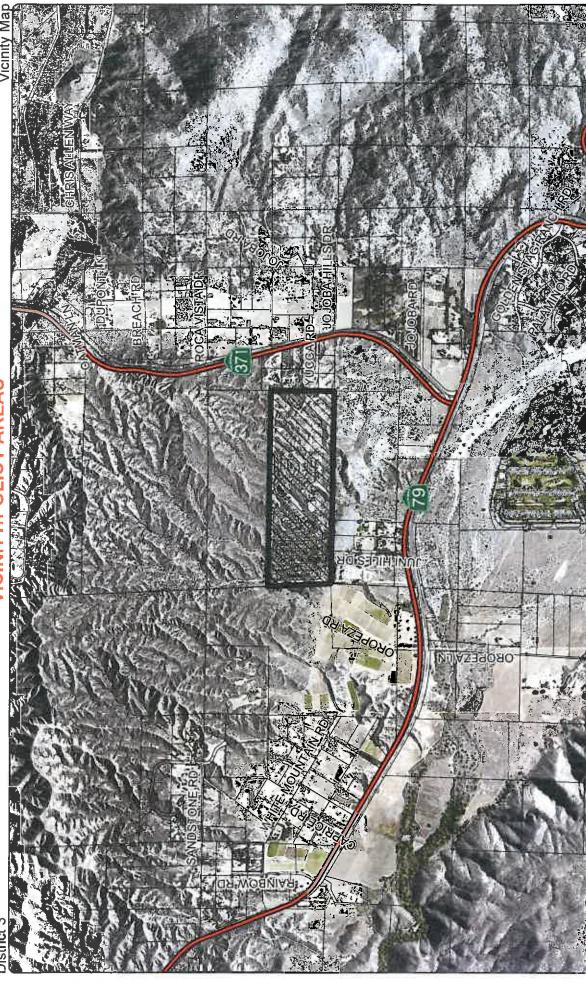
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Template Revision: 10/13/20

LANNING DEPARTMENT VAR190009 RIVERSIDE COUNTY

Supervisor: Washington

Date Drawn: 07/21/2020



Zoning Area: Aguanga



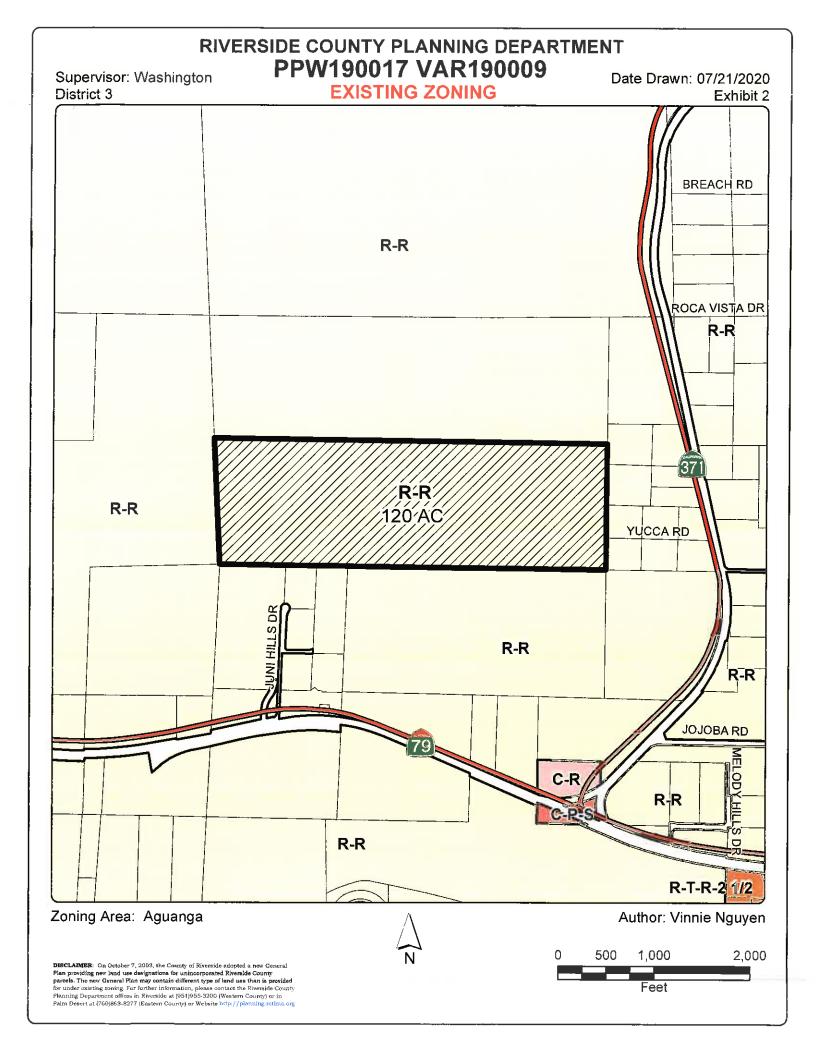
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Feet

Author: Vinnie Nguyen

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPW190017 VAR190009 Supervisor: Washington Date Drawn: 07/21/2020 **LAND USE** District 3 Exhibit 1 AGRICULTURE Zoning Area: Aguanga Author: Vinnie Nguyen 1,000 2,000 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951)955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.rotima.org Feet



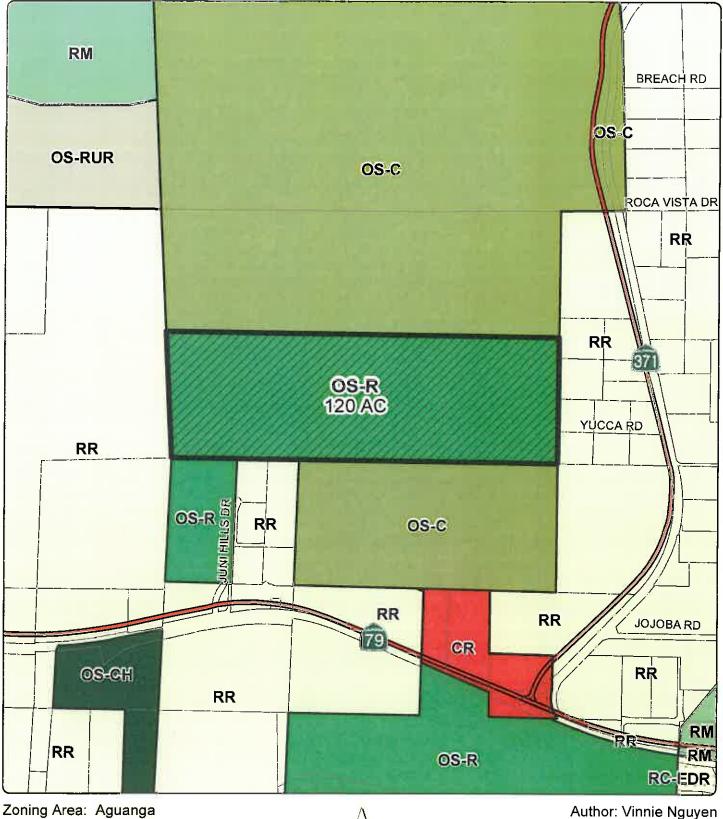
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPW190017 VAR190009

Supervisor: Washington District 3

EXISTING GENERAL PLAN

Date Drawn: 07/21/2020

Exhibit 5



DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use dusignations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contrain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County, Planning Department offices in Riverside at (55)1955-3000 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.rotlins.org

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CODE COMPLIANCE

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PROJECT TEAM

CLIENT REPL	CLIENT REPRESENTATIVE	CONSTRUCT	CONSTRUCTION MANAGER
COMPANY	SARRUNK ILC	COMPANY	BECHTEL COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
CITYSTATE ZP	NEW PORT BEACH, CA 52850	CITYSTATE	INCOME. CA 52805
CONTACT	A EXISTING AP	CONTACT.	RONVANDERMAL
PHONE	CHSP 628-7313	HOVE	17140345-0501
ENAIL	elsois decispagementinhacon	ENW.	Nardenw@bechts.com
SITE ACQUISITION	NOILI	ATT PROJEC	ATT PROJECT MANAGER
COMPANY	SAMPTING	COMPANY	ATRI
ADDRESS	3300 HAVE AVENUE, SUITE 300	ADDRESS	3073 4044S
CITY, STATE ZIP.	NEWPORT BEACH CA 90000	CITY, STATE ZIP.	PAYERSIDE, CA 20504
CONTACT	A EXIS DURLAR	CONTROL	BOS STURTEVANT
FORE	(\$49) 638-7313	HOVE	(714)473-7283
ENVIL	Medic charles @ amer Bridge com	DW.	a 1450@orl.com
ZONING		APPLICANT	
COMPANY	SMARTLP II.C.	COMPANY	AIST
ADDRESS:	300 RVINE AVENUE, SUITE 300	ADDRESS:	3073 ADAMS
CITYSTATE, ZP.	NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92000	CITY STATE ZP	POVERSIDE, CA. 2050A
CONTACT	WILKOZIA	CONTACT	BOB STURTEVANT
5	/225832(CB)	HONE:	(714)473-7388
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4475 E INFACONA NE. SUITE D
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COMPANY: ATRI
ADDRESS: N. EDWOERANE
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SITE INFORMATION



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3300 RVINE AVBAUE, SUITE 300 NEWPORT REACH, CA 92/30 TEL: (849) 387-1285 FAX: (849) 397-1275

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APPROVALS

AT&T

PLOT PLAN NO. 190017

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SITE NAME: JOJOBA 45120 HIGHWAY 79, AGUANGA, CA 92536 RIVERSIDE COUNTY

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LEGAL DESCRIPTION

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NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION

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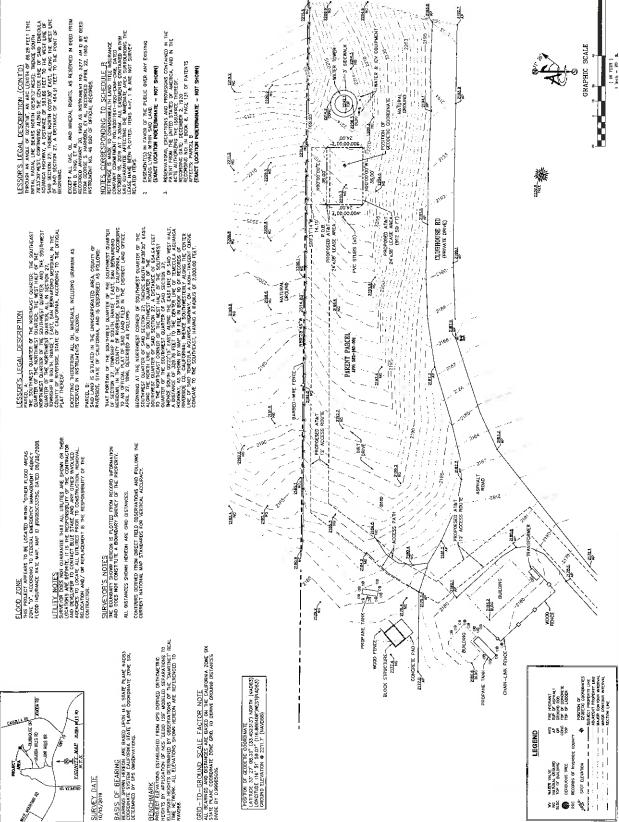
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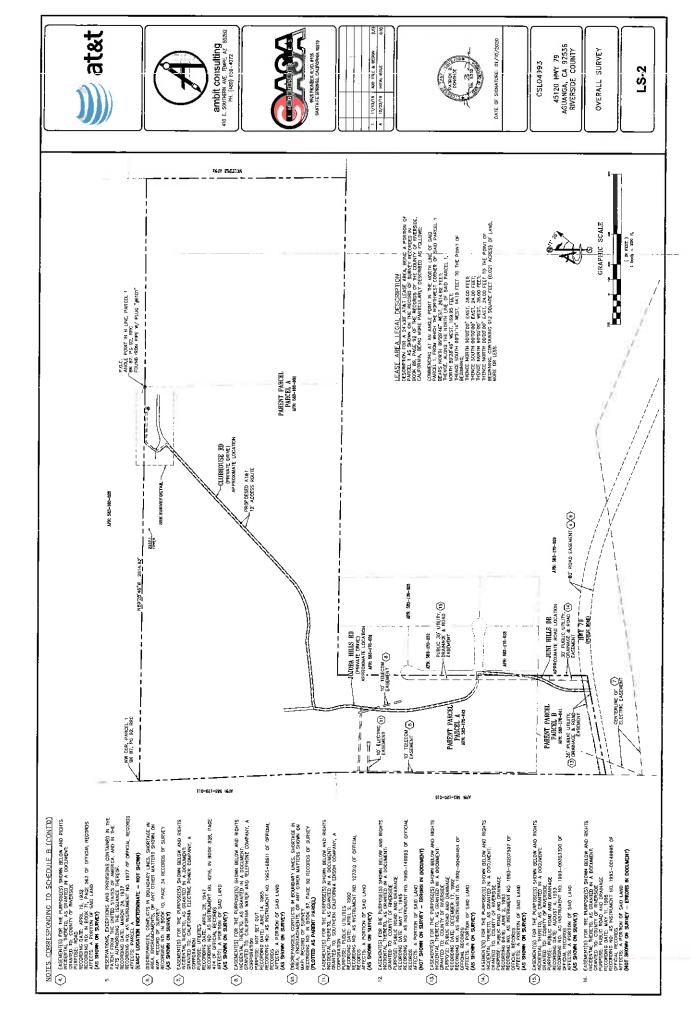
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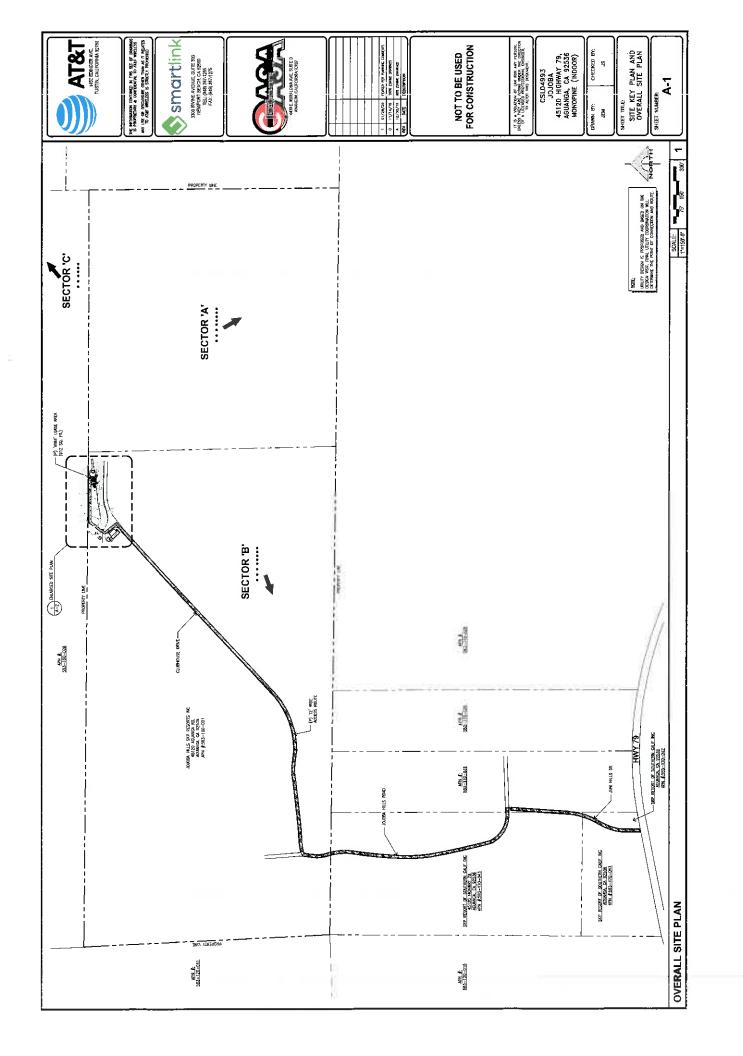
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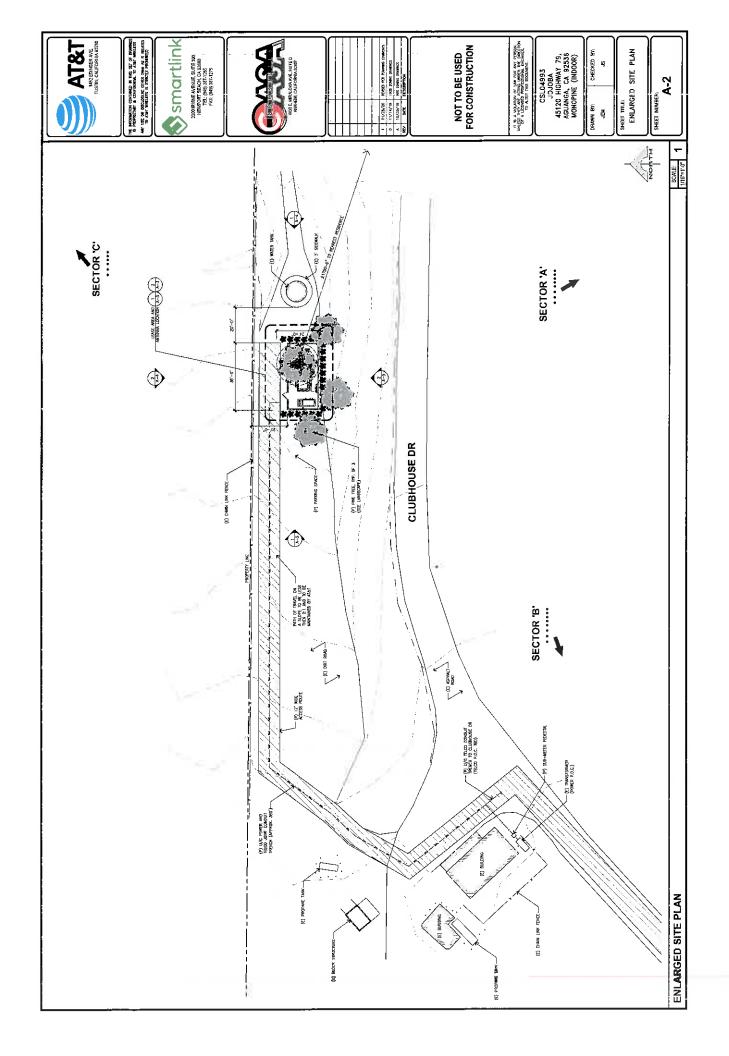
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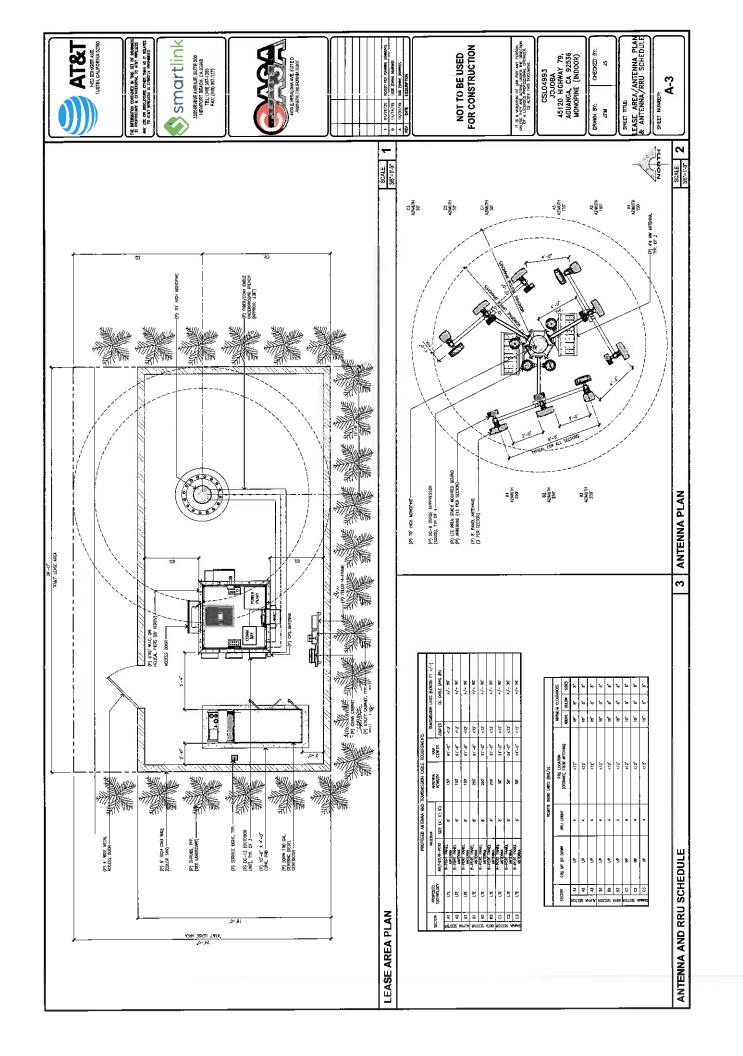
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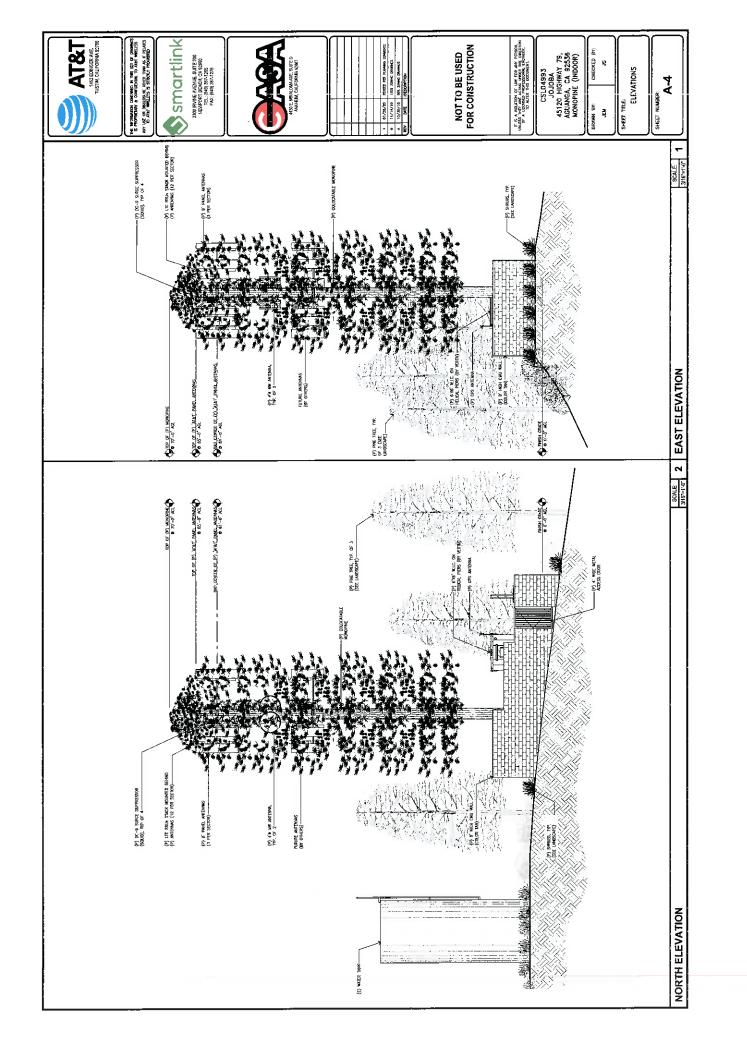


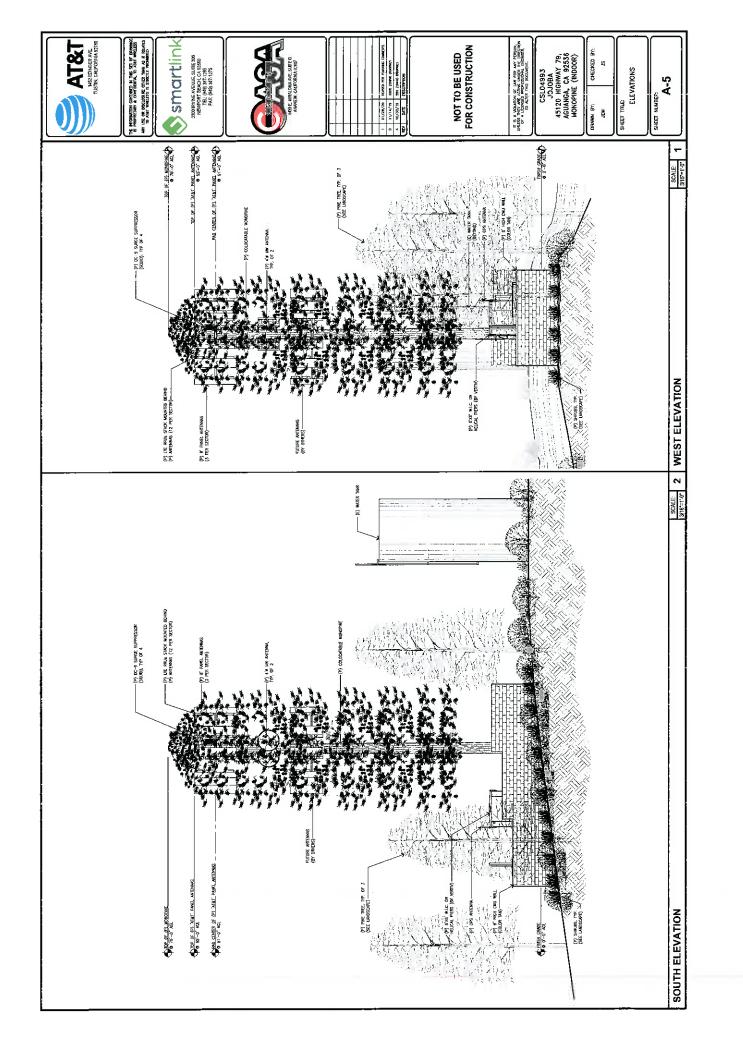


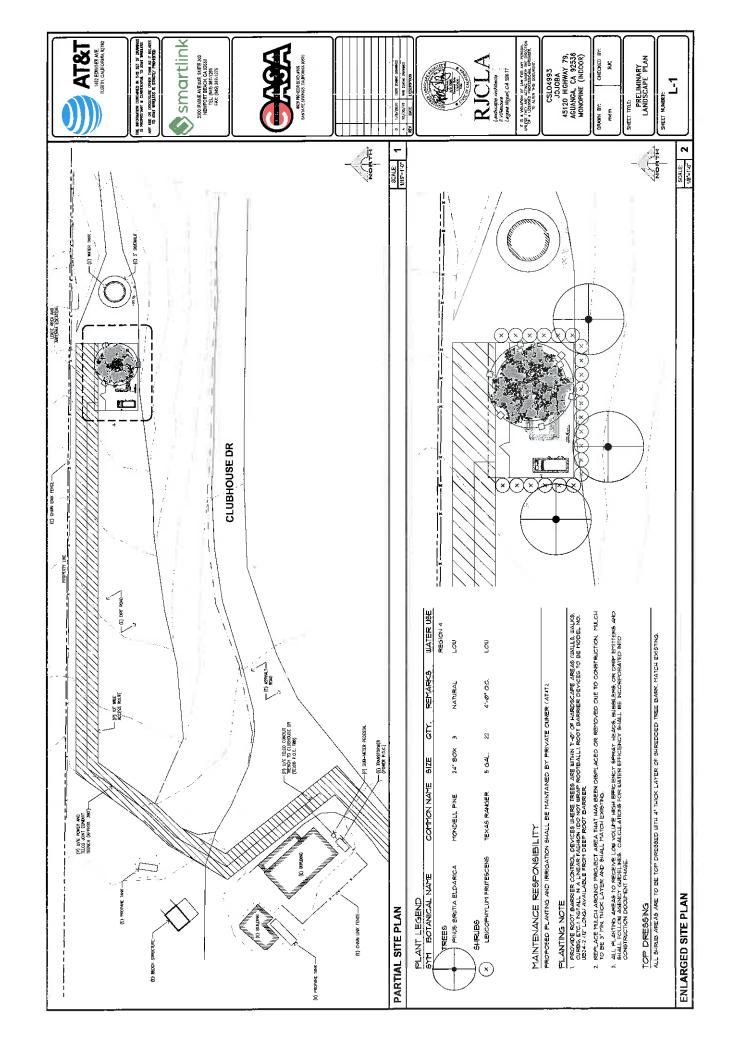










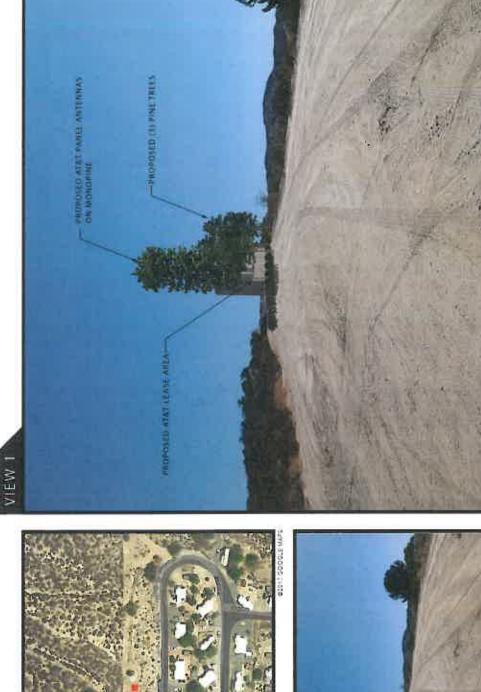




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JOJOBA 45120 HIGHWAY 79, AGUANGA, CA 92536







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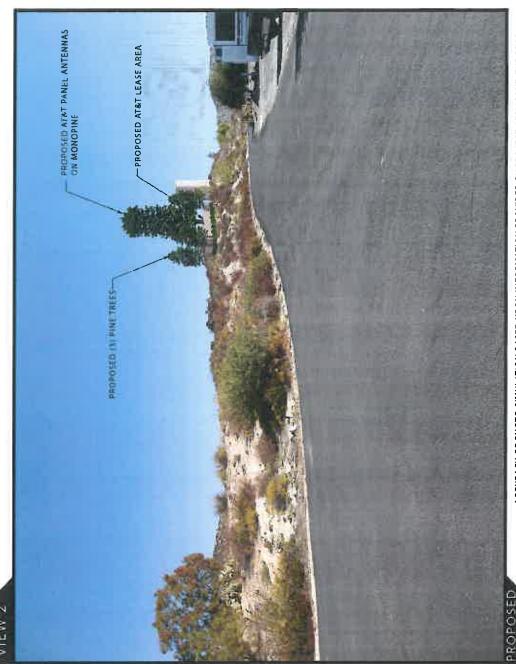
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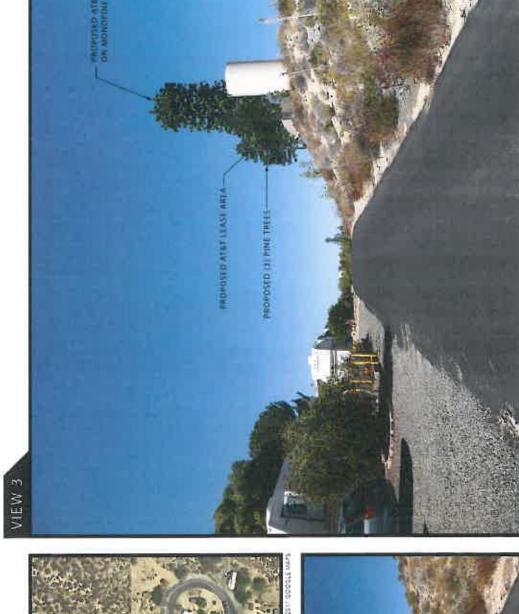


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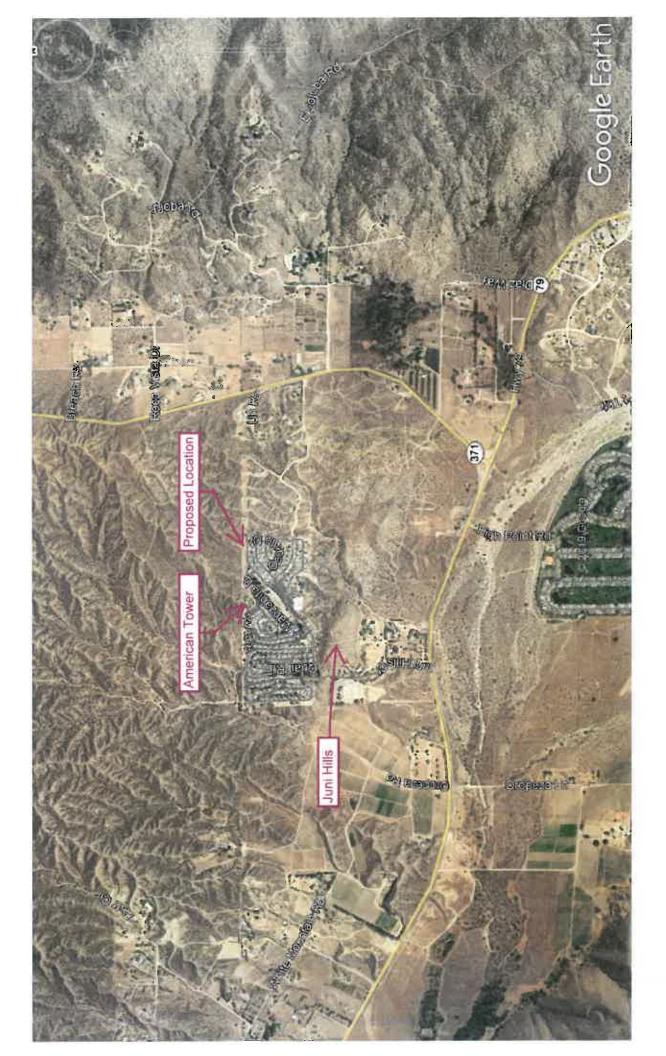
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COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FORM: INITIAL STUDY

Environmental Assessment (CEQ/EA) Number: 190168

Project Case Type (s) and Number(s): Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017; Variance Case No. 190009

Lead Agency Name: Riverside County Planning Department

Address: P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

Contact Person: Jay Olivas

Telephone Number: (760) 863-8271

Applicant's Name: Alisha Strasheim with Smartlink on behalf of AT&T

Applicant's Address: 3300 Irvine Avenue, Ste. 300, Newport Beach, CA 92660

I. PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Description:

Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 proposes to construct a wireless communication facility for AT&T, disguised as a 70-foot tall mono-pine with three (3) live pine trees, including twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within a 912 square foot lease area, surrounded by an 8-foot high barrier. **Variance Case No. 190009** is a proposal for a modification to the height requirement established through Section 19.410.C of Ordinance No. 348 which states disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet, the proposal requests a variance for a 70-foot tower.

- **A. Type of Project:** Site Specific ⊠; Countywide □; Community □; Policy □.
- B. Total Project Area: 120 Acres (912 square foot lease area)

Residential Acres:

Lots:

Units:

Projected No. of Residents: N/A

Commercial Acres:

Lots:

Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: 912

Est. No. of Employees:

Industrial Acres:

Lots:

Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area:

Est. No. of Employees:

Other: 120 Acres

Assessor's Parcel No(s): 583-160-001

- **C. Street References:** North of Clubhouse Drive, east of Manzanita Drive, west of State Highway 371, and more specifically located at 45120 Highway 79.
- D. Section, Township & Range Description or reference/attach a Legal Description: Township: 8 South Range:1 East Section and North East Section 27
- E. Brief description of the existing environmental setting of the project site and its surroundings: The project is located within an existing RV Park. The project is surrounded by mountainous terrain, state highways, vacant land, and scattered dwellings.

II. APPLICABLE GENERAL PLAN AND ZONING REGULATIONS

A. General Plan Elements/Policies:

1. Land Use: Open Space – Recreation (OS-R)

- 2. Circulation: The project has adequate circulation to the site such as from State Highway 79 and is therefore consistent with the Circulation Element of the General Plan. The proposed project meets all other applicable circulation policies of the General Plan.
- 3. Multipurpose Open Space: No natural open space land was required to be preserved within the boundaries of this project. The proposed project meets with all other applicable Multipurpose Open Space element policies.
- 4. Safety: The proposed project is located within a high fire responsibility area. The proposed project is located within special hazard zone (including fault zone); the unmanned wireless facility is conditioned to be constructed subject to CA building codes to address any impacts within these zones. The proposed project has allowed for sufficient provision of emergency response services through the project design and payment of development impact fees. The proposed project meets with all other applicable Safety element policies.
- 5. Noise: Sufficient measures against any foreseeable noise sources in the area have been provided for in the design of the project. The project will not generate noise levels in excess of standards established in the General Plan or noise ordinance. The project meets all other applicable Noise Element Policies.
- **6. Housing:** The project is for an unmanned wireless communication facility and the Housing Element Policies do not apply to this project.
- 7. Air Quality: The proposed project has been conditioned to control any fugitive dust during grading and construction activities. The proposed project meets all other applicable Air Quality element policies.
- **8. Healthy Communities:** The project is for an unmanned wireless communication facility and Healthy Communities do not apply to this project.
- B. General Plan Area Plan(s): REMAP Area Plan
- C. Foundation Component(s): Open Space
- D. Land Use Designation(s): Open-Space Recreation (OS-R)
- E. Overlay(s), if any: Not within an Overlay
- F. Policy Area(s), if any: Not within an Policy Area
- G. Adjacent and Surrounding:
- H. General Plan Area Plan(s): Riverside Extended Mountain Area Plan (REMAP)
 - 1. Foundation Component(s): Open Space and Rural
 - 2. Land Use Designation(s): Rural Residential (R-R) to the east and west, Open Space: Conservation (OS-C) to the north; and Open Space: Recreation (OS-R), Rural Residential (R-R) and Open Space: Conservation (OS-C) to the south.
 - 3. Overlay(s), if any: Not within an Overlay
 - 4. Policy Area(s), if any: Not within an Policy Area

I. Adopted Specific Plan Information
1. Name and Number of Specific Plan, if any: Not within a Specific Plan
2. Specific Plan Planning Area, and Policies, if any: Not within a Specific Plan Area
J. Existing Zoning: Rural Residential (R-R)
K. Proposed Zoning, if any: N/A
L. Adjacent and Surrounding Zoning: Rural Residential (R-R) to the north, south, east, and west.
III. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED
The environmental factors checked below (x) would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.
Aesthetics
IV. DETERMINATION On the basis of this initial evaluation: A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS NOT
PREPARED
I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project, described in this document, have been made or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS PREPARED
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED because (a) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, (b) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (c) the proposed project will not result in any new significant environmental effects not identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (d) the proposed project will not substantially increase the severity of the environmental

effects identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration measures have been identified and (f) no mitigation measures have been identified and (f) no mitigation measures have been identified and (f) no mitigation measures. I find that although all potentially significant effects EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable leg necessary but none of the conditions described in Califor An ADDENDUM to a previously-certified EIR or Negative considered by the approving body or bodies. I find that at least one of the conditions described in exist, but I further find that only minor additions or characteristics.	sures found infeasible have become feasible. have been adequately analyzed in an earlier al standards, some changes or additions are nia Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist. We Declaration has been prepared and will be California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 ages are necessary to make the previous EIR
adequately apply to the project in the changed situ ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required that n make the previous EIR adequate for the project as revise	eed only contain the information necessary to
I find that at least one of the following conditions Section 15162, exist and a SUBSEQUENT ENVIRON Substantial changes are proposed in the project which we or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significate in the severity of previously identified significant with respect to the circumstances under which the provious of the previous EIR or negative declaration environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severor (3) New information of substantial importance, which we with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time the negative declaration was adopted, shows any the following significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR of previously examined will be substantially more severe declaration; (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously examined will be substantially reduce one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR of previously examined will be substantially more severe declaration; (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously examined to adopt the mitigation measures of alternatives which are considerably different from thos declaration would substantially reduce one or more significant the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from thos declaration would substantially reduce one or more significant the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives.	described in California Code of Regulations, MENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required: (1) vill require major revisions of the previous EIR quificant environmental effects or a substantial effects; (2) Substantial changes have occurred oject is undertaken which will require major due to the involvement of new significant erity of previously identified significant effects; as not known and could not have been known previous EIR was certified as complete or the wing:(A) The project will have one or more regative declaration;(B) Significant effects than shown in the previous EIR or negative ously found not to be feasible would in fact be guificant effects of the project, but the project relaternatives; or,(D) Mitigation measures or e analyzed in the previous EIR or negative icant effects of the project on the environment,
Amolim	9/28/2020
Signature	Date
Project Planner Jay Olivas	For: Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

Printed Name

V. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSESSMENT

In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Code Section 21000-21178.1), this Initial Study has been prepared to analyze the proposed project to determine any potential significant impacts upon the environment that would result from construction and implementation of the project. In accordance with California Code of Regulations, Section 15063, this Initial Study is a preliminary analysis prepared by the Lead Agency, the County of Riverside, in consultation with other jurisdictional agencies, to determine whether a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or an Environmental Impact Report is required for the proposed project. The purpose of this Initial Study is to inform the decision-makers, affected agencies, and the public of potential environmental impacts associated with the implementation of the proposed project.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AESTHETICS Would the project:				
 Scenic Resources a) Have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located? 				
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?				
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure C-8 "Scenic Highways"

- a) The General Plan indicates that the project is not located within or visible from a designated scenic corridor. The proposed wireless communications as a disguised mono-pine with 3-live pine trees is approximately three-quarters of a mile from State Highway 79 to the south, a County eligible scenic highway, but is not visible from it. No impacts are expected.
- b) It has been determined that the proposed project will not obstruct any prominent scenic vistas. However, historically public testimony received for previously proposed wireless communication facilities has indicated that such facilities are sometimes considered to be aesthetically offensive when open to public view. To minimize this potential impact, the project has been designed to be disguised as a mono-pine with 3-live pine trees and will provide shrubs along the perimeter of the 8 foot high CMU wall barrier of the lease area which will allow the facility to blend in with the surrounding setting. In addition, to minimize the visual impact of the wireless communication facility the equipment shelter has been designed to blend in with the surrounding setting with earth tone colors. With the incorporation of these measures, the project will have less than significant impacts.

c) The project is located in a non-urbanized area with land use of (OS:R) in the REMAP Area Plan and, and will not substantially of quality of public views of the site and its surroundings. Due to public disguised tower, less than significant visual impacts will occur.	degrade the	existing vis	uai charac	ter or
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
2. Mt. Palomar Observatory a) Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655? 			\boxtimes	
Source(s): GIS database, Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Polls	ution)			
Findings of Fact:				
a) The Project site is located approximately 8.42 miles from the and is subject to the provisions of Ordinance No. 655. Ordinar lighting, aside from street lighting, be low to the ground, hooded a onto adjacent properties and streets indicated by the Ad. Planning.20-Telcom Lighting. Additionally any lighting shall purposes since permanent lighting is prohibited with wireless could by FAA or California Building Code. With the above-described Coless than significant.	nce No. 655 and directed visory Noti be limited ommunication	o mandates d in order to d ification Do to temporar on facilities	that all ou obstruct sh cument (a ry mainter unless req	tdoor nining AND) nance uired
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
3. Other Lighting Issues a) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
b) Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?				
Source(s): On-site Inspection, Project Application Description				
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) The proposed wireless communication facility may provide servicing the facility. Additionally any lighting shall be limited to to permanent lighting is prohibited with wireless communication California Building Code. The project will have less than significant	emporary m facilities u	naintenance	purposes	since
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AGRICULTURE & FOREST RESOURCES Would the project	t:			
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
b) Conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve?				
c) Cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm")?				\boxtimes
d) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-2 "A Project Application Materials	Agricultural	Resources,"	' GIS datal	base,
Findings of Fact:				
a) The project is located on land designated as "Urban Built Up County GIS database. Therefore, the proposed project will Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to non-agricul	not conve	ert Prime Fa	rmland, Ui	nique
b) According to GIS database, the project is not located with Williamson Act contract; therefore, no impact will occur as a impacts will occur.				
c) The project site is not surrounded by agriculturally zone. Therefore, the project will not cause development of a nagriculturally zoned property, therefore no impacts will occur.				
d) The project will not involve other changes in the existing enature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agriculture.				on or
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
a) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))?				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
c) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in con- version of forest land to non-forest use?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-3a County Parks, Forests, and Recreation Areas," Figure OS-3b County Parks, Forests, and Recreation Areas," Project Application	"Forestry F	Resources Ea		
Findings of Fact:				
a) The project is not located within the boundaries of a forest lar section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 511 will not impact land designated as forest land, timberland, or times a result, there is no impact.	Code section $04(g)$). The	on 4526), or ti erefore, the p	mberland z proposed pr	oned oject
b) The project is not located within forest land and will not result of forest land to non-forest use; therefore, no impact will occurrence, there is no impact.				
c) The project will not involve other changes in the existing ennature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest u	vironment w se. There v	hich, due to vill be no imp	their locatio	on or
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
AIR QUALITY Would the project:				
6. Air Quality Impacts a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? 				
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non- attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?			\boxtimes	
c) Expose sensitive receptors, which are located within one (1) mile of the project site, to substantial pollutant concentrations?			\boxtimes	
d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?				
<u>Source(s)</u> : Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County CEQA Air Quality Handbook	Climate Ac	tion Plan ("C	AP"), SCA(QMD
Findings of Fact: CEQA Guidelines indicate that a project violates any ambient air quality standard, contributes violation, or exposes sensitive receptors to substantial pollutan	substantia	lly to an exis		

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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a) The project will be required to comply with the existing SCAQMD rules for the reduction of fugitive dust emissions. SCAQMD Rule 403 established these procedures. Compliance with this rule is achieved through application of standard best management practices in construction and operation activities. Based on the size of this project's disturbance area (912 sq. ft.), a Fugitive Dust Control Plan or a Large Operation Notification Form would not be required. The Air Quality Analysis conducted for the project found that the construction and operation of the proposed project will not exceed criteria pollutant thresholds established by SCAQMD on a regional or localized level. The project will also not exceed the draft GHG screening threshold recommended by SCAQMD. Therefore, impacts to air quality are considered less than significant.

b-c) The South Coast Air Basin (SCAB) is in a non-attainment status for federal ozone standards, federal carbon monoxide standards, and state and federal particulate matter standards.

The project is consistent with the General Plan and the REMAP land use designation of OS-R. The General Plan (2020) is a policy document that reflects the County's vision for the future of Riverside County. The General Plan is organized into nine separate elements, including an Air Quality Element. The purpose of the Air Quality Element is to protect County residents from the harmful effects of poor air quality. The Air Quality Element identifies goals, policies, and programs that are meant to balance actions regarding land use, circulation, and other issues with their potential effects on air quality. The Air Quality Element, in conjunction with local and regional air quality planning efforts, addresses ambient air quality standards set forth by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Potential air quality impacts resulting from the proposed Project would not exceed emissions projected by the Air Quality Element. The County is charged with implementing the policies in the General Plan Air Quality Element, which are focused on reducing concentrations of criteria pollutants, reducing negative impacts to sensitive receptors, reducing mobile and stationary pollutant sources, increasing energy conservation and efficiency, improving the jobs to housing balance, and facilitating multi-jurisdictional coordination for the improvement of air quality.

To ensure that the project will not significantly impact air quality in the short-term during construction or in the long-term through operation, in accordance with standard county requirements, dust control measures and maintenance of construction equipment shall be utilized on the property to limit the amount of particulate matter generated. These are standard Conditions of Approval, and are not considered mitigation pursuant to CEQA.

As an unmanned wireless facility with a small footprint and only occasional maintenance, the proposed project would primarily impact air quality through increased automotive emissions. However, projects of this type and size do not generate enough traffic and associated air pollutants to violate clean air standards or contribute enough air pollutants to be considered a cumulatively considerable significant impact. Project construction would involve the use of heavy equipment creating temporary exhaust pollutants from on-site movement and from equipment bringing concrete and other building materials to the site. Other emissions generated would be by the vehicle driven to provide maintenance to the cell site periodically. Therefore, impacts to air quality are considered less than significant.

d) A sensitive receptor is a person in the population who is particularly susceptible to health effects due to exposure to an air contaminant than is the population at large. Sensitive receptors (and the facilities that house them) in proximity to localized CO sources, toxic air contaminants or odors are of particular concern. High levels of CO are associated with major traffic sources, such as freeways and major intersections, and toxic air contaminants are normally associated with manufacturing and commercial operations. Land uses considered to be sensitive receptors include long-term health care facilities,

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
rehabilitation centers, convalescent centers, retirement homes care centers, and athletic facilities. Surrounding land uses in sensitive receptor, however, an unmanned wireless comm substantial point source emitter or a sensitive receptor. Accordition: No mitigation is required.	clude resident	ential, which facility is no	is conside t consider	red a
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
7. Wildlife & Vegetation a) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan? 			\boxtimes	
b) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12)?				
c) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U. S. Wildlife Service?				
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
e) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
f) Have a substantial adverse effect on State or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				\boxtimes
g) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes
Source(s): GIS database, WRCMSHCP and/or CVMSHCP, of Findings of Fact: a) The project site does not conflict with the provisions of an additional Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, region project site is within the Western Riverside County Multiples	opted Habita onal, or sta	at Conservation	ion plan.	The

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
(WRMSHCP) within cell number 7663, but is not located within subject to Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Fee Ord. 663.10. Less tha	n a conserva n significan	ation area. T t impacts will	he project s l occur.	site is
b-c) Disturbance of any nesting bird habitat shall be avoided otherwise a Migratory Bird Treaty Act nesting bird survey shall grading permit, and the results of this presence/absence Environmental Programs Division in accordance with Conditional project will have a less than significant impact.	all be conduction survey be	cted prior to provided in	issuance o	of any
d) The project will not interfere substantially with the movemer or wildlife species or with established native resident migrator native wildlife nursery sites. Therefore, there is no impact.				
e-f) The project site does not contain riverine/riparian area Therefore, there is no impact. The project site does not contain jurisdictional to either the California Department of Fish and Wil No impacts to riparian habitat or other sensitive natural common policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish Service or federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 4.	any drainag Idlife or the U unity identifi sh and Wildl	ges that woul J.S. Army Co led in local o life or U.S. I	ld be consid orp of Enginar r regional p Fish and Wi	dered eers. dans, ildlife
g) The proposed project is subject to the Riverside County Oa trees are located on the project site. No impacts will occur.	k Tree Man	agement Gu	idelines. No	oak
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project				
8. Historic Resources a) Alter or destroy a historic site?				\boxtimes
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?				\boxtimes
Source(s): On-site Inspection, Project Application Materials; C 7089r1	County Arch	aeological R	eport (PDA) No.
Findings of Fact:				
a) Based upon analysis of records and County Archaeological determined that there will be no impacts to historical resource Regulations, Section 15064.5 because they do not occur on erased any chance surface resources to be present and the pronot previously disturbed. Therefore, there will be no impacts to	rces as de the project oject will not	fined in Cal site. Previo disturb any	ifornia Cod	le of has
b) Based upon analysis of records, it has been determined the historical resources as defined in California Code of Regulation occur on the project site. As such, no change in the signification	is, Section 1	5064.5 beca	use they do	o not

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
with the implementation of the proposed project because the Therefore, there will be no impacts in this regard. Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.	re are no si	gnificant histo	orical resou	irces.
Archaeological Resources a) Alter or destroy an archaeological site?				
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource, pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?				\boxtimes

Source(s): On-Site Inspection, Project Application Materials; County Archaeological Report (PDA) No. 7089r1

- a) Based upon analysis of records and County Archaeological Report (PDA) No. 7089r1, it has been determined that there will be no impacts to archaeological resources or alter or destroy an archaeological site. County Archaeological Report (PDA) No.7089r1 submitted for this project (PPW190017) was prepared by Helix Environmental and is entitled: Phase I Cultural Resource Assessment AT&T Mobility, LLC Facility Candidate CSL04993 (Jojoba), Aguanga, Riverside County, California, dated January 24, 2020. PDA07089r1 concludes: The results of the record search indicated that fourteen historic age or pre-contact resources have been recorded within the one-mile search radius, however, none are located within the APE or the larger 120 acre APN. In addition, no NR eligible or listed historic properties have been recorded within one mile of the APE. The APE has been previously surveyed on two locations and was negative for both pre-contact and historic age resources. The pedestrian survey conducted for this project was also negative for both precontact and historic age resources within the Direct and Indirect APE. PDA07089r1 recommends: The results of this assessment indicate it is unlikely that cultural resources, including historic properties, would be adversely affected or impacted by the installation of the proposed telecommunications facility. The APE is in a previously surveyed and developed parcel, and no cultural resources or historic properties were recorded within the APE during either of the previous surveys. In addition, HELIX is requesting a finding of No Historic Properties in the APE for Direct and Indirect Effects. Therefore, HELIX recommends a finding of no effect/no significant impact and does not recommend additional cultural resource mitigation or mitigation monitoring prior to construction. Therefore, there will be no impacts in this regard.
- b) Based upon analysis of records and a survey of the property it has been determined that there will be no impacts to significant archaeological resources as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5 because they do not occur on the project site. Therefore no change in the significance of archaeological resources would occur with the implementation of the proposed project because there are no significant archaeological resources. Therefore, there will be no impacts in this regard.
- c) Based on an analysis of records, it has been determined that the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. Nonetheless, the project will be required to adhere to State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 if

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
in the event that human remains are encountered and by en until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings a pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 (b), remaisturbance until a final decision as to the treatment and their claw, and is considered a standard Condition of Approval and mitigation. Therefore impacts in this regard are considered less	s to origin on a single of the contract of the	of the remair be left in place has been ma t to CEQA, is	ns. Further ce and free de. This is	more, from State
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
ENERGY Would the project:				
10. Energy Impacts a) Result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				
b) Conflict with or obstruct a State or Local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				
Application Materials Findings of Fact: a-b) Implementation of the proposed Project will comply with Code. The Project is not anticipated to utilize a significant therefore, no impacts are anticipated. Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project directly or indirect 11. Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or County Fault Hazard Zones a) Be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?	tly.			
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-2 "Eartho Geologist Comments, County Geologic Report No. 190044	quake Fault	Study Zones	," GIS data	base,
Findings of Fact:				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a-b) The Project site is not located within a currently des Earthquake Fault Zone, but is located within a County of compliance with Section 1613 of the 2013 California Buildin constructed on the site will be designed and constructed to re Impacts in regards to this issue area will be less than signific	Riverside Fac g Code (CBC sist the effect	ult Hazard Z C), structures	one. Mand proposed	latory to be
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
12. Liquefaction Potential Zone a) Be subject to seismic-related ground failure including liquefaction? 	,			
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-3 "Ge Report No. 190044	eneralized Lic	quefaction," (County Geo	ologic
Findings of Fact:				
a) According to the project Geologic Report, based on the dathe site and no groundwater being encountered within 3 liquefaction at the site is considered to be negligible. No important	1.5 feet belov	w the site, t		
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
13. Ground-shaking Zonea) Be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-4 "Ea and Figures S-13 through S-21 (showing General Ground SI 190044	arthquake-Ind naking Risk),	uced Slope County Geol	Instability I logic Repo	Иар," rt No.
Findings of Fact: a) Strong ground shaking can be expected at the site, as a during moderate to severe earthquakes in this general regio can be lessened to a level of insignificance through compliant Seismic Design requirements and the building permit reverequired by Riverside County Ordinance. This requirement CEQA purposes. The proposed project will have a less that shaking.	n. Potential in se with the cur iew process. It is not cons	mpacts from rent Californi Such comp idered uniqu	ground sha a Building bliance sha ae mitigatio	aking Code all be on for
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
14. Landslide Risk a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards?				
<u>Source(s)</u> : On-site Inspection, Riverside County General Plan Slope," Geology Report	n Figure S-5	"Regions Un	derlain by S	Steep
Findings of Fact:				
 a) According to the General Plan and the Project Consulting potential for risk of landslides. Potential for lateral spreading, low. Therefore, impacts will be less than significant. 	•			
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-7 "Docum	nented Subs	sidence Areas	s Map," Ge	ology
Findings of Fact:				
a) The effects of areal subsidence generally occur at the tra areas and adjacent hillside terrain, where materials of substant alluvium vs. bedrock) are present. This condition does not occ My County," the Project site is mapped as not being in a subsi	tially differer ur on the pr	nt engineering oject site. Ad	g properties cording to	s (i.e. "Map
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
16. Other Geologic Hazards a) Be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard? 				
Source(s): On-site Inspection, Project Application Materials,	Geology Re	eport		
Findings of Fact:				
a) The Project site is not located in close proximity to any na Additionally, there are no volcanoes in the Project vicinity. As to inundation by tsunamis or seiches, and will not be affected by	such, the p	roject site wi	ll not be su	bject

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
17. Slopes a) Change topography or ground surface relief features?				
b) Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet?				\boxtimes
c) Result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems?				\boxtimes
Source(s): Riv. Co. 800-Scale Slope Maps, Project Applicati	on Material	s; Geology R	leport	
Findings of Fact:				
a) The project will not significantly change the existing top preparation for 912 square foot lease area is located on flat to				site
b) The project will not cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or creatopography. There are no impacts.	ate a slope	higher than '	10 feet sind	e flat
c) The project will not result in grading that affects or negate since no septic systems are located within the 912 square foot				tems
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
18. Soils a) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			\boxtimes	
b) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1802.3.2 of the California Building Code (2007), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				
c) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				\boxtimes
Source(s) : U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service Soil Surveys Inspection, Soils Report	s, Project A	application M	aterials, Oi	n-site
Findings of Fact:				
a) The development of the site could result in the loss of top manner that would result in significant amounts of soil erosion Practices (BMPs) would prevent any impacts from rising to a le	n. Impleme	ntation of Be	est Manage	ment

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
requirements that do not constitute mitigation pursuant to significant.	CEQA.	mpacts wou	ld be less	than
b) The project may be located on expansive soil; however, Cal pertaining to utility related development will prevent any impacts CBC requirements are applicable to all development and CEQA. Impacts would be less than significant.	acts from ris	sing to a leve	l óf signific	cance.
c) The project is for the installation of an unmanned wireless of the use of sewers or septic tanks. The project will have no im-		ion facility an	d will not r	equire
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
19. Wind Erosion and Blowsand from project either on or off site.a) Be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion and blowsand, either on or off site?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-8 "Wild 460, Article XV & Ord. No. 484	nd Erosion	Susceptibility	Map," Or	d. No.
Findings of Fact:				
a) The site is located in an area of Moderate Wind Erodibility r Policy for Wind Erosion requires buildings and structures to be covered by the California Building Code. With such compliance in wind erosion and blow sand, either on or off site and is con- considered CEQA mitigation. Therefore, the impact is considered	e designed to e, the project risidered a s	to resist wind ct will not resu standard requ	loads which alt in an inc	ch are rease
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:			Т	
20. Greenhouse Gas Emissions a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Riverside Cour	nty Climate	Action Plan	("CAP"), P	roiect

Application Materials

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Findings of Fact:				
a) The project is for the installation of an unmanned wireless of foot-high mono-pine, within a 912 square foot lease area. The small-scale construction activities that will not involve an extendation. Therefore, greenhouse gas emissions generated duraddition, the powering of the cell tower will not require an exproject is not anticipated to generate greenhouse gas emissions environment. Impacts are less than significant.	installation sive amoun ing constru- tensive amo	of the mono- it of heavy di ction phase ount of electi	-pine will in uty equipmo are minim ricity. There	volve ent or al. In efore,
b) The project will not conflict with an applicable plan, policy reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. The project will	or regulation have less t	n adopted fo han significa	r the purpo nt impact	se of
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the pro	ject:			
21. Hazards and Hazardous Materials a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? 				
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter (1/4) mile of an existing or proposed school?				
e) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
Source(s): Project Application Materials				
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) The project proposes the use of a backup emergency generator. A Business Emergenth bandling of spills and leaks shall be submitted to the Cou	icy Plan (Bi	EP) that also	addresse	s the

Management Branch (HMMB) for review. This is a standard Hazmat Clearance condition and not considered mitigation for CEQA purposes. Therefore, the impact is considered less than significant.

c) The project will not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan. There is no impact

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
d) The project site is not located within one-quarter mile of ar be no impact.	n existing or	proposed s	chool. Ther	e will
e) The project is not located on a site which is included on a li pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a resu the public or the environment. There is no impact.	ist of hazard ult, would it	lous material create a sign	s sites com ificant haza	npiled ard to
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
22. Airportsa) Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan?				\boxtimes
b) Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission?				\boxtimes
c) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
d) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-20 "Airp	ort Location	s," GIS datal	oase	
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) The project site is not located within Airport Compatibility there will be no impact.	Airport Influ	ence Area (A	NA). There	fore,
c-d) The project would not result in a safety hazard for people because the project is not located within two miles of a public of a private airstrip or heliport. Therefore, there will be no impart	airport, it's r	working in the working was a contract was a contract was a contract with the working working with the working in the contract was a contract with the working in the contract was a contract with the	he project a ithin the vio	area, cinity
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:				
 Water Quality Impacts a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade 			\boxtimes	
surface or ground water quality?				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
the project may impede sustainable groundwater				
the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?				
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces?				
d) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site?			\boxtimes	
e) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding onsite or off-site?				
f) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				\boxtimes
g) Impede or redirect flood flows?			\boxtimes	
h) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk the release of pollutants due to project inundation?				\boxtimes
 i) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan? 				

<u>Source(s)</u>: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-9 "Special Flood Hazard Areas," Figure S-10 "Dam Failure Inundation Zone," Riverside County Flood Control District Flood Hazard Report/Condition, GIS database

- a) The proposed project is not anticipated to substantially violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements due to limited scope of project including 912 square foot lease pad with existing access from Jojoba Hills Road. Therefore, the impact is considered less than significant.
- b) The project will not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin, since no water service is proposed or required with proposed wireless communication site. Therefore, no impacts are expected.
- c) The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces since the site project is limited to 912 square foot lease area in non-flood hazard area. Impacts would be less than significant.
- d) The project will not result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site since project is limited in scope with paved and improved 120 acre RV Park site. Impacts are less than significant.
- e) The project will not substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site due to limited scope of improved area consisting of 912 square foot pad. Impacts are less than significant.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant impact	No Impact
f) The project would not create or contribute runoff wa or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide s since project is not located with a flood hazard area and square foot lease area. Therefore impacts are less tha	substantial additiona d limited improveme	al sources o	f polluted r	unoff
g) The project is located in an area of minimal flood ha flood flows. No flood impacts are expected.	azard and therefore	would not im	pede or red	direct
			•••	
 h) The project is not located in a flood hazard area, release of pollutants due to project inundation. No imp 			nor will ris	k the
	acts are anticipated ementation of a w	ater quality	control pla	an or
release of pollutants due to project inundation. No impli i) The project will not conflict with or obstruct impl sustainable groundwater management plan since no	acts are anticipated ementation of a w	ater quality	control pla	an or

LAND USE/PLANNING Would the project.		
24. Land Use a) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? 		
b) Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)?		

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, GIS database, Project Application Materials

- a) The project proposes 70 foot high mono-pine with an equipment shelter in a 912 square foot lease area. The project site is currently designated Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) on the REMAP Area Plan. In the Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) Land Use Designation allows recreational uses including parks, trails, athletic fields, and golf courses. Neighborhood parks are permitted within residential land uses. Additionally, the project proposes a variance to increase height limits in the RR zone from 50-feet to 70-feet for the proposed mono-pine due to unique topography and coverage limits which is in support of greater height limits up to 70-feet for the mono-pine; no significant environmental impact would occur as result of the variance since the mono-pine with 3-live palm trees is compatible with the northeast portion of the 120 acre site. Therefore, impacts are less than significant.
- b) The project is not located within a sphere of influence. There have not been comments received as of the writing of this report for any local residents. Therefore, it will not affect land uses within a city sphere of influence and/or within adjacent city or county boundaries, due this project being infill development. Therefore, impacts are less than significant.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
25. Mineral Resources a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?				\boxtimes
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes
c) Potentially expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing, or abandoned quarries or mines?				\boxtimes
a) The project site is not within MRZ, which is defined as areas indicates that mineral deposits are likely to exist; however undetermined. The General Plan identifies policies that erroperations and for appropriate management of mineral extra constitute a loss of availability of a known mineral resource of encroach on existing extraction. No existing or abandone surrounding the project site. The project does not propose an Any mineral resources on the project site will be unavailable project will not result in the permanent loss of significant minerals. The project will not result in the loss of availability of a known or designated by the State that would be of value to the region of will not result in the loss of availability of a locally important mon a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan. The of the project will not be an incompatible land use located adjustices.	er, the sign courage paction. As would inclu disperse will be necessary mineral resource on mineral resource will be nere will be	inificance of rotection for significant im de unmanag or mines extraction on of the projects. There will resource in an ents of the Sturce recovery no impact.	the deponexisting management that we destraction the project; however the project; however the project area class ate. The project site delination	sit is nining would on or area t site. r, the act. sified roject eated
area or existing surface mine. There will be no impact. Mitigation: No mitigation is required.	acent to a s	otate classifie	ed of design	nateu
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
NOISE Would the project result in: 26. Airport Noise a) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to				
excessive noise levels?				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-20 "Airpo Facilities Map	ort Locations	s," County of	Riverside A	irport
Findings of Fact:				
a) The project is not located within the vicinity of an Airport In been adopted. Therefore, this does not apply in this case and				n has
b) The project is for an unmanned wireless facility and is no airstrip. Therefore it would not expose people to excessive noi	ot located w ise levels. T	vithin the vic There will be	inity of a p no impact.	rivate
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
b) Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?				\boxtimes
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Table N-1 ("Land Exposure"), Project Application Materials Findings of Fact:	d Use Comp	eatibility for C	Community	Noise
a) Although the project will increase the ambient noise level in the and the general ambient noise level will increase slightly after generated during project construction and the operation of the standards, which restricts construction (short-term) and operation will be consistent with the County Noise Ordinance No. 847; than significant.	r project cor site must co ional (long-t	mpletion. Ho emply with th erm) noise le	owever, all e County's evels. The p	noise noise roject
b) The project would not expose persons to or generation established in the local General Plan or noise ordinance, or a expose persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vi impacts are anticipated.	pplicable st	andards of c	ther agenc	ies or
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
DAL FONTO COLOAL DECOLIDADO				
PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES: 28. Paleontological Resources a) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, site, or unique geologic feature?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-8 "Pal	eontologica	I Sensitivity"		
Findings of Fact:				
a) According to GIS database, this site has been mapped as I resources. However, based on the County Geologist review, a lease area on previously disturbed land within northeast prop to Condition of Approval 60.Planning.PAL, less than significant Mitigation: No mitigation is required.	and minimal erty corner	disturbance of 120 acre	with 916 so	quare
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:				
29. Housing a) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
b) Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?				
c) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
Source(s) : Project Application Materials, GIS database, F Element	Riverside Co	ounty Gener	al Plan Ho	using
Findings of Fact:				
a) The project is a 70 foot high mono-pine with an equipment sa vacant portion of 120 acre site. There is an existing RV Parl lease area is not occupied by any people. Implementation of people, which would not require construction of replacement high people.	k site, howe the facility w	ver, the prop ould not dis	osed mono place housi	ppine ng or
b) The project simply proposes an unmanned wireless facili housing demand. Therefore, there would be no impact.	ty and woul	d not result	in an affor	dable

c) According to Riverside County's "Map My County," the site is not located within or adjacent to any County Redevelopment Project Area. The project simply proposes an unmanned wireless facility.

	Potentially Significan Impact		Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Implementation of the project would not result in the Thus, the proposed project will have no impact.	ne construction of hous	ing or in a por	oulation incr	ease.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
PUBLIC SERVICES Would the project result in the provision of new or physically altered governing governmental facilities, the construction of which to maintain acceptable service ratios, response following public services:	ment facilities or the ne could cause significan	eed for new of environment	r physically al impacts, i ives for any	altered n order
30. Fire Services			\boxtimes	
The project area is serviced by the Riverside Courwill be moderated by the payment of standard fedirectly physically alter the facilities or result in the new facilities required by the cumulative effect applicable environmental standards. The project prevent any potential effects to fire services from Condition of Approval and pursuant to CEQA is reless than significant. Mitigation: No mitigation is required. Monitoring: No monitoring is required.	ees to the County of Fine construction of new its of surrounding project shall comply with the rising to a level of s	Riverside. The facilities. And ects would be county Ordinal figurificance. The county of the county	e project way construct nave to me ance No. 6 his is a sta	ill not ion of et all 59 to ndard
31. Sheriff Services				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact:				
The proposed area is serviced by the Riverside would not have an incremental effect on the level of area. The project must comply with County Ordina services. This is a standard Condition of Approval Therefore, the impacts are less than significant.	of sheriff services provi ance No. 659 to prever	ded in the vici It any potentia	nity of the p	roject sheriff
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
32. Schools				
Source(s): Hemet Unified School District correspondence,	GIS databas	Э		
Findings of Fact:				
The project will not physically alter the facilities or result in the facilities. The proposed project is located within the Hemet Unew facilities required by the cumulative effects of this project meet all applicable environmental standards. This project has Mitigation Impact fees in order to mitigate the potential effect Condition of Approval and pursuant to CEQA, is not consider significant.	Unified School ect and surrous as been condi ects to school	District. An nding projec tioned to cor services. The	y construct ts would ha mply with S nis is a star	ion of ive to chool ndard
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
33. Libraries				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				<u> </u>
Findings of Fact:				
The proposed project will not create a significant incrementa will not require the provision of new or altered government wireless communications facility, this project will not provid attract people to the area, requiring the need for additional expected.	nt facilities at le housing, cr	this time. A eate any jol	s an unma bs, or other	nned rwise
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
34. Health Services				\boxtimes
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact:				
The use of the proposed lease area would not cause an imp within the service parameters of County health centers. The facilities or result in the construction of new or physically al- communications facility, this project will not provide housing, of to the area, requiring the need for additional health services.	ne project will tered facilities create any jobs	not physica . As an unn s, or otherwis	Ily alter exinanned wire se attract pe	sting eless

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
RECREATION Would the project:				
a) Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
b) Increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
c) Be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?				\boxtimes
 a) The project proposes a 70-foot high mono-pine tower with a lease area. The project would not include recreational facilities of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physica will have no impact. b) The project would not include the use of existing neighborhood. 	or require t I effect on t	the construct he environm	ion or expa ent. The p	nsion roject
facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the fac project will have no impact.				
c) The project is not located within a County or Community Se required to pay Quimby fees. The project will have no impact.	rvice Area;	utility related	projects ar	e not
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
36. Recreational Trails a) Include the construction or expansion of a trail system?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure C-6 Trails	and Bikewa	ay System		
Findings of Fact:				
a) The project is for an unmanned wireless communications impact a recreational trail in the vicinity of the project. The pro				ed or

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
TRANSPORTATION Would the project:				
37. Transportation			\boxtimes	
a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance, or policy				
addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway,				
bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?				
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion				\boxtimes
management program, including, but not limited to level of				
service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion				
management agency for designated roads or highways?				
c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric				
design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous	Ш			\boxtimes
intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)?				
d) Cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered		<u> </u>		$\overline{\square}$
maintenance of roads?	Ļ		Ш	\boxtimes
e) Cause an effect upon circulation during the pro-	$\overline{}$			\square
ject's construction?				
f) Result in inadequate emergency access or access				\boxtimes
to nearby uses?				

Source(s): Riverside County General Plan, Project Application Materials

- a-b) The Project proposes an unmanned telecommunication facility as a 70-foot high mono-pine. Any traffic resulting from the proposed Project will be due to occasional maintenance, which will involve one vehicle at a time and minimal equipment. Therefore, there will be no increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system and there will be no conflict with the Riverside County Transportation Commission's (RCTC) Riverside County Congestion Management Program. Vehicles Miles Traveled (VMT), per capita number of car trips generated, is estimated to be approximately 30 annual trips to and from for on-going maintenance purposes of the facility after construction, which is significantly less than 110 trips per day per VMT, which therefore will cause a less than significant transportation impact.
- c-d) The Project proposes an unmanned telecommunication facility and does not propose any design issues that will cause a change in air traffic patterns or alter waterborne, rail, or air traffic. There will be no impact.
- e-f) The Project proposes an unmanned telecommunication facility and does not propose any change in street design. The proposed Project may cause a minimal effect upon circulation during the Project's construction. However, there will be a less than significant impact due to the small scale of the proposed Project. The Project proposes an unmanned telecommunication facility on an approximately 912 square-foot lease area. The proposed Project will not result in inadequate emergency access to nearby uses. The Project proposes an unmanned telecommunication facility. Therefore, the proposed project

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
will not conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs regard facilities, or otherwise substantially decrease the performanc there will be no impact.				
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
38. Bike Trails a) Include the construction or expansion of a bike system or bike lanes?				
Source(s): Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact:				
The project is for an unmanned wireless communications facilia bike trail in the vicinity of the project. The project will have n	-	not create a	a need or in	npact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project car significance of a Tribal Cultural Resource, defined in Public R site, feature, place, or cultural landscape that is geographica of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value that is:	Resources C Illy defined i	code section n terms of th	21074 as e ne size and	ither a scope
39. Tribal Cultural Resources a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1 (k)? 				
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1? (In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.)				
Source(s): County Archaeologist, AB52 Tribal Consultation Findings of Fact:				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a-b) In compliance with Assembly Bill 52 (AB52), notification various local area tribes on January 21, 2020. Agua Caliente January 23, 2020. Cahuilla requested consultation in a lette report and project exhibits were sent to Cahuilla on April 1, 2020 on August 17, 2020 inquiring if Cahuilla had any further commerceeived to date. Morongo responded in an email dated Februard the project. Pala declined consultation in an emarcequested consultation in a letter dated February 20, 2020 Pechanga on April 1, 2020. A follow up email was sent to Pecwanted to continue consultation or if their concerns were resolves has been received. No response to the AB52 notifical Ramona, or the Colorado River Indian Tribes.	deferred to r dated Jan 20. A follow ents or cond uary 6, 2020 ail dated Ja D. The culto hanga on A ved after rev	closer tribes uary 21, 202 up email was cerns. No reso that they had anuary 29, 2 ural report vugust 17, 20 view of the cu	in a letter 120. The Phase sent to the sponse has ad no comme 2020. Pechas provide 20 asking in tural repo	dated lase I letribe been ments langa led to f they rt. No
There are no known physical tribal cultural resources at the activities are limited to site preparation for 912 square foot lease pine tower. For these reasons, there is anticipated to be no im	e area to acc			
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project:				
40. Water a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects? 				
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years?				
Source(s): Project Application Materials, Water Company				
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) The Project proposes an unmanned telecommunication operation other than for minor irrigation purposes. The propose construction of new water treatment facilities. Impacts are less	ed Project w	/ill not requir		
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
a) Require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?				
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Source(s): Department of Environmental Health Review				
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) The proposed project will not require or result in the co facilities or expansion of existing facilities because due to the telecommunication facility. The project will have no impact.				
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
42. Solid Waste				
b) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan)?				
<u>Source(s)</u> : Riverside County General Plan, Riverside correspondence	County V	Vaste Mana	gement Di	istrict
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) The proposed project will not require or result in the const the expansion of existing facilities since the project consists of facility. The project will have no impact.				
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
43. Utilities Would the project impact the following facilities requiring or re or the expansion of existing facilities, whereby the construct environmental effects?				
a) Electricity?				
b) Natural gas? c) Communications systems?				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
d) Street lighting?				\boxtimes
e) Maintenance of public facilities, including roads?				\boxtimes
f) Other governmental services?				
Source(s): Project Application Materials, Utility Companies				
Findings of Fact:				
a & c) Implementation of the proposed Project will requested communication facilities. Electrical service will be provided communication systems will be provided by AT&T. Any physic of necessary utility connections to the Project site have been assessment. Therefore, there will be a less than significant in	ed by Soutl cal impacts re evaluated th	nern Califor esulting from	nia Edison the constru	and ction
o & d-f) The Project does not propose any construction of nwater drainage, public facilities, or other governmental service				
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Wingaron to Finagaron to required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
WILDFIRE If located in or near a State Responsibility Area hazard severity zone, or other hazardous fire areas that may the project:				
44. Wildfire Impacts a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			\boxtimes	
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
 d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, 	Ш			П
as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes? e) Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?	1 1			
changes? e) Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death		□ ibility", GIS d		roject
changes? e) Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires? Source(s): Riverside County General Plan Figure S-11 "Wild		□ ibility", GIS d		roject

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CEQ / EA No. 190168

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
n-e) The proposed project is located within a High Fire Stas been reviewed by the Riverside County Fire Depart added a condition of approval to the project (15.Fire) additional water supply for fire protection required for the project would not substantially impair an adopted emerge	tment. The River acknowledging he proposed win	side County adequate ro eless facility.	Fire Depart adways wi Therefore	tment th no
The project site is located within a high fire hazard area. To comply with the wildland-urban interface fire area build as well as the County's Ordinance No. 787, use of fire protection/vegetation management (fuel modification) place the project would not contribute to pollutant concentration of a wildfire.	ding standards of e retardant mate lan to the Rivers	f the Californ rials and su ide County F	ia Building ubmittal of Fire Departi	Code a fire ment.
The project site is served by the Dripping Springs Fire Temecula Fire Department located at 38000, CA-79, The project of the project. The project would possibly increases on sistent with the Riverside County Fire Department Straignificantly alter fire personnel response times and would county fire protection impact mitigation program and device output Fire Protection Ordinance No. 787.6. These are street to considered mitigation pursuant to CEQA. The project allation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (ources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbe angoing impacts to the environment, new fire station or manacts would be less than significant.	emecula, CA 92 ease demands of trategic Plan. In a lid be required to relopment impact standard condition oject alone would (such as roads, fire risk or the	592 approxing fire protect addition, the pay impact fee programms for develous not result in uel breaks, eat may result	mately 6.8 ion but would be the comply and comply pments and the need for the temporal in temporal	miles ald be ald not the y with I thus or the water ary or
The Project proposes an unmanned telecommunication ease area. Therefore, the project would not expose per ownslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as rainage changes, or to a significant risk of loss, injury, or	ople or structures a result of runo	to significan ff, post-fire	t risks, incl slope insta	uding
The project would not contribute to the cumulative dema mpact fees, the project would have a less than cumu Therefore, the impacts will be less than significant.	ands for new fire f latively considera	acilities. With	n the payme on fire serv	ent of ices.
<u>litigation</u> : No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE Does the 45. Have the potential to substantially degrade the quot the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a convildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to below self- sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant.	uality a fish drop ant or		\boxtimes	
animal community, substantially reduce the numbe				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
Source(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials				
Findings of Fact: The relatively small project for the addition of above reasons, implementation of the proposed project would the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of fish or wild lations to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory.	l not substa life species, e a plant or a plant or an	ntially degra cause a fish animal comn imal, or elin	de the qua or wildlife p nunity, or re ninate impo	lity of popu- educe ortant
46. Have impacts which are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects and probable future projects)?			\boxtimes	
Source(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials				
Findings of Fact: The project does not have impacts which a considerable, due to the relatively limited size of the 912 squar and Variance for wireless communications facility. The site is a scattered dwellings, and is located within an existing RV Palimited to moderate traffic volumes that would visit this area communication facility. Future development in the immediate value project is border mountainous terrain to the north with limited current proposed urban projects in the immediate vicinity. So it are less than significant.	e foot lease urrounded be the set northe with or with iconity is cored development.	area for propy existing va asterly prophout the prophout the propersion of the prope	posed Plot acant prope erty corner oposed wire ted overall g and no ki	Plan erties, with eless since nown
47. Have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				\boxtimes
Source(s): Staff Review, Project Application Materials				-
Findings of Fact: The proposed project would not result in ensubstantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or		ıl effects whi	ch would c	ause
VI. EARLIER ANALYSES				
Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, prefect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negat Regulations, Section 15063 (c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief dis	ive declarati	on as per Ca	alifornia Co	de of

Potentially	Less than	Less	No
Significant	Significant	Than	Impact
Impact	with	Significant	
	Mitigation	!mpact	
	Incorporated		

Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration as per California Code of Regulations, Section 15063 (c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:

Location Where Earlier Analyses, if used, are available for review:

Location:

County of Riverside Planning Department

4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor

Riverside, CA 92505

VII. AUTHORITIES CITED

Authorities cited: Public Resources Code Sections 21083 and 21083.05; References: California Government Code Section 65088.4; Public Resources Code Sections 21080(c), 21080.1, 21080.3, 21082.1, 21083, 21083.05, 21083.3, 21093, 21094, 21095 and 21151; Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino (1988) 202 Cal.App.3d 296; Leonoff v. Monterey Board of Supervisors (1990) 222 Cal.App.3d 1337; Eureka Citizens for Responsible Govt. v. City of Eureka (2007) 147 Cal.App.4th 357; Protect the Historic Amador Waterways v. Amador Water Agency (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th at 1109; San Franciscans Upholding the Downtown Plan v. City and County of San Francisco (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 656.



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Juan C. Perez Agency Director

10/13/20, 10:46 am PPW190017

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for PPW190017. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

The use hereby permitted is to construct a wireless communication facility for AT&T, disguised as a 70-foot tall mono-pine with three (3) live pine trees, including twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within a 912 square foot lease area, surrounded by an 8-foot high barrier. Related Variance Case No. 190009 modifies the height requirement established through Section 19.410.C of Ordinance No. 348 which states disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet, the variance allows for a 70-foot tower.

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Design Guidelines

Compliance with applicable Design Guidelines:

- 1. 3rd District Design Guidelines
- 2. County Wide Design Guidelines and Standards

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S):

Exhibit A (Site Plan), dated February 4, 2020.

Exhibit B (Elevations), dated February 4, 2020.

Exhibit P (Photo Simulations), dated February 4, 2020.

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 - · Clean Water Act
 - Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)
 - Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
 - Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
 - State Subdivision Map Act
 - Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
 - School District Impact Compliance
 - Civil Code Section 815.3 & Government Code Sections 65040.2 et al SB 18 (Tribal

Intergovernmental Consultation) {for GPAs, SPs, & SPAs

- Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Native Americans: CEQA)]{for all projects with EIR, ND or MND determinations}
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 421 (Excavation Covering & Swimming Pool Safety) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements) {Land Use Entitlements}
- Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program) {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land) (for TTMs and TPMs)
 - Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards) (for TTMs and TPMs)
 - Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand) (Geographically based on soil type)
 - Ord. No. 555 (Surface Mining and Reclamation) {for SMPs}
 - Ord. No. 625 (Right to Farm) {Geographically based}
 - Ord. No. 630 (Regulating Dogs and Cats) (For kennels and catteries)
 - Ord. No. 716 (Abandoned, Neglected or Cruelly Treated Animals)
 - Ord. No. 771 (Controlling Potentially Dangerous & Dangerous Animals)
 - Ord. No. 878 (Regarding Noisy Animals)
 - Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution) (Geographically based)
 - Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees) {All case types}
 - Ord. No. 679 (Directional Signs for Subdivisions) (for TTMs and TPMs)
 - Ord. No. 742 (Fugitive Dust/PM10 Emissions in Coachella Valley) (Geographically based)
 - Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
 - Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise) {Land Use Entitlements}
 - Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing) {Land Use Entitlements}
- Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements) {Land Use Entitlements, and for TTMs and TPMs}
 - Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting) {Geographically based}

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

- Ord. No. 916 (Cottage Food Operations)
- Ord. No. 925 (Prohibiting Marijuana Cultivating)
- Ord. No. 927 (Regulating Short Term Rentals)
- Ord. No. 928 (Clarifying County Prohibition on Mobile Marijuana Dispensaries and Deliveries)
- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances
 - Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
 - Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
 - Ord. No. 673 Coachella Valley Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (CV TUMF)
 - Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
 - Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)
 - Ord. No. 875 Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (CV MSHCP)

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1 Gen - Custom

NOTIFICATIONS:

CODE/ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction on the property. All building plans and supporting documentation shall comply with current adopted California Building Codes, Riverside County Ordinances regulations in effect at the time of building plan submittal and fee payment to the Building Department. All Building Department plan submittal and fee requirements shall apply.

NOTE: The new updated 2019 California Building Codes will be in effect as of January 1st 2020, as mandated by the state of California. Any building plan and fee payment submitted to the building department on or after January 1st, 2020 will be subject to the new updated California Building Code(s). PERMIT ISSUANCE:

Per section 105.1 (2019 California Building Code, CBC): Where any owner or authorized agent intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert, or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical, or plumbing system, the regulation of which is governed by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit.

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction or placement of any building, structure or equipment on the property.

The applicant shall obtain an approved final building inspection and certificate of occupancy from the building department prior to any use or occupancy of the building, or structure.

At no time shall the approval of the planning case exhibit allow for the construction or use of any building, structure, or equipment. In residential applications, each separate structure will require a separate building permit.

E Health

E Health. 1 ECP COMMENTS

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

E Health

E Health. 1 ECP COMMENTS (cont.)

If contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

Fire

Fire. 1 Gen - Custom

Access

1. Roadways installed and maintained by the cellular company/radio agency solely for maintenance of their equipment shall be deemed acceptable. Roadways to the site shall not be required to be installed and maintained to support fire apparatus.

Water Supply

1. No additional water supply for fire protection is required.

Planning

Planning. 1 0010-Planning-USE - COMPLY WITH ORD./CODES

The development of these premises shall comply with the standards of Ordinance No. 348 and all other applicable Riverside County ordinances and State and Federal codes.

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A, unless otherwise amended by these conditions of approval.

Planning. 2 0010-Planning-USE - FUTURE INTERFERENCE

If the operation of the facilities authorized by this approved Plot Plan generates electronic interference with or otherwise impairs the operation of Riverside County communication facilities, the applicant shall consult with Riverside County Information Technology staff and implement mitigation measures acceptable to the Riverside County Department of Information Technology.

Planning. 3 0010-Planning-USE - IF HUMAN REMAINS FOUND

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this project:

Human remains require special handling, and must be treated with appropriate dignity. Pursuant to State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, if human remains are encountered, no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. Specific actions must take place pursuant to CEQA Guidelines §15064.5e, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 and Public Resource Code (PRC) §5097.98. In the event of the accidental discovery or recognition of any human remains in any location other than a dedicated cemetery, the following procedures shall be followed: a)There shall be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent human remains until:

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 3 0010-Planning-USE - IF HUMAN REMAINS FOUND (cont.)

- i)A County Official is contacted.
- ii)The County Coroner is contacted to determine that no investigation of the cause of death is required, and If the Coroner determines the remains are Native American:
- iii) The Coroner shall contact the Native American Heritage Commission within 24 hours.
- b)The Commission shall identify the person or persons it believes to be the most likely descended from the deceased Native American.
- c)The Most Likely Descendent (MLD) may make recommendations to the landowner or the person responsible for the excavation work, for the treatment of human remains and any associated grave goods as provided in PRC §5097.98.
- d)Under the following conditions, the landowner or his authorized representative shall rebury the Native American human remains and associated grave goods on the property in a location not subject to further disturbance:
- i)The Commission is unable to identify a MLD or the MLD failed to make a recommendation within 24 hours after being notified by the commission.
- (1) The MLD identified fails to make a recommendation; or
- (2)The landowner or his authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the MLD, and the mediation.

Planning. 4 0010-Planning-USE - MAX HEIGHT

The mono-pine/antenna array located within the property shall not exceed a height of 70 feet.

Planning. 5 0010-Planning-USE - NOISE REDUCTION

In accordance with Section 19.410.g. of Ordinance No. 348, and for the life of the project, all noise produced by the wireless communication facility shall in no case produce noise which exceeds 45 dB inside the nearest dwelling and 60 dB at the project site's property line.

Planning. 6 0010-Planning-USE - SITE MAINTENANCE CT

The project site shall be kept in good repair. Graffiti shall be removed from any structures within one week of observation and/or notification. The project site and a minimum area of ten (10) feet around the project site shall be kept free of weeds and other obtrusive vegetation for fire prevention purposes.

Planning. 7 0010-Planning-USE - UNANTICIPATED RESOURCES

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this project:

- 1)If during ground disturbance activities, cultural resources are discovered that were not assessed by the archaeological reports and/or environmental assessment conducted prior to project approval, the following procedures shall be followed. A cultural resources site is defined, for this condition, as being three or more artifacts in close association with each other, but may include fewer artifacts if the area of the find is determined to be of significance due to it sacred or cultural importance.
- a)All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted until a meeting is convened between the developer, the project archaeologist, the Native American tribal

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 7 0010-Planning-USE - UNANTICIPATED RESOURCES (cont.)

representative (or other appropriate ethic/cultural group representative), and the Planning Director to discuss the significance of the find.

b)At the meeting, the significance of the discoveries shall be discussed and after consultation with the Native American tribal (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative) and the archaeologist, a decision is made, with the concurrence of the Planning Director, as to the appropriate mitigation (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resource.

c)Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until an agreement has been reached by all parties as to the appropriate preservation or mitigation measures.

Planning. 8 Gen - Abandoned Sites

A. Any wireless communication facility that is not continuously operated for a period of sixty (60) days shall be conclusively deemed abandoned. B. The telecommunications service provider shall have sixty (60) days after a notice of abandonment is mailed by the County to make the facility operable, replace the facility with an operable facility, or remove the facility. C. Within ninety (90) days of the date the notice of abandonment is mailed, the County may remove the wireless communication facility at the underlying property owner's expense and shall place a lien on the property for the cost of such removal. D. The owner of the property shall, within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the County's removal, return the site to its approximate natural condition. If the owner fails to do so, the County can restore and revegetate the site at the property owner's expense. E. If there are two (2) or more users of a single facility, the facility shall not be deemed abandoned until all users abandon it."

Planning. 9 Gen - Business Licensing

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office of the Building and Safety Department at www.rctlma.org.buslic.

Planning. 10 Gen - Causes for Revocation

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit, a) is found to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit, b) is found to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony, or c) is found to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance, this permit shall be subject to the revocation procedures.

Planning. 11 Gen - Equipment/Bldg. COlor

The equipment cabinet color shall be grey or in earth tones, which will blend with the surrounding setting. The color of the mono-pine shall be earth tones in order to minimize visual impacts. The mono-pine shall not have any written language on the outside of the tower. Changes in the above listed colors shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department prior to installation of the structures, or prior to repainting of the structures.

Planning. 12 Gen - Expiration Date

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 12 Gen - Expiration Date (cont.)

This approval shall be used within two (2) years of approval date; otherwise, it shall become null and void and of no effect whatsoever. By use is meant the beginning of substantial construction contemplated by this approval within a two (2) year period which is thereafter diligently pursued to completion or of the actual occupancy of existing buildings or land under the terms of the authorized use. Prior to the expiration of the two year period, the permittee may request a one (1) year extension of time request in which to use this plot plan. A maximum of three one-year extension of time requests shall be permitted. Should the time period established by any of the extension of time requests lapse, or should all three one-year extensions be obtained and no substantial construction or use of this plot plan be initiated within five (5) years of the effective date of the issuance of this plot plan, this plot plan shall become null and void.

Planning. 13 Gen - Land Division

Prior to the sale of a portion of land as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT, a land division shall be recorded in accordance with Riverside County Ordinance No. 460, and any other pertinent ordinance.

Planning. 14 Gen - Landscape Requirement

Landscape Requirement This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping: The developer/ permit holder shall: 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859; 3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and, 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later. To ensure ongoing maintenance, the developer/ permit holder or any successor-in-interest shall: 1) Connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape irrigation purposes when reclaimed water is made available. 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859. 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 15 General – Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees ("COUNTY") from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the PPW190017, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the project or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the project, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 15 General – Hold Harmless (cont.)

(a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Planning. 16 Telcom – Backup Generator

If a backup generator will used in conjunction with the wireless communication facility, it is to only be used in the event of a power disruption and during maintenance checks. It is not be used during the course of regular operations. Any noise produced by the generator is required to comply with County noise standards.

Planning. 17 Telcom – Colocation

The applicant/operator of the facility shall agree to allow for the co-location of equipment of other wireless telecommunication providers at this site when applications are received by the County and it is considered feasible, subject to an agreement between the applicant/operator, the other proposed wireless telecommunication provider(s), and the property owner.

Planning. 18 Telcom – Entitlement Life

Pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), a telecommunication facility shall have an

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 18 Telcom – Entitlement Life (cont.)

initial approval period (life) of ten (10) years, which may be extended if a revised permit application is made and approved by the original approving officer or body. Such extensions, if approved, shall be in increments of ten (10) years. The determination as to the appropriateness of such extensions shall be made, in part, on adherence to the original conditions of approval and the number of complaints, if any, received by the County. In the case of colocated facilities, the permits of all colocaters shall be automatically extended until the last colocaters permit expires. In the event that this ten (10) year maximum life span provision is removed from Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), this condition of approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 19 Telcom – Equipment Cabinets

Unless otherwise specifically noted on the approved plans, the telecommunication equipment cabinet shelter color shall be grey or earth-tone, in order to be more compatible with the surrounding setting.

Planning. 20 Telcom – Lighting

Outside lighting is prohibited unless required by the FAA or the California Building Code, including the appendix and standards adopted by the California Building Standards Commission. All towers that require a warning light to comply with FAA regulations shall use the minimum amount possible .Any security lighting shall meet the requirements of Ordinance No. 655. Any lighting system installed shall also be shielded to the greatest extent possible so as to minimize the negative impact of such lighting on adjacent properties and so as not to create a nuisance for surrounding property owners or a wildlife attractant.

Planning. 21 Telcom – Site Maintenance

The project site shall be kept in good repair. Graffiti shall be removed from any structures within one week of observation and/or notification.

Planning. 22 Telcom – Tower Tree Bark

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, bark shall be applied to the tower and extend the entire length of the pole (trunk), or the branch count shall be increased so that the pole is not visible.

Planning. 23 Telcom – Tower Tree Branch Coverage

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, branches and foliage shall extend beyond every antenna array a minimum of two (2) feet horizontally and seven (7) feet vertically, in order to adequately camouflage the array, antennas and bracketry. In addition, all antennas, and supporting bracketry shall be wrapped in artificial foliage.

Planning. 24 Telcom – Tower Tree Branches

For simulated telecommunication towers disguised as a tree, the branch count shall be a minimum of three (3) branches per lineal foot of trunk height. Branches shall be randomly dispersed and of differing lengths to provide a natural appearance. Branches shall be applied, starting at 10-feet from ground and

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 24 Telcom – Tower Tree Branches (cont.)

extend to the top of the tower

Planning. 25 Telcom – Transmission Interference

If the operation of this facility generates electronic interference with, or otherwise impairs the operation of Riverside County communication facilities, the applicant shall consult with Riverside County Information Technology ("RCIT") staff and implement acceptable mitigation measures, as approved by RCIT.

Planning-All

Planning-All. 1 0010-Planning-All-USE - MINOR MODIFICATIONS

The project shall be allowed for the addition of antennae and other support equipment to the proposed project as part of the building permit process as long as the project is consistent with the applicable development standards, stays within the same lease area, and does not deviate from the purpose of the project as described.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 PDA07089R1 accepted

County Archaeological Report (PDA) No.7089r1 submitted for this project (PPW190017) was prepared by Helix Environmental and is entitled: "Phase I Cultural Resource AssessmentAT&T Mobility, LLC Facility Candidate CSL04993 (Jojoba), Aguanga, Riverside County, California", dated January 24, 2020. PDA07089r1 concludes: The results of the record search indicated that fourteen historic age or pre-contact resources have been recorded within the one-mile search radius, however none are located within the APE or the larger 120 acre APN. In addition, no NR eligible or listed historic properties have been recorded within one mile of the APE. The APE has been previously surveyed on two locations and was negative for both pre-contact and historic age resources. The pedestrian survey conducted for this project was also negative for both precontact and historic age resources within the Direct and Indirect APE.

PDA07089r1 recommends: The results of this assessment indicate it is unlikely that cultural resources, including historic properties,

would be adversely affected or impacted by the installation of the proposed telecommunications facility. The APE is in a previously surveyed and developed parcel, and no cultural resources or historic properties were recorded within the APE during either of the previous surveys. In addition, HELIX is requesting a finding of No Historic Properties in the APE for Direct and Indirect Effects. Therefore, HELIX recommends a finding of no effect/no significant impact and does not recommend additional cultural resource mitigation or mitigation monitoring prior to construction.

These documents are herein incorporated as a part of the record for project.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1 GEO190044 ACCEPTED

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1 GEO190044 ACCEPTED (cont.)

County Geologic Report GEO No. 190044, submitted for the project PPW190017, was prepared by Toro International, and is titled; "Geotechnical Investigation for AT&T Monopine and Equipment Shelter, Aguanga - CSL04993, 45120 Highway 79, Aguanga, California," dated December 5, 2019. In addition, Toro has submitted the following report:

"Response to Review Comments of Riverside County Planning Department, County Geologic Report No. 190044, regarding Geotechnical Investigation for AT&T Monopine and Equipment Shelter, Jojoba - CSL04993, 45120 Highway 79, Aguanga, California," dated April 8, 2020.

GEO190044 concluded:

- 1. The site is not located within a State of California Earthquake Fault Zone, but is located within a County of Riverside Fault Hazard Zone. Based on a review of aerial photography and published geologic maps, the potential for surface fault rupture is considered nil.
- 2. Based on groundwater not being encountered within 31.5 feet below the site, and the very dense nature of the underlying geologic materials, it is our opinion that the site area, using commonly utilized parameters, is not subject to liquefaction hazard.
- 3. The potential geologic hazards of subsidence, seiche, debris flow, wind and water erosion, and flooding are considered low at the site.
- 4. The proposed faux water tank may be supported by caisson to a minimum depth of 19 feet, or mat foundations to a minimum depth of 4 feet.

GEO190044 recommended:

- 1. Vegetation, organic soil, roots and other unsuitable material should be removed from the building areas
- 2. The extent of the removal should be within the proposed concrete slab footprint, and 3 feet beyond it, wherever possible.
- 3. All deleterious materials should be discarded offsite and the upper 12 to 18 inches of the subsurface materials should be removed and replaced with compacted fills.
- 4. The proposed faux water tank may be founded on caisson that is embedded in the ground for a minimum of 19 feet. The final caisson depth should be confirmed by the geotechnical engineer during excavation of the hole.
- 5. The equipment shelter may be supported by drilled piers of 18-inch to 30-invch diameter, embedded in the ground for a minimum of 10 feet.

GEO No. 190044 satisfies the requirement for a geologic/geotechnical study for Planning/CEQA purposes. GEO No. 190044 is hereby accepted for planning purposes. Engineering and other Building Code parameters were not included as a part of this review or approval. This approval is not intended and should not be misconstrued as approval for grading permit. Engineering and other building code parameters should be reviewed and additional comments and/or conditions may be imposed by the County of Riverside upon application for grading and/or building permits.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 TRANS GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, it is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Transportation

Transportation. 1 TRANS GENERAL CONDITIONS (cont.)

drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. This ordinance and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.

2. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955 6527.

Plan: PPW190017 Parcel: 583160001

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 MBTA Nesting Bird Survey - EPD

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season (February 1st through August 31st). If habitat must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted. The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted.

Prior to issuance of a permit for rough grading, the project's consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report, documenting the results of the survey, to EPD for review. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a rough grading permit.

When the requested documents/studies are completed and ready for EPD review, please upload them to our Secure File Transfer server to ensure prompt response and review. If you are unfamiliar with the process for uploading biological documents to the FTP site, please contact Matthew Poonamallee at mpoonama@rivco.org and Rigo Caballero at rcaballero@rivco.org for instructions.

Biological reports not uploaded to the FTP site may result in delayed review and approval.

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP

Not Satisfied

This site is mapped in the County's General Plan as having a High potential for paleontological resources (fossils). Proposed project site grading/earthmoving activities could potentially impact this resource. HENCE:

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF GRADING PERMITS:

- 1. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County to create and implement a project-specific plan for monitoring site grading/earthmoving activities (project paleontologist).
- 2. The project paleontologist retained shall review the approved development plan and grading plan and conduct any pre-construction work necessary to render appropriate monitoring and mitigation requirements as appropriate. These requirements shall be documented by the project paleontologist in a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP). This PRIMP shall be submitted to the County Geologist for approval prior to issuance of a Grading Permit. Information to be contained in the PRIMP, at a minimum and in addition to other industry standards and Society of Vertebrate Paleontology standards, are as follows:
- 1. A corresponding County Grading Permit (BGR) Number must be included in the title of the report. PRIMP reports submitted without a BGR number in the title will not be reviewed.
- 2. Description of the proposed site and planned grading operations.
- 3. Description of the level of monitoring required for all earth-moving activities in the project area.
- 4. Identification and qualifications of the qualified paleontological monitor to be employed for grading operations monitoring.
- 5. Identification of personnel with authority and responsibility to temporarily halt or divert grading equipment to allow for recovery of large specimens.

Plan: PPW190017 Parcel: 583160001

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 6. Direction for any fossil discoveries to be immediately reported to the property owner who in turn will immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery.
- 7. Means and methods to be employed by the paleontological monitor to quickly salvage fossils as they are unearthed to avoid construction delays.
- 8. Sampling of sediments that are likely to contain the remains of small fossil invertebrates and vertebrates.
- 9. Procedures and protocol for collecting and processing of samples and specimens.
- 10. Fossil identification and curation procedures to be employed.
- 11. Identification of the permanent repository to receive any recovered fossil material. *Pursuant the County "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet. A written agreement between the property owner/developer and the repository must be in place prior to site grading.
- 12. All pertinent exhibits, maps and references.
- 13. Procedures for reporting of findings.
- 14. Identification and acknowledgement of the developer for the content of the PRIMP as well as acceptance of financial responsibility for monitoring, reporting and curation fees. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution.
- 15. All reports shall be signed by the project paleontologist and all other professionals responsible for the report's content (eg. PG), as appropriate. One original signed copy of the report(s) shall be submitted to the County Geologist along with a copy of this condition and the grading plan for appropriate case processing and tracking. These documents should not be submitted to the project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County office. In addition, the applicant shall submit proof of hiring (i.e. copy of executed contract, retainer agreement, etc.) a project paleontologist for the in-grading implementation of the PRIMP.

Safeguard Artifacts Being Excavated in Riverside County (SABER)

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 CONDITIONAL WQMP REQUIREMENT

Satisfied

An approved WQMP is required prior to any grading or building permit, if the development of the parcel meets or exceeds any of the thresholds for a WQMP. Submit the applicable WQMP applicability checklist, found on http://rcflood.org/npdes/, if your project proposes an auto repair shop, adding 5,000 sq.ft. of impervious area, or disturbing more than 1 acre. If a WQMP is required, submit a single file PDF on two CD/DVD copies to the Transportation Department for review and approval.

060 - Transportation. 2 SUBMIT GRADING PLANS

Satisfied

In addition to submitting grading plans to the Department of Building and Safety, the project proponent shall submit two sets of grading plans (24" x 36") to the Transportation Department for review and approval. If road right of way improvements are required, the project proponent shall submit street improvement plans for review and approval, open an IP account, and pay for all associated fees in order to clear this condition. The Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days. Approval is required prior to issuance of a grading permit.

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Plan: PPW190017 Parcel: 583160001

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 1 NO GRADING VERIFICATION

Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permits, the applicant shall comply with the County of Riverside Department of Building and Safety "NO GRADING VERIFICATION" requirements.

The "NO GRADING VERIFICATION" is not required if the applicant obtains a grading permit.

Fire

080 - Fire. 1 Gen - Custom

Not Satisfied

Gates & Barriers

1. Gates or other barriers across access roadways and at entrances to sites shall provide rapid reliable access by means of a Knox Box or Knox Padlock in an accessible location to provide immediate access for life safety and/or firefighting purposes. The Knox product and its location shall be approved.

080 - Fire. 2 Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Emergency and Standby Power

1. Emergency power systems, standby power systems and uninterrupted power supplies shall be in accordance with the CFC. Sign(s) designed in accordance with NFPA Standard 704 must be posted as applicable.

Planning

080 - Planning. 1 Gen - Fee Status

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of building permits for Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017, the Planning Department shall determine the status of the deposit based fees. If the fees are in a negative status, the permit holder shall pay the outstanding balance.

080 - Planning. 2 Gen - School Fees

Not Satisfied

Impacts to the Hemet Unified School District shall be mitigated in accordance with California State law.

080 - Planning. 3 Gen - Three Live Pine Trees

Not Satisfied

Three 45 foot high live pine trees shall be planted in the immediate vicinity of the mono-pine with irrigation system.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1

80 - RCTD - Landscape Inspection Deposit Required

Not Satisfied

Landscape Inspection Deposit Required

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

Prior to building permit issuance, the developer/permit holder shall verify all plan check fees have been paid and deposit sufficient funds to cover the costs of the required landscape inspections associated with the approved landscape plans. The deposit required for landscape inspections shall

Page 4

Plan: PPW190017 Parcel: 583160001

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 80 - RCTD - Landscape Inspection Deposit Required (cont.) Not Satisfied be determined by the Transportation Department, Landscape Section. The Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

080 - Transportation. 2 80 - RCTD - Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Required

Not Satisfied

Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Required

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

Prior to issuance of building permits, the developer/permit holder shall apply for a Plot Plan (Administrative/PPA) Landscape Permit (LSP) or Landscape Plot Plan (LPP) from TLMA Land Use along with applicable deposit (plan check and inspection are DBF fees).

Provide construction level landscape plans in PDF (all sheets compiled in 1 PDF file), along with an electronic transmittal memo in PDF (include Owner contact, Developer, if not the same as the owner, Project manager, person or persons most likely to inquire about the status of the plans, Landscape Architect, Principal or LA signing the plans, Landscape Architect, Project Manager, person responsible for making the corrections, if different from above), and a current set of grading plans in PDF, and submit all three PDF files on a CD (compact Disc) with application. The landscape plans shall be prepared in a professional manner by a California Licensed/Registered Landscape Architect and signed/stamped by such.

Drawings shall be completed on County standard Transportation Department title block, plan sheet format (24" x 36"), 1:20 scale, north arrow, limit of work lines, hardscape features, graphic scale, and street names, etc. The landscaping plans shall be in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; in compliance with Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12; Ordinance No. 859; and, be prepared consistent with the County of Riverside Guide to California Friendly Landscaping. At minimum, plans shall include the following components:

- 1) Landscape and irrigation working drawings "stamped" by a California certified/registered landscape architect;
- 2) Weather-based controllers and necessary components to eliminate water waste;
- 3) A copy of the "stamped" approved grading plans; and.
- 4) Emphasis on native and drought tolerant species.

When applicable, plans shall include the following components:

- 1) Identification of all common/open space areas:
- 2) Natural open space areas and those regulated/conserved by the prevailing MSHCP and or ALUC.
- 3) Shading plans for projects that include parking lots/areas;
- 4) The use of canopy trees (24" box or greater) within the parking areas:
- 5) Landscaping plans for slopes exceeding 3 feet in height:
- 6) Landscaping and irrigation plans associated with entry monuments. All monument locations shall be located outside of the ROW and dimensions shall be provided on the plan; and/or.
- 7) If this is a phased development, then a copy of the approved phasing plan shall be submitted for reference.

Please reference Landscape Plan Checklists available online at RCTLMA.org.

Not Satisfied

Parcel: 583160001 Plan: PPW190017

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 2 80 - RCTD - Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Required (cont.)

NOTE: When the Landscaping Plot Plan is located within a special district such as LMD/CSA/CFD or Valleywide, the developer/permit holder shall submit plans for review to the appropriate special district for simultaneous review. The permit holder shall show evidence to the Transportation Department, Landscape Section that the subject district has approved said plans. Water Districts such as CVWD. TVWD, and EMWD may be required to approve plans prior to County approval.

Upon verification of compliance with this condition and the APPROVED EXHIBITS, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

080 - Transportation. 3 **EVIDENCE/LEGAL ACCESS** Not Satisfied

Provide evidence of legal access.

SUBMIT WQMP IF REQUIRED 080 - Transportation. 4

Satisfied

This condition applies if a grading permit is not required.

An approved WQMP is required prior to any grading or building permit, if the development of the parcel meets or exceeds any of the thresholds for a WQMP. Submit the applicable WQMP applicability checklist, found on http://rcflood.org/npdes/, if your project proposes an auto repair shop, adding 5,000 sa.ft, of impervious area, or disturbing more than 1 acre. If a WQMP is required, submit a single file PDF on two CD/DVD copies to the Transportation Department for review and approval.

080 - Transportation. 5 **UTILITY PLAN** Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 Kv within public right of way for this cell tower site shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on the site plan. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

E Health

090 - E Health. 1 Hazmat BUS Plan Not Satisfied

The facility will require a business emergency plan for the storage of hazardous materials greater than 55 gallons, 200 cubic feet or 500 pounds, or any acutely hazardous materials or extremely hazardous substances.

090 - E Health, 2 Hazmat Clearance Not Satisfied

Obtain clearance from the Hazardous Materials Management Division.

Planning

0090-Planning-USE - UTILITIES UNDERGROUND 090 - Planning, 1

Not Satisfied

All utilities, except electrical lines rated 33 kV or greater, shall be installed underground. If the

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Pian: PPW190017 Parcel: 583160001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 1 0090-Planning-USE - UTILITIES UNDERGROUND (cont.) Not Satisfied permittee provides to the Department of Building and Safety and the Planning Department a definitive statement from the utility provider refusing to allow underground installation of the utilities they provide, this condition shall be null and void with respect to that utility.

090 - Planning. 2

0090-Planning-USE - WALL & FENCE LOCATIONS

Not Satisfied

Wall locations shall be in conformance with APPROVED EXHIBIT A.

090 - Planning. 3 Gen - Mono-Pine Branches

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the developer/permit holder shall ensure that the mono-pine branches are designed and placed in such a manner that cover all of the antennas including the panel and microwave antennas. The Planning Department shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

090 - Planning. 4 Gen - Ord. No. 659 (DIF)

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of either a certificate of occupancy or prior to building permit final inspection, the applicant shall comply with the provisions of Riverside County Ordinance No. 659, which requires the payment of the appropriate fee set forth in the Ordinance. Riverside County Ordinance No. 659 has been established to set forth policies, regulations and fees related to the funding and installation of facilities and the acquisition of open space and habitat necessary to address the direct and cummulative environmental effects generated by new development project described and defined in this Ordinance, and it establishes the authorized uses of the fees collected. The amount of the fee for commercial or industrial development shall be calculated on the basis of the "Project Area," as defined in the Ordinance, which shall mean the net area, measured in acres, from the adjacent road right-of-way to the limits of the project development. The Project Area for Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 has been calculated to be 0.02 net acres.

090 - Planning. 5 Gen - Signage Requirement

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection of any building permit, the permit holder, developer or successor-in-interest shall install a sign no smaller than 12 inches by 12 inches upon an exterior wall or fence that surrounds the lease area that provides the following contact information: - Address of wireless communications facility and any internal site identification number or code; - Name(s) of company who operates the wireless communications facility; - Full company address, including mailing address and division name that will address problems; - Telephone number of wireless communications facility company. f a co-located facility (addition antennas and/or equipment shelters or cabinets) are added to an existing facility, an additional sign, including the above described information, shall be installed on said shelter or cabinet stating the name of the company who operates the primary wireless facility.

090 - Planning. 6 Gen - Three Live Pine Trees

Not Satisfied

Three 45 foot high live pine trees shall be planted in the immediate vicinity of the mono-pine with irrigation system.

090 - Planning. 7 Gen - Wall & Fence Locations

Not Satisfied

Wall and/or fence locations shall be in conformance with APPROVED EXHIBITS.

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Plan: PPW190017 Parcel: 583160001

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Planning

090 - Planning. 7 Gen - Wall & Fence Locations (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1

90 - RCTD - Landscape Inspection and Drought Compliance

Not Satisfied

Landscape Inspection and Drought Compliance

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

The developer/permit holder shall coordinate with their designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector to ensure all landscape planting and irrigation systems have been installed in accordance with APPROVED EXHIBITS, landscaping, irrigation, and shading plans. The Transportation Department will ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests; and, irrigation systems are properly constructed and determined to be in good working order. The developer/permit holder's designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector shall determine compliance with this condition and execute a Landscape Certificate of Completion. All landscape inspection deposits and plan check fees shall be paid.

Upon determination of compliance, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

090 - Transportation. 2 UTILITY INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Proposed electrical power lines below 33.6 Kv within public right of way for this cell tower site shall be underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion.

090 - Transportation. 3 WQMP COMPLETION IF REQUIRED

Satisfied

If the project proposes to exceed the impervious thresholds found in the WQMP guidance document, the applicant will be required to acceptably install all structural BMPs described in the Project Specific WQMP, provide an Engineer WQMP certification, GPS location of all BMPs, and ensure that the requirements for permanent inspection and maintenance the BMPs are established with a BMP maintenance agreement.



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

DEVELOPMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE ("DAC") SECOND CASE TRANSMITTAL RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT – RIVERSIDE PO Box 1409 Riverside, 92502-1409

DATE: February 4, 2020

TO:

Riv. Co. Fire Department (Riv. Office) Riv. Co. Building & Safety – Plan Check

P.D. Geology Section

Riv. Co. Trans. Dept. – Landscape Section Board of Supervisors - Supervisor: Chuck Washington

PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 190017, AMD NO. 1 – CEQ190168 – Applicant: Smartlink LLC c/o Alisha Strasheim – Engineer/Representative: CASA Industries c/o Alisha Strasheim – Third Supervisorial District – Aguanga Zoning Area – REMAP Area Plan – Open Space: Recreation (OS: R) – Location: North of Highway 79, south of El Pasta Road, east of White Mountain Hill Road and west of Cahuila Road – 120 acres – Zoning: Rural Residential (R-R) – REQUEST: The Plot Plan Wireless proposes to construct a wireless communication facilities for AT&T, disguised as 70 foot monopine, including twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within 912 square foot lease area, surrounded by a 8 foot high wooden fence. APN: 583-160-001 – BBID: 723-963-456

DAC staff members and other listed Riverside County Agencies, Departments and Districts staff:

A Bluebeam invitation has been emailed to appropriate staff members so they can view and markup the map(s) and/or exhibit(s) for the above-described project. Please have your markups completed and draft conditions in the Public Land Management System (PLUS) on or before the indicated DAC date. If it is determined that the attached map(s) and/or exhibit(s) are not acceptable, please have corrections in the system and DENY the PLUS routing on or before the above date. This case is scheduled for a <u>DAC internal review on February 27, 2020</u>. Once the route is complete, and the approval screen is approved with or without corrections, the project can be scheduled for a public hearing.

Any questions regarding this project, should be directed to Dionne Harris, Project Planner at (951) 955-6836, or e-mail at dharris@rivco.org / MAILSTOP #: 1070

(951) 955-6656, Or e-	mail at unams@nvco.org / i	MAILS FOF	H. 1070			
Public Hearing Path:	Administrative Action:	DH: 🛛	PC: 🗌	BOS:		
DATE:		SIGNATU	JRE:			
PLEASE PRINT NAME	AND TITLE:					
TELEPHONE:						
If you do not include thi	is transmittal in your response, i	please includ	le a referen	ce to the case i	number and p	roject

If you do not include this transmittal in your response, please include a reference to the case number and project planner's name. Thank you.



RIVERSIDE COUNTY

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

January 21, 2020

SUBJECT: ASSEMBLY BILL 52 (AB 52) FORMAL NOTIFICATION (PPW190017)

This serves to notify you of a proposed project located within Riverside County. A map depicting the location and a project description can be found below. Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1(d), if you wish to initiate consultation on this proposed project, please send a consultation request within 30 days of receipt of this notice to Dijones@Rivco.org and CC: vslopez@rivco.org. To ensure an effective and good faith consultation effort, Planning asks that the request for consultation also indicate the following:

- Whether there are TCR's in project area. If so, what specifically is the TCR? The Tribe must provide County with substantial evidence to support this and if the TCR consists of a "landscape", the Tribe must also geographically define the landscape in terms of size and scope of the project.
- Is the Project causing a substantial adverse impact to a TCR? If so, what is that impact?

Project Description:

PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 190017 — CEQ190168 — Applicant: Smartlink LLC c/o Alisha Strasheim — Engineer/Representative: CASA Industries c/o Alisha Strasheim — Third Supervisorial District — Aguanga Zoning Area — REMAP Area Plan — Open Space: Recreation (OS: R)

LOCATION: North of Highway 79, south of El Pasta Road, east of White Mountain Hill Road and west of Cahuila Road – 120 acres – Zoning: Rural Residential (R-R)

REQUEST: The Plot Plan Wireless proposes to construct a wireless communication facilities for AT&T, disguised **as** 70 foot monopine, including twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within 912 square foot lease area, surrounded by a 8 foot high wooden fence. APN: 583-160-001.

Sincerely,

Dave Jones, Chief Engineering Geologist

Project Planner: Dionne Harris Email CC: dharris@rivco.org

Attachment: Project Vicinity Map and Project Aerial

AB52 consultation summary PPW190017

In compliance with Assembly Bill 52 (AB52), notices regarding this project were mailed to all requesting tribes on (insert date). Consultations were requested by (insert tribes). Consultation with (tribe) took place on (date). (Tribe) requested (request).

Agua Caliente deferred to closer tribes in a letter dated January 23, 2020. Cahuilla requested consultation in a letter dated January 21, 2020. The Phase I report and project exhibits were sent to Cahuilla on April 1, 2020. A follow up email was sent to the tribe on August 17, 2020 inquiring if Cahuilla had any further comments or concerns. No response has been received to date. Morongo responded in an email dated February 6, 2020 told Planning that they had no comments regarding the project. Pala declined consultation in an email dated January 29, 2020. Pechanga requested consultation in a letter dated February 20, 2020. The cultural report was provided to Pechanga on April 1, 2020. A follow up email was sent to Pechanga on August 17, 2020 asking if they wanted to continue consultation or if their concerns were resolved after review of the cultural report. No response has been received.

No response to the AB52 notification was received from Rincon, Soboba, Ramona, or the Colorado River Indian Tribes.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE:			
	BLIC USE PE MPORARY U	ERMIT	
REVISED PERMIT Original Case No			
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.			
	trasheim		
Applicant Name: Amanda Hollihan of Smartlink on be	ehalf of AT&T		
Contact Person: Amanda Hollihan Alisha	Strasheim	alisha.strasheim@smartlinkllc.com E-Mail: Amanda.hollihan@smartlinklic.com	I
Mailing Address: 3300 Irvine Ave. Suite 300			
Newport Beach	Street CA	92660	
City 951-440-066	State	ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: (949) 335-8740		Fax No: ()	
Engineer/Representative Name: CASA			
Contact Person: Julius Santiago		E-Mail: JSantiago@casaind.com	
Mailing Address: 9926 Pioneer Blvd #105			
Santa Fe Springs	Street CA	90670	
City	State	ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: (714) 553-8899		Fax No: ()	
Property Owner Name:			
Contact Person: <u>CAlum B. B.g.</u>	gERS	E-Mail: MANAGEREjojohah. U.S. CO.	מכ
Mailing Address: 45/20 /4w	9 19 5 Street	South	
AGUANGA	Street	92536	
City	State	ZIP	
Daytime Phone No: (<u>9\$7 , 76 7 – 9</u>	150	Fax No: (951) 767-7060	
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor		Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H	
P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811	1	Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555	

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.

AUTHORITY FOR THIS APP	PLICATION IS HEREBY GIV	<u>/EN:</u>	
and correct to the best of acknowledge that in the perfo land and make examinations	my knowledge, and in a ormance of their functions, p and surveys, provided that	zed agent, and that the informatio accordance with Govt. Code Se planning agency personnel may er t the entries, examinations, and so y entitled to the possession thereof	ection 65105, nter upon any urvevs do not
(If an authorized agent signs, the agbehalf, and if this application is s Department after submittal but befor	submitted electronically, the "wet	y the owner(s) indicating authority to sign of t-signed" signatures must be submitted to hearing.)	n the owner(s)'s to the Planning
<u>PRINTED NAME</u> OF PRO	OPERTY OWNER(S)	SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER	(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PRO	OPERTY OWNER(S)	SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER	(S)
The Planning Department will identified above as the Appliassigned agent.	ll primarily direct communic cant. The Applicant may b	cations regarding this application to the property owner, representate	o the person tive, or other
AUTH	ORIZATION FOR CONCUR	RENT FEE TRANSFER	
by transferring monies amonicollected in excess of the act are needed to complete the pithe application will cease un continue the processing of the described above, and that the	g concurrent applications to ual cost of providing specifi processing of this application til the outstanding balance the application. The appli ere will be NO refund of to elated activities or services	LMA to expedite the refund and bit of cover processing costs as nece its services will be refunded. If add not the applicant will be billed, and period is paid and sufficient funds are cant understands the deposit fees which have been expended as, even if the application is without	ssary. Fees ditional funds processing of available to process as s part of the
PROPERTY INFORMATION:			
Assessor's Parcel Number(s):	583-160-001		
Approximate Gross Acreage:			
General location (nearby or cr	oss streets): North of Mou	ntains	, South of
Juni Hills Dr.	East of Mountains	, West of Residential	

PRO	JECT PRO	POSAL:				
	ribe the pro juised 50 ft M			riance, wood fence enclosure, steel W.I.C and generator		

ldent	ify the app use(s): _ ¹⁹	licable Or 0.404	rdinance N	No. 348 Section and Subsection reference(s) describing	ng th	e proposed
Numl	per of exist	ing lots:				
		,	EXIST	ING Buildings/Structures: Yes 区 No □		
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function To be Remo	ved	Bldg. Permit No.
1		-	ļi			
2						
4						
5		-				
6		<u> </u>	-			
7			-			
8		 			믜	
9			-		무	
10						
Place	check in th	he applica	able row, if	building or structure is proposed to be removed.		
			PROPO	SED Buildings/Structures: Yes 🗵 No 🗌		
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function		
1		70 ft		Faux Mono pine wireless communications facility		
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						·
9						
10 1		L				
			PROPO	SED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes 🗌 No 🗌		
No.*	Square Feet		\r	Use/Function		
1		1000				
2						
3 4						
5						

6
7 8
9
* Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Llocal/Areas identified on Exhibit "A"
* Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".
☐ Check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) to identify them.)
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application:
Are there previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes No
If yes, provide Application No(s)
(e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) EIR No. (if applicable):
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes \(\subseteq \) No \(\subseteq \)
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies):
Is the project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes \square No \square
Is this an application for a development permit? Yes No
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.
If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.
Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley
X Santa Margarita River
☐ Whitewater River

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT			
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to <u>Section 65962.5</u> of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:			
Name of Applicant:			
Address:			
Phone number:			
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code):			
Local Agency: County of Riverside			
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number:			
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code:			
Regulatory Identification number:			
Date of list:			
Applicant: Date			
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project			
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project			
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether: 1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the			
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether: 1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes □ No □ 2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a			
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether: 1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes ☐ No ☐ 2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes ☐ No ☐			

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Land Use and Development Condensed application.docx

Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 08/03/2018



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Agency Director

Patricia Romo
Assistant Director
Transportation Department

Juan C. Perez Interim Planning Director Planning Department Mike Lara Building & Safety Official Building & Safety Department Greg Flannery
Code Enforcement Official
Code Enforcement Department

LAND USE and PERMIT APPLICATION PROCESSING AGREEMENT

Agreement for Payment of Costs of Application Processing

TO BE COMPLETED BY APPLICANT:

This agreement is by and between the	County of Riverside, hereafter "County of Riverside",	
and Amenda Hollihan of Smartlink on Behalf of AT&T	hereafter "Applicant" and Calvin B. Biggers	" Property Owner".
Description of application/permit use: Wireless communication facility		
If your application is subject to Deposit-	-based Fee, the following applies	

Section 1. Deposit-based Fees

Purpose: The Riverside County Board of Supervisors has adopted ordinances to collect "Deposit-based Fees" for the costs of reviewing certain applications for land use review and permits. The Applicant is required to deposit funds to initiate staff review of an application. The initial deposit may be supplemented by additional fees, based upon actual and projected labor costs for the permit. County departments draw against these deposited funds at the staff hourly rates adopted by the Board of Supervisors. The Applicant and Property Owner are responsible for any supplemental fees necessary to cover any costs which were not covered by the initial deposit.

Section 2. Applicant and Property Owner Responsibilities for Deposit-based Fee Applications

A.Applicant agrees to make an initial deposit in the amount as indicated by County ordinance, at the time this Agreement is signed and submitted with a complete application to the County of Riverside. Applicant acknowledges that this is an initial deposit and additional funds may be needed to complete their case The County of Riverside will not pay interest on deposits. Applicant understands that any delays in making a subsequent deposit from the date of written notice requesting such additional deposit by County of Riverside, may result in the stoppage of work. B. Within 15 days of the service by mail of the County of Riverside's written notice that the application permit deposit has been reduced to a balance of less than 20% of the initial deposit or that the deposit is otherwise insufficient to cover the expected costs to completion, the Applicant agrees to make an additional payment of an amount as determined by the County of Riverside to replenish the deposit. Please note that the processing of the application or permit may stop if the amount on deposit has been expended. The Applicant agrees to continue making such payments until the County of Riverside is reimbursed for all costs related to this application or permit. The County of Riverside is entitled to recover its costs, including attorney's fees, in collecting unpaid accounts that would have been drawn on the deposit were it not depleted.

C.The Property Owner acknowledges that the Applicant is authorized to submit this agreement and related application(s) for land use review or permit on this property. The Property Owner also acknowledges that should the Applicant not reimburse the County of Riverside for all costs related to this application or permit, the Property Owner shall become immediately liable for these costs which shall be paid within 15 days of the service by mail of notice to said property Owner by the County.

D. This Agreement shall only be executed by an authorized representative of the Applicant and the Property Owner. The person(s) executing this Agreement represents that he/she has the express authority to enter into this agreement on behalf of the Applicant and/or Property Owner.

4080 Lemon Street • Riverside, California 92501 P. O. Box 1605 • Riverside, California 92502-1605

E.This Agreement is not assignable without written consent by the County of Riverside. The County of Riverside will not consent to assignment of this Agreement until all outstanding costs have been paid by Applicant.

F.Deposit statements, requests for deposits or refunds shall be directed to Applicant at the address identified in Section 4.

Section 3. To ensure quality service, Applicant is responsible to provide one-week written notice to the County of Riverside Transportation and Land Management Agency (TLMA) Permit Assistance Centers if any of the information below changes.

Section 4. Applicant and Owner Information

1. PROPERTY INFORMATION:	
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): 583-160-001	
Property Location or Address: 45120 Aguanga	rd Aguanga ca 92536
2. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION:	
Property Owner Name:	Phone No.: <u>95/- 767-9/30</u>
Firm Name: John Hills RU Reso	Phone No.: 95/- 767-9/30 * Email: MANAGER & Jojoba Hills Lon
Address: 45120 Hwy 79 South	AGUANGA G 92536
3. APPLICANT INFORMATION: Alisha Strasheir	
Firm Name: Amanda Hollihan	Email: Amanda.hollihan@smartlinkllc.com
Firm Name: Amanda Hollihan Address (if different from property owner) 3300 Irvin CA 92660	e Ave. Suite 300 Newport Beach
4. SIGNATURES:	
Signature of Applicant: Alisha Strash	oin Date: 10/9/2020
Print Name and Title: Amanda Hollihan Real Est	ate Specialist of Smartlink on behalf of AT&T
Signature of Property Owner:	Date:
Print Name and Title:	
FOR COUNTY OF F	RIVERSIDE USE ONLY
Signature of the County of Riverside, by	Date:
Print Name and Title:	
Application or Permit #(s)	
Set#:	_Application Date



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E, Assistant TLMA Director

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Printed Name of Owner	

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

• If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018





Alisha Strasheim

Wireless Development Specialist 3300 Irvine Ave Suite 300 Newport Beach, CA 92660 951-440-0669 (C) Alisha.strasheim@smartlinkllc. com

AT&T Project Number: CSL04993 AT&T Project Name: Jojoba

County of Riverside Plot Plan Wireless PPW190017

Variance Application

Project Location

Address: 45120 Highway 79, Aguanga, CA 92536

APN: 583-160-001

Zoning: R-R

Project Representative

Alisha Strasheim Smartlink, LLC 3300 Irvine Ave Suite 300 Newport Beach, CA 92660 951-440-0669 (C) Alisha.strasheim@smartlinkllc.com

AT&T Contact

Robert Sturtevant, Project Manager 1452 Edinger Ave. 3rd Floor Tustin, CA 92780-6246 rs1458@att.com 714-473-7268

Project Description

AT&T proposes to build an unmanned wireless telecommunications facility consisting of a three (3) sector array with four (4) panel antennas per sector all completely hidden and disguised within a new 70-foot faux pine tree designed to blend in with the surroundings. The faux pine will be designed as a similar species to the existing trees so as to provide a natural looking addition to the existing landscaping near and on this property. A eight (8) foot high CMU brick fence will enclose the base of the monopine to provide security. All associated equipment will be installed at ground level within the CMU wall enclosure inside a Walk-In-Cabinet. AT&T will work with the County and the community to install a state-of-the-art stealth structure that will improve communications services for the residents and visitors in the County of Riverside.

AT&T is requesting a height variance due to the monopine's proposed height of a sixty-five (65) feet tall tower/pole with another five (5) feet of faux branches for a more realistic look to the faux tree. This

results in a total height of a seventy (70) foot tree. The current zoning is Rural Residential. The entire parcel is surrounded by additional Rural Residential zoned properties. The proposed seventy (70) foot monopine design is therefore twenty (20) feet over the County of Riverside's Wireless Ordinance, Section 19.410, Subsection C, Height Limitations. The section of the County Ordinance states, "Disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet."

Per our radio frequency engineers, the height of 70' is the height that is required to fill the significant gap in coverage. Please see attached Propagation Maps that show the comparison of the location with no tower, the location at the height of fifty (50) feet and at the proposed height of seventy (70) feet.

The height is required due to special circumstances including property owner's cooperation, land topography, and additional height to meet the demands for service. Many locations were considered and this was the best option that had a willing landlord. The landlord requested the location in which the site is proposed. The gap in coverage is for the residents commuting on the 371 and the 79 highways. To allow for service to cover these areas, the height is required. Additionally, the location of the tower is located in a valley with hills and mountains nearby. Please see attached map with nearby topography to illustrate the need for the height.

The only way to ensure that the site fills the gap in coverage, is by increasing the height to surpass the nearby higher elevations. The strict application of the fifty (50) foot ordinance does not allow for AT&T to provide the service and coverage to the residents traveling in this area.

Alternative Site Analysis

Potential Other Locations for the Site

- 1. 46700 Juni Hills Drive This location is located at the top of the hill south of the proposed location. Had an original zoning application in for this location, but due to Fire Access requirements, the site was did not have financially or constructability feasibility.
- 2. American Tower Cell Site on existing property This location is not feasible since the tower is not currently tall enough to meet the significant gap in coverage. The tower is only 50' tall and another carrier (Verizon) is currently at the heights location. AT&T's antennas would have to be placed at the 35' rather than our proposed 61'.
- 3. There are no other viable locations with the height needed to supply coverage to the community as well as the two interesting highways

Findings/Burden of Proof

The site for the proposed use is adequate in size and shape.

AT&T is proposing a faux tree/monopine design for this project which is considered a stealth design in accordance with the County of Riverside Municipal Code. The requested height of the monopine design is the minimum height needed in order to fill the significant gap in coverage for this project.

The proposed use will not have an adverse effect upon adjacent or abutting properties.

The project is proposed within an R-R zone and will not have an adverse effect upon adjacent or abutting properties as it is a stealth design that will blend naturally with the subject property and the surrounding community. The project will provide a public benefit of better wireless telecommunications and data services to the surrounding neighborhoods and community.

The proposed use is deemed essential and desirable to the public convenience or welfare.

The new wireless telecommunications facility is in high demand to the residents and visitors of the County of Riverside. Wireless communications are vastly used in this area and the need for this site was established entirely from increased usage of AT&T services in the vicinity of the requested project.

The installation and operation of the proposed facility will offer improved:

- Communications for local, state, and federal emergency services providers (i.e., police, fire, paramedics, and other first-responders).
- Personal safety and security for community members in an emergency, or when there is an
 urgent need to reach family members or friends. Safety is the primary reason parents provide
 cell phones to their children. Currently 25 percent of all preteens, ages 9 to 12, and 75 percent
 of all teens, aged 13 to 19, have cell phones.
- Capability of local businesses to better serve their customers.
- Opportunity for a city or county to attract businesses to their community for greater economic development.
- Enhanced 911 Services (E911) The FCC mandates that all cell sites have location capability.
 Effective site geometry within the overall network is needed to achieve accurate location information for mobile users through triangulation with active cell sites. (Over half of all 911 calls are made using mobile phones.)

Safety - RF is Radio

- The FCC regulates RF emissions to ensure public safety. Standards have been set based on peer-reviewed scientific studies and recommendations from a variety of oversight organizations, including the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Federal Drug Administration (FDA), Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).
- Although the purview of the public safety of RF emissions by the FCC was established by the
 Telecommunications Act of 1996, these standards remain under constant scrutiny. All AT&T cell
 sites operate well below these standards, and the typical urban cell site operates hundreds or
 even thousands of times below the FCC's limits for safe exposure.

FirstNet

In 2012, Congress created the First Responder Network Authority (FirstNet). FirstNet is charged with creating a nationwide wireless broadband network for public safety. On March 30, 2017, FirstNet awarded a 25-year agreement to AT&T to build the nationwide network. The Nationwide Public Safety Broadband Network (NPSBN), or FirstNet network, is the first ever nationwide high speed broadband data communications network dedicated to public safety. Band 14 is one of the AT&T Spectrum Bands on which the FirstNet core network operates. Band 14 represents 20MHz of 700MHz spectrum. It provides good coverage in urban and rural areas as well as effective penetration into buildings. Approval of the application for the 20ft Variance will ensure First Responders are able to communicate in the event of an emergency.

AT&T Company Information

AT&T is one of the fastest growing nationwide service providers offering all digital voice, messaging and high-speed data services to nearly 30 million customers in the United States.

AT&T is a "telephone corporation", licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to operate in the 872-1962 MHz and 827-1877 MHz frequencies, and a state-regulated Public Utility subject to the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). The CPUC has established that the term "telephone corporation" can be extended to wireless carriers, even though they transmit signals without the use of telephone lines.

AT&T will operate this facility in full compliance with the regulations and licensing requirements of the FCC, Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the CPUC, as governed by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and other applicable laws.

The enclosed application is presented for your consideration. AT&T requests a favorable determination and approval of this Variance application to build the proposed facility. Please contact me at 951-440-0669 or Alisha.strasheim@smarlinkllc.com for any questions or requests for additional information.

Respectfully submitted,

Alisha Strasheim, Smartlink, LLC Authorized Agent for AT&T



Alisha Strasheim

Wireless Development Specialist 3300 Irvine Ave Suite 300 Newport Beach, CA 92660 951-440-0669 (C) Alisha.strasheim@smartlinkllc. com

AT&T Project Number: CSL04993

County of Riverside Plot Plan Wireless No. PPW190017 RCIT Cell Site Communications Planning Criteria

- 1. Identify specific frequencies/ Band to be licensed with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).
 - a. The proposed facility will not interfere with surrounding properties or their uses, and will not cause interference with any electronic equipment such as telephones, televisions or radios. Non-interference is ensured by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), which regulates radio transmissions. The proposed project fully complies with all applicable FCC standards. AT&T Mobility California LLC is licensed by the FCC to operate in the Channel A Block. AT&T is a "telephone corporation", licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to operate in the Frequency Range as follows: Receive freq. (MHz): 824-835, 845-846, 1850-1855, 1865-1870, 1885-1890, 1895-1900 Transmit freq. (MHz): 869-880, 890-891, 1930-1935, 1945-1950, 1965-1970, 1975-1980
- 2. Identify site location in NAD 83 Coordinates (Latitude/Longitude) and elevations Above Mean Sea Level (AMSL).
 - a. Lats and longs are certified on attached 1A Accuracy Letter.
- 3. Identify power/ Effective Radiated Power (ERP) for each sector.
- 4. The table below contains the existing and proposed output power (ERP) for the subject wireless telecommunications facility.

	Out	put Power
Technology	Existing	Proposed
LTE 1C		2422.03 W ERP
LTE 2C		5612.00 W ERP
LTE 3C		4842.00 W ERP
LTE 4C		6153.00 W ERP
LTE 5C		2032.00 W ERP
LTE 6C		3120.19 W ERP
LTE 7C		3229.38 W ERP

Frequencies at the site are as follows:

	Op	perating Frequencies
Technology	Existing	Proposed
LTE 1C		734-746/704-716
LTE 2C	_	1985-1980/1905-1900
LTE 3C		2360-2350/2315-2305
LTE 4C		2110-2115/1710-1715
LTE 5C	<u> </u>	718-728
LTE 6C		875.8-873/8308-828
LTE 7C		758-768/788-798

a.

- 5. Provide Antenna(s) Height Above Ground (AGL).
 - a. Please see attached ZDs and 1A
- 6. Provide Radio Frequency (RF) propagation coverage maps with color palette legend depicting field strength density specifications in either Dbm/Dbu. Maps should be User Friendly depicting key highways and landmarks to enhance understanding to laymen in the Planning Department and Planning Commission.
 - a. Please see attached propagation maps
- 7. Provide one copy of two RF propagation maps. The first map should depict the existing RF coverage area without the proposed new site. The second map should depict the RF coverage with the new site operational.
 - a. Please see attached propagation maps
- 8. Certify that required FCC tower registration and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) studies have been transacted for sites within the operational sphere of County airports.
 - a. Please see FAA determination
- 9. If located at County facilities, certify compliance of the FCC mandated RF Radiation Hazard Program for emission safety and technician training.
 - a. Not located on County Facilities
- 10. Cellular/PCS carriers must be cognizant that the Planning Dept has conditioned application to require the Mitigation of RF interference impacting the operations of County Public Safety radio communications.
 - a. The proposed facility will not interfere with surrounding properties or their uses, and will not cause interference with any electronic equipment such as telephones, televisions or radios. Non-interference is ensured by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), which regulates radio transmissions. The proposed project fully complies with all applicable FCC standards.



11/20/2019

RE: AT&T Wireless Site CSL04993, 45120 Highway 79, Aguanga, CA 92536

TO: Whom it may concern,

The following is in response to your concerns over AT&T Wireless's site complying with the FCC rules covering RF exposure to persons near the site.

Frequency range that the facility will use

AT&T Wireless is licensed by the FCC for the frequencies as follows:

Receive freq. (MHz): 824-835, 845-846, 1850-1855, 1865-1870, 1885-1890, 1895-1900 Transmit freq.(MHz): 869-880, 890-891, 1930-1935, 1945-1950, 1965-1970, 1975-1980

RF Exposure to Persons Near the Site

The FCC states in 47 CFR § 1.1310 that the maximum permissible exposure level from RF radiation for the general population is between 0.6 and 1 milliwatts per centimeter squared (mW/cm²) depending upon the frequency of the transmitter. This is a measure of the RF power density at or below which there are no harmful effects.

The antenna that AT&T Wireless is using on this site is designed to transmit most of the signal in a horizontal direction (parallel to the ground). This is necessary to provide a useable signal level around the site. Within the first 600 feet from the site the transmitted signal does not need to be as strong consequently the antenna is designed to limit the signal level towards the ground to approximately ½ Watt of power. When this power reaches the ground its energy has been greatly reduced to the point where the RF exposure level is less than 2/10,000th of a percent of the maximum allowable exposure level permitted by the FCC.

These calculations are based on a typical antenna patterns for the type of antenna that AT&T Wireless is using on their sites. The effective radiated power is typically within the range of 100-500 Watts. The actual levels may vary slightly but in no case will they reach or exceed the FCC limits. Since AT&T has no control over other communication carriers' operations, we cannot guarantee that the facility will not interfere with other communications. However, AT&T guaranties that we will not transmit outside our frequency band that is approved and licensed by the FCC. In the unlikely event that interference does happen, AT&T will do the proper investigation as to the cause of interference and perform corrective measures if, in fact, the interference is caused by AT&T transmissions.

If Reliant Land Services and AT&T Wireless can be of further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact me at 951-440-0669.

Alisha Strasheim Smartlink LLC on Behalf of AT&T ATT Mobility





PATRICK B DONOHOE

1-A ACCURACY CERTIFICATION

AT&T Wireless

C/O CASA INDUSTRIES

Date of Survey: 10/15/2019 Date of Issue: 11/14/2019

> Site No: CSL04993 Site Type: Raw land

Site Location: 45120 Hwy 79 Aguanga, CA 92536

Aguanga, CA 92530 Riverside County

I, Patrick B. Donohoe, hereby certify the following coordinate:

Centroid of Geodetic Coordinates (NAD83) (NORTH AMERICAN DATUM 1983, NAD83)

Latitude: 33° 27' 08.37" (33.452313°) North Longitude: 116° 51' 59.07" (116.866408°) West

And further certify that the elevation calls produced hereon are ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL (A.M.S.L.). NORTH AMERICAN DATUM 1988 (NAVD88) **(SEE Benchmark Datum Referenced Hereon)

Elevation at Base of *Proposed* Monopine = 2211.7 Feet (A.M.S.L.) (NAVD88) Top of *Proposed* Monopine = 2281.7 Feet (A.M.S.L.) (NAVD88)

(Highest Point/Fixed Fixture)

And further certify that the measured heights are as stated ABOVE GRADE LEVEL (A.G.L.)

Height of *Proposed* Monopine = 70.0 Feet (A.G.L.) (Highest Point/Fixed Fixture)

The horizontal accuracy of the latitude and longitude at the center of each sector falls within twenty (20) feet. The elevations (NAVD88) of the ground and fixtures fall within three (3) feet. The measured heights (A.G.L.) are within +/-one (1) foot vertically. Geodetic Coordinates and Elevations were established using Survey Grade G.P.S. Receivers. Benchmark Reference: Project elevations established from GPS derived Orthometric heights by application of NGS 'Geoid 12B' modeled separations to ellipsoid heights determined by observations of the 'SmartNet' Real Time Network. All elevations shown hereon are referenced to NAVD88.



Market Name: Los Angeles

Site ID: CSL04993

Site Address: 45120 Highway 19, Aguanga, CA 92536

ATOLL Plots Completion Date: Jan 23, 2020

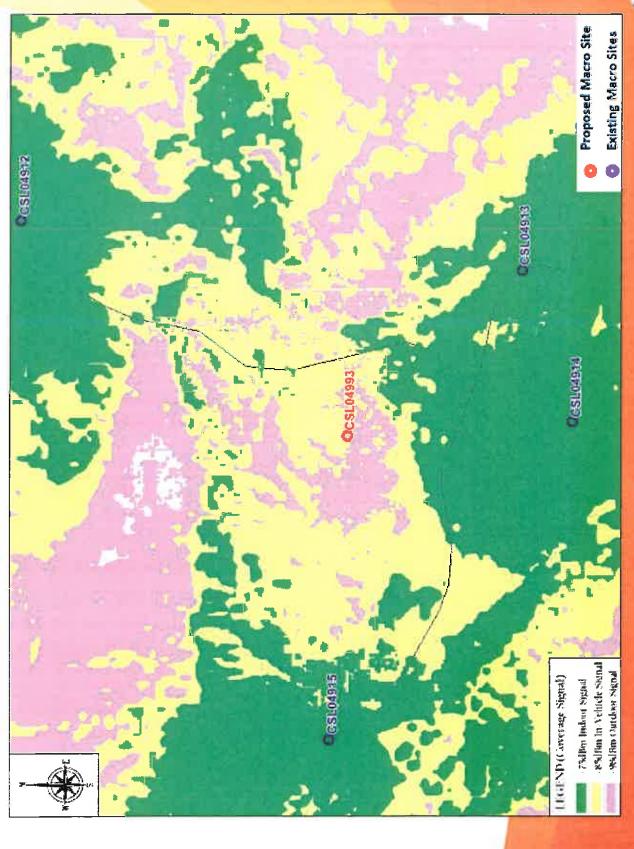


Assumptions

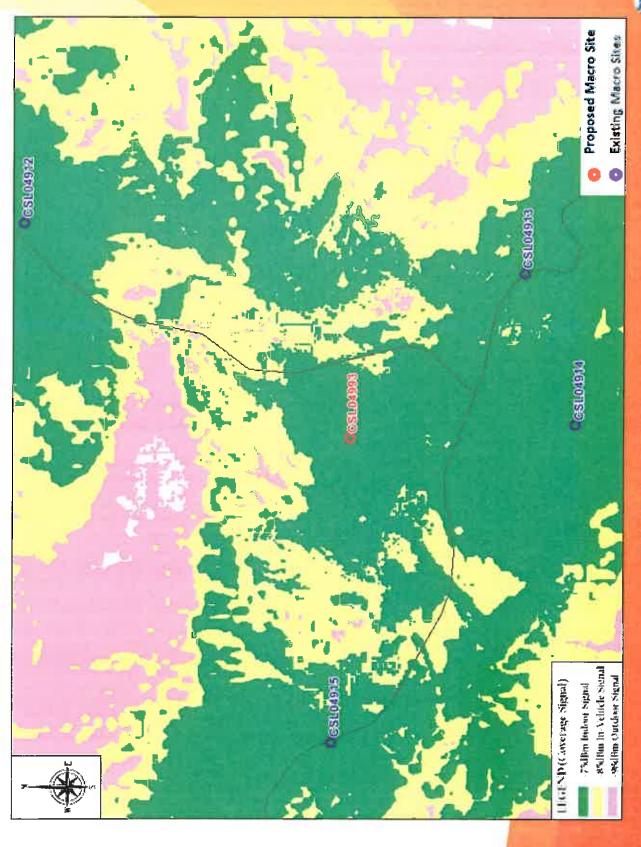
- Propagation of the site plots are based on our current Atoli (Design tool) project tool that shows the preferred design of the AF&T 4G-LTE network coverage.
- in the surrounding buildings, in vehicles and at street level . For your reference, the scale shown ranges from good to poor coverage with gradual changes in coverage showing best coverage to The propagation referenced in this package is based on proposed LTE coverage of AT&T users marginal and finally poor signal levels. •
- The plots shown are based on the following criteria:
- Existing: Since LTE network modifications are not yet On-Air. The first slide is a snap shot of the area showing the existing site without LTE coverage in the AT&T network.
- site is also approved and On-Air, the propagation is displayed with the planned legends neighboring sites of the target site are approved by the jurisdiction and the referenced The Planned LTE Coverage with the Referenced Site: Assuming all the planned provided.
- jurisdiction and On-Air and the referenced site is Off-Air, the propagation is displayed Without Target site: Assuming all the planned neighboring sites are approved by the with the legends provided. A



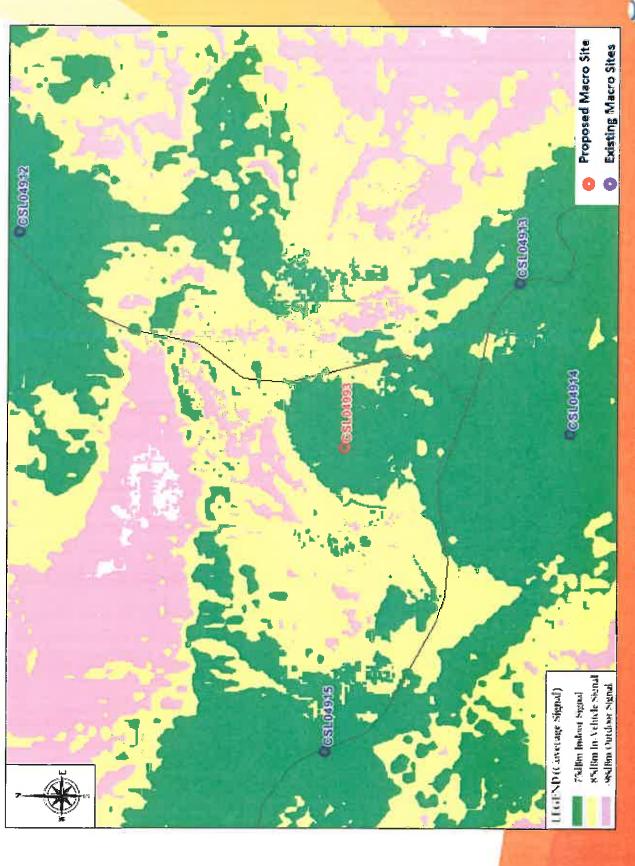
LTE Coverage Before site CSL04993



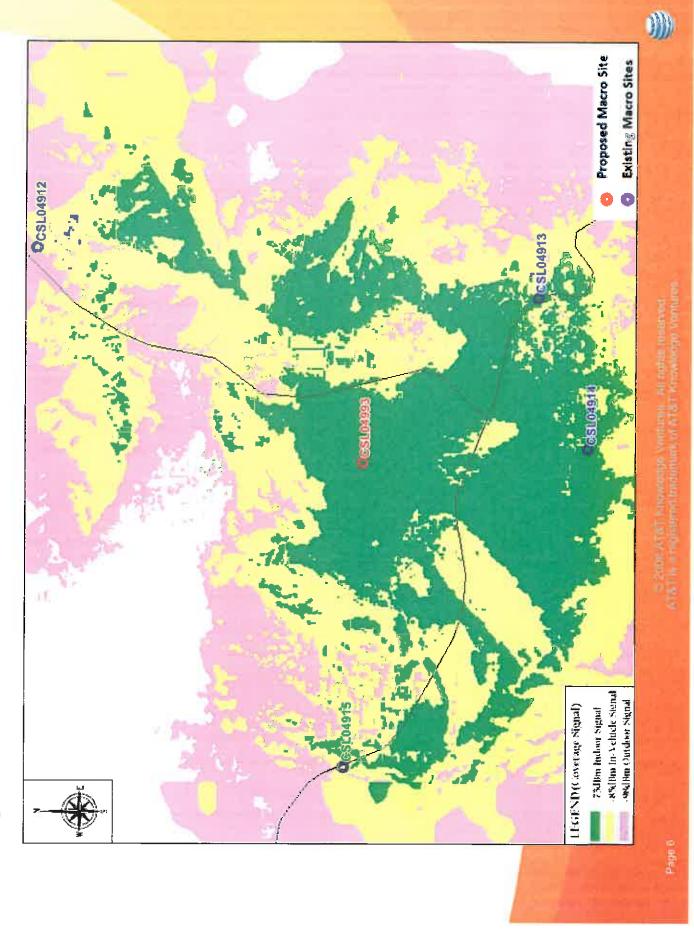
LTE Coverage After site CSL04993 at 70'



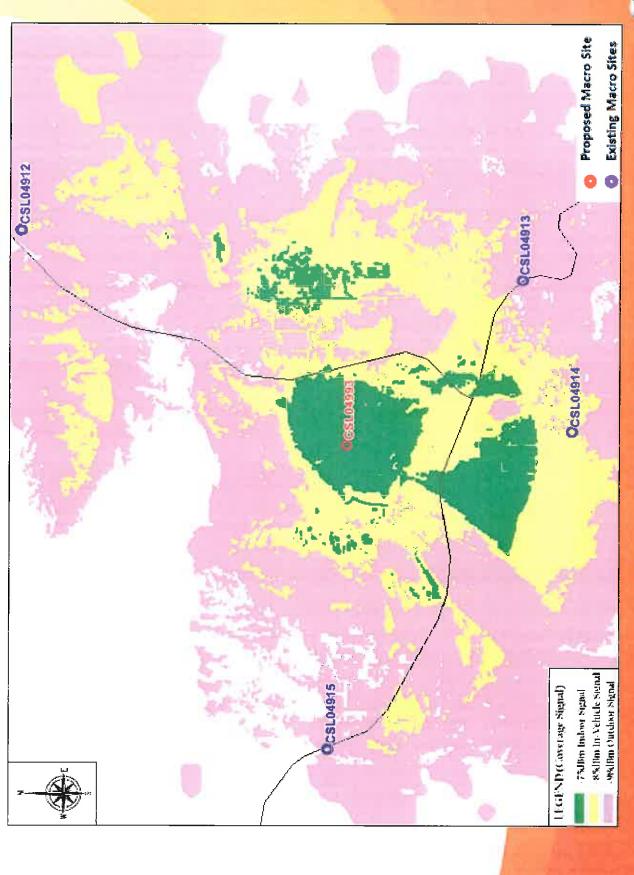
LTE Coverage After site CSL04993 At 50'



LTE Coverage Standalone site CSL04993 At 70'



LTE Coverage standalone site CSL04993 At 50'



Coverage Legend



the strongest signal strength and be sufficient for most in-building coverage. thickness/construction type of walls, or your location in the building (i.e., in In-Building Service: In general, the areas shown in dark green should have However, in-building coverage can and will be adversely affected by the the basement, in the middle of the building with multiple walls, etc.) In-Transit Service: The areas shown in the yellow should be sufficient for onstreet or in-the-open coverage, most in-vehicle coverage and possibly some in-building coverage. Outdoor Service: The areas shown in the purple should have sufficient signal strength for on-street or in-the-open coverage, but may not have it for invehicle coverage or in-building coverage.



Mail Processing Center
Federal Aviation Administration
Southwest Regional Office
Obstruction Evaluation Group
10101 Hillwood Parkway
Fort Worth, TX 76177

Issued Date: 04/08/2020

Dana Irvin AT&T 208 S. Akard St. Dallas, TX 75202

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Monopole CSL04993 - HITCHCOCK HILL

Location: Aguanga, CA

Latitude: 33-27-08.37N NAD 83

Longitude: 116-51-59.07W

Heights: 2212 feet site elevation (SE)

70 feet above ground level (AGL)

2282 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

See attachment for additional condition(s) or information.

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 L Change 2.

This determination expires on 10/08/2021 unless:

- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

NOTE: REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF THIS DETERMINATION MUST BE E-FILED AT LEAST 15 DAYS PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION DATE. AFTER RE-EVALUATION OF CURRENT OPERATIONS IN THE AREA OF THE STRUCTURE TO DETERMINE THAT NO

SIGNIFICANT AERONAUTICAL CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED, YOUR DETERMINATION MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR ONE EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD.

This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights, and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, effective 21 Nov 2007, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power, or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

A copy of this determination will be forwarded to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) because the structure is subject to their licensing authority.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact our office at (206) 231-2877, or Nicholas.Sanders@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2020-AWP-3555-OE.

(DNE)

Signature Control No: 434625842-435878257

Nicholas Sanders Technician

Attachment(s)
Additional Information
Frequency Data
Map(s)

cc: FCC

Page 2 of 6

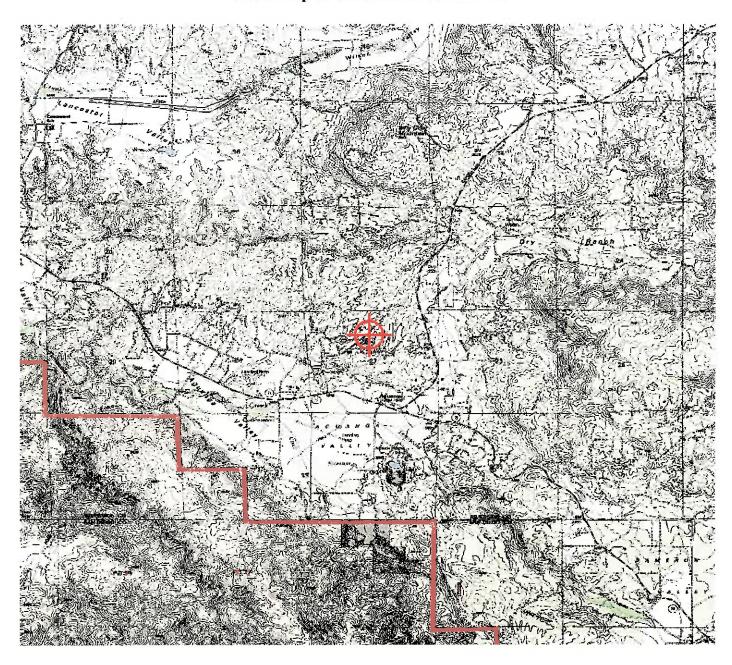
Additional information for ASN 2020-AWP-3555-OE

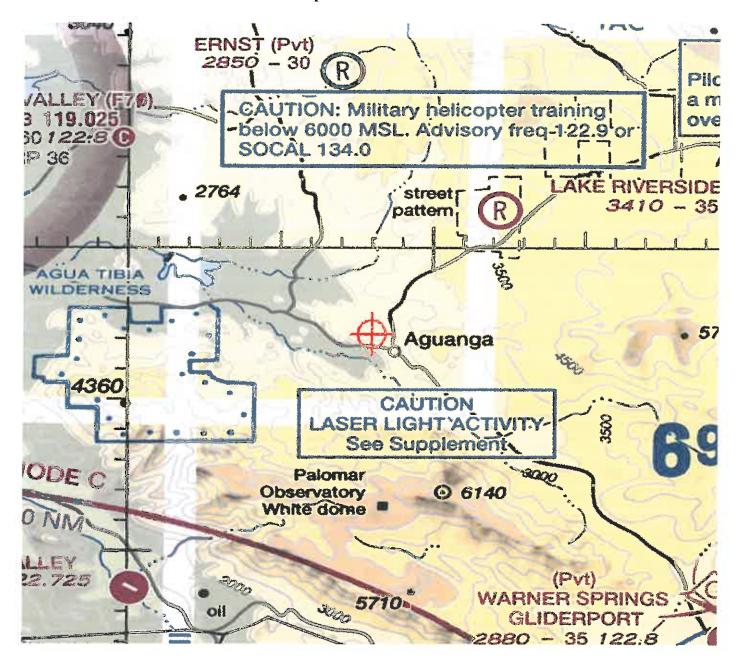
At a distance of 25.2 nautical miles from the site emissions from the 2496-2690 MHz transmitters must be less than -155 dBm in the 2700-3100 MHz Surveillance Radar frequency band.

Frequency Data for ASN 2020-AWP-3555-OE

LOW FREQUENCY	HIGH FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY UNIT	ERP	ERP UNIT
				475 XX
6	7	GHz	55	dBW
6	7	GHz	42	dBW
10	11.7	GHz	55	dBW
10	11.7	GHz	42	dBW
17.7	19.7	GHz	55	dBW
17.7	19.7	GHz	42	dBW
21.2	23.6	GHz	55	dBW
21.2	23.6	GHz	42	dBW
614	698	MHz	1000	W
614	698	MHz	2000	\mathbf{W}
698	806	MHz	1000	W
806	901	MHz	500	W
806	824	MHz	500	W
824	849	MHz	500	\mathbf{W}
851	866	MHz	500	W
869	894	MHz	500	W
896	901	MHz	500	W
901	902	MHz	7	W
929	932	MHz	3500	W
930	931	MHz	3500	W
931	932	MHz	3500	W
932	932.5	MHz	17	dBW
935	940	MHz	1000	W
940	941	MHz	3500	W
1670	1675	MHz	500	W
1710	1755	MHz	500	W
1850	1910	MHz	1640	W
1850	1990	MHz	1640	W
1930	1990	MHz	1640	W
1990	2025	MHz	500	W
2110	2200	MHz	500	W
2305	2360	MHz	2000	W
2305	2310	MHz	2000	W
2345	2360	MHz	2000	W
2496	2690	MHz	500	W

TOPO Map for ASN 2020-AWP-3555-OE





AT&T Radio Frequency Safety Survey Report Prediction (RFSSRP)

Site Name: Jojoba FA#: 10153205 USID: 275126 Site ID: CSL04993

Address: 45120 Highway 79 Aguanga, California 92536

County: Riverside Latitude: 33.452325 Longitude: -116.866408

EBI Project Number: 6220001980

M-RFSC Name: Essie Polard Site Structure Type: Monotree

PACE#: MRLOS059773, MRLOS059756,

MRLOS060104, MRLOS060153, MRLOS008210

Prepared For: AT&T Mobility, LLC 1265 North Van Buren Street Anaheim. CA 92807



Report Information:

Report Writer: David Keirstead

Report Date: May 6, 2020

CDs: ATT - CSL04993 - 100_CDs 04-06-20

RFDS: CSL04993_10153205_Final RFDS_04.21.2020

Compliance Statement:

AT&T Mobility Compliance Statement: Based on the information collected, AT&T Mobility will be Compliant with FCC Rules and Regulations at the nearest walking surface if recommendations in the Compliance Summary are implemented.



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Site Name: Jojoba Site USID: 275126
Site FA: 10153205

I.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

EnviroBusiness Inc. (dba EBI Consulting) has been contracted by AT&T Mobility, LLC to conduct radio frequency electromagnetic (RF-EME) modeling for AT&T Site CSL04993 located at 45120 Highway 79 in Aguanga, California to determine RF-EME exposure levels from proposed AT&T wireless communications equipment at this site. As described in greater detail in Appendix A of this report, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has developed Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limits for general public exposures and occupational exposures. This report summarizes the results of RF-EME modeling in relation to relevant FCC RF-EME compliance standards for limiting human exposure to RF-EME fields.

This document addresses the compliance of AT&T's transmitting facilities independently and in relation to all collocated facilities at the site.

I.I SITE SUMMARY

Recommended Mitigation at the Site:

- Access Point(s):
 - To reduce the risk of exposure and/or injury, EBI recommends that access to the monotree or areas associated with the active antenna installation be restricted and secured where possible.
 - o Yellow CAUTION 2B sign posted at the base of the monotree.
- Signage at AT&T Mobility Sectors:
 - o A: No signage required.
 - B: No signage required.
 - C: No signage required.
- Barriers at AT&T Mobility Sectors:
 - o A: N/A
 - o B: N/A
 - o C: N/A

Site Name: Jojoba Site USID: 275126 Site FA: 10153205

Predictive Modeling Results:

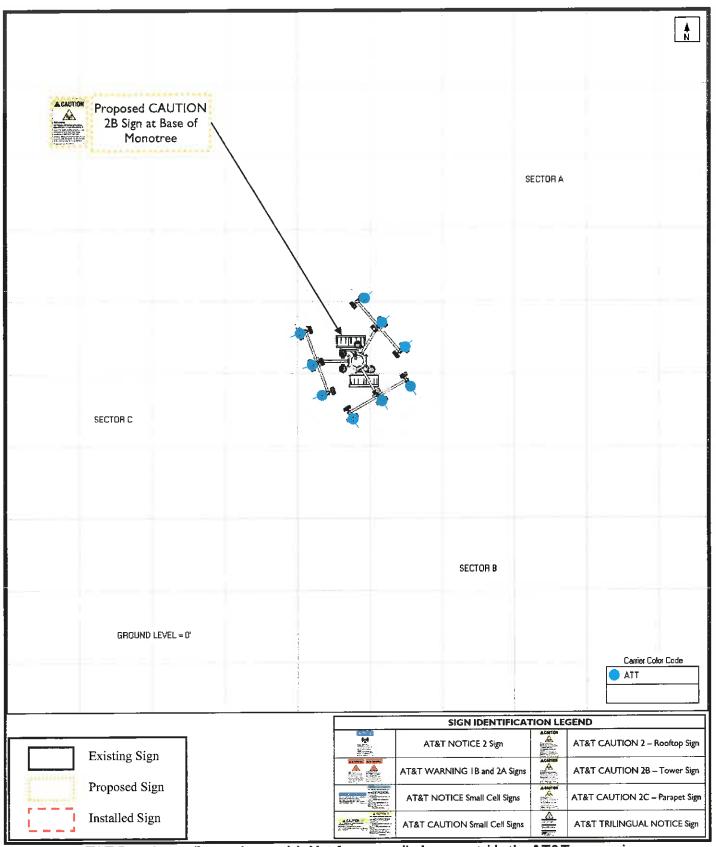
The maximum predictive power density generated by the antennas is approximately 0.34 percent of the FCC's general public limit (0.07 percent of the FCC's occupational limit) at the ground.

At the antenna face level, the maximum predictive power density generated by the antennas is approximately 2998.2 percent of the FCC's general public limit (599.64 percent of the FCC's occupational limit).

Site USID: 275126

Site Name: Jojoba Site FA: 10153205

2.0 SIGNAGE AND MITIGATION PLAN



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ANTENNA INVENTORY 3.0

ATT KATHERN 80010966 ODT 700 150 150 150 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18			i	1	r			ı -														
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700 150 13.05		4644.77	5494.95	8316.95	4644.77	6666	1721.61	3943.15	4644.77	5494.95	8316.95	4644.77	9999.17	1721.61	3943.15	4644.77	5494.95	8316.95	4644.77	71.6666	1721.61	3943.15
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 OHDT 700 150 100 150 100		2832.17	3350.58	5071.31	2832.17	6097.05	1049.76	2404.36	2832.17	3350.58	5071.31	2832.17	6097.05	1049.76	2404.36	2832.17	3350.58	5071.31	2832.17	6097.05	1049.76	2404.36
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700 50 667 8.0 40 4		13.15	13.95	15.75	13.15	16.55	11.85	14.55	13.15	13.95	15.75	13.15	16.55	11.85	14,55	13.15	13.95	15.75	13.15	16.55	11.85	14.55
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700 700 50 0 65.7 8.0 46	the state of the s	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	4
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700 150		40	4	4	40	40	40	25	40	40	40	40	40	40	25	40	40	40	40	40	40	25
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700 700 559 657	Aperture (feet)	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700 700 50 0	Beamwidth	66.7	65.2	65.5	66.7	59.9	64	59	66.7	65.2	65.5	66.7	59.9	64	65	66.7	65.2	65.5	66.7	59.9	64	59
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700 700		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 04DT 700	(-gəb) dəumizA	50	50	50	20	50	50	20	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
ATT KATHREIN 80010966 044	Frequency (MHz)	700	850	0061	700	2100	700	2300	700	850	0061	700	2100	700	2300	200	850	1900	700	2100	700	2300
ATT		80010966 04DT 700	80010966 04DT 850	80010966 2.5DT 1900	80010966 04DT 700		QS8658-3E 04DT 700	QS8658-3E 02DT 2300	80010966 04DT 700	80010966 04DT 850	80010966 2.5DT 1900		80010966 2.5DT 2100		QS8658-3E 02DT 2300	80010966 04DT 700		80010966 2.5DT 1900	80010966 04DT 700	80010966 2.5DT 2100	QS8658-3E 04DT 700	QS8658-3E 02DT 2300
ATT	Antenna Make	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	QUINTEL	QUINTEL	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	QUINTEL	QUINTEL	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	KATHREIN	QUINTEL	QUINTEL
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		ATT	АТТ	ATT	ATT	АТТ	ΥЩ	ATT	АТТ	АТТ	АТТ	ΥЦ	АТТ	АТТ	АТТ	АТТ	ΥЦ	ΤA	АТТ	ΥЩ	АТТ	ATT
	# JnA	-	-	-	2	2		m	4	4	4	5	2	9	9	7	7	7	80	8	6	6

Note there are 3 AT&T panel antennas per sector at this site. For clarity, the different frequencies for each antenna are entered on separate lines.
 Note that microwaves were not included in the predictive modeling analysis because the onsite microwaves are considered compliant.

Ant #	NAME	×	>	Antenna Radiation Centerline	Z-Height Ground
_	ATT	1.4.	5.5	0.19	57.0
2	ATT	6.01	8.9	61.0	57.0
3	ATT	8.5	12.2	0.19	57.0
4	ATT	6.9	4.5	61.0	57.0
5	ATT	6'01	6.1	0.19	57.0
9	ATT	14.8	0.0	61.0	57.0
7	ATT	0.4	7.4	61.0	57.0
8	ATT	1.3	3.0	61.0	57.0
6	ATT	2.6	1.2	0.19	57.0

Site Name: Jojoba Site FA: 10153205

Site USID: 275126

4.0 **WORST-CASE PREDICTIVE MODELING**

In accordance with AT&T's RF Exposure policy, EBI performed theoretical modeling using RoofMaster™ software to estimate the worst-case power density at the site ground-level resulting from operation of the antennas.

For this report, EBI utilized antenna and power data provided by AT&T and compared the resultant worst-case MPE levels to the FCC's occupational/controlled exposure limits outlined in OET Bulletin 65.

The assumptions used in the modeling are based upon information provided by AT&T and information gathered from other sources. There are no other wireless carriers with equipment installed at this site.

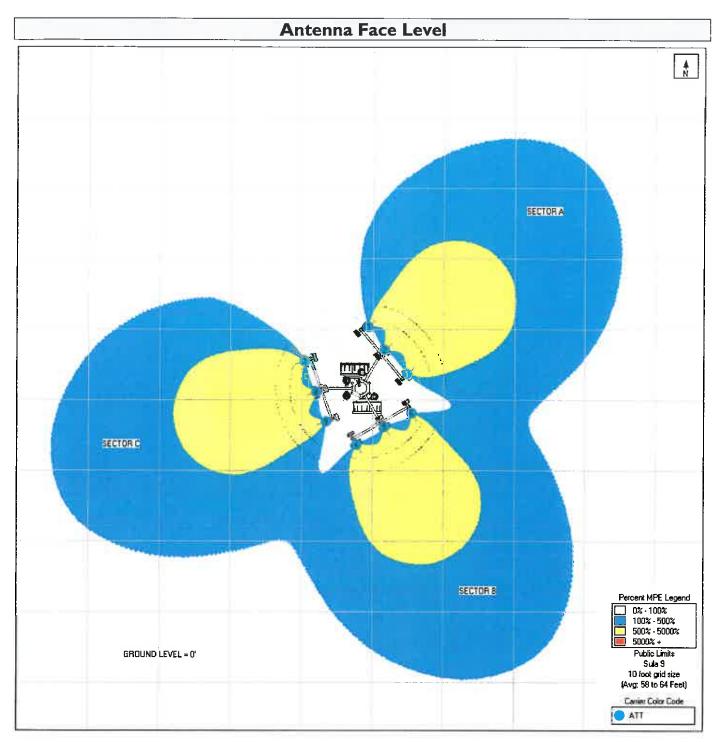
Based on worst-case predictive modeling, there are no modeled exposures on any accessible ground walking/working surface related to ATT's proposed antennas that exceed the FCC's occupational and/or general public exposure limits at this site. Additionally, there are areas where elevated workers may be exposed to power densities greater than the occupational limits. The worst-case emitted power density may exceed the FCC's occupational limit within approximately 21 feet of AT&T's proposed antennas at the antenna face level. Workers and the general public should be informed about the presence and locations of antennas and their associated fields.

At the nearest walking/working surfaces to the AT&T antennas on the ground, the maximum power density generated by the AT&T antennas is approximately 0.34 percent of the FCC's general public limit (0.07 percent of the FCC's occupational limit). The composite exposure level from all carriers on this site is approximately 0.34 percent of the FCC's general public limit (0.07 percent of the FCC's occupational limit) at the nearest walking/working surface to each antenna.

Microwave dish antennas are designed for point-to-point operations at the elevations of the installed equipment rather than ground-level coverage. Based on AT&T's RF Exposure: Responsibilities, Procedures & Guidelines document, dated October 28, 2014, microwave antennas are considered compliant if they are higher than 20 feet above any accessible walking/working surface. All microwaves on site are considered compliant with AT&T's guidance and were not included in the modeling analysis.

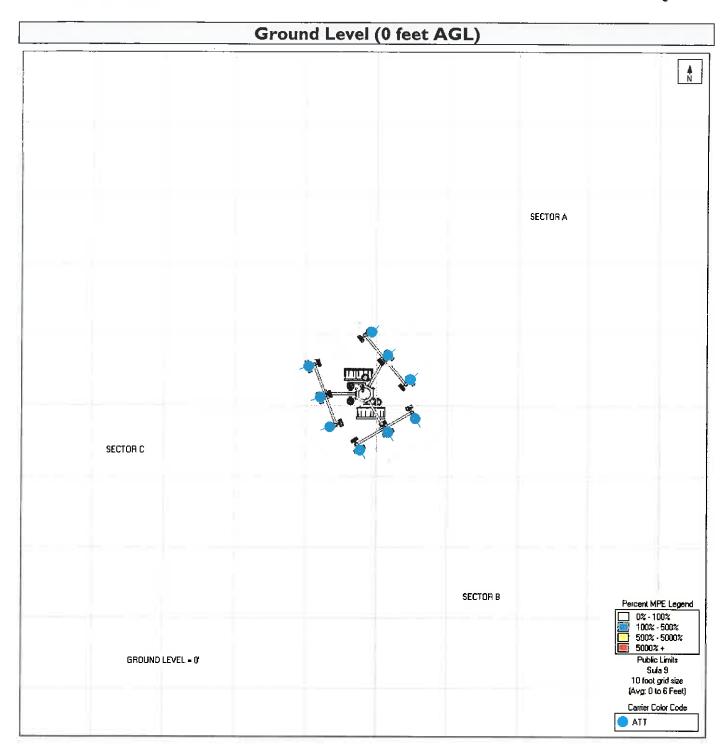
 Site Name: Jojoba
 Site USID: 275126

 Site FA: 10153205
 7



Max MPE: 2,998.20% General Population MPE at Antenna Face Level

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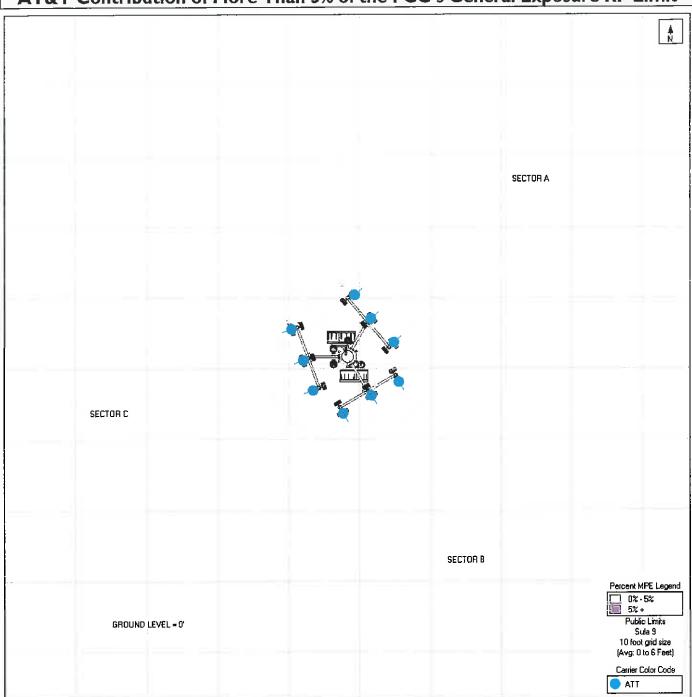


Max MPE: 0.34% General Population MPE at Ground Level

Site USID: 275126

Site Name: Jojoba Site FA: 10153205

AT&T Contribution of More Than 5% of the FCC's General Exposure RF Limit



Note that the areas shown in purple are where AT&T antennas contribute more than 5% of the FCC's general exposure RF limit. These do not overlap any areas in front of other carrier antennas exceeding the FCC's general exposure RF limit because there are no other carriers as shown in Figure 1.

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5.0 COMPLIANCE SUMMARY

Based on the information collected, AT&T Mobility will be Compliant with FCC Rules and Regulations at the nearest walking surface if recommendations in the Compliance Summary are implemented.

The following mitigation measures are recommended for this site.

Access Point(s):

- To reduce the risk of exposure and/or injury, EBI recommends that access to the monotree or areas associated with the active antenna installation be restricted and secured where possible.
- Yellow CAUTION 2B sign posted at the base of the monotree.

AT&T Mobility Sectors:

- Sector A:
 - No Action Required
- Sector B:
 - No Action Required
- Sector C:
 - No Action Required

6.0 APPENDICES

Appendix A: FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC) REQUIREMENTS

The FCC has established Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limits for human exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic (RF-EME) energy fields, based on exposure limits recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) and, over a wide range of frequencies, the exposure limits developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE) and adopted by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) to replace the 1982 ANSI guidelines. Limits for localized absorption are based on recommendations of both ANSI/IEEE and NCRP.

The FCC guidelines incorporate two separate tiers of exposure limits that are based upon occupational/controlled exposure limits (for workers) and general public/uncontrolled exposure limits for members of the general public.

Occupational/controlled exposure limits apply to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment and in which those persons who are exposed have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Occupational/controlled exposure limits also apply where exposure is of a transient nature as a result of incidental passage through a location where exposure levels may be above general public/uncontrolled limits (see below), as long as the exposed person has been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

General public/uncontrolled exposure limits apply to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Therefore, members of the general public would always be considered under this category when exposure is not employment-related, for example, in the case of a telecommunications tower that exposes persons in a nearby residential area.

Table I and Figure I (below), which are included within the FCC's OET Bulletin 65, summarize the MPE limits for RF emissions. These limits are designed to provide a substantial margin of safety. They vary by frequency to take into account the different types of equipment that may be in operation at a particular facility and are "time-averaged" limits to reflect different durations resulting from controlled and uncontrolled exposures.

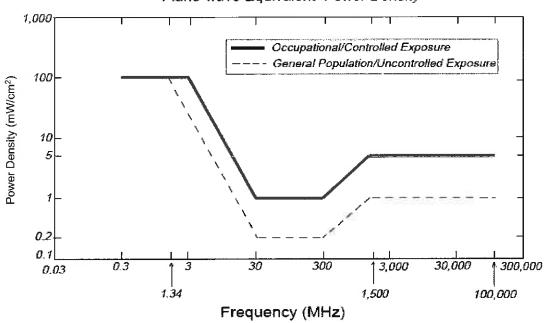
The FCC's MPEs are measured in terms of power (mW) over a unit surface area (cm²). Known as the power density, the FCC has established an occupational MPE of 5 milliwatts per square centimeter (mW/cm²) and an uncontrolled MPE of 1 mW/cm² for equipment operating in the 1900 MHz frequency range. For the AT&T equipment operating at 700 MHz, the FCC's occupational MPE limit is 2.33 mW/cm² and an uncontrolled MPE limit of 0.47 mW/cm². For the AT&T equipment operating at 1900 MHz, the FCC's occupational MPE is 5.0 mW/cm² and an uncontrolled MPE limit of 1.0 mW/cm². These limits are considered protective of these populations.

- ₹tj	ible I: Limits for i	Maximum Permiss	sible Exposure (MPI	
(A) Limits for Occu	pational/Controlled	d Exposure		
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time [E] ² , [H] ² , or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f²)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1,500			f/300	6
1,500-100,000		-	5	6
(B) Limits for Gene Frequency Range (MHz)	ral Public/Uncontro Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (\$) (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time [E]², [H]², or S (minutes)
00134	614	1.63	(100)*	30
0.3-1.34	014	1.05		30
0.3-1.34 1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f²)*	30
1.34-30			(180/f²)* 0.2	
0.3-1.34 1.34-30 30-300 300-1,500	824/f	2.19/f	->	30

f = Frequency in (MHz)

Figure 1. FCC Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Plane-wave Equivalent Power Density



Based on the above, the most restrictive thresholds for exposures of unlimited duration to RF energy for several personal wireless services are summarized below:

AT&T Proprietary (Internal use only). Not for use or disclosure outside the AT&T companies, except under written agreement. ©2020 AT&T Intellectual property. All rights reserved.

^{*} Plane-wave equivalent power density

Site USID: 275126

Site Name: Jojoba Site FA: 10153205

Personal Wireless Service	Approximate Frequency	Occupational MPE	Public MPE
Microwave (Point-to-Point)	5,000 - 80,000 MHz	5.00 mW/cm ²	I.00 mW/cm ²
Broadband Radio (BRS)	2,600 MHz	5.00 mW/cm ²	1.00 mW/cm ²
Wireless Communication (WCS)	2,300 MHz	5.00 mW/cm ²	I.00 mW/cm ²
Advanced Wireless (AWS)	2,100 MHz	5.00 mW/cm ²	I.00 mW/cm ²
Personal Communication (PCS)	1,950 MHz	5.00 mW/cm ²	1.00 mW/cm ²
Cellular Telephone	870 MHz	2.90 mW/cm ²	0.58 mW/cm ²
Specialized Mobile Radio (SMR)	855 MHz	2.85 mW/cm ²	0.57 mW/cm ²
Long Term Evolution (LTE)	700 MHz	2.33 mW/cm ²	0.47 mW/cm ²
Most Restrictive Frequency Range	30-300 MHz	1.00 mW/cm ²	0,20 mW/cm ²

MPE limits are designed to provide a substantial margin of safety. These limits apply for continuous exposures and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health.

Personal Communication (PCS) facilities used by AT&T in this area operate within a frequency range of 700-1900 MHz. Facilities typically consist of: I) electronic transceivers (the radios or cabinets) connected to wired telephone lines; and 2) antennas that send the wireless signals created by the transceivers to be received by individual subscriber units (PCS telephones). Transceivers are typically connected to antennas by coaxial cables.

Because of the short wavelength of PCS services, the antennas require line-of-site paths for good propagation, and are typically installed above ground level. Antennas are constructed to concentrate energy towards the horizon, with as little energy as possible scattered towards the ground or the sky. This design, combined with the low power of PCS facilities, generally results in no possibility for exposure to approach Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) levels, with the exception of areas directly in front of the antennas.

FCC Compliance Requirement

A site is considered out of compliance with FCC regulations if there are areas that exceed the FCC exposure limits and there are no RF hazard mitigation measures in place. Any carrier which has an installation that contributes more than 5% of the applicable MPE must participate in mitigating these RF hazards.

Appendix B: AT&T RF EXPOSURE POLICY REQUIREMENTS

AT&T's RF Exposure: Responsibilities, Procedures & Guidelines document, dated May 27, 2015, requires that:

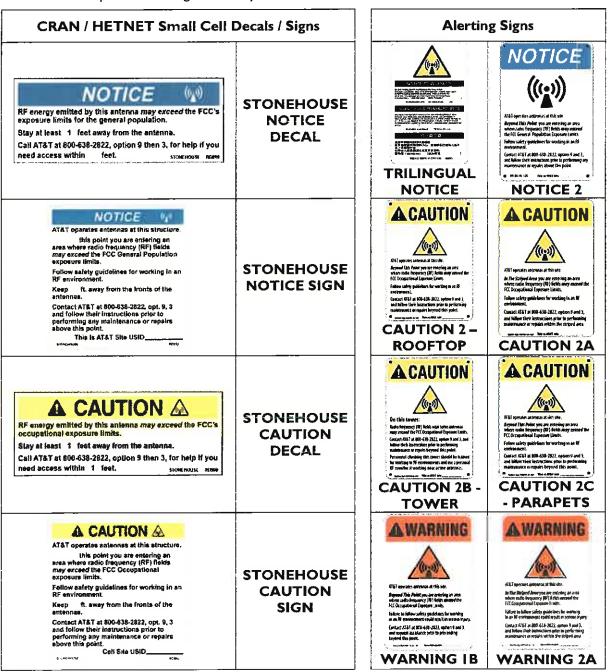
- I. All sites must be analyzed for RF exposure compliance;
- 2. All sites must have that analysis documented; and
- 3. All sites must have any necessary signage and barriers installed.

Appendix C: AT&T SIGNAGE AND MITIGATION

Signs are the primary means for control of access to areas where RF exposure levels may potentially exceed the MPE. As presented in the AT&T guidance document, the signs must:

- Be posted at a conspicuous point;
- Be posted at the appropriate locations;
- Be readily visible; and
- Make the reader <u>aware</u> of the potential risks <u>prior</u> to entering the affected area.

The table below presents the signs that may be used for AT&T installations.



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Appendix D: LIMITATIONS

This report was prepared for the use of AT&T Mobility, LLC to meet requirements outlined in AT&T's corporate RF safety guidelines. It was performed in accordance with generally accepted practices of other consultants undertaking similar studies at the same time and in the same locale under like circumstances. The conclusions provided by EBI are based solely on the information provided by the client. The observations in this report are valid on the date of the investigation. Any additional information that becomes available concerning the site should be provided to EBI so that our conclusions may be revised and modified, if necessary. This report has been prepared in accordance with Standard Conditions for Engagement and authorized proposal, both of which are integral parts of this report. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

Appendix E: RoofMaster™

RoofMaster™ is a widely-used predictive modeling program that has been developed to predict RF power density values for rooftop and tower telecommunications sites produced by vertical collinear antennas that are typically used in the cellular, PCS, paging and other communications services. Using the computational methods set forth in Federal Communications (FCC) Office of Engineering & Technology (OET) Bulletin 65, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields" (OET-65), RoofMaster™ calculates predicted power density in a scalable grid based on the contributions of all RF sources characterized in the study scenario. At each grid location, the cumulative power density is expressed as a percentage of the FCC limits. Manufacturer antenna pattern data is utilized in these calculations. RoofMaster™ models consist of the Far Field model as specified in OET-65 and an implementation of the OET-65 Cylindrical Model (Sula9). The models utilize several operational specifications for different types of antennas to produce a plot of spatially-averaged power densities that can be expressed as a percentage of the applicable exposure limit.

Appendix F: CERTIFICATIONS

Preparer Certification

I, David Keirstead, state that:

- I am an employee of EnviroBusiness Inc. (d/b/a EBI Consulting), which provides RF-EME safety and compliance services to the wireless communications industry.
- I have successfully completed RF-EME safety training, and I am aware of the potential hazards from RF-EME and would be classified "occupational" under the FCC regulations.
- I am fully aware of and familiar with the Rules and Regulations of both the Federal Communications Commissions (FCC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) with regard to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation.
- I have been trained in on the procedures outlined in AT&T's RF Exposure: Responsibilities, Procedures & Guidelines document (dated October 28, 2014) and on RF-EME modeling using RoofMaster™ modeling software.
- I have reviewed the data provided by the client and incorporated it into this Site Compliance Report such that the information contained in this report is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

Bord Keirsteal

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

and

INTENT TO ADOPT A NEGATIVE DECLARATION

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY DIRECTOR'S HEARING to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 190017 and VARIANCE CASE NO. 190009 – Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration – CEQ190168 – Applicant: Smartlink, LLC c/o Alisha Strasheim – Engineer/Representative: CASA Industries c/o Alisha Strasheim – Third Supervisorial District – Aguanga Zoning Area – REMAP Area Plan – Open Space: Recreation (OS-R) – Location: Northerly of Clubhouse Drive, easterly of Manzanita Drive, and westerly of State Highway 371, and more specifically located at 45120 Highway 79 – 120 acres – Zoning: Rural Residential (R-R) – **REQUEST:** Plot Plan Wireless No. 190017 proposes to construct a wireless communication facility for AT&T, disguised as a 70-foot tall mono-pine with three (3) live pine trees, including 12 antennas, 36 RRUs, two (2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel generator within a 912 sq. ft. lease area, surrounded by an 8-foot high barrier. Variance Case No. 190009 is a proposal for a modification to the height requirement established through Section 19.410.C of Ordinance No. 348 which states disguised wireless communication facilities in residential zone classifications shall not exceed 50 feet, the proposal requests a variance for a 70-foot tower.

TIME OF HEARING: 1:30 pm or as soon as possible thereafter

DATE OF HEARING: OCTOBER 19, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

12th FLOOR, CONFERENCE ROOM A

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/.

For further information regarding this project, please contact Project Planner Jay Olivas at (760) 863-7050 or email at jolivas@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Director's Hearing agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above project will not have a significant effect on the environment and has recommended adoption of a negative declaration. The Planning Director will consider the proposed project and the proposed negative declaration, at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project and the proposed negative declaration is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Director for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Director and retained for the official record.

If you challenge this project in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Director at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that, as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Director may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands, within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to:

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Jay Olivas

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

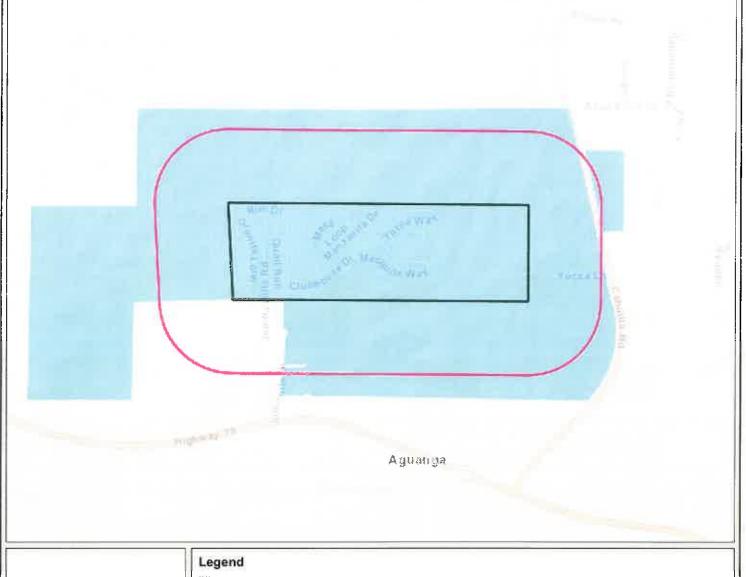
PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I, VINNIE NGUYEN certify that on September 24, 2020
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS ,
APN (s) or case numbers PPW190017 / VAR190009 for
Company or Individual's Name RCIT - GIS
Distance buffered1000'
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all other
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 25
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum o
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundaries
based upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identified
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names and
mailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-site
improvement/alignment.
I further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.
understand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of the
application.
TITLE: GIS Analyst
ADDRESS: 4080 Lemon Street 9 TH Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
TELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a m = 5 p m): (951) 955-8158

Riverside County GIS Mailing Labels

PPW190017 / VAR190009

(1000 feet buffer)





1,505



Notes





3,009 Feet

IMPORTANT Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user.

REPORT PRINTED ON... 9/24/2020 11:00:15 AM

© Riverside County RCIT

583160001 JOJOBA HILLS SKP RESORTS INC 45120 HIGHWAY 79 AGUANGA CA 92536 583160027 MICHAEL A. GOJICH 25798 SUNNYVALE CT MENIFEE CA 92584

583160028 WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY REGIONAL P O BOX 1667 RIVERSIDE CA 92502 583170032 MERLE HITCHCOCK 46700 JUNI HILLS DR AGUANGA CA 92536

583170048 DENNIS WAYNE WEBB 46740 JUNI HILLS DR AGUANGA CA 92536 583160019 DISCREET CAPITAL INC 41700 IVY ST # C MURRIETA CA 92562

583160022 BILLY J. WILLCUTT P O BOX 628 AGUANGA CA 92536 583160018 MICHAEL CAMP 41700 IVY ST UNIT C MURRIETA CA 92562

583160021 JIN PARK 2140 EL RANCHO VISTA FULLERTON CA 92833 583120011 SUNG DOO KIM 30545 ESTERO ST TEMECULA CA 92592

583160013 ANTHONY J. TEJEDA 44840 HIGHWAY 371 AGUANGA CA 92536 583160030 MARY KLEINVACHTER 44750 HIGHWAY 371 AGUANGA CA 92536

583170029 GM GABRYCH FAMILY 2006 OLD HIGHWAY 395 FALLBROOK CA 92028 583160002 ARLIE W. BERGMAN 37126 HIGHWAY 79 WARNER SPRINGS CA 92086 583160017 PARVIZ OSHIDERI 7 CUPERTINO CIR ALISO VIEJO CA 92656 583160031 KEYKHOSROW BASTANI 44700 HIGHWAY 371 AGUANGA CA 92536

583170008 BYUNG KWAN MIN 13564 MEGANWOOD PL LA MIRADA CA 90638 583160009 PATRICIA LEE 2300 E VALLEY PKWY NO 69 ESCONDIDO CA 92027

583160015 MARVIN S. KING P O BOX 157 AGUANGA CA 92536 583170028 ROGELIO CABALLERO P O BOX 715 AGUANGA CA 92536

583170031 FRANK LOIZU 5464 RAINBOW HEIGHTS RD FALLBROOK CA 92028 583160012 LEROY G. MILLER P O BOX 97 AGUANGA CA 92536

583160025 MERLE I. JOHNSON POB 450 AGUANGA CA 92536 583160026 SKP RESORT OF SOUTHERN CALIF INC 45120 HIGHWAY 79 AGUANGA CA 92536

583170026 LYLE E. HITCHCOCK 46700 JUNI HILLS DR AGUANGA CA 92536

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - THE RESOURCES AGENCY DEPARTMENT OF FISHAND GAME ENVIRONMENTAL FILING FEE CASH RECEIPT

Mouse

	Receip	t#: 20-380772
State Clearinghouse	(if applicab	le):
Lend Agency: RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT	lint:	10/29/2020
County Agency of Filling: RIVERSIDE	Llexanneri No.	E-202001294
Project Title: PPW190017 /VAR190009 CEQ190168		
Project Applicant Name: ALISHA STRASHEIM SMARTLINK, LLC	Phone Numbers	(760) 863-7050
Project Applicant Address: 3300 IRVINE AVE STE. 300, NEWPORT BEACH, CA 92	2660	
Project Applicant: PRIVATE ENTITY		
CHECK APPLICABLE FEEN:		
□ Enversamental Impact Repart		
Negative Declaration		\$2,406.75
Application Fee Water Diversion (State Water Resources Control Board Only)		
☐ Froject Subject to Certified Regulatory Pragrams ☑ County Administration Fee		\$50.00
Project that is exempt from fees (DFO No Effect Determination (Form Attached		330,00
Project that is exempt from fees (Notice of Exemption	0	
Total Re	celved	\$2,456.75
Signature and title of person receiving payment. U. Sandow C	Deput	у



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Assistant TLMA Planning Director

NE	EGATIVE DECLARAT	ION	
Project/Case Number: PPW1900	017/ VAR190009 CEQ190168		
	Based on the Initial Study, it has been determined that the proposed project, subject to the proposed mitigation measures, will not have a significant effect upon the environment.		
communication facilities for AT&7 six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diesel	T, disguised as 70 foot monopine, ir antennas, four (4) surge protectors	2009 proposes to construct a wireless including twelve (12) antennas, thirtys, one (1) GPS antenna, one (1) utility ase area, surrounded by a 8 foot high ons of Approval)	
COMPLETED/REVIEWED BY:		8	
By: <u>Jay Olivas</u>	Title: <u>Project Planner</u>	Date: <u>October 7, 2020</u>	
Applicant/Project Sponsor: Alish	a Strasheim Da	ate Submitted: <u>11/25/2019</u>	
ADOPTED BY: Planning Director	or		
Person Verifying Adoption:		Date: <u>October 7, 2020</u>	
The Negative Declaration may be at:	e examined, along with documents	referenced in the initial study, if any,	
Riverside County Planning Depart	rtment 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floo	or, Riverside, CA 92501	
For additional information, please contact Jay Olivas at 760-863-7050.			
Please charge deposit fee case#: ZCEQ190168	ZCFW 200043 FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY		



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

☐ 38686 El Cerrito Road

Riverside County Planning Department

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

P.O. Box 3044

Sacramento, CA 95812-3044		Palm Desert, California 92211
County of Riverside County Clerk	P. O. Box 1409	
	Riverside, CA 92502-1409	
SUBJECT: Filing of Notice of Determination in complia	nce with Section 21152 of the California Public Reso	ources Code.
PPW190017/VAR190009 CEQ190168		
Project Title/Case Numbers		
•		
Jay Olivas, Project Planner	<u>760-863-7050</u> Phone Number	
County Contact Person	Phone Number	
N/A		
State Clearinghouse Number (if submitted to the State C	Clearinghouse)	
Alisha Strasheim Smartlink, LLC	3300 Irvine Ave, Ste. 300, Newport Beacl	h CA 92660
Project Applicant	Address	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
North of Clubhouse Drive, east of Manzanita Drive	<u>e, west of State Highway 371, and more speci</u>	fically located at 45120 Highway 79
Project Location PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 1900017 / VAR	IANCE CASE NO. 190009 - The Plot Pla	an Wireless proposes to construct a wireless
communication facility for AT&T, disguised as 70	foot mono-pine with live pine trees, including	twelve (12) antennas, thirty-six (36) RRUs, two
(2) microwave antennas, four (4) surge protectors		
square foot lease area, surrounded by a 8 foot	high CMU Wall. Variance Case No. 190009	is a proposal for a modification to the height
requirement established through Section 19.410.0	of Ordinance No. 348 which states disguised	d wireless communication facilities in residential
zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet	, the proposal requests a variance for a 70-foo	ot tower. APN: 583-160-001.
Project Description This is to advise that the Riverside County Planning Dire	poter as the lead agency has approved the above-r	referenced project on October 19, 2020 and has made
the following determinations regarding that project:	sciol, as the lead agency, has approved the above-i	elerenced project on <u>october 19, 2020</u> and has made
and removing determination to regarding draw project.		
1. The project WILL NOT have a significant effect on	the environment.	
A <u>Negative Declaration</u> was prepared for the proje the independent judgment of the Lead Agency.	ct pursuant to the provisions of the California Enviro	nmental Quality Act (\$2,406.75+\$50.00) and reflects
Mitigation measures WERE NOT made a condition	of the approval of the project.	
4 A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan/Program		
5. A statement of Overriding Considerations WAS NC		
6. Findings were made pursuant to the provisions of C	CEQA.	- t- the comment sublicate Disposide County Disposine
This is to certify that the earlier EA, with comments, re- Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside,		e to the general public at. Riverside County Flamining
Department, 4000 Zemon Greek, 12th Floor America,	O/ (0200 1.	
//V/7.0/VW	Urban Regional Planner	10/26/2020
V		
Please charge deposit fee case#: ZCEQ190168 ZCFW2		
	FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY	
S'exeture	Title	Date
Signature		Date
Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:		

FROM:



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

☐ 38686 El Cerrito Road

FROM: Riverside County Planning Department

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

P.O. Box 3044

Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 ⊠ County of Riverside County Clerk	P. O. Box 1409	Palm Desert, California 92211
	Riverside, CA 92502-1409	
SUBJECT: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance v	with Section 21152 of the California Public Resour	ces Code.
PPW190017/CEQ190168 Project Title/Case Numbers		
Jay Olivas County Contact Person		
N/A State Clearinghouse Number (if submitted to the State Clear	ringhouse)	
Alisha Strasheim Project Applicant	3300 Irvine Ave, New Port CA 92660 Address	
North of Highway 79, south of El Pasta Road, east of Project Location PLOT PLAN WIRELESS NO. 190017/VAR190009 — CASA Industries c/o Alisha Strasheim — Third Supervis R) — Location: North of Highway 79, south of El Pasta Rural Residential (R-R) — REQUEST: The Plot Plan V 70 foot monopine, including twelve (12) antennas, this antenna, one (1) utility cabinet, and one (1) 30kw diese APN: 583-160-001. Project Description This is to advise that the Riverside County Planning Director the following determinations regarding that project: 1. The project WILL NOT have a significant effect on the etan and reflect the independent judgment of the Lead Agent and reflect the independent judgment of the Lead Agent A Mitigation measures WERE made a condition of the app A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan/Program W. 5. A statement of Overriding Considerations WAS NOT ad 6. Findings were made pursuant to the provisions of CEQ/This is to certify that the earlier EA, with comments, respondent Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 9.	CEQ190168 – Applicant: Smartlink LLC c/o.sorial District – Aquanga Zoning Area – REM/a Road, east of White Mountain Hill Road and Vireless proposes to construct a wireless corinty-six (36) RRUs, two (2) microwave antenel generator within 912 square foot lease are as the lead agency, has approved the above-reference of the project pursuant to the provisions of the Californicy. Proval of the project. AS NOT adopted. Joses, and record of project approval is available to service of the content of the project approval is available to service of the content of the project approval is available to service of the content of the project approval is available to service of the content of the project approval is available to service of the content of the project approval is available to service of the content of the project approval is available to the content of the project approval is available to the content of the project approval is available to the content of the project approval is available to the content of the project approval is available to the content of the project approval is available to the content of the project approval is available to the project approval is availab	Alisha Strasheim — Engineer/Representative AP Area Plan — Open Space: Recreation (OS) I west of Cahuila Road — 120 acres — Zoning mmunication facilities for AT&T, disguised a inas, four (4) surge protectors, one (1) GPS a, surrounded by a 8 foot high wooden fence erenced project on and has mad hia Environmental Quality Act (\$2,354.75+\$50.00)
Please charge deposit fee case#: ZCEQ190168 ZCFG FO	OR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY	
Signature	<u>Urban Planner</u>	
Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:	——————————————————————————————————————	

INVOICE (INV-00126413) FOR RIVERSIDE COUNTY

County of Riverside Transportation & Land Management Agency



BILLING CONTACT / APPLICANT

Alisha Strasheim Smartlink LLC 3300 Irvine Ave, 300 Newport Beach, Ca 92660

INVOICE NUMBER	INVOICE DATE	INVOICE DUE DATE	INVOICE STATUS
INV-00126413	10/07/2020	10/07/2020	Paid In Full

REFERENCE NUMBER	FEE NAME	TOTAL
CFW200043	0451 - CF&W Trust ND/MND	\$2,406.75
	0452 - CF&W Trust Record Fees	\$50.00

SITE ADDRESS		
45120 Aguanga Rd Aguanga, CA 92536	SUB TOTAL	\$2,456.75

TOTAL DUE	\$2,456.75
101112	Ψ=,+00.10

PAYMENT OPTIONS		Note A 2 28% transaction service fee will be applied to Credit Card payments
Online Payments	Go to: RivCoPlus.org	E-Checks and Credit Cards are accepted on-line.
Credit Card Payment by Phone	(760) 863-7735	Please have your invoice number ready for reference.
Payment by US Postal Mail Service	County of Riverside Attn: Accounts Receivables P.O. Box 1605 Riverside, CA 92502	Reference your invoice number on your check or include a copy of the invoice.
Payment by FedEx, UPS or similar courier	County of Riverside Attn: Accounts Receivables 4080 Lemon St., 14th Fl. Riverside, CA 92501	Reference your invoice number on your check or include a copy of the invoice.

Note that this invoice is used for both initial and supplemental payment requests. On Deposit Based Fee (DBF) cases and permits all work will cease when the balance is negative. If you have already made an initial payment and you are receiving an additional invoice, your case or permit has a low or negative balance. Work cannot resume until you have provided additional funds. If you would like to review a full statement of costs to date, e-mail your request to, TLMABilling@rivco.org and include the reference number(s), which is your case number and department in the subject line.

October 28, 2020 Page 1 of 1



John Earle Hildebrand III Interim Planning Director

PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Memorandum

4.1

DATE:

November 10, 2020

TO:

Riverside County Planning Commission

FROM:

Deborah Bradford, Project Planner

RE:

November 18, 2020 Planning Commission

ITEM:

4.1 - General Plan Amendment No. 190017, Change of Zone No. 1900048, Tentative Parcel

Map No. 37590 and Plot Plan No. 190037

Staff recommends Agenda Item 4.1, General Plan Amendment No. 190017, Change of Zone No. 1900048, Tentative Parcel Map No. 37590 and Plot Plan No. 190037, be continued to the December 2, 2020 Planning Commission Hearing.

Thank you.

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COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

4 . 2

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

Case Number(s):	CUP190018 & DA1900011	Applicant(s):
	Section 15301(I)(3), Section 15303,	Coronita Helping Hands
CEQA Exempt	& Section 15061(b)(3)	Representative(s):
Area Plan:	Temescal Canyon	KWC Engineers
Zoning Area/District:	West Corona Area	
Supervisorial District:	Second District	On Ainha
Project Planner:	Gabriel Villalobos	John Thedebrush
Project APN(s):	102-102-021	John Hildebrand Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

Conditional Use Permit No. 190018 proposes to demolish the existing modular building and construct a 2,500-square-foot building as a storefront for a retail cannabis business with office space for cannabis related business and associated site work including the repaving of the parking area and the addition of landscaping ("Project").

<u>Development Agreement No. 1900011</u> has a term of 10 years and grants the applicant vesting rights to develop the Project in accordance with the terms of Development Agreement No. 1900011 and Conditional Use Permit No. 190018 and will provide community benefits to the Highgrove Area.

The project is located north of Via Santiago, east of Ridgeview Terrace, south of Frontage Rd, and west of Via Josefa.

The above is hereinafter referred to as the "Project" or "project".

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMEND THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>FIND</u> that the project is **EXEMPT** from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15301(I)(3) (Existing Facilities), Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) and Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption), based on the findings and conclusions in the staff report; and,

<u>TENTATIVELY APPROVE</u> Development Agreement No. 1900011, based upon the findings in this staff report, pending final adoption of the Development Agreement ordinance by the Board of Supervisors; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> Conditional Use Permit No. 190018, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report, subject to final approval of the Development Agreement.

PROJECT DATA		
Land Use and Zoning:		
Existing General Plan Foundation Component:	: Community Development	
Proposed General Plan Foundation Component:	: N/A	
Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:	Commercial Retail (CR)	
Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation:	N/A	
Surrounding General Plan Land Uses		
North:	N/A – Freeway	
East:	N/A – City of Corona	
South:	Medium Density Residential (MDR)	
West:	Commercial Retail (CR)	
Existing Zoning Classification:	General Commercial (C-1/C-P)	
Proposed Zoning Classification:	N/A	
Surrounding Zoning Classifications		
North:	N/A – Freeway	
East:	N/A – City of Corona	
South:	One-Family Dwellings (R-1)	
West:	General Commercial (C-1/C-P)	
Existing Use:	Commercial	
Surrounding Uses		
North:	N/A – Freeway	
South:	Residential	
East:	Commercial	
West:	Residential	

Project Details:

Item	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	0.52 acres	N/A
Proposed Building Area (SQFT):	2,500 sq.ft.	N/A
Floor Area Ratio:	0.11 FAR	0.20 – 0.35 FAR
Building Height (FT):	19'-6"	50' max height

Parking:

Type of Use	Building Area (in SF)	Parking Ratio	Spaces Required	Spaces Provided
Cannabis Retailer	2,500	1 space/200 sq.ft. of gross floor area	13	13
TOTAL:	2,500		13	13

Located Within:

Yes - City of Corona
No
No
No
Yes – Low
Yes – Susceptible
No

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



Figure 1: Project Location Map

Development Agreement No. 1900011, Conditional Use Permit No. 190018 Planning Commission Staff Report: November 18, 2020 Page 4 of 14

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

On October 23, 2018, the Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance No. 348.4898, which established the permitting process and regulations for commercial cannabis activities.

Applicants requesting to establish commercial cannabis retail, microbusinesses, and/or cultivation uses were required to submit a request for proposal ("RFP") cannabis package. Applicants who ranked highest were allowed to proceed forward with the Conditional Use Permit process. On July 2, 2019, the Board of Supervisors accepted the Cannabis RFP response package rankings list, which allowed the highest ranking applicants to begin the land use review process for their proposed project. In the first year of implementation, 50 cannabis cultivation applications and 19 cannabis retail applications began the land use review process.

This project was assigned an RFP Cannabis File No. CAN190039 and was ranked 19 out of the 24 retail cannabis RFP packages recommended to proceed forward with the Conditional Use Permit application process.

Project Details

The proposal is for the construction of a new, 2,500-square-foot Cannabis Retail Store to be used as a storefront in the West Corona area of Riverside County. The project site is currently occupied by an 840-square-foot modular trailer that was used as an office space for the previous land use, which was an outdoor lighting and garden statues business. The currently existing modular structure will be demolished to make way for the new, 2,500-square-foot stick-built building along with the associated site work including thirteen (13) new parking spaces, a new trash enclosure, landscaping, and a monument sign for the proposed new Cannabis Retail Store.

The proposed Cannabis Retail Store would operate between the hours of 7 AM to 10 PM daily in compliance with the County of Riverside Ordinance No. 348 Section 19.505.I. The cannabis retail facility would have approximately three (3) to four (4) employees on site including security personnel. In addition, the parking ratio of 1 space/200 square feet of gross floor area equals 13 parking spaces as a requirement for the proposed Cannabis Retail Facility. The proposed number of spaces provided meets the 13 parking space requirement, but, due to the restricted size of the project's location no more spaces could be feasibly provided. One (1) ADA parking space is included in the 13 spaces, meeting the standards set forth in Section 18.12.C of Ordinance No. 348.

As part of the approval process for cannabis retail facilities, a development agreement between the County of Riverside and the applicant was applied for under Development Agreement No. 1900011 ("DA1900011").

General Plan Consistency

The project site has a General Plan Foundation Component of Community Development (CD) and a Land Use Designation of Commercial Retail (CR). The Community Development General Plan Foundation Component depicts areas where urban and suburban development is appropriate. It is the intent of this Foundation Component to provide a breadth of land uses that foster variety and choice, accommodate a range of life styles, living and working conditions, and accommodate diverse community settings. The

goal is to accommodate a balance of jobs, housing, and services within communities to help achieve other aspects of the RCIP Vision, such as mobility, open space, and air quality goals.

The Commercial Retail (CR) land use designation provides for the emphasis on general uses such as grocery stores, drug stores, and other retail outlets. The project is consistent with the Community Development General Plan Foundation Component and Commercial Retail Land Use Designation as it would provide community services and job opportunities within the surrounding community.

Zoning Consistency

The project site is zoned for General Commercial (C-1/C-P). Pursuant to Ordinance No. 348, Article XIXh, Section 19.518, Cannabis Retailers are allowed in the C-1/C-P zone with an approved conditional use permit. The applicant has submitted this CUP application to ensure compliance with all applicable development standards and regulations. As further described in the findings section, the project meets all the applicable development standards for the C-1/C-P zone and those set forth in Section 19.519 of Ordinance No. 348, including design, height, setbacks, and parking requirements.

The applications for Development Agreement No. 1900011 and Conditional Use Permit No. 190018 were submitted to the County of Riverside on August 12, 2019.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW / ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

This project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15301(I)(3) (Existing Facilities). This exemption specifically states "a store, motel, office, restaurant, and similar small commercial structure if designed for an occupant load of 30 persons or less. In urbanized areas, the exemption also applies to the demolition of up to three such commercial buildings on sites zoned for such use." The proposal for CUP190018 shall include the demolition of an existing 840-square foot modular structure for the development of a new, 2,500 square foot Cannabis storefront retailer. Under this categorical exemption, the demolition and replacement of the current modular structure with the new stick built building would be exempted as the project is located within an urbanized area and shall include a similar small commercial structure with an occupant load considered to be less than 30 people based off of the gross floor area of the reception retail sales area.

In addition, the project is also exempt from California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures). This section specifically exempts construction and location of new, small facilities or structures, including but not limited to a store not involving the use of significant amounts of hazardous substances and not exceeding 2500 square feet in floor area. The Project includes the demolition of an existing 840-square-foot modular structure and the construction of a new, 2,500-square-foot Cannabis retail storefront not involving the use of significant amounts of hazardous substances. Therefore, the project as proposed, qualifies for the Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) exemption.

None of the exceptions pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines section 15300.2 would occur. The Project would not have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances; would not result in a cumulative impact; would not impact any historic resources; and is not located on a hazardous site or location. The proposed cannabis related use does not present any unusual circumstances since it would present similar environmental impacts compared to any other retail use that would be permitted to occupy the project site. Since all impacts of the proposed use would be similar to other uses that would occupy

the space, all potential cumulative impacts of this use were also previously addressed in the prior approvals. No historic resources are known to exist on the site that could be impacted since the site is recently developed. The site is not known to be located on a hazardous site based on available data. Additionally, since the State has created various rules and regulations as they relate to cannabis waste, particularly for cannabis cultivators, there are no impacts related to cannabis as a hazardous waste as it relates to the commercial selling of cannabis (the State actually treats cannabis as an organic waste, versus a hazardous waste). Accordingly, there are no exceptions to the above categorical exemptions that would prevent them from applying.

This proposed project is also exempt from California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review pursuant to Article 5 - Preliminary Review of Projects and Conduct of Initial Study, Section 15061 (b)(3), which states: Once a lead agency has determined that an activity is a project subject to CEQA, a lead agency shall determine whether the project is exempt from CEQA. The Project is deemed to be a "project" pursuant to CEQA. The Project is a retail business (cannabis retail) and includes the demolition of the existing modular structure onsite and the construction of a new 2,500 square foot Cannabis retail storefront. No cultivation, testing, microbusiness, distribution, or manufacturing is involved with the Project or project site. The Project is EXEMPT under State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061 because Section (b) (3) states: The activity is covered by the general rule that CEQA applies only to projects, which have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment. Where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, the activity is not subject to CEQA. The proposed Project will continue to utilize the site as a commercial land use and will not result in any additional impacts related to traffic, air quality, or public safety, beyond what already occurs at the existing commercial retail establishment. As the land is already developed, there are no potential impacts related to aesthetics, biological and cultural resources, hydrology, or other similar potential impacts. Lastly, as the State has created various rules and regulations as they relate to cannabis waste, particularly for cannabis cultivators, there are no impacts related to cannabis as a hazardous waste as it relates to the commercial selling of cannabis (the State actually treats cannabis as an organic waste. versus a hazardous waste). Therefore, the project meets the requirements for CEQA exemption per Section 15061(b)(3) as there is no potential that the Project as proposed would have a significant physical impact on the environment.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve the proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Land Use Findings:

1. The project site has a General Plan Land Use Designation of Commercial Retail (CR). The proposed project is conditionally consistent with the land use designation as the project does not meet the Commercial Retail floor area ratio (FAR) requirement of 0.20 to 0.35 FAR. The project will construct a new 2,500 square foot building on a 0.51 acre or 22,273 square foot parcel, which equals a FAR of approximately 0.11. Per Land Use Policy LU 29.10, FAR is intended for planning purposes only and the Planning Director or his/her designee shall have the discretion to authorize the use of a FAR that is less intense in order to encourage good project design and efficient site utilization. This project will implement a less intense FAR than required, but given the limitations of the parcel on which the project is proposed, the project will implement good project design that utilizes the available space for both parking and landscaping to accommodate the proposed use and increase the aesthetic appeal of the

new development. As such, planning staff has made the determination that the projects meets the requirement and is consistent with the CR land use designation.

- 2. The project site has a Zoning Classification of General Commercial (C-1/C-P), which is consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, including the applicable Foundation Component and Land Use Designation identified above. The proposed use of a storefront cannabis retail facility is allowed within the C-1/C-P zone per Section 19.518.A.2 of Ordinance No. 348.
- 3. The proposed use, a Cannabis Retailer, is consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and is allowed within the General Commercial (C-1/C-P) Zoning Classification, subject to Conditional Use Permit approval.
- 4. The uses surrounding the project site include a mixture of residential uses to the west and south and commercial uses to the east, the proposed project will be facing the 91 freeway to the north. The residential uses to the west and south are zoned for One-Family Dwellings (R-1). The proposed new building is located outside of the 40 foot setback from all residentially zoned parcels, as no such parcel abuts the project site. As such, the project use is compatible with the surrounding uses as it meets the minimum development standards as defined through Ordinance No. 348.

Conditional Use Permit Findings:

- 1. The proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, or general welfare of the community since the project has been reviewed by County departments specifically for these concerns and has received departmental approvals and has been designed and conditioned to protect the health, safety, and general welfare of the community. Based on the findings included in this staff report and with compliance with the conditions set forth in the advisory notification document and conditions of approval, the proposed project will not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community and is subject to those conditions necessary to protect the health, safety, and general welfare of the community.
- 2. The proposed project conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property, as the project site is located on a parcel that supports the proposed development while being consistent with both the General Plan and zoning ordinance. The site is located adjacent to other properties which are designated Commercial Retail (CR) to the west, and east which encourage suburban development and land uses that foster variety, choice and accommodate a balance of jobs, housing, and services within communities. The proposed use, a cannabis retail storefront, would provide community benefits and retail services for the surrounding community. Therefore, the proposed project conforms to the logical development of the land and to be compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property.
- 3. All use permits which permit the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. Under the current CUP application, this requirement does not apply as there are no additional structures being proposed, as such no condition is required.

Permit Requirements for All Commercial Cannabis Activities:

- 1. Section 19.505 of Ordinance No. 348 sets forth requirements that all Commercial Cannabis Activities, including commercial cannabis retailers, must comply with, including, among others, submitting an appropriate application, obtaining and maintaining a state license, being sited and operated in such a way that controls odors, being limited in hours of operation, and implementing sufficient security measures. All of these requirements have either already been met or are required in the attached project's Conditions of Approval or Advisory Notification Document which are incorporated herein by this reference. Specifically, Planning. 6, Planning. 9, Planning 14 and 15 of the Advisory Notification Document address odor, hours of operation and security, and other requirements of Section 19.505.
- 2. While security has been raised as a concern relating to cannabis-related activities, a standard condition of approval or requirement of the Advisory Notification Document (Planning. 14 and 15) requires sufficient security measures to deter and prevent the unauthorized entrance into areas containing Cannabis or Cannabis Products, to deter and prevent theft of Cannabis or Cannabis Produces, and to ensure emergency access in accordance with applicable Fire Code standards. These requirements include the following:
 - a) A plan to prevent individuals from loitering on the lot if they are not engaging in activity expressly related to the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - b) 24 hour emergency contact information for the owner or an on-site employee which shall be provided to the County.
 - c) A professionally installed, maintained, and monitored alarm system.
 - d) Except for Live Cannabis Plants being cultivated at a cultivation facility and limited amounts of Cannabis for display purposes, all Cannabis and Cannabis Products shall be stored in a secured and locked structure and in a secured and locked safe room, safe, or vault, and in a manner as to prevent diversion, theft, and loss.
 - e) 24 hour security surveillance cameras to monitor all entrances and exits to a Commercial Cannabis Activity, all interior spaces within the Commercial Cannabis Activity that are open and accessible to the public, and all interior spaces where Cannabis, cash or currency is being stored for any period of time on a regular basis. The permittee for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be responsible for ensuring that the security surveillance camera's footage is accessible. Video recordings shall be maintained for a minimum of 90 days, and shall be made available to the County upon request.
 - f) Sensors shall be installed to detect entry and exit from all secure areas.
 - g) Panic buttons shall be installed in all Commercial Cannabis Activities.
 - h) Any bars installed on the windows or the doors of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be installed only on the interior of the building.
 - i) Security personnel must be licensed by the State of California Bureau of Security and Investigative Services.

- j) A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall have the capability to remain secure during a power outage and all access doors shall not be solely controlled by an electronic access panel to ensure locks are not released during a power outage.
- k) A Commercial Cannabis shall cooperate with the County and, upon reasonable notice to the Commercial Cannabis Activity, allow the County to inspect or audit the effectiveness of the security plan for the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- The permittee for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall notify the Riverside County Sherriff's Department immediately after discovering any of the following:
 - a. Significant discrepancies identified during inventory.
 - b. Diversion, theft, loss, or any criminal activity involving the Commercial Cannabis Activity or any agent or employee of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - c. The loss or unauthorized alteration of records related to Cannabis, registering qualifying patients, primary caregivers, or employees or agents of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - d. Any other breach of security.
- m) Firearms shall not be permitted at a Commercial Cannabis Activity by an owner, manager, employee, volunteer or vendor other than those individuals authorized as a State Licensed Security personnel.
- n) Cannabis or Cannabis Products shall not be stored outside at any time.

With implementation of these required measures, security concerns relating to the Commercial Cannabis Activity have been fully addressed.

Cannabis Retailer Minimum Standards:

General Location

1. Cannabis Retailers shall not be located within 1,000 feet from any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Center. Distance shall be measured from the nearest point of the respective lot lines using a direct straight-line measurement. A new adjacent use will not affect the continuation of an existing legal use that has been established under this Article and continuously operating in compliance with the conditional use permit, and local and State laws and regulations. This location requirement may be modified with the approval of a variance pursuant to Section 18.27 of Ordinance No. 348. In no case shall the distance be less than allowed by State law. The project is not located within 1,000 feet from any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Center. No variance has been approved allowing a shorter distance but not less than allowed by State law. This is met because a radius map buffering 1,000 feet from the subject site was prepared by Riverside County Geographic Information Systems and has not identified any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Centers within 1,000 feet of the site.

Cannabis Retailers shall not be located within 1,000 feet of any other Cannabis Retailer. The project is not located within 1,000 feet of any other Cannabis Retailer, at the point of the writing of this staff report only one other Commercial Cannabis Activity has been determined to be located in the general area. The proposed project located at 646 Paseo Grande, Corona, CA 92882 was measured using a direct straight-line measurement and is approximately 1,193 feet from the project site.

- 2. Cannabis Retailers shall not be located within 500 feet of a smoke shop or similar facility. The project is not located within 500 feet of a smoke shop or similar facility because a radius map buffering 1,000 feet from the subject site was prepared by Riverside County Geographic Information Systems and has not identified any smoke shop or similar facility within 500 feet of the site.
- Cannabis Retailers shall not be located on a lot containing a residential dwelling unit. The project is not located on a lot containing a residential dwelling unit because a property characteristic report as prepared by the Planning Department has not identified any residential dwelling units located at the subject site.

Setbacks

- 4. All Cannabis Retailers shall comply with the setback standards for the zone classification they are located in, except when adjacent to a residential zone where the minimum setback from the residentially zoned lot lines shall be 40 feet. The project is located within the General Commercial (C-1/C-P) zone which states there are no yard requirements for buildings which do not exceed 35 feet in height. The new proposed building shall have a maximum height of 19.5 feet which does not exceed the 35 foot limit. Additionally, the project is located next to residentially-zoned parcels located across the streets of Via Josefa and Via Santiago, but due to their location across their respective street, the proposed storefront falls outside of the 40 foot setback.
- 5. Setbacks may be modified with an approved setback adjustment in accordance with Section 18.33 of this ordinance. In no case, shall a setback be less than setbacks required by the State of California Bureau of Cannabis Control, California Building Code or Ordinance No. 457. No modifications are required for this project, as such, this requirement is not applicable.

Mobile Deliveries

6. Cannabis Retailers with an approved conditional use permit may provide deliveries of Cannabis Products consistent with State law. The proposed project shall include deliveries and shall operate between the allowed hours of 6 AM to 10 PM.

Retail Operational Requirements

- 1. The project complies with the operational requirements set forth in Ordinance No. 348 Section 19.519.C. because of the following:
 - A. Entrances into the retail location of the Cannabis Retailer shall be separate from the reception area and locked at all times with entry strictly controlled. An electronic or mechanical entry system shall be utilized to limit access and entry to the retail location. As provided by the floor plan, Exhibit C, all retail, reception, employee offices, and inventory areas shall have electronic or mechanical secured access. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 1 Cannabis Retail Operations 1)

- B. Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Medical Cannabis, requiring an M-License from the State. Cannabis Retailers selling only Medical Cannabis shall verify consumers who enter the Premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation. The project owner and management shall provide adequate training and education at the location as to these matters and require all customers to provide proper Identification to very consumers are of appropriate age. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 7 Cannabis Retail Operations 2)
- C. Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Adult Use Cannabis, requiring an A-license from the State. Cannabis Retailers selling only Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the Premises are at least 21 years of age. The project owner and management shall provide adequate training and education at the location as to these matters and require all customers to provide proper Identification to very consumers are at least 21 years of age. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 8 Cannabis Retail Operations 3)
- D. A Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of both Medical and Adult use Cannabis requiring both an A-License and an M-License from the State. All Cannabis Retailers selling both Medical and Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation or are at least 21 years of age. The project owner and management shall provide adequate training and education at the location as to these matters and require all customers to provide proper Identification to very consumers are of appropriate age. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 9 Cannabis Retail Operations 4)
- E. Display areas shall include the smallest amount of Cannabis and Cannabis Products reasonably anticipated to meet sales during operating hours. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 10 Cannabis Retail Operations 5)
- F. Cannabis and Cannabis Products not in the display area shall be maintained in a locked secure area. As provided by the project floor plan, Exhibit C, all retail, reception, employee offices, and inventory areas shall have electronic or mechanical secured access. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 11 Cannabis Retail Operations 6)
- G. Not more than 10% of the Cannabis Retailer floor area, up to a maximum of 50 square feet, shall be used for the sale of incidental goods such as, but not limited to, clothing, posters, or non-cannabis goods. The project meets this standard because the provide floor plan, Exhibit C shows the sales area to only contain cannabis products (Flower Display). It has been conditioned that not more than 10% of the Cannabis Retailer floor area, up to a maximum of 50 square feet, shall be used for the sale of incidental goods such as, but not limited to, clothing, posters, or non-cannabis goods. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 12 Cannabis Retail Operations 7)
- H. Restroom facilities shall be locked and under the control of the Cannabis Retailer. As provided by the floor plan of the project, Exhibit C, the restroom facilities have a locking door to the designated room. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 13 – Cannabis Retail Operations – 8)

- Cannabis Retailers shall ensure that all Cannabis and Cannabis Products held for sale by the Cannabis Retailer are cultivated, manufactured, transported, distributed, and tested by California licensed and permitted facilities that are in full conformance with State and local laws and regulations. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 14 – Cannabis Retail Operations – 9)
- J. Cannabis Retailers shall not distribute any Cannabis or Cannabis Product unless such products are labeled and in a tamper-evident package in compliance with the California Business and Professions Code and any additional rules promulgated by a licensing authority. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 2 Cannabis Retail Operations 10)
- K. Cannabis Retailers shall not provide free samples of any type, including Cannabis Products, to any person and shall not allow any person to provide free samples on the Cannabis Retailer's lot. It has been conditioned that the Cannabis Retailer shall not provide free samples of any type, including Cannabis Products, to any person and shall not allow any person to provide free samples on the Cannabis Retailer's lot. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 3 – Cannabis Retail Operations – 11)
- Deliveries shall be conducted in accordance with California Business and Professions Code Section 26090 or as may be amended and all state regulations pertaining to delivery of Cannabis Products. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 4 — Cannabis Retail Operations — 12)
- M. Cannabis or Cannabis Products shall not be sold or delivered by any means or method to any person within a motor vehicle. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 5 Cannabis Retail Operations 13)
- N. Cannabis Retailers shall not include a drive-in, drive-through or walk up window where retail sales of Cannabis or Cannabis Products are sold to persons or persons within or about a motor vehicle. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Advisory Notification Document Planning-All. 6 Cannabis Retail Operations 14)

Cannabis Retail Findings:

- 1. The project complies with all the requirements of the State and County for the selling of Cannabis. This is met because the project has been conditioned to meet these requirements. (Advisory Notification Document Planning. 2 General B. State License Required)
- 2. The project is not located within 1,000 feet from any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Center or a variance has been approved allowing a shorter distance but not less than allowed by State law. This is met because a radius map buffering 1,000 feet from the subject site was prepared by Riverside County Geographic Information Systems and has not identified any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Centers within 1,000 feet of the site. Therefore, the project meets this standard.
- 3. The project includes adequate measures that address enforcement priorities for Commercial Cannabis Activities including restricting access to minors, and ensuring that Cannabis and Cannabis Products are obtained from and supplied only to other permitted licensed sources within the State and

- not distributed out of State. This is met because the project has been conditioned to meet this requirement. (Advisory Notification Document Planning.16 General O. Permit and License Posting, and Planning.11 General K Monitoring Program)
- 4. For Cannabis Retailer lots with verified cannabis-related violations within the last 12 months prior to the adoption date of Ordinance No. 348.4898, the use will not contribute to repeat violation on the lot and all applicable fees have been paid. This is met because no record of any cannabis-related violations within the last 12 months exist at the project site.

General Commercial (C-1/C-P) Zone Development Standards Findings:

- 1. The development standards of the C-1/C-P Zoning Classification are as follows:
 - a. There is no minimum lot area requirement, unless specifically required by zone classification for a particular area. The proposed project meets this criteria as there is no minimum lot area required for this zone.
 - b. There are no yard requirements for buildings which do not exceed 35 feet in height except as required for specific plans. Any portion of a building which exceeds 35 feet in height shall be set back from the front, rear and side lot lines not less than two feet for each foot by which the height exceeds 35 feet. The proposed project meets this development standard as the highest portion of the proposed building is twenty-two (22') feet high, as such, there are no yard requirements for this project.
 - c. No building or structure shall exceed fifty (50') feet in height, unless a greater height is approved pursuant to Section 18.34. of Ordinance No. 348. In no event, however, shall a building or structure exceed seventy-five (75') feet in height, unless a variance is approved pursuant to Section 18.27 of Ordinance No. 348. This project meets this development standard as the proposed building is no more than twenty-two (22') feet high and is under the height limit for this zoning classification.
 - d. Automobile storage space shall be provided as required by Section 18.12. of this ordinance. The proposed project is considered a Cannabis retailer which a parking ratio of 1 space per 200 square feet of gross floor area which would result in a parking requirement of 13 parking spaces. The project meets this development standard as the proposed project provides thirteen (13) parking spaces, including one ADA-accessible space.
 - e. All roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of 1,320 feet. The project meets this development standard as there is no mechanical equipment to be located on the roof of the proposed new building.

Other Findings:

- 1. The project site is not located within a Criteria Cell of the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan.
- 2. The project site is located within the **City of Corona** Sphere of Influence. This project was provided to **City of Corona** for review and comment. No comments were received either in favor or opposition of the project.

- 3. The project site is not located within an Airport Influence Area ("AIA") boundary and is therefore not subject to the Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") review.
- 4. The project site is not located within the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary.
- 5. The project site is not located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan ("SKRHCP").

Fire Findings:

The project site is not located within a Cal Fire State Responsibility Area ("SRA") or a Local Responsibility Area ("LRA") and is also not located within a high or moderate hazard severity zone.

Development Agreement:

The applicant has proposed entering into the attached draft development agreement (DA) with the County for the Project. The DA is consistent with the General Plan and Board Policy B-9. Additionally, the advisory notification document, conditions of approval, and entitlement approvals are incorporated in the exhibits of the DA and will ensure that the project is developed in a way that would not conflict with the public's health, safety or general welfare. The DA has a term of 10 years and will grant the applicant vesting rights to develop the Project in accordance with the terms of the DA. In exchange, the DA provides certain public benefits that go beyond the basic requirements of the County including annual public benefit payments, which will be used for additional public safety services, infrastructure improvements or community enhancement programs.

Approval Requirements and Conclusion:

Based on the findings provided in this staff report and conditions of approval, the project is consistent with the General Plan and any applicable specific plan, complies with the development standards of the C-1/C-P zoning classification, complies with the permit requirements for all Commercial Cannabis Activities, complies with the minimum standard requirements and will not be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare. Additionally, the project complies with all applicable requirements of State law and ordinances of Riverside County.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

This project was advertised in the Press Enterprise Newspaper. Additionally, public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 600 feet of the project site. As of the writing of this report, Planning Staff has not received any written communications or phone calls indicating support or opposition to the proposed project.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CUP190018 DA1900011

VICINITY/POLICY AREAS

Supervisor: Spiegel

Date Drawn: 09/21/2020

Vicinity Map AVENIDA, DEL VISTA AMERICAN CIR FRONTAGE RD TS 3J9AM CITY OF CORONA POMONA RD **BONNIE LN** WARDLOW RD District 2

Zoning Area: West Corona



1,200

900

300

Feet

Author: Vinnie Nguyen

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CUP190018 DA1900011

Supervisor: Spiegel District 2

LAND USE

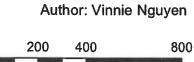
Date Drawn: 09/21/2020

Exhibit 1 POMONA RD **BONNIE LN** MAPLE WARDLOW CIR COMMERCIAL COMMERCIAL CITY OF CORONA VAC COMMERCIAL 6TH ST 0.52 AC FRONTAGE RD COMMERCIAL SF RES **SFRES** SFRES SF RES SFIRES

Zoning Area: West Corona

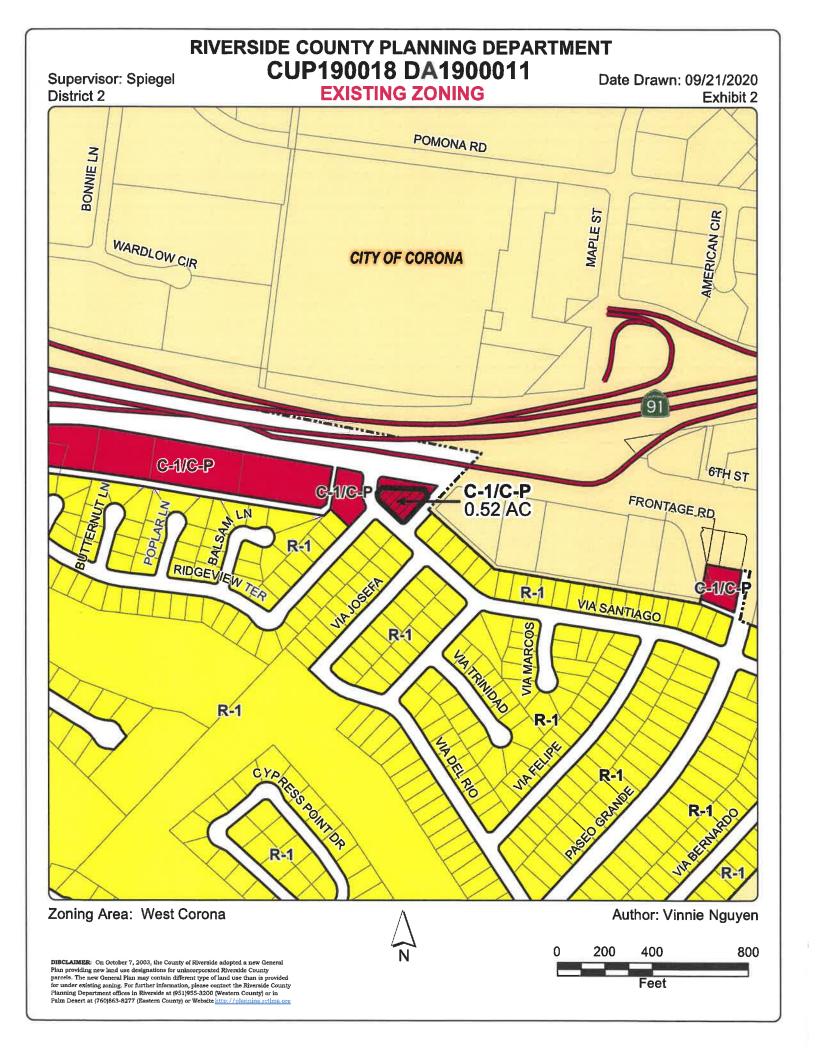
DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Operatment offices in Riverside at (951)355-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.rxtima.org



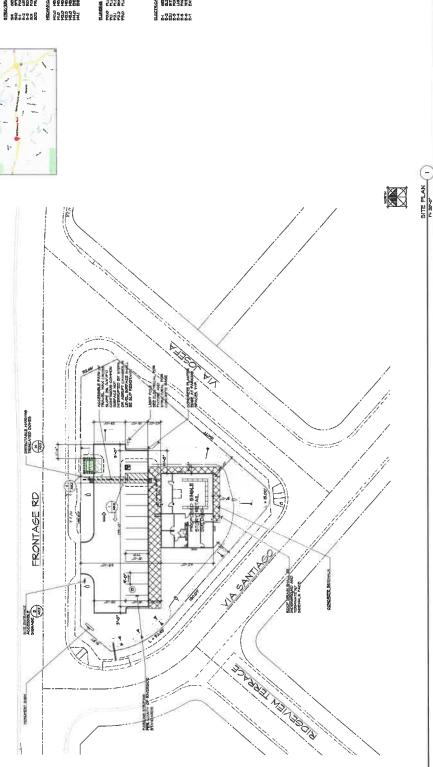


Feet

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CUP190018 DA1900011 Supervisor: Spiegel Date Drawn: 09/21/2020 **EXISTING GENERAL PLAN** District 2 Exhibit 5 POMONA RD **BONNIE LN** AMERICAN CIR WARDLOW CIR CITY OF CORONA CR O.52A0 6TH ST FRONTAGE RD LN RIGHTHE JIP JOSEFA MDR CR VIA SANTIAGO JIR ANTONIO LIA TAMIDAD MDR MDR OS-R CYPRESS PONTOR Pasto Grande Zoning Area: West Corona Author: Vinnie Nguyen 200 400 800 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Operatment offices in Riverside at 65/1958-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.retling.org Feet







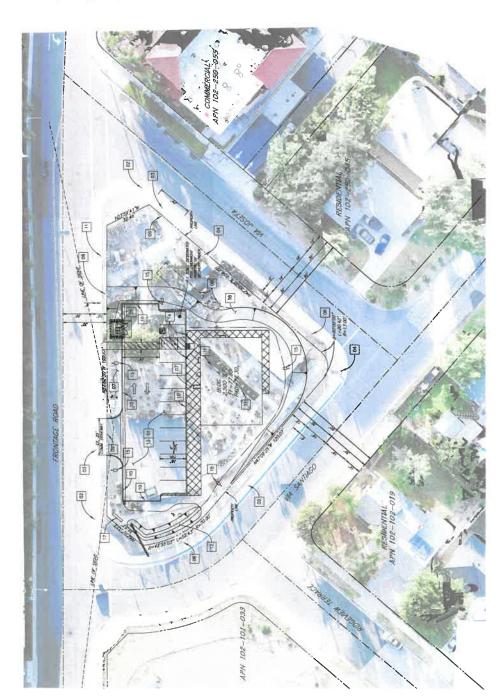




2000 FRONTAGE RD CORONA, CA



CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190018 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CA 2000 FRONTAGE RD., CA





ADDRESS: 2000 FRONTAGE RD CORONA, CA 92882 GROSS MRZH. 0.51 MCRES DISTURBED MREH: 0.41 MCRES PROPERTY SUMMARY

RECUMED PARKING.

BUILDING A PURRING SPACES (1 SPACE/200 SF) = 13

PARRING PROVIDED: BUILDING A PARRING SPACES

PARKING SUMMARY

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBERS

102-102-021-9

LAND USE SUMMARY

CEGEND

THASH ENGLOSURE PER DETAIL ON SHEET 3 ENGINEERS.

ROPOSED CONCRETE CURB OR CURB & GUTTER

CKISTING RETAMING WALL PROPOSED WOMP FACILITY (GRASSY SWALE)

OWNER:
BREEAK STANSARD COUNTY
DIRECTON SERVICE COUPLY
ASSO CHESTS CANTON
PERMS, CA 92570

PROPOSED DECORATIVE BOLLARDS
PROPOSED PARKING LIGHT POLE
DEMOLISH EXISTING BUILDING & HARDSCAPE
PROPOSED MONUMBIT SIGN

BUSINESS PLAN:

. OPERATE AS A DISPENSARY AND DELVERY BUSDUESS WITH ADULT (A) & BURDLAL (b) STIR EDAN FRALLES LUZISSES. STATE COMMANDE LUZISSES AND COMPANYO AND THE ADULT OF BE CHILDREN. AND THE ALLY OF BE CHILDREN. 2. HOURS OF CHERATION BETWEEN 7:00 AM TO 10:00 FM, MOMBAY THREE FRIDAY.

A DELHETY SERVICE WILL BE DOWE UMOUSE AND NOT BY THROU PARTY, DELHEY TRUVEN MILL BE PARKED OFFWICHT AT DESIGNATED LOCATION AWAY FROM PUBIC ROAT—OF—WIX. J. 24—HOUR ARM SECURITY & SECURITY CAMERAS ON PREMISES, PROPER SECURIED BY COUNTY OF RINGERSING." SONS HELL BE HISTALLED AS RECUMED BY COUNTY OF RINGERSING.

S. NO HAZAROOUS MATERAL WIL BE ALLONED OR STERED ON THE PREJUSE. NO MANHACITEMO OF ANY SOST WILL BE ADONE ON THE PREJUSE, NO OPEN TAME W ANY FASHOW WILL BE ALLONED ON THE PREJUSE NOLLONG LIGHTERS, TROPIES, OR ANY SORT OF CODEWIN WITH FLAMES.

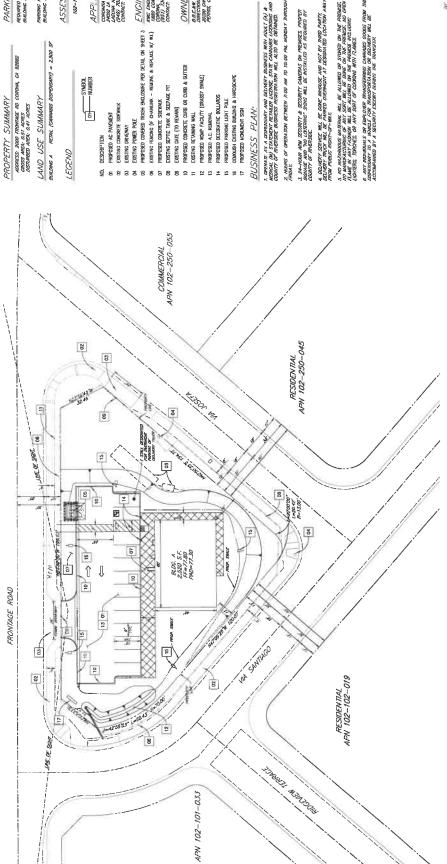






CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190018 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CA 2000 FRONTAGE RD., CA







RECUMPED PARKING: BULLES (1 SPACE/200 SF) = 13

PARKING SUMMARY

ROPOSED AC PAYBADYT KISTING CONCRETE SIDEWALK

XIGSTING POWER POLE PROPUSED COVERED TRASH ENCLOSURE PER DETAIL ON SHEET 3 EXISTING FENCING (IF CHAINLINK - RELIDIVE & REPLACE W/ W.I.)

EXISTING SEPTIC TANK & SEEPAGE PIT

PROPOSED CONCRETE CURB OR CURB & CUTTER EXISTING GATE (TO REMAIN)

EXISTING RETAINING WALL PROPOSED WOMP FACILITY (GRASSY SWALE)

OWNER:

BEEN STANDARD COMMON
DIRECTION SERVICE COMPANY
PERROS, CA 92570

PROPUSED DECORATIVE BOLLARDS PROPOSED A.C. REMOVAL

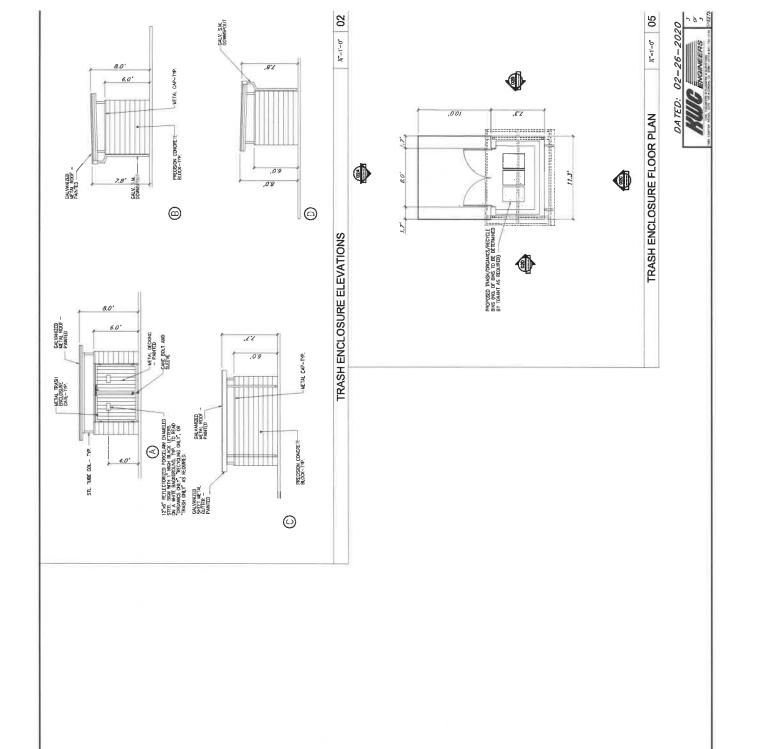
17 PROPUSED MONUMENT SIGN

BUSINESS PLAN:

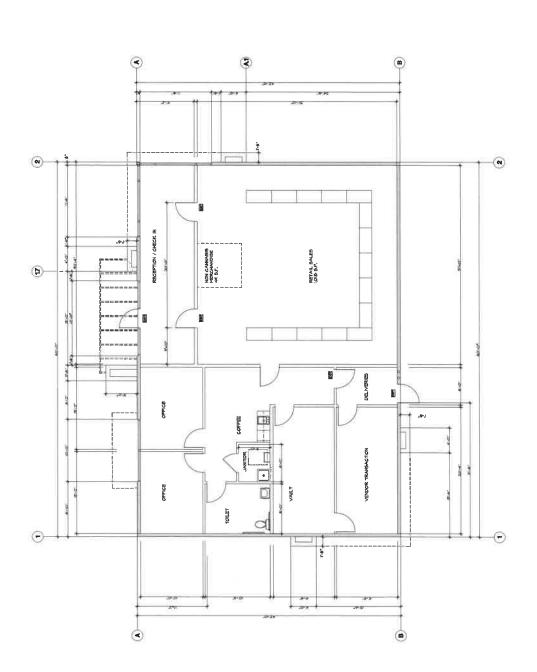
T. OPERATE. AS A DESPENSARY AND DELMERY BUSINESS WITH ADULT (A) & WEDICAL (B) STATEMENT REPUBLISHESSE, STATEMENT LUSINESSE AND WAS COUNTY, OF PHERIZEE, BUSINESS REGISTATION MID. 2. MUNIS OF GIERATION BETWEEN 7:00 AM TO 10:00 PM, MONDAY TISPO FRUM I. A DELVERY SERVICE MUL DE DONE WHOUSE AND NOT BY THIND PARTY. DELVERY THE PANCED OFFICIALED TO LOCATION AT DESCRIATED LOCATION AMAY. THE PRINCE PROFILE PARTY.







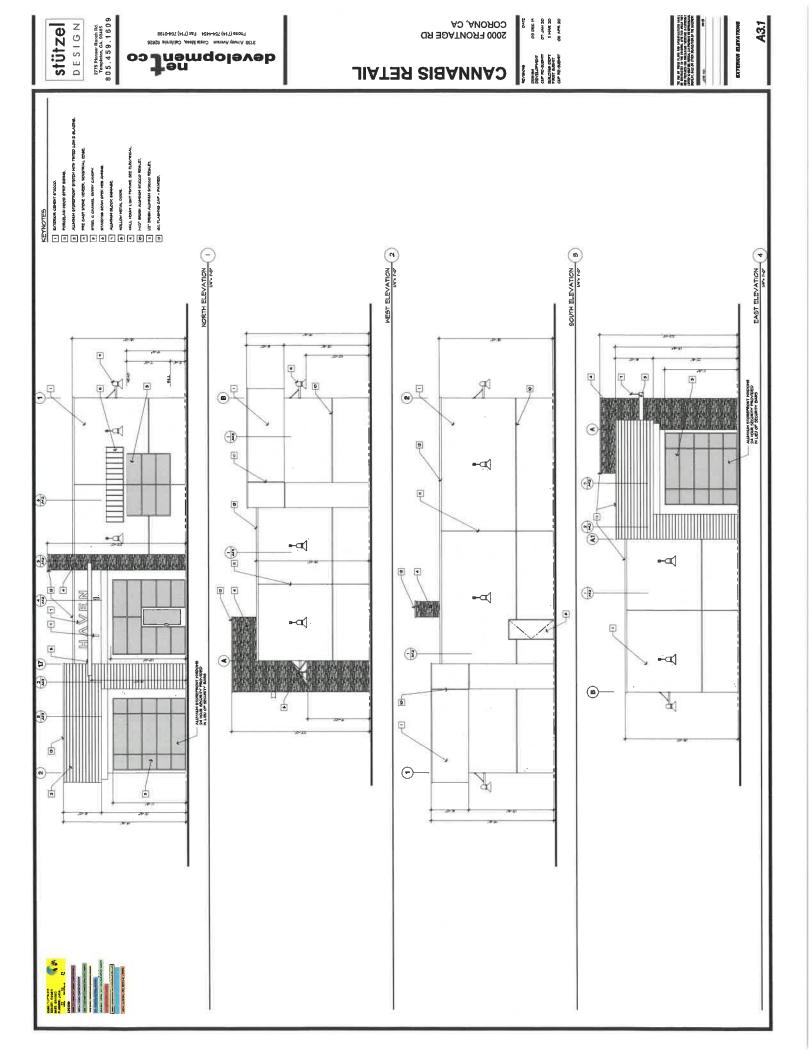






CANNABIS RETAIL





3130 Alrvay Avenue Cosls Mesa, California 92626 Prione (714) 754-4454 Fax (714) 754-0188 developmentco

stützel Design

KEYNOTES

1 ENTEROR CEN

2 PORCEAN NE

B ALMANA POTO

4 PRE CAST STE

5 STEEL CANN

6 STWOTHE CEN

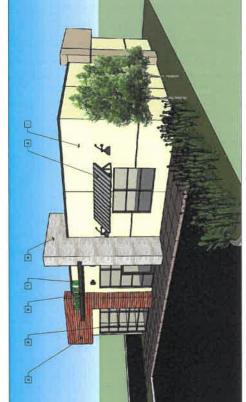
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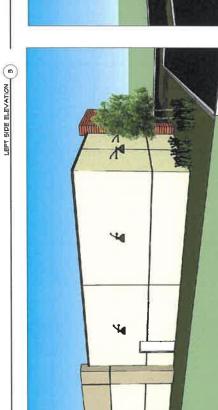
CANNABIS RETAIL

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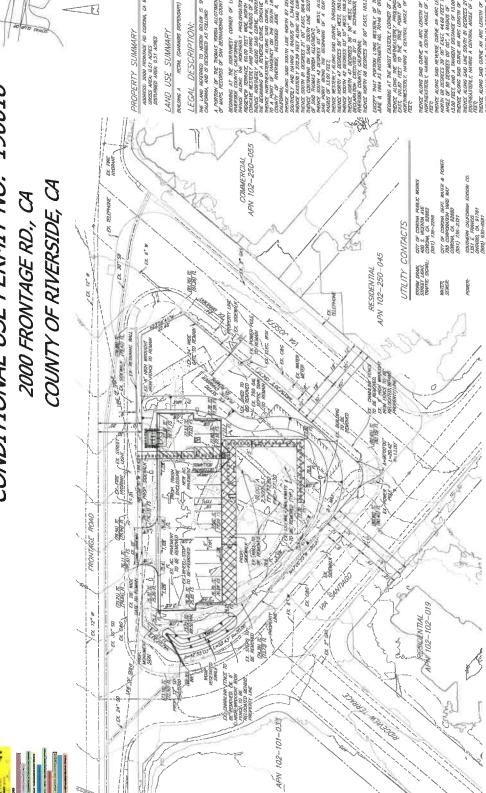




REAR ELEVATION 4

2000 FRONTAGE RD CORONA, CA

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190018



PROPOSED PROJECT ES A MON-PROBEIT PROJECT AND ES PROPOSED, O S. HORINAUL BRESHOUGS AFEE, RIG SEES NO DEED THE SIDE S OF ABERTAILS ARE INCESSED DE REPORTING A TRADE TREAT OR E FREYNED. THENDEDS, A WEBS REPORT ES NOT RECORDED THE HIS PROJECT. YOMP COMPLIANCE NOTE:

2. PROJECT AREA: GROSS 0.51 ACRES DISTURBED AREA: NET 0.41 ACRES SENERAL NOTES:

3. THOMAS GUIDE: PAGE 742

EASEMENT NOTES.

2. MOURS OF CRERATION BETWEEN 7: 00 AM TO 10: 00 FM, MONDA! THROUGH FRIDMT.

IRON SKOWN HEREON WERE FLOTIED FROM RECORD DATA BASED ON THE CHARACT TILLE COMPANY, CREDEN NO. 00112352-996-502-CPU, CATED ASHE 26, 2019. 3 24-HOUR ANN SECURITY & SECURITY CANERAS ON PREJISES. PROPERS ROWNER AND LOWERING STOKE WILL BE INSTITUTED AS REQUIRED BY COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE.

A MESSAGIT FOR POBLE UTITIES, W FINOR OF SOUTHERN CLUTTORN
TELENKINE COMPANY, REDORDED SEPTEMBER 21, 1838. 📣 ह्याडाकार एक सम्मट जाताहरू, भ समझ वर इच्चान्छभ वधारक 🔼 रह्मानकार व्यक्तिभय, स्टब्बिट अस्टाका १६ १५५६

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11. THE SITE IS SEPUNCED BY AN EXISTING SEPTIC

CEGEND

DATE SUPPLY

9. THIS SITE IS NOT SUBJECT TO SUBSIDENCE

ADA PATH OF TROVEL
EX. CONCRETE MALKNAN

POLICE & FIRE EMBROENCY 911 ATRY 1265 N. WW BUREN ST., \$18 AWWEIN, CA 92807 (714) 666—5423 CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS (909) 335-7735 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA P.O. BOX 3003 REDLANDS, CA. 92373 (800) 427-2200 4PPLICANT: CHELE TH 5. THIS PROJECT IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN A SPECIFIC PLAN THIS SITE IS NOT SUBJECT TO INCINDATION OF PLODD NO EXEMENTS OF RECORD ANY KNOWN TO EXIST ON PROPERTY SITE EXCEPT AS SHOWN HEREON 4. KINC DROWE TOPOGRAPHY FLOWN JULY 2019

OWNER.



PROPERTY SUMMARY

REDUMED PARKING: BULDING A PARKING SPACES († SPACE/200 SF) == 13

PARKING SUMMARY

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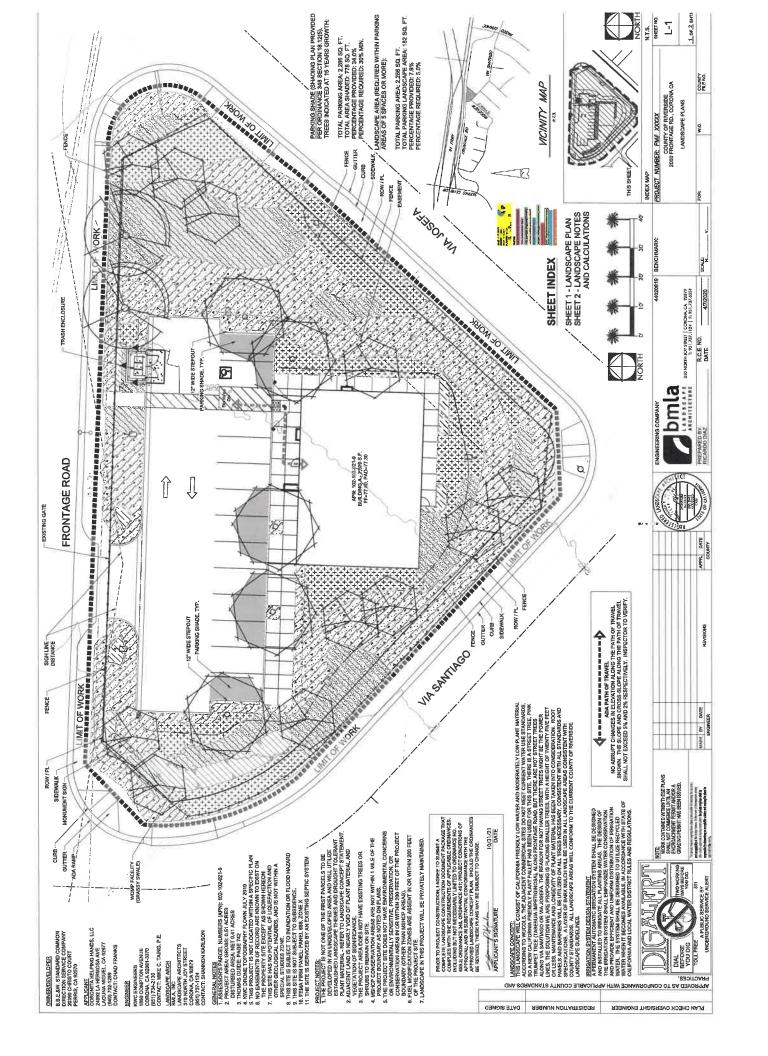
мицко стемти первымето интелется и иле минемальным от интелектовить интелективать и первым и меже ти-моне какотако пичети, ит петемоду и межето то отпет ветом, и межет и межет и и реговатия и межет те-телет тем и петемоду стемти и межето температи и межет и петемоду и межет температи и межет температи.

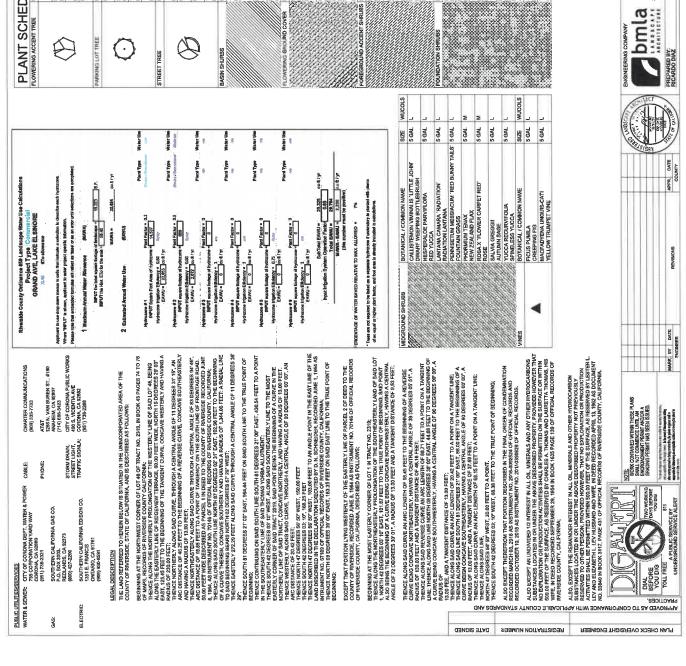












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RING ACCENT TREE BOTAI	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME	SIZE		SHREDDED, STABILIZING MULCH FOR SLOPES WITHIN THE PROPERTY
ARBU	ARBUTUS X 'MARINA' ARBUTUS STANDARD	24*BOX	Z	LIMITS. SLOPES WITHIN THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND TEMPORARY SLOPES ON THE ACCESS ROAD SHALL RECEIVE A
BAUH	BAUHINIA X BLAKEANA	24"BOX	2	NON-IRRIGATED HYDROSEED MIX WITH A SLOPE STABILIZATION BINDER
HONG	HONG KONG ORCHID TREE	20000	I.	COUNTY STANDARD DETAILS. USE TRIPLE STAKING WITH 3" DIAMETE
FORE	CERCIS CANADENSIS FOREST PANSY: FOREST PANSY REDBUD	24-BOX	_	STAKES IN HIGH WIND AREAS.
LAGE	LAGERSTROEMIA X WATCHEZ	24.BOX	2	HARDSCAPE PER COUNTY STANDARD DETAILS, ROOT BARRIER SHALL
IG LOT TREE BOTAI	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME	SIZE	WUCOLS	_
MAGN	MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA	24*BOX	Σ	5 IN EACH DIRECTION. 4. TREES SHALL HAVE BREATHER TUBES PER COUNTY STANDARD
PLATA	HEKN MAGNOLIA ANUS X ACERIFOLIA	24*BOX	2	DETAILS. 5 PLANTER ISLANDS ADJACENT TO PARKING SPACES SHALL HAVE A 12"
COND	LONDON PLANE TREE MULTI-TRUNK			WIDE CONCRETE WALKWAY STRUP INSTALLED ADJACENT TO AND
PODC	PODOCARPUS GRACILIOR FERN PINE	24"BOX	S	INTEGRAL WITH ON DOWELED IN TO THE 8" WIDE CURB. 6. SLOPE PLANTING TO BE COMPLIANT WITH MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR
XCH	X CHITALPA TASHKENTENSIS 'PINK DAWN'	24'BOX	_	BUILDING AND SAFETY EROSION CONTROL STANDARDS (ORDINANCE 457 SECTION 3316 1)
PINK	PINK DAWN CHITALPA	9130	e location	_
NO.	NICAL / COMMON WAVE	SAPPON		
PEPP	PEPPERMINT TREE	Y 20		IRRIGATION DESIGN PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS:
KOELI	KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA	24"BOX	_	ET (MINIMUM CONTROLLER RATING SHALL BE LIGHT COMMERCIAL)
RHUS	LANCEA	24*B0X	L	2. MASTEK VALVE AND FLOW SENSOR 3. RAIN SENSING DEVICE
AFRIC	AFRICAN SUMAC			4. ANTI-DRAIN CHECK VALVES
TABE	TABEBUIA IMPETIGINOSA DINK TOLIMOET TREE	24"BOX	Σ	8. HYDROZONES WILL BE PROPERLY DESIGNATED
BOTA	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME	SIZE	WUCOLS	_
THILLING CARE	CAREX TUMULICOLA	1 GAL		PERMEABLE SURFACE WITH NO RUNOFFICVERSPRAY)
WILLIAM WERRY	BERKELEY SEDGE			8. SUBSURFACE OR LOW-VOLUME IRRIGATION WILL BE USED FOR IDDECTION OF SECTION WITH A SECTION WITH
ONDC.	JUNCUS PATENS	5 GAL	_	INVESTIGATION OF THE PARTY OF T
LEYM	LEYMUS CONDENSATUS 'CANYON PRINCE'	5 GAL		
CANY	ON PRINCE BLUE RYE			
LOMANDRA	LOMANDRA LONGIFOLIA	1 GAL	Σ	
RING GROUND COVER BOTAI	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME	SIZE	WUCOLS	S
SASSANTA BOUG	BOUGAINVILLEA X 'SAN DIEGO RED'	5 GAL	_	
BONG	BOUGAINVILLEA			
LANT	LANTANA MONTEVIDENSIS 'ALBA'	5 GAL	۔	
MAYOR	PORUM PARVIEDLIUM 'PUTAH CREEK'	S GAL	L	64000
PUTA	PUTAH CREEK MYOPORUM			FRONIAGE ROAD
ROSIN	ROSMARINUS OFFICINALIS 'PROSTRATUS' TWARF BOSEMARY	5 GAL	_	MINTHER CONTRACTOR STREET
WEST	WESTRINGIA X 'MUNDI'	5 GAL	_	
MUND MUND	MUNDI WESTRINGIA	- DELGE	0 1000 881	
0 3	BOITTEL OUR GRACILIS BLONDE AMBITION	1 S. O. S.	_	
BLUE	BLUE GRAMA			
CALA	CALANDRINIA SPECTABILIS PINIC CALANDRINIA	5 GAL	_	
CARIS	CARISSA MACROCARPA 'TUTTLEI'	5 GAL	Σ	BLDGA WILLIAM
NATA	NATAL PLUM			
DIANE	DIANELLA REVOLUTA 'LITTLE REV	5 GAL	_	The state of the s
LESEL	FESTUCA MAIREI	5 GAL	2	
	ATLAS FESCUE			
SHRUBS BOTAL	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME	SIZE	WUCOLS	
DODC	DODONAEA VISCOSA HORSEED RIISH	2 GAL	Σ	
PEUO	FELION SELLOWIANA	5 GAL	Σ	HYDROZONE MAP
PINEA	PPLE GUAVA			
GREV	GREVILLEA X 'FIREWORKS' FIREWORKS GREVILLEA	5 GAL	٥	The same of the sa
PENC	LEUCOPHYLLUM FRUTESCENS	5 GAL		THE CANADA PARTIES OF ANTINO
TEX	TEXAS SAGE			(SHRUBS & GROUNDCOVER)
MUHL	MUHLENBERGIA RIGENS DEER GRASS	S GAL	2	14,537 S.F.
PRUN	PRUNUS CAROLINIANA	5 GAL	2	MED WATER PLANTING
SALVI	CAROLINA LAUREL CHERRY SALVIA LEUCANTHA	5 GAL]_	(SARAGES & GROUNDSOVER)
MEXIC	MEXICAN BUSH SAGE			
WEST	MERTDINICIA EDITTIONA			

SHEET INDEX

SHEET 1 - LANDSCAPE PLAN SHEET 2 - LANDSCAPE NOTES AND CALCULATIONS

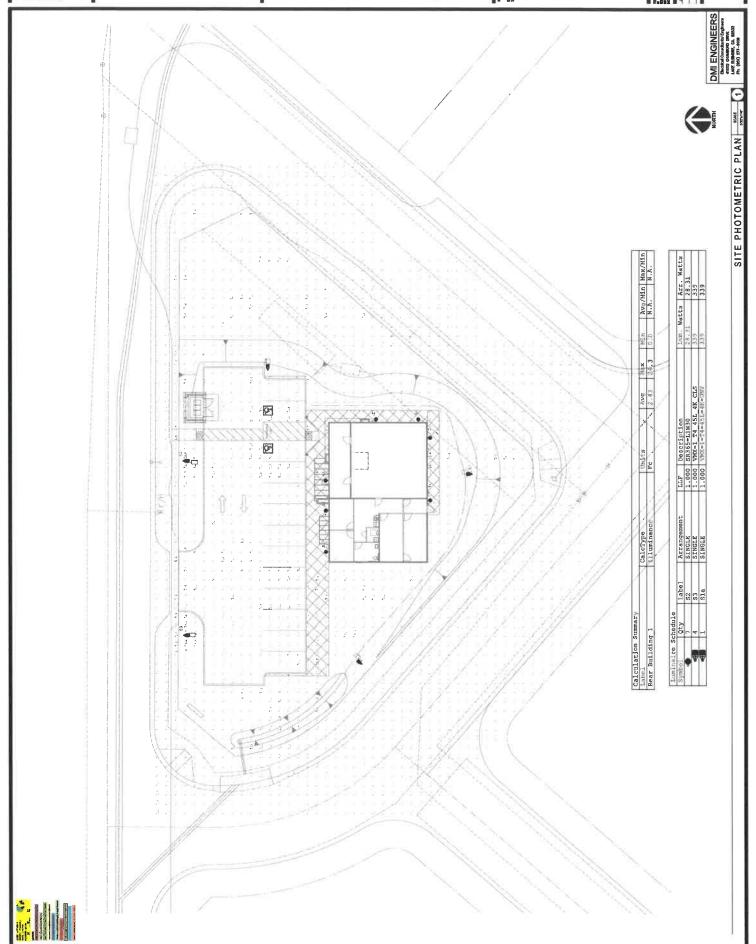
44020819 BENCHMARK:

47/2020 SCALE:

R.C.E. NO. DATE

316 NORTH 4OY STREET | CORONA, CA. 92879 T; 951,737,1124 | F; 951,737,4551

SHEET NO. 2 or 2 shrs **L**-2 N.T.S. COUNTY FILE NO. COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE 2000 FRONTAGE RD., CORONA CA LANDSCAPE PLANS PROJECT NUMBER: PM# XXXXX WO. INDEX MAP





oplemented

CANNABIS RETAIL

2000 FRONTAGE RD CORONA, CA

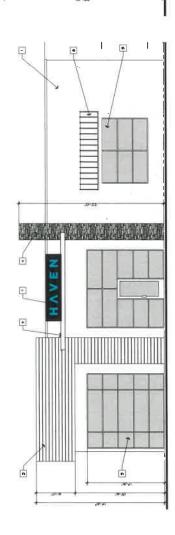








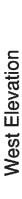




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North Elevation



Address: 2000 Frontage Rd, Corona, Ca 92882 Phone:

Email 1209 Euclid Ave. Long Beach Ca. 90804 Ph; 562 494-8676 Fx: 562-494-8677 machansign.com Lic# 793784

All work to comply with 2016 Calif. building codes Page: 1

Codes in effect: 2016 cbc cec section 600 each letter to be UL listed and labeled All wall penetrations shall be sealed in an approved manor to provide a weather tight finish

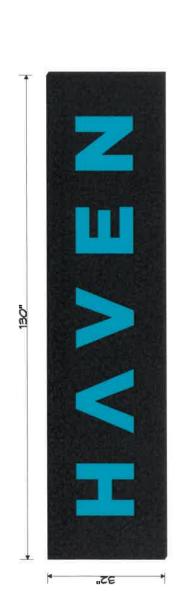
Article 600: This sign is intended to be installed in accordance with the requirements of article 600 of the national electrical code and/or other applicable local codes 120 wolt 20 amp primary electrical source, PROVIDED BY OTHERS (SEPARATE PERMIT) within 8° of sign location (nec 600-5)

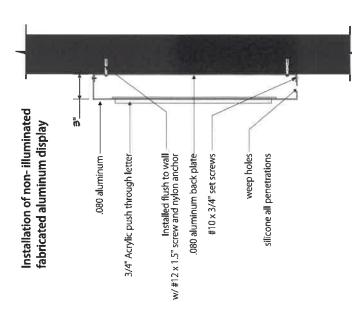
NOTE that the remote metal parts of a section sign or outline lighting system supplied by a remote Class 2 power supply are not required to be connected to an equipped grounding conductor (600.7 (8) (1) Ex)

This is an original unpublishe drawing created by Machan Sig Company Inc. All drawings and/c artwork are copyrighted propart of Machan Sign Company fine, an should not be reproduced or retransmitted in any form without the expressed wiffict consent from Machan Sign Company Inc.

DESCRIPTION

Fabricated .080 aluminum with routed out faces backed with installed flush to wall w/ $\#12 \times 1.5$ " screw and nylon anchor 3/4" thick acrylic push through letters.







Page: 2 Address: 2000 Frontage Rd, Corona, Ca 92882 Phone:

All work to comply with 2016 Calif. building codes

Codes in effect. 2016 cbc cec section 600 each letter to be UL listed and labeled All wall penetrations shall be sealed in an approved manor to provide a weather tight finish

Article 600: This sign is intended to be installed in accordance with the requirements of article 600 of the national electrical code and/or other applicable local codes

NOTE that the remote metal parts of a section sign or outline lighting system supplied by a remote Class 2 power supply are not required to be connected to an equipped grounding conductor (600.7 (B) (1) Ex)

This is an original unpublishe redwing catelor by Machan Sig Company Inc. All drawings and/company Inc. All drawings and/company inc. All according to the company inc. an should not be reproduced to the company inc. and the company inc. and the company inc. All and the company inc. All and the company inc. 120 volt 20 amp primary electrical source, PROVIDED BY OTHERS (SEPARATE PERMIT) within 5' of sign location (nec 600-5)

Manufacture one DOUBLE sided monument sign

Installed on steel pipe in cement footing to California certified structural engineered wet stamped Sign is comprised of .080 aluminum construction 2" x 2" aluminum square tube frame. Faces are routed out .080 aluminum with 3/4" thick acrylic push through letters, calculations

Sign base material to match building siding material



Article 600: This sign is intended to be installed in accordance with the requirements of article 600 of the national electrical code and/or other applicable local codes

NOTE that the remote metal parts of a section sign or outline lighting system supplied by a remote Class 2 power supply are not required to be connected to an equipped grounding conductor (600.7 (8) (1) Ex)

Codes in effect: 2016 cbc cec section 600 each letter to be UL listed and labeled All wall penetrations shall be sealed in an approved manor to provide a weather tight finish All work to comply with 2016 Calif. building codes

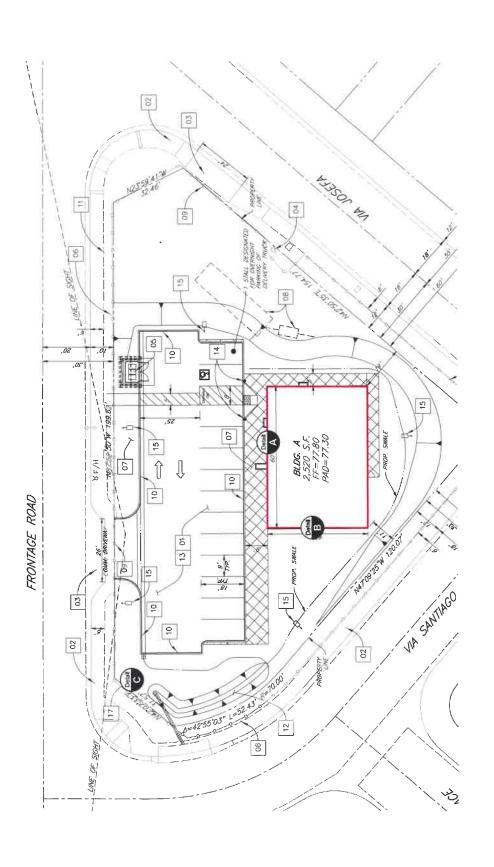
Clent: **Haven** 1209 Euclid Ave.
Long Beach Ca.
90804
Ph: 562 494-8676
Fx: 562-494-8677
machansign.com

Address: 2000 Frontage Rd, Corona, Ca 92882 Phone:

Page: 3

120 volt 20 amp primary electrical source, PROVIDED BY OTHERS (SEPARATE PERMIT) within $\mathfrak F$ of sign location (nec 600-5)

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rage: 3	Date	Address: 2000 Frontage Rd, Corona, Ca 92882		Contractor:
Clent	Haven	Address: 2000 Fronta	Phone:	Email:

All work to comply with 2016 Calif. building codes Codes in effect: 2016 cbc cec section 600 sach letter to be III listed and labelled	th 2016 Calif. cbc cec section Il listed and labeled
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All wall penetrations shall be sealed in an approved manor to provide a weather tight finish

120 volt 20 amp primary electrical source, PROVIDED BY OTHERS (SEPARATE PERMIT) within 9' of sign location (nec 600-5) Article 600: This sign is intended to be installed in accordance with the requirements of article 600 of the national electrical code and/or other applicable local codes

NOTE that the remote metal parts of a section sign or outline lighting system supplied by a remote Class 2 power supply are not required to be connected to an equipped grounding conductor (600.7 (8) (1) Ex)

This is an original unpublishe drawing create by Machan Sig Company Inc. All drawings and/c Machan Sig Company Inc. All drawings and/c Machan Sign Company Inc. an should not be reproduced to arramsmitted in any form without the expressed written consent from Machan Sign Company inc.

DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT NO. 1900011

This Development Agreement (hereinafter "Agreement") is entered into effective on the date it is recorded with the Riverside County Recorder (hereinafter the "Effective Date") by and among the COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE (hereinafter "COUNTY"), and the persons and entities listed below (hereinafter "OWNER"):

Doug Heldoorn

Chad Franks

RECITALS

WHEREAS, COUNTY is authorized to enter into binding development agreements with persons having legal or equitable interests in real property for the development of such property, pursuant to Article 11, Section 7 of the California Constitution and Section 65864, et seq. of the Government Code; and,

WHEREAS, COUNTY has adopted Procedures and Requirements of the County of Riverside for the Consideration of Development Agreements (hereinafter "Procedures and Requirements"), pursuant to Section 65865 of the Government Code; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER has requested COUNTY to enter into a development agreement and proceedings have been taken in accordance with the Procedures and Requirements of COUNTY; and,

WHEREAS, by electing to enter into this Agreement, COUNTY shall bind future Boards of Supervisors of COUNTY by the obligations specified herein and limit the future exercise of certain governmental and proprietary powers of COUNTY; and,

WHEREAS, the terms and conditions of this Agreement have undergone extensive

review by COUNTY and the Board of Supervisors and have been found to be fair, just and reasonable; and,

WHEREAS, the best interests of the citizens of Riverside County and the public health, safety and welfare will be served by entering into this Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, all of the procedures of the California Environmental Quality Act (Public Resources Code, Section 21000 et seq.) have been met with respect to the Project and the Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement and the Project are consistent with the Riverside County General Plan and any specific plan applicable thereto; and,

WHEREAS, all actions taken and approvals given by COUNTY have been duly taken or approved in accordance with all applicable legal requirements for notice, public hearings, findings, votes, and other procedural matters; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement will confer substantial private benefits on OWNER by granting vested rights to develop the Property in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER proposes to develop the Property to be used for the Commercial Cannabis Activity described in Exhibit E ("the Development Plan"); and,

WHEREAS, Riverside County Ordinance 348.4898 (hereafter "Ordinance 348.4898") establishes a regulatory permitting process for Commercial Cannabis Activities and prohibits all Commercial Cannabis Activities in all land use zones without the benefit of a land use permit issued by the COUNTY; and,

WHEREAS, Board of Supervisors Policy No. B-9 further sets forth provisions to be included in development agreements in order to implement applicable General Plan

provisions, to ensure that the County does not disproportionately bear the burden of commercial cannabis activities throughout the County, to ensure the County receives public benefits for the commercial cannabis activities, to ensure there are adequate resources available for enforcement of permitted and unpermitted commercial cannabis activities, and to give cannabis owners and property owners certainty as to the County's requirements; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement complies with the provisions of both Ordinance No. 348.4898 and Board Policy B-9; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement will eliminate uncertainty in planning and provide for the orderly development of the Property, ensure progressive installation of necessary improvements, provide for public services appropriate to the development of the Project, and generally serve the purposes for which development agreements under Sections 65864, et seq. of the Government Code are intended; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER has incurred and will in the future incur substantial costs in order to assure development of the Property in accordance with this Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER has incurred and will in the future incur substantial costs in excess of the generally applicable requirements in order to assure vesting of legal rights to develop the Property in accordance with this Agreement.

COVENANTS

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the above recitals and of the mutual covenants hereinafter contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS AND EXHIBITS.

1.1 Definitions. The following terms when used in this Agreement shall be defined

as follows:

- 1.1.1 "Agreement" means this Development Agreement.
- 1.1.2 "Base Rate" means an amount equal to \$16.00 multiplied by the entire Cannabis Area, as shown on Exhibit "G", and which is payable to COUNTY annually pursuant to Subsections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 of this Agreement and increased annually by 2% from and after the date of this agreement.
- 1.1.3 "Commercial Cannabis Activity" means the cultivation, possession, manufacture, distribution, processing, storing, laboratory testing, packaging, labeling, transportation, delivery or sale of Cannabis and cannabis products as provided for in Ordinance No. 348, as amended through Ordinance No. 348.4898, and any other subsequently adopted zoning ordinance amendment or subsequently adopted zoning ordinance.
- 1.1.4 "Conditional Use Permit" means the land use permit required by COUNTY to conduct Commercial Cannabis Activities.
- 1.1.5 "COUNTY" means the County of Riverside, a political subdivision of the State of California.
- 1.1.6 "Development" means the improvement of the Property for the purposes of completing the structures, improvements and facilities comprising the Project including, but not limited to: grading; the construction of infrastructure and public facilities related to the Project whether located within or outside the Property; the construction or re-construction of buildings and structures; the tenant improvements of structures, and the installation of landscaping. When authorized by

a Subsequent Development Approval as provided by this Agreement, "development" includes the maintenance, repair, reconstruction or redevelopment of any building, structure, improvement or facility after the construction and completion thereof.

- 1.1.7 "Development Approvals" means all permits and other entitlements for use subject to approval or issuance by COUNTY in connection with use of the Property and for development of the Property for Commercial Cannabis Activities including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Conditional use permits, and site plans;
 - (b) Zoning Amendments;
 - (c) General Plan Amendments
 - (d) Tentative and final subdivision and parcel maps;
 - (e) Grading and building permits;
 - (f) Any permits or entitlements necessary from the COUNTY;
 - (g) Any easements necessary from COUNTY or any other land owner;
 - (h) Specific plans and specific plan amendments;
 - (i) Right of Entry agreements
- 1.1.8 "Development Exaction" means any requirement of the COUNTY in connection with or pursuant to any Land Use Regulation or Development Approval for the dedication of land, the construction of improvements or public facilities, or the payment of fees in order to lessen, offset, mitigate or compensate for the impacts of development on the environment or other public interests.

- 1.1.9 "Development Plan" means the Existing or Proposed Development Approvals and the Existing Land Use Regulations applicable to development of the Property.
- 1.1.10 "Effective Date" means the date this Agreement is recorded with the County Recorder.
- 1.1.11 "Existing Development Approvals" means all Development Approvals approved or issued prior to the Effective Date. Existing Development Approvals includes the Development Approvals incorporated herein as Exhibit "C" and all other Development Approvals which are a matter of public record on the Effective Date.
- 1.1.12 "Existing Land Use Regulations" means all Land Use Regulations in effect on the Effective Date. Existing Land Use Regulations includes the Land Use Regulations incorporated herein as Exhibit "D" and all other Land Use Regulations which are a matter of public record on the Effective Date.
- 1.1.13 "Land Use Regulations" means all ordinances, resolutions, codes, rules, regulations and official policies of COUNTY governing the development and use of land, including, without limitation, the permitted use of land, the density or intensity of use, subdivision requirements, the maximum height and size of proposed buildings and structures, the provisions for reservation or dedication of land for public purposes, and the design, improvement and construction standards and specifications applicable to the development of the property. "Land Use Regulations" does not include any COUNTY ordinance, resolution, code, rule, regulation or official policy, governing:
 - (a) The conduct of businesses, professions, and occupations;

- (b) Taxes and assessments;
- (c) The control and abatement of nuisances;
- (d) The granting of encroachment permits and the conveyance of rights and interests which provide for the use of or the entry upon public property;
- (e) The exercise of the power of eminent domain.
- 1.1.14 "Mortgagee" means a mortgagee of a mortgage, a beneficiary under a deed of trust or any other security-device lender, and their successors and assigns.
- 1.1.15 "OWNER" means the owner of the PROPERTY and the persons and entities listed as OWNER on the first page of this Agreement. OWNER shall also include any of the following:
 - 1. A person with an aggregate ownership interest of 20 percent or more in the Commercial Cannabis Activity for which a license or permit is being sought, unless the interest is solely a security, lien, or encumbrance.
 - 2. The chief executive officer of a nonprofit or other entity for the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - A member of the board of directors of a nonprofit for the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - 4. An individual who will be participating in the direction, control, or management of the person applying for a Commercial Cannabis Activity Conditional Use Permit or State license."
- 1.1.16 "Project" means the development of the Property contemplated by the Development Plan as such Plan may be further defined, enhanced or modified

pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement.

- 1.1.17 "Property" means the real property described on Exhibit "A" and shown on Exhibit "B" to this Agreement.
- 1.1.18 "Reservations of Authority" means the rights and authority excepted from the assurances and rights provided to OWNER under this Agreement and reserved to COUNTY under Section 3.5 of this Agreement.
- 1.1.19 "Subsequent Development Approvals" means all Development Approvals approved subsequent to the Effective Date in connection with development of the Property.
- 1.1.20 "Subsequent Land Use Regulations" means any Land Use Regulations adopted and effective after the Effective Date of this Agreement.
- 1.1.21 "Transfer" means sale, assignment, lease, sublease or any other transfer of a legal or equitable interest in the Property.
- 1.2 <u>Exhibits</u>. The following documents are attached to, and by this reference made a part of, this Agreement:

Exhibit "A" - Legal Description of the Property

Exhibit "B" - Map Showing Property and Its Location

Exhibit "C" - Existing Development Approvals

Exhibit "D" - Existing Land Use Regulations

Exhibit "E" - Commercial Cannabis Activity Site Plan & Description

Exhibit "F" - Applicable Annual Public Benefits Base Payments

Exhibit "G" - Commercial Cannabis Area calculation exhibit.

Exhibit "H" - Additional Public Benefits Exhibit

2. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- 2.1 <u>Binding Effect of Agreement</u>. The Property is hereby made subject to this Agreement. Development of the Property is hereby authorized and shall be carried out only in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.
- 2.2 Ownership of Property. OWNER represents and covenants that it is the owner of a legal or equitable interest in the Property or a portion thereof.
- 2.3 <u>Term.</u> This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and shall continue for a period of ten years thereafter, unless this term is modified or extended for one additional five year term pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement and so long as the Project is in compliance with all applicable conditions of approval and County ordinances.

2.4 Transfer.

- 2.4.1 Right to Transfer. Right to Transfer. OWNER shall have the right to transfer the Property in whole or in part (provided that no such partial transfer shall violate the Subdivision Map Act, Government Code Section 66410, et seq., or Riverside County Ordinance No. 460) to any person, partnership, joint venture, firm or corporation at any time during the term of this Agreement; provided, however, that any such transfer shall include the assignment and assumption of the rights, duties and obligations arising under or from this Agreement and be made in strict compliance with the following conditions precedent:
 - (a) No transfer of any right or interest under this Agreement shall be made unless made together with the sale, transfer or assignment of all or a part of the Property.
 - (b) Concurrent with any such transfer or within fifteen (15) business days thereafter, OWNER shall notify COUNTY, in writing, of such transfer and

shall provide COUNTY with an executed agreement by the transferee, in a form reasonably acceptable to COUNTY, providing therein that the transferee expressly and unconditionally assumes all the duties and obligations of OWNER under this Agreement.

Any transfer not made in strict compliance with the foregoing conditions shall constitute a default by OWNER under this Agreement. Notwithstanding the failure of any transferee to execute the agreement required by Paragraph (b) of this Subsection 2.4.1, the burdens of this Agreement shall be binding upon such transferee, but the benefits of this Agreement shall not inure to such transferee until and unless such agreement is executed.

- 2.4.2 Release of Transferring Owner. Notwithstanding any transfer, a transferring OWNER shall continue to be obligated under this Agreement unless such transferring OWNER is given a release in writing by COUNTY, which release shall be provided by COUNTY upon the full satisfaction by such transferring OWNER of the following conditions:
 - (a) OWNER no longer has a legal or equitable interest in all or any part of the Property.
 - (b) OWNER is not then in default under this Agreement.
 - (c) OWNER has provided COUNTY with the notice and executed agreement required under Paragraph (b) of Subsection 2.4.1 above.
 - (d) The transferee provides COUNTY with security equivalent to any security previously provided by OWNER to secure performance of its obligations hereunder.
- 2.4.3 <u>Subsequent Transfer</u>. Any subsequent transfer after an initial transfer shall be made only in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions of this Section.

- 2.5 Amendment or Cancellation of Agreement.
- 2.5.1 <u>Amendment of Cancellation</u>. This Agreement may be amended or cancelled in whole or in part only by written consent of all parties in the manner provided for in Government Code Section 65868. This provision shall not limit any remedy of COUNTY or OWNER as provided by this Agreement.
- 2.5.2 <u>Modification to Additional Annual Public Benefit</u>. At the time of the Agreement's Effective Date, Ordinance No. 348 requires a separation of 1,000 feet between cannabis retailers. In the event Ordinance No. 348 is amended and reduces the separation between cannabis retailers to less than 1,000 feet, the parties acknowledge that an amendment to the Agreement modifying the Additional Annual Public Benefit may be proposed by the OWNER and processed in accordance with Section 2.5.1 of this Agreement and the County's Procedures and Requirements for the Consideration of Development Agreements.
- 2.6 <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement shall be deemed terminated and of no further effect upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - (a) Expiration of the stated term of this Agreement as set forth in Section 2.3.
 - (b) Entry of a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction setting aside, voiding or annulling the adoption of the ordinance approving this Agreement. For purposes of clarity this termination section excludes entry of a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction setting aside, voiding or annulling the adoption of Board of Supervisors' Policy No. B-9.
 - (c) The adoption of a referendum measure overriding or repealing the ordinance approving this Agreement.
 - (d) OWNER's election to terminate this Agreement. If OWNER elects

not to develop all or a portion of the Property as a Commercial Cannabis Activity, OWNER shall provide notice of such election to the COUNTY, such notice by OWNER shall (i) seek to terminate this Agreement as to the portion of the Property that is the subject of such notice of termination; and (ii) shall acknowledge that the Conditional Use Permit (CUP No. 190018) shall be null and void as to the Property that is the subject of such notice of termination. Following receipt of OWNER's notice of election to terminate this Agreement, OWNER and COUNTY shall execute an appropriate instrument in recordable form evidencing such termination, and shall cause such instrument to be an amendment to this Agreement to be processed in accordance with COUNTY's 'Procedures and Requirements for the Consideration of Development Agreements (Commercial Cannabis Activities)" set forth in Resolution No. 2019-037.

- (e) When OWNER no longer has a legal or equitable interest in the Property or has ceased operations on the Property for a period of ninety (90) consecutive days and no evidence demonstrating continuing and ongoing use of the Property consistent with the approved Conditional Use Permit No. 190018.
- against OWNER or the COUNTY. The parties understand that cannabis is still classified as a Schedule I Drug under the Federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. §§ 801 et seq. In the event there is federal enforcement of the Federal Controlled Substances Act against the COUNTY for the COUNTY's enactment of a comprehensive, regulatory framework for commercial cannabis activities or against OWNER for OWNER's own commercial cannabis activities, this Agreement shall be deemed terminated and of no further effect.

(g) Revocation of a Commercial Cannabis Activity Conditional Use

Permit or State License.

Upon the termination of this Agreement, no party shall have any further right or obligation

hereunder except with respect to any obligation to have been performed prior to such termination

or with respect to any default in the performance of the provisions of this Agreement which has

occurred prior to such termination or with respect to any obligations which are specifically set

forth as surviving this Agreement.

2.7 Notices.

(a) As used in this Agreement, "notice" includes, but is not limited to, the

communication of notice, request, demand, approval, statement, report, acceptance,

consent, waiver, appointment or other communication required or permitted hereunder.

(b) All notices shall be in writing and shall be considered given either:

(i) when delivered in person to the recipient named below; (ii) on the date of delivery shown

on the return receipt, after deposit in the United States mail in a sealed envelope as either

registered or certified mail with return receipt requested, and postage and postal charges

prepaid, and addressed to the recipient named below; (iii) on the next business day when

delivered by overnight United States mail or courier service; or (iv) on the date of delivery

shown in the facsimile records of the party sending the facsimile after transmission by

facsimile to the recipient named below. All notices shall be addressed as follows:

If to COUNTY:

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

Riverside County Administrative Center

14

4080 Lemon Street, First Floor

Riverside, CA 92502

Fax No. (951) 955-1071

with copies to:

County Executive Officer

Riverside County Administrative Center

4080 Lemon Street, 4th Floor

Riverside, CA 92501

Fax No. (951) 955-1105

and

Assistant TLMA Director — Planning and Land Use

Transportation and Land Management Agency

Riverside County Administrative Center,

4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor

Riverside, CA 92501

Fax No. (95 l) 955-1817

and

County Counsel

County of Riverside

3960 Orange Street, Suite 500

Riverside, CA 92501

Fax No. (951) 955-6363

If to OWNER:

Douglas Heldroon

2917 Argyle Circle

Corona, CA 92879

(c) Either party may, by notice given at any time, require subsequent notices to be given to another person or entity, whether a party or an officer or representative of a party, or to a different address, or both. Notices given before actual receipt of notice of change shall not be invalidated by any such change.

3. DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROPERTY.

- Reservations of Authority, OWNER shall have a vested right to develop the Property in accordance with, and to the extent of, the Development Plan. The Existing Development Approvals shall not expire and shall remain valid for the Term of this Agreement so long as the Project remains in compliance with all conditions of approval for the Existing Development Approvals and in compliance with this Agreement. The Project shall remain subject to all Subsequent Development Approvals required to complete the Project as contemplated by the Development Plan. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the permitted uses of the Property, the density and intensity of use, the maximum height and size of proposed buildings and structures, and provisions for reservation and dedication of land for public purposes shall be those set forth in the Development Plan.
- 3.2 <u>Effect of Agreement on Land Use Regulations</u>. Except as otherwise provided under the terms of this Agreement including the Reservations of Authority, the rules, regulations and official policies governing permitted uses of the Property, the density and intensity of use of the Property, the maximum height and size of proposed buildings and structures, and the design, improvement and construction standards and specifications applicable to development of the

Property shall be the Existing Land Use Regulations. In connection with any Subsequent Development Approval, COUNTY shall exercise its discretion in accordance with the Development Plan, and as provided by this Agreement including, but not limited to, the Reservations of Authority. COUNTY shall accept for processing, review and action all applications for Subsequent Development Approvals, and such applications shall be processed in the normal manner for processing such matters.

- Timing of Development. The parties acknowledge that OWNER cannot at this time predict when or the rate at which phases of the Property will be developed. Such decisions depend upon numerous factors which are not within the control of OWNER, such as market orientation and demand, interest rates, absorption, completion and other similar factors. Since the California Supreme Court held in <u>Pardee Construction Co. v. City of Camarillo</u> (1984) 37 Cal.3d 465, that the failure of the parties therein to provide for the timing of development resulted in a later adopted initiative restricting the timing of development to prevail over such parties' agreement, it is the parties' intent to cure that deficiency by acknowledging and providing that OWNER shall have the right to develop the Property in such order and at such rate and at such times as OWNER deems appropriate within the exercise of its subjective business judgment.
- 3.4 <u>Changes and Amendments.</u> The parties acknowledge that refinement and further development of the Project will require Subsequent Development Approvals and may demonstrate that changes are appropriate and mutually desirable in the Existing Development Approvals. In the event OWNER finds that a change in the Existing Development Approvals is necessary or appropriate, OWNER shall apply for a Subsequent Development Approval to effectuate such change and COUNTY shall process and act on such application in accordance with the Existing Land Use Regulations, except as otherwise provided by this Agreement including the Reservations of Authority. If approved, any such change in the Existing Development Approvals shall be

incorporated herein as an addendum to Exhibit "C", and may be further changed from time to time as provided in this Section. Unless otherwise required by law, as determined in COUNTY's reasonable discretion, a change to the Existing Development Approvals shall be deemed "minor" and not require an amendment to this Agreement provided such change does not:

- (a) Alter the permitted uses of the Property as a whole; or,
- (b) Increase the density or intensity of use of the Property as a whole; or,
- (c) Increase the maximum height and size of permitted buildings or structures;
 or,
- (d) Delete a requirement for the reservation or dedication of land for public purposes within the Property as a whole; or,
- (e) Constitute a project requiring a subsequent or supplemental environmental impact report pursuant to Section 21166 of the Public Resources Code.
- 3.5 Reservations of Authority.
- 3.5.1 <u>Limitations. Reservations and Exceptions.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the following Subsequent Land Use Regulations shall apply to the development of the Property.
 - (a) Processing fees and charges of every kind and nature imposed by COUNTY to cover the estimated actual costs to COUNTY of processing applications for Development Approvals or for monitoring compliance with any Development Approvals granted or issued.
 - (b) Procedural regulations relating to hearing bodies, petitions, applications, notices, findings, records, hearings, reports, recommendations,

appeals and any other matter of procedure.

- (c) Regulations governing construction standards and specifications including, without limitation, the Building Code, Plumbing Code, Mechanical Code, Electrical Code, Fire Code and Grading Code applicable in the County.
- (d) Regulations imposing Development Exactions. Development Exactions shall be applicable to development of the Property if such Development Exaction is applied uniformly to development, either throughout the COUNTY or within a defined area of benefit which includes the Property. No such subsequently adopted Development Exaction shall apply if its application to the Property would physically prevent development of the Property for the uses and to the density or intensity of development set forth in the Development Plan.
- (e) Regulations which may be in conflict with the Development Plan but which are reasonably necessary to protect the public health and safety. To the extent possible, any such regulations shall be applied and construed so as to provide OWNER with the rights and assurances provided under this Agreement.
- (f) Regulations which are not in conflict with the Development Plan. Any regulation, whether adopted by initiative or otherwise, limiting the rate or timing of development of the Property shall be deemed to conflict with the Development Plan and shall therefore not be applicable to the development of the Property.
- (g) Regulations which are in conflict with the Development Plan provided OWNER has given written consent to the application of such regulations to development of the Property.

- 3.5.2 <u>Subsequent Development Approvals</u>. This Agreement shall not prevent COUNTY, in acting on Subsequent Development Approvals, from applying Subsequent Land Use Regulations which do not conflict with the Development Plan, nor shall this Agreement prevent COUNTY from denying or conditionally approving any Subsequent Development Approval on the basis of the Existing Land Use Regulations or any Subsequent Land Use Regulation not in conflict with the Development Plan.
- 3.5.3 Modification or Suspension by State or Federal Law. In the event that State or Federal laws or regulations, enacted after the Effective Date of this Agreement, prevent or preclude compliance with one or more of the provisions of this Agreement or require changes in plans, maps or permits approved by the COUNTY, such provisions of this Agreement shall be modified or suspended as may be necessary to comply with such State or Federal laws or regulations, provided, however, that this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect to the extent it is not inconsistent with such laws or regulations and to the extent such laws or regulations do not render such remaining provisions impractical to enforce.
- 3.5.4 <u>Intent</u>. The parties acknowledge and agree that COUNTY is restricted in its authority to limit its police power by contract and that the foregoing limitations, reservations and exceptions are intended to reserve to COUNTY all of its police power which cannot be so limited. This Agreement shall be construed, contrary to its stated terms if necessary, to reserve to COUNTY all such power and authority which cannot be restricted by contract.
- 3.5.5. <u>Application of State and Local Regulatory Laws Governing Commercial</u>

 <u>Cannabis Activities.</u> The operation of Commercial Cannabis Activities is a highly regulated business activity, and it is subject to various state and local laws and regulations.

This Agreement does not, and the County cannot and does not intend to, give OWNER the right to continue its operations without complying with applicable state and local laws governing its operations. OWNER shall be responsible for obtaining, and maintaining throughout the entire term of this Agreement, all applicable state licenses, permits, approvals, and consents, even if the applicable state laws and regulations are altered following the Effective Date.

- 3.6. <u>Public Works</u>. If OWNER is required by this Agreement to construct any public works facilities which will be dedicated to COUNTY or any other public agency upon completion, and if required by applicable laws to do so, OWNER shall perform such work in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as would be applicable to COUNTY or such other public agency if it would have undertaken such construction.
- 3.7 Provision of Real Property Interests by COUNTY. In any instance where OWNER is required to construct any public improvement on land not owned by OWNER, OWNER shall at its sole cost and expense provide or cause to be provided, the real property interests necessary for the construction of such public improvements. In the event OWNER is unable, after exercising reasonable efforts to acquire the real property interests necessary for the construction of such public improvements, and if so instructed by OWNER and upon OWN ER'S provision of adequate security for costs COUNTY may reasonably incur, COUNTY shall negotiate the purchase of the necessary real property interests to allow OWNER to construct the public improvements as required by this Agreement and, if necessary, in accordance with the procedures established by law, use its power of eminent domain to acquire such required real property interests. OWNER shall pay all costs associated with such acquisition or condemnation proceedings. This Section 3.7 is not intended by the parties to impose upon the OWNER an enforceable duty to acquire land or construct any public improvements on land not owned by

OWNER, except to the extent that the OWNER elects to proceed with the development of the Project, and then only in accordance with valid conditions imposed by the COUNTY upon the development of the Project under the Subdivision Map Act, Government Code Section 66410 et seq., or other legal authority.

- Regulation by Other Public Agencies. It is acknowledged by the parties that other public agencies not within the control of COUNTY possess authority to regulate aspects of the development of the Property separately from or jointly with COUNTY and this Agreement does not limit the authority of such other public agencies. For example, pursuant to Government Code Section 66477 and Section 10.35 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 460, another local public agency may provide local park and recreation services and facilities and in that event, it is permitted, and therefore shall be permitted by the parties, to participate jointly with COUNTY to determine the location of land to be dedicated or in lieu fees to be paid for local park purposes, provided that COUNTY shall exercise its authority subject to the terms of this Agreement.
- 3.9 <u>Tentative Tract Map Extension</u>. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 66452.6(a)(1) of the Government Code, regarding extensions of time for approved tentative maps subject to a development agreement, no tentative subdivision map or tentative parcel map, heretofore or hereafter approved in connection with development of the Property, shall be granted an extension of time except in accordance with the Subdivision Map Act and Existing Land Use Regulations.
- 3.10 <u>Vesting Tentative Maps</u>. If any tentative or final subdivision map, or tentative or final parcel map, heretofore or hereafter approved in connection with development of the Property, is a vesting map under the Subdivision Map Act (Government Code Section 66410, et seq.) and Riverside County Ordinance No. 460 and if this Agreement is determined by a final judgment tobe invalid or unenforceable insofar as it grants a vested right to develop to OWNER, then and to that extent the rights and protections afforded OWNER under the laws and ordinances

applicable to vesting maps shall supersede the provisions of this Agreement. Except as set forth immediately above, development of the Property shall occur only as provided in this Agreement, and the provisions in this Agreement shall be controlling over any conflicting provision of law or ordinance concerning vesting maps.

3.11 Request for Proposal Responses. Unless superseded by the terms of this Agreement, development of the Property shall be consistent with the Request for Proposal Responses submitted to the COUNTY and associated with CAN 190039, incorporated herein by this reference.

4. <u>PUBLIC BENEFITS</u>.

- 4.1 <u>Intent.</u> The parties acknowledge and agree that development of the Property will detrimentally affect public interests which will not be fully addressed by the Development Plan and further acknowledge and agree that this Agreement confers substantial private benefits on OWNER which should be balanced by commensurate public benefits. Accordingly, the parties intend to provide consideration to the public to balance the private benefits conferred on OWNER by providing more fully for the satisfaction of public interests.
 - 4.2 Public Benefits for Commercial Cannabis Activities.
 - 4.2.1 <u>Annual Public Benefit Base Payments</u>. Prior to the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for any part of the Commercial Cannabis Activity, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the base payment calculated per Section 1.1.2 of this Agreement ("Base Payment"); provided, however, that such initial annual base payment shall be prorated based on the number of whole months remaining between the date of payment and the first following June 30th.
 - 4.2.2 <u>Subsequent Annual Base Payments</u>. The Annual Base Payment shall be subject to annual increases in an amount of 2%. Prior to the first July 1st following the

initial Base Payment and each July 1st thereafter during the term of the Agreement, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the Base Payment plus the 2% annual increase.

- Annual Additional Public Benefits. OWNER shall perform Additional Public Benefits identified in Exhibit "H" that will benefit the community in which the Commercial Cannabis Activity is located. Prior to the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for any part of the Commercial Cannabis Activity, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the additional annual public benefit set forth in Exhibit "H" of this Agreement ("Additional Public Benefit"); provided, however, that such initial annual payment shall be prorated based on the number of whole months remaining between the date of payment and the first following June 30th.
- 4.3.1 <u>Subsequent Annual Additional Public Benefits</u>. The Additional Public Benefit provided in Exhibit "H" shall be subject to annual increases in an amount of 5%. Prior to the first July 1st following the initial Additional Public Benefit payment and each July 1st thereafter during the term of the Agreement, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the Additional Public Benefit plus the 5% annual increase.
- 4.4 <u>Taxes</u>. Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve OWNER from paying and remitting all applicable federal, state and local taxes applicable to the Project, including but not limited to, income taxes, property taxes, local sales and use taxes, and any taxes imposed on cannabis activities and cannabis products pursuant to the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act.
- 4.5 <u>Assessments</u>. Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve the Property from assessments levied against it by the County pursuant to any statutory procedure for the assessment of property to pay for infrastructure and/or services which benefit the Property.

- 4.6 New Taxes. Any subsequently enacted County taxes, including but not limited to any taxes on commercial cannabis activities, shall apply to the Project. In the event that County taxes are enacted specifically for commercial cannabis activities and cannabis products, the parties agree that this Agreement may be modified in accordance with Section 2.5 to reduce the OWNER's total public benefit payment (the sum total of the Base Rate plus the Additional Public Benefit) by an amount equal to the amount of the tax imposed on the OWNER for commercial cannabis activities and cannabis products. The parties acknowledge that the intent of being able to modify the Agreement in the event County taxes are enacted on the commercial cannabis activities and cannabis products is to enable the authority to adjust the total public benefit amount due and payable under this Agreement by the OWNER.
- 4.7 <u>Vote on Future Assessments and Fees.</u> In the event that any assessment, fee or charge which is applicable to the Property is subject to Article XIIID of the California Constitution and OWNER does not return its ballot, OWNER agrees, on behalf of itself and its successors that the County may count OWNER's ballot as affirmatively voting in favor of such assessment, fee or charge.
- 5. FINANCING OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS. If deemed appropriate, COUNTY and OWNER will cooperate in the formation of any special assessment district, community facilities district or alternate financing mechanism to pay for the construction and/or maintenance and operation of public infrastructure facilities required as part of the Development Plan. OWNER also agrees that it will not initiate and/or cooperate in the formation of any such special assessment district, community facilities district or alternate financing mechanism involving any other public agency without the prior written consent of the COUNTY.

Should the Property be included within such a special assessment district, community

facilities district or other financing entity, the following provisions shall be applicable:

- (a) In the event OWNER conveys any portion of the Property and/or public facilities constructed on any portion of the Property to COUNTY or any other public entity and said Property is subject to payment of taxes and/or assessments, such taxes and/or assessments shall be paid in full by OWNER prior to completion of any such conveyance.
- (b) If OWNER is in default in the payment of any taxes and/or assessments, OWNER shall be considered to be in default of this Agreement and COUNTY may, in its sole discretion, initiate proceedings pursuant to Section 8.4 of this Agreement.

 Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is acknowledged and agreed by the parties that nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed as requiring COUNTY or the COUNTY Board of Supervisors to form any such district or to issue and sell bonds.

6. REVIEW FOR COMPLIANCE.

Officer and County Counsel, shall review this Agreement annually, on or before the Effective Date, in order to ascertain the good faith compliance by OWNER with the terms of the Agreement. In order to facilitate this review, OWNER shall submit an annual monitoring report, in a form specified by the TLMA Director providing all information necessary to evaluate such good faith compliance as determined by the TLMA Director. OWNER shall pay the annual review and administration fee set forth in Ordinance No. 671 prior to submission of each annual monitoring report. Prior to the issuance of any grading permit or building permit for any part of the Project, OWNER shall prepay a fee deposit and administration fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (the "Monitoring Fee Prepayment"). The Monitoring Fee Prepayment shall be retained by the COUNTY until termination of this Agreement, may be used by the COUNTY at any time if there is a failure to pay any part of the annual monitoring and administration fees required under

Ordinance No. 671, and shall be promptly replenished by OWNER up to the original required amount after notice by COUNTY to OWNER. Failure by OWNER to submit an annual monitoring report, on or before the Effective Date of each year in the form specified by the TLMA Director, to pay any part of the annual monitoring and administration fee required under Ordinance No. 671, to make the Monitoring Fee Prepayment or to replenish the Monitoring Fee Prepayment shall constitute a default by OWNER under this Agreement.

- 6.2 <u>Special Review</u>. The Board of Supervisors may order a special review of compliance with this Agreement at anytime. The TLMA Director, in consultation with the County Executive Officer and County Counsel, shall conduct such special reviews.
- 6.3 Property Inspection. In accordance with applicable regulations set forth in the Medicinal and Adult Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act and upon twenty-four (24) hour written notice, OWNER shall allow COUNTY representatives access to the Property and all buildings and structures located on the Property to determine compliance with CUP No. 190018 and this Agreement.
- 6.4. Records Inspection. Upon written request by the COUNTY, OWNER shall provide records to the COUNTY demonstrating compliance with this Agreement, CUP No. 190018 and consistency with the Request for Proposal Responses associated with CAN XXX including, but not limited to, ownership of Property, local hiring and local ownership programs.

6.5 Procedure.

- (a) During either an annual review or a special review, OWNER shall be required to demonstrate good faith compliance with the terms of the Agreement. The burden of proof on this issue shall be on OWNER.
- (b) Upon completion of an annual review or a special review, the TLMA Director shall submit a report to the Board of Supervisors setting forth the evidence

concerning good faith compliance by OWNER with the terms of this Agreement and hisrecommended finding on that issue.

- (c) If the Board finds on the basis of substantial evidence that OWNER has complied in good faith with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the review shall be concluded.
- (d) If the Board makes a preliminary finding that OWNER has not complied in good faith with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Board may modify or terminate this Agreement as provided in Section 6.4 and Section 6.5. Notice of default as provided under Section 8.4 of this Agreement shall be given to OWNER prior to or concurrent with, proceedings under Section 6.4 and Section 6.5.
- 6.6 Proceedings Upon Modification or Termination. If, upon a preliminary finding under Section 6.3, COUNTY determines to proceed with modification or termination of this Agreement, COUNTY shall give written notice to OWNER of its intention so to do. The notice shall be given at least ten calendar days prior to the scheduled hearing and shall contain:
 - (a) The time and place of the hearing;
 - (b) A statement as to whether or not COUNTY proposes to terminate or to modify the Agreement; and,
 - (c) Such other information as is reasonably necessary to inform OWNER of the nature of the proceeding.
- 6.7 <u>Hearing on Modification or Termination</u>. At the time and place set for the hearing on modification or termination, OWNER shall be given an opportunity to be heard and shall be entitled to present written and oral evidence. OWNER shall be required to demonstrate good faith compliance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement. The burden of proof on this issue

shall be on OWNER. If the Board of Supervisors finds, based upon substantial evidence, that OWNER has not complied in good faith with the terms or conditions of the Agreement, the Board may terminate this Agreement or modify this Agreement and impose such conditions as are reasonably necessary to protect the interests of the County. The decision of the Board of Supervisors shall be final, subject only to judicial review pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

6.8 Certificate of Agreement Compliance. If, at the conclusion of an annual or special review, OWNER is found to be in compliance with this Agreement, COUNTY shall, upon request by OWNER, issue a Certificate of Agreement Compliance ("Certificate") to OWNER stating that after the most recent annual or special review and based upon the information known or made known to the TLMA Director and Board of Supervisors that (1) this Agreement remains in effectand (2) OWNER is not in default. The Certificate shall be in recordable form, shall contain information necessary to communicate constructive record notice of the finding of compliance, shall state whether the Certificate is issued after an annual or a special review and shall state the anticipated date of commencement of the next annual review. OWNER may record the Certificate with the County Recorder. Whether or not the Certificate is relied upon by transferees or OWNER, COUNTY shall not be bound by a Certificate if a default existed at the time of the Periodic or Special Review, but was concealed from or otherwise not known to the TLMA Director or Board of Supervisors.

7. INCORPORATION AND ANNEXATION.

7.1 <u>Intent</u>. If all or any portion of the Property is annexed to or otherwise becomes a part of a city or another county, it is the intent of the parties that this Agreement shall survive and be binding upon such other jurisdiction.

- 7.2 <u>Incorporation</u>. If at any time during the term of this Agreement, a city is incorporated comprising all or any portion of the Property, the validity and effect of this Agreement shall be governed by Section 65865.3 of the Government Code.
- 7.3 <u>Annexation</u>. OWNER and COUNTY shall oppose, in accordance with the procedures provided by law, the annexation to any city of all or any portion of the Property unless both OWNER and COUNTY give written consent to such annexation.

8. DEFAULT AND REMEDIES.

8.1 <u>Remedies in General</u>. It is acknowledged by the parties that COUNTY would not have entered into this Agreement if it were to be liable in damages under this Agreement, or with respect to this Agreement or the application thereof.

In general, each of the parties hereto may pursue any remedy at law or equity available for the breach of any provision of this Agreement, except that COUNTY shall not be liable in damages to OWNER, or to any successor in interest of OWNER, or to any other person, and OWNER covenants not to sue for damages or claim any damages:

- (a) For any breach of this Agreement or for any cause of action which arises out of this Agreement; or
- (b) For the taking, impairment or restriction of any right or interest conveyed or provided under or pursuant to this Agreement; or
- (c) Arising out of or connected with any dispute, controversy or issue regarding the application, validity, interpretation or effect of the provisions of this Agreement.

Notwithstanding anything in this Article 8 to the contrary, OWNER's liability to COUNTY in connection with this Agreement shall be limited to direct damages and shall exclude any other liability, including without limitation liability for special, indirect, punitive or consequential

damages in contract, tort, warranty, strict liability or otherwise.

- 8.2 <u>Specific Performance.</u> The parties acknowledge that money damages and remedies at law generally are inadequate and specific performance and other non-monetary relief are particularly appropriate remedies for the enforcement of this Agreement and should be available to all parties for the following reasons:
 - (a) Money damages are unavailable against COUNTY as provided in Section 8.1 above.
 - (b) Due to the size, nature and scope of the project, it may not be practical or possible to restore the Property to its natural condition once implementation of this Agreement has begun. After such implementation, OWNER may be foreclosed from other choices it may have had to utilize the Property or portions thereof. OWNER has invested significant time and resources and performed extensive planning and processing of the Project in agreeing to the terms of this Agreement and will be investing even more significant time and resources in implementing the Project in reliance upon the terms of this Agreement, and it is not possible to determine the sum of money which would adequately compensate OWNER for such efforts.
 - 8.3 <u>General Release</u>. Except for non-damage remedies, including the remedy of specific performance and judicial review as provided for in Section 8, OWNER, for itself, its successors and assignees, hereby releases the COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees, and independent contractors from any and all claims, demands, actions, or suits of any kind or nature whatsoever arising out of any liability, known or unknown, present or future, including, but not limited to, any claim or liability, based or asserted, pursuant to Article I, Section 19 of the California Constitution, the Fifth Amendment of the United States

 Constitution, or any other law or ordinance which seeks to impose any other monetary

liability or damages, whatsoever, upon the COUNTY because it entered into this Agreement or because of the terms of this Agreement. OWNER hereby waives the provisions of Section 1542 of the Civil Code which provides:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT A CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY.

OWNER Initials OWNER Initials

- Termination or Modification of Agreement for Default of OWNER. Subject to the provisions contained in Subsection 2.5 herein, COUNTY may terminate or modify this Agreement for any failure of OWNER to perform any material duty or obligation of OWNER under this Agreement, or to comply in good faith with the terms of this Agreement (hereinafter referred to as "default"); provided, however, COUNTY may terminate or modify this Agreement pursuant to this Section only after providing written notice to OWNER of default setting forth the nature of the default and the actions, if any, required by OWNER to cure such default and, where the default can be cured, OWNER has failed to take such actions and cure such default within 60 days after the effective date of such notice or, in the event that such default cannot be cured within such 60 day period but can be cured within a longer time, has failed to commence the actions necessary to cure such default within such 60 day period and to diligently proceed to complete such actions and cure such default.
 - 8.5 <u>Termination of Agreement for Default of COUNTY</u>. OWNER may terminate this

Agreement only in the event of a default by COUNTY in the performance of a material term of this Agreement and only after providing written notice to COUNTY of default setting forth the nature of the default and the actions, if any, required by COUNTY to cure such default and, where the default can be cured, COUNTY has failed to take such actions and cure such default within 60 days after the effective date of such notice or, in the event that such default cannot be cured within such 60 day period but can be cured within a longer time, has failed to commence the actions necessary to cure such default within such 60 day period and to diligently proceed to complete such actions and cure such default.

8.6 <u>Attorneys' Fees</u>. In any action at law or in equity to enforce or interpret this Agreement, or otherwise arising out of this Agreement, including without limitation any action for declaratory relief or petition for writ of mandate, the parties shall bear their own attorneys' fees.

9. THIRD PARTY LITIGATION.

- 9.1 <u>General Plan Litigation</u>. COUNTY has determined that this Agreement is consistent with its General Plan, and that the General Plan meets all requirements of law. OWNER has reviewed the General Plan and concurs with COUNTY's determination. The parties acknowledge that:
 - (a) Litigation may be filed challenging the legality, validity and adequacy of the General Plan; and,
 - (b) If successful, such challenges could delay or prevent the performance of this Agreement and the development of the Property.

COUNTY shall have no liability in damages under this Agreement for any failure of COUNTY to perform under this Agreement or the inability of OWNER to develop the Property as contemplated by the Development Plan of this Agreement as the result of a judicial determination that on the Effective Date, or at any time thereafter, the General Plan, or portions thereof, are

invalid or inadequate or not in compliance with law.

- 9.2 Third Party Litigation Concerning Agreement. OWNER shall defend, at its expense, including attorneys' fees, indemnify, and hold harmless COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors from any claim, action or proceeding against COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees or independent contractors to attack, set aside, void, or annul the approval of this Agreement or the approval of any permit granted pursuant to this Agreement. COUNTY shall promptly notify OWNER of any such claim, action or proceeding, and COUNTY shall cooperate in the defense. If COUNTY fails to promptly notify OWNER of any such claim, action or proceeding, or if COUNTY fails to cooperate in the defense, OWNER shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless COUNTY. COUNTY may in its discretion participate in the defense of any such claim, action or proceeding.
- 9.3 Indemnity. In addition to the provisions of 9.2 above, OWNER shall indemnify and hold COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors free and harmless from any liability whatsoever, based or asserted upon any act or omission of OWNER, its officers, agents, employees, subcontractors and independent contractors, for property damage, bodily injury, or death (OWNER's employees included) or any other element of damage of any kind or nature, relating to or in any way connected with or arising from the activities contemplated hereunder, including, but not limited to, the study, design, engineering, construction, completion, failure and conveyance of the public improvements, save and except claims for damages arising through the sole active negligence or sole willful misconduct of COUNTY. OWNER shall defend, at its expense, including attorneys' fees, COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors in any legal action based upon such alleged acts or omissions. COUNTY may in its discretion participate in the defense of any such legal action.
 - 9.4 Environment Assurances. OWNER shall indemnify and hold COUNTY, its

officers, agents, employees and independent contractors free and harmless from any liability, based or asserted, upon any act or omission of OWNER, its officers, agents, employees, subcontractors, predecessors in interest, successors, assigns and independent contractors for any violation of any federal, state or local law, ordinance or regulation relating to industrial hygiene or to environmental conditions on, under or about the Property, including, but not limited to, soil and groundwater conditions, and OWNER shall defend, at its expense, including attorneys' fees, COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors in any action based or asserted upon any such alleged act or omission. COUNTY may in its discretion participate in the defense of any such action.

- 9.5 Reservation of Rights. With respect to Sections 9.2, 9.3 and 9.4 herein, COUNTY reserves the right to either (1) approve the attorney(s) which OWNER selects, hires or otherwise engages to defend COUNTY hereunder, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, or (2) conduct its own defense, provided, however, that OWNER shall reimburse COUNTY forthwith for any and all reasonable expenses incurred for such defense, including attorneys' fees, upon billing and accounting therefor.
- 9.6 <u>Survival</u>. The provisions of Sections 8.1 through 8.3, inclusive, Section 8.6 and Sections 9.1 through 9.6, inclusive, shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

10. MORTGAGEE PROTECTION.

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement shall not prevent or limit OWNER, in any manner, at OWNER's sole discretion, from encumbering the Property or any portion thereof or any improvement thereon by any mortgage, deed of trust or other security device securing financing with respect to the Property. COUNTY acknowledges that the lenders providing such financing may require certain Agreement interpretations and modifications and agrees upon request, from time to time, to meet with OWNER and representatives of such lenders to negotiate

in good faith any such request for interpretation or modification. COUNTY will not unreasonably withhold its consent to any such requested interpretation or modification provided such interpretation or modification is consistent with the intent and purposes of this Agreement. Any Mortgagee of the Property shall be entitled to the following rights and privileges:

- (a) Neither entering into this Agreement nor a breach of this Agreement shall defeat, render invalid, diminish or impair the lien of any mortgage on the Property made in good faith and for value, unless otherwise required by law.
- (b) The Mortgagee of any mortgage or deed of trust encumbering the Property, or any part thereof, which Mortgagee, has submitted a request in writing to the COUNTY in the manner specified herein for giving notices, shall be entitled to receive written notification from COUNTY of any default by OWNER in the performance of OWNER's obligations under this Agreement.
- (c) If COUNTY timely receives a request from a Mortgagee requesting a copy of any notice of default given to OWNER under the terms of this Agreement, COUNTY shall provide a copy of that notice to the Mortgagee within ten (10) days of sending the notice of default to OWNER. The Mortgagee shall have the right, but not the obligation, to cure the default during the remaining cure period allowed such party under this Agreement.
- (d) Any Mortgagee who comes into possession of the Property, or any part thereof, pursuant to foreclosure of the mortgage or deed of trust, or deed in lieu of such foreclosure, shall take the Property, or part thereof, subject to the terms of this Agreement. No Mortgagee (including one who acquires title or possession to the Property, or any portion thereof, by foreclosure, trustee's sale, deed in lieu of foreclosure, lease termination, eviction or otherwise) shall have any obligation to construct or complete construction of improvements, or to guarantee such construction or completion; provided, however, that a Mortgagee shall not be entitled to devote the Property to solar power plant use except in full compliance with this Agreement. A Mortgagee

in possession shall not have an obligation or duty under this Agreement to perform any of OWNER's obligations or other affirmative covenants of OWNER hereunder, or to guarantee such performance; provided, however, that to the extent that any covenant to be performed by OWNER is a condition precedent to the performance of a covenant by COUNTY, the performance thereof shall continue to be a condition precedent to COUNTY's performance hereunder. All payments called for under Section 4 of this Agreement shall be a condition precedent to COUNTY's performance under this Agreement. Any transfer by any Mortgagee in possession shall be subject to the provisions of Section 2.4 of this Agreement.

11. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- 11.1 <u>Recordation of Agreement</u>. This Agreement and any amendment, modification, termination or cancellation thereof shall be recorded with the County Recorder by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors within the period required by Section 65868.5 of the Government Code.
- 11.2 <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement sets forth and contains the entire understanding and agreement of the parties, and there are no oral or written representations, understandings or ancillary covenants, undertakings or agreements which are not contained or expressly referred to herein. No testimony or evidence of any such representations, understandings or covenants shall be admissible in any proceeding of any kind or nature to interpret or determine the terms or conditions of this Agreement.
- Severability. If any term, provision, covenant or condition of this Agreement shall be determined invalid, void or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby to the extent such remaining provisions are not rendered impractical to perform taking into consideration the purposes of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provision of the Public Benefits set forth in Sections 4.2 and 4.3 of this Agreement, including the payments set forth therein, are essential elements of this Agreement and COUNTY would not have entered into

this Agreement but for such provisions, and therefore in the event such provisions are determined to be invalid, void or unenforceable, this entire Agreement shall be null and void and of no force and effect whatsoever.

- 11.4 <u>Interpretation and Governing Law.</u> This Agreement and any dispute arising hereunder shall be governed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of California. This Agreement shall be construed as a whole according to its fair language and common meaning to achieve the objectives and purposes of the parties hereto, and the rule of construction to the effect that ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting party shall not be employed in interpreting this Agreement, all parties having been represented by counsel in the negotiation and preparation hereof.
- 11.5 <u>Section Headings</u>. All section headings and subheadings are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect any construction or interpretation of this Agreement.
- 11.6 <u>Gender and Number</u>. As used herein, the neuter gender includes the masculine and feminine, the feminine gender includes the masculine, and the masculine gender includes the feminine. As used herein, the singular of any word includes the plural.
- 11.7 <u>Joint and Several Obligations</u>. If this Agreement is signed by more than one OWNER, all obligations of such OWNERS under this Agreement shall be joint and several, and the default of any such OWNER shall be the default of all such OWNERS.
- 11.8 <u>Time of Essence</u>. Time is of the essence in the performance of the provisions of this Agreement as to which time is an element.
- 11.9 <u>Waiver</u>. Failure by a party to insist upon the strict performance of any of the provisions of this Agreement by the other party, or the failure by a party to exercise its rights upon the default of the other party; shall not constitute a waiver of such party's right to insist and demand strict compliance by the other party with the terms of this Agreement thereafter.

- 11.10 No Third Party Beneficiaries. Unless expressly stated herein, this Agreement is made and entered into for the sole protection and benefit of the parties and their successors and assigns. No other person shall have any right of action based upon any provision of this Agreement.
- in performance of any of its obligations under this Agreement is caused by floods, earthquakes, other Acts of God, fires, wars, riots or similar hostilities, strikes and other labor difficulties beyond the party's control, (including the party's employment force). If any such events shall occur, the term of this Agreement and the time for performance by either party of any of its obligations hereunder may be extended by the written agreement of the parties for the period of time that such events prevented such performance, provided that the term of this Agreement shall not be extended under any circumstances for more than five (5) years.
- 11.12 <u>Mutual Covenants</u>. The covenants contained herein are mutual covenants and also constitute conditions to the concurrent or subsequent performance by the party benefited thereby of the covenants to be performed hereunder by such benefited party.
- 11.13 Successors in Interest. The burdens of this Agreement shall be binding upon, and the benefits of this Agreement shall inure to, all successors in interest to the parties to this Agreement. All provisions of this Agreement shall be enforceable as equitable servitudes and constitute covenants running with the land. Each covenant to do or refrain from doing some act hereunder with regard to development of the Property: (a) is for the benefit of and is a burden upon every portion of the Property; (b) runs with the Property and each portion thereof; and, (c) is binding upon each party and each successor in interest during ownership of the Property or any portion thereof.
- 11.14 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed by the parties in counterparts, which counterparts shall be construed together and have the same effect as if all of the parties had

executed the same instrument.

- 11.15 <u>Jurisdiction and Venue</u>. Any action at law or in equity arising under this Agreement or brought by a party hereto for the purpose of enforcing, construing or determining the validity of any provision of this Agreement shall be filed and tried in the Riverside Historic Courthouse of the Superior Court of the County of Riverside, State of California, and the parties hereto waive all provisions of law providing for the filing, removal or change of venue to any other court.
- 11.16 Project as a Private Undertaking. It is specifically understood and agreed by and between the parties hereto that the development of the Project is a private development, that neither party is acting as the agent of the other in any respect hereunder, and that each party is an independent contracting entity with respect to the terms, covenants and conditions contained in this Agreement. No partnership, joint venture or other association of any kind is formed by this Agreement. The only relationship between COUNTY and OWNER is that of a government entity regulating the development of private property and the owner of such property.
- 11.17 Further Actions and Instruments. Each of the parties shall cooperate with and provide reasonable assistance to the other to the extent contemplated hereunder in the performance of all obligations under this Agreement and the satisfaction of the conditions of this Agreement. Upon the request of either party at any time, the other party shall promptly execute, with acknowledgement or affidavit if reasonably required, and file or record such required instruments and writings and take any actions as may be reasonably necessary under the terms of this Agreement to carry out the intent and to fulfill the provisions of this Agreement or to evidence or consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 11.18 Eminent Domain. No provision of this Agreement shall be construed to limit or restrict the exercise by COUNTY of its power of eminent domain. As used herein, "Material Condemnation" means a condemnation of all or a portion of the Property that will have the effect

of preventing development of the Project in accordance with this Agreement. In the event of a Material Condemnation, OWNER may (i) request the COUNTY to amend this Agreement and/or to amend the Development Plan, which amendment shall not be unreasonably withheld, (ii) decide, in its sole discretion, to challenge the condemnation, or (iii) request that COUNTY agree to terminate this Agreement by mutual agreement, which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld, by giving a written request for termination to the COUNTY.

- California or it is an association, partnership or joint venture without a member, partner or joint venturer resident of the State of California, or it is a foreign corporation, then in any such event, OWNER shall file with the TLMA Director, upon its execution of this Agreement, a designation of a natural person residing in the State of California, giving his or her name, residence and business addresses, as its agent for the purpose of service of process in any court action arising out of or based upon this Agreement, and the delivery to such agent of a copy of any process in any such action shall constitute valid service upon OWNER. If for any reason service of such process upon such agent is not feasible, then in such event OWNER may be personally served with such process out of this County and such service shall constitute valid service upon OWNER. OWNER is amenable to the process so served, submits to the jurisdiction of the Court so obtained and waives any and all objections and protests thereto. OWNER for itself, assigns and successors hereby waives the provisions of the Hague Convention (Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extra Judicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters, 20 U.S.T. 361, T.I.A.S. No. 6638).
- Designation of COUNTY Officials. Except for functions to be performed by the Board of Supervisors, COUNTY may, at any time and in its sole discretion, substitute any COUNTY official to perform any function identified in this Agreement as the designated responsibility of any other official. COUNTY shall provide notice of such substitution pursuant to

Section 2.7; provided, however, the failure to give such notice shall not affect the authority of the

substitute official in any way.

11.21 Authority to Execute. The person executing this Agreement on behalf of OWNER

warrants and represents that he has the authority to execute this Agreement on behalf of his

corporation, partnership or business entity and warrants and represents that he has the authority to

bind OWNER to the performance of its obligations hereunder.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the day and

year set forth below.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, a political subdivision of

the State of California

Dated:_____

[Insert Chairman's Name]

Chairman, Board of Supervisors

ATTEST:

KECIA HARPER

Clerk of the Board

(SEAL)

42

		OWNER:
Dated:	Ву:	
		Title:
Dated:	Ву:	
		Title:

(ALL SIGNATURES SHALL BE ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE A NOTARY PUBLIC.

EXECUTION ON BEHALF OF ANY CORPORATION SHALL BE BY TWO

CORPORATE OFFICERS.)

EXHIBIT "A"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

(This exhibit will consist of the legal description of the subject property, as described on a provided current (no more than 30 days old) Title Report)

EXHIBIT "B"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

MAP OF PROPERTY AND ITS LOCATION

(This Exhibit will indicate the property's legal (metes and bounds, if required) boundary and its location)

EXHIBIT "C"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

EXISTING DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS

(This exhibit will list all existing Development Approvals of the subject property)

SPECIFIC PLAN

ZONING

LAND DIVISIONS

OTHER DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS

The development approvals listed above include the approved maps and all conditions of approval.

COPIES OF THE EXISTING DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS LISTED ABOVE ARE ON FILE IN THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT AND ARE INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE.

EXHIBIT "D"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

EXISTING LAND USE REGULATIONS

1.	Riverside County Comprehensive General Plan as amended through
	Resolution No. 2019-050
2.	Ordinance No. 348 as amended through Ordinance No. 348.4913
3.	Ordinance No. 448 as amended through Ordinance No. 448.A
4.	Ordinance No. 457 as amended through Ordinance No. 457.105
5.	Ordinance No. 458 as amended through Ordinance No. 458.16
6.	Ordinance No. 460 as amended through Ordinance No. 460.154
7.	Ordinance No. 461 as amended through Ordinance No. 461.10
8.	Ordinance No. 509 as amended through Ordinance No. 509.2
9.	Ordinance No. 547 as amended through Ordinance No. 547.7
10.	Ordinance No. 555 as amended through Ordinance No. 555.20
11.	Ordinance No. 617 as amended through Ordinance No. 617.4
12.	Ordinance No. 650 as amended through Ordinance No. 650.6
13.	Ordinance No. 659 as amended through Ordinance No. 659.13
14.	Ordinance No. 663 as amended through Ordinance No. 663.10
15.	Ordinance No. 671 as amended through Ordinance No. 671.21
16.	Ordinance No. 673 as amended through Ordinance No. 673.4
17.	Ordinance No. 679 as amended through Ordinance No. 679.4
18.	Ordinance No. 682 as amended through Ordinance No. 682.4
19.	Ordinance No. 726 as amended through Ordinance No. 726
20.	Ordinance No. 743 as amended through Ordinance No. 743.3

- 21. Ordinance No. 748 as amended through Ordinance No. 748.1
- 22. Ordinance No. 749 as amended through Ordinance No. 749.1
- 23. Ordinance No. 752 as amended through Ordinance No. 752.2
- 24. Ordinance No. 754 as amended through Ordinance No. 754.3
- 25. Ordinance No. 787 as amended through Ordinance No. 787.9
- 26. Ordinance No. 806 as amended through Ordinance No. 806
- 27. Ordinance No. 810 as amended through Ordinance No. 810.2
- 28. Ordinance No. 817 as amended through Ordinance No. 817.1
- 29. Ordinance No. 824 as amended through Ordinance No. 824.15
- 30. Ordinance No. 847 as amended through Ordinance No. 847.1
- 31. Ordinance No. 859 as amended through Ordinance No. 859.3
- 32. Ordinance No. 875 as amended through Ordinance No. 875.1
- 33. Ordinance No. 915 as amended through Ordinance No. 915
- 34. Ordinance No. 925 as amended through Ordinance No. 925.1
- 35. Ordinance No. 926 as amended through Ordinance No. 926
- 36. Ordinance No. 927 as amended through Ordinance No. 927
- 37. Ordinance No. 931 as amended through Ordinance No. 931
- 38. Resolution No. 2019-037 Establishing Procedures and Requirements of the County of Riverside for the Consideration of Development Agreements (Commercial Cannabis Activities)
- 39. Board of Supervisors Policy No. B-9 Commercial Cannabis Activities

 COPIES OF THE EXISTING LAND USE REGULATIONS LISTED ABOVE ARE ON

 FILE IN THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT AND ARE

 INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE.

EXHIBIT "E"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

COMMERCIAL CANNABIS ACTIVITY SITE PLAN & DESCRIPTION

As shown on the attached site plan, CUP No. 190018 permits a storefront cannabis business within a 2,500 square foot building.

EXHIBIT "F"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

APPLICABLE PUBLIC BASE BENEFITS PAYMENTS

The Cannabis Retailer operating at the Property pursuant to CUP No. 190018 includes a building totaling 2,500 square feet as shown on Exhibit "G". In accordance with Board Policy B-9, the base public benefit is \$16.00 per square foot. Therefore, the public base benefit payment will be \$40,000 and will increase annually at a rate of 2%.

EXHIBIT "G"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

CANNABIS AREA CALCULATION EXHIBIT

The Cannabis Area calculation includes the 2,500 square foot building that will be used for the Cannabis Retailer operations as shown in this Exhibit "G".

EXHIBIT "H"

Development Agreement No. 1900011

COMMERCIAL CANNABIS ACTIVITY PUBLIC BENEFIT

The additional annual public benefit provided by the OWNER shall be \$50,000 with an annual increase of 5%. The COUNTY will utilize the additional annual public benefit within the surrounding community for additional public benefits, including, but not limited to, code enforcement, public safety services, infrastructure improvements, community enhancement programs and other similar public benefits as solely determined by the COUNTY's Board of Supervisors. Additionally, consistent with CAN 190039, OWNER will participate in community events, career opportunity events, as well as educational and wellness seminars within the surrounding community.



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Agency Director

11/09/20, 3:33 pm CUP190018

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for CUP190018. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees ("COUNTY") from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the project or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the project, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Hold Harmless (cont.)

records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this Plan CUP190018 and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

Conditional Use Permit No. 190018 ("CUP190018") proposes to construct a 2,500 square foot building as a storefront for a retail cannabis business with office space for cannabis related business and associated site work ("Project").

Development Agreement No. 1900011 ("DA1900011") will impose a lifespan of 10 years on the proposed cannabis project, will grant the applicant vesting rights to develop the Project in accordance with the terms established through CUP190018 and this development agreement, and provide community benefit to the Highgrove Area.

The project is located north of Via Santiago, east of Ridgeview Terrace, south of Frontage Rd, and west of Via Josefa.

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Design Guidelines

Compliance with applicable Design Guidelines:

1. 2nd District Design Guidelines

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S)

Exhibit A (Site Plan), dated April 6, 2020.

Exhibit B (Elevations), dated April 6, 2020.

Exhibit C (Floor Plans), dated April 6, 2020.

Exhibit G (Conceptual Grading Plan), dated April 6, 2020.

Exhibit L (Conceptual Landscaping and Irrigation Plans), dated April 6, 2020.

Exhibit S (Sign Plan), dated April 6, 2020.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 - Clean Water Act
 - Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)
 - Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
 - Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
 - State Subdivision Map Act
 - Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
 - School District Impact Compliance
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
 - Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
 - Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements)
 - Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
 - Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand)
 - Ord. No. 716 (Abandoned, Neglected or Cruelly Treated Animals)
 - Ord. No. 771 (Controlling Potentially Dangerous & Dangerous Animals)
 - Ord. No. 878 (Regarding Noisy Animals)
 - Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution)
 - Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
 - Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
 - Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
 - Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
 - Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
 - Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)
 - Ord. No. 916 (Cottage Food Operations)
 - · Ord. No. 925 (Prohibiting Marijuana Cultivating)
 - Ord. No. 928 (Clarifying County Prohibition on Mobile Marijuana Dispensaries and Deliveries)
- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances
 - Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
 - Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
 - Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
 - Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)

E Health

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

E Health

E Health. 1 DEH ECP COMMENTS (cont.)

E Health. 1 DEH ECP COMMENTS

Based on the information provided in the environmental assessment documents submitted for this project and with the provision that the information was accurate and representative of site conditions, RCDEH-ECP (Riverside County Department of Environmental Health – Environmental Cleanup Program) concludes no further environmental assessment is required for this project.

If previously unidentified contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

Fire

Fire. 1 Gen - Custom

BUILDING AND SAFETY COMMENTS

To assist in providing an expeditious review, please cloud all corrections on revised exhibit. Items labeled as "Notifications" are for your information only and are not required for entitlement approval. Thank You. NOTIFICATIONS:

ACCESSIBLE PATH OF TRAVEL:

Please include with the building submittal a revised site plan to indicate the required continuous accessible paved path of travel. The accessible path of travel details shall include;

- 1. Accessible path construction type (Asphalt or concrete).
- 2. Accessible path width.
- 3. Accessible path directional slope % and cross slope %.
- 4. All accessible ramp and curb cut-out locations and details where applicable.

The Accessible path of travel shall:

- 1. Connect to the public R.O.W.
- 2. Connect to all building(s).
- 3. Connect to all accessible parking loading/unloading areas.
- 4. Connect to accessible sanitary facilities.
- 5. Connect to areas of public accommodation.

Please be aware that the approved site plan with accessibility requirements should be included with any building plan submittals. The plan review staff may have additional comments depending on the additional information or revisions provided during the plan review process. Additional accessible requirements within the structure shall be reviewed during the building plan review.

CODE/ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction on the property. All building plans and supporting documentation shall comply with current adopted California Building Codes, Riverside County Ordinances regulations in effect at the time of building plan submittal and fee payment to the Building Department. All Building Department plan submittal and fee requirements shall apply.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Fire

Fire. 1 Gen - Custom (cont.)

NOTE: The new updated 2019 California Building Codes will be in effect as of January 1st 2020, as mandated by the state of California. Any building plan and fee payment submitted to the building department on or after January 1st, 2020 will be subject to the new updated California Building Code(s).

PERMIT ISSUANCE:

Per section 105.1 (2016 California Building Code, CBC): Where any owner or authorized agent intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert, or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical, or plumbing system, the regulation of which is governed by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit.

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction or placement of any building, structure or equipment on the property.

The applicant shall obtain an approved final building inspection and certificate of occupancy from the building department prior to any use or occupancy of the building, or structure.

At no time shall the approval of the planning case exhibit allow for the construction or use of any building, structure, or equipment. In residential applications, each separate structure will require a separate building permit.

General

General - Business Licensing

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office of the Building and Safety Department.

General – Causes for Revocation

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit is found:

- (a) to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit; and/or,
- (b) to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony; and/or,
- (c) to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance,

then this permit shall be subject to revocation procedures.

General - Ceased Operations

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this Conditional Use Permit and accompanying Development Agreement approval shall become null and void.

General – Hold Harmless

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

General

General – Hold Harmless (cont.)

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees ("COUNTY") from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the project or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the project, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

General – Human Remains

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

General

General – Review Fees (cont.)

General – Review Fees

Any subsequent submittals required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan, or mitigation and monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

General – Unanticipated Resources

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit.

If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed:

All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished.

- * A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other.
- ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Planning

Planning. 1 General - A. Application Requirements

At the time of filing the application for a Commercial Cannabis Activity on a form provided by the Planning Department, the applicant shall also provide the applicable fee for processing the land use permit application. All entitlement fees shall be paid in full, prior to operating the cannabis business.

Planning. 2 General - B. State License Required

Obtain and maintain during the life of the Commercial Cannabis Activity the applicable California license

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 2

General - B. State License Required (cont.)

issued pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Sections 19300.7 or 26050(a) as may be amended from time to time.

Planning. 3

General - C. Suspension, Revocation, or Termination of State License

Suspension of a license issued by the State of California, or by any State licensing authority, shall immediately suspend the ability of a Commercial Cannabis Activity to operate within the County until the State, or its respective State licensing authority, reinstates or reissues the State license. Revocation or termination of a license by the State of California, or by any State licensing authority, will also be grounds to revoke or terminate any conditional use permit granted to a Commercial Cannabis Activity pursuant to this Article.

Planning. 4

General - D. Health and Safety

Commercial Cannabis Activities shall at all times be operated in such a way as to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Commercial Cannabis Activities shall not create a public nuisance or adversely affect the health or safety of the nearby residents, businesses or employees working at the Commercial Cannabis Activity by creating dust, glare, heat, noise, noxious gasses, odor, smoke, traffic, vibration, unsafe conditions or other impacts, or be hazardous due to the use or storage of materials, processes, products, and runoff of water, pesticides or wastes.

Planning. 5

General - E. Development Agreement

No approval required by this ordinance shall be given for any permit for a Commercial Cannabis Activity unless the Board of Supervisors prior to or concurrently with approves a development agreement, pursuant to Section 18.26b of this ordinance, setting forth the terms and conditions under which the Commercial Cannabis Activity will operate in addition to the requirements of this ordinance, all other local ordinances and regulations, state law and such other terms and conditions that will protect and promote the public health, safety and welfare. No use or operation under any permit for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be allowed to begin until the development agreement is effective.

Planning. 6

General - F. Nuisance Odors

All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall be sited and operated in a manner that prevents Cannabis nuisance odors from being detected offsite. All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall provide a sufficient odor absorbing ventilation and exhaust system so that odor generated inside the Commercial Cannabis Activity that is distinctive to its operation is not detected outside of the operation's facility, anywhere on adjacent lots or public rights-of-way, on or about the exterior or interior common area walkways, hallways, breezeways, foyers, lobby areas, or any other areas available for use by common tenants or the visiting public, or within any other unit located inside the same building as the Commercial Cannabis Activity. In order to control nuisances such as odors, humidity and mold, Commercial Cannabis Activities shall install and maintain at the minimum, the following equipment, or any other equipment that can be proven to be an equally or more effective method or technology to control these nuisances:

1. An exhaust air filtration system with odor control that prevents internal odors from being emitted

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 6

General - F. Nuisance Odors (cont.)

externally;

2. An air system that creates negative air pressure between the Commercial Cannabis Activities' interior and exterior, so that the odors generated by the Commercial Cannabis Activity are not detectable on the outside of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.

Planning. 7

General - G. Commercial Cannabis Activity Operator Qualifications

- 1. All operators and all employees of a Commercial Cannabis Activity must be 21 years of age or older.
- 2. Operators shall be subject to background checks.
- 3. Permits for Commercial Cannabis Activities shall not be granted for operators with felony convictions, as specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code and subdivision (c) of Section 1192.7 of the Penal Code.
- 4. Applicants providing false or misleading information in the permitting process will result in rejection of the application or nullification or revocation of any permit granted pursuant to this Article.

Planning. 8

General - H. Relocation of a Permitted Commercial Cannabis Activity

In the event the permittee or successor in interest vacates and relocates the Commercial Cannabis Activity to a new location, a new conditional use permit will need to be granted by the County in accordance with this ordinance prior to commencing operations at the new location.

Planning. 9 General - I. Hours of Operation

A Commercial Cannabis Activity operating as a Cannabis Retailer may be open to the public seven days a week only between the hours of 6:00 A.M. and 10:00 P.M. All other Commercial Cannabis Activities may operate only during the hours specified in the conditional use permit granted by the County.

Planning. 10 General - J. Inspections

A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be subject to inspections by appropriate local and State agencies, including, but not limited to, the Riverside County Departments of Code Enforcement, Planning, Fire, Public Health, Environmental Health, the Agricultural Commissioner's Office and the Sheriff's Department.

Planning. 11 General - K. Monitoring Program

Permittees of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall participate in the County's monitoring program to verify permit requirements such as, but not limited to, security measures, water use and State track-and-trace requirements.

Planning. 12 General - L. Restriction on Alcohol and Tobacco Sales or Consumption

Commercial Cannabis Activities shall not allow the sale, dispensing, or consumption of alcoholic beverages

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 12 General - L. Restriction on Alcohol and Tobacco Sales or Consumption (cont.)

or tobacco on the site of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.

Planning. 13 General - M. Restriction on Consumption

Cannabis shall not be consumed or used on the lot of any Commercial Cannabis Activity.

Planning. 14 General - N. Security - Part 1

A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall implement sufficient security measures to deter and prevent the unauthorized entrance into areas containing Cannabis or Cannabis Products, to deter and prevent the theft of Cannabis or Cannabis Products at the Commercial Cannabis Activity and to ensure emergency access in accordance with applicable Fire Code standards. Guard dogs shall not be used at the Commercial Cannabis Activity as a security measure. Security measures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 1. A plan to prevent individuals from loitering on the lot if they are not engaging in activity expressly related to the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- 2. 24 hour emergency contact information for the owner or an on-site employee which shall be provided to the County.
- 3. A professionally installed, maintained, and monitored alarm system.
- 4. Except for Live Cannabis Plants being cultivated at a cultivation facility and limited amounts of Cannabis for display purposes, all Cannabis and Cannabis Products shall be stored in a secured and locked structure and in a secured and locked safe room, safe, or vault, and in a manner as to prevent diversion, theft, and loss.
- 5. 24 hour security surveillance cameras to monitor all entrances and exits to a Commercial Cannabis Activity, all interior spaces within the Commercial Cannabis Activity that are open and accessible to the public, and all interior spaces where Cannabis, cash or currency is being stored for any period of time on a regular basis. The permittee for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be responsible for ensuring that the security surveillance camera's footage is accessible. Video recordings shall be maintained for a minimum of 90 days, and shall be made available to the County upon request.

Planning. 15 General - N. Security - Part 2

- 6. Sensors shall be installed to detect entry and exit from all secure areas.
- 7. Panic buttons shall be installed in all Commercial Cannabis Activities.
- 8. Any bars installed on the windows or the doors of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be installed only on the interior of the building.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 15 General - N. Security - Part 2 (cont.)

- 9. Security personnel must be licensed by the State of California Bureau of Security and Investigative Services.
- 10. A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall have the capability to remain secure during a power outage and all access doors shall not be solely controlled by an electronic access panel to ensure locks are not released during a power outage.
- 11. A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall cooperate with the County and, upon reasonable notice to the Commercial Cannabis Activity, allow the County to inspect or audit the effectiveness of the security plan for the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- 12. The permittee for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall notify the Riverside County Sheriff's Department immediately after discovering any of the following:
- a. Significant discrepancies identified during inventory.
- b. Diversion, theft, loss, or any criminal activity involving the Commercial Cannabis Activity or any agent or employee of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- c. The loss or unauthorized alteration of records related to Cannabis, registering qualifying patients, primary caregivers, or employees or agents of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- d. Any other breach of security.
- 13. Firearms shall not be permitted at a Commercial Cannabis Activity by an owner, manager, employee, volunteer or vendor other than those individuals authorized as a State Licensed Security Personnel.
- 14. Cannabis or Cannabis Products shall not be stored outside at any time.

Planning. 16 General - O. Permit and License Posting

The permittee shall post or cause to be posted at the Commercial Cannabis Activity all required County and State permits and licenses to operate. Such posting shall be in a central location, visible to the patrons, and in all vehicles that deliver or transport Cannabis.

Planning. 17 General - P. Signage

Signage for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall comply with the following:

- 1. In addition to the requirements set forth in this section and California Business and Professions Code section 26152 as may be amended, business identification signage for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall comply with Section 19.4 of this ordinance.
- 2. No Commercial Cannabis Activity shall advertise by having a person or device holding a sign or an air dancer sign advertising the activity to passersby, whether such person, device or air dancer is on the lot of

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 17

General - P. Signage (cont.)

the Commercial Cannabis Activity or elsewhere including, but not limited to, the public right-of-way.

- 3. No Commercial Cannabis Activity shall publish or distribute advertising or marketing that is attractive to children.
- 4. No Commercial Cannabis shall advertise or market Cannabis or Cannabis Products on motor vehicles.
- 5. Except for advertising signs inside a licensed Premises and provided that such advertising signs do not advertise or market Cannabis or Cannabis Products in a manner intended to encourage persons under 21 years of age to consume Cannabis or Cannabis Products, no Commercial Cannabis Activity shall advertise or market Cannabis or Cannabis Products on an advertising sign within 1,000 feet of a Child Day Care Center, a K-12 school, a public park or a Youth Center.
- 6. No signs placed on the lot of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall obstruct any entrance or exit to the building or any window.
- 7. Each entrance to a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be visibly posted with a clear and legible notice indicating that smoking, ingesting, or otherwise consuming Cannabis on the lot of the Commercial Cannabis Activity is prohibited.
- 8. Signage shall not be directly illuminated, internally or externally.
- 9. No banners, flags, billboards, or other prohibited signs may be used at any time.

Planning. 18

General - Q. Records

- 1. Each owner and permittee of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall maintain clear and adequate records and documentation demonstrating that all Cannabis or Cannabis Products have been obtained from and are provided to other permitted and licensed Cannabis operations. The County shall have the right to examine, monitor, and audit such records and documentation, which shall be made available to the County upon written request.
- 2. Each owner and permittee of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall maintain a current register of the names and contact information, including name, address, and telephone number, of anyone owning or holding an ownership interest in the Commercial Cannabis Activity, and of all the officers, managers, employees, agents and volunteers currently employed or otherwise engaged by the Commercial Cannabis Activity. The County shall have the right to examine, monitor, and audit such records and documentation, which shall be made available to the County upon request.
- 3. All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall maintain an inventory control and reporting system that accurately documents the present location, amounts, and descriptions of all Cannabis and Cannabis Products for all stages of the growing and production or manufacturing, laboratory testing and distribution processes until purchase by or distribution to a qualified patient, primary caregiver for medical purpose or an adult 21 years of age or older who qualifies to purchase adult-use Cannabis.

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Planning. 19 General - R. Water (cont.)

Planning. 19 General - R. Water

All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall obtain a 'Will Serve' letter from the applicable water purveyor, indicating agreement to supply water for the Commercial Cannabis Activity. The letter shall include the activity proposed and any improvements required for service. For Commercial Cannabis Activities where water service is not available, conditions from the Department of Environmental Health for a permitted onsite, in-ground well will be required for the conditional use permit. Irrigation and domestic water supplies shall not include water transported by vehicle from off-site sources.

Planning. 20 General - S. Waste Water

All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall obtain a 'Will Serve' letter from the applicable sanitary sewer purveyor, indicating agreement to supply sewer for the Commercial Cannabis Activity. The letter shall include the activity proposed and any improvements required for service. For Commercial Cannabis Activities where sewer service is not available, conditions from the Department of Environmental Health will be required for the conditional use permit. Where sanitary sewer is not available, the applicant shall obtain clearance from the appropriate regional water quality control board.

Planning. 21 General - T. Parking

Parking shall be provided in accordance with Section 18.12 of this ordinance.

Planning. 22 General - U. Visibility

In no case shall Live Cannabis Plants be visible from a public or private road, sidewalk, park or common public viewing area.

Planning. 23 General - V. Hazardous Materials

All Commercial Cannabis Activities that utilize hazardous materials shall comply with applicable hazardous waste generator, Riverside County Ordinance No. 615, and hazardous materials handling, Riverside County Ordinance No. 651, requirements and maintain any applicable permits for these programs from the Riverside County Fire Department, the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources and the Agricultural Commissioner.

Planning. 24 General - W. Compliance with Local and State Laws and Regulations

1. All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall comply with all applicable local and State laws, ordinances and regulations related to, but not limited to, the following: the California Environmental Quality Act, California Building Code, California Fire Code, Riverside County Ordinance No. 787, Riverside County Ordinance No. 787, Riverside County Ordinance No. 745, Airport Land Use Compatibility Plans, weights and measures regulations, track and trace requirements, pesticide use, water quality, storm water discharge and the grading of land.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 24

General - W. Compliance with Local and State Laws and Regulations (cont.)

2. All buildings and structures, including greenhouse, hoop structures, or other similar structures shall comply with all applicable Building, Fire, and Safety laws and regulations. All buildings and structures shall be reviewed by the Riverside County Building and Safety Department in accordance with the California Building Code and Riverside County Ordinance No. 457 and by the Riverside County Fire Department in accordance with Riverside County Ordinance No. 787 and the California Fire Code.

Planning. 25

General - X. Material Alterations to Premises

No physical change, alteration, or modification shall be made to a Premises without first obtaining the appropriate approvals from the County, including but not limited a substantial conformance or revised permit and all other necessary permits. Alterations or modifications requiring approval include, without limitation: (i) the removal, creation, or relocation of a common entryway, doorway, passage, or a means of public entry or exit, when such common entryway, doorway, or passage alters or changes limited-access areas within the Premises; (ii) the removal, creation, addition, or relocation of a Cultivation Area; (iii) or the addition or alteration of a water supply. The requirement of this Section is in addition to compliance with any other applicable State or local law or regulation pertaining to approval of building modifications, zoning, and land use requirements. In the event that the proposed modification requires a new or modified conditional use permit such permit must be obtained prior to issuance of building permits.

Planning. 26

General - Y. Multiple Commercial Cannabis Activities

Multiple Commercial Cannabis Activities may be allowed on the same lot provided the proposed activities are allowed in the zone classification and meet all requirements in this Article and State Law.

Planning. 27

LCP Landscape Concept Plan required at project submittal

Provide a single digital file in PDF form on a non-rewritable Compact Disc (CD) media with a Landscape Concept Plan (LCP) on County standard Transportation Department Title Block plan sheet format (24" x 36"), 1:20 scale, with title block, north arrow, limit of work lines, hardscape features, graphic scale, and street names, etc. Plan shall clearly depict concept designs for the expected future final landscaping, shading, and parking plan. Final landscape plans will be required to be submitted, reviewed, and approved prior to the issuance of building permits.

The LCP shall be prepared in a professional manner by a California Licensed/Registered Landscape Architect and signed/stamped by such.

For basic guidance, please review Section 18.12, Sections 19.300 through 19.304 of Ordinance No. 348, Ordinance No. 859, and the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping. No irrigation system information is required but the plan shall include an estimated annual water use calculation for irrigation on the project. Conceptual plan shall also provide information on the size, number, genus, species, common name, spacing, plant factor, size, and symbol of trees, bushes and ground cover to be provided within landscaped areas and in other open space areas within the project. Plants must be selected from the Riverside County California Friendly Plant List. Water efficient planting materials are encouraged. Special features, such as rockwork, fencing, water features, existing plants to remain,

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 27 LCP Landscape Concept Plan required at project submittal (cont.)

MSHCP regulated areas, ALUC flight areas, recreational trails, and uses shall be identified.

Planting plans shall consider existing landscaping on adjacent and nearby properties and provide a logical transition to the on-site landscaping concepts with designs to prevent abrupt contrasts between properties, typically show 300 feet from project boundary.

If impacts to on-site or nearby biological resources require special treatments, the planting plans shall be reviewed and approved by a professional biologist from the County's official list.

If the project is in the Coachella Valley, the landscape architect shall coordinate with the Riverside County Agricultural Commissioner's for a current list of quarantine plant materials. The number for the Agricultural Commissioner's office is 760-863-8291.

Planning-All

Planning-All. 1 Cannabis Retail Operations - 1

Entrances into the retail location of the Cannabis Retailer shall be separate from the reception area and locked at all times with entry strictly controlled. An electronic or mechanical entry system shall be utilized to limit access and entry to the retail location.

Planning-All. 2 Cannabis Retail Operations - 10

Cannabis Retailers shall not distribute any Cannabis or Cannabis Product unless such products are labeled and in a tamper-evident package in compliance with the California Business and Professions Code and any additional rules promulgated by a licensing authority.

Planning-All. 3 Cannabis Retail Operations - 11

Cannabis Retailers shall not provide free samples of any type, including Cannabis Products, to any person and shall not allow any person to provide free samples on the Cannabis Retailer's lot.

Planning-All. 4 Cannabis Retail Operations - 12

Deliveries shall be conducted in accordance with California Business and Professions Code Section 26090 or as may be amended and all state regulations pertaining to delivery of Cannabis Products.

Planning-All. 5 Cannabis Retail Operations - 13

Cannabis or Cannabis Products shall not be sold or delivered by any means or method to any person within a motor vehicle.

Planning-All. 6 Cannabis Retail Operations - 14

Cannabis Retailers shall not include a drive-in, drive-through or walk up window where retail sales of Cannabis or Cannabis Products are sold to persons or persons within or about a motor vehicle.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-All

Planning-All. 7 Cannabis Retail Operations - 2 (cont.)

Planning-All. 7 Cannabis Retail Operations - 2

Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Medical Cannabis, requiring an M-License from the State. Cannabis Retailers selling only Medical Cannabis shall verify consumers who enter the Premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation.

Planning-All. 8 Cannabis Retail Operations - 3

Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Adult Use Cannabis, requiring an A-license from the State.

Cannabis Retailers selling only Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the Premises are at least 21 years of age.

Planning-All. 9 Cannabis Retail Operations - 4

A Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of both Medical and Adult use Cannabis requiring both an A-License and an M-License from the State. All Cannabis Retailers selling both Medical and Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation or are at least 21 years of age.

Planning-All. 10 Cannabis Retail Operations - 5

Display areas shall include the smallest amount of Cannabis and Cannabis Products reasonably anticipated to meet sales during operating hours.

Planning-All. 11 Cannabis Retail Operations - 6

Cannabis and Cannabis Products not in the display area shall be maintained in a locked secure area.

Planning-All. 12 Cannabis Retail Operations - 7

Not more than 10% of the Cannabis Retailer floor area, up to a maximum of 50 square feet, shall be used for the sale of incidental goods such as, but not limited to, clothing, posters, or non-cannabis goods.

Planning-All. 13 Cannabis Retail Operations - 8

Restroom facilities shall be locked and under the control of the Cannabis Retailer.

Planning-All. 14 Cannabis Retail Operations - 9

Cannabis Retailers shall ensure that all Cannabis and Cannabis Products held for sale by the Cannabis Retailer are cultivated, manufactured, transported, distributed, and tested by California licensed and permitted facilities that are in full conformance with State and local laws and regulations.

Transportation

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Transportation

Transportation. 1 Trans General Conditions (cont.)

Transportation. 1 Trans General Conditions

General Conditions

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, it is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. The County of Riverside applicable ordinances and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955-6527.

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 015 - Custom

- 1. AB 1826 requires businesses and multifamily complexes to arrange for organic waste recycling services. Those subject to AB 1826 shall take at least one of the following actions in order to divert organic waste from disposal:
- -Source separate organic material from all other recyclables and donate or self-haul to a permitted organic waste processing facility.
- -Enter into a contract or work agreement with gardening or landscaping service provider or refuse hauler to ensure the waste generated from those services meet
- the requirements of AB 1826.
- 2. AB 341 focuses on increased commercial waste recycling as a method to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The regulation requires businesses and organizations that generate four or more cubic yards of waste per week and multifamily units of 5 or more, to recycle. A business shall take at least one of the following actions in order to reuse, recycle, compost, or otherwise divert commercial solid waste from disposal:
- Source separate recyclable and/or compostable material from solid waste and donate or self-haul the material to recycling facilities.
- Subscribe to a recycling service with their waste hauler.
- Provide recycling service to their tenants (if commercial or multi-family complex).
- Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of California Code of Regulations Title 14.

For more information, please visit:

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1

015 - Custom (cont.)

www.rivcowm.org/opencms/recycling/recycling_and_compost_business.html#mandatory

- 3. Hazardous materials are not accepted at Riverside County landfills. In compliance with federal, state, and local regulations and ordinances, any hazardous waste generated in association with the project shall be disposed of at a permitted Hazardous Waste disposal facility. Hazardous waste materials include, but are not limited to, paint, batteries, oil, asbestos, and solvents. For further information regarding the determination, transport, and disposal of hazardous waste, please contact the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, Environmental Protection and Oversight Division, at 1.888.722.4234.
- Consider xeriscaping and using drought tolerant/low maintenance vegetation in all landscaped areas of the project.
- The use of mulch and/or compost in the development and maintenance of landscaped areas within the project boundaries is recommended. Recycle green waste through either onsite composting of grass, i.e., leaving the grass clippings on the lawn, or sending separated green waste to a composting facility.

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Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 1

Plan: CUP190018 Parcel: 102102021

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade, 1

EASEMENTS/PERMISSION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, it shall be the sole responsibility of the owner/applicant to obtain any and all proposed or required easements and/or permissions necessary to perform the grading herein proposed.

A notarized letter of permission and/or recorded easement from the affected property owners or easement holders shall be provided in instances where off site grading is proposed as part of the grading plan.

In instances where the grading plan proposes drainage facilities on adjacent off site property, the owner/ applicant shall provide a copy of the recorded drainage easement or copy of Final Map.

060 - BS-Grade. 2

IF WQMP IS REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the Final Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) site plan for comparison to the grading plan.

060 - BS-Grade. 3

IMPROVEMENT SECURITIES

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Grading Permit, the applicant may be required to post a Grading and/or Erosion Control Security. Please contact the Riverside County Transportation Department for additional information and requirements.

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1

PRIMP

Not Satisfied

This site is mapped in the County's General Plan as having a High potential for paleontological resources (fossils). Proposed project site grading/earthmoving activities could potentially impact this resource. HENCE:

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF GRADING PERMITS:

- 1. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County to create and implement a project-specific plan for monitoring site grading/earthmoving activities (project paleontologist).
- 2. The project paleontologist retained shall review the approved development plan and grading plan and conduct any pre-construction work necessary to render appropriate monitoring and mitigation requirements as appropriate. These requirements shall be documented by the project paleontologist in a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP). This PRIMP shall be submitted to the County Geologist for approval prior to issuance of a Grading Permit. Information to be contained in the PRIMP, at a minimum and in addition to other industry standards and Society of Vertebrate Paleontology standards, are as follows:
- 1. A corresponding County Grading Permit (BGR) Number must be included in the title of the report. PRIMP reports submitted without a BGR number in the title will not be reviewed.
- 2. Description of the proposed site and planned grading operations.
- 3. Description of the level of monitoring required for all earth-moving activities in the project area.
- 4. Identification and qualifications of the qualified paleontological monitor to be employed for grading operations monitoring.
- 5. Identification of personnel with authority and responsibility to temporarily halt or divert grading equipment to allow for recovery of large specimens.
- 6. Direction for any fossil discoveries to be immediately reported to the property owner who in turn

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

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Plan: CUP190018 Parcel: 102102021

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP (cont.)

Not Satisfied

will immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery.

- 7. Means and methods to be employed by the paleontological monitor to quickly salvage fossils as they are unearthed to avoid construction delays.
- 8. Sampling of sediments that are likely to contain the remains of small fossil invertebrates and vertebrates.
- 9. Procedures and protocol for collecting and processing of samples and specimens.
- 10. Fossil identification and curation procedures to be employed.
- 11. Identification of the permanent repository to receive any recovered fossil material. *Pursuant the County "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet. A written agreement between the property owner/developer and the repository must be in place prior to site grading.
- 12. All pertinent exhibits, maps and references.
- 13. Procedures for reporting of findings.
- 14. Identification and acknowledgement of the developer for the content of the PRIMP as well as acceptance of financial responsibility for monitoring, reporting and curation fees. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution.
- 15. All reports shall be signed by the project paleontologist and all other professionals responsible for the report's content (eg. PG), as appropriate. One original signed copy of the report(s) shall be submitted to the County Geologist along with a copy of this condition and the grading plan for appropriate case processing and tracking. These documents should not be submitted to the project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County office. In addition, the applicant shall submit proof of hiring (i.e. copy of executed contract, retainer agreement, etc.) a project paleontologist for the in-grading implementation of the PRIMP.

Safeguard Artifacts Being Excavated in Riverside County (SABER)

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 RCTD-MAP-WQ - Santa Ana Region - FINAL WQMP REQUIL Not Satisfied

The project is located in the Santa Ana watershed. An approved Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required prior to recordation of a final map or issuance of a grading permit. The project shall submit a single PDF on two CD/DVD copies, in accordance with the latest version of the WQMP manual, found at https://rctlma.org/trans/Land-Development/WQMP. In addition, the project proponent shall ensure that the effects of increased peak flowrate for the 1, 3, 6, 24-hour storm events for the 2, 5, and 10-year return periods from the project are mitigated. All details necessary to build BMPs per the WQMP shall be included on the grading plans.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 1

NO BUILDING PERMIT W/O GRADING PERMIT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the property owner shall obtain a grading permit and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department.

080 - BS-Grade, 2

ROUGH GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 3

Plan: CUP190018 Parcel: 102102021

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 2

ROUGH GRADE APPROVAL (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the applicant shall obtain rough grade approval and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the completed grading of your project before a building permit can be issued. Rough Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following:

- 1. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report containing substantiating data from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for his/her certification of the project.
- 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Rough Grade certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan.
- 3. Requesting a Rough Grade Inspection and obtaining rough grade approval from a Riverside County inspector.
- 4. Rough Grade Only Permits: In addition to obtaining all required inspections and approval of all final reports, all sites permitted for rough grade only shall provide 100 percent vegetative coverage or other means of site stabilization as approved by the County Inspector prior to receiving a rough grade permit final.

Prior to release for building permit, the applicant shall have met all rough grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

E Health

080 - E Health. 1

Gen - Custom

Not Satisfied

Water and sewer will serve letter from City of Corona Public Works dated 4/2/2020 received, indicating water and sewer is available.

Updated will serve letter received from City of Corona Public Works dated 8/24/2020, indicating sewer is 300 feet to the east and not fronting the property. This project will be allowed to utilize an OWTS pending final approval from this department.

Project will connect to City of Corona for potable water.

Applicant is proposing to replace existing septic system with a new system to serve new structure. At time of building permit issuance, a C-42 certification of existing septic system and percolation report for design of replacement system that complies with Riverside County Local Agency Management Program (LAMP) will be required. If the percolation report provided at that time indicates that lot conditions will not allow the use of an OWTS or that sewer is a practical option, connection to sewer will be required.

Fire

080 - Fire. 1

Business Plan Request

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, please provide a business plan with a complete scope of work. Indicate any storage, hazardous materials or manufacturing that may be conducted on this site. In addition, please note proposed business hours, the use of any delayed egress/ingress (limited access passages) and if open flame devices will be on site.

080 - Fire. 2

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews building plans. These conditions will be based on occupancy, use, California Building Code (CBC), California Fire Code (CFC), and related codes, which are in effect at the time of building plan submittal.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Fire

080 - Fire. 2 Prior to permit (cont.)

Not Satisfied

1. The Office of the Fire Marshal is required to set a minimum fire flow for the remodel or construction of all commercial buildings per CFC Appendix B and Table B105.1. The applicant/developer shall provide documentation to show there exists a water system capable of delivering said waterflow for 2 to 4 hour(s) duration at 20-PSI residual operating pressure. The required fire flow may be adjusted during the approval process to reflect changes in design, construction type, or automatic fire protection measures as approved by the Fire Prevention Bureau. Specific requirements for the project will be determined at time of submittal. (CFC 507.3, Appendix B)

080 - Fire. 3 Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

- 1. The minimum number of fire hydrants required, as well as the location and spacing of fire hydrants, shall comply with the C.F.C. and NFPA 24. Fire hydrants shall be located no closer than 40 feet to a building. A fire hydrant shall be located within 50 feet of the fire department connection for buildings protected with a fire sprinkler system. The size and number of outlets required for the approved fire hydrants are (6" x 4" x 2 ½" x 2 ½") (CFC 507.5.1, 507.5.7, Appendix C, NFPA 24-7.2.3.) 2. Existing fire hydrants on public streets are allowed to be considered available. Existing fire hydrants on adjacent properties shall not be considered available unless fire apparatus access roads extend between properties and easements are established to prevent obstruction of such roads. (CFC 507, 501.3)
- 080 Fire. 4 Prior to permit Not Satisfied
 - 1. The Fire Department emergency vehicular access road shall be (all weather surface) capable of sustaining an imposed load of 75,000 lbs. GVW. The approved fire access road shall be in place during the time of construction. Temporary fire access roads shall be approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. (CFC 501.4)
 - 2. Prior to construction, all locations where structures are to be built shall have an approved Fire Department access based on street standards approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. (CFC 501.4)
 - 3. Fire lanes and fire apparatus access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than twenty–four (24) as approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and an unobstructed vertical clearance of not less the thirteen (13) feet six (6) inches. (CFC 503.2.1)

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 RCTD-USE-WQ - ESTABLISH WQMP MAINT ENTITY

Not Satisfied

A maintenance plan and signed WQMP/BMP maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department shall be approved and recorded against the property. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance.

080 - Transportation. 2 RCTD-USE-WQ - IMPLEMENT WQMP

Not Satisfied

The Project shall construct BMP facilities described in the approved Final County WQMP prior to the issuance of a building permit to the satisfaction of County Grading Inspection Section. The Project is responsible for performing all activities described in the County WQMP and that copies of the approved Final County WQMP are provided to future owners/occupants.

Waste Resources

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 1 080 - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area

Not Satisfied

Trash Enclosures - prior to building permit issuance

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall submit one electronic (1) copy of a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for review and approval. The plot plan shall conform to Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas, provided by the Department of Waste Resources, and shall show the location of and access to the collection area for recyclable materials, shall demonstrate space allocation for trash and recyclable materials and have the adequate signage indicating the location of each bin in the trash enclosure.

The project applicant is advised that clearance of the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan only satisfies the Waste Resources' conditions for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas space allocation and other Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Guideline items. Detailed drawings of the Trash Enclosure and its particular construction details, e.g., building materials, location, construction methods etc., should be included as part of the Project plan submittal to the Riverside County Department of Building and Safety.

080 - Waste Resources. 2 080 - Waste Recycling Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, a Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be submitted to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for approval. At a minimum, the WRP must identify the materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, wood, etc.) that will be generated by construction and development, the projected amounts, the measures/methods that will be taken to recycle, reuse, and/or reduce the amount of materials, the facilities and/or haulers that will be utilized, and the targeted recycling or reduction rate. During project construction, the project site shall have, at a minimum, two (2) bins: one for waste disposal and the other for the recycling of Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials. Additional bins are encouraged to be used for further source separation of C&D recyclable materials. Accurate record keeping (receipts) for recycling of C&D recyclable materials and solid waste disposal must be kept. Arrangements can be made through the franchise hauler.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1 PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall obtain precise grade approval and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the precise grading of your project before a building final can be obtained. Precise Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following:

- 1. Requesting and obtaining approval of all required grading inspections.
- 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for the sub-grade and base of all paved areas.
- 3. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Sub-grade (rough) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the sub-grade was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan.
- 4. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Precise (Final) Grade Certification for the entire site from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the precise grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan.

Prior to release for building final, the applicant shall have met all precise grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

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Riverside County PLUS **CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade. 1

PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Fire

090 - Fire. 1

Prior to final

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Building Final, a "Knox Box Rapid Entry System" shall be provided. The Knox-Box shall be installed in an accessible location approved by the Fire Code Official. All exterior security emergency access gates shall be electronically operated and be provided with Knox key switches and remote actuating devices, for access by emergency personnel. (CFC 506.1)

Transportation •

090 - Transportation. 1

RCTD-USE-WQ - WQMP COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the Project is required to furnish educational materials regarding water quality to future owners/occupants, provide an engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established, and for businesses registering BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Storm Water Compliance Program Section.

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 1 090 - Form D - Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organi Not Satisfied

Form D - Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Recycling

Prior to final building inspection, applicants shall complete a Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Recycling Compliance form (Form D). Form D requires applicants to identify programs or plans that address commercial and organics recycling, in compliance with State legislation/regulation. Once completed, Form D shall be submitted to the Recycling Section of the Department of Waste Resources for approval. To obtain Form D, please contact the Recycling Section at 951-486-3200, or email to: Waste-CompostingRecycling@rivco.org

090 - Waste Resources. 2 090 - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Inspection Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall construct the recyclables collection and loading area in compliance with the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan, as approved and stamped by the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources, and as verified by the Riverside County Building and Safety Department through site inspection.

090 - Waste Resources, 3 090 - Waste Reporting Form and Receipts Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, evidence (i.e., waste reporting form along with receipts or other types of verification) to demonstrate project compliance with the approved Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be presented by the project proponent to the Planning Division of the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources. Receipts must clearly identify the amount of waste disposed and Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials recycled.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPRO	PRIATE:			
☐ PLOT PLAN ☑ CONDITIONAL USE		PUBLIC USE PER TEMPORARY US		☐ VARIANCE
REVISED PERMIT	Original Case No.	CU	PIP	0018
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS W	/ILL NOT BE ACCEPTED	D.		
APPLICATION INFORM	ATION			
Applicant Name: _Coro	nita Helping Hand	s, LLC		
Contact Person: C	had Franks		E-Mail:	chad@sdmr.com
Mailing Address: 2	24092 La Hermosa			
L	aguna Niguel	Street CA	9	92677
	City	State		ZIP
Daytime Phone No:	(<u>949</u>) <u>702-12</u>	289	Fax No:	()
Engineer/Representative	Name: KWC Er	ngineers		
Contact Person:	Brandon Barnett		E-Mail:	brandon.barnett@kwcengineers.com
Mailing Address:	1880 Compton Av			
	Corona	Street CA	Ç	92881
	City	State		ZIP
Daytime Phone No:	(<u>951</u>) <u>734-2</u>	2130 x203	Fax No:	(951) 734-9139
Property Owner Name:	B.B.E. and W. Sta	andard Common [Direction Ser	vice Company, LLC
Contact Person:	Charlie R. Webb/F	Rosina G. Webb	E-Mail: c/o	caliberdoug@yahoo.com
Mailing Address: _	20390 Christo Co			
	Perris	Street CA		92570
	City	State		ZIP
Daytime Phone No:	·———		Fax No:	()
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811			Palm Des	7-588 El Duna Court, Suite H sert, California 92211 77 · Fax (760) 863-7555

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:
I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof.
(If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the use permit is ready for public hearing.) PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.
AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER
The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied.
PROPERTY INFORMATION:
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): _102-102-021
Approximate Gross Acreage:52 acres
General location (nearby or cross streets): North of Santiago, South of
Frontage Road , East of <u>Terrace</u> , West of <u>Via Josefa</u> .

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT **PROJECT PROPOSAL:** Describe the proposed project. Cannabis Retail Facility Identify the applicable Ordinance No. 348 Section and Subsection reference(s) describing the proposed land use(s): Section 19.519 Number of existing lots: __1 EXISTING Buildings/Structures: Yes X No ... Square Bldg. No.* Height **Use/Function Stories** To be Removed Permit No. Feet 1 1 840 Sales office 052993 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Place check in the applicable row, if building or structure is proposed to be removed. PROPOSED Buildings/Structures: Yes No 🛛 Square Height Stories No.* **Use/Function** Feet 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 PROPOSED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes ☐ No 🛛 Square No.* **Use/Function** Feet 2 3

Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

4 5

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT				
6 7				
8				
9 10				
* Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".				
Check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) to identify them.)				
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application:				
Development Agreement Application				
Are there previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes X No				
If yes, provide Application No(s). CAN190039, PP07341S1, PP07341S2 (e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)				
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) EIR No. (if applicable):				
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes \(\sigma\) No \(\sigma\)				
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies):				
Is the project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes \(\subseteq\) No \(\times\)				
Is this an application for a development permit? Yes X No				
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.				
If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)				
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.				
X Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley				

Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

Santa Margarita River

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT				
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to <u>Section 65962.5</u> of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:				
Name of Applicant: Coronita Helping Hands, LLC				
Address: 24092 La Hermosa Avenue, Laguna Niguel, CA 92677				
Phone number:				
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code): 2000 Frontage Road, Corona, CA				
Local Agency: County of Riverside 92882				
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number: 102-102-021				
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code:				
Regulatory Identification number:				
Date of list:				
Applicant: Date 7/29/19				
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT				
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether:				
1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes \(\Boxed{\text{No}}\) No \(\overline{\text{X}}\)				
2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes \(\sqrt{No} \) \(\text{No} \)				
I (we) certify that my (our) answers are true and correct.				
Owner/Authorized Agent (1) Charles Will Date 7-30-19				
Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Date				

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Land Use and Development Condensed application.docx

Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 08/03/2018

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190018 and DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT NO. 1900011 – Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) and Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) – CEQ190090 – Applicant: Coronita Helping Hands, LLC – Second Supervisorial District – West Corona Zoning Area – Temescal Canyon Area Plan: Community Development: Commercial Retail (CD-CR) (0.20 – 0.35 FAR) – Location: Northerly of Via Santiago, easterly of Ridgeview Terrace, southerly of Frontage Road, and westerly of Via Josefa – 0.52 Acres – Zoning: General Commercial (C-1/C-P) – **REQUEST:** Conditional Use Permit No. 190018 proposes to construct a 2,500 sq. ft. building as a storefront for a retail cannabis business with office space for cannabis related business. Development Agreement No. 1900011 would impose a lifespan on the proposed cannabis project and provide community benefit to the West Corona Area.

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING: NOVEMBER 18, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/.

For further information regarding this project please contact the Project Planner Gabriel Villalobos at (951) 955-6184 or email at gvillalo@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above-described application is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The Planning Commission will consider the proposed application at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

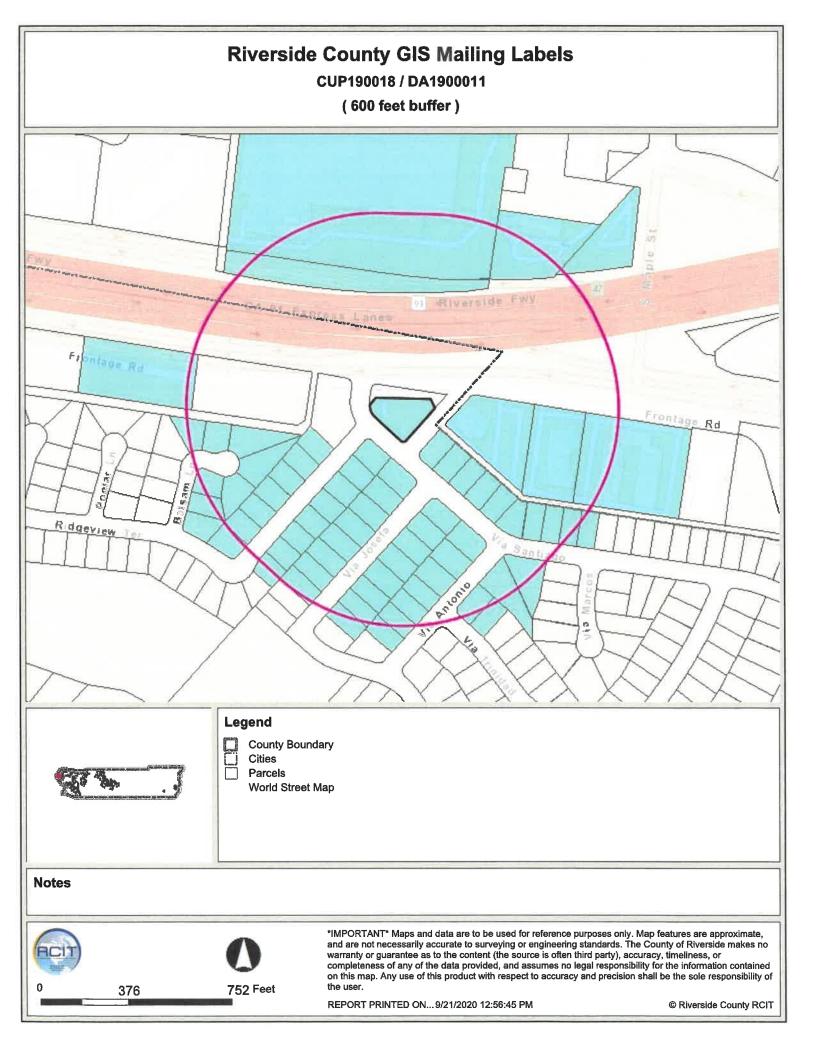
Please send all written correspondence to: RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Gabriel Villalobos

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I,VINNIE NGUYEN certify that onSeptember 21, 2020,
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS,
APN (s) or case numbers
Company or Individual's Name,
Distance buffered 600'
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department.
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all other
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 25
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum of
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundaries,
based upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identified
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names and
mailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-site
improvement/alignment.
I further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I
understand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of the
application.
TITLE: GIS Analyst
ADDRESS: 4080 Lemon Street 9 TH Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
TELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a.m. – 5 p.m.): (951) 955-8158



102212003 OROSCO RIGOBERTO GODINEZ & VICTORIA 420 YELLOWSTONE CIR CORONA CA 92879 102212011 JUAN A. VARELA 722 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882

102101007 JESSE TEASLEY 2067 RIDGEVIEW TER CORONA CA 92882 102211004 RONALD W. HINE 740 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102211010 SHIRLEY J. GILLMASTER 686 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882 102212007 GARRY R. GAEKEL 713 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102212013 JAMES H. EDWARDS 740 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882 102215001 RICHARDO OCHOA 1983 VIA TRINIDAD CORONA CA 92882

102101010 ROBERT ELIAS 2091 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882 102102015 KEVIN W. HARRIS 2136 N ALONA ST SANTA ANA CA 92706

102250043 JAMES ALVAREZ 1995 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882 102250053 COUNTRY SUITES CORONA WEST 355 BRISTOL ST NO A COSTA MESA CA 92620

102101006 JULIE MCINTYRE 2057 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882 102101016 REESE MELBA J 701 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882 102101039 STEVE ZUNIGA 711 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882 102102014 TERESA MELGOZA 2074 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882

102211006 MIGUEL V. GUERRERO 722 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882 102211007 LUIS DELGADO 714 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102211008 FELIPE M. GUTIERREZ 700 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882 102211009 MIGUEL OREGEL 692 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102250038 SATUALA SINA DUENAS 1947 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882

102101011 FIDEL NAVA 760 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882

102101004 CARLOS JOSE CHACON 765 N MAIN ST CORONA CA 92880

102101009 RUBEN MORENO 2081 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882

102101014 EDWARD JOSEPH HANLEY 710 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882 102102013 ISIDRO FRANCO 2080 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882

102102018 EDUARDO LOZANO 4360 FLINT ST CORONA CA 92883 102040035 DART WAREHOUSE CORP 1430 S EASTMAN AVE COMMERCE CA 90023 102040039 UNITED RENTALS NORTHWEST INC 13727 NOEL RD NO 900 DALLAS TX 75240 102250041 RAFAEL LOPEZ 1979 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882

102212010 EFRAIN MERAZ 714 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882 102212014 FRANCISCO OTONIEL RAMIREZ 752 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882

102212015 MARTIN FLORES 756 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882 102101008 MIRLA ADRIANA REYES 2077 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882

102101018 ALAN E. GONZALEZ 721 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882 102102017 ELIZABETH L. EDMUNDS 2044 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882

102212009 ROBERTO MADRIGAL 691 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882 102250042 RAYMOND WEIGAND 1987 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882

102212002 HECTOR PEREZ 1592 SAN ALAMEDA CORONA CA 92882 102212004 JEFFREY CORONA 739 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102212012 RICARDO C. VILLASENOR 734 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882 102212016 MARTIN RANGEL 760 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882 102215002 MANUEL PINEDA 1977 VIA TRINIDAD CORONA CA 92882 102250040 JOSE L. RAMOS 1967 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882

102040036 RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION 4080 LEMON ST 3RD FL RIVERSIDE CA 92502 102211005 MARIA OLIVA LARA 734 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102212008 VINCENT M. MADRIGAL 701 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882 102250055 MIGUELS PROP P O BOX 1224 CORONA CA 92878

102250036 JOSE EFRAIN PENA 1931 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882

102250039 SWH 2017 1 BORROWER 8665 E HARTFORD DR NO 200 SCOTTSDALE AZ 85255

102250045 LINDA C. ANDERSON 2011 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882 102270012 SCW 104 MAPLE ST

CORONA CA 92882

102102019 DAVID YU 2020 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882 102101015 NICOLE JACQUELINE DYAL 700 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882

102102012 ANGELICA SANTANA 2090 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882 102102021 CORONITA HELPING HANDS 2000 FRONTAGE RD CORONA CA 91720 102250037 JOSE MIRANDA 1939 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882 102250044 RODRIGO G. CONTRERAS 2001 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882

102250054 COUNTRY SUITES CORONA WEST LTD 355 BRISTOL ST NO A COSTA MESA CA 92626 102101005 JOSE SANTIAGO VALDEZ 2047 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882

102101012 ARTHUR MENDOZA GARCIA 750 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882 102101013 MARIO GARCIA 740 BALSAM LN CORONA CA 92882

102101037 RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMM 4080 LEMON ST 3RD FL RIVERSIDE CA 92502 102102016 CANTONWINE FAMILY TRUST DATED 02/22/2019 2054 RIDGEVIEW TERR CORONA CA 92882

102212005 RICHARD D. BOUKES 733 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102212006 MARTIN JESUS REYES 723 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

102215005 EDGAR RAMOS 723 VIA ANTONIO CORONA CA 92882 102215006 HELEN MARIE STOCKTON 1950 VIA SANTIAGO CORONA CA 92882

102211003 RAFAEL MONTEJANO 746 VIA JOSEFA CORONA CA 92882

Applicant/Owner:

Coronita Helping Hands, LLC c/o Chad Franks
24092 La Hermosa Avenue
Laguna Niguel, CA 92677

Applicant/Owner:

Coronita Helping Hands, LLC c/o Chad Franks 24092 La Hermosa Avenue Laguna Niguel, CA 92677

Engineer/Rep:

KWC Engineers c/o Brandon Barnett 1880 Compton Avenue, Suite 100 Corona, CA 92881

Engineer/Rep:

KWC Engineers c/o Brandon Barnett 1880 Compton Avenue, Suite 100 Corona, CA 92881

Owner:

B.B.E. and W. Standard Common Direction Service Company, LLC c/o Charlie R. Webb 20390 Christo Court Perris, CA 92570

Owner:

B.B.E. and W. Standard Common Direction Service Company, LLC c/o Charlie R. Webb 20390 Christo Court Perris, CA 92570

Non-County Agencies:

Kirkland West Habitat Defense Council PO Box 7821 Laguna Niguel, Ca, 92607-7821

Richard Drury Komalpreet Toor Lozeau Drury, LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Interim TLMA Director

NOT	ICE OF EXEMPTION	
FO: ☐ Office of Planning and Research (OPR) P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044	FROM: Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor	38686 El Cerrito Road
County of Riverside County Clerk	P. O. Box 1409	Palm Desert, CA 92201
	Riverside, CA 92502-1409	
Project Title/Case No.: Conditional Use Permit No.	o. 190018 (CUP190018)/Development Agreemer	nt No. 1900011 (DA1900011)
Project Location: The project is located north of Via	Santiago, east of Ridgeview Terrace, south of Fr	rontage Rd, and west of Via Josefa
Project Description: Conditional Use Permit No. square-foot building as a storefront for a retail canr work including the repaving of the parking area and term of 10 years and grants the applicant vesting rig No. 1900011 and Conditional Use Permit No. 19001	nabis business with office space for cannabis re the addition of landscaping ("Project"). Developing this to develop the Project in accordance with the	elated business and associated site ment Agreement No. 1900011 has a e terms of Development Agreemen
Name of Public Agency Approving Project: Rive	rside County Planning Department	
Project Applicant & Address: Coronita Helping Ha	<u>ands, c/o Chad Franks, 24092 La Hermosa Aver</u>	nue, Laguna Niguel, CA 92677
Exempt Status: (Check one) Ministerial (Sec. 21080(b)(1); 15268) Declared Emergency (Sec. 21080(b)(3); 15269(a) Emergency Project (Sec. 21080(b)(4); 15269 (b)	1)) <u>15061(b)(3)</u>)	ec. 15301(I)(3), Sec. 15303, Sec.

Reasons why project is exempt: This project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15301(I)(3) (Existing Facilities). This exemption specifically states "a store, motel, office, restaurant, and similar small commercial structure if designed for an occupant load of 30 persons or less. In urbanized areas, the exemption also applies to the demolition of up to three such commercial buildings on sites zoned for such use." The proposal for CUP190018 shall include the demolition of an existing 840-square foot modular structure for the development of a new, 2,500 square foot Cannabis storefront retailer. Under this categorical exemption, the demolition and replacement of the current modular structure with the new stick built building would be exempted as the project is located within an urbanized area and shall include a similar small commercial structure with an occupant load considered to be less than 30 people based off of the gross floor area of the reception retail sales area.

In addition, the project is also exempt from California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures). This section specifically exempts construction and location of new, small facilities or structures, including but not limited to a store not involving the use of significant amounts of hazardous substances and not exceeding 2500 square feet in floor area. The Project includes the demolition of an existing 840-square-foot modular structure and the construction of a new, 2,500-square-foot Cannabis retail storefront not involving the use of significant amounts of hazardous substances. Therefore, the project as proposed, qualifies for the Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) exemption.

None of the exceptions pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines section 15300.2 would occur. The Project would not have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances; would not result in a cumulative impact; would not impact any historic resources; and is not located on a hazardous site or location. The proposed cannabis related use does not present any unusual circumstances since it would present similar environmental impacts compared to any other retail use that would be permitted to occupy the project site. Since all impacts of the proposed use would be similar to other uses that would occupy the space, all potential cumulative impacts of this use were also previously addressed in the prior approvals. No historic resources are known to exist on the site that could be impacted since the site is recently developed. The site is not known to be located on a hazardous site based on available data. Additionally, since the State has created various rules and regulations as they relate to cannabis waste, particularly for cannabis cultivators, there are no impacts related to cannabis as a hazardous waste as it relates to the commercial selling of cannabis (the State actually treats cannabis as an organic waste, versus a hazardous waste). Accordingly, there are no exceptions to the above categorical exemptions that would prevent them from applying.

This proposed project is also exempt from California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review pursuant to Article 5 - Preliminary Review of Projects and Conduct of Initial Study, Section 15061 (b)(3), which states: Once a lead agency has determined that an activity is a project subject to CEQA, a lead agency shall determine whether the project is exempt from CEQA. The Project is deemed to be a "project" pursuant to CEQA. The Project is a retail business (cannabis retail) and includes the demolition of the existing modular structure onsite and the construction of a new 2,500 square foot Cannabis retail storefront. No cultivation, testing, microbusiness, distribution, or manufacturing is involved with the Project or project site. The Project is EXEMPT under State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061 because Section (b) (3) states: The activity is covered by the general rule that CEQA applies only to projects, which have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment. Where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, the activity is not subject to CEQA. The proposed Project will continue to utilize the site as a commercial land use and will not result in any additional impacts related to traffic, air quality, or public safety, beyond what already occurs at the existing commercial retail establishment. As the land is already developed, there are no potential impacts related to aesthetics, biological and cultural resources, hydrology, or other similar potential impacts. Lastly, as the State has created various rules and regulations as they relate to cannabis waste, particularly for cannabis cultivators, there are no impacts related to cannabis as a hazardous waste as it relates to the commercial selling of cannabis (the State actually treats cannabis as an organic waste, versus a hazardous waste). Therefore, the project meets the requirements for CEQA exemption per Section 15061(b)(3) as there is no potential th

that the Project as proposed would have a significant phy	ysical impact on the environment.	
Gabriel Villalobos	(151) 155	-6184
Calif Villal Sur	Project Planner	Phone Number 11/1/20
Signature	Title	Date
Date Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:		

Revised: 10/28/2020: Y:\Planning Master Forms\Templates\CEQA Forms\Form_NOE.docx

NOTICE OF EXEMP Page 2	PTION			
				_



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

PR	OP	OSE	ED F	RO	JE	CT
	VE	VOL	. P F	NO		U I

Case Number(s): PPT180029 Semcken

EA No.: CEQ180110 Area Plan: Mead Valley

Zoning Area/District: North Perris Area

Supervisorial District: First District

Project Planner: Tim Wheeler

314-040-004, 314-051-015, and Project APN(s):

314-260-010, 011, 012

Applicant(s): Majestic Realty c/o John

Representative(s): T & B Planning c/o

Tracy Zinn & Jer Harding

John Hildebrand

Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 is a proposal for the construction and operation of a 406,496 square-foot concrete tilt-up industrial building on 21.1 acres. The building (Majestic Freeway Business Center Building 20) would include 20,325 square-feet of office area and the remaining 386,171 square-feet for warehouse space. There would be a 2.5 acre detention basin that could accommodate picnic tables along the rim of the basin and a designated parking cut-out for food trucks. A total of 280 parking spaces will be provided, including 8 for disabled persons and 8 for electric vehicles. The Assessor's Parcel No. 314-051-015 which is 19.42 net acres will be used as a potential stockpile, borrow site, and construction staging area for the development of Building 20 and the detention basin. Additionally, there would be proposed truck queuing and vehicle access driveway that would traverse between the borrow site and the project site for Building 20.

The project site is located north of Markham Street, south of Old Oleander Avenue, east of Decker Road and west of Harvill Avenue, within the Mead Valley Area Plan.

The above is hereinafter referred to as "the project or Project".

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

CONSIDER an ADDENDUM to ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT NO. 466 based on the findings and conclusions incorporated in the Initial Study that the Project will not have a significant effect on the environment and that none of the conditions described in State CEQA Guidelines section 15162 exist; and.

APPROVE PLOT PLAN NO. 180029, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

PROJECT DATA			
Land Use and Zoning:			
	Specific Plan No. 341(Majestic Freeway Business Center)		
Specific Plan Land Use:	Planning Area 5 and 6 (Light Industrial)		
Existing General Plan Foundation Component:	Community Development (CD)		
Proposed General Plan Foundation Component:	N/A		
Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:	Community Development: Light Industrial (CD: LI)		
Proposed General Plan Land Use Designation:	N/A		
Policy / Overlay Area:	N/A		
Surrounding General Plan Land Uses			
North:	Community Development: Light Industrial (CD: LI)		
East:	Community Development: Light Industrial (CD: LI)		
	Community Development Business Park (CD: BP), Rural Community: Very Low Density Residential (RC: VLDR), and Community Development: Light Industrial (CD: LI)		
West:	Community Development Business Park (CD: BP), Rural Community: Very Low Density Residential (RC: VLDR), and Community Development: Light Industrial (CD: LI)		
Existing Zoning Classification:	Manufacturing- Service Commercial (M-SC) and Industrial Park (I-P)		
Proposed Zoning Classification:	N/A		
Surrounding Zoning Classifications			
North:	Industrial Park (I-P)		
East:	Manufacturing- Service Commercial (M-SC) and Industrial Park (I-P)		
South:	Rural Residential (R-R-1), Manufacturing- Service Commercial (M-SC), and Industrial Park (I-P)		
West:	Rural Residential (R-R-1), Manufacturing- Service Commercial (M-SC), and Industrial Park (I-P)		
Existing Use:	Vacant Land		
Surrounding Uses			
	Warehouse/Distribution Center		
South:	Vacant Land and single-family residences		
	Warehouse/Distribution Center		
West:	Vacant Land and single-family residences		

Project Details:

ltem	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	41.2 net for all parcels	N/A
	21.1 net for Building 20/Basin	
Proposed Building Area (SQFT):	406,496	N/A
Floor Area Ratio:	0.43	0.25 minimum, 0.60 maximum for Light Industrial
Building Height (FT):	45 feet tall	I-P: 35 feet at setback line with 1 feet additional for every 2 feet additional of setback up to 50 feet height
		M-SC: 40 feet at setback line, 50 feet beyond the setback line
Landscape Area (SQFT):	207,264 / 22.47%	I-P: 15% M-SC: 10%

Parking:

Type of Use	Building Area (in SF)	Parking Ratio	Spaces Required	Spaces Provided
Building 20 (Office)	20,325	1 space per every 250 square feet	81	
Building 20 (Warehouse)	386,171	1 space per every 2,000 square feet	193	
TOTAL:	406,496	*includes 8 ADA and 8 EV spaces	274	280

Located Within:

Yes – Perris
Yes - CSA 89 and CSA 152
No
No
Yes – Low and Moderate
Yes – Susceptible
No
No
Yes – Zone B
No
Yes – In or partially within
Yes – March Air Reserve Base, Zone C2



Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

Anticipated Uses

The Project proposes the construction of a warehouse building on a speculative basis with no specific tenant or use intended at this time. These types of buildings can be used for a variety of tenants and uses including, but not limited to distribution centers, e-commerce, and manufacturing. The ultimate tenant will have to comply with the Project conditions of approval and the analysis included within the Initial Study/Addendum and the previously prepared Environmental Impact Report for the Specific Plan, which may limit certain types of uses due to their scale that might exceed what is currently proposed to be permitted and what was analyzed in the Environmental Impact Report. If any proposed uses exceed what the Project was permitted for and what was analyzed in the Environmental Impact Report, further entitlement permitting and analysis pursuant to CEQA would be required.

Specific Plan Consistency

The Project is located within Planning Areas 5 and 6 of Specific Plan No. 341 (Majestic Freeway Business Center). Planning Area 5 and 6 are designated as Light Industrial. This Specific Plan does not have a Specific Plan zoning ordinance, and instead the underlying zoning classification applies as to what specific uses are permitted and development standards apply to the site. The underlying zoning classification of Manufacturing — Service Commercial (M-SC) and Industrial Park (I-P) allows for a variety of industrial

uses with approval of a Plot Plan that would be expected to occupy the proposed building. These include, but are not limited to, warehousing and distribution; fabrication of wood buildings and structures; manufacture of furniture; vehicles, aircraft, boats, and parts manufacture; draying, freighting, and trucking operations; and offices. The Specific Plan does have certain additional development standards that are applicable to the site. Analysis of the Project's consistency with the EIR is presented in the below section Environmental Review and Environmental Findings and in detail in the attached Initial Study/Addendum. A complete analysis of the Project's consistency with the applicable policies of the Specific Plan is included as an appendix to the Initial Study/Addendum.

Airport Land Use Commission

The Project is located within the Airport Influence Area of the March Air Reserve Base, specifically located within Compatibility Zone C2. This Project was reviewed by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) on January 17, 2019. The ALUC determined the Project consistent subject to recommended conditions of approval that are included in the recommended conditions of approval on the Project.

Street Improvements

The Project building would be accessed from Oleander Avenue and Harvill Avenue. Truck access would be via Harvill Avenue with single stacking for 12 trucks from this driveway. Trucks may also be able to access from Oleander Avenue with duel stacking for 4 trucks. Regular vehicle access would be accommodated via the driveway on Harvill Avenue and Oleander Avenue. Improvement plans shall be based upon a design profile extending a minimum of 300 feet beyond the project limits and would include: the geometric intersection of Harvill Avenue and Nance Street with north, south, east and west bound lanes improved for better access; Oleander Avenue along project boundary improved with 46 foot partwidth asphalt concrete (AC) pavement; Markham Street at Truck turn in/out shall be improved with 32 to 46 foot half-width AC pavement; all with 6-inch concrete curb and gutter, and concrete sidewalk (project side).

Plot Plan No. 180029 was submitted to the County of Riverside on November 14, 2018.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

State CEQA Guidelines section 15162 provides that an addendum to an adopted Environmental Impact Report may be prepared if only minor technical changes or additions are necessary or if none of the conditions described below have occurred:

1. Substantial changes are proposed that would require major revisions to the EIR or negative declaration.

The proposed Project implements Specific Plan No. 341 (Majestic Freeway Business Center), specifically Planning Area 5 and 6 of the Specific Plan and is consistent with the permitted uses and development standards of both Planning Area 5 and 6. The type and amount of development is reduced from what was anticipated for Planning Area 5 and 6 as is detailed in the Initial Study/Addendum and supporting technical reports; therefore, the amount of impacts primarily from traffic and related impacts to air quality and noise would likely be reduced from what was analyzed in EIR No. 466 that was prepared for the Specific Plan. Therefore, no substantial changes are proposed that would require major revisions to the EIR.

2. Substantial changes would occur requiring major revision of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects.

As demonstrated in the accompanying Initial Study/Addendum and supporting technical reports, the proposed Project would not require major revisions to the previously-certified EIR No. 466 because the Project would not result in any new significant impacts to the environment, nor would it create substantial increases in the severity of the environmental impacts previously disclosed in the EIR No. 466. In summary, the proposed Project consists of an implementing Project for Planning Area 5 and 6 of Specific Plan No. 341 (Majestic Freeway Business Center), including 406,496 square feet (analyzed as 426,821 square feet in the Initial Study/Addendum) of warehouse uses. EIR No. 466 evaluated development of Planning Area 5 and 6 with industrial land uses. The uses proposed as part of the Project would result in a decrease in the amount of traffic generated from the site as compared to what was evaluated as the maximum impact scenario in EIR No. 466. There are no components of the Project that would result in increased physical environmental effects beyond what was previously evaluated and disclosed as part of EIR No. 466. Accordingly, there would be no new environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously-identified significant effects as a result of the proposed Project. Thus, the proposed Project would not require major revisions to the previously-certified EIR No. 466.

EIR No. 466 concluded that implementation of the overall Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan would result in significant and unavoidable impacts to air quality (due to emissions of VOCs and NOX during construction and emissions of VOCs, NOX, CO, and PM10 during long-term operation) and traffic-generated noise. As demonstrated in the accompanying Initial Study/Addendum and supporting technical reports, there are no components of the proposed Project that would result in new or increased impacts to air quality or due to traffic-related noise. As such, the proposed Project would not result in any new significant environmental impacts or substantially increase the severity of impacts identified in EIR No. 466 under the issue areas of air quality or noise.

Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no substantial changes in the circumstances under which the Project would be undertaken have occurred. Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project site comprises a parcel of land that was previously graded and on which roadway improvements have already been made. Land uses surrounding the site include primarily vacant or industrial land immediately surrounding the Project site to the north, east, and south and single-family residential uses to the west. The Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of traffic generated by uses on the Project site as compared to what was evaluated for the site by EIR No. 466 as is further shown in the Initial Study/Addendum and supporting technical reports; thus, it can be concluded that the Project's impacts to transportation facilities (including local roads and freeways) would be reduced in comparison to the Project evaluated by EIR No. 466. As demonstrated in the accompanying Initial Study/Addendum supporting technical reports, no substantial changes have occurred in the surrounding area that would result in new or more severe impacts to the environment as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed in EIR No. 466.

- 3. New information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been know at the time the previous EIR was certified as complete or the negative declaration was adopted, which results in any of the following:
- a) The Project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or negative declaration;
- b) Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR;

- c) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would become feasible and would substantially reduce one or more of the significant effects of the Project but the Project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative; or,
- d) Mitigation measures or alternatives that are considerably different from those previously analyzed and would substantially reduce one or more significant effect on the environment, but the Project proponent declines to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no new information of substantial importance has become available which was not known and could not have been known at the time the EIR No. 466 was prepared. Changes in law have occurred since certification of EIR No. 466 that have resulted in more environmentally-protective rules and regulations (e.g., increased energy efficiency, water conservation, fuel efficiency, vehicle miles traveled, etc.) to which the Project would be required to comply. Compliance with modern rules and regulations would result in decreased impacts to the environment as compared to what was assumed, evaluated, and disclosed by EIR No. 466.

The proposed Project would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant environmental impacts beyond those disclosed in EIR No. 466.

Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no new mitigation measures or alternatives have been identified that were infeasible at the time EIR No. 466 was certified and that would substantially reduce impacts to air quality or traffic-related noise, which were identified as significant and unavoidable by EIR No. 466.

Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no new mitigation measures or alternatives that are considerably different from those analyzed in EIR No. 466 have been identified to reduce the significant unavoidable impacts to air quality or due to traffic-related noise.

The Initial Study/Addendum prepared for this Project analyzed if any of the conditions listed above would occur in light of the proposed Project. No new significant impacts would occur as a result of the proposed Project that were not previously addressed in the EIR. No new impacts would result in terms of substantial environmental damage, serious public health problems, or substantial and avoidable injury to fish or wildlife of their habitats.

Solar Energy:

The Riverside County Climate Action Plan, as revised in 2019, includes Measure R2-CE1 which requires renewable energy generation by projects of a certain size. This measure requires the production of 30% of the energy demand for commercial, office, industrial of manufacturing uses totaling more than 100,000 square feet. This measure has been applied to this Project based on feasibility analysis provided and will be further implemented by the conditions of approval once a specific tenant is identified and more specific energy demand calculations can be calculated based on that specific tenant to determine the amount of renewable energy generation that is necessary. This is anticipated to be accommodated via rooftop mounted solar panels.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve the proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Land Use Findings:

- 1. The Project site currently has a Land Use Designation of Community Development: Light Industrial (CD: LI) in the Riverside County General Plan and as Light Industrial within the Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 341). The Project is consistent with the Community Development: Light Industrial (CD:LI) land use designation and Light Industrial land use designation of the Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 341) and other aspects of the General Plan and Specific Plan since the Project proposes uses such as warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing uses that are described as anticipated uses within the Light Industrial land use designation in the General Plan and the Light Industrial land use designation of the Specific Plan.
- The Project site currently has two Zoning Classifications of Industrial Park (I-P) and Manufacturing Service Commercial (M-SC). Both of these zones specifically allow for warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing uses as well as a various other industrial uses as previously noted in the background section.
- 3. The Project, with proposed uses including warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing, is consistent with Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use) and is permitted within both the Industrial Park (I-P) and Manufacturing Service Commercial (M-SC) zoning classifications, subject to Plot Plan approval Specific findings relating to the proposed uses, including findings relating to the applicable development standards, are in the following separate sections below.

Plot Plan Findings:

The following findings are required to approve the Plot Plan, pursuant to the provisions of Ordinance No. 348:

- 1. The proposed use conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. The Project site is designated as Light Industrial in the Riverside County General Plan and as Light Industrial within Specific Plan No. 341 (Majestic Freeway Business Center). The Plot Plan proposes the construction of a building designed to be used for warehouse, distribution, or manufacturing purposes. These general uses are consistent with the Light Industrial land use designation of the General Plan as well as the Light Industrial designation of the Specific Plan since these uses are specifically listed as anticipated uses for each of these designations in the General Plan and Specific Plan.
- 2. The overall development of the land shall be designed for the protection of the public health, safety and general welfare. As detailed in the Project's Initial Study and Addendum and the Environmental Impact Report previously prepared for the Specific Plan, all impacts have been reduced to the minimum amount feasible. EIR No. 466 prepared for Specific Plan No. 341 determined that potentially significant and unavoidable impacts to air quality and traffic-generated noise are anticipated. These impacts were analyzed and feasible mitigation incorporated in the EIR and through this project to reduce these impacts to the maximum amount feasible. The Project also prepared a Health Risk Assessment which determined that impacts from the Project's emissions on the surrounding residents

would be within typical acceptable levels and would be less than significant. Conditions of approval incorporated for the Plot Plan will further ensure that public health, safety and general welfare are protected.

- 3. The proposed use conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property, as areas to the north, east, and partially to the west and south of the Project site have been developed with, approved for, or designated for similar uses as the proposed Project for industrial and warehouse type uses. Some areas to the west and south of the proposed Project that are developed with or designated for residential uses have been considered in the design of the Project. The loading areas do not face the residential area and the design includes a 12 foot tall wing wall extending from the building on the west side of the loading areas to screen for visual and noise purposes from the residential land uses to the west. The Project also incorporates landscaping along Seaton Avenue and Oleander Avenue along the project site perimeter to provide additional visual buffering from the residential land uses to the loading areas and the detention basin itself. Additionally, the proposed Project would not inhibit development of surrounding areas.
- 4. The plan for the proposed use shall consider the location and need for dedication and improvement of necessary streets and sidewalks, including the avoidance of traffic congestion; and shall take into account topographical and drainage conditions, including the need for dedication and improvements of necessary structures as a part thereof. Markham Street, Harvill Avenue, Oleander Avenue, and Seaton Avenue are already improved with paving. Gutter, curb, and sidewalk exist on Harvill Avenue and portions of Oleander Avenue. Gutter and curb exist on Markham Street and Seaton Avenue and sidewalk is proposed for Markham Street. Additional dedication is proposed for the Project's side of Oleander Avenue and Markham Street; with landscaping improvements and proposed Food Truck parking along Markham Street. Landscaping improvements with picnic table seating will be added along Seaton Avenue.
- 5. The proposed uses are consistent with Ordinance No. 348, in particular with the permitted uses and development standards of the Industrial Park (I-P) and Manufacturing Service Commercial (M-SC) zones as detailed in the following Development Standards Findings section. The Plot Plan proposes an industrial building with uses anticipated to include warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing. Both the Industrial Park (I-P) and Manufacturing Service Commercial (M-SC) zones allow specifically for warehouse, distribution, and manufacturing as well as for other various industrial uses with the approval of a plot plan.
- 6. All plot plans which permit the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. The project has been conditioned for a parcel merger (80. Planning Parcel Merger) for all parcels involved with the entitlement. Additionally, a single building proposed under this project, so this requirement is not applicable.

Development Standards Findings:

1. The proposed use is consistent with Ordinance No. 348, in particular with the permitted uses and development standards of the Manufacturing – Service Commercial (M-SC) and Industrial Park (I-P) zones as detailed below. Although there are two different zones that the Project is located within, the

development standards of the Industrial Park (I-P) zone are more restrictive than the Manufacturing – Service Commercial (M-SC) zone, so the Industrial Park (I-P) standards have been complied with across the entire Project. The proposed building is primarily located within the M-SC zone, however, due to the I-P zone development standards being more restrictive the standards of the I-P zone are what are shown below to show compliance and since the standards of the M-SC zone are less restrictive the Project would also comply with the M-SC standards where they may apply to those portions of the site and building that are located within the M-SC zone.

- a. The minimum lot size shall be 20,000 square feet with a minimum average lot width of 100 feet. No subdivision is proposed at this time that would create parcels smaller than what currently exists. There are multiple parcels that currently exist though on the Project site that will be merged into one parcel. The individual building's size alone would exceed the minimum 20,000 square foot requirement, so any future merger of parcels would comply with this standard and would also be verified at that time the merger would be proposed.
- b. The maximum height of all structures, including buildings, shall be 35 feet at the yard setback line. Any portion of a structure that exceeds 35 feet in height shall be set back from each yard setback line not less than two feet for each one foot in height that is in excess of 35 feet. All buildings and structures shall not exceed 50 feet in height, unless a height up to 75 feet for buildings, or 105 feet for other structures is specifically permitted under the provisions of Section 18.34. of Ordinance No. 348. The maximum height proposed for the building is 45 feet. As also noted below in subsection g of this section, the applicable baseline setback requirements are 25 foot minimum along streets, side yard setback of 10 feet, rear yard setback of 15 feet, and when abutting a residential or commercially zoned property of 50 feet.

As the Project is designed, the critical setback relative to the allowed height is the setback to residential or commercial zoned properties. Residential zoning exists to the southwest, of the Project site and the proposed setback of the building to the Project site property line is a minimum of 188 feet to the west nearest Redwood Drive), which the required setback is 55 feet. Additionally, no residential or commercial zoned properties abut the Project site. To note though, if we were to conservatively apply this standard, the minimum required setback would be 70 feet (50 feet plus 20 feet with the 10 foot additional building height above 35 feet), which the project would meet with a setback of 188 feet. This setback far exceeds the standard to allow a greater height than what is proposed by the Project at a maximum of 45 feet tall. All other standard required setbacks per the Industrial Park (I-P) zone are met as shown in subsections d, e, and f of this section to not affect the maximum allowed height of the building.

- c. A minimum 15 percent of the site shall be landscaped and automatic irrigation shall be installed. The Project proposes 22% landscape coverage and the conceptual landscape plans note planned irrigation methods, which would be proposed specifically with final landscape plans that would be required prior to issuance of building permits.
- d. A minimum 25 foot setback shall be required on any street. A minimum ten foot strip adjacent to the street line shall be appropriately landscaped and maintained, except for designated pedestrian and vehicular access ways. The remainder of the setback may be used for off-street automobile parking, driveways or landscaping. The Project's building site is bordered by Oleander Avenue. The Project proposes a minimum setback of 113 feet from Oleander Avenue. The Project includes a minimum 10 foot strip of landscaping on the site outside of the right-of-way along all frontages, excluding where driveways are located.

- e. The minimum side yard setback shall equal not less than ten feet for the two side lot areas combined. The Project site's side yard setbacks are 158 feet to the west and 91 feet to the east property lines. The Project more than exceeds the minimum required side yard setbacks.
- f. The minimum rear yard setback shall be 15 feet. The Project site's rear yard setback is 650 feet from the building to the rear property line of the total project site. The Project more than exceeds the minimum required rear yard setback.
- g. A minimum 50 foot setback shall be required on any boundary where the industrial property abuts a residential or commercially zoned property. A minimum of 20 feet of the setback shall be landscaped, unless a tree screen is approved, in which case the setback area may be used for automobile parking, driveways or landscaping. Block walls or other fencing may be required. The Project does not abut a residential or commercially zoned property. The project's building is 188 foot setback from the nearest portion of its property to a residential zoned property located near Redwood Drive. Within that 188 foot setback area there is a minimum 20 foot landscape area located on site adjacent to that residential property and Redwood Drive. The project does include truck bays and loading areas, or other exterior uses that would require specific screening, buffering, or securing via walls or fences. The truck bay and loading area is adjacent to another industrial zoned property and does provide an 8 foot high ornamental fence and a 12 foot high return screen wall.
- h. Parking, loading, trash and service areas shall be screened by structures or landscaping. They shall be located in such a manner as to minimize noise or odor nuisance. Block walls or other fencing may be required. Standard vehicle parking areas are located along the north and east sides of the property and are screened with landscaping between the parking areas and the adjacent road right-of-way or other properties. The loading area is located on the west side of the building, not facing residential land uses, but is screened via a 12' screen wall and landscaping located on site. Trash and other service areas are proposed within the loading area for the building and would be adequately screened by the screen wall and landscaping proposed.
- i. Outside storage shall be screened with structures or landscaping. Landscaping shall be placed in a manner adjacent to the exterior boundaries of the area so that materials stored are screened from view. If a non-screened exhibit of products is proposed, it shall be part of the industrial park plot plan, and shall be set back at least ten feet from the street line. No outside storage is proposed with the Project. If future tenants desire to incorporate outside storage it will be required to be adequately screened consistent with the I-P development standards.
- j. Automobile parking shall be provided as required by Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348. Based on the conceptual floor plans provided and the division between office and warehouse uses, the building for the proposed Project provides adequate parking consistent with Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348. The building proposes 20,325 square feet of office area and the remaining 366,171 square feet as warehouse area. At 1 space per 250 square feet, as required by Ordinance No. 348, the office area requires 81 spaces. At 1 space per 2,000 square feet, as required by Ordinance No. 348, the warehouse area requires 193 spaces. A total of 274 spaces is required. The building proposes 280 parking spaces to meet the minimum required number of spaces. If future tenants propose tenant improvements through the building permit process that increase the amount of office or other area that requires more parking, such parking shall be provided on the Project site as appropriate and necessary consistent with Section 18.12 of Ordinance No. 348 and

may be subject to further review pursuant to Section 18.43 of Ordinance No. 348. Additionally, disabled person and electrical vehicle parking is noted on the site plan for 8 spaces each, which meets the minimum requirement of Section 18.12.

- k. All new utilities shall be underground. The Project is conditioned to underground any new utilities, excluding electrical lines rated higher than 33 kV.
- I. All roof mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened from the ground elevation view to a minimum sight distance of 1,320 feet. No specific use is proposed at this time and therefore no specific equipment is proposed. However, any future tenants would be required to comply with the development standards of the I-P and M-SC zones and would be subject to this requirement to have any manufacturing equipment enclosed in a building. The Project is conditioned to provide complete screening of roof mounted mechanical equipment from ground view. The building design with parapet is anticipated to provide the necessary screening. If roof mounted equipment exceeds the parapet height, it may be necessary to screen the equipment immediately around the equipment to not require an increase in the height to the parapet.
- m. All signs shall be in conformance with Article XIX of Ordinance No. 348. No signs are proposed at this time, but applications future signs will be reviewed as part of the building permit process for consistency with Article XIX of Ordinance No. 348.
- n. All lighting, including spotlights, floodlights, electrical reflectors and other means of illumination for signs, structures, landscaping, parking, loading, unloading and similar areas shall be focused, directed, and arranged to prevent glare or direct illumination on streets or adjoining property. The Project is conditioned to comply with Ordinance No. 915 which similarly requires direction of lighting downward and away from adjoin properties.

Other Findings:

- 1. This Project is not located within a Criteria Cell of the MSHCP. Accordingly, this Project fulfills the Conservation Area requirements of the MSHCP and is consistent with the MSHCP.
- This Project is within the City Sphere of Influence of Perris. No memorandum of understanding exists
 with the City of Perris regarding development applications and consistency of General Plans and
 zoning. Regardless, the Project was initially transmitted to the City of Perris on December 3, 2018 and
 no comment was received.
- 3. Pursuant to the requirements of AB 52, tribal consultation was not required for the Project since an Addendum is being considered for this project and a new Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or Environmental Impact Report is not required for this project as is detailed in the previous Environmental Findings in this staff report and in the Initial Study/Addendum. The Project is not subject to tribal consultation pursuant to SB 18 requirements since the project does not include an Amendment to the Specific Plan or General Plan.
- 4. The Project site is located within the Fee Assessment Area for the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKRHCP). Per County Ordinance No. 663 and the SKRHCP, all applicants for development permits, including maps, within the boundaries of the Fee Assessment Area who cannot satisfy mitigation requirements through on-site mitigation, as determined through the environmental review process, shall pay a Mitigation Fee of \$500.00 per gross acre of the parcels proposed for

development. Payment of the SKRHCP Mitigation Fee for this Project, instead of on-site mitigation, will not jeopardize the implementation of the SKRHCP as all core reserves required for permanent Stephen's Kangaroo Rat habitat have been acquired and no new land or habitat is required to be conserved under the SKRHCP.

5. The Project site is located within Zone B as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The Project will be required to comply with lighting standards of Ordinance No. 655 for Zone B.

Fire Findings:

- 1. The Project is not located within a CAL FIRE state responsibility area or any fire hazard severity zone.
- 2. Fire protection and suppression services will be available for the subdivision through Riverside County Fire Department.

Conclusion:

For the reasons discussed above, as well as the information provided in the Initial Study/Addendum, the proposed Project conforms to all the requirements of the General Plan and with all applicable requirements of State law and the ordinances of Riverside County. Moreover, the proposed Project would not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

This project was advertised in the Press Enterprise Newspaper. Additionally, public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 600 feet of the project site. As of the writing of this report, Planning Staff has not received written communication/phone calls from the public who indicated support/opposition to the proposed project.

This project was presented before the Mead Valley Municipal Advisory Committee (MAC) on March 6, 2019.

APPEAL INFORMATION

The Planning Commission's decision may be appealed to the Board of Supervisors. Such appeals shall be submitted in writing to the Clerk of the Board, with the required fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (Consolidated Fees for Land Use and Related Functions), within 10 days after the mailing of the Planning Commission's decision.

Template Location: Y:\Planning Master Forms\Templates\Staff Report\Staff_Report_Template_DH_PC.docx

Template Revision: 11/10/20

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPT180029

VICINITY/POLICY AREAS

Supervisor: Jeffries

District 1

HARLEY KNOX BLVD

Vicinity Map

Date Drawn: 10/19/2020

CITY OF MORENO (VALLEY MARKHAM ST CITY OF PERRIS NANCE ST **BVA-NOSABITIAN** MESSENVAUN E מארומו המ

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OLEANDER AV

HEYCOCK EL

Author: Vinnie Nguyen

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Zoning Area: North Perris

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPT180029 Supervisor: Jeffries Date Drawn: 10/19/2020 **EXISTING GENERAL PLAN** District 1 Exhibit 5 ROWLAND LN Ц BP CITY OF **PERRIS OLEANDER AVE** PEREGRINE WAY Ц 41.2 AC NANCE ST REDWOOD DR Ц RC-VLDR BP THIFTHART DR DONNA CENTEROR RC-VLDR DEC AVE COMMERCE SEATON RC-VLDR ш Zoning Area: North Perris Author: Vinnie Nguyen 300 600 1,200 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951)955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 [Eastern County] or Website https://planning.rotlma.org Feet

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT PPT180029 Supervisor: Jeffries Date Drawn: 10/19/2020 **EXISTING ZONING** District 1 Exhibit 2 ROWLAND LN M-M M-M I-P I-P CITY OF **PERRIS OLEANDER AVE** PEREGRINE WAY M-H I-P HARVILL AVE M-SC M-SC 41.2 AC NANCE ST REDWOOD DR M-SC I-P A-1-1 R-R-1 CORYLN THIFTHART DR R-R I-P MARKHAM ST CENTER DR R-R-1/2 SEATON AVE M-SC I-P COMMERCE R-R-1/2 R-R-1/2 M-SC A=1=1Ariri ŀΡ I-P M-SC M-SC Zoning Area: North Perris Author: Vinnie Nguyen 1,200 300 600 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County percels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (551)955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.rotlma.org Feet

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

PPT180029 Supervisor: Jeffries Date Drawn: 10/19/2020 **LAND USE** Exhibit 1

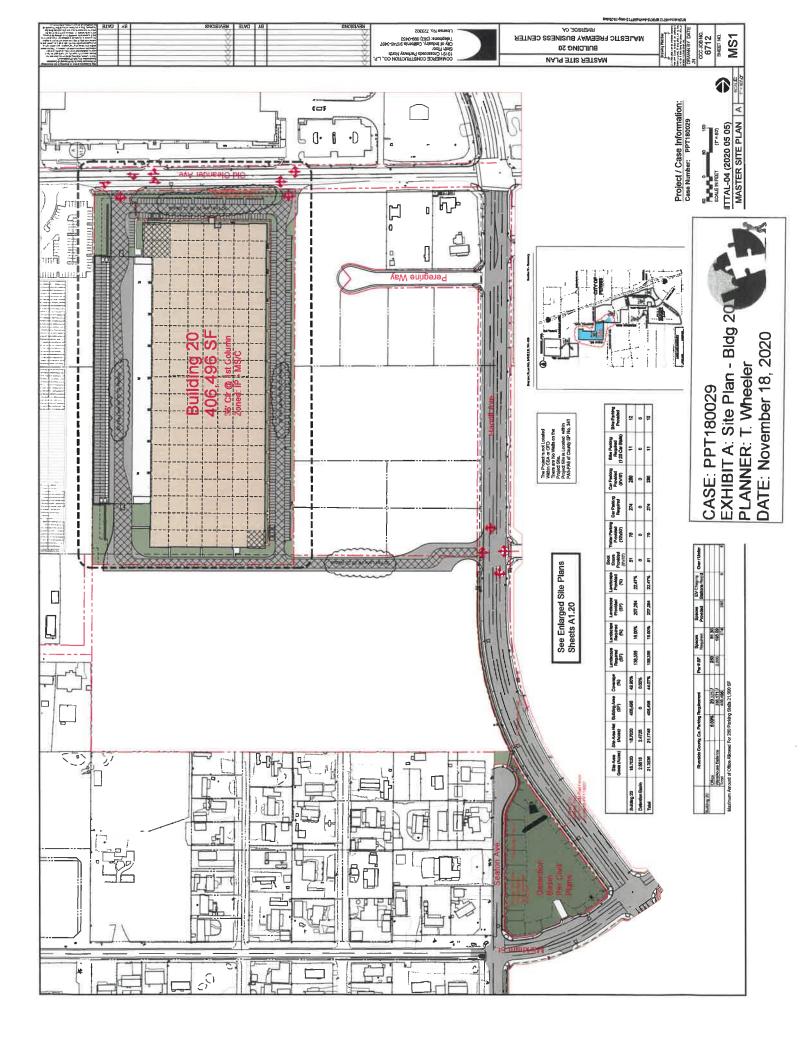


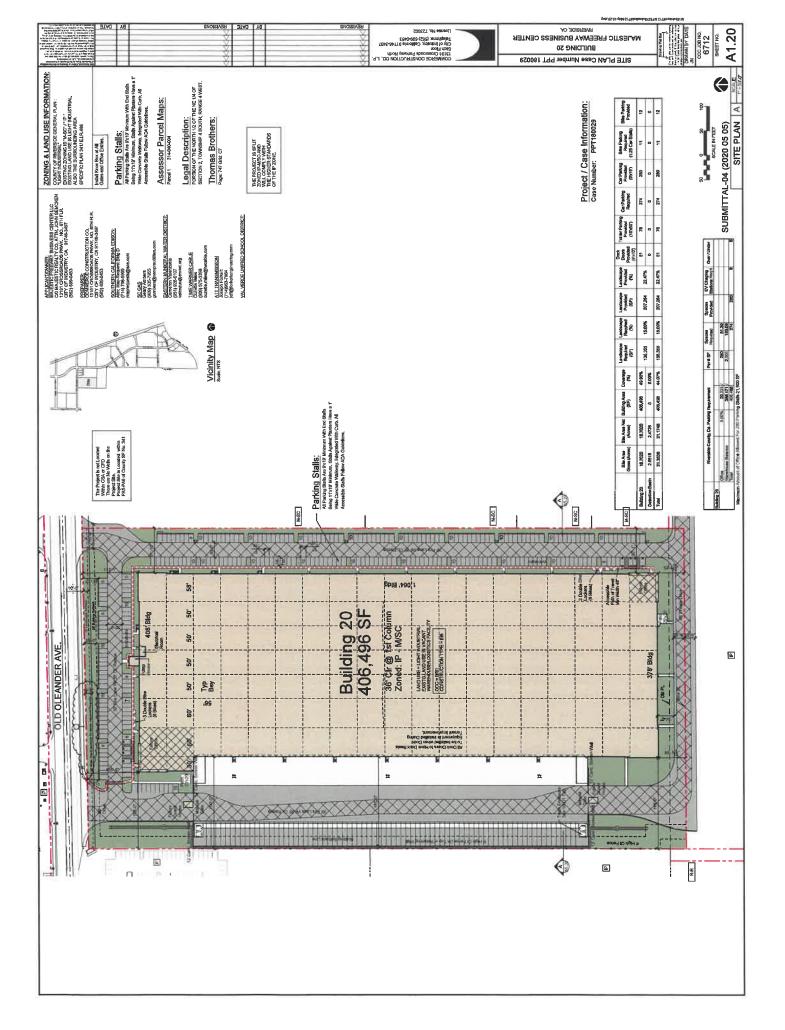
Zoning Area: North Perris

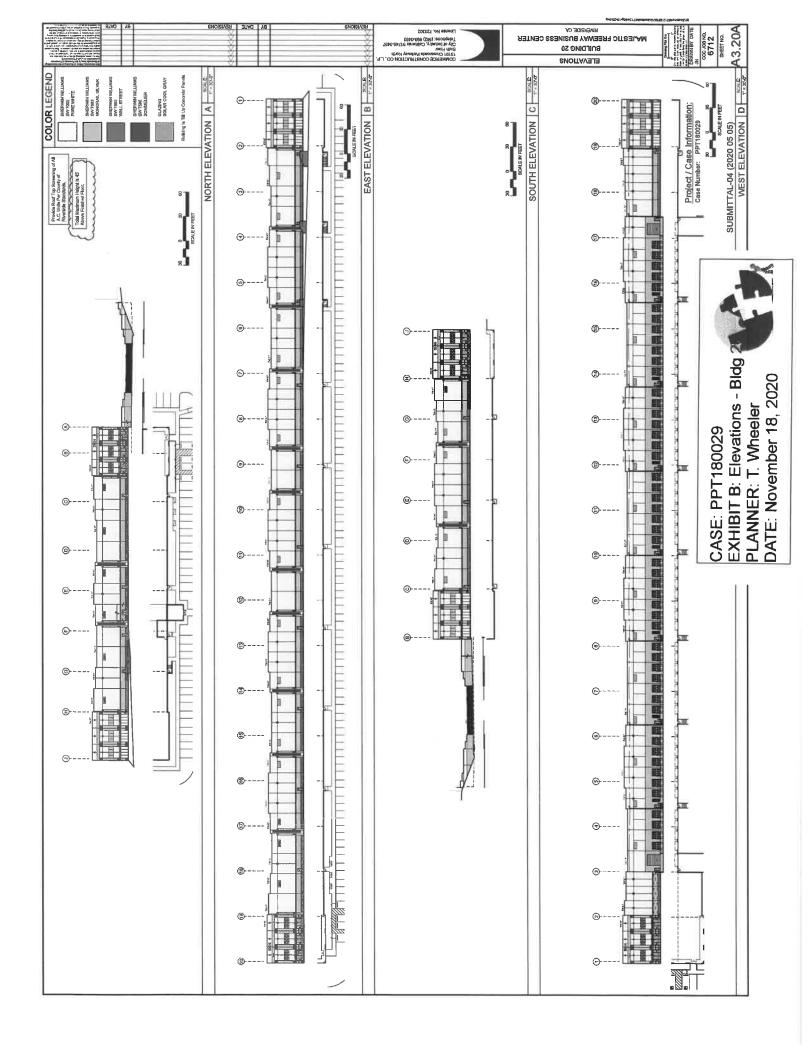
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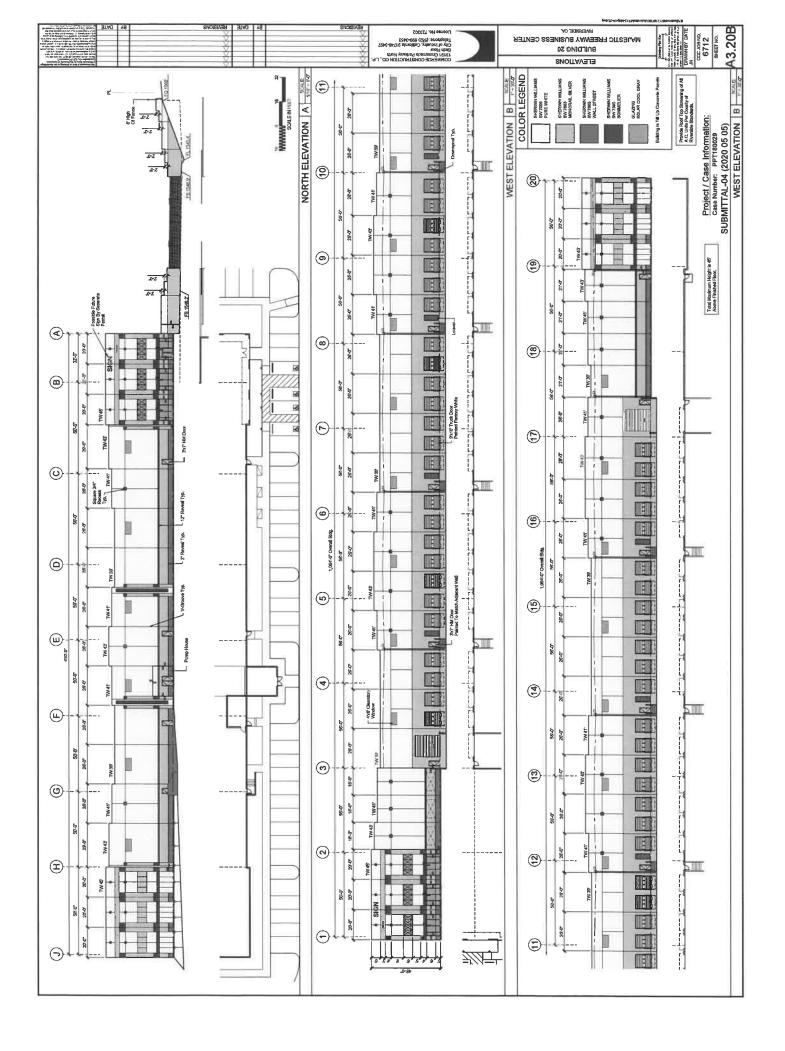
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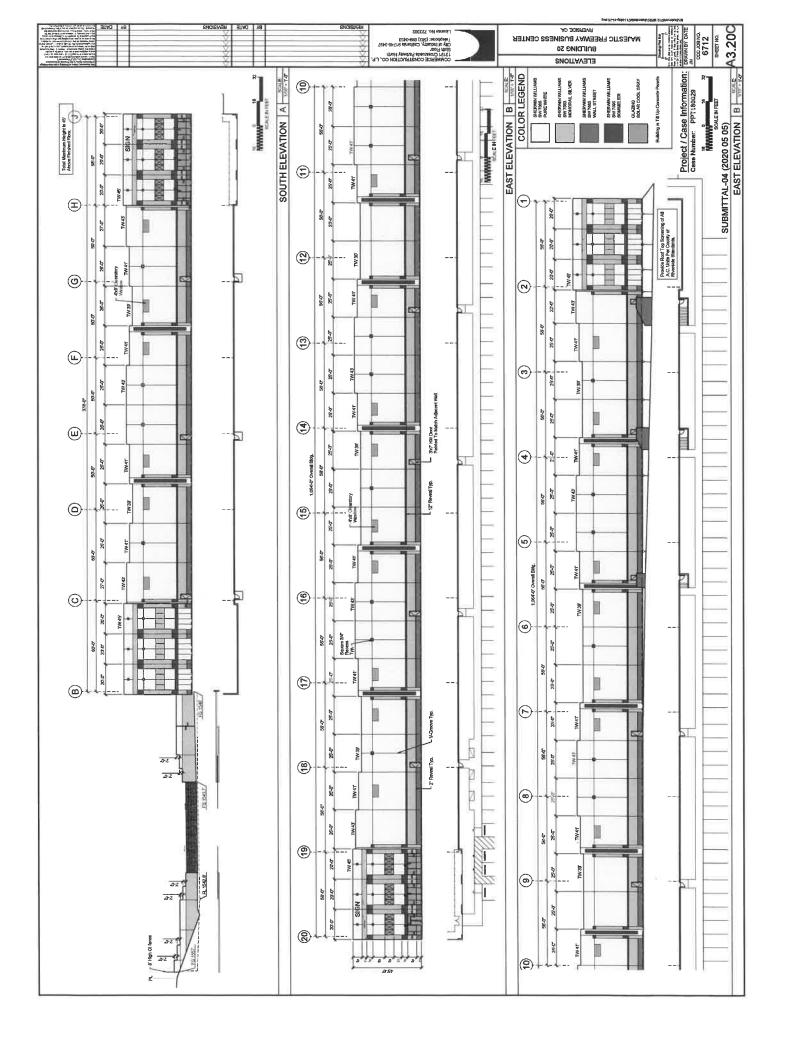
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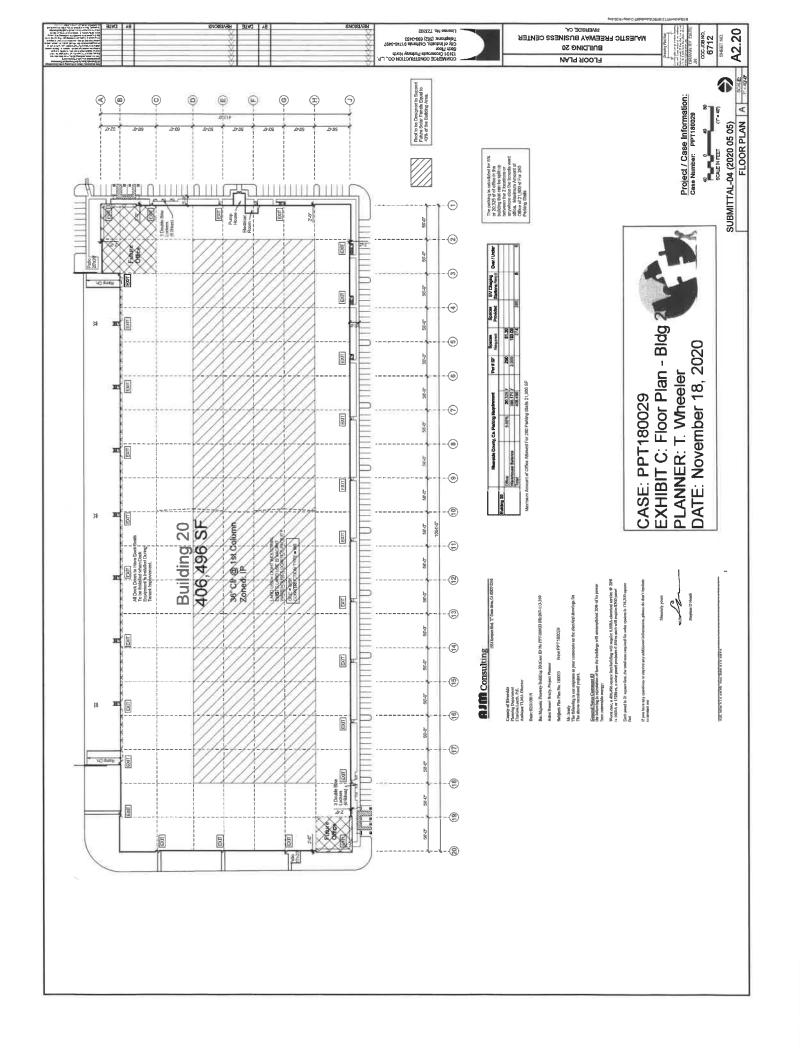


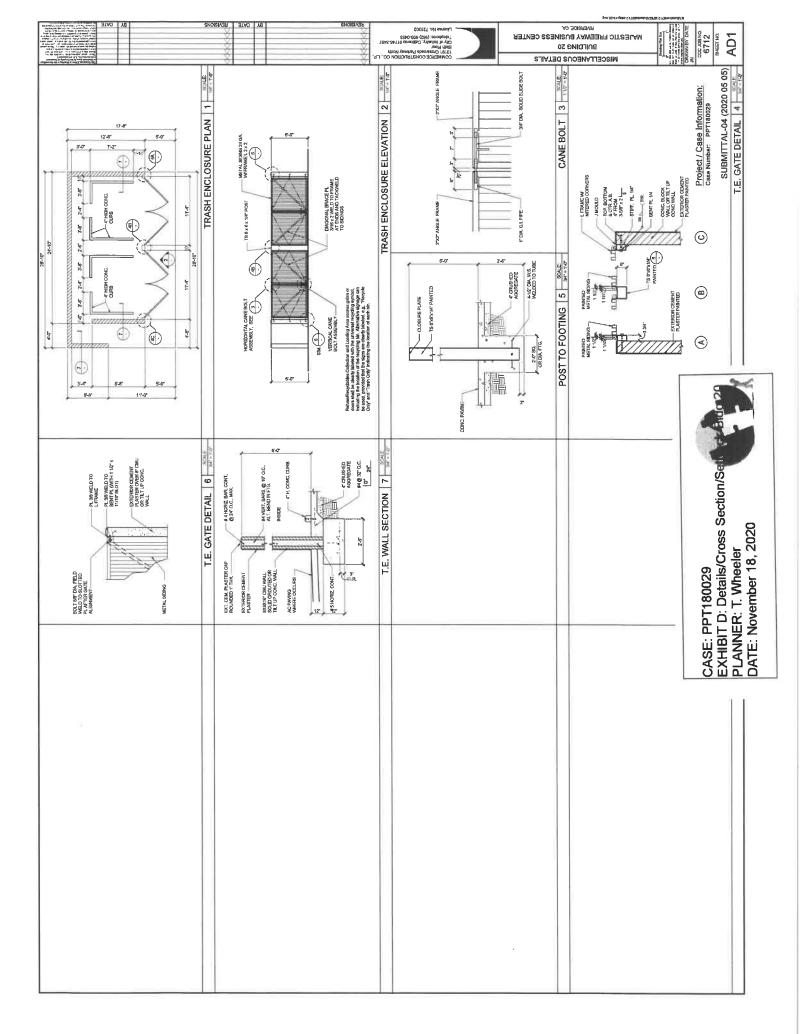


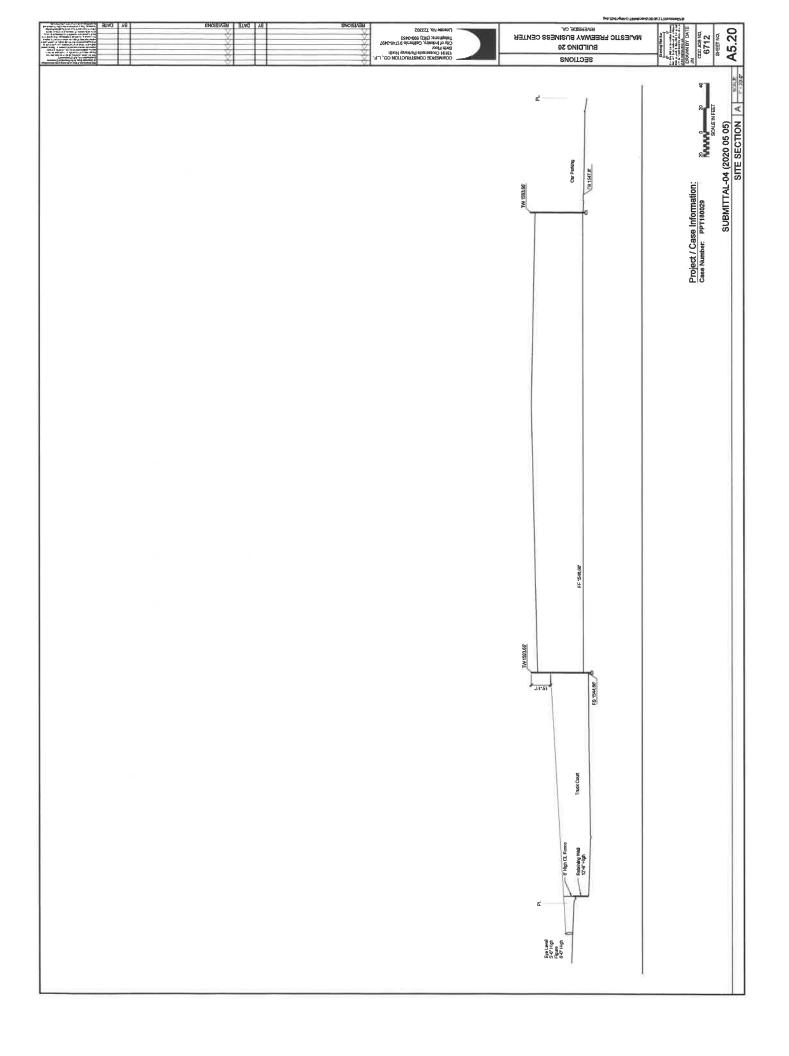


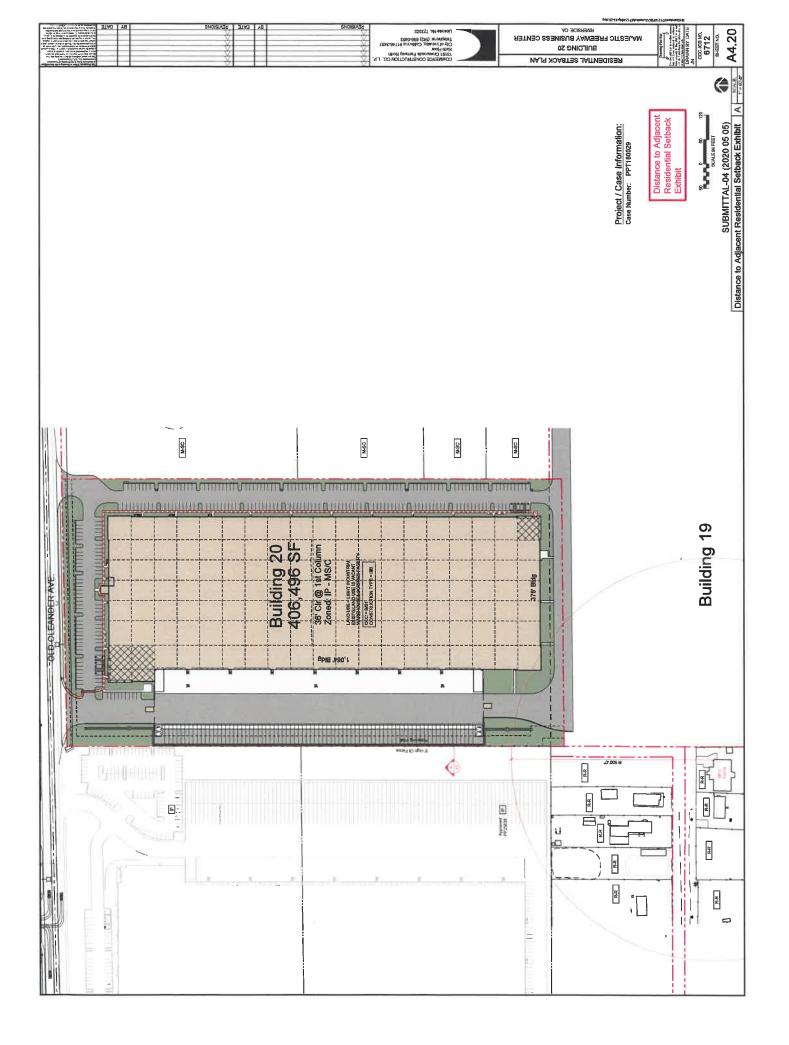


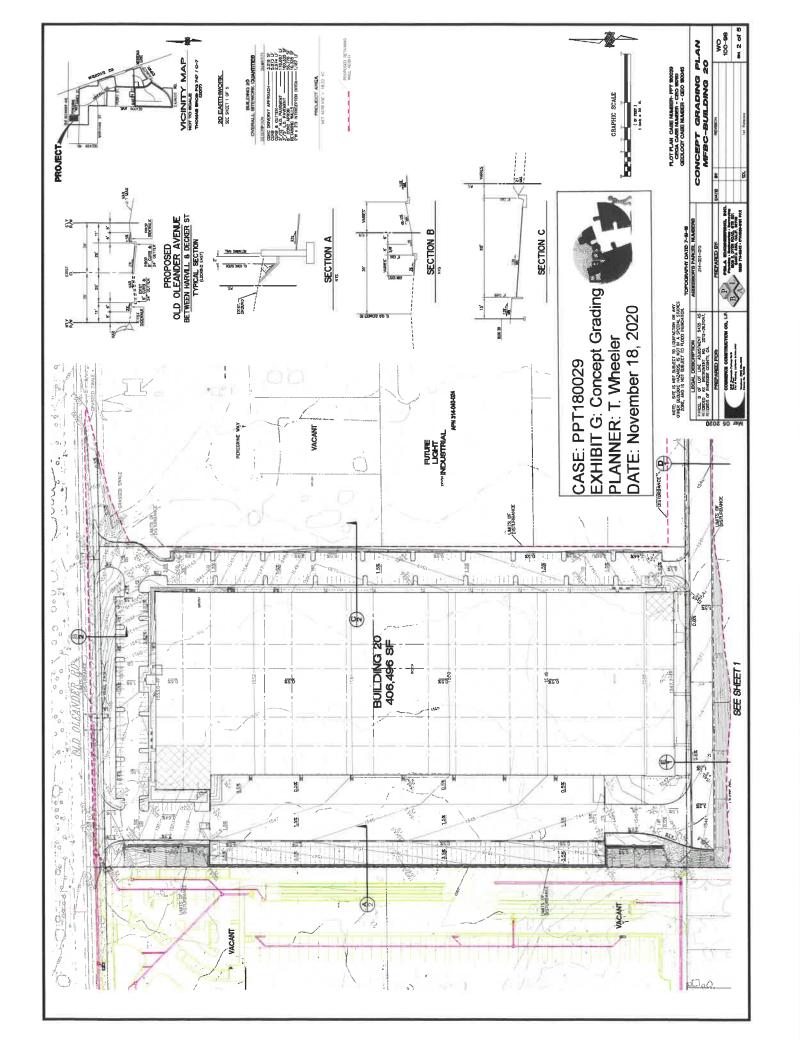


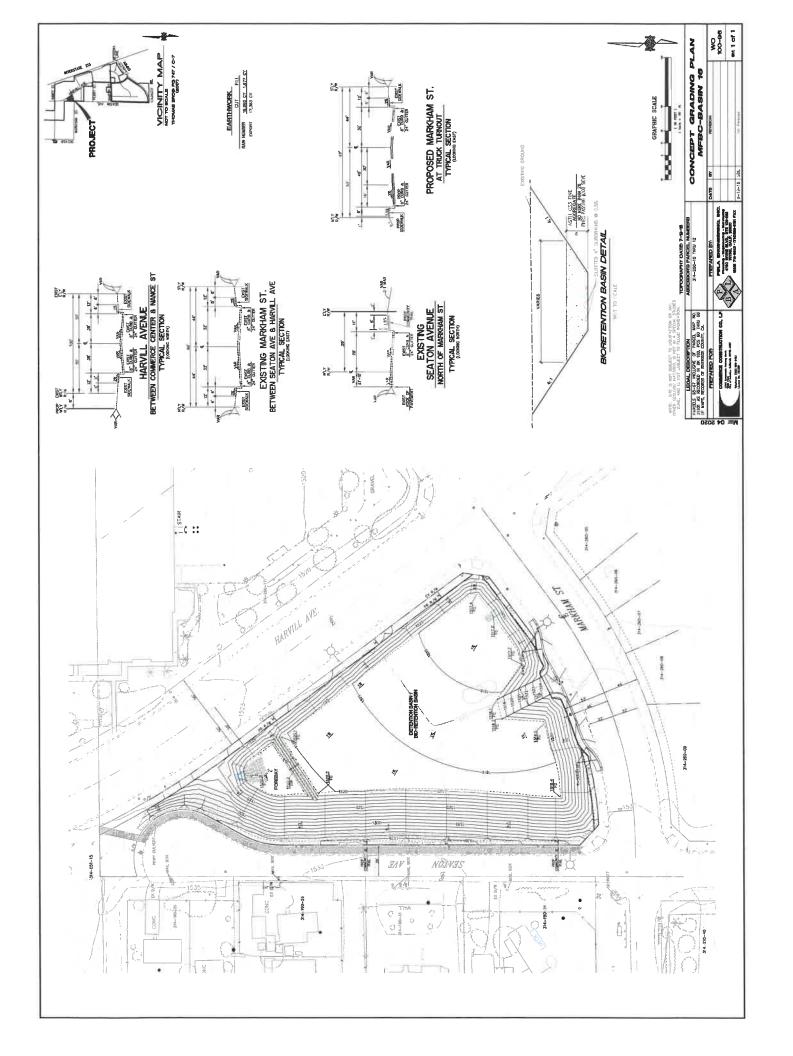


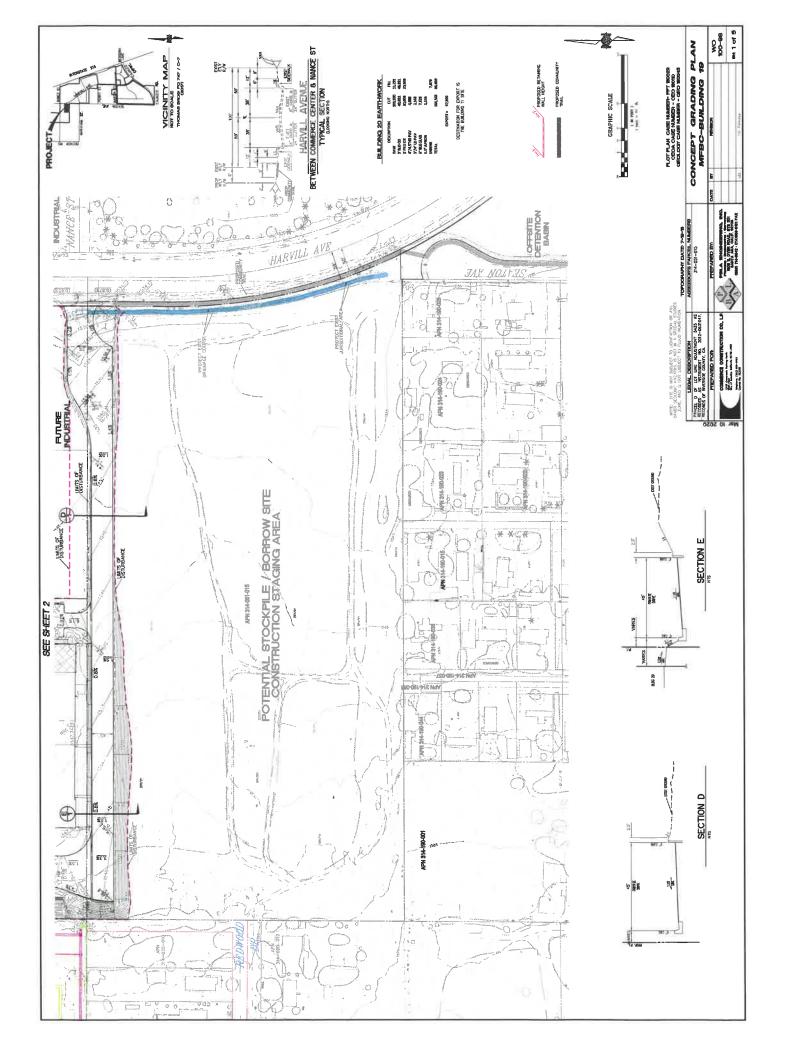


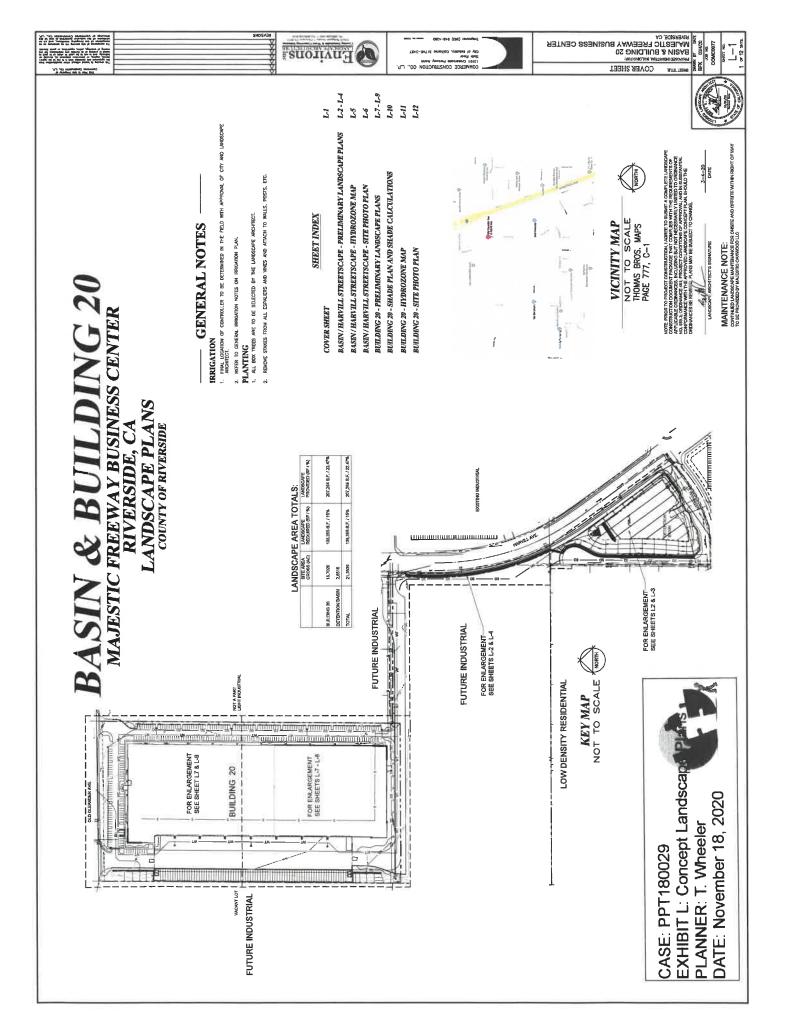


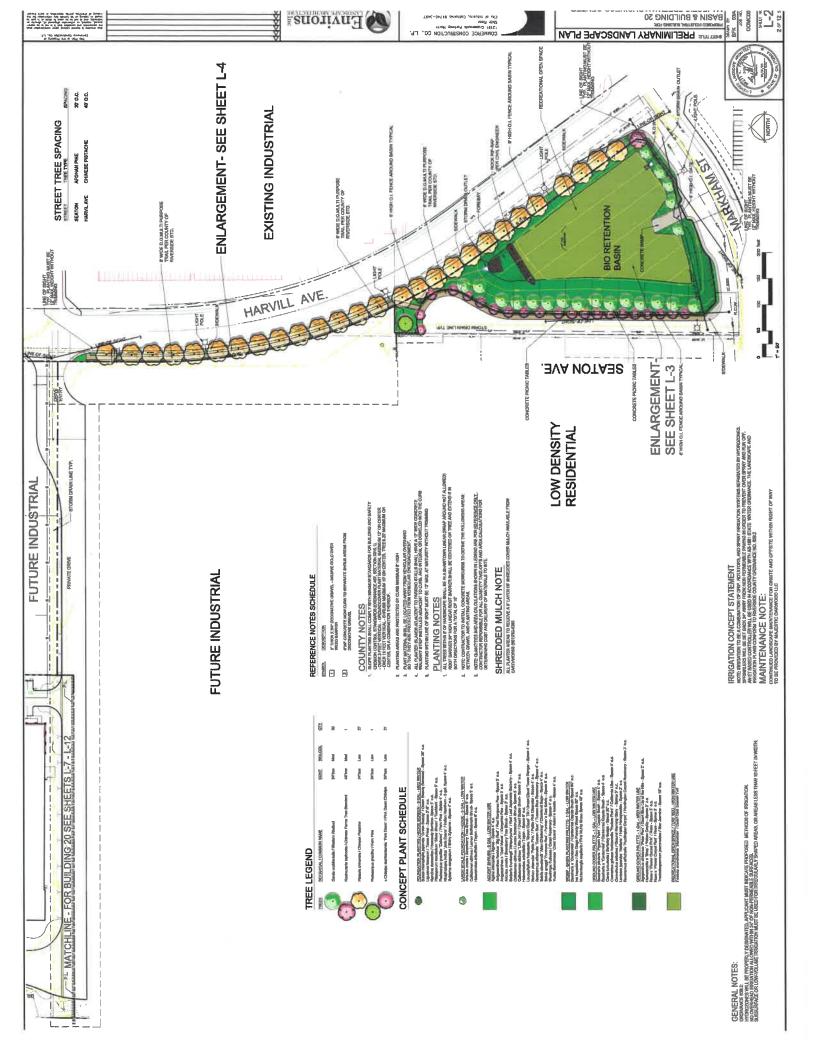


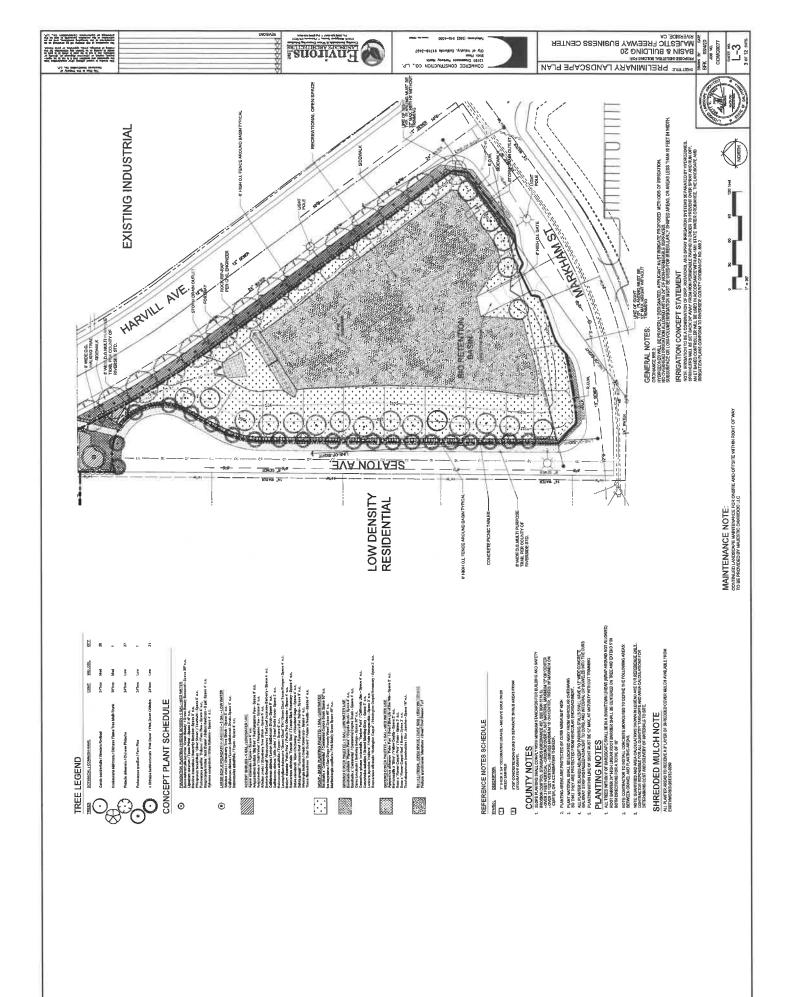


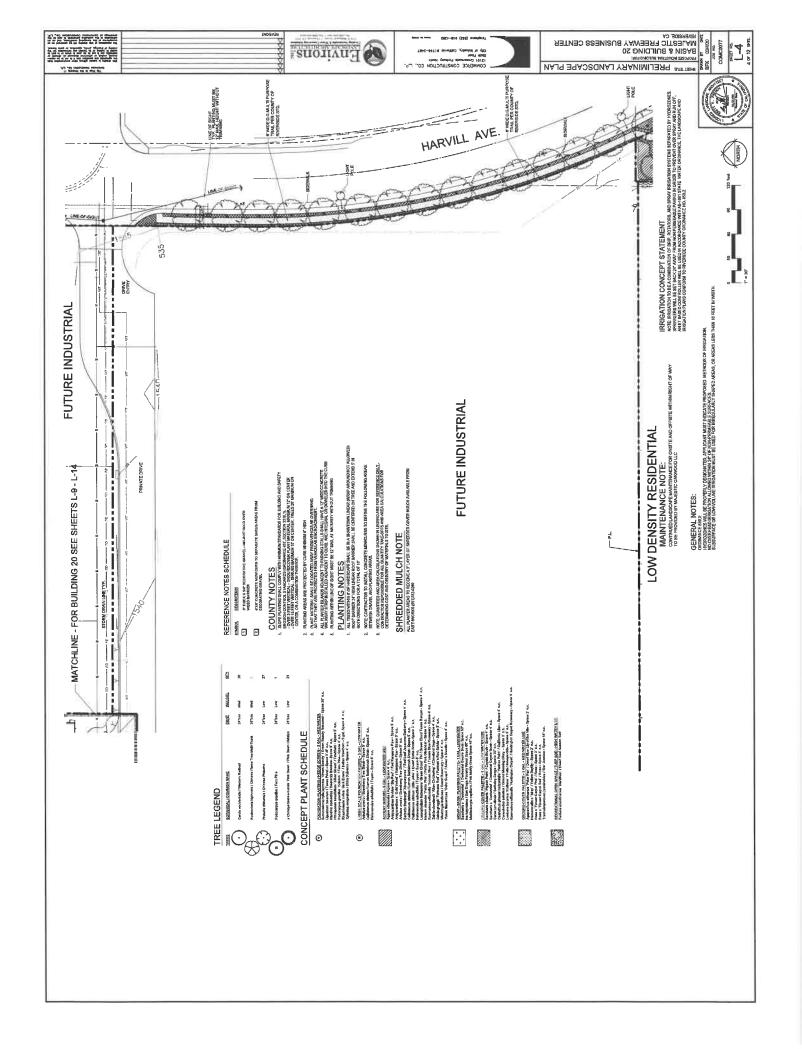


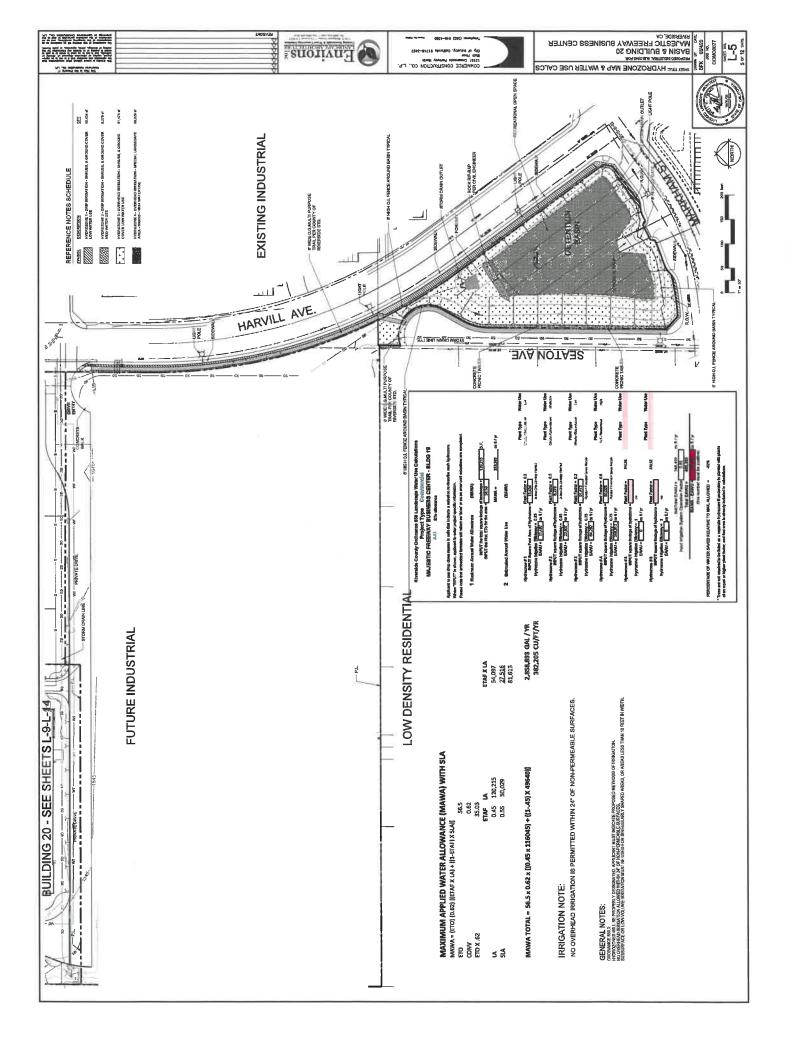


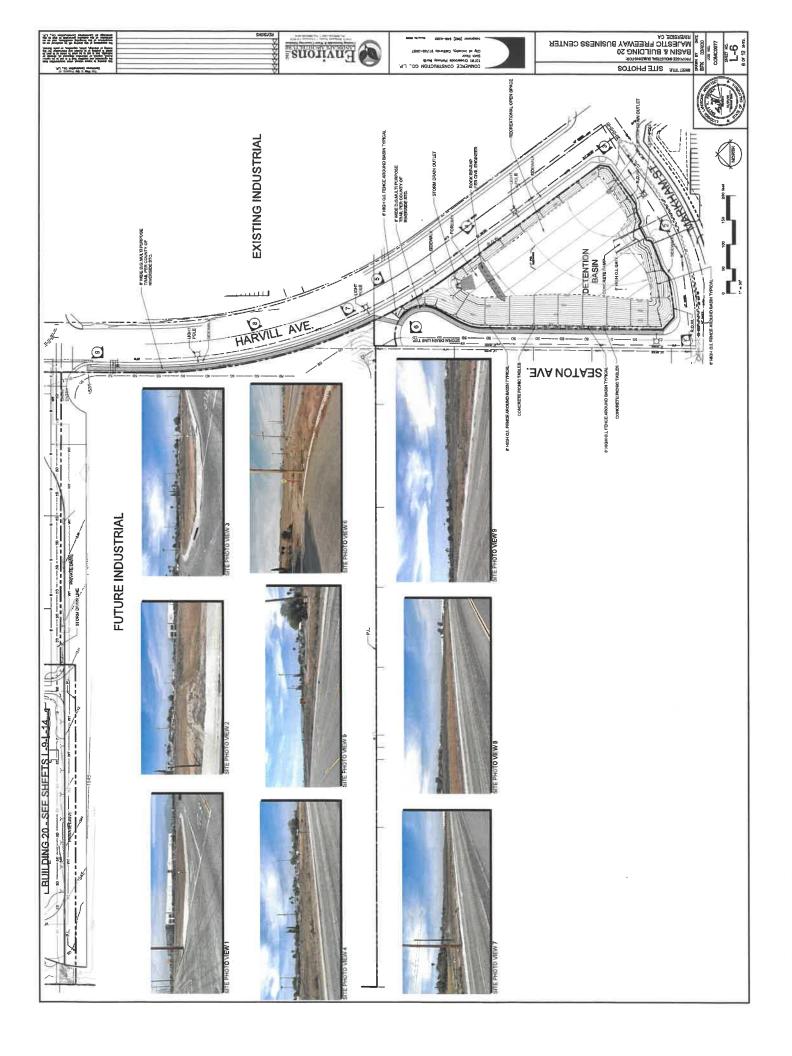


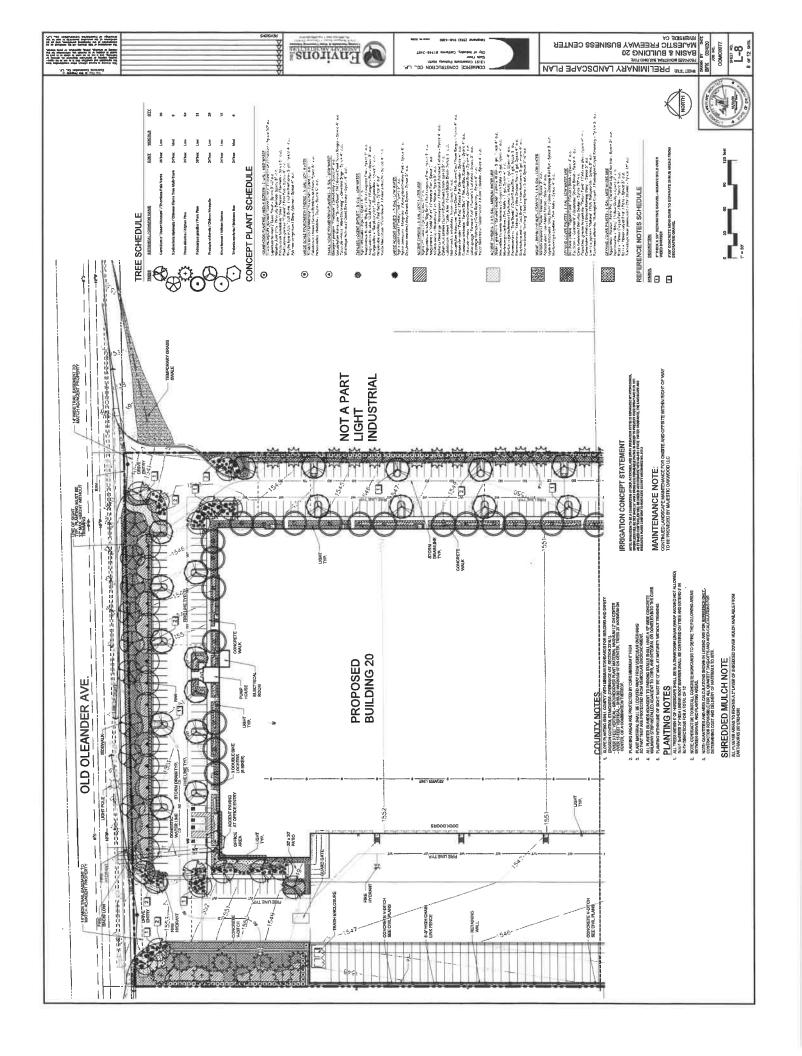


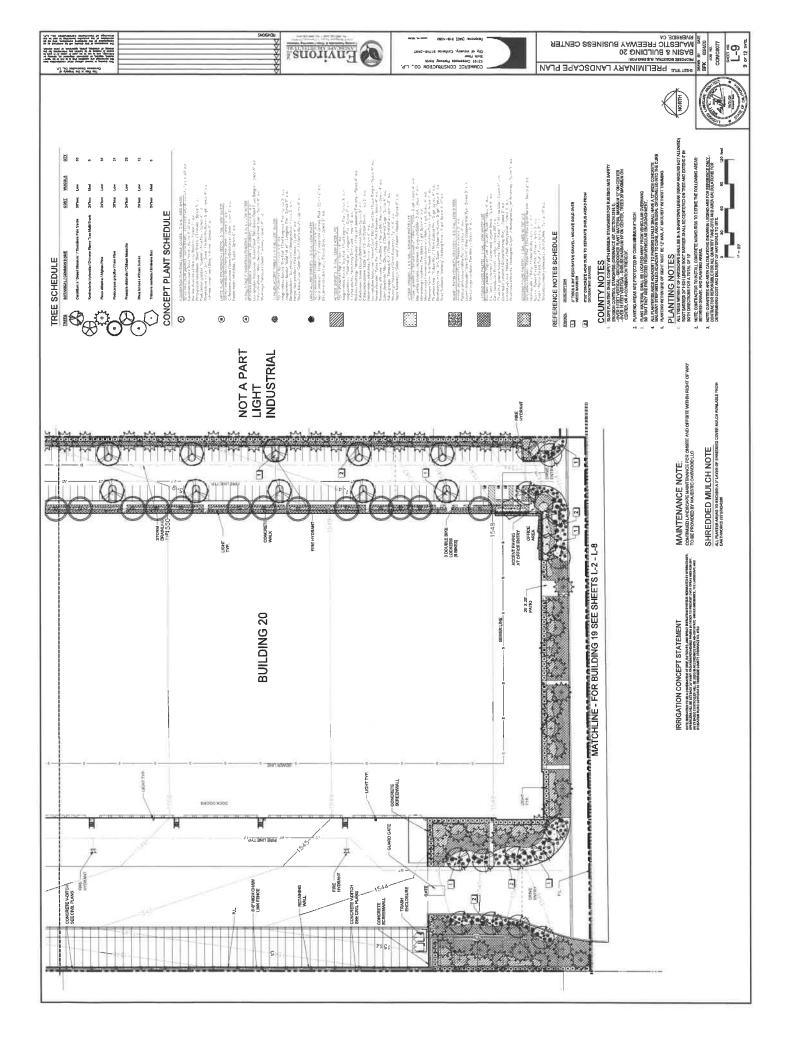


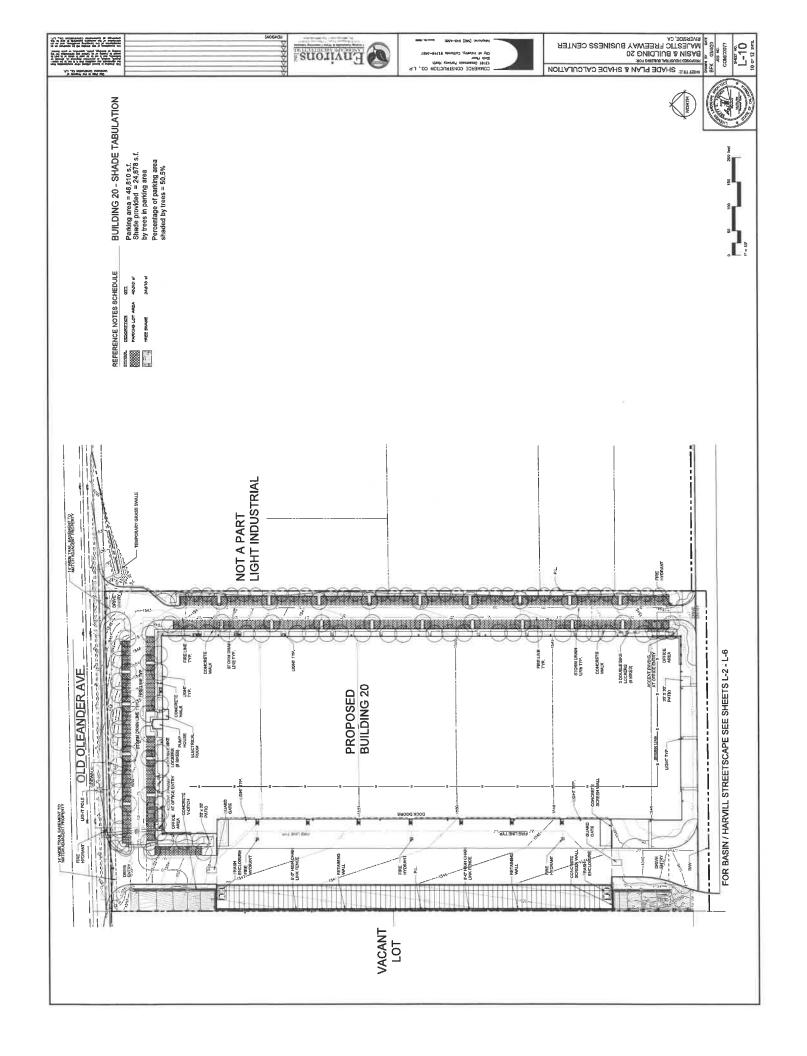


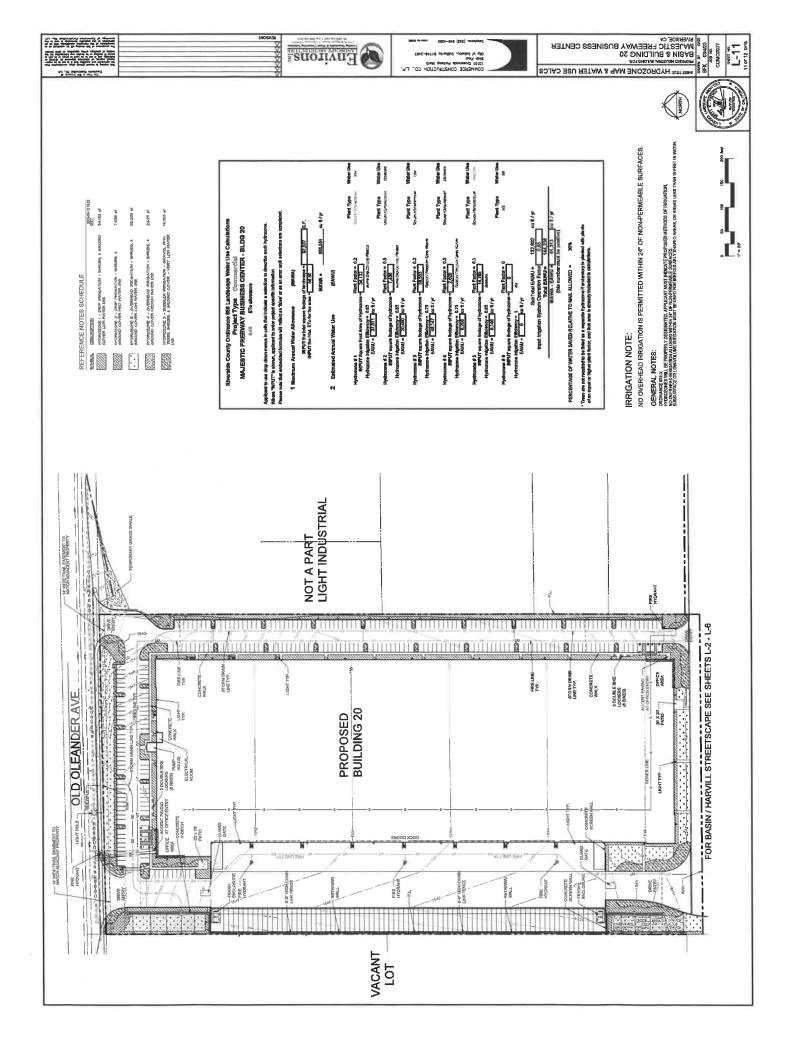


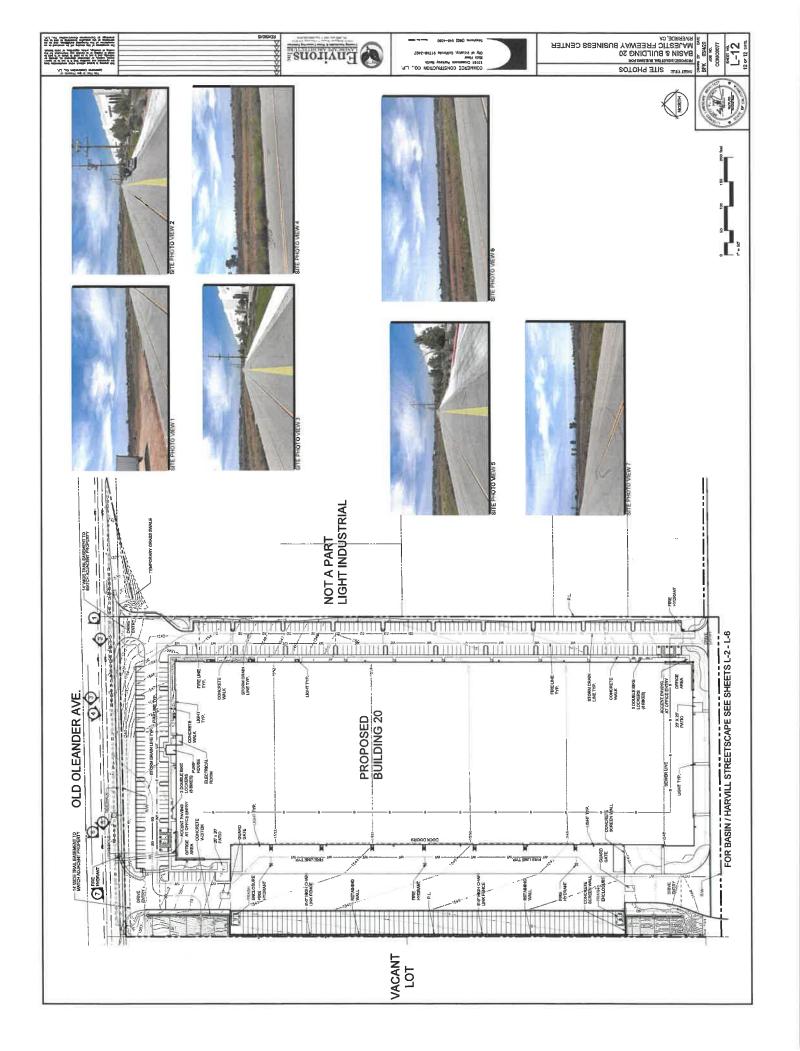


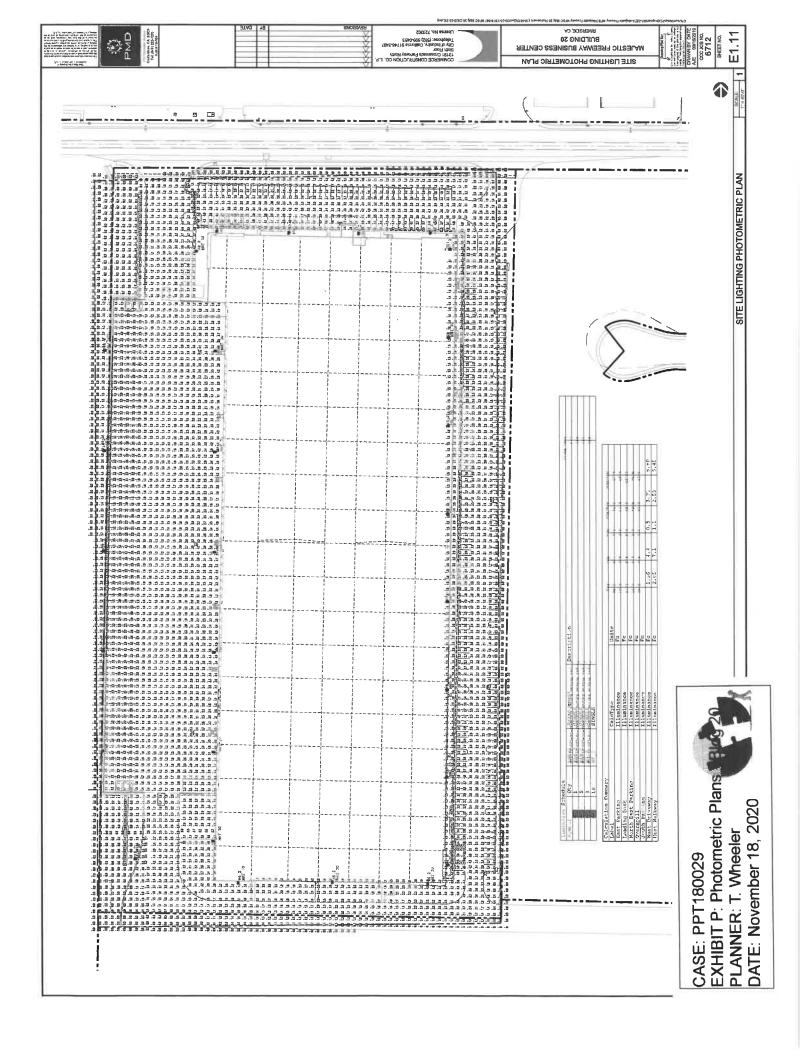


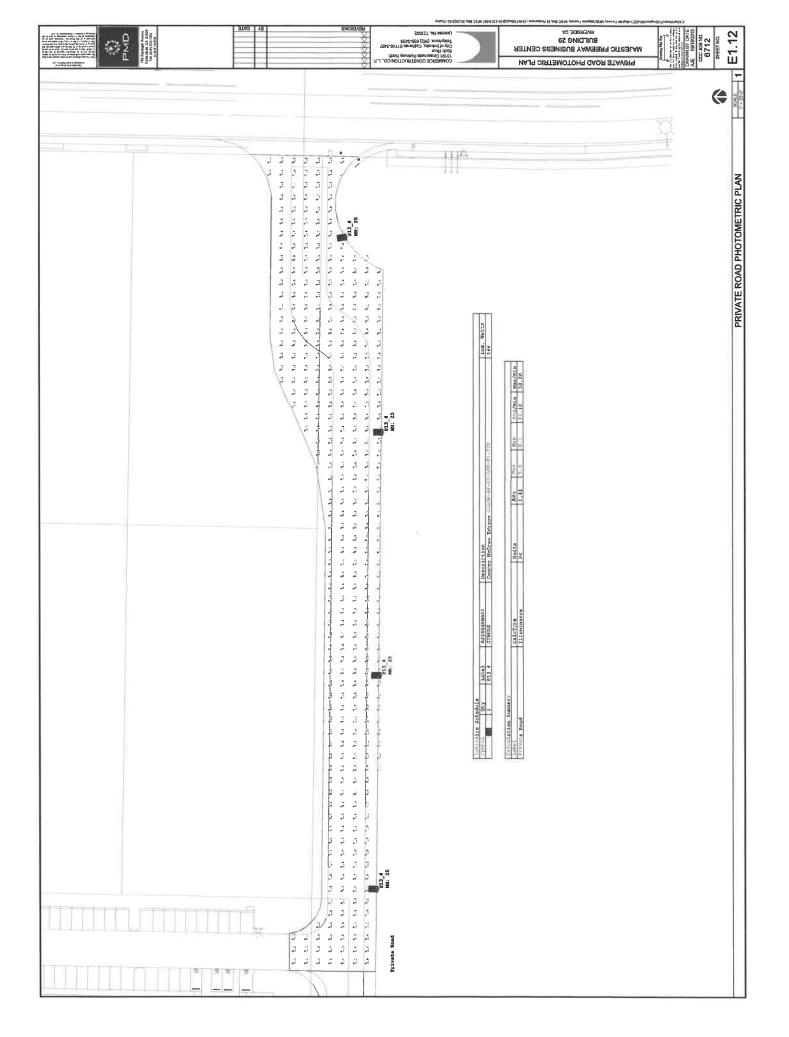


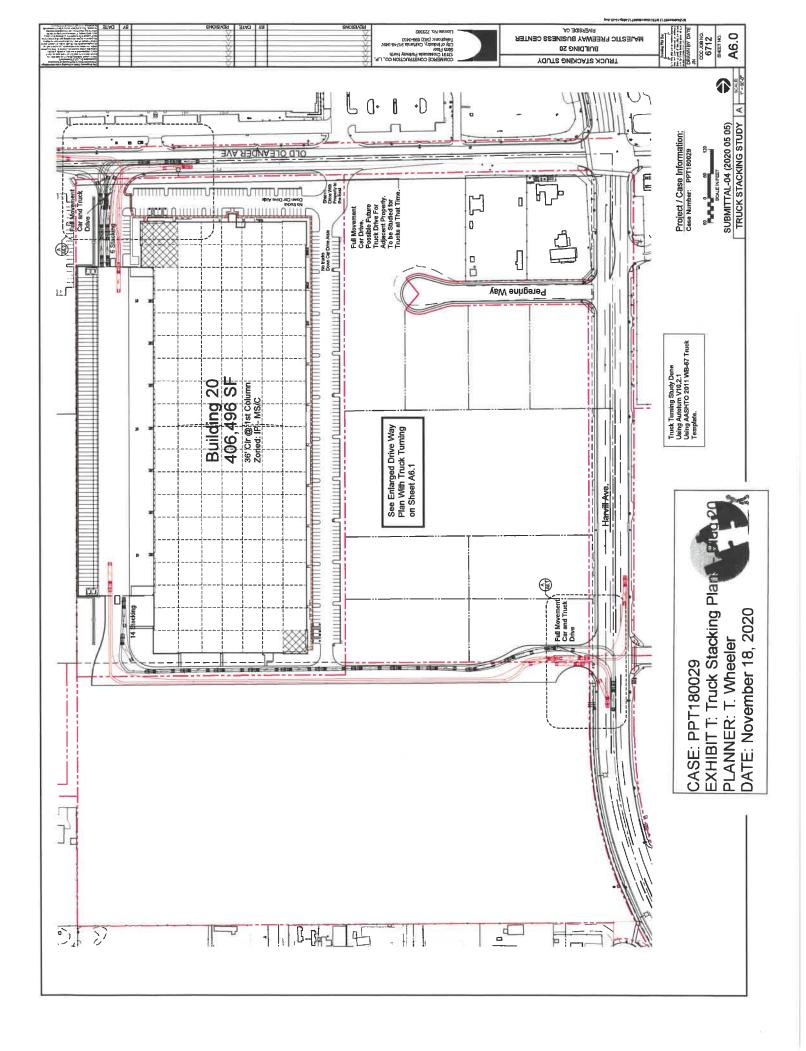


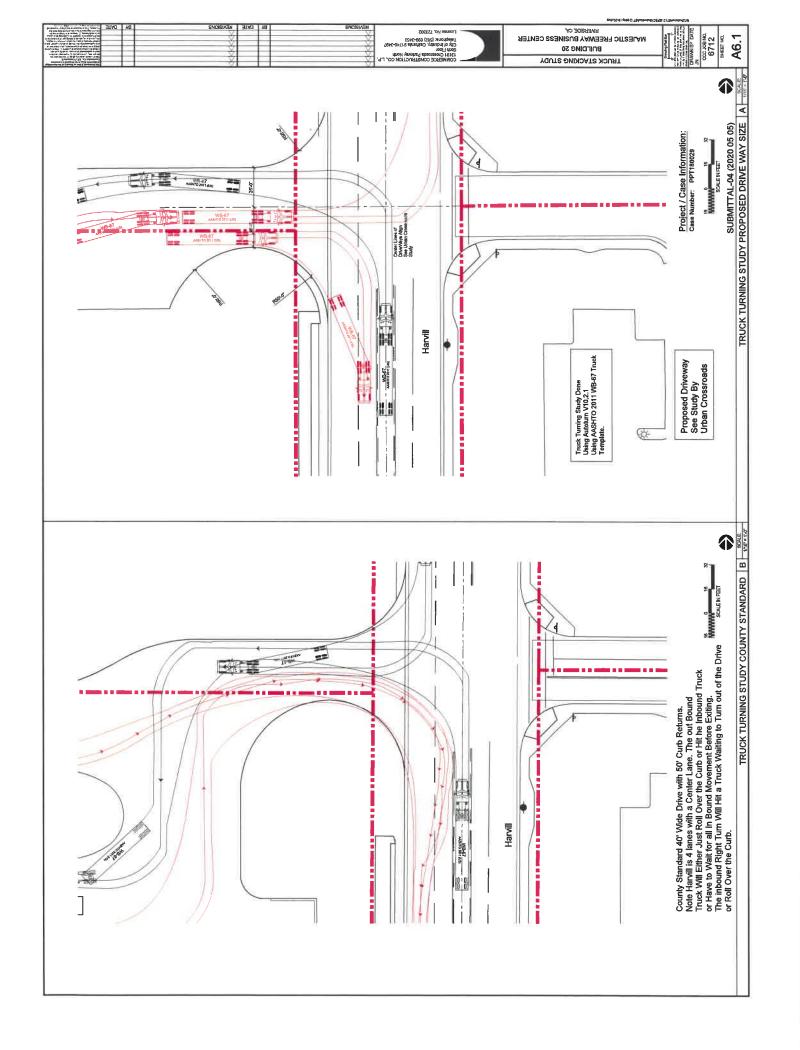


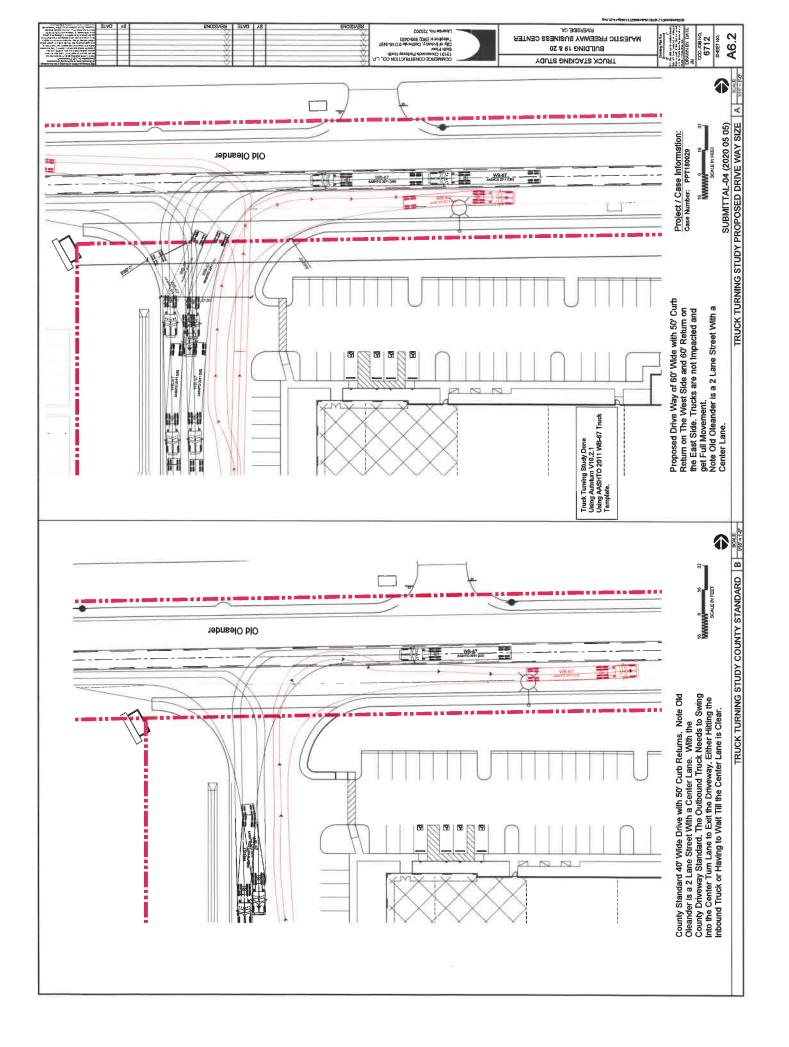


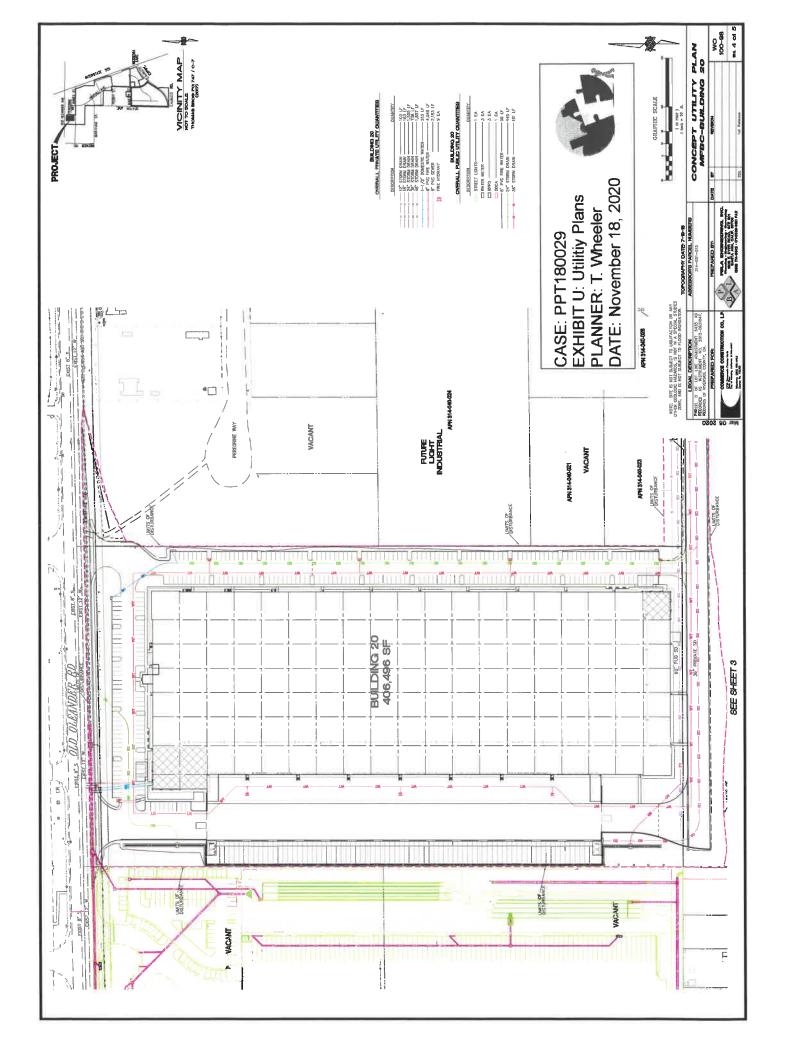


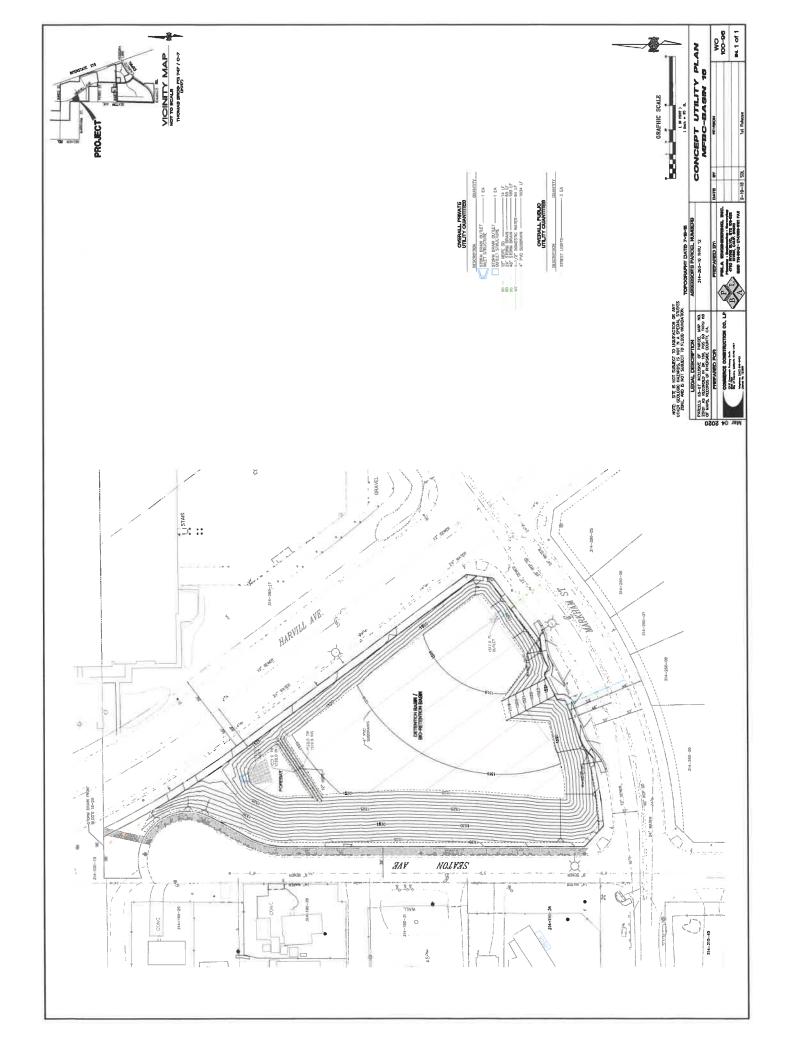


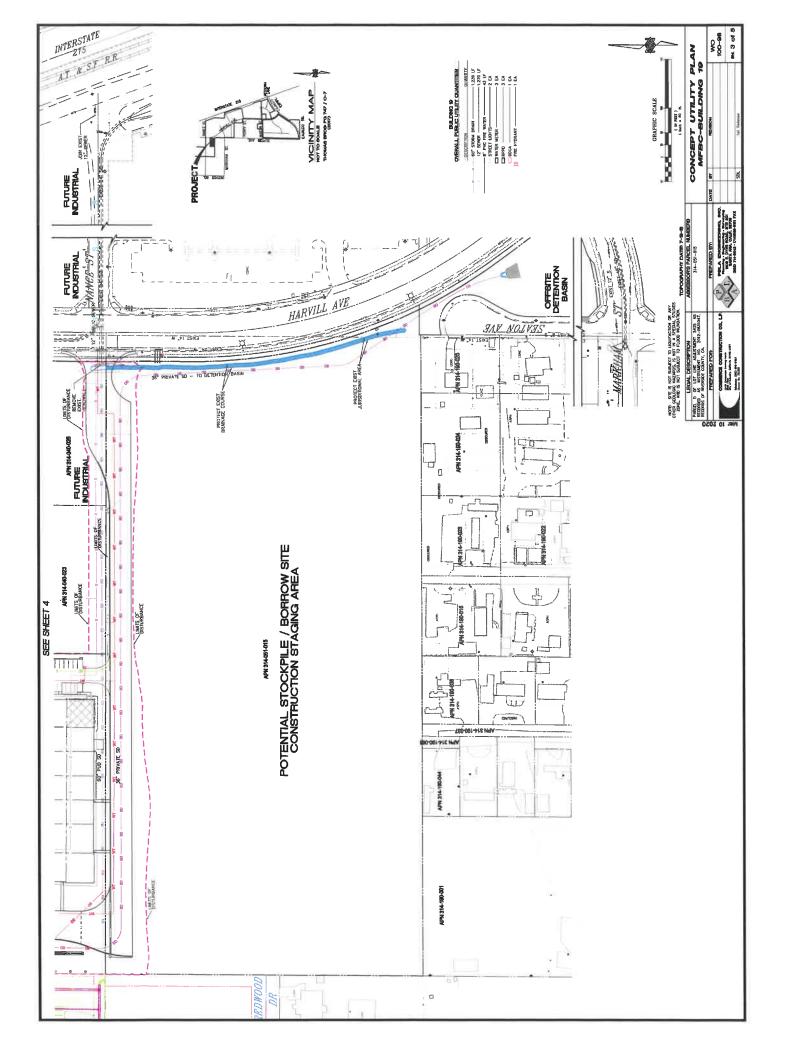














PLANNING DEPARTMENT

ADDENDUM to ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT NO. 466 (Specific Plan No. 341- Majestic Freeway Business Center)

Center)			
Project/Case Number: PPT180029 / CEQ180110			
Based on the Initial Study, it has been determined that the proposed project, subject to the proposed mitigation measures, will not have a significant effect upon the environment.			
PROJECT DESCRIPTION, LOCATION, AND MITIGATION MEASURES REQUIRED TO AVOID POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS. (see Initial Study, Advisory Notification Document, and Conditions of Approval)			
COMPLETED/REVIEWED BY:			
By: Tim Wheeler Title: Project Planner Date: August 20, 2020			
Applicant/Project Sponsor: Majestic Realty c/o John Semcken Date Submitted: November 14, 2018			
ADOPTED BY: Planning Commission			
Person Verifying Adoption: <u>Tim Wheeler</u> Date: <u>November 18, 2019</u>			
The Addendum to Environmental Impact Report No. 466 (Specific Plan No. 341 - Majestic Freeway Business Center) may be examined, along with documents referenced in the initial study, if any, at:			
Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501			
For additional information, please contact <u>Tim Wheeler</u> at <u>951-955-6060</u> .			
Please charge deposit fee case#: ZCEQ180110 ZCFG FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY			

MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER

PLOT PLAN NO. 180029

ADDENDUM NO. 7 TO ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT NO. 466
CEQA CASE No. CEQ180110

LEAD AGENCY:

RIVERSIDE COUNTY
PLANNING DEPARTMENT
4080 LEMON STREET, 12TH FLOOR
RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

PROJECT APPLICANT:

MAJESTIC REALTY CO.
13191 CROSSROADS PARKWAY NORTH, 6[™] FLOOR
CITY OF INDUSTRY, CA 91746

CEQA CONSULTANT:



T&B PLANNING, INC. 3200 EL CAMINO REAL, SUITE 100 IRVINE, CA 92602

October 30, 2020

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B2	Determination of Biologically Equivalent or Superior Preservation (DBESP)
C1	Geotechnical Report Update (Building 20)
C2	Geotechnical Report Update (Staging Area)
C3	Geotechnical Report Update (Detention Basin)
D	Climate Action Plan Screening Table
E1	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (Building 20)
E2	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (Staging Area)
E3	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (Basin)
F1	Preliminary Hydrology Study
F2	Preliminary Project Specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP)
G	Noise Impact Analysis
Н	Traffic Impact Analysis
I	Cultural/Historical Resources Update
J	Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan Consistency Analysis

<u>Definition</u>
Light Agriculture, 1-acre minimum lot size (Zoning Designation)
Ambient Air Quality Standards
Assembly Bill
United States Army Corps of Engineers
Average Daily Traffic
Association of Environmental Professionals
Acre Feet per Year
Airport Influence Area
Air Installation Compatible Use Zone
Airport Land Use Commission
Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
Airport Land Use Plan
above mean sea level
Assessor's Parcel Number
Accident Potential Zones
Air Quality Management District
Air Quality Management Plan
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe (Railroad)
Bay Area Air Quality Management District
below ground surface
Best Management Practices
Biological Technical Report
Burrowing Owl
California
California Emissions Estimator Model
California Environmental Protection Agency
Climate Action Plan
California Air Resources Board
Criteria Area Plant Species Survey Area
Criteria Area Species Survey Area
California Building Code
California Climate Change (Executive Orders)
California Code of Regulations
Construction and Demolition (Waste)
California Department of Conservation
California Department of Fish and Wildlife
California Energy Commission
California Environmental Quality Act

Acronym	<u>Definition</u>
CESA	California Endangered Species Act
CFD	Community Facilities District
cfs	cubic feet per second
cfy	cubic feet per year
CGS	California Geological Survey
CH ₄	Methane
CIWMB	California Integrated Waste Management Board
CIWMP	County Integrated Waste Management Plan
CMP	Congestion Management Program
CNDDB	California Natural Diversity Database
CNEL	Community Equivalent Noise Level
CNPS	California Native Plant Society
CO	Carbon Monoxide
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide
CO₂e	Carbon Dioxide Equivalents
COA	Condition of Approval
Corps	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
CPEP	Clean Power and Electrification Pathway
CPF	Cancer Potency Factor
CSA	Community Service Area
CWA	Clean Water Act
CWC	California Water Code
су	cubic yards
dB	Decibels
dBA	Decibels (A-Weighted)
DBESP	Determination of Biological Equivalence or Superior Preservation
DEH	Department of Environmental Health
DIF	Development Impact Fee
DPM	Diesel Particulate Matter
DTSC	Department of Toxic Substances Control
DWR	Department of Waste Resources
EA	Environmental Assessment
EA	Existing plus Ambient (Traffic Analysis Scenario)
EAC	Existing plus Ambient plus Cumulative (Traffic Analysis Scenario)
EAP	Existing plus Ambient plus Project (Traffic Analysis Scenario)
EAPC	Existing plus Ambient plus Project plus Cumulative (Traffic Analysis Scenario)
EI	Expansion Index
EIR	Environmental Impact Report

T&B Planning, Inc. Page ii

	ACKORITING AND ADDREVIAN
Acronym	<u>Definition</u>
EMFAC	Emission FACtor Model
EMWD	Eastern Municipal Water District
EO	Executive Order
E+P	Existing plus Project (Traffic Analysis Scenario)
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
EV	Electric Vehicle
FAR	Floor Area Ratio
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
FICON	Federal Interagency Committee on Noise
FIRM	Flood Insurance Rate Map
FMMP	Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program
FTA	Federal Transit Administration
GBSC	Green Building Standards Code
GCC	Global Climate Change
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
g/idle-hr	grams per idle-hour
GLA	Glenn Lukos Associates (Project Biologist)
GMA	Groundwater Management Area
g/mi	grams per mile
GMP	Groundwater Management Plan
GMZ	Groundwater Management Zone
gpd	gallons per day
НСР	Habitat Conservation Plan
HHD	Heavy-Heavy Duty (Haul Trucks)
HMBEP	Hazardous Materials Business Emergency Plan
hp-hr-gal	horsepower hours per gallon
HRA	Health Risk Assessment
1	Interstate
IEPR	Integrated Energy Policy Report
I-P	Industrial Park (Zoning Designation)
IS	Initial Study
IS/NOP	Initial Study/Notice of Preparation
ISTEA	Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act
ITE	Institute of Transportation Engineers

Integrated Waste Management Act

IWMA

T&B Planning, Inc. Page iii

Acronym Definition

kWh/year Kilowatt Hours per Year

lbs. Pounds

LI Light Industrial (Land Use Designation)

LOS Level of Service

MARB March Air Reserve Base Airport

MBTA Migratory Bird Treaty Act

MEIR Maximally Exposed Individual Receptor
MEISC Maximally Exposed Individual School Child
MEIW Maximally Exposed Individual Worker

MFBCSP Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan

mgd million gallons per day

MMP Mitigation Monitoring Program MND Mitigated Negative Declaration

MPG Miles Per Gallon

MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization

MRZ Mineral Resources Zone

M-SC Manufacturing – Service Commercial (Zoning Classification)

MSHCP Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan

MT Metric Tons

MUTCD Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices

MVAP Mead Valley Area Plan
MWD Metropolitan Water District

N₂O Nitrous Oxide

NAHC Native American Heritage Commission

NEPSSA Narrow Endemic Plant Species Survey Area

NIA Noise Impact Analysis (*Technical Appendix G*)

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

No. Number

NO_X Oxides of Nitrogen

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NRCS Natural Resource Conservation Service

OEHHA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment

OI Ornamental Iron

PCE Passenger Car Equivalent

Acronym	<u>Definition</u>
PM _{2.5}	Particulate Matter (2.5 micrometers or less diameter)
PM ₁₀	Particulate Matter (10 micrometers or less diameter)
PP	Plot Plan
ppm	parts per million
PPV	Peak Particle Velocity
PRIMP	Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program
PVRWRF	Perris Valley Water Reclamation Facility
RCB	Reinforced Concrete Box
RCFCWCD	Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
RCIT	Riverside County Information Technology
RECs	Recognized Environmental Conditions
REL	Reference Exposure Level
RMS	Route Mean Square
ROW	Right of Way
RTP	Regional Transportation Plan
RWQCB	Regional Water Quality Control Board
SB	Senate Bill
SCAB	South Coast Air Basin
SCAG	Southern California Association of Governments
SCAQMD	South Coase Air Quality Management District
SCE	Southern California Edison
SCH	State Clearinghouse
SCS	Sustainable Communities Strategy
s.f.	square feet or square foot
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
SJGB	San Jacinto Groundwater Basin
SKR	Stephens' Kangaroo Rat
SP	Specific Plan
SR	State Route
SRA	State Responsibility Area
SWPPP	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
TACs	Toxic Air Contaminants
TEA-21	Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century
TIA	Traffic Impact Analysis (Technical Appendix H)
tpy	tons per year
tpd	tons per day
TRU	Transport Refrigeration Unit

<u>Acronym</u>	<u>Definition</u>
TUMF	Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee
UBC	Universal Building Code
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USFWS	United States Fish and Wildlife Service
UWMP	Urban Water Management Plan
VMT	Vehicle Miles Travelled
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound
VVUSD	Val Verde Unified School District
WQMP	Water Quality Management Plan
WRP	Waste Recycling Plan
WSA	Water Supply Assessment

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 DOCUMENT PURPOSE

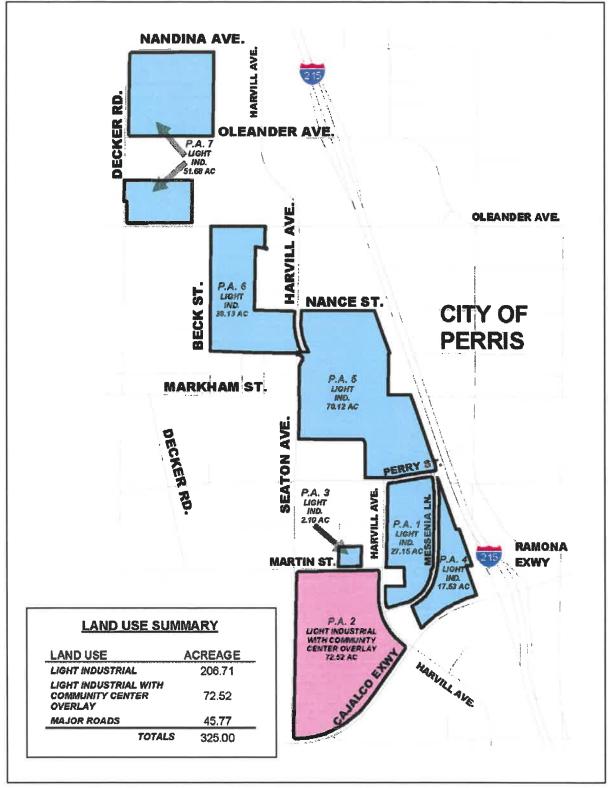
This introduction is included to provide the reader with general information regarding: 1) the history of the Project site; 2) standards of adequacy for an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) Addendum under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA); 3) a summary of the Initial Study findings supporting the Lead Agency's (Riverside County) decision to prepare an EIR Addendum for the proposed Project; and 4) a description of the format and content of this EIR Addendum; and 5) the governmental processing requirements to consider the proposed Project for approval.

1.2 HISTORY OF SPECIFIC PLAN NO. 341

The Riverside County Board of Supervisors adopted the Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan No. 341 (SP No. 341; herein, "MFBCSP") by resolution (Resolution No. 2005-416) on August 23, 2005 and concurrently certified a Final EIR (EIR No. 466; SCH No. 2004051085). The MFBCSP encompasses an approximately 325-acre property, of which approximately 45.77 acres consist of backbone roadways that were previously constructed as part of Community Facilities District (CFD) No. 88-8 in the early 1990s. The adopted land use plan for the MFBCSP is depicted on Figure 1-1, *MFBCSP Land Use Plan*. The MFBCSP allows for the development of approximately 6.2 million square feet (s.f.) of light industrial buildings, ranging in size between 25,000 and 1.2 million square feet for manufacturing, distribution, and warehouse uses. The MFBCSP also provides for the optional development of up to 680,000 s.f. of retail and commercial uses on 72.52 acres in a Community Center overlay area (i.e., MFBCSP Planning Area 2), which if developed would reduce the permitted amount of light industrial uses to 4,555,000 s.f. on 206.71 acres. (Webb, 2005, pp. I-1, I-2, and II-2)

Since adoption of the MFBCSP in 2005, there have been four implementing plot plans approved, of which two have been fully constructed and one is under construction, as follows:

- Plot Plan No. 21552 was approved by Riverside County on December 11, 2006 allowing for six light industrial warehouse and distribution buildings, ranging from 40,000 s.f. to 600,000 s.f. in size for a total of 947,000 s.f. and two detention basins. Implementation of Plot Plan No. 21552 would result in the full buildout of MFBCSP Planning Areas 1 and 4. As of March 2019, one of the buildings (Building 10) approved pursuant to Plot Plan No. 21552 has been constructed and the others are pending construction. As part of its approval of Plot Plan No. 21552, the County determined that Plot Plan No. 21552 required no further CEQA review beyond that provided by EIR No. 466.
- Plot Plan No. 25252 was approved by Riverside County in February 2013 allowing for the development of a 399,150 s.f. light industrial building within the northern portion of MFBCSP Planning Area 5. This building was constructed in 2013 at the northeast corner of Markham Street



Source(s): Albert A. Webb Associates (2005)

Figure 1-1



and Harvill Avenue. As part of its approval of Plot Plan No. 25252, the County relied on an Addendum to EIR No. 466, which demonstrated that impacts associated with implementation of Plot Plan No. 25252 were within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466.

- Plot Plan No. 25954 was approved by the Riverside County Planning Commission on July 20, 2016 allowing for the development of a 767,410 s.f. industrial building with a 10,000 s.f. mezzanine within the northern portion of MFBCSP Planning Area 7. This building was constructed in 2017 at the northwest corner of Harley Knox Boulevard and Blanding Way. As part of its approval of Plot Plan No. 25954, the County relied on an Addendum to EIR No. 466, which demonstrated that impacts associated with implementation of Plot Plan No. 25954 were within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466.
- Plot Plan No. 180028 was approved by the Riverside County Planning Commission on August 7, 2019, and the Board of Supervisors denied an appeal of the Planning Commission's approval on September 10, 2019. Plot Plan No. 180028, which encompasses MFBCSP Planning Area 2, allows for the development of three proposed light industrial buildings, including a 1,138,800 s.f. high-cube fulfillment center warehouse building, a 31,408 s.f. warehouse building, and a 15,192 s.f. warehouse building. As part of its approval of Plot Plan No. 180028, the County relied on Addendum No. 3 to EIR No. 466, which demonstrated that impacts associated with implementation of Plot Plan No. 180028 were within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466.

Additionally, as part of Community Facilities District (CFD) 88-8, roadway and utility improvements have been constructed throughout the MFBCSP area. Although CFD 88-8 ultimately had financial issues, the Project Applicant, Majestic Realty Co., restored the financial health of CFD 88-8 by refinancing the remaining bonds within CFD 88-8, establishing CFD 04-1, and creating a financial reserve. The Project Applicant has honored all of its financial commitments and the CFD has remained current on its taxes and obligations.

1.3 PROJECT SUMMARY

The Project Applicant proposes a Plot Plan (PP No. 180029) to allow for the construction of one high-cube transload short term warehouse building (herein, "Building 20") and a detention basin. The Project as evaluated herein also includes temporary grading export, stockpiling, and construction staging area activities on a property located between the Building 20 site and the off-site detention basin (herein, "Staging Area"). The Project site, inclusive of the Staging Area and the detention basin site, comprises approximately 40.0 acres and is located within Planning Area 6 and a portion of Planning Area 5 of the MFBCSP. The Project is an implementing action of the MFBCSP and, as demonstrated in the consistency analysis provided in *Technical Appendix J*, the Project is consistent with the MFBCSP, which was approved by Riverside County in 2005.

Specifically, Building 20, which is located in MFBCSP Planning Area 6, is proposed on an 18.2-acre site located west of Harvill Avenue, south of and abutting Old Oleander Avenue, and north of Redwood Drive, and would contain approximately 406,496 s.f. of building area; however, for purposes of analysis herein,

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it is assumed Building 20 would comprise up to 426,821 s.f. of building area in order to account for any minor changes to the building area as part of final design. Although the tenant of Building 20 is not known, it is expected that Building 20 would be occupied by high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses. Additionally, a detention basin is proposed on an approximately 2.5-acre site located west of Harvill Avenue, east of Seaton Avenue, and north of Markham Street, which would provide water quality treatment and detention for runoff from the Building 20 site. The detention basin would be located within a portion of Planning Area 5 of the MFBCSP. The Staging Area comprises 19.3 acres and is located between the Building 20 site and the proposed detention basin within MFBCSP Planning Area 6. The Staging Area would be used as a borrow site for grading operations and as a staging area for construction equipment during the construction of Building 20. No buildings or other improvements are proposed on the Staging Area site, with exception of a proposed driveway providing access between Harvill Avenue and the Building 20 site and utility improvements. Please refer to Section 3.0 for a comprehensive description of the proposed Project evaluated herein.

1.4 CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA)

1.4.1 CEQA Objectives

CEQA, a statewide environmental law contained in Public Resources Code §§ 21000-21177, applies to most public agency decisions to carry out, authorize, or approve actions that have the potential to adversely affect the environment. The overarching goal of CEQA is to protect the physical environment. To achieve that goal, CEQA requires that public agencies inform themselves of the environmental consequences of their discretionary actions and consider alternatives and mitigation measures that could avoid or reduce significant adverse impacts when avoidance or reduction is feasible. It also gives other public agencies and the general public an opportunity to comment on the information. If significant adverse impacts cannot be avoided, reduced, or mitigated to below a level of significance, the public agency is required to prepare an EIR and balance the project's environmental concerns with other goals and benefits in a statement of overriding considerations.

1.4.2 CEQA Requirements for Environmental Impact Report (EIR) Addendums

The CEQA Guidelines allow for the updating and use of a previously-certified EIR for projects that have changed or are different from the previous project or conditions analyzed in the certified EIR. In cases where changes or additions occur with no new or more severe significant environmental impacts, an Addendum to a previously certified EIR may be prepared. See CEQA Guidelines § 15164.

The following describes the requirements of an Addendum, as defined by CEQA Guidelines § 15164:

a. The lead agency or responsible agency shall prepare an Addendum to a previously certified EIR if some changes or additions are necessary but none of the conditions described in § 15162 calling for preparation of a Subsequent EIR have occurred.

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- b. An Addendum to an adopted negative declaration may be prepared if only minor technical changes or additions are necessary or none of the conditions described in § 15162 calling for the preparation of a subsequent EIR or negative declaration have occurred.
- c. An Addendum need not be circulated for public review but can be included in or attached to the Final EIR.
- d. The decision-making body shall consider the Addendum with the Final EIR prior to making a decision on the project.
- e. A brief explanation of the decision not to prepare a Subsequent EIR pursuant to § 15162 should be included in an Addendum to an EIR, the lead agency's findings on the project, or elsewhere in the record. The explanation must be supported by substantial evidence.

EIR No. 466 was prepared to serve as a "program EIR" for the ultimate development of the MFBCSP (Webb, 2005, p. I-2). CEQA Guidelines § 15168(c) sets forth requirements that implementing developments must meet in order to tier from a program EIR as provided in § 15152 of the CEQA Guidelines. As documented in the Initial Study provided herein in Sections 4.0 and 5.0, the proposed Project's environmental effects were fully evaluated in EIR No. 466, as required by CEQA Guidelines § 15168(c)(1). CEQA Guidelines § 15168(c)(2) allows for tiering from a program EIR if the lead agency finds that no subsequent EIR would be required pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15162. As discussed below under the discussion of CEQA Guidelines § 15162, the lead agency (Riverside County) has determined that there is substantial evidence demonstrating that the proposed Project is within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466, is consistent with the project evaluated in EIR No. 466, is within the geographic area analyzed by EIR No. 466. As such, the Project meets the criteria of CEQA Guidelines § 15168(c) that allows for tiering from a program EIR as allowed by CEQA Guidelines § 15152.

As noted above, CEQA Guidelines § 15164(a) and (b) allow for the preparation of an Addendum and §15168(c)(2) allows for tiering from a program EIR if none of the conditions described in §15162 are met. CEQA Guideline § 15162 describes the conditions under which a Subsequent EIR must be prepared, as follows:

- Substantial changes are proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous
 EIR due to the involvement of environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects;
- b. Substantial changes occur with respect to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken, which will require major revisions of the previous EIR due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects; or

- c. New information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been known with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time the previous EIR was certified as complete, shows any of the following:
 - 1. The project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR;
 - 2. Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR;
 - Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would in fact be feasible, and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternatives; or
 - 4. Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

If none of these circumstances are present, and only minor technical changes or additions are necessary to update the previously certified EIR, an Addendum may be prepared. See CEQA Guidelines § 15164. As described in detail subsection 1.4.5 and in the Initial Study provided in Sections 4.0 and 5.0, none of the above circumstances that warrant the preparation of a Subsequent EIR are present.

1.4.3 Format and Content of this EIR Addendum

The following components comprise the EIR Addendum in its totality:

- a. This Introduction (Section 1.0), the Environmental Setting (Section 2.0), and the Project Description (Section 3.0).
- b. The completed Initial Study/Environmental Checklist Form and its associated analyses (Sections 4.0 and 5.0), which conclude that the proposed Project would not result in any new significant environmental impacts or substantially increase the severity of environmental impacts beyond the levels disclosed in EIR No. 466.
- c. Eleven (11) technical reports and other documentation that evaluate the proposed Project, which are attached as EIR Addendum Technical Appendices A-H.
 - Appendix A Health Risk Assessment, prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc., and dated April 16, 2020.
 - Appendix B1 Biological Technical Report, prepared by Glenn Lukos Associates, and dated April 27, 2020.

Appendix B2	Determination of Biological Equivalent or Superior Preservation, prepared by Glenn Lukos Associates, and dated April 28, 2020.
Appendix C1	Geotechnical Study (Building 20), prepared by Kleinfelder, and dated December 21, 2018
Appendix C2	Geotechnical Study (Staging Area), prepared by Kleinfelder, and dated March 11, 2020.
Appendix C3	Geotechnical Study (Detention Basin Site), prepared by Kleinfelder, and dated November 8, 2018.
Appendix D	Climate Action Plan Screening Tables, prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc. (No Date).
Appendix E1	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (Building 20), prepared by SCS Engineers, and dated October 25, 2018.
Appendix E2	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (Staging Area), prepared by SCS Engineers, and dated October 29, 2018.
Appendix E3	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (Basin), prepared by SCS Engineers, and dated November 2, 2018
Appendix F1	Preliminary Hydrology Study, prepared by PBLA Engineering, Inc., and dated February 2020.
Appendix F2	Preliminary Project Specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), prepared by PBLA Engineering, Inc., and dated February 2020.
Appendix G	Noise Impact Analysis, prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc., and dated April 16, 2020.
Appendix H	Traffic Impact Analysis, prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc., and dated April 6, 2020.
Appendix I	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Update, prepared by CRM Tech, and dated June 4, 2019.
Appendix J	Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan Consistency Analysis, dated April 30, 2020.

CEQA Guidelines § 15150 states that an "EIR or Negative Declaration may incorporate by reference all or portions of another document which is a matter of public record or is generally available to the public." Accordingly, he above-listed technical reports are herein incorporated by reference pursuant to § 15150 In addition, this EIR Addendum incorporates the following additional documents by reference in accordance with § 15150:

- The Draft and Final EIR No. 466 (SCH No. 2004051085), accompanying Mitigation Monitoring Program (MMP), Technical Appendices to EIR No. 466, Findings and Statement of Facts, Statement of Overriding Considerations, and the associated Board of Supervisors Resolution. EIR No. 466 was certified by the Board of Supervisors on August 23, 2005.
- EIR No. 521 (SCH No. 200904105), which evaluates impacts associated with the County's comprehensive update to the General Plan and the County's Climate Action Plan (CAP). Draft EIR No. 521 was certified in December 2015.

The above-referenced documents, including the Project's technical reports, are available for public review at the Riverside County Planning Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501. In addition to the above-referenced documents, this EIR Addendum also incorporates by reference the documents and information sources listed in Section 6.0. All of the documents and information and information sources listed in Section 6.0 are also available for public review at the Riverside County Planning Department at the address listed above and/or at the website address listed in Section 6.0.

1.4.4 Initial Study Checklist

The County of Riverside prepared the proposed Project's Initial Study Checklist as suggested by CEQA Guidelines §§ 15063(d)(3) and 15168(c)(4). The CEQA Guidelines include a suggested checklist to indicate whether the conditions set forth in § 15162, which would require a subsequent or supplemental EIR, are met and whether there would be new significant impacts resulting from the project not examined in the previously-certified EIR. The checklist and an explanation of each answer on the form can be found in Section 5.0.

As presented in Section 5.0, there are four possible responses to each of the environmental issues included on the checklist:

- New Significant Impact. This response is used to indicate when the Project has changed to such an extent that major revisions to EIR No. 466 are required due to the presence of new significant environmental effects.
- More Severe Impacts. This response is used to indicate when the circumstances under which the
 Project is undertaken have changed to such an extent that major revisions to EIR No. 466 are
 required due to the fact that the severity of previously identified significant effects would
 substantially increase.

- 3. New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact. This response is used to indicate when new information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been known with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, indicates that there are new mitigation measures or alternatives available to substantially reduce significant environmental impacts of the Project, but the Project proponent declines to adopt the mitigation measure(s) or alternative.
- 4. <u>No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis</u>. This response is used to indicate that the proposed Project would not create a new impact or substantially increase the severity of the previously-identified environmental impact.

The Initial Study Checklist and accompanying explanation of checklist responses provide the information and analysis necessary to assess relative environmental impacts of the current Project in the context of environmental impacts addressed in the previously certified EIR No. 466. In doing so, the County will determine the extent of additional environmental review, if any, for the current Project.

1.4.5 Initial Study Findings

Sections 4.0 and 5.0 contain a copy of the Initial Study/Environmental Assessment that Riverside County prepared for the proposed Project pursuant to CEQA and County of Riverside requirements (CEQA Case No. CEQ180105). The Initial Study determined that implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new, significant environmental effects under the issue areas of aesthetics, agriculture/forest resources, air quality, biological resources, energy, geology/soils, greenhouse gas emissions, hazards/hazardous materials, cultural resources, hydrology/water quality, land use/planning, mineral resources, noise, paleontological resources, population/housing, public services, recreation, transportation, tribal cultural resources, utilities/service systems, or wildfire. More specifically, the County of Riverside has determined that an Addendum to EIR No. 466 should be prepared, rather than a Supplemental or Subsequent EIR, based on the following facts:

a) As demonstrated in the accompanying Initial Study/Environmental Assessment form and its associated analyses (refer to Sections 4.0 and 5.0), the proposed Project would not require major revisions to the previously-certified EIR No. 466 because the Project would not result in any new significant impacts to the physical environment nor would it create substantial increases in the severity of the environmental impacts previously disclosed in the EIR No. 466. In summary, the proposed Project consists of a Plot Plan (PP No. 180029) to implement a portion of Planning Area 6 of the MFBCSP with up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse use, a 2.5-acre detention basin within a portion of MFBCSP Planning Area 5, as well as grading export/staging activities on a 19.3-acre site ("Staging Area") located between the detention basin and the Building 20 site within MFBCSP Planning Area 6. EIR No. 466 evaluated development of Planning Areas 5 and 6 with a range of land uses including light industrial and warehouse/ distribution land uses. The uses proposed as part of PP No. 180029 would result in a substantial decrease in the amount of traffic generated from the site as compared to what was evaluated as the maximum impact scenario in EIR No. 466. There are no components of PP No. 180029 that

would result in increased physical environmental effects beyond what was previously evaluated and disclosed as part of EIR No. 466. Accordingly, there would be no new environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously-identified significant effects as a result of the proposed Project. Thus, the proposed Project would not require major revisions to the previously-certified EIR No. 466.

- b) EIR No. 466 concluded that implementation of the MFBCSP would result in significant and unavoidable impacts to air quality (due to emissions of VOCs and NO_x during construction and emissions of VOCs, NO_x, CO, and PM₁₀ during long-term operation) and traffic-generated noise. As demonstrated in the accompanying Initial Study/Environmental Assessment form and its associated analyses (refer to Sections 4.0 and 5.0), there are no components of the proposed Project that would result in new or increased impacts to air quality or due to traffic-related noise because the proposed Project would generate substantially less traffic than was assumed for the site by EIR No. 466 (refer to subsection 5.1.18). As such, the proposed Project would not result in any new significant environmental impacts or substantially increase the severity of impacts identified in EIR No. 466 under the issue areas of air quality or noise.
- c) Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no substantial changes in the circumstances under which the Project would be undertaken have occurred. Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project site comprises five parcels of land that have been previously graded for future development and that is surrounded by improved roadways. Land uses surrounding the site includes undeveloped lands and rural residential uses to the west; undeveloped lands that are planned for light industrial uses to the south; and existing and planned light industrial development to the east and north. The Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of traffic generated by uses on the Project site as compared to what was evaluated for the site by EIR No. 466 (refer to Table 5-19); thus, it can be concluded that the Project's impacts to transportation facilities (including local roads and freeways) would be reduced in comparison to the project evaluated by EIR No. 466. As demonstrated in the accompanying Initial Study/Environmental Assessment form and its associated analyses (refer to Sections 4.0 and 5.0), no substantial changes have occurred in the surrounding area that would result in new or more severe impacts to the environment as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed in EIR No. 466.
- d) Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no new information of substantial importance has become available which was not known and could not have been known at the time the EIR No. 466 was prepared. Changes in law have occurred since certification of EIR No. 466 that have resulted in more environmentally-protective rules and regulations (e.g., increased energy efficiency, water conservation, fuel efficiency, etc.) to which the Project would be required to comply. Compliance with modern rules and regulations would result in decreased impacts to the environment as compared to what was assumed, evaluated, and disclosed by EIR No. 466.

- e) The Project's one proposed discretionary action, which includes approval of Plot Plan No. 180029, would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant environmental impacts beyond those disclosed in EIR No. 466.
- f) Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no new mitigation measures or alternatives have been identified that were infeasible at the time EIR No. 466 was certified and that would substantially reduce impacts to air quality or traffic-related noise, which were identified as significant and unavoidable by EIR No. 466.
- g) Subsequent to the certification of EIR No. 466, no new mitigation measures or alternatives that are considerably different from those analyzed in EIR No. 466 have been identified to reduce the significant unavoidable impacts to air quality or traffic-related noise.
- h) Technical reports were prepared for the proposed Project to evaluate its environmental effects. Riverside County has reviewed and accepted these reports as adequate and in compliance with Riverside County's requirements. Copies of these reports are contained within the appendix of this document and are herein incorporated by reference pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15150. These technical reports do not identify any new impacts or substantial increases in impacts to the environment beyond those that were disclosed in EIR No. 466. Specifically, these technical reports concluded as follows:
 - The Mobile Source Health Risk Assessment (*Technical Appendix A*), prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc., and dated April 16, 2020 concludes that the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with localized cancer and noncancer risks than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466;
 - 2. The Biological Technical Report (*Technical Appendix B1*) and Determination of Biological Equivalent or Superior Preservation ("DBESP"; *Technical Appendix B2*) prepared by Glenn Lukos Associates and are dated April 27, 2020 and April 28, 2020, respectively, conclude that the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with biological resources or jurisdictional waters or wetlands than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466;
 - 3. The Geotechnical Reports for Building 20 (Technical Appendix C1) and the Staging Area (Technical Appendix C2), prepared by Kleinfelder and dated December 21, 2018 and March 11, 2020, respectively, as well as the Letter of Geotechnical Study prepared for the detention basin site (included as Technical Appendix C3 and dated November 8, 2018), demonstrate that the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with geology or soils than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466;
 - 4. The Screening Table for Greenhouse Gases (Technical Appendix D), prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc., demonstrates that the proposed Project would be consistent with the Riverside County Climate Action Plan (CAP) and therefore would not result in any new impacts

or more severe impacts associated with greenhouse gas emissions beyond what would have been disclosed by EIR No. 466;

- 5. The Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (*Technical Appendices D1, D2, and D3*), prepared by SCS Engineers and dated October 25, 2018, October 29, 2018, and November 2, 2018 for Building 20, the Staging Area site, and the detention basin site, respectively, demonstrate that the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with hazards and hazardous materials than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466;
- 6. The Preliminary Hydrology Study (*Technical Appendix F1*) and Project Specific Water Quality Management Plan (*Technical Appendix F2*), prepared by PBLA Engineering, Inc. and both dated February 2020, conclude that the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with hydrology and water quality than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466:
- 7. The Noise Impact Analysis (*Technical Appendix G*), prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc. and dated April 16, 2020 concludes that the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with noise than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466;
- 8. The Traffic Impact Analysis (*Technical Appendix H*), prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc. and dated April 6, 2020, concludes that the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with transportation and traffic than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466; and
- 9. The Update to Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey (*Technical Appendix I*), prepared by CRM Tech and dated June 4, 2019, demonstrates that the Project would not result in any new impacts or more severe impacts associated with historical or cultural resources than previously disclosed in EIR No. 466.

Therefore, and based on the findings of the Initial Study/Environmental Assessment (Sections 4.0 and 5.0), the County of Riverside determined that an EIR Addendum shall be prepared for the proposed Project pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15164. The purpose of this Addendum is to evaluate the proposed Project's level of impact on the environment in comparison to the existing condition and the impacts disclosed in EIR No. 466.

1.4.6 EIR Addendum Processing

The Riverside County Planning Department directed and supervised the preparation of this Addendum. Although prepared with assistance of the consulting firm T&B Planning, Inc., the content contained within and the conclusions drawn by this EIR Addendum reflect the sole independent judgment of the County.

This EIR Addendum will be forwarded, along with the previously-certified EIR No. 466, to the Riverside County Planning Department for review of the proposed Project. A public hearing will be held before the

Riverside County Planning Commission. The Planning Commission will consider the proposed Project and the adequacy of this EIR Addendum, at which time public comments will be heard. At the conclusion of the public hearing process, the Planning Commission will take action to approve, conditionally approval, or deny approval of the proposed Project.

The decision of the Planning Commission is considered final and no action by the Board of Supervisors is required unless, within ten (10) days after the date of decision, the Project Applicant or an interested person files an appeal. If an appeal is filed, then the Board of Supervisors would consider the proposed action and the adequacy of this EIR Addendum. In such cases, the Board of Supervisors would conduct a public hearing to evaluate the proposal and would take final action to uphold the Planning Commission's decision and deny the appeal, or to approve the appeal and disapprove the Project.

2.0 Environmental Setting

2.1 PROJECT LOCATION

As shown on Figure 2-1, Regional Location Map, Figure 2-2, Vicinity Map, and Figure 2-3, USGS Topographical Map, the 40.0-acre Project site is located within the Mead Valley Area Plan (MVAP) of unincorporated Riverside County, approximately 0.3 mile west of the City of Perris and approximately 1.0 mile southwest of Moreno Valley. Specifically, the Project site is located west of and adjacent to Harvill Avenue, north of and adjacent to Markham Street, and south of and adjacent to Old Oleander Avenue. The subject property encompasses Assessor's Parcel Numbers (APNs) 314-040-004, 314-051-015, 314-260-010, 314-260-011, and 314-260-012. The property is located in Sections 1 and 2, Township 4 South, Range 4 West, San Bernardino Baseline and Meridian.

2.2 EXISTING SITE AND AREA CHARACTERISTICS

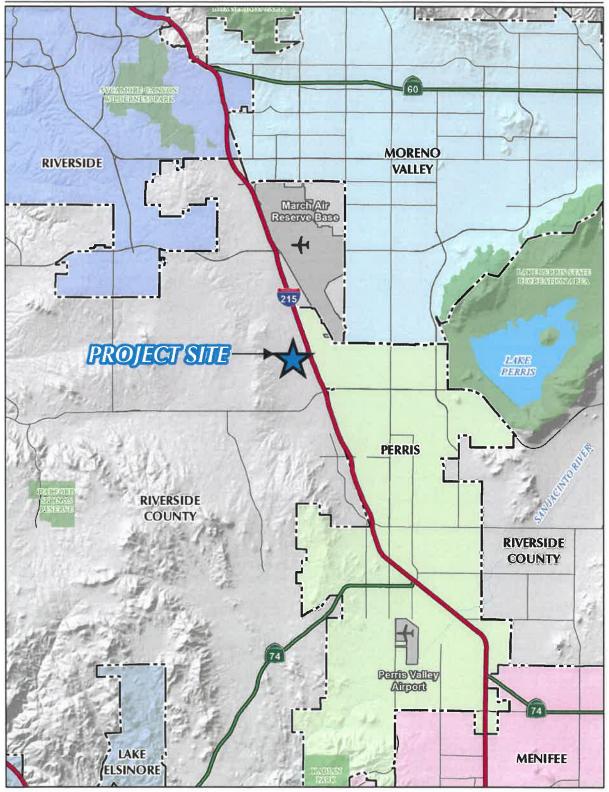
2.2.1 Existing Site Conditions

As shown on Figure 2-4, Aerial Photograph, under existing conditions the 40.0-acre site is undeveloped and has been fully disturbed as part of grading activities that occurred in the early 1990s as part of "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8). The majority of the property consists of disturbed vegetation that is routinely disced for fire abatement purposes. Several existing informal dirt trails traverse the Project site.

2.2.2 General Plan and Zoning

As shown on Figure 2-5, MVAP Land Use Plan, the 40.0-acre property is designated by the Riverside County General Plan and MVAP for "Light Industrial (LI)" and "Manufacturing, Service Commercial (M-SC)" land uses, which allows for Industrial and related uses including warehousing/distribution, assembly and light manufacturing, repair facilities, and supporting retail uses (Riverside County, 2018, p. 11 and Figure 3). In addition, and as previously shown on Figure 1-1, the Project site is located within the MFBCSP and encompasses a majority of Planning Area 6 and a portion of Planning Area 5, which are designated for "Light Industrial" and "Manufacturing, Service Commercial" land uses. The Light Industrial designation of the MFBCSP is intended to provide for light manufacturing and warehouse/distribution uses that provide employment opportunities for area residents. (Webb, 2005, pp. III-4 and III-5)

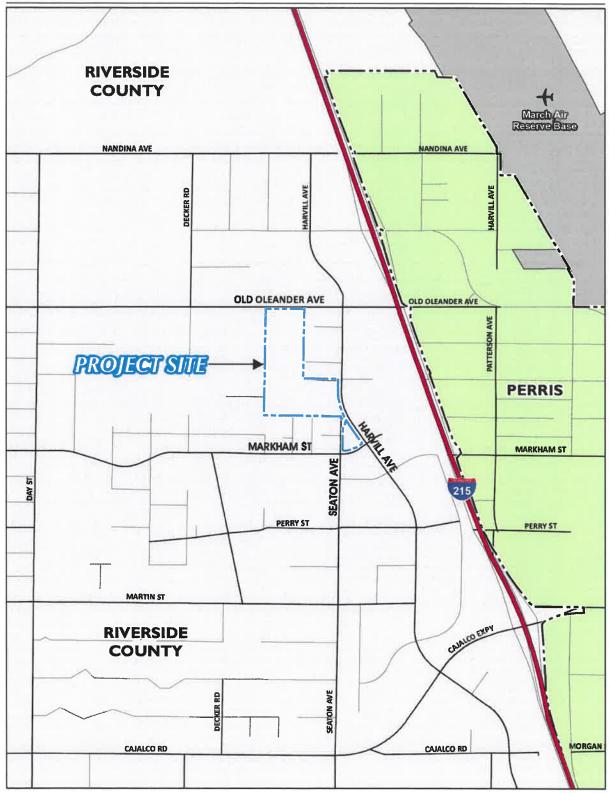
As shown on Figure 2-6, Existing Zoning Designations, the Riverside County Zoning Code assigns two separate zoning designations on the property. The southwest corner of the Building 20 site, the western and southern 200 feet of the Staging Area site, and the western 200 feet of the detention basin site are zoned for "I-P (Industrial Park)" land uses, which allows for planned industrial areas with approval of a plot plan, requiring special attention to circulation, parking, utility needs, aesthetics, and compatibility. The remaining portions of the property are zoned for "M-SC (Manufacturing – Service Commercial)" which allows for most light manufacturing and industrial uses defined under the Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) with Plot Plan approval, including food, textile, metal, lumber and wood, leather,



Source(s): ESRI, RCTLMA (2019) Figure 2-1



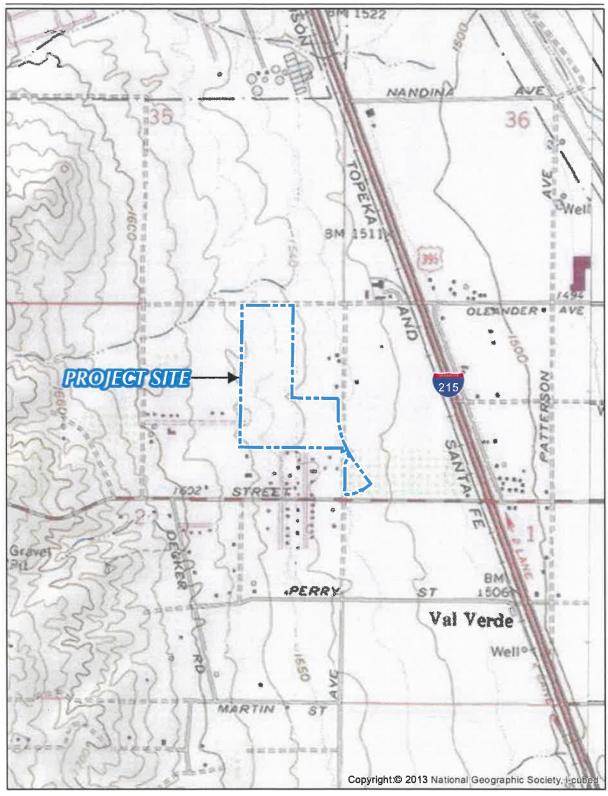
Regional Location Map



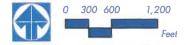
Source(s): ESRI, RCTLMA (2019)

Figure 2-2





Source(s): USGS (2013) Figure 2-3

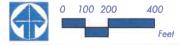


USGS Topographical Map

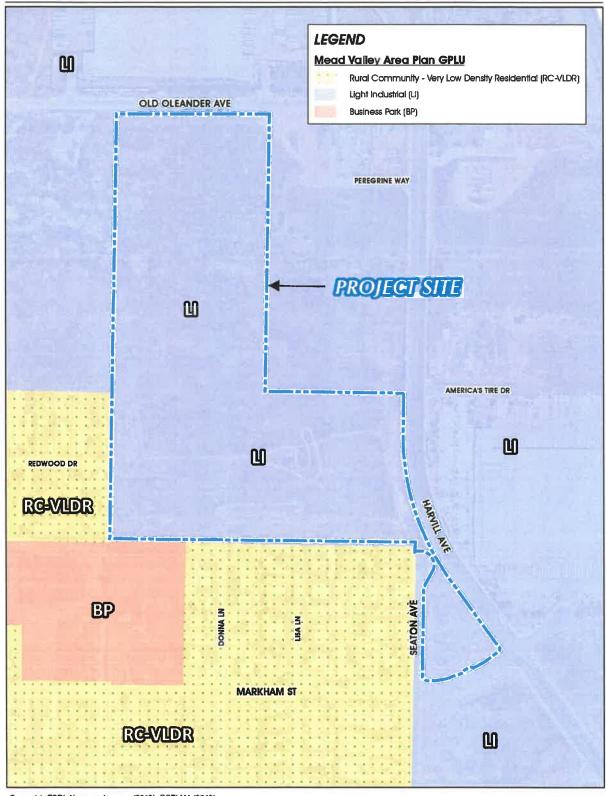


Source(s): ESRI, Nearmap Imagery (2019), RCTLMA (2019)

Figure 2-4

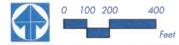


Aerial Photograph

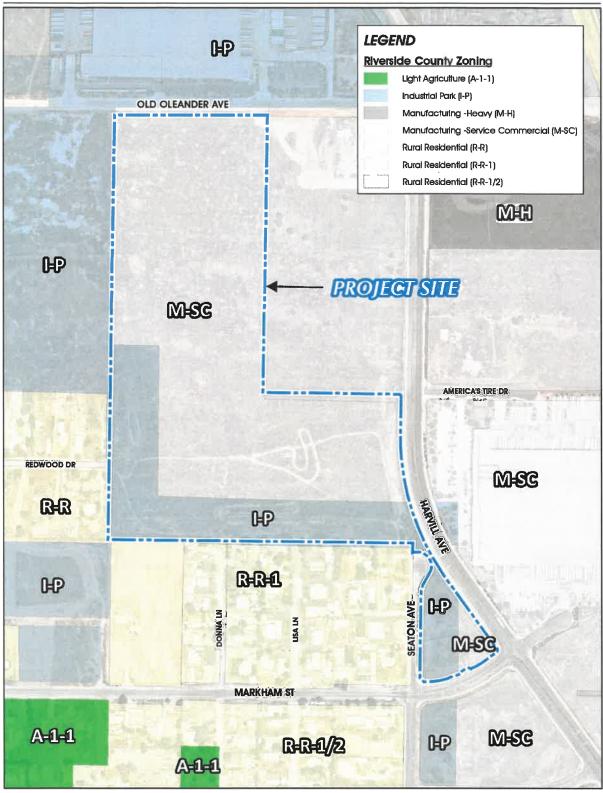


Source(s): ESRI, Nearmap Imagery (2019), RCTLMA (2019)

Figure 2-5

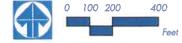


MVAP Land Use Plan



Source(s): ESRI, Nearmap Imagery (2019), RCTLMA (2019)

Figure 2-6



Existing Zoning Designations

chemical products, machinery, electrical equipment, services to selected commercial uses, and caretakers' residence. (Riverside County, 2016)

2.2.3 Surrounding Land Uses and Development

Figure 2-7, Surrounding Land Uses and Development, depicts the existing land uses and development in the vicinity of the Project site. To the west of the Building 20 site are disturbed and undeveloped lands, while lands west of the Staging Area and the detention basin consist of rural residential development. Lands to the north of the Project site include existing light industrial buildings and disturbed and undeveloped lands. To the east of the Project site are vacant and undeveloped lands and an existing light industrial building. Land to the south of the Building 20 site and Off-Site Staging Area includes rural residential land uses, while lands south of the detention basin site consist of disturbed and undeveloped lands that are planned for light industrial uses.

2.3 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS

2.3.1 Topography

The topography of the Project site is relatively flat with elevations on-site ranging from approximately 1,564 feet above mean sea level (amsl) in the western portion of the Building 20 site to 1,522 feet amsl at the southeastern boundary of the detention basin site. Overall topographic relief is approximately 42 feet.

2.3.2 Geology

No active or inactive fault traces are known to traverse the site and no evidence of on-site faulting was observed during the investigation conducted for the Project site. The site is not located within a currently-designated Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone or County of Riverside Fault Zone. The closest zoned fault to the site is the San Jacinto fault zone located approximately 10 miles northeast of the site. (Kleinfelder, 2020, p. 7) Similar to other properties throughout southern California, the Project site is located within a seismically active region and is subject to ground shaking during seismic events.

A field exploration was conducted for the Project site, and the results determined that the site subsurface materials consist of older alluvium ranging in thickness from approximately 0 to 14 feet below ground surface (bgs), with bedrock occurring at a depth of between 5 to 14 feet bgs. (Kleinfelder, 2020, pp. 5-6)

2.3.3 Hydrology

Figure 2-8, Existing Conditions Hydrology, depicts the site's existing hydrology. As shown, under existing conditions runoff from off-site areas tributary to the Building 20 and Staging Area site enters the site from the west. These flows along with runoff generated on the Project site are conveyed northly and easterly to existing basic off-site drainages ditches that run parallel to Harvill Avenue and Old Oleander Avenue. The detention basin site is not tributary to off-site flows under existing conditions, and any runoff that does not infiltrate on site is conveyed via sheet flow to existing drainage facilities within Markham Street

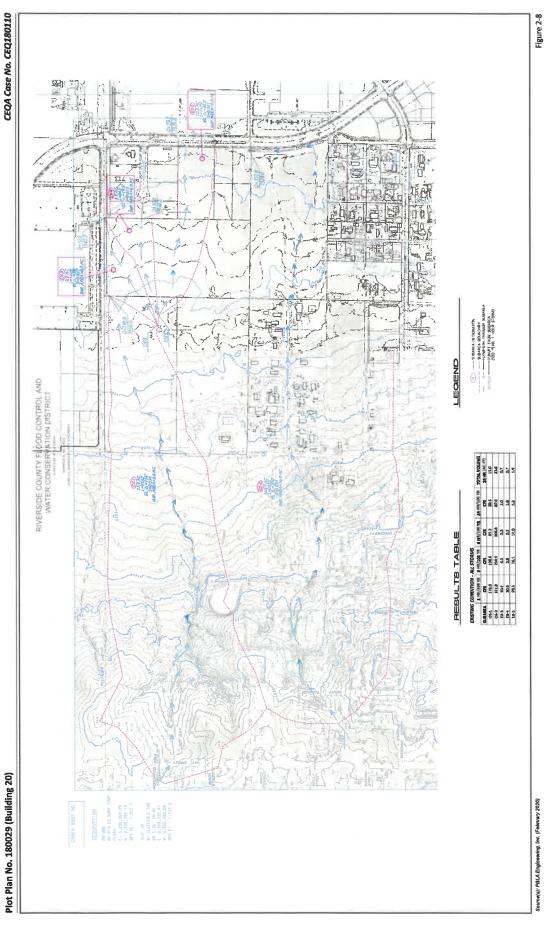


Source(s): ESRI, Nearmap Imagery (2019), RCTLMA (2019)

Figure 2-7



Surrounding Land Uses and Development



Existing Conditions Hydrology

and Harvill Avenue. Peak runoff from the Project site under existing conditions is approximately 135.6 cfs during 24-hour, 100-year storm events. (PBLA, 2020a, p. 4)

2.3.4 Groundwater

The Project site is located within the Perris North Groundwater Management Zone of the West San Jacinto Groundwater Management Area (GMA). Groundwater was encountered on site at approximately 21 feet bgs. There are no groundwater wells located on the Project site under existing conditions. (Kleinfelder, 2020, p. 6)

2.3.5 Soils

Table 2-1, Summary of Project Area Soils, provides a summary of the soil types present on the Project site. As shown, approximately 30.5% of the site has a slow rate of runoff and slight susceptibility to erosion. Approximately 13.0% of the site has a slow to medium rate of runoff and a slight to moderate susceptibility to erosion. The remaining 56.5% of the Project site contains soils with a medium rate of runoff with medium susceptibility to erosion and a moderate susceptibility to erosion. There are no portions of the Project site that contain soils with a high erosion susceptibility or rate of runoff. (USDA, 1971)

Table 2-1 Summary of Project Area Soils

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Rate of Runoff	Erosion Susceptibility	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
AnC	Arlington fine sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	Medium	Moderate	13.9	34.9%
AoC	Arlington fine sandy loam, deep, 2 to 8 percent slopes	Medium	Moderate	8.4	20.9%
FcD2	Fallbrook rocky sandy loam, shallow, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	Medium	Moderate	0.3	0.7%
FfC2	Fallbrook fine sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	Slow	Slight	9.6	23.9%
GyC2	Greenfield sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	Slow to Medium	Slight to Moderate	1.10	2.5%
HcC	Hanford coarse sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	Slow to Medium	Slight to Moderate	4.2	10.5%
MmB	Moderate sandy loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	Slow	Slight	2.1	5.2%
VsC	Vista coarse sandy loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	Slow	Slight	0.6	1.4%
Totals for Area of Interest:					100.0%

AOI = Area of Interest (i.e., Project site).

Note: Totals reflect rounding.

(NRCS, n.d.; USDA, 1971, pp. 14, 33, 38-40, and 65)

2.3.6 Vegetation

As shown in Table 2-2, Summary of Vegetation/Land Use Types, and as depicted on Figure 2-9, Existing Vegetation, under existing conditions the 40.0-acre Project site contains five distinct vegetation types as mapped by the Project biologist (Glenn Lukos Associates), including developed, disturbed, disturbed/nonnative grassland, disturbed/ruderal, and ornamental. Each is described below. (GLA, 2020a, pp. 24-25)

Vegetation Type	Project site	Offsite	Study Area Totals (Acres)
Developed	0.03	0.13	0.16
Disturbed	1.98	0.69	2.67
Disturbed/Non-Native Grassland	35.36	0.86	36.22
Disturbed/Ruderal	2.60	0.25	2.85
Ornamental	0.01	0	0.01
Total	39.98	1.93	41.91

Table 2-2 Summary of Vegetation/Land Use Types

(GLA, 2020a, Table 4-1)

- **Developed**. As shown on Figure 2-9, the Project site supports a total of 0.03 acre of developed land. This area is located along the southeastern portion of the Project site and consist of rip-rap associated with an onsite earthen drainage feature. The off-site impact areas contain 0.13 acre of developed land. (GLA, 2020a, p. 24)
- **Disturbed**. As shown on Figure 2-9, the Project site supports a total of 0.03 acre of developed land. This area is located along the southeastern portion of the Project site and consist of rip-rap associated with an onsite earthen drainage feature. The off-site impact areas area contains 0.13 acre of developed land. (GLA, 2020a, p. 24)
- Disturbed/Non-Native Grassland. As shown on Figure 2-9, the Project site supports 35.36 acres of disturbed/non-native grassland. The entire Project site has been disturbed in the past from ground disturbance activities including mowing or disking for decades and with the entire site having been cleared of vegetation in 1967, based on a review of online historical aerials. Currently disced areas that recently supported this habitat are included in the acreage. Dominant plant species observed include London rocket (Sisymbrium irio), short-pod mustard (Hirschfeldia incana), ripgut grass (Bromus diandrus), red brome (Bromus madritensis ssp. rubens), and redstem filaree (Erodium cicutarium). Other species detected include stinknet (Oncosiphon piluliferum), Russian thistle (Salsola tragus), and common sandaster (Corethrogyne filaginifolia). Within this area includes a small cluster of rock outcrops near the western Study Area boundary and scattered boulders and rocks throughout the western half of the Study Area. The off-site Impact areas contain 0.86 acre of disturbed/nonnative grassland. (GLA, 2020a, pp. 24-25)

Disturbed/Non-Native Grassland

Disturbed/Ruderal

Developed Disturbed

Limits of Disturbance

Ornamental

Figure 2-9

T&B Planning, Inc.

Existing Vegetation Page 2-13

- Disturbed/Ruderal. As shown on Figure 2-9, the Project site supports 2.60 acres of disturbed/ruderal lands [Exhibit 5 Vegetation Map]. Dominant plant species observed included Russian thistle and short-pod mustard. Other plant species include telegraph weed (Heterotheca grandiflora), tumbling pigweed (Amaranthus albus), redstem filaree, stinknet, and several individuals of California buckwheat (Eriogonum fasciculatum) and brittlebush (Encelia farinosa). The Offsite Impacts area contains 0.25 acre of disturbed/ruderal land. (GLA, 2020a, p. 25)
- Ornamental. As shown on Figure 2-9, the Project site supports 0.01 acre of ornamental vegetation including Mexican palo verde (*Parkinsonia aculeata*). This area also supports Russian thistle and stinknet. (GLA, 2020a, p. 25)

2.3.7 Wildlife

One special-status animal, the San Diego black-tailed jackrabbit (*Lepus californicus bennettii*), was detected in the study area, and several special-status reptile, bird and mammal species have a low potential to occur. Table 4-3 of the Project's Biological Technical Report ("BTR"; *Technical Appendix B1*) provides a list of special-status animals evaluated for the Study Area through general biological surveys, habitat assessments, and focused surveys. Species were evaluated based on the following factors, including: 1) species identified by the CNDDB as occurring (either currently or historically) on or in the vicinity of the Study Area, and 2) any other special-status animals that are known to occur within the vicinity of the Study Area, for which potentially suitable habitat occurs on the site. (GLA, 2020a, p. 32)

3.0 Project Description

The proposed Project consists of an application for a Plot Plan (PP No. 180029), and is described in this subsection. Copies of the entitlement application materials for the proposed Project are herein incorporated by reference pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15150 and are available for review at the County of Riverside Planning Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501. A detailed description of the proposed Project is provided in the following subsections. It should be noted that the Project design features described in the following subsections would be fully enforceable by the County as part of its review of implementing ministerial applications.

3.1 Proposed Discretionary Approvals

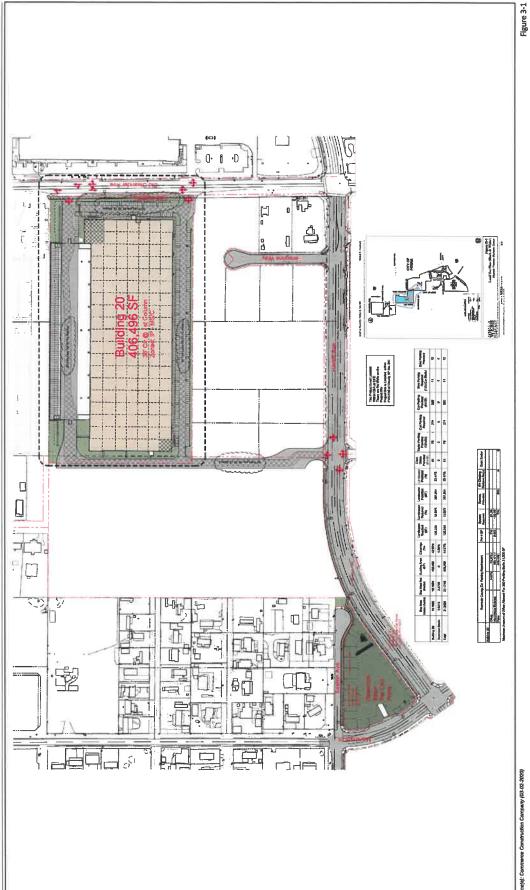
3.1.1 Plot Plan No. 180029

A plot plan is required prior to development of any permitted use pursuant to the requirements of the site's underlying zoning designations of I-P and M-SC (refer to subsection 2.2.2). Accordingly, Plot Plan No. 180029 (PP No. 180029) is proposed to allow for development of the site with Building 20 and a detention basin. Building 20 would consist of up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses.

A. Ste Planning and Building Configuration

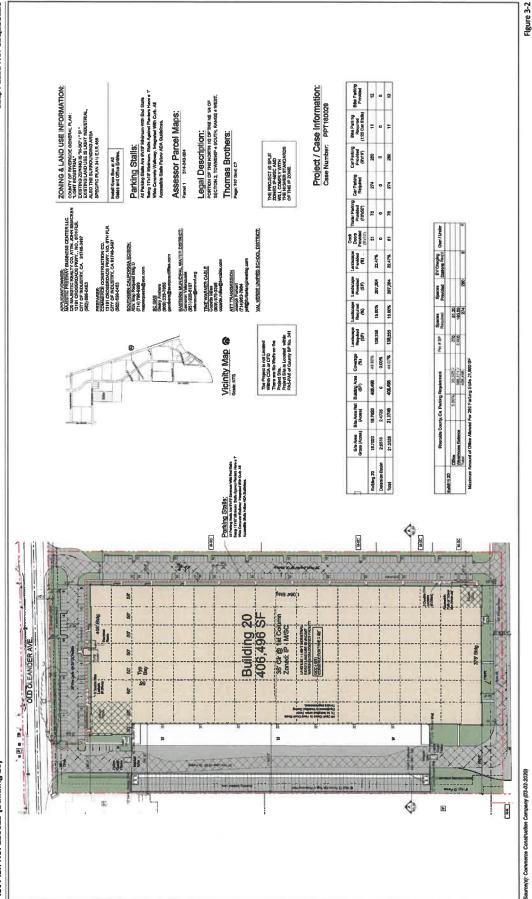
Figure 3-1, *Plot Plan No. 180029 Master Site* Plan, depicts the overall site plan proposed as part of the Project, while Figure 3-2, *Plot Plan No. 180029 Building 20 Site Plan*, depicts the site plan for the Building 20 site. As shown, the Project proposes to develop the 40.0-acre site with one high-cube transload short-term warehouse building (herein, "Building 20") and a detention basin/bio-retention basin. Specifically, Building 20 would be constructed on an 18.2-acres site located west of Harvill Avenue, south of and abutting Old Oleander Avenue, and north of Redwood Drive. In addition, a detention basin is proposed on an approximately 2.5-acre site located west of Harvill Avenue, east of Seaton Avenue, and north of Markham Street, which would provide water quality treatment and detention for runoff from the Building 20 site. Additionally, a 19.3-acre parcel located between the Building 20 site and the detention basin site (herein, "Staging Area") is proposed to be used as a borrow site for grading operations, stockpiling of earthwork material, and as a staging area for construction equipment during the construction of Building 20. No buildings or other improvements are proposed on the Staging Area site, with exception of a proposed driveway providing access between Harvill Avenue and the Building 20 site and utility improvements (as described below).

As shown on Figure 3-2, Building 20 would contain approximately 406,496 s.f. of building area; however, for purposes of analysis herein, it is assumed Building 20 would comprise up to 426,821 s.f. of building area in order to account for any minor changes to the building area as part of final design. A total of 51 dock doors are proposed along the western side of Building 20. Additionally, a total of 76 trailer parking spaces are proposed to the west of Building 20 within the truck docking area. A total of 280 parking spaces for passenger vehicles are also accommodated on the Building 20 site, with parking spaces





Plot Plan No. 180029 Master Site Plan



Source(s): Commerce Construction Company (03-02-2020)



Plot Plan No. 180029 Building 20 Site Plan

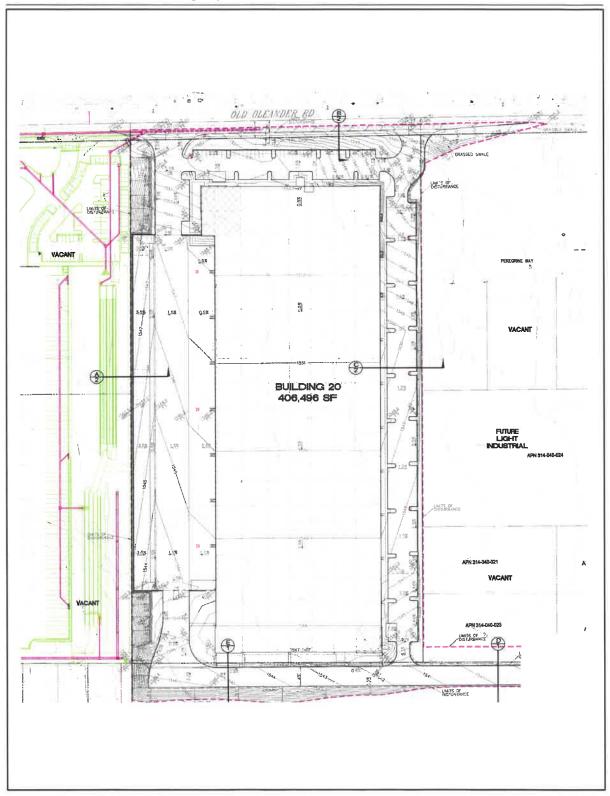
occurring primarily along the north and east sides of Building 20, along with 30-foot fire access. Vehicular access to Building 20 would occur from two driveways along Old Oleander Avenue, with secondary access accommodated by a driveway extending from the Building 20 site and Harvill Avenue, in the northern portion of the Staging Area site.

An approximately 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin is proposed west of Harvill Avenue, north of Markham Street, and east of Seaton Avenue. The detention basin/bio-retention basin primarily is proposed for detention/water quality purposes for the Building 20 site, but also would accommodate recreational uses including picnic tables along Seaton Avenue and an informal open play area. A turn-out for food trucks also is accommodated along Markham Street adjacent to the southern portion of the detention basin. The detention basin would extend to depths ranging from 1,517 feet amsl to 1,536 feet amsl, and would include 4:1 (horizontal:vertical) slopes along the perimeter. Flows from the detention basin would be conveyed southerly into an existing storm drain facility located within Markham Street following detention and water quality treatment.

B. Grading and Site Work

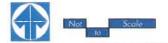
Figure 3-3, Figure 3-4, and Figure 3-5 depict the proposed grading plans for the Building 20, the detention basin, and the Staging Area sites, respectively. As shown, the Project site would be graded in a manner that largely approximates the site's existing topographic conditions. Table 3-1, Building 20 and Staging Area Sites – Estimated Earthwork Quantities, and Table 3-2, Detention Basin/Bio-Retention Basin Site – Estimated Earthwork Quantities, show the estimated earthwork quantities. As shown, grading of the Building 20 and Staging Area sites would require a total of 184,568 cubic yards (cy) of cut and 86,669 cy of fill, resulting in a total export of approximately 97,899 cy. Grading of the 2.5-acre detention basin/bioretention basin site would require 19,060 cy of cut and 1,677 cy of fill, resulting in a total export of 17,383 cy. In total, the Project would require 203,628 cy of cut and 88,346 cy of fill, resulting in a total export of 115,282 cy. It is expected that earthwork material exported from the site primarily would be sent to a property located east of Harvill Avenue, north of Perry Street, and south of Commerce Center Drive, which is approved for development with a 373,368 s.f. high-cube transload short-term warehouse building pursuant to Plot Plan No. 180034 (herein, "Building 11"). The remainder of the materials would be exported to a property located at the northeast corner of Oleander Avenue and Decker Road, which is currently being entitled for development with 108,872 s.f. of warehouse uses pursuant to Plot Plan No. 180033 (herein, "Buildings 21 and 22"). The Building 11 site is located approximately 730 feet southeast of the detention basin site, while the site proposed for Buildings 21 and 22 is located approximately 296 feet northwest of the Project site.

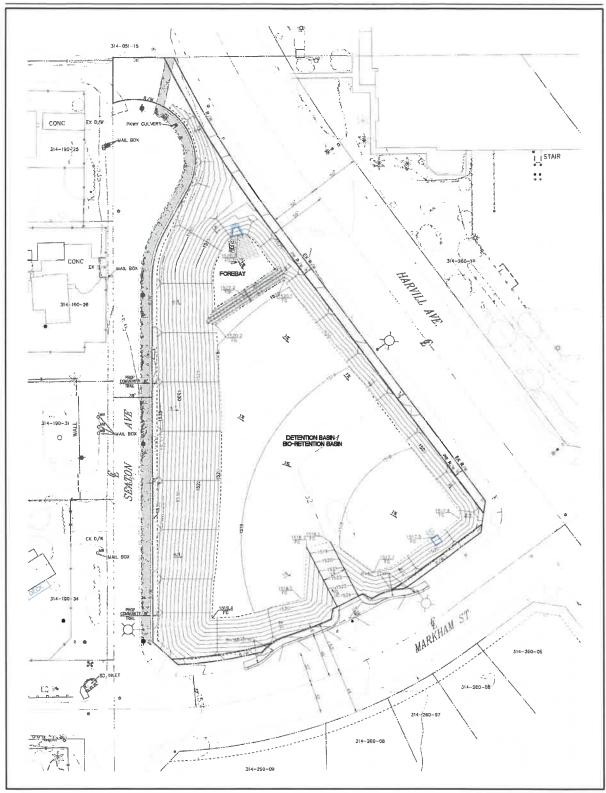
Manufactured slopes and retaining walls are proposed to facilitate site grading. To the west of Building 20 and within the western portion of the proposed truck trailer parking area, retaining walls up to 17.5 feet are proposed, above which would be 2:1 manufactured slopes. To the north and south of the truck trailer parking area and along the western boundary of the Building 20 site would be 2:1 manufactured slopes measuring up to 14 feet in height. Several smaller 2:1 manufactured slopes are proposed along the eastern boundary of the Building 20 site. Within the northern portion of the Staging Area site, 3:1 manufactured slopes are proposed at a maximum height of 12 feet. 3:1 manufactured slopes also are



Source(s): PBLA Engineering, Inc. (03-05-2020)

Figure 3-3





Source(s): PBLA Engineering, Inc. (03-04-2020)

Figure 3-4



Conceptual Grading Plan – Detention Basin Site

Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)



Figure 3-5

DESCRIPTION CUT FILL **RAW** 101,550 11,291 3' BLD OX 46,831 46,831 2' PKG OX 20,668 20,668 4"/4.5"HD PAV 4,688 3"/4" LD PAV 2,168 6" BLG SLAB 7,528 **6.5" APRON** 1,136 SHRINK 7,879 TOTAL 184,568 86,669 EXPORT = 97,899

Table 3-1 Building 20 and Staging Area Sites – Estimated Earthwork Quantities

Table 3-2 Detention Basin/Bio-Retention Basin Site – Estimated Earthwork Quantities

		CUT	FILL
RAW	NUMBER	19,060 CY	1,677 CY
	EXPORT	17,383 CY	

proposed along the north and south of the driveway entrance from Harvill Avenue. It should be noted that while grading depicted on Figure 3-5 is limited to the grading needed to accommodate the proposed access road from Harvill Avenue, for purposes of analysis herein it is assumed that a majority of the Staging Area site would be disturbed as part of stockpile, borrow site, and staging area activities during the construction of Building 20.

Additionally, the 2.5-acre detention basin/bio-retention basin is proposed with 4:1 slopes around the perimeter of the basin. The detention basin/bio-retention basin would extend to depths ranging from 1,517 feet amsl to 1,536 feet amsl. The detention basin would receive runoff from the Building 20 site and would convey flows in a generally northwest to southeast direction to the proposed inlet located at the southeast corner of the basin. Following detention and water quality treatment, flows would be conveyed into existing drainage facilities within Markham Street.

C. Circulation

Access to the Building 20 site primarily would be from two driveways along Old Oleander Road to the north, with secondary access provided by two driveways extending from an access road that would provide a connection between the Building 20 site and Harvill Avenue. The eastern driveway along Old Oleander Avenue would serve passenger vehicles only, while the western driveway along Old Oleander Road would provide access for both passenger vehicles and trucks. Along the proposed access road to Harvill Avenue, the western driveway would serve only truck traffic, while the eastern driveway would serve only passenger vehicle traffic.

As part of the Project, Old Oleander would be improved along the Building 20 site frontage to provide for an additional 28 feet of drive aisles and an 11-foot wide landscaped parkway with a six-foot wide curbadjacent sidewalk. No right-of-way (ROW) dedications are required or proposed along Old Oleander Avenue. Although no development is proposed on the Staging Area site (aside from the access road and utility improvements), as part of the Project the Project Applicant would dedicate 9 feet of ROW along the Staging Area site's frontage with Harvill Avenue. While most improvements are currently in place, the Project Applicant would construct an 8-foot wide community trail along the Staging Area site's frontage with Harvill Avenue.

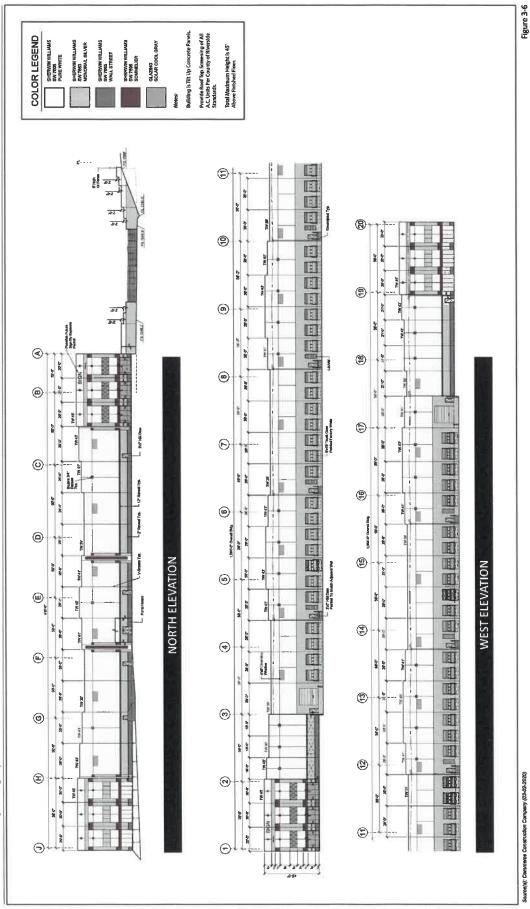
Additionally, the Project Applicant would dedicate an additional 9 feet of ROW along the detention basin site's frontage with Harvill Road, although no improvements to this portion of Harvill Road are proposed as roadway, curb, gutter, and sidewalks already are in place. Similarly, no improvements are proposed or required along the detention site's frontage with Markham Street as this segment is fully improved; however, the Project would accommodate a proposed truck turnout along Markham Street to serve as a parking area for food service trucks. Along the detention basin's frontage with Seaton Avenue, no additional ROW would be dedicated, although the Project Applicant would construct an 8-foot wide community trail that would connect to the 8-foot wide community trail along Harvill Avenue north of the detention basin site. Benches also are proposed along the detention basin site's frontage with Seaton Avenue.

D. Architectural Design

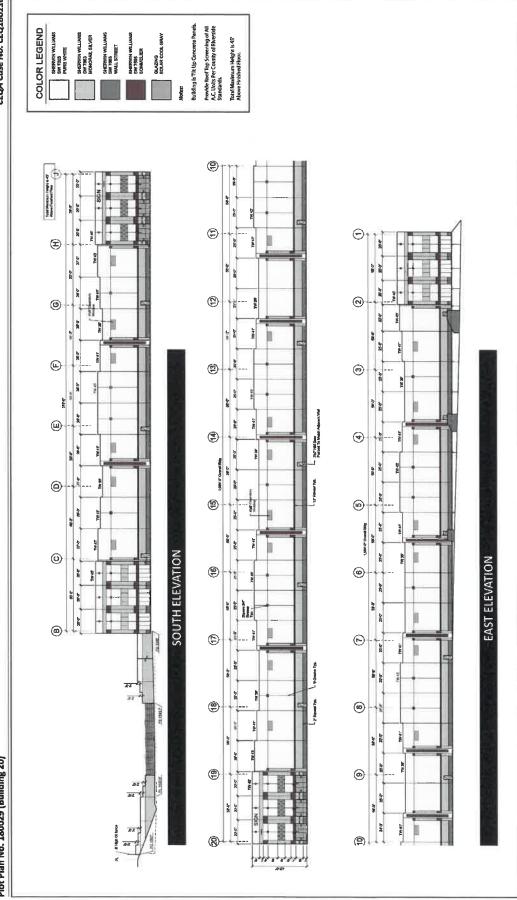
Proposed building elevations for Building 20 are depicted on Figure 3-6 and Figure 3-7. As shown on Figure 3-6 and Figure 3-7, Building 20 would have a variable roof line that measures between 39 feet in height to as tall as 45 feet in height at the northwest and southeast corners of the building, as measured from proposed grade. The northwest and southeast corners of the building would contain glazing (glass) elements with signage proposed above the main entrances into the building. The Building's western frontage would accommodate a total of 51 dock doors, which would be painted white. The truck docking areas would be set approximately 3.5 feet below the proposed grade to facilitate loading and unloading of trucks via the docking doors. Additionally, two roll up doors, which would be painted white to match the docking doors, are proposed on the north and south ends of the docking doors. Three-foot by seven-foot tall doors are proposed between the docking doors. Building 20 would be painted with a color palette of white, greys, and light grey, with burgundy accent colors particularly at the northwest and southeast corners of the building.

E. Landscaping

Figure 3-8, *Preliminary Landscape Plan — Building 20 Site*, depicts the Project's proposed landscape plan for the Building 20 site, while Figure 3-9, *Preliminary Landscape Plan — Detention Basin Site*, depicts the proposed landscape plan for the detention basin and the Staging Area site's frontage with Harvill Avenue. As shown on Figure 3-8, landscaping within the Building 20 site would consist of a combination of trees, shrubs, and groundcover. The Building 20 site's frontage with Old Oleander Avenue would be planted



Building 20, North and West Elevations

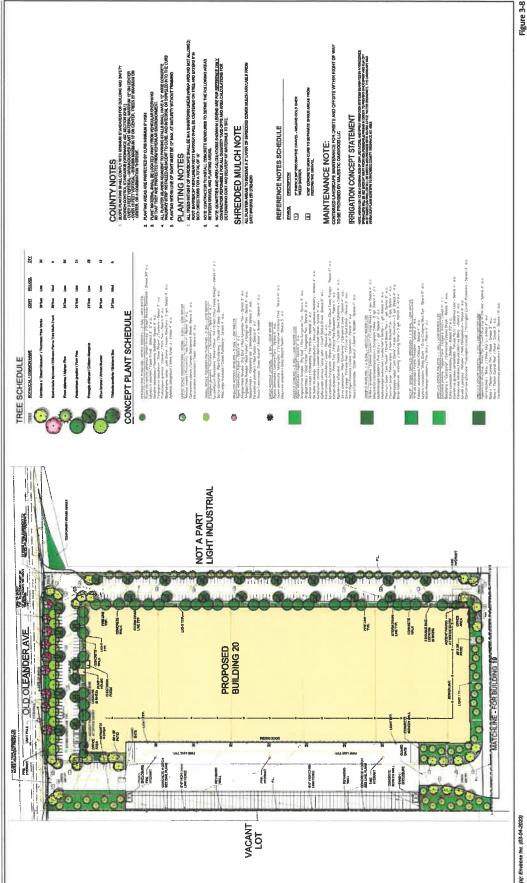


Page 3-11 **Building 20, South and East Elevations**

Figure 3-7

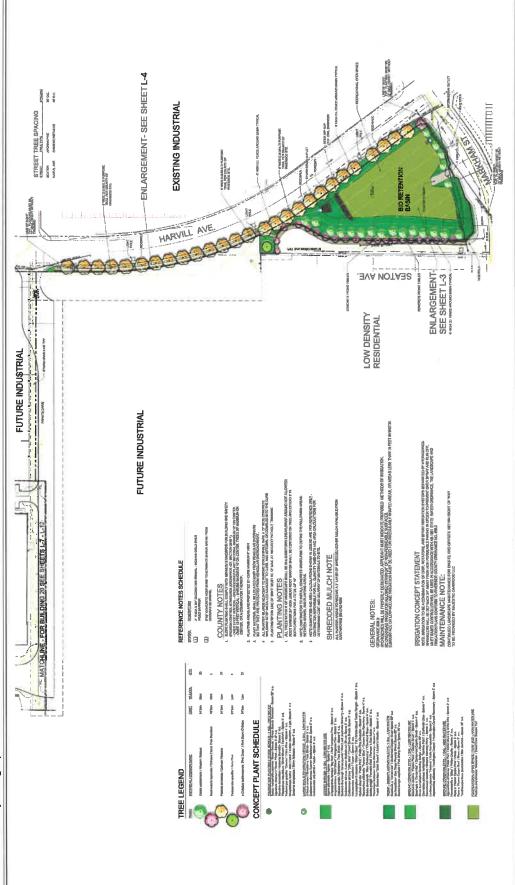
Source(s): Commerce Construction Company (03-02-2020)

18B Planning, Inc.



Source(s): Environs Inc. (03-04-2020)





Source(s): Environs Inc. (03-04-2020)



Figure 3-9

with Chinese flame tree (*Koelreuteria bipinnata*), African sumac (*Rhus lancea*), accent shrubs, and ground cover. Entrances to the Building 20 site from Old Oleander Avenue would be highlighted with thornless Palos Verde (*Cercidium* x 'Desert Museum'). The proposed access road to Harvill Avenue would be landscaped with Afghan pine trees (*Pinus eldarica*), while the southern driveways at the Building 20 site would be highlighted with thornless Palo Verde, Brisbane box trees (*Tristania conferta*), decorative shrubs, and groundcover. Parking areas within the Building 20 site would be landscaped with Chilean mesquite (*Prosopis chilensis*), shrubs, and ground cover, with Afghan pine trees along the western and eastern site boundaries. Fern pine trees (*Podocarpus gracilior*) are proposed around the proposed building, with thornless Palo Verde provided at the corners of the building.

As shown on Figure 3-9, the Project's frontage with Harvill Avenue adjacent to the detention basin and Staging Area sites would be planted with Chinese pistache trees and groundcover. Seaton Avenue would be planted with pink dawn chitalpa (*Chitalpa tashkentensis* 'Pink Dawn') and groundcover, with concrete picnic tables provided in the parkway. An African sumac tree would be planted adjacent to the proposed community trail connection between Seaton Avenue and Harvill Avenue. Within the detention basin, the western and southern portions of the basin would be planted with western redbud (*Cercus occidentalis*), while the slopes and the bottom of the basin would be planted with drought-resistant groundcover.

F. Walls and Fencing

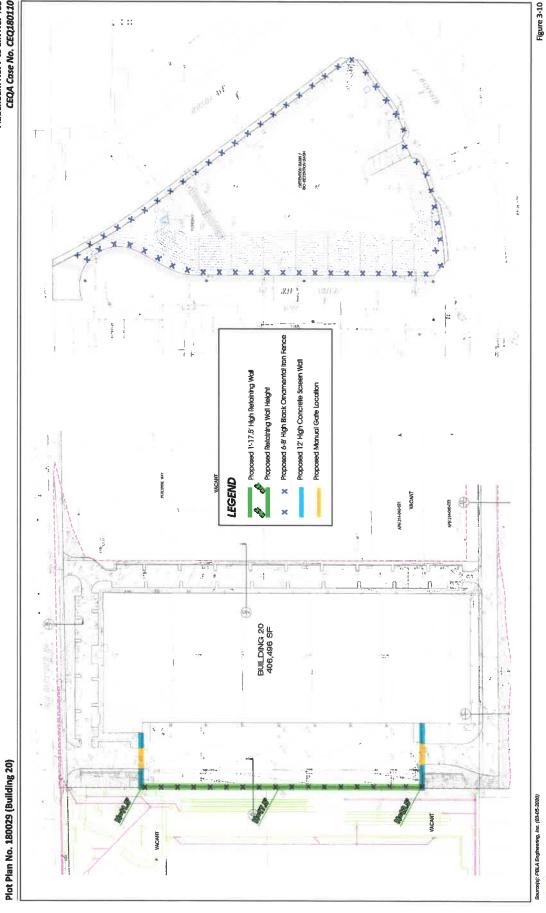
As shown on Figure 3-10, *Proposed Walls and Fencing*, screening walls and fencing are proposed for aesthetic and security purposes, while retaining walls are proposed to facilitate site grading. The truck court to the west of Building 20 would be screened by 12-foot tall concrete screen walls and a manual gate. In the western portion of the Building 20 truck court, retaining walls up to 17.5 feet are proposed, above which would be an eight-foot tall Ornamental Iron (O.I.) fence. Six-foot tall O.I. fencing also is proposed around the detention basin.

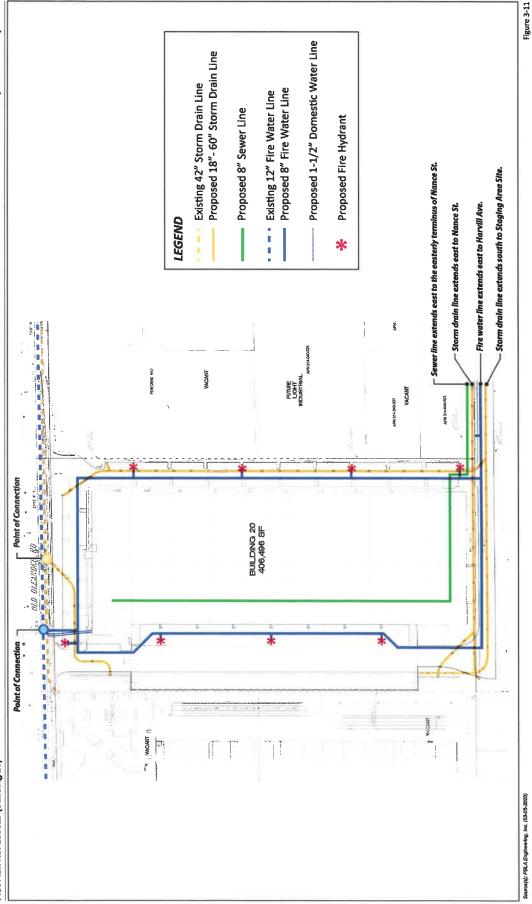
G. Water, Sewer, and Drainage

Proposed water, sewer, and drainage improvements proposed by the Project for Building 20, the Staging Area site, and the and detention basin site are depicted on Figure 3-11, Figure 3-12, and Figure 3-13, respectively. A description of the utility plan is provided below.

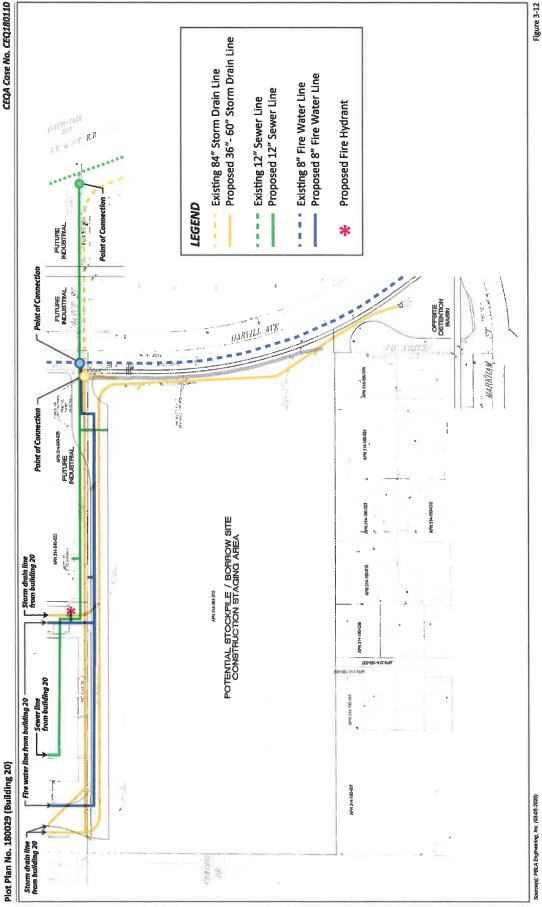
Water Service

Potable water service to the Project site would be provided by Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD), while reclaimed water is not available in the area. As shown on Figure 3-11, water service for Building 20 would be provided from an existing 12-inch water line within Old Oleander Road. In addition, 8-inch fire water mains would be constructed on site surrounding Building 20 to provide adequate water for fire protection purposes, and would be supplied via a connection to an existing 24-inch water main within the proposed access road between the Building 20 site and Harvill Avenue.



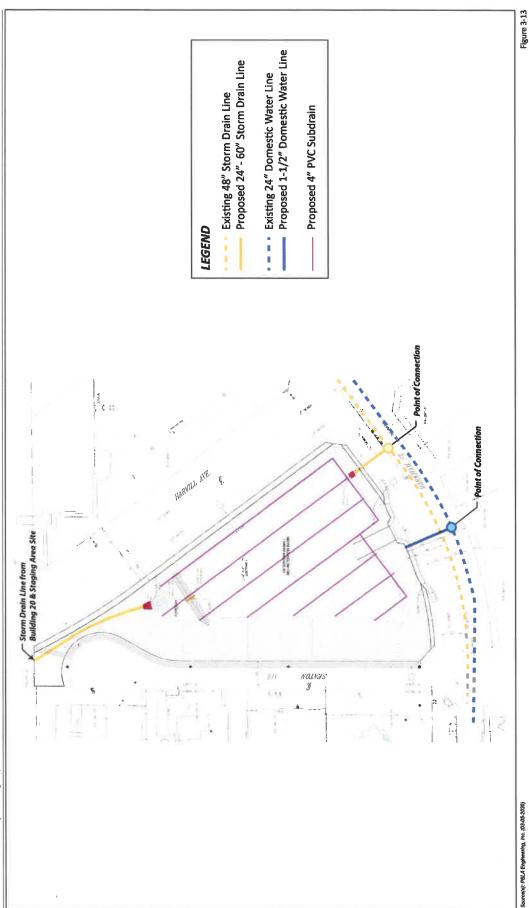


Conceptual Utility Plan - Building 20 Site



T&B Plenning, Inc.

Conceptual Utility Plan - Staging Area Site



Page 3-18 Conceptual Utility Plan - Detention Basin Site

Sewer Service

Sewer service to the Project site also would be provided by the EMWD. As shown on Figure 3-11 and Figure 3-12, the Project proposes to construct 8-inch sewer lines extending from the northern portion of Building 20, which would extend south and then east within the proposed access road between the Building 20 site and Harvill Avenue. A 12-inch public sewer would be constructed east from the Project site across Harvill Avenue and easterly within Nance Street to an existing 12-inch sewer line located near the existing railroad tracks and I-215. Flows from the Project site ultimately would be conveyed to the EMWD's Perris Valley Water Reclamation Facility (PVRWRF), located approximately 8.4-miles southeast of the Project site.

Drainage

The Project's drainage system has been designed to convey off-site flows tributary to the site, while diverting runoff from the developed portions of the Building 20 site to the proposed detention basin. Off-site flows tributary to the northwest corner of the Building 20 site would be conveyed via a proposed on-site 24-inch storm drain to an existing 42-inch storm drain within Old Oleander Avenue. An 18-inch storm drain is proposed in the northeast corner of the Building 20 site, which would convey flows in the northeastern corner of the site to a proposed temporary grass swale that would be located off-site and adjacent to Old Oleander Avenue. A 36-inch storm drain is proposed in the southwest corner of the Building 20 site to collect runoff from off-site areas, which would be conveyed within the proposed access roadway via a proposed 60-inch storm drain to an existing 84-inch east-west oriented storm drain within Harvill Avenue via the proposed access roadway.

With respect to runoff generated on the Building 20 site, a 36-inch storm drain is proposed in the southwest portions of the Building 20 site, and would collect runoff from within the western portions of the Building 20 site. A 24-inch storm drain also is proposed to the east of Building 20. These on-site flows would be conveyed via a proposed 36-inch storm drain line within the access road between the Building 20 site and Harvill Avenue, which would direct flows to the east then south through the Staging Area site and towards the proposed detention basin. Following detention and water quality treatment, these flows would then be directed via an outlet structure and proposed 24-inch storm drain line to an existing 48-inch storm drain within Markham Street.

3.2 **SCOPE OF ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS**

3.2.1 Construction Characteristics

A. Proposed Physical Disturbance

Implementation of the proposed Project would result in full disturbance of the 40.0-acre property. The Project also would result in frontage improvements to Old Oleander Avenue along the Building 20 site frontage. An 8-foot wide community trail would be constructed along the site's frontage with Harvill Avenue, and would connect to a proposed 8-foot wide community trail along the site's frontage with Seaton Avenue. A turnout for food trucks also is proposed along the detention basin site's frontage with Markham Street. In addition, a temporary grass swale would be constructed off-site at the northeast corner of the Building 20 site. A 24-inch storm drain pipe also would be constructed between the

detention basin outflow and the existing 48-inch RCP storm drain line within Markham Street. The Project would result in additional off-site impacts along the northern edge of the proposed east-west access road near the proposed driveway at Harvill Avenue. In addition, the Project proposes to construct a 12-inch sewer line across Harvill Avenue and within the alignment of Nance Street towards an existing 12-inch sewer main located near the AT&SF railroad tracks.

3.2.2 Operational Characteristics

A. Overview of Operational Characteristics

At this time, the occupants of the proposed Project's buildings are unknown. This EIR Addendum assumes the proposed buildings would be operational 24 hours per day, 365 days per year, with exterior areas lit at night. Lighting would be subject to compliance with Riverside County Ordinance Nos. 655 and 915, which were adopted to prevent significant skyglow or lighting levels affecting other properties. The buildings are designed such that business operations would be conducted within the enclosed building, with the exception of traffic movement, parking, and the loading and unloading of tractor trailers at designated loading bays and trailer parking stalls. No refrigerated warehouse space is proposed as part of the Project.

B. Future Employment

Because users of the Project's buildings are not yet known, the number of jobs that the Project would generate cannot be precisely determined; therefore, for purposes of analysis, employment estimates have been calculated using data and average employment density factors utilized in the County of Riverside General Plan. The General Plan estimated that light industrial business would employ one (1) worker for every 1,030 s.f. of building area. Based on this employment generation rate, the Project is expected to create approximately 414 new, recurring jobs (426,821 s.f. \div 1,030 = 414). (Riverside County, 2015, Appendix E, Table ES-5)

C. Future Traffic

As indicated in Table 3-3, *Project Trip Generation Summary*, buildout of the proposed Project is anticipated to result in a net total of 598 actual vehicle trip-ends per day with 33 AM peak hour trips and 42 PM peak hour trips. In comparison, the proposed Project is anticipated to generate a net total of 746 Passenger Car Equivalent (PCE) trip-ends per day, with 44 PCE AM peak hour trips and 53 PCE PM peak hour trips. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 49)

3.2.3 Related Environmental Review and Consultation Requirements

Riverside County has primary approval responsibility for the proposed Project. As such, the County is serving as the Lead Agency fort his EIR Addendum pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15050. As indicated in subsection 1.4.6, the County's Planning Commission will consider the Project's requested Plot Plan application as part of a publicly-noticed hearing and will have the authority to approve, conditionally approve, or deny the proposed Project. Upon approval of the Project and approval of this EIR Addendum, the County would conduct administrative reviews and grant ministerial permits and approvals to

			AN	1 Peak H	lour	PIV	l Peak H	lour	
Land Use	Quantity	Units ¹	In	Out	Total	in	Out	Total	Daily
	Actual V	ehicles							
Building 20: High-Cube Transload Warehouse	426.821	TSF							
Passenger Cars:		3,70	21	6	27	10	26	36	502
Truck Trips:		1		1	1			***************************************	
2-axle:		1	1	0	1 1	0	1	1	16
3-axle:		1	1	0	1	0	1	1	20
4+-axle:			3	1	4	1	3	4	60
- Truck Trips			5	1	6	1	5	6	96
BUILDING 20 TOTAL TRIPS (Actual Vehicles) 2			26	7	33	11	31	42	598
Pass	enger Car E	quivaler	t (PCE)						
Building 20: High-Cube Transload Warehouse	426.821	TSF							
Passenger Cars:	PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	1	21	6	27	10	26	36	502
Truck Trips:	110-110-1-mort-0-11	- The state of the				***************************************		***************************************	
2-axle:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	404101111111111111111111111111111111111	1	0	1 1	0	1	1	24
3-axle:	***************************************		2	1	3	1	2	3	40
4+-axle:	***************************************		10	3	13	4	9	13	180
- Truck Trips	**************************************	1	13	4	17	5	12	17	244
BUILDING 20 TOTAL TRIPS (PCE) 2			34	10	44	15	38	53	746

Table 3-3 Project Trip Generation Summary

implement the Project. At this time, no federal approvals or permits are anticipated to be necessary. The Project would require issuance of a 1602 Streambed Alteration agreement by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) for impacts of up to 0.12 acre (651 linear feet) of CDFW jurisdictional areas (none of which consists of vegetated riparian habitat). The Project also would require issuance of a Section 13260 Waste Discharge Order pursuant to the California Water Code by the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and CDFW, and the issuance of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit by the RWQCB. Coverage under a NPDES Permit is required for all construction projects in the State that disturb more than one acre of land. Table 3-4, *Matrix of Project Approvals/Permits*, provides a summary of the agencies responsible for subsequent ministerial approvals associated with the Project. This EIR Addendum covers all federal, state, and local government approvals which may be needed to construct or implement the proposed Project, whether or not explicitly noted in Table 3-4.

¹ TSF = thousand square feet

² TOTAL TRIPS = Passenger Cars + Truck Trips. PCE factors per SBCTA CMP: 2-axle = 1.5; 3-axle = 2.0; 4+-axle = 3.0. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3)

Table 3-4 Matrix of Project Approvals/Permits

PUBLIC AGENCY	Approvals and Decisions
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	
PROPOSED PROJECT – RIVERSIDE COUNTY DISCRETIONARY	APPROVALS
Riverside County Planning Director's Hearing	• Approve, conditionally approve, or deny proposed Plot Plan No. 180029.
Subsequent Riverside County Discretionary and Minist	erial Approvals
Riverside County Building and Safety Department	 Issue Grading Permits. Issue Building Permits. Approve Roadway Frontage Improvements. Issue Encroachment Permits. Issue Conditional Use Permits, if required.
Other Agencies – Subsequent Approvals and Permits	
California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)	 Issuance of a Section 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement Issuance of a Section 13260 Waste Discharge Order
Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB)	 Issuance of a Construction Activity General Construction Permit Compliance with National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit Issuance of a Section 13260 Waste Discharge Order
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District (RCFCWCD)	Approvals for construction of the proposed detention basin

4.0 Environmental Checklist

Environmental Assessment (EA)/CEQA Case Number: Case No. CEQ180110

Project Case Type(s) and Number(s): Plot Plan No. 180029 **Lead Agency Contact Person:** Tim Wheeler; (951) 955-6060

Lead Agency Address: Riverside County Planning Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside.

CA 92501

Applicant Contact Person: John Semcken **Telephone Number:** (562) 948-4306 **Applicant's Name:** Majestic Realty Co.

Applicant's Address: 13191 Crossroads Parkway North, 6th Floor; City of Industry, CA 91746

Engineer's Name: Steve Levisee, PBLA Engineering, Inc.

Engineer's Address: 4790 Irvine Blvd, Suite 105-262; Irvine, CA 92620

4.1 PROJECT INFORMATION

A. Project Description: The Project Applicant proposes a Plot Plan (PP No. 180029) to allow for the construction of one high-cube transload short term warehouse building (herein, "Building 20") on an 18.2-acre site and a detention basin on a 2.5-acre site. The Project as evaluated herein also includes temporary grading export, stockpiling, and construction staging area activities on a 19.3-acre property located between the Building 20 site and the off-site detention basin (herein, "Staging Area"). Building 20 is proposed on an 18.2-acre site located west of Harvill Avenue, south of and abutting Old Oleander Avenue, and north of Redwood Drive, and would contain approximately 406,496 s.f. of building area; however, for purposes of analysis herein, it is assumed Building 20 would comprise up to 426,821 s.f. of building area in order to account for any minor changes to the building area as part of final design. Additionally, a detention basin is proposed on an approximately 2.5-acre site located west of Harvill Avenue, east of Seaton Avenue, and north of Markham Street, which would provide water quality treatment and detention for runoff from the Building 20 site. The Staging Area comprises 19.3 acres and is located between the Building 20 site and the proposed detention basin. The Staging Area would be used as a borrow site for grading operations, stockpiling, and as a staging area for construction equipment during the construction of Building 20. No buildings or other improvements are proposed on the Staging Area site, with exception of a proposed driveway providing access between Harvill Avenue and the Building 20 site and utility improvements. Please refer to Section 3.0 for a comprehensive description of the proposed Project evaluated herein.

untywide 🗌	Community		Policy	
Acres				
Lots: 0 Units: 0			Project	ed No. of Residents: 0
Lots: 0 Sq. Ft. o	f Bldg. Area: 0		Est. No	of Employees: 0
Lots: N/A Sq. Ft. o	f Bldg. Area: 426.	821 s.f.	Est. No	of Employees: 414
	Acres Lots: 0 Units: 0 Lots: 0 Sq. Ft. o	Acres Lots: 0 Units: 0 Lots: 0 Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: 0	Acres Lots: 0 Units: 0 Lots: 0 Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: 0	Acres Lots: 0 Units: 0 Project Lots: 0 Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: 0 Est. No

Other: Detention Basin (2.5 Lots: N/A Sq. Ft. of Bldg. Area: N/A Est. No. of Employees: N/A

acres); Stockpile/Borrow Site/Staging Area (19.3

acres)

D. Assessor's Parcel No(s): 314-040-004, 314-051-015, 314-260-010, 314-260-011, and 314-260-012

- E. Street References: West of and adjacent to Harvill Avenue, north of Markham Street, and south of Old Oleander Avenue.
- F. Section, Township & Range Description or reference/attach a Legal Description: Sections 1 and 2, Township 4 South, Range 4 West, San Bernardino Baseline and Meridian.
- G. Brief description of the existing environmental setting of the project site and its surroundings: Under existing conditions the 40.0-acre site is undeveloped and has been fully disturbed as part of grading activities that occurred in the early 1990s as part of "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8). The majority of the property consists of disturbed vegetation that is routinely disced for fire abatement purposes. Several existing informal dirt trails traverse the Project site.

The Project site is surrounded by improved roadways, including Harvill Avenue, Seaton Avenue, Markham Street, and Old Oleander Avenue. To the west of the Building 20 site are disturbed and undeveloped lands, while lands west of the Staging Area and the detention basin consist of rural residential development. Lands to the north of the Project site include existing light industrial buildings and disturbed and undeveloped lands that are planned for light industrial development. To the east of the Project site are an existing light industrial building and vacant and undeveloped lands that are planned for light industrial uses. Land to the south of the Building 20 site and Off-Site Staging Area includes rural residential land uses, while lands south of the detention basin site consist of disturbed and undeveloped lands that are planned for light industrial uses.

4.2 APPLICABLE GENERAL PLAN AND ZONING REGULATIONS

A. General Plan Elements/Policies:

1. Land Use: The Project site is located within the Mead Valley Area Plan (MVAP) of the County of Riverside's General Plan, and is within the Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan (MFBCSP, Specific Plan No. 341). The General Plan and MVAP designate the site for "Light Industrial (LI)" land uses, which allows for Industrial and related uses including warehousing/distribution, assembly and light manufacturing, repair facilities, and supporting retail uses (Riverside County, 2018, p. 11 and Figure 3). The Project site also is located within MFBCSP Planning Area 6 and a portion of Planning Area 5, which are designated by the MFBCSP for "Light Industrial" land uses. The Light Industrial land use designation of the MFBCSP is intended to provide for light manufacturing and warehouse/distribution uses that provide employment opportunities for area residents. (Webb, 2005, pp. III-4 and III-5)

- 2. Circulation: The proposed Project was reviewed for conformance with County Ordinance No. 461 by the Riverside County Transportation Department. Adequate circulation facilities exist and are proposed to serve the proposed Project. The proposed Project meets with all applicable circulation policies of the General Plan.
- 3. Multipurpose Open Space: No natural open space land is required to be preserved within the boundaries of this Project. The Project would be consistent with or otherwise would not conflict with the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP). The proposed Project meets with all other applicable Multipurpose Open Space Element Policies.
- **4. Safety:** The proposed Project allows for sufficient provision of emergency response services to the existing and future users of the Project through the Project's design. The proposed Project meets with all other applicable Safety Element policies.
- 5. Noise: The proposed Project meets with all applicable Noise Element policies. Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the proposed Project would not exceed Riverside County noise standards.
- **6. Housing**: No housing is proposed as part of the Project, the Project site is not planned for residential housing, and the Project would not displace any existing housing. There are no impacts to housing as a direct result of this Project.
- 7. Air Quality: EIR No. 466 determined that air quality impacts during construction would exceed the SCAQMD's construction significance thresholds for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_X) and would therefore result in significant unavoidable impacts. EIR No. 466 also disclosed that operations associated with buildout of the MFBCSP would result in significant and unavoidable impacts due to emissions of VOCs, NO_X, carbon monoxide (CO), and PM₁₀. The proposed Project would be subject to the air quality mitigation measures identified by EIR No. 466, which address both construction-related and operational-related air quality emissions. The Project also would be subject to applicable SCAQMD requirements. Moreover, construction of the proposed Project would result in lower emission levels than disclosed by EIR No. 466 due to advancements in construction equipment technology and efficiency since EIR No. 466 was certified. Additionally, the Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of traffic generated by development on the site as compared to what was evaluated in EIR No. 466, which also would result in substantial reductions in operational air quality emissions as compared to what was evaluated in EIR No. 466. The proposed Project is consistent with or otherwise would not conflict with all applicable Air Quality Element policies.
- 8. Healthy Communities: A Project-specific Health Risk Assessment (HRA; Technical Appendix A) was prepared for the proposed Project, which determined that the Project would not result in any significant localized air quality impacts affecting nearby sensitive receptors (i.e., residential uses). The Project accommodates sidewalk connections and entails the installation of community trail segments along Seaton Avenue and Harvill Avenue, in conformance with the MVAP, which would encourage walking and physical activity. The Project site is not environmentally sensitive or subject to severe

natural hazards. The Project also would provide for local jobs, which would assist the County in reducing the substantial out-of-county job commutes. The proposed Project is consistent with or otherwise would not conflict with all applicable policies of the Healthy Communities Element.

- B. General Plan Area Plan(s): Mead Valley Area Plan (MVAP)
- C. Foundation Component(s): Community Development
- D. Land Use Designation(s): General Plan and MVAP: Light Industrial; MFBCSP: Light Industrial.
- E. Overlay(s), if any: None.
- F. Policy Area(s), if any: Mt. Palomar Night Time Lighting Policy Area.
- G. Adjacent and Surrounding Area Plan(s), Foundation Component(s), Land Use Designation(s), and Overlay(s) and Policy Area(s), if any: Areas surrounding the Project site occur within the MVAP. Areas to the north and east of the Project site are within the "Community Development" Foundation Component, while areas to the west and south are within the "Community Development" and "Rural Community" Foundation Components. Areas to the north and east are designated for "Light Industrial" development, as are lands to the west of the Building 20 site. Lands to the west and south of the Staging Area site are designated for "Rural Community Very Low Density Residential" and "Business Park" land uses. Lands to the west of the detention basin site are designated for "Rural Community Very Low Density Residential" land uses. The Project site and surrounding areas are located within the Mt. Palomar Night Time Lighting Policy Area.
- H. Adopted Specific Plan Information
- 1. Name and Number of Specific Plan, if any: Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 341)
- 2. Specific Plan Planning Area, and Policies, if any: The Project site is located within Planning Area 5 and Planning area 6 of the Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan (MFBCSP), Specific Plan No. 341 (SP 341). There are no policies in the MFBCSP that relate specifically to Planning Area 5 and Planning Area 6 beyond standard compliance with the development standards and design guidelines set forth by SP 341.
- I. Existing Zoning: "I-P (Industrial Park)" and "M-SC (Manufacturing Service Commercial)"
- J. Proposed Zoning, if any: There are no changes proposed to the site's zoning classification.
- K. Adjacent and Surrounding Zoning: North: I-P; East: "Manufacturing Heavy (M-H)" and "Manufacturing Service Commercial (M-SC)"; South: I-P, M-SC, and "Rural Residential, 1-acre minimum lot size (R-R-1)"; and West: I-P, RR-1, and "Rural Residential (R-R)."

4.3 ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED

The environmental factors checked below (\(\)) would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "New Significant Impact" or "More Severe Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages. Aesthetics ☐ Hazards & Hazardous Materials ☐ Recreation ☐ Agriculture & Forest Resources ☐ Hydrology/Water Quality Transportation ☐ Air Quality □ Land Use / Planning **Tribal Cultural Resources** ☐ Biological Resources **Utilities/Service Systems** ☐ Cultural Resources □ Noise Wildfire Energy Paleontological Resources Mandatory Findings of ☐ Geology/Soils Population/Housing Significance **Greenhouse Gas Emissions** Public Services 4.4 **DETERMINATION** On the basis of this initial evaluation: A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS NOT PREPARED: ☐ I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a **NEGATIVE DECLARATION** will be prepared. ☐ I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. ☐ I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (EIR)** is required. A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS PREPARED: ☐ I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED because (a) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, (b) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (c) the proposed project will not result in any new significant environmental effects not identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (d) the proposed project will not substantially increase the severity of the environmental effects identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (e) no considerably different mitigation measures have been identified and (f) no mitigation measures found infeasible have become feasible.

T&B Planning, Inc. Page 4-5

☑ I find that although all potentially significant effects have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, some changes or additions are

Tim Wheeler

Printed Name

	necessary but none of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist. An ADDENDUM to a previously-certified EIR or Negative Declaration has been prepared and will be considered by the approving body or bodies.
	I find that at least one of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist, but I further find that only minor additions or changes are necessary to make the previous EIR adequately apply to the project in the changed situation; therefore, a SUPPLEMENT TO THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required that need only contain the information necessary to make the previous EIR adequate for the project as revised.
	I find that at least one of the following conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162, exist and a SUBSEQUENT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required: (1) Substantial changes are proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects; (2) Substantial changes have occurred with respect to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken which will require major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmenta effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects; or (3) New information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been known with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time the previous EIR was certified as complete or the negative declaration was adopted, shows any the following: (A) The project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or negative declaration; (B) Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR or negative declaration; (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would in fact be feasible, and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives; or, (D) Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR on negative declaration would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measures or alternatives. October 30, 2020
Sig	nature Date

For Charissa Leach, Planning Director

5.0 Environmental Analysis

5.1 **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSESSMENT**

In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Cod §§ 21000-21178.1), this Initial Study (IS) has been prepared to analyze the proposed Project to determine any potential significant impacts upon the environment beyond those disclosed in EIR No. 466 that would result from construction and implementation of the Project. In accordance with California Code of Regulations § 15063, this Initial Study is a preliminary analysis prepared by the Lead Agency, the County of Riverside, in consultation with other jurisdictional agencies, to determine whether a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND), Environmental Impact Report (EIR), or Addendum to a previous EIR or MND is required for the proposed Project. The purpose of this Initial Study is to inform the decision makers, affected agencies, and the public of potential environmental impacts associated with implementation of the proposed Project.

5.1.1 Aesthetics

			New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Wa	ould t	he project:				
I.	Sce a.	enic Resources Have a substantial adverse effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located?				
	b.	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?				×
	c.	In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				×

a) Would the proposed Project have a substantial adverse effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 noted that at the time, the Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan (MFBCSP) site was largely graded and vacant with streets, sidewalks, and gutters in place. While some rock outcroppings and eucalyptus trees in the southern portions were noted, EIR No. 466 determined that these features do not have scenic significance and that their removal would not comprise damage to scenic resources. The Initial Study and Notice of Preparation (IS/NOP) prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that Specific Plan No. 341 (SP 341) would have no impact upon scenic highways; thus, impacts to scenic highways were not studied in detail in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-27 and IV-33)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, there are no officially-designated State scenic highways in the Project vicinity, nor are there any County-designated scenic highways. The nearest officially-designated State scenic highway is the portion of State Route 74 (SR-74) located east of the City of Hemet, which is approximately 23.4 miles southeast of the Project site. The nearest State-eligible scenic highway is State Route 74 (SR-74), located approximately 4.8 miles south of the Project site, while Interstate 215 (I-215), located 0.3 mile east of the Project site, is designated as a County-eligible scenic highway. (Caltrans, 2011; Riverside County, 2018, Figure 10) Due to distance and intervening topography and development, buildings proposed by the Project Applicant would not be visible from any segments of SR-74; thus, the Project would not result in any impacts to State scenic highways (Google Earth, 2018). Although the buildings proposed by the Project Applicant would be visible from nearby segments of I-215, I-215 is not officially designated as a scenic highway corridor. Moreover, the Project site is located in an area that is characterized by industrial uses along I-215 and between I-215 and the Project site; thus, the buildings proposed by the Project Applicant would appear as an extension of the existing development pattern in the area. Additionally, Riverside County reviewed the Project's design elements for conformance with the development standards and design guidelines prescribed by the MFBCSP, and determined that all Project components are consistent with the MFBCSP. A detailed analysis of the Project's consistency with the MFBCSP is provided in Technical Appendix J (T&B Planning, 2020). As the MFBCSP development standards and design guidelines were crafted to preclude aesthetically offensive conditions, the Project would not result in a significant adverse effect on views available from nearby segments of I-215. Accordingly, Project impacts to scenic highway corridors would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact as previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

- b) Would the proposed Project substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?
- c) In non-urbanized areas, would the proposed Project substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage points.) If the project is in an urbanized area,

would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 noted that the MFBCSP site was largely graded and vacant with streets, sidewalks, and gutters in place. While some rock outcroppings and eucalyptus trees were noted as occurring in the southern portions of the MFBCSP site, EIR No. 466 determined that these features do not have scenic significance and that their removal would not comprise damage to scenic resources; thus, EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts to scenic resources would not occur. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-33)

With respect to scenic vistas and views open to the public, EIR No. 466 noted that the San Gabriel Mountains to the northwest, the San Bernardino Mountains to the north and northeast, and the San Jacinto Mountains to the east all are visible in the MFBCSP area. Lesser scenic features noted in EIR No. 466 include the Lakeview Mountains to the southeast, and the Bernasconi Hills around Lake Perris to the east. EIR No. 466 determined that views of these features are not limited to the MFBCSP site and that views of these resources are common in the area, and that buildout of the MFBCSP would not interfere with any views of these mountains from I-215 or properties north or south of the MFBCSP area. Due to the common availability of the views of the distant mountains from throughout the Perris Valley and the limited area within which these views will be obstructed by the MFBCSP, EIR No. 466 concluded that the MFBCSP would result in less-than-significant impacts to scenic vistas or views open to the public. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-33 and IV-34)

EIR No. 466 noted that the site contained a lack of natural scenic characteristics due to previous grading, infrastructure construction, and the proximity of I-215. EIR No. 466 indicated that the new structures constructed as part of the MFBCSP could be considered aesthetically offensive due to their size and the fact that they are replacing a view which includes few structures. However, EIR No. 466 noted that all future development within MFBCSP would be subject to the development standards and design guidelines of SP 341, including architectural elements, setbacks, landscaping, and screen walls. As a consequence, EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts due to the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-34 and IV-35)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As previously depicted on Figure 2-4, under existing conditions and consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project site has been largely disturbed by past grading activities. Implementation of the Project would convert a portion of the Project site from a largely undeveloped parcel of land to light industrial uses. Development of the Project site would be governed by SP No. 341 as well as proposed PP No. 180029, which contain site planning, architectural, and landscape architectural specifications to ensure that the site is developed in a manner that is not aesthetically offensive. Landscaping also is proposed throughout the Project site to soften the appearance of parking areas and the proposed light industrial buildings. The Project would not create an aesthetically offensive site open to public view. Furthermore, there are no prominent vistas available from the Project site, and views of regional components of the viewshed, such as the San Bernardino Mountains to the north, would continue to be available in the surrounding areas. Accordingly, implementation of the proposed Project would not substantially damage scenic resources, obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public, or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view, and impacts would be less than significant.

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Additionally, the Project site is located in an urbanized area. The Project was reviewed by Riverside County for compliance with all development regulations, design guidelines, and other requirements of the MFBCSP, including requirements related to visual quality. As demonstrated in *Technical Appendix J*, the Project would not conflict with any MFBCSP policies related to visual quality (T&B Planning, 2020). The Project also was found to be consistent with all relevant goals and policies of the Riverside County General Plan related to visual quality. In addition, the Project would be consistent with County ordinance requirements related to visual quality, including Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution) and Ordinance No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting). As such, the Project would not conflict with applicable zoning or other regulations governing scenic quality, and a less-than-significant impact would occur.

Based on the foregoing analysis, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

W	ould the project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
<u> </u>	Mt. Palomar Observatory a. Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655?				×

a) Would the proposed Project interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 noted that the MFBCSP site is located within 45 miles of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, and therefore would be subject to Riverside County Ordinance No. 655. EIR No. 466 determined that adherence to the regulations set forth in Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 would allow future development within the MFBCSP to avoid interfering with nighttime astrological observations at the Mt. Palomar Observatory, and that the proper shielding of lighting and the use of lighting types as identified in Ordinance No. 655 would ensure that the future development within the MFBCSP would have a less-than-significant impact on activities at the Observatory. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-35)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project site is located approximately 41.1 miles northwest of the Mount Palomar Observatory and has the potential to create lighting levels that could adversely affect the operation of this facility (Google Earth, 2018). As indicated by EIR No. 466, the proposed Project would be required to comply with Riverside County Ordinance No. 655, which was adopted to prevent significant lighting impacts that could affect

the nighttime use of the Mount Palomar Observatory. Due to the 41.1-mile distance between the Project site and the Mount Palomar Observatory, the Project would be subject to the provisions of Ordinance No. 655 pertaining to Zone B. Ordinance No. 655 encourages the use of low-pressure sodium lamps, and requires all nonexempt outdoor fixtures to be shielded to prevent sky glare. (Riverside County, 1988) Compliance with Ordinance No. 655 is mandatory and would be assured through future County review of building permit applications. With mandatory compliance to Ordinance No. 655, Project impacts to the Mount Palomar Observatory would be less than significant. Therefore, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

We	ould t	he project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
-		her Lighting Issues Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				×
	b.	Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?				

- a) Would the proposed Project create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?
- b) Would the proposed Project expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 noted that development within the MFBCSP would be required to comply with Riverside County Ordinance No. 655, which limits light pollution emissions, thus reducing the amount of light that may interfere with residential uses. EIR No. 466 also indicated that the MFBCSP design guidelines require lot lighting to be located, where possible, on the buildings, thereby reducing the need for light poles located on the site perimeter. In addition, EIR No. 466 determined that the incidences of residential uses being immediately adjacent to the MFBCSP site were few. In areas where the uses do abut one another, EIR No. 466 noted that the zoning-required setbacks of 50 feet with required landscaping would reduce interference with residential uses. EIR No. 466 concluded that compliance with Ordinance No. 655 and the MFBCSP design guidelines would result in a less-than-significant effect upon nighttime views in the area and would prevent the exposure of residential uses to unacceptable light levels. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-35)

EIR No. 466 indicated that development within the MFBCSP would be required to comply with all regulations and guidelines pertaining to its proximity to March Air Reserve Base Airport (MARB), including requirements to avoid the creation of glare that could impede the vision of aircraft pilots. Additionally,

EIR No. 466 noted that the proposed building elevations would consist primarily of earth-tone colors with few windows. As such, EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts due to glare would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-35)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Under existing conditions, and consistent with the conditions that existed when EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project site is undeveloped and vacant, and contains no sources of artificial lighting. The Project Applicant proposes to develop the site with one high-cube transload short-term warehouse building, and would introduce new lighting elements on site to illuminate the parking areas, truck docking areas, and building entrances. Ordinance No. 915 requires that all outdoor luminaires (other than street lighting) must be located, adequately shielded, and directed such that no direct light falls outside the parcel of origin, or onto the public right-of-way. (Riverside County, 2012) With exception of roadway lighting, all lighting proposed by the Project Applicant would be required to comply with Riverside County Ordinance No. 915. Compliance with Ordinance No. 915 would be assured through future County review of building permit applications. Mandatory compliance with Ordinance No. 915 would ensure that Project-related lighting would not create a new source of substantial light or glare which could adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area. Additionally, street lighting as proposed along Harvill Avenue and Old Oleander Road would be subject to the requirements of Section 22 of Ordinance No. 461, which has been designed to preclude light and glare impacts associated with street lighting throughout the County.

Additionally, as part of the Project's Plot Plan, a photometric analysis was conducted to evaluate lighting levels associated with the proposed development. As shown on the photometric plan (refer to Sheet E1.11 and E1.12), Project lighting would not expose any residential properties to the south or west to adverse lighting effects. Because residential uses occur only to the south and west of the Project site, the Project would not expose residential properties to unacceptable light levels, and no impact would occur.

With respect to glare, a majority of Project building elements would consist of tilt-up concrete panels, although the main corners of the buildings would include glass elements. While window glazing has a potential to result in minor glare effects, such effects would not adversely affect daytime views of surrounding properties, including motorists along adjacent roadways, because the glass proposed by the Project Applicant would be low-reflective. Areas proposed for window glazing also would be limited, as shown on the Project's application materials. Furthermore, any potential glare effects would be reduced due to landscaping and perimeter walls. Thus, glare impacts from proposed building elements would be less than significant.

However, the Project's building roof designs would accommodate the installation of solar panels. Pursuant to conditions of approval imposed on the Project by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) (refer to the discussion under Thresholds 22a. through 22.d in subsection 5.1.9, and the Project's Conditions of Approval [COAs]), a solar glare study would be required with a performance standard to demonstrate that glare from the solar panels would not adversely affect aircraft operations at the March Air Reserve Base (MARB). The solar glare study would be subject to review and approval by the ALUC, which would preclude any significant glare impacts associated with the installation of solar

panels. There are no other components of the Project that would produce glare impacts during daytime or nighttime hours. Accordingly, a less-than-significant glare impact would occur.

Based on the foregoing analysis, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.2 Agriculture and Forest Resources

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Wo	ould the project:				
4.	Agriculture a. Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
	b. Conflict with existing agricultural zoning agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve?				×
	 c. Cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm")? 				
	d. Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use?				×

a) Would the proposed Project convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 determined that most of the MFBCSP is identified as "Farmland of Local Importance." Small portions of the MFBCSP site were classified as "Urban" and "Built up Land" and "Other Land." As a consequence, the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP would not convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Statewide Farmland into a

nonagricultural land use and that impacts would be less than significant. This issue was not discussed in detail in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 9)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, and according to mapping information from the California Department of Conservation (CDC) Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP), the Project site is classified as containing "Farmland of Local Importance." Areas surrounding the Project site are classified as "Farmland of Local Importance" and "Urban and Built-Up Land." (CDC, 2017) Thus, the Project site and surrounding areas do not contain any Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), and the Project therefore would have no potential to convert Farmland to non-agricultural use. As such, no impact to Farmland would occur as a result of the Project. Further, the Project would not develop or disturb any additional property that EIR No. 466 did not assume would be developed. Therefore, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that the areas proposed for development by the MFBCSP did not contain existing agricultural land uses. In addition, the parcels that comprise the MFBCSP site were not listed on the County Assessor's database as being subject to a Williamson Act Contract or being within an agricultural preserve. Therefore, the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 concluded that no impacts to existing agricultural uses or Williamson Act contracts would occur, and this topic was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 9)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As with the conditions that existed when the IS/NOP was prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project site is zoned for "I-P (Industrial Park)" and "M-SC (Manufacturing – Service Commercial)"; thus, the Project site is not zoned for agricultural use, and no agricultural uses occur on site under existing conditions. Areas to the north are zoned for I-P, while lands to the east are zoned for "Manufacturing Heavy (M-H)" and M-SC land uses. Areas to the south are zoned for I-P, M-SC, and "Rural Residential, 1-acre minimum lot size (R-R-1)," while lands to the west are zoned I-P, RR-1, and "Rural Residential (R-R)." Thus, none of the lands surrounding the Project site are zoned for agricultural use. Additionally, none of the properties located adjacent to the Project site are used for agricultural production. Thus, the Project would not conflict with existing agricultural zoning or existing agricultural use, and impacts would be less than significant.

According to mapping information available from the CDC, the Project site and surrounding areas are not subject to a Williamson Act contract. The nearest land subject to a Williamson Act Contract is located approximately 2.6 miles west of the Project site. Additionally, according to Riverside County GIS, the Project site and surrounding areas are not located within an existing County Agricultural Preserve. The nearest land subject to an Agricultural Preserve is the same as the nearest land subject to a Williamson Act Contract and occurs approximately 2.6 miles west of the Project site. (CDC, 2016; RCIT, 2020) As such,

the Project would result in no impacts to lands subject to a Williamson Act Contract or lands located within an Agricultural Preserve.

Based on the foregoing analysis, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm")?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP site was located within 300 feet of agriculturally zoned property, which is located west of the southernmost portion of the MFBCSP area and west of Seaton Avenue. These properties were zoned A-1-1 (Light Agriculture with a 1-acre minimum lot size). The IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 noted that all future development within the MFBCSP area would be required to comply with Riverside County Ordinance No. 625 (Right-To-Farm), which would reduce potential impacts to less-than-significant levels. This issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 9)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As noted above, and similar to the conditions that existed when the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 was prepared, the Project site is not located on agriculturally-zoned property, and there are no agriculturally-zoned properties within 300 feet of the Project site. The nearest agriculturally-zoned property occurs approximately 915 feet southwest of the proposed detention basin site. (RCIT, 2020; Riverside County, 1994). As such, the Project would not cause development of non-agricultural uses within 300 feet of agriculturally-zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm") and no impact would occur. Therefore, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the proposed Project involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 found that development of the MFBCSP site would not require the extension of roadways that would facilitate further conversion of agricultural land in the region. The IS/NOP noted that no other changes are expected that would turn agricultural land into non-agricultural uses. As such, the IS/NOP found that no impacts would occur, and this topic was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 9)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: "Farmland" is defined in Section II.a of Appendix G to the State CEQA Guidelines to mean Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance. As described under Threshold a), above, and consistent with the conditions that existed when the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 was prepared, there are no areas of Farmland within the Project vicinity. As such, there are no components of the proposed Project that would result in changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use, and no impact would occur. Further, the Project would not develop or disturb any additional property that EIR

No. 466 did not assume would be developed. Therefore, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

			New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Wo	ould t	he project:				
5.	Fo a.	rest Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))?				⊠
	b.	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				×
	c.	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				×

- a) Would the proposed Project conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Govt. Code section 51104(g))?
- b) Would the proposed Project result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to nonforest use?
- c) Would the proposed Project involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of forest land to non-forest use?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 did not identify any conflicts with existing zoning for forest land, timberland, or timberland zoned as "Timberland Production." EIR No. 466 also did not identify any impacts associated with the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. (Webb, 2005)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed when EIR No. 466 was certified, no lands within the Project vicinity are zoned for forest land, timberland, or Timberland Production, nor are any lands within the Project vicinity used for timber production (Riverside County,

2016; Google Earth, 2018). The Project therefore would have no potential to conflict with timberland or forest land zoning designations, nor would the Project result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. There are no components of the proposed Project that would result in changes to the existing environment which could result in the conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Thus, no impact to forest resources would occur. Therefore, the Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.3 Air Quality

			New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Wo	ould th	ne project:				
6.	Air a.	Quality Impacts Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
	b.	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
	c.	Expose sensitive receptors which are located within one (1) mile of the project site to project substantial point source emissions?				
	d.	Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?				

a) Would the proposed Project conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 found that because the MFBCSP would comply with the General Plan, the MFBCSP would not conflict with regional population projections and therefore would not exceed the growth forecasts of the AQMP. Impacts were determined to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-54 and IV-55)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The proposed Project is located within the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB). The South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) is principally responsible

for air pollution control in the SCAB and has adopted a series of Air Quality Management Plans (AQMPs) to reduce air emissions in the Basin. Most recently, the SCAQMD Governing Board adopted the Final 2016 AQMP for the SCAB in March 2017. The 2016 AQMP incorporates scientific and technological information and planning assumptions, including the 2016 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)/Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) and updated emission inventory methodologies for various source categories.

As discussed in more detail in subsection 5.1.18, the proposed Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of traffic generated by development of the site as compared to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466. Specifically, the Project would entail development of proposed Building 20 and a detention basin. EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites would be developed with light industrial uses at a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). Thus, EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites (20.7 acres combined) would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] x 0.51 FAR = 459,863 s.f.). As such, the Project would result in the generation of 950 fewer vehicle trips (actual vehicles) as compared to what was assumed for the Project site by EIR No. 466. Additionally, the Project would result in the generation of 764 fewer truck trips (actual vehicles) as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466 for the Building 20 and detention basin sites. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3) A majority of the Project's emissions would result from vehicular traffic, including both passenger vehicle and truck traffic. Thus, because the Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of traffic generated by the development of the Building 20 and detention basin sites as comprised to what was assumed by EIR No. 466, including a reduction in the number of truck trips, it can be concluded that the proposed Project would result in a substantial reduction in air quality emissions as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Accordingly, because EIR No. 466 determined that buildout of the MFBCSP would not conflict with the AQMP, and because the Project would result in a reduction in emissions as compared to what was evaluated in EIR No. 466, the Project would not conflict with the AQMP and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 determined that construction-related emissions associated with buildout of the MFBCSP area would result in emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_X) that exceed the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) daily emission thresholds. EIR No. 466 also found that operational emissions associated with the MFBCSP would exceed the daily thresholds established by SCAQMD for VOCs, NO_X, carbon monoxide (CO), and PM₁₀. Although mitigation measures were imposed on the MFBCSP project, EIR No. 466 nonetheless concluded that impacts due to emissions of VOCs and NO_X during construction and emissions of VOCs, NO_X, CO, and PM₁₀ during long-term operation would be significant and unavoidable. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-55 through IV-67)

EIR No. 466 noted that the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB) in which the MFBCSP is located was designated as a non-attainment area for ozone and PM₁₀ under state standards, and as a non-attainment area for ozone, carbon monoxide, PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ under federal standards. EIR No. 466 found that long-term emissions of VOCs, NO_X, CO, and PM₁₀ would be above the applicable SCAQMD thresholds. Therefore, EIR No. 466 concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP would result in cumulatively significant impacts to air quality with respect to ozone, CO, and PM₁₀. Although mitigation measures were identified, EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts would be significant and unavoidable. (Webb, 2005. p. IV-70)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Construction characteristics associated with the proposed Project would be similar to what was assumed for the site by EIR No. 466, except that no building would be constructed on the detention basin site. Although the Project would require the export of approximately 115,282 cy, the soil materials would be exported to properties within the MFBCSP located within approximately 1,000 feet of the Project site. The import and export of soil materials was accounted for as part of EIR No. 466, as the MFBCSP provides that "[i]n order to achieve earthwork balance within any development phase, grading may encroach into an area of future development." Thus, air quality emissions associated with Project construction would not be greater than what was assumed by EIR No. 466. Additionally, the Project would be subject to Mitigation Measures MM Air 1 through MM Air 3 from EIR No. 466, which would serve to reduce the Project's construction-related air quality emissions. Moreover, due to advances in technology and more stringent regulations since EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, there is substantial evidence that the Project's construction-related emissions would be less than was disclosed by EIR No. 466. As shown in the California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod) User's Guide Version 2016.3.2, Section 4.3 "OFFROAD Equipment," as the analysis year increases, emission factors for the same equipment pieces decrease due to the natural turnover of older equipment being replaced by newer less polluting equipment and subject to more modern regulatory requirements. Additionally, construction-related equipment would be subject to a variety of State regulations that would serve to reduce air quality emissions as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466. For example, Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations (Low Carbon Fuel Standard) required greenhouse gases in fuel sold in California to be 10% less by 2020, including NO_X. Additionally, the Project is required to comply with the provisions of SCAQMD Rule 113, Table of Standards, by requiring that all architectural coatings must consist of low VOCs (i.e., VOCs of less than 100 grams per liter [g/L]) unless otherwise specified in the SCAQMD Table of Standards. Nonetheless, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, Projectrelated air quality impacts due to emissions of VOCs and NO_x during construction would be significant and unavoidable. Although the Project would result in reduced emissions of construction-related VOCs and NO_X as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed for the Project site by EIR No. 466, and although not required by CEQA, a new mitigation measure has been identified to further reduce emissions of VOCs and NO_x during construction (refer to Mitigation Measure MM Air 10). In addition, neither Riverside County nor the SCAQMD have a directly applicable mitigation fee program for collecting fees toward the regional mitigation of air pollutant emissions. In the absence of a mitigation fee program, Riverside County has imposed a Condition of Approval on the Project that will obligate the Project Applicant to make a voluntary fee payment to Riverside County, for the County's use toward a to-be-determined project or program to improve air quality in the Mead Valley community.

With respect to long-term operational emissions, and as discussed in more detail in subsection 5.1.18, the Project would entail development of proposed Building 20 and a detention basin. EIR No. 466 EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites would be developed with light industrial uses at a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). Thus, EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites (20.7 acres combined) would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] x 0.51 FAR = 459,863 s.f.), as compared to the 426,821 s.f. of building area proposed as part of the Project. Due to the reduced building area as well as more stringent regulations related to vehicle emissions as compared to what was in place when EIR No. 466 was certified, the proposed Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of traffic generated by the development of the site as compared to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466. Specifically, the Project would result in 950 fewer vehicle trips (actual vehicles) and 764 fewer truck trips per day (actual vehicles) as compared to what was assumed for the Project site by EIR No. 466, which is less than the amount of traffic anticipated for the Project site by EIR No. 466 (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3). A majority of the Project's operational emissions would result from vehicular traffic, including both passenger vehicle and truck traffic. Thus, due to the reduction in traffic and traffic-related air quality emissions associated with the proposed Project, the Project would result in reduced air quality impacts as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Additionally, the Project would be subject to compliance with MFBCSP EIR Mitigation Measures MM Air 2 through MM Air 9 to reduce operational emissions. Moreover, the Project would be subject to Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations (Low Carbon Fuel Standard), which requires a reduction in greenhouse gases in fuel sold in California to be 10% less by 2020, including NO_x. Additionally, SCAQMD Rule 113, Table of Standards, requires that all architectural coatings must consist of low VOCs (i.e., VOCs of less than 100 grams per liter [g/L]), which would serve to reduce the Project's VOC emissions associated with on-going architectural coatings. Additionally, in model year 2017, the average estimated real-world CO2 emission rate for all new vehicles fell by 3 grams per mile (g/mi) to 357 g/mi, the lowest level ever measured. Fuel economy also increased to 24.9 mpg, achieving a record high. (EPA, n.d.) Nonetheless, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, such regulatory requirements and technological advancements are not enough to reduce the Project's operational emissions to below a level of significance. Thus, and consistent with the conclusion reached by EIR No. 466, the proposed Project would result in significant and unavoidable impacts due to operational emissions of VOCs, NOx, and PM10. Although the Project's operational emissions of VOCs, NOx, and PM₁₀ would be less than was evaluated and disclosed for the Project site by EIR No. 466, and although not required by CEQA, additional mitigation measures have been identified to further reduce the Project's emissions of VOCs, NOx, and PM10 (refer to Mitigation Measures MM Air 11 through MM Air 14). In addition, neither Riverside County nor the SCAQMD have a directly applicable mitigation fee program for collecting fees toward the regional mitigation of air pollutant emissions. In the absence of a mitigation fee program, Riverside County has imposed a Condition of Approval on the Project that will obligate the Project Applicant to make a voluntary fee payment to Riverside County, for the County's use toward a to-be-determined project or program to improve air quality in the Mead Valley community.

It should be noted that although EIR No. 466 disclosed that operational impacts due to CO emissions would be significant and unavoidable, due to improvements in regional air quality conditions, advances in technology, and increased regulatory requirements, it is highly unlikely that the Project as proposed would

exceed the SCAQMD's Regional Threshold for CO. For example, the average on-road vehicular emissions of CO for delivery trucks is estimated to have decreased from 0.024 pounds per mile in 2007 to 0.009 pounds per mile in 2018 (AQMD, n.d.). Refer also to the analysis of Threshold 6.c), below.

Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project expose sensitive receptors which are located within 1 mile of the project site to project substantial point source emissions?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The threshold of significance used by EIR No. 466 to determine whether the exposure to diesel PM would be considered significant was 10 excess cancer cases per one million people. EIR No. 466 found that operations of the MFBCSP would result in significant health risk impacts from diesel exhaust. EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures MM Air 3 through MM Air 7 were identified and were found to reduce the incremental cancer risk to below 10 per one million people, thereby reducing impacts to less-than-significant levels. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-70 through IV-82)

For non-cancer risks, EIR No. 466 utilized a chronic Reference Exposure Level (REL) threshold of 5 μ g/m³, indicating that non-cancer health risks would be potentially significant when people are exposed to short-term diesel particulate matter concentrations greater than 5 μ g/m³ and if the hazard index exceeds 1.0. The hazard index (used to quantify the significance of non-cancer health risks) for all receptors in both 2004 and 2012 were determined to be less than 0.04 (for all scenarios evaluated in EIR No. 466), which was less than 4 percent of the SCAQMD recommended threshold. As such, non-cancer risks were found to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-83 and IV-84)

A CO "hot spot" analysis also was conducted as part of EIR No. 466. For all intersections modeled in the analysis, the CO emissions from traffic associated with the MFBCSP were found to be less than significant on both a direct and cumulatively-considerable basis. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-63 through IV-66)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As discussed further in subsection 5.1.18, the Project would entail development of proposed Building 20 and a detention basin. EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites would be developed with light industrial uses at a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). Thus, EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites (20.7 acres combined) would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] x 0.51 FAR = 459,863 s.f., whereas the Project would entail development of up to 426,821 s.f. of building area. Due to the reduction in building area on site, the proposed Project would generate 950 fewer trip-ends per day (actual vehicles) and 764 fewer truck trips (actual vehicles) as compared to the traffic evaluated for the Project site by EIR No. 466. As a result of the substantial decrease in traffic as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466, this Initial Study clearly concludes that the Project would result in reduced localized impacts to nearby sensitive receptors as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed in EIR No. 466 for the Project site. Notwithstanding, the Project's potential to result in localized impacts associated with carbon monoxide

(CO) "hot spots," cancer-related risk, and non-cancer related risks have been evaluated, and each is discussed below.

CO "Hot Spot" Analysis

An adverse carbon monoxide (CO) concentration, known as a "hot spot", would occur if an exceedance of the state one-hour standard of 20 ppm or the eight-hour standard of 9 ppm were to occur. It has long been recognized that CO hot spots are caused by vehicular emissions, primarily when idling at congested intersections. EIR No. 466 determined that buildout of the MFBCSP, including the Project site, would result in less-than-significant impacts due to CO hot spots. As noted above, the Project would entail development of proposed Building 20 and a detention basin. EIR No. 466 EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites would be developed with light industrial uses at a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). Thus, EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites (20.7 acres combined) would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] x 0.51 FAR = 459,863 s.f.), whereas under the Project the Building 20 and detention basin sites would be developed with a total of up to 426,821 s.f. of building area (on the Building 20 site, only). As shown in Table 5-19 in Subsection 5.1.18, the Project would result in 950 fewer vehicle trips per day (actual vehicles) as compared to the traffic evaluated by EIR No. 466 for the Project site. Thus, it is concluded that the Project's potential to create or contribute to a CO hotspot would be substantially reduced in comparison to what was evaluated in EIR No. 466 for the Project site.

Additionally, at the time the SCAQMD published its 1993 Handbook, the SCAB was designated nonattainment under the California Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) and National AAQS (NAAQS) for CO. In response, vehicle emissions standards have become increasingly stringent in the last twenty years. For example, the average on-road vehicular emissions of CO for delivery trucks is estimated to have decreased from 0.024 pounds per mile in 2007 to 0.009 pounds per mile in 2018 (AQMD, n.d.). With the turnover of older vehicles, introduction of cleaner fuels, and implementation of increasingly sophisticated and efficient emissions control technologies, CO concentration in the SCAB is now designated as attainment. In fact, since 2003 all areas of the SCAB have been below the federal standards for CO (35 ppm 1-hour and 9 ppm 8-hour), and all portions of the SCAB are currently well below the State CO standards (20 ppm 1-hour and 9.0 ppm 8-hour) (SCAQMD, 2017, pp. 2-38 and 2-39).

To establish a more accurate record of baseline CO concentrations affecting the SCAB, a CO "hot spot" analysis was conducted by SCAQMD in 2003 for four busy intersections in Los Angeles at the peak morning and afternoon time periods. This "hot spot" analysis did not predict any violation of CO standards. Based on the SCAQMD's 2003 AQMP and the 1992 Federal Attainment Plan for Carbon Monoxide (1992 CO Plan), peak carbon monoxide concentrations in the SCAB were a result of unusual meteorological and topographical conditions and not a result of traffic volumes and congestion at a particular intersection. As evidence of this, for example, of the 8.4 ppm CO concentration measured at the Long Beach Blvd. and Imperial Hwy. intersection (highest CO generating intersection within the "hot spot" analysis), only 0.7 ppm was attributable to the traffic volumes and congestion at this intersection; the remaining 7.7 ppm were due to the ambient air measurements at the time the 2003 AQMP was prepared. (SCAQMD, 2003) Therefore, even if the traffic volumes for the proposed Project were double or even triple of the traffic

volumes generated at the Long Beach Blvd. and Imperial Hwy. intersection, coupled with the on-going improvements in ambient air quality, the Project would not be capable of resulting in a CO "hot spot" at any study area intersections.

Similar considerations also are employed by other Air Districts when evaluating potential CO concentration impacts. More specifically, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) concludes that under existing and future vehicle emission rates, a given project would have to increase traffic volumes at a single intersection by more than 44,000 vehicles per hour — or 24,000 vehicles per hour where vertical and/or horizontal air does not mix — in order to generate a significant CO impact (BAAQMD, 2010, p. 3-4). As noted in Table 5-19 in subsection 5.1.18, the Project would generate 598 trips per day (actual vehicles), including 33 a.m. peak hour trips and 42 p.m. peak hour trips, and would not produce the level of traffic necessary to create a significant CO impact.

The busiest intersection evaluated in SCAQMD's 2003 AQMP was at Wilshire Blvd. and Veteran Ave., which had a daily traffic volume of approximately 100,000 vehicles per day and AM/PM traffic volumes of 8,062 vehicles per hour and 7,719 vehicles per hour respectively. The 2003 AQMP estimated that the 1-hour concentration for this intersection was 4.6 ppm; this indicates that, should the daily traffic volume increase four times to 400,000 vehicles per day, CO concentrations (4.6 ppm x 4= 18.4 ppm) would still not likely exceed the most stringent 1-hour CO standard (20.0 ppm). (SCAQMD, 2003) At buildout of the Project, and as shown on Exhibit 7-1 of the Project's Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA; *Technical Appendix H*), the highest average daily trips on a segment of road within the Project's study area would be 15,300 daily trips along Harvill Avenue, north of Nance Street, which is far lower than the highest daily traffic volumes at Wilshire Blvd. and Veteran Ave. of 100,000 vehicles per day (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Exhibit 7-1). Therefore, the proposed Project considered herein would not produce the volume of traffic required to generate a CO "hot spot" either in the context of the 2003 SCAQMD hot spot study, or based on representative BAAQMD CO threshold considerations. As such, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project would not result in or contribute to any CO "hot spots," and impacts would be less than significant.

Diesel Mobile Health Risk Assessment

EIR No. 466 evaluated buildout of MFBCSP Planning Areas and did not evaluate specific buildings. Because building footprints are now proposed as part of the current Project, the County determined it was prudent to prepare a full Health Risk Assessment (HRA) to demonstrate that health risk impacts would remain below a level of significance, and there would be no new or increased significant impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466. Accordingly, an HRA was prepared by Urban Crossroads and is provided as *Technical Appendix A*. The purpose of the HRA is to evaluate Project-related impacts to sensitive receptors (i.e., residential, schools, etc.) and nearby workers as a result of heavy-duty diesel trucks accessing the site. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 3)

Pursuant to guidance from the SCAQMD, if a proposed project is expected to generate/attract heavy-duty diesel trucks, which emit diesel particulate matter (DPM), preparation of a mobile source HRA is

¹ Based on the ratio of the CO standard (20.0 ppm) and the modeled value (4.6 ppm).

necessary. The Project's mobile source HRA was prepared in accordance with the document, Health Risk Assessment Guidance for Analyzing Cancer Risk from Mobile Source Diesel Idling Emissions for CEQA Air Quality Analysis, and is composed of all relevant and appropriate procedures presented by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA), and SCAQMD. Cancer risk is expressed in terms of expected incremental incidence per million population. The SCAQMD has established an incidence rate of ten (10) persons per million as the maximum acceptable incremental cancer risk due to DPM exposure. This threshold serves to determine whether or not a given project has a potentially significant development-specific and cumulative impact. Refer to the Project's HRA, provided as Technical Appendix A, for additional information. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 3)

The SCAQMD also has established non-carcinogenic risk parameters for use in HRAs. Noncarcinogenic risks are quantified by calculating a "hazard index," expressed as the ratio between the ambient pollutant concentration and its toxicity or Reference Exposure Level (REL). An REL is a concentration at or below which health effects are not likely to occur. A hazard index less of than one (1.0) means that adverse health effects are not expected. Within this analysis, noncarcinogenic exposures of less than 1.0 are considered less-than-significant. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 3)

Emissions Estimation

On-Site and Off-Site Truck Activity

Vehicle DPM emissions were calculated by Urban Crossroads by using emission factors for particulate matter less than $10\mu m$ in diameter (PM₁₀) generated with the 2017 version of the EMission FACtor model (EMFAC) developed by the California Air Resources Board (CARB). Refer to the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*) for more information on EMFAC 2017. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 8)

For the proposed Project, annual average PM_{10} emission factors were generated by running EMFAC 2017 in EMFAC Mode for vehicles in the SCAQMD jurisdiction. The vehicle travel speeds modeled for the Project are summarized below. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, pp. 8-9)

- Idling on-site loading/unloading and truck gate
- 5 miles per hour on-site vehicle movement including driving and maneuvering
- 25 miles per hour off-site vehicle movement including driving and maneuvering.

Calculated emission factors are shown at Table 5-1, 2020 Weighted Average DPM Emissions Factors. As a conservative measure, a 2021 EMFAC 2017 run was conducted and a static 2021 emissions factor data set was used for a duration of 30 years. Use of 2021 emission factors would overstate potential impacts since this approach assumes that emission factors remain "static" and do not change over time due to fleet turnover or cleaner technology with lower emissions that would be incorporated after 2021. Additionally, based on EMFAC 2017, Light-Heavy-Duty Trucks consist of 47.72% diesel, Medium-Heavy-Duty Trucks consist of 82.28% diesel, and Heavy-Heavy-Duty Trucks consist of 96.13% diesel trucks and have been accounted for accordingly in the emissions factor generation. This methodology would tend to overstate Project impacts because it is reasonable to conclude that over time, emission factors would be reduced as new regulations and requirements are enacted to reduce diesel particulate matter

emissions. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 8) Per the Project's Traffic Impact Analysis, the Project is expected to generate a total of approximately 598 trip-ends per day (actual vehicles) and includes 96 two-way truck trip-ends per day. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, pp. 9-10)

Table 5-1 2020 Weighted Average DPM Emissions Factors

Speed	Weighted Average
0 (idling)	0.12090 (g/idie-hr)
5	0.09879 (g/s)
25	0.04041 (g/s)

(Urban Crossroads, 2020a, Table 2-1)

On-site truck idling exhaust emissions were calculated by applying the idle exhaust PM_{10} emission factor (g/idle-hr) from EMFAC and the total truck trip over the total idle time (15 minutes), whereas CARB's Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling Regulation requires that all heavy-duty diesel truck operators (gross vehicle weight rating >10,000 lbs.) restrict idling to a maximum of five minutes. Refer to the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*) for details of the exhaust emission calculations. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, pp. 9-10)

Each roadway in the Project's study area was modeled as a line source (made up of multiple adjacent volume sources). The corresponding coordinates of each volume source are included in Appendix "2.1" to the Project's HRA (Technical Appendix A). The DPM emission rate for each volume source was calculated by multiplying the emission factor (based on the average travel speed along the roadway) by the number of trips and the distance traveled along each roadway segment and dividing the result by the number of volume sources along that roadway, as illustrated on Table 5-2, DPM Emissions from Project Trucks (2021 Analysis Year). The modeled emission sources are illustrated on Exhibit 2-A of the Project's HRA. The modeled truck travel routes included in the HRA are based on the truck trip distributions (inbound and outbound) available from the Project's Traffic Impact Analysis ("TIA"; Technical Appendix H). The modeled truck route is consistent with the trip distribution patterns identified in the Project's TIA, is supported by substantial evidence, and was modeled to determine the potential impacts to sensitive receptors along the primary truck routes. The modeling domain is limited to the Project's primary truck route and includes off-site sources in the study area for more than 1 mile. This modeling domain is more inclusive and conservative than using only a ¼ mile modeling domain which is the distance supported by several reputable studies which conclude that the greatest potential risks occur within a ¼ mile of the primary source of emissions (in the case of the Project, the primary source of emissions is the on-site idling and travel). Refer to the Project's HRA for details of the exhaust emissions calculations. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 10)

Exposure Quantification

The analysis presented herein is based on the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*), which was conducted in accordance with the guidelines in the *Health Risk Assessment Guidance for Analyzing Cancer Risks from Mobile Source Diesel Idling Emissions for CEQA Air Quality Analysis*. SCAQMD recommends using the EPA's

Table 5-2 DPM Emissions from Project Trucks (2021 Analysis Year)

		Truck Er	Truck Emission Rates	THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
		VIMT ⁸	Truck Emission Rate ^b	Truck Emission Rate	Dally Truck Emissions	Modeled Emission Rates
Source	Trucks Per Day	(miles/day)	(grams/mile)	(grams/idle-hour)	(grams/day)	(puosessid)
On-Site Idling	48			0.1209	1.45	1.679E-05
On-Site Travel	96	21.79	0,0988		2.15	2.492E-05
Off-Site Travel Dwy 1 50% to Harvill Av.	48	12.02	0.0404		0.49	5.620E-06
Off-Site Travel 10% b/w Old Oleander and Dwy 3	10	2.30	0.0404		60:0	1.076E-06
Off-Site Travel 40% biw Old Oleander and Dwy 3	38	9.20	0.0404		0.37	4.302E-06
Of Site Travel 20% south on Harvill Av.	19	20.31	0.0404	THE PERSON NAMED IN	0.82	9.501E-06
Off-Site Travel 80% N on Harvill Av.	77	21.58	0.0404	A CALL OF SALES	0.87	1.009E-05
Off-Site Travel 65% I-215 NB	62	15.28	0.0404		0.62	7.145E-06
Off-Site Travel 15% I-215 SB	14	2.67	0.0404	Total Sales	0.11	1.250E-06
Off-Site Travel Dwy 3 50% to Harvill Av.	48	10.62	0.0404		0.43	4.965E-06

a Vehicle miles traveled are for modeled truck route only.

(Urban Crossroads, 2020a, Table 2-2)

b Emission rates determined using EMFAC 2017, Ide emission rates are expressed in grams per tidle hour rather than grams per mile.

c This column includes the total fruck travel and fruck idle emissions. For idle emissions this column includes emissions based on the assumption that each truck idles for 15 minutes.

AERMOD model. For purposes of analysis, the Lakes AERMOD View (Version 9.8.3) was used to calculate annual average particulate concentrations associated with Project site operations. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 13)

The model offers additional flexibility by allowing the user to assign an initial release height and vertical dispersion parameters for mobile sources representative of a roadway. For the Project's HRA, the roadways were modeled as adjacent volume sources. Roadways were modeled using the EPA's haul route methodology for modeling of on-site and off-site truck movement. More specifically, the Haul Road Volume Source Calculator in Lakes AERMOD View was utilized to determine the release height parameters. Based on the US EPA methodology, the Project's modeled sources would result in a release height of 3.49 meters, and an initial lateral dimension of 4.0 meters, and an initial vertical dimension of 3.25 meters. Refer to the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*) for additional information. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 13)

The Project's HRA evaluates the potential health risks to residential and worker locations over a period of 30 and 25 years of outdoor exposure, respectively. As such, even though this duration of exposure is unlikely to occur in practical terms (because the amount of time spent indoors), the Project's HRA assumes that a resident or worker would be exposed over a long period of time for 24 hours per day at the exterior of the structure where they reside and that a worker would be exposed for 12 hours per day at the property where they work, positioned on the property line closes to the Building 20 site. Any impacts to residents or workers located further away from the Project site than the modeled worker receptors would have a lesser impact than is disclosed in the Project's HRA at the Maximally Exposed Individual Resident (MEIR) or Maximally Exposed Individual Worker (MEIW) as diesel exhaust emission concentrations diminish with distance from the source. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 15)

Discrete variants for daily breathing rates, exposure frequency, and exposure duration were obtained from relevant distribution profiles presented in the 2015 OEHHA Guidelines. Tables 2-4 and 2-5 of the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*) summarize the Exposure Parameters for Residents and Offsite Worker exposure scenarios based on 2015 OEHHA Guidelines. Appendix 2.2 to the Project's HRA includes the detailed risk calculation. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 15)

Carcinogenic Chemical Risk

Based on the SCAQMD Air Quality Significance Thresholds (April 2019), emissions of toxic air contaminants (TACs) are considered significant if an HRA shows an increased risk of greater than 10 in one million. Based on guidance from the SCAQMD in the document, Health Risk Assessment Guidance for Analyzing Cancer Risks from Mobile Source Diesel Idling Emissions for CEQA Air Quality Analysis, for purposes of analysis in the Project's HRA, 10 in one million was used as the cancer risk threshold for the proposed Project. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 16)

Excess cancer risks are estimated as the upper-bound incremental probability that an individual will develop cancer over a lifetime as a direct result of exposure to potential carcinogens over a specified exposure duration. The estimated risk is expressed as a unitless probability. The cancer risk attributed to a chemical is calculated by multiplying the chemical intake or dose at the human exchange boundaries

(e.g., lungs) by the chemical-specific cancer potency factor (CPF). A risk level of 10 in one million implies a likelihood that up to 10 people, out of one million equally exposed people, would contract cancer if exposed continuously (24 hours per day) to the levels of toxic air contaminants over a specified duration of time. As an example, the risk of dying from accidental drowning is 1,000 in a million which is 100 times more than the SCAQMD's threshold of 10 in one million, and the nearest comparison to 10 in one million is the 7 in one million lifetime chance that an individual would be struck by lightning. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 16)

Refer to subsection 2.4 of the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*) for a discussion of the methodology and algorithm utilized to assess carcinogenic exposures.

Non-Carcinogenic Exposures

An evaluation of the potential non-carcinogenic effects of chronic exposures also was conducted. Adverse health effects are evaluated by comparing a compound's annual concentration with its toxicity factor or Reference Exposure Level (REL). The REL for diesel particulates was obtained from OEHHA for the analysis in the Project's HRA. The chronic REL for DPM was established by OEHHA as 5 µg/m³ (OEHHA Toxicity Criteria Database, http://www.oehha.org/risk/chemicaldb/index.asp). (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 16)

Refer to subsection 2.5 of the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*) for a discussion of the methodology used to calculate non-cancer hazard risks.

Potential Project-Related Toxic Air Pollutants from Construction Activities

During short-term construction activity, the Project will also result in some DPM which is a listed carcinogen and toxic air contaminant (TAC) in the State of California. The 2015 Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) revised risk assessment guidelines suggest that construction projects as short as 2-6 months may warrant evaluation. Notwithstanding, based on the Project air quality consultant's (Urban Crossroads, Inc.) professional opinion, Urban Crossroads' experience in preparing health risk assessments for development projects, and long-standing regulatory guidance, given the size of the Project and the relatively small amount of construction equipment and relative short duration of construction activity, any DPM generated from construction activity would be negligible and not result in any significant health risks and no further evaluation is required. Also, several mitigation measures required by EIR No. 466 for construction-related air pollutant emissions also address the negligible construction-related DPM emissions, and although not required by CEQA, an additional mitigation measure has been identified to further reduce the Project's construction-related emissions (refer to Mitigation Measure MM Air 10). As such, impacts to sensitive receptors during short-term construction activities would be less than significant. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 18)

Potential Project-Related DPM Source Cancer and Non-Cancer Risks²

As required by the Friant Ranch legal decision (Sierra Club v. County of Fresno (Friant Ranch, L.P.) (2018) 6 Cal.5th 502, Case No. S219783), the following discussion relates the Project's air quality emissions to the level of health risk that could result from such emissions.

Residential Exposure Scenario

The residential land use with the greatest potential exposure to Project DPM source emissions is an existing residential home located at 22730 Redwood Drive, approximately 117 feet west of the Staging Area site (approximately 237 feet southwest of the Building 20 site). Although no development is proposed on the Staging Area site, a distance of 117 feet was used in the analysis to provide a conservative (i.e., "worst case") analysis of potential impacts. Since there are no private outdoor living areas (backyards) facing the Project site, the analysis uses the distance from the site to the residential building façade. At the MEIR, the maximum incremental cancer risk attributable to Project DPM source emissions is estimated at 0.95 in one million, which is less than the SCAQMD's significance threshold of 10 in one million. At this same location, non-cancer risks were estimated to be 0.00034, which would not exceed the applicable significance threshold of 1.0. Because all other modeled residential receptors are located at a greater distance, and DPM dissipates with distance from the source, all other residential receptors in the vicinity of the Project would be exposed to less emissions and therefore less risk than the MEIR identified herein. As such, the Project would not cause a significant human health or cancer risk to adjacent residences, and impacts would be less than significant. The nearest modeled receptors are illustrated on Exhibit 2-C of the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*). (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 18)

Worker Exposure Scenario

The worker receptor land use with the greatest potential exposure to Project DPM source emissions is potential future non-residential development immediately adjacent to the west of the Building 20 site. At the MEIW, the maximum incremental cancer risk impact at this location is 0.35 in one million which is less than the SCAQMD's threshold of 10 in one million. Maximum non-cancer risks at this same location were estimated to be 0.001, which would not exceed the applicable significance threshold of 1.0. Because all other modeled worker receptors are located at a greater distance than the scenario analyze herein, and DPM dissipates with distance from the source, all other worker receptors in the vicinity of the Project would be exposed to less emissions and therefore less risk than the MEIW identified herein. As such, the Project would not cause a significant human health or cancer risk to nearby workers, and impacts would be less than significant. The nearest modeled receptors are illustrated on Exhibit 2-C of the Project's HRA (*Technical Appendix A*). (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, pp. 18-19)

² SCAQMD guidance does not require assessment of the potential health risk to on-site workers. Excerpts from the document OEHHA Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Risk Assessment Guidelines—The Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments (OEHHA 2003), also indicate that it is not necessary to examine the health effects to on-site workers unless required by RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) / CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act) or the worker resides on-site.

School Child Exposure Scenario

There are no schools located within a ¼ mile of the Project site. As such, there would be no significant impacts that would occur to any schools in the vicinity of the Project. Proximity to sources of toxics is critical to determining the impact. In traffic-related studies, the additional non-cancer health risk attributable to proximity was seen within 1,000 feet and was strongest within 300 feet. California freeway studies show about a 70-percent drop-off in particulate pollution levels at 500 feet. Based on CARB and SCAQMD emissions and modeling analyses, an 80-percent drop-off in pollutant concentrations is expected at approximately 1,000 feet from a distribution center. As such, the Project would not cause a significant human health or cancer risk to nearby school children, and impacts would be less than significant. (Urban Crossroads, 2020a, p. 19)

Summary of Impacts to Sensitive Receptors

As indicated in the preceding analysis, the Project would not result in or contribute to a CO "hot spot" or expose residents, workers, or school children to cancer or non-cancer risks that exceed the thresholds established by the SCAQMD. Additionally, Mitigation Measure MM Air 10 has been imposed to reduce DPM emission levels associated Project site operations and would further ensure the Project's impacts due to DPM emissions would remain below a level of significance. The Project's less-than-significant impacts to sensitive receptors are consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the proposed Project result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 noted the potential for generation of objectionable odors from diesel equipment operation during construction and operation, paving, and architectural coating applications during construction. Odors generated during construction and grading were found to be short term and not result in a long-term odorous impact to the surrounding area. The wind rose prepared as part of the air quality study for EIR No. 466 indicated that the predominant wind direction was from the west-northwest direction. Recognizing the prevailing wind conditions, short-term duration, and quantity of emissions in the area, EIR No. 466 concluded that the MFBCSP would not expose substantial numbers of people to objectionable odors, and impacts were determined to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-84)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the information provided in EIR No. 466, the Project would have the potential to result in air emissions leading to odors. Potential odor sources associated with the proposed Project may result from construction equipment exhaust and the application of asphalt and architectural coatings during construction activities, use of diesel equipment, and the temporary storage of typical solid waste (refuse) associated with the proposed Project's long-term operational uses.

The Project would be subject to standard construction requirements, including the use of low-VOC architectural coatings as required by SCAQMD Rule 113, *Table of Standards*; compliance with low sulfur fuel requirements pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 431.2, *Low Sulfur Fuel*; and compliance with SCAQMD Rule 402, *Nuisance*, which requires that a person shall not discharge air contaminants or other materials that would cause health or safety hazards to any considerable number of persons or the public. Compliance with these standard construction requirements would minimize odor impacts from construction. The construction odor emissions would be temporary, short-term, and intermittent in nature and would cease upon completion of construction and is thus considered less than significant.

Potential sources of operational odors generated by the Project would include disposal of miscellaneous commercial refuse and the use of diesel equipment. All Project-generated refuse would be stored in covered containers and removed at regular intervals in compliance with the County's solid waste regulations, thereby precluding substantial generation of odors due to temporary holding of refuse on site. Moreover, mandatory compliance with SCAQMD Rule 402 would prevent occurrences of odor nuisances associated with Project site operations. Additionally, a new mitigation measure, Mitigation Measure MM Air 10, has been identified to reduce odor emissions associated with diesel-powered equipment by requiring on-site equipment to be powered by electricity, compressed natural gas, propane, or diesel-fueled engines that comply with the CARB/USEPA Tier IV Engine standards for off-road vehicles or better. Mandatory compliance with Mitigation Measure MM Air 10 would further reduce to below a level of significance potential impacts due to the use of equipment on site by prohibiting equipment types that have high levels of diesel emissions.

Accordingly, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, Project odor-causing emissions impacts during near-term construction and long-term operational activities would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 identified several mitigation measures to address air quality impacts. These measures, which are listed below, would continue to apply to the proposed Project and would be enforced as part of the Project's conditions of approval. It should be noted that Mitigation Measure MM Air 1 has been modified to allow for on- or off-site equipment maintenance. In addition, Mitigation Measure MM Air 2 has been modified in order to ensure that the requirement is enforceable by Riverside County. Mitigation Measure MM Air 3 also has been updated to reflect current SCAQMD requirements for idling. Additionally, none of the proposed vehicular access points occur near residential uses; thus, the Project would fulfill the requirements of Mitigation Measure MM Air 4 to locate truck entries away from existing residences. In addition, because the Project site is not located in close proximity to residential uses and all truck traffic would utilize Old Oleander Avenue and Harvill Avenue to access I-215, Mitigation Measure MM Air 5 is not applicable to the proposed Project. Mitigation Measure MM Air 6 has been revised to clarify that the electrical hookups are required only for transport refrigeration units (TRUs). Although not legally required by CEQA, Mitigation Measure MM Air 10 has been added to further reduce construction-related emissions of VOCs and NO_x. Additionally, and although not legally required by CEQA, Mitigation Measures MM Air

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11 through MM Air 13 have been added to further reduce the Project's operational emissions of VOCs, NO_X, and PM₁₀. Furthermore, although the Project's DPM impacts would be less than significant, Mitigation Measure MM Air 10 has been added to further reduce DPM emissions associated with site operations even though MM Air 10 is not legally required by CEQA. Although not required to address the Project's potential air quality impacts, Mitigation Measure MM Air 14 has been added to ensure Project compliance with Riverside County Board of Supervisors Policy F-3, "Good Neighbor' Policy for Logistics and Warehouse/Distribution Uses." None of these changes to the following mitigation measures are the result of the Project causing a new or increased significant impact not already identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

- MM Air 1 During construction, mobile construction equipment will be properly maintained at an offsite location <u>prior to mobilization to the site</u>, which includes proper tuning and timing of engines. Equipment maintenance records and equipment design specification data sheets shall be kept on-site during construction.
- MM Air 2: Legible, durable, weather-proof signs shall be placed at all passenger vehicle parking areas prohibiting_Prohibit_all vehicles from idling in excess of thirty minutes, both on-site and off-site. Prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit, the County of Riverside shall conduct a site inspection to ensure that the signs are in place.
- MM Air 3: To comply with the California Code of Regulations Title 13, Division 3, Chapter 1, Article 4.5, Section 2025, "Regulation to Reduce Emissions of Diesel Particulate Matter, Oxides of Nitrogen and Other Criteria Pollutants, from In-Use Heavy-Duty Diesel-Fueled Vehicles" and California Code of Regulations Title 13, Division 3, Chapter 10, Article 1, Section 2485, "Airborne Toxic Control Measure to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling," legible, durable, weather-proof signs shall be placed at truck access gates, loading docks, and truck parking areas that identify applicable California Air Resources Board (CARB) anti-idling regulations. At a minimum, each sign shall include: 1) instructions for truck drivers to shut off engines when not in use; 2) instructions for drivers of diesel trucks to restrict idling to no more than five (5) minutes once the vehicle is stopped, the transmission is set to "neutral" or "park," and the parking brake is engaged; and 3) telephone numbers of the building facilities manager and the CARB to report violations. Prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit, the County of Riverside shall conduct a site inspection to ensure that the signs are in place. Prohibit all diesel trucks from idling in excess of ten minutes, both on-site and offsite.
- MM Air 4: Wherever practicable, main truck entries will not be located near existing residences.
- MM Air 5: Signage will be installed directing heavy-duty trucks to identified truck routes that avoid residential areas within vicinity of the Project site.

- MM Air 6: Where transport refrigeration units (TRUs) are in use, electrical hookups will be installed at all loading and unloading stalls that accommodate TRUs in order to allow TRUs with electric standby capabilities to use them.
- MM Air 7: As part of lease agreements, the proposed Project owner shall educate drivers/tenants on alternative clean fuels.
- MM Air 8: Provide preferential parking spaces for carpools and vanpools. Those parking spaces dedicated for vanpool access shall have a minimum 7'2" vertical clearance.
- MM Air 9: Local transit agencies shall be contacted to determine the feasibility of bus routing in the project area that can accommodate bus stops at the project access points. The project or the transit agency shall provide bus stop signage at the agreed upon bus stop locations.
- MM Air 10: Prior to grading permit and building permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that the following applicable notes are included on the grading plans and building plans.

 Project contractors shall be required to ensure compliance with these notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. These notes also shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors.
 - a) All Heavy-Heavy Duty Haul Trucks (HHD) accessing the Project site during construction shall use year 2010 or newer engines to the extent such HHD are commercially available.
 - b) All scrapers, excavators, graders, and rubber-tired dozers shall be CARB Tier 3 compliant or better.
 - c) Construction contractors shall notify their workers about Riverside County's Rideshare Program.
 - d) Construction activities shall be suspended during Stage 2 Smog Alerts issued by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD).
 - e) Construction activities shall comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 403, "Fugitive Dust." Rule 403 requires implementation of best available dust control measures during construction activities that generate fugitive dust, such as earth moving, grading, and equipment travel on unpaved roads.
 - f) Architectural coating work shall comply with SCAQMD Rule 1113, "Architectural Coatings." Rule 1113 places limits on grams of VOC per liter of coating material and colorants (paint).
 - g) Street sweepers shall be certified by the SCAQMD as meeting SCAQMD Rule 1186.1 "Less Polluting Street Sweepers" sweeper certification procedures.

MM Air 11: The minimum number of automobile electric vehicle (EV) charging stations required by the California Code of Regulations Title 24 shall be provided. In addition, and to facilitate the possible future installation of infrastructure that would charge the batteries that power the motors of electric-powered trucks, the following shall be installed. 1) At Shell building permit, an electrical room(s) and/or exterior area(s) of the site shall be designated where future electrical panels would be located for the purpose of supplying power to on-site charging facilities for electric powered trucks. Conduit shall be installed from this designated area where the panel would be located to the on-site location where the charging facilities would be located where electric-powered trucks would park and connect to charging facilities to charge the batteries that power the motors of the electricpowered trucks. 2) At issuance of a building permit for Tenant Improvements, if the tenant is served by electric trucks, the electrical panel and charging units shall be installed, and the electrical wiring connections shall be made from the electrical panel to the charging units. If the tenant is not served by electric trucks, this requirement shall not apply.

MM Air 12: All owner users and future tenants shall participate in Riverside County's Rideshare

Program. The purpose of this program is to encourage 2+ person occupancy vehicle trips
and encourage other alternative modes of transportation. Carpooling opportunities and
public transportation information shall be advertised to employees of the building tenant.

Developer and all successors shall include the provisions of this obligation in all leases of
the Project so that all tenants shall fulfill the terms and conditions of this County condition
of approval.

MM Air 13: Developer and all successors shall include information in building sale and lease agreements that inform owner users and tenants about (1) the air quality benefits associated with water-based or low volatile organic compounds (VOC) cleaning products, and (2) the benefits of becoming SmartWay Shippers and SmartWay Carriers, which is federal EPA program that advances supply chain sustainability.

MM Air 14: All construction and operational activities associated with the proposed Project shall comply with Riverside County Board of Supervisors Policy F-3, "'Good Neighbor' Policy for Logistics and Warehouse/Distribution Uses."

5.1.4 Biological Resources

			New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Wa	uld ti	he project:				
7.	Wi a.	Idlife & Vegetation Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan?				×
	b.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12)?				\boxtimes
	C.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				×
	d.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				×
	e.	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				⊠
	f.	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.)				×

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
	through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
g.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				

a) Would the proposed Project conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MFBCSP area is not located within the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP) criteria area. EIR No. 466 also disclosed that the MFBCSP area is not located within the MSHCP Narrow Endemic Plant Species Survey Area (NEPSSA), Criterial Area Species Survey Area (CASSA), Amphibian Species Survey Areas, or Mammal Species Survey Areas, although the MFBCSP area is located within the Burrowing Owl Survey Area. EIR No. 466 also noted that the MFBCSP site did not contain any wetlands or areas defined as riparian/riverine area or vernal pools. Additionally, EIR No. 466 noted that the urban/wildlands interface guidelines set forth in Section 6.1.4 of the MSHCP are not applicable to the MFBCSP site due to distance to the nearest area proposed for conservation by the MSHCP. Thus, and with exception of the burrowing owl (BUOW) and tricolored blackbird, EIR No. 466 concluded that the MFBCSP would be fully consistent with the MSHCP and determined impacts would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-117 through IV-119)

Focused surveys for the BUOW conducted for EIR No. 466 identified a total of 17 burrowing owls in four territories within the northern portion of the MFBCSP site and within a 500-foot "zone of influence" around the MFBCSP site. EIR No. 466 concluded that because of planned development in the area as well as numerous major roadway facilities, conservation within the MFBCSP site would not provide for the long-term conservation of the species. As such, EIR No 466 found that no conservation was required on site pursuant to MSHCP policies relating to the BUOW, and concluded impacts would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-121 and IV-122)

Additionally, although EIR No. 466 identified potential impacts to the tricolored blackbird, EIR No. 466 concluded that this species was "Adequately Conserved" pursuant to the USFWS-approved Section 10(a)(1)(B) permit and CDFW Natural Community Conservation Planning permit issued in conjunction with the MSHCP. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-283)

EIR No. 466 also disclosed that the MFBCSP area is within the Fee Area Boundary of the Stephens' Kangaroo Rat (SKR) Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP). EIR No. 466 also found that the project is required to pay mandatory fees pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 663. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-122)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project would not develop or disturb any additional property that EIR No. 466 did not assume would be developed. Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project site is not located within any MSHCP Criteria Cells, Cores, or Linkages, indicating the Project site is not targeted for conservation under the MSHCP (RCIT, 2020; GLA, 2020a, p. 58). Regardless, the Project is subject to mandatory payment of the MSHCP per-acre local development mitigation fee pursuant to Ordinance No. 810, and the Project would be required to comply with applicable MSHCP requirements for sites that are not identified for conservation by the MSHCP. An assessment of the Project's consistency with the requirements of the MSHCP is provided below.

Project Compliance with MSHCP Section 6.1.2

Volume 1, Section 6.1.2 of the MSCHP describes the process to protect species associated with riparian/riverine areas and vernal pools. The MSHCP requires focused surveys for sensitive riparian bird species when suitable habitat would be affected and surveys for sensitive fairy shrimp species when vernal pools or other suitable habitat would be affected. The MSHCP defines riparian/riverine areas as lands which contain habitat dominated by trees, shrubs, persistent emergent mosses and lichens, which occur close to or which depend upon soils moisture from a nearby fresh water source; or areas with freshwater flow during all or a portion of the year. The MSHCP defines vernal pools as seasonal wetlands that occur in depression areas that have wetlands indicators of all three parameters (soils, vegetation, and hydrology) during the wetter portion of the growing season but normally lack wetland indictors of hydrology and/or vegetation during the drier portion of the growing season. With the exception of wetlands created for the purpose of providing wetlands habitat or resulting from human actions to create open waters or from the alteration of natural stream courses, areas demonstrating characteristics as described above which are artificially created are not included in these definitions. (GLA, 2020a, p. 58)

The Project would impact 0.12 acre of MSHCP unvegetated riverine areas and would not impact any riparian vegetation. The unavoidable impacts to MSHCP riparian/riverine areas require a Determination of Biologically Equivalent or Superior Preservation (DBESP), such that with mitigation the Project would be biologically equivalent or superior to the current condition. In conformance with MSHCP Section 6.1.2, a DBESP has been prepared for the Project and is included as *Technical Appendix B1*. The DBESP has been reviewed and approved by Riverside County and the Wildlife Agencies, and specifies compensatory mitigation for impacts to 0.12 acre of MSHCP unvegetated riverine areas. Specifically, the Project Applicant would be required to purchase 0.12 acre of re-establishment credits (a 1:1 mitigation-to-impact ratio) from the Riverpark Mitigation Bank and to purchase 0.12 acre of rehabilitation credits (a 1:1 mitigation-to-impact ratio) from the Riverpark Mitigation Bank. Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, with implementation of mitigation for jurisdictional areas as specified by the DBESP, the Project would be fully consistent with Section 6.1.2 of the MSHCP. Additionally, no vernal or seasonal pools are present within the Project site and off-site impact areas, and no impact to vernal or seasonal pools would occur. (GLA, 2020a, p. 58)

Project Compliance with MSHCP Section 6.1.3

Volume 1, Section 6.1.3 of the MSHCP requires that within Narrow Endemic Plant Species Survey Areas (NEPSSA), site-specific focused surveys for Narrow Endemic Plant Species will be required for all public and private projects where appropriate soils and habitat are present. According to MSHCP Figure 6-1, the Project site is not located within the NEPSSA; thus, focused surveys are not required, and the Project has no potential to result in a conflict with MSHCP Section 6.1.3. (Riverside County, 2003, Figure 6-1; GLA, 2020a, p. 49)

Project Compliance with MSHCP Section 6.1.4

According to Section 6.1.4 of the MSHCP, the Urban/Wildlands Interface Guidelines are intended to address indirect effects ("edge effects") associated with locating development in proximity to MSHCP conservation areas. Area. As the MSHCP Conservation Area is assembled, development is expected to occur adjacent to the Conservation Area. Future development in proximity to the MSHCP Conservation Area may result in edge effects with the potential to adversely affect biological resources within the Conservation Area. To minimize such edge effects, the guidelines shall be implemented in conjunction with review of individual public and private development projects in proximity to the MSHCP Conservation Area and address the following: drainage; toxics; lighting; noise; invasive species; barriers; and grading/land development. The proposed Project does not occur adjacent to or near the MSHCP Conservation Area, and therefore the Urban/Wildland Interface Guidelines do not apply to the Project. As such, the Project has no potential to conflict with MSHCP Section 6.1.4.

Project Compliance with MSHCP Section 6.3.2

Volume I, Section 6.3.2 of the MSHCP identifies that in addition to the Narrow Endemic Plant Species addressed in Section 6.1.3 of the MSHCP, additional surveys may be needed for certain plant and animal species in conjunction with MSHCP implementation in order to achieve full coverage for these species. Within areas of suitable habitat, focused surveys are required if a Study Area occurs within a designated Criteria Area Plant Species Survey Area (CAPSSA), or special animal species survey area (i.e., burrowing owl, amphibians, and mammals). The proposed Project occurs within the burrowing owl survey area but does not occur within the amphibian or mammal survey areas, or within the CAPSSA. Focused burrowing owl surveys were conducted for the proposed Project, and no burrowing owls were detected. Pursuant to Riverside County standard conditions of approval, pre-construction burrowing owl surveys would be required within the 30 days of site disturbance in conjunction with MSHCP requirements. Thus, the proposed Project would be consistent with MSHCP Volume I, Section 6.3.2. (GLA, 2020a, p. 59)

As outlined above, the proposed Project would be consistent with the biological requirements of the MSHCP pertaining to the Project's relationship to reserve assembly, Section 6.1.2 (Protection of Species Associated with Riparian/Riverine Areas and Vernal Pools), Section 6.1.3 (Protection of Narrow Endemic Plant Species), Section 6.1.4 (Guidelines Pertaining to the Urban/Wildlands Interface), and Section 6.3.2 (Additional Survey Needs and Procedures). As such, the proposed Project would not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan (GLA, 2020a, p. 59). As such, impacts due to a conflict

with the MSHCP would not occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

- b) Would the proposed Project have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12)?
- c) Would the proposed Project have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Wildlife Service?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The 2004 biological report prepared for EIR No. 466 documented paniculate tarplant within the broader study area for that project. Paniculate tarplant is a California Native Plant Society (CNPS) Rank 4.2 species and is not covered by the MSHCP. Specifically, the 2004 report characterized the paniculate tarplant as occurring widely throughout the approximate 300-acre MFBCSP area. However, the 2004 report did not identify specifically where paniculate tarplant was documented in their study area, and so it was not clear whether paniculate tarplant was detected within the Project's study area.

Additionally, EIR No. 466 disclosed that one listed species (Stephens' kangaroo rat), one unlisted species (burrowing owl), and several other special status species were observed or found to have a high likelihood to occur within the MFBCSP boundaries. EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts to the SKR would be less than significant with payment of fees in accordance with the SKR HCP pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 663. Potential impacts to the BUOW were determined to be potentially significant, but would be reduced to less-than-significant levels with the incorporation of mitigation. With respect to the remaining special status species that were observed or have a potential to occur within the MFBCSP boundaries, EIR No. 466 determined that impacts would be less than significant with compliance with the MSHCP. EIR No. 466 found that implementation of the MFBCSP could result in impacts to nesting birds protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA), but concluded that these impacts would be reduced to less-than-significant levels with implementation of mitigation measures. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-122 through IV-125)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, properties within the MFBCSP area, including the Project site, were prepared for development as part of the "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8) with construction of roadways, infrastructure and rough grading of building pads. Although the Project site has been subject to disturbance and EIR No. 466 assumed it would be developed in the future, the Project consists of proposed Plot Plan No. 180029, which identifies a specific development plan for buildout of a portion of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6 that was not available at the time EIR No. 466 was certified. As such, Riverside County required an updated assessment of the Project's potential to result in impacts to sensitive plants and wildlife, the results of which are presented below. Refer to the Project's Biological Technical Report

(BTR), prepared by Glenn Lukos Associates (GLA) and provided as *Technical Appendix B1*, for a description of methodologies and existing Project site conditions.

Impacts to Special-Status Plants

According to the Biological Technical Report (BTR) prepared for the Project (*Technical Appendix B1*), the proposed Project would not impact special-status plants. The EIR No. 466 and the 2004 AMEC report biological report prepared for EIR No. 466 documented paniculate tarplant within the broader study area for that project. Paniculate tarplant is a CNPS Rank 4.2 species and is not covered by the MSHCP. Specifically, the reports characterized the paniculate tarplant as occurring widely throughout the approximate 300-acre survey area. However, the AMEC report did not identify specifically where paniculate tarplant was documented in their study area, and so it was not clear whether AMEC biologists detected paniculate tarplant within the study area covered by this report. Regardless, the paniculate tarplant has a blooming period from approximately April through November, and GLA biologists did not detect this species or any remnant part of it on site during the general and focused biological survey visits. As such, impacts to special-status plants would be less than significant. (GLA, 2020a, pp. 50-51)

Impacts to Special-Status Animals

Impacts to Listed Species

The proposed Project may result in the loss of habitat for Stephens Kangaroo Rat (SKR), Swainson's hawk, and tri-colored blackbird. Although not confirmed present, SKR, Swainson's hawk, and tri-colored blackbird have the potential to occur at the Study Area and if present to be impacted by the Project. (GLA, 2020a, p. 51)

- Stephens Kangaroo Rat (SKR). An estimated 39.07 acres of potential habitat for SKR (disturbed/non-native grassland and disturbed/ruderal) occurs within the study area. Impacts to SKR occupied habitat could be a potentially significant impact under CEQA; however, the proposed Project occurs within the SKR Fee Assessment Area. All projects located within Fee Assessment Area are required to pay the SKR fee, which mitigates any impacts to SKR to a less than significant level. (GLA, 2020a, p. 51)
- Swainson's Hawk. Development of the proposed Project would remove 39.07 acres of potential foraging habitat (disturbed/non-native grassland and disturbed/ruderal) for migrating Swainson's hawks during spring/fall and winter. Although this species is listed as Threatened by the state of California, the California Endangered Species Act (CESA) does not protect migrant habitat unless the habitat supports breeding/nesting, thus protection under CESA would not be triggered by the Project. Furthermore, the removal of this amount of potential foraging habitat would not be a significant impact under CEQA. The number of individual Swainson's hawks potentially affected would be very low. Regardless, the loss of foraging habitat for Swainson's hawk would be mitigated through compliance with the MSHCP and payment of MSHCP development fees. (GLA, 2020a, p. 51)

• Tri-colored Blackbird. An estimated 39.07 acres of potential foraging habitat (disturbed/nonnative grassland and disturbed ruderal) for the tri-colored blackbird occurs within the study area. The study area does not support suitable nesting habitat. As discussed in EIR No. 466, AMEC biologists in 2004 observed the tri-colored blackbird foraging within the overall 300-acre study area. The exact location within the Study area was not identified. GLA biologists did not detect the tri-colored blackbird on site during general biological surveys and the study area does not support suitable nesting habitat on site. This species is also a covered species under the MSHCP. As such, impacts to tri-colored blackbird would be less than significant. (GLA, 2020a, p. 51)

Impacts to Non-Listed Species

In addition to the listed species discussed above, the proposed Project would impact habitat for the following non-listed and/or special-status species that have potential to occur but that are covered by the MSHCP: 1) Reptiles: coastal whiptail, coast horned lizard, and red-diamond rattlesnake 2) Birds: burrowing owl, loggerhead shrike, northern harrier hawk (foraging role only), white-tailed kite; and 3) Mammals: Los Angeles pocket mouse, northwestern San Diego pocket mouse and San Diego black-tailed jackrabbit. The proposed Project would impact habitat for the following non-listed and/or special-status species that have potential to occur but that are not covered by the MSHCP: 1) Reptiles: California glossy snake, coast patchnosed snake, and southern California legless lizard; and 2) Mammals: Dulzura pocket mouse. (GLA, 2020a, pp. 51-52)

- Burrowing Owl. No Burrowing owls or physical evidence of burrowing owls were detected in the Study Area during focused surveys conducted by GLA in 2019. However, pursuant to the 2006 MSHCP Burrowing Owl Survey Instructions, pre-construction owl surveys must be performed no more than 30 days prior to disturbance. If burrowing owls are detected during pre-construction surveys, then then owls must be relocated from the site outside of the breeding season following accepted protocols, and subject to the approval of the Regional Conservation Authority (RCA), CDFW, and USFWS. The Project would be required to conduct pre-construction burrowing owl surveys pursuant to EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Bio 2, which would be enforced as part of the County's standard condition of approval for pre-construction burrowing owl surveys. Consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, compliance with Mitigation Measure MM Bio 2 and the County's standard condition of approval would reduce impacts to the burrowing owl to less-than-significant levels. (GLA, 2020a, p. 52)
- Other Non-Listed Species. Proposed impacts to coastal whiptail, coast horned lizard, ferruginous hawk (foraging role only), loggerhead shrike (foraging role only), Los Angeles pocket mouse, northwestern San Diego pocket mouse, northern harrier (foraging role only), red diamond rattlesnake, San Diego black-tailed jackrabbit, and white-tailed kite, would be less than significant under CEQA. This is based on the number of individuals potentially affected, the species role in the Project area, and/or whether the species remains "common" to the region. Regardless, these species are designated as covered species under the MSHCP, and the loss of habitat for these species would be covered through the MSHCP and payment of development fees pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 810. (GLA, 2020a, p. 52)

Impacts to Raptors

The Project would remove 39.07 acres of low-quality potential foraging habitat for raptors, including the red-tailed hawk, northern harrier, Swainson's hawk, and white-tailed kite, and the Project site does not support suitable nesting habitat on site. Due to the disturbed nature of the Project site and off-site improvement areas, general lack of small mammal and reptile activity, close proximity to human disturbance, and small size of low-quality suitable habitat, impacts to raptor foraging habitat and potential nesting habitat would be less than significant under CEQA. Additionally, the northern harrier, Swainson's hawk, and white-tailed kite are covered species under the MSHCP and the loss of foraging habitat for these species would be covered through the MSHCP and payment of its development fees pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 810, and impacts would therefore be less than significant. (GLA, 2020a, p. 52)

Impacts to Critical Habitat

The site does not contain any critical habitat and is not designated as critical habitat by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). Therefore, the proposed Project would not impact lands designated as critical habitat by the USFWS. (GLA, 2020a, p. 53)

Impacts to Nesting Birds

The Project has the potential to impact active bird nests if vegetation is removed during the nesting season (February 1 to September 15). Impacts to nesting birds are prohibited by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Fish and Game Code. However, this finding is consistent with EIR No. 466, which imposed Mitigation Measure MM Bio-1 to require pre-construction surveys and avoidance (as necessary) of active nests during the breeding season to ensure compliance with the MBTA and California Fish and Game Code requirements. Additionally, although impacts to native birds are prohibited by MBTA and similar provisions of California Fish and Game Code, impacts to native birds by the proposed Project would not be a significant impact under CEQA for biological reasons. The native birds with potential to nest on the Project site or off-site improvement areas would be those that are extremely common to the region and highly adapted to human landscapes (e.g., house finch, killdeer). The number of individuals potentially affected by the Project would not significantly affect regional, let alone local, populations of such species. Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, impacts to nesting birds protected by the MBTA would be less than significant, and would be further reduced with implementation of Mitigation Measure MM Bio-1. (GLA, 2020a, p. 53)

Impacts to Special-Status Animals

As indicated in the foregoing analysis, the Project would result in less-than-significant impacts to endangered, threatened, candidate, sensitive, and/or special status species with standard regulatory compliance (including payment of fees) and implementation of the mitigation measures specified by EIR No. 466. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the proposed Project interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MFBCSP site was highly disturbed due to recent grading activities and therefore did not provide value in terms of wildlife corridors or wildlife nursery sites. EIR No. 466 did not address the issue of wildlife movement or native wildlife nursery sites. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 13)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Conditions in the Project area are similar to the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, but since 2005 more development has occurred in the surrounding area, thereby indicating that wildlife movement through the area is more constrained than it was when EIR No. 466 was certified. As previously shown on Figure 2-4, the Project site is surrounded by disturbed and developed lands. Furthermore, the Project site does not occur within any MSHCP-identified habitat linkages or corridors. The MSHCP is intended, in part, to facilitate wildlife movement regionally throughout western Riverside County and the Project is fully consistent with the MSHCP requirements that apply to the Project site. As such, impacts to wildlife movement and wildlife nursery sites would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466. (GLA, 2020a, p. 53)

e) Would the proposed Project have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 found that the MFBCSP site was disturbed for many years and converted to nonnative grassland. Much of the vegetation was weedy with nonnative grasses such as Red Brome (*Bromus madritensis* ssp. *Rubens*) dominant over most of the MFBCSP site. EIR No. 466 disclosed that no other sensitive natural communities were found on the MFBCSP site and concluded that development of the MFBCSP would have no adverse effect on sensitive natural communities, although EIR No. 466 did acknowledge the potential for impacts to non-wetland jurisdictional waters, including riparian habitats. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-126 and IV-127)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As previously indicated in Table 2-2, the Project contains the following vegetation/land use types: developed, disturbed, disturbed/non-native grassland, disturbed/ruderal, and ornamental. As shown in Table 5-3, Summary of Vegetation/Land Use Impacts, the Project would result in on- and off-site impacts to 0.16 acres of developed, 2.67 acres of disturbed, 36.22 acres of disturbed/non-native grassland, 2.85 acres of disturbed/ruderal, and 0.01 acre of ornamental vegetation/land use types. However, none of these vegetation/land use types are considered sensitive habitats and all constitute non-native vegetation. Additionally, none of the vegetation/land use types on the Project site or off-site improvement areas include riparian vegetation. As such, with payment of mandatory MSHCP fees pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 810, the Project would not have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community, and impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in

any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466. (GLA, 2020a, p. 50)

Vegetation Type	Project site Impacts	Offsite Impacts	Study Area Impact Totals (Acres)
Developed	0.03	0.13	0.16
Disturbed	1.98	0.69	2.67
Disturbed/Non-Native Grassland	35.36	0.86	36.22
Disturbed/Ruderal	2.60	0.25	2.85
Ornamental	0.01	0	0.01
Total	39.98	1.93	41.91

Table 5-3 Summary of Vegetation/Land Use Impacts

(GLA, 2020a, Table 5-1)

f) Would the proposed Project have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that because the USGS 7.5-minute quadrangle map depicted two "blue-line" streams on the MFBCSP site, a "Routine Wetland Delineation" was conducted to determine the presence and extent of jurisdictional wetlands and/or non-wetland Waters of the U.S. Initial surveys conducted as part of the jurisdictional delineation did not locate areas that met the typical criteria for jurisdictional wetlands. Soil test pits excavated failed the typical three-parameter test (presence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology). Two drainages and a depressional area that appeared to collect nuisance water were all tested but failed to meet the criteria for wetlands. According to EIR No. 466, mapped blue-line streams were difficult to reconcile in the field given that historic uses have fragmented, channelized, and damaged them. The two east to west oriented mapped blue-line streams and one unmapped depressional area were disarticulated from historic drainages within the MFBCSP area and extant drainages outside the MFBCSP area. EIR No. 466 determined that most of the historical drainages have been impacted or realigned as part of extensive improvements in the surrounding area, including Cajalco Expressway and other roadways in the area. EIR No. 466 identified a potential drainage area that likely qualifies as a Waters of the U.S. EIR No. 466 determined that if the "waters" are to be filled as part of future implementing development, prior to grading, the implementing development(s) would be required to obtain a Section 404 permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps), a Section 401 Water Quality Certification from the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), and a 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement from the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). By complying with regulatory requirements, including compensatory mitigation that is identified in the permits, EIR No. 466 concluded that the MFBCSP would have less-than-significant impacts to waters under federal and state jurisdiction. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-126 and IV-127)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: A jurisdictional delineation for the Project site was conducted by GLA, the results of which are provided as Appendix C to the Project's BTR (*Technical Appendix B1*). As concluded therein, the Project site contains a roadside ditch constructed in, and

draining, wholly upland areas, which does not support a relatively permanent flow of water. The roadside ditch supports an ephemeral flow of water, such as after sizable precipitation events. The ditch begins at the southeast corner of the staging/stockpile property, and drains into a concrete-bottomed, concrete-sided culvert which is located offsite near the northeast corner of the property. The roadside ditch does not exhibit indicators of an Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) and are not regulated by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA). As this feature is the only drainage-related feature within the Project, there are no Corps jurisdictional waters which would be regulated pursuant to Section 404 of the CWA within the Project site or off-site improvement areas. Thus, impacts to Corp jurisdictional areas and wetlands would not occur with implementation of the Project. (GLA, 2020a, pp. 45-46)

However, the above-described roadside ditch is subject to regulation by the RWQCB and CDFW. Areas of RWQCB and CDFW jurisdiction on site are depicted on Figure 5-1, RWQCB Jurisdictional Delineation Map. and Figure 5-2, CDFW Jurisdictional Delineation Map. Specifically, the Project site contains 0.07 acre (651 linear feet) of RWQCB jurisdiction, none of which consists of jurisdictional wetlands. Additionally, the Project site contains 0.12 acre of CDFW jurisdictional waters, all of which consists of non-riparian streambed. Implementation of the proposed Project would result in impacts to the 0.07-acre RWQCB jurisdictional areas and the 0.12 acre of CDFW jurisdictional waters on site, none of which consists of vegetated riparian habitat and all of which consists of non-riparian, concrete-lined roadside ditch. This roadside ditch does not support riparian vegetation (herbaceous or woody) and would support water flow only during and shortly after rainfall events. This feature does not provide habitat to plant or wildlife species beyond what the adjacent uplands provide. Although removal of this feature triggers Regional Board Waste Discharge and Fish and Game Code 1602 permitting/authorizations, the removal of up to 0.12 acre of this ephemeral, earthen-bottomed roadside ditch would not significantly impact water resources or associated biological resources in the vicinity or at a regional level. As such, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, impacts to jurisdictional waters and wetlands would be less than significant. (GLA, 2020a, p. 46)

Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project's impacts to 0.07-acre RWQCB jurisdictional areas and 0.12 acre of CDFW jurisdictional waters would require permits/agreements from the regulatory agencies, including a CDFW Section 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement and notification to CDFW and the Regional Board in accordance with the Waste Discharge Requirements under Section 13260 of the CWC (the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act). Compensatory mitigation would be required as part of the permitting process with the RWQCB and CDFW and would include the purchase of mitigation credits from the Riverpark Mitigation Bank (or other approved mitigation bank) at a minimum 1:1 (impact:mitigation) ratio. The requirement to obtain permits from the regulatory agencies has been included as part of the Project's conditions of approval.

Based on the foregoing analysis, and with completion of the RWQCB and CDFW permitting processes, the Project would not have a substantial adverse effect on federally-protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.



RWQCB Non-Wetland Waters

Limits of Disturbance

Width of Feature in Feet

Figure 5-1

RWQCB Jurisdictional Delineation Map

Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)

Figure 5-2

Source(s): Glenn Lukos Associates (04-14-2020)





g) Would the proposed Project conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the Mead Valley Area Plan of the General Plan has established policies to promote the retention of existing stands of Oak Trees, and found that the MFBCSP would not eliminate any stands of Oak Trees. The IS/NOP noted that no other policies had been established for the protection of biological resource protection that would be applicable to the MFBCSP. As such, the IS/NOP found that no impact would occur and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 12)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Aside from the MSHCP, which is addressed above under Threshold a., the only local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources within the Project area are County Ordinance No. 559 (Regulating the Removal of Trees), the Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR HCP), and the County's Oak Tree Management Guidelines. Ordinance No. 559 pertains to parcels or property located above 5,000 feet in elevation. As discussed above in Subsection 2.3.1, elevations on the Project site range from approximately 1,522 feet to 1,564 feet amsl. Therefore, because the Project site does not reach an elevation of 5,000 feet, Ordinance No. 559 is not applicable to the Project site and no impact would occur. The Project site is not targeted for conservation under the SKR HCP, and pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 663, the Project Applicant would be required to contribute fees towards establishing and maintaining conservation areas for the SKR. With mandatory compliance to County Ordinance No. 663, the Project would not conflict with the SKR HCP. Additionally, under existing conditions, areas subject to impact as part of the Project do not contain any oak trees (Google Earth, 2018; GLA, 2019a). As such, the Project has no potential to result in a conflict with the County's Oak Tree Management Guidelines. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 identified several mitigation measures to address impacts to biological resources. These measures, which are listed below, would continue to apply to the proposed Project and would be enforced as part of the Project's conditions of approval. It should be noted that minor revisions have been made to Mitigation Measure MM Bio 1 to reflect current regulatory requirements, and are not the result of any new or increased significant impact caused by the Project.

MM Bio 1:

In order to avoid violation of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the California Fish and Game Code site-preparation activities (removal of trees and vegetation) shall be avoided, to the greatest extent possible, during the nesting season (February 1 to August 31September 15) of potentially occurring native and migratory bird species.

If site-preparation activities are to occur during the nesting/breeding season (February 1 through July 31September 15), a pre-activity field survey shall be conducted by a qualified biologist to determine if active nests of species protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) or the California Fish and Game Code are present in the construction zone or

within a buffer of 500 feet. If active nests are not located within the project area and appropriate buffer, construction may be conducted during the nesting/breeding season. However, if active nests are located during the pre-activity field survey, no grading or heavy equipment activity shall take place within 500 feet of an active listed species or raptor nest, 300 feet of another sensitive or protected (under MBTA or California Fish and Game Code) bird's nest (non-listed), or within 100 feet of sensitive or protected songbird nests until the end of the nesting/breeding season; unless a qualified biologist conducts a subsequent field survey and determines that these restrictions are no longer required for protection of nesting/breeding activities at previously identified active nests and authorizes grading and heavy equipment activity to proceed.

MM Bio 2:

A pre-construction survey for resident burrowing owls will be conducted by a qualified biologist 30 days prior to commencement of grading and construction activities. If ground disturbing activities are delayed or suspended for more than 30 days after the preconstruction survey, the site shall be resurveyed for owls. The pre-construction survey and any relocation activity will be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the MSHCP. If active nests are located, they shall be avoided and outside of the breeding season the owls may be passively relocated. To adequately avoid active nests during the breeding season (February 1 through August 31), no grading or heavy equipment activity shall take place within 250 feet of an active nest.

If burrowing owls occupy the site and cannot be avoided, passive relocation shall be used to exclude owls from their burrows, as required by the Riverside County Environmental Programs Department. Relocation shall be conducted outside the breeding season or once the young are able to leave the nest and fly. Passive relocation is the exclusion of owls from their burrows (outside the breeding season or once the young are able to leave the nest and fly) by installing one-way doors in burrow entrances. These one-way doors allow the owl to exit the burrow, but not enter it. These doors should be left in place 48 hours to ensure owls have left the burrow. The project area should be monitored daily for one week to confirm owl use of burrows before excavating burrows in the impact area. Burrows should be excavated using hand tools and refilled to prevent reoccupation. Sections of flexible pipe should be inserted into the tunnels during excavation to maintain an escape route for any animals inside the burrow.

Project Specific Conditions of Approval

The following condition of approval has been imposed on the Project in order to ensure that appropriate permits are obtained from the regulatory agencies prior to impacts to on-site features that are subject to jurisdiction by the RWQCB and/or CDFW. It should be noted that EIR No. 466 disclosed the potential need to obtain regulatory agency permits. Moreover, and as discussed under the analysis of Threshold f., above, the Project would not result in substantial adverse impacts to State- or federally-protected wetlands as none of the jurisdictional areas on site comprise wetlands; as such, no mitigation is required under CEQA for the Project's impacts beyond what is required as part of the permitting process with the regulatory agencies.

• Prior to issuance of grading permits, the Project Applicant shall obtain the appropriate permits from the regulatory agencies, including a CDFW Section 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement and notification to the CDFW and Regional Board in accordance with the Waste Discharge Requirements under Section 13260 of the CWC (the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act). As part of the permitting process, it is expected that the regulatory agencies will require compensatory mitigation for permanent impacts to 0.07-acre of Regional Board jurisdiction, none of which consist of jurisdictional wetlands, and approximately 0.12 acre of CDFW jurisdiction, none of which consists of vegetated riparian habitat and all of which consists of non-riparian, earthen ditch, at a minimum 1:1 mitigation-to-impact ratio through the purchase of rehabilitation, re-establishment, and/or establishment mitigation credits at the Riverpark Mitigation Bank. In the event that compensatory mitigation credits are not available from the Riverpark Mitigation Bank at the time of proposed work commencement, the Project Applicant shall enter into an agreement to purchase rehabilitation credits from the Santa Ana River Watershed In-Lieu Fee Program (SARW-ILFP) at a 2:1 mitigation-to-impact ratio. The compensatory mitigation shall consist of the rehabilitation of riparian habitat within the Santa Ana River Watershed.

5.1.5 Cultural Resources

			New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
8.		storic Resources Alter or destroy an historic site?				
	b.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?				×

- a) Would the proposed Project alter or destroy an historic site?
- b) Would the proposed Project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 documented that cultural resource surveys occurred within the MFBCSP between April and June, 2004. The results of the analysis determined that no federal or state significant historical resources were located within the MFBCSP site. The only man-made features recorded within the MFBCSP area during the historic period were various roads, and no buildings or other development were evident. EIR No. 466 noted that the entire MFBCSP area remained vacant and undeveloped throughout the historic period and up to when EIR No. 466 was certified. Therefore, EIR No. 466 concluded

that potential impacts to historic resources were not expected and that impacts would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-134)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project would not develop or disturb any additional property that EIR No. 466 did not assume would be developed. Properties within the MFBCSP area, including the Project site, were prepared for development as part of the "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8) with construction of roadways, infrastructure, and rough grading of building pads. No historical resources have been discovered on the site since EIR No. 466 was prepared. Additionally, CRM Tech completed a cultural resources investigation for the Project site, which is included as Technical Appendix I. The study concludes that the entire Project site has been vacant and undeveloped since the 1940s, and no historical resources exist within or adjacent to the Project site, and thus the Project would not cause a substantial adverse change to any known historical resources. (CRM Tech, 2019, p. 4) Notwithstanding, in the unlikely circumstance that historical resources are encountered during construction of the proposed Project, then Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 from EIR No. 466 would apply. Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 requires that if any historical, cultural, or archaeological resources are encountered, then all work in the area must cease until the resource can be evaluated by a qualified archaeologist and an appropriate method of treatment of the resource has been identified. As such, and consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, the Project's impacts to historical resources would be less than significant with implementation of Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

XS			New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Wo	uld t	he project:				
9.	Arc	chaeological Resources Alter or destroy an archeological site?				
	b.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archeological resource as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?				×
	c.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				×

- a) Would the proposed Project alter or destroy an archeological site?
- b) Would the proposed Project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archeological resource as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 indicated that 15 archaeological sites were identified within the MFBCSP boundaries. A Phase II Archaeological Survey was conducted on the 15 sites, which were determined to consist of shallow grinding slicks on the surface of granitic boulder outcrops. EIR No. 466 noted that the general interpretation of this site type is that they are lightly used, temporary food processing sites from the Lake Prehistoric Period located away from the living/camping areas, with little information potential beyond what is observed on the surface and noted in the existing site records. EIR No. 466 determined that although development of the MFBCSP has the potential to alter or destroy these sites, the sites are considered to have been adequately documented by the Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report and the Archaeological Testing and Site Evaluations conducted in association with EIR No. 466 (refer to Appendix D to EIR No. 466). Based upon the findings of the cultural resource surveys and the documentation of the sites in the records of the Eastern Information Center, EIR No. 466 concluded that the alteration or destruction of these sites is considered to be below the level of significance. EIR No. 466 determined that prehistoric resources may be identified in buried context and impacted during buildout of the MFBCSP. This was disclosed as a potentially significant impact, which would be reduced to lessthan-significant levels with the incorporation of EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-134 through IV-137)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project would not develop or disturb any additional property that EIR No. 466 did not assume would be developed. Properties within the MFBCSP area, including the Project site, were prepared for development as part of the "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8) with construction of roadways, infrastructure, and rough grading of building pads. No archaeological resources have been discovered on-site since EIR No. 466 was certified. Thus, it is unlikely that any archaeological resources occur within the Project site. Additionally, CRM Tech completed a cultural resources investigation for the Project site, which is included as *Technical Appendix I*. As documented in *Technical Appendix I*, CRM Tech conducted a survey in 2004 that included the Project site. As a result of this investigation, two archaeological sites of prehistoric (i.e., Native American) origin were identified on site (CRM Tech, 2019, p. 1):

- Site 33-003500 (CA-RIV-3500): three bedrock milling features with a slick on each;
- Site 33-003501 (CA-RIV-3501): two bedrock milling features with a slick on each.

CRM Tech subsequently carried out a Phase II archaeological testing program on all 15 sites in the 275-acre MFBCSP area, including the above-listed sites. During the Phase II study, a total of two excavation units and six shovel test pits were hand-dug at 33-003500 and 33-003501, and no cultural materials were recovered from either site. At the completion of the testing program, both 33-003500 and 33-003501 were both determined not to qualify as "historical resources," as defined by CEQA. During field investigations conducted by CRM Tech in 2019, updated records searches, and a historical background search, no additional cultural resources were identified on the Project site. (CRM Tech, 2019, p. 1) As

such, the Project would not result in any impacts to any known archeological resource, as defined in Section 15064.5 of the California Code of Regulations, and impacts would be less than significant.

Notwithstanding, in the unlikely circumstance that archaeological resources are encountered during construction of the proposed Project, then Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 from EIR No. 466 would apply (as modified herein to reflect the standard County condition of approval [COA]). Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 requires that if any historical, cultural, or archaeological resources are encountered, then all work in the area must cease until the resource can be evaluated by a qualified archaeologist and an appropriate method of treatment of the resource has been identified, in coordination with the County Archaeologist and a Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative). As such, and consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, the Project's impacts to archaeological resources would be less than significant with implementation of Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that buildout of the MFBCSP was not expected to disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries. The IS/NOP concluded that due to the lack of formal cemeteries and informal family burial plots on the MFBCSP site, the MFBCSP would have no impact on human remains. The IS/NOP noted that standard County conditions of approval require work to stop and qualified archaeologists to be consulted in the unlikely event that unknown human remains are uncovered during construction or development activities. As such, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts would be less than significant, and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 14 and 15)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project would not develop or disturb any additional property that EIR No. 466 did not assume would be developed. The Project site does not contain a cemetery and no known formal cemeteries are located within the immediate site vicinity. Nevertheless, the remote potential exists that human remains may be unearthed during grading and excavation activities associated with Project construction. EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 2 would apply, which requires the County coroner to be notified in the event human remains are discovered and also requires Native American consultation if appropriate. Additionally, in the event that human remains are discovered during Project grading or other ground disturbing activities, the Project would be required to comply with the applicable provisions of California Health and Safety Code §7050.5 as well as Public Resources Code §5097 et. seq. California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. Pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 5097.98(b), remains shall be left in place and free from disturbance until a final decision as to the treatment and disposition has been made by the Coroner. If the Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the California Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) must be contacted and the NAHC must then immediately notify the "most likely descendant(s)" of receiving notification of the discovery. The most likely descendant(s) shall then make

recommendations within 48 hours, and engage in consultations concerning the treatment of the remains as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98. Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, and assuming mandatory compliance with state law and Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 2, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any adverse impacts to any human remains. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 identified mitigation measures to address impacts to cultural resources. These measures, which are listed below, would continue to apply to the proposed Project and would be enforced as part of the Project's conditions of approval. It should be noted that Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 has been updated to reflect the County's standard condition of approval for the discovery of previously unidentified cultural resources, and was not modified as the result of the Project causing any new or increased significant impacts. Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 2 has been revised to reflect the County's standard condition of approval for the discovery of human remains. These changes to match the County's standard conditions of approval are actually more protective of the environment with greater detail and clarity than the original mitigation measures. Additionally, EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 3, which requires tribal monitoring during grading activities within MFBCSP Planning Areas 6 and 7, would apply to grading activities on the Building 20 and Staging Area sites (both of which are located in MFBCSP Planning Area 6), but would not apply to the detention basin site as the detention basin site is located in MFBCSP Planning Area 5.

MM Cultural 1:

If buried materials of potential historical, cultural or archaeological significance are accidentally discovered during any earth-moving operations associated with the proposed project, all work ground disturbance within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resources in that area should shall be halted or diverted. The Project Applicant shall contact the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the Project Applicant, the Project until a qualified Archaeologist, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss can evaluate the nature and significance of the finds. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resources. Resource evaluations shall be limited to non-destructive analysis. Further ground-disturbing activities shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished. f the find is determined to be an historical or unique archaeological resource, as defined in Section 15064.5 of the California Code of Regulations (State CEQA Guidelines), avoidance or other-appropriate measures shall be implemented

MM Cultural 2:

In the event of the accidental discovery or recognition of any human remains during excavation/construction, there shall be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent human remains until the County Coroner has been contacted and any required investigation or required Native American consultation has been completed. The developer/permit holder or any successor of interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

MM Cultural 3:

A qualified archeologist and a tribal monitor from the Pechanga Tribe shall be present during all grading activities in that portion of the Project site located east of Harvill Avenue and north of Markham Street (i.e., Planning Area 6 and Planning Area 7) involving the initial ground disturbance and excavation of this portion of the project site.

5.1.6 Energy

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
	he project:		4		1
1 0. En a.	ergy Impacts Result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				×
b.	Conflict with or obstruct a State or Local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				×

- a) Would the proposed Project result in potentially significant environmental impacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?
- b) Would the proposed Project conflict with a State or Local plan for renewable energy or energy conservation?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP would meet all requirements of Title 24 California Code of Regulations construction for energy savings, but indicated that there were no energy conservation plans associated with the MVAP which would affect the MFBCSP site. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts due to a conflict with energy conservation plans would occur and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 48 and 50)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: EIR No. 466 evaluated various scenarios for development of Planning Area 5 of the MFBCSP, including a scenario in which all MFBCSP planning areas (including Planning Area 5) would be developed with warehouse/distribution uses. Under the warehouse/distribution scenario, EIR No. 466 assumed that the entire MFBCSP would be developed with up to 6,215,500 s.f. of warehouse/distribution uses on approximately 279.23 acres (excluding major roads). Thus, EIR No. 466 assumed that warehouse/distribution uses would be developed at an average Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). It is likely that the Staging Area site would be developed in the future by others with light industrial land uses. Thus, excluding the Staging Area site, EIR No. 466 assumed that the Building 20 and detention basin sites, which encompass 20.7 acres (combined), would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of warehouse/distribution uses (901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] x 0.51 = 459,863 s.f.). (Webb, 2005, Table IV-49)

Based on the energy consumption rates utilized in the County's General Plan Update EIR (EIR No. 521), Table 5-4, Comparison of Electricity Demand, and Table 5-5, Comparison of Natural Gas Demand, show the amount of electricity and natural gas, respectively, that would be consumed under the warehouse/distribution scenario evaluated by EIR No. 466 as compared to the proposed Project As shown, when compared to the warehouse/distribution scenario evaluated in EIR No. 466, the Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of electricity and natural gas consumed as compared to what was evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Riverside County, 2015, Table 5.5-O and Table 5.5-P)

Notwithstanding the fact that the Project would consume less electricity and natural gas than the warehouse/distribution scenario evaluated in EIR No. 466, provided below is an analysis of the proposed Project's anticipated energy use which determines that the Project would not result in the wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy during either construction or long-term operation, and also demonstrates that the Project would not conflict with a State or local plan for renewable energy or energy conservation.

Table 5-4 Comparison of Electricity Demand

Land Use	Development Intensity	Demand Factors	Annual Demand
EIR No. 466 Electricity D	emand for Building 20 and De	tention Basin Sites (Wareho	use Distribution Scenario)
Light Industrial	459,863 s.f. ¹	10.50 kWh/year/s.f.	4,828,562 kWh/year
Proposed Project Electr	icity Demand (Building 20)		
Light Industrial	426,821 s.f.	10.50 kWh/year/s.f.	4,481,621 kWh/year
Net Difference:	-33,042 s.f.		- 346,941 kWh/year

1. EIR No. 466 assumed that the MFBCSP would be developed with up to 6,215,500 s.f. of industrial uses on approximately 279.23 acres (excluding major roads), for an overall FAR of approximately 0.51. Thus, EIR No. 466 assumed the Building 20 and detention basin sites (20.7 acres total) would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial land uses (20.7 acres x 43,560 s.f./acre x 0.51 = 459,863 s.f.).

Notes: s.f. = square foot/feet; kWh = Kilowatt hours.

(Riverside County, 2015, Table 5.5-O; Webb, 2005, Table IV-49)

Table 5-5 Comparison of Natural Gas Demand

Land Use	Development Intensity	Demand Factors	Annual Demand
EIR No. 466 Natural Gas	Demand for Building 20 and De	tention Basin Sites (Wareho	ouse Distribution Scenario)
Light Industrial	459,863 s.f. ¹	27.6 cfy/s.f.	12,692,219 cfy
Proposed Project Natura	l Gas Demand		
Light Industrial	426,821 s.f.	27.6 cfy/s.f.	11,780,260 cfy
Net Difference:	- 33,042 s.f.		- 911,959 cfy

1. EIR No. 466 assumed that the MFBCSP would be developed with up to 6,215,500 s.f. of industrial uses on approximately 279.23 acres (excluding major roads), for an overall FAR of approximately 0.51. Thus, EIR No. 466 assumed the Building 20 and detention basin sites (20.7 acres total) would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial land uses (20.7 acres x 43,560 s.f./acre x 0.51 = 459,863 s.f.).

Notes: s.f. = square foot/feet; cfy = cubic feet per year.

(Riverside County, 2015, Table 5.5-P; Webb, 2005, Table IV-49)

Project-Related Energy Demands

Energy and Fuel Use for Project Construction

The Project's construction process would consume electrical energy and fuel. However, since EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, federal, State, and regional regulations have become more stringent, thereby resulting in increased energy efficiency for construction vehicles and equipment as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466. Moreover, Project-related construction would represent a "single-event" electric energy and fuel demand and would not require on-going or permanent commitment of energy or diesel fuel resources for this purpose. Fuel consumed by construction equipment would be the primary energy resource expended over the course of Project-related construction. The aggregate fuel consumption rate for all equipment is estimated at 18.5 horsepower hours per gallon (hp-hr-gal.), obtained from the cited fuel consumption rate factors presented in Table D-24 of the Moyer guidelines (CARB, 2011,p. D-28). Construction workers would also consume fuel traveling to and from the site. An aggregated fuel economy of light duty automobiles (vehicle class within the California sub-area for a 2019 calendar year) are calculated to have a fuel efficiency of 28.17 miles per gallon (MPG).

Indirectly, construction energy efficiencies and energy conservation would be achieved through the use of bulk purchases, transport, and use of construction materials. The 2017 Integrated Energy Policy Report (IEPR) published by the California Energy Commission (CEC) shows that fuel efficiencies are improving for on and off-road vehicle engines due to more stringent government requirements. The amount of energy and fuel use anticipated by the Project's construction activities would be typical for the type of construction proposed because there are no aspects of the Project's proposed construction process that are unusual or energy-intensive, and Project construction equipment would conform to the applicable CARB emissions standards, which promote equipment fuel efficiencies. CCR Title 13, Title 13, Motor Vehicles, Section 2449(d)(3), *Idling*, limits idling times of construction vehicles to no more than 5 minutes, thereby precluding unnecessary and wasteful consumption of fuel due to unproductive idling of construction equipment. Enforcement of idling limitations is realized through periodic site inspections conducted by County building officials, and/or in response to citizen complaints. As supported by the preceding discussions, Project construction energy consumption would not be considered inefficient,

wasteful, or otherwise unnecessary, and would be less than the energy demands anticipated by EIR No. 466.

Energy Use for Project Operation

Transportation Energy Demands

Since EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005 there has been a substantial increase in regulations governing fuel efficiency in motor vehicles, thereby indicating that energy associated with the Project's transportation energy demands would be less than was assumed by EIR No. 466.

Energy that would be consumed by Project-generated traffic is a function of total vehicle miles traveled (VMT) and estimated vehicle fuel economies of vehicles accessing the Project site. Fuel would be provided by commercial vendors, which are required to comply with state and federal requirements regarding energy efficiency. Trip generation and VMT generated by up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses would be consistent with other light industrial uses similar in scale and configuration, because the Project does not propose uses or operations that would inherently result in excessive and wasteful vehicle trips and VMT, nor associated excess and wasteful vehicle energy consumption.

Additionally, and as discussed above, under the warehouse/distribution scenario evaluated in EIR No. 466, EIR No. 466 assumed that the Project site would be developed with warehouse/distribution uses at a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). Thus, EIR No. 466 anticipated that the Building 20 and detention basin sites (20.7 acres combined) would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] x 0.51 FAR = 459,863 s.f.). The 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse building proposed by the Project Applicant would generate less traffic than the 459,863 s.f. of warehouse/distribution uses assumed for the Building 20 and detention basin sites by EIR No. 466. Specifically, based on the trip generation rates used in the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*), development of the Project site with 459,863 s.f. of warehouse/distribution uses would generate 1,548 Average Daily Trips (ADT) in terms of actual vehicles, as compared to the 598 ADT that would be generated by the Project (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3). Thus, traffic associated with the Project would result in the consumption of substantially less fuel as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466 for the warehouse/distribution scenario. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3).

Enhanced fuel economies realized pursuant to federal and State regulatory actions, and related transition of cars and trucks to alternative energy sources (e.g., electricity, natural gas, bio fuels, hydrogen cells) would likely decrease future gasoline fuel demands per VMT. The location of the Project proximate to regional and local roadway systems tends to reduce VMT within the region, acting to reduce regional vehicle energy demands. Project-related development also would include the establishment of eight-foot wide community trail segments along the Project's frontages with Seaton Avenue and Harvill Avenue, which would encourage pedestrian and transit access, thereby reducing VMT and associated energy consumption. As supported by the preceding discussions, the Project's transportation energy consumption would not be considered inefficient, wasteful, or otherwise unnecessary, and would be less than was assumed for the site by EIR No. 466.

Facility Energy Demands

Project implementation would result in the conversion of the Building 20 and detention basin sites from their existing condition to an industrial development that would include up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouses uses and a 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. This land use would increase the site's demand for energy. Specifically, the Project would consume energy for space and water heating, air conditioning, lighting, and operation of equipment and appliances. Table 5-4 and Table 5-5 (previously presented) provide an estimate of electricity and natural gas demands at Project buildout, respectively, as compared to the land uses evaluated for the Project site by EIR No. 466. As shown in Table 5-4 and Table 5-5, buildout of the Project is conservatively estimated to require approximately 4,481,621 kilowatt hours per year (kWh/year) of electricity and 11,780,260 cubic feet per year (cfy) of natural gas.

Energy use in buildings is divided into energy consumed by the built environment and energy consumed by uses that are independent of the construction of the building such as plug-in appliances. In California, the California Building Standards Code Title 24 governs energy consumed by the built environment, mechanical systems, and some types of fixed lighting. Non-building energy use, or "plug-in" energy use can be further subdivided by specific end-use (refrigeration, cooking, appliances, etc.).

For new development such as that proposed by the Project Applicant, compliance with California Building Standards Code Title 24 energy efficiency requirements (CALGreen) are considered demonstrable evidence of efficient use of energy. The proposed high-cube transload short-term warehousing building would be required to promote and provide for energy efficiencies beyond those required under other applicable federal or State of California standards and regulations, and in so doing would meet all California Building Standards Code 24 standards. Moreover, energy consumed by the Project is expected be comparable to other light industrial uses of similar scale and intensity that are constructed and operating in California, because the Project does not propose uses or operations that would inherently result in excessive and wasteful energy consumption. Furthermore, the Project would be conditioned to comply with Riverside County Climate Action Plan (CAP) Measure R2-CE1, Clean Energy. To demonstrate compliance with Measure R2-CE1, the Project Applicant would be required to show that 20 percent of the building's energy demand has been offset through on-site renewable energy production (including but not limited to solar), unless such offset is demonstrated by the Project Applicant to be infeasible. As indicated on the floor plans included as part of Plot Plan No. 180029, the roof for Building 20 is required to be designed to support future solar panels equal to 43% of the building area. As required by CAP Measure R2-CE1, the Project would be conditioned to demonstrate that the proposed solar panels would meet a minimum of 20 percent of the building's energy demand, or must demonstrate that it is infeasible to achieve a 20 percent offset. Because the Project would be subject to the CALGreen requirements and Riverside County CAP Measure R2-CE1, and because the Project Applicant does not propose operational characteristics that are substantially different from other similarly situated light industrial developments, the Project would not result in the inefficient, wasteful, or unnecessary consumption of energy. Furthermore, the Project would not cause or result in the need for additional energy facilities or energy delivery systems.

Project Consistency with Energy Conservation Plans and Regulations

Under existing conditions, there are no adopted State or local plans for renewable energy or energy efficiency in the Project area. Thus, the Project would have no potential to conflict with such plans, and no impact would occur. Additionally, and as discussed below, the Project would be consistent with or otherwise would not conflict with policies and requirements related to energy conservation.

<u>Project Consistency with Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA) of 1991</u>: The Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) promoted the development of intermodal transportation systems to maximize mobility as well as address national and local interests in air quality and energy. ISTEA contained factors that Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) were to address in developing transportation plans and programs, including some energy-related factors. To meet the new ISTEA requirements, MPOs adopted explicit policies defining the social, economic, energy, and environmental values guiding transportation decisions.

Transportation and access to the Project site is provided primarily by the local and regional roadway systems. The Project would not interfere with, nor otherwise obstruct intermodal transportation plans or projects that may be realized pursuant to the ISTEA because no intermodal facilities are planned on or through the Project site.

Project Consistency with the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21): The Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21) was signed into law in 1998 and builds upon the initiatives established in the ISTEA legislation, discussed above. TEA-21 authorizes highway, highway safety, transit, and other efficient surface transportation programs. TEA-21 continues the program structure established for highways and transit under ISTEA, such as flexibility in the use of funds, emphasis on measures to improve the environment, and focus on a strong planning process as the foundation of good transportation decisions. TEA-21 also provides for investment in research and its application to maximize the performance of the transportation system through, for example, deployment of Intelligent Transportation Systems, to help improve operations and management of transportation systems and vehicle safety.

The Project site is located along major transportation corridors with proximate access to the Interstate freeway system via I-215. The site selected for the Project facilitates access, acts to reduce vehicle miles traveled, takes advantage of existing infrastructure systems, and promotes land use compatibilities through collocation of similar uses. This is because the Project site is located only 0.6 roadway mile from the I-215 on-and-off ramps, the Project area already is served with roadway and utilities infrastructure, and the Project site is located in an area planned for light industrial development as part of the General Plan and MFBCSP. As such, the Project supports the strong planning processes emphasized under TEA-21 by taking advantage of the regional and proximate transportation infrastructure. The Project is therefore consistent with, and would not otherwise interfere with, nor obstruct implementation of TEA-21.

<u>Project Consistency with the California Integrated Energy Policy Report (Senate Bill 1389)</u>: Senate Bill 1389 (Bowen, Chapter 568, Statutes of 2002) requires the California Energy Commission to prepare a biennial integrated energy policy report that assesses major energy trends and issues facing the state's electricity,

natural gas, and transportation fuel sectors and provides policy recommendations to conserve resources; protect the environment; ensure reliable, secure, and diverse energy supplies; enhance the state's economy; and protect public health and safety (Public Resources Code § 25301a]). The Energy Commission prepares these assessments and associated policy recommendations every two years, with updates in alternate years, as part of the Integrated Energy Policy Report.

The 2016 Integrated Energy Policy Report (2016 IEPR) was published in February 2017, and continues to work towards improving electricity, natural gas, and transportation fuel energy use in California. The 2016 IEPR focuses on a variety of topics such as including the environmental performance of the electricity generation system, landscape-scale planning, the response to the gas leak at the Aliso Canyon natural gas storage facility, transportation fuel supply reliability issues, updates on Southern California electricity reliability, methane leakage, climate adaptation activities for the energy sector, climate and sea level rise scenarios, and the California Energy Demand Forecast.

Electricity would be provided to the Project by Southern California Edison (SCE). SCE's Clean Power and Electrification Pathway (CPEP) white paper is an integrated approach to reduce GHG emissions and air pollution by taking action in three California economic sectors: electricity, transportation, and buildings. It builds on existing State programs and policies, and uses a combination of measures to produce the most cost-effective and feasible path forward among the options studied. By 2030, it calls for: 1) an electric grid supplied by 80 percent carbon-free energy; 2) more than 7 million electric vehicles on California roads; and 3) using electricity to power nearly one-third of space and water heaters, in increasingly energy-efficient buildings. These electrified technologies will use zero-emission resources like solar and wind to provide most of their power, and can in turn support the electric grid by balancing electricity demand with supply. Because all power supplied to the Project by SCE would be subject to the energy conservation and renewable energy requirements of the CPEP, the Project is inherently consistent with, would not otherwise interfere with, and would not obstruct implementation of, the goals presented in the 2016 IEPR. (SCE, 2017)

<u>Project Consistency with State Energy Plan</u>: The CEC is responsible for preparing the State Energy Plan, which identifies emerging trends related to energy supply, demand, conservation, public health and safety, and the maintenance of a healthy economy. The plan calls for the State to assist in the transformation of the transportation system to improve air quality, reduce congestion, and increase the efficient use of fuel supplies with the least environmental and energy costs. To further this policy, the plan identifies a number of strategies, including assistance to public agencies and fleet operators and encouragement of urban designs that reduce vehicle miles traveled and accommodate pedestrian and bicycle access.

The Project site is located along major transportation corridors with proximate access to the Interstate freeway system via I-215. The Project would facilitate access to and take advantage of existing infrastructure systems, namely I-215 and the interstate freeway system. The Project also would provide pedestrian and transit infrastructure to discourage vehicular travel by accommodating 8-foot wide multipurpose trail segments along the Project's frontages with Seaton Avenue and Harvill Avenue. The Project also would promote land use compatibility through the development of light industrial uses in

close proximity to similarly planned uses, including light industrial uses proposed throughout the MFBCSP area as well as existing light industrial uses located east of Harvill Avenue. The Project therefore supports the urban design principles identified under the State of California Energy Plan and is thus consistent with or would not otherwise interfere with implementation of the State of California Energy Plan.

<u>Project Consistency with California Code Title 24, Part 6 (California Energy Code)</u>: California Code of Regulations Title 24 Part 6: California's Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Nonresidential Buildings, was first adopted in 1978 in response to a legislative mandate to reduce California's energy consumption. The standards are updated periodically to allow consideration and possible incorporation of new energy efficient technologies and methods. Energy efficient buildings require less electricity; therefore, increased energy efficiency reduces fossil fuel consumption and decreases GHG emissions.

The 2019 Title 24 standards requires solar photovoltaic systems for new homes, establish requirements for newly constructed healthcare facilities, encourage demand responsive technologies for residential buildings, and updated indoor and outdoor lighting requirements for nonresidential buildings. The CEC anticipates that single-family homes built with the 2019 standards will use approximately 7 percent less energy compared to the residential homes built under the 2016 standards. Additionally, after implementation of solar photovoltaic systems, homes built under the 2019 standards will use about 53 percent less energy than homes built under the 2016 standards. Nonresidential buildings will use approximately 30 percent less energy due to lighting upgrades.

The 2019 version of Title 24 was adopted by the California Energy Commission (CEC) and became effective on January 1, 2020 and is applicable to the Project. Compliance with the applicable Title 24 requirements is enforced through Riverside County Ordinance No. 457. Thus, Project consistency with Title 24 requirements would occur as part of the County's future review of building permit applications. Additionally, *Technical Appendix D* includes an extensive analysis of the Project's consistency with the County's Climate Action Plan (CAP), and identifies a number of requirements that would serve to reduce energy consumption associated with the future building on site. In addition, the Project has been designed to accommodate solar panels. As such, the Project is consistent with, would not interfere with, and would not obstruct implementation of Title 24.

<u>Project Consistency with Pavley Fuel Efficiency Standards (AB 1493)</u>: AB 1493 is applicable to the Project because model year 2009-2016 passenger cars and light duty truck vehicles traveling to and from the Project site are required by law to comply with the legislation's fuel efficiency requirements. On this basis, the Project would not interfere with or otherwise obstruct implementation of AB 1493.

<u>Project Consistency with California Renewable Portfolio Standards (SB 1078)</u>: Energy directly or indirectly supplied to the Project by electric corporations is required by law to comply with SB 1078. Thus, the Project would be consistent with SB 1078.

Conclusion

Based on the preceding analysis, the Project would not result in the inefficient, wasteful, or unnecessary consumption of energy. Additionally, the Project would not conflict with any adopted State or local plans

for renewable energy or energy efficiency. Impacts due to the Project's energy demands would be less than significant. Implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.7 Geology and Soils

Would the project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
II. Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or County Fault Hazards Zones a. Be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?				×

a) Would the proposed Project be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 disclosed that MFBCSP site was located outside of an Alquist-Priolo earthquake fault zone or County fault hazard zone. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP site is approximately 8.7 miles southwest of the San Jacinto Fault Zone and approximately 9.5 miles northeast of a County Fault Zone. Since there was no evidence that the MFBCSP site was located on, or in proximity to, a known fault, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts would be considered less than significant with incorporation of standard Uniform Building Code (UBC) and County requirements for construction, and incorporation of the recommendations from each building's geotechnical report. The IS/NOP concluded that no impact would occur and this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 16)

Given the MFBCSP's location in Southern California, and the common occurrence of earthquake faults in the region, the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MFBCSP site may experience strong seismic ground shaking from a local or regional earthquake of large magnitude. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP site was located within a zone of very high (30 - 40% g) ground-shaking risk, as designated by the General Plan. Since the MFBCSP site was not located within a State Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone or a County Fault Hazard Zone, the IS/NOP found that the MFBCSP was not required to investigate the potential for and setback from ground rupture hazards. The IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP would follow engineering and design parameters in accordance with the most recent edition of the UBC and/or the Structural Engineers Association of California parameters, as required in standard County conditions

of approval. Therefore, the IS/NOP disclosed that ground-shaking events are expected to cause less than significant impacts to the project, and this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 17)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project's site-specific geotechnical evaluations (*Technical Appendices C1, C2, and C3*) indicate that the Project site and surrounding areas are not located within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone, and there are no known active fault traces within the Project vicinity. The closest zoned fault to the site is the San Jacinto fault zone located approximately 9.5 miles northeast of the Building 20 site (Kleinfelder, 2018a, p. 9). Accordingly, there is no potential for the Project to expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death associated with earthquake fault zones. Additionally, the Project would not be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map, or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would the project:				
I.2. Liquefaction Potential Zone a. Be subject to seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				

a) Would the proposed Project be subject to seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that portions of the MFBCSP site were located within a zone of shallow groundwater with moderate to very high susceptibility to liquefaction. The IS/NOP noted that prior to approval of each plot plan, a site-specific geotechnical report shall be prepared, pursuant to County requirements, to identify hazards to the proposed development and recommendations on how to mitigate them. The IS/NOP also noted that after construction has commenced, the geotechnical engineer shall be called to the site in the event of a change in conditions, and to observe all grading operations. Since the MFBCSP would be designed and constructed in accordance with the latest version of the UBC, with incorporation of recommendations from the geotechnical report(s) required for each implementing Plot Plans, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts would be reduced to less-than-significant levels through future design measures. As such, this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 17)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As anticipated by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, site-specific geotechnical evaluations (*Technical Appendix C1, C2, and C3*) were required for the proposed Project to evaluate specific design elements as established by proposed Plot Plan No. 180029. According to the Project's site-specific geotechnical evaluations, the site is not within a liquefaction hazard zone as mapped by the County of Riverside. The depth to groundwater in the general area of the Building 20 site grades is estimated to be approximately 27 and 29 feet bgs (Kleinfelder, 2018a, p. 6). The geotechnical investigation for the Building 20 site determined that based on characteristics of the soils and depth to groundwater, on-site soils have a very low potential for liquefaction during a design-level earthquake (Kleinfelder, 2018a, p. 10). Furthermore, the Project would be conditioned to comply with the recommendations of the site-specific geotechnical evaluations (*Technical Appendices C1 through C3*), which would further ensure that impacts due to liquefaction hazards would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would the project:				
Ground-shaking Zone a. Be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?				×

a) Would the proposed Project be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?

EIR No. 466 Finding: Given the MFBCSP's location in Southern California, and the common occurrence of earthquake faults in the region, the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MFBCSP site may experience strong seismic ground shaking from a local or regional earthquake of large magnitude. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP site was located within a zone of very high (30 - 40% g) ground-shaking risk, as designated by the General Plan that was adopted at the time. The IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP would follow engineering and design parameters in accordance with the most recent edition of the Universal Building Code (UBC) and/or the Structural Engineers Association of California parameters, as required in standard County conditions of approval. Therefore, the IS/NOP disclosed that ground-shaking events are expected to cause less-than-significant impacts to the project, and this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 17)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, and as indicated in the Project's site-specific geotechnical evaluations (*Technical Appendix C1 through C3*), the Project site and surrounding areas are not located within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone, and there are no known active fault traces within the Project vicinity. The closest zoned fault to the site is the San Jacinto fault zone located approximately 9.5 miles northeast of the Building 20 site. (Kleinfelder, 2018a, p. 9). However, the site is subject to strong ground motions caused by earthquakes

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along nearby fault zones and other active regional faults. Section 1613 of the 2019 California Building Standards Code (CBSC) identifies design features required to be implemented to resist the effects of seismic ground motions. With mandatory compliance to the 2019 CBSC requirements, or the applicable building code at the time of Project construction, structures and persons on the Project site would not be exposed to substantial adverse ground-shaking effects. Accordingly, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, impacts associated with strong seismic ground shaking would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Would the project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
14. Landslide Risk a. Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards?				×

a) Would the proposed Project be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that there were no known or mapped geologic units or soils that are unstable or could become unstable as a result of the MFBCSP. The IS/NOP indicated that the General Plan's Safety Element in effect at the time identified no known or mapped geologic units that could potentially result in on- or off-site landslides, lateral spreading, and collapse or rockfall hazards. The IS/NOP also found that the MFBCSP site did not contain steep slopes (greater than 15%) or unstable slopes with a potential for rockslides or landslides. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts would occur associated with landslide risk, and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 18)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, and as shown on MVAP Figure 15, Slope Instability, the Project site is not located within an area subject to risk of landslide or landslide hazards (Riverside County, 2018, Figure 15). The areas surrounding the Project site are relatively flat, and have no hillsides that may have the potential for landslide or rockfall hazards. Additionally, the geotechnical evaluation prepared for the Building 20 site (Technical Appendix C1) determined that the risk of landslides and other forms of mass wasting is considered very low (Kleinfelder, 2018a, p. 10). As such, the Project has no potential to cause or be

affected by landslide or rockfall hazards, and impacts would be less than significant. The geotechnical evaluation prepared for the Building 20 site also evaluates the potential for collapse and lateral spreading hazards on site, and identifies site-specific recommendations to preclude collapse or lateral spreading hazards that could adversely affect the future building on site. The Project would be conditioned to comply with the site-specific recommendations of the geotechnical evaluation prepared for the Building 20 site (*Technical Appendix C1*), which would reduce potential impacts to less-than-significant levels. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Would	the project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
	round Subsidence Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence?				×

a) Would the proposed Project be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 found that there were no known geologic units or soils that are or would become unstable and result in subsidence because of the MFBCSP. However, the IS/NOP noted that the General Plan's Safety Element indicated that the eastern portion of the MFBCSP site was at the edge of a susceptible ground subsidence area. The IS/NOP noted that standard County procedures require the preparation of site-specific geotechnical reports prior to grading to identify any specific requirements necessary to ameliorate potential subsidence hazards. The IS/NOP acknowledged that future development within the MFBCSP would be required to follow engineering and design parameters in accordance with the most recent edition of the UBC and/or Structural Engineers Association of California parameters as well as the sites-specific requirements set forth in the site-specific geotechnical reports required for implementing Plot Plans. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that the risk of subsidence hazards would be less than significant and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 18 and 19)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As anticipated by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, because the Project Applicant proposes a site-specific development, site-specific geotechnical evaluations were prepared for the Project site (*Technical Appendix C1, C2 and C3*). The Project's geotechnical reports determined that dry seismically-induced settlement is calculated to be less than one inch, and incorporate recommendations to address settlement issues. The Project would be conditioned to comply with the

recommendations of the site-specific geotechnical studies prepared for the Project site (*Technical Appendices C1 through C3*). As such, impacts would be less than significant. (Kleinfelder, 2018a, p. 11; Kleinfelder, 2020, p. 9) Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	the project:		111	4	
1 6. Ot a.	ther Geologic Hazards Be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard?				

a) Would the proposed Project be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that the nearest large inland water body is Lake Perris located approximately 3.6 miles east of the MFBCSP site, which would not pose a threat to the MFBCSP area in the event of a large earthquake that could potentially induce a seiche in the lake. The IS/NOP indicated that there were no volcanoes in the MFBCSP vicinity. Since there are no steep slopes, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts from other geologic hazards would be less than significant. As such, this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 19)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, there are no active volcanoes in the Project region. Additionally, the Project vicinity consists of relatively flat topography, and there are no hillsides in the area that could subject the Project site to mudflow hazards. With respect to seiches, the nearest body of water to the Project site is the Perris Reservoir, located approximately 3.6 miles east of the site. According to Riverside County Environmental Impact Report No. 521, the Project site is not located within the inundation zone for the Perris Reservoir, indicating that the site also is not subject to hazards associated with seiches (Riverside County, 2015, Figure 4.11.2). Thus, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Would the project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
17. Slopes a. Change topography or ground surface relief features?	:f 🗆			
b. Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet?				\boxtimes
c. Result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems?				

a) Would the proposed Project change topography or ground surface relief features?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP site was essentially level. The IS/NOP noted that limited grading may be required during construction to establish finished grades. However, the IS/NOP found that the scale of activity would be consistent with that for ongoing construction in the area. As such, the IS/NOP concluded that no impact would occur due to changes to topography and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 20)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As anticipated by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 and as previously depicted on Figure 3-3 through Figure 3-5, the Project generally would maintain the site's existing topography, with some manufactured slopes adjacent to Harvill Avenue, Old Oleander Avenue, and around the proposed detention basin. With implementation of the proposed Project, and as shown on Figure 3-11 through Figure 3-13, the site would continue to drain towards the east and would be conveyed south to the proposed detention basin proposed south of the Staging Area site. As such, the Project would not result in substantial changes to the site's topography or ground surface relief features, and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that buildout of the MFBCSP would not involve the formation of cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet. As such, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts are expected and as a result this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 20)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As previously depicted on Figure 3-3 through Figure 3-5, to the north and south of the truck trailer parking area and along the western boundary of the Building 20 site would be 2:1 manufactured slopes measuring up to 14 feet in height. Several smaller 2:1

manufactured slopes are proposed along the eastern boundary of the Building 20 site. Within the northern portion of the Staging Area site, 3:1 manufactured slopes are proposed at a maximum height of 12 feet. 3:1 manufactured slopes also are proposed along the north and south of the driveway entrance from Harvill Avenue. Although slopes proposed by the Project Applicant would exceed 10 feet in height, the site-specific geotechnical evaluations prepared for the Project site4 (*Technical Appendix C1 through C3*) identify recommendations to ensure that the Project's slopes are grossly stable. The Project would be conditioned to comply with the recommendations of the geotechnical evaluations. Additionally, soils reports prepared by a registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer, or geotechnical engineer are required pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 457 prior to rough grade or precise grade approval verifying the sub-grade and base of all paved areas. Compliance with the geotechnical evaluation recommendations and mandatory soils reports required for grading permits would preclude impacts associated with slopes that are taller than 10 feet in height. As such, impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that septic systems were not located on the MFBCSP site. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that it is not expected that site grading would impact subsurface sewage systems. As a result, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts to subsurface sewage disposal systems would not occur and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 20)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project would not result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems. With implementation of the proposed Project, sewer service would be provided proposed connections to an existing 12-inch sewer main located approximately 0.3 mile east of the Building 20 site, east of the easterly terminus of Nance Street. Accordingly, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would the project:			•	
18. Soilsa. Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
b.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1803.5.3 of the California Building Code (2019), creating substantial risks to life or property?				×
c.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				×

a) Would the proposed Project result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MFBCSP area contains a total of 13 soil types that have low to moderate potential for erosion. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP would be required to reduce or eliminate soil erosion sedimentation during construction activities by obtaining coverage under the Santa Ana RWQCB National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for construction-related storm water discharges in the San Jacinto River Watershed. The IS/NOP explained that the permit requires that Best Management Practices (BMPs) be used to ensure that soil erosion due to wind or water does not occur during the construction phase. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts would be less than significant and this topic was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 20 and 21)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the information disclosed in EIR No. 466, proposed grading activities associated with the Project would temporarily expose underlying soils to water and air, which would increase erosion susceptibility while the soils are exposed. Exposed soils would be subject to erosion during rainfall events or high winds due to the removal of stabilizing vegetation and exposure of these erodible materials to wind and water.

As stated in EIR No. 466, pursuant to the requirements of the State Water Resources Control Board, the Project Applicant is required to obtain coverage under a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for construction activities. The NPDES permit is required for all projects that include construction activities, such as clearing, grading, and/or excavation that disturb at least one acre of total land area. Additionally, during grading and other construction activities involving soil exposure or the transport of earth materials, Riverside County Ordinance Nos. 457 and 460 would apply, which establish, in part, requirements for the control of dust and erosion during construction. As part of the requirements of Ordinance Nos. 457 and 460, the Project Applicant would be required to prepare an erosion control plan that would address construction fencing, sand bags, and other erosion-control features that would be implemented during the construction phases to reduce the site's potential for soil erosion or the loss of topsoil. Requirements for the reduction of particulate matter in the air also would apply, pursuant to

SCAQMD Rule 403. Mandatory compliance with the Project's NPDES permit and applicable regulatory requirements would ensure that water and wind erosion impacts would be less than significant.

Following construction, wind and water erosion on the Project site would be minimized, as the areas disturbed during construction would be landscaped or covered with impervious surfaces. Only nominal areas of exposed soil, if any, would occur in the site's landscaped areas. The only potential for erosion effects to occur during Project operation would be indirect effects from storm water discharged from the property. All flows entering the on-site storm drainage system would be directed toward the detention basin planned in the southeastern portion of the site and would be conveyed to existing storm drains located in Markham Street via subsurface storm drain pipes following water quality treatment. The majority of flows from the Building 20 site would drain into the detention basin. As shown on Figure 3-3, on-site drainage would largely mimic existing conditions.

Based on the analysis presented in the Project's hydrology study (*Technical Appendix F1*), post-development runoff from the site and areas tributary to the site would decrease during 100-year (24-hour duration) storm events (i.e., from 135.6 cfs under existing conditions to 119.9 cfs under post-development conditions) (PBLA, 2020a, p. 4). Additionally, the Project area was previously improved as part of CFD 88-8 with storm water drainage infrastructure that was sized to accommodate future development within the area. Moreover, runoff from the Project site following detention and water quality treatment would be conveyed directly to existing drainage facilities downstream that have been designed to preclude or substantially avoid erosion hazards. As such, soil erosion and the loss of topsoil would not increase substantially as compared to existing conditions.

In addition, the Project Applicant is required to prepare and submit to the County for approval of a Project-specific Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP). The SWPPP and WQMP must identify and implement an effective combination of erosion control and sediment control measures (i.e., Best Management Practices) to reduce or eliminate discharge to surface water from storm water and non-storm water discharges. Adherence to the requirements noted in the Project's required WQMP (refer to *Technical Appendix F2*) and site-specific SWPPP would further ensure that potential erosion and sedimentation effects would be less than significant. As such, impacts due to substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1803.5.3 of the California Building Code (2019), creating substantial risks to life or property?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that the MFBCSP site was located on soils in the Monserate-Arlington-Exeter Association, which exhibits well-drained soils on nearly-level to moderately steep topography. The IS/NOP indicated that these soils have a surface layer of sandy loam to loam and are shallow to deep to hardpan, and that this association does not contain expansive soils as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code. The IS/NOP further noted that expansive soils are not typically associated with the MFBCSP vicinity. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts

related to expansive soils would occur, and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 21)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project's site-specific geotechnical evaluation (*Technical Appendix C1*) determined that soils on the Building 20 site have an expansion index (EI) test result of 0, which is considered to be a "very low" expansion potential. Based on these results, the Project's geotechnical consultant (Kleinfelder West, Inc.) determined that expansive soils would not adversely impact the design and construction of the proposed Project; thus, impacts would be less than significant. (Kleinfelder, 2018a, p. 26) Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?

EIR No. 466 Finding: Although this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466 or in the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the IS/NOP and EIR No. 466 contained enough information about the MFBCSP's proposed sewer plan that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential impacts due to septic systems or alternative waste water disposal systems was readily available to the public. Specifically, EIR No. 466 incorporates by reference the MFBCSP, which requires all future development within the MFBCSP to connect to Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) sewer facilities for wastewater treatment. Thus, there is no potential for the MFBCSP to result in or require the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems and no impact would occur.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As anticipated by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project Applicant proposes to connect to the EMWD's sanitary sewer system via a proposed connection to an existing sewer main located approximately 0.3 mile east of the Building 20 site, east of the easterly terminus of Nance Street. The Project does not propose septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems, nor do any such facilities occur on site under existing conditions. As such, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Mandal the property	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would the project: 19. Wind Erosion and Blowsand from project either on or off site. a. Be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion and blowsand, either on or off site?				×

a) Would the proposed Project be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion and blowsand, either on or off site?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP site had moderate potential for wind erosion, similar to most of Riverside County. However, the IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP site is not located within the boundaries of Riverside County's Agricultural Dust Control Area as established by Ordinance No. 484. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts from wind erosion and blowsand on and off site would be less than significant. The IS/NOP further noted that during construction, which would be accessed by paved roadways, all grading would be required to use BMPs, including compliance with SCAQMD Rule 403, to prevent wind erosion. The IS/NOP indicated that the use of these BMPs would reduce to less than significant any wind erosion and/or blowsand impacts caused by development of the MFBCSP. Therefore, wind erosion and blowsand were not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 22 and 23)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Construction characteristics associated with the proposed Project would be similar to what was assumed by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466. Proposed grading activities would expose underlying soils at the Project site, which would increase erosion susceptibility during grading and construction activities. Exposed soils would be subject to erosion due to the removal of stabilizing vegetation and exposure of these erodible materials to wind. Erosion by wind would be highest during periods of high wind speeds.

The Project site is considered to have a "moderate" susceptibility to wind erosion (Riverside County, 2019a, Figure S-8). During grading and other construction activities involving soil exposure or the transport of earth materials, significant short-term impacts associated with wind erosion would be precluded with mandatory compliance with the Project's SWPPP and Riverside County Ordinance No. 484, which establishes requirements for the control of blowing sand. In addition, the Project would be required to comply with SCAQMD Rule 403, which addresses the reduction of airborne particulate matter. With mandatory compliance to regulatory requirements, wind erosion impacts would be less than significant during construction and mitigation is not required.

Following construction, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP, wind erosion on the Project site would be negligible, as the disturbed areas would be landscaped or covered with impervious surfaces.

Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not significantly increase the risk of long-term wind erosion on- or off-site, and impacts would be less than significant.

Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.8 Greenhouse Gas Emissions

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	he project:				
20. Gr a.	eenhouse Gas Emissions Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				⊠
b.	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

- a) Would the proposed Project generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?
- b) Would the proposed Project conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?

EIR No. 466 Finding: Although EIR No. 466 did not address this subject, EIR No. 466 contained enough information about projected air quality emissions associated with the MFBCSP that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential effect due to greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions was readily available to the public. See *Citizens for Responsible Equitable Environmental Development v. City of San Diego* (2011) 196 Cal.App.4th 515 where the court found the potential impact of GHGs on climate change alone did not require preparation of a supplemental EIR since such information has been available since before the original EIR had been certified.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As discussed in more detail in subsection 5.1.18, the proposed Project would result in a substantial reduction in the amount of traffic generated by development of the site as compared to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466. Specifically, the Project would result in the generation of 950 fewer vehicle trips (actual vehicles) as compared to the industrial land uses that were evaluated by EIR No. 466 for the Project site (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3). Because the majority of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions associated with light industrial developments is the result of vehicular traffic, the Project's level of GHG emissions would be reduced in comparison to the

project evaluated by EIR No. 466 (CARB, 2017; Riverside County, 2015, Figure 4.7.1). Additionally, and as documented in Section 4.7.3 of the Riverside County EIR No. 521, there have been numerous regulations adopted since EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005 that would result in reduced Project-related GHG emissions compared to the project evaluated by EIR No. 466, including AB 1493, which specifies fuel efficiency standards, and the California Building Standards Code Title 24 energy efficiency requirements (CALGreen), which impose more stringent energy efficiency requirements as compared to what was in effect when EIR No. 466 was certified. Notwithstanding the fact that the Project would result in reduced GHG impacts as compared to the project evaluated in EIR No. 466, the Project's proposed Plot Plan No. 180029 includes site-specific details regarding the proposed development that were not available when EIR No. 466 was certified. As such, and in order to supplement the information contained in EIR No. 466, a discussion and analysis of the Project's potential impacts associated with GHG emissions is presented below.

Background

Global Climate Change (GCC) is defined as the change in average meteorological conditions on the earth with respect to temperature, precipitation, and storms. Scientific evidence suggests that GCC is the result of increased concentrations of greenhouse gases in the earth's atmosphere, including carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, and fluorinated gases. Many scientists believe that this increased rate of climate change is the result of greenhouse gases resulting from human activity and industrialization over the past 200 years.

GCC refers to the change in average meteorological conditions on the earth with respect to temperature, wind patterns, precipitation, and storms. Global temperatures are regulated by naturally occurring atmospheric gases such as water vapor, CO_2 (carbon dioxide), N_2O (nitrous oxide), CO_4 (methane), hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride. These particular gases are important due to their residence time (duration they stay) in the atmosphere, which ranges from 10 years to more than 100 years. These gases allow solar radiation into the earth's atmosphere, but prevent radioactive heat from escaping, thus warming the earth's atmosphere. GCC can occur naturally as it has in the past with the previous ice ages.

An individual project like the proposed Project cannot generate enough greenhouse gas emissions to affect a discernible change in global climate. However, the proposed Project may participate in the potential for GCC by its incremental contribution of greenhouse gases combined with the cumulative increase of all other sources of greenhouse gases, which when taken together constitute potential influences on GCC.

Applicable GHG Regulations

Executive Order (EO) S-3-05 was issued by Governor Schwarzenegger in 2005 and documents GHG emission reduction goals, creates the Climate Action Team, and directs the Secretary of CalEPA to coordinate efforts with meeting the GHG reduction targets with the heads of other state agencies. EO S-3-05 goals for GHG emissions reductions include: reducing GHG emissions to 2000 levels by the year 2010;

reducing GHG emissions to 1990 levels by the year 2020; and reducing GHG emissions to 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050.

In response to EO S-3-05, in September 2006, Governor Schwarzenegger signed Assembly Bill 32 (AB 32), the California Climate Solutions Act of 2006. AB 32 requires California to reduce its GHG emissions to 1990 levels by 2020, which represents a reduction of approximately 15 percent below emissions expected under a "business as usual" scenario. Pursuant to AB 32, the CARB must adopt regulations to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective GHG emission reductions. The full implementation of AB 32 will help mitigate risks associated with climate change, while improving energy efficiency, expanding the use of renewable energy resources, cleaner transportation, and reducing waste. (CARB, 2014)

On September 8, 2016, Governor Jerry Brown signed the Senate Bill (SB) 32 and its companion bill, Assembly Bill (AB) 197. SB 32 requires the state to reduce statewide GHG emissions to 40% below 1990 levels by 2030, a reduction target that was first introduced in Executive Order B-30-15. The new legislation builds upon the AB 32 goal of 1990 levels by 2020 and provides an intermediate goal to achieving S-3-05, which sets a statewide greenhouse gas reduction target of 80% below 1990 levels by 2050. (CA Legislative Info, n.d.)

On December 11, 2008, CARB adopted a Scoping Plan to reduce GHG emissions to 1990 levels. The Scoping Plan's recommendations for reducing GHG emissions to 1990 levels by 2020 include emission reduction measures, including a cap-and-trade program linked to Western Climate Initiative partner jurisdictions, green building strategies, recycling, and waste-related measures, as well as Voluntary Early Actions and Reductions. In November 2017, CARB adopted the Second Update to the Scoping Plan, which identifies the State's post-2020 reduction strategy. The Second Update reflects the 2030 target of a 40 percent reduction below 1990 levels, set by SB 32.

The County of Riverside adopted a Climate Action Plan (CAP) on December 8, 2015, which was most recently updated in November 2019 ("CAP Update"). The CAP Update is intended to ensure that development accommodated by the buildout of the General Plan supports the goals of AB 32 and SB 32, as well as the 2050 reduction target identified by Executive Order S-3-05. The County of Riverside plans to reduce community-wide emissions to 2,434,649 Metric Tons (MT) of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (CO₂e) per year by 2030 and 562,730 MTCO₂e by 2050. In order to determine whether new development within the County is consistent with the CAP Update, the CAP Update includes Screening Tables (Appendix D to the CAP) to aid in measuring the reduction of GHG emissions attributable to certain design and construction measures incorporated into development projects. The CAP Update contains a menu of measures potentially applicable to discretionary development that include energy conservation, water use reduction, increased residential density or mixed uses, transportation management, and solid waste recycling. Individual sub-measures are assigned a point value within the overall screening table of GHG implementation measures. The point values are adjusted according to the intensity of action items with modest adoption/installation (those that reduce GHG emissions by modest amounts) worth the least number of points and greatly enhanced adoption/installation worth the most. Projects that garner at least 100 points are determined to be consistent with the reduction quantities anticipated in the County's

GHG Technical Report (which was prepared by the County in support of the CAP Update), and consequently would be consistent with the CAP Update and the GHG reduction targets established by AB 32 and SB 32. (Riverside County, 2019b)

A number of additional policies and regulations addressing GHGs have been adopted by the State, including regulations to implement the GHG reduction target set forth by SB 32 for Year 2030. Please refer to Section 4.7.3 of the Riverside County EIR No. 521, for a detailed description of policies and regulations that have been adopted to reduce GHGs. EIR No. 521 is available for public review at the Riverside County Planning Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA.

Threshold of Significance for Evaluating Project Impacts due to GHGs

As discussed in the Newall Ranch decision, a lead agency may assess the significance of GHG emissions by determining a project's consistency with a local GHG reduction plan or CAP that qualifies under § 15183.5 of the CEQA Guidelines. See *Center for Biological Diversity v. California Dept. of Fish & Wildlife* (2017) 17 Cal. App. 5th 1245.

The County of Riverside's CAP Update, which complies with § 15183.5 of the CEQA Guidelines, was adopted specifically for the purpose of ensuring that the development accommodated by the buildout of the General Plan supports the goals of AB 32 and SB 32, as well as the 2050 reduction target established by Executive Order S-3-05. CARB adopted the State's strategy for achieving AB 32 targets in its Climate Change Scoping Plan (Scoping Plan) in 2008. In November 2017, CARB released the Final 2017 Scoping Plan Update, which identifies the State's post-2020 reduction strategy. The Final 2017 Scoping Plan Update reflects the 2030 target of a 40% reduction below 1990 levels, set by Executive Order B-30-15 and codified by SB 32. The County of Riverside CAP Update includes strategies that will achieve the 2030 reduction target set forth by SB 32 and outlined in the 2017 Scoping Plan Update. The CAP Update target is to reduce County emissions by the amount recommended in the Second Update to the Scoping Plan for local government of 40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030. Thus, projects that are consistent with the CAP Update also would be consistent with the GHG reduction targets set forth by AB 32 and SB 32.

As such, projects that achieve a total of 100 points or more pursuant to the County's CAP do not require quantification of project-specific GHG emissions and, consistent with CEQA Guidelines, such projects are considered to have a less-than-significant individual and cumulative impact due to GHG emissions.

Project Impacts due to GHGs

In conformance with the Riverside County CAP Update, the Project Applicant completed Screening Tables for GHG Implementation Measures for Commercial Development and Public Facilities, which is included as *Technical Appendix D* to this EIR Addendum. As indicated, the Project Applicant has committed to design features such that the Project could accommodate enough implementation measures to equal 106 points, which exceeds the CAP requirement to obtain a minimum of 100 points. It should be noted that while the measures identified in *Technical Appendix D* have been determined by the Project Applicant to be feasible, not all of the measures identified in *Technical Appendix D* would be implemented; however,

the County will impose a standard Condition of Approval requiring the Project to achieve a minimum of 100 points pursuant to the CAP screening tables as part of future building permit applications.

Furthermore, the Project would be conditioned to comply with CAP Measure R2-CE1, Clean Energy. To demonstrate compliance with Measure R2-CE1, the Project Applicant would be required to show that 20 percent of the building's energy demand has been offset through on-site renewable energy production (including but not limited to solar), unless such offset is demonstrated by the Project Applicant to be infeasible. As indicated on the floor plans included as part of Plot Plan No. 180029, the roof for Building 20 is required to be designed to support future solar panels equal to 43% of the building area. As required by CAP Measure R2-CE1, the Project would be conditioned to demonstrate that the proposed solar panels would meet a minimum of 20 percent of the building's energy demand, or must demonstrate that it is infeasible to achieve a 20 percent offset.

As such, with mandatory compliance with CAP Measure R2-CE1 in conjunction with the other measures that achieve a minimum of 100 points pursuant to Appendix D to the CAP Update, the Project would be consistent with the County's CAP Update, and as a result also would be consistent with the GHG reduction targets established by AB 32, SB 32, and the GHG reduction measures set forth in the CARB 2017 Scoping Plan Update. Accordingly, the Project would not generate GHGs, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment. Additionally, the Project would not conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of GHGs. As such, with mandatory compliance with the CAP Update, the Project's GHG emissions would be less-than-cumulatively considerable. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Comparison of Project GHG Impacts to EIR No. 466

Although EIR No. 466 did not evaluate GHG impacts per se, EIR No. 466 contained sufficient information about projected air quality emissions associated with the MFBCSP that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential effect due to GHG emissions was readily available to the public. In comparison to the land uses and other assumptions about buildout of the MFBCSP utilized in EIR No. 466, the proposed Project would result in a substantial reduction in GHG emissions. Due to advancements in technology and more stringent regulations since 2005, the Project's GHG emissions associated with construction sources, mobile sources, area sources, and energy sources would be substantially less than what would have been disclosed by EIR No. 466 for the Project site. Moreover, and as shown in Table 5-19, EIR No. 466 assumed the Project site (i.e., MFBCSP Planning Area 2) would generate approximately 950 more vehicle trips (actual vehicles) than would be generated by the Project evaluated herein (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3). Because a majority of the GHG emissions associated with light industrial uses are the result of mobile sources, and because the Project would produce substantially less traffic than was analyzed by EIR No. 466, the Project as proposed would result in a substantial reduction in GHG emissions associated with the buildout of the Project site as compared to the land uses assumed by EIR No. 466. Accordingly, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures

EIR No. 466 did not identify any measures specifically addressing GHG emissions, although the Project would be subject to EIR No. 466 Air Quality Mitigation Measures MM Air 1 through MM Air MM 14 (refer to subsection 5.1.3), several of which would reduce the Project's GHG emissions.

Project Specific Conditions of Approval

The following conditions of approval shall apply to ensure compliance with the Riverside County CAP, further demonstrating that implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466:

- Prior to building permit issuance, the Project Applicant shall demonstrate that appropriate building construction measures shall apply to achieve a minimum of 100 points per Appendix D to the 2019 Riverside County Climate Action Plan (CAP) Update. The conceptual measures anticipated for the Project are listed in the Project's Screening Table for GHG Implementation Measures for Commercial Development and Public Facilities (EIR Addendum *Technical Appendix D*). The conceptual measures may be replaced with other measures as listed in Technical Appendix D, as long as they are replaced at the same time with other measures that in total achieve a minimum of 100 points per Appendix D to the Riverside County Climate Action Plan Update.
- Prior to issuance of building permits, and in accordance with measure R2-CE1 of the County's Climate Action Plan Update, the proposed Project shall be required to offset its energy demand by 20 percent of the energy demand. This is anticipated to be accommodated through solar panels mounted on the building rooftops. The energy demand shall be determined at the initial building permit stage if the tenant/particular use is known at that time. If the tenant or particular use is not known at that time, this condition should be deferred to the tenant improvement building permit and to any subsequent tenant improvement permits as tenants may change. Utilizing the energy demand calculated, the appropriate amount of solar panels shall be included with the related building permits to ensure their installation and operation. As it relates to the initial building permit, the roof shall be designed to accommodate rooftop mounted solar panels.

5.1.9 Hazards and Hazardous Materials

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	the project:		10		
21. H a	create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				×
b.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				×
c.	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?				×
d.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				×
e.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				⊠

- a) Would the proposed Project create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?
- b) Would the proposed Project create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that development of the industrial/business park land uses in the MFBCSP area would incrementally increase the use and disposal of substances such as cleaning products, fertilizers, pesticides, and standard office supplies, etc. The IS/NOP noted that proposed buildings would be used for light industrial and warehouse/distribution uses

under the existing I-P, M-SC, and MM zoning. The IS/NOP indicated that the I-P, M-SC, and M-M zoning designations allowed certain land uses which might use hazardous materials. As noted in the IS/NOP, such uses, if ever proposed on the site in the future, would be subject to standard Department of Environmental Health policies and permitting procedures. However, the IS/NOP concluded that the MFBCSP would not involve transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials and determined that impacts would be less than significant. This issue was determined by the IS/NOP to be less than significant and was therefore not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 23 and 24)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project entails the buildout of the Building 20 site with high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses, with a proposed detention basin in the southern portion of the Project site. The Project's proposed land uses are fully consistent with the land use assumptions made by EIR No. 466 for the Project site. As such, construction and operational characteristics of the proposed Project would be consistent with the assumptions made by EIR No. 466. Accordingly, and as discussed in further detail below, the Project has no greater potential for hazardous materials impacts due to existing site conditions, construction activities, and long-term Project operation as compared to the Project evaluated in EIR No. 466. Notwithstanding, because the Project consists of proposed Plot Plan No. 180029, which identifies site-specific development characteristics, an analysis of the Project's potential to result in impacts due to existing site conditions, construction activities, and operational activities is discussed below.

Historical Site Conditions

Since EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, there have been no major changes to the Project site that could result in the presence of previously unknown hazardous materials. Thus, there would be no potential for increased impacts due hazardous materials within the Project site beyond what was evaluated and disclosed by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466.

Notwithstanding, Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) reports were prepared for the Project site by SCS Engineers, and are included as *Technical Appendices E1 through E3*. According to available historical sources and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project site has been undeveloped since at least the early 1900s, and possibly with some agricultural land in the 1950s. No hazardous substances/wastes were observed on the Project site during the site inspection conducted by SCS Engineers. Limited debris such as scattered trash was observed on the site; however, no obvious signs of disturbed soils or illicit dumping (e.g., soils, rubble, etc.) on the site was noted. No recognized environmental conditions (RECs) were noted by SCS Engineers during the site inspection or identified during the review of regulatory database and other historical records. While SCS Engineers noted that regulatory database information identified few known or suspected contamination sites in the area surrounding the Project site, based on the available information SCS Engineers found that it is unlikely that any of these sites have affected the environmental condition of the Project site. As such, and consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, impacts due to hazards associated with existing site conditions would be less than significant. (SCS Engineers, 2018a, p. 13; SCS Engineers, 2018b, p. 13; SCS Engineers, 2018c, p. 12)

Construction Activities

Construction activities would occur on the Project site in the same or similar manner as assumed by EIR No. 466. Heavy equipment (e.g., dozers, excavators, tractors) would be operated on the subject property during the demolition and construction phases of the Project. This heavy equipment would likely be fueled and maintained by petroleum-based substances such as diesel fuel, gasoline, oil, and hydraulic fluid, which is considered hazardous if improperly stored or handled. In addition, materials such as paints, adhesives, solvents, and other substances typically used in building construction would be located on the Project site during construction. Improper use, storage, or transportation of hazardous materials can result in accidental releases or spills, potentially posing health risks to workers, the public, and the environment. This is a standard risk on all construction sites, and there would be no greater risk for improper handling, transportation, or spills associated with the proposed Project than would occur on any other similar construction site, and the risk of such spills during construction would be no greater than was assumed by EIR No. 466 or its associated IS/NOP. Construction contractors would be required to comply with all applicable federal, State, and local laws and regulations regarding the transport, use, and storage of hazardous construction-related materials, including but not limited requirements imposed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), SCAQMD, and Santa Ana RWQCB. With mandatory compliance with applicable hazardous materials regulations, the Project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials during the construction phase. Additionally, construction activities would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment. Impacts would be less than significant.

Operational Activities

Operational activities would occur on the Project site in the same or similar manner as assumed by EIR No. 466. Whereas EIR No. 466 assumed a range of occupant types, the Project Applicant proposes high-cube transload short-term warehouse use on the Building 20 site and a detention basin on the southern 2.5 acres of the Project site, in conformance with the range of uses allowed by the MFBCSP. The future occupant(s) of the Project's proposed building is unknown at the time of this assessment; however, Building 20 would be developed with up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses. Allowable occupant types would be governed by the site's underlying zoning classifications of I-P and M-SC (refer to subsection 2.2.2).

Although unlikely, it is possible that hazardous materials could be used during the course of a future occupant's daily operations. As noted in the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, uses that might use hazardous materials would be subject to standard Department of Environmental Health policies and permitting procedures. State and federal Community-Right-to-Know laws allow the public access to information about the amounts and types of chemicals in use at local businesses. Regulations also are in place that require businesses to plan and prepare for possible chemical emergencies. Any business that occupies the proposed building on the Project site and that handles hazardous materials (as defined in § 25500 of California Health and Safety Code, Division 20, Chapter 6.95) would require permits from the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health (DEH) in order to register the business as a hazardous materials handler. Such businesses also are required to comply with California's Hazardous

Materials Release Response Plans and Inventory Law, which requires immediate reporting to the Riverside County Fire Department and the State Office of Emergency Services regarding any release or threatened release of a hazardous material, regardless of the amount handled by the business. In addition, any business handling at any one time, greater than 500 pounds of solid, 55 gallons of liquid, or 200 cubic feet of gaseous hazardous material, is required, under Assembly Bill 2185 (AB 2185), to file a Hazardous Materials Business Emergency Plan (HMBEP). A HMBEP is a written set of procedures and information created to help minimize the effects and extent of a release or threatened release of a hazardous material. The intent of the HMBEP is to satisfy federal and State Community Right-To-Know laws and to provide detailed information for use by emergency responders.

Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, if businesses that use or store hazardous materials occupy the Project, the business owners and operators would be required to comply with all applicable federal, State, and local regulations to ensure proper use, storage, use, emission, and disposal of hazardous substances (as described above). With mandatory regulatory compliance, the Project is not expected to pose a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, storage, emission, or disposal of hazardous materials, nor would the Project increase the potential for accident conditions which could result in the release of hazardous materials into the environment. Thus, and consistent with the conclusion reached in the IS/NOP, impacts would be less than significant and mitigation is not required.

Conclusion

As noted above, and consistent with the finding made by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, with implementation of mandatory regulatory requirements and standard conditions of approval, the Project would result in less-than-significant impacts due to the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, and less-than-significant impacts associated with reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP would not impair the implementation of, or physically interfere with, an emergency response plan and/or emergency evacuation plan. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP would include adequate access for emergency response vehicles and personnel, as developed in consultation with County Fire personnel, and that the MFBCSP site is bounded on the north and south by freeway on-ramps. The IS/NOP concluded that no impacts would occur, and this issue was therefore not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 24)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project entails implementing development within Planning Areas 5 and 6 of the MFBCSP, and these planning areas (including the Project site) do not contain any emergency facilities nor do they serve as an emergency evacuation route. Under long-term

operational conditions, the proposed Project would be required to maintain adequate emergency access for emergency vehicles on-site as required by the County. Furthermore, as discussed in subsection 3.1, the Project does not propose nor require major roadway improvements that could interfere with traffic operations on roadways abutting the Project site; thus, the Project would not result in a substantial alteration to the design or capacity of any existing public road that would impair or interfere with the implementation of evacuation procedures. Because the Project would not interfere with an adopted emergency response or evacuation plan, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the proposed Project emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter (1/4) mile of an existing or proposed school?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that no portions of the MFBCSP occur within a quarter-mile of a school site. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impact would occur and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 24)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, there are no existing or planned schools within one-quarter mile of the Project site. The nearest schools to the Project site are the Val Verde High School, located 0.5 mile east of the Project site and east of I-215, and a church that provides religious and educational services, which is located approximately 0.75 mile southwest of the Project site at the southwest corner of the intersection of Seaton Avenue and Alviso Drive. Accordingly, the Project would not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school and no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

e) Would the proposed Project be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that an environmental regulatory database search was performed for the MFBCSP site on April 6, 2004. This environmental regulatory database search reviewed all regulatory agency lists compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, and revealed that the MFBCSP site is not located on a site which is included on the Cortese list of hazardous materials sites. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impact would occur and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 24)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As disclosed in the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project site is not listed on the Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List produced by the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC), which is referred to as "Envirostor." (DTSC, 2020) Additionally, the Project's Phase I ESAs, which were prepared to supplement the information contained in the IS/NOP,

included a review of federal, State, tribal, and local government databases to determine whether the Project site is identified as a hazardous materials site pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, which resulted in a determination that the Project site has no RECs and is not listed on any hazardous materials databases. (SCS Engineers, 2018b, pp. 8-11) Accordingly, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP, the Project site is not included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5, and impacts would not occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	he project:				
22. Air a.	ports Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan?				
b.	Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission?				
C.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				⊠
d.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				×

a) Would the proposed Project result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MVSP site was located within Area II of the airport-influenced area (AIA) for the March Air Reserve Base (MARB) pursuant to the 1984 Riverside County Airport Land Use Plan (ALUP), and thus review by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission was required. EIR No. 466 determined that because MARB noise levels are less than 60 dB CNEL at the MFBCSP site, all uses within the MFBCSP were considered compatible with the exterior noise level guidelines set forth in the 1984 Riverside County Airport Land Use Plan and with the land use compatibility policies of the 1998 MARB Air Installation Compatible Use Zone (AICUZ) Study. EIR No. 466 noted that although the MFBCSP site occurred outside of the CNEL noise contours for March Air Reserve Base, the MFBCSP site was located beneath identified flight tracks for airplanes using the airfield at March Air Reserve Base,

resulting in a potential for single-event noise levels to affect future land uses in the MFBCSP. However, EIR No. 466 determined that the industrial, warehouse, distribution, and commercial/retail land uses within the MFBCSP were not considered to be sensitive receivers and therefore the impacts from these single-event noise levels were determined to be below the level of significance. With respect to the Federal Aviation Regulations Part 77 imaginary surface, EIR No. 466 indicated that height limitations were not anticipated to pose a development constraint as all buildings would be below the Part 77 imaginary surface. With respect to airport safety, EIR No. 466 determined that the proposed land uses were permitted within Area II as described in the 1984 ALUP. EIR No. 466 also determined that the MFBCSP would be required to comply with all remaining land use compatibility criteria for Area II. Additionally, EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP would not be located within a Clear Zone or within the Accident Potential Zones (APZs). Although impacts were determined to be less than significant, a mitigation measure was imposed on the MFBCSP requiring all street lights and other outdoor lighting shall be hooded or shielded to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky or above the horizontal plane. With implementation of the required mitigation, EIR No. 466 concluded impacts would be reduced to less-than-significant levels. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-102 through IV-108)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, the Project site is located within the AIA of the MARB. Specifically, the Project site is located within Compatibility Zone C2 of the 2014 MARB Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP), which updated and replaced the 1984 ALUP that was in effect at the time EIR No. 466 was certified. (ALUC, 2014, Map MA-1) Although EIR No. 466 evaluated a range of land uses allowed by the MFBCSP, EIR No. 466 did not evaluate specific buildings, as EIR No. 466 assumed that the characteristics of individual buildings would be identified as part of implementing developments within the MFBCSP. The currently-proposed Project is an implementing development that would result in the buildout of a portion of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6, and the Project's application materials identify specific building architecture, building locations, site elevations, building heights, and building footprints. Because the Project Applicant proposes a specific building (i.e., Building 20), the current Project required additional review by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) for consistency with the 2014 MARB ALUCP. As such, the Project was reviewed by the Riverside County ALUC on January 10, 2019, which found the proposed Project would be consistent with the 2014 March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port ALUCP subject to certain conditions. These conditions will be imposed on the proposed Project by Riverside County as Conditions of Approval (COAs), and are listed below. With mandatory compliance with the ALUC COAs, the Project would not result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan and a less-than-significant impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project require review by the Airport Land Use Commission?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that the MFBCSP would require review by the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) because it is located within the policy area of MARB. However, the IS/NOP concluded that review by ALUC is not considered a potentially significant environmental impact; thus, this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 25)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As discussed under Threshold a), the Project site is located within Compatibility Zone C2 of the 2014 MARB ALUCP, which updated and replaced the 1984 ALUP that was in effect at the time EIR No. 466 was certified. (ALUC, 2014, Map MA-1) Additionally, EIR No. 466 evaluated a range of land uses, but did not evaluate any specific building locations or configurations. The proposed Project involves a Plot Plan (Plot Plan No. 180029) that identifies one building (Building 20), implementation of which would result in the buildout of a portion of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6. The Project's application materials identify specific building architecture, building locations, site elevations, building heights, and building footprints. Because the Project Applicant proposes a specific building (i.e., Building 20), the current Project required additional review by the Riverside County ALUC for consistency with the 2014 MARB ALUCP. On January 10, 2019, the ALUC found the proposed Project would be consistent with the 2014 March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port ALUCP subject to certain conditions. These conditions will be imposed on the proposed Project by Riverside County as COAs, and are listed below. With mandatory compliance with the ALUC COAs, the Project would not conflict with any ALUCPs, including the MARB ALUCP, and a less-than-significant impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project be located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two (2) miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MVSP site was located within Area II of the airport-influenced area (AIA) for the March Air Reserve Base (MARB) pursuant to the 1984 Riverside County Airport Land Use Plan (ALUP), and thus review by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission was required. With respect to the Federal Aviation Regulations Part 77 imaginary surface, EIR No. 466 indicated that height limitations were not anticipated to pose a development constraint as all buildings would be below the Part 77 imaginary surface. With respect to airport safety, EIR No. 466 determined that the proposed land uses were permitted within Area II as described in the 1984 ALUP. EIR No. 466 also determined that the MFBCSP would be required to comply with all remaining land use compatibility criteria for Area II. Additionally, EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP would not be located within a Clear Zone or within the Accident Potential Zones (APZs). Although impacts were determined to be less than significant, a mitigation measure was imposed on the MFBCSP requiring all street lights and other outdoor lighting shall be hooded or shielded to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky or above the horizontal plane. With implementation of the required mitigation, EIR No. 466 concluded impacts would be reduced to less-than-significant levels. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-102 through IV-108)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As indicated under the analysis of Thresholds a) and b), above, the Project site is located within Compatibility Zone C2 of the 2014 MARB ALUCP, which updated and replaced the 1984 ALUP that was in effect at the time EIR No. 466 was certified. (ALUC, 2014, Map MA-1) Additionally, EIR No. 466 evaluated a range of land uses, but did not evaluate any specific building locations or configurations. The proposed Project involves a Plot Plan (Plot Plan No. 180029) that identifies one building (Building 20), implementation of which would result in the buildout of a portion of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6. The Project's application materials identify specific building architecture,

building locations, site elevations, building heights, and building footprints. Because the Project Applicant proposes a specific building (i.e., Building 20), the current Project required additional review by the Riverside County ALUC for consistency with the 2014 MARB ALUCP. On January 10, 2019, the ALUC found the proposed Project would be consistent with the 2014 March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port ALUCP subject to certain conditions. With mandatory compliance with the ALUC COAs, which would be imposed by Riverside County as COAs for the proposed Project, the Project would not result in a safety hazards for people working in the Project area, and a less-than-significant impact would occur. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the proposed Project be within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP area was not located within the vicinity of a private air strip and concluded that no impacts would occur. This topic was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 25)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, there are no private airport facilities or heliports within the Project vicinity. As such, the Project would not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area associated with private airports or heliports, and no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures

EIR No. 466 included mitigation to address potential impacts to airport operations. This measure, which is listed below, would continue to apply to the proposed Project and would be enforced as part of the Project's conditions of approval.

MM Airport 1: All street lights and other outdoor lighting shall be hooded or shielded to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky or above the horizontal plane.

Project Specific Conditions of Approval

The following conditions of approval shall apply and reflect the conditions of approval listed in the ALUC's consistency determination letter, dated January 17, 2019, which determined that the proposed Project is consistent with the 2014 March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port ALUCP. The implementation of these conditions further demonstrate that implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

- Any outdoor lighting installed shall be hooded or shielded so as to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky. Outdoor lighting shall be downward facing.
- The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project and shall be prohibited at this site, in accordance with Note A on Table 4 of the Mead Valley Area Plan: (a) Any use which would direct a steady light or flashing light of red, white, green, or amber colors associated with airport operations toward an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or toward an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach toward a landing at an airport, other than an FAA-approved navigational signal light or visual approach slope indicator; (b) Any use which would cause sunlight to be reflected towards an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or towards an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach towards a landing at an airport. (c) Any use which would generate smoke or water vapor or which would attract large concentrations of birds, or which may otherwise affect safe air navigation within the area. (d) Any use which would generate electrical interference that may be detrimental to the operation of aircraft and/or aircraft instrumentation.
- The following uses/activities are specifically prohibited at this location: trash transfer stations
 that are open on one or more sides; recycling centers containing putrescible wastes; construction
 and demolition debris facilities; wastewater management facilities; incinerators; noise-sensitive
 outdoor nonresidential uses; and hazards to flight. Children's schools are discouraged.
- The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed Project, but, if they were to be
 proposed through a subsequent use permit or plot plan, would require subsequent Airport Land
 Use Commission review: restaurants and other eating establishments; day care centers; health
 and exercise centers; churches, temples, or other uses primarily for religious worship; theaters.
- The following notice shall be given to all prospective purchasers of the property and tenants of the building, and shall be recorded as a deed notice:

"This property is presently located in the vicinity of an airport, within what is known as an airport influence area. For that reason, the property may be subject to some of the annoyances or inconveniences associated with proximity to airport operations (for example: noise, vibration, or odors). Individual sensitivities to those annoyances can vary from person to person. You may wish to consider what airport annoyances, if any, are associated with the property before you complete your purchase and determine whether they are acceptable to you. See Business and Professions Code Section 11010(b)(13)(A)."

• The proposed noncontiguous detention basin on the site shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.

- March Air Reserve Base must be notified of any land use having an electromagnetic radiation component to assess whether a potential conflict with Air Base radio communications could result. Sources of electromagnetic radiation include radio wave transmission in conjunction with remote equipment inclusive of irrigation controllers, access gates, etc.
- Noise attenuation measures shall be incorporated into the design of the office areas of the structure, to the extent such measures are necessary to ensure that interior noise levels from aircraft operations are at or below 45 CNEL.
- This project has been evaluated for 406,496 square feet of manufacturing area. Any increase in building area or change in use other than for warehouse, office and manufacturing use will require an amended review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- The Project does not propose rooftop solar panels at this time. However, if the Project were to
 propose solar rooftop panels in the future, the applicant/developer shall prepare a solar glare
 study that analyzes glare impacts, and this study shall be reviewed by the Airport Land Use
 Commission and March Air Reserve Base.
- The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study of the proposed Project (Aeronautical Study Nos. 2018-AWP-17882-0E) and has determined that neither marking nor lighting of the structure(s) is necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking and/or lighting for aviation safety are accomplished on a voluntary basis, such marking and/or lighting (if any) shall be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory Circular 70/7 460-1 L Change 2 and shall be maintained in accordance therewith for the life of the project.
- The proposed buildings shall not exceed a height of 50 feet above ground level and a maximum elevation at top point of 1,603 feet above mean sea level.
- The maximum height and top point elevation specified above shall not be amended without further review by the Airport Land Use Commission and the Federal Aviation Administration; provided, however, that reduction in structure height or elevation shall not require further review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- Temporary construction equipment used during actual construction of the structure(s) shall not
 exceed 50 feet in height and a maximum elevation of 1,603 feet above mean sea level, unless
 separate notice is provided to the Federal Aviation Administration through the Form 7460-1
 process.
- Within five (5) days after construction of any individual building reaches its greatest height, FAA Form 7460-2 (Part 11), Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, shall be completed by the project proponent or his/her designee and e-filed with the Federal Aviation Administration. (Go to https://oeaaa.faa.gov for instructions.) This requirement is also applicable in the event the Project is abandoned or a decision is made not to construct the applicable structures(s).

5.1.10 Hydrology and Water Quality

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would to	he project:			11	
23. Wa a.	violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality?				×
b.	Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?				×
C.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces?				×
d.	Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- site or off-site?				\boxtimes
e.	Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-site or off-site?				\boxtimes
f.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				×
g.	Impede or redirect flood flows?				×

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
h.	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, would the proposed Project risk the release of pollutants due to project inundation?				
i.	Would the proposed Project conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?				

a) Would the proposed Project violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP would ultimately discharge to the San Jacinto River, which terminates at Canyon Lake. At the time the IS/NOP was distributed for public review, Canyon Lake was listed on the Clean Water Act's Section 303(d) list, which indicated the lake is "impaired" for exceeding its water quality objectives for sediments, siltation, pathogens, and nutrients. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP may introduce a new source of pollutants, such as sediment during construction, and fertilizers/pesticides after construction is complete. The IS/NOP also indicated that future development within the MFBCSP would be conditioned to comply with the requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board under Order No. 01-34 for construction-related activities in the San Jacinto Watershed. In addition, the IS/NOP noted that future development within the MFBCSP area would be required to comply with the requirements of Supplement A to the Riverside County Drainage Area Management Plan, and must be equipped with an effective combination of structural and non-structural post-construction BMPs. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that the MFBCSP would not exceed water quality objectives during or after construction, and determined that impacts would be less than significant. As a result, this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 26 and 27)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project consists of an implementing development within the MFBCSP and would result in the buildout of portions of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6. Consistent with the conditions that existed when EIR No. 466 was certified, the California Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act (§ 13000 ["Water Quality"] et seq., of the California Water Code), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendment of 1972 (also referred to as the Clean Water Act [CWA]) require that comprehensive water quality control plans be developed for all waters within the State of California. The Project site is located within the jurisdiction of the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). At the time EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, development within the Santa Ana RWQCB region was subject to the RWQCB's 1995 Water Quality Control Plan for the Santa Ana River Basin (Basin Plan). Since certification of EIR No. 466, the RWQCB has undertaken three updates to the Basin Plan, with the most recent update having been adopted in February 2016. Although this reflects a

changed condition from what was evaluated by EIR No. 466, the revisions made to the Basin Plan reflected administrative changes that did not eliminate or reduce any requirements for water quality, and therefore the changes are not substantial. The RWQCB's 2016 Basin Plan is herein incorporated by reference and is available for public review at the Santa Ana RWQCB office located at 3737 Main Street, Suite 500, Riverside, CA 92501-3348. (RWQCB, 2019)

The CWA requires all states to conduct water quality assessments of their water resources to identify water bodies that do not meet water quality standards. Water bodies that do not meet water quality standards are placed on a list of impaired waters pursuant to the requirements of Section 303(d) of the CWA. The Project site resides within the Santa Ana Watershed. As noted above, at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, Canyon Lake was listed as impaired. Although the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 did not discuss Lake Elsinore, it is likely that Lake Elsinore also was listed as impaired in 2005. Based on the Project's Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP, *Technical Appendix F2*), receiving waters for the property's drainage include the Markham Street Storm Drain System, Perris Valley Storm Drain, San Jacinto River Reach 3 (upstream of Canyon Lake), Railroad Canyon/Canyon Lake, San Jacinto River Reach 1 (downstream of Canyon Lake), and Lake Elsinore. Receiving waters listed on the Section 303(d) list include Canyon Lake and Lake Elsinore. Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, Canyon Lake is impaired by nutrients and pathogens, while Lake Elsinore is impaired by nutrients and low dissolved oxygen. The Markham Street Storm Drain System, Perris Valley Storm Drain, and San Jacinto River Reaches 1 and 3 are not listed as impaired. (PBLA, 2020b, p. 7)

A specific provision of the CWA applicable to the proposed Project is CWA Section 402, which authorizes the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program that covers point sources of pollution discharging to a water body. The NPDES program also requires operators of construction sites one acre or larger to prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and obtain authorization to discharge stormwater under an NPDES construction stormwater permit. These requirements have not substantially changed since 2005.

Provided below is a discussion of the Project's potential to result in violations of water quality standards or waste discharge requirements during both construction and long-term operation.

Construction-Related Water Quality

Construction activities would occur on the same site and in the same or similar manner as assumed by EIR No. 466 and its associated IS/NOP. As with the project evaluated by EIR No. 466, construction of the proposed Project would involve clearing, grading, paving, utility installation, building construction, and landscaping activities, which would result in the generation of potential water quality pollutants such as silt, debris, chemicals, paints, and other solvents with the potential to adversely affect water quality. As such, short-term water quality impacts have the potential to occur during construction of the Project in the absence of any protective or avoidance measures.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Santa Ana RWQCB and the County of Riverside, and consistent with the requirements that were in effect when EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, the Project Applicant would be required to obtain a NPDES Municipal Stormwater Permit for construction activities. The NPDES permit

is required for all projects that include construction activities, such as clearing, grading, and/or excavation that disturb at least one acre of total land area. In addition, and also consistent with the project evaluated by EIR No. 466, the Project would be required to comply with the RWQCB's Water Quality Control Plan for the Santa Ana River Basin ("Basin Plan"). Compliance with the NPDES permit and the Basin Plan involves the preparation and implementation of a SWPPP for construction-related activities, and these requirements also would have applied to new development at the time EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005. The SWPPP is required to specify the BMPs that the Project would be required to implement during construction activities to ensure that all potential pollutants of concern are prevented, minimized, and/or otherwise appropriately treated prior to being discharged from the subject property. As with the project evaluated in EIR No. 466, mandatory compliance with the SWPPP would ensure that the proposed Project does not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements during construction activities. Therefore, with mandatory adherence to the future required SWPPP, water quality impacts associated with construction activities would be less than significant and no mitigation measures would be required.

Operational Water Quality Impacts

EIR No. 466 and the associated IS/NOP evaluated buildout of the MFBCSP area with a variety of light industrial and commercial land uses. The Project Applicant proposes a site-specific development plan to implement a portion of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6, and the Project's Plot Plan No. 180029 includes a proposed drainage system that would route first flush flows (i.e., the initial surface runoff during rain events) towards a proposed 2.5-acre detention basin in the southern portion of the Project site. Because the Project includes details regarding the proposed drainage system that were not included in the MFBCSP, a site-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) was required for the Project in order to confirm the conclusion of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 that water quality impacts would be less than significant. The WQMP is contained in *Technical Appendix F2*, and is discussed below.

As noted above, receiving waters for the property's drainage are the Markham Street Storm Drain System, Perris Valley Storm Drain, San Jacinto River Reach 3 (upstream of Canyon Lake), Railroad Canyon/Canyon Lake, San Jacinto River Reach 1 (downstream of Canyon Lake), and Lake Elsinore. Canyon Lake is impaired by nutrients and pathogens, while Lake Elsinore is impaired by nutrients and low dissolved oxygen (PBLA, 2020b, p. 7) As also noted above, because the Project consists of a site-specific development, a WQMP was required for the Project and is included in Technical Appendix F2. According to the Project's WQMP, the Project's pollutants of concern include bacterial indicators, metals, nutrients, pathogens, toxic organic compounds, sediments, trash and debris, and oil and grease (PBLA, 2020b, p. 17). To meet NPDES requirements, the Project's proposed storm drain system is designed to route first flush runoff to a proposed 2.5-acre detention basin. The detention basin is designed to detain runoff and provide water quality treatment, which would be effective in reducing pollutants of concern in runoff leaving the Project site. As noted above, waters that are tributary to the Project site are impaired with nutrients, pathogens, and/or low dissolved oxygen. The proposed detention/bio-retention basin would be effective at treating bacterial indicators, metals, nutrients, pathogens, toxic organic compounds, sediments, trash and debris, and oil and grease, which also would reduce the potential for pollutants in runoff from the site that could contribute to low dissolved oxygen, nutrients, and pathogen impairments. As such, runoff from the

Project site would not contribute substantially to existing downstream impairments and the Project would not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements. (PBLA, 2020b, pp. 7, 17)

Furthermore, the Project would be required to implement its WQMP, pursuant to the requirements of the applicable NPDES permit. The WQMP is a post-construction management program that ensures the on-going protection of the watershed basin by requiring structural and programmatic controls. The Project's Preliminary WQMP is included as *Technical Appendix F2*. The Preliminary WQMP identifies structural controls (including the proposed detention basin) and operational source control measures (including marking inlets, incorporation of landscape/outdoor pesticide restrictions, incorporating measures for refuse areas, loading dock requirements, and requirements to regularly sweep plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots). The structural and operational source control measures would minimize, prevent, and/or otherwise appropriately treat storm water runoff flows before they are discharged from the site. Mandatory compliance with the WQMP would ensure that the Project does not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements during long-term operation.

Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) was the provider of domestic water to the MFBCSP area. The IS/NOP noted that overall, approximately 25% of EMWD's potable water demand was supplied by EMWD groundwater wells and approximately 75% was supplied by imported water from Metropolitan Water District (MWD) through its Colorado River Aqueduct and its connections to the State Water Project. The IS/NOP also indicated that the majority of the groundwater produced by EMWD came from its wells in the Hemet and San Jacinto area. As noted in the IS/NOP, in 2002, between 98% and 99% of the domestic water provided to the Mead Valley area came from State Project Water from northern California. Only 1 % of the water used in the entire Mead Valley area came from groundwater. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP did not propose groundwater extraction wells and domestic water to serve the MFBCSP area was not expected to come from groundwater sources. As such, the IS/NOP determined that the MFBCSP would not substantially deplete groundwater supplies and concluded that impacts to groundwater supplies would be less than significant. As such, this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 26 and 28)

The IS/NOP also indicated that the northern portion of the MFBCSP site was located within the southwest corner of EMWD's Perris North groundwater subbasin and the southern portion of the MFBCSP site was located within the northwest corner of EMWD's Perris I groundwater subbasin. The IS/NOP noted that the area located immediately east of the MFBCSP area was identified as a non-water-bearing area. The IS/NOP determined that the MFBCSP would reduce the area of permeability on the site by approximately 85 percent, thereby decreasing the potential for groundwater recharge. However, the IS/NOP concluded that due to the MFBCSP's location at the edges of identified groundwater sub basins, minimal use of

groundwater to serve the area, and the MFBCSP's small size in relationship to the total size of the groundwater subbasins, there would not be a substantial effect upon groundwater recharge within these groundwater subbasins. Therefore, the IS/NOP determined that impacts would be less than significant, and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 26 and 28)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As anticipated by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, no potable groundwater wells are proposed as part of the Project; therefore, the Project would not deplete groundwater supplies through direct extraction.

The Project would be served with potable water from the Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). Domestic water supplies from the EMWD are reliant on imported water from the Metropolitan Water District (MWD), recycled water, local groundwater production, and desalted groundwater (EMWD, 2016a, p. xii; EMWD, 2016b). To address water supplies and demand, the EMWD adopted an Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) that forecasts water demands and supplies under normal, single-dry, and multiple-dry year conditions; assesses supply reliability; and describes methods of reducing demands under potential water shortages. EMWD's UWMP is based, in part on the General Plans and Specific Plans of the various jurisdictions within its service area for projecting future demand. The proposed Project is consistent with the site's existing General Plan and Specific Plan land use designations, and is also consistent with the site's underlying zoning designation. Moreover, the MFBCSP allows for development with up to 6,215,500 s.f. of industrial uses on approximately 279.23 acres (excluding major roads), for an overall FAR of approximately 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). The Project Applicant proposes to develop the Building 20 and detention basin sites with a 426,821 s.f. high-cube transload short-term warehouse building and a 2.5-acre detention basin/bio-retention basin, while the Staging Area site would remain undeveloped. Including both the 18.2-acre Building 20 site and the 2.5acre detention basin site, the Project would result in an overall FAR of 0.47 (426,821 s.f. ÷ 901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] = 0.47). Thus, due to the reduction in building area, the Project would result in a decrease in the amount of water demand generated on site as compared to what was assumed by the UWMP. As such, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the proposed Project is fully accounted for by the UWMP. Because the UWMP demonstrates that the EMWD would have sufficient water supplies, including groundwater, to meet water demands within its district through 2040, it can therefore be concluded that the Project's demand for potable water would not result in the depletion of groundwater supplies. As such, Project impacts to groundwater supplies would be less than significant.

With respect to groundwater recharge, the Project Applicant proposes to develop the site in a manner generally consistent with what was assumed for the Project site by IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466. As with the project evaluated in EIR No. 466 and its associated IS/NOP, the proposed Project would increase impervious surface coverage on the site, which would in turn reduce the amount of direct infiltration of runoff into the ground. However, and consistent with the conditions that existed when EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project site abuts several improved roadways. All runoff from the Project site under existing conditions is conveyed to existing storm drainage facilities in the area, which ultimately convey runoff to natural drainage channels that allow for infiltration of water into the groundwater table. As with the project evaluated in the IS/NOP, with implementation of the proposed Project the site would continue to

drain northerly and southerly to the proposed 2.5-acre detention basin located at the northeast corner of Markham Street and Seaton Avenue. The total amount of runoff and/or infiltration from the Project site would not change with implementation of the proposed Project. Thus, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the proposed Project would not interfere substantially with groundwater recharge, and there would be no net deficit in aquifer water volumes or groundwater table levels as a result of the Project.

Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or through the addition of impervious surfaces?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP would be developed on a property that had an existing storm drain system, roads, sidewalks, and appurtenant infrastructure. The IS/NOP indicated that development as proposed by the MFBCSP would not alter the course of a stream or river because the overall contribution of runoff to the San Jacinto River would be insignificant. Although development of the MFBCSP would reduce the area of permeability on the site by approximately 85 percent, the IS/NOP determined that the increased runoff would be captured by and carried through the existing storm drain system which was designed to accommodate the ultimate storm water flows expected at build-out. As such, the IS/NOP concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP area would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, and found that impacts would be less than significant. As such, this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 29 and 30)

EIR No. 466 also indicated that implementation of the MFBCSP would greatly increase the percent of impervious surfaces compared to the conditions that existed at the time. EIR No. 466 noted that runoff would be directed through a system of curbs, gutters, and storm drain systems into the Perris Valley Storm Drain and the San Jacinto River. EIR No. 466 indicated that reduced on-site infiltration would lead to increased volumes and/or velocities of storm flows entering natural, earthen drainages. EIR No. 466 determined that these increased flows could substantially increase channel erosion and sediment transport to downstream areas and alter the drainage pattern of the area and downstream facilities, such as Canyon Lake. The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that future implementing projects within the MFBCSP would be required to develop and implement a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) to effectively keep post-development storm water flows/volumes to pre-development levels. EIR No. 466 provided examples of management measures that could be identified in a WQMP, which included use of pervious pavement, vegetated swales, infiltration basins, and velocity dissipation devices at storm drain outfall structures. By developing and implementing a WQMP, and with incorporation of EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Hydro 2, EIR No. 466 concluded that implementation of the MFBCSP would have less-than-significant impacts related to erosion and siltation. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-146)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As previously depicted on Figure 3-3, Figure 3-4, and Figure 3-5, the Project generally would maintain the site's existing topography and would develop the Project site in a manner generally consistent with what was evaluated by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466. As with the project evaluated in the IS/NOP, with implementation of the proposed Project the Building 20 and Staging Area sites site would continue to drain in a west-to-east orientation towards Harvill, and would continue to be conveyed south towards existing drainage facilities within surrounding roadways following detention and water quality treatment within the proposed 2.5-acre detention/bioretention basin. As such, the Project would not result in substantial changes to the site's existing drainage pattern. Additionally, and consistent with the Project evaluated in the IS/NOP, development of the Project site as proposed would minimize areas of pervious surface, and therefore would preclude the potential for increased erosion hazards within the Building 20 and detention basin sites, while the Staging Area site would be hydroseeded following completion of staging, borrow site, and stockpiling activities to preclude erosion impacts. Based on the analysis presented in the Project's hydrology study (Technical Appendix F1), which was prepared to evaluate the site-specific development components proposed by the Project Applicant, post-development runoff from the site would decrease during 100-year (24-hour duration) storm events (i.e., from 135.6 cfs under existing conditions to 119.9 cfs under post-development conditions) (PBLA, 2020a, p. 4). Additionally, the Project area was previously improved as part of CFD 88-8 with storm water drainage infrastructure that was sized to accommodate future development within the area. Moreover, runoff from the Project site following development would be conveyed directly to the proposed 2.5-acre detention basin in the southern portion of the Project site. As such, and consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP, the Project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area through the addition of impervious surfaces, and impacts would be less than significant.

Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the proposed Project result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that implementation of the MFBCSP would involve grading, excavation, trenching, temporary stockpiling, and construction work in areas of relative flat terrain. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP would result in the construction of additional impervious surfaces, which may result in increased runoff. The IS/NOP identified that short-term impacts may result during construction with some amounts of increased water erosion being generated on-site. The IS/NOP also indicated that construction activities would be subject to the Santa Ana RWQCB NPDES Permit for construction-related stormwater discharges in the San Jacinto River watershed. By following the standards pursuant to the NPDES Permit for construction actives, the IS/NOP concluded that the MFBCSP would have less-than-significant impacts to erosion and siltation either on or off-site. Therefore, this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 22)

EIR No. 466 also found that implementation of the MFBCSP would increase the percent of impervious surfaces compared to the conditions that existed at the time. EIR No. 466 noted that runoff would be directed through a system of curbs, gutters, and storm drain systems into the Perris Valley Storm Drain and the San Jacinto River. EIR No. 466 indicated that reduced on-site infiltration would lead to increased

volumes and/or velocities of storm flows entering natural, earthen drainages. EIR No. 466 determined that these increased flows could substantially increase channel erosion and sediment transport to downstream areas, such as Canyon Lake. EIR No. 466 disclosed that future implementing projects within the MFBCSP would be required to develop and implement a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) to effectively keep post-development storm water flows/volumes to pre-development levels. EIR No. 466 provided examples of management measures that could be identified in a WQMP, which included use of pervious pavement, vegetated swales, infiltration basins, and velocity dissipation devices at storm drain outfall structures. By developing and implementing a WQMP, and with incorporation of EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Hydro 2, EIR No. 466 concluded that implementation of the MFBCSP would have less than significant impacts related to erosion and siltation. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-146)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Construction activities would occur on the same site in the same or similar manner as assumed by EIR No. 466 and its associated IS/NOP. Consistent with the project evaluated by the IS/NOP, the Project's proposed grading activities would temporarily expose underlying soils to water and air, which would increase erosion susceptibility while the soils are exposed. Exposed soils would be subject to erosion during rainfall events or high winds due to the removal of stabilizing vegetation and exposure of these erodible materials to wind and water. Erosion by water would be greatest during the first rainy season after grading and before the Project's structure foundations are established and paying and landscaping occur. Erosion by wind would be highest during periods of high wind speeds when soils are exposed. Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP, and pursuant to the requirements of the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB), the Project Applicant is required to obtain a NPDES permit for construction activities. The NPDES permit, which also was required at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, is required for all projects that include construction activities, such as clearing, grading, and/or excavation that disturb at least one acre of total land area. Additionally, and similar to the project evaluated by the IS/NOP, during grading and other construction activities involving soil exposure or the transport of earth materials, Riverside County Ordinance No. 457 (Building Codes and Fees Ordinance), which establishes, in part, requirements for the control of dust and erosion during construction, would apply to the Project. As part of the requirements of Ordinance No. 457, the Project Applicant would be required to prepare an erosion control plan that would address construction fencing, sand bags, and other erosion-control features that would be implemented during the construction phase to reduce the site's potential for soil erosion or the loss of topsoil. Requirements for the reduction of particulate matter in the air also would apply, pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 403. Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP, mandatory compliance with the Project's NPDES permit and these regulatory requirements would ensure that erosion impacts during construction activities would be less than significant.

As noted by EIR No. 466, following construction erosion on the Project site would be minimized, as the areas disturbed during construction would be landscaped or covered with impervious surfaces. Only nominal areas of exposed soil, if any, would occur in the landscaped areas on the Building 20 and detention basin sites, while the Staging Area site would be hydroseeded and revegetated following completion of staging, borrow site, and stockpiling activities. The only potential for erosion effects to occur during Project operation would be indirect effects from storm water discharged from the property. However, and consistent with the project evaluated by EIR No. 466, all runoff from the Building 20 site

would be conveyed via a proposed drainage system to the proposed 2.5-acre detention/bioretention basin in the southern portions of the Project site. Following detention and water quality treatment, these flows would then be directed via an outlet structure and proposed 24-inch storm drain line to an existing 48-inch storm drain within Markham Street. Based on the analysis presented in the Project's hydrology study (Technical Appendix F1), post-development runoff from the Project site and areas tributary to the site would decrease during 100-year (24-hour duration) storm events (i.e., from 135.6 cfs under existing conditions to 119.9 cfs under post-development conditions) (PBLA, 2020a, p. 4). In addition, and similar to the conditions that existed when EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project area was previously improved as part of CFD 88-8 with storm water drainage infrastructure that was sized to accommodate future development within the area. Moreover, runoff from the Project site following detention and water quality treatment would be conveyed directly to existing drainage facilities downstream that have been designed to preclude or substantially avoid erosion hazards. Because the drainage associated with the Project would be fully controlled via the on-site drainage plan and would be conveyed directly to existing drainage facilities, the rate and amount of erosion would not increase substantially as compared to existing conditions. In addition, Mitigation Measures MM Hydro 1 through MM Hydro 4, identified in EIR No. 466 and included below, would continue to apply to the Project and would further reduce the Project's potential to result in wind or water-related erosion that could adversely affect the environment. Similar to the conclusion reached by EIR No. 466, Project-related impacts due to erosion-related hazards would be less than significant with mitigation.

Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

e) Would the proposed Project substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that after completion of the MFBCSP, the run-off coefficient (which is a measure of the rate of run-off) for the properties in the MFBCSP would approximately double because of the increase in impervious surfaces that restrict infiltration. The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP would be developed on a property that had an existing storm drain system, roads, sidewalks and appurtenant infrastructure. Although development of the MFBCSP would reduce the area of permeability in the MFBCSP area by approximately 85 percent, the IS/NOP determined that the increased runoff would be captured by and carried through the existing storm drain system which was designed to accommodate the ultimate storm water flows expected at build-out. The IS/NOP indicated that this storm drain system would prevent the increased runoff from creating on-site or offsite flooding. Additionally, the IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP site was not located in a 100-year flood zone. As such, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts would be less than significant and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 29 and 30)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, there are no portions of the Project site or surrounding areas that are located within a mapped 100-year flood hazard area. As previously depicted on Figure 3-3, Figure 3-4, and Figure 3-5, the Project generally would maintain the site's existing topography. As with the project evaluated by the

IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, with implementation of the proposed Project, the Building 12 and Staging Area sites would continue to drain in a west-to-east orientation, with runoff being conveyed south to the proposed 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin located in the southern portion of the Project site. However, because the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 evaluated only proposed land uses and because the Project consists of a site-specific development, a hydrology study was required for the proposed Project and is included as Technical Appendix F1. Based on the analysis presented in the Project's hydrology study, although the total amount of runoff would not change as compared to existing conditions, the rate of post-development runoff from the site would decrease during 100-year (24-hour duration) storm events (i.e., from 135.6 cfs under existing conditions to 119.9 cfs under post-development conditions) (PBLA, 2020a, p. 4). In addition, and consistent with the conditions that existed at the time the IS/NOP was prepared, the Project area was previously improved as part of CFD 88-8 with storm water drainage infrastructure that was sized to accommodate future development within the area. Similar to the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP, runoff from the Project area would be conveyed via existing drainage infrastructure to the Perris Valley Storm Drain to the east, and would not have the potential to substantially increase flooding hazards downstream. As such, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP, the Project would not substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

f) Would the proposed Project create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that after completion of the MFBCSP, the run-off coefficient (which is a measure of the rate of run-off) for the properties in the MFBCSP would approximately double because of the increase in impervious surfaces that restrict infiltration. EIR No. 466 determined that although impacts would be significant to downstream areas due to the current lack of flood control facilities, the master drainage plan that existed at the time was designed to properly convey storm water to the ultimate design of the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel, and included interim drainage measures prior to buildout of the Area Drainage Plan. Additionally, EIR No. 466 identified Mitigation Measures MM Hydro 4 and MM Hydro 5 to further reduce impacts due to exceedance of the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage system. Therefore, with implementation of the Area Drainage Plan and Mitigation Measures MM Hydro 4 and MM Hydro 5, EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts due to exceeding the capacity of an existing or planned drainage system would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-147 and Appendix A, pp. 26 and 28)

EIR No. 466 determined that while increasing imperviousness may contribute to improvements in ground water quality, it could likewise result in negative impacts to surface water quality. EIR No. 466 found that buildout of the MFBCSP would add large amounts of impervious surfaces to the site, indicating that less water would percolate into the ground and more surface runoff will be generated. EIR No. 466 noted that paved areas and streets would collect dust, soil, and other impurities that would then be assimilated into surface runoff during rainfall events. EIR No. 466 indicated that pollutants such as oil and grease, heavy

metals, sediment, fertilizers, and pesticides can be expected to be present in surface water runoff once development within the MFBCSP occurs. However, EIR No. 466 noted that future implementing developments would be required to develop and implement a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) to effectively treat all pollutants expected to be generated by the future land use and for which downstream waters are impaired. By developing and implementing a WQMP, and by incorporating EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures MM Hydro 2 and MM Hydro 3, EIR No. 466 concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP would have less-than-significant impacts related to new sources of polluted runoff. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-147)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, properties within the MFBCSP area, including the Project site, were prepared for development as part of the "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8) with construction of roadways, infrastructure, and rough grading of building pads. EIR No. 466 evaluated land uses as proposed by the MFBCSP, but did not evaluate site-specific development plans. The Project consists of Plot Plan No. 180029, which provides details regarding development of proposed Building 20 on 18.2 acres and the proposed detention basin on 2.5 acres. As such, a site-specific hydrology study was required for the Project and is included as Technical Appendix F1. The Project's hydrology study indicates that postdevelopment runoff from the site would decrease during 100-year (24-hour duration) storm events (i.e., from 135.6 cubic feet per second [cfs] under existing conditions to 119.9 under post-development conditions) following water quality treatment and detention by the proposed detention basin (PBLA, 2020a, p. 4). Thus, whereas the IS/NOP indicated that peak runoff would approximately double, runoff under the Project would decrease by approximately 11.6%. Additionally, and consistent with the findings reached by EIR No. 466, drainage infrastructure installed in the surrounding area pursuant to CFD 88-8 was sized to accommodate future development within the CFD area, including development on the Project site. In addition, major drainage facilities as called for by the Area Drainage Plan were completed following certification of EIR No. 466. Thus, the Project's peak runoff was accounted for as part of the existing improvements and would be less than was assumed by the IS/NOP. As such, and consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP, the Project would not exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems and impacts would be less than significant.

With respect to water quality, and consistent with the conditions that existed when EIR No. 466 was certified, receiving waters for the property's drainage are the Markham Street Storm Drain System, Perris Valley Storm Drain, San Jacinto River Reach 3 (upstream of Canyon Lake), Railroad Canyon/Canyon Lake, San Jacinto River Reach 1 (downstream of Canyon Lake), and Lake Elsinore. Canyon Lake is impaired by nutrients and pathogens, while Lake Elsinore is impaired by nutrients and low dissolved oxygen. (PBLA, 2020b, p. 7) Because the Project consists of a site-specific development that includes more detail than the land uses evaluated by EIR No. 466, a site-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) was required for the Project and is included as *Technical Appendix F2*. According to the WQMP, the Project's priority pollutants of concern include bacterial indicators, metals, nutrients, pathogens, toxic organic compounds, sediments, trash and debris, and oil and grease (PBLA, 2020b, p. 17). To meet NPDES requirements, and consistent with the assumptions made by EIR No. 466, the Project's proposed storm drain system is designed to route the first flush runoff generated on the Building 20 site to the proposed 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. The detention/bio-retention basin has been designed to detain

runoff and provide water quality treatment, which would be effective in reducing the pollutants of concern in runoff leaving the Project site. As noted above, waters that are tributary to the Project site are impaired with nutrients, pathogens, and low dissolved oxygen. Consistent with the conclusion reached by EIR No. 466, the proposed drainage plan, including the proposed detention/bio-retention basin, would ensure that runoff leaving the site is treated for pollutants of concern prior to discharge from the Project site. As such, the Project would not create substantial additional sources of polluted runoff.

Furthermore, and consistent with the assumptions made by EIR No. 466, the Project would be required to implement a WQMP during long-term operation, pursuant to the requirements of the applicable NPDES permit. The WQMP was prepared to evaluate the proposed Project and is a post-construction management program that ensures the on-going protection of the watershed basin by requiring structural and programmatic controls. The WQMP identifies structural controls (including the proposed detention basin) and operational source control measures (including marking inlets, incorporation of landscape/outdoor pesticide restrictions, incorporating measures for refuse areas, loading dock requirements, and requirements to regularly sweep plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots). The structural and operational source control measures would minimize, prevent, and/or otherwise appropriately treat storm water runoff flows before they are discharged from the site. Consistent with the conclusion reached by EIR No. 466, mandatory compliance with the WQMP would ensure that the Project does not create substantial additional sources of polluted runoff during long-term operation. Furthermore, the Project would be subject to EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures MM Hydro 2 and MM Hydro 3, which EIR No. 466 found would further reduce the potential for impacts due to polluted runoff.

Based on the foregoing analysis, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project would not create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems, and would not provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. As such, impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

g) Would the proposed Project impede or redirect flood flows?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP site was not located in a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designated 100-year flood zone. The IS/NOP indicated that after buildout of the MFBCSP, the amount of storm water run-off would increase, therefore incrementally increasing the overall discharge into the San Jacinto River and ultimately Canyon Lake. However, the IS/NOP determined that through utilization of existing storm water facilities development within the MFBCSP would not cause a significant increase in the amount of surface runoff and would not impede or redirect flood flows. This issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 29 and 30)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, there are no portions of the Project site or surrounding areas that are located within a mapped 100-year flood hazard area. According to Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Project site is located within "Zone X (Unshaded)," which

encompasses areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. (FEMA, 2008) Because the Project site is not located within a mapped flood hazard area, the Project has no potential to impede or redirect flood flows. Additionally, post-development runoff from the site would decrease during 100-year (24-hour duration) storm events (i.e., from 135.6 cfs under existing conditions to 119.9 cfs under post-development conditions) following treatment and detention by the proposed detention/bioretention basin (PBLA, 2020a, p. 4). Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP, drainage infrastructure installed in the surrounding area pursuant to CFD 88-8 was sized to accommodate future development within the CFD area, including the Project site. Thus, the Project's peak runoff was accounted for as part of the existing improvements. As such, and consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP, the Project would not impede or redirect flood flows either on site or downstream, and impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

h) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, would the proposed Project risk the release of pollutants due to project inundation?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the nearest dam to the MFBCSP site was the Perris Dam that holds back Lake Perris, located approximately 4.5 miles east. The IS/NOP noted that although the dam faces in the direction of the MFBCSP site, the MFBCSP site was not located within a dam inundation area. Impacts were concluded to be less than significant in the IS/NOP, and this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. Impacts associated with tsunamis and seiches were not evaluated in the IS/NOP; however, the IS/NOP and EIR No. 466 contained enough information about the MFBCSP that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential to be impacted by tsunamis or seiches was readily available. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 29 and 30)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As with the conditions that existed when the IS/NOP was prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project site is located approximately 36 miles northeast of the Pacific Ocean; thus, the Project site is not subject to hazards associated with tsunamis, nor are there any components of the Project that could contribute to tsunami-related hazards. According to the FIRM prepared by FEMA, the Project site is located within flood hazard "Zone X (Unshaded)," which encompasses areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. (FEMA, 2008) As such, and consistent with the finding reached by the IS/NOP, the Project site would not be subject to inundation during flood events. The Project site is located approximately 3.8 miles west of the Lake Perris Dam. According to MVAP Figure 11 (Special Flood Hazard Areas), the Project site is not located within any dam inundation areas or special flood hazard areas, including inundation areas associated with the Perris Dam (Riverside County, 2018, Figure 11). As such, and consistent with the findings reached by the IS/NOP, it is concluded that due to distance and intervening topography, the Project site would not be subject to seiche hazards. As such, the Project site would not be subject to inundation that could result in the release of pollutants from the Project site, and no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

i) Would the proposed Project conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP indicated that future development within the MFBCSP would be conditioned to comply with the requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board under Order No. 01-34 for construction-related activities in the San Jacinto Watershed. In addition, the IS/NOP noted that future development within the MFBCSP area would be required to comply with the requirements of Supplement A to the Riverside County Drainage Area Management Plan, and must be equipped with an effective combination of structural and non-structural post-construction BMPs. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that the MFBCSP would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan and determined that impacts would be less than significant. As a result, this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 26 and 27)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Similar to the conditions that existed when the IS/NOP was prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project site is located within the jurisdiction of the Santa Ana RWQCB. Water quality information for the Santa Ana River watershed is contained in the Santa Ana Region Basin Plan (as most recently updated in June 2019), which also was in effect at the time the IS/NOP was circulated for public review (RWQCB, 2019). In addition, the Project site is located within the West San Jacinto Groundwater Management Area, and is therefore subject to the EMWD's "Groundwater Management Plan – West San Jacinto Groundwater Basin" (EMWD, 1995; EMWD, 2018). The Project's consistency with each is discussed below.

Santa Ana Region Basin Plan

The California Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act (§ 13000 ("Water Quality") et seq., of the California Water Code), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendment of 1972 (also referred to as the Clean Water Act (CWA)) require that comprehensive water quality control plans be developed for all waters within the State of California. Similar to the conditions that existed when the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 was prepared, the Project site is located within the jurisdiction of the Santa Ana RWQCB. Water quality information for the Santa Ana River watershed is contained in the Santa Ana Region Basin Plan (as most recently updated in June 2019). This document, which also was in effect when EIR No. 466 was certified, is herein incorporated by reference and is available for public review at the Santa Ana RWQCB office located at 3737 Main Street, Suite 500, Riverside, CA 92501-3348. (RWQCB, 2019)

The CWA requires all states to conduct water quality assessments of their water resources to identify water bodies that do not meet water quality standards. Water bodies that do not meet water quality standards are placed on a list of impaired waters pursuant to the requirements of Section 303(d) of the CWA. As noted by the IS/NOP and the Project's WQMP, the Project site resides within the Santa Ana Watershed and receiving waters for the property's drainage are the Markham Street Storm Drain System, Perris Valley Storm Drain, San Jacinto River Reach 3 (upstream of Canyon Lake), Railroad Canyon/Canyon Lake, San Jacinto River Reach 1 (downstream of Canyon Lake), and Lake Elsinore. Receiving waters listed on the Section 303(d) list include Canyon Lake and Lake Elsinore, and both of these bodies of water were impaired when the IS/NOP was prepared for EIR No. 466. Canyon Lake is currently impaired by nutrients

and pathogens, while the IS/NOP noted that at the time Canyon Lake was impaired for exceeding its water quality objectives for sediments, siltation, pathogens, and nutrients. Although not specifically addressed by the IS/NOP, Lake Elsinore currently is impaired by nutrients and low dissolved oxygen. The Markham Street Storm Drain System, Perris Valley Storm Drain, and the San Jacinto River Reaches 1 and 3 currently are not listed as impaired. (PBLA, 2020b, p. 7)

As noted by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, specific provision of the CWA applicable to the proposed Project is CWA Section 402, which authorizes the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program that covers point sources of pollution discharging to a water body. The NPDES program also requires operators of construction sites one acre or larger to prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and obtain authorization to discharge stormwater under an NPDES construction stormwater permit.

Provided below is a discussion of the Project's potential to conflict with the Santa Ana Region Basin Plan during both construction and long-term operation.

Construction-Related Water Quality

Construction activities would occur on the same site and in the same or similar manner as assumed by EIR No. 466 and its associated IS/NOP. As with the project evaluated by EIR No. 466 and the IS/NOP, construction of the proposed Project would involve clearing, grading, paving, utility installation, building construction, and landscaping activities, which would result in the generation of potential water quality pollutants such as silt, debris, chemicals, paints, and other solvents with the potential to adversely affect water quality. As such, short-term water quality impacts have the potential to occur during construction of the Project in the absence of any protective or avoidance measures.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Santa Ana RWQCB and the County of Riverside, the Project would be required to obtain a NPDES Municipal Stormwater Permit for construction activities. The NPDES permit is required for all projects that include construction activities, such as clearing, grading, and/or excavation that disturb at least one acre of total land area. In addition, the Project would be required to comply with the RWQCB's Water Quality Control Plan for the Santa Ana River Basin ("Basin Plan"). Compliance with the NPDES permit and the Basin Plan involves the preparation and implementation of a SWPPP for construction-related activities, and these requirements also would have applied to new development at the time the IS/NOP was prepared for EIR No. 466. The SWPPP is required to specify the Best Management Practices (BMPs) that the Project would be required to implement during construction activities to ensure that all potential pollutants of concern are prevented, minimized, and/or otherwise appropriately treated prior to being discharged from the subject property. As with the project evaluated by the IS/NOP and EIR No. 466, mandatory compliance with the SWPPP would ensure that the proposed Project does not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements during construction activities. Therefore, with mandatory adherence to the future required SWPPP, runoff associated with Project-related construction activities would not conflict with the Santa Ana Region Basin Plan requirements, and impacts would be less than significant.

Operational Water Quality Impacts

EIR No. 466 and the associated IS/NOP evaluated buildout of the MFBCSP area with a variety of light industrial and commercial land uses. The Project consists of an implementing development within the MFBCSP and proposes a site-specific development that includes a proposed drainage system that would route first flush flows towards the proposed 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin in the southern portions of the Project site. Because the Project includes details regarding the proposed drainage system that were not included in the MFBCSP, a site-specific WQMP was required for the Project in order to confirm the conclusion of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 that water quality impacts would be less than significant. The WQMP is contained in *Technical Appendix F2*, and is discussed below.

As noted above, receiving waters for the property's drainage are the Markham Street Storm Drain System, Perris Valley Storm Drain, San Jacinto River Reach 3 (upstream of Canyon Lake), Railroad Canyon/Canyon Lake, San Jacinto River Reach 1 (downstream of Canyon Lake), and Lake Elsinore. Canyon Lake is impaired by nutrients and pathogens, while Lake Elsinore is impaired by nutrients and low dissolved oxygen. (PBLA, 2020b, p. 7) As noted above, because the Project consists of a site-specific development, a WQMP was required for the Project and is included in Technical Appendix F2. According to the Project's Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP; Technical Appendix F2), the Project's pollutants of concern include bacterial indicators, metals, nutrients, pathogens, toxic organic compounds, sediments, trash and debris, and oil and grease (PBLA, 2020b, p. 17). To meet NPDES requirements, the Project's proposed storm drain system is designed to route first flush runoff to the proposed 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. The detention basin has been designed to detain runoff and provide water quality treatment, which would be effective in reducing pollutants of concern in runoff leaving the Project site. As noted above, waters that are tributary to the Project site are impaired with nutrients, pathogens, and/or low dissolved oxygen. The proposed detention basin would be effective at treating bacterial indicators, metals, nutrients, pathogens, toxic organic compounds, sediments, trash and debris, and oil and grease, which in turn would reduce the potential for low dissolved oxygen, nutrients, and pathogens in runoff from the site. Runoff from the Project site would not contribute substantially to existing downstream impairments and the Project therefore would not conflict with the Santa Ana Region Basin Plan; thus, impacts would be less than significant.

Furthermore, the Project would be required to implement a WQMP, pursuant to the requirements of the applicable NPDES permit. The WQMP is a post-construction management program that ensures the ongoing protection of the watershed basin by requiring structural and programmatic controls. The Project's Preliminary WQMP is included as *Technical Appendix F2*. The Preliminary WQMP identifies structural controls (including the proposed detention basin) and operational source control measures (including marking inlets, incorporation of landscape/outdoor pesticide restrictions, incorporating measures for refuse areas, loading dock requirements, and requirements to regularly sweep plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots). The structural and operational source control measures would minimize, prevent, and/or otherwise appropriately treat storm water runoff flows before they are discharged from the site. Consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, mandatory compliance with the WQMP would ensure that the Project does not conflict with the Santa Ana Region Basin Plan, and impacts would be less than significant.

Groundwater Management Plan – West San Jacinto Groundwater Basin

The EMWD adopted the *Groundwater Management Plan – West San Jacinto Groundwater Basin* (GMP) on June 8, 1995, and the GMP was in effect at the time EIR No. 466 was certified. The GMP was not addressed by the IS/NOP or EIR No. 466, both of which evaluated buildout of the MFBCSP area with light industrial and commercial land uses. The Project consists of an implementing development within the MFBCSP area, is fully consistent with the land uses assumed by EIR No. 466 for the site, and identifies a site-specific development plan as part of proposed Plot Plan No. 180029. Accordingly, due to the additional detail available as part of the proposed Project, an analysis of the Project's consistency with the GMP is provided below.

The GMP is intended to manage the San Jacinto Groundwater Basin (SJGB) in a manner that would supplement EMWD's water supplies, thereby increasing the amount of locally-available water and reducing the amount of water that needs to be imported through MWD. The GMP covers approximately 256-square miles (over 164,200 acres) and has been divided into six (6) groundwater management zones. The Project site is located at the western edge of the Perris North Groundwater Management Zone (GMZ). (EMWD, 1995; EMWD, 2018, Figure 7-2)

EMWD adopted the Management Plan in June 1995 in accordance with Assembly Bill 3030 (AB 3030) enacted in 1992, which is now codified in the California Water Code Sections 10750 through 10755. The Management Plan is intended to protect the vested interests of existing groundwater producers while providing a planning framework for new water supply projects for the benefit of groundwater producers and the public. The Management Plan goals include: (EMWD, 2018, p. 6)

- Establishment of a Groundwater Basin Manager
- Monitoring of Groundwater Production
- Monitoring of Groundwater Level and Quality
- Development of Well Construction Policies
- Development of a Well Abandonment and Destruction Program
- Monitoring of Well Construction, Abandonment, and Destruction
- Groundwater Quality Protection
- Exchange of Agricultural and Other Non-potable Groundwater Production to
- Municipal Use
- Maximize Yield Augmentation with Local Resources Local Runoff and Reclaimed Water
- Maximize Conjunctive Use
- Groundwater Treatment

There are no existing groundwater wells on the Project site, and no groundwater wells are proposed as part of the Project. As such, the Project would not directly extract groundwater, but would instead obtain potable water from the EMWD, which relies in part on groundwater resources. Accordingly, the Project only would have the potential to conflict with the West San Jacinto GMP if the Project were to obstruct infiltration of runoff into the groundwater basin, or if the Project were to contribute to or exacerbate existing water quality problems within the basin.

As noted above under the discussion of the Project's consistency with the Santa Ana Region Basin Plan, the Project Applicant would be required to obtain a NPDES Municipal Stormwater Permit for construction activities. The NPDES permit is required for all projects that include construction activities, such as clearing, grading, and/or excavation that disturb at least one acre of total land area. Compliance with the NPDES permit and the Basin Plan involves the preparation and implementation of a SWPPP for construction-related activities. The SWPPP is required to specify the BMPs that the Project would be required to implement during construction activities to ensure that all potential pollutants of concern are prevented, minimized, and/or otherwise appropriately treated prior to being discharged from the subject property. Mandatory compliance with the SWPPP would ensure that construction of the proposed Project does result in polluted runoff that could adversely affect water quality within the SJGB. Additionally, the total amount of runoff from the Project site during construction would not change substantially in relation to existing conditions, thereby allowing for infiltration into the SJGB. Accordingly, during construction the Project would not conflict with the West San Jacinto GMP, and a less-than-significant impact would occur.

Following construction activities, infiltration on the Building 20 site largely would be precluded and would be limited to landscaped areas, as remaining areas of the Building 20 site would be covered with impervious surfaces (i.e., buildings, drive aisles, etc.). However, under existing conditions all runoff generated on and tributary to the Project site is conveyed directly into existing storm drainage facilities within adjacent roadways. While a nominal amount of groundwater recharge may occur under existing conditions, the majority of runoff is conveyed to downstream facilities, which ultimately include unlined drainage channels and bodies of water (i.e., Canyon Lake and Lake Elsinore) wherein groundwater recharge occurs. These conditions would not substantially change under the proposed Project. That is, all runoff generated on the site would be conveyed to a water quality basin for treatment, and would discharge into existing drainage facilities within adjacent roadways. Groundwater recharge would continue to occur downstream, as it does under existing conditions. Furthermore, under long-term operating conditions, all runoff generated on the Project site would be treated by the proposed 2.5-acre bioretention basin. The bioretention basin is designed to treat the Project's pollutants of concern, which include bacterial indicators and nutrients (PBLA, 2020b, p. 17). Thus, with implementation of the proposed Project, Project-related runoff would not contribute to or exacerbate existing water quality impairments within the West San Jacinto GMP area. As such, the Project would not conflict with the West San Jacinto GMP, and impacts would be less than significant.

Conclusion

Based on the preceding analysis, the Project would not conflict with the San Jacinto River Basin Plan or the West San Jacinto GMP. Accordingly, the Project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan, and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 identified several mitigation measures to address impacts to hydrology and water quality. These measures, which are listed below, would continue to apply to the proposed Project and would be enforced as part of the Project's conditions of approval. It should be noted that the proposed Project includes a proposed 2.5-acre detention basin in the southern portion of the Project site, and thus the Project would implement the requirements specified by EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Hydro 4.

- MM Hydro 1: In order to mitigate impacts related to water quality resulting from construction of the Majestic Freeway Business Center, the project proponent or their developer shall obtain coverage under the appropriate NPDES Construction Permit for Activities in the San Jacinto watershed through the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board prior to obtaining the grading permit. Each development within the project area will warrant its own coverage under the Construction Permit, unless otherwise determined by the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board.
- MM Hydro 2: In order to mitigate impacts related to pollutant loading to receiving waters and/or increased erosion/siltation resulting from Specific Plan implementation, individual project proponents shall develop and implement a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP). The WQMP will contain measures that will effectively treat all pollutants of concern and hydrologic conditions of concern, consistent with the County's approved WQMP developed in compliance with their MS4 permit.
- MM Hydro 3: To mitigate impacts related to water quality following development, individual project proponents will determine if coverage under the State's General Permit for Industrial Activities is necessary. This permit requires implementation of a SWPPP for certain types of industrial activities. The future building occupants of the structures proposed in this document may warrant coverage under the General Permit for Industrial Activities. Therefore, prior to issuance of the certificate of occupancy, building occupants shall determine whether or not coverage under the Industrial permit is warranted for their operations.
- MM Hydro 4: To mitigate impacts related to exceedance of capacity of storm drain facilities, individual project proponents will be conditioned to construct a "fair share" of on-site storm drain infrastructure or to demonstrate that existing on-site facilities can effectively accommodate storm flows for the 100-year event.

5.1.11 Land Use and Planning

Would t	the project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
	nd Use Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				×
b.	Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)?				

a) Would the proposed Project cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

EIR No. 466 Finding: As indicated in Table IV-1 of EIR No. 466, EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP would be fully consistent with, or otherwise would not conflict with, all applicable policies of the General Plan. As such, impacts were determined to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-7 through IV-24)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Building 20 and Staging Area sites are located within MFBCSP Planning Area 6, while the proposed 2.5-acre detention basin in the southern portion of the Project site is located within MFBCSP Planning Area 5. The Project site also is located in the MVAP portion of the Riverside County General Plan. The MFBCSP designates Planning Areas 5 and 6 for "Light Industrial" land uses. Proposed Building 12, which would consist of 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses, as well as the proposed detention basin, are fully consistent with the "Light Industrial" land use designation applied to MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6. Additionally, a site-specific analysis of the Project's consistency with the policies and requirements of the MFBCSP was conducted by T&B Planning, the results of which are provided as *Technical Appendix J*. As indicated in *Technical Appendix J*, the Project is consistent with or otherwise would not conflict with the policies and requirements of the MFBCSP, including policies and requirements adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect.

Additionally, as part of its review of the proposed Project, Riverside County evaluated the Project for consistency with applicable General Plan and MVAP policies, and concluded that the Project would be consistent with or otherwise would not conflict with the General Plan or MVAP. Moreover, the Project is fully consistent with the land use designations and requirements of the General Plan and MVAP. Thus,

the Project would not conflict with any General Plan or MVAP policies that were adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect.

Based on the foregoing analysis, the Project would not conflict with the land use designations and policies of the General Plan, MVAP, or MFBCSP, including policies and requirements adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect, and no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that proposed development was located along the alignment of Interstate 215, between Cajalco Expressway and Nandina Avenue. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP site was located within the Mead Valley community which extends west from Interstate 215. Property on the east side of Interstate 215 was located within the City of Perris. The IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP site was located at the eastern edge of Mead Valley. Although the MFBCSP is not contiguous in shape, the IS/NOP determined that parcels east of Decker Road and Seaton Avenue, and west of Interstate 215 that are not a part of this MFBCSP area were also designated for industrial business park uses. Since the MFBCSP site was located at the edge of the Mead Valley community and within an area designated for industrial and business park uses, the IS/NOP concluded that the MFBCSP would not divide and would not disrupt the physical arrangement of the Mead Valley community. Impacts were determined to be less than significant and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 31 and 33)

No. 466, the Project site is located at the eastern edge of the Mead Valley community. Since certification of EIR No. 466, there have been no new residential developments beyond the existing residential community generally located west and south of the Staging Area site. Areas to the east, north, and southeast in the vicinity of the Project site are generally developed with or planned for light industrial land uses. There are no existing or proposed residential uses to the west, north, east, or south of the Building 20 site, no development (other than near-term grading, stockpiling, and construction equipment staging areas) is proposed on the Staging Area site, and the detention basin site would be developed with only a detention/bio-retention basin. As such, development of the Building 20 site with up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses would have no potential to divide the physical arrangement of an established community. Accordingly, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.12 Mineral Resources

Mould	he project:	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
	neral Resources Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?				×
b.	Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				×
C.	Potentially expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing or abandoned quarries or mines?				

a) Would the proposed Project result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that the General Plan's Multipurpose Open Space Element identified most of western Riverside County, where there are no known mineral resources, as being within Mineral Resources Zone No. 3 (Figure OS-5). The IS/NOP determined that the MFBCSP site was located within this Mineral Resources Zone (MRZ-3). The IS/NOP defined MRZ-3 as areas where the available geologic information indicates that mineral deposits are likely to exist; however, the significance of the deposit is undetermined. Because the MFBCSP site contains no known mineral resources, the IS/NOP concluded that no impact would occur and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 33 and 34)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, and according to mapping information available from the California Geological Survey, the Project site is classified as Mineral Resources Zone 3 (MRZ-3), which is defined as "areas containing known or inferred mineral occurrences of undetermined mineral resource significance" (CGS, 2008). Accordingly, and consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource, and there would be no Project impacts. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that there were no identified mineral resource sites within proximity of the MFBCSP site. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts to mineral resources would occur and this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 33 and 34)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, there are no mineral resource sites within proximity of the Project site. The Riverside County General Plan, MVAP, and MFBCSP do not designate the Project site as a locally-important mineral resource recovery site (Riverside County, 2019a; Riverside County, 2018; Webb, 2005). As such, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP, the Project would not result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site, and no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project be an incompatible land use located adjacent to a State classified or designated area or existing surface mine?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP site was not located in an area of proposed, existing, or abandoned quarries or mines; therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that the MFBCSP would not expose people or property in the project area to these hazards and that no impacts would occur. This topic was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 33 and 34)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project site is not located in an area of proposed, existing, or abandoned quarries or mines. A materials recovery site occurs approximately 0.6-mile west of the Project site. Additionally, there is a potential mine being considered for a property located approximately 1.6 mile south of the Project site. (Google Earth, 2018) However, due to distance between the Project site and these existing/potential mining sites, the Project would not have the potential to expose future site workers to hazards from these mines. There would be no potential for future impacts to the proposed building resulting from mining activities occurring more than 0.5 mile from the Project site. Furthermore, the high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses proposed by the Project Applicant would not be considered incompatible with mining activities. As such, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project would not expose people or property in the Project area to hazards associated with quarries and mines no impacts would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.13 Noise

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	he project result in:				
26. Ai i a.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
b.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				×

a) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MFBCSP site was located outside of March Air Reserve Base's 60 dB CNEL noise contours, as depicted in the 1998 MARB AICUZ Study. EIR No. 466 noted that Section A.7 of the Appendices to the AICUZ Study stated that "most industrial/manufacturing uses are compatible in the airfield environs" and that the "commercial/retail trade and personal and business services are compatible without restriction up to DNL [Day-Night Average A-Weighted Sound Level] 70 dB." Because MARB noise levels were projected to be less than 60 dB CNEL at the MFBCSP site, EIR No. 466 determined that all uses within the Specific Plan would be compatible with the exterior noise level guidelines set forth in the 1984 Riverside County Airport Land Use Plan and with the land use compatibility policies of the 1998 MARB AICUZ Study. Although the MFBCSP site fell outside of the CNEL noise contours for March Air Reserve Base, EIR No. 466 noted that the MFBCSP site was located beneath identified flight tracks for airplanes using the airfield at March Air Reserve Base; thus, EIR No. 466 disclosed that there was a potential for single-event noise levels to affect future land uses in the MFBCSP area. However, EIR No. 466 concluded that the industrial, warehouse and distribution, and commercial/retail land uses allowed by the MFBCSP are not considered to be sensitive receivers and therefore the impacts from these single-event noise levels were determined to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-103)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses. The land uses proposed by the Project Applicant are fully consistent with the land uses assumed for the site by EIR No. 466, which EIR No. 466 found would not be

exposed to significant noise impacts due to airport operations at the March Joint Air Reserve Base. Moreover, according to Figure 4.15.20 of EIR No. 521, which was prepared for the County's 2015 General Plan Update, the Project site occurs outside of the 60 dBA CNEL contour for the March Joint Air Reserve Base (Riverside County, 2015, Figure 4.15.20; Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 25). According to Table N-1 of the County General Plan, and consistent with the findings or EIR No. 466, industrial uses such as those proposed by the Project Applicant are considered "Normally Acceptable" in terms of noise compatibility at noise levels up to 75 dBA CNEL (Riverside County, 2019a, Table N-1). Therefore, the Project would not expose people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise levels associated with airport operations, and impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 found that the MFBCSP site was not within the vicinity of a private airstrip and no impact would occur. As such, this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 35)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip. The nearest private airstrip to the Project site is the Perris Valley Airport, located approximately 6.0 miles southeast of the Project site. According to the Land Use Compatibility Plan for the Perris Valley Airport, the Project site is located well outside of the 60 dB CNEL contour for this airport, which, according to General Plan Table N-1, indicates that the Project would be "Normally Compatible" with airport-related noise from this facility (ALUC, 2011, Figure PV-3; Riverside County, 2019a, Table N-1). Accordingly, the Project would not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels associated with private airport noise, and there would be no impact. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
	bise effects by the Project				
a.	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise				

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
	ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
b.	Generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?				×

a) Would the proposed Project cause generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 indicated that construction noise would result in a temporary change in ambient noise levels. EIR No. 466 disclosed that noise generated by construction equipment, including trucks, graders, bulldozers, concrete mixers, and portable generators, can reach significant levels ranging from 70 dBA to 105 dBA and could adversely affect sensitive receptors in the area. As discussed in EIR No. 466, impacts from construction noise are considered short-term impacts since noise would cease upon completion of construction activity. Nonetheless, EIR No. 466 determined that construction-related noise impacts would be potentially significant prior to mitigation. With implementation of Mitigation Measures MM Noise 1 through MM Noise 4 from EIR No. 466 and with mandatory compliance with Riverside County Ordinance No. 457, EIR No. 466 concluded that construction-related noise affecting sensitive receptors would be reduced to less-than-significant levels. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-161, IV-162, IV-166, and IV-167)

EIR No. 466 also indicated that the MFBCSP would contribute long-term noise to the existing environment through the addition of traffic on local streets. Based on a noise impact analysis prepared for EIR No. 466, it was determined that the MFBCSP would result in substantial noise increases (i.e., 3 dBA or more increase) on nearby roadways and impacts were identified as potentially significant. EIR No. 466 concluded that traffic-related noise associated with the MFBCSP would be significant and unavoidable. EIR No. 466 also noted that noise levels affecting the MFBCSP site would not exceed 74.9 dBA CNEL, and concluded that the MFBCSP would therefore be compatible with existing and projected noise levels. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-161 and IV-165)

EIR No. 466 also evaluated the MFBCSP's potential for operational noise impacts, and found that daytime operational noise would not be significant if a barrier shields the visibility of the (loading) activity from any ground-floor observers. EIR No. 466 noted that activities that occur at the rear of buildings, with no direct "line-of-sight" to residences, and not directly adjacent to the noise-sensitive land uses, would be shielded by the building itself. However, EIR No. 466 found that the nuisance factor from nighttime dock operations would be potentially significant prior to mitigation, and that daytime operational noise would be potentially significant in the absence of noise barriers. EIR No. 466 identified Mitigation Measure MM Noise 5, which requires an 8-foot high separation wall between on-site activities and existing off-site

residential uses if daytime trucking activities occur within 200 feet of the property line. Mitigation Measure MM Noise 5 also requires a 12-foot barrier between loading dock areas and residential uses within 300 feet of the loading dock areas if loading dock materials handling activities are conducted during nighttime hours (10:00 pm to 7:00 am), and further requires that if nighttime trucking activities are conducted simultaneously with the operation of the loading dock, the 12-foot high barrier shall be required if such combination activities occur within 600 feet of an existing residence. EIR No. 466 also identified Mitigation Measure MM Noise 6, which limits nighttime operational activities associated with loading/unloading and truck movement within close proximity of nearby residential uses. With implementation of the required mitigation, EIR No. 466 concluded that operational noise would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-165 through IV-167)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project would result in the buildout of portions of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6, and the Project is fully consistent with the "Light Industrial" land use designation applied to the Project site by the MFBCSP. Although EIR No. 466 evaluated a range of land uses allowed by the MFBCSP, EIR No. 466 did not evaluate specific buildings, as EIR No. 466 assumed that the characteristics of individual buildings would be identified as part of implementing developments within the MFBCSP. The currently-proposed Project is an implementing development that would result in the development of up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses on 18.2 acres within MFBCSP Planning Area 6; near-term borrow site, staging, and stockpiling activities within the 19.3acre Staging Area site, which also is located within MFBCPS Planning Area 6; and a 2.5-acre detention basin located within MFBCSP Planning Area 5. The Project's application materials identify specific building elements, including building area and location, setbacks, walls/fencing, and site access. In order to evaluate the Project's site-specific elements, a Noise Impact Analysis (NIA) was required for the Project and is provided as Technical Appendix G. The Project's NIA includes a detailed analysis of the Project's potential to result in a substantial temporary and/or permanent increase in ambient noise levels, and was prepared in part to demonstrate that the Project's anticipated noise impacts would be within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466. Refer to the NIA for a detailed description of noise fundamentals, applicable regulatory requirements, the existing noise environment, and the methods and procedures used to evaluate the Project's noise impacts. As explained below, the noise that would be generated by the Project is fully analyzed in and covered by the analysis of noise impacts set forth in EIR No. 466. Provided below is a summary of the results of the analysis for construction and long-term operation of the Project.

Sensitive Receptors

To assess the potential for long-term operational and short-term construction noise impacts, sensitive receiver locations, as shown on Figure 5-3, Sensitive Receiver Locations, were identified as representative locations for analysis. Sensitive receivers are generally defined as locations where people reside or where the presence of unwanted sound could otherwise adversely affect the use of the land. Noise-sensitive land uses are generally considered to include schools, hospitals, single-family dwellings, mobile home parks, churches, libraries, and recreation areas. Moderately noise-sensitive land uses typically include multi-family dwellings, hotels, motels, dormitories, outpatient clinics, cemeteries, golf courses, country clubs, athletic/tennis clubs, and equestrian clubs. Land uses that are considered relatively insensitive to noise include business, commercial, and professional developments. Land uses that are typically not



Source(s): Urban Crossroads (04-23-2020)

Figure 5-3



Sensitive Receiver Locations

affected by noise include: industrial, manufacturing, utilities, agriculture, undeveloped land, parking lots, warehousing, liquid and solid waste facilities, salvage yards, and transit terminals. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 47)

Construction-Related Impacts

Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project has the potential to cause temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels during construction activities. Construction characteristics associated with the proposed Project would not be materially different from what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. EIR No. 466 disclosed that construction-related noise impacts would be potentially significant, but would be reduced to less-than-significant levels with implementation of Mitigation Measures MM Noise 1 through MM Noise 4. Notwithstanding, the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) includes an assessment of potential noise impacts that could affect sensitive receptors during construction activities. Figure 5-4, *Construction Noise Source Locations*, depicts the construction noise source locations in relation to the nearby sensitive receiver locations that were evaluated as part of the analysis. The results of the analysis are presented below. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 61)

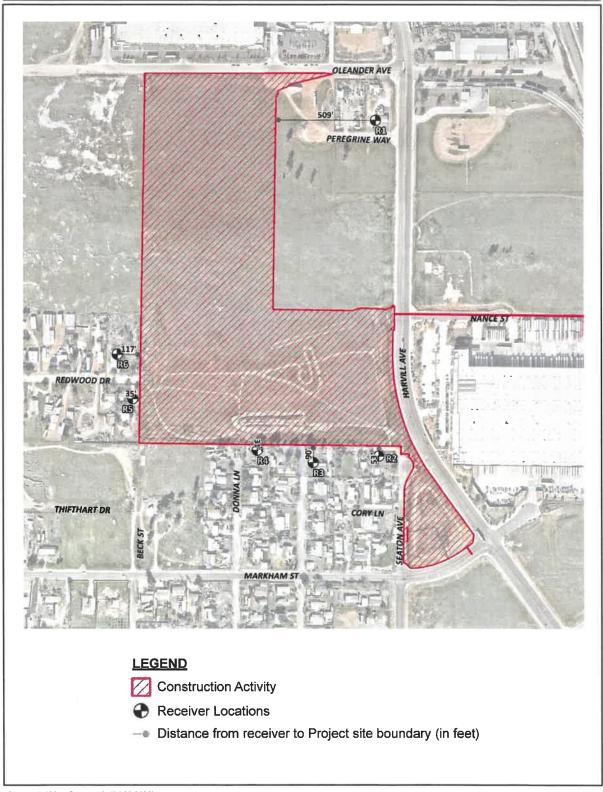
Threshold of Significance

Based on the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) publication, *Criteria for Recommended Standard: Occupational Noise Exposure*, noise impacts due to Project-related construction activities would be potentially significant if Project-related construction activities create noise levels which exceed the 85 dBA Leq acceptable noise level threshold at the nearby sensitive receiver locations (NIOSH, 1998, p. 1). Refer to Section 4 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) for a discussion of how thresholds of significance were selected for analysis.

Construction Noise Levels

Noise generated by the Project's construction equipment would include a combination of trucks, power tools, concrete mixers, and portable generators that when combined can reach high levels. The number and mix of construction equipment are expected to occur in the following stages, based on similar projects in the County of Riverside: site preparation; grading; building construction; paving; and architectural coating. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 61)

The construction noise analysis provided in the Project's NIA was prepared using reference noise level measurements taken by Urban Crossroads to describe the typical construction activity noise levels for each stage of Project construction. The construction reference noise level measurements represent a list of typical construction activity noise levels. Noise levels generated by heavy construction equipment can range from approximately 68 dBA to more than 80 dBA when measured at 50 feet. However, these noise levels diminish with distance from the construction site at a rate of 6 dBA per doubling of distance. For example, a noise level of 80 dBA measured at 50 feet from the noise source to the receiver would be reduced to 74 dBA at 100 feet from the source to the receiver, and would be further reduced to 68 dBA at 200 feet from the source to the receiver. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 61)



Source(s): Urban Crossroads (04-23-2020)

Figure 5-4



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Construction Noise Source Locations

T&B Planning, Inc.

Construction Reference Noise Levels

To describe the Project construction noise levels, measurements were collected for similar activities at several construction sites by Urban Crossroads. Table 5-6, Construction Reference Noise Levels, provides a summary of the construction reference noise level measurements. Because the reference noise levels were collected at varying distances of 30 feet and 50 feet, all construction noise level measurements presented on Table 5-6 have been adjusted for consistency to describe a uniform reference distance of 50 feet. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 61)

Table 5-6	Construction	Reference	Noise	Levels
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Construction Stage	Reference Construction Activity ¹	Reference Noise Level @ 50 Feet (dBA L _{eq})	Highest Reference Noise Level (dBA L _{eq})		
	Scraper, Water Truck, & Dozer Activity	75.3			
Site Preparation	Backhoe	64.2	75.3		
ricparation	Water Truck Pass-By & Backup Alarm	71.9			
	Rough Grading Activities	73.5			
Grading	Water Truck Pass-By & Backup Alarm	71.9	73.5		
	Construction Vehicle Maintenance Activities	67.5	1		
	Foundation Trenching	68.2			
Building Construction	Framing	62.3	71.6		
Construction	Concrete Mixer Backup Alarms & Air Brakes	71.6	1		
	Concrete Mixer Truck Movements	71.2			
Paving	Concrete Paver Activities	65.6	71.2		
	Concrete Mixer Pour & Paving Activities	65.9	1		
	Air Compressors	65.2			
Architectural	Generator	64.9	65.2		
Coating	Crane	62.3			

¹ Reference construction noise level measurements taken by Urban Crossroads, Inc.

(Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 10-1)

Construction Noise Analysis

Using the reference construction equipment noise levels, calculations of the Project construction noise level impacts at the nearby sensitive receiver locations were conducted. To assess the worst-case construction noise levels, the Project construction noise analysis relies on the highest noise level impacts when the equipment with the highest reference noise level is operating at the closest point from the edge of primary construction activity (Project site boundary) to each receiver location. As shown on Table 5-7, *Unmitigated Construction Equipment Noise Level Summary*, the construction noise levels are expected to range from 70.3 to 76.8 dBA Leq at the nearby receiver locations. Appendix 10.1 to the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) includes the detailed CadnaA construction noise model inputs. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 63)

0	Construction Noise Levels (dBA Leq)									
Receiver Location ¹	Site Preparation	Grading	Building Construction	Paving	Architectural Coating	Highest Levels ²				
R1	70.3	68.5	66.6	66.2	60.2	70.3				
R2	75.6	73.8	71.9	71.5	65.5	75.6				
R3	75.0	73.2	71.3	70.9	64.9	75.0				
R4	76.8	75.0	73.1	72.7	66.7	76.8				
R5	76.3	74.5	72.6	72.2	66.2	76.3				
R6	74.4	72.6	70.7	70.3	64.3	74.4				

Table 5-7 Unmitigated Construction Equipment Noise Level Summary

(Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 10-2)

Construction Noise Level Compliance

To evaluate whether the Project would generate potentially significant short-term noise levels at nearby receiver locations during Project construction, the NIOSH noise level threshold of 85 dBA Leq is used as acceptable thresholds to assess construction noise level impacts. The construction noise analysis shows that the nearby receiver locations would satisfy the 85 dBA Leq significance threshold during Project construction activities as shown on Table 5-8, Construction Equipment Noise Level Compliance. Therefore, the noise impacts due to Project construction noise are considered less than significant at all receiver locations. Accordingly, the Project would not cause a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the Project, and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 64)

Long-Term Operation-Related Impacts

The Project Applicant proposes Plot Plan No. 180029, which would entail development of the Building 20 site with up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses and a detention basin on 2.5 acres in the southern portion of the Project site. The Staging Area site would not be developed as part of the Project, and thus would not generate any increased noise levels under long-term conditions beyond what occurs under existing conditions. The land uses proposed by the Project Applicant are fully consistent with the "Light Industrial" land use designation applied to the site by the MFBCSP and are consistent with the land use assumptions made by EIR No. 466 for the MFBCSP area. As such, operational characteristics of the proposed Project, and by extension operational noise associated with the proposed Project, would be fully consistent with what was evaluated for the site by EIR No. 466. Notwithstanding, because the Project's proposed Plot Plan No. 180029 provides more details regarding ultimate site development, the Project's NIA includes an evaluation of the Project's potential operational noise

^{1.} Noise receiver locations are shown on Figure 5-4.

Construction noise level calculations based on distance from the project site boundaries (construction activity
area) to nearby receiver locations. CadnaA construction noise model inputs are included in Appendix 10.1 to the
Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*).

impacts. Figure 5-5, *Operational Noise Source Locations*, identifies the representative receiver locations and noise source locations used to assess the operational noise levels. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 61)

	Construction Noise Levels (dBA Leq)							
Receiver Location ¹	Highest Construction Noise Levels ²	Threshold ³	Threshold Exceeded?					
R1	70.3	85	No					
R2	75.6	85	No					
R3	75.0	85	No					
R4	76.8	85	No					
R5	76.3	85	No					
R6	74.4	85	No					

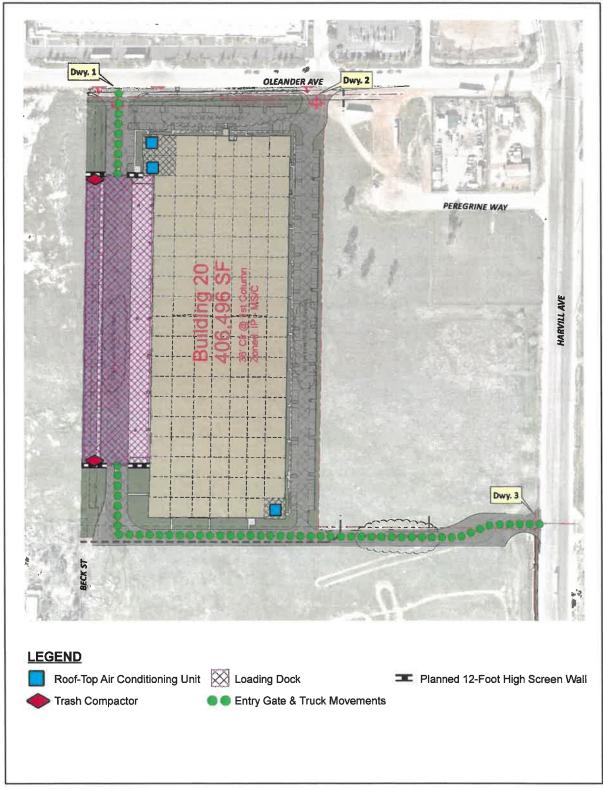
Table 5-8 Construction Equipment Noise Level Compliance

- Noise receiver locations are shown on Figure 5-4.
- 2. Highest construction noise level calculations based on distance from the construction noise source activity to nearby receiver locations as shown on Table 5-7.
- 3. Construction noise thresholds as shown on Table 4-2 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) and as summarized above.
- 4. Do the estimated Project construction noise levels satisfy the construction noise level threshold? (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 10-9)

Thresholds of Significance – Operational Noise

Noise impacts would be considered significant if any of the following would occur as a direct result of the proposed Project. Refer to Section 4 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) for a discussion of why thresholds of significance were selected for analysis. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 28)

- If Project-related operational (stationary-source) noise levels exceed the exterior 55 dBA Leq daytime or 45 dBA Leq nighttime noise level standards at nearby sensitive receiver locations (per County of Riverside General Plan Noise Element, Table N-2).
- If the existing ambient noise levels at the nearby noise-sensitive receivers near the Project site:
 - are less than 60 dBA Leq and the Project creates a readily perceptible 5 dBA Leq or greater
 Project-related noise level increase; or
 - o range from 60 to 65 dBA Leq and the Project creates a barely perceptible 3 dBA Leq or greater Project-related noise level increase; or
 - already exceed 65 dBA Leq and the Project creates a community noise level impact of greater than 1.5 dBA Leq (per FICON, 1992).



Source(s): Urban Crossroads (04-23-2020)

Figure 5-5



Operational Noise Sources

The future tenant(s) of the proposed Project is currently unknown. Therefore, the analysis included herein is intended to describe noise level impacts associated with the expected typical of daytime and nighttime activities at the Project site. To present the potential worst-case noise conditions, the analysis assumes the Project would be operational 24 hours per day, seven days per week. Consistent with similar warehouse uses, the Project business operations would primarily be conducted within the enclosed buildings, except for traffic movement, parking, as well as loading and unloading of trucks at designated loading bays. The on-site Project-related noise sources are expected to include: loading dock activity, entry gate & truck movements, roof-top air conditioning units, and trash enclosure activity. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 51)

Reference Noise Levels

To estimate the Project operational noise impacts, reference noise level measurements were collected by Urban Crossroads from similar types of activities to represent the noise levels expected with the development of the proposed Project. Table 5-9, *Reference Noise Level Measurements*, shows the estimated reference noise levels for each noise source associated with Project operations. It is important to note that the projected noise levels shown in Table 5-9 assume the worst-case noise environment with the idling trucks, delivery truck activities, backup alarms, as well as loading and unloading of dry goods, roof-top air conditioning units, and parking lot vehicle movements all operating simultaneously. These noise level impacts would likely vary throughout the day. Refer to Section 9.2 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) for a description of the reference noise levels used as inputs in Table 5-9. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 51)

Project Operational Noise Levels

Using the reference noise levels to represent the proposed Project operations that include loading dock activity, entry gate & truck movements, roof-top air conditioning units, and trash enclosure activity, Urban Crossroads calculated the operational source noise levels that are expected to be generated at the Project site and the Project-related noise level increases that would be experienced at each of the sensitive receiver locations. Table 5-10, *Daytime Project Operational Noise Levels*, shows the Project operational noise levels during the daytime hours of 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. The daytime hourly noise levels at the off-site receiver locations are expected to range from 32.7 to 45.0 dBA Leq. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 56)

Table 5-11, Nighttime Project Operational Noise Levels, shows the Project operational noise levels during the nighttime hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. The nighttime hourly noise levels at the off-site receiver locations are expected to range from 28.8 to 44.4 dBA Leq. The differences between the daytime and nighttime noise levels is largely related to the duration of noise activity (Table 5-9).

To demonstrate compliance with local noise regulations, the Project-only operational noise levels are evaluated against exterior noise level thresholds based on the County of Riverside exterior noise level standards at nearby noise-sensitive receiver locations. Table 5-12, Operational Noise Level Compliance, shows the operational noise levels associated with the proposed Project would satisfy the County of

Riverside 55 dBA Leq daytime and 45 dBA Leq nighttime exterior noise level standards at all nearby receiver locations. Therefore, the operational noise impacts are considered less than significant at the nearby noise-sensitive receiver locations. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 57)

Noise Source	Duration	uration Ref.		Min./Hour ⁵		Reference Noise Level (dBA L _{eq})		Sound Power
	(hh:mm:ss)	(Feet)	Height (Feet)	Day	Night	@ Ref. Dist.	@ 50 Feet	Level (dBA) ⁶
Loading Dock Activity ¹	00:15:00	30'	8'	60	60	67.2	62.8	103.4
Entry Gate & Truck Movements ²	00:15:00	20'	8'	_7	_7	64.0	58.0	89.7
Roof-Top Air Conditioning Units ³	96:00:00	5'	5'	39	28	77.2	57.2	88.9
Trash Enclosure Activity⁴	00:00:32	5'	5'	5	5	77.3	57.3	94.0

Table 5-9 Reference Noise Level Measurements

- 1. As measured by Urban Crossroads, Inc. at the Motivational Fulfillment & Logistics Services distribution facility in the City of Chino.
- 2. As measured by Urban Crossroads, Inc. at the Nature's Best Distribution Facility in the City of Chino.
- 3. As measured by Urban Crossroads, Inc. at the Santee Walmart located at 170 Town Center Parkway.
- 4. As measured by Urban Crossroads, Inc. at a commercial and office park trash enclosure in the City of Costa Mesa.
- 5. Anticipated duration (minutes within the hour) of noise activity during typical hourly conditions expected at the Project site. "Day" = 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.; "Night" = 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.
- 6. Sound power level represents the total amount of acoustical energy (noise level) produced by a sound source independent of distance or surroundings. Sound power levels calculated using the CadnaA noise model at the reference distance to the noise source. Numbers may vary due to size differences between point and area noise sources.
- 7. Entry Gate & Truck Movements are calculate based on the number of events by time of day (See Table 9-2 of the Project's NIA, included as *Technical Appendix G*).

(Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 9-1)

Table 5-10 Daytime Project Operational Noise Levels

Alaine Causeal 2	Operational Noise Levels by Receiver Location (dBA Leq)							
Noise Source ^{1,2}	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6		
Loading Dock Activity	24.1	21.5	26.1	30.0	44.2	43.4		
Entry Gate & Truck Movements	32.3	30.5	32.3	30.6	32.2	35.0		
Roof-Top Air Conditioning Units	29.7	27.7	29.9	28.3	28.5	27.9		
Trash Enclosure Activity	17.1	14.9	19.1	18.2	35.0	31.2		
Total (All Noise Sources)	34.7	32.7	35.0	34.6	45.0	44.3		

^{1.} See Figure 5-5 for the noise source locations.

^{2.} CadnaA noise model calculations are included in Appendix 9.1 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*). (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 9-3)

Notes Coursell?	Operational Noise Levels by Receiver Location (dBA Leq)								
Noise Source ^{1,2}	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6			
Loading Dock Activity	24.1	21.5	26.1	30.0	44.2	43.4			
Entry Gate & Truck Movements	26.3	24.5	26.3	24.6	26.2	29.0			
Roof-Top Air Conditioning Units	27.3	25.3	27.5	25.9	26.1	25.5			
Trash Enclosure Activity	8.5	5.7	14.2	12.9	25.0	22.1			
Total (All Noise Sources)	30.9	28.8	31.5	32.3	44.4	43.7			

Table 5-11 Nighttime Project Operational Noise Levels

^{2.} CadnaA noise model calculations are included in Appendix 9.1 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*). (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 9-4)

Receiver Location ¹		perational s (dBA Leq) ²		l Standards Leq) ³		el Standards eded? ⁴
LOCATION	Daytime	Nighttime	Daytime	Nighttime	Daytime	Nighttime
R1	34.7	30.9	55	45	No	No
R2	32.7	28.8	55	45	No	No
R3	35.0	31.5	55	45	No	No
R4	34.6	32.3	55	45	No	No
R5	45.0	44.4	55	45	No	No
R6	44.3	43.7	55	45	No	No

Table 5-12 Operational Noise Level Compliance

Project Operational Ambient Noise Level Increases

To describe the Project operational noise level contributions, the Project operational noise levels are combined with the existing ambient noise levels measurements for the nearby receiver locations potentially impacted by Project operational noise sources. Refer to Subsection 9.6 the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) for a discussion of how operational noise contributions were calculated. Noise levels that would be experienced at receiver locations when Project-source noise is added to the daytime and nighttime ambient conditions are presented on Table 5-13, *Project Daytime Noise Level Contributions*, and Table 5-14, *Project Nighttime Noise Level Contributions*, respectively. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 57)

^{1.} See Figure 5-5 for the noise source locations.

^{1.} See Figure 5-3 for the receiver locations.

^{2.} Proposed Project operational noise levels as shown on Table 5-10 and Table 5-11.

^{3.} Exterior noise level standards for residential land use, as described above.

^{4.} Do the estimated Project operational noise source activities exceed the noise level standards?

[&]quot;Daytime" = 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.; "Nighttime" = 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 9-5)

Receiver Location ¹	Total Project Operational Noise Level ²	Measurement Location ³	Reference Ambient Noise Levels ⁴	Combined Project and Ambient ⁵	Project Increase ⁶	Increase Criteria ⁷	Increase Criteria Exceeded?
R1	34.7	L1	63.1	63.1	0.0	3.0	No
R2	32.7	L2	62.8	62.8	0.0	3.0	No
R3	35.0	L3	65.4	65.4	0.0	1.5	No
R4	34.6	L4	58.8	58.8	0.0	5.0	No
R5	45.0	L5	56.7	57.0	0.3	5.0	No
R6	44.3	L5	56.7	56.9	0.2	5.0	No

Table 5-13 Project Daytime Noise Level Contributions

- 1. See Figure 5-3 for the sensitive receiver locations.
- 2. Total Project operational noise levels as shown on Table 5-10.
- 3. Reference noise level measurement locations as shown on Exhibit 5-A of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*).
- 4. Observed daytime ambient noise levels as shown on Table 5-1 of the Project's NIA (Technical Appendix G).
- 5. Represents the combined ambient conditions plus the Project activities.
- 6. The noise level increase expected with the addition of the proposed Project activities.
- 7. Significance Criteria as described above.

(Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 9-6)

Table 5-14 Project Nighttime Noise Level Contributions

Receiver Location ¹	Total Project Operational Noise Level ²	Measurement Location ³	Reference Ambient Noise Levels ⁴	Combined Project and Ambient ⁵	Project Increase ⁶	Increase Criteria ⁷	Increase Criteria Exceeded?
R1	30.9	L1	60.9	60.9	0.0	3.0	No
R2	28.8	L2	60.2	60.2	0.0	3.0	No
R3	31.5	L3	60.9	60.9	0.0	3.0	No
R4	32.3	L4	56.1	56.1	0.0	5.0	No
R5	44.4	L5	57.7	57.9	0.2	5.0	No
R6	43.7	L5	57.7	57.9	0.2	5.0	No

- 1. See Figure 5-3 for the sensitive receiver locations.
- 2. Total Project operational noise levels as shown on Table 5-11.
- 3. Reference noise level measurement locations as shown on Exhibit 5-A of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*).
- 4. Observed nighttime ambient noise levels as shown on Table 5-1 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*).
- 5. Represents the combined ambient conditions plus the Project activities.
- 6. The noise level increase expected with the addition of the proposed Project activities.
- 7. Significance Criteria as described above.

(Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 9-6)

As indicated on Table 5-13 and Table 5-14, the Project would generate an unmitigated daytime operational noise level increase of up to 0.3 dBA Leq and an unmitigated nighttime operational noise level increase of up to 0.2 dBA Leq at the nearby receiver locations. Because the Project-related operational noise level contributions would be below the thresholds of significance (i.e., 3.0 or 5.0 dBA Leq), the increases at the sensitive receiver locations would be less than significant based on the criteria identified

herein. On this basis, Project operational stationary-source noise would not result in a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the Project vicinity above levels existing without the Project, and impacts in these regards will be less than significant. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, pp. 57-58)

Conclusion – Operational Noise Impacts

The Project would implement land uses anticipated for MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6 by EIR No. 466, and would therefore result in similar operational-related noise as was assumed for buildout of the Project site by EIR No. 466. As demonstrated herein and in the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*), the Project would not expose nearby sensitive receptors to noise level increases greater than the thresholds of significance (i.e., 3.0 or 5.0 dBA Leq). As such, Project operational-related noise impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

<u>Traffic-Related Noise Impacts</u>

The Project would entail the buildout of portions of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6 with up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube fulfillment center warehouse uses and a 2.5-acre detention basin, while no development is proposed on the Staging Area site. Land uses proposed by the Project Applicant are consistent with the MFBCSP and the land uses anticipated for the Project site by EIR No. 466, and as discussed above, EIR No. 466 assumed that significantly more traffic would be generated by the development of the Project site than would be generated by the proposed Project. EIR No. 466 concluded that traffic noise affecting future uses on site would be less than significant. Consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, and as shown in NIA Table 7-9, EAC with Project Traffic Noise Impacts (included herein as Table 5-17), the future uses on site would be exposed to noise levels up to 74.0 dBA. According to Table N-1 of the County General Plan, industrial uses such as those proposed by the Project Applicant are considered "Normally Acceptable" in terms of noise compatibility at noise levels up to 75 dBA CNEL, and are considered "Conditionally Acceptable" at noise levels ranging from 70 dBA CNEL to 80 dBA CNEL (Riverside County, 2019a, Table N-1). As such, the Project would not be subject to excessive noise associated with highways and impacts would be less than significant.

With respect to noise from Project-related traffic, and as shown in Table 5-19 in Subsection 5.1.18, the Project would result in 950 fewer vehicle trips per day (actual vehicles) as compared to the traffic evaluated by EIR No. 466 for the Building 20 and detention basin sites (the detention basin site was assumed by EIR No. 466 to be developed with light industrial uses at a 0.51 FAR). As such, the Project would result in a substantial reduction in traffic-related noise as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed for the Building 20 and detention basin sites by EIR No. 466. Notwithstanding, EIR No. 466 evaluated noise impacts based on the range of land uses allowed by the MFBCSP. The Project Applicant proposes Plot Plan No. 180029, which consists of a site-specific plan for development of the 18.2-acre Building 20 site that entails development of up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses and development of the southern portions of the Project site with a 2.5-acre detention/water quality basin. Because the Project Applicant proposes site-specific development, the

Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) includes an evaluation of the Project's potential to result in significant impacts due to transportation-related noise, the results of which are discussed below.

Thresholds of Significance for Traffic-Related Noise

Noise impacts would be considered significant if any of the following occur as a direct result of the proposed development. Refer to Section 4 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) for a discussion of how thresholds of significance were selected for analysis. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 27)

- When the noise levels at existing and future noise-sensitive land uses (e.g. residential, etc.):
 - are less than 60 dBA CNEL and the Project creates a readily perceptible 5 dBA CNEL or greater
 Project-related noise level increase; or
 - o range from 60 to 65 dBA CNEL and the Project creates a barely perceptible 3 dBA CNEL or greater Project-related noise level increase; or
 - o already exceed 65 dBA CNEL, and the Project creates a community noise level impact of greater than 1.5 dBA CNEL (FICON, 1992).
- When the noise levels at existing and future non-noise-sensitive land uses (e.g., office, commercial, industrial):
 - o are less than the County of Riverside General Plan Noise Element, Table N-1, normally acceptable 70 dBA CNEL and the Project creates a readily perceptible 5 dBA CNEL or greater Project related noise level increase; or
 - are greater than the County of Riverside General Plan Noise Element, Table N-1, normally acceptable 70 dBA CNEL and the Project creates a barely perceptible 3 dBA CNEL or greater Project noise level increase.

Noise Contours

To assess the off-site transportation Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) noise impacts associated with the proposed Project, noise contours were developed based on the Project's Traffic Impact Analysis (*Technical Appendix H*). Noise contour boundaries represent the equal levels of noise exposure and are measured in CNEL from the center of the roadway. The traffic noise impact analysis includes an analysis of impacts under each scenario evaluated in the Traffic Study, including Existing, Existing plus Ambient Growth (EA) (2020), and Existing plus Ambient plus Cumulative (EAC) (2020). (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 41)

Noise contours were used to assess the Project's incremental 24-hour dBA CNEL traffic-related noise impacts at land uses adjacent to roadways conveying Project traffic. The noise contours represent the distance to noise levels of a constant value and are measured from the center of the roadway for the 70, 65, and 60 dBA noise levels. The noise contours do not consider the effect of any existing noise barriers or topography that may attenuate ambient noise levels. In addition, because the noise contours reflect modeling of vehicular noise on area roadways, they appropriately do not reflect noise contributions from the surrounding stationary noise sources within the Project study area. Tables 7-1 through 7-6 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) present a summary of the exterior dBA CNEL traffic noise levels,

without barrier attenuation. Appendix 7.1 to the NIA includes a summary of the traffic noise level contours for each of the traffic scenarios. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 43)

Existing Conditions Project Traffic Noise Level Contributions

An analysis of existing traffic noise levels plus traffic noise generated by the proposed Project has been conducted. However, the analysis of existing traffic noise levels plus traffic noise generated by the proposed Project scenario would not actually occur since the Project would not be fully constructed and operational until Year 2021 cumulative conditions. Thus, the information related to the Project's impacts compared to existing conditions is provided for informational purposes only, as the Project's traffic-related noise impacts are instead based on the EA (2021) and EAC (2021) scenarios. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 43)

NIA Table 7-1 (refer to *Technical Appendix G*) shows the Existing without Project conditions CNEL noise levels, which are expected to range from 60.3 to 72.8 dBA CNEL, without accounting for any noise attenuation features such as noise barriers or topography. Table 7-2 of the NIA shows the Existing with Project conditions would range from 62.4 to 73.0 dBA CNEL. Table 5-15, *Existing 2020 with Project Traffic Noise Level Increases*, shows that the Project off-site traffic noise level increases would range from 0.1 to 2.2 dBA CNEL. Although the Project-related level of noise increase would be below the level of significance for each study segment, the analysis of impacts under Existing (2018) conditions is provided for information purposes only, as this scenario would not actually occur because the Project would not generate traffic prior to 2021. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 50)

ID	Road	Segment	Receiving		EL at Rece nd Use (d	-	Noise- Sensitive	Level	ntal Nolse Increase eshold ³
			Land Use ¹	No Project	With Project	Project Addition	Land Use?	Limit	Exceeded?
1	Harvill Av.	s/o Old Oleander Av.	Light Industrial (Residential)	72.8	73.0	0.2	Yes	1.5	No
2	Harvill Av.	s/o America's Tire Dr.	Light Industrial (Residential)	72.8	72.8	0.1	Yes	1.5	No
3	Old Oleander Av.	e/o Dwy. 1	Light Industrial	60.3	62.4	2.0	No	5.0	No
4	Old Oleander Av.	w/o Harvili Av.	Light Industrial	60.3	62.5	2.2	No	5.0	No

Table 5-15 Existing 2020 with Project Traffic Noise Level Increases

- 1. Mead Valley Area Plan, Land Use Plan, Figure 3 and Nearmap aerial imagery.
- 2. The CNEL is calculated at the boundary of the right-of-way of each roadway and the property line of the receiving land use.
- 3. Does the Project create an incremental noise level increase exceeding the significance criteria identified herein? (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 7-7)

Existing Plus Ambient (2021) Conditions Project Traffic Noise Levels

Table 7-3 of the Project's NIA (refer to *Technical Appendix G*) presents the Existing plus Ambient Growth (EA) without Project conditions CNEL noise levels. The EA without Project exterior noise levels are expected to range from 59.6 to 72.9 dBA CNEL, without accounting for any noise attenuation features such as noise barriers or topography. Table 7-4 of the NIA shows the EA with Project conditions would range from 62.2 to 73.1 dBA CNEL. Table 5-16, *EA 2021 With Project Traffic Noise Impacts*, shows that the Project off-site traffic noise level increases would range from 0.1 to 2.5 dBA CNEL. Based on the

significance criteria identified herein, which is based on the existing (without Project) ambient noise levels and the affected land use type, both noise sensitive and non-sensitive land uses adjacent to the study area roadway segments would experience less-than-significant noise level impacts due to unmitigated Project-related traffic noise levels under EA (2021) conditions. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 44)

ID	Road	Segment	Receiving		EL at Reco		Noise- Sensitive	Level I	ental Noise Increase eshold ³
			Land Use ¹	No Project	With Project	Project Addition	Land Use?	Limit	Exceeded?
1	Harvill Av.	s/o Old Oleander Av.	Light Industrial (Residential)	72.9	73.1	0.2	Yes	1.5	No
2	Harvill Av.	s/o America's Tire Dr.	Light Industrial (Residential)	72.9	72.9	0.1	Yes	1.5	No
3	Old Oleander Av.	e/o Dwy. 1	Light Industrial	60.8	62.7	1.9	No	5.0	No
4	Old Oleander Av.	w/o Harvill Av.	Light Industrial	59.6	62.2	2.5	No	5.0	No

Table 5-16 EA 2021 With Project Traffic Noise Impacts

- 1. Mead Valley Area Plan, Land Use Plan, Figure 3 and Nearmap aerial imagery.
- 2. The CNEL is calculated at the boundary of the right-of-way of each roadway and the property line of the receiving land use.
- 3. Does the Project create an incremental noise level increase exceeding the significance criteria identified herein? (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 7-8)

Existing Plus Ambient Plus Cumulative (2021) Conditions Project Traffic Noise Levels

Table 7-5 of the Project's NIA (refer to *Technical Appendix G*) presents the Existing plus Ambient Growth plus Cumulative (EAC) without Project conditions CNEL noise levels. The EAC without Project exterior noise levels are expected to range from 68.3 to 74.0 dBA CNEL, without accounting for any noise attenuation features such as noise barriers or topography. NIA Table 7-6 shows the EAC with Project conditions would range from 68.8 to 74.2 dBA CNEL. Table 5-17, *EAC 2021 With Project Traffic Noise Impacts*, shows that the Project off-site traffic noise level increases would range from 0.1 to 0.4 dBA CNEL. Based on the significance criteria identified herein, which is based on the existing (without Project) ambient noise levels and the affected land use type, both noise sensitive and non-sensitive land uses adjacent to the study area roadway segments would experience less-than-significant noise-level impacts due to unmitigated Project-related traffic noise levels under EAC (2021) conditions. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 44)

Conclusion – Traffic-Related Noise Impacts

Although EIR No. 466 concluded that traffic-related noise associated with the MFBCSP would be significant and unavoidable, the preceding analysis demonstrates that the Project would expose sensitive receptors located along study area roadway segments to Project-related noise level increases below the significance criteria identified herein under all analysis scenarios. Based on the criteria presented herein, the Project's traffic-related noise impacts at the Project level would represent a less-than-significant impact for which no mitigation is required. Although the Project may ultimately contribute to the significant traffic-related noise impacts identified by EIR No. 466 with buildout of the MFBCSP area, the Project would result in 950 fewer vehicle trips per day (actual vehicles) as compared to the traffic evaluated by EIR No. 466 for the Building 20 and detention basin sites (refer to as Table 5-19 in Subsection 5.1.18). Thus, the Project's contribution to the significant and unavoidable traffic-related noise impacts identified by EIR No. 466

would be reduced in comparison to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Additionally, the light industrial land uses proposed by the Project Applicant would be fully compatible with noise levels affecting the Project site, which would be less than 75 dBA CNEL, and on-site traffic-related noise impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

ID	Road Segment		Receiving		L at Rece nd Use (d	_	Noise- Sensitive	incremental Noise Level Increase Threshold ⁵	
			Land Use ¹	No Project	With Project	Project Addition	Land Use?	Limit	Exceeded?
1	Harvill Av.	s/o Old Oleander Av.	Light Industrial (Residential)	74.0	74.2	0.1	Yes	1.5	No
2	Harvill Av.	s/o America's Tire Dr.	Light Industrial (Residential)	74.0	74.1	0.1	Yes	1.5	No
3	Old Oleander Av.	e/o Dwy. 1	Light Industrial	68.5	68.9	0.4	No	5.0	No
4	Old Oleander Av.	w/o Harvill Av.	Light Industrial	68.3	68.8	0.4	No	5.0	No

Table 5-17 EAC 2021 With Project Traffic Noise Impacts

- 1. Mead Valley Area Plan, Land Use Plan, Figure 3 and Nearmap aerial imagery.
- 2. The CNEL is calculated at the boundary of the right-of-way of each roadway and the property line of the receiving land use.
- 3. Does the Project create an incremental noise level increase exceeding the significance criteria identified herein? (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 7-9)

Conclusion

Construction and operational characteristics associated with the proposed Project generally would be consistent with what was assumed for the Project site, while the Project would result in 950 fewer vehicle trips per day (actual vehicles) as compared to the traffic evaluated by EIR No. 466 for the Building 20 and detention basin sites. As such, Project-related noise impacts would be consistent with, or reduced, in comparison to the conclusions reached by EIR No. 466. As demonstrated in the Project-specific analysis provided herein, the Project would not expose any sensitive receptors to transportation-related noise increases that exceed the identified significance thresholds, and therefore would not result in a significant impact due to transportation-related noise increases. Furthermore, operational noises associated with the Project would not expose any residential properties to noise levels exceeding 55 dBA Leg (daytime) or 45 dBA Leq (nighttime). Additionally, the analysis provided herein demonstrates that when combined with existing ambient noise sources in the area, the Project would not result in significant operational noise impacts affecting sensitive receptors, as the Project noise increase over ambient levels would be 0.3 dBA or less (daytime) and 0.2 dBA or less (nighttime). As evaluated herein, the highest construction noise levels at the potentially impacted receiver locations are expected to approach 76.8 dBA Leg and would satisfy the NIOSH 85 dBA Leg significance threshold during temporary Project construction activities. Accordingly, the Project would not cause exposure of persons to temporary or permanent increase in the ambient noise level in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies, and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project cause generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that operational activities associated with the MFBCSP would not generate excessive groundborne vibrations or groundborne noise levels during normal operations. EIR No. 466 noted that groundborne vibrations may be generated infrequently by use of heavy construction machinery; however, EIR No. 466 determined that this type of noise would be temporary and infrequent, and would be considered less-than-significant adverse impact. As such, this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes Plot Plan No. 180029, which would entail development of a 426,821 s.f. high-cube transload short-term warehouse building (Building 20) on 18.2 acres, a detention basin on 2.5 acres, and a 19.3-acre site (Staging Area) that would be used for near-term construction staging, borrow site, and stockpiling activities during the construction of Building 20. Implementation of Plot Plan No. 180029 would result in the buildout of portions of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6. Land uses proposed by the Project Applicant are fully consistent with the "Light Industrial" land use designations applied to the site by the MFBCSP and are consistent with the land use assumptions made by EIR No. 466 for MFBCSP the Project site. As such, the Project's operational- and construction-related characteristics would be within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466, which concluded that groundborne vibration and noise impacts would be less than significant. Notwithstanding, the Project Applicant is proposing Plot Plan No. 180029, which identifies specific development characteristics that were not available at the time EIR No. 466 was certified. As such, and in order to confirm the findings of EIR No. 466 with respect to groundborne noise and vibration, a noise and vibration analysis was included in the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*), the results of which are presented below for both construction and operational activities.

Threshold of Significant - Vibration

The County of Riverside does not have vibration standards for temporary construction, but the County's General Plan Noise Element does contain the human reaction to typical vibration levels. Vibration levels with peak particle velocity of 0.0787 inches per second are considered readily perceptible and above 0.1968 in/sec are considered annoying to people in buildings. Further, County of Riverside General Plan Policy N 16.3 identifies a motion velocity perception threshold for vibration due to passing trains of 0.01 inches per second (in/sec) over the range of one to 100 Hz, which is used herein to assess potential impacts due to Project construction vibration levels. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 22) Accordingly, for purposes of analysis herein, Project impacts due to groundborne noise or vibration would be potentially significant during Project construction or long-term operation if:

 Short-term Project-generated construction vibration levels exceed the County of Riverside vibration standard of 0.01 in/sec Root Mean Square (RMS) at sensitive receiver locations (County of Riverside General Plan Noise Element, Policy N 16.3). (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 28) Project-generated operational vibration levels exceed the County of Riverside acceptable vibration standard of 0.01 in/sec RMS at sensitive receiver locations (County of Riverside General Plan, Policy N 16.3). (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 28)

Construction Vibration Impacts

Construction activity can result in varying degrees of ground vibration, depending on the equipment and methods used, distance to the affected structures and soil type. It is expected that ground-borne vibration from Project construction activities would cause only intermittent, localized intrusion, consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466. The proposed Project's construction activities most likely to cause vibration impacts are: (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 65)

- Heavy Construction Equipment: Although all heavy mobile construction equipment has the
 potential of causing at least some perceptible vibration while operating close to buildings, the
 vibration is usually short-term and is not of sufficient magnitude to cause building damage.
- Trucks: Trucks hauling building materials to construction sites can be sources of vibration intrusion if the haul routes pass through residential neighborhoods on streets with bumps or potholes. Repairing the bumps and potholes generally eliminates the problem.

The following Project Design Feature, which would be imposed as a condition of approval for the Project, would prohibit loaded trucks greater than 80,000 pounds, all heavy mobile equipment greater than 80,000 pounds, and jack hammers within 90 feet of nearby occupied habitable residential structures. Instead, small rubber-tired or alternative equipment, as well as soil compaction equipment such as soil compaction stompers that do not produce high levels of vibration, can be used within 90 feet of habitable residential structures during Project construction. The analysis herein assumes implementation of this Project Design Feature, which is listed below and was identified to avoid potential groundborne-related vibration or noise impacts.

Project Design Feature: Loaded trucks greater than 80,000 pounds, all heavy mobile equipment greater than 80,000 pounds, and jack hammers are prohibited from use during Project construction activities within 90 feet of occupied, habitable residential structures. Instead, small rubber-tired or alternative equipment, as well as soil compaction equipment such as soil compaction stompers that do not produce high levels of vibration can be used within 90 feet of habitable residential structures during Project construction to reduce vibration effects on the structures and their occupants. The Project's construction contractors shall be responsible for enforcing this requirement, which shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors. The Project construction contractors shall permit inspections by Riverside County to verify compliance with this measure.

Ground-borne vibration levels resulting from construction activities occurring within the Project site were estimated by data published by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Construction activities that would have the potential to generate low levels of ground-borne vibration within the Project site include

grading. Using the vibration source level of construction equipment provided on Table 6-8 of the Project's NIA (*Technical Appendix G*) and the construction vibration assessment methodology published by the FTA, it is possible to estimate the Project vibration impacts. Table 5-18, *Project Construction Vibration Levels*, presents the expected Project related vibration levels at the nearby receiver locations. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 79)

	Distance	Tip with	Receiver	Levels (in/	sec) RMS ²		Threshold		
Receiver ¹	to Const. Activity (Feet)	Small Bulldozer	Jack- hammer	Loaded Trucks	Large Peak Bulldozer Vibratio		(in/sec) RMS ⁴	Threshold Exceeded? ⁵	
R1	509'	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.01	No	
R2	90'	0.000	0.004	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.01	No	
R3	90'	0.000	0.004	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.01	No	
R4	90'	0.000	0.004	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.01	No	
R5	90'	0.000	0.004	0.004 0.008 0.009 0.		0.009	0.01	No	
R6	117'	117' 0.000 0.002		0.005 0.006 0.00			0.01	No	

Table 5-18 Project Construction Vibration Levels

- 1. Receiver locations are shown on Exhibit 10-A of the Project's NIA (Technical Appendix G).
- 2. Based on the Vibration Source Levels of Construction Equipment included on Table 6-8 of the Project's NIA. Vibration levels in PPV are converted to RMS velocity using a 0.71 conversion factor identified in the Caltrans Transportation and Construction Vibration Guidance Manual, September 2013.
- 3. Source: County of Riverside General Plan Noise Element, Policy N 16.3.
- 4. Does the vibration level exceed the maximum acceptable vibration threshold? (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, Table 10-4)

At distances ranging from 90 to 509 feet from the Project construction activities, and with implementation of the above-described Project Design Feature, construction vibration velocity levels are estimated to range from 0.000 to 0.009 in/sec RMS and would remain below the threshold of 0.01 in/sec RMS at all receiver locations, as shown on Table 5-18. Therefore, with the Project Design Feature limiting loaded trucks, all heavy mobile equipment greater than 80,000 pounds, and jack hammers within 90 feet of habitable residential structures, the Project-related vibration impacts are considered less than significant. Moreover, the impacts at the site of the closest sensitive receivers are unlikely to be sustained during the entire construction period but will occur rather only during the times that heavy construction equipment is operating adjacent to the Project site perimeter. As such, construction-related groundborne vibration and noise impacts would be less than significant, consistent with the conclusion reached by EIR No. 466. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, pp. 65-66)

Operational Vibration Impacts

To assess the potential vibration impacts from truck haul trips associated with operational activities the County of Riverside threshold for vibration of 0.01 in/sec RMS is used. Truck vibration levels are dependent on vehicle characteristics, load, speed, and pavement conditions. According to the FTA Transit Noise Impact and Vibration Assessment, trucks rarely create vibration that exceeds 70 VdB or 0.003 in/sec RMS (unless there are bumps due to frequent potholes in the road). Trucks transiting on site would be

travelling at very low speeds so it is expected that delivery truck vibration impacts at nearby homes would satisfy the County of Riverside vibration threshold of 0.01 in/sec RMS. Thus, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, Project-operational vibration levels would be less than significant. (Urban Crossroads, 2020b, p. 58)

Vibration Impacts Conclusion

As indicated in the preceding analysis, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project would not cause exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels, and impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures

EIR No. 466 identified several mitigation measures to address noise impacts. These measures, which are listed below, would continue to apply to the proposed Project and would be enforced as part of the Project's conditions of approval. It should be noted that the Project includes a 12-foot high concrete screen wall at the northern and southern edges of the truck trailer court on site in conformance with Mitigation Measure MM Noise 5, which would attenuate operational noise levels affecting residences located southwest of the Building 20 site. Additionally, Mitigation Measure MM Noise 6 would not apply because the Project's truck trailer court is designed to be 200 feet away from the nearest residential property line to the southwest of the Building 20 site, while remaining areas surrounding the Building 20 site are planned for light industrial uses.

- MM Noise 1: To reduce construction-related noise, site preparation, grading and construction activities within one-quarter mile of occupied residences shall be limited to those hours as set forth in Section 1.G.1 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 457.
- MM Noise 2: All construction equipment, fixed or mobile, shall be equipped with properly operating and maintained mufflers.
- MM Noise 3: Construction staging areas shall not be located close to any occupied residence.
- MM Noise 4: No combustion powered equipment, such as pumps or generators, shall be allowed to operate within 500 feet of any occupied residence unless the equipment is surrounded by a noise protection barrier.
- MM Noise 5: The following sound barriers shall be constructed along the project's perimeter at the locations and the heights indicated.

An 8-foot high separation wall between project parcels adjacent to any existing residential uses, if daytime trucking activity occurs within 200 feet of the property line.

A 12-foot perimeter barrier shall be required if nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) loading dock materials handling activities are conducted within 300 feet of any residence. If nighttime trucking activities are conducted simultaneously with the operation of the loading dock, the 12-foot high barrier shall be required if such combination activities occur within 600 feet of an existing home.

These wall heights can be reduced by performing a subsequent acoustical analysis after the final grading plan is complete.

MM Noise 6: No nighttime loading/unloading shall occur within 100 feet of any residence. No combined trucking movements and unloading/loading shall occur within 200 feet of any residence from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

Conditions of Approval

The Project Applicant has agreed to the following condition of approval, which has been identified in order to preclude significant vibration-related impacts during construction activities.

• Loaded trucks greater than 80,000 pounds, all heavy mobile equipment greater than 80,000 pounds, and jack hammers are prohibited from use during Project construction activities within 90 feet of occupied, habitable residential structures. Instead, small rubber-tired or alternative equipment, as well as soil compaction equipment such as soil compaction stompers that do not produce high levels of vibration, can be used within 90 feet of habitable residential structures during Project construction to reduce vibration effects on the structures and their occupants. The Project's construction contractors shall be responsible for enforcing this requirement, which shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors. The Project construction contractors shall permit inspections by Riverside County to verify compliance with this measure.

5.1.14 Paleontological Resources

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
 leontological Resources Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, or site, or unique geologic feature?				×

a) Would the proposed Project directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, or unique geologic feature?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the likelihood of finding paleontological resources was low, based upon the General Plan's Paleontological Sensitivity Map. The IS/NOP noted that it is possible that resources could be found during excavation, especially where earthwork disturbs bedrock or non-alluvial formations. However, the IS/NOP disclosed that the MFBCSP site was located in an area of alluvial deposits, indicating that the likelihood of finding paleontological resources was low. The IS/NOP determined that standard County procedures require consultation with a qualified Paleontologist if paleontological resources are accidentally uncovered during grading. Through compliance with standard County procedures, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts to paleontological resources would be less than significant and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 15)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes to develop the Project site with up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses (Building 20) and a 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin, and also proposes to utilize the 19.3-acre Staging Area site for staging, stockpiling, and borrow site activities during the construction of Building 20. Construction characteristics associated with the Project, including proposed grading, would be substantially similar to what was assumed for the Project site by EIR No. 466. Although EIR No. 466 determined impacts to paleontological resources would be less than significant, because the Project application materials identify a specific grading plan, a Project-specific analysis was conducted for the Project. According to Riverside County GIS, the northern portions of the Building 20 site, the eastern portion of the Staging Area site, and the detention basin site are identified as having a "High Sensitivity (High B)" for containing paleontological resources, while the southern portions of the Building 20 site and the western portions of the Staging Area site are identified as having a "Low Potential (L)" potential for containing paleontological resources (RCIT, 2020). However, the Project site has been largely disturbed by past grading activities as part of CDF No. 88-8. Accordingly, any possible paleontological resources that may have existed on the Project site would have been removed or destroyed as part of past ground-disturbing activities on site. Furthermore, and as noted in EIR No. 466, standard County procedures require consultation with a qualified paleontologist if paleontological resources are uncovered during grading. As such, impacts to paleontological resources would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

Although Project impacts to paleontological resources would be less than significant, the Project would nonetheless be subject to the County's standard conditions of approval that applies to project sites that are identified as having a High potential for paleontological resources (fossils). Accordingly, the following standard condition of approval shall apply to the proposed Project, further demonstrating that implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

- Prior to issuance of grading permits, the Project Applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County to create and implement a Project-specific plan for monitoring site grading/earthmoving activities ("Project Paleontologist"). The Project Paleontologist retained shall review the approved development plan and grading plan and conduct any pre-construction work necessary to render appropriate monitoring and mitigation requirements as appropriate. These requirements shall be documented by the Project Paleontologist in a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP). This PRIMP shall be submitted to the County Geologist for approval prior to issuance of a grading permit. Information to be contained in the PRIMP, at a minimum and in addition to other industry standards and Society of Vertebrate Paleontology standards, are as follows:
 - 1. Description of the proposed site and planned grading operations.
 - 2. Description of the level of monitoring required for all earth-moving activities in the Project area.
 - 3. Identification and qualifications of the qualified paleontological monitor to be employed for grading operations monitoring.
 - 4. Identification of personnel with authority and responsibility to temporarily halt or divert grading equipment to allow for recovery of large specimens.
 - 5. Direction for any fossil discoveries to be immediately reported to the property owner who in turn will immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery.
 - 6. Means and methods to be employed by the paleontological monitor to quickly salvage fossils as they are unearthed to avoid construction delays.
 - 7. Sampling of sediments that are likely to contain the remains of small fossil invertebrates and vertebrates.
 - 8. Procedures and protocol for collecting and processing of samples and specimens.
 - 9. Fossil identification and curation procedures to be employed.
 - 10. Identification of the permanent repository to receive any recovered fossil material. (Pursuant the County "SABER Policy," paleontological fossils found in the County should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet.) A written agreement between the property owner/developer and the repository must be in place prior to site grading.
 - 11. All pertinent exhibits, maps and references.
 - 12. Procedures for reporting of findings.
 - 13. Identification and acknowledgement of the developer for the content of the PRIMP as well as acceptance of financial responsibility for monitoring, reporting and curation fees. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution.

All reports shall be signed by the Project paleontologist and all other professionals responsible for the report's content (e.g. Project Geologist), as appropriate. One original signed copy of the report(s) shall be submitted to the County Geologist along with a copy of this condition and the grading plan for appropriate case processing and tracking. These documents should not be submitted to the Project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County office. In addition, the Project Applicant shall submit proof of hiring (i.e. copy of executed contract, retainer agreement, etc.) a Project Paleontologist for the in-grading implementation of the PRIMP.

5.1.15 Population and Housing

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	he project:				
29. Ho a.	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				×
b.	Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?				×
c.	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				×

a) Would the proposed Project displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that because the MFBCSP site was vacant, development as proposed by the MFBCSP would not displace existing people or housing and would not result in or require the construction of replacement housing. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts would result from buildout of the MFBCSP and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 38)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, and as previously depicted on Figure 2-4, under existing conditions the Project site is vacant and does not contain any dwelling units. As such, and consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the

Project would not displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere, and no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that buildout of the MFBCSP would result in between 2,950 and 5,728 jobs. The IS/NOP disclosed that the MFBCSP may Indirectly induce housing developments elsewhere; however, the IS/NOP noted that the number of jobs potentially generated by the MFBCSP could be filled by residents already residing in the region. As such, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts due to housing demand would be less than significant, and this topic was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 38 and 39)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes Plot Plan No. 180029, which would entail development of the Building 20 site with up 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload shortterm warehouse uses and a detention basin on 2.5 acres. Implementation of Plot Plan No. 180029 would result in the buildout of portions of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6. Land uses proposed by the Project Applicant are fully consistent with the "Light Industrial" land use designations applied to the site by the MFBCSP and are consistent with the land use assumptions made by EIR No. 466 for the Project site. In fact, EIR No. 466 assumed that warehouse/distribution uses would be developed at an average FAR of 0.51 (refer to Subsection 5.1.6), which would result in the Building 20 and detention basin sites being developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (20.7 acres x 43,560 s.f./acre x 0.51 = 459,863 s.f.). Given that the Project would result in up to 426,821 s.f. of light industrial building area, the Project would generate fewer employees and thus would have a reduced potential to create a demand for additional housing as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466 for the development of the Project site. Furthermore, the Riverside County General Plan land use plan reflects the County's vision for future growth, and designates large portions of the County for development with residential uses. Thus, and consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, while the Project would result in an increase in demand for additional housing, the Project's incremental increase in County residents would not result in or require additional housing beyond what is already planned for and accommodated by the General Plan. Furthermore, the provision of employment-generating land uses would assist the County in improving its jobs-housing balance, as the County currently has a high proportion of residents in relation to the number of jobs. Accordingly, impacts would be less than significant, and implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that urbanization of the MFBCSP area could potentially influence continued development within adjacent properties by providing or extending roadways, extending water and sewer service, utility, and energy services to the immediate area. EIR No. 466 noted that this could eliminate potential constraints for future development in the area. However, EIR No. 466 noted that roadway improvements proposed by the MFBCSP would not be growth inducing because all other properties in the surrounding area were already served by existing roadways. Likewise, EIR No. 466 found that properties in the surrounding area already were served by or had access to potable water, and that new or expanded entitlements or resources would not be necessary to serve the MFBCSP; thus, EIR No. 466 concluded that water infrastructure proposed by the MFBCSP would not be growth inducing. EIR No. 466 also disclosed that the MFBCSP would not increase the number of parcels served by sewer service. EIR No. 466 indicated that while buildout of the MFBCSP would generate between 3,108 and 6,034 employees, the number of employees would be within the scope of regional growth forecasts. Additionally, EIR No. 466 disclosed that the MFBCSP would improve the jobs-housing ratio within western Riverside County. EIR No. 466 concluded that due to the economic impacts of the MFBCSP, the MFBCSP would have some growth-inducing impacts. However, because the MFBCSP was found to be consistent with the MFBCSP site's general plan land use designations, would not require the extension of infrastructure into an area that currently lacks water and sewer lines and roads, and would not require the development of new water sources or the expansion of sewer treatment facilities, growth inducing impacts were found to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-293 through IV-295)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, properties within the MFBCSP area, including the Project site, were prepared for development as part of the "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8) with construction of roadways; water, sewer, and drainage infrastructure; and rough grading of building pads. Infrastructure improvements proposed by the Project Applicant, such as sewer lines and drainage facilities, have been sized only to serve the proposed Project and would not induce growth in the surrounding areas. Furthermore, and as discussed in EIR No. 466, due to past development, much of the area surrounding the Project site also is served by existing infrastructure, including roads, water, sewer, and drainage facilities. As previously discussed in Subsection 5.1.6, EIR No. 466 assumed that the MFBCSP area would be developed at a FAR of 0.51, indicating that EIR No. 466 assumed buildout of the Project site with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (20.7 acres x 43,560 s.f./acre x 0.51 = 459,863 s.f.). Because the Project Applicant proposes a total of 426,821 s.f. of light industrial uses, the Project also would result in a reduction in employment as compared to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466. Additionally, while the Project would result in an increase in the number of employees within the County, the Project as proposed would be fully consistent with the site's underlying General Plan, MVAP, and MFBCSP land use designations. The Riverside County General Plan land use plan reflects the County's vision for future growth, and designates large portions of the County for development, including development of residential uses. Thus, while the Project would result in an increase in demand for additional housing, the Project's incremental increase in County residents would not result in or require additional housing beyond what is already planned for and accommodated by the General Plan. Furthermore, the provision of employment-generating land uses

would assist the County in improving its jobs-housing balance, as the County currently has a high proportion of residents in relation to the number of jobs. Accordingly, impacts would be less than significant, and implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.16 Public Services

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
30. Fire Services Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for fire-protection-services ?				×

Would the proposed Project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for fire protection services?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 noted that an impact to fire protection is considered to be significant if a project would result in an increase in fire response time in excess of seven minutes for urban areas. EIR No. 466 disclosed that fire services would be provided by the Riverside County Fire Department (RCFD). Based upon the fire station locations and access routes in existence at the time, EIR No. 466 found that the first fire/emergency alarm response would be from Station #59 located approximately 3 miles directly west of the MFBCSP at 19450 Clark Street and from Station #1 located approximately 4 miles from the MFBCSP at 210 West San Jacinto Avenue in the City of Perris. EIR No. 466 concluded that because the response times from these stations was expected to be within 5 minutes, the MFBCSP's impact upon fire protection, as it relates to fire response time, would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-175)

EIR No. 466 also disclosed that the Riverside County standard for the establishment of a new fire station was the development of 3.5 million square feet of commercial or industrial uses. EIR No. 466 noted that the MFBCSP would result in approximately 6.2 million square feet of light industrial/warehouse/distribution uses, which would independently trigger the need for a new station and/or engine company under this criterion. However, EIR No. 466 indicated that a new fire station was planned for the Mead

Valley Area, although a precise location had not been determined. Because the precise location was not known, EIR No. 466 found that an evaluation of the potential environmental impacts related to fire station construction would be too speculative for evaluation and no analysis was included in EIR No. 466. EIR No. 466 concluded that with the new fire station and in light of the number of fire stations that existed within five miles of the MFBCSP site, another fire station to specifically serve the proposed project would not be required. Thus, impacts were determined to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-176)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions evaluated in EIR No. 466, the Riverside County Fire Department provides fire protection services to the Project area. As previously discussed in Subsection 5.1.6, EIR No. 466 assumed that the MFBCSP area would be developed at a FAR of 0.51, indicating that EIR No. 466 assumed buildout of the 18.2-acre Building 20 site and the 2.5-acre detention basin site with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial building area (20.7 acres x 43,560 s.f./acre x 0.51 = 459,863 s.f.). Because the Project Applicant proposes up to 426,821 s.f. of light industrial uses, the Project would result in a slight reduction in demand for fire protection services as compared to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466. As anticipated by EIR No. 466, and subsequent to certification of EIR No. 466, the Mead Valley Fire Station (Fire Station 59) was constructed in 2006, and is located approximately 2.8 roadway miles southwest of the Project site at 21510 Pinewood St., Perris, CA 92570 (Google Earth, 2018).

With respect to the proposed Project, the Riverside County Fire Department Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Master Plan indicates that development of up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses on the Project site would require a "Category II - Urban" level of service, which requires a fire station to be within three (3) roadway miles of the Project site and a full first alarm assignment team operating on the scene within 15 minutes of dispatch (Riverside County, 1986). As noted above, the Mead Valley Fire Station (Fire Station 59) is located approximately 2.8 roadway miles southwest of the Project site. Thus, and as concluded by EIR No. 466, the Project would be consistent with the fire protection goals of "Category II - Urban" level of service. Additionally, EIR No. 466 indicated that a new fire station would be needed for each 3.5 million s.f. of commercial or industrial occupancy. The Project Applicant proposes up to 426,821 s.f. of industrial uses, and therefore the Project would not directly trigger the need for a new fire station. Moreover, the Mead Valley Fire Station (Fire Station 59) was constructed in 2006 to serve the Project area, and would be able to provide fire protection services to the Project site without the need for new or expanded fire protection facilities. In addition, the Project has been reviewed by the Riverside County Fire Department, which determined that the Project would be served by adequate fire protection services in accordance with the Riverside County Fire Department Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Master Plan (Riverside County, 1986).

As noted by EIR No. 466, development anticipated by EIR No. 466, including the proposed Project, would affect fire protection services by placing an additional demand on existing Riverside County Fire Department resources should its resources not be augmented. To offset the increased demand for fire protection services, and as with all development within the MFBCSP, the proposed Project would be conditioned by the County to provide a minimum of fire safety and support fire suppression activities, including compliance with State and local fire codes, fire sprinklers, a fire hydrant system, paved access, and secondary access routes. Furthermore, and also consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project and all other developments within the MFBCSP would be required to comply with the provisions

of the County's Development Impact Fee (DIF) Ordinance (Riverside County Ordinance No. 659), which requires a fee payment to assist the County in providing for fire protection services. Payment of the DIF fee would ensure that the Project provides fair-share funds for the provision of additional public services, including fire protection services, which may be applied to fire facilities and/or equipment, to offset the incremental increase in the demand for fire protection services that would be created by the Project.

Based on the foregoing analysis, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, implementation of the Project would not result in the need for new or physically altered fire protection facilities, and would not exceed applicable service ratios or response times for fire protections services. As such, impacts to fire protection services would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
31. Sheriff Services Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for sheriff services?				×

a) Would the proposed Project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for sheriff services?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that sheriff services would be provided by the Riverside County Sheriff's Department and that the construction of the MFBCSP would result in new industrial development, thereby resulting in the need for law enforcement services. EIR No. 466 noted that the Sheriff Department's desirable level of service was 1.0 sworn officers per 1,000 residents and the General Plan EIR identified a goal of meeting and maintaining a level of 1.5 sworn officers per 1,000 residents. EIR No. 466 indicated that the General Plan EIR evaluated the potential impact of development upon sheriff services only in terms of the number of sworn officers required to serve the build-out population in Riverside County. EIR No. 466 found that because the MFBCSP did not propose residential uses, it would not directly result in an impact upon the above-described population-based service levels. As such, EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP would not result in the need for additional sworn officers. Absent

the need for additional sworn officers, EIR No. 466 concluded that the MFBCSP would not create a need for new or physically altered governmental facilities. Therefore, EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP would not result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered sheriff facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts. Impacts were disclosed as less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-175)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes to develop portions of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6 with up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses and a 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. These land uses are consistent with the range of land uses evaluated in EIR No. 466. Consistent with the analysis presented in EIR No. 466, because the Project does not involve residential development, the Project would not directly result in an increase in the County's population and thus would not directly result in the need for additional sheriff personnel. Notwithstanding, and as discussed in subsection 3.2.2.B, the Project would generate approximately 380 jobs; thus, the Project would result in an increased demand for sheriff protection services. However, and as previously discussed in subsection 5.1.6, EIR No. 466 assumed that the MFBCSP area would be developed at a FAR of 0.51, indicating that EIR No. 466 assumed buildout of the Building 20 and detention basin sites with 459,863 s.f. of warehouse/distribution uses. Because the Project Applicant proposes a total of 426,821 s.f. of light industrial uses, the Project also would result in a reduction in the number of employees on site and therefore would result in reduced demand for sheriff's services as compared to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466 for the Project area.

Additionally, since EIR No. 466 was certified a new Riverside County Sheriff's Station was constructed at 137 N. Perris Blvd. Suite A, in the City of Perris, approximately 5.8 roadway miles to the southeast of the Project site (Google Earth, 2018). Due to the proximity of this new sheriff's station to the Project site and the fact the Project does not include residential uses, the Project would not create or substantially contribute to the need to construct for new or physically altered sheriff facilities. Furthermore, the Project Applicant also would be required to comply with the provisions of the County's DIF Ordinance (Ordinance 659), which requires a fee payment to assist the County in providing for public services, including police protection services. Payment of the DIF fee would ensure that the Project provides fair share funds for the provision of additional police protection services, which may be applied to sheriff facilities and/or equipment, to offset the incremental increase in the demand that would be created by the Project. Therefore, the Project's incremental demand for sheriff protection services would be less than significant with the Project's mandatory payment of DIF fees. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
32. Schools Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for school services?				×

a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for school services?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that the MFBCSP was located within the boundaries of the Val Verde Unified School District. The IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP would be developed with industrial and potentially commercial/retail land uses and would result in additional employment opportunities that could cause potential impacts to schools in the area. However, the IS/NOP found that such potential impacts would be reduced to below the level of significance through the payment of school fees in accordance with State law. Due to the nature of uses proposed by the MFBCSP and required fee payments, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts would be less than significant and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 41)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses and a 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. These land uses are consistent with the range of land uses evaluated in EIR No. 466 and the associated IS/NOP. Consistent with the analysis presented in the IS/NOP, because the Project Applicant does not propose residential development, the Project would not directly result in the generation of a student population requiring new or expanded school facilities. Nonetheless, and also consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP, it is possible that a portion of the jobs that would be created by the Project would attract a new resident population in the local area and therefore the Project could result in indirect impacts to school facilities. While the Val Verde Unified School District (VVUSD) ultimately may need to construct new school facilities in the region to serve the growing population within their service boundaries, such facility planning is conducted by VVUSD and is not the responsibility of the Project. Furthermore, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP, the proposed Project would be required to contribute fees to the VVUSD in accordance with the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Senate Bill 50). As of May 12, 2018, the VVUSD assessed school impact fees at a rate of \$0.61 per square foot of assessable industrial space.

Pursuant to Senate Bill 50, payment of school impact fees constitutes complete mitigation for project-related impacts to school services. Therefore, mandatory payment of school impact fees would reduce the Project's impacts to school facilities to a level below significance. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
33. Libraries Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for library.services? ?				×

a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for <u>library</u> services?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 disclosed that library services were provided to the MFBCSP area by the Riverside County Public Library System. The IS/NOP found that because the MFBCSP proposed industrial and potentially commercial development, it would not impact libraries. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts were expected and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 41)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses and a 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. These land uses are fully consistent with the land use designations applied to the site by the MFBCSP and are within the range of land uses evaluated by EIR No. 466 and the associated IS/NOP. Consistent with the conclusion reached in the IS/NOP, the Project does not include a residential component, and thus the Project would not directly impact libraries. Notwithstanding, the Project could result in an indirect increase in the County's residential population which in turn could increase the demand for library services, although any such indirect impact would not be greater than any indirect impact resulting from the development anticipated for the Project site in EIR No. 466. However, and as with the project evaluated in the IS/NOP, the Project would be required to comply with the provisions of the County's DIF Ordinance (Ordinance No. 659), which requires a fee payment to assist the County in providing public services, including library

services. Payment of the DIF fee would ensure that the Project provides fair-share funds for the provision of library services, and these funds may be applied to the acquisition and/or construction of public services and/or equipment (including library books). Mandatory payment of DIF fees would ensure that Project-related impacts to library services would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
34. Health Services Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for health services?				×

a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for <u>health</u> services?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that in the event of an emergency, future employees of the MFBCSP may access one of three major hospitals. The IS/NOP concluded that because the MFBCSP site was located within the service area of several hospitals, impacts to health services were concluded to be less than significant and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 41)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses and a 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. These land uses are fully consistent with the land use designations applied to the site by the MFBCSP and are within the range of land uses evaluated in EIR No. 466 and the associated IS/NOP. As with the conditions that existed when the IS/NOP was prepared, the Project site is located within the service area of several hospitals. Notwithstanding, the Project would result in an increase of approximately 414 jobs, and therefore would result in an incremental increase in demand for health services. The provision of private health care is largely based on economic factors and demand and is beyond the scope of analysis required for this EIR Addendum. However, and as with the project evaluated in the IS/NOP, mandatory compliance with County Ordinance No. 659 requires a development impact fee payment to the County that is partially

allocated to public health services and facilities. As such, impacts to public medical facilities and resources associated with the proposed Project would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.17 Recreation

		New Significant Severe Impact Impact Impact Impact Impact		Significant	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
35. Pa	rks and Recreation Include recreational facilities or require the				
<u>.</u> .	construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
b.	Increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				×
C.	Be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?				×

a) Would the proposed Project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the proposed industrial/commercial uses would not require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts would occur and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 42)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project does not propose to construct any recreational facilities, aside from a community trail along Seaton Avenue (adjacent to the proposed detention basin) and along Harvill Avenue (along the Staging Area site's frontage with Harvill Avenue). Impacts associated with the construction of these community trail segments have been evaluated herein, and impacts were determined to be less than significant or less than significant with the mitigation measures from EIR No. 466. There are no impacts associated with construction of the community trail segments that have not already been evaluated herein. Additionally, the proposed trail occurs along the western boundary of MFBCSP Planning Area 5 and the eastern boundary of MFBCSP Planning Area 6,

which the IS/NOP assumed to be physically impacted by buildout of the MFBCSP, meaning that EIR No. 466 fully covered and already analyzed all the impacts associated with the construction of these trail segments. Thus, no impacts from proposed recreational facilities would result from the Project. Additionally, the Project Applicant proposes light industrial uses that would not directly result in an increase in the County's population. Although the jobs generated by the Project have the potential to result in some new residents within the County, it is expected that a majority of the jobs created would be filled by existing County residents. As such, the Project would not result in a substantial increase in demand for the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, and impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the proposed industrial/commercial uses would not require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts would occur and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 42)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project does not propose any residential uses and therefore would not result in a direct demand for recreational facilities. As such, the Project would not increase the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated. Furthermore, and as indicated above under the discussion of Threshold a), the Project would result in only a nominal increase in the County's residential population, as it is anticipated that most jobs generated by the Project would be filled by existing County residents. As such, and consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP, the Project would not involve the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated, and there would be no impact. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project be located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 found that although the MFBCSP site was located within County Service Area 152, the MFBCSP was not subject to Quimby Fees (Section 10.35 of Ordinance No. 460) as these fees only applied to residential developments. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that no impacts would occur and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 42)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes up to 426,821 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses and a 2.5-acre detention/bio-retention basin. These land uses are fully consistent with the land use designations applied to the site by the MFBCSP and are within the range of land uses evaluated in EIR No. 466 and the associated IS/NOP. Consistent with the conclusion reached by the IS/NOP, the Project does not propose residential uses and is therefore not subject to payment of Quimby fees pursuant to Section 10.35 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 460. Additionally, although the 2.5-acre detention basin site is located within County Service Area (CSA) Perris #89 (CSA 89), CSA 89 was established for maintenance of lighting and not recreational facilities. The Project site is not located within the boundaries of any adopted Community Parks and Recreation Plan. Accordingly, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
36. Recreation Trails a. Include the construction or expansion of a trail system?				×

a) Would the proposed Project include the construction or expansion of a trail system?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that the General Plan designated a Community Trail crossing through the northern portion of the MFBCSP site. The IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP would include a recreational trail, if appropriate within the site. While this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466, physical impacts associated with the construction of this trail were evaluated throughout EIR No. 466 under appropriate topic headings (e.g., biological resources, cultural resources, etc.).

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 anticipated that a Community Trail would need to be constructed within the MFBCSP area. Consistent with the analysis presented in the IS/NOP, the Project would accommodate a Community Trail along Seaton Avenue (adjacent to the detention basin site) and along Harvill Avenue (along the Staging Area site's frontage with Harvill Avenue). These proposed Community Trail segments occur at the western edge of MFBCSP Planning Area 5 and the eastern edge of MFBCSP Planning Area 6, and these portions of Planning Areas 5 and 6 were assumed by EIR No. 466 and its associated IS/NOP to be physically impacted as part of buildout of the MFBCSP area. Moreover, impacts associated with the construction of these Community Trail segments have been evaluated throughout this EIR Addendum, which has determined that all of the Project's physical environmental effects are within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466. Additionally, the Project would generate only a nominal increase in the County's population as it is expected that the majority of jobs generated by the Project would be filled by existing County residents. Thus, the Project

would not result in the use of existing recreational trails that could have a significant environmental effect. Impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.18 Transportation and Traffic

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would to	he project:			·	
37. Cir a.	Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?				×
b.	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				×
c.	Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)?				×
d.	Cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered maintenance of roads?				×
e.	Cause an effect upon circulation during the project's construction?				×
f.	Result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses?				×
g.	Conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?				×

a) Would the proposed Project conflict with a program, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?

EIR No. 466 Finding: For purposes of traffic, EIR No. 466 evaluated four different development scenarios: warehouse/distribution plus commercial; light industrial plus commercial; warehouse/distribution only; and light industrial only. Trip generation associated with each of these scenarios were disclosed as follows: warehouse/distribution plus commercial would produce 46,731 average daily trips (ADT), including 1,924 AM peak hour trips and 3,488 PM peak hour trips; light industrial plus commercial would produce 35,088 ADT including 1,933 AM peak hour trips and 3,192 PM peak hour trips; warehouse/ distribution only would produce 34,869 ADT, including 2,020 AM peak hour trips and 2,175 PM peak hour trips; and light industrial only would produce 16,973 ADT with 2,034 AM peak hour trips and 1,641 PM peak hour trips. EIR No. 466 disclosed that buildout of the MFBCSP would result in direct and cumulatively-considerable impacts to a number of study area intersections under each scenario. Affected facilities in the near-term analyses presented in the EIR (i.e., 2008 and 2012) included the following intersections: Harvill Avenue/Strata Street/Oleander Avenue; Harvill Avenue/Markham Street; Harvill Avenue/Messenia Avenue; Harvill Avenue/Martin Street; Indian Avenue/Ramona Expressway; Harvill Avenue/Old Oleander Avenue; Seaton Avenue/Markham Street; Webster Avenue/Ramona Expressway; and Harvill Avenue/Nance Street. Under long-term conditions (2037), EIR No. 466 disclosed that the following facilities would operate at a deficient level of service (LOS): Interstate 215 southbound ramps/Oleander Avenue; Harvill Avenue/Strata Street/Oleander Avenue; Harvill Avenue/Perry Street; Seaton Avenue/Martin Street; and Harvill Avenue/Martin Street. EIR No. 466 identified mitigation measures, including payment of fees and direct improvements to study area intersections. With implementation of the mitigation, EIR No. 466 concluded that all intersections within the study area would operate at an acceptable LOS. EIR No. 466 did not evaluate impacts to freeway facilities. (Webb, 2005, IV-191 through IV-214)

New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact: EIR No. 466 assumed that the Building 20 and detention basin sites would be developed with up to 459,863 s.f. of light industrial uses (refer to Subsection 5.1.6), consistent with the "Light Industrial" land use designation applied to the Project site by the MFBCSP. The 19.3-acre Staging Area would not be developed with any structures and only would be utilized for borrow site, staging, and stockpiling activities during construction of Building 20; thus, Project implementation would not result in any increase in traffic associated with the Staging Area site. Table 5-19, Project Trip Generation Comparison, compares the proposed Project's trip generation in both actual vehicles and Passenger Car Equivalents (PCE) to the number of trips that were evaluated for the site by EIR No. 466. As shown in Table 5-19, the Project (with high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses) is anticipated to generate significantly fewer trips as compared to the warehousing uses assumed for the Building 20 and detention basin sites by EIR No. 466. Specifically, the proposed Project would generate 1,576 fewer PCE trip-ends per day, 91 fewer PCE AM peak hour trips, and 92 fewer PCE PM peak hour trips as compared to the amount of traffic evaluated for the Building 20 and detention basin sites by EIR No. 466. As such, the proposed Project would result in fewer trips and therefore fewer impacts to study area transportation facilities as compared to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466 for the Building 20 and detention basin sites. Therefore, the proposed Project would not create new or additional impacts to traffic as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, pp. 42-44)

AM Peak Hour **PM Peak Hour** Land Use Quantity Units1 Out | Total Out Total Dally **Actual Vehicles** Trip Generation from SP EIR Traffic Study: Warehousing 459.863 Passenger Cars: 72 17 90 24 72 97 860 Truck Trips: 24 6 30 8 24 32 860 -2 Intra Land Use Trips (10%) -10 -12 -3 -10 -13 -172 TOTAL TRIPS (Actual Vehicles) 2 87 21 108 29 87 116 1,548 **Currently Proposed Project Trip Generation:** High-Cube Transload Warehouse 426.821 TSF 21 6 27 10 26 36 502 Passenger Cars: Truck Trips: O 1 0 2-axle: 1. 16 3-axle: 1 0 1 0 20 4+-axle: 3 1 4 1 3 4 60 - Truck Trips 5 1 6 1 6 96 BUILDING 20 TOTAL TRIPS (Actual Vehicles) 2 26 7 33 11 31 42 598 VARIANCE (Actual Vehicles) -61 -14 -75 -18 -56 -74 -950 Passenger Car Equivalent (PCE) Trip Generation from SP EIR Traffic Study: Warehousing 459.863 TSF 72 17 90 24 72 97 860 Passenger Cars: 48 60 48 1,720 Truck Trips: 11 16 64 -12 -3 Intra Land Use Trips (10%) -15 -4 -12 -16 -258 TOTAL TRIPS (PCE) 2 109 135 26 36 109 145 2,322 Currently Proposed Project Trip Generation: High-Cube Transload Warehouse 426.821 **TSF** Passenger Cars: 21 6 27 10 26 36 502 Truck Trips: 0 2-axle: 1 1 0 1 24 3-axle: 2 1 3 1 2 3 40 13 4+-axle: 10 3 4 9 180 13 - Truck Trips 13 4 17 5 12 17 244 BUILDING 20 TOTAL TRIPS (PCE) 2 34 10 44 15 38 53 746 VARIANCE (PCE) -75 -16 -91 -21 -71 -1,576

Table 5-19 Project Trip Generation Comparison

(Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-3)

Although the Project is anticipated to result in reduced impacts to traffic as compared to the range of land uses evaluated in EIR No. 466, EIR No. 466 evaluated proposed land use designations. The Project Applicant proposes a site-specific development plan (Plot Plan No. 180029) to implement Planning Area 2 of the MFBCSP, and the Project's Plot Plan No. 180029 includes details regarding building area and proposed circulation and access improvements that were not available at the time EIR No. 466 was certified. Additionally, although EIR No. 466 identified mitigation measures for traffic impacts, EIR No. 466 did not clearly associate mitigation requirements with the buildout of individual planning areas within the MFBCSP. Accordingly, in order to evaluate the Project's site-specific components and to identify mitigation measures and/or transportation improvements that would be needed to serve buildout of the Project as proposed, a Project-specific Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) was prepared by Urban Crossroads,

¹ TSF = thousand square feet

² TOTAL TRIPS = Passenger Cars + Truck Trips.

Inc., dated April 27, 2020. The TIA is included as Technical Appendix H (Urban Crossroads, 2020c).

The results of the TIA are discussed below. Refer to the TIA in *Technical Appendix H* for a detailed description of the analysis methodologies applied to determine impacts.

Minimum Level of Service and Thresholds of Significance

Traffic operations of roadway facilities are described using the term "Level of Service" (LOS). LOS is a qualitative description of traffic flow based on several factors such as speed, travel time, delay, and freedom to maneuver. Six levels are typically defined ranging from LOS A, representing completely free-flow conditions, to LOS F, representing breakdown in flow resulting in stop-and-go conditions. LOS E represents operations at or near capacity, an unstable level where vehicles are operating with the minimum spacing for maintaining uniform flow. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 19)

The definitions of LOS for interrupted traffic flow (flow restrained by the existence of traffic signals and other traffic control devices) differ slightly depending on the type of traffic control. The LOS is typically dependent on the quality of traffic flow at the intersections along a roadway. The Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) methodology expresses the LOS at an intersection in terms of delay time for the various intersection approaches. The HCM uses different procedures depending on the type of intersection control. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 19)

The definition of an intersection deficiency has been obtained from the County of Riverside General Plan. Riverside County General Plan Policy C 2.1 states that the County will maintain the following County-wide target LOS: (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 22)

The following minimum target levels of service have been designated for the review of development proposals in the unincorporated areas of Riverside County with respect to transportation impacts on roadways designated in the Riverside County Circulation Plan which are currently County maintained, or are intended to be accepted into the County maintained roadway system:

- LOS C shall apply to all development proposals in any area of the Riverside County not located within the boundaries of an Area Plan, as well as those areas located within the following Area Plans: REMAP, Eastern Coachella Valley, Desert Center, Palo Verde Valley, and those non-Community Development areas of the Elsinore, Lake Mathews/Woodcrest, Mead Valley and Temescal Canyon Area Plans.
- LOS D shall apply to all development proposals located within any of the following Area Plans:
 Eastvale, Jurupa, Highgrove, Reche Canyon/Badlands, Lakeview/Nuevo, Sun City/Menifee
 Valley, Harvest Valley/Winchester, Southwest Area, The Pass, San Jacinto Valley, Western
 Coachella Valley and those Community Development Areas of the Elsinore, Lake
 Mathews/Woodcrest, Mead Valley and Temescal Canyon Area Plans.

• LOS E may be allowed by the Board of Supervisors within designated areas where transitoriented development and walkable communities are proposed.

Significant Impacts

For purposes of analyzing impacts, the following criteria is utilized to determine whether the addition of project-generated trips (or alternative-generated trips) results in a significant impact, and thus requires mitigation: (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 23)

- A Project-related impact is considered direct and significant when a study intersection operates
 at an acceptable LOS for existing conditions (without the Project) and the addition of 50 or more
 AM or PM peak hour project trips causes the intersection to operate at an unacceptable LOS for
 Existing Plus Project (E+P) traffic conditions. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 23)
- A cumulative impact is considered significant when a study intersection is forecast to operate at an unacceptable LOS with the addition of cumulative/background traffic and 50 or more AM or PM peak hour project trips. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 23)

Existing Conditions

Existing Circulation Network

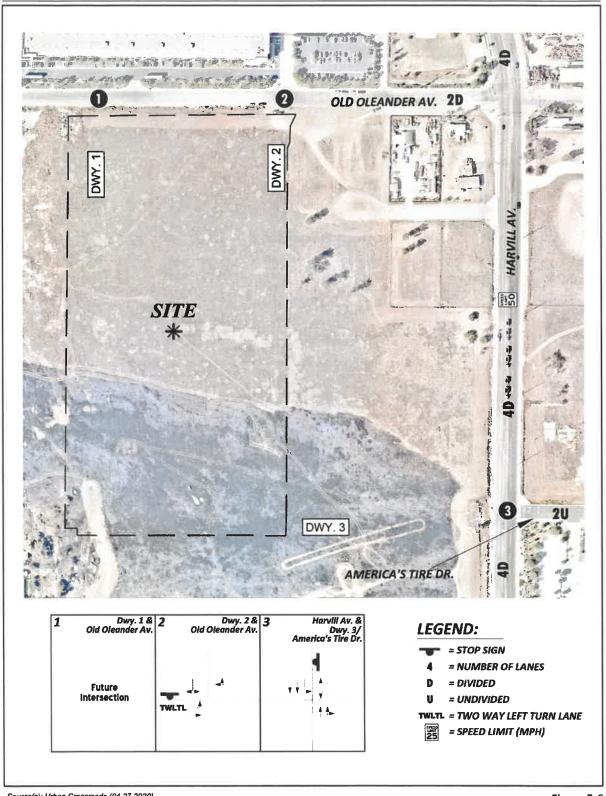
Pursuant to the scoping agreement with County of Riverside staff (Appendix 1.1), the study area includes a total of 3 existing and future intersections as shown Figure 5-6, Existing Number of Through Lanes and Intersection Controls, which have been evaluated at the direction of County staff. Figure 5-6 also identifies the number of through traffic lanes for existing roadways and intersection traffic controls. Refer to Section 3.0 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*) for a description of ultimate circulation improvements per the Riverside County General Plan, and for a discussion of the circulation plan included in the MFBCSP. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 33)

Existing Traffic Counts

The intersection LOS analysis is based on the traffic volumes observed during the peak hour conditions using traffic count data collected on March 18, 2020. Consistent with standard engineering practice, these traffic counts were conducted either on Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday due to potential fluctuations in traffic that typically occur on Mondays, Fridays, Holidays, or weekends. The following peak hours were selected for analysis: (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 32)

- Weekday AM Peak Hour (peak hour between 7:00 AM and 9:00 AM)
- Weekday PM Peak Hour (peak hour between 4:00 PM and 6:00 PM)

The raw manual peak hour turning movement traffic count data sheets are included in Appendix 3.1 to the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*). These raw turning volumes have been flow conserved between



Source(s): Urban Crossroads (04-27-2020)

Figure 5-6



Existing Number of Through Lanes and Intersection Controls

intersections with limited access, no access, and where there are currently no uses generating traffic. The traffic counts collected in March 2020 include the vehicle classifications as shown below: (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 32)

- Passenger Cars
- 2-Axle Trucks
- 3-Axle Trucks
- 4 or More Axle Trucks

To represent the impact large trucks, buses, and recreational vehicles have on traffic flow, all trucks were converted into PCEs. By their size alone, these vehicles occupy the same space as two or more passenger cars. In addition, the time it takes for them to accelerate and slow-down is also much longer than for passenger cars and varies depending on the type of vehicle and number of axles. For this analysis, a PCE factor of 1.5 has been applied to 2-axle trucks, 2.0 for 3-axle trucks, and 3.0 for 4+-axle trucks to estimate each turning movement. These factors are consistent with the values recommended for use in the San Bernardino County CMP and are in excess of the factor recommended for use in the County of Riverside traffic study guidelines. Although the County of Riverside has a recommended PCE factor of 2.0, the San Bernardino County CMP PCE factors have been utilized in an effort to conduct a more conservative analysis. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 32)

Traffic counts collected on March 18, 2020 occurred after the closure of non-essential businesses and local schools in the immediate area in response to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. While most uses related to goods movement are considered essential and are likely not affected by the closures, through traffic along major roadways (such as Harvill Avenue) could reflect traffic forecasts that are not indicative of historic travel patterns. The March 2020 traffic counts were compared to traffic counts collected at Harvill Avenue and Old Oleander Avenue in October 2019 when local schools were in session and businesses were operating under typical conditions. The comparison showed significant decreases in through traffic along Harvill Avenue with nominal changes to side street (Old Oleander Avenue) traffic. Historic traffic counts at Harvill Avenue and Old Oleander Avenue are also provided in Appendix 3.1 along with a volume spreadsheet showing the comparison. As such, 2020 baseline traffic volumes utilized for the purposes of this analysis were adjusted to utilize the highest of the two with the application of a 2% annual growth factor if the 2019 count data was utilized. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 34)

Existing weekday AM and weekday PM peak hour intersection volumes (in PCE) are shown on Exhibit 3-8 of the Project's TIA. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 34)

Existing Conditions Intersection Operations Analysis

Existing peak hour traffic operations have been evaluated for the study area intersections based on the analysis methodologies presented in Section 2.2 Intersection Capacity Analysis of this report. The intersection operations analysis results are summarized in Table 5-20, *Intersection Analysis for Existing (2018) Conditions*, which indicates that the study area intersections currently operate at an acceptable LOS during the peak hours (i.e., LOS D or better). Consistent with Table 5-20, a summary of the peak hour

intersection LOS for Existing conditions are shown on Exhibit 3-9 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*). The intersection operations analysis worksheets are included in Appendix 3.2 of the Project's TIA. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 34)

Table 5-20 Intersection Analysis for Existing (2018) Conditions

		Street, Street		e la la	_ li	nters	ecti	on A	opro	ach l	ane	s			De	Delay		Level of	
		Traffic	Nor	thbo	ound	Sou	thbo	und	Eas	tbou	ınd	We	stbo	und	(se	cs.)	Ser	vice	
#	Intersection	Control ³	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	Т	R	L	T	R	0	PM	AM	PM	
1	Driveway 1 & Old Oleander Av.						Futu	re In	terse	ction	1	20							
2	Driveway 2 & Old Oleander Av.	CSS	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0.0	9.5	Α	Α	
3	Harvill Av. & Dwy. 3/America's Tire Dr.	css	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	14.7	9.2	В	Α	

When a right turn is designated, the lane can either be striped or unstriped. To function as a right turn lane there must be sufficient width for right turning vehicles to travel outside the through lanes.

(Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 3-1)

Existing Conditions Traffic Signal Warrants Analysis

Traffic signal warrants for Existing traffic conditions are based on existing peak hour intersection turning volumes. There are no study area intersections that currently warrant a traffic signal for Existing traffic conditions (see Appendix 3.3 to the Project's TIA, included as *Technical Appendix H*).

Projected Future Traffic

Proposed Project

Trip generation represents the amount of traffic that is attracted and produced by a development and is based upon the specific land uses planned for a given project. In order to develop the traffic characteristics of the proposed project, trip-generation statistics published in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (10th Edition, 2017) for the proposed land use was used. Trip generation rates for the Project are shown in Table 4-1 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*), while Table 3-3 (previously presented) estimates the amount of traffic that would be generated by the proposed Project for both actual vehicles and PCE. Refer to the Project's TIA for a discussion of the ITE land use codes and vehicle mixes utilized in the TIA. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 57)

As noted on Table 4-1 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*) and as previously shown on Table 3-3, refinements to the raw trip generation estimates have been made to provide a more detailed breakdown of trips between passenger cars and trucks. Trip generation for heavy trucks was further broken down by truck type (or axle type). The total truck percentage is composed of 3 different truck types: 2-axle, 3-axle, and 4+-axle trucks. PCE factors were applied to the trip generation rates for heavy trucks (large 2-axles, 3-axles, 4+-axles). PCEs allow the typical "real-world" mix of vehicle types to be represented as a single, standardized unit, such as the passenger car, to be used for the purposes of capacity and level of service analyses. The PCE factors are consistent with the recommended PCE factors in Appendix B of the San

L = Left; T = Through; R = Right

Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds.

³ CSS = Cross-street Stop

Bernardino County Congestion Management Program (CMP) (2016 Update), as these factors are more conservative than Riverside County's PCE factor of 2.0 for heavy trucks. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 42)

As previously shown on Table 3-3, the proposed Project is anticipated to generate a net total of 598 actual vehicle trip-ends per day with 33 AM peak hour trips and 42 PM peak hour trips. In comparison, the proposed Project is anticipated to generate a net total of 746 PCE trip-ends per day, 44 PCE AM peak hour trips, and 53 PCE PM peak hour trips, as previously shown in Table 3-3. As noted above, and as shown in Table 5-19, the Project would generate 1,576 fewer PCE trip-ends per day, 91 fewer PCE AM peak hour trips, and 92 fewer PCE PM peak hour trips as compared to the amount of traffic EIR No. 466 assumed would be generated by the development of the Building 20 and detention basin sites site. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 42)

Project Trip Distribution

Trip distribution is the process of identifying the probable destinations, directions, or traffic routes that will be utilized by Project traffic. The potential interaction between the planned land uses and surrounding regional access routes are considered to identify the route where the Project traffic would distribute. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 44)

The Project trip distribution was developed based on anticipated travel patterns to and from the Project site for both passenger cars and truck traffic and are consistent with other similar projects that have been reviewed and approved by County of Riverside staff. The Project trip distribution patterns have been developed based on the anticipated travel patterns for the warehousing trucks. For both passenger cars and trucks, the Project trip distribution was developed based on an understanding of existing travel patterns in the area, the geographical location of the site, and the site's proximity to the regional arterial and state highway system. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 44)

The Project truck trip distribution patterns are graphically depicted on Exhibit 4-1 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*). The Project passenger car trip distribution patterns are graphically depicted on Exhibit 4-2 of the TIA. Each of these distribution patterns was reviewed by the County of Riverside as part of the traffic study scoping process (see Appendix 1.1 to the TIA). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 44)

Modal Split

The traffic reducing potential of public transit, walking, or bicycling have not been considered in the Project's TIA. Essentially, the traffic projections are "conservative" in that these alternative travel modes might be able to reduce the forecasted traffic volumes (employee trips only). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 44)

Project Trip Assignment

The assignment of traffic from the Project area to the adjoining roadway system is based upon the Project trip generation, trip distribution, and the arterial highway and local street system improvements that would be in place by the time of initial occupancy of the Project. Based on the identified Project traffic generation and trip distribution patterns, Project ADT and peak hour intersection turning movement

volumes are shown in PCE on Figure 5-7, *Project Only Traffic Volumes (PCE)*. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 64)

Background Traffic

Future year traffic forecasts have been based upon two years of background (ambient) growth at 2% per year for 2020 traffic conditions. The total ambient growth is 2.0% for 2021 traffic conditions. This ambient growth factor is added to existing traffic volumes to account for area-wide growth not reflected by cumulative development projects. Ambient growth has been added to daily and peak hour traffic volumes on surrounding roadways. Ambient growth has been added to daily and peak hour traffic volumes on surrounding roadways, in addition to traffic generated by the development of future projects that have been approved but not yet built and/or for which development applications have been filed and are under consideration by governing agencies. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 48)

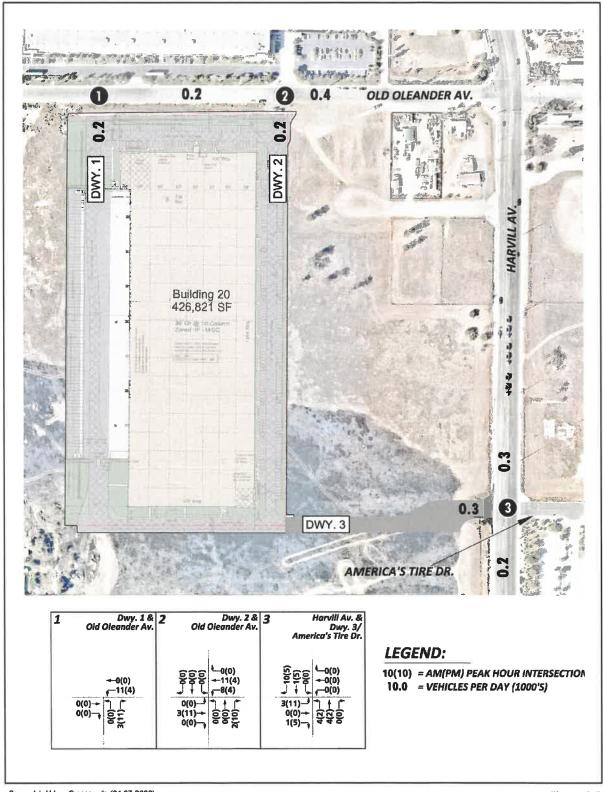
The currently adopted Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) 2016 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS) (April 2016) growth forecasts for the County of Riverside identifies projected growth in population of 359,500 in 2012 to 487,500 in 2040, or a 35.6 percent increase over the 28-year period. The change in population equates to roughly a 1.09 percent growth rate, compounded annually. Similarly, growth over the same 28-year period in households is projected to increase by 41.3 percent, or 1.24 percent annual growth rate. Finally, growth in employment over the same 28-year period is projected to increase by 124.7 percent, or a 2.93 percent annual growth rate. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 48)

The Draft 2020-2045 RTP/SCS is anticipated to go before the Regional Council to be adopted in April 2020. The growth forecasts for the County of Riverside identifies projected growth in population of 370,000 in 2016 to 525,600 in 2045, or a 42.1% increase over the 29-year period. The change in population equates to roughly a 1.22 percent growth rate compounded annually. Similarly, growth over the same 29-year period in households is projected to increase by 59.2 percent, or 1.62 percent growth rate, compounded annually. Finally, growth in employment over the same 29-year period is projected to increase by 83.4 percent, or a 2.11 percent annual growth rate. The average annual growth rate between population, households, and employment is 1.65 percent per year. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 48)

Therefore, the use of an annual growth rate of 2.0 percent would appear to conservatively approximate the anticipated regional growth in traffic volumes in the County of Riverside, especially when considered along with the addition of Project-related traffic and traffic generated by other known development projects. As such, the growth in traffic volumes assumed in the Project's TIA would tend to overstate as opposed to understate the potential impacts to traffic and circulation. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 48)

Cumulative Development Traffic

The CEQA guidelines require that other reasonably foreseeable development projects which are either approved or being processed concurrently in the study area also be included as part of a cumulative analysis scenario. A cumulative project list was developed for the purposes of this analysis through



Source(s): Urban Crossroads (04-27-2020)

Figure 5-7



consultation with planning and engineering staff from the County of Riverside. The cumulative project list includes known and foreseeable projects that are anticipated to contribute traffic to the study area intersections. Adjacent jurisdictions of the City of Perris and the City of Moreno Valley have also been contacted to obtain the most current list of cumulative projects from their respective jurisdictions. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 49)

Where applicable, cumulative projects anticipated to contribute measurable traffic (i.e. 50 or more peak hour trips) to study area intersections have been manually added to the study area network to generate EAPC forecasts. In other words, this list of cumulative development projects has been reviewed to determine which projects would likely contribute measurable traffic through the study area intersections (e.g., those cumulative projects in close proximity to the proposed Project). For the purposes of this analysis, the cumulative projects that were determined to affect one or more of the study area intersections are listed in Table 5-21, *Cumulative Development Land Use Summary*, and shown on Exhibit 4-4 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*), and have been considered for inclusion. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 49)

Although it is unlikely that all of these cumulative projects would be fully built and occupied by Year 2021, they have been included in an effort to conduct a conservative analysis and overstate as opposed to understate potential traffic impacts. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 49)

Any other cumulative projects located beyond the study area that are not expected to contribute measurable traffic to study area intersections have not been included since the traffic would dissipate due to the distance from the Project site and study area intersections. Any additional traffic generated by other projects not on the cumulative projects list is accounted for through background ambient growth factors that have been applied to the peak hour volumes at study area intersections as discussed above under "Background Traffic." Cumulative only ADT and peak hour traffic volumes (in PCE) are shown on Exhibit 4-5 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 49)

Near-Term Traffic Forecasts and Conditions

To provide a comprehensive assessment of the deficiencies, the "buildup" method was used to approximate Existing Plus Project (E+P), Existing Plus Ambient Plus Project (EAP), and Existing Plus Ambient Plus Cumulative (EAPC) traffic conditions, and is intended to identify the near-term deficiencies on both the existing and planned near-term circulation system. The EAPC traffic condition includes background traffic, traffic generated by other cumulative development projects within the study area, and traffic generated by the proposed Project. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 49)

The "buildup" approach combines existing traffic counts with a background ambient growth factor to forecast EAP (2021) and EAPC (2021) traffic conditions. An ambient growth factor of 2.0% per year has been used to account for background (area-wide) traffic increases that occur over time up to the year 2021 from the year 2020 (2.0 percent per year growth rate). Traffic volumes generated by the Project are then added to assess the near-term traffic conditions. The 2021 roadway networks are similar to the Existing conditions roadway network, with the exception of future driveways proposed to be developed as part of the Project. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 54)

Table 5-21 Cumulative Development Land Use Summary

No.	Project Name / Case Number	Land Use ¹	Quantity	Units ²	Location				
		Riverside Coun	ty						
RC1	McCanna Hills / TTM 33978	SFDR	63	DU	SWC OF SHERMAN AVE. & WALNUT AVE.				
RC2	PP26293	High-Cube Warehouse	612.481	TSF	SWC OF PATTERSON AVE. & RIDER ST.				
RC3	PPT180023: Rider Commerce Center	Warehousing	204.330	TSF	NEC OF PATTERSON AVE. & RIDER ST.				
RC4	PPT180025: Seaton Commerce Center	High-Cube Warehouse	210.800	TSF	SEC OF SEATON AV. & PERRY ST.				
RC5	Farmer Boys/Retail Shop	Retail	16.306	TSF	NEC OF HARVILL AVE. & CAJALCO RD.				
,,,,,,		Fast-Food with Drive Thru	3.252	TSF	NEC OF HARVILL AVE. & CAJALCO RD.				
RC6	PP26173	High-Cube Warehouse	423.665	TSF	SWC OF HARVILL AVE. & RIDER ST.				
RC7	Val Verde Logistics Center	High-Cube Warehouse	280.308	TSF	NWC OF HARVILL AVE. & OLD CAIALCO RD.				
RC8	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 5	Warehousing	40.000	TSF	NEC OF HARVILL AVE. & MESSENIA LN.				
RC9	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 6	Warehousing	72.000	TSF	NORTH OF MESSENIA LN., EAST OF HARVILL AVE.				
RC10	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 7	Warehousing	80.000	TSF	NORTH OF CAJALCO EXWY., EAST OF HARVILL				
RC11	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 8	Warehousing	110.000	TSF	NORTH OF CAJALCO EXWY., EAST OF HARVILL				
RC12	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 9	Warehousing	45,000	TSF	EAST OF MESSENIA LN., NORTH OF HARVILL AVE.				
RC13	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 10	High-Cube Warehouse	600.000	TSF	SEC OF HARVILL AVE. & PERRY ST.				
0011	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Buildings 1, 3 & 4	Warehousing	48.930	TSF					
RC14		High-Cube Warehouse	1195.740	TSF	NWC OF HARVILL AVE. & CAJALCO RD.				
RC15	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 11	High-Cube Warehouse	391.045	TSF	NEC OF HARVILL AVE. & PERRY ST.				
RC16	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 15	Warehousing	90.279	TSF	NWC OF HARVILL AVE. & COMMERCE CENTER DR.				
RC17	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 19	Warehousing	364.560	TSF	SWC OF HARVILL AVE. & OLD OLEANDER AVE.				
RC18	Dedeaux Harvill Truck Terminal	Truck Termina!	55.700	TSF	NW OF HARVILL AVE. & RIDER ST.				
RC19	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 21,22	Warehousing	241.059	TSF	NEC OF DECKER RD. & OLD OLEANDER AVE.				
RC20	Knox Lagistics Center	High-Cube Warehouse	1259.410	TSF	NWC OF DECKER RD. & OLD OLEANDER AVE.				
RC21	Oleander Business Park	High-Cube Warehouse	680,000	TSF	NWC OF DECKER RD. & HARLEY KNOX BLVD.				
RC22	Majestic Freeway Business Center - Building 12	Warehousing	154.751	TSF	NEC OF HARVILL AVE. & COMMERCE CENTER DR.				
RC23	Harvill Distribution Center	High-Cube Warehouse	345.103	TSF	EAST OF HARVILL AVE., SOUTH OF ORANGE ST.				
RC24	PP26241	Warehousing	23.600	TSF	SEC OF HARVILL AVE. & PLACENTIA ST.				
RC25	PP26220	Warehousing	66.000	TSF	EAST OF HARVILL AVE., NORTH OF PLACENTIA ST.				
RC26	Barker Logistics	High-Cube Warehouse	699.630	TSF	SWC OF PATTERSON AVE. & PLACENTIA ST.				
RC27	Harvill / Rider Warehouse	High-Cube Warehouse	284.746	TSF	NORTH OF RIDER ST., WEST OF HARVILL AV.				
11027		General Light Industrial	50.249	TSF	NORTH OF RIBER 31., WEST OF HARVICE AV.				
RC28	Placentia Logistics	High-Cube Warehouse	274.190	TSF	NWC OF HARVILL AV. & PLACENTIA AV.				
RC29	PPT190031	High-Cube Warehouse	418.000	TSF	SEC OF HARVILL AV. & HARLEY KNOX BL.				
		City of Perris							
P1	Bargemann / DPR 07-09-0018	Warehousing	173.000	TSF	NEC OF WEBSTER & NANCE				
P2	Duke 2 / DPR 16-00008	High-Cube Warehouse	669.000	TSF	NEC OF INDIAN & MARKHAM				
Р3	First Perry / DPR 16-00013	High-Cube Warehouse	240.000	TSF	SWC OF REDLANDS AVE. & PERRY ST.				
P4	Gateway / DPR 16-00003	High-Cube Warehouse	400.000	TSF	SOUTH OF HARLEY KNOX BLVD., EAST OF HWY. 215				
P6	OLC 1 / DPR 12-10-0005	High-Cube Warehouse	1,455.000		WEST OF WEBSTER AVE., NORTH OF RAMONA EXWY				
P5	Duke Realty - Perris & Markham	High-Cube Warehouse	1,189.860	TSF	SEC OF PERRIS BL. & MARKHAM ST.				

SEC OF INDIAN ST. & GENTIAN AVE.

No. Project Name / Case Number Land Use¹ Quantity Units² P7 OLC2 / DPR 14-01-0015 1,037.000 TSF WEST OF WEBSTER AVE., NORTH OF MARKHAM ST. High-Cube Warehouse P8 Canyon Steel 28.124 TSF NWC OF PATTERSON AVE. & CALIFORNIA AVE. Manufacturing Markham Industrial / DPR 16-00015 170.000 TSF NEC OF INDIAN AVE. & MARKHAM ST. Warehousing P10 Rados / DPR 07-0119 High-Cube Warehouse 1,200.000 TSF NWC OF INDIAN AVE, & RIDER ST. P11 Rider 1 / DPR 16-0365 High-Cube Warehouse 350,000 TSF SWC OF REDLANDS AVE. & RIDER ST P12 Indian/Ramona Warehouse High-Cube Warehouse 428.730 NORTH OF RAMONA EXWY., WEST OF INDIAN AVE. P13 Rider 3 / DPR 06-0432 High-Cube Warehouse 640,000 TSF NORTH OF RIDER ST., WEST OF REDLANDS P14 Westcoast Textile / DPR 16-00001 Warehousing 180.000 TSF SWC OF INDIAN ST. & NANCE ST. P15 Duke at Patterson / DPR 17-00001 High-Cube Warehouse 811.000 TSF SEC OF PATTERSON AVE. & MARKHAM ST P16 Harley Knox Commerce Park / DPR 16-004 High-Cube Warehouse 386.278 TSF NWC OF HARLEY KNOX BLVD. & REDLANDS AVE. P17 Perris Marketplace / DPR 05-0341 Commercial Retail 520.000 TSF WEST OF PERRIS BLVD. AT AVOCADO AVE. Stratford Ranch Residential / TTM 36648 SFDR 270 WEST OF EVANS RD. AT MARKHAM ST. P19 Pulte Residential / TTM 30850 SFDR 496 DŪ WEST OF EVANS RD. AT CITRUS AVE. P20 Perris Circle 3 Warehousing 210.900 NWC OF REDLANDS AVE. & NANCE AVE. P21 Rider 2 and 4 NWC OF REDLANDS AVE. AND RIDER ST. 1.376,721 TSF High-Cube Warehouse Weinerschnitzel / CUP 17-05083 2.000 TSF WEST OF PERRIS BL, SOUTH OF PLACENTIA AVE. Fast-Food Restaurant P23 March Plaza / CUP16-05165 47.253 TSE Commercial Retail NWC OF PERRIS BL. AND HARLEY KNOX BL. P24 Cali Express Carwash / CUP 16-05258 5.600 TSF NWC OF PERRIS BL. AND RAMONA EXWY. Carwash P25 Wilson Industrial / DPR 19-00007 High-Cube Warehouse 303.000 TSF SEC OF WILSON AVE. AND RIDER ST. Integra Expansion / MMOD 17-05075 273,000 TSF NCE OF MARKHAM ST. AND WEBSTER AVE. High-Cube Warehouse P27 Western Industrial / DRP 19-00003 High-Cube Warehouse 250.000 TSF NEC or WESTERN WY. AND NANDINA AVE. City of Moreno Valley MV1 PEN18-0042 Dυ SEC OF INDIAN ST. & KRAMERIA AVE. SFDR MV2 Tract 33024 SFDR DΠ SEC OF INDIAN ST. & KRAMERIA AVE. MV3 Tract 32716 DΠ NEC OF INDIAN ST. & MARIPOSA AVE. SFDR 57 MV4 Prologis 1 NEC OF INDIAN AVE. & MARIPOSA AVE. 1000.000 TSF High-Cube Warehouse MV5 Moreno Valley Industrial Park High-Cube Warehouse 207.684 TSF NEC OF HEACOCK ST. & IRIS AVE. MV6 Moreno Valley Walmart 193.000 SWC OF PERRIS BLVD. & GENTIAN AVE. TSF Retail MV7 Moreno Valley Utility Substation High-Cube Warehouse **PUBLIC** TSF NWC OF EDWIN RD. & KITCHING ST. MV8 Phelan Development SEC OF INDIAN ST. & NANDINA AVE. TSF High-Cube Warehouse 98.210 MV9 Nandina Industrial Center High-Cube Warehouse TSF SOUTH OF NANDINA AVE., WEST OF PERRIS BLVD. 335.966 MV10 Tract 31442 DU NWC OF PERRIS BLVD, & MARIPOSA AVE. SEDR 63 MV11 Tract 22180 SFDR 140 DU NORTH OF GENTIAN AVE., EAST OF INDIAN ST.

Table 5-21 Cumulative Development Land Use Summary (Cont'd)

MV12 Tract 36760

(Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 4-4)

The near-term traffic analysis includes the following traffic conditions, with the various traffic components (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 54):

221 DU

- Existing Plus Ambient Growth Plus Project (2021)
 - o Existing 2020 counts
 - o Ambient growth traffic (2.0%)
 - Project traffic
- Existing Plus Ambient Growth Plus Project Plus Cumulative (2021)

SFDR

- o Existing 2020 counts
- o Ambient growth traffic (2.0%)
- Cumulative Development traffic
- Project traffic

<sup>SFDR = Single Family Detached Residential
DU = Dwelling Units; TSF = Thousand Square Feet</sup>

Existing Plus Project (E+P) Conditions

This subsection discusses the traffic forecasts for Existing Plus Project (E+P) conditions and the resulting peak hour intersection operations and traffic signal warrant analyses. This analysis scenario has been provided for informational purposes only as Project impacts have been discerned from a comparison of Existing (2020) to EAP (2021) and EAPC (2021) traffic conditions, per the County's Traffic Impact Analysis Preparation Guide (Riverside County, 2008; Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 55).

Roadway Improvements – E+P Traffic Conditions

The lane configurations and traffic controls assumed to be in place for E+P conditions are consistent with those shown on Figure 5-6, except that it is assumed that Project driveways and those facilities assumed to be constructed by the Project to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for E+P conditions (e.g., intersection and roadway improvements at the Project's frontage and driveways). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 55)

E+P Traffic Volume Forecasts

This scenario includes Existing traffic volumes plus Project traffic. Exhibit 5-1 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*) shows the ADT and peak hour intersection turning movement volumes (in PCE) that can be expected for E+P traffic conditions. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 77)

Intersection Operations Analysis – E+P Traffic Conditions

E+P peak hour traffic operations have been evaluated for the study area intersections based on the analysis methodologies presented in Section 2 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*). The intersection analysis results are summarized in Table 5-22, *Intersection Analysis for E+P Conditions*, which indicate that the study area intersections are anticipated to continue to operate at an acceptable LOS with the addition of Project traffic, consistent with Existing traffic conditions. Exhibit 5-3 of the Project's TIA summarizes the weekday AM and PM peak hour study area intersection LOS under E+P traffic conditions, consistent with the summary provided in Table 5-22. The intersection operations analysis worksheets are included in Appendix 5.1 of the Project's TIA. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 55)

#	Intersection		Existing (2020)				E+P			
		Traffic	Delay ¹ (secs.)		Level of Service		Delay ¹ (secs.)		Level of Service	
		Control ²	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
1	Driveway 1 & Old Oleander Av.	<u>CSS</u>	Future Intersection				8.4	8.5	Α	Α
2	Driveway 2 & Old Oleander Av.	css	0.0	9.5	A	A	8.5	10.0	A	В
3	Harvill Av. & Dwy. 3/America's Tire Dr.	css	14,7	9.2	В	A	16.7	11.1	l c	В

Table 5-22 Intersection Analysis for E+P Conditions

(Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 5-1)

Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds.

² CSS = Cross-street Stop; <u>CSS</u> = Improvement

Traffic Signal Warrants Analysis – E+P Traffic Conditions

Consistent with Existing conditions, there are no study area intersections anticipated to meet planning level (ADT) or peak hour volume-based traffic signal warrants with the addition of Project traffic (see Appendix 5.2 to the Project's TIA, included as *Technical Appendix H*). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 55)

Existing Plus Project Plus Ambient (EAP) Conditions

This subsection discusses the methods used to develop EAP (2021) traffic forecasts and the resulting peak hour intersection operations and traffic signal warrant analyses.

Roadway Improvements - EAP Traffic Conditions

The lane configurations and traffic controls assumed to be in place for EAP conditions are consistent with those shown on Figure 5-6, except that it is assumed that Project driveways and those facilities assumed to be constructed by the Project to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for EAP conditions (e.g., intersection and roadway improvements at the Project's frontage and driveways). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 59)

Traffic Volume Forecasts – EAP Traffic Conditions

This scenario includes Existing (2020) traffic volumes plus an ambient growth factor of 2.0% and the addition of Project traffic. Exhibit 6-1 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*) shows the weekday ADT and the peak hour volumes which can be expected for EAP (2021) traffic conditions (in PCE). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 59)

Intersection Operations Analysis - EAP Traffic Conditions

Level of service calculations were conducted for the study intersections to evaluate their operations under EAP (2021) conditions with existing roadway and intersection geometrics consistent with those described above. As shown in Table 5-23, Intersection Analysis for EAP (2021) Conditions, and illustrated on Exhibit 6-2 of the Project's TIA (Technical Appendix H), the study area intersections are anticipated to continue to operate at an acceptable LOS under EAP (2021) traffic conditions, consistent with Existing (2020) traffic conditions. The intersection operations analysis worksheets for EAP (2021) conditions are included in Appendix 6.1 of the Project's TIA. Thus, Project impacts to study area intersections under EAP traffic conditions would be less than significant, requiring no mitigation. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 59)

Traffic Signal Warrants Analysis – EAP Traffic Conditions

Traffic signal warrants have been performed for EAP (2021) traffic conditions based on daily or peak hour volumes. Consistent with Existing conditions, there are no study area intersections anticipated to meet planning level (ADT) or peak hour volume-based traffic signal warrants under EAP (2021) traffic conditions (see Appendix 6.2 to the Project's TIA, included as *Technical Appendix H*). Thus, Project impacts due to traffic signal warrants under EAP traffic conditions would be less than significant, requiring no mitigation. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 59)

	HOMESOES GLANGE VIEW	THE REPORT OF THE PART OF THE			Existing (2020)				EAP (2021)		
		Traffic	Del (se	lay¹ cs.)	Leve	el of vice	Del (se	ay ¹ cs.)		el of vice	
#	Intersection	Control ²	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM	
1	Driveway 1 & Old Oleander Av.	<u>css</u>	Futi	Future Intersection			8.4	8.5	Α	Α	
2	Driveway 2 & Old Oleander Av.	CSS	0.0	9.5	Α	A	8.5	10.0	Α	В	
3	Harvill Av. & Dwy. 3/America's Tire Dr.	CSS	14.7	9.2	В	Α	16.9	11.1	С	В	

Table 5-23 Intersection Analysis for EAP (2021) Conditions

(Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 6-1)

Existing Plus Project Plus Ambient Plus Cumulative (EAPC) Conditions

This section discusses the methods used to develop EAPC (2021) traffic forecasts and the resulting peak hour intersection operations and traffic signal warrant analyses.

Roadway Improvements - EAPC Traffic Conditions

The lane configurations and traffic controls assumed to be in place for EAPC conditions are consistent with those shown on Figure 5-6, except that it is assumed that Project driveways and those facilities assumed to be constructed by the Project to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for EAP conditions (e.g., intersection and roadway improvements at the Project's frontage and driveways). Additionally, it is assumed that driveways and those facilities to be constructed by cumulative developments to provide site access are also assumed to be in place for EAPC conditions (e.g., intersections and roadway improvements along the cumulative developments' frontages). (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 63)

Traffic Volume Forecasts – EAPC Traffic Conditions

To account for background traffic, other known cumulative development projects in the study area were included in addition to 2.0% of ambient growth for EAPC (2021) traffic conditions in conjunction with traffic associated with the proposed Project. Exhibit 7-1 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*) shows the peak hour volumes which can be expected for EAP (2021) traffic conditions (in PCE).

Intersection Operations Analysis – EAPC Traffic Conditions

Level of service calculations were conducted for the study intersections to evaluate their operations under EAPC (2021) conditions with existing roadway and intersection geometrics consistent with those described above. As shown in Table 5-24, *Intersection Analysis for EAPC (2021) Conditions*, and illustrated on Exhibit 7-2 of the Project's TIA (*Technical Appendix H*), the study area intersections are anticipated to continue to operate at an acceptable LOS under EAPC (2021) traffic conditions, consistent with Existing traffic conditions. The intersection operations analysis worksheets for EAPC (2021) conditions are included in Appendix 7.1 of the Project's TIA. Thus, Project impacts to study area intersections under EAP traffic conditions would be less than significant, requiring no mitigation. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 63)

Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds.

² CSS = Cross-street Stop; CSS = Improvement

# Interse	Intersection	Traffic Control ²	De (se	lay¹ cs.)	Level of Service	
		Control	AM	PM	AM	PM
1	Driveway 1 & Old Oleander Av.	CSS	8.7	9.6	Α	Α
2	Driveway 2 & Old Oleander Av.	CSS	9.0	15.0	A	С
3	Harvill Av. & Dwy. 3/America's Tire Dr.	CSS	18.8	12.9	С	В

Table 5-24 Intersection Analysis for EAPC (2021) Conditions

(Urban Crossroads, 2020c, Table 7-1)

Traffic Signal Warrants Analysis – EAPC Traffic Conditions

Traffic signal warrants have been performed for EAPC (2021) traffic conditions based on daily or peak hour volumes. Consistent with Existing conditions, there are no study area intersections anticipated to meet planning level (ADT) or peak hour volume-based traffic signal warrants under EAPC (2021) traffic conditions (see Appendix 7.2 to the Project's TIA, included as *Technical Appendix H*). Thus, Project impacts due to traffic signal warrants under EAPC traffic conditions would be less than significant, requiring no mitigation. (Urban Crossroads, 2020c, p. 63)

Conclusion - Traffic Impacts

Consistent with the conclusion reached by EIR No. 466 and as indicated in the preceding analysis, Project-related traffic impacts would be less than significant under all study scenarios. Moreover, the traffic generated by the proposed Project would be significantly less than the traffic generation assumed by and analyzed in EIR No. 466 for the Building 20 and detention basin sites. Thus, Project impacts to study area facilities would be reduced in comparison to the Project evaluated in EIR No. 466. Furthermore, although EIR No. 466 did not evaluate impacts to freeway mainlines, queuing locations, or merge/diverge locations, it is concluded that the Project's impacts to freeway facilities would be reduced in comparison to the project evaluated by EIR No. 466 due to the reduction in traffic associated with the Project. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?

EIR No. 466 Finding: Although EIR No. 466 did not evaluate this threshold, EIR No. 466 did disclose impacts to circulation facilities that would occur with buildout of the MFBCSP, including impacts to facilities that are identified in the Riverside County Congestion Management Plan (CMP). EIR No. 466 concluded that with implementation of mitigation measures, all impacts to study area intersections, including CMP intersections, would be reduced to less-than-significant levels. (Webb, 2005, IV-191 through IV-214)

Per the Highway Capacity Manual (6th Edition), overall average intersection delay and level of service are shown for intersections with a traffic signal or all way stop control. For intersections with cross street stop control, the delay and level of service for the worst individual movement (or movements sharing a single lane) are shown. HCM delay reported in seconds.

² CSS = Cross-street Stop; <u>CSS</u> = Improvement

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: EIR No. 466 did not evaluate impacts to Congestion Management Program (CMP) facilities, such as freeways. As discussed under the analysis of Threshold 37.a), and as shown previously on Table 5-19, the proposed Project would generate 1,576 fewer PCE tripends per day, 91 fewer PCE AM peak hour trips, and 92 fewer PCE PM peak hour trips as compared to the amount of traffic evaluated for the Project site by EIR No. 466. As such, the Project's potential to impact CMP facilities would be reduced as compared to what was evaluated for the Project site by EIR No. 466. Additionally, none of the Project's study area intersections are identified as CMP facilities in the Riverside County CMP. The Project would contribute fewer than 50 peak hour trips to CMP facilities and the Project would have no potential to conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to, level of service standards and travel demand measures or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways; thus, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the proposed Project substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 found that roads for the MFBCSP had already been completed and did not have design feature hazards such as sharp curves. The IS/NOP further found that incompatible uses such as farm equipment on roadways would not be introduced as part of the MFBCSP. As such, the IS/NOP concluded that impacts would be less than significant, and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 43 and 44)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project Applicant proposes to implement a portion of MFBCSP Planning Areas 5 and 6. Project improvements would be limited to frontage improvements and no additional improvements would need to be made for the current and future intersections. Improvements proposed by the Project Applicant, which are limited to frontage improvements, are fully consistent with the circulation plan included in the MFBCSP and evaluated by EIR No. 466. Additionally, and consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP, the proposed Project would be compatible in transportation design with the existing land uses and roadway network in the surrounding area, and the Project would not create a transportation hazard as a result of an incompatible use. The Project's proposed driveways for truck trailers would connect directly to Old Oleander Avenue and to Harvill Avenue via the proposed east-west access driveway, and all access routes would be located away from residential uses located generally southwest of the Project site. All improvements planned as part of the Project would be in conformance with applicable Riverside County roadway standards, and would not result in any hazards due to a design feature and would not result in inadequate emergency access. Accordingly, impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the proposed Project cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered maintenance of roads?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 found that potential impacts to road maintenance from project-related traffic would be offset by fee mechanisms established and required by the Riverside County Transportation Department. Impacts were found to be less than significant, and this topic was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 44-45)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project as proposed is fully consistent with the MFBCSP, and buildout of the Project site with light industrial uses was evaluated as part of EIR No. 466 and its associated IS/NOP. Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP, the Project would cause an effect on and increase the need for maintenance of roadways in the local area. However, as compared to the Project evaluated in EIR No. 466 and as shown in Table 5-19, the Project would generate approximately 1,576 fewer ADT (in PCE) than was assumed by EIR No. 466, indicating that Project impacts due to the need for roadway maintenance would be less than was disclosed by and analyzed in EIR No. 466. Moreover, there are no new roadways proposed by the Project Applicant requiring maintenance, although the Project Applicant would dedicate ROW along the Staging Area site's frontage with Harvill Avenue and construct a community trail, and would improve Old Oleander Avenue along the Building 20 site's frontage to provide for an additional 28 feet of drive aisles and an 11-foot wide landscaped parkway with a six-foot wide curb-adjacent sidewalk. Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP, although the Project would result in an incremental increase in the need for new or altered maintenance of roads, such impacts would be off-set by applicable County fees as well as from property taxes. Additionally, there are no components of the Project that would inhibit the County's ability to continue to maintain roadways in the local area. As such, impacts would be less than significant, and implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

e) Would the proposed Project cause an effect upon circulation during the project's construction?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 found that due to the temporary nature of construction activity, the nature of traffic circulation in the MFBCSP area, and established County requirements for traffic control on public roadways during construction, impacts to circulation during construction would be less than significant. As such, this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 43 and 45)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As noted by the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project Applicant would be required to implement traffic control measures during proposed frontage improvements to Old Oleander Avenue, while improvements along Seaton Avenue and Harvill Avenue would be limited to the construction of community trail segments within the parkway and would not affect vehicular traffic. Additionally, it is anticipated that surrounding roadways have sufficient capacity to accommodate construction vehicle traffic traveling to and from the site because construction-related traffic would not exceed traffic volumes anticipated upon buildout of the Project. Accordingly, impacts to the circulation network during construction would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already

analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

f) Would the proposed Project result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 noted that roadways to access the MFBCSP area were already constructed, thereby facilitating greater emergency access to the MFBCSP area through the provision of a north/south road between Oleander and Cajalco Road. The IS/NOP further found that the MFBCSP would be developed in accordance with County ordinances, standard conditions of approval, and permits related to emergency access. Thus, the IS/NOP concluded that no impact would occur, and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 43 and 45)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the finding of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, major roadway facilities needed to serve buildout of the Project site, as proposed by the Project Applicant, already are in place. The Project Applicant would be required to implement traffic control measures to preclude impacts to operations of roadways abutting the Project site during the construction of improvements. Additionally, the proposed Project would be required to comply with Riverside County Ordinance Nos. 460 and 461, which regulate access road provisions. The requirement to provide adequate paved access to the Project site would be required as a condition of Project approval. Additionally, the proposed Project would not affect any roadways that provide emergency access under existing conditions. With required adherence to County requirements for emergency access, impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

g) Would the proposed Project conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?

EIR No. 466 Finding: Although EIR No. 466 did not address this subject, EIR No. 466 contained enough information about projected vehicle miles travelled (VMTs) associated with the MFBCSP that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential effect due to VMTs was readily available to the public. Specifically, VMTs were evaluated in EIR No. 466 as part of the analysis of impacts to air quality, as the vehicular-related air quality emissions disclosed by EIR No. 466 necessarily require an assessment of VMTs. See *Citizens for Responsible Equitable Environmental Development v. City of San Diego* (2011) 196 Cal.App.4th 515

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: CEQA Guidelines § 15064.3(b) includes specific considerations for evaluating a project's transportation impacts using a VMT measure, instead of evaluating impacts based on LOS criteria, as required by California Senate Bill (SB) 743. LOS has been used as the basis for determining the significance of traffic impacts as standard practice in CEQA documents for decades, including at the time EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005. In 2013, SB 743 was passed, which is intended to balance the need for LOS for traffic planning with the need to build infill housing and mixed-use commercial developments within walking distance of mass transit facilities, downtowns, and town centers, and to provide greater flexibility to local governments to balance these sometimes-competing

needs. In January 2019, the Natural Resources Agency finalized updates to the CEQA Guidelines including the incorporation of the SB 743 modifications. The Guidelines changes were approved by the Office of Administrative Law and are now in effect. As such, as of July 1, 2020, LOS can no longer be the basis for determining an environmental effect under CEQA, and the analysis of impacts to transportation is now based on VMTs.

However, CEQA Guidelines § 15064.3(c) is clear that "[t]he provisions of [§ 15064.3] shall apply prospectively as described in [CEQA Guidelines] section 15007." CEQA Guidelines § 15007(c) specifically states: "[i]f a document meets the content requirements in effect when the document is sent out for public review, the document shall not need to be revised to conform to any new content requirements in Guideline amendments taking effect before the document is finally approved." As noted above, the Guidelines changes with respect to VMTs took effect on July 1, 2020, while EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005. As such, and in accordance with CEQA Guidelines §§ 15064.3(c) and 15007(c), revisions to EIR No. 466 are not required under CEQA in order to conform to the new requirements established by CEQA Guidelines § 15064.3.

Notwithstanding, EIR No. 466 included information regarding VMTs as part of the EIR's evaluation of potential air quality impacts. Specifically, an Air Quality Impact Analysis ("EIR No. 466 AQIA") was included as Appendix C to EIR No. 466. Appendix B to the EIR No. 466 AQIA includes operational assumptions used as inputs into the air quality modeling, including an estimate of VMTs that would be generated by buildout of the MFBCSP. Based on the number of Average Daily Trips (ADT), vehicle mix type, and assumed trip lengths, the EIR No. 466 AQIA assumed that buildout of the MFBCSP would result in approximately 106,175 VMTs per day. Thus, EIR No. 466 contained enough information about projected VMTs associated with the MFBCSP that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential effect due to VMTs was readily available to the public.

Once a project is approved, CEQA does not require that it be analyzed anew every time another discretionary action is required to implement the project. Quite the opposite, where an EIR has previously been prepared for a project, CEQA expressly prohibits agencies from requiring a subsequent or supplemental EIR, except in specified circumstances. (Pub. Res. Code § 21166.) Under CEQA, "Section 21166 comes into play precisely because in-depth review has already occurred, the time for challenging the sufficiency of the original EIR has long since expired, and the question is whether circumstances have changed enough to justify repeating a substantial portion of the process." (Citizens Against Airport Pollution v. City of San Jose ("CAAP") (2014), 227 Cal.App.4th at 796.)

Furthermore, the new VMT requirements set forth by CEQA Guidelines § 15064.3 do not relate to a different type of impact, but merely a different way of analyzing transportation impacts. Although EIR No. 466 did not include a threshold of significance based on VMTs, EIR No. 466 disclosed the anticipated VMTs associated with buildout of the MFBCSP as part of the modeling assumptions utilized in the EIR No. 466 AQIA. As this information was disclosed as part of the EIR No. 466 AQIA, VMTs associated with buildout of the MFBCSP, including the proposed Project, do not comprise "new information" that was known or could have been known at the time EIR No. 466 was certified.

In the case of the Plot Plan No. 180029 Project, there are no changed circumstances that would warrant additional analysis under Public Resources Code § 21166. Even if an analysis were conducted utilizing the assumptions and methodologies for VMTs included in the EIR No. 466 AQIA, the results of such an analysis would show that the Project-related total VMTs are less than was assumed by EIR No. 466, based on the reduction in traffic associated with the Project as compared to what was evaluated for the Project site by EIR No. 466 (refer to Table 5-19).

Therefore, and based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
38. Bike Trails a. Include the construction or expansion of a bike system or bike lanes?				⊠

a) Would the proposed Project include the construction or expansion of a bike system or bike lanes?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 noted that the General Plan identified a Class I Bike Path/Regional Trail along Cajalco Expressway, which would connect to various Community Trails either existing or planned in the area. EIR No. 466 found that the provision of Class I Bike Paths was subject to the approval of the County Transportation Department. Additionally, EIR No. 466 disclosed that the precise location of regional trails is subject to the approval of the Riverside County Open-Space and Regional Park District. EIR No. 466 indicated that a determination as to the appropriateness of a Class I Bike Path/Regional Trail, immediately adjacent the MFBCSP site, would be made by these agencies during the approval process for implementing development projects adjacent to Cajalco Expressway. EIR No. 466 further noted that if the precise location of this bike path/regional trail is determined at that time to be on the north side of Cajalco Expressway, adjacent to the MFBCSP site, the implementing development project would be required to comply with this regulatory requirement and construct that portion of the trail adjacent to the MFBCSP site. Through compliance with this regulatory procedure and requirement, EIR No. 466 concluded that the MFBCSP's impacts upon bike trails would be below the level of significance. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-215)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, Riverside County evaluated the MFBCSP area and determined that no dedicated bike lanes are required along the Project's frontage with Harvill Avenue, Seaton Avenue, Markham Street, or Old Oleander Avenue. Old Oleander Avenue and Harvill Avenue would be used to accommodate trucks coming from and going to

the Building 20 site, which could result in potentially unsafe conditions. Harvill Avenue and Old Oleander Avenue (generally east of Decker Road) are anticipated to serve truck traffic associated with buildout of the industrial/commercial uses allowed by the MFBCSP as well as other lands in the area that are designated and zoned for light industrial use. As such, a bike trail along Harvill Avenue and Old Oleander Avenue would result in potentially unsafe conditions and is therefore not proposed or required. As such, no impacts due to the construction or expansion of bike system or lanes would occur because no bike facilities are proposed by or required for the proposed Project. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures

EIR No. 466 identified several mitigation measures to address traffic impacts. These measures are listed below. It should be noted that several of the mitigation measures have since been implemented, while other mitigation measures would be implemented by future developments within the MFBCSP. Specifically, the Project would be subject to Mitigation Measure MM Trans 1 and the Project accommodates additional right-of-way dedications along Harvill Avenue. The Project site does not abut Nandina Avenue, Oleander Avenue, Martin Street, or Cajalco Expressway; thus, Mitigation Measures MM Trans 2, MM Trans 3, MM Trans 6, and MM Trans 8 do not apply to the proposed Project. As part of the Project, and consistent with EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Trans 4, Old Oleander would be improved along the Building 20 site frontage to provide for an additional 28 feet of drive aisles and an 11foot wide landscaped parkway with a six-foot wide curb-adjacent sidewalk. Improvements to Markham Street and Seaton Avenue, as identified by EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures MM Trans 5 and MM Trans 7 already area in place; thus, no improvements to these roadways are proposed or required (beyond the construction of a community trail along the detention basin site's frontage with Seaton Avenue, and the provision of a turn-out for food trucks along the detention basin site's frontage with Markham Street). The improvements identified by EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Trans 10 and MM Trans 11 for the intersections of Harvill Avenue at Oleander Avenue and Harvill Avenue at Martin Street already are in place; thus, Mitigation Measures MM Trans 10 and MM Trans 11 are not applicable to the proposed Project. Improvements identified to the intersection of Harvill Avenue and Markham Street as part of EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Trans 10 are expected to be completed as part of separate plot plans (Plot Plan Nos. 180038 and 190003); however, in the event that construction does not occur, the Project Applicant would be conditioned to contribute a fair share contribution in the amount of 15.5% of the total cost of the required improvements. Similarly, the improvements to the intersections of Seaton Avenue at Cajalco Expressway and Harvill Avenue at Cajalco Expressway, as identified by EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures MM Trans 12 and MM Trans 13, are anticipated to be implemented as part of a separate plot plan (Plot Plan No. 180028); however, in the event that construction does not occur, the Project Applicant would be conditioned to contribute a fair share contribution in the amount of 5.0% and 8.1%, respectively, of the total cost of the required improvements. Additionally, the County's standard conditions of approval require the payment of DIF and TUMF fees shall apply, further demonstrating that implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466. As noted above, Project impacts to study area facilities would be less than significant; thus, payment of DIF and TUMF fees,

implementation Project design features, and the Project's conditions of approval would further reduce the Project's traffic-related impacts under all analysis scenarios.

- MM Trans 1: Construct full width improvements of Harvill Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as a major highway (118' right-of-way) through the project.
- MM Trans 2: Construct partial width improvements of southerly side of Nandina Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as a secondary highway (100' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.
- MM Trans 3: Construct partial width improvements of Oleander Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as an urban arterial (152' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.
- MM Trans 4: Construct partial width improvements of Old Oleander Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as a collector street (74' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.
- MM Trans 5: Construct full width improvements of Markham Street at its ultimate cross-section as a secondary highway (100' right-of-way) through the project.
- MM Trans 6: Construct partial width improvements of Martin Street at its ultimate cross-section as a collector street (74' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.
- MM Trans 7: Construct partial width improvements of easterly side of Seaton Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as a secondary highway (100' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.
- MM Trans 8: Construct partial width improvements of northerly side of Cajalco Expressway at its ultimate cross-section as an Expressway (184' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.
- **MM Trans 9**: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Oleander Avenue using the following geometrics:

Northbound: One free right turn lane. One shared through and left turn lane. One left turn lane.

Southbound: One shared through and right turn lane. One left turn lane.

Eastbound: One shared through and right turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane

Westbound: One shared through and right turn lane. Two through lanes. Two left turn lanes.

MM Trans 10: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Markham Street using the following geometrics:

Northbound: One right turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane. Southbound: One right turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane. Eastbound: One right turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane. Westbound: One right turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane.

MM Trans 11: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Martin Street using the following geometrics:

Northbound: One shared through and right turn lane. One through lane. One left turn lane.

Southbound: One shared through and right turn lane. One through lane. One left turn lane

Eastbound: One right turn lane. One shared left turn and through lane.

Westbound: One shared left, through, and right turn lane.

MM Trans 12: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Seaton Avenue and Cajalco Expressway using the following geometrics:

Northbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Southbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Eastbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Westbound: Two left turn lanes. Two through lanes. One right turn lane.

MM Trans 13: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Cajalco Expressway using the following geometrics:

Northbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One free right turn lane. Southbound: Two left turn lanes. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Eastbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Westbound: Two left turn lanes. Two through lanes. One right turn lane.

Project Specific Conditions of Approval

The following standard conditions of approval shall apply to the proposed Project:

- The Project Applicant shall contribute appropriate Development Impact Fees pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 659.
- The Project Applicant shall contribute appropriate Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 824.

5.1.19 Tribal Cultural Resources

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis			
39. Tribal Cultural Resources Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, or cultural landscape that is geographically defines in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:								
a.	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical resources or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or;							
b.	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1? (In applying for the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.)							

- a) Would the proposed Project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defines in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical resources or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k)?
- b) Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defines in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is a resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1. In applying for the criteria set forth in (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe?

EIR No. 466 Finding: Assembly Bill 52 (AB 52) was signed into law in 2014 and added the above-listed thresholds to Appendix G of the CEQA Guidelines. Thus, at the time EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, AB

52 was not in place and EIR No. 466 did not evaluate these thresholds. Notwithstanding, EIR No. 466 included an extensive analysis of potential impacts to cultural resources. As previously indicated herein in subsection 5.1.5, 15 archaeological sites were identified within the MFBCSP boundaries, none of which were determined to be significant pursuant to CEQA. Additionally, EIR No. 466 found that prehistoric resources may be identified in buried context and impacted during buildout of the MFBCSP. This was disclosed as a potentially significant impact, which would be reduced to less-than-significant levels with the incorporation of mitigation measures. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-134 through IV-137)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The above-listed thresholds were added to Appendix G to the CEQA Guidelines pursuant to AB 52. As noted above, AB 52 was signed into law in 2014 while EIR No. 466 was certified on August 23, 2005. AB 52 requires tribal consultation for certain development projects and applies only to projects that have a notice of preparation or notice of negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration filed on or after July 1, 2015. As demonstrated by the analysis herein, the proposed Project is fully within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466, and the Project would not trigger any of the conditions described in § 15162 of the CEQA Guidelines calling for the preparation of a subsequent EIR. As such, an Addendum to EIR No. 466 has been prepared for the Project pursuant to § 15164 of the CEQA Guidelines, and the Project would not require a notice of preparation or notice of negative declaration or mitigated negative declaration. Therefore, the provisions of AB 52 are not applicable to the Project.

Although AB 52 is not applicable to the proposed Project, the Project would not result in significant impacts to tribal cultural resources. Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, properties within the MFBCSP area, including the Project site, were prepared for development as part of the "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8) with construction of roadways, infrastructure and rough grading of building pads. Thus, it is unlikely that any tribal cultural resources occur within the Project site. Notwithstanding, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, in the unlikely circumstance that archaeological resources are encountered during construction of the proposed Project, then Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 from EIR No. 466 would apply. Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 requires that if any historical, cultural, or archaeological resources are encountered, then all work in the area must cease until the resource can be evaluated by a qualified archaeologist and an appropriate method of treatment of the resource has been identified. Additionally, Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 3 requires monitoring of grading activities by a qualified archaeologist and a tribal monitor from the Pechanga Tribe, which would further ensure that any subsurface artifacts are appropriately treated. As such, and consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, the Project's impacts to tribal cultural resources would be less than significant with implementation of Mitigation Measures MM Cultural 1 and MM Cultural 3. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measures MM Cultural 1 and MM Cultural 2, identified above in subsection 5.1.5, shall apply.

5.1.20 Utilities and Service Systems

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	he project:				
40. W a.	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?				⊠
b.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years?				×

a) Would the proposed Project require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, or storm water drainage systems, whereby the construction or relocation would cause significant environmental effects?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that water and sewer lines already were constructed in the MFBCSP area in the early 1990s. EIR No. 466 noted that only minor connections within the MFBCSP site would be needed to provide potable water service to the site and that some additional sewer lines would be constructed within and adjacent to the MFBCSP boundaries to provide sewer service throughout the MFBCSP areas. Furthermore, the IS/NOP noted that the storm drain system to serve the MFBCSP was already constructed as part of Community Facilities District No. 88-8 improvements. The IS/NOP found that these facilities were sized to handle the storm water requirements of ultimate build out within the MFBCSP.

EIR No. 466 also indicated that the MFBCSP's demand for potable water would be 0.236 million gallons per day (mgd), which represented 2.4% of the Perris Water Filtration Plant's capacity. EIR No. 466 disclosed that this percentage is not considered significant, and therefore concluded the MFBCSP would not result in or require significant upgrades to existing water treatment facilities.

Additionally, EIR No. 466 indicated that wastewater from the MFBCSP site would be treated at EMWD's Perris Valley Regional Water Reclamation Facility (PVRWRF) located in the City of Perris. The MFBCSP was estimated by EIR No. 466 to generate 0.5525 mgd of wastewater upon buildout. EIR No. 466 found that this amounted to 5.0% of the PVRWRF's capacity at the time, and only 0.55% of its planned capacity. EIR No. 466 found that although the total amount of wastewater generated by the MFBCSP would be well

within the capacity of the PVRWRF by the time that development of the MFBCSP was projected to be completed, there was still the potential that prior to the expansion of the facility's capacity at the end of 2010 that EMWD would be required to reduce the wastewater diversions from elsewhere within the District to the PVRWRF. However, EIR No. 466 found that because EMWD's wastewater diversions are operational decisions, the amount that is diverted to the PVRWRF is variable. EIR No. 466 determined that there was sufficient capacity in EMWD's other wastewater treatment facilities to accommodate any additional wastewater flows sent to them whenever diversions from other parts of the District to the PVRWRF are reduced. Overall, EIR No. 466 found that the EMWD had sufficient capacity to treat all wastewater generated by the MFBCSP, both during interim phases and after full build out. Therefore, EIR No. 466 concluded that no significant impact upon EMWD's ability to treat wastewater would occur. EIR No. 466 further determined that because the expansion of the PVRWRF was already planned and scheduled by EMWD, in and of itself the wastewater generated by the MFBCSP would not require the construction of new or expanded wastewater treatment facilities, and impacts were disclosed as less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-233 and IV-234)

The IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 noted that storm water drainage within the MFBCSP would not require the expansion of existing County Flood Control facilities, nor require new facilities, and concluded that potential impacts related to the construction of storm water facilities would be considered less than significant. The IS/NOP indicated that water quality impacts associated with storm water would be addressed in the Hydrology/Water Quality section of EIR No. 466, although no discussion or analysis was conducted in EIR No. 466 related to the construction and need for storm water facilities. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 49)

As such, impacts due to the relocation or construction of water, wastewater treatment, and stormwater drainage systems were determined to be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-230)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, a system of water, sewer, and storm water drainage facilities were constructed within the MFBCSP area pursuant to CFD No 88-8 in the early 1990s. All water, wastewater, and drainage facilities needed to accommodate the Project are currently in place or would be installed on or within proximity to the Project site as part of site development, as described in detail in subsection 3.1.1.G. Impacts associated with the Project's water, sewer, and drainage facilities are inherent to the Project's construction phase and have been evaluated throughout this EIR Addendum accordingly. As demonstrated herein, the Project's construction-related impacts would be within the scope of analysis of EIR No. 466. There are no new or more severe impacts that would result from the Project's proposed water, sewer, and/or drainage infrastructure that have not already been evaluated herein.

As disclosed by EIR No. 466 and the WSA prepared for the MFBCSP (contained as Appendix F to EIR No. 466), buildout of the MFBCSP would result in a demand for 0.236 million gallons per day (mgd), or 264 acre feet per year (AF/yr), which EIR No. 466 noted represented only 2.4% of the capacity at the Perris Valley Water Filtration Plant. Based on the findings of the WSA, EIR No. 466 determined that this level of water demand was not considered significant, and concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP would not require significant upgrades to existing water treatment facilities. EIR No. 466 assumed that the MFBCSP

would be developed with approximately 6,215,500 s.f. of industrial uses on approximately 279.23 acres (excluding major roads), for an overall FAR of approximately 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). The Project Applicant proposes to develop the 18.2-acre Building 20 site with up to 426,821 s.f. of light industrial uses and a detention basin on 2.5 acres, resulting in an overall FAR of 0.47 (426,821 s.f. ÷ 901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] = 0.47). Thus, the Project would result in a substantial decrease in the amount of building area on site (i.e., a reduction of approximately 33,933 s.f. of building area), and therefore would result in a substantial reduction in the site's demand for water as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Accordingly, adequate capacity exists at the Perris Valley Water Filtration Plant to serve the Project's projected demand and construction of additional water treatment facilities would not be required.

Consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, wastewater generated by the proposed Project would be treated at the PVRWRF. At the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the PVRWRF had a capacity of 11 million gallons per day (gpd) (Webb, 2005, p. IV-225). However, according to current information available from the EMWD, the PVRWRF has a current capacity of 22 million gallons per day (gpd), and receives typical daily flows of 13.8 million gpd. The ultimate planned capacity at the PVRWRF is 100 million gpd. (EMWD, 2016b) Although the capacity and daily flows at the PVRWRF have changed since 2005, such changes have resulted in an increase in overall capacity as compared to what was identified by EIR No. 466; thus, such changes would not result in any new or more severe environmental effects beyond what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Additionally, the Project's daily wastewater generation would represent a smaller percentage of the daily capacity at the PVRWRF as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466, due to the increased capacity at the PVRWRF as well as the reduction in building intensity proposed for the site as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466 (as discussed above). According to information available from the EMWD, industrial uses generate approximately 1,700 gpd/acre of wastewater. Thus, at buildout the Building 20 site would generate approximately 36,261 gpd of wastewater (18.2 acres x 1,700 gpd/acre = 30,940 gpd). (EMWD, 2006, Table 1) The Project's daily generation of wastewater represents 0.4% of the available daily capacity at the PVRWRF. With buildout of the Project, the remaining daily capacity at the PVRWRF still would be 8.2 million gpd. Accordingly, adequate capacity exists at the PVRWRF to serve the Project's projected demand and construction of additional wastewater treatment facilities would not be required.

Based on the foregoing analysis, and consistent with the conclusions reached by EIR No. 466, the Project would not require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could result in significant environmental effects. Impacts associated with the construction of site improvements related to water, wastewater treatment, and storm water drainage have been evaluated throughout this EIR Addendum, which concludes that impacts would be less than significant or would be reduced to less-than-significant levels with implementation of mitigation measures or standards regulatory requirements. There are no components of the proposed Project's water, wastewater, or storm water drainage connections that would result in environmental effects not already addressed herein. Accordingly, impacts due to construction of water, waste water treatment, and stormwater drainage facilities would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not

already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable development during normal, dry, and multiple dry years?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The Water Supply Assessment (WSA) prepared for EIR No. 466 (see Appendix F to EIR No. 466), EMWD determined that the water demand for the MFBCSP is estimated to be 264.4 acrefeet per year (AF/yr) or 0.236 mgd at build-out. EIR No. 466 indicated that the total demand for MFBCSP as set forth in the water supply assessment was within the limits of projected demand in the then-current Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) and EMWD indicated that the MFBCSP would be included in the update to the UWMP in 2005. Therefore, EIR No. 466 concluded that based on the water supply assessment prepared for the project by EMWD, the MFBCSP would have less-than-significant impacts to water supplies. (Webb, 2005, p. IV-233)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As disclosed by EIR No. 466 and the WSA prepared for the MFBCSP (contained as Appendix F to EIR No. 466), buildout of the MFBCSP would result in a demand for 0.236 million gallons per day (mgd), or 264 acre-feet per year (AF/yr), which EIR No. 466 noted represented only 2.4% of the capacity at the Perris Valley Water Filtration Plant. Based on the findings of the WSA, EIR No. 466 determined that this level of water demand was not considered significant, and concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP would not require significant upgrades to existing water treatment facilities. EIR No. 466 assumed that the MFBCSP would be developed with up to 6,215,500 s.f. of industrial uses on approximately 279.23 acres (excluding major roads), for an overall FAR of approximately 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. \div 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). The Project Applicant proposes to develop the 18.2-acre Building 20 site with a total of 426,821 s.f. of light industrial uses and a 2.5-acre site with a detention/bioretention basin, resulting in an overall FAR of 0.47 (426,821 s.f. \div 901,692 s.f. [20.7 acres] = 0.47). Thus, the Project would result in a substantial decrease in the amount of building area on site and associated demand for water as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466.

Moreover, since EIR No. 466 was certified in 2005, there have been a number of regulations and requirements implemented to reduce water demands associated with new developments. Specifically, Riverside County Ordinance No. 859 establishes provisions for water management practices and water waste prevention and creates a structure for planning, designing, installing, maintaining, and managing water-efficient landscapes in new and rehabilitated projects. Adopted to implement the requirements of the 2006 California Water Conservation in Landscaping Act and California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 23, Division 2, Chapter 2.7, Ordinance No. 859 generally requires new development landscaping to not exceed a maximum water demand of 70% (or lower as may be required by state legislation). Additionally, future development on site would be subject to compliance with the 2016 California Green Building Standards Code (GBSC), which imposes a series of regulations to reduce water consumption both within buildings and in landscaping areas outside of buildings. Mandatory compliance with applicable regulations adopted since 2005 would ensure that the Project's water consumption would be less than was evaluated in EIR No. 466.

Furthermore, the Project site is located within the service area of the EMWD. The EMWD has prepared an Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) dated June 2016, which provides an updated and detailed account of current and projected EMWD water supplies and demands under a variety of climactic conditions, and demonstrates that the EMWD would be able to meet its long-term commitments to supply potable water to existing and planned developments. The supply and demand projections in the UWMP are based on buildout of the Riverside County General Plan and the general plans of cities within EMWD's service area (EMWD, 2016a, p. 4-1). As noted previously, the Project site is designated by the General Plan, MVAP, and MFBCSP for light industrial land uses. The proposed Project is fully consistent with the site's underlying General Plan and MFBCSP land use designations, and would result in less building area than was assumed by EIR No. 466. Thus, the Project is fully consistent with the assumptions made by the UWMP, which concluded that EMWD would have adequate supplies to meet existing and projected demands from existing and planned resources during normal, dry, and multiple dry-year conditions.

Based on the foregoing, because the Project is consistent with the General Plan, MVAP, and MFBCSP, the Project would be within the demand projections of the EMWD's UWMP, which demonstrates the EMWD's ability to provide water service within its district during various climactic conditions; thus, the EMWD would have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, and no new or expanded resources would be required to serve the proposed Project. Accordingly, impacts to water supply would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would t	the project:				
41. Se a.	wer Require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects?				×
b.	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				×

a) Would the proposed Project require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that sewer lines were constructed on the MFBCSP site by Community Facilities District No. 88-8 in the early 1990's. EIR No. 466 noted some additional sewer lines would be constructed within and adjacent to the MFBCSP boundaries to provide sewer service throughout the MFBCSP areas. Additionally, EIR No. 466 indicated that wastewater from the MFBCSP site would be treated at EMWD's PVRWRF located in the City of Perris. The MFBCSP was estimated by EIR No. 466 to generate 0.5525 mgd of wastewater upon buildout. EIR No. 466 found that this amounted to 5,0% of the PVRWRF's capacity at the time, and only 0.55% of its planned capacity. EIR No. 466 found that although the total amount of wastewater generated by the MFBCSP would be well within the capacity of the PVRWRF by the time that development of the MFBCSP was projected to be completed, there was still the potential that prior to the expansion of the facility's capacity at the end of 2010 that EMWD would be required to reduce the wastewater diversions from elsewhere within the District to the PVRWRF. However, EIR No. 466 found that because EMWD's wastewater diversions are operational decisions, the amount that is diverted to the PVRWRF is variable. EIR No. 466 determined that there was sufficient capacity in EMWD's other wastewater treatment facilities to accommodate any additional wastewater flows sent to them whenever diversions from other parts of the District to the PVRWRF are reduced. Overall, EIR No. 466 found that the EMWD had sufficient capacity to treat all wastewater generated by the MFBCSP, both during interim phases and after full build out. Therefore, EIR No. 466 concluded that no significant impact upon EMWD's ability to treat wastewater would occur. EIR No. 466 further determined that because the expansion of the PVRWRF was already planned and scheduled by EMWD, in and of itself the wastewater generated by the MFBCSP would not require the construction of new or expanded wastewater treatment facilities, and impacts were disclosed as less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-233 and IV-234)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project entails the buildout of a portion of MFBCSP Planning Area 5 with up to 391,045 s.f. of high-cube transload short-term warehouse uses. Land uses proposed by the Project Applicant are consistent with the MFBCSP and the land uses anticipated for the Project site by EIR No. 466. As discussed in subsection 3.1.1, the Project Applicant proposes sewer lines on site and within the proposed east-west access road, which would extend east within Nance Street towards an existing 12-inch sewer line located near the existing railroad tracks and I-215. The installation of sewer lines on and off site as proposed by the Project Applicant would result in physical impacts to the surface and subsurface of infrastructure alignments. However, the Project's proposed sewer plan is consistent with the MFBCSP Section III.5, Conceptual Water and Sewer Plans, which indicates that future buildings within the MFBCSP would connect to the existing sewer infrastructure constructed as part of CFD No. 88-8 in the early 1980s. Additionally, impacts related to the Project's proposed sewer connections are considered to be part of the Project's construction phase and are evaluated throughout this Addendum to EIR No. 466 accordingly. The construction of water lines as necessary to serve the proposed Project would not result in any significant physical effects on the environment that are not already identified and disclosed as part of this Addendum. As such, impacts would be less than significant.

Consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, wastewater generated by the proposed Project would be treated at the PVRWRF. At the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the PVRWRF had a capacity of 11 million gallons per day (gpd) (Webb, 2005, p. IV-225). However, according to current information available from the EMWD the PVRWRF was since upgraded. The PVRWRF has a current capacity of 22 million gallons per day (gpd), and receives typical daily flows of 13.8 million gpd. The ultimate planned capacity at the PVRWRF is 100 million gpd. (EMWD, 2016b) Although the capacity and daily flows at the PVRWRF have changed since 2005, such changes have resulted in an increase in overall capacity as compared to what was identified by EIR No. 466; thus, such changes would not result in any new or more severe environmental effects beyond what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Additionally, the Project's daily wastewater generation would represent a smaller percentage of the daily capacity at the PVRWRF as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466, due to the increased capacity at the PVRWRF as well as the reduction in building intensity proposed for the site as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466 (as discussed above). According to information available from the EMWD, industrial uses generate approximately 1,700 gpd/acre of wastewater. Thus, at buildout the Project would generate approximately 30,940 gpd (18.2 acres x 1,700 gpd/acre = 30,940 gpd). (EMWD, 2006, Table 1) Because the Project would develop the same acreage as assumed for the Building site by EIR No. 466, and because the detention basin site would be permanently developed with detention/bio-retention uses, the Project would result in a reduced amount of wastewater generation as was assumed by EIR No. 466, based on EMWD's wastewater generation factor. The Project's daily generation of wastewater represents 0.4% of the current available daily capacity at the PVRWRF. With buildout of the Project, the remaining daily capacity at the PVRWRF still would be 8.2 million gpd. Accordingly, and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, adequate capacity exists at the PVRWRF still to serve the Project's projected demand in addition to the EMWD's existing commitments.

Based on the foregoing analysis and consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, the Project would not require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects, and impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Would the proposed Project result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 disclosed that wastewater from the MFBCSP area would be treated at EMWD's PVRWRF located in the City of Perris. EIR No. 466 noted that according to EMWD, the MFBCSP was expected to generate 0.5525 mgd of wastewater. EIR No. 466 determined that the wastewater generated by the MFBCSP when added to the current daily amount of wastewater treated at the PVRWRF equaled approximately 8.2525 mgd, which would be well below the facility capacity at the time of 11 mgd and well below the ultimate facility capacity which is planned to be 100 mgd. Overall, EIR No. 466 found that EMWD had sufficient capacity to treat all wastewater generated by the MFBCSP, both during interim development phases and after full buildout. EIR No. 466 concluded that this amount of wastewater was

not a considered significant demand on EMWD's then-existing commitments to treat wastewater, and that impacts would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-233 and IV-234)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As indicated above under the discussion of Threshold a), wastewater generated by the proposed Project would be treated at the PVRWRF, as assumed by EIR No. 466. At the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the PVRWRF had a capacity of 11 million gallons per day (gpd) (Webb, 2005, p. IV-225). However, according to current information available from the EMWD the PVRWRF was since upgraded. The PVRWRF has a current capacity of 22 million gallons per day (gpd), and receives typical daily flows of 13.8 million gpd. The ultimate planned capacity at the PVRWRF is 100 million gpd. (EMWD, 2016b) Although the capacity and daily flows at the PVRWRF have changed since 2005, such changes have resulted in an increase in overall capacity as compared to what was identified by EIR No. 466; thus, such changes would not result in any new or more severe environmental effects beyond what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Additionally, the Project's daily wastewater generation would represent a smaller percentage of the daily capacity at the PVRWRF as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466, due to the increased capacity at the PVRWRF as well as the reduction in building intensity proposed for the site as compared to what was assumed by EIR No. 466 (as discussed above). According to information available from the EMWD, industrial uses generate approximately 1,700 gpd/acre of wastewater. Thus, at buildout the Project would generate approximately 30,940 gpd (18.2 acres x 1,700 gpd/acre = 30,940 gpd). (EMWD, 2006, Table 1) Because the Project would develop the same acreage as assumed for the Building site by EIR No. 466, and because the detention basin site would be permanently developed with detention/bio-retention uses, the Project would result in a reduced amount of wastewater generation as was assumed by EIR No. 466, based on EMWD's wastewater generation factor. The Project's daily generation of wastewater represents 0.4% of the available daily capacity at the PVRWRF. With buildout of the Project, the remaining daily capacity at the PVRWRF still would be 8.2 million gpd. Accordingly, adequate capacity exists at the PVRWRF to serve the Project's projected demand in addition to the EMWD's existing commitments and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
Would the project: 42. Solid Waste				
 a. Generate solid waste in excess of State or Local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals? 		⊠		

		New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
b.	Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan)?				×

c) Would the proposed Project generate solid waste in excess of State or Local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 found that given the limited contribution of construction-related solid waste anticipated to be generated by the MFBCSP over its estimated five-year construction period (approximately 0.033 to 0.039 percent of the annual landfill capacity), development of the MFBCSP would not substantially contribute to the exceedance of the permitted capacity of the designated landfills. Additionally, EIR No. 466 noted that considering the MFBCSP's participation in the source reduction programs required by the County, the solid waste stream generated by construction of the MFBCSP would be reduced over time. As such, EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts would be less than significant. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-234 and IV-235)

With respect to operational-related landfill impacts, EIR No. 466 found that the majority of the waste generated (35-40% for warehousing and retail operations) was expected to be paper products that can be recycled. Additionally, EIR No. 466 noted that the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) indicates that 51 percent of the overall waste stream for unincorporated portions of Riverside County was diverted away from landfills. Therefore, EIR No. 466 found that the MFBCSP's anticipated solid waste disposal totals would comprise approximately 49 percent of the total solid waste that would be generated by the MFBCSP. EIR No. 466 further indicated that the remaining 51 percent of the solid waste (approximately 12,608.5 to 16,764.4 tons per year) generated by the MFBCSP would consists of recycled material and green waste. EIR No. 466 determined that given the limited contribution of solid waste anticipated to be generated by the MFBCSP (approximately 0.195 to 0.259 percent of the annual landfill capacity), development of the MFBCSP would not substantially contribute to the exceedance of the permitted capacity of the designated landfills. Also, EIR No. 466 indicated that considering the MFBCSP's mandatory participation in the source reduction programs required by the County, the solid waste stream generated by the MFBCSP may be reduced over time. EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts to landfills would be below the level of significance. EIR No. 466 also determined that compliance with the Riverside County Integrated Waste Management Plan (CIWMP) would further reduce impacts to landfills. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-236 and IV-237)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The MFBCSP allows for development with up to 6,215,500 s.f. of industrial uses on approximately 279.23 acres (excluding major roads), for an overall FAR of approximately 0.51 (6,215,500 s.f. ÷ 12,163,258.8 s.f. [279.23 acres] = 0.51). The Project Applicant proposes to develop the 18.2-acre Building 20 site with a total of 426,821 s.f. of light industrial uses and a detention/bio-retention basin on 2.5 acres, resulting in an overall FAR of 0.47 (426,821 s.f. ÷ 901,962 s.f. [20.7 acres] = 0.47). According to EIR No. 521, which was prepared for the County's 2015 General Plan Update, industrial uses generate approximately 10.8 tons of solid waste per year for each 1,000 s.f. of building area. Thus, because the Project Applicant proposes less building area than assumed by EIR No. 466, the Project would generate less solid waste as compared to the project evaluated by EIR No. 466. Based on the square footage of the proposed building, the Project would generate approximately 4,610 tons per year (tpy) of solid waste (426,821 s.f. x 10.8 tons/1,000 s.f. = 4,610 tpy), or approximately 12.6 tons per day (tpd). (Riverside County, 2015, Table 4.17-N)

Solid waste generated by the Project ultimately would be disposed of at the El Sobrante Landfill, Lamb Canyon Landfill, and/or Badlands Landfill. Table 5-25, Permitted and Remaining Capacity of Project-Related Landfills, depicts the maximum daily capacity and total remaining capacity for these landfills. As shown, the 12.6 tpd that would be generated by the Project would represent 0.08% of the daily capacity of the El Sobrante Landfill, 0.25% of the daily capacity at the Lamb Canyon Landfill, and 0.26% of the daily capacity at the Badlands Landfill. Because the Project would generate a relatively small amount of solid waste per day as compared to the permitted daily capacities for the El Sobrante Landfill, Lamb Canyon Landfill, and Badlands Landfill, it is anticipated that these regional facilities would have sufficient daily capacity to accept solid waste generated by the Project. As such, the Project's impacts due to solid waste would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Table 5-25 Permitted and Remaining Capacity of Project-Related Landfills

Landfill	Maximum Daily Capacity (Tons/Day)	Permitted Capacity (Cubic Yards)	Remaining Capacity (Cubic Yards)
El Sobrante	16,054	184,930,000	145,530,000 ¹
Lamb Canyon	5,000	38,935,653	19,242,950 ²
Badlands	4,800	34,400,000	15,748,799 ³
Totals:	25,854	258,265,653	180,521,749

- 1. Remaining capacity as of April 6, 2009, which is the most recent information reported by CalRecycle.
- 2. Remaining capacity as of January 8, 2015, which is the most recent information reported by CalRecycle.
- 3. Remaining capacity as of January 1, 2015, which is the most recent information reported by CalRecycle. (CalRecycle, 2020)

c) Does the proposed Project comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP (County Integrated Waste Management Plan)?

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 did not identify any impacts due to a conflict with federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As with the project evaluated in EIR No. 466, the Project would be required to comply with County waste reduction programs pursuant to the State's Integrated Waste Management Act (IWMA) and the Riverside County CIWMP. Project-generated solid waste would be conveyed to the El Sobrante Landfill, Lamb Canyon Landfill, and/or Badlands Landfill. These landfills are required to comply with federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste. Mandatory compliance with federal, State, and local statues also would reduce the amount of solid waste generated by the proposed Project and diverted to landfills, which in turn will aid in the extension of the life of the El Sobrante Landfill, Lamb Canyon Landfill, and Badlands Landfill.

In order to assist the County of Riverside in achieving the mandated goals of the IWMA, the Project Applicant would be required to work with future refuse haulers to develop and implement feasible waste reduction programs, including source reduction, recycling, and composting. Additionally, in accordance with the California Solid Waste Reuse Act of 1991 (Cal Pub Res. Code § 42911), which also was in effect when EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project would provide adequate areas for collecting and loading of recyclable materials where solid waste is collected. The collection areas are required to be shown on construction drawings and be in place before occupancy permits are issued. Additionally, the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources (DWR) requires development projects to prepare a Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) that identifies the materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, wood, etc.) that would be generated by construction and development; the projected amounts; the measures/methods that would be taken to recycle, reuse, and/or reduce the amount of materials; the facilities and/or haulers that would be utilized; and the amount of solid waste generated by the Project. Mandatory compliance with the WRP would aid in the extension of the life of affected disposal sites. As such, the Project would comply with the mandates of applicable solid waste statues and regulations.

Based on the foregoing analysis, the Project would comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid wastes including the CIWMP and would not result in any related impacts. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
43. Utilities Would the project impact the following facilities requi	ring or resulting	s in the const	ruction of new f	acilities or the
expansion of existing facilities; the construction of which	-	-		
a. Electricity?				×
b. Natural gas?				×
c. Communications systems?				×
d. Storm water drainage?				×
e. Street lighting?				\boxtimes
f. Maintenance of public facilities, including roofs?				×
g. Other governmental services?				×

- a) Would the project impact the following facilities requiring or resulting in the construction of new facilities or the expansion of existing facilities; the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?
 - 1) Electricity
 - 2) Natural Gas?
 - 3) Communication Systems?
 - 4) Street Lighting?
 - 5) Maintenance of Public Facilities?
 - 6) Other Governmental Services?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 made the following findings with respect to Utilities and Service Systems:

- Electricity. The IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP would use existing electricity service provided by Southern California Edison. The IS/NOP noted that extensions would have to be made to the proposed structures within the MFBCSP. Since service already existed for the MFBCSP site, the IS/NOP concluded that the provision of extending electricity service to the MFBCSP site would be considered a less-than-significant impact and this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 49)
- Natural Gas. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP would use existing natural gas service provided by Southern California Gas Company, and that extensions would have to be made to the proposed

MFBCSP structures. Because service existed within the MFBCSP site, the IS/NOP concluded that extending natural gas service to individual developments be considered a less-than-significant impact. As such, this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 49)

- <u>Communication Systems</u>. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP would use existing communications service provided by Pacific Bell. The IS/NOP indicated that extensions would have to be made to the individual structures within the MFBCSP. However, since service existed within the project area, the IS/NOP concluded that extending communications service to developments within the MFBCSP would be considered a less-than-significant impact. As such, this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 49)
- Street Lighting. The IS/NOP indicated that the MFBCSP would require new street lighting along the site's frontage and along internal streets. However, the IS/NOP noted that the amount of new street lighting construction needed would be considered environmentally insignificant. Therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that street lighting construction for the MFBCSP would be a less-than-significant impact and therefore this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. The IS/NOP did, however, indicate that light and glare issues and potential impacts upon the Mt. Palomar Observatory resulting from the street lights would be addressed in the Aesthetics section of EIR No. 466 (as discussed above in subsection 5.1.1). (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 49)
- Maintenance of Public Facilities. Although the IS/NOP indicated that impacts resulting in the need for increased road maintenance from increased traffic would be potentially significant and would be evaluated in EIR No. 466 under the analysis of transportation and traffic, the introductory paragraph in the Transportation/Traffic section of EIR No. 466 erroneously indicated that the IS/NOP determined that impacts associated with maintenance of roads would be less than significant. As such, this issue was not evaluated in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 49 and 50; Webb, 2005, p. IV-177)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the project evaluated in EIR No. 466 and its associated IS/NOP, implementation of the proposed Project would require the construction of numerous facilities as necessary to provide services to the site, including electrical facilities, natural gas lines, communication systems (telephone/cable), and street lighting. Consistent with the conditions that existed when EIR No. 466 was certified, all facilities needed to serve the Project are available in the immediate area, and the Project would implement improvements on site that would connect to existing facilities available within or adjacent to the Project site. Although the telecommunication provider in the local area is now Time Warner Cable, the Project would be served by the same telecommunications facilities as was assumed by EIR No. 466; thus, the change in service provider does not constitute new information of substantial importance, as no increased physical impacts to the environment would occur beyond what was assumed by EIR No. 466. Impacts associated with the construction of facilities needed to serve the proposed Project are the same as was evaluated by EIR No. 466, and such improvements are inherent to the Project's construction phase and have been evaluated throughout this EIR Addendum accordingly. As concluded herein, the Project's construction-related impacts would be less than significant or could be mitigated to less-than-significant levels with standard regulatory compliance and

implementation of the mitigation measures identified by EIR No. 466. There are no components of the proposed Project or its demand for utility services that could result in significant environmental effects not otherwise addressed herein. In addition, although the Project would generate traffic that would result in the need for increased roadway maintenance in the local area, it is expected that any such increase in road maintenance costs would be off-set by property taxes generated by the Project. As such, the increased road maintenance would not affect the County's ability to fund existing programs established to protect the environment. Additionally, there would be no discernable environmental impacts associated with such increased need for maintenance. Accordingly, impacts due to the construction and expansion of utilities as needed to serve the Project and increased roadway maintenance would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

Project Requirements and EIR No. 466 Mitigation Compliance

EIR No. 466 identified several mitigation measures to address impacts to utilities and service systems. These measures, which are listed below, would continue to apply to the proposed Project and would be enforced as part of the Project's conditions of approval. Mitigation Measure MM Utilities 1 has been revised to reflect the change in name from the "Waste Management Department" to the "Department of Waste Resources."

MM Utilities 1: The applicant shall submit a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Waste Management-Department of Waste Resources (DWR) for each implementing development. The plans are required to conform to the Waste Management Department's DWR's Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas.

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant is required to construct the recyclables collection and loading area in compliance with the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan, as approved and stamped by the Riverside County Waste Management Department DWR, and verified by the Riverside County Building and Safety Department through site inspection.

- MM Utilities 2: In addition to solid waste dumpsters, the project development will include recycling containers for aluminum cans, glass, plastics, paper and cardboard.
- **MM Utilities 3**: The project development will recycle construction and demolition (C&D) waste generated during construction activities.
- MM Utilities 4: The property owner shall require landscaping contractors to practice grass recycling and/or grass composting to reduce the amounts of grass material in the waste stream.
- MM Utilities 5: The property owner shall require landscaping contractors to use mulch and/or compost for the development and maintenance of project site landscaped areas.

5.1.21 Wildfire New Ability to No New More Substantially Substantial **Significant** Reduce Severe Change from **Impact Impacts** Significant Previous Impact Analysis 44. Wildfire Impacts If located in or near a State Responsibility Area ("SRA"), lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zone, or other hazardous fire areas that may be designated by the Fire Chief, would the project: Substantially impair an adopted emergency \boxtimes response plan or emergency evacuation plan? b. Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant \boxtimes concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire? Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines \boxtimes or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment? Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding \boxtimes or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes? Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?

a) Would the proposed Project substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP would not impair the implementation of, or physically interfere with, an emergency response plan and/or emergency evacuation plan. The IS/NOP noted that the MFBCSP would include adequate access for emergency response vehicles and personnel, as developed in consultation with County Fire personnel, and that the MFBCSP site is bounded on the north and south by freeway on-ramps. The IS/NOP concluded that no impacts would occur, and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, p. 24)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the findings of the IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466, the Project would include adequate access for emergency response vehicles and personnel. Additionally, the Project site does not contain any emergency facilities nor does it serve as an emergency evacuation route. Furthermore, the Project would not result in a substantial alteration to the design or capacity of any existing public road that would impair or interfere with the implementation of evacuation procedures. Because the Project would not interfere with an adopted emergency response or evacuation plan, no impact would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, would the Project exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?

EIR No. 466 Finding: This threshold question was added to Appendix G to the CEQA Guidelines as part of the December 2018 update to the CEQA Guidelines. Although this issue was not specifically addressed in detail in EIR No. 466, EIR No. 466 nonetheless contained enough information about the MFBCSP's potential impacts associated with wildfires that that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential effect on wildfire risks and associated pollutants was readily available to the public.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project site is located within a developed portion of Riverside County. Land uses surrounding the Project site include existing and planned light industrial lands to the north, east, and southeast of the Project site, with residential uses occurring to the west and south of the Staging Area site. Undeveloped lands surrounding the Project site are routinely subject to discing for fire abatement purposes (Google Earth, 2018). Additionally, the Project site is completely surrounded by improved roadways. Moreover, the Project area is not subject to wildfire hazards. The nearest area subject to wildland fire hazards occurs approximately 1.2 miles south of the Project site. (Riverside County, 2018, Figure 12) Additionally, the areas surrounding the Project site do not contain any steep slopes, and manufactured slopes proposed by the Project Applicant would be landscaped and irrigated, thereby precluding the potential for wildfire hazards. As such, the Project would not result in any components that could exacerbate wildfire risks, and the Project would not expose Project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire. Impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

c) Would the Project require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?

EIR No. 466 Finding: This threshold question was added to Appendix G to the CEQA Guidelines as part of the December 2018 update to the CEQA Guidelines. Although this issue was not specifically addressed in EIR No. 466, EIR No. 466 indicated that the MFBCSP would not involve infrastructure that could exacerbate

fire risks or infrastructure that could result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment, including fuel breaks.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project site is not identified as being susceptible to wildfires. The nearest area subject to wildland fire hazards occurs approximately 1.2 miles south of the Project site (Riverside County, 2018, Figure 12). As such, the Project would not require fuel breaks or emergency water sources that could have temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment. All utility connections required of the Project are available in the immediate area, and there are no components of the Project's utility connections that could result in or exacerbate fire hazards. As such, impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

d) Would the Project expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?

EIR No. 466 Finding: This threshold question was added to Appendix G to the CEQA Guidelines as part of the December 2018 update to the CEQA Guidelines. Although this issue was not specifically addressed in EIR No. 466, EIR No. 466 nonetheless contained enough information about potential flooding and landslide risks that with the exercise of reasonable diligence, information about the MFBCSP's potential risks associated with wildfire hazards, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, postfire slope instability, or drainage changes, was readily available to the public. Specifically, EIR No. 466 Section IV, Public Services, disclosed that the MFBCSP was not within an area susceptible to wildfire hazards, thereby indicating that buildout of the MFBCSP area also would result in fire-related hazards, such as fire-related downstream flooding, landslides, slope instability, or drainage changes (Webb, 2005, p. IV-174). Additionally, EIR No. 466 Section IV, Hydrology and Water Quality, disclosed that the MFBCSP area is not subject to flood hazards, and also included a discussion demonstrating that runoff from the MFBCSP site would be controlled by existing and planned drainage facilities in order to preclude substantial on- and off-site soil erosion, downstream flooding, and downstream landslides (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-139 through IV-151). Moreover, and consistent with existing conditions, the MFBCSP area does not contain and is not surrounded by areas of steep slopes that could be subject to landslides as a result of fire activity (Webb, 2005, p. IV-27). As such, the information provided in EIR No. 466 was sufficient to demonstrate that the MFBCSP would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project site is not identified as being susceptible to wildfires. The nearest area subject to wildland fire hazards occurs approximately 1.2 miles south of the Project site. (Riverside County, 2018, Figure 12) Additionally, the Project site occurs in a portion of Riverside County that does not contain prominent hill forms or other topographic features that could subject the Project site or surrounding areas to risks associated with flooding or landslides caused by wildfires. There are no components of the Project that could contribute to or cause significant risks to people or structures as a result of fire-related flooding or landslides resulting from runoff, post-fire slope

instability, or drainage changes. Impacts would be less than significant. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

e) Would the proposed Project expose people or structures either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?

EIR No. 466 Finding: The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that the MFBCSP site was not located within a designated hazardous fire area. The IS/NOP disclosed that the MFBCSP site was bounded on the east by Interstate 215 freeway, residential development to the south and west, and the MARB Wastewater Treatment Plant and the Riverside National Cemetery to the north. The IS/NOP noted that in the event of a fire, these properties do not present a significant wildland fire threat to the MFBCSP site; therefore, the IS/NOP concluded that risks associated with hazardous fire areas would be less than significant and this issue was not addressed in EIR No. 466. (Webb, 2005, Appendix A, pp. 25 and 26)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Consistent with the conditions that existed at the time EIR No. 466 was certified, the Project site is not identified as being susceptible to wildfires. The nearest area subject to wildland fire hazards occurs approximately 1.2 miles south of the Project site. (Riverside County, 2018, Figure 12) Additionally, the Project site is located adjacent to land uses that do not pose a high fire risk, including rural residential uses and undeveloped lands that are routinely disced for fire abatement purposes to the west; undeveloped lands that are routinely disced and existing light industrial uses to the north and east; and undeveloped lands that are routinely disced and existing rural residential uses to the south (Google Earth, 2018). All undeveloped lands surrounding the Project site also are planned for future development with light industrial land uses. As such, the Project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires and impacts would be less than significant. Based on the foregoing analysis, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.1.22 Mandatory Findings of Significance

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
45. Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self- sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important				×

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 evaluated potential impacts to biological resources, historical resources, and prehistorical resources within subsections IV.B.4 (Biological Resources) and IV.B.5 (Cultural Resources). As summarized under the analysis of biological resources in subsection 5.1.4 of this EIR Addendum, impacts to sensitive plant and animal species, including the paniculate tarplant, Stephens' kangaroo rat, burrowing owl, and other sensitive species were determined by EIR No. 466 to be less than significant with the implementation of mitigation measures included in EIR No. 466. Thus, with mitigation, EIR No. 466 concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP would not substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self- sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, or substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal species. Additionally, and as summarized in subsection 5.1.5 of this EIR Addendum, EIR No. 466 concluded that buildout of the MFBCSP would not adversely affect any historical resources as defined in Section 15064.5 of the California Code of Regulations, and concluded that implementation of the MFBCSP would not result in significant impacts to any previously-identified prehistoric resources. Additionally, while EIR No. 466 identified a potentially significant impact associated with the site's potential to contain previously-undiscovered subsurface archaeological resources, EIR No. 466 included Mitigation Measures MM Cultural 1 through MM Cultural 3, which EIR No. 466 concluded would reduce potential impacts to archaeological resources to less-than-significant levels. Thus, with mitigation, EIR No. 466 concluded that implementation of the MFBCSP would not eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory. (Webb, 2005, Subsections IV.B.4 and IV.B.5)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: As indicated throughout the analysis in this EIR Addendum, assuming incorporation of the mitigation measures specified in EIR No. 466 (as modified/supplemented herein), implementation of the proposed Project would not substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habit of fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, or reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
46. Does the project have impacts which are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, other current projects and probable future projects)?				×

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 included an analysis of potential cumulatively-considerable impacts throughout subsections IV.B (Environmental Impact Analysis) and IV.E.1 (Cumulative Impact Analysis). A summary of the impacts identified by EIR No. 466, including cumulatively-considerable impacts, is provided throughout Subsection 5.1 of this EIR Addendum. As indicated by EIR No. 466 and summarized herein, EIR No. 466 determined that cumulatively-considerable impacts would be less than significant, with exception of cumulatively-considerable impacts to air quality (due to emissions of ROG, NO_X, CO, and PM₁₀), noise (traffic-related noise impacts), and traffic (level of service delays), which EIR No. 466 disclosed would be significant and unavoidable even with the implementation of mitigation measures. (Webb, 2005, pp. IV-277 through IV-293)

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: Cumulative effects that would result from implementation of the Project have been evaluated throughout this EIR Addendum, which concludes that such impacts would not occur, would be less than significant, or would be reduced to the maximum feasible extent with implementation of the mitigation measures specified by EIR No. 466 (as modified/ supplemented herein). Additionally, this EIR Addendum concludes that the Project as proposed would not result in any new or more severe cumulative effects beyond what was already evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. All applicable mitigation measures identified as part of EIR No. 466 and that were imposed to address cumulatively-considerable effects would continue to apply to the proposed Project as revised, except as modified or supplemented by this Addendum to EIR No. 466. The analysis throughout this EIR Addendum demonstrates that all Project impacts would be less than significant, or would be reduced in comparison to the analysis and conclusions of EIR No. 466. Additionally, the analysis herein demonstrates that physical impacts associated with the Project (e.g., biological resources, cultural resources, geology/soils, etc.) would not substantially change or increase compared to the analysis presented in EIR No. 466. Therefore, because the Project would have similar or reduced cumulative impacts to the environment as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed in EIR No. 466, the Project would not result in any new or increased impacts to the environment beyond what was evaluated, disclosed, and mitigated for by EIR No. 466. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

	New Significant Impact	More Severe Impacts	New Ability to Substantially Reduce Significant Impact	No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis
47. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				×

EIR No. 466 Finding: EIR No. 466 included an analysis of potential adverse effects on human beings under subsections IV.B.2 (Air Quality), IV.B.3 (Airports), and IV.B.7 (Noise), while the Initial Study prepared for EIR No. 466 included an evaluation of potential adverse effects on human beings in subsections V.10 through V.15 (Geology and Soils) and V.20 (Hazards and Hazardous Materials). As summarized in Subsection 5.1 of this EIR Addendum, EIR No. 466 and its associated Initial Study concluded that impacts to human beings as a result of airports, geology and soils, and hazards and hazardous materials would be less than significant with the implementation of mitigation measures. EIR No. 466 concluded that impacts associated with air quality emissions would be significant and unavoidable, and concluded that traffic-related noise impacts would be cumulatively considerable and unavoidable.

No Substantial Change from Previous Analysis: The Project's potential to result in substantial adverse effects on human beings has been evaluated throughout this EIR Addendum (e.g., Air Quality, Geology/Soils, Noise, etc.). Where potentially significant impacts are identified, mitigation measures from EIR No. 466 have been imposed, as modified or supplemented by this EIR Addendum to EIR No. 466, to reduce these adverse effects to the maximum feasible extent. There are no components of the proposed Project that could result in substantial adverse effects on human beings that are not already evaluated and disclosed throughout this EIR Addendum and/or by EIR No. 466. Accordingly, no additional impacts would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts not already analyzed in EIR No. 466 or increase the severity of a significant impact previously identified and analyzed in EIR No. 466.

5.2 **EARLIER ANALYSES**

Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration as per California Code of Regulations, § 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:

Earlier Analyses Used, if any:

- General Plan Amendment No. 960, Draft EIR No. 521 (SCH No. 2009041065), dated February 2015.
- Majestic Freeway Business Center Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 341) and EIR No. 466 (SCH No. 2004051085), dated August 23, 2005.

Location: County of Riverside Planning Department

4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor
Riverside, CA 92505
http://planning.rctlma.org/ZoningInformation/GeneralPlan.aspx

6.0 References

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7.0 Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	Less than significant	Less than significant	Significant direct and cumulative impacts.	Significant direct and cumulative impacts.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	RR: The Project shall be designed to comply with Riverside County Ordinance Nos. 655 and 915.	Not applicable.	RR: CARB's Large Spark-Ignition [LSI) Rule shall apply, which requires in-use fleets to achieve specific hydrocarbon (HC) + NOx fleet average emission level (HC) + NOx fleet average emission level (FAEL) standards that become more stringent over time. Operators are required to label, maintain records, and report each piece of equipment subject to FAEL. The lowest FAEL for large and medium fleets with 25 horsepower or more (greater than 19 kilowatts for 2005 and later model year engines) was to be achieved in 2013. Beginning June 30, 2013, aperators must maintain records, report, and label each piece of equipment subject to a FAEL standard.	RR: CARB's In-Use Off-Road Diesel Rule shall apply, which Reduces NO ₂ and PM emissions by imposing limits on idling, requiring reporting, restricting addition older vehicles, and requiring the retirement/replacement/ repowering of older engines by fleet size category (small, medium, and large).
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	4BLE 0029	4BLE 0029	Applicable.	Applicable.
Responsible Party for Mitigation	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	Building and Safety Department.	Building and Safety Department.
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	NOT / TO PP	NOT /	Review and approval of monthly inspection reports of grading operations.	Review and approval of monthly inspection reports of grading operations.
EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure	No mitigation is required.	No mitigation is required.	MMM AIr 1: During construction, mobile construction equipment will be properly maintained prior to mobilization to the site, which includes proper tuning and includes proper tuning and maintenance records and equipment design specification data sheets shall be kept on-site during construction.	weather-proof signs shall be placed at all passenger vehicle parking areas prohibiting all vehicles from idling in excess of thirty minutes on-site. Prior to the issuance of an occupancy the issuance of an occupancy the minutes or Riverside
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	Because the Project would be fully consistent with the MFBCSP, impacts to aesthetics would be less than significant.	The Project would not result in any direct or indirect impacts to agricultural or forest resources.	Project construction characteristics would be similar to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466. Additionally, due to more stringent regulations and advancements in technology since 2005, it is likely that Project-freeded construction activities would result in reduced emissions in comparison to what was evaluated by EIR No. 466. Additionally, it is highly unlikely that Project unlikely that Project	would exceed the SCAQMD thresholds for CO.
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	Due to the project's design, and through compliance with standard regulatory requirements, the proposed project's potential impacts will be below the level of significance.	Impacts to agriculture and forest resources were determined by the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 to be less than significant.	The project will exceed the SCAQMD recommended daily thresholds for VOC and NO ₂ in all years for all development scenarios, and CO in all years under the light industrial only and warehouse/ distribution only scenarios, but exceeded only in Years 2, 6, and 7 of the light industrial plus commercial and warehouse/ distribution plus commercial scenarios. However, emissions of SO ₂ and PM ₁₀ for all scenarios for all years will be below	the SCAQMD thresholds.
IMPACT CATEGORY	5.1.1: Aesthetics	5.1.2: Agriculture and Forest Resources	Emissions)	

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		Significant direct and cumulative impacts.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	Performance Requirements to meet fleet averages or comply with BACT are 2014 for Large Fleets, 2017 for medium fleets, and 2019 for smaller fleets.	RR: CARB's Diesel-fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling Regulation shall apply, which requires heavy-duty diesel truck operators (GVWR>10,000 lbs.) to turn off engines after 5 minutes of idling. 2008 and newer MY engines with GVWR>14,000 lbs are required to be equipped with 5-minute automatic engine shutdown system.
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Department.
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		Set forth as Condition of Approval on all development prior to implementing development application approval.
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	shall conduct a site inspection to ensure that the signs are in place.	MMM Air 3: To comply with the California Code of Regulations Tritle 13, Division 3, Chapter 1, Article 4.5, Section 20.25, Article 4.5, Section 20.25, Argegulation to Reduce Enissions of Diesel Particulate Matter, Oxides of Nitrogen and Other Criteria Pollutants, from In-Use Heavy-Duty Diesel-Fueled Vehicles' and California Code of Regulations Title 13, Division 3, Chapter 10, Article 1, Section 2485, "Airborne Toxic Control Measure to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Commercial Motor Vehicle diling." Jegible, durable, weatherproof signs shall be placed at truck access gates, loading areas that identify applicable California Air Resources Board (CARB) anti-diling regulations. At a minimum, each sign shall include: 1) instructions for truck drivers to shut of engines when not in use; 2) instructions for truck to restrict idling to no more than five (5) minutes once the vehicle is stopped, the transmission is set to "heutral" or "park," and the parking brake is engaged; and 3) the CARB to report violations. Prior to the Issuance of an occupancy permit, the County of Moreride shall conduct a site.
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		The Project would result in substantially less traffic has was evaluated in EIR No. 466, and thus the Project's impacts due to mobile source air quality emissions would be reduced in comparison to what was disclosed by EIR No. 466. Additionally, due to more stringent regulations and advancements in rechnology since 2005, air quality emissions associated with Project traffic would be less than was assumed in EIR No. 466. Furthermore, the Project would not result in or contribute to a CO "hot spot."
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)		Daily operations of the project will exceed the daily thresholds set by SCAQMD for all the criteria pollutants except SO ₂ .
IMPACT CATEGORY		S.1.3: Air Quality (Operational-Related

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(PER THE EIR NO. 466 MMP)	FINDING		MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	PARTY FOR MITIGATION	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	REGULATIONS OF PETFOCKS (LCOS), REGULATION REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITGATION
		inspection to ensure that the signs are in place					
		MM Air 4: Wherever practicable,	Implementing	Planning	Applicable.	PDF: The Project does not propose any	Significant
		main truck entries will not be	development	Department.		truck access from residential streets.	direct and
		located near existing residences.	design reviewed				impacts.
		MM Air 5: Signage will be	Set forth as	Planning	Applicable.	The Project site is not located adjacent	Significant
		installed directing heavy-duty	Candition of	Department.		to residential uses, and truck traffic	direct and
		trucks to identified truck routes	Approval on all			generated by the Project would utilize	cumulative
		that avoid residential areas	development prior			Harvill Avenue and Old Oleander	impacts.
		within vicinity of the Project site.	to implementing			Avenue to access I-215. As such,	
			development			Mitigation Measure MM Air 5 is not	
			application			applicable to the proposed Project.	
			approval.		:		
		MM Air 6: Where transport	Set forth as	Planning	Applicable.	PDF: The Project does not propose	Significant
		refrigeration units (TRUs) are in	Condition of	Department.		retrigerated space, and thus would not	direct and
		use, electrical hookups will be	Approval on all			attract any LRUs.	cumulative
		installed at all loading and	development prior				impacts.
		unloading stalls that	to implementing				
		accommodate TRUs in order to	development				
		allow TRUs with electric standby	application				
		capabilities to use them.	approval.				
		MM Air 7: As part of lease	Set forth as	Planning	Applicable.	None.	Significant
		agreements, the proposed	Condition of	Department.			direct and
		Project owner shall educate	Approval on all				cumulative
		drivers/tenants on alternative	development prior				impacts.
		clean fuels.	to implementing				
			development				
			approval.				
		MM Air 8: Provide preferential	Set forth as	Planning	Applicable.	RR: The 2019 Cal Green Code	Significant
		parking spaces for carpools and	Condition of	Department.		§ 5.106.5.2 requires that new projects	direct and
		vanpools. Those parking spaces	Approval on all			or additions or alterations that add 10	cumulative
		dedicated for vanpool access	development prior			vehicles or more vehicular parking	impacts.
		shall have a minimum 7'2"	to implementing			spaces provide designated parking for	
		vertical clearance.	development			any combination of low-emitting fuel-	
			application			efficient and carpool/van pool vehicles.	
			approval.				
		MIM Air 9: Local transit agencies	Local transit	Planning	Applicable.	None.	Significant
		shall be contacted to determine	agency to be	Department.			direct and
		the feasibility of bus routing in	contacted during				cumulative
		the project area that can	implementing				impacts.

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EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		Significant direct and cumulative impacts.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		None.
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Planning Department:
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	development application review.	Although not specified by EIR No. 466, Mitigation Measure MM Air 10 shall be implemented prior to grading permit issuance and throughout the duration of construction activities.
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	accommodate bus stops at the project access points. The project or the transit agency shall provide bus stop signage at the agreed upon bus stop locations.	MM Air 10: Prior to grading permit and building permit is and building permit is a permit and building permit is a permit and building permit is a permit be county of Riverside shall user the County of Riverside applicable notes are included on the grading plans and building plans. Project contractors shall be required to ensure compliance with these notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside saff or its designee to confirm compliance. These notes also shall be specified in being documents issued to prospective construction contractors. 3) All Heavy-Heavy Duty Havil I Trucks (HHD) accessing the Project site during construction shall use year 2010 or newer engines to the extent such HHD are commercially available. b) All scrapers, excavators, graders, and tubber-tired dozers shall be CARR Tier 3 compliant or better. c) Construction contractors shall notify their workers about Riverside County's Rideshare Program. d) Construction activities shall be
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MMP)		
IMPACT CATEGORY		

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)

EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR NO. 456 MITIGATION MIEASURE	EIK NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	MESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CUMPINOS DE APPROVAL (LCA), REGULATORY REQUIENTES (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGNE FATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITTIGATION
		Smog Alerts issued by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD).					
		e) Construction activities shall comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCACMD) Rule 403, "Fugitive					
		Dust." Rule 403 requires implementation of best available dust control measures during construction					
-		activities that generate fugitive dust, such as earth moving, grading, and equipment travel on unbaved					
		roads.					
		f) Architectural coating work shall comply with SCADMD Rule 1113, "Architectural Coatings." Rule 1113 places limits on grams of VOC per					
		liter of coating material and colorants (paint).					
		Street sweepers shall be certified by the SCAQMD as					
		Meeting Schauming Street 1186.1 "Less Polluting Street Sweepers" sweeper					
		MM Air 11: The minimum	Although not	Planning	Applicable.	None.	Significant
		number of automobile electric	specified by EIR	Department.			direct and
		required by the California Code	Measure MM Air				impacts.
		of Regulations Title 24 shall be	11 shall be				
		facilitate the possible future	implemented prior to issuance of				
_		installation of infrastructure that	building permits				

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)

EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		Significant direct and cumulative impacts.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Уоле
APPUCABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Planning Department.
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	inspection.	Athough not specified by EIR No. 466, Mitigation Measure Min Air 12 shall occur throughout the life of the proposed building.
EIR NO. 466 MITICATION MEASURE	power the motors of electric- powered trucks, the following shall be installed. 11 At Shell building permit, an electrical oom is and/or extentor area[s] of the site shall be designated where future electrical panels would be located for the purpose of supplying power to on-site charging facilities for electric powered trucks. Conduit shall be installed from this designated area where the panel would be located to the on-site location where the charging facilities to connect to charging facilities to charge the batteries that power the motors of the electric- powered trucks. 21 At issuance of a building permit for Tenant improvements, if the tenant is sered by electric trucks, the electrical wiring connections shall be installed, and the electrical wiring connections shall be made from the electrical panel to the charging units. If the tenant is not served by	MM Air 12: All owner users and future tenants shall participate in Riverside County's Stateshare Program. The purpose of this program is to encourage 2+ person occupancy vehicle trips and encourage other alternative modes of transportation. Carpooling opportunities and oublic transportation information oublic transportation information oublic transportation information
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)		
IMPACT CATEGORY		

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Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)

IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITGATION
			shall be advertised to employees of the building tenant. Developer and all successors shall include the provisions of this obligation in all leases of the Project so that all tenants shall build! the terms and conditions of this County					
			successors shall include information has been been and all successors shall include information in building sale and lease agreements that inform owner users and tenants about 11.1 the air quality benefits associated with water-based or low volatile organic compounds (VOCI cleaning products, and (2) the benefits of becoming SmartWay Shippers and SmartWay Shippers and SmartWay Carriers, which is federal EPA program that addernal end of the program that added to the program that the program that added to the program that added to the program that added to the program that the program that added to the program that added the program that added to the program that added the program that added to the program that added the program that added the program that added th	Although not specified by EIR No. 466, Mitigation Measure MIM Air 13 shall occur as part of all future building sale and lease agreements.	Planning Department.	Applicable.	Моле.	Significant direct and cumulative impacts.
			MAINTENTY AT AIL CONSTRUCTION and Operational activities associated with the proposed Project shall comply with Riverside County Board of Supervisors Policy F-3, "Good Neighbor Policy for Logistics and Warehouse,"	Although not specified by EIR No. 466, Mitigation Measure MM Air 14 shall occur during construction and long-term operational activities	Planning Department.	Applicable.	None.	Significant direct and cumulative impacts.
(Health Risks)	distribution only, and the warehouse/distribution only, and the warehouse/distribution plus commercial scenarios, the cancer risk threshold of ten excess cancer cases per million set by SCAQMD is exceeded and thereby considered significant. This	The analysis provided in the Project's Health Risk Assessment (EIR Adendum Technical Appendix A) demonstrates that the Project would not exceed the SCAQMD thresholds of significance for cancer	implementation of the above- listed MM Air 3 through MM Air 6 will reduce potential impacts due to diesel exhaust, however, this impact will not be reduced to below the level of significance and a Statement of Overriding Consideration would be required prior to project approval.	Not applicable.	No applicable.	ı	None; Project impacts due to cancer and non-cancer health risks would be less than significant.	Significant direct and cumulative effects

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		Significant
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		(as revised) shall apply.
APPUCABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Project construction manager(s). Department.
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		Construction Start. Prior to issuance of grading permit.
EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure		MMM Bio 1: In order to avoid violation of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the site-preparation activities extent possible, during the extent possible, during the nesting season (February 1 to Awgust-43.5eptember 15) of potentially occurring native and migratory bird species. If site-preparation activities are for occur during the nesting/breeding season (February 1 through 444) 43.5eptember 15), a pre-activity field survey shall be conducted by a qualified piologist to determine if active nests of species protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) or the California Fish and Game Code are present in the buffer of 500 feet. If active nests are not located within the project area and appropriate buffer, construction zone or within a buffer, construction may be conducted during the nesting/breeding season. However, if active nests are not located within the project area and appropriate buffer, construction may be conducted during the mesting/breeding season.
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	or non-cancer health risks.	Consistent with the finding of EIR No. 466, the project has the potential to result in impacts to nesting birds during construction.
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	threshold is not exceeded in the light industrial only and the light industrial plus commercial scenarios and therefore the impacts of these two capanics are less than significant.	Sensitive bird species that were directly observed on site, or those that have a moderate or high potential to occur on-site are protected under the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the California Fish and Game Code. If prior to project construction any of these species establishes an active nest on the project site loss of that nest project site loss of that nest project site loss of that nest him a conflict with these regulations.
IMPACT CATEGORY		5.1.4: Biological Resources (Nesting Birds)

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Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)

IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 IMIPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITISATION
			equipment activity shall take place within 500 feet of an active listed species or raptor nest, 300 feet of another sensitive or protected (under MBTA or California Fish and Game Code) bird's nest (non-listed), or within 100 feet of sensitive or protected songbird nests until the end of the nesting/breeding season; unless a qualified biologist conducts a subsequent field survey and determines that thase restrictions are no longer required for protection of nesting/breeding activities at previously identified active nests and authorizes grading and heavy equipment activity to proceed.					
5.1.4: Biological Resources (Burrowing Ow!)	Due to the migratory nature of the burrowing owl, it is the possible that burrowing owl it is own's could occupy the site prior to commencement of project grading and construction. Because it will be a number of months before construction begins and because construction begins and because construction is phased, owls could colonize a portion of the site in the intervening months or years and would then be adversely impacted by the proposed project construction.	Because the Project site contains suitable habitat for the burrowing owl, a pre-construction burrowing owl survey is required by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act [MBTA] and Fish and Game Code to avoid harming burrowing owls if any were to be present immediately prior to construction.	wm Bio 2: A pre-construction survey for resident burrowing owls will be conducted by a qualified biologist 30 days prior to commencement of grading and construction activities. If ground disturbing activities are delayed or suspended for more than 30 days after the pre-construction survey, the site pre-construction survey and any relocation activity will be conducted in accordance with the requirements of the MSHCP. If active nests are located, they shall be avoided and outside of the breeding season the owls may be passively relocated. To adequately avoid active nests during the breeding season (February 1 through August 31),	Prior to grading permit.	Planning Department.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Bio 2 shall apply.	Less than significant.

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IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR No. 466 Mithgation Measure	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOY PLAN NO. 180029	LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
			no grading or heavy equipment activity shall take place within 250 feet of an active nest.					
			If burrowing owls occupy the site and cannot be avoided, passive relocation shall be used to					
			exclude owls from their burrows, as required by the Riverside					
			Department. Relocation shall be conducted outside the breeding					
			season or once the young are able to leave the nest and fly. Passive relocation is the					
			exclusion of owls from their burrows (outside the breeding					
			season or once the young are able to leave the nest and fly) by					
			burrow entrances. These one-					
			the burrow, but not enter it.					
			These doors should be left in place 48 hours to ensure owls					
			have left the burrow. The project					
			for one week to confirm ow! use					
			of burrows before excavating burrows in the impact area.					
			Burrows should be excavated using hand tools and refilled to					
			prevent reoccupation. Sections of flexible pipe should be					
			inserted into the tunnels during excavation to maintain an escape					
			route for any animals inside the burrow.					
5.1.4: Biological Resources (Sensitive Habitats and Jurisdictional Waters)	EIR No. 466 acknowledged the potential for impacts to	The proposed Project would permanently	No mitigation is required.	N/A	N/A	N/A	COA: Prior to issuance of grading permits, the Project Applicant shall	Less than Significant
	non-wetland jurisdictional waters, including riparian	impact 0.07-acre RWQCB jurisdictional areas and					obtain the appropriate permits from the regulatory agencies, including a	

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Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)

EIR No. 466 IMPACT (Per the EIR No. 466 MMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPUCABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
	the 0.12 acre of CDFW jurisdictional waters on site (554 linean feet). In one of Minham feet) wegestated riparian habitat and all of which consists of non-riparian, concrete-lined roadside ditch. A total of 20 linear feet.					CDFW Section 1602 Streambed Alteration Agreement and notification to the CDFW and Regional Board in accordance with the Waste Discharge Requirements under Section 13260 of the CWC (the Porter-Cologne Water Quelley Control Act). As part of the permitting process, it is expected that the regulatory agencies will require compensatory mitigation for permanent impacts to 0.07-acre of Regional Board jurisdiction, none of which consist of jurisdictional wetlands, and approximately 0.12 acre of CDFW jurisdiction, none of which consists of vegetated riparian habitat and all of which consists of non- riparian, earthen ditch, at a minimum 1.1 mitigation-to-impact ratio through the purchase of rehabilitation, re- establishment, and/or establishment mitigation credits at the Riverpark Mitigation Bank. In the event that compensatory mitigation credits are not available from the Riverpark Mitigation Bank at the time of proposed work commencement, the Project Applicant shall enter into an agreement to purchase rehabilitation credits from the Santa Ana River Watershed In-Lieu Fee Program (SARW-ILPP) at a 2:1 mitigation-to- impact ratio. The compensatory mitigation shall consist of the rehabilitation of riparian habitat within the Santa Ana River Watershed.	
	Due to past disturbance on site, any historical or archaeological resources that may have been present on the site have since been destroyed or	MM Cultural 1: If buried materials of potential historical, cultural or archaeological significance are accidentally discovered during any earth-moving operations	During construction.	Project construction manager(s), County Archaeologist, Project	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 1 (as revised to reflect current County requirements) shall apply.	Less than significant.

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IMPACT CATEGORY (PER 1	
EIR No. 466 IMPACT (Per the EIR No. 466 MMP)	
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 Finding	Notwithstanding, there is a remote chance that historical historical archaelogical resources may be uncovered during Project grading activities.
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	associated with the proposed project, all work ground disturbance within 100 feet of disturbance within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resources in the discovered cultural resource. Ameting shall be halted or diverted. The Project Applicant shall contact the County Archaeologist mmediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the Project Applicant, the Project American tribal representative lor other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss can evaluate the nature and significance of the finds. At the meeting with the appropriate retartment and decision is to be made. With the aforemention economy archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment and destructive analysis. Further decound-disturbing activities shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished. (4 the finds) accomplished.
EIR No. 466 MITISATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	Archaeologist, and Native American Tribal Representative.
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (CDA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICASIE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	
EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	

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AFTER		significant.	Less than significant.	significant.	Less than	Pa.
PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		COA: If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor of interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5. In addition, Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 2 shall apply.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 3 shall apply to all grading activities within the Building 20 and Steging Area sites. Mitigation Measure MM Cultural 3 shall not apply to the proposed detention basin site, which is located within MFBCSP Planning Area 5.	None.	Лопе.	
MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.	184 °	ABLE 30029	ARIF	
PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Project construction manager(s).	(9)	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	NOT APPLICABLE	
MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		construction.		TON TO PP	TON	
	appropriate measures shall be implemented.	MM Cultural 2: In the event of the accidental discovery or recognition of any human exerabition of any human exerabition/construction, there shall be no further excavation or disturbance of the site or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent human remains until the County Coroner has been contacted and any required investigation or required Native American consultation has been completed.	MM Cultural 3: A qualified archeologist and a tribal monitor from the Pechanga Tribe shall be present during all grading activities in that portion of the Project site located east of Harvill Avenue and north of Markham Street (i.e., Planning Area 6 and Planning Area 7) involving the initial ground disturbance and excavation of this portion of the project site.	No mitigation is required.	No mitigation is required.	
FINDING				With mandatory compliance with Title 24 Building Energy Efficiency Standards, Project impacts due to energy would be less than significant.	With mandatory	
EIN NO. 466 MMP)				Impacts to energy were determined by the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 to be less than significant.	Impacts to geology and soils	
IMPALI KA EGORT				5.1.6: Energy	5.1.7: Geology and Soils	188 Planning, Inc.

TO PP No. 180029

EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITISATION	significant.	significant.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOY PLAN NO. 180029		the Project Applicant shell demonstrate that appropriate building construction measures shall apply to achieve a minimum of 100 points per Appendix D to the 2019 Riverside County Climate Action Plan (CAP) Update. The conceptual measures anticipated for the Project are listed in the Project's Screening Table for GHG Implementation Measures for commercial Development and Public Facilities (EIR Addendum Technical Appendix D). The conceptual measures may be replaced with other measures as listed in Technical Appendix D, as long as they are replaced at the same time with other measures the measures as listed in Technical Appendix D, as long as they are replaced at the same time with other measures that in total achieve a minimum of 100 points per Appendix D to the Riverside County Climate Action Plan Update. COA: Prior to issuance of building permits, and in accordance with measure R2-CE of the County's Climate Action Plan Update, the proposed Project shall be required to offset its energy demand. This is anticipated to be accommodated through solar panels mounted on the hilliding rooffons. The energy demand the hilliding rooffons. The energy demand the hilliding the proposed Project shall be required to
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		ABLE ,0029
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029
EIR NO. 456 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		TON OT
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE		ER No. 466 did not identify any measures to address GHGs; however, Mitigation Measures MM Air 3, MM Air 3, MM Air 3, MM Air 3, MM Air 9, would apply and would serve to reduce the Project's GHG emissions.
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	Project-specific geotechnical study, and future soils reports required as part of future applications, Project impacts due to geology and soils would be less than significant.	The Project Applicant would be required to demonstrate as part of future building permit applications that the Project will achieve a minimum of 100 points per the Riverside County Climate Action Plan (CAP) and will implement CAP Measure R2-CE1.
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MMP)	were determined by the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 to be less than significant.	The issue of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions was not evaluated in EIR No. 466.
IMPACT CATEGORY		5.1.8: Greenhouse Gas Emissions

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), EIR NO. 466 REGUATIORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) SIGNIFICANCE APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 MITIGATION	building permit stage if the tenart/particular use is known at that tenart/particular use is known at that time. If the tenant or particular use is not known at that time, this condition should be deferred to the tenant improvement building permit and to any subsequent tenant improvement permits as tenants may change. Intellizing the energy demand calculated, the appropriate amount of solar panels shall be included with the related building permits to ensure their installation and operation. As it relates to the initial building permit, the roof shall be designed to accommodate rooftop mounted solar panels.	Less than significant		COA: Any outdoor lighting installed Less than shall be hooded or shielded so as to significant. prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky. Outdoor lighting shall be downward facing. COA: The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project	
APPUCABILITY OF EIR No. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	shall be childing tenant/plant time. If the time. If the control of the control o	CABLE None.		Applicable.	
EIR NO. 466 RESPONSIBLE MITIGATION PARTY FOR IMPLEMENTATION MITIGATION TIMING		NOT APPLICABLE	TO PP No. 180029	Review of electrical Department of plan, prior to the Building and issuance of Safety Safety building permits. Review of street Improvement plans Prior to issuance of Transportation	_
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE		No mitigation is required.		MM Airport 1:All street lights and other outdoor lighting shall be hooded or shielded to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky or above the horizontal plane.	
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		The Project would not result in significant impacts due to the	transportation, use, or storage of hazardous materials, and the Project site is not identified as having any Recognized Environmental Concerns (RECs). Additionally, the Project site does not serve as an evacuation route and is not located within or adjacent to a high fire hazard zone.	On January 10, 2019, the ALUC found the proposed Project would be consistent with the 2014 March Air Reserve Base/Inland Port ALUCP subject to certain conditions. These	
EIR No. 466 IMPACT (Per the EIR No. 466 MIMP)		Impacts due to hazards and hazardous materials were determined by the IS/NOP	for the investment of the less than significant (with exception of airports, as discussed below).	Due to the project site's proximity to March Air Reserve Base, the project site is subject to potential noise impacts due to high single-event noise levels from airplanes flying over the project site. However,	the project site. However,
Імваст Сатебову		5.1.9: Hazards and Hazardous Materials (Hazardous Materials, evacuation plans, and fire hazards)	ilfe hakartas)	5.1.9: Hazards and Hazardous Materials (Airports)	

EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (CDA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLON NO. 180029	(a) Any use which would direct a steady light or flashing light of red, white, green, or amber colors associated with airport operations toward an alrcraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or toward an alrcraft engaged in a straight final approach toward a landing at an airport, other than an FAA-approved navigational signal light or visual approach slope indicator. (b) Any use which would cause sunlight to be reflected towards an aircraft engaged in an initial straight final approach slope indicator. (c) Any use which would generate smoke or water vapor or which would attract large concentrations of birds, or which may otherwise affect safe air navigation within the area. (c) Any use which would generate electrical interference that may be detrimental to the operation of aircraft and/or aircraft in straight are operation of aircraft and/or aircraft in stransfer stations that are open on one or more sides; recycling centers containing putrascible wastes; containing putrascible wastes; containing putrascible wastes; containing putrascible wastes; recititles; wastewater management facilities; incheators; noise-sensitive
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	Project by Riverside County as Conditions of Approval (COAs). With mandatory compliance with the ALUC COAs, which would be imposed by Riverside County as COAs for the proposed project, the Project would not result in a safety hazard's for people working in the Project would occur. Therefore, implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or increase the severity of a previously implementation of the proposed Project would not result in any new impacts or increase the severity of a previously impact analyzed in EIR No. 466.
EIR No. 466 IMPACT (Per the EIR No. 466 MMP)	are not considered to be sensitive receivers and the impacts from these single-event noise levels are below the level of significance. The project site is subject to Part 77 height limitations and use restrictions that have been incorporated into the proposed project. Outdoor lighting could adversely affect pilots utilizing March Air Reserve Base at night.
IMPACT CATEGORY	

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	outdoor nonresidential uses; and hazards to flight. Children's schools are discouraged. COA: The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed Project, but, if they were to be proposed through a subsequent use permit or plot plan, would require subsequent Airport Land Use Commission review: restaurants and other eating establishments; day care centers; health and exertise centers; churches, temples, or other uses primarily for religious worship; theaters. COA: The following notice shall be given to all prospective purchasers of the pullding, and shall be recorded as a deed notice: This property and tenants of the building, and shall be recorded as a deed notice: This property is presently located in thed vicinity of an airport, within what is known as an airport, within what is known as an airport or sooperations (for example: noise, vibration, or odars). Individual sensitivities to those annoyances associated with proximity to airport onpoyances, if any, are associated with the property before you complete your purchase and determine whether they are associated with the property before you complete your. See Business and Professions Code Section 11010(b)(13)(4)."
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MMP)	
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188 Planning, Inc.

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	MITIGATION	
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	COA: The proposed detention basins on the site (including water quality management basins) shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48. Hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping. COA: March Air Reserve Base must be notified of any land use having an electromagnetic radiation component to assess whether a potential conflict with Air Base radio communications could result. Sources of electromagnetic radiation include radio wave transmission in conjunction with remote equipment inclusive of irrigation controllers, access gates, etc. COA: Noise attenuation measures shall be incorporated into the design of the office areas of the structure, to the extent such measures are necessary to ensure that interior noise levels from aircraft operations are at or below 45 CNE.	for 400,430 square reet of manufacturing area. Any increase in building area or change in use other than for warehouse, office, and manufacturing use will require an amended review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	180029	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		
EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure		
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)		
Імраст Сатебоку		

188 Planning, Inc.

EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITTIGATION																																			
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (CDA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	COA: The Project does not propose	rooftop solar panels at this time. However, if the Project were to	propose solar rooftop panels in the	future, the applicant/developer shall	prepare a solar glare study that	analyzes glare impacts, and this study	shall be reviewed by the Airport Land	Reserve Base.	Administration has sondicted as	Administration has conducted an	Project (Aeropautical Study Nos. 2018-	AWP-17882-0E) and has determined	that neither marking nor lighting of the	structure(s) is necessary for aviation	safety. However, if marking and/or	lighting for aviation safety are	accomplished on a voluntary basis,	such marking and/or lighting (if any)	shall be installed in accordance with	FAA Advisory Circular 70/7 460-1 L	Change 2 and shall be maintained in	accordance merewith for the me of the	COA: The proposed buildings shall not	exceed a height of 50 feet above	ground level and a maximum elevation	at top point of 1,603 feet above mean	sea level.	COA: The maximum hainht and ton	יווב וופעווומוו וופופוור פווח כס	point elevation specified above shall	not be amended without further	review by the Airport Land Use	Commission and the Federal Aviation	Administration; provided, however,	that reduction in structure height or
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029																																			
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION																																			
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING																																			
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE																																			
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING																																			
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)																																			
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EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		Less than significant.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (FRR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	None; Mittgatton Measure MM Hydro Lis is a shall apply.
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Department of Building and Safety
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		Prior to the issuance of grading permits.
EIR No. 466 Mmgandon Measure		mitigate in pacts related to water quality resulting from the construction of the Majestic reseway Business Center, the project proponent or their developer shall obtain coverage under the appropriate NPDES Construction Permit for Activities in the San Jacinto watershed through the Santa Ana Regional through the Santa Ana Regional prior to obtaining the grading permit. Each development within permit. Each development within the project area will warrent its
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		Mandatory compliance with the NPDES, including the preparation and implementation of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), would ensure that impacts to water quality would be less than significant.
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MMP)		Construction-related impacts to water quality would be potentially significant prior to mitigation.
IMPACT CATEGORY		5.1.10: Hydrology and Water Quality (Construction Water Quality)

Impact Category	EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	PLOT PLAN NG. 180029 FINDING	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPUCABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
			own coverage under the Construction Permit, unless otherwise determined by the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board.					
(Operational Water Quality)	Operational-related impacts to water quality would be potentially significant prior to mitigation.	With implementation of the Project's drainage plan as proposed, including the proposed detention/water quality basins, and with mandatory compliance with the Project's Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), operational impacts to water quality would be less than significant.	MM Hydro 2: In order to mitigate impacts related to pollutant beding to receiving waters and/or increased erosion/silitation resulting from Specific Plan implementation, individual project proponents shall develop and implement a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP). The WQMP will contain measures that will effectively treat all pollutants of concern and hydrologic conditions of concern, consistent with the County's approved WQMP County's approved WQMP developed in compliance with their MS4 permit.	Draft WQMP to be submitted prior to approval of each implementing development application. Final WQMP to be submitted prior to issuance of grading permits.	Department of Building and Safety	Applicable.	PDF: A Project-specific Preliminary WQMP was prepared for Plot Plan No. 180029. Additionally, Mitigation Measure MM Hydro 2 shall apply.	less than significant.
(Operational Water Quality)	Pollutants such as oil and grease, heavy metals, sediment, fertilizers and pesticides can be expected to be present in surface water runoff once project development occurs.	With implementation of the Project's drainage plan as proposed, including the proposed detending the proposed detending with the Project's Water with the Project's Water (WQ/W), operational impacts to water quality would be less than significant.	MM Hydro 3: To mitigate impacts related to water quality following development, inclividual project proponents will determine if coverage under the State's General Permit for Industrial Activities is necessary. This permit requires permit requires permit requires certain types of industrial activities. The future building occupants of the structures proposed in this document may warrant coverage under the General Permit for Industrial Activities. Therefore, prior to issuance of the certificate of occupants whell determine whether or not shall determine whether or not coverage under the Industrial	Prior to the issuance of grading permits. Prior to October 1 of each year following issuance of occupancy permits.	Department of Building and Safety. Regional Water Quality Control Board	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Hydro 3 shall apply.	significant.

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IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (Per the EIR NO. 466 MMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	Responsible Party for Mitigation	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL [COA], REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
			permit is warranted for their operations.					
5.1.10: Hydrology and Water Quality (Storm Drain Capacity)	Impacts due to increased runoff that has the potential to exceed the capacity of downstream drainage facilities would be potentially significant prior to mitigation.	Due to drainage infrastructure constructed as part of the constructed as part of the "Oakwood Business Park" (CFD 88-8) and with implementation of the Project's proposed drainage plan, including the proposed detention/bio-retention basin, impacts would be less than significant.	MM Hydro 4: To mitigate impacts related to exceedance of capacity of storm drain facilities, individual project proponents will be conditioned to construct a "fair share" of on-site storm drain infrastructure or to demonstrate that existing on-site facilities can effectively accommodate storm flows for the 100-year event.	Prior to the approval of implementing development applications.	Flood Control District	Applicable.	PDF: A Project-specific hydrology study was prepared for the Project and reviewed by the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (RCFCWCD), which demonstrates that Plot Plan No. 180029 would not exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm drains with installation of the proposed detention/water quality basins.	less than significant.
5.1.11: Land Use and Planning	The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that impacts to land use and planning would be less than significant.	The Project would not result in any direct or indirect impacts to land use and planning.	No mitigation is required.	NOT ,	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	ABLE ,0029	Not applicable.	Less than significant.
5.1.12: Mineral Resources	The IS/NOP prepared for EIR No. 466 determined that impacts to mineral resources would be less than significant.	The Project would not result in any direct or indirect impacts to mineral resources.	No mitigation is required.	NOT TO PP	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	ABLE 0029	Not applicable.	No impact.
5.1.13: Noise	The increased traffic on roadways surrounding the project site will contribute to an overall increase in ambient noise levels in excess of 3dB (the increase in dB that is audiole to the human ear) which is considered significant	Project traffic-related noise impacts would be less than significant with implementation of the proposed Project.	No mitigation measures are proposed to reduce or eliminate this impact and a Statement of Overriding Consideration would be required prior to project approval.	TO PP	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	ABLE 00029	Traffic-related noise impacts associated with Plot Plan No. 180029 would be less than significant requiring no mitigation.	Significant direct and cumulative effects
	Construction of the project will result in a temporary	Construction-related noise was determined to	MM Noise 1: To reduce construction-related noise, site	During project construction.	Building and Safety	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Noise 1 shall apply.	Less than significant.

Page 7-22 188 Planning, Inc.

significant increase in noise	FINDING FINDING be less than 85 dBA and	preparation, grading and	MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	REPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION Department.	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	COMDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
thu be With ope	thus were concluded to be less than significant. With respect to operational noise, noise levels affecting nearby	construction activities within one-quarter mile of occupied residences shall be limited to those hours as set forth in Section 1.G.1 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 457.					
sensi dete than both	sensitive receptors was determined to be less than significant during both daytime and nighttime operations.	MM Noise 2: All construction equipment, fixed or mobile, shall be equipped with properly operating and maintained mufflers.	During project construction.	Building and Safety Department.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Noise 2 shall apply.	Less than significant.
		MM Noise 3: Construction staging areas shall not be located close to any occupied residence.	During project construction.	Building and Safety Department.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Noise 3 shall apply.	Less than significant.
		MM Noise 4: No combustion powered equipment, such as pumps or generators, shall be allowed to operate within 500 feet of any occupied residence unless the equipment is surrounded by a noise protection barrier.	During project construction.	Building and Safety Department.	Applicable, unless it can be demonstrated noise impacts would be less than significant.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Noise 4 shall apply.	Less than significant.
		MM Noise 5: The following sound barriers shall be constructed along the project's perimeter at the locations and the heights indicated.	NOT / TO PP	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	\BLE 0029	PDF: In accordance with Mitigation Measure MM Noise 5, a Project- specific Noise Impact Analysis was prepared, which demonstrates that the Project would not expose nearby residential receptors to noise levels	Less than significant.
		An 8-foot high separation wall between project parcels adjacent to any existing residental uses, if daytime trucking activity occurs within 200 feet of the property line. A 12-foot perimeter barrier shall be required if nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) loading dock materials handling activities are conducted within 300 feet of				exceeding the County's daytime (55 dBA CNEL) or nighttime (45 dBA CNEL) noise level limit. As such, Mitigation Measure MM Noise 5 shall no longer apply to Plot Plan No. 180029.	

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		-	Less than significant.								N/A										
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		:	PDF: In accordance with Mitigation Measure MM Noise 5, a Project-	specific Noise Impact Analysis was prepared, which demonstrates that the	Project would not expose nearby residential receptors to operational	noise levels exceeding the County's daytime (55 dBA Leq) or nighttime (45	dBA Leq) noise level limits. Moreover,	truck docking areas proposed as part of the Project would be located more	than 200 feet from any residence. As	shall not apply to the proposed Project.	COA: Loaded trucks greater than	80,000 pounds, all heavy mobile	equipment greater than 60,000	promise, and jack naminers are prohibited from use during Project	construction activities within 90 feet of	occupied, habitable residential	structures. Instead, small rubber-tired	or alternative equipment, as well as	soil compaction equipment such as soil	compaction stompers that do not	used within 90 feet of habitable
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029			ADIC	ABLE	80029						N/A										
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION			71 100 4	NOI APPLICABLE	TO PP No. 180029						N/A										
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	1		7	2	TO PP						N/A										
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	any residence. If nighttime trucking activities are conducted simultaneously with the operation of the loading dock, the 12-foot high barrier shall be required if such combination activities occur within 600 feet of an existing home.	These wall heights can be reduced by performing a subsequent acoustical analysis after the final grading plan is complete.	MM Noise 6: No nighttime loading/unloading shall occur	within 100 feet of any residence. No combined trucking	movements and unloading/loading shall occur	within 200 feet of any residence from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.					N/A										
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING											With implementation of	the required condition of	approval, wnich has been	Applicant in order to	preclude potential	ground-borne vibration	impacts during	construction, impacts	would be less than	significant.	
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)											N/A										
IMPACT CATEGORY																					

EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		Significant.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	residential structures during Project construction to reduce vibration effects on the structures and their occupants. The Project's construction contractors shall be responsible for enforcing this requirement, which shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors. The Project construction contractors shall permit inspections by Riverside County to verify compliance with this measure	COA: Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the Project Applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County to create and implement a Project-specific plan for monitoring site grading-learthmouing activities (Project paleontologist). The Project paleontologist retained shall review the approved development plan and grading plan and conduct any preconstruction work necessary to render appropriate monitoring and mitigation requirements shall be documented by the project paleontologist in a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP). This PRIMP shall be submitted to the County Geologist for approval prior to issuance of a Grading Permit. Information to be contained in the PRIMP, at a minimum and in addition to other Industry standards and Society of Vertebrate Paleontology standards, are as follows: 1. Description of the proposed site and planned grading operations. 2. Description of the level of monitoring required for all earthmonitoring required for all earthmonitical for all earthmonitoring required for all earthmonity of the proposed site and planned grading operations.
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		ABLE 30029
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		TON TO PP
EIR NO. 466 MITICATION MEASURE		No mitigation is required.
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		Due to past disturbances on site, any possible paleoutological resources that may have existed on the Project site would have been removed or destroyed as part of past grading on site. Notwithstanding, the Project would be subject to the County's standard conditions of approval for projects located in areas with "High" paleontological sensitivity.
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)		Impacts to paleontological resources were determined by the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 to be less than significant.
IMPACT CATEGORY		5.1.14: Paleontological Resources

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

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EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION																																			
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	moving activities in the Project	3. Identification and qualifications of	the qualified paleontological	monitor to be employed for	4. Identification of personnel with	authority and responsibility to	equipment to allow for recovery of	large specimens.	5. Direction for any fossil discoveries	to be immediately reported to the	property owner who in turn will	immediately notify the County	Geologist of the discovery.	Means and methods to be	employed by the paleontological	monitor to quickly salvage fossils	as they are unearthed to avoid	7. Sampling of sediments that are	likely to contain the remains of	small fossil invertebrates and	8. Procedures and protocol for	collecting and processing of	Samples and specimens.	10. Identification of the permanent	repository to receive any	recovered fossil material.	(Pursuant the County "SABER	Policy," paleontological fossils	found in the County should, by	preference, be directed to the	Western Science Center in the City	of Hemet.) A written agreement	between the property	owner/developer and the	repository must be in place prior
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029																																			
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION																																			
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING																																			
EIR NO. 466 MITTIGATION MEASURE																																			
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING																																			
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)																																			
IMPACT CATEGORY																																			

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	Минеатиом	
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIRENENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN EATLINES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	11. All pertinent exhibits, maps and references. 12. Procedures for reporting of findings. 13. Identification and acknowledgement of the developer for the content of the developer for the content of the palloring, reporting and curation fiese. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution. All reports shall be signed by the Project paleontologist and all other professionals responsible for the reports content (e.g. Project Geologist), as appropriate. One original signed copy of the report(s) shall be submitted to the County Geologist. These documents should not be submitted to the Project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County of the Project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County Applicant shall submit proof of hining (i.e. copy of executed contract, retainer agreement, etc. la Project	paleontologist for the in-grading
APPUCABIUTY OF EIR No. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	18029	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE		
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)		
MIPACT CATEGORY		

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	significant	Significant
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	Implementation of the PRIMP. Not applicable.	RR: The Project Applicant shall pay appropriate fees pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 659 prior to occupancy permits. RR: The Project Applicant shall pay appropriate fees to the Val Verde Unified School District pursuant to Senate Bill 50 and the school impact fees adopted at the time of occupancy permits.
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	ABLE 0029	4BLE 0029
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TON TO PP	TO PP
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	No mitigation is required.	No mitigation is required.
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	The proposed Project would not displace substantial numbers of people or housing; would not create a substantial demand for additional housing; would not adversely affect a County Redevelopment Project Area; would not exceed regional or local population projections; and would not induce substantial population projection and would be substantial population and would be sess than significant.	Consistent with the findings of EIR No. 466, although the Project has although the Project has the potential to result in impacts to fire protection services, police protection services, schools, libraries, and health services, impacts would be less than significant with mandatory payment of DIF fees and SB 18 fees.
EIR NO. 466 IMPOT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	Impacts to population and housing were determined by the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 to be less than significant.	The construction of the project could necessitate the project could necessitate the provision of new, expanded, or physically-altered sheriff and fire services and the need for new fire facilities, which may have a significant impact on the environment, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives. Since the precise location of the fire station has not been determined, an evaluation of the potential environmental impacts related to fire station of the potential environmental impacts related to fire station construction would be too speculative and therefore the potential physical and
IMPACT CATEGORY	5.1.15: Population and Housing	5.1.16: Public Services

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Plot Plan No. 180029 Finding
Aside from proposed 8- No mitigation is required. foot wide community realic alone Caston
Avenue and Harvill Avenue, no recreational
facilities are proposed by
or required for the proposed Project.
Impacts associated with
construction are

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION		Less than significant.		Less than significant.	Less than significant.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		PDF: The Project Applicant proposes to decicate an additional 9 feet along the Project's frontage with Harvill Avenue, although this roadway already is fully improved along the site's frontage, with exception of the proposed community trail. Thus, the Project would implement its portion of Mitigation Measure MM Trans 1.		The Project site does not front along Nandina Avenue, which is located approximately 0.5 mile north of the Project site. Thus, Mitigation Measure MM Trans 2 is not applicable to the proposed Project.	The Project site does not front along Oleander Avenue (now named Harley Knox Boulevard), which is located approximately 0.25 mile north of the Project site. Thus, Mitigation Measure MM Trans 3 is not applicable to the
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.		ABLE 30029	ABLE 30029
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Transportation Department	Department Department	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		Road improvement plans for each implementing development project to be submitted prior to the issuance of that project's grading permits.	Road improvements for each implementing development project to be completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for that project.	NOT /	NOT /
EIR No. 466 Mittgatton Measure		MM Trans 1: Construct full width improvements of Harvill Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as a major highway (118' right-of-way) through the project.		MMN Trans 2: Construct partial width improvements of southerly side of Nandina Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as a secondary highway (100' right of-way) fronting the project ob-undary line.	MMM Trans 3: Construct partial width improvements of Oleander Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as an urban arterial (152' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR Addendum which concludes impacts would be less than significant or would be reduced to less-than-significant levels with the incorporation of mitigation measures from EIR No. 466 or applicable regulatory requirements.	The proposed Project would result in less-thansignificant impacts to study area facilities.			
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)		The proposed project will cause Level of Service (LOS) thresholds on area roadways to be exceeded.			
IMPACT CATEGORY		5.1.18: Transportation and Traffic			

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION	less than significant.	significant. significant. significant. significant.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) SPRICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	Proposed Project. PDF: The Project Applicant proposes to Les construct curb, gutter, and sidewalk sign improvement along the site's frontage with Old Oleander Avenue, and would complete half-width improvements to provide for an additional +/-28 feet of drive aisles, with a total of 48 feet of AROW. dedicate an additional 9 feet along the Project's frontage with Harvill Avenue, although this roadway already is fully although this roadway already is fully with exception of the proposed community trail. Thus, the Project would implement its portion of Mitigation Measure MM Trans 1.	These Improvements have been constructed. Thus, Mitigation Measure sign MM Trans 5 is not applicable to the proposed Project. The Project site does not front along Les Martin Street, which is located approximately 0.5 mile south of the Project site. These improvements have been partially constructed, while the remaining portions would be improved in conjunction with buildout of MRGCSP Planning Area 3. Thus, Mitigation Measure MM Trans 6 is not applicable to the proposed Project. Seaton Avenue along the detention Les basin site's frontage already is improved along the frontage to provide 28-feet of drive asises. The
APPUCABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	Applicable	ABLE ABLE O029
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	Transportation Department Department	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029 NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029 limprovement Transportation Applicable. s for each Department Inspection Department Depart
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	Road improvement implementing development project to be submitted prior to the issuance of that project's grading permits. Road improvements for each implementing development project to be completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of cocupancy for that project.	NOT TO PP NOT ITO PP TO PP TO PP Plans for each implementing development
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	MMM Trans 4: Construct partial width improvements of Old consended Avenue at its ultimate consessection as a collector street (74' right-of-way) fronting the project boundary line.	MM Trans 5: Construct full width improvements of Markham Street at its ultimate cross-section as a secondary highway (100° fight-of-way) through the project. MM Trans 6: Construct partial width improvements of Martin Street at its ultimate cross-section as a collector street (74° sight-of-way) fronting the project boundary line. MM Trans 7: Construct partial width improvements of easterly side of Seaton Avenue at its ultimate cross-section as a ultimate cross-section as a
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING		
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT {Per the EIR NO. 466 MIMP}		
МРАСТ САТЕБОРУ.		

EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITTIGATION		Less than significant.		Less than significant.		
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FLATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOY PLAN NO. 180029	construction of an B-foot wide community trail along this segment of Seaton Avenue.	The Project site does not front along Gajalco Expressway, which is located approximately 0.8 mile south of the Project site. Improvements to Gajalco Expressway would occur in conjunction with buildout of MFBCSP Planning Area	Thus, Mitigation Measure MM Trans 8 is not applicable to the proposed Project.	The required improvements to the intersection of Harvill Avenue and Oleander Avenue (Harley Knox Seulevard) have been constructed, and the Drainst would not result in any the Drainst would not seet it is any	the Fright, would not result in any impact, would not result in Accordingly, Mitigation Measure MM Trans 9 is not applicable to the proposed Project.	
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		ABLE 0029		ABLE	67003	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	Transportation Department	NOT APPLICABLE		NOT APPLICABLE	10 PP No. 180029	
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	submitted prior to the Issuance of that project's grading permits. Road improvements for each implementing development project to be completed prior to the issuance of a certificate of a certificate of project.	NOT /		NOT,	10 PP	
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	of-way) fronting the project boundary line.	MM Trans 8: Construct partial width improvements of northerly side of Cajalco Expressway at its ultimate cross-section as an expressway (184' right-of-way) frontiar the noiser houndary	line.	MM Trans 9: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Oleander Avenue using the following geometrics:	Northbound: One free right turn lane. One shared through and left turn lane. One left turn Southbound: One shared through	Eastbound: One shared through and right turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane westbound: One shared through and right turn lane.
PLOT-PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING						
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)						
IMPACT CATEGORY						

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITTIGATION		significant.	Less than significant.
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		mitigation measure are anticipated to be implemented in conjunction with Plot Plan Nos. 180038 and/or 190003. In the event that construction does not occur, then the following condition of approval shall apply: COA: Prior to final building inspection, in the event that the intersection of Harvill Avenue and Markham Street is not improved in accordance with EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Trans 10, then the Project Applicant shall make a fail-share contribution towards the cost of improving this intersection. The Project's fair share amount is 15.5%. With exception of the traffic signal, the improvements required by Mitigation Measure MM Trans 11 have been completed. Because this intersection is no longer planned to have an eastern lega, a traffic signal is no longer necessary. Thus, the remaining portions of Mitigation Measure MM Trans 11 are not applicable to the proposed Project.	Improvements required by this mitigation measure are anticipated to be implemented in conjunction with
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		ABLE 0029	Applicable.
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	Transportation Department
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		NOT A TO PP	Prior to issuance of certificate of occupancy.
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	through lanes. Two left turn lanes.	MMM Trans 10: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Markham Street using the following geometrics: Northbound: One right turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One left turn lane. Westbound: One right turn lane. MM Trans 11: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Havill Avenue and Martin Street using the following geometrics: Northbound: One shared through and right turn lane. One through lane. One left turn lane. Southbound: One shared through and right turn lane. One sthrough lane. One left turn lane. Southbound: One shared left turn lane. Through lane. One left turn lane. One shared left, turn lane. Westbound: One right turn lane.	MM Trans 12: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Seaton Avenue and Calalco Expressway
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 Finding			
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT {Per the EIR NO. 466 MMP}			
IMPACT CATEGORY			

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITREATION		significant.	N/A
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS {RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES {PDF} APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	Plot Plan No. 180028. In the event that construction does not occur, then the following condition of approval shall apply: COA: Prior to final building inspection, in the event that the intersection of sabon Avenue and Cajalco Expressway is not improved in accordance with EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Trans 12, then the Project Applicant shall make a fair-share contribution towards the cost of improving this intersection. The Project's fair share amount is 5.0%.	Improvements required by this mitigation measure are anticipated to be implemented in conjunction with plot Plan No. 180028. In the event that construction does not occur, then the following condition of approval shall apply: COA: Prior to final building inspection, in the event that the intersection of Harvill Avenue and Cajalco Expressway is not improved in accordance with EIR No. 466 Mitigation Measure MM Trans 12, then the Project Applicant shall make a fair-share contribution towards the cost of improving this intersection. The Project's fair share amount is 8.1%.	The following regulatory requirements/ conditions of approval related the transportation and traffic shall apply to the proposed Project, and would address the Project's cumulatively- considerable impacts to traffic: RR: The Project Applicant shall contribute Development Impact Fees
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		Applicable.	1
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		Department Department	N/A
EIR NO, 466 MITTGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		Prior to issuance of certificate of occupancy.	N/A
EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	using the following geometrics: Northbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Eastbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Westbound: Two left turn lane. Westbound: Two left turn lane. Westbound: Two left turn lanes.	MM Trans 13: Install Traffic Signal at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Cajalco Expressway using the following geometrics: Northbound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One free right turn lane. Southbound: Two left turn lanes. Two through lanes. One right turn lane. Estabound: One left turn lane. Two through lanes. One right turn lane.	N/A
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING			
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT {PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP}			
IMPACT CATEGORY			

18B Planning, Inc.

IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 MMP) (Per the EIR NO. 466 MMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
							Ordinance No. 659. Ordinance No. 659. RR: The Project Applicant shall contribute fees towards the Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation fee (TUMF) Program pursuant to Riverside County Ordinance No. 824.	
	According to the RCIP Circulation Element there are plans to construct a Class I Bike trail along the ultimate buildout of Cajalco Expressway. However,	Aside from the proposed 8-foot wide community trails along Seaton Avenue and Harvill Avenue, there are no public transit, bikeways,	No mitigation is required.	NOT A	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	ABLE 0029	Aside from the proposed 8-foot wide community trails, roadways abutting the Project site are not planned for development with bole trails.	Less than significant.
	because there are no details on exactly where the trail will be located, it cannot be determined at this time if the project proponent will be required to construct the bike trail.	or pedestrian facilities planned in the Project planned in the Project would not decrease the performance of any facilities promoting transit, biteways, or remait, biteways, or opedestrian facilities.						
5.1.19: Tribal Cultural Resources	ER No. 466 did not specifically evaluate impacts to Tribal Cultural Resources, although impacts to Cultural Resources as disclosed by ER No. 466 are addressed above.	Due to past disturbance on site, any tribal cultural resources that may have been present on the site have since been destroyed or removed from the site. Notwithstanding, there is a remote chance that historical or are not archaeological resources may be uncovered during the uncovered during.	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	Mitigation Measures MM Cultural 1 and MM Cultural 2 shall apply (as presented above).	N/A
5.1.20: Utilities and Service Systems	The proposed project is expected to consume 0.236 million gallons of water per day (mgd) which is 2.4% of Perris Water Filtration plant and not considered	Project grading activities. Aside from minor connections to existing facilities in surrounding roadways, the Project would not require extensive off-site	No mitigation is required.	NOT A	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	ABLE 0029	Nane.	Less than significant

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 MMP) (Per the EIR NO. 466 MMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR No. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR No. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITTGATION
	significant.	improvements for water service. Additionally, the Project would result in a substantial decrease in the amount of building area on site and associated demand for water as compared to what was evaluated and disclosed by EIR No. 466. Moreover, mandatory compliance with applicable regulations adopted since 2005 would ensure that the Project's water consumption would be less than was evaluated in EIR No. 466. Furthermore, the Project is fully within the assumptions made by the UWMP, which concluded that EMWD would have adequate supplies to meet existing and projected demands from existing and projected demands from resources during normal, dry, and multiple dry-year conditions.						
	The proposed project is expected to generate 0.5525 mgd of wastewater.	Aside from minor connections to existing facilities in surrounding	No mitigation is required.	NOT /	NOT APPLICABLE	ABLE	None.	Less than significant
	The project will contribute 5.0% of Eastern Municipal Water District's Perris Valley	roadways, the Project would not require extensive off-site		ТО РР	TO PP No. 180029	0029		
	Facility (PVRWRF) daily capacity and 0.55% of its	service. Adequate capacity exists at the						
	proposed project will not	Project's projected						

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

VAL (COA), EIR NO. 466 VITS (RR), AND LEVEL OF IRES (PDF) SIGNIFICANCE IND. 180029 AFFER MITIGATION		Less than significant	
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		None	
APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029		ABLE 30029	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION		NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING		TON TO PA	
EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE		No mitgation is required.	
PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	demand in addition to the EMWD's existing commitments.	According to information available from the EMWD, the PVRWRF has a current capacity of 22 million gallons per day (gpd), and receives typical daily flows of 13.8 million gpd. The utimate planned capacity at the PVRWRF is 100 million gpd. At buildout the Project would generate approximately 36,261 gpd of wastewater (18.2 acres x 1,700 gpd/acre = 30,940 gpd). The Project's daily generation of wastewater represents 0.4% of the available daily capacity at the PVRWRF. With buildout of the Project's project, the remaining daily capacity at the PVRWRF would be 8.1 million gpd. Accordingly, adequate capacity exists at the PVRWRF to serve the Project's projected demand in addition to the EMWD's saxisting commitments.	
EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (Per the EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	necessitate the construction or expansion of sewage treatment facilities in and of itself. Therefore, the project's impact is considered less than significant.	Wastewater from the proposed project will not exceed the sewage capacity of Eastern Municipal Water District current sewer facilities considering other projects of denands and commitments. When the project's 0.5525 mgd is added to existing demand, the total will be 8.2525 mgd of the plant's current capacity of 11 mgd (which will be expanded to 22 mgd at the end of 2010). Although the total amount of wastewater generated by the proposed project will be well within the capacity of the PVRWRE by the time the PVRWRE by the time that development of the proposed project is completed; there is the potential that prior to the expansion of the facility's capacity at the end of 2010 that EMWD will be required to reduce the wastewater diversions from elsewhere within the District to the PVRWRE. However, because	EMWD's wastewater diversions are operational decisions, the amount that is diverted to the PVRWRF is
IMPACT CATEGORY			

IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MIMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABIUTY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
	variable. There is sufficient capacity in EMWD's other wastewater treatment facilities to accommodate any additional wastewater flows sent to them whenever diversions from other parts of the District to the PVRWRF are reduced. Overall, EMWD has sufficient capacity to treat all wastewater generated by the proposed project, both during project phasing and after project build out. Therefore, no significant impact upon EMWD's ability to treat wastewater will occur.							
	Construct-related solid waste is estimated to constitute approximately 0.033-0.039% of annual capacity of county landfills and is therefore not considered significant. Operational-generated solid waste is expected to constitute approximately 0.195-0.259% of annual county landfill capacity. Therefore, impacts related to landfill capacity are	The 12.5 tpd that would be generated by the Project would represent 0.08% of the daily capacity of the Ell Sobrante Landfill, 0.25% of the daily capacity at the Lamb Canyon Landfill, and 0.26% of the daily capacity at the Badlands Landfill. Because the Project would generate a relatively small amount of solid waste per day as	MM Utilities 1: The applicant shall submit a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Waste Management-Department of Waste Resources (DWR) for each implementing development. The plans are required to conform to the Waste Management Department's Management Department's DWR's Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas.	Prior to the issuance of building permits.	Wastee Management Department of Waste Resources.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Utilities 1 shall apply.	significant.
	considered less than significant. However, the mitigation measures listed will further reduce the project's impact on county soild waste facilities.	compared to the permitted daily capacities for the El Sobrante Landfill, Lamb Canyon Landfill, is an Aballands Landfill, it is anticipated that these regional facilities would have	Prior to final building inspection, the applicant is required to construct the recyclables collection and loading area in compliance with the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan, as approved and stamped by the Riverside County Wassee	Prior to the issuance of certificate of occupancy.	Waste Management Department <u>of</u> <u>Waste</u> <u>Resources</u> .			

Addendum No. 7 to EIR No. 466 CEQA Case No. CEQ180110

Plot Plan No. 180029 (Building 20)

IMPACT CATEGORY	EIR NO. 466 IMPACT (PER THE EIR NO. 466 MMP)	PLOT PLAN NO. 180029 FINDING	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION MEASURE	EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR MITIGATION	APPLICABILITY OF EIR NO. 466 MITIGATION TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COA), REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS (RR), AND PROJECT DESIGN FEATURES (PDF) APPLICABLE TO PLOT PLAN NO. 180029	EIR NO. 466 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE AFTER MITIGATION
		sufficient daily capacity to accept solid waste generated by the Project. As such, the Project's impacts due to solid	Management Department DWR, and verified by the Riverside County Building and Safety Department through site inspection.					
		waste would be less than significant.	MM Utilities 2: In addition to solid waste dumpsters, the project development will include recycling containers for paluminum cans, glass, plastics, paper and cardboard.	Prior to the issuance of certificate of occupancy.	Waste Management Department of Waste Resources.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Utilities 2 shall apply.	Less than significant.
			MM Utilities 3: The project development will recycle construction and demolition (C&D) waste generated during construction activities.	Prior to the issuance of certificate of occupancy.	Waste Management Department of Waste Resources.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Utilities 3 shall apply.	Less than significant.
		•	MM Utilities 4: The property owner shall require landscaping contractors to practice grass recycling and/or grass composting to reduce the amounts of grass material in the waste stream.	Prior to the issuance of certificate of occupancy.	Waste Management Department <u>of</u> Waste Resources.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Utilities 4 shall apply.	Less than significant.
			MM Utilities 5: The property owner shall require landscaping contractors to use mulch and/or compost for the development and maintenance of project site landscaped areas.	Prior to the issuance of certificate of occupancy.	Waste Management Department <u>of</u> <u>Waste</u> Resources.	Applicable.	None; Mitigation Measure MM Utilities 5 shall apply.	Less than significant.
5.1.21: Wildfire	Impacts due to wildfire were determined by the IS/NOP for EIR No. 466 to be less than significant.	The Project site is not identified as being susceptible to wildfires and is not located adjacent to land use that pose a high fire risk, Project impacts due to wildfire would be less than significant.	No mitigation is required.	NOT /	NOT APPLICABLE TO PP No. 180029	4BLE 00029	None.	less than significant.



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Juan C. Perez Agency Director

10/14/20, 2:58 pm

PPT180029

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for <u>PPT180029</u>. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this Plan (PPT180029) and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

<u>Plot Plan No. 180029</u> is a proposal for the construction and operation of a 406,496 square-foot concrete tilt-up industrial building on 21.1 acres. The building (Majestic Freeway Business Center Building 20) would include 20,325 square-feet of office area and the remaining 386,171 square-feet for warehouse space. There would be a 2.5 acre detention basin that could accommodate picnic tables along the rim of the basin and a designated parking cut-out for food trucks. A total of 280 parking spaces will be provided, including 8 for disabled persons and 8 for electric vehicles. The Assessor's Parcel No. 314-051-015 which is 19.42 net acres will be used as a potential stockpile, borrow site, and construction staging area for the development of Building 20 and the detention basin. Additionally, there would be proposed truck queuing and vehicle access driveway that would traverse between the borrow site and the project site for Building 20.

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Design Guidelines

Compliance with applicable Design Guidelines: 1. Specific Plan Design Guidelines

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - EIR Mitigation Measures

Mitigation Measures from EIR No. 466 and the Project Initial Study/Addendum have been incorporated as conditions of approval of this project where appropriate. Beyond these conditions of approval that have been incorporated, development of the project shall conform to the analysis, conclusions, and mitigation measures of EIR No. 466 and the Project Initial Study/Addendum.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 5 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT(S)

Exhibit A (Site Plan), dated May 15, 2020; Exhibit B (Elevations), dated May 15, 2020; Exhibit C (Floor Plans), dated May 15, 2020; Exhibit D (Details), dated May 15, 2020;

Exhibit G (Grading Plans), dated May 15, 2020; Exhibit L (Conceptual Landscaping and Irrigation Plans), dated May 15, 2020; Exhibit T (Truck Stacking), dated May 15, 2020; Exhibit U (Utility Plans), dated May 15, 2020.

Advisory Notification. 6 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
- · Clean Water Act
- Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)
- Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
- Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
- State Subdivision Map Act
- Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
- Current California Building Code (CBC)
- · School District Impact Compliance
- Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
- Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
- Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements)
- Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
- Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land)
- Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards)
- Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand)
- Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution)
- Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
- · Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
- · Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
- Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
- · Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
- Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)
- Ord. No. 928 (Clarifying County Prohibition on Mobile Marijuana Dispensaries and Deliveries)
- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances:
- Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
- Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
- Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
- Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 7 AND - Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees (COUNTY) from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the Plot Plan, or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the Plot Plan, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

E Health

E Health. 1

ECP COMMENTS

Based on the information provided in the environmental assessment documents submitted for this project and with the provision that the information was accurate and representative of site conditions, RCDEH-ECP (Riverside County Department of Environmental Health – Environmental Cleanup Program) concludes no further environmental assessment is required for this project.

If previously unidentified contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

E Health. 2

Water/Sewer

The proposed project shall obtain potable water service and sanitary sewer service from Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). Prior to building permit issuance, applicant shall submit an original copy of water and sewer "will-serve" letter(s) to DEH for review and record keeping. Please note that it is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that all requirements to obtain potable water service and sanitary sewer service are met with the appropriate purveyors, as well as, all other applicable agencies.

Fire

Fire. 1

Gen - Fire

- 1.) Access Fire Department emergency vehicle apparatus access road locations and design shall be in accordance with the California Fire Code, Riverside County Ordinance 460, Riverside County Ordinance 787, and Riverside County Fire Department Standards. Plans must be submitted to the Fire Department for review and approval prior to building permit issuance.
- 2.) Water Fire Department water system(s) for fire protection shall be in accordance with the California Fire Code, Riverside County Ordinance 787 and Riverside County Fire Department Standards. Plans must be submitted to the Fire Department for review and approval prior to building permit issuance. Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews building plans. These conditions will be based on occupancy, use, California Building Code (CBC), California Fire Code (CFC), and related codes, which are in effect at the time of building plan submittal

Flood

Flood. 1

015-Flood INCREASED RUNOFF CRITERIA

Increased runoff calculations supporting the size of the proposed basin shall be submitted to the District for review. The entire area of proposed development will be routed through the proposed basin to mitigate increased runoff. The proposed basin must have positive drainage; dead storage basins shall not be acceptable.

Storms to be studied will include the 1-hour, 3-hour, 6-hour and 24-hour duration events for the 2-year, 5-year, and 10-year return frequencies. Detention basin(s) and outlet(s) sizing will ensure that none of these storm events has a higher peak discharge in the post-development condition than in the pre-development condition.

For the 2-year and 5-year events, the loss rate will be determined using an AMC I condition. For the 10-year event, AMC II will be used. Constant loss rates shall be used for the 1-hour, 3-hour, and 6-hour events. A variable loss rate shall be used for the 24-hour event.

Low Loss rates will be determined using the following:

- 1. Undeveloped Condition --> LOW LOSS = 90%
- 2. Developed Condition --> LOW LOSS = .9 (.8 X % IMPERVIOUS)
- 3. Basin Site --> LOW LOSS = 10%

Where possible and feasible, the on-site flows should be mitigated before combining with off-site flows to minimize the size of the detention facility required. If it is necessary to combine off-site and on-site flows into a detention facility two separate conditions should be evaluated for each duration/return period/before-after development combination studied; the first for the total tributary area (off-site plus on-site), and the second for the area to be developed alone (on-site). It must be clearly demonstrated that there is no increase in peak flow rates under either condition (total tributary area or on-site alone), for each of the return period/duration combinations required to be evaluated. A single plot showing the pre-developed, post-developed and routed hydrographs for each storm considered, shall be included with the submittal of the hydrology study.

No outlet pipe(s) shall be less than 18" in diameter. Where necessary an orifice plate may be used to restrict outflow rates. Appropriate trash racks shall be provided for all outlets less than 48" in diameter.

The basin(s) and outlet structure(s) must be capable of passing the 100-year storm without damage to the facility. Embankment shall be avoided in all cases unless site constraints or topography make embankment unavoidable in the judgment of the General Manager-Chief Engineer.

Mitigation basins should be designed for joint use and be incorporated into open space or park areas. Side slopes should be no steeper than 4:1 and depths should be minimized where public access is uncontrolled.

Flood

Flood. 1 015-Flood INCREASED RUNOFF CRITERIA (cont.)

A viable maintenance mechanism, acceptable to both the County and the District, should be provided for detention facilities. Generally, this would mean a CSA, landscape district, parks agency or commercial property owners association. Residential homeowners associations are discouraged.

Preliminary sizing may be based on the difference in runoff hydrograph volume between the "developed" condition and the "pre-developed" condition for the 24-hour duration event for the 10-year return frequency. Final design of the basin, including a complete hydrology study will not be required until the improvement plan stage of this development. The project may need modifications at the plan check stage in order to comply with the increased runoff criteria.

Flood. 2 Flood Haz. Report

4/15/2020

Plot Plan (PP) 180029 is a proposal to construct a 406,496 sq.ft. industrial building (Building 20) with 280 parking spaces and a 2.5-acre detention basin on a 40.28-acre site in Perris area. The project site is located at the southwest corner of Old Oleander Avenue and Harvill Avenue. The previously proposed second building (Building 19) is removed this time and the area will be used as a potential stockpile, borrow site and construction staging area for Building 20.

The topography of the site is a mild west-to-easterly slope. This site receives majority runoff from a tributary offsite drainage area from the hills to the west and some offsite flows from the north of Building 20. The project site is within Specific Plan (SP) 341, which contains District maintained drainage facilities that were constructed by Community Facilities District (CFD) 88-8 in conformance with the Perris Valley Master Drainage Plan (MDP). The offsite runoff is tabled to drain to District owned and maintained Perris Valley Master Drainage Plan (MDP) Lines E-10 and F (aka. Lateral F-4) (project# 4-0-00492 / drawing # 4-0652), and proposed MDP Laterals F-3 and F-3.1.

Per as-built Dwg No. 4-0652 sheet 7, Lateral F-4 inlet intercepts 123cfs 100-year offsite flow near northwest corner of Building 20 and some flows from the north of Old Oleander Avenue. The storm drain line continues southerly in Harvill Avenue to confluence with 297 cfs 100-year flow picked up by Lateral F-3 inlet (4-0652 sheet 4) at intersection of Harvill Avenue and Nance Street. The underground box in Nance Street then transitions to a concrete lined trapezoidal channel along west side of County Transportation railroad right of way before the RCB connects to a District owned detention basin built by CFD 88-8. This detention basin was constructed to mitigate storm flows to an undersized culvert located underneath the AT&SF Railroad between Perry Street and Commerce Center Drive. Per SP 341, the development within the area tributary to this basin, between Markham St and Old Oleander, will not require increased runoff mitigation. However, water quality mitigation will still be required. The District currently maintains the basin and will not allow the basin to be altered to incorporate a water quality feature to mitigate the impacts of development proposals.

To intercept the off-site runoff to Building 20, PP 180029 proposes a 2-ft wide concrete ditch along property boundary west of Building 20. The northern half of offsite flows will be conveyed from the ditch to a proposed 24-inch storm drain to Lateral F-4 in Old Oleander Road. The southern half of offsite flows

PPT180029

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Flood

10/14/20, 2:58 pm

Flood. 2 Flood Haz. Report (cont.)

tributary to Building 20 will be conveyed to the south via the proposed ditch to a 36-inch storm drain and then to the proposed MDP Lateral F-3. The proposed concrete ditch needs to be designed to have sufficient hydraulic capacity to protect the site from the offsite flows. The flow capacity of the concrete ditch needs to match the MDP Line Lateral F3.1. The project may be required to construct MDP Lateral F-3.1 if the proposed concrete ditch is not adequate.

PP180029 proposes to construct proposed MDP Lateral F-3, upstream of MDP Line F-3, from west of Harvill Ave to southwest corner of Building 20. Please note, offsite drainage improvements require the facilities to be located within dedicated drainage easements obtained from the affected property owner(s). See comments 60 & 80 - OFFSITE EASEMENT OR REDESIGN. Lateral E-3 shall conform to District design, maintenance, and operation standards. District will review the improvement plans for maintenance of this facility. See comments 60 and 80 - 6 ITEMS FOR DISTRICT OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF FACILITY(IES). Currently, no offsite flow protection is proposed for the vacant parcel (APN 314-051-015) where Building 19 used to be proposed at.

PP180029 proposes an offsite detention basin at the northwest corner of Markham Street and Harvill Avenue to treat the entire onsite flows (Building 20) and discharge to existing Lateral F-2. This basin is designed to mitigate the water quality impacts due to this development and provide detention of flows. Lateral F-2 60-inch RCP outlets east of Markham Street cul-de-sac, and the discharge flows easterly along an earthen swale before entering the District maintained detention basin. Please note there is another Majestic Freeway Business project, PP180038, is currently under review. PP180038 is conditioned to complete the portion of Lateral F-2 (earthen swale portion) from the current terminus of Lateral F-2 (eastern end of Markham Street) through their project site to the District's detention basin. PP180029 proposed basin will require increased runoff mitigation if the earthen ditch between the basin and Lateral F-2 has not been replaced with the MDP facility. The criteria for mitigation of the incremental increase of peak flow rates shall be satisfied and calculations supporting the adequacy of the mitigation feature shall be submitted to the District for review and approval prior to the issuance of permits. See comment 015-Flood INCREASED RUNOFF CRITERIA.

It should be noted that the project onsite flows are tabled to drain to MDP Lateral F-4 and proposed Lateral F-3. Although the flows from the project site are eventually collected at District's detention basin at Commerce Center Dr. and the I-215 Fwy, the flows are diverted between the storm drain systems Lateral F-3 and Lateral F-4 to be conveyed to the detention basin. Lateral F-2 may not have sufficient hydraulic capacity to convey the discharge from the project proposed basin to the District's basin due to the diversion. Lateral F-2 hydraulic capacity needs to be verified during final engineering. The location and size of the proposed basin may need to be redesigned if Lateral F-2 does not have the capacity to convey the discharge from the basin.

The proposed 24-in storm drain connection to Lateral F-4 in Old Oleander Road and the proposed basin discharge pipe connection to MDP Lateral F-2 in Markham Street will be required for encroachment permits from the District due to the performed work will be within District right-of-way and involving District facilities. See comments 60 and 80 - ENCROACHMENT PERMIT REQUIRED

Flood

Flood. 2 Flood Haz. Report (cont.)

The Majestic Freeway Business center is located within the boundaries of the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan (ADP) for which the Board of Supervisors has adopted drainage fees pursuant to Ordinance No. 460. Applicable ADP fees will be due (in accordance with the Rules and Regulations for Administration of Area Drainage Plans) prior to issuance of grading or building permits for this project whichever occurs first. The current fee for this ADP is \$8,875 per acre which includes \$7,805 per acre for local facilities and \$1,070 per acre for Perris Valley Channel. Per CFD 88-8, in which this project is located, the ADP credit is greater than the corresponding obligation for the local facilities and the \$7,805 per acre fee has been satisfied. However, the Perris Valley Channel portion still applies to all properties within CFD 88-8. The fee due will be based on the fee in effect for Perris Valley Channel at the time of payment. Drainage fees shall be paid with cashier's check or money order only to the District.

Every effort has been made to identify all potential areas of concern for which the District will recommend conditions of approval should this case be filed. However, if during further review of the site and development proposal, additional public safety and health issues are discovered, the District reserves the right to bring such issues to the attention of the hearing body.

Any questions pertaining to this project can be directed to Han Yang at 951.955.1348 or hyang@rivco.org.

Planning

Planning. 1 ALUC General Conditions

- 1. Any outdoor lighting installed shall be hooded or shielded so as to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky. Outdoor lighting shall be downward facing.
- 2. The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project and shall be prohibited at this site, in accordance with Note A on Table 4 of the Mead Valley Area Plan:
- (a) Any use which would direct a steady light or flashing light of red, white, green, or amber colors associated with airport operations toward an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or toward an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach toward a landing at an airport, other than an FAA-approved navigational signal light or visual approach slope indicator.
- (b) Any use which would cause sunlight to be reflected towards an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or towards an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach towards a landing at an airport.
- (c) Any use which would generate smoke or water vapor or which would attract large concentrations of birds, or which may otherwise affect safe air navigation within the area.
- (d) Any use which would generate electrical interference that may be detrimental to the operation of aircraft and/or aircraft instrumentation.
- 3. The following uses/activities are specifically prohibited at this location: trash transfer stations that are

Planning

Planning. 1 ALUC General Conditions (cont.)

open on one or more sides; recycling centers containing putrescible wastes; construction and demolition debris facilities; wastewater management facilities; incinerators; noise-sensitive outdoor nonresidential uses; and hazards to flight. Children's schools are discouraged.

4. The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project, but, if they were to be proposed through a subsequent use permit or plot plan, would require subsequent Airport Land Use Commission review:

Restaurants and other eating establishments; day care centers; health and exercise centers; churches, temples, or other uses primarily for religious worship; theaters.

- 5. The attached notice shall be given to all prospective purchasers of the property and tenants of the building, and shall be recorded as a deed notice.
- 6. The proposed detention basins on the site (including water quality management basins) shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.
- 7. March Air Reserve Base must be notified of any land use having an electromagnetic radiation component to assess whether a potential conflict with Air Base radio communications could result. Sources of electromagnetic radiation include radio wave transmission in conjunction with remote equipment inclusive of irrigation controllers, access gates, etc.
- 8. Noise attenuation measures shall be incorporated into the design of the office areas of the structure, to the extent such measures are necessary to ensure that interior noise levels from aircraft operations are at or below 45 CNEL.
- 9. This project has been evaluated for 406,496 square feet of manufacturing area. Any increase in building area or change in use other than for warehouse, office and manufacturing uses will require an amended review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 10. The project does not propose rooftop solar panels at this time. However, if the project were to propose solar rooftop panels in the future, the applicant/developer shall prepare a solar glare study that analyzes glare impacts, and this study shall be reviewed by the Airport Land Use Commission and March Air Reserve Base.
- 11. The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study of the proposed project (Aeronautical Study No. 2018-AWP-17882-OE) and has determined that neither marking nor lighting of the structure is necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking and/or lighting for aviation safety are accomplished on a voluntary basis, such marking and/or lighting (if any) shall be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory Circular 70/7460-1 L Change 2 and shall be maintained in accordance therewith for the

Planning

Planning. 1

ALUC General Conditions (cont.)

life of the project.

- 12. The proposed building shall not exceed a height of 50 feet above ground level and a maximum elevation at top point of 1,603 feet above mean sea level.
- 13. The maximum height and top point elevation specified above shall not be amended without further review by the Airport Land Use Commission and the Federal Aviation Administration; provided, however, that reduction in structure height or elevation shall not require further review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 14. Temporary construction equipment used during actual construction of the structure shall not exceed 50 feet in height and a maximum elevation of 1,603 feet above mean sea level, unless separate notice is provided to the Federal Aviation Administration through the Form 7460-1 process.
- 15. Within five (5) days after construction of the building reaches its greatest height, FAA Form 7460-2 (Part II). Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, shall be completed by the project proponent or his/her designee and e-filed with the Federal Aviation Administration. (Go to https://oeaaa.faa.gov for instructions.) This requirement is also applicable in the event the project is abandoned or a decision is made not to construct the applicable structure.

Planning. 2

Causes for Revocation

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit, a) is found to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit, b) is found to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony, or c) is found to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance, this permit shall be subject to the revocation procedures.

Planning. 3 Ceased Operations

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this approval shall become null and void.

Planning. 4

Existing R/R – CARB Large Spark-Ignition

CARB's Large Spark-Ignition (LSI) Rule shall apply, which requires in-use fleets to achieve specific hydrocarbon (HC) + NOX fleet average emission level (FAEL) standards that become more stringent over time. Operators are required to label, maintain records, and report each piece of equipment subject to FAEL. The lowest FAEL for large and medium fleets with 25 horsepower or more (greater than 19 kilowatts for 2005 and later model year engines) was to be achieved in 2013. Beginning June 30, 2017, and until June 30, 2023, operators must maintain records, report, and label each piece of equipment subject to a FAEL standard.

Planning. 5

Existing R/R - Idle Time

Planning

Planning. 5 Existing R/R – Idle Time (cont.)

CARB's Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling Regulation shall apply, which requires heavy-duty diesel truck operators (GVWR>10,000 lbs.) to turn off engines after 5 minutes of idling. 2008 and newer MY engines with GVWR>14,000 lbs. are required to be equipped with 5-minute automatic engine shutdown system.

Planning. 6 Existing R/R – In-Use Off-Road Diesel

CARB's In-Use Off-Road Diesel Rule shall apply, which Reduces NOX and PM emissions by imposing limits on idling, requiring reporting, restricting addition older vehicles, and requiring the retirement/replacement/ repowering of older engines by fleet size category (small, medium, and large). Performance Requirements to meet fleet averages or comply with BACT are 2014 for Large Fleets, 2017 for medium fleets, and 2019 for smaller fleets.

Planning. 7 Expiration Date Use Case

This approved permit shall be used within NINE (9) years from the approval date; otherwise, the permit shall be null and void.

The term used shall mean the beginning of construction pursuant to a validly issued building permit for the use authorized by this approval. Prior to the expiration of the 9 years, the permittee/applicant may request an extension of time to use the permit. The extension of time may be approved by the Assistant TLMA Director upon a determination that a valid reason exists for the permittee not using the permit within the required period. If an extension is approved, the total time allowed for use of the permit shall not exceed ten (10) years.

Planning. 8 Industrial Occupant Change

Prior to initial occupancy, upon tenant/occupant change, or upon change in industrial use, the permit holder shall provide a letter from the Planning Department to Building & Safety verifying no need for further environmental, hazardous materials or air quality review as a result of the change.

Planning. 9 Landscape Requirement

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall: 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859; 3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and, 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later.

Planning

Planning. 9 Landscape Requirement (cont.)

To ensure ongoing maintenance, the developer/ permit holder or any successor-in-interest shall: 1) Connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape irrigation purposes when reclaimed water is made available. 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859. 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 10 Logistics/Warehouse – General/Operational Measures

The following measures shall be complied with generally through design/permitting of the project and through continued operation of the project. 1. On-site speed bumps shall not be allowed. Truck loading bays and drive aisles shall be designed to minimize truck noise.

- 2. Facility operators shall prohibit truck drivers from idling more than five (5) minutes and require operators to turn off engines when not in use, in compliance with the California Air Resources Board regulations.
- 3. All lighting used in conjunction with a warehouse/distribution facility operations, shall be directed down into the interior of the site and not spill over onto adjacent properties.
- 4. Facility operators shall maintain records of their facility owned and operated fleet equipment and ensure that all diesel-fueled Medium-Heavy Duty Trucks ("MHDT") and Heavy-Heavy Duty ("HHD") trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating greater than 19,500 pounds accessing the site use year CARB compliant 2010 or newer engines; to the extent commercially available. The records should be maintained on-site and be made available for inspection by the County.
- 5. Facility operators shall train their managers and employees on efficient scheduling and load management to eliminate unnecessary queuing and idling of trucks.
- 6. Facility operators shall coordinate with CARB and SCAQMD to obtain the latest information about regional air quality concentrations, health risks, and trucking regulations.
- 7. Facility operators shall establish specific truck routes between the facility and regular destinations, identifying the most direct routes to the nearest highway/freeway and avoid traveling near sensitive receptors.
- 8. Facility operators shall require their drivers to park and perform any maintenance of trucks in designated on-site areas and not within the surrounding community or on public streets.
- 9. Facility operators for sites that exceed 250 employees shall establish a rideshare program, in accordance with AQMD rule 2202, with the intent of discouraging single-occupancy vehicle trips and promote alternate modes of transportation, such as carpooling and transit where feasible.

Planning

Planning. 10

Logistics/Warehouse – General/Operational Measures (cont.)

- 10. If a public address (PA) system is being used in conjunction with a warehouse/distribution facility operations, the PA system shall be oriented away from sensitive receptors and the volume set at a level not readily audible past the property line.
- 11. Facility Operation shall comply with the exterior noise decibel levels as required by Ord. 847 (Noise Ordinance), which includes a maximum exterior decibel level of 55 dba (between 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.) and 45 dba (between 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.) as measured on adjacent occupied residences, or as modified by the most current version of Ordinance No. 847.
- 12. Each Facility shall designate a Compliance Officer responsible for implementing the measures described herein and/or in the project conditions of approval and mitigation measures. Contact information should be provided to the County and updated annually, and signs should be posted in visible locations providing the contact information for the Compliance Officer to the surrounding community. These signs shall also identify the website and contact information for the South Coast Air Quality Management District.
- 13. On-site equipment, such as forklifts, shall be electric with the necessary electrical charging stations provided.

Planning. 11

Mitigation Compliance (MM) for Air Quality

- MM Air 1: During construction, mobile construction equipment will be properly maintained, which includes proper tuning and timing of engines. Equipment maintenance records and equipment design specification data sheets shall be kept on-site during construction.
- MM Air 2: Legible, durable, weather-proof signs shall be placed at all passenger vehicle parking areas prohibiting all vehicles from idling in excess of thirty minutes on-site. Prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit, the County of Riverside shall conduct a site inspection to ensure that the signs are in place.
- MM Air 3: To comply with the California Code of Regulations Title 13, Division 3, Chapter 1, Article 4.5, Section 2025, "Regulation to Reduce Emissions of Diesel Particulate Matter, Oxides of Nitrogen and Other Criteria Pollutants, from In-Use Heavy-Duty Diesel-Fueled Vehicles" and California Code of Regulations Title 13, Division 3, Chapter 10, Article 1, Section 2485, "Airborne Toxic Control Measure to Limit Diesel-Fueled Commercial Motor Vehicle Idling," legible, durable, weather-proof signs shall be placed at truck access gates, loading docks, and truck parking areas that identify applicable California Air Resources Board (CARB) anti-idling regulations. At a minimum, each sign shall include: 1) instructions for truck drivers to shut off engines when not in use; 2) instructions for drivers of diesel trucks to restrict idling to no more than five (5) minutes once the vehicle is stopped, the transmission is set to "neutral" or "park," and the parking brake is engaged; and 3) telephone numbers of the building facilities manager and the CARB to report violations. Prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit, the County of Riverside shall conduct a site inspection to ensure that the signs are in place. Prohibit all diesel trucks from idling in excess of ten minutes on-site.

Planning

Planning. 11 Mitigation Compliance (MM) for Air Quality (cont.)

MM Air 4: Wherever practicable, main truck entries will not be located near existing residences.

MM Air 5: Signage will be installed directing heavy-duty trucks to identified truck routes that avoid residential areas within vicinity of the Project site.

MM Air 6: Where transport refrigeration units (TRUs) are in use, electrical hookups will be installed at all loading and unloading stalls that accommodate TRUs in order to allow TRUs with electric standby capabilities to use them.

MM Air 7: As part of lease agreements, the proposed Project owner shall educate drivers/tenants on alternative clean fuels.

MM Air 8: Provide preferential parking spaces for carpools and vanpools. Those parking spaces dedicated for vanpool access shall have a minimum 7'2" vertical clearance.

MM Air 9: Local transit agencies shall be contacted to determine the feasibility of bus routing in the project area that can accommodate bus stops at the project access points. The project or the transit agency shall provide bus stop signage at the agreed upon bus stop locations.

MM Air 10: Prior to grading permit and building permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that the following applicable notes are included on the grading plans and building plans. Project contractors shall be required to ensure compliance with these notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. These notes also shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors.

a) All Heavy-Heavy Duty Haul Trucks (HHD) accessing the Project site during construction shall use year 2010 or newer engines to the extent such HHD are commercially available. b) All scrapers. excavators. graders, and rubber-tired dozers shall be CARB Tier 3 Certified or better. c) Construction contractors shall notify their workers about Riverside County's Rideshare Program. d) Construction activities shall suspended during Stage 2 Smog Alerts issued by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD). e)Construction activities shall comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 403, "Fugitive Dust." Rule 403 requires implementation of best available dust control measures during construction activities that generate fugitive dust, such as earth moving, grading, and equipment travel on unpaved roads. f) Architectural coating work shall comply with SCAQMD Rule 1113, "Architectural Coatings." Rule 1113 places limits on grams of VOC per liter of coating material and colorants Street sweepers shall be certified by the SCAQMD as meeting SCAQMD Rule 1186.1 "Less Polluting Street Sweepers" sweeper certification procedures.

MM Air 11: The minimum number of automobile electric vehicle (EV) charging stations required by the California Code of Regulations Title 24 shall be provided. In addition, and to facilitate the possible future

Planning

Planning. 11 Mitigation Compliance (MM) for Air Quality (cont.)

installation of infrastructure that would charge the batteries that power the motors of electric-powered trucks, the following shall be installed. 1) At Shell building permit, an electrical room(s) and/or exterior area(s) of the site shall be designated where future electrical panels would be located for the purpose of supplying power to on-site charging facilities for electric powered trucks. Conduit shall be installed from this designated area where the panel would be located to the on-site location where the charging facilities would be located where electric-powered trucks would park and connect to charging facilities to charge the batteries that power the motors of the electric-powered trucks. 2) At issuance of a building permit for Tenant Improvements, if the tenant is served by electric trucks, the electrical panel and charging units shall be installed, and the electrical wiring connections shall be made from the electrical panel to the charging units. If the tenant is not served by electric trucks, this requirement shall not apply.

MM Air 12: All owner users and future tenants shall participate in Riverside County's Rideshare Program. The purpose of this program is to encourage 2+ person occupancy vehicle trips and encourage other alternative modes of transportation. Carpooling opportunities and public transportation information shall be advertised to employees of the building tenant. Developer and all successors shall include the provisions of this obligation in all leases of the Project so that all tenants shall fulfill the terms and conditions of this County condition of approval.

MM Air 13: Developer and all successors shall include information in building sale and lease agreements that inform owner users and tenants about (1) the air quality benefits associated with water-based or low volatile organic compounds (VOC) cleaning products, and (2) the benefits of becoming SmartWay Shippers and SmartWay Carriers, which is federal EPA program that advances supply chain sustainability.

MM Air 14: All construction and operational activities associated with the proposed Project shall comply with Riverside County Board of Supervisors Policy F-3, "Good Neighbor' Policy for Logistics and Warehouse/Distribution Uses."

Planning. 12 No Outdoor Advertising

No outdoor advertising display, sign or billboard (not including on-site advertising or directional signs) shall be constructed or maintained within the property subject to this approval.

Planning. 13 No Resident Occupancy

No permanent occupancy shall be permitted within the property approved under this plot plan as a principal place of residence. No person, shall use the premises as a permanent mailing address nor be entitled to vote using an address within the premises as a place of residence.

Planning. 14 Noise Monitoring Reports

The permit holder may be required to submit periodic noise monitoring reports as determined by the Department of Building and Safety as part of a code enforcement action. Upon written notice from the Department of Building and Safety requiring such a report, the permittee or the permittee's successor-in-interest shall prepare and submit an approved report within thirty (30) calendar days to the

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Planning

Planning. 14 Noise Monitoring Reports (cont.)

Department of Building and Safety, unless more time is allowed through written agreement by the Department of Building and Safety. The noise monitoring report shall be approved by the Office of Industrial Hygiene of the Health Service Agency (the permittee or the permittee's successor-in-interest shall be required to place on deposit sufficient funds to cover the costs of this approval prior to commencing the required report).

Planning. 15 Reclaimed Water

The permit holder shall connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape watering purposes when secondary or reclaimed water is made available to the site.

Planning. 16 Truck Chargin Equipment

Upon the utilization of electrical trucks at the facility, electrical charging equipment for the trucks shall be installed and operational utilizing the prior electrical infrastructure installed and area noted for such equipment.

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 If Human Remains Found

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following codes: Pursuant to State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5, if human remains are encountered, no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. The Coroner will have two working days to determine if the remains are subject to his or her authority as part of a crime. If the Riverside County Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) shall be contacted by the Coroner within the period specified by law (24 hours). The NAHC shall immediately notify those persons it believes to be most likely descended from the deceased Native American. The descendants may, inspect the site of the discovery of the Native American human remains and may recommend means for treatment or disposition, with appropriate dignity, of the human remains and any associated grave goods. The descendants shall make recommendations or preferences for treatment within 48 hours of being granted access to the site. Upon the discovery of Native American remains, the landowner shall ensure that the immediate vicinity, where the Native American human remains are located, is not damaged or disturbed The landowner shall discuss and confer with the descendants all reasonable options regarding the descendants' preferences for treatment. The descendants' preferences for treatment may include the following:

- The nondestructive removal and analysis of human remains and items associated with Native American human remains.
- Preservation of Native American human remains and associated items in place.
- · Relinquishment of Native American human remains and associated items to the descendants for treatment.
- Other culturally appropriate treatment. The parties may also mutually agree to extend discussions, taking into account the possibility that

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 1 If Human Remains Found (cont.)

additional or multiple Native American human remains, as defined in this section, are located in the project area, providing a basis for additional treatment measures. Human remains of a Native American may be an inhumation or cremation, and in any state of decomposition or skeletal completeness. Any items associated with the human remains that are placed or buried with the Native American human remains are to be treated in the same manner as the remains, but do not by themselves constitute human remains. Whenever the commission is unable to identify a descendant, or the descendants identified fail to make a recommendation, or the landowner or his or her authorized representative rejects the recommendation of the descendants and the mediation provided for in subdivision (k) of Section 5097.94, if invoked, fails to provide measures acceptable to the landowner, the landowner or his or her authorized representative shall reinter the human remains and items associated with Native American human remains with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further and future subsurface disturbance. To protect these sites, the landowner shall do one or more of the following:

- Record the site with the commission or the appropriate Information Center.
- Utilize an open-space or conservation zoning designation or easement.
- Record a document with the county in which the property is located. The document shall be titled "Notice of Reinternment of Native American Remains" and shall include a legal description of the property, the name of the owner of the property, and the owner's acknowledged signature, in addition to any other information required by this section. The document shall be indexed as a notice under the name of the owner. Upon the discovery of multiple Native American human remains during a ground disturbing land development activity, the landowner may agree that additional conferral with the descendants is necessary to consider culturally appropriate treatment of multiple Native American human remains. Human remains from other ethnic/cultural groups with recognized historical associations to the project area shall also be subject to consultation between appropriate representatives from that group and the County Archaeologist.

Planning-CUL. 2 Unanticipated Resources

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit. If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed: All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished. * A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in

Planning-CUL

Planning-CUL. 2 Unanticipated Resources (cont.)

close association with each other, but may include fewer artifacts if the area of the find is determined to be of significance due to sacred or cultural importance. ** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the value/importance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1 GEO180046 ACCEPTED

County Geologic Report GEO No. 180046, submitted for the project PPT180032, was prepared by Kleinfelder, Inc, and is titled; "Report of Geotechnical Study, Majestic Freeway Business Center, Building No. 20, West of Harvill Avenue, South of Oleander Avenue, Riverside County, California," dated November 6, 2018. "Report of Geotechnical Study, Majestic Freeway Business Center, Building No. 20, West of Harvill Avenue, South of Oleander Avenue, Riverside County, California," dated November 6, 2018 (Revised December 21, 2018). These documents are herein incorporated into GEO180046. GEO180046 concluded: 1. The site is not located within a State of California Earthquake Fault Zone, nor a County of Riverside Fault Hazard Zone. 2. Based on the age of the geologic units present at the site, lack of geomorphic evidence such as lineaments, off-set drainages or concentration of vegetation, and the distance to known active faults in the region, the risk of surface rupture at the site resulting from faulting is considered low. 3. The site is relatively flat and the risk of the site from landslides and other forms of mass wasting is considered very low. 4. Based on the properties of the soils underlying the site, there is a low potential for impact due to liquefaction from a seismic event. 5.

Seismically-induced settlement is estimated to be less than 1-inch total and ½ inch differential settlement over a distance of over 40 feet. 6. The risk of seiche and tsunami damage following a seismic event at the site is considered low. 7. Dry seismically-induced settlement is calculated to be less than 1 inch. 8. Expansion index testing indicated an Expansion Index of 0 (Very Low). GEO180046 recommended: 1. Prior to general site grading, existing vegetation, debris, and oversized materials (greater than 6 inches in maximum dimension) should be stripped and disposed outside the construction limits. 2.In order to provide uniform support for the proposed spread foundations and slab-on-grade floors, we recommend the site soils be overexcavated and replaced as engineered fill to a minimum depth of 5 feet from existing grade and at least 3 feet below the bottom of footings, whichever is greater. 3. Prior to scarification and recompaction of the soil. the excavation bottoms should have a minimum relative compaction of 85 percent based on the existing density presented on the boring logs. 4. The overexcavation should extend horizontally at least 5 feet beyond the edges of foundations and a distance equivalent to the thickness of the anticipated fill below the footing, whichever is greater. 5. Total static settlement for foundations designed in accordance with the recommendations presented

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1 GEO180046 ACCEPTED (cont.)

herein is estimated to be less than 1 inch. Differential static settlement between similarly loaded columns is estimated to be less than ½ inch over 40 feet.

GEO No. 180046 satisfies the requirement for a geologic/geotechnical study for Planning/CEQA purposes. GEO No. 180046 is hereby accepted for planning purposes. Engineering and other Building Code parameters were not included as a part of this review or approval. This approval is not intended and should not be misconstrued as approval for grading permit. Engineering and other building code parameters should be reviewed and additional comments and/or conditions may be imposed by the County Of Riverside upon application for grading and/or building permits.

Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - GENERAL

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, it is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. The County of Riverside applicable ordinances and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. The Project shall submit a preliminary soils and pavement investigation report addressing the construction requirements within the road right-of-way.
- 3. A signing and striping plan is required for this project. The Project shall be responsible for any additional paving and/or striping removal caused by the striping plan or as approved by the Director of Transportation.
- 4. Alternations to natural drainage patterns shall require protecting downstream properties by means approved by the Transportation Department.
- 5. If the Transportation Department allows the use of streets for drainage purposes, the 10-year discharge shall be contained in the top of curb or asphalt concrete dikes, and the 100-year discharge shall be contained in the street right-of-way.
- 6. The Project shall install street name sign(s) in accordance with County Standard No. 816 and as directed by the Transportation Department.
- 7. All corner cutbacks shall be applied per Standard 805, Ordinance 461.
- 8. All centerline intersections shall be at 90 degrees, plus or minus 5 degrees.
- 9. The project shall comply with the most current ADA requirements. Ramps shall be constructed at all 4

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Transportation

Transportation. 1 RCTD - GENERAL (cont.)

legs of 4-way intersections and "T" intersections per Standard No. 403, sheets 1 through 7 of Ordinance 461.

10. The Project shall obtain approval of street improvement plans from the Transportation Department.

Improvement plans shall be based upon a design profile extending a minimum of 300 feet beyond the project limits.

11. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955 6527.

Transportation. 2 RCTD - USE - TS/General

The Transportation Department has reviewed the traffic study submitted for the referenced project. The study has been prepared in accordance with County-approved guidelines. We generally concur with the findings relative to traffic impacts.

The General Plan circulation policies require development proposals to maintain a Level of Service 'C', except that Level of Service 'D' shall apply to all development proposals located within any of the following Area Plans: Eastvale, Jurupa, Highgrove, Reche Canyon/Badlands, Lakeview/Nuevo, Sun City/Menifee Valley, Harvest Valley/Winchester, Southwest Area, The Pass, San Jacinto Valley, Western Coachella Valley and those Community Development Areas of the Elsinore, Lake Mathews/Woodcrest, Mead Valley and Temescal Canyon Area Plans.

The study indicates that it is possible to achieve adequate levels of service for the following intersections based on the traffic study assumptions.

Harvill Avenue (NS) at: Project Access-Nance Street (EW)

Oleander Avenue (NS) at: Project West Access (EW) Project East Access (EW)

As such, the proposed project is consistent with this General Plan policy.

The associated conditions of approval incorporate mitigation measures identified in the traffic study, which are necessary to achieve or maintain the required level of service.

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste General

- Hazardous materials are not accepted at Riverside County landfills. In compliance with federal, state, and

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste General (cont.)

local regulations and ordinances, any hazardous waste generated in association with the project shall be disposed of at a permitted Hazardous Waste disposal facility. Hazardous waste materials include, but are not limited to, paint, batteries, oil, asbestos, and solvents. For further information regarding the determination, transport, and disposal of hazardous waste, please contact the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, Environmental Protection and Oversight Division. - AB 341 focuses on increased commercial waste recycling as a method to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The regulation requires businesses and organizations that generate four or more cubic yards of waste per week and multifamily units of 5 or more, to recycle. A business shall take at least one of the following actions in order to reuse, recycle, compost, or otherwise divert commercial solid waste from disposal:

- Source separate recyclable and/or compostable material from solid waste and donate or self-haul the material to recycling facilities.
- Subscribe to a recycling service with their waste hauler.
- Provide recycling service to their tenants (if commercial or multi-family complex).
- Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of California Code of Regulations Title 14. For more information, please visit:

www.rivcowm.org/opencms/recycling/recycling_and_compost_business.html#mandatory

-Consider xeriscaping and using drought tolerant/low maintenance vegetation in all landscaped areas of the project. - AB 1826 (effective April 1, 2016) requires businesses that generate 8 cubic yards or more of organic waste per week to arrange for organic waste recycling services. The threshold amount of organic waste generated requiring compliance by businesses is reduced in subsequent years. Businesses subject to AB 1826 shall take at least one of the following actions in order to divert organic waste from disposal: -Source separate organic material from all other recyclables and donate or self-haul to a permitted organic waste processing facility. -Enter into a contract or work agreement with gardening or landscaping service provider or refuse hauler to ensure the waste generated from those services meet the requirements of AB 1826.

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

060 - BS-Grade. 1 EASEMENTS/PERMISSION

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, it shall be the sole responsibility of the owner/applicant to obtain any and all proposed or required easements and/or permissions necessary to perform the grading herein proposed. A notarized letter of permission and/or recorded easement from the affected property owners or easement holders shall be provided in instances where off site grading is proposed as part of the grading plan. In instances where the grading plan proposes drainage facilities on adjacent off site property, the owner/applicant shall provide a copy of the recorded drainage easement or copy of Final Map.

060 - BS-Grade. 2 IF WQMP IS REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

If a Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required, the owner / applicant shall submit to the Building & Safety Department, the Final Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) site plan for comparison to the grading plan.

060 - BS-Grade. 3 IMPROVEMENT SECURITIES

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Grading Permit, the applicant may be required to post a Grading and/or Erosion Control Security. Please contact the Riverside County Transportation Department for additional information and requirements.

Flood

060 - Flood. 1 6 Items to Accept Facility

Not Satisfied

Inspection and maintenance of the flood control facility(ies) to be constructed with this development must be performed by either the County Transportation Department or the Flood Control District. THE APPLICANT OR AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MUST REQUEST IN WRITING THAT ONE OF THESE AGENCIES ACCEPT THE PROPOSED SYSTEM FOR OWNERSHIP, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE. The Applicant's request shall note the project number, location, briefly describe the system (sizes and lengths) and include an exhibit that shows the proposed alignment(s). The request to the District shall be addressed to the General Manager-Chief Engineer, Attn: Chief of the Planning Division. In event the District is willing to maintain the proposed facility(ies), the following six (6) items must be accomplished prior to the issuance of a grading permit or starting construction of the drainage facility(ies) whichever comes first:

- 1) Plans shall be prepared in strict accordance with District drafting, engineering, operations, and maintenance standards.
- 2) The Applicant shall submit to the District the preliminary title reports, plats, and legal descriptions for all right-of-way that is to be conveyed to the District and shall secure that right-of-way to the satisfaction of the District. All right-of-way transfer issues shall be coordinated with the District's Right-of-Way Section.
- 3) The Applicant shall enter into an agreement establishing the terms and conditions of inspection, operation, and maintenance with the District and any other maintenance partners. The Applicant shall submit a completed Application for Agreement Preparation to the District's Contract Services Section.
- 4) All regulatory permits (and all documents pertaining thereto, e.g., Habitat Mitigation and Monitoring

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Flood

060 - Flood. 1 6 Items to Accept Facility (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Plans, Conservation Plans/Easements) that are to be secured by the Applicant for both facility construction and maintenance shall be submitted to the District for review. The regulatory permits' terms and conditions shall be approved by the District prior to improvement plan approval, map recordation, or finalization of the regulatory permits. There shall be no unreasonable constraint upon the District's ability to operate and maintain the flood control facility(ies) to protect public health and safety.

- 5) Plans for the facility must be signed by the District's General Manager-Chief Engineer (the plans will not be signed prior to execution of the above referenced agreement).
- 6) A pre-construction meeting shall be scheduled with the District's Construction Management Section. Prior to scheduling the pre-construction meeting, the Applicant must submit proof of flood control facility bonds and a certificate of insurance to the District's Contract Services Section.

060 - Flood. 2 Encroachment Permit Required

Not Satisfied

An encroachment permit shall be obtained for any work that is to be performed within the District right-of-way or involving District facilities. The encroachment permit application shall be processed and approved concurrently with the improvement plans.

060 - Flood. 3 Mitcharge - Use

Not Satisfied

This project is located within the limits of the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan (ADP). The County Board of Supervisors has adopted this ADP to establish a drainage fee within the plan area.

This project may require earlier construction of downstream ADP facilities. Therefore, the District recommends that this project be required to pay a flood mitigation fee. The mitigation charge for this project shall be equal to the prevailing ADP fee rate multiplied by the area of the new development. Fees shall be paid after final approval of the staff report/conditions of approval by the Board of Supervisors and prior to issuance of permits. Drainage fees shall be paid directly to the District. Personal or corporate checks will not be accepted for payment.

The current fee for this ADP is \$8,875 per acre which includes \$7,805 per acre for local facilities and \$1,070 per acre for Perris Valley Channel. Per CFD 88-8, in which this project is located, the ADP credit is greater than the corresponding obligation for the local facilities and the \$7,805 per acre fee has been satisfied. However, the Perris Valley Channel portion still applies to all properties within CFD 88-8. The fee due will be based on the fee in effect for Perris Valley Channel at the time of payment. The site was previously graded, the ADP fee obligation for Perris Valley channel may have been paid previously. Provide the District with proof of payment if already paid.

060 - Flood. 4 Off-site Easement or Redesign

Not Satisfied

Whenever offsite drainage improvements are required, the facilities shall be located within dedicated drainage easements obtained from the affected property owner(s). Document(s) shall be recorded and a copy submitted to the District prior to recordation of the Final Map or issuance of grading or building permits. If the Applicant cannot obtain such rights, the map shall be redesigned to eliminate the need for the easement(s).

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning

060 - Planning. 1 ALUC - Detention Basins

Not Satisfied

The proposed detention basin associated with the project (including water quality management basins) shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.

060 - Planning. 2 Logistics/Warehouse - Grading Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

Prior to grading permit issuance, the following measures shall be noted on grading plans and shall be complied with during grading operations: 1. During construction of the warehouse/distribution facility, all heavy duty haul trucks accessing the site shall have CARB-Compliant 2010 engines or newer approved CARB engine standards.

- 2. All diesel fueled off-road construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower, including but not limited to excavators, graders, rubber-tired dozers, and similar "off-road" construction equipment shall be equipped with CARB Tier 4 Compliant engines. If the operator lacks Tier 4 equipment, and it is not available for lease or short-term rental within 50 miles of the project site, Tier 3 or cleaner off-road construction equipment may be utilized subject to County approval.
- 3. The maximum daily disturbance area (actively graded area) shall not exceed 10 acres per day. Non-Grading construction activity in areas greater than 10 acres is allowed.
- 4. Construction contractors shall utilize construction equipment, with properly operating and maintained mufflers, consistent with manufacturers' standards.
- 5. Construction contractors shall locate or park all stationary construction equipment so that the emitted noise is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site, to the extent practicable.
- 6. The surrounding streets shall be swept on a regular basis, to remove any construction related debris and dirt.
- 7. Appropriate dust control measures that meet the SCAQMD standards shall be implemented for grading and construction activity.
- 8. Construction equipment maintenance records and data sheets, which includes equipment design specifications and equipment emission control tier classifications, as well as any other records necessary to verify compliance with the items above, shall be kept onsite and furnished to the County upon request.
- 9. Construction Contractors shall prohibit truck drivers from idling more than five (5) minutes and require operators to turn off engines when not in use, in compliance with the California Air Resources Board regulations.
- 10. During construction, the Transportation & Land Management Agency representative shall conduct an on-site inspection with a facility representative to verify compliance with these policies, and to identify other opportunities to reduce construction impacts.

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning

060 - Planning. 2 Logistics/Warehouse – Grading Plan Notes (cont.)

Not Satisfied

11. Facility construction shall comply with the hours of operation and exterior noise decibel levels as required by Riverside County Ordinance No. 847 ("Noise Ordinance").

060 - Planning. 3

Logistics/Warehouse – Grading Traffic Control Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to grading permit issuance, a "Traffic Control Plan" shall be prepared, which details the locations of equipment staging areas, material stockpiles, proposed road closures, and hours of construction operations. This is in addition to a Traffic Impact Study as may be required for the environmental review process.

060 - Planning. 4 MM Air

MM Air 1, 2, 10 - Grading Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

Prior to grading permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that the following applicable notes are included on the grading plans. Project contractors shall be required to ensure compliance with these notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. These notes also shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors.

MM Air 1: During construction, mobile construction equipment will be properly maintained before mobilization to the site, which includes proper tuning and timing of engines. Equipment maintenance records and equipment design specification data sheets shall be kept on-site during construction.

MM Air 2: Prohibit all vehicles from idling in excess of thirty minutes on-site.

MM Air 10: a) All Heavy-Heavy Duty Haul Trucks (HHD) accessing the Project site during construction shall use year 2010 or newer engines to the extent such HHD are commercially available.

- b) All scrapers, excavators, graders, and rubber-tired dozers shall be CARB compliant.
- c) Construction contractors shall notify their workers about Riverside County's Rideshare Program.
- d) Construction activities shall be suspended during Stage 2 Smog Alerts issued by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD).
- e) Construction activities shall comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 403, "Fugitive Dust." Rule 403 requires implementation of best available dust control measures during construction activities that generate fugitive dust, such as earth moving, grading, and equipment travel on unpaved roads.

060 - Planning. 5

MM Noise 1-3 – Grading Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

Prior to grading permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that the following applicable notes are included on the grading plans. Project contractors shall be required to ensure compliance with these notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. These notes also shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors. MM Noise 1: To reduce construction-related noise, site preparation, grading and construction activities

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning

060 - Planning. 5 MM Noise 1-3 - Grading Plan Notes (cont.)

Not Satisfied

within one-quarter mile of occupied residences shall be limited to those hours as set forth in Section 1.G.1 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 457. MM Noise 2: All construction equipment, fixed or mobile, shall be equipped with properly operating and maintained mufflers. MM Noise 3: Construction staging areas shall not be located close to any occupied residence. MM Noise 4: No combustion powered equipment, such as pumps or generators, shall be allowed to operate within 500 feet of any occupied residence unless the equipment is surrounded by a noise protection barrier.

Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 1 Native American Monitor

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of grading permits, the developer/permit applicant shall enter into an agreement with the consulting tribe(s) for a Native American Monitor. The Native American Monitor(s) shall be on-site during all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, grading and trenching,. In conjunction with the Archaeological Monitor(s), the Native American Monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources. The developer/permit applicant shall submit a fully executed copy of the agreement to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Archaeologist shall clear this condition. This agreement shall not modify any condition of approval or mitigation measure.

060 - Planning-CUL. 2 Project Archaeologist

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of grading permits: The applicant/developer shall provide evidence to the County of Riverside Planning Department that a County certified professional archaeologist (Project Archaeologist) has been contracted to implement a Cultural Resource Monitoring Program. A Cultural Resource Monitoring Plan shall be developed that addresses the details of all activities and provides procedures that must be followed in order to reduce the impacts to cultural and historic resources to a level that is less than significant as well as address potential impacts to undiscovered buried archaeological resources associated with this project. A fully executed copy of the contract and a wet-signed copy of the Monitoring Plan shall be provided to the County Archaeologist to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Working directly under the Project Archaeologist, an adequate number of qualified Archaeological

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60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance Planning-CUL

060 - Planning-CUL. 2 Project Archaeologist (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Monitors shall be present to ensure that all earth moving activities are observed and shall be on-site during all grading activities for areas to be monitored including off-site improvements. Inspections will vary based on the rate of excavation, the materials excavated, and the presence and abundance of artifacts and features. The frequency and location of inspections will be determined by the Project Archaeologist.

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1 30-Day Burrowing Owl Preconstruction Survey - EPD Not Satisfied

Pursuant to Objectives 6 & 7 of the Species Account for the Burrowing Owl included in the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP), within 30 days prior to the issuance of a rough grading permit, a pre-construction presence/absence survey for the burrowing owl shall be conducted by a qualified biologist and the results provided in writing to the Environmental Programs Department. If it is determined that the project site is occupied by the Burrowing Owl, take of "active" nests shall be avoided pursuant to the MSHCP and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. However, when the Burrowing Owl is present, relocation outside of the nesting season (February 1 through August 31) by a qualified biologist shall be required. The County Biologist shall be consulted to determine appropriate type of relocation (active or passive) and translocation sites. A grading permit may be issued once the species has been relocated. When the requested documents/studies are completed and ready for EPD review, please upload them to our Secure File Transfer server to ensure prompt response and review. If you are unfamiliar with the process for uploading biological documents to the FTP site, please contact Matthew Poonamallee at mpoonama@rivco.org for instructions. Biological reports not uploaded to the FTP site may result in delayed review and approval.

060 - Planning-EPD. 2 MBTA Nesting Bird Survey - EPD

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season (February 1st through August 31st). If habitat must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted. The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted.

Prior to the issuance of a grading permit the project proponent must provide written proof to the Riverside County Planning Department, Environmental Programs Division (EPD) that a biologist who holds an MOU with the County of Riverside has been retained to carry out the required survey. Documentation submitted to prove compliance prior to grading permit issuance must at a minimum include the name and contact information for the Consulting Biologist and a signed statement—from the Consulting Biologist confirming that they have been contracted by the applicant to conduct a Preconstruction Nesting Bird Survey. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a grading permit.

Plan: PPT180029

Parcel: 314051015

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance Planning-EPD

Streambed Alteration Permits - EPD 060 - Planning-EPD. 3

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of grading permits, the applicant must provide documentation demonstrating that streambed permits have been applied for. This would include a Notification of Lake or Streambed Alteration was submitted to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife pursuant to Fish and Game Code section 1602. If CDFW determines that a Lake or Streambed Alteration Agreement is required as a result of the Notification process, the applicant shall provide the final Agreement documentation. Also, a 401 Certification from Regional Water Quality Control Board shall be applied for and a 404 permit from Army Corp of Engineers. If the agencies decide no permit is required, the applicant shall provide evidence of communication to that effect from the agencies.

Streambed Mitigation Credits Purchase - EPD 060 - Planning-EPD. 4

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a grading permit, the applicant will offset project impacts to 0.13 acre of MSHCP Riparian/Riverine features with purchase of a minimum of 0.13 acre of re-establishement credits and 0.13 acre of rehabilitation credits from the Riverpark Mitigation Bank as outlined in the Determination of Biologically Equivalent or Superior Preservation (DBESP) Analysis for Impacts to MSHCP Riparian/Riverine Areas prepared by Glenn Lukos Associates, Inc.

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP REQUIRED

Not Satisfied

This site is mapped in the County's General Plan as having a High potential for paleontological resources Proposed project site grading/earthmoving activities could potentially impact this resource. HENCE:

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF GRADING PERMITS: 1. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County to create and implement a project-specific plan for monitoring site grading/earthmoving activities (project paleontologist). 2. The project paleontologist retained shall review the approved development plan and grading plan and conduct any pre-construction work necessary to render appropriate monitoring and mitigation requirements as appropriate. These requirements shall be documented by the project paleontologist in a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP). This PRIMP shall be submitted to the County Geologist for approval prior to issuance of a Grading Permit. Information to be contained in the PRIMP, at a minimum and in addition to other industry standards and Society of Vertebrate Paleontology standards, are as follows: 1. Description of the proposed site and planned grading operations.

2. Description of the level of monitoring required for all earth-moving activities in the project area, 3, Identification and qualifications of the qualified paleontological monitor to be employed for grading operations monitoring. 4. Identification of personnel with authority and responsibility to temporarily halt or divert grading equipment to allow for recovery of large specimens. 5. Direction for any fossil discoveries to be immediately reported to the property owner who in turn will immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery. 6. Means and methods to be employed by the paleontological monitor to quickly salvage fossils as they are unearthed to avoid construction delays. 7. Sampling of sediments that are likely to contain the remains of small fossil invertebrates and vertebrates. 8. Procedures and protocol for collecting and processing of samples and specimens.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP REQUIRED (cont.)

Not Satisfied

9. Fossil identification and curation procedures to be employed. 10. Identification of the permanent repository to receive any recovered fossil material. *Pursuant the County "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet. A written agreement between the property owner/developer and the repository must be in place prior to site grading. 11. All pertinent exhibits, maps and references. 12. Procedures for reporting of findings. 13.

Identification and acknowledgement of the developer for the content of the PRIMP as well as acceptance of financial responsibility for monitoring, reporting and curation fees. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution. 14. All reports shall be signed by the project paleontologist and all other professionals responsible for the report's content (eg. PG), as appropriate. One original signed copy of the report(s) shall be submitted to the County Geologist along with a copy of this condition and the grading plan for appropriate case processing and tracking. These documents should not be submitted to the project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County office. In addition, the applicant shall submit proof of hiring (i.e. copy of executed contract, retainer agreement, etc.) a project paleontologist for the in-grading implementation of the PRIMP.

Safeguard Artifacts Being Excavated in Riverside County (SABER)

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - FILE L&LMD APPLICATION

Not Satisfied

File an application with the Transportation Department, L&LMD Section, 8th Floor, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, CA, for required annexation.

If you have any questions or for the processing fee amount, please call the L&LMD Section at (951) 955-6748.

060 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - SUBMIT GRADING PLANS

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall submit two sets of grading plans (24x36 inches) to the Transportation Department for review and approval. If road right-of-way improvements are required, the project proponent shall submit street improvement plans for review and approval, open an IP account, and pay for all associated fees in order to clear this condition. The Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days. Approval is required prior to issuance of a grading permit.

060 - Transportation. 3 RCTD-MAP-WQ - Santa Ana Region - FINAL WQMP

Not Satisfied

The project is located in the Santa Ana watershed. An approved Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) is required prior to recordation of a final map or issuance of a grading permit. The project shall submit a single PDF on two CD/DVD copies, in accordance with the latest version of the WQMP manual, found at https://rctlma.org/trans/Land-Development/WQMP. In addition, the project proponent shall ensure that the effects of increased peak flowrate for the 1, 3, 6, 24-hour storm events for the 2, 5, and 10-year return periods from the project are mitigated. All details necessary to build BMPs per the WQMP shall be included on the grading plans.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 3 RCTD-MAP-WQ - Santa Ana Region - FINAL WQMP

Not Satisfied

The off-site drainage BMP basin is to be sized for both building 19 and 20, even though only building 20 is being proposed at this time. Basin would be designed for multi-use for the public.

70. Prior To Grading Final Inspection Planning-CUL

070 - Planning-CUL. 1 Artifact Disposition

Not Satisfied

In the event cultural resources are identified during ground disturbing activities, the landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources, (with the exception of sacred items, burial goods, and Human Remains) and Provide evidence to the satisfaction of the County Archaeologist that all archaeological materials recovered during the archaeological investigations (this includes collections made during an earlier project, such as testing of archaeological sites that took place years ago), have been handled through one of the following methods. 1. A fully executed reburial agreement with the appropriate culturally affiliated Native American tribe(s) or band(s). This shall include measures and provisions to protect the reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloguing, analysis and special studies have been completed on the cultural resources. Details of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the Phase IV Curation at a Riverside County Curation facility that meets federal standards per 36 CFR Part 79 and therefore will be professionally curated and made available to other archaeologists/researchers and tribal members for further study. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees necessary for permanent curation. Evidence shall be in the form of a letter from the curation facility identifying that archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid. If more than one Native American Group is involved with the project and cannot come to a consensus as to the disposition of cultural resources, the landowner(s) shall then proceed with curation at the Western Science Center.

070 - Planning-CUL. 2 Phase IV Cultural Monitoring Report

Not Satisfied

Prior to Grading Permit Final Inspection, a Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring Report shall be submitted that complies with the Riverside County Planning Department's requirements for such reports for all ground disturbing activities associated with this grading permit. The report shall follow the County of Riverside Planning Department Cultural Resources (Archaeological) Investigations Standard Scopes of Work posted on the TLMA website. The report shall include results of any feature relocation or residue analysis required as well as evidence of the required cultural sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the required pre-grade meeting and evidence that any artifacts have been treated in accordance to procedures stipulated in the Cultural Resources Management Plan.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 1

NO BUILDING PERMIT W/O GRADING PERMIT

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the property owner shall obtain a grading permit and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

BS-Grade

080 - BS-Grade. 2

ROUGH GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of any building permit, the applicant shall obtain rough grade approval and/or approval to construct from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the completed grading of your project before a building permit can be issued. Rough Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following: 1. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Grading Report containing substantiating data from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for his/her certification of the project. 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Rough Grade certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. 3. Requesting a Rough Grade Inspection and obtaining rough grade approval from a Riverside County inspector. 4. Rough Grade Only Permits: In addition to obtaining all required inspections and approval of all final reports, all sites permitted for rough grade only shall provide 100 percent vegetative coverage or other means of site stabilization as approved by the County Inspector prior to receiving a rough grade permit final. Prior to release for building permit, the applicant shall have met all rough grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

Fire

080 - Fire. 1

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Prior to building construction, fire apparatus access roads extending beyond 150 feet which have not been completed shall have a turnaround capable of accommodating fire apparatus. (CFC 503.2.5) In addition, an approved site plan for fire apparatus access roads and signage shall be submitted and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. (CFC 501.3) The Fire Apparatus Access Road shall be (all weather surface) capable of sustaining an imposed load of 75,000 lbs. GVW. The fire apparatus access road or temporary access road shall be reviewed and approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and in place during the time of construction. (CFC 501.4) Fire apparatus access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than twenty–four (24) feet as approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and an unobstructed vertical clearance of not less the thirteen (13) feet six (6) inches or 15 feet if project is located in a State Responsibility Area Fire Hazard Zone. (CFC 503.2.1)

080 - Fire. 2

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Minimum fire flow for the construction of all commercial buildings is required per CFC Appendix B and Table B105.1. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant/developer shall provide documentation to show there exists a water system capable of delivering the fire flow based on the information given. Per this submittal the minimum fire flow will be 4000 gpm at 20 psi for 4 hours. Subsequent design changes may increase or decrease the required fire flow. Prior to issuance of Building Permits, the applicant/developer shall furnish one copy of the water system plans to the Office of the Fire Marshal for review and approval. The required water system, including fire hydrants, shall be installed, made serviceable, and be accepted by the Office of the Fire Marshal prior to beginning construction. They shall be maintained accessible. Existing fire hydrants on public streets are allowed to be considered available. Existing fire hydrants on adjacent properties shall not be considered available unless fire apparatus access roads extend

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Fire

080 - Fire. 2 Prior to permit (cont.)

Not Satisfied

between properties and easements are established to prevent obstruction of such roads. (CFC 507, 501.3)

Flood

080 - Flood. 1 6 Items to Accept Facility

Not Satisfied

Inspection and maintenance of the flood control facility(ies) to be constructed with this development must be performed by either the County Transportation Department or the Flood Control District. THE APPLICANT OR AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MUST REQUEST IN WRITING THAT ONE OF THESE AGENCIES ACCEPT THE PROPOSED SYSTEM FOR OWNERSHIP, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE. The Applicant's request shall note the project number, location, briefly describe the system (sizes and lengths) and include an exhibit that shows the proposed alignment(s). The request to the District shall be addressed to the General Manager-Chief Engineer, Attn: Chief of the Planning Division. In event the District is willing to maintain the proposed facility(ies), the following six (6) items must be accomplished prior to the issuance of a grading permit or starting construction of the drainage facility(ies) whichever comes first:

- 1) Plans shall be prepared in strict accordance with District drafting, engineering, operations, and maintenance standards.
- 2) The Applicant shall submit to the District the preliminary title reports, plats, and legal descriptions for all right-of-way that is to be conveyed to the District and shall secure that right-of-way to the satisfaction of the District. All right-of-way transfer issues shall be coordinated with the District's Right-of-Way Section.
- 3) The Applicant shall enter into an agreement establishing the terms and conditions of inspection, operation, and maintenance with the District and any other maintenance partners. The Applicant shall submit a completed Application for Agreement Preparation to the District's Contract Services Section.
- 4) All regulatory permits (and all documents pertaining thereto, e.g., Habitat Mitigation and Monitoring Plans, Conservation Plans/Easements) that are to be secured by the Applicant for both facility construction and maintenance shall be submitted to the District for review. The regulatory permits' terms and conditions shall be approved by the District prior to improvement plan approval, map recordation, or finalization of the regulatory permits. There shall be no unreasonable constraint upon the District's ability to operate and maintain the flood control facility(ies) to protect public health and safety.
- 5) Plans for the facility must be signed by the District's General Manager-Chief Engineer (the plans will not be signed prior to execution of the above referenced agreement).
- 6) A pre-construction meeting shall be scheduled with the District's Construction Management Section. Prior to scheduling the pre-construction meeting, the Applicant must submit proof of flood control facility bonds and a certificate of insurance to the District's Contract Services Section.

080 - Flood. 2 Encroachment Permit

Not Satisfied

An encroachment permit shall be obtained for any work that is to be performed within the District right-of-way or involving District facilities. The encroachment permit application shall be processed and approved concurrently with the improvement plans.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance Flood

080 - Flood. 3 Mitcharge - Use

Not Satisfied

This project is located within the limits of the Perris Valley Area Drainage Plan (ADP). The County Board of Supervisors has adopted this ADP to establish a drainage fee within the plan area.

This project may require earlier construction of downstream ADP facilities. Therefore, the District recommends that this project be required to pay a flood mitigation fee. The mitigation charge for this project shall be equal to the prevailing ADP fee rate multiplied by the area of the new development. Fees shall be paid after final approval of the staff report/conditions of approval by the Board of Supervisors and prior to issuance of permits. Drainage fees shall be paid directly to the District. Personal or corporate checks will not be accepted for payment.

The current fee for this ADP is \$8,875 per acre which includes \$7,805 per acre for local facilities and \$1,070 per acre for Perris Valley Channel. Per CFD 88-8, in which this project is located, the ADP credit is greater than the corresponding obligation for the local facilities and the \$7,805 per acre fee has been satisfied. However, the Perris Valley Channel portion still applies to all properties within CFD 88-8. The fee due will be based on the fee in effect for Perris Valley Channel at the time of payment. The site was previously graded, the ADP fee obligation for Perris Valley channel may have been paid previously. Provide the District with proof of payment if already paid.

080 - Flood. 4 Off-site Easement or Redesign

Not Satisfied

Whenever offsite drainage improvements are required, the facilities shall be located within dedicated drainage easements obtained from the affected property owner(s). Document(s) shall be recorded and a copy submitted to the District prior to recordation of the Final Map or issuance of grading or building permits. If the Applicant cannot obtain such rights, the map shall be redesigned to eliminate the need for the easement(s).

Planning

080 - Planning. 1 ALUC - Detention Basins

Not Satisfied

The proposed detention basin associated with the project (including water quality management basins) shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.

080 - Planning. 2 ALUC - FAA Max Height

Not Satisfied

The proposed building shall not exceed a height of 50 feet above ground level and a maximum elevation at top point of 1,603 feet above mean sea level.

080 - Planning. 3 ALUC - Noise Attenuation

Not Satisfied

Noise attenuation measures shall be incorporated into the design of the office areas of the structure, to the extent such measures are necessary to ensure that interior noise levels from aircraft operations are at or below 45 CNEL.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance Planning

080 - Planning. 4 Break Areas

Not Satisfied

Prior to initial building permit the break areas shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A shall be shown on proposed building plans and final landscape plans as applicable.

Additionally, prior to initial building permit or tenant improvement building permit (including subsequent tenant improvements), the project proponent shall consider the provision of additional outdoor break areas or patios to accommodate the number of employees anticipated in the building since the type of tenant and amount of employees may vary. These additional areas may reduce the amount of landscape areas or parking areas on the site as long as the minimum landscape and parking is provided pursuant to Ordinance No. 348.

080 - Planning. 5 CAP Screening Table Measures

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, appropriate building construction measures shall apply to achieve the minimum 100 points on the Riverside County Climate Action Plan Commercial Screening Tables. The conceptual measures anticipated for the project are included as an appendix to the project Addendum. The conceptual measures may be replaced with other measures as listed in the table included with the project Initial Study/Addendum, as long as they are replaced at the same time with other measures that in total achieve a minimum of 100 points on the screening table.

080 - Planning. 6 Conform to Elevations/Floor Plans

Not Satisfied

Elevations and Floor Plans of all buildings and structures submitted for building plan check approval shall be in substantial conformance with the elevations shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT B and the floor plans shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT C.

080 - Planning. 7 Lighting Plans

Not Satisfied

All parking lot lights and other outdoor lighting shall be shown on electrical plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety for plan check approval and shall comply with the requirements of Riverside County Ordinance No. 655 and the Riverside County Comprehensive General Plan.

080 - Planning. 8 Logistics/Warehouse – Building Plan Design

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the following measures shall be incorporated into the building design and appropriately noted:

- 1. At shell building permit, warehouse/distribution facilities shall install electrical rooms to hold sufficiently sized electrical panels and shall install conduit to facilitate the potential future installation of electrical connections from the electrical room to dock doors and/or a separate designated location where diesel engine trucks and/or trailers would park and connect to the electrical system. At issuance of shell building permit, these conduits shall be provided at a rate of no less than 20% of the dock doors for the facility. At issuance of a building permit for Tenant Improvements, the electrical panel shall be required to be installed and electrical wiring connections shall be made to the locations, if any, where diesel trucks and/or trailers would park and connect to the electrical system.
- 2. At shell building permit, warehouse/distribution facilities shall install electrical rooms and/or designate exterior areas to hold sufficiently sized electrical panels, and shall install conduit to facilitate

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 8 Logistics/Warehouse – Building Plan Design (cont.) Not Satisfied future electrical connections for the charging of electric-powered trucks at a designated location where the trucks would park and connect to the charging facilities to charge the batteries that power the motors of the electric-powered trucks. At issuance of a building permit for Tenant Improvements, if the tenant is served by electric trucks, the electrical panel, charging units, and electrical wiring connections shall be required to the designated locations where electric-powered trucks would park and connect to the electrical system to charge their batteries.

- 3. All lighting used in conjunction with a warehouse/distribution facility operations, shall be directed down into the interior of the site and not spill over onto adjacent properties.
- 4. A minimum of 5% or as required by the Cal Green Code, whichever is greater of employee parking spaces shall be designated for electric or other alternative fueled vehicles.
- 5. On-site equipment, such as forklifts, shall be electric with the necessary electrical charging stations provided.

080 - Planning. 9 Logistics/Warehouse - Building Plan Notes Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the following measures shall be noted on building plans and shall be complied with during grading operations:

- 1. During construction of the warehouse/distribution facility, all heavy duty haul trucks accessing the site shall have CARB-Compliant 2010 engines or newer to the extent such heavy duty haul trucks are commercially available.
- 2. All diesel fueled off-road construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower, including but not limited to excavators, graders, rubber-tired dozers, and similar "off-road" construction equipment shall be equipped with CARB Tier 4 Compliant engines. If the operator lacks Tier 4 equipment, and it is not available for lease or short-term rental within 50 miles of the project site, Tier 3 or cleaner off-road construction equipment may be utilized subject to County approval.
- 3. The maximum daily disturbance area (actively graded area) shall not exceed 10 acres per day. Non-Grading construction activity in areas greater than 10 acres is allowed.
- 4. Construction contractors shall utilize construction equipment, with properly operating and maintained mufflers, consistent with manufacturers' standards.
- 5. Construction contractors shall locate or park all stationary construction equipment so that the emitted noise is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site, to the extent practicable.
- 6. The surrounding streets shall be swept on a regular basis to remove any construction related debris and dirt.
- 7. Appropriate dust control measures that meet the SCAQMD standards shall be implemented for grading and construction activity.
- 8. Construction equipment maintenance records and data sheets, which includes equipment design specifications and equipment emission control tier classifications, as well as any other records necessary to verify compliance with the items above, shall be kept onsite and furnished to the County upon request.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 9

Logistics/Warehouse – Building Plan Notes (cont.)

Not Satisfied

- 9. During construction, the Transportation & Land Management Agency representative shall conduct an on-site inspection with a facility representative to verify compliance with these policies, and to identify other opportunities to reduce construction impacts.
- 10. Facility construction shall comply with the hours of operation and exterior noise decibel levels as required by Riverside County Ordinance No. 847 ("Noise Ordinance")

080 - Planning. 10

Logistics/Warehouse – Building Traffic Control Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, a "Traffic Control Plan" shall be prepared, which details the locations of equipment staging areas, material stockpiles, proposed road closures, and hours of construction operations. This is in addition to a Traffic Impact Study as may be required for the environmental review process.

080 - Planning. 11 MM Air 1, 2, 10 - Building Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that the following applicable notes are included on the building plans. Project contractors shall be required to ensure compliance with these notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. These notes also shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors. MM Air 1: During construction, mobile construction equipment will be properly maintained before mobilization to the site, which includes proper tuning and timing of engines. Equipment maintenance records and equipment design specification data sheets shall be kept on-site during construction. MM Air 2: Prohibit all vehicles from idling in excess of thirty minutes on-site. MM Air 10: a) All Heavy-Heavy Duty Haul Trucks (HHD) accessing the Project site during construction shall use year 2010 or newer engines to the extent such HHD are commercially available, b) All scrapers, excavators, graders, and rubber-tired dozers shall be CARB compliant. c) Construction contractors shall notify their workers about Riverside County's Rideshare Program. d) Construction activities shall be suspended during Stage 2 Smog Alerts issued by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD). e) Construction activities shall comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 403, "Fugitive Dust." Rule 403 requires implementation of best available dust control measures during construction activities that generate fugitive dust, such as earth moving. grading, and equipment travel on unpaved roads. f) Architectural coating work shall comply with SCAQMD Rule 1113, "Architectural Coatings." Rule 1113 places limits on grams of VOC per liter of coating material and colorants (paint). g) Street sweepers shall be certified by the SCAQMD as meeting SCAQMD Rule 1186.1 "Less Polluting Street Sweepers" sweeper certification procedures.

080 - Planning. 12

MM Air 11 – EV Charging Stations

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, building plans shall show as applicable the minimum number of automobile electric vehicle (EV) charging stations required by the California Code of Regulations Title 24, unless an additional amount is required pursuant to Ordinance No. 348 requirements. In addition, and to facilitate the possible future installation of infrastructure that would charge the batteries that power the

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 12 MM Air 11 - EV Charging Stations (cont.)

Not Satisfied

motors of electric powered trucks, the following shall be installed. 1) At Shell building permit, an electrical room(s) and/or exterior area(s) of the site shall be designated where future electrical panels would be located for the purpose of supplying power to on-site charging facilities for electric powered trucks. Conduit shall be installed from this designated area where the panel would be located to the on-site location where the charging facilities would be located where electric powered trucks would park and connect to charging facilities to charge the batteries that power the motors of the electric powered trucks. 2) At issuance of a building permit for Tenant Improvements, if the tenant is served by electric trucks, the electrical panel and charging units shall be installed, and the electrical wiring connections shall be made from the electrical panel to the charging units. If the tenant is not served by electric trucks, this requirement shall not apply.

080 - Planning. 13 MM Air 12 - Truck Electrical Conduit

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, building plans shall as applicable conduit installed to tractor trailer parking areas in logical locations mutually determined by the County and Project Applicant during construction document plan check, for the purpose of accommodating the future installation of EV truck charging stations at such time this technology becomes commercially available.

080 - Planning. 14 MM Noise 1-3 - Building Plan Notes

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit issuance, the County of Riverside shall verify that the following applicable notes are included on the building plans. Project contractors shall be required to ensure compliance with these notes and permit periodic inspection of the construction site by County of Riverside staff or its designee to confirm compliance. These notes also shall be specified in bid documents issued to prospective construction contractors. MM Noise 1: To reduce construction-related noise, site preparation, grading and construction activities within one-quarter mile of occupied residences shall be limited to those hours as set forth in Section 1.G.1 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 457. MM Noise 2: All construction equipment, fixed or mobile, shall be equipped with properly operating and maintained mufflers. MM Noise 3: Construction staging areas shall not be located close to any occupied residence. MM Noise 4: No combustion powered equipment, such as pumps or generators, shall be allowed to operate within 500 feet of any occupied residence unless the equipment is surrounded by a noise protection barrier. MM Noise 5: The following sound barriers shall be constructed along the project's perimeter at the locations and the heights indicated. An 8-foot high separation wall between project parcels adjacent to any existing residential uses, if daytime trucking activity occurs within 200 feet of the property line. A 12-foot perimeter barrier shall be required if nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) loading dock materials handling activities are conducted within 300 feet of any residence. If nighttime trucking activities are conducted simultaneously with the operation of the loading dock, the 12-foot high barrier shall be required if such combination activities occur within 600 feet of an existing home. These wall heights can be reduced by performing a subsequent acoustical analysis after the final grading plan is complete. MM Noise 6: No nighttime loading/unloading shall occur within 100 feet of any residence. No combined trucking movements and unloading/loading shall occur within 200 feet of any residence from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 15 Parcel Merger

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the applicant, in accordance with Ordinance No. 460, shall obtain an approved Parcel Merger establishing the whole site, for the detention basin, as one parcel (APN 314-260-010, 011, 012). Documentation showing the recordation of the Parcel Merger shall be submitted to the Planning Department prior to issuance of the first building permit for Plot Plan No. 180029. The proposed parcel shall comply with all applicable development standards for the parcel's zone classification as provided in Ordinance No. 348.

080 - Planning. 16 Parking Spaces Verification

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of any tenant improvement building permit, a plan for parking and trailer stalls including striping and other measures as may be appropriate shall be provided to show that adequate standard vehicle parking will be provided onsite based on applicable parking rates.

080 - Planning. 17 Plans Showing Bike Racks

Not Satisfied

Bike rack spaces or bike lockers shall be shown on the project's parking and landscaping plan submitted to the Planning Department for approval.

080 - Planning. 18 Recorded Easement for Truck Access & Driveway

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of warehouse building permit, an easement must be recorded for the following: Truck access to the warehouse facility - For either ingress/egress from Harvill Avenue; the project sites truck access lane traverses the following parcels (APN 314-040-026 and 314-051-015).

Vehicle driveway access to the warehouse facility - The eastern driveway off of Oleander Avenue encroaches into APN 314-040-031.

Provide the recorded easement(s) to the Planning Department for clearance.

080 - Planning. 19 Roof Equipment Shielding

Not Satisfied

Roof mounted equipment shall be shielded from ground view. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

080 - Planning. 20 School Mitigation

Not Satisfied

Impacts to the Val Verde Unified School District shall be mitigated in accordance with California State law.

080 - Planning. 21 Wall/Fencing Plan Required

Not Satisfied

A wall and fencing plan shall be submitted showing all wall and fence locations and typical views of all types of fences or walls proposed. This plan shall require anti-graffiti coatings on fences and walls, where applicable. This plan shall be in substantial conformance with the wall/fence locations and designs shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A and APPROVED EXHIBIT B.

080 - Planning. 22 Waste Management Clearance

Not Satisfied

A clearance letter from Riverside County Waste Management District shall be provided to the Riverside County Planning Department verifying compliance with the following:

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Planning

080 - Planning. 22 Waste Management Clearance (cont.)

Not Satisfied

The developer shall provide adequate areas for collecting and loading recyclable materials such as paper products, glass and green waste in commercial, industrial, public facilities and residential development projects.

Survey

080 - Survey. 1 RCTD - DEDICATION

Not Satisfied

Sufficient public street right of way along Harvill Avenue (project boundary) shall be convey for public use to provide for a 59 foot half width dedicated right of way per County Standard No. 93, Ordinance 461.

Sufficient public street right of way along Markham Street (project boundary) shall be conveyed for public use to provide for a 50-53 foot half-width dedicated right of way per modified County Standard No. 94, Ordinance 461. (Modified for increased from 50 feet to 50-53 feet).

080 - Survey. 2 RCTD - SURVEY MONUMENT

Not Satisfied

1. Prior to construction, if survey monuments including centerline monuments, tie points, property corners and benchmarks found it shall be located and tied out and corner records filed with the County Surveyor pursuant to Section 8771 of the Business & Professions Code. Survey points destroyed during construction shall be reset, and a second corner record filed for those points prior to completion and acceptance of the improvements.

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER DISTRICT Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the project proponent shall comply with County requirements within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461. Assurance of maintenance is required by filing an application for annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated by contacting the Transportation Department at (951) 955-6767, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division. Said annexation should include the following:

- (1) Landscaping along Harvill Avenue, Markham Street, Oleander Avenue, and Seaton Avenue.
- (2) Streetlights.
- (3) Graffiti abatement of walls and other permanent structure.
- (4) Street sweeping.

For street lighting, the project proponent shall contact the Transportation Department L&LMD 89-1-C Administrator and submit the following:

(1) Completed Transportation Department application.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER DISTRICT Not Satisfied

- (2) Appropriate fees for annexation.
- (3) Two (2) sets of street lighting plans approved by Transportation Department.
- (4) Streetlight Authorization form from SCE or other electric provider.

080 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - COORDINATION WITH OTHERS

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition.

1. The Project shall coordinate with PPT190003, P/P 957-N (approved PP20699R1), and IP190016.

080 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - LANDSCAPING DESIGN PLANS

Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards, Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department.

Landscaping plans shall be designed and submitted to the Transportation Department. Landscaping Plans shall be submitted on standard County format (24x 36 inches). Landscaping plans shall be submitted with the street improvement plans.

080 - Transportation. 4 RCTD - LIGHTING PLAN

Not Satisfied

A separate street light plan shall be approved by the Transportation Department. Street lighting shall be designed in accordance with County Ordinance 460 and Streetlight Specification Chart found in Specification Section 22 of Ordinance 461. For projects within SCE boundaries use County of Riverside Ordinance 461, Standard No. 1000 or No. 1001.

080 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - USE - TS/Geometrics

Not Satisfied

The intersection of Harvill Avenue (NS) at Project Access-Nance Street (EW) shall be improved to provide the following geometrics:

Northbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane, one shared through/right-turn lane - 100' minimum left-turn pocket Southbound: one left-turn lane, one through lane, one shared through/right-turn lane Eastbound: one left-turn lane, one shared through/right-turn lane Westbound: one left-turn lane, one shared through/right-turn lane

or as approved by the Transportation Department.

All improvements listed are requirements for interim conditions only. Full right-of-way and roadway half sections adjacent to the property for the ultimate roadway cross-section per the County's Road Improvement Standards and Specifications must be provided.

Any off-site widening required to provide these geometrics shall be the responsibility of the landowner/developer.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - UTILITY PLAN

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. This also applies to existing overhead lines which are 33.6 kilovolts or below along the project frontage and between the nearest poles offsite in each direction of the project site. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on design improvement plans whenever those plans are required. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes.

080 - Transportation. 7 RCTD-USE-WQ - ESTABLISH WQMP MAINT ENTITY Not Satisfied

A maintenance plan and signed WQMP/BMP maintenance agreement shall be submitted to the Transportation Department shall be approved and recorded against the property. A maintenance organization will be established with a funding source for the permanent maintenance.

080 - Transportation. 8 RCTD-USE-WQ - IMPLEMENT WQMP

Not Satisfied

The Project shall construct BMP facilities described in the approved Final County WQMP prior to the issuance of a building permit to the satisfaction of County Grading Inspection Section. The Project is responsible for performing all activities described in the County WQMP and that copies of the approved Final County WQMP are provided to future owners/occupants.

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 1 Recyclables Collection and Loading Area

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall submit one electronic (1) copy of a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for review and approval to WastePlanning@rivco.org. The plot plan shall conform to Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas, provided by the Department of Waste Resources (found at http://www.rcwaste.org/business/planning/design) and shall show the location of and access to the collection area for recyclable materials, shall demonstrate space allocation for trash and recyclable materials and have the adequate signage indicating the location of each bin in the trash enclosure. The project applicant is advised that clearance of the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan only satisfies the Waste Resources' conditions for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas space allocation and other Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Guideline items. Detailed drawings of the Trash Enclosure and its particular construction details, e.g., building materials, location, construction methods etc., should be included as part of the Project plan submittal to the Riverside County Department of Building and Safety.

080 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste Recycling Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, a Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be submitted to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for approval. At a minimum, the WRP must identify the materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, wood, etc.) that will be generated by construction and development, the projected amounts, the measures/methods that will be taken to recycle, reuse, and/or reduce the amount of materials, the facilities and/or haulers that will be utilized, and the targeted recycling or reduction rate. During project construction, the project site shall have, at a minimum, two (2) bins: one for waste disposal and the other for the recycling of Construction and

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste Recycling Plan (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Demolition (C&D) materials. Additional bins are encouraged to be used for further source separation of C&D recyclable materials. Accurate record keeping (receipts) for recycling of C&D recyclable materials and solid waste disposal must be kept. Arrangements can be made through the franchise hauler.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

BS-Grade

090 - BS-Grade, 1 PRECISE GRADE APPROVAL

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall obtain precise grade approval and/or clearance from the Building and Safety Department. The Building and Safety Department must approve the precise grading of your project before a building final can be obtained. Precise Grade approval can be accomplished by complying with the following:

1. Requesting and obtaining approval of all required grading inspections. 2. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Soils Compaction Report from the Soils Engineer (registered geologist or certified geologist, civil engineer or geotechnical engineer as appropriate) for the sub-grade and base of all paved areas. 3. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Sub-grade (rough) Certification from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the sub-grade was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. 4. Submitting a "Wet Signed" copy of the Precise (Final) Grade Certification for the entire site from a Registered Civil Engineer certifying that the precise grading was completed in conformance with the approved grading plan. Prior to release for building final, the applicant shall have met all precise grade requirements to obtain Building and Safety Department clearance.

Fire

090 - Fire. 1

Prior to final

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Building Final, a "Knox Box Rapid Entry System" shall be provided. The Knox-Box shall be installed in an accessible location approved by the Fire Code Official. All electronically operated gates shall be provided with Knox key switches and automatic sensors for access by emergency personnel. (CFC 506.1)

Flood

090 - Flood. 1

Facility Completion - Use

Not Satisfied

The District will not release occupancy permits for any commercial lot prior to the District's acceptance of the drainage system for operation and maintenance.

Planning

090 - Planning. 1

Accessible Parking

Not Satisfied

Eight (8) accessible parking spaces for persons with disabilities shall be provided as shown on APPROVED EXHIBIT A. Each parking space reserved for persons with disabilities shall be identified by a permanently affixed reflectorized sign constructed of porcelain on steel, beaded text or equal, displaying the International Symbol of Accessibility.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection Planning

090 - Planning. 1 Accessible Parking (cont.)

Not Satisfied

The sign shall not be smaller than 70 square inches in area and shall be centered at the interior end of the parking space at a minimum height of 80 inches from the bottom of the sign to the parking space finished grade, or centered at a minimum height of 36 inches from the parking space finished grade, ground, or sidewalk. A sign shall also be posted in a conspicuous place, at each entrance to the off-street parking facility, not less than 17 inches by 22 inches, clearly and conspicuously stating the following:

"Unauthorized vehicles not displaying distinguishing placards or license plates issued for physically handicapped persons may be towed away at owner's expense.

In addition to the above requirements, the surface of each parking space shall have a surface identification sign duplicating the symbol of accessibility in blue paint of at least 3 square feet in size.

090 - Planning. 2 CAP Screening Table Measures

Not Satisfied

Prior to building permit final/occupancy, appropriate pre-operation measures shall apply to achieve the minimum 100 points on the Riverside County Climate Action Plan Commercial Screening Tables. The conceptual measures anticipated for the project are included as an appendix to the project Addendum. The conceptual measures may be replaced with other measures as listed in the table included with the project Initial Study/Addendum, as long as they are replaced at the same time with other measures that in total achieve a minimum of 100 points on the screening table.

090 - Planning. 3 Curbs Along Planters

Not Satisfied

A six inch high curb with a twelve (12) inch wide walkway shall be constructed along planters on end stalls adjacent to automobile parking areas. Public parking areas shall be designed with permanent curb, bumper, or wheel stop or similar device so that a parked vehicle does not overhang required sidewalks, planters, or landscaped areas.

090 - Planning. 4 Electric Vehicle Parking

Not Satisfied

Eight (8) electrical vehicle parking spaces for shall be provided for the project per Ordinance 348, Section 18.12.A2.c1 and 2: Requirements: All development projects that require fifty (50) or more parking spaces shall designate three (3) spaces for electrical vehicles, and designate one (1) additional space for electrical vehicles for each additional fifty (50) parking spaces. All electrical vehicle parking spaces shall be serviced by an electrical vehicle charging station. If capable, a charging station may service more than one electrical vehicle parking space. Signage and Charging Station Location Signage shall be installed designating spaces for electric vehicles only. Charging stations shall be installed in locations easily accessible to service an electrical vehicle. Charging stations and associated equipment or materials shall not encroach into the minimum required areas for driveways, parking spaces, garages or vehicle maneuvering.

090 - Planning. 5 Logistics/Warehouse - NOx Contribution

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the project applicant shall submit to the County a contribution of \$23,692 to be used by the County towards projects to off-set air quality impacts in the Mead Valley Area. Funds shall be maintained separately and shall not be comingled with County General funds or spent on other County projects unrelated to Mead Valley. Funds shall be used solely for purposes of benefitting the Mead Valley Area. In-lieu of a cash contribution, a similar valued contribution may be made to the County as approved by the TLMA Director.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection Planning

090 - Planning. 6 Logistics/Warehouse - Signs

Not Satisfied

Prior to Final Inspection, the following measures shall be implemented: 1. Signs should be posted in the appropriate locations that trucks should not idle for more than five (5) minutes and that truck drivers should turn off their engines when not in use.

- 2. Signs should be posted in the appropriate locations that clearly show the designated entry and exit points for trucks and service vehicles.
- 3. Signs should be posted in the appropriate locations that state parking and maintenance of all trucks is to be conducted within designated areas and not within the surrounding community or on public streets.
- 4. Signs should be posted in the appropriate locations and/or handouts should be provided that show the locations of nearest food options, fueling, truck maintenance services, and other similar convenience services, if these services are not available onsite.
- 5. Each Facility shall designate a Compliance Officer responsible for implementing the measures described herein and/or in the project conditions of approval and mitigation measures. Contact information should be provided to the County and updated annually, and signs should be posted in visible locations providing the contact information for the Compliance Officer to the surrounding community. These signs shall also identify the website and contact information for the South Coast Air Quality Management District.
- 6. Signs shall be posted in accordance with Ordinance No. 348, which may be amended from time to time.

090 - Planning. 7 MM Air 8 and Existing R/R - Carpool/Vanpool

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the project shall provide preferential parking spaces for carpools and vanpools. Those parking spaces dedicated for vanpool access shall have a minimum 7'2" vertical clearance. The 2016 Cal Green Code § 5.106.5.2 requires that new projects or additions or alterations that add 10 vehicles or more vehicular parking spaces provide designated parking for any combination of low-emitting fuel-efficient and carpool/van pool vehicles.

090 - Planning. 8 Parking Paving Material

Not Satisfied

Two hundred and eighty (280) parking spaces shall be provided as shown on the APPROVED EXHIBIT A, unless otherwise approved by the Planning Department and pursuant to the prior condition of approval titled Parking Spaces Verification and any approved parking plan. The parking area shall be surfaced with asphaltic concrete or concrete to current standards as approved by the Department of Building and Safety.

090 - Planning. 9 Parking Spaces Verification

Not Satisfied

Prior to occupancy of any tenant improvement building permit, verification on implementation of the plan for parking and trailer stalls shall be provided to show that adequate standard vehicle parking will be provided on-site based on applicable parking rates.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection Planning

090 - Planning. 10 Roof Equipment Shielding

Not Satisfied

Roof-mounted equipment shall be shielded from ground view. Screening material shall be subject to Planning Department approval.

090 - Planning. 11 Site Inspection - Planning

Not Satisfied

Prior to the Final Inspection of the permit, the Planning Department will need to perform a Site Inspection to assure the building has been developed and built per the approved entitlement project.

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1 RCTD - COMPLETE ANNEXATION INTO L&LMD OR OTHER Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of an occupancy permit, the project proponent shall complete annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division for continuous maintenance within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859.

A Streetlight Authorization form from SCE, or other electric provider required in order to complete the annexation process.

090 - Transportation. 2 RCTD - EXISTING CURB AND GUTTER

Not Satisfied

On existing curb and gutter, d.g. Trail and/or drainage devices within County right-of-way, including sewer and water laterals, on Court shall be constructed within the dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County standards, Ordinance 461. Such construction shall be shown on existing street improvement plans and approved and permitted by the Transportation Department.

Process a plan revision through the Plan Check Section per Section I, Part E, page 10 of the "Policies and Guidelines" available on the Internet at: http://rctlma.org/tran s/General-Information/Pamphlets-Brochures.

If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955-6527.

NOTE:

- 1. Before you prepare the street improvement plan(s), please review the Street Improvement Plan Policies and Guidelines from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/GeneralnInformation/Pamphlets-Brochures
- 2. An 8 foot split fenced d.g. Community Trail shall be constructed along Seaton Avenue within the 11 foot dedicated parkway as directed by the Planning Department and director of Transportation.

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - LANDSCAPING INSTALLATION COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right-of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 3 RCTD - LANDSCAPING INSTALLATION COMPLETION Not Satisfied and Ordinance 461 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department. Landscaping shall be improved within Harvill Avenue, Markham Street, Oleander Avenue, and Seaton Avenue.

090 - Transportation. 4 RCTD - PART-WIDTH IMPROVEMENT

Not Satisfied

Approval of the Street Improvement plans by the Transportation Department will clear this condition. The Project shall provide the following improvements:

1. Oleander Avenue along project boundary shall be improved with 46 foot part-width AC pavement (28 feet project side and 18 feet on the other side of the centerline), 6-inch concrete curb and gutter, and concrete sidewalk (project side) and MUST match up asphalt concrete paving; reconstruction; or resurfacing of existing paving as determine by the Director of Transportation within the 78 foot full-width dedicated right-of-way (39 feet project side 39 feet on the other side of the centerline) dedicated right-of-way in accordance with County Standard No. 111, Ordinance 461.

Note:

- a. A 6-inch concrete sidewalk shall be constructed adjacent to curb line within the 11 foot parkway.
- b. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461.
- c. Construct a transition AC pavement tapering lane along the east and west project boundaries on Oleander Avenue per 40 m/h design speed limit
- 2. Markham Street at Truck turn in/out shall be improved with 32 to 46 foot half-width AC pavement), 6-inch concrete curb and gutter, and concrete sidewalk (project side) as determine by the Director of Transportation within the 50- 53 foot half-width dedicated right-of-way in accordance with modified County Standard No. 94, Page, Ordinance 461. (Modified to increase half-width AC pavement improvements from 32 feet to 32-46 feet and increased half-width right-of-way from 50 feet to 50-53 feet)
- a. A 6 foot concrete sidewalks adjacent the curb-line shall be improved within the 7 foot parkway and join the existing concrete sidewalks to the east and west as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- b. Driveways shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207(A), Ordinance 461 and as directed by the Director of Transportation.

090 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - PAYMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEES

Not Satisfied

Prior to the time of issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or upon final inspection, whichever occurs first, the Project shall pay fees in accordance with the fee schedule in effect at the time of payment:

• Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees (TUMF) in accordance with Ordinance No. 824.

090 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - STREETLIGHTS INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Install streetlights along the streets associated with development in accordance with the approved street lighting plan and standards of County Ordinances 461.

Plan: PPT180029 Parcel: 314051015

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - STREETLIGHTS INSTALL (cont.)

Not Satisfied

Streetlight annexation into L&LMD or similar mechanism as approved by the Transportation Department shall be completed.

It shall be the responsibility of the developer to ensure that streetlights are energized along the streets associated with this development where the developer is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

090 - Transportation. 7 RCTD - UTILITY INSTALL

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be installed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. This also applies to all overhead lines below 34 kilovolts along the project frontage and all offsite overhead lines in each direction of the project site to the nearest offsite pole. A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion for clearance.

In addition, the Project shall ensure that streetlights are energized and operational along the streets where the Project is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

090 - Transportation. 8 RCTD-USE-WQ - WQMP COMPLETION

Not Satisfied

Prior to Building Final Inspection, the Project is required to furnish educational materials regarding water quality to future owners/occupants, provide an engineered WQMP certification, inspection of BMPs, GPS location of BMPs, ensure that the requirements for inspection and cleaning the BMPs are established, and for businesses registering BMPs with the Transportation Department's Business Storm Water Compliance Program Section.

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste Reporting Form and Receipts

Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, evidence (i.e., waste reporting form along with receipts or other types of verification) to demonstrate project compliance with the approved Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be presented by the project proponent to the Planning Division of the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources. Receipts must clearly identify the amount of waste disposed and Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials recycled.

090 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste-Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Inspection Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall construct the recyclables collection and loading area in compliance with the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan, as approved and verified through an on-site inspection by the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources.

090 - Waste Resources. 3 Waste-Recycling and Organics Compliance

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall complete a Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Recycling Compliance form (Form D). Form D requires applicants to identify programs or plans that address commercial and organics recycling, in compliance with State legislation/regulation. Once completed, Form D shall be submitted to the Recycling Section of the Department of Waste Resources for approval. For more information go to:

10/14/20 14:53

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

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Plan: PPT180029

Parcel: 314051015

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 3 Waste-Recycling and Organics Compliance (cont.) Not Satisfied www.rcwaste.org/business/planning/applications. To obtain Form D, please contact the Recycling Section at 951-486-3200, or email to: Waste-CompostingRecycling@rivco.org.

AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION RIVERSIDE COUNTY

January 17, 2019

Mr. John Hildebrand, Project Planner County of Riverside Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Riverside CA 92501

CHAIR Steve Manos Lake Elsinore

(VIA HAND DELIVERY)

VICE CHAR Russell Betts Desert Hot Springs

RE: AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION (ALUC) DEVELOPMENT REVIEW

COMMISSIONERS

File No.: Related File Nos.:

conditions shown in bold type):

ZAP1341MA18

Arthur Butler Riverside PPT180032 (Plot Plan)

APNs:

314-040-004 (building);314-260-010 through 314-260-012 (basin)

John Lyon Riverside

Dear Mr. Hildebrand:

Steven Stewart Palm Springs

On January 10, 2019, the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) found County of Riverside Case No. PPT180032 (Plot Plan), a proposal to construct a 406,496 square foot

Richard Stewart Moreno Valley

Gary Youmans Temecula

STAFF

Director Simon A. Housman

> John Guerin Paul Ruli **Barbara Santos**

County Administrative Center 4080 Lemon St., 14th Floor. Riverside, CA 92501 (951) 955-5132

www.rcaluc.org

updated at the ALUC meeting to include Federal Aviation Administration Obstruction Evaluation Service (FAA OES) conditions pursuant to the FAA OES letter dated December 20, 2018 (added

CONDITIONS:

Any outdoor lighting installed shall be hooded or shielded so as to prevent either the spillage of lumens or reflection into the sky. Outdoor lighting shall be downward facing.

industrial manufacturing building on 18.2 gross acres located southerly of Old Oleander Avenue.

westerly of Harvill Avenue, northerly of Markham Street, and easterly of Decker Road (with an off-site 2.7 acre water detention basin located on the comer of Markham and Harvill Avenue) in

the unincorporated community of Mead Valley, **CONSISTENT** with the 2014 March Air Reserve

Base/Inland Port Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan, subject to the following conditions, as

- The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project and shall be prohibited at this site, in accordance with Note A on Table 4 of the Mead Valley Area Plan:
 - (a) Any use which would direct a steady light or flashing light of red, white, green, or amber colors associated with airport operations toward an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or toward an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach toward a landing at an airport, other than an FAA-approved navigational signal light or visual approach slope indicator.
 - (b) Any use which would cause sunlight to be reflected towards an aircraft engaged in an initial straight climb following takeoff or towards an aircraft engaged in a straight final approach towards a landing at an airport.
 - Any use which would generate smoke or water vapor or which would attract large (c) concentrations of birds, or which may otherwise affect safe air navigation within the area.
 - (d) Any use which would generate electrical interference that may be detrimental to the operation of aircraft and/or aircraft instrumentation.

- 3. The following uses/activities are specifically prohibited at this location: trash transfer stations that are open on one or more sides; recycling centers containing putrescible wastes; construction and demolition debris facilities; wastewater management facilities; incinerators; noise-sensitive outdoor nonresidential uses; and hazards to flight. Children's schools are discouraged.
- 4. The following uses/activities are not included in the proposed project, but, if they were to be proposed through a subsequent use permit or plot plan, would require subsequent Airport Land Use Commission review:
 - Restaurants and other eating establishments; day care centers; health and exercise centers; churches, temples, or other uses primarily for religious worship; theaters.
- 5. The attached notice shall be given to all prospective purchasers of the property and tenants of the building, and shall be recorded as a deed notice.
- 6. The proposed noncontiguous detention basin shall be designed so as to provide for a maximum 48-hour detention period following the conclusion of the storm event for the design storm (may be less, but not more), and to remain totally dry between rainfalls. Vegetation in and around the detention basins that would provide food or cover for bird species that would be incompatible with airport operations shall not be utilized in project landscaping.
- 7. March Air Reserve Base must be notified of any land use having an electromagnetic radiation component to assess whether a potential conflict with Air Base radio communications could result. Sources of electromagnetic radiation include radio wave transmission in conjunction with remote equipment inclusive of irrigation controllers, access gates, etc.
- 8. Noise attenuation measures shall be incorporated into the design of the office areas of the structure, to the extent such measures are necessary to ensure that interior noise levels from aircraft operations are at or below 45 CNEL.
- 9. This project has been evaluated for 406,496 feet of manufacturing area. Any increase in building area or change in use other than for warehouse, office and manufacturing uses will require an amended review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 10. The project does not propose rooftop solar panels at this time. However, if the project were to propose solar rooftop panels in the future, the applicant/developer shall prepare a solar glare study that analyzes glare impacts, and this study shall be reviewed by the Airport Land Use Commission and March Air Reserve Base.

The following conditions were added at the January 10, 2019 ALUC hearing.

- 11. The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study of the proposed project (Aeronautical Study No. 2018-AWP-17882-OE) and has determined that neither marking nor lighting of the structure(s) is necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking and/or lighting for aviation safety are accomplished on a voluntary basis, such marking and/or lighting (If any) shall be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory Circular 70/7460-1 L Change 2 and shall be maintained in accordance therewith for the life of the project.
- 12. The proposed buildings shall not exceed a height of 50 feet above ground level and a maximum elevation at top point of 1,603 feet above mean sea level.

- 13. The maximum height and top point elevation specified above shall not be amended without further review by the Airport Land Use Commission and the Federal Aviation Administration; provided, however, that reduction in structure height or elevation shall not require further review by the Airport Land Use Commission.
- 14. Temporary construction equipment used during actual construction of the structure(s) shall not exceed 50 feet in height and a maximum elevation of 1,603 feet above mean sea level, unless separate notice is provided to the Federal Aviation Administration through the Form 7460-1 process.
- 15. Within five (5) days after construction of any individual building reaches its greatest height, FAA Form 7460-2 (Part II), Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, shall be completed by the project proponent or his/her designee and effiled with the Federal Aviation Administration. (Go to https://oeaaa.faa.gov for instructions.) This requirement is also applicable in the event the project is abandoned or a decision is made not to construct the applicable structures(s).

If you have any questions, please contact Paul Rull, ALUC Principal Planner, at (951) 955-6893.

Sincerely,

RIVERSIDE COUNTY AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION

Simon A. Housman, ALUC Director

Attachments: Notice of Airport in Vicinity

Aeronautical Study Number 2018-AWP-17882-OE

cc: Majestic Freeway Business Center, LLC/Majestic Realty Co. (applicant/landowner)

Telegraphy - Attn.: George Attala (representative)

Gary Gosliga, March Inland Port Airport Authority Daniel "Rock" Rockholt, March Air Reserve Base

ALUC Case File

Y:\AIRPORT CASE FILES\March\ZAP1341MA18\ZAP1341MA18.LTR.doc

October 8, 2018



Attn: Steve Levisee 4790 Irvine Blvd. – Suite 105-262 Irvine. CA 92620

Subject: SAN 53 – Will Serve – Majestic Freeway Business Center – PM 24110

Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) is willing to provide water & sewer services to the subject project. The provisions of service are contingent upon the developer completing the necessary arrangements in accordance with EMWD rules and regulations. EMWD expects the developer to provide proper notification when a water demand assessment is required pursuant to Senate Bill 221 and/or 610. EMWD expects the developer to coordinate with the approving agency for the proper notification. Further arrangements for service from EMWD may also include plan check, facility construction, inspection, jurisdictional annexation, and payment of financial participation charges. The developer is advised to contact EMWD's Development Services Department early in the entitlement process to determine the necessary arrangements for service, and to receive direction on the preparation of a facility Development Design Conditions, which is required prior to final engineering.

EMWD's ability to serve is subject to limiting conditions, such as regulatory requirements, legal issues, or conditions beyond EMWD's control.

Expiration - one year from date of issue

Thank you for your cooperation in serving our mutual customers. If you have any questions, please call me at (951) 928-3777, extension 4472.

Sincerely

Rafael Resendiz, MS, PE

Civil Engineer II

Development Services Department Eastern Municipal Water District

RR:dsc



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ONE AS APPROPRIATE	:					
■ PLOT PLAN □ CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT	☐ PUBLIC USE P ☐ TEMPORARY U		☐ VARIANCE			
REVISED PERMIT Original (Case No					
INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE	ACCEPTED.					
APPLICATION INFORMATION						
Applicant Name: Majestic Realty	Co.					
Contact Person: John Sem	cken	E-Mail:	JSemcken@majesticrealty.com			
Mailing Address: 13191 Cr		loor				
City of Indus	stry CA		91746			
City	State		ZIP			
Daytime Phone No: (<u>562</u>	948-4306	Fax No:	()			
Engineer/Representative Name: T&B Planning, Inc.						
Contact Person: Tracy Zinr	1	E-Mail:	tzinn@tbplanning.com			
Mailing Address: 17542 E. 17th Street, Suite 100						
Tustin	Street CA		92780			
City	State		ZIP			
Daytime Phone No: (714	505-6360 ext. 350	Fax No:	(714) 505-6361			
Property Owner Name: Majestic Free	eway Business Center, LLC					
Contact Person: John Sem	cken	E-Mail: JS	emcken@majesticrealty.com			
Mailing Address: 13191 Crossroads Parkway 6th Floor						
City of Indus			91746			
City	State		ZIP			
Daytime Phone No: (_562_	948-4306	Fax No:	()			
Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon St P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, Califor	nia 92502-1409	Palm Des	7-588 El Duna Court, Suite H sert, California 92211 277 : Fay. (760) 863-7555			

"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

<u>APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT</u> Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application. **AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:** I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof. (If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the use permit is ready for public hearing.) Edward P. Roski, Jr (Majestic Freeway Business Center, LLC) PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent. AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied. **PROPERTY INFORMATION:** 314-051-015, 314-260-010, -011, and -012 Assessor's Parcel Number(s):

Old Oleander Avenue

Approximate Gross Acreage:

, West of Harvill Avenue

General location (nearby or cross streets): North of Markham Street

East of Decker Road

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT PROPOSAL:								
Docor	iba tha pro	noed pr	oioat					
Describe the proposed project. Please see attached.								
				 348 Section and Subsection reference 		e proposed		
land u	ise(s): Ordi	nance No. 348	Section 10, S	bsection 10.1.g. (I-P) and Section 11, Subsection 11.2.m (M	-SC)			
Numb	er of existi	ng lots: _	4					
			FXIST	ING Buildings/Structures: Yes 🗌 No 🔳	1			
	Square	11-2-0-4				Bldg.		
No.*	Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function	To be Removed	Permit No.		
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
Place	cneck in ti	пе арриса	able row, I	building or structure is proposed to be	removed.			
				SED Buildings/Structures: Yes 🔳 No 🛭				
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function	on			
1	365,056*	45 feet**	Whise: 1; Offices: 2	Warehouse w/ Office	Spaces			
2				* Square feet Indicated is approximately 5% higher than shown on the Pl		ntial future fluctuation		
3				** Building height is measured from the finished floor to the top of the hig	ghest architectural parapet			
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
			PROP	OSED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes 🔳 No [1			
No.*	Square Feet		. 1101	Use/Function				
1	116,740	Detention Basin						
2								
3								
4								
5								

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
* Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".						
☐ Check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) to identify them.)						
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application:						
Application for Submittal of Planning Geological Report (GEO 3)						
Are there previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes No						
If yes, provide Application No(s). Preliminary Application Review (PAR180044)						
(e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)						
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) N/A EIR No. (if applicable): N/A						
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes ■ No □						
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies): Phase I ESA and Geo						
Is the project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes No						
Is this an application for a development permit? Yes <a> No <a> No <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <a> <						
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.						
If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)						
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.						
Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley						
Santa Margarita River						
Whitewater River						
Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)						

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT						
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to <u>Section 65962.5</u> of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:						
Name of Applicant: Majestic Realty Co.						
Address: 13191 Crossroads Parkway 6th Floor, City of Industry, CA 91746						
Phone number: (562) 948-4306						
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code):						
Local Agency: County of Riverside						
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number: Book 314, Pages 60 through 68						
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code: N/A						
Regulatory Identification number: N/A						
Date of list: N/A						
Applicant: Majestic Realty Co. Date 11/06/18						
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT						
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether:						
1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes \sum No \sum \sum \text{No}						
2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes \(\sqrt{\text{No}} \) No \(\boxed{\text{lens}} \)						
I (we) certify that my (our) answers are true and correct.						
Owner/Authorized Agent (1) Edward P. Roski, Jr (Majestic Freeway Business Center, LLC) Date						
Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Date						
*						

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Land Use and Development Condensed application.docx
Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 08/03/2018



Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents. officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment. general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance. zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

Edward P. Roski, Jr (Majestic Freeway Business Center, LLC)

Printed Name of Owner

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811

Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

• If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

and

INTENT TO CONSIDER AN ADDENDUM TO AN

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (EIR)

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

Plot Plan No. 180029 – Intent to Consider an Addendum to Environmental Impact Report No. 466 – EIR466 – Applicant: Majestic Realty c/o John Semcken – Representative: T & B Planning c/o Tracy Zinn & Jer Harding – First Supervisorial District – North Perris Zoning Area – Mead Valley Area Plan: Community Development: Light Industrial (CD-LI) – Location: Southerly of Old Oleander Avenue, easterly of Decker Road, westerly of Harvill Avenue, and northerly of Markham Street – 41.20 Net Acres – Zoning: Industrial Park (I-P) and Manufacturing–Service Commercial (M-SC) – REQUEST: Plot Plan No. 180029 is a proposal for the construction and operation of a 406,496 sq. ft. concrete tilt-up industrial building on 21.1 acres. The building (Majestic Freeway Business Center Building 20) would include 20,325 sq. ft. of office area and the remaining 386,171 sq. ft. for warehouse space. There would be a 2.5 acre detention basin that could accommodate picnic tables along the rim of the basin and a designated parking cut-out for food trucks. A total of 280 parking spaces will be provided, including eight (8) for disabled persons and eight (8) for electric vehicles. The Assessor's Parcel No. 314-051-015 which is 19.42 net acres will be used as a potential stockpile, borrow site, and construction staging area for the development of Building 20 and the detention basin. Additionally, there would be proposed truck queuing and vehicle access driveway that would traverse between the borrow site and the project site for Building 20.

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING: NOVEMBER 18, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/. For further information regarding this project please contact Project Planner Tim Wheeler at (951) 955-6060 or email at twheeler@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above-described project will not have a significant effect on the environment and has recommended certification of an addendum to an EIR. The Planning Commission will consider the proposed project, and the proposed addendum, at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project, and the addendum to the EIR, is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may do so in writing between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

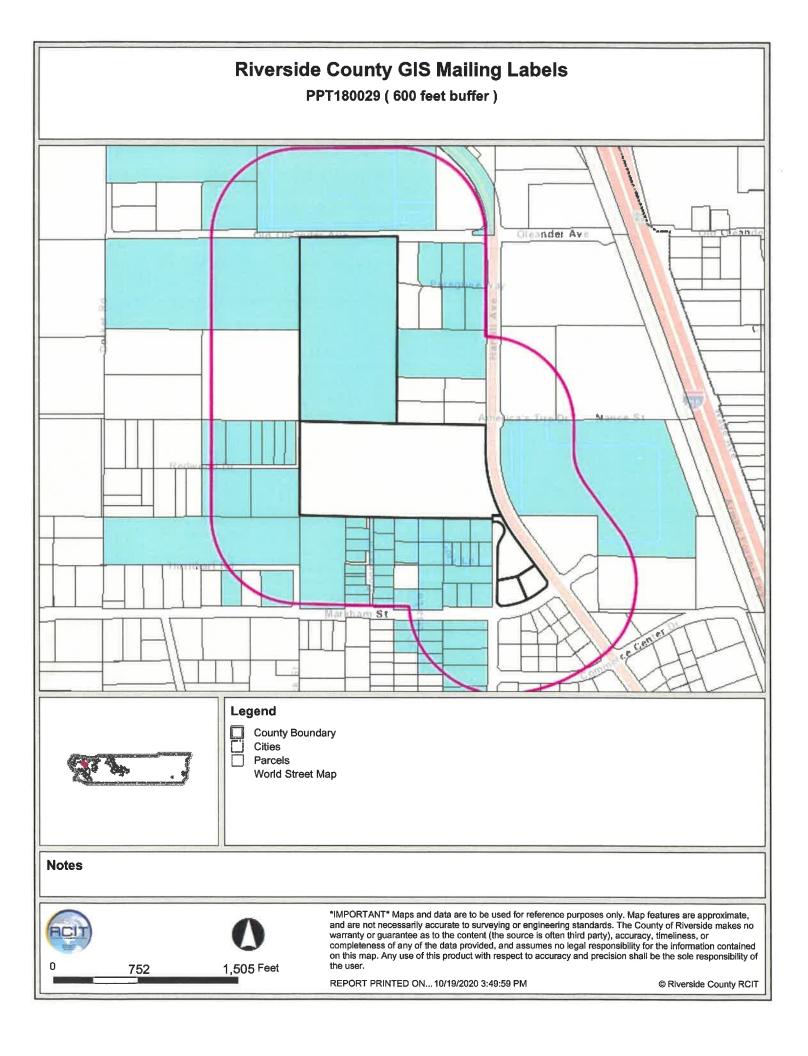
If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to:
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Tim Wheeler/P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I,V	INNIE NGUYEN	certify that on	October 19, 2020,
The attached	property owners list was pro	epared byR	iverside County GIS,
APN (s) or ca	se numbers	PPT180029	for
Company or l	ndividual's Name	RCIT - GIS	,
Distance buff	ered	600'	
Pursuant to a	pplication requirements fu	rnished by the Rivers	side County Planning Department.
Said list is a	complete and true compila	ation of the owners of	the subject property and all other
property own	ers within 600 feet of the	e property involved,	or if that area yields less than 25
different own	ers, all property owners wi	thin a notification are	a expanded to yield a minimum of
25 different of	owners, to a maximum not	ification area of 2,400) feet from the project boundaries,
based upon th	he latest equalized assessm	ent rolls. If the proje	ect is a subdivision with identified
off-site access	s/improvements, said list in	cludes a complete and	I true compilation of the names and
mailing addr	esses of the owners of	all property that is	adjacent to the proposed off-site
improvement	/alignment.		
I further cert	ify that the information fil	led is true and correc	t to the best of my knowledge. I
understand th	at incorrect or incomplete i	information may be gr	ounds for rejection or denial of the
application.			
TITLE:	GIS An	alyst	
ADDRESS:	4080 L	emon Street 9 TH I	Floor
	Rivers	ide, Ca. 92502	
TELEPHONI	F NIIMBER (8 am. – 5 n n	n)· (951) 9)55-8158



314190016 JOHN R. STANLEY 22912 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314190030 MARK D. STANLEY 22942 CORY LN PERRIS CA 92570

314190033 JOSE PEREZ 22970 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314190034 VICKI JO HUFFMAN 22990 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314190041 RICHARD LAZROVICH 12307 RIATA RD LOWER LAKE CA 95457 314190048 EUFRACIO FRANCO 491 LISBON ST PERRIS CA 92571

314190058 ALBERT LOVE 8726 S SEPULVEDA NO 1911 LOS ANGELES CA 90045

314190062 ROLAND P. THIBODEAUX 18491 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570

314200008 SONIA GUILLEN 332 YOSEMITE AVE PERRIS CA 92570 314200012 JUAN M. GONZALES 22721 REDWOOD DR PERRIS CA 92570

314110075 HALLE PROPERTIES 20225 N SCOTTSDALE RD SCOTTSDALE AZ 85255

314190029 MARK D. STANLEY 22942 CORY LN PERRIS CA 92590

Reference and the contract of the contract of

314190032 MARY E. TODOROVITCH 4033 AGASSI DR SANTA ROSA CA 95407

314190060 CHRISTOPHER MARC ESTEVANOVICH 18479 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570 314190063 WILLIAM JOHN STANLEY 18466 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570 314190064 GEORGE STANLEY 22840 MARKHAM ST UNIT B PERRIS CA 92570

314210028 ANGELINA A. GONZALEZ 22915 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314040004 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS PKWY N LA PUENTE CA 91746

314040013 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS N 6TH FL CITY OF INDUSTRY CA 91746 314040029 JORGE NAVARRO 9396 GOLDEN LANTERN RD RIVERSIDE CA 92508

314190017 MICHAEL JAMES LAZROVICH 22906 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314190044 GEORGE STANLEY 22840 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314190067 JERRY M. STANLEY 18411 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570 314200013 JOHN PAUL RAMOS P O BOX 2222 PERRIS CA 92572

314210024 JACKIE LEEN 22875 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314210042 STANLEY JODY C LIVING TRUST 22985 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314190021 LAZROVICH NANCY D 22938 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314190025 JAY MAROUN 15543 SADDLEBACK RD RIVERSIDE CA 92506

314190027 DAVID CAMPOS 22980 CORY LN PERRIS CA 92570

314190038 ANTHONY FRANK STANLEY 18412 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570

314200007 NICK JONES 22710 REDWOOD DR PERRIS CA 92570 314200010 LINDA M. CUSTA P O BOX 1624 PERRIS, CA 92572

314210029

22919 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314210041 SANDRA MAGALLON 18605 SEATON ST PERRIS CA 92570

314210043 REGGIE STANLEY 22991 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314210044 GUS GOLOBE 4620 GRAVENSTINE HWY S SEBASTOPOL CA 95472

314040001 KNOX LOGISTICS III & IV 3501 JAMBOREE RD STE 230 NEWPORT BEACH CA 92660

314040027 ANTHONY R. SANSOTA 22980 PEREGRINE WAY PERRIS CA 92570

314051002 GROUP V SAN BERNARDINO 4900 SANTA ANITA AVE 2C EL MONTE CA 91731 314190031 JOSHUA PETERSON 18463 SEATON AVE PERRIS CA 92570

314190037 VICKIE EBELING 26346 RIDGEMOOR RD SUN CITY CA 92586 314190065 GEORGE STANLEY 22840 MARKHAM ST UNIT A PERRIS CA 92570

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314040030 TAYLOR ROBERT B TRUST P O BOX 6170 MORENO VALLEY CA 92554

295310050 STATE OF CALIF 464 W FOURTH ST 6TH FL SAN BERNARDINO CA 92401

314190015 LAZROVICH GLORIA 22920 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314190028 GABRIELA MORA 22970 CORY LN PERRIS CA 92570

314190019 SHANNON STANKO PO BOX 2314 MORGAN HILL CA 95038 314190020 LAZROVICH JOHN & BERNTINA JOINT LIVING TR 22930 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314190023 BETSY LAZROVICH 22948 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314190026 KEN RAYMOND 18431 SEATON AVE PERRIS CA 92570

314190069 JOHN STANLEY 18435 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570 314210025 JOSE MARES NEGRETE 22871 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314210026 LUIS GIL 22909 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314190001 TLRED 3535 INALAND EMPIRE BLV ONTARIO CA 91764

314190022 DANNY LEE STANLEY 22944 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314190024 LORI PERALEZ 18399 SEATON AVE PERRIS CA 92570

AND THE PARTY OF T

314190039 ROBERT STEVE STANLEY 555 MCLAUGHLIN AVE SPC 21 SAN JOSE CA 95116 314190040 ROBERT STANLEY 18432 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570

314190046 JIM STANLEY 18443 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570 314200006 OSCAR ZERMENO 521 CRONY AVE HENDERSON NV 89011

314210023 CAROL LONSFORD 22879 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314051009 CHARLES T. ALDERSON 22650 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314190059 BERENICE CASTRO 18453 DONNA LN PERRIS CA 92570

314200005 HOME EXPO FINANCIAL INC 23580 ALESSANDRO NO 9818 MORENO VALLEY CA 92552

314200009 NICK JOHN STANLEY 22730 REDWOOD DR PERRIS CA 92570 314210027 MANUEL O. ORTEGA 22911 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

314210030 DEBRA CHRISTENSON 22923 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570 314210040 RAMON SALGADO 22971 MARKHAM ST PERRIS CA 92570

AND CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE

295310054 KNOX LOGISTICS 1717 MCKINNEY STE 1900 DALLAS TX 75202

295310018 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS PKY LA PUENTE CA 91746 295310044 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS 6TH FL LA PUENTE CA 91746

314051011 LUIS LAFFITE LEON 15023 FOLGER ST HACIENDA HEIGHTS CA 91745

THE PARTY OF THE P

314040024 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROAD PKY N LA PUENTE CA 91746

314040028 MAJESTIC FREEWAY BUSINESS CENTER 13191 CROSSROADS PKY N FL 6 CITY OF INDUSTRY CA 91746 T&B Planning, Inc. 3200 El Camino Real, Suite 100 Irvine, CA 92602 Attn: Tracy Zinn & Jer Harding

Majestic Realty 13191 Crossroads Parkway, 6th Floor City of Industry, CA 91746 Attn: John Semcken

> Majestic Freeway Business Center 13191 Crossroads Parkway North, 6th Floor City of Industry, CA 91746

Luis Laffite Leon 15023 Folger Street Hacienda Heights, CA 91745

> Majestic Freeway Business Center 13191 Crossroads Parkway, 6th Floor 1 a Puente, CA 91746

13191 Crossroads Faire 17191 La Puente, CA 91746

Kirkland West
Habitat Defense Council
PO Box 7821

Laguna Niguel, Ca, 92607-7821

Majestic Freeway Business Center 13191 Crossroads Parkway North La Puente, CA 91746

Richard Drury Komalpreet Toor Lozeau Drury, LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach Assistant TLMA Director

	 □ Office of Planning and Research (OPR) P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 ☑ County of Riverside County Clerk 	FROM:	Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P. O. Box 1409 Riverside, CA 92502-1409		38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, California 92211
	ECT: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with 80029 / CEQ180110	Section	21152 of the California Public Resources C	ode.	
Project 7	Title/Case Numbers				
	'heeler Contact Person		955-6060		
•	Contact Person	Phone N	lumber		
N/A State Cle	earinghouse Number (if submitted to the State Clearinghouse)				
	ic Realty c/o John Semcken	13191 Address	Crossroads Parkway, 6th Floor, City of Indu	stry, C	CA 91746
Γhe pr Plan.	oject site is located north of Markham Street, south of Old	l Oleande	er Avenue, east of Decker Road and west of	f Harv	ill Avenue, within the Mead Valley Area
Project L	ocation				
Majes There otal of net aci here v	PLAN NO. 180029 is a proposal for the construction and tic Freeway Business Center Building 20) would include would be a 2.5 acre detention basin that could accommot 280 parking spaces will be provided, including 8 for disares will be used as a potential stockpile, borrow site, and could be proposed truck queuing and vehicle access drive electricion	20,325 s odate pica odate per constructi	square-feet of office area and the remaining nic tables along the rim of the basin and a sons and 8 for electric vehicles. The Asses ion staging area for the development of Buill	a 386 desigr sor's dina 2	.171 square-feet for warehouse space. nated parking cut-out for food trucks. A Parcel No. 314-051-015 which is 19.42 20 and the detention basin. Additionally.
nas ma 1. Tl 2. A 3. M 4. A 5. A 6. Fi This is	to advise that the Riverside CountyPlanning Commission and the following determinations regarding that project: the project WILL NOT have a significant effect on the environ Environmental Impact Report was not prepared for the plitigation measures WERE made a condition of the approx Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan/Program WAS statement of Overriding Considerations WAS NOT adopting were made pursuant to the provisions of CEQA. to certify that the earlier EA, with comments, responses ment, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 9250	ronment. project pu val of the NOT ado ted	ursuant to the provisions of the California En project. pted.	nvironi	mental Quality Act
		Project I	Planner		
Date R	Signature Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:		Title	8	Date
Ple	ease charge deposit fee case#: 7CFO180110				

FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - THE RESOURCES AGENCY DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME ENVIRONMENTAL FILING FEE CASH RECEIPT

Notes:

Receipt #: 200500985

Lead Agency: COUNTY PLANNING County Agency of Filing: Riverside Document Project Title: EIR 466; SP 341	ment No:	Date: 0	8/24/2005 0985
DOCK	ment No:	20050	0985
Project Title: EIR 466; SP 341			
			111
Project Applicant Name: CO. OF RIVERSIDE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY Pho	ne Number:		
Project Applicant Address: 3525 14TH ST RIVERSIDE, CA 92501			
Project Applicant: Local Public Agency			
CHECK APPLICABLE FEES: Environmental Impact Report Negative Declaration Application Fee Water Diversion (State Water Resources Control Board Only) Project Subject to Certified Regulatory Programs		\$850.	00
▼ County Administration Fee		\$64.0	00
 Project that is exempt from fees (DFG No Effect Determination (Form Attached)) Project that is exempt from fees (Notice of Exemption) 			
Total Receive	ed	\$914.	00

COUNTY OF RESIDE OF PERPENTED * PILLIPED SPECIALIZED DEPARTMENT RECEIPT Bermin Assistance Genter

4080 Lemon Street

Suite A

39493 Los Alamos Roai — 33636 El Cevrito Pd Indio, CA 92211

Second Floor Riverside, CA 92502

Murrieta, CA 91563

1760) 863 ·8271

(951) 955-3200

(951) 694-5242

Received from: REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR RIV CO-

paid by: JV 0000651679

3914.00

FISH & GAME FOR EIF 0466 (SP00341 EA39537)

paid towards: CFG03016 CALIF FISH & GAME: EIR

at parcel:

appl type: CFG2

DFOGLE

May 17, 2004 11:39

posting date May 17, 2004 ************************************

Account Code 658353120100208100 CF&G TRUST 658353120100208100 CF&G TRUST: RECORD FEES

Description

Amount \$850.00 \$64.00

Overpayments of less than \$5.00 will not be refunded:

SPECIALIZED DEPARTMENT RECEIPT

PROMIT / CONTENT Palmic Assistance Jenner

4080 Lemon Street

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39493 Los Alamos Road 3849% El Cerrico Rd

Second Floor

Suite A

Indio CA 92211

Riverside, CA 92502

Murrieta, CA 92563

(760) 863-8371

(951) 955-3200

19519 694-5242

Received from: TRAMMELL CROW COMFAIN

paid by: RC 0017883

EA41869

paid towards: CFG06242 CALIF FISH & GAME: DOC FEE

at parcel:

appl type: CFG3

GLKING

Jul 06, 2016 14:41

posting date Jul 06, 2015

******************************** **************************************

Account Code

Description

658353120100208100 CF&G TRUST: RECORD FEES

Amount \$50.00

Overpayments of less than \$5.00 will not be refunded.



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Assistant TLMA Director

Memorandum

DATE: November 10, 2020

TO: Riverside County Planning Commission

FROM: Rob Gonzalez, Project Planner

RE: November 18, 2020 Planning Commission

ITEM: 4.4 – Conditional Use Permit No. 3771 (CUP03771)

Conditional Use Permit No. 3771 (CUP03771) proposes to expand the existing law enforcement K9 dog kennel training facility to increase the kennel's capacity to 80 dogs, changing the facility from a Class I Kennel to a Class IV Kennel. The previously approved project Plot Plan No. 25072 permitted the applicant to house up to 10 dogs at the kennel.

The project hearing has been continued, on calendar, to the December 16, 2020 Planning Commission to allow for further processing time.



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

4 . 5

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

PROPOSED PROJECT				
Case Number(s):	DA1900012 and CUP190019	Applicant(s): Michael Simonian		
Environmental:	CEQA Exempt, Section No. 15303 (C)			
Area Plan:	Southwest	Representative(s): KWC Engineers		
Zoning Area/District:	Rancho California Area	Jo Howard		
Supervisorial District:	Third District			
Project Planner:	Mina Morgan	00 9/000		
Project APN(s):	963-030-005	John Hildebrand Interim Planning Director		

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

Conditional Use Permit No. 190019 is a proposal for a retail cannabis business with delivery to occupy 1,709 square-foot suite to be used as a storefront on a 0.71 acre lot with parking and landscaping.

Development Agreement No. 1900012 Development Agreement No. 1900012 has a term of 10 years and grants the applicant vesting rights to develop the Project, in accordance with the terms of Development Agreement No. 1900012 and Conditional Use Permit No. 190019, and will provide community benefits to the Southwest Area.

The project site is located at 30375 Auld Road, Murrieta California, 92563, south of Auld Road, east of Sky Canyon Road and Winchester Road, and north of Sparkman Way.

The above is hereinafter referred to as the "Project" or "project".

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMEND THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

<u>FIND</u> that the project is **EXEMPT** from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 (c), New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures, based on the findings and conclusions in the staff report; and,

<u>TENTATIVELY APPROVE</u> Development Agreement No. 1900012, based upon the findings in this staff report, pending final adoption of the Development Agreement ordinance by the Board of Supervisors; and,

<u>APPROVE</u> Conditional Use Permit No. 190019, subject to the attached Advisory Notification Document, Conditions of Approval, and based upon the findings and conclusions provided in this staff report.

PROJECT DATA				
Land Use and Zoning:				
Specific Plan:	Borel Airpark Center #265			
Existing General Plan Foundation Component:	Community Development (CD)			
Existing General Plan Land Use Designation:	Commercial Retail (CR)			
Policy / Overlay Area:	N/A			
Surrounding General Plan Land Uses				
North:	Commercial Retail (CR)			
East:	Public Facilities (PF)			
South:	Commercial Retail (CR)			
West:	Commercial Retail (CR)			
Existing Zoning Classification:	Specific Plan (SP265 Borel Airpark)			
Proposed Zoning Classification:	N/A			
Surrounding Zoning Classifications				
North:	Specific Plan (SP265 Borel Airpark)			
East:	Manufacturing – Service Commercial (M-SC)			
South:	Specific Plan (SP265 Borel Airpark)			
West:	Specific Plan (SP265 Borel Airpark)			
Existing Use:	Vacant			
Surrounding Uses				
North:	Vacant land			
East:	French Valley Airport			
South:	Vacant land			
West:	Vacant land			

Project Details:

Item	Value	Min./Max. Development Standard
Project Site (Acres):	0.71 acres	N/A
Proposed Building total Area (suite A&B) (SQFT):		N/A
Retail Suite (Cannabis)	1,709 sq. ft.	N/A
Building Height (FT):	15 feet in height	35 feet in height

Parking:

Type of Use	Building Area (in SF)	Parking Ratio	Spaces Required	Spaces Provided
Retail (Cannabis)	1,709 sqft.	1 space/200 sq. ft. of gross floor area	9	16
TOTAL:			9	16

Located Within:

City's Sphere of Influence:	Yes - Temecula
Community Service Area ("CSA"):	No
Special Flood Hazard Zone:	Yes, portion in FEMA Flood Zone
Agricultural Preserve:	No
Liquefaction Area:	Yes – Low potential
Subsidence Area:	Yes – Susceptible
Fault Zone:	No
Fire Zone:	No
Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone:	Yes – Zone B
WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell:	No
CVMSHCP Conservation Boundary:	No
Stephens Kangaroo Rat ("SKR") Fee Area:	No
Airport Influence Area ("AIA"):	Yes - French Valley

PROJECT LOCATION MAP



PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

On October 2, 2017 the Riverside County Assistant TLMA Director approved Plot Plan No. 26047 on the project site, which proposed the construction of a 2,880 sq. ft. single story office building with two suites. The proposed structure is 15 feet in height and provides approximately sixteen (16) off street parking spaces.

On October 23, 2018, the Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance No. 348.4898 that established the permitting process and regulations for commercial cannabis activities.

Applicants requesting to establish commercial cannabis retail, microbusiness, and/or cultivation uses were required to submit a request for proposal "RFP" cannabis package. Applicants who ranked highest were allowed to proceed forward with the Conditional Use Permit process. On July 2, 2019, the Board of Supervisors accepted the Cannabis RFP response package rankings list, which allowed the highest ranking applicants to begin the land use review process for their proposed project. In the first year of implementation, 50 cannabis cultivation applications and 19 cannabis retail applications began the land use review process.

The project was assigned an RFP Cannabis File No. CAN190048. Pursuant to the Board of Supervisors approved ranking list, this application was ranked number 10 and as a result, it was recommended to proceed forward with the conditional use permit application process for a cannabis retail store.

On August 26, 2019 the Riverside County Planning Department received a Conditional Use Permit to operate a storefront retail cannabis business. The proposal is to occupy one of the suites for the retail business operation (approximately 1,709 Square-feet) as illustrated in the previously approved Plot Plan No. 26047.

Project Details:

The proposed project will occupy an approximately 1,709 square-foot suite to be used as a storefront for a retail cannabis business on a 0.71 acre lot with parking and landscaping. The project includes sixteen (16) off-street parking spaces which consists of fifteen (15) standard parking spaces, and one (1) accessible parking space, exceeding the off-street requirement for retail cannabis at 1 stall per 200 square-feet that requires a minimum of eight (9) parking spaces. The site also includes a trash enclosure located within the perimeter of the property. In addition, landscaping and internal walkways are proposed throughout the site. The property is accessed from Sky Canyon Drive and Auld Road.

The proposed commercial structure is a single story Spanish style office building with a pitched clay roof. The structure has a stucco finish, glass windows, and stone veneer sidings installed along all elevations of the building.

The interior of the proposed suite area consists of areas for retail sales, reception and waiting area, and other spaces that include restrooms, and employee break areas.

The business will operate between the hours of 6am to 10pm daily in accordance with the County of Riverside Ordinance No. 348 Section 19.505 (I). Deliveries will operate daily during normal business hours, seven days per week. There will be one delivery vehicle and one delivery driver responsible for this task. The Delivery driver will log all inventory packed for delivery and depart the facility with the initial orders. Prior to leaving the licensed premises for delivery, the delivery employee will be responsible for ensuring the vehicle contains a copy of its vehicle registration, insurance, and copies of state and local cannabis licenses, delivery request receipts, and trip plans in an easily accessible location. Additionally, the delivery employee will carry his or her driver's license and provided employee identification card on his or her person throughout the delivery process.

General Plan Consistency

The project site has a General Plan Foundation Component and Land Use Designation of Community Development (CD): Commercial Retail (CR). The Community Development General Plan Foundation Component depicts areas where urban and suburban development is appropriate. It is the intent of this Foundation Component to provide a breadth of land uses that foster variety and choice, accommodate a range of life styles, living and working conditions, and accommodate diverse community settings. The goal is to accommodate a balance of jobs, housing, and services within communities to help achieve other aspects of the RCIP Vision, such as mobility, open space, and air quality goals.

The Commercial Retail land use designation provides for the emphasis on general uses such as grocery stores, drug stores, and other retail outlets at a neighborhood, community, and regional level. The project is consistent with the Community Development General Plan Foundation Component and Commercial Retail Land Use Designation as it would provide community services and job opportunities within the surrounding community.

Zoning Consistency

The Project is located in Planning Area 10 of Specific Plan No. 265. The specific plan identified this planning area for Commercial Retail uses pursuant to Figure III-7 of Specific Plan No. 265. As stated in the specific plan, "typical uses expected under this category include both sit-down and take-out restaurants, delis and sandwich shops, hotels and motels, printing and copying services, commercial offices and services, medical offices, automobile service stations, commercial recreational facilities such as health clubs and facilities." This development is also consistent with the Specific Plan land use designation of Commercial Retail (CR) that is applied to Planning Area No. 10. Furthermore, Specific Plan No. 265 Zoning Ordinance No. 348.4814 provides that the uses permitted in Planning Area 10 shall be the same as those uses permitted in Article IXb, Section 9.50 of Ordinance No. 348, which is the C-P-S zoning classification. Pursuant to Ordinance No. 348, Article XIXh, Section 19.518, Cannabis Retailers are allowed in the C-P-S Zone with an approved conditional use permit. The C-P-S Zone allows multiple uses, including retail uses that are similar to the proposed Project, such as drug stores, food markets, sporting goods, tobacco stores, convenience stores, and liquor stores. The applicant has submitted this CUP application to ensure compliance with all applicable development standards and regulations. As further described in the findings section, the project meets all the applicable development standards for Planning Area 10 of Specific Plan No. 265, the C-P-S Zone and those set forth in Section 19.519 of Ordinance No. 348, including design, height, setbacks, and parking requirements.

The project site includes a proposed landscape plan in accordance with the County of Riverside Ordinance No. 348 and Ordinance No. 859.

On June 11, 2020 the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) found the project consistent with the French Valley Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

This project is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) review pursuant to Article 19 – Categorical Exemptions, Section 15303 (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures). This section specifically exempts the construction and location of new, small facilities or structures. Examples of this exemption include but are not limited to, a store or similar structure not involving the use of significant amounts of hazardous substances, and not exceeding 2,500 square feet in floor areas. In urbanized areas, the exemption also applied to up to four such commercial buildings not exceeding 10,000 square feet in floor area. Also, the exemption applies to development provided that all necessary public facilities are available and the surrounding areas are not environmentally sensitive.

The project qualifies for this exemption since the project proposes to occupy 1,709 square feet out of a proposed commercial building totaling 2,890 square feet within an urbanized area, and since no hazardous substances are proposed to be kept on-site. The area has an urbanized visual characteristic as there are commercial and industrial uses in the surrounding area and there are residential uses further west of the site. The project meets the criteria of the exemption since the development has all necessary

public services available including water, sewage, electrical, gas, and other utility extensions. The project is not located in an environmentally sensitive area and no unusual circumstances apply that would create a potentially significant environmental impact. Additionally, the project meets the criteria of the exemption since it is not located within an unusual environmental circumstance. CEQA guidelines recognize that projects that propose small structures within non-environmentally sensitive urban areas and with available public services qualify for a categorical exemption. Therefore, no further environmental review is required.

Furthermore, the project will not result in any specific or general exceptions to the use of the categorical exemptions as detailed under State CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2. The Project would not have a significant effect on the environment due to unusual circumstances; would not result in a cumulative impact; would not impact any historic resources; and is not located on a hazardous site or location, thus, no environmental impacts are anticipated to occur. The County of Riverside regulates the effects of soils and geological constraints primarily through the enforcement of the California Building Code (CDC), which requires the implementation of engineering solutions for constrains to development posed by subsidence. Additionally, the project's proposed cannabis use does not qualify as an unusual circumstance as the State of California does not consider waste generated by a retail use to be hazardous. Additionally, the project is required to maintain any applicable permits from the Riverside County Fire Department, the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources and the Agricultural Commissioner.

Based upon the identified exemption above, the County of Riverside Planning Department hereby concludes that the Project would not have a significant effect on the environment and the Project as proposed is exempt under CEQA. No further environmental analysis is warranted.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve the proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

Land Use Findings:

1. The project site has a General Plan Land Use Designation of Commercial Retail (CR). The Commercial Retail land use designation provides for the emphasis on general uses such as grocery stores, drug stores, and other retail outlets. The proposed project is consistent with this land use designation because the project will provide local and regional retail and services. Additionally, the Community Development General Plan Foundation Component depicts areas where urban and suburban development is appropriate. It is the intent of this Foundation Component to provide a breadth of land uses that foster variety and choice, accommodate a range of life styles, living and working conditions, and accommodate diverse community settings. The goal is to accommodate a balance of jobs, housing, and services within communities to help achieve other aspects of the RCIP Vision, such as mobility, open space, and air quality goals.

The project is consistent with the Community Development General Plan Foundation Component and Commercial Retail Land Use Designation as the project would provide community services and job opportunities within the surrounding community, fulfilling the goals of the Vision Statement of the General Plan, particularly by helping expand emerging markets and associated employment, which includes the cannabis industry. This economic diversity also helps the County reach its stated economic development principles as discussed in the General Plan, by furthering local job

- opportunities; providing a unique mix of uses and a continued and expanded market for retail products; and stimulating growth of small businesses.
- 2. The existing zoning is Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 265, Planning Area No. 10). The zoning applied to Planning Area No. 10 by the Specific Plan is based on the Scenic Highway Commercial (C-P-S) zone, which is consistent with the Riverside County General Plan, including the applicable Foundation Component and Land Use Designation, because the C-P-S Zone allows specified commercial cannabis retail uses with an approved conditional use permit, which implements the CD:CR General Plan Land Use Designation that encourages local and regional retail and services. This development is also consistent with the Specific Plan land use designation of Commercial Retail (CR) that is applied to Planning Area No. 10 as discussed in the finding below.
- 3. The Project is located in Planning Area 10 of Specific Plan No. 265. The specific plan identified this planning area for Commercial Retail uses pursuant to Figure III-7 of Specific Plan No. 265. As stated in the specific plan, "typical uses expected under this category include both sit-down and take-out restaurants, delis and sandwich shops, hotels and motels, printing and copying services, commercial offices and services, medical offices, automobile service stations, commercial recreational facilities such as health clubs and facilities." The Project is consistent with these commercial retail uses discussed in the Commercial Retail portion of the specific plan which includes Planning Area 10. Furthermore, Specific Plan No. 265 Zoning Ordinance No. 348.4814 provides that the uses permitted in Planning Area 10 shall be the same as those uses permitted in Article IXb, Section 9.50 of Ordinance No. 348, which is the C-P-S Zone. The proposed use, a Cannabis Retail Store, is allowed within the C-P-S zone, pursuant to Section 19.518 of Ordinance No. 348, subject to an approved conditional use permit.
- 4. The immediate uses surrounding the property are predominately vacant land to the north, west and south, although designated in the General Plan as Commercial Retail. Property to the east includes the French Valley Airport. The project's proposed use is compatible with the surrounding uses because the cannabis retail use is consistent with the planned commercial retail uses to the north, west, and south and does not conflict with any existing uses in the area.

Conditional Use Permit Findings:

- 1. The proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community. As discussed below, the proposed project's use is consistent with the present and future uses in the surrounding area. Additionally, the project has received departmental approvals and has been designed and conditioned to protect the health, safety, and general welfare of the community. Furthermore, with the advisory notification document and conditions of approval, the proposed project will not be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of the community, and is subject to those conditions necessary to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the community.
- 2. The proposed project conforms to the logical development of the land and is compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property, as the project site is surrounded by properties which are designated Community Development: Commercial Retail (CD:CR) that would be similar retail and service uses as the proposed project. The proposed use, a cannabis retail business would provide community services and job opportunities within the surrounding community. Additionally, the project complies with the development standards of the Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 265, Planning Area No. 10) Zone. Therefore, the proposed project conforms to the logical

- development of the land and to be compatible with the present and future logical development of the surrounding property.
- 3. All use permits which permit the construction of more than one structure on a single legally divided parcel shall, in addition to all other requirements, be subject to a condition which prohibits the sale of any existing or subsequently constructed structures on the parcel until the parcel is divided and a final map recorded in accordance with Ordinance No. 460 in such a manner that each building is located on a separate legally divided parcel. The proposed building is a single building on a single parcel, so this situation does not exist for this project.

Permit Requirements for All Commercial Cannabis Activities:

- 1. Section 19.505 of Ordinance No. 348 sets forth requirements that all Commercial Cannabis Activities, including commercial cannabis retailers, must comply with, including, among others, submitting an appropriate application, obtaining and maintaining a state license, being sited and operated in such a way that controls odors, being limited in hours of operation, and implementing sufficient security measures. All of these requirements have either already been met or are required in the attached project's Conditions of Approval or Advisory Notification Document which are incorporated herein by this reference. Specifically, Planning. 7, Planning. 10, Planning 15 and 16 and other sections of the Advisory Notification Document address odor, hours of operation and security, and other requirements of Section 19.505.
- 2. While security has been raised as a concern relating to cannabis-related activities, a standard requirement of the advisory notification document (Planning. 15 and 16) requires sufficient security measures to deter and prevent the unauthorized entrance into areas containing Cannabis or Cannabis Products, to deter and prevent theft of Cannabis or Cannabis Produces, and to ensure emergency access in accordance with applicable Fire Code standards. These requirements include the following:
 - a) A plan to prevent individuals from loitering on the lot if they are not engaging in activity expressly related to the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - b) 24 hour emergency contact information for the owner or an on-site employee which shall be provided to the County.
 - c) A professionally installed, maintained, and monitored alarm system.
 - d) Except for Live Cannabis Plants being cultivated at a cultivation facility and limited amounts of Cannabis for display purposes, all Cannabis and Cannabis Products shall be stored in a secured and locked structure and in a secured and locked safe room, safe, or vault, and in a manner as to prevent diversion, theft, and loss.
 - e) 24 hour security surveillance cameras to monitor all entrances and exits to a Commercial Cannabis Activity, all interior spaces within the Commercial Cannabis Activity that are open and accessible to the public, and all interior spaces where Cannabis, cash or currency is being stored for any period of time on a regular basis. The permittee for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be responsible for ensuring that the security surveillance camera's footage is accessible. Video recordings shall be maintained for a minimum of 90 days, and shall be made available to the County upon request.

With implementation of these required measures, security concerns relating to the Commercial Cannabis Activity have been fully addressed.

Cannabis Retailer Minimum Standards:

- 1. The project is not located within 1,000 feet from any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Center or a variance has been approved allowing a shorter distance but not less than allowed by State law. This is met because a radius map buffering 1,000 feet from the subject site was prepared by Riverside County Geographic Information Systems and has not identified any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Centers within 1,000 feet of the site.
- 2. The project is not located within 1,000 feet of any other existing or approved Cannabis Retailer.
- 3. The project is not located within 500 feet of a smoke shop or similar facility because a radius map buffering 1,000 feet from the subject site was prepared by Riverside County Geographic Information Systems and has not identified any smoke shop or similar facility within 1,000 feet of the site.
- 4. The project is not located on a lot containing a residential dwelling unit because a property characteristic report as prepared by the Planning Department has not identified any residential dwelling units located at the subject site.
- 5. The development standards of the Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 265, Planning Area No. 10) Zoning Classification are as follows:
 - A. There is no minimum lot area requirement, unless specifically required by zone classification for a particular area.
 - B. There are no yard requirements for buildings which do not exceed 35 feet in height, except as required for specific plans. Any portion of a building which exceeds 35 feet in height shall be set back from the front, rear and side lot lines not less than two feet for each foot by which the height exceeds 35 feet. The front setback shall be measured from the existing street line unless a specific plan has been adopted in which case it will be measured from the specific plan street line. The rear setback shall be measured from the existing rear lot line or from any recorded alley or easement; if the rear line adjoins a street, the rear setback requirement shall be the same as required for a front setback. Each side setback shall be measured from the side lot line or from an existing adjacent street line unless a specific plan has been adopted in which case it will be measured from the specific plan street line. The proposed construction does not exceed fifteen feet (15') in height. Therefore, the project meets this standard.
 - C. No building or structure shall exceed fifty (50') feet in height, unless a greater height is approved pursuant to Ordinance No. 348 Section 18.34. In no event, however, shall a building or structure exceed seventy-five (75') feet in height, unless a variance is approved pursuant to Ordinance No. 348 Section 18.27. The proposed construction does not exceed fifteen feet (15') in height. Therefore, the project meets this standard.

- D. Automobile storage space shall be provided as required by Ordinance No. 348 Section 18.12. The project meets these requirements because the project requires 9 parking spaces and has proposed 16 parking spaces.
- E. All mechanical equipment used in this project included roof-mounted equipment, is screened.
- 6. The project complies with the operational requirements set forth in Ordinance No. 348 Section 19.519.C. because of the following:
 - A. Entrances into the retail location of the Cannabis Retailer shall be separate from the reception area and locked at all times with entry strictly controlled. An electronic or mechanical entry system shall be utilized to limit access and entry to the retail location. As provided by the floor plan, Exhibit C, all retail, reception, employee offices, and inventory areas shall have electronic or mechanical secured access. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 1)
 - B. Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Medical Cannabis, requiring an M-License from the State. Cannabis Retailers selling only Medical Cannabis shall verify consumers who enter the Premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation. The project owner and management shall provide adequate training and education at the location as to these matters and require all customers to provide proper Identification to very consumers are of appropriate age. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 2)
 - C. Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Adult Use Cannabis, requiring an A-license from the State. Cannabis Retailers selling only Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the Premises are at least 21 years of age. The project owner and management shall provide adequate training and education at the location as to these matters and require all customers to provide proper Identification to very consumers are at least 21 years of age. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 3)
 - D. A Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of both Medical and Adult use Cannabis requiring both an A-License and an M-License from the State. All Cannabis Retailers selling both Medical and Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation or are at least 21 years of age. The project owner and management shall provide adequate training and education at the location as to these matters and require all customers to provide proper Identification to very consumers are of appropriate age. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 4)
 - E. Display areas shall include the smallest amount of Cannabis and Cannabis Products reasonably anticipated to meet sales during operating hours. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 5)
 - F. Cannabis and Cannabis Products not in the display area shall be maintained in a locked secure area. As provided by the project floor plan, Exhibit C, all retail, reception, employee offices, and inventory areas shall have electronic or mechanical secured access. The project has been

- conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 6)
- G. Not more than 10% of the Cannabis Retailer floor area, up to a maximum of 50 square feet, shall be used for the sale of incidental goods such as, but not limited to, clothing, posters, or non-cannabis goods. The project meets this standard because the provide floor plan, Exhibit C shows the sales area to only contain cannabis products (Flower Display). It has been conditioned that not more than 10% of the Cannabis Retailer floor area, up to a maximum of 50 square feet, shall be used for the sale of incidental goods such as, but not limited to, clothing, posters, or non-cannabis goods. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 7)
- H. Restroom facilities shall be locked and under the control of the Cannabis Retailer. As provided by the floor plan of the project, Exhibit C, the restroom facilities have a locking door to the designated room. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 8)
- Cannabis Retailers shall ensure that all Cannabis and Cannabis Products held for sale by the Cannabis Retailer are cultivated, manufactured, transported, distributed, and tested by California licensed and permitted facilities that are in full conformance with State and local laws and regulations. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations – 9)
- J. Cannabis Retailers shall not distribute any Cannabis or Cannabis Product unless such products are labeled and in a tamper-evident package in compliance with the California Business and Professions Code and any additional rules promulgated by a licensing authority. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations – 10)
- K. Cannabis Retailers shall not provide free samples of any type, including Cannabis Products, to any person and shall not allow any person to provide free samples on the Cannabis Retailer's lot. It has been conditioned the Cannabis Retailer shall not provide free samples of any type, including Cannabis Products, to any person and shall not allow any person to provide free samples on the Cannabis Retailer's lot. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations – 11)
- L. Deliveries shall be conducted in accordance with California Business and Professions Code Section 26090 or as may be amended and all state regulations pertaining to delivery of Cannabis Products. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations – 12)
- M. Cannabis or Cannabis Products shall not be sold or delivered by any means or method to any person within a motor vehicle. The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations 13)
- N. Cannabis Retailers shall not include a drive-in, drive-through or walk up window where retail sales of Cannabis or Cannabis Products are sold to persons or persons within or about a motor vehicle.

The project has been conditioned to meet this standard. (Conditions of Approval Planning Cannabis Retail Operations – 14)

Cannabis Retail Findings:

- 1. The project complies with all the requirements of the State and County for the selling of Cannabis. This is met because the project has been conditioned to meet these requirements.
- 2. The project is not located within 1,000 feet from any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Center or a variance has been approved allowing a shorter distance but not less than allowed by State law. This is met because a radius map buffering 1,000 feet from the subject site was prepared by Riverside County Geographic Information Systems and has not identified any Child Day Care Center, K-12 school, public park, or Youth Centers within 1,000 feet of the site. Therefore, the project meets this standard.
- 3. The project includes adequate measures that address enforcement priorities for Commercial Cannabis Activities including restricting access to minors, and ensuring that Cannabis and Cannabis Products are obtained from and supplied only to other permitted licensed sources within the State and not distributed out of State. This is met because the project has been conditioned to meet this requirement. (Conditions of Approval No. 17 Planning General O. Permit and License Posting, Conditions of Approval Planning General K Monitoring Program)
- 4. For Cannabis Retailer lots with verified cannabis-related violations within the last 12 months prior to the adoption date of Ordinance No. 348.4898, the use will not contribute to repeat violation on the lot and all applicable fees have been paid. This is met because no record of any cannabis-related violations within the last 12 months exist at the project site.

Other Findings:

- 1. The project site is not located within a Criteria Cell of the Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan.
- 2. The project site is located within the City of Temecula Sphere of Influence. This project was provided to the City of Temecula for review and comment. As of the writing of this staff report, no comments have been received from the City of Temecula.
- 3. The project site is located within an Airport Influence Area (AIA) boundary and was routed to ALUC for review and comments. On June 11, 2020 the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) found the project consistent with the French Valley Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan.
- 4. The project site is located within Zone B of the Mount Palomar Observatory Lighting Zone boundary, as identified by Ordinance No. 655 (Mt. Palomar). The project is required to comply with all lighting standards specified within Ordinance No. 655, pursuant to Zone B.
- 5. The project site is located within the Fee Assessment Area of the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKRHCP). Per County Ordinance No. 663 and the SKRHCP, all applicants who submit for development permits, including maps, within the boundaries of the Fee Assessment Area who cannot satisfy mitigation requirements through on-site mitigation, as determined through the environmental review process, shall pay a Mitigation Fee of \$500.00 per gross acre of the parcels

proposed for development. Payment of the SKRHCP Mitigation Fee for this Project, instead of onsite mitigation, will not jeopardize the implementation of the SKRHCP as all core reserves required for permanent Stephen's Kangaroo Rat habitat have been acquired and no new land or habitat is required to be conserved under the SKRHCP.

Fire Findings:

1. The project site is not located within a Cal Fire State Responsibility Area (SRA). Conditions of approval were placed on CUP No. 190019 requiring compliance with Ordinance No. 787.

Development Agreement:

1. The applicant has proposed entering into the attached draft development agreement (DA) with the County for the Project. The DA is consistent with the General Plan and Board Policy B-9. Additionally, the advisory notification document, conditions of approval, and entitlement approvals are incorporated in the exhibits of the DA and will ensure that the project is developed in a way that would not conflict with the public's health, safety or general welfare. The DA has a term of 10 years and will grant the applicant vesting rights to develop the Project in accordance with the terms of the DA. In exchange, the DA provides certain public benefits that go beyond the basic requirements of the County including annual public benefit payments, which will be used for additional public safety services, infrastructure improvements or community enhancement programs.

Approval Requirements and Conclusion:

Based on the findings provided in this staff report and conditions of approval, the project is consistent with the General Plan and any applicable specific plan, complies with the development standards of the Specific Plan (Specific Plan No. 265, Planning Area No. 10) zoning classification, complies with the permit requirements for all Commercial Cannabis Activities, complies with the minimum standard requirements and will not be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare. Additionally, the project complies with all applicable requirements of State law and ordinances of Riverside County.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

This project was advertised in the Press Enterprise Newspaper. Additionally, public hearing notices were mailed to property owners within 1,200 feet of the project site. As of the writing of this report, Planning Staff did not received any written communication or phone calls indicating public opposition or support to the proposed project.

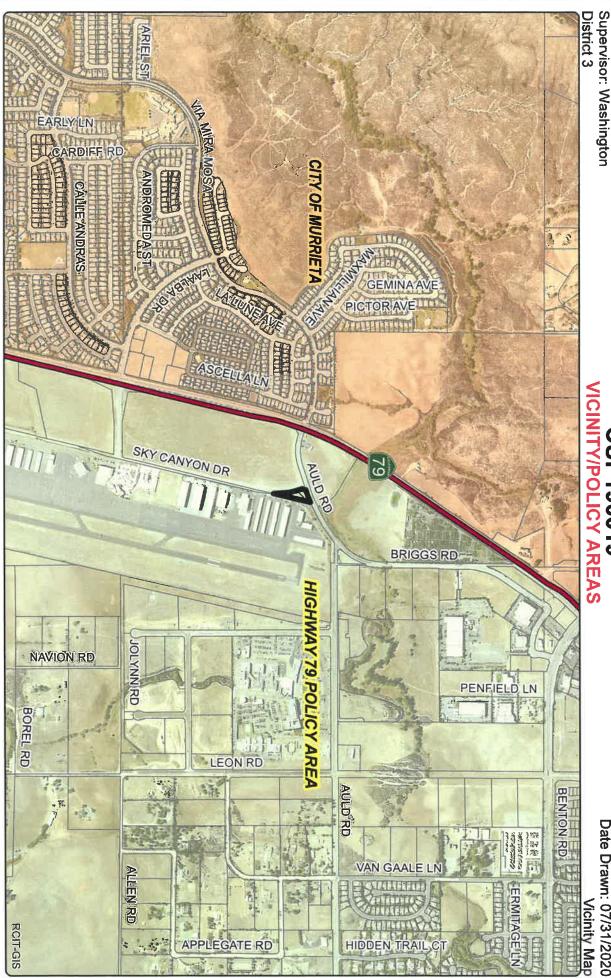
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Template Revision: 11/03/20

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CUP190019

VICINITY/POLICY AREAS

Date Drawn: 07/31/2020

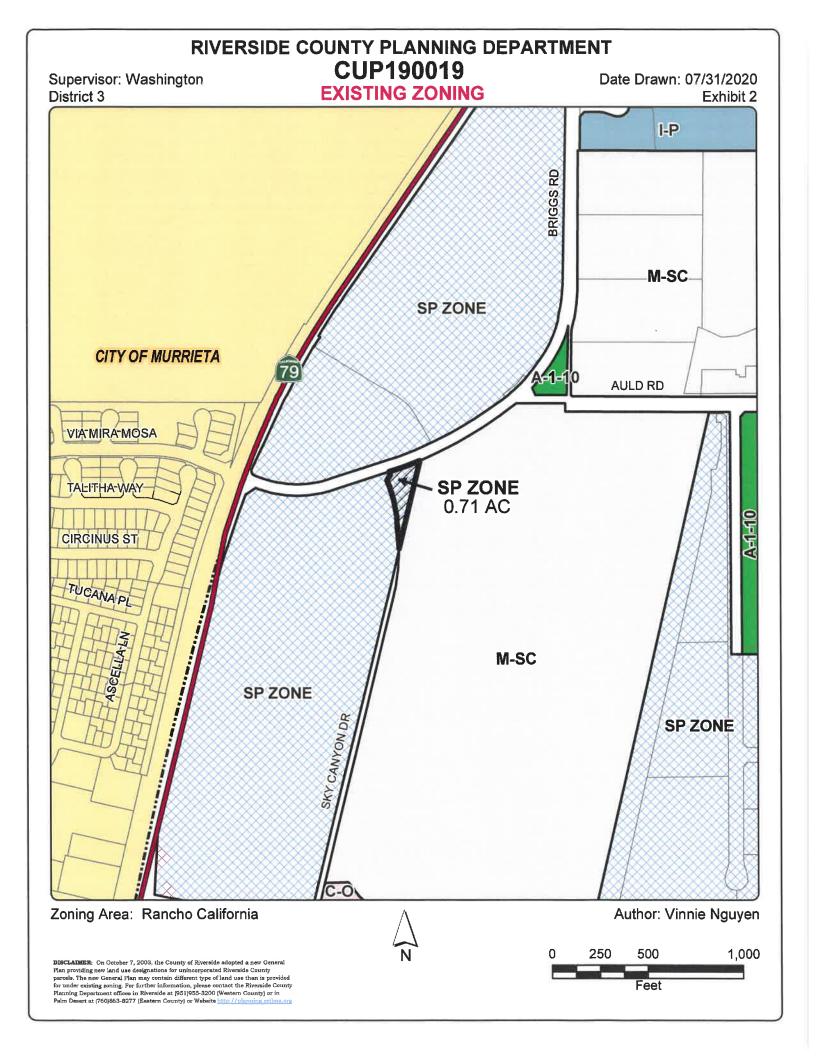


Zoning Area: Rancho California





RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT **CUP190019** Supervisor: Washington Date Drawn: 07/31/2020 **EXISTING GENERAL PLAN** District 3 Exhibit 5 BP BRIGGS RD PF BP CITY OF MURRIETA AULD RD Ш VIATMIRATMOSA CR TALITHA-WAY .07 AC **CR** CIRCINUS ST TUCANA PL PF SKY CANYON DR BP CO CR Zoning Area: Rancho California Author: Vinnie Nguyen 500 1,000 250 DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951)955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at [760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website https://planning.retlma.org Feet

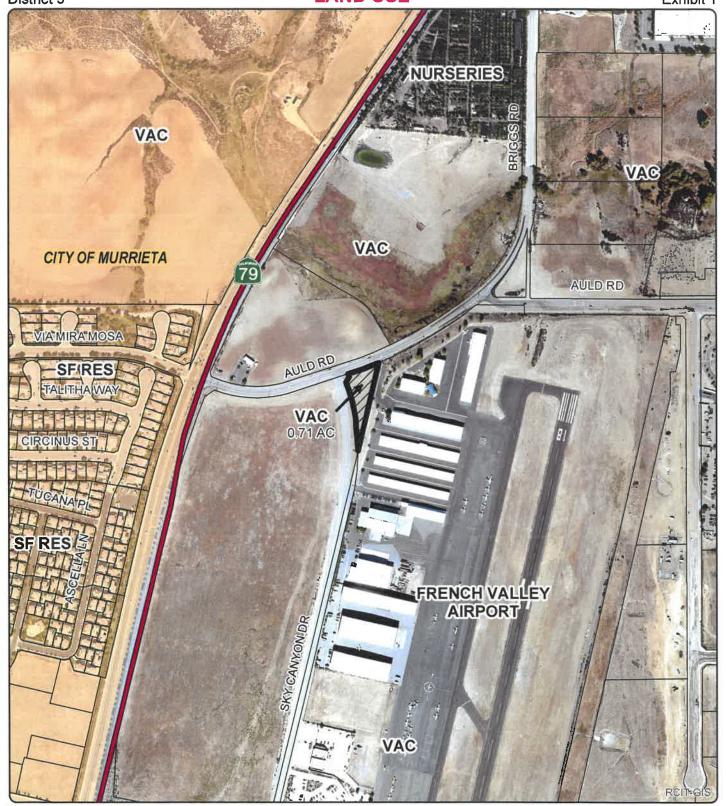


RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT CUP190019

Supervisor: Washington
District 3

Date Drawn: 07/31/2020

Exhibit 1

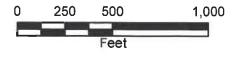


Zoning Area: Rancho California

DISCLAIMER: On October 7, 2003, the County of Riverside adopted a new General Plan providing new land use designations for unincorporated Riverside County parcels. The new General Plan may contain different type of land use than is provided for under existing zoning. For further information, please contact the Riverside County Planning Department offices in Riverside at (951)955-3200 (Western County) or in Palm Desert at (760)863-8277 (Eastern County) or Website http://planning.retlma.org



Author: Vinnie Nguyen



DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT NO. 1900012

This Development Agreement (hereinafter "Agreement") is entered into effective on the date it is recorded with the Riverside County Recorder (hereinafter the "Effective Date") by and among the COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE (hereinafter "COUNTY"), and the persons and entities listed below (hereinafter "OWNER"):

Fausto Atilano

Michael Simonian

RECITALS

WHEREAS, COUNTY is authorized to enter into binding development agreements with persons having legal or equitable interests in real property for the development of such property, pursuant to Article 11, Section 7 of the California Constitution and Section 65864, et seq. of the Government Code; and,

WHEREAS, COUNTY has adopted Procedures and Requirements of the County of Riverside for the Consideration of Development Agreements (hereinafter "Procedures and Requirements"), pursuant to Section 65865 of the Government Code; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER has requested COUNTY to enter into a development agreement and proceedings have been taken in accordance with the Procedures and Requirements of COUNTY; and,

WHEREAS, by electing to enter into this Agreement, COUNTY shall bind future Boards of Supervisors of COUNTY by the obligations specified herein and limit the future exercise of certain governmental and proprietary powers of COUNTY; and,

WHEREAS, the terms and conditions of this Agreement have undergone extensive

review by COUNTY and the Board of Supervisors and have been found to be fair, just and reasonable; and,

WHEREAS, the best interests of the citizens of Riverside County and the public health, safety and welfare will be served by entering into this Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, all of the procedures of the California Environmental Quality Act (Public Resources Code, Section 21000 et seq.) have been met with respect to the Project and the Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement and the Project are consistent with the Riverside County General Plan and any specific plan applicable thereto; and,

WHEREAS, all actions taken and approvals given by COUNTY have been duly taken or approved in accordance with all applicable legal requirements for notice, public hearings, findings, votes, and other procedural matters; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement will confer substantial private benefits on OWNER by granting vested rights to develop the Property in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER proposes to develop the Property to be used for the Commercial Cannabis Activity described in Exhibit E ("the Development Plan"); and,

WHEREAS, Riverside County Ordinance 348.4898 (hereafter "Ordinance 348.4898") establishes a regulatory permitting process for Commercial Cannabis Activities and prohibits all Commercial Cannabis Activities in all land use zones without the benefit of a land use permit issued by the COUNTY; and,

WHEREAS, Board of Supervisors Policy No. B-9 further sets forth provisions to be included in development agreements in order to implement applicable General Plan

provisions, to ensure that the County does not disproportionately bear the burden of commercial cannabis activities throughout the County, to ensure the County receives public benefits for the commercial cannabis activities, to ensure there are adequate resources available for enforcement of permitted and unpermitted commercial cannabis activities, and to give cannabis owners and property owners certainty as to the County's requirements; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement complies with the provisions of both Ordinance No. 348.4898 and Board Policy B-9; and,

WHEREAS, this Agreement will eliminate uncertainty in planning and provide for the orderly development of the Property, ensure progressive installation of necessary improvements, provide for public services appropriate to the development of the Project, and generally serve the purposes for which development agreements under Sections 65864, et seq. of the Government Code are intended; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER has incurred and will in the future incur substantial costs in order to assure development of the Property in accordance with this Agreement; and,

WHEREAS, OWNER has incurred and will in the future incur substantial costs in excess of the generally applicable requirements in order to assure vesting of legal rights to develop the Property in accordance with this Agreement.

COVENANTS

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the above recitals and of the mutual covenants hereinafter contained and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS AND EXHIBITS.

1.1 <u>Definitions</u>. The following terms when used in this Agreement shall be defined

as follows:

- 1.1.1 "Agreement" means this Development Agreement.
- 1.1.2 "Base Rate" means an amount equal to \$16.00 multiplied by the entire Cannabis Area, as shown on Exhibit "G", and which is payable to COUNTY annually pursuant to Subsections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 of this Agreement and increased annually by 2% from and after the date of this agreement.
- 1.1.3 "Commercial Cannabis Activity" means the cultivation, possession, manufacture, distribution, processing, storing, laboratory testing, packaging, labeling, transportation, delivery or sale of Cannabis and cannabis products as provided for in Ordinance No. 348, as amended through Ordinance No. 348.4898, and any other subsequently adopted zoning ordinance amendment or subsequently adopted zoning ordinance.
- 1.1.4 "Conditional Use Permit" means the land use permit required by COUNTY to conduct Commercial Cannabis Activities.
- 1.1.5 "COUNTY" means the County of Riverside, a political subdivision of the State of California.
- 1.1.6 "Development" means the improvement of the Property for the purposes of completing the structures, improvements and facilities comprising the Project including, but not limited to: grading; the construction of infrastructure and public facilities related to the Project whether located within or outside the Property; the construction or re-construction of buildings and structures; the tenant improvements of structures, and the installation of landscaping. When authorized by

a Subsequent Development Approval as provided by this Agreement, "development" includes the maintenance, repair, reconstruction or redevelopment of any building, structure, improvement or facility after the construction and completion thereof.

- 1.1.7 "Development Approvals" means all permits and other entitlements for use subject to approval or issuance by COUNTY in connection with use of the Property and for development of the Property for Commercial Cannabis Activities including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Conditional use permits, and site plans;
 - (b) Zoning Amendments;
 - (c) General Plan Amendments
 - (d) Tentative and final subdivision and parcel maps;
 - (e) Grading and building permits;
 - (f) Any permits or entitlements necessary from the COUNTY;
 - (g) Any easements necessary from COUNTY or any other land owner;
 - (h) Specific plans and specific plan amendments;
 - (i) Right of Entry agreements
- 1.1.8 "Development Exaction" means any requirement of the COUNTY in connection with or pursuant to any Land Use Regulation or Development Approval for the dedication of land, the construction of improvements or public facilities, or the payment of fees in order to lessen, offset, mitigate or compensate for the impacts of development on the environment or other public interests.

- 1.1.9 "Development Plan" means the Existing or Proposed Development Approvals and the Existing Land Use Regulations applicable to development of the Property.
- 1.1.10 "Effective Date" means the date this Agreement is recorded with the County Recorder.
- 1.1.11 "Existing Development Approvals" means all Development Approvals approved or issued prior to the Effective Date. Existing Development Approvals includes the Development Approvals incorporated herein as Exhibit "C" and all other Development Approvals which are a matter of public record on the Effective Date.
- 1.1.12 "Existing Land Use Regulations" means all Land Use Regulations in effect on the Effective Date. Existing Land Use Regulations includes the Land Use Regulations incorporated herein as Exhibit "D" and all other Land Use Regulations which are a matter of public record on the Effective Date.
- 1.1.13 "Land Use Regulations" means all ordinances, resolutions, codes, rules, regulations and official policies of COUNTY governing the development and use of land, including, without limitation, the permitted use of land, the density or intensity of use, subdivision requirements, the maximum height and size of proposed buildings and structures, the provisions for reservation or dedication of land for public purposes, and the design, improvement and construction standards and specifications applicable to the development of the property. "Land Use Regulations" does not include any COUNTY ordinance, resolution, code, rule, regulation or official policy, governing:
 - (a) The conduct of businesses, professions, and occupations;

- (b) Taxes and assessments;
- (c) The control and abatement of nuisances;
- (d) The granting of encroachment permits and the conveyance of rights and interests which provide for the use of or the entry upon public property;
- (e) The exercise of the power of eminent domain.
- 1.1.14 "Mortgagee" means a mortgagee of a mortgage, a beneficiary under a deed of trust or any other security-device lender, and their successors and assigns.
- 1.1.15 "OWNER" means the owner of the PROPERTY and the persons and entities listed as OWNER on the first page of this Agreement. OWNER shall also include any of the following:
 - 1. A person with an aggregate ownership interest of 20 percent or more in the Commercial Cannabis Activity for which a license or permit is being sought, unless the interest is solely a security, lien, or encumbrance.
 - 2. The chief executive officer of a nonprofit or other entity for the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - A member of the board of directors of a nonprofit for the
 Commercial Cannabis Activity.
 - 4. An individual who will be participating in the direction, control, or management of the person applying for a Commercial Cannabis Activity Conditional Use Permit or State license."
- 1.1.16 "Project" means the development of the Property contemplated by the Development Plan as such Plan may be further defined, enhanced or modified

pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement.

- 1.1.17 "Property" means the real property described on Exhibit "A" and shown on Exhibit "B" to this Agreement.
- 1.1.18 "Reservations of Authority" means the rights and authority excepted from the assurances and rights provided to OWNER under this Agreement and reserved to COUNTY under Section 3.5 of this Agreement.
- 1.1.19 "Subsequent Development Approvals" means all Development Approvals approved subsequent to the Effective Date in connection with development of the Property.
- 1.1.20 "Subsequent Land Use Regulations" means any Land Use Regulations adopted and effective after the Effective Date of this Agreement.
- 1.1.21 "Transfer" means sale, assignment, lease, sublease or any other transfer of a legal or equitable interest in the Property.
- 1.2 <u>Exhibits</u>. The following documents are attached to, and by this reference made a part of, this Agreement:

Exhibit "A" - Legal Description of the Property

Exhibit "B" - Map Showing Property and Its Location

Exhibit "C" - Existing Development Approvals

Exhibit "D" - Existing Land Use Regulations

Exhibit "E" - Commercial Cannabis Activity Site Plan & Description

Exhibit "F" - Applicable Annual Public Benefits Base Payments

Exhibit "G" - Commercial Cannabis Area calculation exhibit.

Exhibit "H" - Additional Public Benefits Exhibit

2. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- 2.1 <u>Binding Effect of Agreement</u>. The Property is hereby made subject to this Agreement. Development of the Property is hereby authorized and shall be carried out only in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.
- 2.2 <u>Ownership of Property</u>. OWNER represents and covenants that it is the owner of a legal or equitable interest in the Property or a portion thereof.
- 2.3 Term. This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and shall continue for a period of ten years thereafter, unless this term is modified or extended for one additional five year term pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement and so long as the Project is in compliance with all applicable conditions of approval and County ordinances.

2.4 Transfer.

- 2.4.1 <u>Right to Transfer</u>. Right to Transfer. OWNER shall have the right to transfer the Property in whole or in part (provided that no such partial transfer shall violate the Subdivision Map Act, Government Code Section 66410, et seq., or Riverside County Ordinance No. 460) to any person, partnership, joint venture, firm or corporation at any time during the term of this Agreement; provided, however, that any such transfer shall include the assignment and assumption of the rights, duties and obligations arising under or from this Agreement and be made in strict compliance with the following conditions precedent:
 - (a) No transfer of any right or interest under this Agreement shall be made unless made together with the sale, transfer or assignment of all or a part of the Property.
 - (b) Concurrent with any such transfer or within fifteen (15) business days thereafter, OWNER shall notify COUNTY, in writing, of such transfer and

shall provide COUNTY with an executed agreement by the transferee, in a form reasonably acceptable to COUNTY, providing therein that the transferee expressly and unconditionally assumes all the duties and obligations of OWNER under this Agreement.

Any transfer not made in strict compliance with the foregoing conditions shall constitute a default by OWNER under this Agreement. Notwithstanding the failure of any transferee to execute the agreement required by Paragraph (b) of this Subsection 2.4.1, the burdens of this Agreement shall be binding upon such transferee, but the benefits of this Agreement shall not inure to such transferee until and unless such agreement is executed.

- 2.4.2 Release of Transferring Owner. Notwithstanding any transfer, a transferring OWNER shall continue to be obligated under this Agreement unless such transferring OWNER is given a release in writing by COUNTY, which release shall be provided by COUNTY upon the full satisfaction by such transferring OWNER of the following conditions:
 - (a) OWNER no longer has a legal or equitable interest in all or any part of the Property.
 - (b) OWNER is not then in default under this Agreement.
 - (c) OWNER has provided COUNTY with the notice and executed agreement required under Paragraph (b) of Subsection 2.4.1 above.
 - (d) The transferee provides COUNTY with security equivalent to any security previously provided by OWNER to secure performance of its obligations hereunder.
- 2.4.3 <u>Subsequent Transfer</u>. Any subsequent transfer after an initial transfer shall be made only in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions of this Section.

- 2.5 Amendment or Cancellation of Agreement.
- 2.5.1 <u>Amendment or Cancellation</u>. This Agreement may be amended or cancelled in whole or in part only by written consent of all parties in the manner provided for in Government Code Section 65868. This provision shall not limit any remedy of COUNTY or OWNER as provided by this Agreement.
- 2.5.2 Modification to Additional Annual Public Benefit. At the time of the Agreement's Effective Date, Ordinance No. 348 requires a separation of 1,000 feet between cannabis retailers. In the event Ordinance No. 348 is amended and reduces the separation between cannabis retailers to less than 1,000 feet, the parties acknowledge that an amendment to the Agreement modifying the Additional Annual Public Benefit may be proposed by the OWNER and processed in accordance with Section 2.5.1 of this Agreement and the County's Procedures and Requirements for the Consideration of Development Agreements.
- 2.6 <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement shall be deemed terminated and of no further effect upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - (a) Expiration of the stated term of this Agreement as set forth in Section 2.3.
 - (b) Entry of a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction setting aside, voiding or annulling the adoption of the ordinance approving this Agreement. For purposes of clarity this termination section excludes entry of a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction setting aside, voiding or annulling the adoption of Board of Supervisors' Policy No. B-9.
 - (c) The adoption of a referendum measure overriding or repealing the ordinance approving this Agreement.

- (d) OWNER's election to terminate this Agreement. If OWNER elects not to develop all or a portion of the Property as a Commercial Cannabis Activity, OWNER shall provide notice of such election to the COUNTY, such notice by OWNER shall (i) seek to terminate this Agreement as to the portion of the Property that is the subject of such notice of termination; and (ii) shall acknowledge that the Conditional Use Permit (CUP No. 190019) shall be null and void as to the Property that is the subject of such notice of termination. Following receipt of OWNER's notice of election to terminate this Agreement, OWNER and COUNTY shall execute an appropriate instrument in recordable form evidencing such termination, and shall cause such instrument to be an amendment to this Agreement to be processed in accordance with COUNTY's 'Procedures and Requirements for the Consideration of Development Agreements (Commercial Cannabis Activities)" set forth in Resolution No. 2019-037.
- (e) When OWNER no longer has a legal or equitable interest in the Property or has ceased operations on the Property for a period of ninety (90) consecutive days and no evidence demonstrating continuing and ongoing use of the Property consistent with the approved Conditional Use Permit No. 190019.
- (f) Federal Enforcement of the Federal Controlled Substances Act against OWNER or the COUNTY. The parties understand that cannabis is still classified as a Schedule I Drug under the Federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. §§ 801 et seq. In the event there is federal enforcement of the Federal Controlled Substances Act against the COUNTY for the COUNTY's enactment of a comprehensive, regulatory framework for commercial cannabis activities or against OWNER for OWNER's own commercial cannabis activities, this

Agreement shall be deemed terminated and of no further effect.

(g) Revocation of a Commercial Cannabis Activity Conditional Use Permit or State License.

Upon the termination of this Agreement, no party shall have any further right or obligation hereunder except with respect to any obligation to have been performed prior to such termination or with respect to any default in the performance of the provisions of this Agreement which has occurred prior to such termination or with respect to any obligations which are specifically set forth as surviving this Agreement.

2.7 Notices.

- (a) As used in this Agreement, "notice" includes, but is not limited to, the communication of notice, request, demand, approval, statement, report, acceptance, consent, waiver, appointment or other communication required or permitted hereunder.
 - (b) All notices shall be in writing and shall be considered given either:

(i) when delivered in person to the recipient named below; (ii) on the date of delivery shown on the return receipt, after deposit in the United States mail in a sealed envelope as either registered or certified mail with return receipt requested, and postage and postal charges prepaid, and addressed to the recipient named below; (iii) on the next business day when delivered by overnight United States mail or courier service; or (iv) on the date of delivery shown in the facsimile records of the party sending the facsimile after transmission by facsimile to the recipient named below. All notices shall be addressed as follows:

If to COUNTY:

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

Riverside County Administrative Center

4080 Lemon Street, First Floor

Riverside, CA 92502

Fax No. (951) 955-1071

with copies to:

County Executive Officer

Riverside County Administrative Center

4080 Lemon Street, 4th Floor

Riverside, CA 92501

Fax No. (951) 955-1105

and

Assistant TLMA Director — Planning and Land Use

Transportation and Land Management Agency

Riverside County Administrative Center,

4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor

Riverside, CA 92501

Fax No. (951) 955-1817

and

County Counsel

County of Riverside

3960 Orange Street, Suite 500

Riverside, CA 92501

Fax No. (951) 955-6363

If to OWNER:

Fausto Atliano

307024 Benton Road, Suite 302 #447

Winchester, CA 92563

(c) Either party may, by notice given at any time, require subsequent notices to be given to another person or entity, whether a party or an officer or representative of a party, or to a different address, or both. Notices given before actual receipt of notice of change shall not be invalidated by any such change.

3. DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROPERTY.

- Reservations of Authority, OWNER shall have a vested right to develop the Property in accordance with, and to the extent of, the Development Plan. The Existing Development Approvals shall not expire and shall remain valid for the Term of this Agreement so long as the Project remains in compliance with all conditions of approval for the Existing Development Approvals and in compliance with this Agreement. The Project shall remain subject to all Subsequent Development Approvals required to complete the Project as contemplated by the Development Plan. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the permitted uses of the Property, the density and intensity of use, the maximum height and size of proposed buildings and structures, and provisions for reservation and dedication of land for public purposes shall be those set forth in the Development Plan.
- 3.2 <u>Effect of Agreement on Land Use Regulations</u>. Except as otherwise provided under the terms of this Agreement including the Reservations of Authority, the rules, regulations and official policies governing permitted uses of the Property, the density and intensity of use of the

Property, the maximum height and size of proposed buildings and structures, and the design, improvement and construction standards and specifications applicable to development of the Property shall be the Existing Land Use Regulations. In connection with any Subsequent Development Approval, COUNTY shall exercise its discretion in accordance with the Development Plan, and as provided by this Agreement including, but not limited to, the Reservations of Authority. COUNTY shall accept for processing, review and action all applications for Subsequent Development Approvals, and such applications shall be processed in the normal manner for processing such matters.

- 3.3 <u>Timing of Development</u>. The parties acknowledge that OWNER cannot at this time predict when or the rate at which phases of the Property will be developed. Such decisions depend upon numerous factors which are not within the control of OWNER, such as market orientation and demand, interest rates, absorption, completion and other similar factors. Since the California Supreme Court held in <u>Pardee Construction Co. v. City of Camarillo (1984)</u> 37 Cal.3d 465, that the failure of the parties therein to provide for the timing of development resulted in a later adopted initiative restricting the timing of development to prevail over such parties' agreement, it is the parties' intent to cure that deficiency by acknowledging and providing that OWNER shall have the right to develop the Property in such order and at such rate and at such times as OWNER deems appropriate within the exercise of its subjective business judgment.
- 3.4 <u>Changes and Amendments</u>. The parties acknowledge that refinement and further development of the Project will require Subsequent Development Approvals and may demonstrate that changes are appropriate and mutually desirable in the Existing Development Approvals. In the event OWNER finds that a change in the Existing Development Approvals is necessary or appropriate, OWNER shall apply for a Subsequent Development Approval to effectuate such change and COUNTY shall process and act on such application in accordance with the Existing

Land Use Regulations, except as otherwise provided by this Agreement including the Reservations of Authority. If approved, any such change in the Existing Development Approvals shall be incorporated herein as an addendum to Exhibit "C", and may be further changed from time to time as provided in this Section. Unless otherwise required by law, as determined in COUNTY's reasonable discretion, a change to the Existing Development Approvals shall be deemed "minor" and not require an amendment to this Agreement provided such change does not:

- (a) Alter the permitted uses of the Property as a whole; or,
- (b) Increase the density or intensity of use of the Property as a whole; or,
- (c) Increase the maximum height and size of permitted buildings or structures; or,
- (d) Delete a requirement for the reservation or dedication of land for public purposes within the Property as a whole; or,
- (e) Constitute a project requiring a subsequent or supplemental environmental impact report pursuant to Section 21166 of the Public Resources Code.
- 3.5 Reservations of Authority.
- 3.5.1 <u>Limitations. Reservations and Exceptions.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the following Subsequent Land Use Regulations shall apply to the development of the Property.
 - (a) Processing fees and charges of every kind and nature imposed by COUNTY to cover the estimated actual costs to COUNTY of processing applications for Development Approvals or for monitoring compliance with any Development Approvals granted or issued.

- (b) Procedural regulations relating to hearing bodies, petitions, applications, notices, findings, records, hearings, reports, recommendations, appeals and any other matter of procedure.
- (c) Regulations governing construction standards and specifications including, without limitation, the Building Code, Plumbing Code, Mechanical Code, Electrical Code, Fire Code and Grading Code applicable in the County.
- (d) Regulations imposing Development Exactions. Development Exactions shall be applicable to development of the Property if such Development Exaction is applied uniformly to development, either throughout the COUNTY or within a defined area of benefit which includes the Property. No such subsequently adopted Development Exaction shall apply if its application to the Property would physically prevent development of the Property for the uses and to the density or intensity of development set forth in the Development Plan.
- (e) Regulations which may be in conflict with the Development Plan but which are reasonably necessary to protect the public health and safety. To the extent possible, any such regulations shall be applied and construed so as to provide OWNER with the rights and assurances provided under this Agreement.
- (f) Regulations which are not in conflict with the Development Plan. Any regulation, whether adopted by initiative or otherwise, limiting the rate or timing of development of the Property shall be deemed to conflict with the Development Plan and shall therefore not be applicable to the development of the Property.
 - (g) Regulations which are in conflict with the Development Plan provided

OWNER has given written consent to the application of such regulations to development of the Property.

- 3.5.2 <u>Subsequent Development Approvals</u>. This Agreement shall not prevent COUNTY, in acting on Subsequent Development Approvals, from applying Subsequent Land Use Regulations which do not conflict with the Development Plan, nor shall this Agreement prevent COUNTY from denying or conditionally approving any Subsequent Development Approval on the basis of the Existing Land Use Regulations or any Subsequent Land Use Regulation not in conflict with the Development Plan.
- 3.5.3 <u>Modification or Suspension by State or Federal Law</u>. In the event that State or Federal laws or regulations, enacted after the Effective Date of this Agreement, prevent or preclude compliance with one or more of the provisions of this Agreement or require changes in plans, maps or permits approved by the COUNTY, such provisions of this Agreement shall be modified or suspended as may be necessary to comply with such State or Federal laws or regulations, provided, however, that this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect to the extent it is not inconsistent with such laws or regulations and to the extent such laws or regulations do not render such remaining provisions impractical to enforce.
- 3.5.4 <u>Intent</u>. The parties acknowledge and agree that COUNTY is restricted in its authority to limit its police power by contract and that the foregoing limitations, reservations and exceptions are intended to reserve to COUNTY all of its police power which cannot be so limited. This Agreement shall be construed, contrary to its stated terms if necessary, to reserve to COUNTY all such power and authority which cannot be restricted by contract.
 - 3.5.5. Application of State and Local Regulatory Laws Governing Commercial

Cannabis Activities. The operation of Commercial Cannabis Activities is a highly regulated business activity, and it is subject to various state and local laws and regulations. This Agreement does not, and the County cannot and does not intend to, give OWNER the right to continue its operations without complying with applicable state and local laws governing its operations. OWNER shall be responsible for obtaining, and maintaining throughout the entire term of this Agreement, all applicable state licenses, permits, approvals, and consents, even if the applicable state laws and regulations are altered following the Effective Date.

- 3.6. <u>Public Works</u>. If OWNER is required by this Agreement to construct any public works facilities which will be dedicated to COUNTY or any other public agency upon completion, and if required by applicable laws to do so, OWNER shall perform such work in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as would be applicable to COUNTY or such other public agency if it would have undertaken such construction.
- 3.7 Provision of Real Property Interests by COUNTY. In any instance where OWNER is required to construct any public improvement on land not owned by OWNER, OWNER shall at its sole cost and expense provide or cause to be provided, the real property interests necessary for the construction of such public improvements. In the event OWNER is unable, after exercising reasonable efforts to acquire the real property interests necessary for the construction of such public improvements, and if so instructed by OWNER and upon OWN ER'S provision of adequate security for costs COUNTY may reasonably incur, COUNTY shall negotiate the purchase of the necessary real property interests to allow OWNER to construct the public improvements as required by this Agreement and, if necessary, in accordance with the procedures established by law, use its power of eminent domain to acquire such required real property interests. OWNER shall pay all costs associated with such acquisition or condemnation

proceedings. This Section 3.7 is not intended by the parties to impose upon the OWNER an enforceable duty to acquire land or construct any public improvements on land not owned by OWNER, except to the extent that the OWNER elects to proceed with the development of the Project, and then only in accordance with valid conditions imposed by the COUNTY upon the development of the Project under the Subdivision Map Act, Government Code Section 66410 et seq., or other legal authority.

- Regulation by Other Public Agencies. It is acknowledged by the parties that other public agencies not within the control of COUNTY possess authority to regulate aspects of the development of the Property separately from or jointly with COUNTY and this Agreement does not limit the authority of such other public agencies. For example, pursuant to Government Code Section 66477 and Section 10.35 of Riverside County Ordinance No. 460, another local public agency may provide local park and recreation services and facilities and in that event, it is permitted, and therefore shall be permitted by the parties, to participate jointly with COUNTY to determine the location of land to be dedicated or in lieu fees to be paid for local park purposes, provided that COUNTY shall exercise its authority subject to the terms of this Agreement.
- 3.9 Tentative Tract Map Extension. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 66452.6(a)(1) of the Government Code, regarding extensions of time for approved tentative maps subject to a development agreement, no tentative subdivision map or tentative parcel map, heretofore or hereafter approved in connection with development of the Property, shall be granted an extension of time except in accordance with the Subdivision Map Act and Existing Land Use Regulations.
- 3.10 <u>Vesting Tentative Maps</u>. If any tentative or final subdivision map, or tentative or final parcel map, heretofore or hereafter approved in connection with development of the Property, is a vesting map under the Subdivision Map Act (Government Code Section 66410, et seq.) and Riverside County Ordinance No. 460 and if this Agreement is determined by a final judgment

to that extent the rights and protections afforded OWNER under the laws and ordinances applicable to vesting maps shall supersede the provisions of this Agreement. Except as set forth immediately above, development of the Property shall occur only as provided in this Agreement, and the provisions in this Agreement shall be controlling over any conflicting provision of law or ordinance concerning vesting maps.

3.11 Request for Proposal Responses. Unless superseded by the terms of this Agreement, development of the Property shall be consistent with the Request for Proposal Responses submitted to the COUNTY and associated with CAN XXX, incorporated herein by this reference.

4. PUBLIC BENEFITS.

- 4.1 <u>Intent.</u> The parties acknowledge and agree that development of the Property will detrimentally affect public interests which will not be fully addressed by the Development Plan and further acknowledge and agree that this Agreement confers substantial private benefits on OWNER which should be balanced by commensurate public benefits. Accordingly, the parties intend to provide consideration to the public to balance the private benefits conferred on OWNER by providing more fully for the satisfaction of public interests.
 - 4.2 Public Benefits for Commercial Cannabis Activities.
 - 4.2.1 <u>Annual Public Benefit Base Payments</u>. Prior to the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for any part of the Commercial Cannabis Activity, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the base payment calculated per Section 1.1.2 of this Agreement ("Base Payment"); provided, however, that such initial annual base payment shall be prorated based on the number of whole months remaining between the date of payment and the first following June 30th.

- 4.2.2 <u>Subsequent Annual Base Payments</u>. The Annual Base Payment shall be subject to annual increases in an amount of 2%. Prior to the first July 1st following the initial Base Payment and each July 1st thereafter during the term of the Agreement, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the Base Payment plus the 2% annual increase.
- Annual Additional Public Benefits. OWNER shall perform Additional Public Benefits identified in Exhibit "H" that will benefit the community in which the Commercial Cannabis Activity is located. Prior to the issuance of the certificate of occupancy for any part of the Commercial Cannabis Activity, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the additional annual public benefit set forth in Exhibit "H" of this Agreement ("Additional Public Benefit"); provided, however, that such initial annual payment shall be prorated based on the number of whole months remaining between the date of payment and the first following June 30th.
- 4.3.1 <u>Subsequent Annual Additional Public Benefits</u>. The Additional Public Benefit provided in Exhibit "H" shall be subject to annual increases in an amount of 5%. Prior to the first July 1st following the initial Additional Public Benefit payment and each July 1st thereafter during the term of the Agreement, OWNER shall pay to COUNTY an amount equal to the Additional Public Benefit plus the 5% annual increase.
- 4.4 <u>Taxes</u>. Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve OWNER from paying and remitting all applicable federal, state and local taxes applicable to the Project, including but not limited to, income taxes, property taxes, local sales and use taxes, and any taxes imposed on cannabis activities and cannabis products pursuant to the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act.
 - 4.5 <u>Assessments</u>. Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve the Property from

assessments levied against it by the County pursuant to any statutory procedure for the assessment of property to pay for infrastructure and/or services which benefit the Property.

- New Taxes. Any subsequently enacted County taxes, including but not limited to any taxes on commercial cannabis activities, shall apply to the Project. In the event that County taxes are enacted specifically for commercial cannabis activities and cannabis products, the parties agree that this Agreement may be modified in accordance with Section 2.5 to reduce the OWNER's total public benefit payment (the sum total of the Base Rate plus the Additional Public Benefit) by an amount equal to the amount of the tax imposed on the OWNER for commercial cannabis activities and cannabis products. The parties acknowledge that the intent of being able to modify the Agreement in the event County taxes are enacted on the commercial cannabis activities and cannabis products is to enable the authority to adjust the total public benefit amount due and payable under this Agreement by the OWNER.
- 4.7 <u>Vote on Future Assessments and Fees.</u> In the event that any assessment, fee or charge which is applicable to the Property is subject to Article XIIID of the California Constitution and OWNER does not return its ballot, OWNER agrees, on behalf of itself and its successors that the County may count OWNER's ballot as affirmatively voting in favor of such assessment, fee or charge.
- 5. <u>FINANCING OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS</u>. If deemed appropriate, COUNTY and OWNER will cooperate in the formation of any special assessment district, community facilities district or alternate financing mechanism to pay for the construction and/or maintenance and operation of public infrastructure facilities required as part of the Development Plan. OWNER also agrees that it will not initiate and/or cooperate in the formation of any such special assessment district, community facilities district or alternate financing mechanism involving any other public

agency without the prior written consent of the COUNTY.

Should the Property be included within such a special assessment district, community facilities district or other financing entity, the following provisions shall be applicable:

- (a) In the event OWNER conveys any portion of the Property and/or public facilities constructed on any portion of the Property to COUNTY or any other public entity and said Property is subject to payment of taxes and/or assessments, such taxes and/or assessments shall be paid in full by OWNER prior to completion of any such conveyance.
- (b) If OWNER is in default in the payment of any taxes and/or assessments, OWNER shall be considered to be in default of this Agreement and COUNTY may, in its sole discretion, initiate proceedings pursuant to Section 8.4 of this Agreement.

 Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is acknowledged and agreed by the parties that nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed as requiring COUNTY or the COUNTY Board of Supervisors to form any such district or to issue and sell bonds.

6. REVIEW FOR COMPLIANCE.

Officer and County Counsel, shall review this Agreement annually, on or before the Effective Date, in order to ascertain the good faith compliance by OWNER with the terms of the Agreement. In order to facilitate this review, OWNER shall submit an annual monitoring report, in a form specified by the TLMA Director providing all information necessary to evaluate such good faith compliance as determined by the TLMA Director. OWNER shall pay the annual review and administration fee set forth in Ordinance No. 671 prior to submission of each annual monitoring report. Prior to the issuance of any grading permit or building permit for any part of the Project, OWNER shall prepay a fee deposit and administration fee as set forth in Ordinance No. 671 (the "Monitoring Fee Prepayment"). The Monitoring Fee Prepayment shall be retained by the

COUNTY until termination of this Agreement, may be used by the COUNTY at any time if there is a failure to pay any part of the annual monitoring and administration fees required under Ordinance No. 671, and shall be promptly replenished by OWNER up to the original required amount after notice by COUNTY to OWNER. Failure by OWNER to submit an annual monitoring report, on or before the Effective Date of each year in the form specified by the TLMA Director, to pay any part of the annual monitoring and administration fee required under Ordinance No. 671, to make the Monitoring Fee Prepayment or to replenish the Monitoring Fee Prepayment shall constitute a default by OWNER under this Agreement.

- 6.2 <u>Special Review</u>. The Board of Supervisors may order a special review of compliance with this Agreement at anytime. The TLMA Director, in consultation with the County Executive Officer and County Counsel, shall conduct such special reviews.
- 6.3 <u>Property Inspection</u>. In accordance with applicable regulations set forth in the Medicinal and Adult Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act and upon twenty-four (24) hour written notice, OWNER shall allow COUNTY representatives access to the Property and all buildings and structures located on the Property to determine compliance with CUP No. 190019 and this Agreement.
- 6.4. Records Inspection. Upon written request by the COUNTY, OWNER shall provide records to the COUNTY demonstrating compliance with this Agreement, CUP No. 190019 and consistency with the Request for Proposal Responses associated with CAN XXX including, but not limited to, ownership of Property, local hiring and local ownership programs.

6.5 Procedure.

(a) During either an annual review or a special review, OWNER shall be required to demonstrate good faith compliance with the terms of the Agreement. The burden of proof on this issue shall be on OWNER.

- (b) Upon completion of an annual review or a special review, the TLMA Director shall submit a report to the Board of Supervisors setting forth the evidence concerning good faith compliance by OWNER with the terms of this Agreement and hisrecommended finding on that issue.
- (c) If the Board finds on the basis of substantial evidence that OWNER has complied in good faith with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the review shall be concluded.
- (d) If the Board makes a preliminary finding that OWNER has not complied in good faith with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Board may modify or terminate this Agreement as provided in Section 6.4 and Section 6.5. Notice of default as provided under Section 8.4 of this Agreement shall be given to OWNER prior to or concurrent with, proceedings under Section 6.4 and Section 6.5.
- 6.6 Proceedings Upon Modification or Termination. If, upon a preliminary finding under Section 6.3, COUNTY determines to proceed with modification or termination of this Agreement, COUNTY shall give written notice to OWNER of its intention so to do. The notice shall be given at least ten calendar days prior to the scheduled hearing and shall contain:
 - (a) The time and place of the hearing;
 - (b) A statement as to whether or not COUNTY proposes to terminate or to modify the Agreement; and,
 - (c) Such other information as is reasonably necessary to inform OWNER of the nature of the proceeding.
- 6.7 <u>Hearing on Modification or Termination</u>. At the time and place set for the hearing on modification or termination, OWNER shall be given an opportunity to be heard and shall be

entitled to present written and oral evidence. OWNER shall be required to demonstrate good faith compliance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement. The burden of proof on this issue shall be on OWNER. If the Board of Supervisors finds, based upon substantial evidence, that OWNER has not complied in good faith with the terms or conditions of the Agreement, the Board may terminate this Agreement or modify this Agreement and impose such conditions as are reasonably necessary to protect the interests of the County. The decision of the Board of Supervisors shall be final, subject only to judicial review pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

6.8 Certificate of Agreement Compliance. If, at the conclusion of an annual or special review, OWNER is found to be in compliance with this Agreement, COUNTY shall, upon request by OWNER, issue a Certificate of Agreement Compliance ("Certificate") to OWNER stating that after the most recent annual or special review and based upon the information known or made known to the TLMA Director and Board of Supervisors that (1) this Agreement remains in effectand (2) OWNER is not in default. The Certificate shall be in recordable form, shall contain information necessary to communicate constructive record notice of the finding of compliance, shall state whether the Certificate is issued after an annual or a special review and shall state the anticipated date of commencement of the next annual review. OWNER may record the Certificate with the County Recorder. Whether or not the Certificate is relied upon by transferees or OWNER, COUNTY shall not be bound by a Certificate if a default existed at the time of the Periodic or Special Review, but was concealed from or otherwise not known to the TLMA Director or Board of Supervisors.

7. INCORPORATION AND ANNEXATION.

7.1 <u>Intent</u>. If all or any portion of the Property is annexed to or otherwise becomes a part

of a city or another county, it is the intent of the parties that this Agreement shall survive and be binding upon such other jurisdiction.

- 7.2 <u>Incorporation</u>. If at any time during the term of this Agreement, a city is incorporated comprising all or any portion of the Property, the validity and effect of this Agreement shall be governed by Section 65865.3 of the Government Code.
- 7.3 <u>Annexation</u>. OWNER and COUNTY shall oppose, in accordance with the procedures provided by law, the annexation to any city of all or any portion of the Property unless both OWNER and COUNTY give written consent to such annexation.

8. <u>DEFAULT AND REMEDIES.</u>

8.1 <u>Remedies in General</u>. It is acknowledged by the parties that COUNTY would not have entered into this Agreement if it were to be liable in damages under this Agreement, or with respect to this Agreement or the application thereof.

In general, each of the parties hereto may pursue any remedy at law or equity available for the breach of any provision of this Agreement, except that COUNTY shall not be liable in damages to OWNER, or to any successor in interest of OWNER, or to any other person, and OWNER covenants not to sue for damages or claim any damages:

- (a) For any breach of this Agreement or for any cause of action which arises out of this Agreement; or
- (b) For the taking, impairment or restriction of any right or interest conveyed or provided under or pursuant to this Agreement; or
- (c) Arising out of or connected with any dispute, controversy or issue regarding the application, validity, interpretation or effect of the provisions of this Agreement.

Notwithstanding anything in this Article 8 to the contrary, OWNER's liability to COUNTY in connection with this Agreement shall be limited to direct damages and shall exclude any other liability, including without limitation liability for special, indirect, punitive or consequential damages in contract, tort, warranty, strict liability or otherwise.

- 8.2 <u>Specific Performance.</u> The parties acknowledge that money damages and remedies at law generally are inadequate and specific performance and other non-monetary relief are particularly appropriate remedies for the enforcement of this Agreement and should be available to all parties for the following reasons:
 - (a) Money damages are unavailable against COUNTY as provided in Section 8.1 above.
 - (b) Due to the size, nature and scope of the project, it may not be practical or possible to restore the Property to its natural condition once implementation of this Agreement has begun. After such implementation, OWNER may be foreclosed from other choices it may have had to utilize the Property or portions thereof. OWNER has invested significant time and resources and performed extensive planning and processing of the Project in agreeing to the terms of this Agreement and will be investing even more significant time and resources in implementing the Project in reliance upon the terms of this Agreement, and it is not possible to determine the sum of money which would adequately compensate OWNER for such efforts.
 - 8.3 <u>General Release</u>. Except for non-damage remedies, including the remedy of specific performance and judicial review as provided for in Section 8, OWNER, for itself, its successors and assignees, hereby releases the COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees, and independent contractors from any and all claims, demands, actions, or suits of any kind or nature whatsoever arising out of any liability, known or unknown, present or future,

including, but not limited to, any claim or liability, based or asserted, pursuant to Article I, Section 19 of the California Constitution, the Fifth Amendment of the United States

Constitution, or any other law or ordinance which seeks to impose any other monetary

liability or damages, whatsoever, upon the COUNTY because it entered into this

Agreement or because of the terms of this Agreement. OWNER hereby waives the

provisions of Section 1542 of the Civil Code which provides:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE CREDITOR
OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR
HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF
KNOWN BY HIM OR HER WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER
SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY.

OWNER Initials OWNER Initials

Termination or Modification of Agreement for Default of OWNER. Subject to the provisions contained in Subsection 2.5 herein, COUNTY may terminate or modify this Agreement for any failure of OWNER to perform any material duty or obligation of OWNER under this Agreement, or to comply in good faith with the terms of this Agreement (hereinafter referred to as "default"); provided, however, COUNTY may terminate or modify this Agreement pursuant to this Section only after providing written notice to OWNER of default setting forth the nature of the default and the actions, if any, required by OWNER to cure such default and, where the default can be cured, OWNER has failed to take such actions and cure such default within 60 days after the effective date of such notice or, in the event that such default cannot be cured within such 60 day period but can be cured within a longer time, has failed to commence the actions necessary to

cure such default within such 60 day period and to diligently proceed to complete such actions and cure such default.

- 8.5 Termination of Agreement for Default of COUNTY. OWNER may terminate this Agreement only in the event of a default by COUNTY in the performance of a material term of this Agreement and only after providing written notice to COUNTY of default setting forth the nature of the default and the actions, if any, required by COUNTY to cure such default and, where the default can be cured, COUNTY has failed to take such actions and cure such default within 60 days after the effective date of such notice or, in the event that such default cannot be cured within such 60 day period but can be cured within a longer time, has failed to commence the actions necessary to cure such default within such 60 day period and to diligently proceed to complete such actions and cure such default.
- 8.6 Attorneys' Fees. In any action at law or in equity to enforce or interpret this Agreement, or otherwise arising out of this Agreement, including without limitation any action for declaratory relief or petition for writ of mandate, the parties shall bear their own attorneys' fees.

9. THIRD PARTY LITIGATION.

- 9.1 <u>General Plan Litigation</u>. COUNTY has determined that this Agreement is consistent with its General Plan, and that the General Plan meets all requirements of law. OWNER has reviewed the General Plan and concurs with COUNTY's determination. The parties acknowledge that:
 - (a) Litigation may be filed challenging the legality, validity and adequacy of the General Plan; and,
 - (b) If successful, such challenges could delay or prevent the performance of this Agreement and the development of the Property.

COUNTY shall have no liability in damages under this Agreement for any failure of

COUNTY to perform under this Agreement or the inability of OWNER to develop the Property as contemplated by the Development Plan of this Agreement as the result of a judicial determination that on the Effective Date, or at any time thereafter, the General Plan, or portions thereof, are invalid or inadequate or not in compliance with law.

- 9.2 <u>Third Party Litigation Concerning Agreement.</u> OWNER shall defend, at its expense, including attorneys' fees, indemnify, and hold harmless COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors from any claim, action or proceeding against COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees or independent contractors to attack, set aside, void, or annul the approval of this Agreement or the approval of any permit granted pursuant to this Agreement. COUNTY shall promptly notify OWNER of any such claim, action or proceeding, and COUNTY shall cooperate in the defense. If COUNTY fails to promptly notify OWNER of any such claim, action or proceeding, or if COUNTY fails to cooperate in the defense, OWNER shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless COUNTY. COUNTY may in its discretion participate in the defense of any such claim, action or proceeding.
- 9.3 Indemnity. In addition to the provisions of 9.2 above, OWNER shall indemnify and hold COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors free and harmless from any liability whatsoever, based or asserted upon any act or omission of OWNER, its officers, agents, employees, subcontractors and independent contractors, for property damage, bodily injury, or death (OWNER's employees included) or any other element of damage of any kind or nature, relating to or in any way connected with or arising from the activities contemplated hereunder, including, but not limited to, the study, design, engineering, construction, completion, failure and conveyance of the public improvements, save and except claims for damages arising through the sole active negligence or sole willful misconduct of COUNTY. OWNER shall defend, at its expense, including attorneys' fees, COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and

independent contractors in any legal action based upon such alleged acts or omissions. COUNTY may in its discretion participate in the defense of any such legal action.

- 9.4 Environment Assurances. OWNER shall indemnify and hold COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors free and harmless from any liability, based or asserted, upon any act or omission of OWNER, its officers, agents, employees, subcontractors, predecessors in interest, successors, assigns and independent contractors for any violation of any federal, state or local law, ordinance or regulation relating to industrial hygiene or to environmental conditions on, under or about the Property, including, but not limited to, soil and groundwater conditions, and OWNER shall defend, at its expense, including attorneys' fees, COUNTY, its officers, agents, employees and independent contractors in any action based or asserted upon any such alleged act or omission. COUNTY may in its discretion participate in the defense of any such action.
- 9.5 Reservation of Rights. With respect to Sections 9.2, 9.3 and 9.4 herein, COUNTY reserves the right to either (1) approve the attorney(s) which OWNER selects, hires or otherwise engages to defend COUNTY hereunder, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, or (2) conduct its own defense, provided, however, that OWNER shall reimburse COUNTY forthwith for any and all reasonable expenses incurred for such defense, including attorneys' fees, upon billing and accounting therefor.
- 9.6 <u>Survival</u>. The provisions of Sections 8.1 through 8.3, inclusive, Section 8.6 and Sections 9.1 through 9.6, inclusive, shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

10. MORTGAGEE PROTECTION.

The parties hereto agree that this Agreement shall not prevent or limit OWNER, in any manner, at OWNER's sole discretion, from encumbering the Property or any portion thereof or any improvement thereon by any mortgage, deed of trust or other security device securing

financing with respect to the Property. COUNTY acknowledges that the lenders providing such financing may require certain Agreement interpretations and modifications and agrees upon request, from time to time, to meet with OWNER and representatives of such lenders to negotiate in good faith any such request for interpretation or modification. COUNTY will not unreasonably withhold its consent to any such requested interpretation or modification provided such interpretation or modification is consistent with the intent and purposes of this Agreement. Any Mortgagee of the Property shall be entitled to the following rights and privileges:

- (a) Neither entering into this Agreement nor a breach of this Agreement shall defeat, render invalid, diminish or impair the lien of any mortgage on the Property made in good faith and for value, unless otherwise required by law.
- (b) The Mortgagee of any mortgage or deed of trust encumbering the Property, or any part thereof, which Mortgagee, has submitted a request in writing to the COUNTY in the manner specified herein for giving notices, shall be entitled to receive written notification from COUNTY of any default by OWNER in the performance of OWNER's obligations under this Agreement.
- (c) If COUNTY timely receives a request from a Mortgagee requesting a copy of any notice of default given to OWNER under the terms of this Agreement, COUNTY shall provide a copy of that notice to the Mortgagee within ten (10) days of sending the notice of default to OWNER. The Mortgagee shall have the right, but not the obligation, to cure the default during the remaining cure period allowed such party under this Agreement.
- (d) Any Mortgagee who comes into possession of the Property, or any part thereof, pursuant to foreclosure of the mortgage or deed of trust, or deed in lieu of such foreclosure, shall take the Property, or part thereof, subject to the terms of this Agreement. No Mortgagee (including one who acquires title or possession to the Property, or any portion thereof, by foreclosure, trustee's sale, deed in lieu of foreclosure, lease termination, eviction or otherwise) shall have any

obligation to construct or complete construction of improvements, or to guarantee such construction or completion; provided, however, that a Mortgagee shall not be entitled to devote the Property to solar power plant use except in full compliance with this Agreement. A Mortgagee in possession shall not have an obligation or duty under this Agreement to perform any of OWNER's obligations or other affirmative covenants of OWNER hereunder, or to guarantee such performance; provided, however, that to the extent that any covenant to be performed by OWNER is a condition precedent to the performance of a covenant by COUNTY, the performance thereof shall continue to be a condition precedent to COUNTY's performance hereunder. All payments called for under Section 4 of this Agreement shall be a condition precedent to COUNTY's performance under this Agreement. Any transfer by any Mortgagee in possession shall be subject to the provisions of Section 2.4 of this Agreement.

11. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- 11.1 <u>Recordation of Agreement</u>. This Agreement and any amendment, modification, termination or cancellation thereof shall be recorded with the County Recorder by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors within the period required by Section 65868.5 of the Government Code.
- 11.2 Entire Agreement. This Agreement sets forth and contains the entire understanding and agreement of the parties, and there are no oral or written representations, understandings or ancillary covenants, undertakings or agreements which are not contained or expressly referred to herein. No testimony or evidence of any such representations, understandings or covenants shall be admissible in any proceeding of any kind or nature to interpret or determine the terms or conditions of this Agreement.
- 11.3 <u>Severability</u>. If any term, provision, covenant or condition of this Agreement shall be determined invalid, void or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby to the extent such remaining provisions are not rendered impractical to perform taking into

consideration the purposes of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provision of the Public Benefits set forth in Sections 4.2 and 4.3 of this Agreement, including the payments set forth therein, are essential elements of this Agreement and COUNTY would not have entered into this Agreement but for such provisions, and therefore in the event such provisions are determined to be invalid, void or unenforceable, this entire Agreement shall be null and void and of no force and effect whatsoever.

- 11.4 <u>Interpretation and Governing Law.</u> This Agreement and any dispute arising hereunder shall be governed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of California. This Agreement shall be construed as a whole according to its fair language and common meaning to achieve the objectives and purposes of the parties hereto, and the rule of construction to the effect that ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting party shall not be employed in interpreting this Agreement, all parties having been represented by counsel in the negotiation and preparation hereof.
- 11.5 <u>Section Headings</u>. All section headings and subheadings are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect any construction or interpretation of this Agreement.
- 11.6 <u>Gender and Number</u>. As used herein, the neuter gender includes the masculine and feminine, the feminine gender includes the masculine, and the masculine gender includes the feminine. As used herein, the singular of any word includes the plural.
- 11.7 <u>Joint and Several Obligations</u>. If this Agreement is signed by more than one OWNER, all obligations of such OWNERS under this Agreement shall be joint and several, and the default of any such OWNER shall be the default of all such OWNERS.
- 11.8 <u>Time of Essence</u>. Time is of the essence in the performance of the provisions of this Agreement as to which time is an element.
 - 11.9 <u>Waiver</u>. Failure by a party to insist upon the strict performance of any of the

provisions of this Agreement by the other party, or the failure by a party to exercise its rights upon the default of the other party; shall not constitute a waiver of such party's right to insist and demand strict compliance by the other party with the terms of this Agreement thereafter.

- 11.10 <u>No Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. Unless expressly stated herein, this Agreement is made and entered into for the sole protection and benefit of the parties and their successors and assigns. No other person shall have any right of action based upon any provision of this Agreement.
- in performance of any of its obligations under this Agreement is caused by floods, earthquakes, other Acts of God, fires, wars, riots or similar hostilities, strikes and other labor difficulties beyond the party's control, (including the party's employment force). If any such events shall occur, the term of this Agreement and the time for performance by either party of any of its obligations hereunder may be extended by the written agreement of the parties for the period of time that such events prevented such performance, provided that the term of this Agreement shall not be extended under any circumstances for more than five (5) years.
- 11.12 <u>Mutual Covenants</u>. The covenants contained herein are mutual covenants and also constitute conditions to the concurrent or subsequent performance by the party benefited thereby of the covenants to be performed hereunder by such benefited party.
- 11.13 Successors in Interest. The burdens of this Agreement shall be binding upon, and the benefits of this Agreement shall inure to, all successors in interest to the parties to this Agreement. All provisions of this Agreement shall be enforceable as equitable servitudes and constitute covenants running with the land. Each covenant to do or refrain from doing some act hereunder with regard to development of the Property: (a) is for the benefit of and is a burden upon every portion of the Property; (b) runs with the Property and each portion thereof; and, (c) is binding upon each party and each successor in interest during ownership of the Property or any

portion thereof.

- 11.14 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed by the parties in counterparts, which counterparts shall be construed together and have the same effect as if all of the parties had executed the same instrument.
- 11.15 <u>Jurisdiction and Venue</u>. Any action at law or in equity arising under this Agreement or brought by a party hereto for the purpose of enforcing, construing or determining the validity of any provision of this Agreement shall be filed and tried in the Riverside Historic Courthouse of the Superior Court of the County of Riverside, State of California, and the parties hereto waive all provisions of law providing for the filing, removal or change of venue to any other court.
- 11.16 Project as a Private Undertaking. It is specifically understood and agreed by and between the parties hereto that the development of the Project is a private development, that neither party is acting as the agent of the other in any respect hereunder, and that each party is an independent contracting entity with respect to the terms, covenants and conditions contained in this Agreement. No partnership, joint venture or other association of any kind is formed by this Agreement. The only relationship between COUNTY and OWNER is that of a government entity regulating the development of private property and the owner of such property.
- 11.17 Further Actions and Instruments. Each of the parties shall cooperate with and provide reasonable assistance to the other to the extent contemplated hereunder in the performance of all obligations under this Agreement and the satisfaction of the conditions of this Agreement. Upon the request of either party at any time, the other party shall promptly execute, with acknowledgement or affidavit if reasonably required, and file or record such required instruments and writings and take any actions as may be reasonably necessary under the terms of this Agreement to carry out the intent and to fulfill the provisions of this Agreement or to evidence or consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

- 11.18 Eminent Domain. No provision of this Agreement shall be construed to limit or restrict the exercise by COUNTY of its power of eminent domain. As used herein, "Material Condemnation" means a condemnation of all or a portion of the Property that will have the effect of preventing development of the Project in accordance with this Agreement. In the event of a Material Condemnation, OWNER may (i) request the COUNTY to amend this Agreement and/or to amend the Development Plan, which amendment shall not be unreasonably withheld, (ii) decide, in its sole discretion, to challenge the condemnation, or (iii) request that COUNTY agree to terminate this Agreement by mutual agreement, which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld, by giving a written request for termination to the COUNTY.
- California or it is an association, partnership or joint venture without a member, partner or joint venturer resident of the State of California, or it is a foreign corporation, then in any such event, OWNER shall file with the TLMA Director, upon its execution of this Agreement, a designation of a natural person residing in the State of California, giving his or her name, residence and business addresses, as its agent for the purpose of service of process in any court action arising out of or based upon this Agreement, and the delivery to such agent of a copy of any process in any such action shall constitute valid service upon OWNER. If for any reason service of such process upon such agent is not feasible, then in such event OWNER may be personally served with such process out of this County and such service shall constitute valid service upon OWNER. OWNER is amenable to the process so served, submits to the jurisdiction of the Court so obtained and waives any and all objections and protests thereto. OWNER for itself, assigns and successors hereby waives the provisions of the Hague Convention (Convention on the Service Abroad of Judicial and Extra Judicial Documents in Civil or Commercial Matters, 20 U.S.T. 361, T.I.A.S. No. 6638).
 - 11.20 <u>Designation of COUNTY Officials</u>. Except for functions to be performed by the

Board of Supervisors, COUNTY may, at any time and in its sole discretion, substitute any

COUNTY official to perform any function identified in this Agreement as the designated

responsibility of any other official. COUNTY shall provide notice of such substitution pursuant to

Section 2.7; provided, however, the failure to give such notice shall not affect the authority of the

substitute official in any way.

11.21 Authority to Execute. The person executing this Agreement on behalf of OWNER

warrants and represents that he has the authority to execute this Agreement on behalf of his

corporation, partnership or business entity and warrants and represents that he has the authority to

bind OWNER to the performance of its obligations hereunder.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the day and year set forth below.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, a political subdivision of the State of California

Dated:______

[Insert Chairman's Name]
Chairman, Board of Supervisors

ATTEST:

KECIA HARPER Clerk of the Board

By_____

Deputy (SEAL)

		OWNER:
		·
Dated:	By:	
		Title:
Dated:	By:	
	•	Title:

(ALL SIGNATURES SHALL BE ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE A NOTARY PUBLIC.

EXECUTION ON BEHALF OF ANY CORPORATION SHALL BE BY TWO

CORPORATE OFFICERS.)

EXHIBIT "A"

Development Agreement No. 1900012

LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

BEING A PORTION OF THE NORTH ONE-HALF AND THE SOUTH ONE-HALF OF GIVERNMENT LOT 2, IN THE SOUTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 7, RANGE 2 WEST, SAN BERNARDINO BASE AND MERIDIAN, IN THE UNINCORPORATED TERRITORY OF THE COUNTY. OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

EXHIBIT "B"

Development Agreement No. 1900012

MAP OF PROPERTY AND ITS LOCATION

(This Exhibit will indicate the property's legal (metes and bounds, if required) boundary and its location)

EXHIBIT "C"

Development Agreement No. 1900012

EXISTING DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS

(This exhibit will list all existing Development Approvals of the subject property)

SPECIFIC PLAN

ZONING

LAND DIVISIONS

OTHER DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS

The development approvals listed above include the approved maps and all conditions of approval.

COPIES OF THE EXISTING DEVELOPMENT APPROVALS LISTED ABOVE ARE ON FILE IN THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT AND ARE INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE.

EXHIBIT "D"

Development Agreement No. 1900012

EXISTING LAND USE REGULATIONS

1.	Riverside County Comprehensive General Plan as amended through						
	Resolution No. 2019-050						
2.	Ordinance No. 348 as amended through Ordinance No. 348.4913						
3.	Ordinance No. 448 as amended through Ordinance No. 448.A						
4.	Ordinance No. 457 as amended through Ordinance No. 457.105						
5.	Ordinance No. 458 as amended through Ordinance No. 458.16						
6.	Ordinance No. 460 as amended through Ordinance No. 460.154						
7.	Ordinance No. 461 as amended through Ordinance No. 461.10						
8.	Ordinance No. 509 as amended through Ordinance No. 509.2						
9.	Ordinance No. 547 as amended through Ordinance No. 547.7						
10.	Ordinance No. 555 as amended through Ordinance No. 555.20						
11.	Ordinance No. 617 as amended through Ordinance No. 617.4						
12.	Ordinance No. 650 as amended through Ordinance No. 650.6						
13.	Ordinance No. 659 as amended through Ordinance No. 659.13						
14.	Ordinance No. 663 as amended through Ordinance No. 663.10						
15.	Ordinance No. 671 as amended through Ordinance No. 671.21						
16.	Ordinance No. 673 as amended through Ordinance No. 673.4						
17.	Ordinance No. 679 as amended through Ordinance No. 679.4						
18.	Ordinance No. 682 as amended through Ordinance No. 682.4						
19.	Ordinance No. 726 as amended through Ordinance No. 726						
20.	Ordinance No. 743 as amended through Ordinance No. 743.3						

- 21. Ordinance No. 748 as amended through Ordinance No. 748.1
- 22. Ordinance No. 749 as amended through Ordinance No. 749.1
- 23. Ordinance No. 752 as amended through Ordinance No. 752.2
- 24. Ordinance No. 754 as amended through Ordinance No. 754.3
- 25. Ordinance No. 787 as amended through Ordinance No. 787,9
- 26. Ordinance No. 806 as amended through Ordinance No. 806
- 27. Ordinance No. 810 as amended through Ordinance No. 810.2
- 28. Ordinance No. 817 as amended through Ordinance No. 817.1
- 29. Ordinance No. 824 as amended through Ordinance No. 824.15
- 30. Ordinance No. 847 as amended through Ordinance No. 847.1
- 31. Ordinance No. 859 as amended through Ordinance No. 859.3
- 32. Ordinance No. 875 as amended through Ordinance No. 875.1
- 33. Ordinance No. 915 as amended through Ordinance No. 915
- 34. Ordinance No. 925 as amended through Ordinance No. 925.1
- 35. Ordinance No. 926 as amended through Ordinance No. 926
- 36. Ordinance No. 927 as amended through Ordinance No. 927
- 37. Ordinance No. 931 as amended through Ordinance No. 931
- 38. Resolution No. 2019-037 Establishing Procedures and Requirements of the County of Riverside for the Consideration of Development

 Agreements (Commercial Cannabis Activities)
- 39. Board of Supervisors Policy No. B-9 Commercial Cannabis Activities
 COPIES OF THE EXISTING LAND USE REGULATIONS LISTED ABOVE ARE ON
 FILE IN THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT AND ARE
 INCORPORATED HEREIN BY REFERENCE.

EXHIBIT "E"

Development Agreement No. 190012

COMMERCIAL CANNABIS ACTIVITY SITE PLAN & DESCRIPTION

As shown on the attached site plan, CUP No. 190019 permits a storefront Cannabis Retailer to operate in a 1,709 square foot suite located within an existing 2,890 square foot building on a 0.71 acre lot.

EXHIBIT "F"

Development Agreement No. 1900012

APPLICABLE PUBLIC BASE BENEFITS PAYMENTS

The Cannabis Retailer operating at the Property pursuant to CUP No. 190019 includes a 1,709 square foot suite as shown on Exhibit "G". In accordance with Board Policy B-9, the base public benefit is \$16.00 per square foot. Therefore, the public base benefit payment will be \$27,344 and will increase annually at a rate of 2%.

EXHIBIT "G"

Development Agreement No. 1900012

CANNABIS AREA CALCULATION EXHIBIT

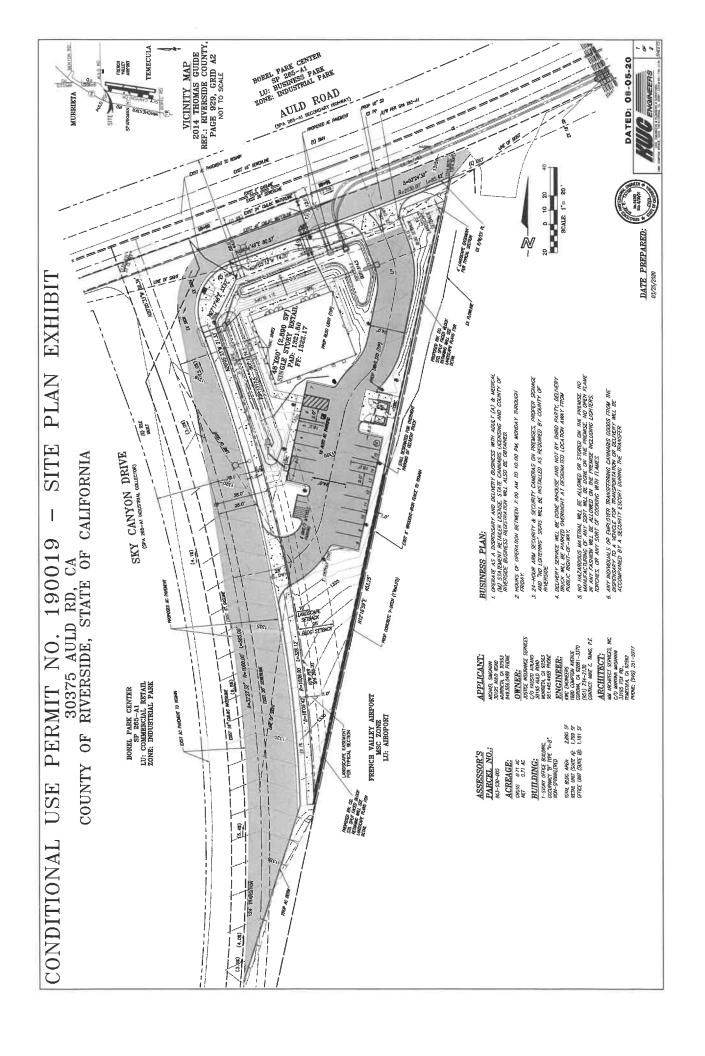
The Cannabis Area calculation includes the 1,709 square foot suite within the existing 2,890 square foot building. The Cannabis Retailer will only operate from the 1,709 square foot suite as shown in this Exhibit "G".

EXHIBIT "H"

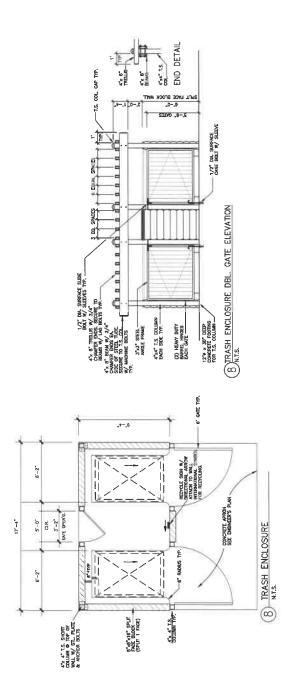
Development Agreement No. 1900012

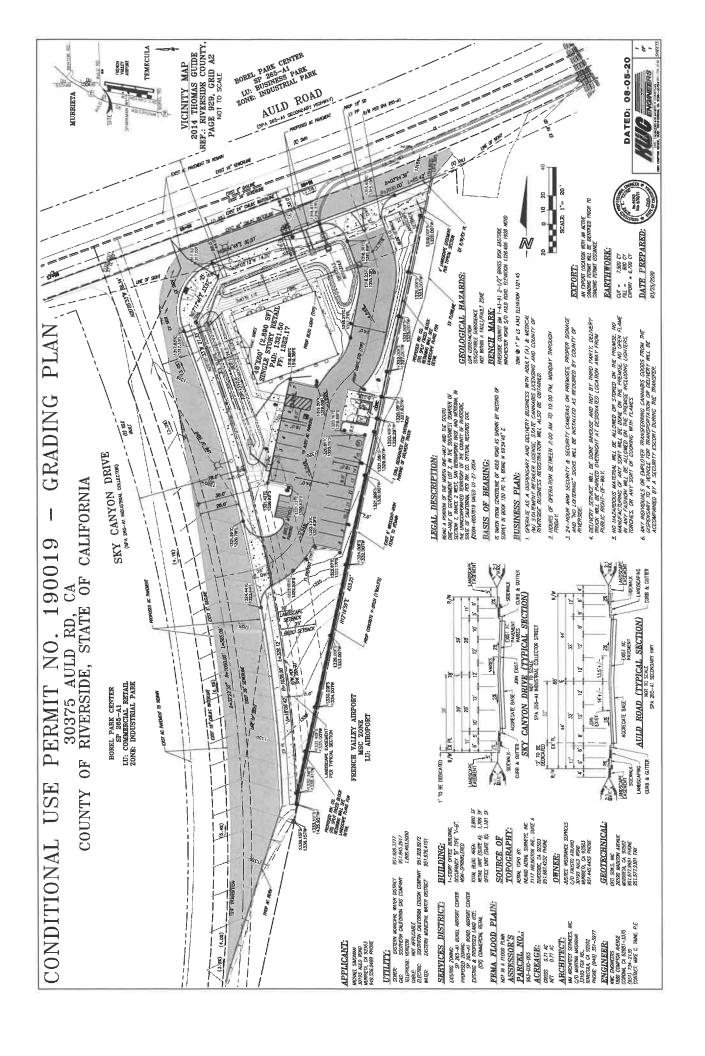
COMMERCIAL CANNABIS ACTIVITY PUBLIC BENEFIT

The additional annual public benefit provided by the OWNER shall be \$77,600.00 with an annual increase of 5%. The COUNTY will utilize the additional annual public benefit within the surrounding community for additional public benefits, including, but not limited to, code enforcement, public safety services, infrastructure improvements, community enhancement programs and other similar public benefits as solely determined by the COUNTY's Board of Supervisors. Additionally, consistent with CAN XXX, OWNER will participate in community events, career opportunity events, as well as educational and wellness seminars within the surrounding community.









АРРЯОУЕЗ (РІДИМИС ОЕРАЯТИЕМІ ОИГУ — ОИ—ЗТЕ). PLAN CHECK OVERSIGHT LLA / CID REGISTRATION NUMBER DATE SIGNED TENTATIVE APP PP#

TEMECULA

S TO CONFORMANCE WITH APPLICABLE COUNTY STANDARDS AND TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT ONLY - ROW / OFFSITE). PLAN CHECK OVERSIGHT ENGINEER NOISHEN 688 .CHO REGISTRATION NUMBER DATE SIGNED

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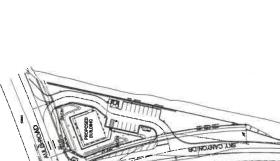
PROJECT NOTES





963-030-005

LEGAL DEBOTETION
POR NW 1/4 SEC 7, T75, R2W, F
COUNTY.



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951,928,8272

EASTERN MUNICPAL, WATER DISTRICT SOUTHERN DLECTRICK DAS COLMPANY VERZON NOT APPLICALE SOUTHERN CAPERNA EDISON COMPANY EMITTER MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

LANDSCAPE AREA WOWN THESS SHAUSS & CHOUNS 30 ACRES / 13.24 S.F.

WEEK!

ACPEACE GROSS 0.71 AC NET 0.71 AC

EXETING ZONNO: SP 262-41 BRREL AIRPORT DENIER SP 262-41 BRREL AIRPORT CENTER EXETING & PREPAYED LAND USE: (CR) DOMARTICAL RETAIL.



PANDIDIN

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CLEANING OF THE PROPOSED WORK AREA, AND THE RECLOANION COSTS OF ALL UTILITIES. PERMITTER MIST INFORM CONTRY DE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE AT CLEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BESINNING CONSTRUCTION. PHONE. (951) 655–6685

ENCROACHMENT NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL ENCROACHMENT & GRADING PERMITS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY WORK.

SCIL TESTING (SOIL MANAGEMENT REPORT):
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INDEX OF SHEETS

PLANTING PLAN, LEGEND AND NOTES

FREGATION PLAN, LEGEND AND NOTES

DETALB

BPECHCATIONS

SHEET INDEX MAP





NOTE: APPROVAL BY THE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT IS FOR WORK WITHIN THE ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY ONLY.

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SHEET NO. 1-7

PLOT PLAN 28047 CUP 190019
COUNTY OF FINATSIDE
JUSTICE NBURANCE BULCHNS
ALLD ROW AND SKY CHYPN RAW

ALHAMBRA GROUP
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE
11635 Enterprise Circle Weth Suite C
Temedia. CA 92590
(951) 296-6802 FAX 280-6803

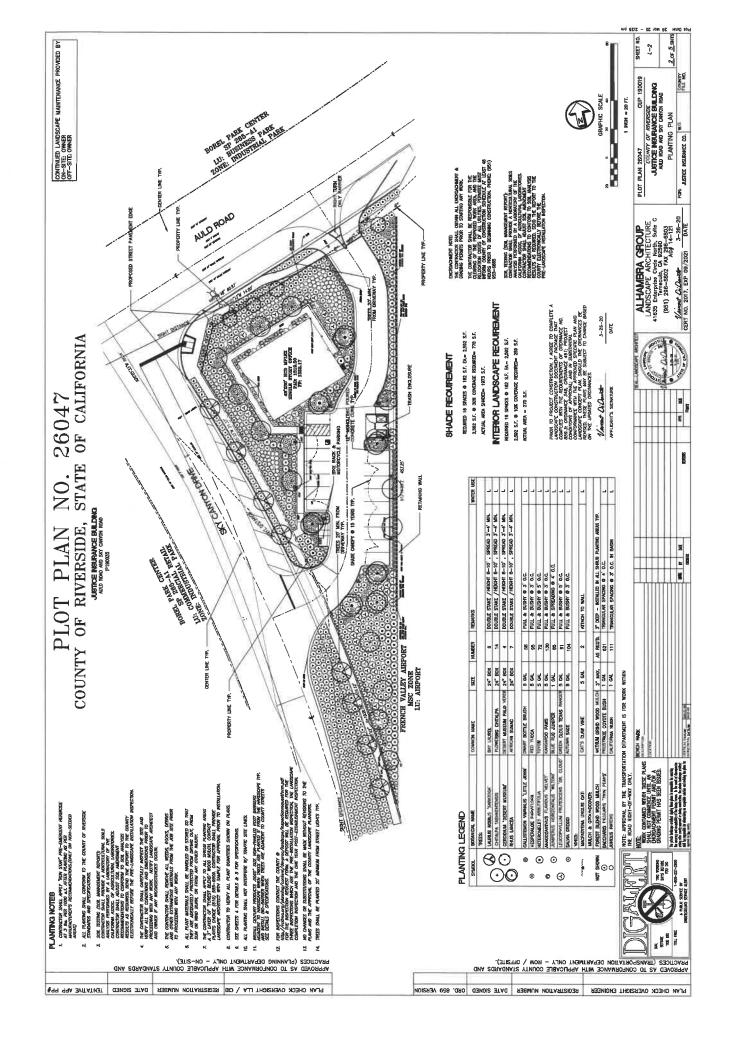
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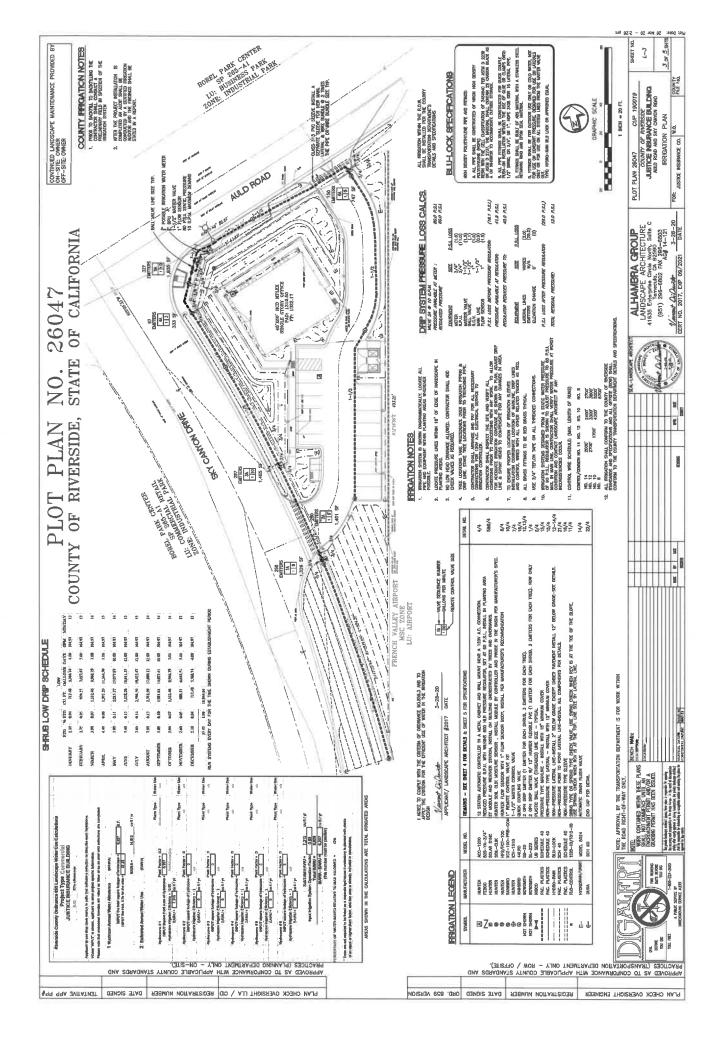
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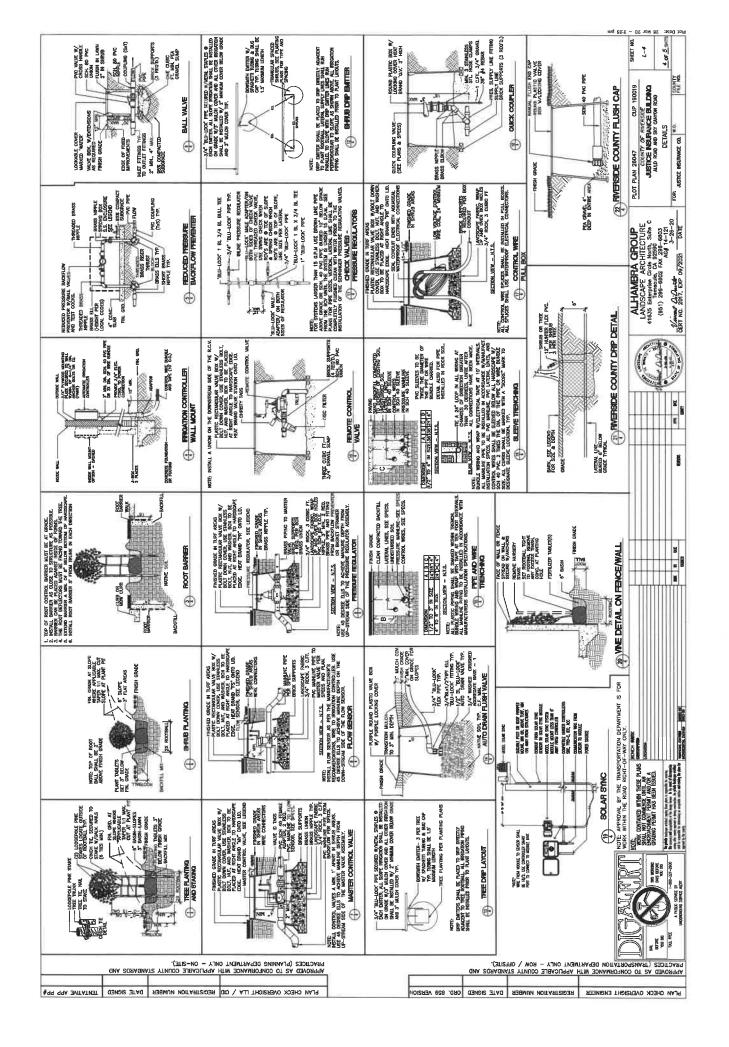
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LOCATIONS AND DEPRIS CALL PRESSURE PIPMS, WALKS,

AGENT WALKS, AWARK S COMPLETED, RECORD PRINTS SHALL

REMAIN ON THE JOSS SITE THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. A

SUBBLITTED TO THE OWNERS PRIORY TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE. CONTROL WIRE: DIRECT BURAL, UL APPROVED; WHITE FOR COMMON, BLACK FOR CONTROL; 12 GAUGE MINIMUM SIZE COMMON, 14 GAUGE MINIMUM SIZE CONTROL WIRE, 2-WIRE SYSTEM BUCKFILL: TRENOHES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST BSX OF THE BAX, RETAINE DESIGNATE OF DETECTABLE OF THE ASTA 1557 DECEMBERS AND THE ATEN OF THE ASTA OF THE ASTA OF ARES AND THE COMPACTED TO BOX, BUCKFILL SHALL BE SUBJECT TO TEXTING OF THE SOILS RIGHTED. SET ALL EQUIPMENT TRUE, PLUMB, SECURE, AND ACCESSIBLE FOR OPERATION AND SERVICING PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND PER DETAILS SHOWN. INTENT — TO INDICATE AND SPECIFY A COMPLETE AND EFFICIENT SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEM, READY FOR USE, WITH ALL WORKAND MAYERIAL CONFORMING TO GOVERNING CODES. QUICK COUPLING VALVES: SINGLE LUG, TWO PIECE; PER LEGEND. EXTRA STOCK: SUPPLY OWNER WITH VALVE KETS, EXTRA EMITERS, TWO QUICK COUPLING HOSE BIBS, AND MANUALS FOR EQUIPMENT USED. all work shall be instaled in the most direct and borramanlike manner without interfering with existing or proposed planting or other work and utility lines. PLASTIC PIPING: ALL PRESSURE PIPE, SCHEDULE 40 PVC SOLVENT WELD TYPE, OR BETTER, NON-PRESSURE PIPE, CLASS 200 PVC SOLVENT WELD TYPE, OR BETTER. ALL DIMENSIONS AND LOCATIONS SHOWN ARE DIACRAM STE CONDITIONS AND SHALL BE VERFIED BEFORE INITIATING WORK. PRESSURE TEST, PRESSURE LINES AT 150 P.S.I. FOR 2 HOURS AND NON-PRESSURE LINES AT EXSTING STATIC LINE PRESSURE FOR 2 HOURS, LINES SHALL BE WATERTIGHT WITH TERMORE. NOTE:
NOR CONTANED WITHN THESE PLANS
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EXCHOLYBERT PERMIT AND OR A
GRADING PERMIT HAS BEEN (SSUED. TRENCHES SHALL BE CUT TO FOLLOWING REQUIRED GRADES: PRESSURE PIPESSURE PIPE AT (18") MIN. COVER, ALL NON-PRESSURE PI © (12") MIN. COVER, EXCEPT BLU-LOCK © (2") MIN. COVER. JOIN AND INSTALL PIPING IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION CUIDE. INSTALL LINES AWAY FROM FIXED IMPROVEMENTS AND ALONG EDGE OF PLANTING AREAS. to you income which then been income to come to come to come of compaction to come of compaction to the day form. In the rest of compactions the come open of why contribute, to point income order of the compaction to the compaction of compa SETILING: PROPERLY WEITED AND TAMPED TO A FIRM FINISH GRADE WITH NO FUTURE SETILING. COVERAGE TEST: ADJUST AND POSITION EMITTERS EMITTERS FOR COMPLETE COVERAGE OF ALL PLANTING AREAS BALL VALVES: PLASTIC BODIED, 128 P.S.I. MINIMUM, HEAVY DUTY TYPE, FEDERAL SPEC, CROSS HANDLE. MATERIAL: SUITABLE FILL SOIL FREE OF LARGE ROCKS AND CLODS. DRIP EMITTERS: OF MODEL AND TYPE SHOWN ON PLANS. VALVE BOXES: PLASTIC BOXES SIZES AS REQUIRED. PLASTIC FITTINGS: TYPE I, SCHEDULE 80 PVC. POLYETHYLENE: MOLDED, 85 P.S.I. EQUIPMENT AND INSTALLATION PIPE FITTING AND LAYOUT THO WORDING DATS BEFORE TOU DIC 1-800-227-2600 TESTING AND ADJUSTING IRRIGATION MATERIALS A PUBLIC SURMER, BY ADDRESCOMO SURMER AUDRI RECORD PRINTS EXCAVATION BACKFILLING

APPROVED AS TO CONFORMANCE WITH APPRECIATION ONLY

PLAN CHECK OVERSIGHT LLA / CID REGISTRATION NUMBER

DATE SIGNED

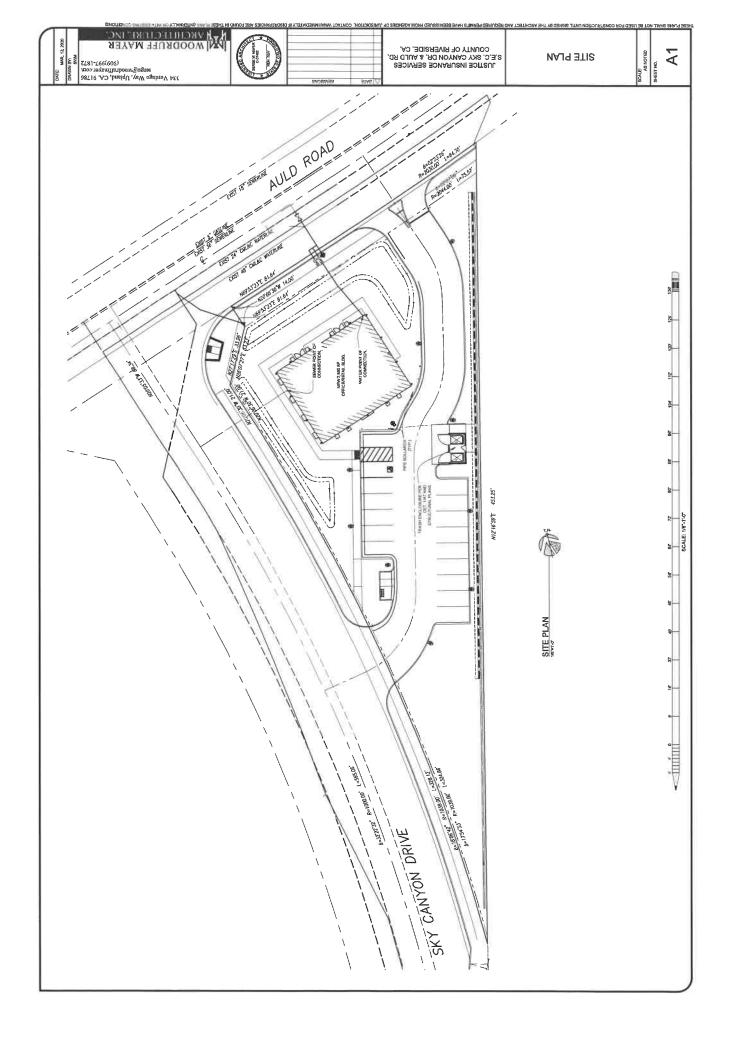
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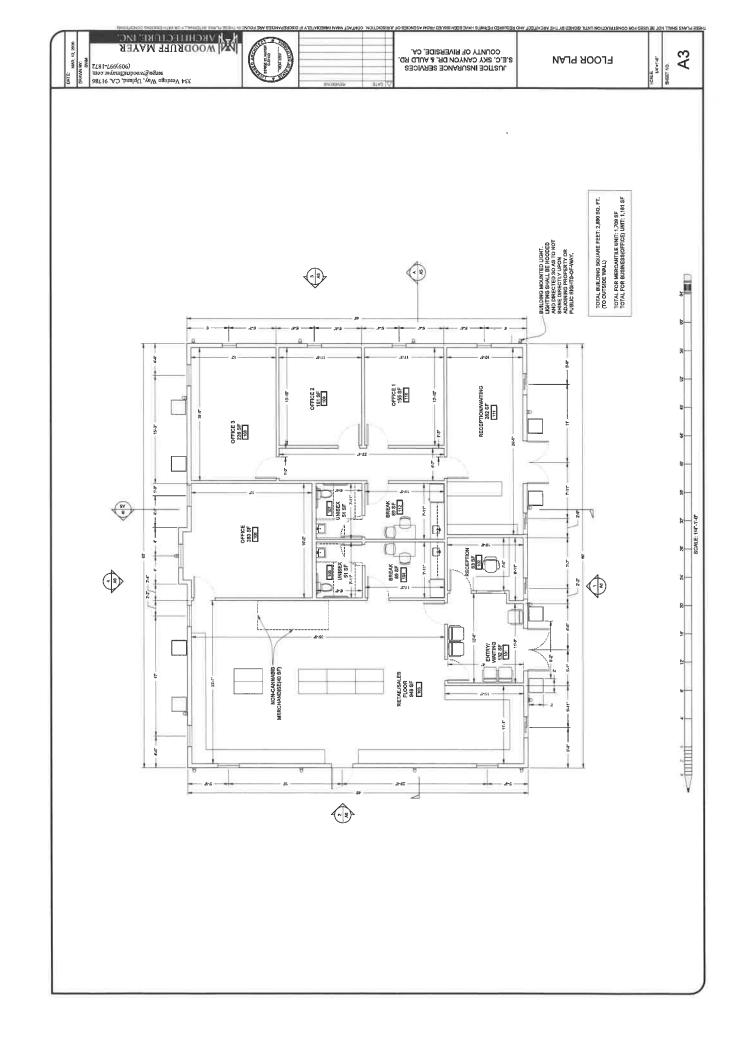
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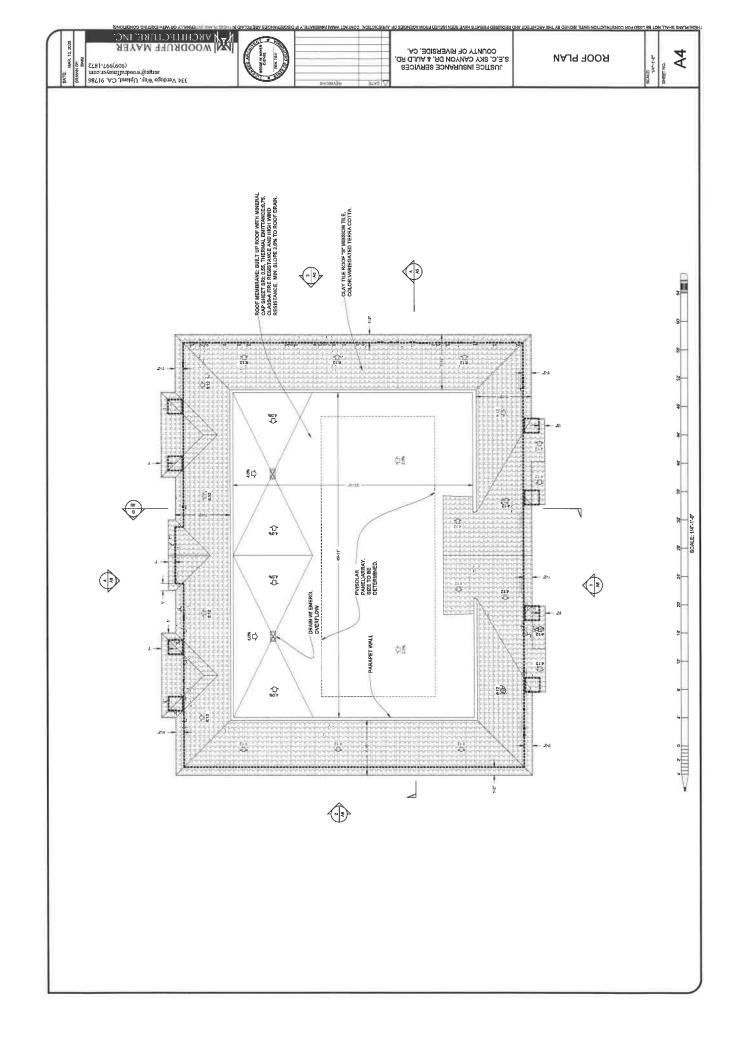
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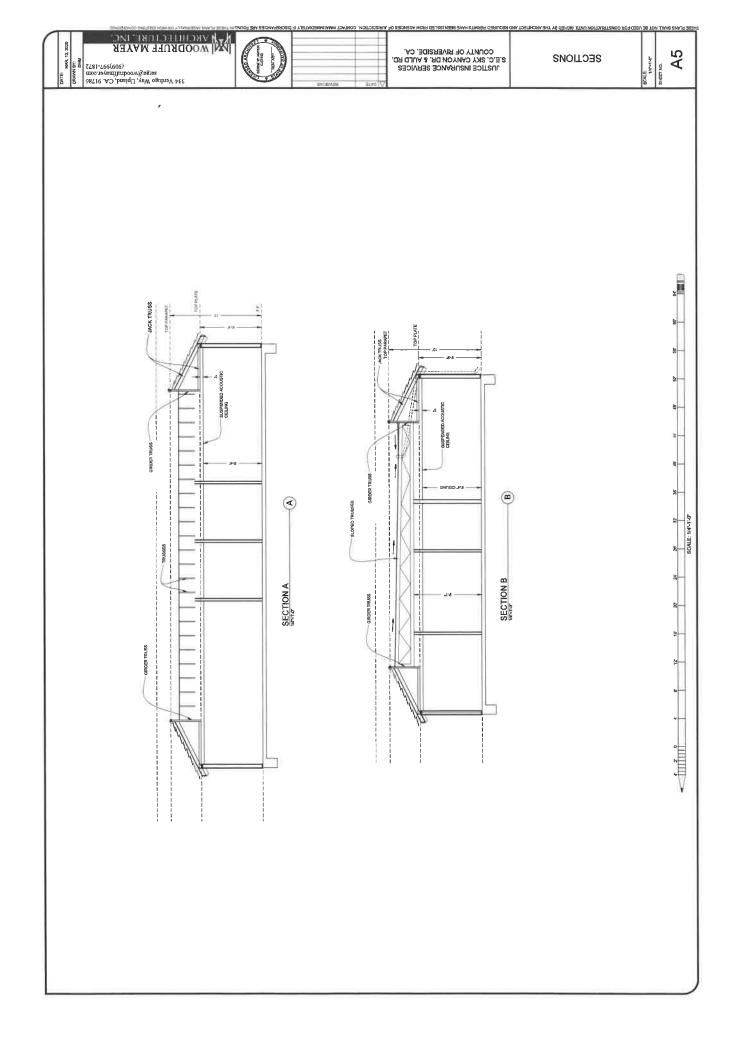
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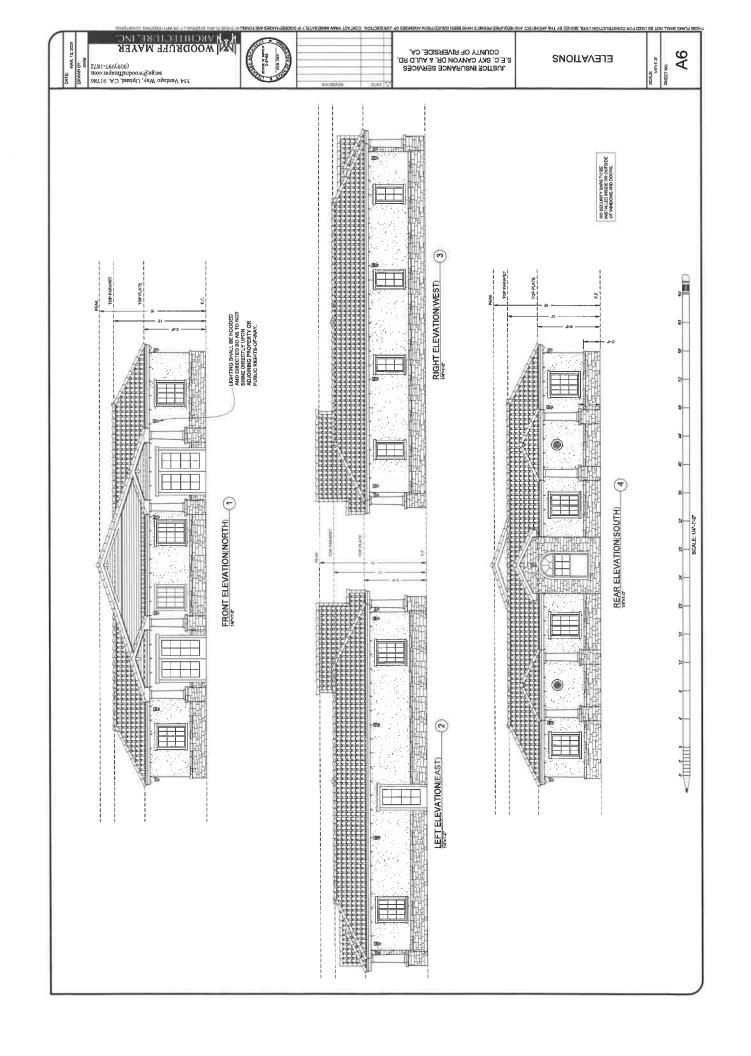
TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT ONLY

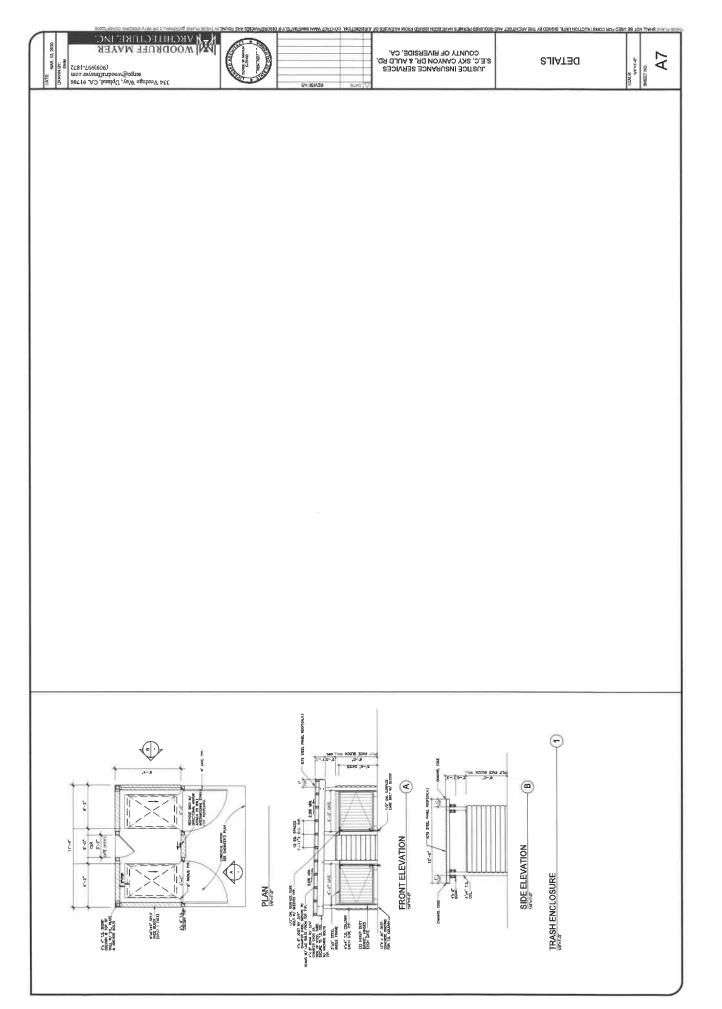


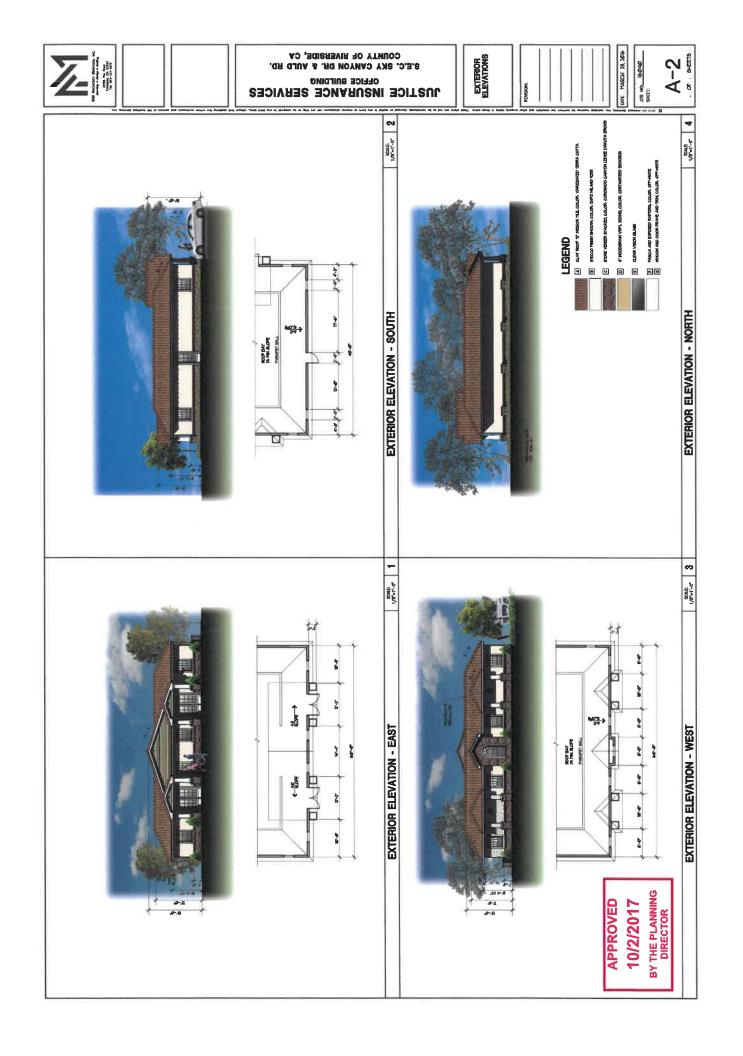














COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY



Juan C. Perez Agency Director

11/09/20, 1:38 pm CUP190019

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

The following notifications are included as part of the recommendation of approval for CUP190019. They are intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property.

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 1 AND - Preamble

This Advisory Notification Document is included as part of the justification for the recommendation of approval of this Plan (CUP190019) and is intended to advise the applicant of various Federal, State and County regulations applicable to this entitlement and the subsequent development of the subject property in accordance with approval of that entitlement and are in addition to the applied conditions of approval.

Advisory Notification. 2 AND - Project Description & Operational Limits

Conditional Use Permit No 190019 (CUP190019) is a proposal for a retail cannabis business with delivery to occupy 1,709 square-foot suite to be used as a storefront on a 0.71 acre lot with parking and landscaping.

Advisory Notification. 3 AND - Exhibits

The development of the premises shall conform substantially with that as shown on the following APPROVED EXHIBIT(S)

Exhibit A (Site Plan), dated 08-05-20.

Exhibit B (Elevations), dated 03-12-20.

Exhibit C (Floor Plans), dated 03-12-20.

Exhibit D (Conceptual Grading Plan), dated 08-05-20.

Exhibit E (Conceptual Landscaping and Irrigation Plans), dated 03-26-20.

Exhibit H (Wall and Fencing Plan), dated 09-30-19.

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance

- 1. Compliance with applicable Federal Regulations, including, but not limited to:
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 - Clean Water Act
 - Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)
- 2. Compliance with applicable State Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - The current Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) Permit issued by the applicable Regional

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Advisory Notification

Advisory Notification. 4 AND - Federal, State & Local Regulation Compliance (cont.)

Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB.)

- Government Code Section 66020 (90 Days to Protest)
- Government Code Section 66499.37 (Hold Harmless)
- State Subdivision Map Act
- Native American Cultural Resources, and Human Remains (Inadvertent Find)
- School District Impact Compliance
- Public Resources Code Section 5097.94 & Sections 21073 et al AB 52 (Native Americans: CEQA)
- 3. Compliance with applicable County Regulations, including, but not limited to:
 - Ord. No. 348 (Land Use Planning and Zoning Regulations)
 - · Ord. No. 413 (Regulating Vehicle Parking)
 - Ord. No. 457 (Building Requirements)
 - Ord. No. 458 (Regulating Flood Hazard Areas & Implementing National Flood Insurance Program)
 - Ord. No. 460 (Division of Land)
 - Ord. No. 461 (Road Improvement Standards)
 - Ord. No. 484 (Control of Blowing Sand)
 - Ord. No. 625 (Right to Farm)
 - Ord. No. 716 (Abandoned, Neglected or Cruelly Treated Animals)
 - Ord. No. 771 (Controlling Potentially Dangerous & Dangerous Animals)
 - Ord. No. 878 (Regarding Noisy Animals)
 - Ord. No. 671 (Consolidated Fees)
 - Ord. No. 679 (Directional Signs for Subdivisions)
 - Ord. No. 787 (Fire Code)
 - Ord. No. 847 (Regulating Noise)
 - Ord. No. 857 (Business Licensing)
 - Ord. No. 859 (Water Efficient Landscape Requirements)
 - Ord. No. 915 (Regulating Outdoor Lighting)
 - Ord. No. 916 (Cottage Food Operations)
 - Ord. No. 927 (Regulating Short Term Rentals)
- 4. Mitigation Fee Ordinances
 - Ord. No. 659 Development Impact Fees (DIF)
 - Ord. No. 663 Stephens Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan (SKR)
 - Ord. No. 810 Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (WRCMSHCP)
 - Ord. No. 824 Western Riverside County Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (WR TUMF)

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1 Gen - Custom

BUILDING AND SAFETY COMMENTS

To assist in providing an expeditious review, please cloud all corrections on revised exhibit. Items labeled as "Notifications" are for your information only and are not required for entitlement approval. Thank You. NOTIFICATIONS:

ACCESSIBLE PATH OF TRAVEL:

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1

Gen - Custom (cont.)

Please include with the building submittal a revised site plan to indicate the required continuous accessible paved path of travel. The accessible path of travel details shall include;

- 1. Accessible path construction type (Asphalt or concrete).
- 2. Accessible path width.
- 3. Accessible path directional slope % and cross slope %.
- 4. All accessible ramp and curb cut-out locations and details where applicable.

The Accessible path of travel shall:

- 1. Connect to the public R.O.W.
- 2. Connect to all building(s).
- 3. Connect to all accessible parking loading/unloading areas.
- 4. Connect to accessible sanitary facilities.
- 5. Connect to areas of public accommodation.

Please be aware that the approved site plan with accessibility requirements should be included with any building plan submittals. The plan review staff may have additional comments depending on the additional information or revisions provided during the plan review process. Additional accessible requirements within the structure shall be reviewed during the building plan review.

CODE/ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS:

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction on the property. All building plans and supporting documentation shall comply with current adopted California Building Codes, Riverside County Ordinances regulations in effect at the time of building plan submittal and fee payment to the Building Department. All Building Department plan submittal and fee requirements shall apply.

NOTE: The new updated 2019 California Building Codes will be in effect as of January 1st 2020, as mandated by the state of California. Any building plan and fee payment submitted to the building department on or after January 1st, 2020 will be subject to the new updated California Building Code(s).

PERMIT ISSUANCE:

Per section 105.1 (2016 California Building Code, CBC): Where any owner or authorized agent intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert, or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical, or plumbing system, the regulation of which is governed by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit.

The applicant shall obtain the required building permit(s) from the building department prior to any construction or placement of any building, structure or equipment on the property.

The applicant shall obtain an approved final building inspection and certificate of occupancy from the building department prior to any use or occupancy of the building, or structure.

At no time shall the approval of the planning case exhibit allow for the construction or use of any building, structure, or equipment. In residential applications, each separate structure will require a separate building permit.

Plan Info

Plans prepared, stamped and signed by a design professional (California licensed Architect, or California

BS-Plan Check

BS-Plan Check. 1

Gen - Custom (cont.)

Licensed Engineer) may not be altered with hand drawn information. The jurisdictional plan review and/or inspection staff is unable to determine when such information has been placed, and if in fact either the design professional or applicable park authority has in fact approved the added information. All added structural components, cabinets/counter, or utility additions shall be included within the printed designed plans.

Selvana Guirguis Riverside County Building and Safety (951) 955-1871

E Health

E Health, 1

DEH Hazmat

The facility will require a business emergency plan for the storage of hazardous materials if greater than 55 gallons, 200 cubic feet or 500 pounds, or any acutely hazardous materials or extremely hazardous substances is handled or stored on the premises. Additionally, THC extraction or other processing activities may require a permit from DEH Hazmat. Contact Hazmat at (951) 766-6524 for any questions.

E Health. 2

DEH Water and Sewer

Prior to building permit, provide current documentation from the appropriate purveyor(s) for the establishment of water and sewer service for this project. List information about water and wastewater on exhibits. Only domestic wastewater from restrooms and kitchens can be discharged to sewer. Other waste, including industrial waste or commercial waste related to cannabis processing, cannot be discharged to sewer without written approval from the Regional Water Quality Control Board and the sewer agency. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that all requirements to obtain potable water service and sanitary sewer service are met with the appropriate purveyors, as well as, all other applicable agencies. Contact DEH Land Use at 951-955-8980 for any questions.

E Health. 3

ECP COMMENTS

If contamination or the presence of a naturally occurring hazardous material is discovered at the site, assessment, investigation, and/or cleanup may be required. Contact Riverside County Environmental Health - Environmental Cleanup Programs at (951) 955-8980, for further information.

General

General. 1

General - Business Licensing

Every person conducting a business within the unincorporated area of Riverside County, as defined in Riverside County Ordinance No. 857, shall obtain a business license. For more information regarding business registration, contact the Business Registration and License Program Office of the Building and Safety Department.

General. 2

General - Causes for Revocation

General

General – Causes for Revocation (cont.)

In the event the use hereby permitted under this permit is found:

- (a) to be in violation of the terms and conditions of this permit; and/or,
- (b) to have been obtained by fraud or perjured testimony; and/or,
- (c) to be detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare, or is a public nuisance,

then this permit shall be subject to revocation procedures.

General - Ceased Operations

In the event the use hereby permitted ceases operation for a period of one (1) year or more, this Conditional Use Permit and accompanying Development Agreement approval shall become null and void.

General - Hold Harmless

The applicant/permittee or any successor-in-interest shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the County of Riverside or its agents, officers, and employees ("COUNTY") from the following:

- (a) any claim, action, or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void, or annul an approval of the COUNTY, its advisory agencies, appeal boards, or legislative body concerning the project or its associated environmental documentation; and,
- (b) any claim, action or proceeding against the COUNTY to attack, set aside, void or annul any other decision made by the COUNTY concerning the project, including, but not limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Records Act requests; and
- (a) and (b) above are hereinafter collectively referred to as "LITIGATION."

The COUNTY shall promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any LITIGATION and shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the COUNTY fails to promptly notify the applicant/permittee of any such LITIGATION or fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant/permittee shall not, thereafter, be responsible to defend, indemnify or hold harmless the COUNTY.

The obligations imposed by this condition include, but are not limited to, the following: the applicant/permittee shall pay all legal services expenses the COUNTY incurs in connection with any such LITIGATION, whether it incurs such expenses directly, whether it is ordered by a court to pay such expenses, or whether it incurs such expenses by providing legal services through its Office of County Counsel.

Payment for COUNTY's costs related to the LITIGATION shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from COUNTY that LITIGATION has been initiated against the Project, applicant/permittee shall initially deposit with the COUNTY's Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). Applicant/permittee shall deposit with COUNTY such additional

General

General – Hold Harmless (cont.)

amounts as COUNTY reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the COUNTY, including but not limited to, the Office of County Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the LITIGATION. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, applicant/permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the COUNTY to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for LITIGATION purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from COUNTY, applicant/permittee shall make such additional deposits.

General – Human Remains

If human remains are found on this site, the developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5.

General – Review Fees

Any subsequent submittals required by these conditions of approval, including but not limited to grading plan, building plan, or mitigation and monitoring review, shall be reviewed on an hourly basis (research fee), or other such review fee as may be in effect at the time of submittal, as required by Ordinance No. 671. Each submittal shall be accompanied with a letter clearly indicating which condition or conditions the submittal is intended to comply with.

General – Unanticipated Resources

The developer/permit holder or any successor in interest shall comply with the following for the life of this permit.

If during ground disturbance activities, unanticipated cultural resources* are discovered, the following procedures shall be followed:

All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resource shall be halted and the applicant shall call the County Archaeologist immediately upon discovery of the cultural resource. A meeting shall be convened between the developer, the project archaeologist**, the Native American tribal representative (or other appropriate ethnic/cultural group representative), and the County Archaeologist to discuss the significance of the find. At the meeting with the aforementioned parties, a decision is to be made, with the concurrence of the County Archaeologist, as to the appropriate treatment (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc) for the cultural resource. Resource evaluations shall be limited to nondestructive analysis. Further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until the appropriate treatment has been accomplished.

* A cultural resource site is defined, for this condition, as being a feature and/or three or more artifacts in close association with each other.

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ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

General

General. 7

General – Unanticipated Resources (cont.)

** If not already employed by the project developer, a County approved archaeologist shall be employed by the project developer to assess the significance of the cultural resource, attend the meeting described above, and continue monitoring of all future site grading activities as necessary.

Planning

Planning. 1

15 - PLANNING - Landscape Requirement

Landscape Requirement

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

- 1) Ensure all landscape and irrigation plans are in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS;
- 2) Ensure all landscaping is provided with California Friendly landscaping and a weather-based irrigation controller(s) as defined by County Ordinance No. 859;
- 3) Ensure that irrigation plans which may use reclaimed water conform with the requirements of the local water purveyor; and,
- 4) Be responsible for maintenance, viability and upkeep of all slopes, landscaped areas, and irrigation systems until the successful completion of the twelve (12) month inspection or those operations become the responsibility of the individual property owner(s), a property owner's association, or any other successor-in-interest, whichever occurs later.

To ensure ongoing maintenance, the developer/permit holder or any successor-in-interest shall:

- 1) Connect to a reclaimed water supply for landscape irrigation purposes when reclaimed water is made available.
- 2) Ensure that landscaping, irrigation and maintenance systems comply with the Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping, and Ordinance No. 859.
- 3) Ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests.

Planning. 2

General - A. Application Requirements

At the time of filing the application for a Commercial Cannabis Activity on a form provided by the Planning Department, the applicant shall also provide the applicable fee for processing the land use permit application. All entitlement fees shall be paid in full, prior to operating the cannabis business.

Planning. 3

General - B. State License Required

Obtain and maintain during the life of the Commercial Cannabis Activity the applicable California license issued pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Sections 19300.7 or 26050(a) as may be amended from time to time.

Planning. 4

General - C. Suspension, Revocation, or Termination of State License

Suspension of a license issued by the State of California, or by any State licensing authority, shall

Planning

Planning. 4

General - C. Suspension, Revocation, or Termination of State License (cont.)

immediately suspend the ability of a Commercial Cannabis Activity to operate within the County until the State, or its respective State licensing authority, reinstates or reissues the State license. Revocation or termination of a license by the State of California, or by any State licensing authority, will also be grounds to revoke or terminate any conditional use permit granted to a Commercial Cannabis Activity pursuant to this Article.

Planning. 5

General - D. Health and Safety

Commercial Cannabis Activities shall at all times be operated in such a way as to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Commercial Cannabis Activities shall not create a public nuisance or adversely affect the health or safety of the nearby residents, businesses or employees working at the Commercial Cannabis Activity by creating dust, glare, heat, noise, noxious gasses, odor, smoke, traffic, vibration, unsafe conditions or other impacts, or be hazardous due to the use or storage of materials, processes, products, and runoff of water, pesticides or wastes.

Planning. 6

General - E. Development Agreement

No approval required by this ordinance shall be given for any permit for a Commercial Cannabis Activity unless the Board of Supervisors prior to or concurrently with approves a development agreement, pursuant to Section 18.26b of this ordinance, setting forth the terms and conditions under which the Commercial Cannabis Activity will operate in addition to the requirements of this ordinance, all other local ordinances and regulations, state law and such other terms and conditions that will protect and promote the public health, safety and welfare. No use or operation under any permit for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be allowed to begin until the development agreement is effective.

Planning. 7

General - F. Nuisance Odors

All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall be sited and operated in a manner that prevents Cannabis nuisance odors from being detected offsite. All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall provide a sufficient odor absorbing ventilation and exhaust system so that odor generated inside the Commercial Cannabis Activity that is distinctive to its operation is not detected outside of the operation's facility, anywhere on adjacent lots or public rights-of-way, on or about the exterior or interior common area walkways, hallways, breezeways, foyers, lobby areas, or any other areas available for use by common tenants or the visiting public, or within any other unit located inside the same building as the Commercial Cannabis Activity. In order to control nuisances such as odors, humidity and mold, Commercial Cannabis Activities shall install and maintain at the minimum, the following equipment, or any other equipment that can be proven to be an equally or more effective method or technology to control these nuisances:

- 1. An exhaust air filtration system with odor control that prevents internal odors from being emitted externally;
- 2. An air system that creates negative air pressure between the Commercial Cannabis Activities' interior and exterior, so that the odors generated by the Commercial Cannabis Activity are not detectable on the outside of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.

11/09/20, 1:38 pm CUP190019

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 8 General - G. Commercial Cannabis Activity Operator Qualifications (cont.)

Planning. 8 General - G. Commercial Cannabis Activity Operator Qualifications

- 1. All operators and all employees of a Commercial Cannabis Activity must be 21 years of age or older.
- 2. Operators shall be subject to background checks.
- 3. Permits for Commercial Cannabis Activities shall not be granted for operators with felony convictions, as specified in subdivision (c) of Section 667.5 of the Penal Code and subdivision (c) of Section 1192.7 of the Penal Code.
- 4. Applicants providing false or misleading information in the permitting process will result in rejection of the application or nullification or revocation of any permit granted pursuant to this Article.

Planning. 9 General - H. Relocation of a Permitted Commercial Cannabis Activity

In the event the permittee or successor in interest vacates and relocates the Commercial Cannabis Activity to a new location, a new conditional use permit will need to be granted by the County in accordance with this ordinance prior to commencing operations at the new location.

Planning. 10 General - I. Hours of Operation

A Commercial Cannabis Activity operating as a Cannabis Retailer may be open to the public seven days a week only between the hours of 6:00 A.M. and 10:00 P.M. All other Commercial Cannabis Activities may operate only during the hours specified in the conditional use permit granted by the County.

Planning. 11 General - J. Inspections

A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be subject to inspections by appropriate local and State agencies, including, but not limited to, the Riverside County Departments of Code Enforcement, Planning, Fire, Public Health, Environmental Health, the Agricultural Commissioner's Office and the Sheriff's Department.

Planning. 12 General - K. Monitoring Program

Permittees of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall participate in the County's monitoring program to verify permit requirements such as, but not limited to, security measures, water use and State track-and-trace requirements.

Planning. 13 General - L. Restriction on Alcohol and Tobacco Sales or Consumption

Commercial Cannabis Activities shall not allow the sale, dispensing, or consumption of alcoholic beverages or tobacco on the site of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.

Planning. 14 General - M. Restriction on Consumption

Cannabis shall not be consumed or used on the lot of any Commercial Cannabis Activity.

11/09/20, 1:38 pm CUP190019

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 15 General - N. Security - Part 1 (cont.)

Planning. 15 General - N. Security - Part 1

A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall implement sufficient security measures to deter and prevent the unauthorized entrance into areas containing Cannabis or Cannabis Products, to deter and prevent the theft of Cannabis or Cannabis Products at the Commercial Cannabis Activity and to ensure emergency access in accordance with applicable Fire Code standards. Guard dogs shall not be used at the Commercial Cannabis Activity as a security measure. Security measures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 1. A plan to prevent individuals from loitering on the lot if they are not engaging in activity expressly related to the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- 2. 24 hour emergency contact information for the owner or an on-site employee which shall be provided to the County.
- 3. A professionally installed, maintained, and monitored alarm system.
- 4. Except for Live Cannabis Plants being cultivated at a cultivation facility and limited amounts of Cannabis for display purposes, all Cannabis and Cannabis Products shall be stored in a secured and locked structure and in a secured and locked safe room, safe, or vault, and in a manner as to prevent diversion, theft, and loss.
- 5. 24 hour security surveillance cameras to monitor all entrances and exits to a Commercial Cannabis Activity, all interior spaces within the Commercial Cannabis Activity that are open and accessible to the public, and all interior spaces where Cannabis, cash or currency is being stored for any period of time on a regular basis. The permittee for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be responsible for ensuring that the security surveillance camera's footage is accessible. Video recordings shall be maintained for a minimum of 90 days, and shall be made available to the County upon request.

Planning. 16 General - N. Security - Part 2

- 6. Sensors shall be installed to detect entry and exit from all secure areas.
- 7. Panic buttons shall be installed in all Commercial Cannabis Activities.
- 8. Any bars installed on the windows or the doors of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be installed only on the interior of the building.
- 9. Security personnel must be licensed by the State of California Bureau of Security and Investigative Services.
- 10. A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall have the capability to remain secure during a power outage and all access doors shall not be solely controlled by an electronic access panel to ensure locks are not released during a power outage.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 16

General - N. Security - Part 2 (cont.)

- 11. A Commercial Cannabis Activity shall cooperate with the County and, upon reasonable notice to the Commercial Cannabis Activity, allow the County to inspect or audit the effectiveness of the security plan for the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- 12. The permittee for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall notify the Riverside County Sheriff's Department immediately after discovering any of the following:
- a. Significant discrepancies identified during inventory.
- b. Diversion, theft, loss, or any criminal activity involving the Commercial Cannabis Activity or any agent or employee of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- c. The loss or unauthorized alteration of records related to Cannabis, registering qualifying patients, primary caregivers, or employees or agents of the Commercial Cannabis Activity.
- d. Any other breach of security.
- 13. Firearms shall not be permitted at a Commercial Cannabis Activity by an owner, manager, employee, volunteer or vendor other than those individuals authorized as a State Licensed Security Personnel.
- 14. Cannabis or Cannabis Products shall not be stored outside at any time.

Planning. 17 General - O. Permit and License Posting

The permittee shall post or cause to be posted at the Commercial Cannabis Activity all required County and State permits and licenses to operate. Such posting shall be in a central location, visible to the patrons, and in all vehicles that deliver or transport Cannabis.

Planning. 18 General - P. Signage

Signage for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall comply with the following:

- 1. In addition to the requirements set forth in this section and California Business and Professions Code section 26152 as may be amended, business identification signage for a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall comply with Section 19.4 of this ordinance.
- 2. No Commercial Cannabis Activity shall advertise by having a person or device holding a sign or an air dancer sign advertising the activity to passersby, whether such person, device or air dancer is on the lot of the Commercial Cannabis Activity or elsewhere including, but not limited to, the public right-of-way.
- 3. No Commercial Cannabis Activity shall publish or distribute advertising or marketing that is attractive to children.
- 4. No Commercial Cannabis shall advertise or market Cannabis or Cannabis Products on motor vehicles.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 18

General - P. Signage (cont.)

- 5. Except for advertising signs inside a licensed Premises and provided that such advertising signs do not advertise or market Cannabis or Cannabis Products in a manner intended to encourage persons under 21 years of age to consume Cannabis or Cannabis Products, no Commercial Cannabis Activity shall advertise or market Cannabis or Cannabis Products on an advertising sign within 1,000 feet of a Child Day Care Center, a K-12 school, a public park or a Youth Center.
- 6. No signs placed on the lot of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall obstruct any entrance or exit to the building or any window.
- 7. Each entrance to a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall be visibly posted with a clear and legible notice indicating that smoking, ingesting, or otherwise consuming Cannabis on the lot of the Commercial Cannabis Activity is prohibited.
- 8. Signage shall not be directly illuminated, internally or externally.
- 9. No banners, flags, billboards, or other prohibited signs may be used at any time.

Planning. 19 General - Q. Records

- 1. Each owner and permittee of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall maintain clear and adequate records and documentation demonstrating that all Cannabis or Cannabis Products have been obtained from and are provided to other permitted and licensed Cannabis operations. The County shall have the right to examine, monitor, and audit such records and documentation, which shall be made available to the County upon written request.
- 2. Each owner and permittee of a Commercial Cannabis Activity shall maintain a current register of the names and contact information, including name, address, and telephone number, of anyone owning or holding an ownership interest in the Commercial Cannabis Activity, and of all the officers, managers, employees, agents and volunteers currently employed or otherwise engaged by the Commercial Cannabis Activity. The County shall have the right to examine, monitor, and audit such records and documentation, which shall be made available to the County upon request.
- 3. All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall maintain an inventory control and reporting system that accurately documents the present location, amounts, and descriptions of all Cannabis and Cannabis Products for all stages of the growing and production or manufacturing, laboratory testing and distribution processes until purchase by or distribution to a qualified patient, primary caregiver for medical purpose or an adult 21 years of age or older who qualifies to purchase adult-use Cannabis.

Planning. 20 General - R. Water

All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall obtain a 'Will Serve' letter from the applicable water purveyor, indicating agreement to supply water for the Commercial Cannabis Activity. The letter shall include the activity proposed and any improvements required for service. For Commercial Cannabis Activities where water service is not available, conditions from the Department of Environmental Health for a permitted

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 20 General - R. Water (cont.)

onsite, in-ground well will be required for the conditional use permit. Irrigation and domestic water supplies shall not include water transported by vehicle from off-site sources.

Planning. 21 General - S. Waste Water

All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall obtain a 'Will Serve' letter from the applicable sanitary sewer purveyor, indicating agreement to supply sewer for the Commercial Cannabis Activity. The letter shall include the activity proposed and any improvements required for service. For Commercial Cannabis Activities where sewer service is not available, conditions from the Department of Environmental Health will be required for the conditional use permit. Where sanitary sewer is not available, the applicant shall obtain clearance from the appropriate regional water quality control board.

Planning. 22 General - T. Parking

Parking shall be provided in accordance with Section 18.12 of this ordinance.

Planning. 23 General - U. Visibility

In no case shall Live Cannabis Plants be visible from a public or private road, sidewalk, park or common public viewing area.

Planning. 24 General - V. Hazardous Materials

All Commercial Cannabis Activities that utilize hazardous materials shall comply with applicable hazardous waste generator, Riverside County Ordinance No. 615, and hazardous materials handling, Riverside County Ordinance No. 651, requirements and maintain any applicable permits for these programs from the Riverside County Fire Department, the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources and the Agricultural Commissioner.

Planning. 25 General - W. Compliance with Local and State Laws and Regulations

- 1. All Commercial Cannabis Activities shall comply with all applicable local and State laws, ordinances and regulations related to, but not limited to, the following: the California Environmental Quality Act, California Building Code, California Fire Code, Riverside County Ordinance No. 787, Riverside County Ordinance No. 457, Riverside County Ordinance No. 657, Riverside County Ordinance No. 745, Airport Land Use Compatibility Plans, weights and measures regulations, track and trace requirements, pesticide use, water quality, storm water discharge and the grading of land.
- 2. All buildings and structures, including greenhouse, hoop structures, or other similar structures shall comply with all applicable Building, Fire, and Safety laws and regulations. All buildings and structures shall be reviewed by the Riverside County Building and Safety Department in accordance with the California Building Code and Riverside County Ordinance No. 457 and by the Riverside County Fire Department in accordance with Riverside County Ordinance No. 787 and the California Fire Code.

Planning. 26 General - X. Material Alterations to Premises

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning

Planning. 26 General - X. Material Alterations to Premises (cont.)

No physical change, alteration, or modification shall be made to a Premises without first obtaining the appropriate approvals from the County, including but not limited a substantial conformance or revised permit and all other necessary permits. Alterations or modifications requiring approval include, without limitation: (i) the removal, creation, or relocation of a common entryway, doorway, passage, or a means of public entry or exit, when such common entryway, doorway, or passage alters or changes limited-access areas within the Premises; (ii) the removal, creation, addition, or relocation of a Cultivation Area; (iii) or the addition or alteration of a water supply. The requirement of this Section is in addition to compliance with any other applicable State or local law or regulation pertaining to approval of building modifications, zoning, and land use requirements. In the event that the proposed modification requires a new or modified conditional use permit such permit must be obtained prior to issuance of building permits.

Planning. 27 General - Y. Multiple Commercial Cannabis Activities

Multiple Commercial Cannabis Activities may be allowed on the same lot provided the proposed activities are allowed in the zone classification and meet all requirements in this Article and State Law.

Planning-All

Planning-All. 1 Cannabis Retail Operations - 1

Entrances into the retail location of the Cannabis Retailer shall be separate from the reception area and locked at all times with entry strictly controlled. An electronic or mechanical entry system shall be utilized to limit access and entry to the retail location.

Planning-All. 2 Cannabis Retail Operations - 10

Cannabis Retailers shall not distribute any Cannabis or Cannabis Product unless such products are labeled and in a tamper-evident package in compliance with the California Business and Professions Code and any additional rules promulgated by a licensing authority.

Planning-All. 3 Cannabis Retail Operations - 11

Cannabis Retailers shall not provide free samples of any type, including Cannabis Products, to any person and shall not allow any person to provide free samples on the Cannabis Retailer's lot.

Planning-All. 4 Cannabis Retail Operations - 12

Deliveries shall be conducted in accordance with California Business and Professions Code Section 26090 or as may be amended and all state regulations pertaining to delivery of Cannabis Products.

Planning-All. 5 Cannabis Retail Operations - 13

Cannabis or Cannabis Products shall not be sold or delivered by any means or method to any person within a motor vehicle.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-All

Planning-All. 6

Cannabis Retail Operations - 14 (cont.)

Planning-All. 6

Cannabis Retail Operations - 14

Cannabis Retailers shall not include a drive-in, drive-through or walk up window where retail sales of Cannabis or Cannabis Products are sold to persons or persons within or about a motor vehicle.

Planning-All. 7

Cannabis Retail Operations - 2

Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Medical Cannabis, requiring an M-License from the State. Cannabis Retailers selling only Medical Cannabis shall verify consumers who enter the Premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation.

Planning-All. 8

Cannabis Retail Operations - 3

Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of Adult Use Cannabis, requiring an A-license from the State. Cannabis Retailers selling only Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the Premises are at least 21 years of age.

Planning-All. 9

Cannabis Retail Operations - 4

A Cannabis Retailers may include the sale of both Medical and Adult use Cannabis requiring both an A-License and an M-License from the State. All Cannabis Retailers selling both Medical and Adult Use Cannabis shall verify that consumers who enter the premises are at least 18 years of age and that they hold a valid Physician's Recommendation or are at least 21 years of age.

Planning-All. 10

Cannabis Retail Operations - 5

Display areas shall include the smallest amount of Cannabis and Cannabis Products reasonably anticipated to meet sales during operating hours.

Planning-All. 11

Cannabis Retail Operations - 6

Cannabis and Cannabis Products not in the display area shall be maintained in a locked secure area.

Planning-All. 12

Cannabis Retail Operations - 7

Not more than 10% of the Cannabis Retailer floor area, up to a maximum of 50 square feet, shall be used for the sale of incidental goods such as, but not limited to, clothing, posters, or non-cannabis goods.

Planning-All. 13

Cannabis Retail Operations - 8

Restroom facilities shall be locked and under the control of the Cannabis Retailer.

Planning-All. 14

Cannabis Retail Operations - 9

Cannabis Retailers shall ensure that all Cannabis and Cannabis Products held for sale by the Cannabis

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Planning-All

Planning-All. 14

Cannabis Retail Operations - 9 (cont.)

Retailer are cultivated, manufactured, transported, distributed, and tested by California licensed and permitted facilities that are in full conformance with State and local laws and regulations.

Planning-GEO

Planning-GEO. 1

GEO200021 Accepted

County Geologic Report GEO No. 200021, submitted for the project CUP190019, was prepared by GeoSoils, Inc. (GSI), and is titled; "Update Seismic and Preliminary Foundation Design Recommendations, Proposed Fausto's Bail Bonds Office Building, CUP190019 (APN 963-030-005), 30175 Auld Road, Murrieta Area, Riverside County, California," dated March 25, 2020. In addition, GSI has also submitted the following reports:

"Update Seismic and Preliminary Foundation Design Recommendations, Proposed Fausto's Bail Bonds Office Building, Plot Plan No. 26047 (APN 963-030-005), 30175 Auld Road, Murrieta Area, Riverside County, California, W.O. 7720-A-SC", dated May 7, 2018

"Preliminary Geotechnical Evaluation and Infiltration Testing, Proposed Office Building, APN 963-030-005, French Valley Area, Riverside County, California", dated April 22, 2008. (County Geologic Report No. 2508).

GEO200021 concluded:

- 1. Based on our review, it is our opinion that the subject site appears suitable for the proposed commercial development, provided the recommendations contained herein, and within the referenced reports by GSI (2020, 2018, and 2008) are properly implemented.
- 2. It is our understanding that the proposed commercial structure will now utilize a typical footings with slab-on-grade construction or a post-tension/mat foundation system, instead of a modular office building.
- 3. The foundation systems should be designed and constructed in accordance with guidelines presented in the 2019 CBC.
- 4. It is anticipated that the expansive qualities of onsite soils will generally be low to medium (E.I. 21 to 90)

GEO200021 recommended:

- 1. For preliminary planning purposes, removal depths are estimated to generally range from \pm 2 to \pm 4 feet across the site, with localized deeper removals possible, if not removed by planned cuts.
- 2. Actual depths of removals will be evaluated in the field during grading by the geotechnical consultant.
- 3. Removals should extend at least 5 feet laterally beyond the footing limits where possible.
- 4. Static settlement is calculated to be less than approximately 1.00 inch, and static differential settlement can be expected to be about 0.50 inches over a horizontal distance of approximately 30 feet. GEO No. 200021 satisfies the requirement for an update geologic/geotechnical study for Planning/CEQA purposes. GEO No. 200021 is hereby accepted for planning purposes. Engineering and other Building Code parameters were not included as a part of this review or approval. This approval is not intended and should not be misconstrued as approval for grading permit. Engineering and other building code parameters should be reviewed and additional comments and/or conditions may be imposed by the County upon application for grading and/or building permits.

Transportation

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Transportation

Transportation. 1

RCTD - General (cont.)

Transportation. 1

RCTD - General

- 1. With respect to the conditions of approval for the referenced tentative exhibit, the landowner shall provide all street improvements, street improvement plans and/or road dedications set forth herein in accordance with Riverside County Road Improvement Standards (Ordinance 461). It is understood that the exhibit correctly shows acceptable centerline elevations, all existing easements, traveled ways, and drainage courses with appropriate Q's, and that their omission or unacceptability may require the exhibit to be resubmitted for further consideration. This ordinance and all conditions of approval are essential parts and a requirement occurring in ONE is as binding as though occurring in all. All questions regarding the true meaning of the conditions shall be referred to the Transportation Department.
- 2. The Project shall submit a preliminary soils and pavement investigation report addressing the construction requirements within the road right-of-way.
- 3. A signing and striping plan is required for this project. The Project shall be responsible for any additional paving and/or striping removal caused by the striping plan or as approved by the Director of Transportation.
- 4. Alterations to natural drainage patterns shall require protecting downstream properties by means approved by the Transportation Department.
- 5. If the Transportation Department allows the use of streets for drainage purposes, the 10-year discharge shall be contained in the top of curb or asphalt concrete dikes, and the 100-year discharge shall be contained in the street right-of-way.
- 6. The Project shall install street name sign(s) in accordance with County Standard No. 816 and as directed by the Transportation Department.
- 7. Ramps shall be constructed at 4-way intersections per Standard No. 403, sheets 1 through 7 of Ordinance 461.
- 8. All centerline intersections shall be at 90 degrees, plus or minus 5 degrees.
- 9. All corner cutbacks shall be applied per Standard 805, Ordinance 461.
- 10. The Project shall obtain approval of street improvement plans from the Transportation Department.

Improvement plans shall be based upon a design profile extending a minimum of 300 feet beyond the project limits.

11. Additional information, standards, ordinances, policies, and design guidelines can be obtained from the Transportation Department Web site: http://rctlma.org/trans/. If you have questions, please call the Plan Check Section at (951) 955-6527.

ADVISORY NOTIFICATION DOCUMENT

Waste Resources

Waste Resources. 1 Waste - General

Hazardous materials are not accepted at Riverside County landfills. In compliance with federal, state, and local regulations and ordinances, any hazardous waste generated in association with the project shall be disposed of at a permitted Hazardous Waste disposal facility. Hazardous waste materials include, but are not limited to, paint, batteries, oil, asbestos, and solvents. For further information regarding the determination, transport, and disposal of hazardous waste, please contact the Riverside County Department of Environmental Health, Environmental Protection and Oversight Division.

AB 341 focuses on increased commercial waste recycling as a method to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The regulation requires businesses and organizations that generate four or more cubic yards of waste per week and multifamily units of 5 or more, to recycle. A business shall take at least one of the following actions in order to reuse, recycle, compost, or otherwise divert commercial solid waste from disposal:

- Source separate recyclable and/or compostable material from solid waste and donate or self-haul the material to recycling facilities.
- Subscribe to a recycling service with their waste hauler.
- Provide recycling service to their tenants (if commercial or multi-family complex).
- Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of California Code of Regulations Title 14. For more information, please visit:

www.rivcowm.org/opencms/recycling/recycling_and_compost_business.html#mandatory
The use of mulch and/or compost in the development and maintenance of landscaped areas within the project boundaries is recommended. Recycle green waste through either onsite composting of grass, i.e., leaving the grass clippings on the lawn, or sending separated green waste to a composting facility.
Consider xeriscaping and using drought tolerant/low maintenance vegetation in all landscaped areas of the project.

AB 1826 requires businesses and multifamily complexes to arrange for organic waste recycling services. Those subject to AB 1826 shall take at least one of the following actions in order to divert organic waste from disposal:

- -Source separate organic material from all other recyclables and donate or self-haul to a permitted organic waste processing facility.
- -Enter into a contract or work agreement with gardening or landscaping service provider or refuse hauler to ensure the waste generated from those services meet the requirements of AB 1826.

Page 1

Plan: CUP190019 Parcel: 963030005

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning

060 - Planning. 1 Fee Balance

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of grading permits, the Planning Department shall determine if the deposit based fees for CUP190019 are in a negative balance. If so, any outstanding fees shall be paid by the applicant/developer.

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 1

0060-EPD-30-Day Burrowing Owl Preconstruction Survey

Not Satisfied

Pursuant to Objectives 6 & 7 of the Species Account for the Burrowing Owl included in the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP), within 30 days prior to the issuance of a grading permit, a pre-construction presence/absence survey for the burrowing owl shall be conducted by a qualified biologist who holds a Memorandum of Understanding with the County. The survey results shall be provided in writing to the Environmental Programs Division (EPD) of the Planning Department. If the grading permit is not obtained within 30 days of the survey, a new survey shall be required.

If it is determined that the project site is occupied by the Burrowing Owl, take of "active" nests shall be avoided pursuant to the MSHCP and the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Burrowing Owl relocation shall only be allowed to take place outside of the burrowing owl nesting season (nesting season is March 1 through August 31) and is required to be performed by a qualified biologist familiar with relocation methods. The County Environmental Programs Department shall be consulted to determine appropriate type of relocation (active or passive) and potential translocation sites. Burrowing Owl Protection and Relocation Plans and Biological Monitoring Plans are required to be reviewed and approved by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.

060 - Planning-EPD. 2 0060-EPD-Nesting Bird Survey (MBTA)

Not Satisfied

Birds and their nests are protected by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) Codes. Since the project supports suitable nesting bird habitat, removal of vegetation or any other potential nesting bird habitat disturbances shall be conducted outside of the avian nesting season. Nesting bird season is February 15st through August 31st. If habitat or structures that support nesting birds must be cleared during the nesting season, a preconstruction nesting bird survey shall be conducted.

The preconstruction nesting bird survey must be conducted by a biologist who holds a current MOU with the County of Riverside. If nesting activity is observed, appropriate avoidance measures shall be adopted to avoid any potential impacts to nesting birds. The nesting bird survey must be completed no more than 3 days prior to any ground disturbance. If ground disturbance does not begin within 3 days of the survey date a second survey must be conducted. Prior to the issuance of a grading permit the project proponent must provide written proof to the Riverside County Planning Department, Environmental Programs Division (EPD) that a biologist who holds an MOU with the County of Riverside has been retained to carry out the required survey. Documentation submitted to prove compliance prior to grading permit issuance must at a minimum include the name and contact information for the Consulting Biologist and a signed statement from the Consulting Biologist confirming that they have been contracted by the applicant to conduct a Preconstruction Nesting Bird Survey. In some cases EPD may also require a Monitoring and Avoidance Plan prior to the issuance of a grading permit.

Prior to finalization of a grading permit or prior to issuance of any building permits the projects consulting biologist shall prepare and submit a report to Environmental Programs Division (EPD)

Page 2

Plan: CUP190019 Parcel: 963030005

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-EPD

060 - Planning-EPD. 2 0060-EPD-Nesting Bird Survey (MBTA) (cont.) documenting the results of the pre-construction nesting bird survey.

Not Satisfied

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP

Not Satisfied

This site is mapped in the County's General Plan as having a High potential for paleontological resources (fossils). Proposed project site grading/earthmoving activities could potentially impact this resource. HENCE:

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF GRADING PERMITS:

- 1. The applicant shall retain a qualified paleontologist approved by the County to create and implement a project-specific plan for monitoring site grading/earthmoving activities (project paleontologist).
- 2. The project paleontologist retained shall review the approved development plan and grading plan and conduct any pre-construction work necessary to render appropriate monitoring and mitigation requirements as appropriate. These requirements shall be documented by the project paleontologist in a Paleontological Resource Impact Mitigation Program (PRIMP). This PRIMP shall be submitted to the County Geologist for approval prior to issuance of a Grading Permit. Information to be contained in the PRIMP, at a minimum and in addition to other industry standards and Society of Vertebrate Paleontology standards, are as follows:
- 1. A corresponding County Grading Permit (BGR) Number must be included in the title of the report. PRIMP reports submitted without a BGR number in the title will not be reviewed.
- 2. Description of the proposed site and planned grading operations.
- 3. Description of the level of monitoring required for all earth-moving activities in the project area.
- 4. Identification and qualifications of the qualified paleontological monitor to be employed for grading operations monitoring.
- 5. Identification of personnel with authority and responsibility to temporarily halt or divert grading equipment to allow for recovery of large specimens.
- 6. Direction for any fossil discoveries to be immediately reported to the property owner who in turn will immediately notify the County Geologist of the discovery.
- 7. Means and methods to be employed by the paleontological monitor to quickly salvage fossils as they are unearthed to avoid construction delays.
- 8. Sampling of sediments that are likely to contain the remains of small fossil invertebrates and vertebrates.
- 9. Procedures and protocol for collecting and processing of samples and specimens.
- 10. Fossil identification and curation procedures to be employed.
- 11. Identification of the permanent repository to receive any recovered fossil material. *Pursuant the County "SABER Policy", paleontological fossils found in the County should, by preference, be directed to the Western Science Center in the City of Hemet. A written agreement between the property owner/developer and the repository must be in place prior to site grading.
- 12. All pertinent exhibits, maps and references.
- 13. Procedures for reporting of findings.
- 14. Identification and acknowledgement of the developer for the content of the PRIMP as well as acceptance of financial responsibility for monitoring, reporting and curation fees. The property owner and/or applicant on whose land the paleontological fossils are discovered shall provide appropriate funding for monitoring, reporting, delivery and curating the fossils at the institution where the fossils will be placed, and will provide confirmation to the County that such funding has been paid to the institution.

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Page 3

Plan: CUP190019 Parcel: 963030005

60. Prior To Grading Permit Issuance

Planning-PAL

060 - Planning-PAL. 1 PRIMP (cont.)

Not Satisfied

15. All reports shall be signed by the project paleontologist and all other professionals responsible for the report's content (eg. PG), as appropriate. One original signed copy of the report(s) shall be submitted to the County Geologist along with a copy of this condition and the grading plan for appropriate case processing and tracking. These documents should not be submitted to the project Planner, Plan Check staff, Land Use Counter or any other County office. In addition, the applicant shall submit proof of hiring (i.e. copy of executed contract, retainer agreement, etc.) a project paleontologist for the in-grading implementation of the PRIMP.

Safeguard Artifacts Being Excavated in Riverside County (SABER)

Survey

060 - Survey. 1

RCTD - Prior to Road Construction

Not Satisfied

Prior to road construction, if survey monuments including centerline monuments, tie points, property corners and benchmarks found it shall be located and tied out and corner records filed with the County Surveyor pursuant to Section 8771 of the Business & Professions Code. Survey points destroyed during construction shall be reset, and a second corner record filed for those points prior to completion and acceptance of the improvements.

Transportation

060 - Transportation. 1

RCTD - File L&LMD Application

Not Satisfied

File an application with the Transportation Department, L&LMD Section, 8th Floor, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, CA, for required annexation.

If you have any questions or for the processing fee amount, please call the L&LMD Section at (951) 955-6748.

060 - Transportation. 2

RCTD - Submit Grading Plans

Not Satisfied

The project proponent shall submit two sets of grading plans (24" x 36") to the Transportation Department for review and approval. If road right-of-way improvements are required, the project proponent shall submit street improvement plans for review and approval, open an IP account, and pay for all associated fees in order to clear this condition. The Standard plan check turnaround time is 10 working days. Approval is required prior to issuance of a grading permit.

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Fire

080 - Fire. 1

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Business Plan Request

Prior to building permit issuance, please provide a business plan with a complete scope of work. Indicate any storage, hazardous materials or manufacturing that may be conducted on this site. In addition, please note proposed business hours, the use of any delayed egress/ingress systems (limited access passages) and if open flame devices will be on site.

080 - Fire. 2

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

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Plan: CUP190019 Parcel: 963030005

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Fire

080 - Fire. 2

Prior to permit (cont.)

Not Satisfied

1. The minimum number of fire hydrants required, as well as the location and spacing of fire hydrants, shall comply with the C.F.C. and NFPA 24. Fire hydrants shall be located no closer than 40 feet to a building. A fire hydrant shall be located within 50 feet of the fire department connection for buildings protected with a fire sprinkler system. The size and number of outlets required for the approved fire hydrants are (6" x 4" x 2 ½" x 2 ½") (CFC 507.5.1, 507.5.7, Appendix C, NFPA 24-7.2.3.)

2. Existing fire hydrants on public streets are allowed to be considered available. Existing fire hydrants on adjacent properties shall not be considered available unless fire apparatus access roads extend between properties and easements are established to prevent obstruction of such roads. (CFC 507, 501.3)

080 - Fire. 3

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

Final fire and life safety conditions will be addressed when the Office of the Fire Marshal reviews building plans. These conditions will be based on occupancy, use, California Building Code (CBC), California Fire Code (CFC), and related codes, which are in effect at the time of building plan submittal.

1. The Office of the Fire Marshal is required to set a minimum fire flow for the remodel or construction of all commercial buildings per CFC Appendix B and Table B105.1. The applicant/developer shall provide documentation to show there exists a water system capable of delivering said waterflow for 2 to 4 hour(s) duration at 20-PSI residual operating pressure. The required fire flow may be adjusted during the approval process to reflect changes in design, construction type, or automatic fire protection measures as approved by the Fire Prevention Bureau. Specific requirements for the project will be determined at time of submittal. (CFC 507.3, Appendix B)

080 - Fire. 4

Prior to permit

Not Satisfied

- 1. The Fire Department emergency vehicular access road shall be (all weather surface) capable of sustaining an imposed load of 75,000 lbs. GVW. The approved fire access road shall be in place during the time of construction. Temporary fire access roads shall be approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. (CFC 501.4)
- 2. Prior to construction, all locations where structures are to be built shall have an approved Fire Department access based on street standards approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal. (CFC 501.4)
- 3. Fire lanes and fire apparatus access roads shall have an unobstructed width of not less than twenty–four (24) as approved by the Office of the Fire Marshal and an unobstructed vertical clearance of not less the thirteen (13) feet six (6) inches. (CFC 503.2.1)

Planning

080 - Planning. 1

Fee Status

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of building permits for CUP190019, the Planning Department shall determine the status of the deposit based fees for project. If the case fees are in a negative state, the permit holder shall pay the outstanding balance.

Survey

080 - Survey. 1

RCTD - Right-of-Way Dedication

Not Satisfied

Sufficient public street right-of-way along Sky Canyon Road shall be conveyed for public use to

Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

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Plan: CUP190019 Parcel: 963030005

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Survey

080 - Survey. 1

RCTD - Right-of-Way Dedication (cont.)

Not Satisfied

provide for a 39 foot half-width dedicated right-of-way per County Standard No. 111, Ordinance 461,

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 1

80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Inspection Deposit Re
Not Satisfied

Landscape Inspection Deposit Required

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

Prior to building permit issuance, the developer/permit holder shall verify all plan check fees have been paid and deposit sufficient funds to cover the costs of the required landscape inspections associated with the approved landscape plans. The deposit required for landscape inspections shall be determined by the Transportation Department, Landscape Section. The Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition upon determination of compliance.

080 - Transportation. 2

80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Requ Not Satisfied

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

Prior to issuance of building permits, the developer/permit holder shall apply for a Plot Plan (Administrative/PPA) Landscape Permit (LSP) or Landscape Plot Plan (LPP) from TLMA Land Use along with applicable deposit (plan check and inspection are DBF fees).

Provide construction level landscape plans in PDF (all sheets compiled in 1 PDF file), along with an electronic transmittal memo in PDF (include Owner contact, Developer, if not the same as the owner, Project manager, person or persons most likely to inquire about the status of the plans, Landscape Architect, Principal or LA signing the plans, Landscape Architect, Project Manager, person responsible for making the corrections, if different from above), and a current set of grading plans in PDF, and submit all three PDF files on a CD (compact Disc) with application. The landscape plans shall be prepared in a professional manner by a California Licensed/Registered Landscape Architect and signed/stamped by such.

Drawings shall be completed on County standard Transportation Department title block, plan sheet format (24" x 36"), 1:20 scale, north arrow, limit of work lines, hardscape features, graphic scale, and street names, etc. The landscaping plans shall be in conformance with the APPROVED EXHIBITS; in compliance with Ordinance No. 348, Section 18.12; Ordinance No. 859; and, be prepared consistent with the County of Riverside Guide to California Friendly Landscaping. At minimum, plans shall include the following components:

- 1) Landscape and irrigation working drawings "stamped" by a California certified/registered landscape architect:
- 2) Weather-based controllers and necessary components to eliminate water waste:
- 3) A copy of the "stamped" approved grading plans; and,
- 4) Emphasis on native and drought tolerant species.

When applicable, plans shall include the following components:

Plan: CUP190019 Parcel: 963030005

80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 2 80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Plot Plan/Permit Regu Not Satisfied

- 1) Identification of all common/open space areas;
- 2) Natural open space areas and those regulated/conserved by the prevailing MSHCP and or ALUC;
- 3) Shading plans for projects that include parking lots/areas;
- 4) The use of canopy trees (24" box or greater) within the parking areas;
- 5) Landscaping plans for slopes exceeding 3 feet in height;
- 6) Landscaping and irrigation plans associated with entry monuments. All monument locations shall be located outside of the ROW and dimensions shall be provided on the plan; and/or,
- 7) If this is a phased development, then a copy of the approved phasing plan shall be submitted for reference.

Please reference Landscape Plan Checklists available online at RCTLMA.org.

NOTE: When the Landscaping Plot Plan is located within a special district such as LMD/CSA/CFD or Valleywide, the developer/permit holder shall submit plans for review to the appropriate special district for simultaneous review. The permit holder shall show evidence to the Transportation Department, Landscape Section that the subject district has approved said plans. Water Districts such as CVWD, TVWD, and EMWD may be required to approve plans prior to County approval.

Upon verification of compliance with this condition and the APPROVED EXHIBITS, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

080 - Transportation. 3 80 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Project Specific Requirements Not Satisfied

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

In addition to the requirements of the Landscape and Irrigation Plan submittal, the following project specific conditions shall be imposed:

- Project shall comply with the latest version of Ord. 859 ETo of .45, for commercial applications,
 .50 ETo for residential, or .70 ETo for recycled water uses. Project shall comply with the latest State Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance. Project shall comply with the local servicing water purveyor/district/company landscape requirements including those related to recycled water.
- Project proponent shall design overhead irrigation with a minimum 24" offset from non-permeable surfaces, even if that surface drains into a permeable area.
- Landscaping plans shall incorporate the use of specimen (24" box or greater) canopy trees. All trees and shrubs shall be drawn to reflect the average specimen size at 15 years of age. All trees shall be double or triple staked and secured with non-wire ties.
- Project shall prepare water use calculations as outlined in Ord 859.3.
- Trees shall be hydrozoned separately.
- Irrigation shall be designed using hydrozones by plant water type, irrigation type, and flat/sloped areas.
- The developer/ permit holder/landowner shall use the County of Riverside's California Friendly Plant List when making plant selections. Use of plant material with a "low" or "very low" water use designation is strongly encouraged.
- All plant materials within landscaped areas shall be maintained in a viable growth condition throughout the useful plant life, and replaced with an equal or lessor water use plant.
- Project shall use County standard details for which the application is available in County Standard

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

- 080 Transportation. 3 80 TRANSPORTATION Landscape Project Specific Require Not Satisfied Detail Format.
 - Monuments, boulders, and fan palms shall be located outside the County Maintained Road Right-of-Way (ROW).
 - Restricted plant species noted in MSHCP documents shall not be used if MSHCP areas are adjacent to the project.
 - Plant species shall meet ALUC requirements, if applicable.
 - Hydroseeding is not permitted in stormwater BMP slope areas, container stock will be required on slopes. Trees must be located to avoid drainage swales and drain, utility, leach, etc. lines and structures
 - Landscape and irrigation plans must meet erosion control requirements of Ordinance 457.
 - Project shall use 50% point source irrigation type regardless of meeting the water budget with alternative irrigation methods, except as needed within stormwater BMP areas as noted in an approved WQMP document. Point source is defined as one emitter (or two) located at each plant. In-line emitter tubing is not defined as point source for the purpose of this requirement.

080 - Transportation. 4 RCTD - Annexation into L&LMD or Other District

Not Satisfied

Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the project proponent shall comply with County requirements within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461. Assurance of maintenance is required by filing an application for annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated by contacting the Transportation Department at (951) 955-6767, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division. Said annexation should include the following:

- Landscaping.
- 2. Streetlights.
- 3. Street sweeping.

For street lighting, the project proponent shall contact the Transportation Department L&LMD 89-1-C Administrator and submit the following:

- Completed Transportation Department application.
- 2. Appropriate fees for annexation.
- 3. Two (2) sets of street lighting plans approved by Transportation Department.
- 4. Streetlight Authorization form from SCE or other electric provider.

080 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - Landscaping Design Plans

Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards, Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department.

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Transportation

080 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - Landscaping Design Plans (cont.) Not Satisfied Landscaping plans shall be designed and submitted to the Transportation Department. Plans shall be submitted on standard County format (24" x 36"). Landscaping plans shall be with the street improvement plans.

080 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - Lighting Plan

Not Satisfied

A separate street and/or bridge light plan shall be approved by the Transportation Department. Street and/or bridge lighting shall be designed in accordance with County Ordinance 460 and Streetlight Specification Chart found in Specification Section 22 of Ordinance 461. For projects within SCE boundaries use County of Riverside Ordinance 461, Standard No. 1000 or No. 1001.

080 - Transportation. 7 RCTD - Utility Plan

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be designed to be placed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. The applicant is responsible for coordinating the work with the serving utility company. This also applies to existing overhead lines which are 33.6 kilovolts or below along the project frontage and between the nearest poles offsite in each direction of the project site. A disposition note describing the above shall be reflected on design improvement plans whenever those plans are required. A written proof for initiating the design and/or application of the relocation issued by the utility company shall be submitted to the Transportation Department for verification purposes.

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall submit one electronic (1) copy of a Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for review and approval to WastePlanning@rivco.org. The plot plan shall conform to Design Guidelines for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas, provided by the Department of Waste Resources, and shall show the location of and access to the collection area for recyclable materials, shall demonstrate space allocation for trash and recyclable materials and have the adequate signage indicating the location of each bin in the trash enclosure. The project applicant is advised that clearance of the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan only satisfies the Waste Resources' conditions for Recyclables Collection and Loading Areas space allocation and other Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Guideline items. Detailed drawings of the Trash Enclosure and its particular construction details, e.g., building materials, location, construction methods etc., should be included as part of the Project plan submittal to the Riverside County Department of Building and Safety.

080 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste Recycling Plan

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a building permit, a Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be submitted to the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources for approval. At a minimum, the WRP must identify the materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, wood, etc.) that will be generated by construction and development, the projected amounts, the measures/methods that will be taken to recycle, reuse, and/or reduce the amount of materials, the facilities and/or haulers that will be utilized, and the targeted recycling or reduction rate. During project construction, the project site shall have, at a minimum, two (2) bins: one for waste disposal and the other for the recycling of Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials. Additional bins are encouraged to be used for further source separation

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80. Prior To Building Permit Issuance

Waste Resources

080 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste Recycling Plan (cont.) Not Satisfied of C&D recyclable materials. Accurate record keeping (receipts) for recycling of C&D recyclable materials and solid waste disposal must be kept. Arrangements can be made through the franchise hauler.

90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Fire

090 - Fire. 1

Prior to final

Not Satisfied

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Building Final, a "Knox Box Rapid Entry System" shall be provided. The Knox-Box shall be installed in an accessible location approved by the Fire Code Official. All exterior security emergency access gates shall be electronically operated and be provided with Knox key switches and remote actuating devices, for access by emergency personnel. (CFC 506.1)

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 1

90 - TRANSPORTATION - Landscape Inspection and Drough

Landscape Inspection and Drought Compliance

This condition applies to both onsite and offsite (ROW) landscaping:

The developer/ permit holder shall:

The developer/permit holder shall coordinate with their designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector to ensure all landscape planting and irrigation systems have been installed in accordance with APPROVED EXHIBITS, landscaping, irrigation, and shading plans. The Transportation Department will ensure that all landscaping is healthy, free of weeds, disease and pests; and, irrigation systems are properly constructed and determined to be in good working order. The developer/permit holder's designated landscape representative and the Transportation Department landscape inspector shall determine compliance with this condition and execute a Landscape Certificate of Completion. All landscape inspection deposits and plan check fees shall be paid.

Upon determination of compliance, the Transportation Department, Landscape Section shall clear this condition.

090 - Transportation. 2

RCTD - Complete Annexation into L&LMD or Other District

Not Satisfied

Prior to issuance of an occupancy permit, the project proponent shall complete annexation to Landscaping and Lighting Maintenance District No. 89-1-Consolidated, and/or any other maintenance district approved by the Transportation Department or by processing and filing a 'Landscape Maintenance Agreement' through the Transportation Department Plan Check Division for continuous maintenance within public road rights-of-way, in accordance with Ordinance 461, Comprehensive Landscaping Guidelines & Standards, and Ordinance 859.

A Streetlight Authorization form from SCE, or other electric provider required in order to complete the annexation process.

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 3 **RCTD** - Existing Maintained Not Satisfied

Auld Road along project boundary is a paved County maintained road designated SECONDARY HIGHWAY and the shall be improved with 6 inch concrete curb and gutter located 32 feet from centerline to curb line and must match up with asphalt concrete paving, reconstruction, or resurfacing of existing paving as determined by the Transportation Department within the 44 foot half width dedicated right of way in accordance with County Standard No. 94. (32'/44') (Modified for reduced right of way from 50 feet to 44 feet.)

NOTES:

- 1. A 6 foot sidewalk shall be constructed adjacent to the curb-line within the 12 foot parkway.
- 2. Driveway shall be constructed in accordance with Standard No. 207A, Ordinance 461.
- 3. Driveway shall be right in and right out only and raised curbed median (at the centerline of Auld Road) or pork-chop shall be constructed to restrict the left out and left in traffic movements as directed by the Director of Transportation. If a pork-chop design is utilized it shall be submitted to the Fire Department for review and approval.
- 4. A transition AC pavement tapering lane shall be improved along the east project boundary on Auld Road as directed by the Director of Transportation.
- 090 Transportation, 4 RCTD - Landscaping Installation Completion

Not Satisfied

Landscaping within public road right-of-way shall comply with Transportation Department standards and Ordinance 461 and shall require approval by the Transportation Department, Landscaping shall be improved within Auld Road and Sky Canyon Drive.

090 - Transportation. 5 RCTD - Part-width Improvement Not Satisfied

Sky Canyon Road along project boundary is a paved County maintained road designated INDUSTRIAL COLLECTOR STREET, and said road shall be improved with 6 inch concrete curb and gutter (project side), 46 feet part width AC pavement (28 feet on the project side and 18 feet on opposite side of the centerline), and must match up with asphalt concrete paving, reconstruction, or resurfacing of existing paving as determined by the Director of Transportation within the 60 foot part width dedicated right of way at a minimum (39 feet on the project side and 21 feet on the other side of the centerline) in accordance with County Standard No. 111, Ordinance 461.

NOTES:

- 1. A 6 foot concrete sidewalk (project side) shall be constructed adjacent to the right of way line within the 11 foot parkway.
- 2. The driveway shall be constructed in accordance with County Standard No. 207A, Ordinance 461.
- 3. A transition AC pavement tapering lane shall be improved along the south project boundary on Sky Canyon Road per 40 m/h design speed limit.

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Transportation

090 - Transportation. 6 RCTD - Payment of Transportation Fees (cont.) Not Satisfied Prior to the time of issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or upon final inspection, whichever occurs first, the Project shall pay fees in accordance with the fee schedule in effect at the time of payment:

- 1. Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees (TUMF) in accordance with Ordinance No. 824.
- 2. All Fees for Zone "D" of the Southwest Road and Bridge Benefit District for a project gross acreage of 4.17 acres.
- 090 Transportation. 7 RCTD Streetlights Install

Not Satisfied

Install streetlights along the streets associated with development in accordance with the approved street lighting plan and standards of County Ordinances 461.

Streetlight annexation into L&LMD or similar mechanism as approved by the Transportation Department shall be completed.

It shall be the responsibility of the developer to ensure that streetlights are energized along the streets associated with this development where the developer is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

090 - Transportation. 8 RCTD - Utility Install

Not Satisfied

Electrical power, telephone, communication, street lighting, and cable television lines shall be installed underground in accordance with Ordinance 460 and 461, or as approved by the Transportation Department. This also applies to all overhead lines below 34 kilovolts along the project frontage and all offsite overhead lines in each direction of the project site to the nearest offsite pole. A certificate should be obtained from the pertinent utility company and submitted to the Department of Transportation as proof of completion for clearance.

In addition, the Project shall ensure that streetlights are energized and operational along the streets where the Project is seeking Building Final Inspection (Occupancy).

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 1 Waste - Commercial and Organics Recycling (Form D)

Not Satisfied

Prior to final inspection, the applicant shall complete a Mandatory Commercial Recycling and Organics Recycling Compliance form (Form D). Form D requires applicants to identify programs or plans that address commercial and organics recycling, in compliance with State legislation/regulation. Once completed, Form D shall be submitted to the Recycling Section of the Department of Waste Resources for approval. To obtain Form D, please contact the Recycling Section at 951-486-3200, or email to: Waste-CompostingRecycling@rivco.org.

090 - Waste Resources. 2 Waste - Recyclables Collection and Loading Area Inspection Not Satisfied

Prior to final building inspection, the applicant shall construct the recyclables collection and loading area in compliance with the Recyclables Collection and Loading Area plot plan, as approved and verified through inspection by the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources.

090 - Waste Resources. 3 Waste Reporting Form and Receipts

Not Satisfied

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Riverside County PLUS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

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90. Prior to Building Final Inspection

Waste Resources

090 - Waste Resources. 3 Waste Reporting Form and Receipts (cont.) Not Satisfied Prior to final building inspection, evidence (i.e., waste reporting form along with receipts or other types of verification) to demonstrate project compliance with the approved Waste Recycling Plan (WRP) shall be presented by the project proponent to the Planning Division of the Riverside County Department of Waste Resources. Receipts must clearly identify the amount of waste disposed and Construction and Demolition (C&D) materials recycled.



RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

DEVELOPMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE ("DAC") **INITIAL CASE TRANSMITTAL** RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT - RIVERSIDE PO Box 1409 Riverside, 92502-1409

DATE: September 16, 2019

TO:

Riv. Co. Transportation Dept. Riv. Co. Environmental Health Dept.

Riv. Co. Public Health Dept. Riv. Co. Fire Department (Riv. Office)

Riv. Co. Building & Safety - Plan Check

Riv. Co. Trans. Dept. - Landscape Section

Riv. Co. Sheriff's Dept.

Riv. Co. Waste Resources Management Dept.

Riv. Co. Airport Land Use Commission

Board of Supervisors - Supervisor: Washington

City of Murrieta Sphere of Influence City of Temecula Sphere of Influence Western Municipal Water District (WMWD) Southern California Edison Co. (SCE)

Southern California Gas Co.

DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT NO. 1900012, CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190019 - CEQ190092 - Applicant: Michael Simonian - Third Supervisorial District - Rancho California Area - Southwest Area Plan: Commercial Retail: (CR) (0.20 – 0.35 FAR) – Location: North of Sparkman Way, east of Winchester, south of Auld Road, and west of Sky Canyon - 0.71 Acres - Zoning: Specific Plan (SP) - REQUEST: Development Agreement No 1900012, would impose a lifespan on the proposed cannabis project and provide community benefit to the Southwest Area. Conditional Use Permit No. 190019 proposes to occupy suite B (approximatly 1,541 sqft) of previously approved new office building under PP26047, to be used as a storefront for a retail cannabis business - APN: 963-030-005 - BBID: 670-423-087

DAC staff members and other listed Riverside County Agencies. Departments and Districts staff: A Bluebeam invitation has been emailed to appropriate staff members so they can view and markup the map(s) and/or exhibit(s) for the above-described project. Please have your markups completed and draft conditions in the Public Land Use System (PLUS) on or before the indicated DAC date. If it is determined that the attached map(s) and/or exhibit(s) are not acceptable, please have corrections in the system and DENY the PLUS routing on or before the above date. This case is scheduled for a DAC meeting on September 26, 2019. Once the route is complete, and the approval screen is approved with or without corrections, the project can be scheduled for a public hearing.

DATE:	SIGNATURE:
PLEASE PRINT NAME AND TITLE:	
TELEPHONE:	

If you do not include this transmittal in your response, please include a reference to the case number and project planner's name. Thank you.



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

planner's name. Thank you.

Any questions rega at (951) 955-6035, or	rding this project, should e-mail at mimorgan@rivco.o	be direc rg / MAILST	ted to I OP#: 107	vina Morgan, 70	Project	Planner
Public Hearing Path:	Administrative Action:	DH: 🗌	PC: 🛛	BOS: ⊠		
COMMENTS:						
DATE:		SIGNATUR	RE:			
	AND TITLE:					
TELEPHONE:						

Y:\Planning Case Files-Riverside office\CUP190019\Admin Docs\DAC Transmittal Forms\CUP190019 Initial Case Transmittal.docx

If you do not include this transmittal in your response, please include a reference to the case number and project



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

CHECK ON	E AS APP	ROPRIATE:					
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Contac	ct Person:	Michael Simo	nian		_ E-Mail:		
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Engineer/Re	presentati	ve Name: _K	WC Enginee	rs			
Contac	ot Person:	Mike Taing			_ E-Mail:	mike.taing@	kwcengineers.com
Mailing	Address:	1880 Comp	ton Avenue,				
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Daytim	e Phone N	lo: (<u>951</u>)	734-2130 x	235	Fax No:	(<u>951</u>) <u>734</u> -	9139
Property Ow	ner Name:	Fausto Atil	ano				
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"Planning Our Future... Preserving Our Past"

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT
Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the use permit type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
AUTHORITY FOR THIS APPLICATION IS HEREBY GIVEN:
I certify that I am/we are the record owner(s) or authorized agent, and that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and in accordance with Govt. Code Section 65105, acknowledge that in the performance of their functions, planning agency personnel may enter upon any land and make examinations and surveys, provided that the entries, examinations, and surveys do not interfere with the use of the land by those persons lawfully entitled to the possession thereof.
(If an authorized agent signs, the agent must submit a letter signed by the owner(s) indicating authority to sign on the owner(s)'s behalf, and if this application is submitted electronically, the "wet-signed" signatures must be submitted to the Planning Department after submittal but before the use permit is ready for public hearing.)
Fausto Atilano Hutella
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
The Planning Department will primarily direct communications regarding this application to the person identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.
identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other
identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent.
identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent. **AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER** The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the
identified above as the Applicant. The Applicant may be the property owner, representative, or other assigned agent. **AUTHORIZATION FOR CONCURRENT FEE TRANSFER** The applicant authorizes the Planning Department and TLMA to expedite the refund and billing process by transferring monies among concurrent applications to cover processing costs as necessary. Fees collected in excess of the actual cost of providing specific services will be refunded. If additional funds are needed to complete the processing of this application, the applicant will be billed, and processing of the application will cease until the outstanding balance is paid and sufficient funds are available to continue the processing of the application. The applicant understands the deposit fee process as described above, and that there will be NO refund of fees which have been expended as part of the application review or other related activities or services, even if the application is withdrawn or the application is ultimately denied.

General location (nearby or cross streets): North of Sparkman Way , South of

Auld Road , East of Winchester Road , West of Sky Canyon Drive .

Approximate Gross Acreage: __.72 acres_____

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

PRO	JECT PRO	POSAL:				
Desc	ribe the pro	nnosed nr	niect			
	abis Retail		ojoot.			
				7		
0.						
Identi	ify the appl use(s): <u>Se</u>	licable Or ection 19.	dinance 519	No. 348 Section and Subsection reference(s) de	scribing th	e proposed
Numb	per of exist	ing lots: _	_1			
	Carrana	T	EXIS	TING Buildings/Structures: Yes ☐ No ☒		
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function To b	e Removed	Bldg. Permit No.
1						
2						
4						
5			-			1166
6				The second secon		
7						
8						
9						
10		-				
Place	check in t	he applica	able row.	if building or structure is proposed to be removed	d.	
	0	Halmha	PROP	OSED Buildings/Structures: Yes 🗵 No 🗌		
No.*	Square Feet	Height	Stories	Use/Function		
1			1	Suite A - Bail Bond Office; Suite B - Cannabis F	Retail	
3	****					
4		-				
5						
6					7/38	
7						
8		ļ				
10					No. 11 de la companya	
				I		
			PROP	OSED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes No X		
No.*	Square Feet			Use/Function		
1			4000			
2						
3 4						
5				MI MANUAL		

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

<u>6</u>	
8	
9	
10	
	to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A".
C to ide	ck this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s by them.) cases filed in conjunction with this application:
	e previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes X No Covide Application No(s). CAN190048, PP26047 (e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)
	(e.g. 1 entative Parcei Map, 2one Change, etc.)
Initial	udy (EA) No. (if known)42918 EIR No. (if applicable):
Have geolo	y special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report al or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes ☑ No ☐
If yes	dicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies): GEO 02508, PDA04998, PDB06372
specia	oject located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes 💢 No 🗌
Is this	application for a development permit? Yes 🗵 No 🗌
If the Marga	roject located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa a River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.
	not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's ssessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer — then select the Watershed" sub-layer)
lf any Form.	the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist omplete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.
S	a Ana River/San Jacinto Valley
X S	a Margarita River
	ewater River
Earm 20	010 (08/03/18)

If the applicable Checklist has concluded that the application requires a preliminary project-specific Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP), such a plan shall be prepared and included with the submittal of this application.

HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SUBSTANCES STATEMENT				
The development project and any alternatives proposed in this application are contained on the lists compiled pursuant to <u>Section 65962.5</u> of the Government Code. Accordingly, the project applicant is required to submit a signed statement that contains the following information:				
Name of Applicant: Fausto Atilano				
Address:				
Phone number:				
Address of site (street name and number if available, and ZIP Code):30375 Auld Road, Murrieta, CA				
Local Agency: County of Riverside				
Assessor's Book Page, and Parcel Number: 963-030-005				
Specify any list pursuant to Section 65962.5 of the Government Code:				
Regulatory Identification number:				
Date of list:				
Applicant: Date				
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT				
Government Code Section 65850.2 requires the owner or authorized agent for any development project to disclose whether:				
1. Compliance will be needed with the applicable requirements of Section 25505 and Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95 of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code or the requirements for a permit for construction or modification from the air pollution control district or air quality management district exercising jurisdiction in the area governed by the County. Yes ☐ No ☒				
2. The proposed project will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process or will contain a source or modified source of hazardous air emissions. Yes \(\sqrt{No} \) No \(\sqrt{X} \)				
i (we) certify that my (our) answers are true and correct.				
Owner/Authorized Agent (1) Thust thick Date				
Owner/Authorized Agent (2) Date				

This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Land Use and Development Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\Land Use and Development Condensed application.docx Created: 04/29/2015 Revised: 08/03/2018



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

APPLICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

<u>APPLICATION INFORMATION</u>

Applicant Name: 🔟	lichael Simonian			
Contact Perso	n: Michael Simonian		E-Mail:	
Mailing Addres	ss: <u>c/o 30195 Auld Roa</u>	ad		
	Murrieta	Street	92563	
	City	State	ZIP	
Daytime Phone	e No: (<u>949</u>) <u>556-04</u>	89	Fax No: ()	
Engineer/Represent	ative Name: KWC En	gineers		
Contact Perso	n: Brandon Barnett	2 = 22 (-21)	E-Mail: <u>brandon.</u>	barnett@kwcengineers.com
Mailing Addres	ss: 1880 Compton Ave	enue, Suite 100 Street		·····
	Corona	CA	92881	
	City	State	ZIP	
Daytime Phone	e No: (<u>951</u>) <u>734-2</u>	130 x203	Fax No: (<u>951</u>)	734-9139
Property Owner Nar	ne: Fausto Atilano			
Contact Perso	n: Fausto Atilano		E-Mail:	
Mailing Addres	ss:30195 Auld Road	Street		
2	Murrieta	CA	92563	
	City	State	ZIP	

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-1811 Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555

APPLICATION FOR DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT
DECORURE ARRIVANTIO INTERPOT IN THE PROPERTY.
DESCRIBE APPLICANT'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY:
Applicant will be leasing a suite from the owner
*NOTE: ATTACH DOCUMENTATION VERIFYING THE APPLICANT'S INTEREST AND AUTHORIZATION TO APPLY ON BEHALF OF THE OWNER (See Section 104 of Exhibit "A" of Resolution No. 2012-047).
Michael Simonian
PRINTED NAME OF APPLICANT SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT
DESCRIBE OWNER'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY:
Owner intends to retain ownership of the property
Fausto Atilano Tayut Itilan
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
PRINTED NAME OF PROPERTY OWNER(S) SIGNATURE OF PROPERTY OWNER(S)
Check this box if additional persons or entities have an ownership interest in the subject property(ies) in addition to that indicated above; and attach a separate sheet that references the General Plan Amendment type and number and list those names, mailing addresses, phone and fax numbers, and email addresses; and provide signatures of those persons or entities having an interest in the real property(ies) involved in this application.
PROPERTY INFORMATION:
Assessor's Parcel Number(s): _963-030-005
Approximate Gross Acreage:71 acres
General location (nearby or cross streets): North of <u>Sparkman Way</u> , South of
Auld Road , East of Winchester Road , West of Sky Canyon Drive .
This completed application form, together with all of the listed requirements provided on the Development Agreement Application Filing Instructions Handout, are required in order to file an application with the County of Riverside Planning Department.

Y:\Current Planning\LMS Replacement\Condensed P.D. Application Forms\295-1070 DA Condensed Application.docx Created: 07/06/2015 Revised: 07/30/2018

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECT PROPOSAL: Describe the proposed project. Cannabis Retail Facility Identify the applicable Ordinance No. 348 Section and Subsection reference(s) describing the proposed land use(s): Section 19.519 Number of existing lots: __1__ EXISTING Buildings/Structures: Yes No X Square Bldg. No.* **Stories** Use/Function Height To be Removed Permit No. Feet 1 2 3 $\overline{\Box}$ 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Place check in the applicable row, if building or structure is proposed to be removed. PROPOSED Buildings/Structures: Yes X No Square Height Stories No.* **Use/Function** Feet 1 Suite A - Bail Bond Office: Suite B - Cannabis Retail 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 PROPOSED Outdoor Uses/Areas: Yes No No Square No.* **Use/Function** Feet 1

6
7 8
9
10
* Match to Buildings/Structures/Outdoor Uses/Areas identified on Exhibit "A". Check this box if additional buildings/structures exist or are proposed, and attach additional page(s) to identify them.)
Related cases filed in conjunction with this application:
Are there previous development applications filed on the subject property: Yes 🗵 No 🗌 If yes, provide Application No(s). CAN190048, PP26047
(e.g. Tentative Parcel Map, Zone Change, etc.)
Initial Study (EA) No. (if known) 42918 EIR No. (if applicable):
Have any special studies or reports, such as a traffic study, biological report, archaeological report, geological or geotechnical reports, been prepared for the subject property? Yes ☒ No ☐
If yes, indicate the type of report(s) and provide a signed copy(ies): GEO 02508, PDA04998, PDB06372
Is the project located within 1,000 feet of a military installation, beneath a low-level flight path or within special use airspace as defined in Section 21098 of the Public Resources Code, and within an urbanized area as defined by Government Code Section 65944? Yes 🔀 No 🗌
Is this an application for a development permit? Yes X No
If the project located within either the Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley watershed, the Santa Margarita River watershed, or the Whitewater River watershed, check the appropriate checkbox below.
If not known, please refer to <u>Riverside County's Map My County website</u> to determine if the property is located within any of these watersheds (search for the subject property's Assessor's Parcel Number, then select the "Geographic" Map Layer – then select the "Watershed" sub-layer)
If any of the checkboxes are checked, click on the adjacent hyperlink to open the applicable Checklist Form. Complete the form and attach a copy as part of this application submittal package.
Santa Ana River/San Jacinto Valley
Santa Margarita River
Whitewater River
Form 295-1010 (08/03/18)

APPLICATION FOR LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E, Assistant TLMA Director

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

The owner(s) of the property, at their own expense, agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County of Riverside and its agents, officers, and employees from and against any lawsuit, claim, action, or proceeding (collectively referred to as "proceeding") brought against the County of Riverside, its agents, officers, attorneys and employees to attack, set aside, void, or annul the County's decision to approve any tentative map (tract or parcel), revised map, map minor change, reversion to acreage, conditional use permit, public use permit, surface mining permit, WECS permit, hazardous waste siting permit, temporary outdoor event permit, plot plan, substantial conformance, revised permit, variance, setback adjustment, general plan amendment, specific plan, specific plan amendment, specific plan substantial conformance, zoning amendments, and any associated environmental documents. This defense and indemnification obligation shall include, but not limited to, damages, fees and/or costs awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorney's fees and other costs, liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding whether incurred by applicant, property owner, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding.

Property Owner(s) Signature(s) and Date

Fausto Atilano

Printed Name of Owner

If the property is owned by multiple owners, the paragraph above must be signed by each owner. Attach additional sheets of this page, if necessary.

If the property owner is a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the following documentation must also be submitted with this application:

- If the property owner is a limited partnership, provide a copy of the LP-1, LP-2 (if an amendment) filed with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a general partnership, provide a copy of the partnership agreement documenting who has authority to bind the general partnership and to sign on its behalf.
- If the property owner is a corporation, provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and/or a
 corporate resolution documenting which officers have authority to bind the corporation and to sign
 on its behalf. The corporation must also be in good standing with the California Secretary of State.
- If the property owner is a trust, provide a copy of the trust certificate.

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Desert Office · 77-588 El Duna Court, Suite H Palm Desert, California 92211 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7040

INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT REQUIRED FOR ALL PROJECTS

 If the property owner is a Limited Liability Corporation, provide a copy of the operating agreement for the LLC documenting who has authority to bind the LLC and to sign on its behalf.

If the signing entity is also a corporate entity, Limited Liability Company, partnership or trust, the above documentation must also be submitted with this application. For any out of State legal entities, provide documentation showing registration with the California Secretary of State.

In addition to the above, provide a copy of a Preliminary Title Report for the property subject to this application. The Preliminary Title Report must be issued by a title company licensed to conduct business in the State of California and dated less than six months prior to the date of submittal of this application. The Assistant TLMA Director may waive the requirement for a Preliminary Title Report if it can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant TLMA Director that the property owner(s) has owned the property consistently for at least the last five years.

If the application is for a plot plan for a Wireless Communication Facility, the property owner(s) and the cellular service provider must sign the indemnification paragraph above. If the application is for a plot plan for a wireless communication co-location, only the co-locating service provider needs to sign the indemnification paragraph above.

Created: 12/19/2017 Revised: 07/30/2018

Form 295-1082 (12-19-17)

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT NO. 190019 and **DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT NO. 1900012** – **Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)**, pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15303(c) (New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures) – CEQ190089 – Michael Simonian – Third Supervisorial District – Rancho California Area – Southwest Area Plan: Commercial Retail (CR) (0.20 – 0.35 FAR) – Location: Northerly of Sparkman Way, easterly of Winchester, southerly of Auld Road, and westerly of Sky Canyon – 0.71 Acres – Zoning: Specific Plan (SP) – **REQUEST:** Development Agreement No. 1900012 has a term of 10 years and grants the applicant vesting rights to develop the Project, in accordance with the terms of Development Agreement No. 1900012 and Conditional Use Permit No. 190019, and will provide community benefits to the Southwest Area. Conditional Use Permit No. 190019 is a proposal for a retail cannabis business with delivery to occupy 1,709 sq. ft. suite to be used as a storefront on a 0.71 acre lot with parking and landscaping.

TIME OF HEARING:

9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING:

NOVEMBER 18, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING:

RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/.

For further information regarding this project please contact the Project Planner Mina Morgan at (951) 955-6035 or email at mimorgan@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above-described application is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The Planning Commission will consider the proposed application at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to: RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: Mina Morgan

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I,VINI	NIE NGUYEN	certify that on	August 24, 2020 ,
The attached prop	perty owners list was prepared b	y River	rside County GIS,
APN (s) or case n	umbersCUP	190019	for
Company or Indiv	vidual's Name RCI	T - GIS	
Distance buffered	1	1200'	
Pursuant to appli	cation requirements furnished	by the Riverside	County Planning Department.
Said list is a com	plete and true compilation of	the owners of the	subject property and all other
property owners	within 600 feet of the proper	ty involved, or if	that area yields less than 25
different owners,	all property owners within a n	otification area ex	panded to yield a minimum of
25 different owne	ers, to a maximum notification	area of 2,400 fee	et from the project boundaries,
based upon the la	atest equalized assessment roll	s. If the project i	s a subdivision with identified
off-site access/im	provements, said list includes a	a complete and true	e compilation of the names and
mailing addresse	s of the owners of all prop	erty that is adjac	cent to the proposed off-site
improvement/alig	nment.		
I further certify t	that the information filed is tr	ue and correct to	the best of my knowledge. I
understand that in	ncorrect or incomplete informa	tion may be groun	ds for rejection or denial of the
application.			
TITLE:	GIS Analyst		
ADDRESS:	4080 Lemon	Street 9 TH Floo	or
	Riverside, C	a. 92502	
TEI EDUONE NI	IMREP (8 a m = 5 n m)	(051) 055.	-8158

Riverside County GIS Mailing Labels CUP190019 (1200 feet buffer) Fieldh le' Legend **County Boundary** Cities Parcels World Street Map Notes *IMPORTANT* Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of 1,505 Feet 752 REPORT PRINTED ON...8/24/2020 10:14:28 AM © Riverside County RCIT

900481001 SCOT EDWARD PAYNE 37020 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900481007 HERBERT S. GORDON 36972 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563

900481012 JOSE LUIS RUIZ 36932 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900481020 JAMES F. MOSCINSKI 36930 CORDELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563

900481003 JOHN L. GARDNER 37004 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900481016 MATTHEW P. NEWTON 36953 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563

963030006 B I AULD 36371 BRIGGS RD MURRIETA CA 92563

963070039 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE 3403 10TH STREET, STE 400 RIVERSIDE CA 92501

963070051 MURRIETA KLC HOLDINGS 130 888 PROSPECT STE 330 LA JOLLA CA 92307 963070056 MOON VALLEY NURSERY OF CALIF INC 19820 N 7TH ST STE 260 PHOENIX AZ 85024

900483005 NAUTHIP SARNLERTSOPHON 7527 COVINGTON PL RANCHO CUCAMONGA CA 91730

900481006 CALVIN BROWN PSC 559 BOX 6518 FPO AP 96377

963030004 WAL MART STORES INC 1301 SE 10TH ST BENTONVILLE AR 72716 963030005 FAUSTO 50 REVOCABLE TRUST DTD 7/9/2019 39665 CALLE MEDUSA TEMECULA CA 92591 900481004 JENNIFER PERRY 36996 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900481005 ZACH M. STAUFFER 36988 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563

900481010 JORGE GUIZAR 36948 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 963070031 SILVER HILLS INTERNATIONAL P O BOX 455 VAN VLECK TX 77482

900481009 XIAOZHOU WU 24601 OVERLAND DR WEST HILLS CA 91304 900483004 DUSTIN DE ANGELIS 36913 CAPRICIOUS LN MURRIETA CA 92563

963030010 COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PO BOX 130878 CARLSBAD CA 92013 900070004 CITY OF MURRIETA 1 TOWN SQUARE MURRIETA CA 92562

900481013 GERMAN E. FIESCO 36929 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900481014 RYAN HARDY 36937 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563

900481015 TAYLOR YONTZ 36945 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900483007 ERIK CRUZ 36900 CAPRICIOUS LN MURRIETA CA 92563

900483008 NICOLAS DURAN 36908 CAPRICICIOUS LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900483009 JEFFREY C. FIGGINS 36916 CAPRICIOUS LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900481002 MATTHEW D. DOWNING 37012 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900481008 ZUBAIR HAKIMZADA 36964 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563

900481011 BRANDIE BURNETT 36940 ASCELLA LN MURRIETA CA 92563 900483006 AARON D. OERDING 36892 CAPRICIOUS LN MURRIETA CA 92563

900510090 NORTHSTAR RANCH COMMUNITY ASSN 27349 JEFFERSON AVE 101 TEMECULA CA 92590 900482007 BHAVANBHAI V. PATEL 17536 EDGEWOOD LN YORBA LINDA CA 92886

Kirkland West Habitat Defense Council PO Box 7821 Laguna Niguel, Ca, 92607-7821 Richard Drury Komalpreet Toor Lozeau Drury, LLP 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150 Oakland, CA 94612



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Agenda Item No.

4.6

Planning Commission Hearing: November 18, 2020

PROPOSED PROJECT

Case Number: CZ2000007

Environmental: CEQA Categorical Exemption

Supervisorial District: County-wide

Project Planner: John Hildebrand

Applicant: County Initiated

John Hildebrand

ohn Hildebrand Interim Planning Director

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 2000007 – Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), pursuant to Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) – Applicant: County of Riverside – Location: Countywide – REQUEST: Change of Zone No. 2000007 is an amendment to the County's Land Use Ordinance, Ordinance No. 348, to revise Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities. The purpose of this amendment is to update definitions, revise the administrative procedures for the permitting process for wireless facilities, clarify the likely levels of environmental analysis pursuant to CEQA as they relate to different types of wireless facilities, and incorporate new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless communication facilities. This amendment also revises several other sections within Ordinance No. 348, for the purpose of establishing a single, consistent entitlement application appeal process for projects for which the Planning Director or Planning Commission have approval authority.

PROJECT RECOMMENDATION

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMEND THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

FIND that Change of Zone No. 2000007 is not a project and is exempt from CEQA pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) based on the findings and conclusions incorporated in the staff report; and,

APPROVE Change of Zone No. 2000007, based on the findings and conclusions incorporated into this staff report.

PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ANALYSIS

Background:

Change of Zone No. 2000007 is an amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), updating Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities. The update addresses new Federal and State legislation related to wireless facilities. The update also clarifies the wireless facilities permitting process, updates definitions, and discusses levels of environmental analysis to ensure internal consistency. Separately, this amendment also revises several administrative sections within Ordinance No. 348, for the purpose of creating consistency with the entitlement appeal process, clarifying when an appeal starts and ends, and also updates the final reporting process to the Board of Supervisors.

Wireless Facilities:

Due to new Federal and State legislation, coupled with internal inconsistencies in Ordinance No. 348, the Board of Supervisors initiated a request for staff to amend Ordinance No. 348, revising Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities. This initiation, which was approved on the February 4th, 2020 Board of Supervisors ("BOS") hearing, tasked staff with reporting back to BOS recommendations for amending the Ordinance. Planning staff, in conjunction with County Counsel, provided a report for the BOS, which was heard on the April 21st, 2020, BOS hearing and outlined a course of action. The report detailed specific areas within the Wireless Facilities Ordinance that would be addressed, and suggested that a complete update to Article XIXg should be implemented. Staff then proceeded forward with County Counsel to work on revising the Ordinance. The result of this effort is a comprehensive update to Article XIXg Wireless Facilities. The following summarizes the more substantive changes:

- 1) The definitions section has been reworded for clarity and expanded upon to ensure not just consistency but also to address uncertainty. Specifically, "Concealed" and "Disguised" wireless facility type definitions have been expanded to reduce ambiguity in their application. Also, definitions related to "Eligible Facilities" and "Temporary Wireless Facility" have been included to ensure that all types of Wireless Facilities are addressed and defined. The definitions have also been updated to be consistent with changes in State and Federal law.
- 2) The current version of Article XIXg includes discussions pertaining to CEQA, and what types of Wireless Facilities are considered projects requiring some level of environmental analysis. This portion of the Ordinance is outdated, inconsistent, and does not accurately reflect the requirements under CEQA. It has been amended to more appropriately define what types of Wireless Facilities are likely subject to which level of CEQA review, but leaves the ultimate determination to be made based on the specific facts of each project.
- 3) The amendment expands the types of wireless facilities to be consistent with State and Federal law, by providing categories for types of facilities, such as "Temporary Facilities" and "Collocations", as well as "Concealed or "Disguised," as well as provide requirements for how each such type is to be processed. Most substantively however, is the addition of Conditions of Approval for wireless facilities that are "Deemed Approved." Any wireless facility of any type that bypasses the County approval process and instead becomes deemed approved, approved by operation of law, or approved under a court order, shall be subject to each of the provisions under Section 19.404.G. This Section establishes a set of criteria for design and operations of deemed approved wireless facilities, which otherwise could be approved without any conditions of approval. This section ONLY applies to facilities that are deemed approved. There are separate sections containing provisions for design and operations for all other non-deemed approved Wireless

Facilities, and appropriate conditions of approval will continue to be required of those projects on a project-by-project basis as part of the approval process.

- 4) Section 19.405 sets forth where Wireless Facilities may be located by addressing Zoning. While the proposed amendments do not change the types of Wireless Facilities appropriate for any particular zone, it is now set forth more clearly where the identified types of Wireless Facilities may be located.
- 5) Development standards related to the overall height and design of Wireless Facilities have not changed. However, flexibility has been added regarding the landscaping required for Wireless Facilities that have no source of water available or that cannot be seen by the general public. Even in these situations, all other design standards related to aesthetics are still required to be achieved.
- 6) Under the current version of the Wireless Facilities Ordinance, there is a provision that grants a 10-year approval period for all new, entitled facilities. Prior to the expiration, an applicant is required to submit an application requesting additional operation time for the facility. These requests have generally been processed like an extension of time. Staff would check on the condition of the facility to ensure the original Conditions of Approval have been upheld and then schedule for a public hearing, applying an additional 10-year grant of time. This Amendment removes the 10-year minimum time frame, enabling an approval to be good for the life of the facility's operation. It is anticipated that a condition of approval will be required of wireless facilities projects imposing minimum 10-year approval period with an automatic extension of that approval period, unless Planning has given notice to the applicant that there have been substantiated complaints about the maintenance and operation of the facilities, including regarding compliance with Conditions of Approval. Should the facility not comply with the approved Conditions of Approval or become a nuisance, compliance and abatement can be enforced through the efforts of Code Enforcement and the Planning Department. For Wireless Facilities that are "Deemed Approved," the 10-year lifespan remains in effect. Upon conclusion of the 10 years, a "Deemed Approved" Wireless Facility would be required to seek entitlement approval or be removed.
- 7) In addition to the overall Wireless Facilities changes, the appeal process has also been amended. Due to State and Federal laws imposing a shot clock with short time periods in which to act on an application, an appeal of a decision on a wireless facility will now go directly to the Board of Supervisors. Should a resident or community group feel aggrieved from a DH decision that approved a Wireless Facility, and an appeal is timely filed, the project will be scheduled for an upcoming Board of Supervisors hearing, rather than Planning Commission where a DH decision would otherwise normally be heard.

Appeals and Report of Actions:

Ordinance No. 348 provides for an appeal process, related to actions taken by the Planning Director and the Planning Commission ("PC"). Both have authority to approve certain types of entitlement applications, which are specified in Ordinance No. 348 and are generally characterized as non-legislative. Ordinance No. 348, as currently written, requires certain types of entitlement applications and certain types of uses, including approvals of permits relating to wireless facilities, to be Received and Filed ("R&F") at the next highest hearting body. Upon agendizing the R&F item, the appeal period starts. This R&F process, and specifically when the appeal period starts, is inconsistent throughout Ordinance No. 348, whereby some application types and uses are required to go through the R&F process, while others are not.

Wireless Facilities, which are approved either with a Plot Plan or Conditional Use Permit, are currently subject to the R&F process. This Ordinance amendment revises the Wireless Facilities article pursuant to the above changes and also removes the requirement for an R&F. Through the process of amending the Wireless Facilities R&F requirement, staff felt it would be appropriate to address the entire appeal process and R&F requirements throughout Ordinance No 348, to provide consistency and certainty. As a result, and as proposed under this Ordinance amendment, an action that is taken by the Planning Director or PC starts the 10-day appeal process, rather than when a project is Received and Filed. All actions taken at a public hearing at Director's Hearing or PC will then be agendized for a Board of Supervisors hearing, as a single report of actions rather than individual items. This revised process ensures consistency with appeals for all projects, provides certainty for applicants, and provides the Board of Supervisors with a consolidated report of all hearing actions, rather than an individual R&F item.

Ordinance No. 348 includes the processing requirements for most land use entitlements. However, the processing of subdivisions, including Tentative Parcel and Tract Maps, are addressed in Ordinance No. 460 and also specifically require an R&F process. A separate effort to amend Ordinance No. 460 is underway with the intent of implementing this same change, for consistency with all applications.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW / ENVIRONMENTAL FINDINGS

While a large number of changes are proposed to be made to Ordinance No. 348, CEQA does not apply to this amendment and/or it is exempt from CEQA for multiple reasons. First, ordinances that merely incorporate existing law do not constitute a project under CEQA. (*Union of Medical Marijuana Patients, Inc. v. City of Upland* (2016) 245 Cal.App.4th 1265, 1273.) A significant portion of the changes proposed in CZ No. 2000007 are updates to definitions and requirements under State and Federal law. In addition, organizational and/or administrative activities of government entities, such as the reorganization, formatting, addition of introductory explanation to the ordinance, and changes to administrative processing and application requirements do not constitute a project under CEQA pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines section 15378. A significant portion of the changes proposed in CZ No. 2000007 reorganize Article XIXg to make it more coherent and orderly. A number also merely clarify and update administrative processing requirements for wireless facilities applications and administrative steps for filing an appeal of decisions on use permits.

Change of Zone No. 2000007 has also been determined to be categorically exempt from CEQA, pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3)(Common Sense Exemption). Section 15061(b)(3) provides that an "activity is covered by the general rule that CEQA applies only to projects which have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment. Where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, the activity is not subject to CEQA." The scope of this ordinance amendment includes revising Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities, which is an existing article within Ordinance No 348 (Land Use) for the purpose of updating provisions related to new Federal and State requirements, clarifying definitions and making them consistent with State and Federal terminology, updating the permitting process, and clarifying likely levels of environmental analysis pursuant to CEQA. The amendment also amends additional portions of Ordinance No. 348, addressing inconsistencies in the entitlement appeal process and reporting of actions. establishing a consistent process. The permitting process for each Wireless Facility within the County will continue to be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to determine the appropriate level of environment analysis. As a result, this ordinance amendment is exempt from CEQA, and there is no possibility that such clarifications, organizational changes, and amendments to administrative processes may have a significant effect on the environment.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

In order for the County to approve the proposed project, the following findings are required to be made:

- 1. Change of Zone No. 2000007 applies to all unincorporated areas of Riverside County.
- 2. Change of Zone No. 2000007 primarily revises Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities as well as amending other sections within the Ordinance No. 348 related to the entitlement appeal and final reporting process.
- 3. Change of Zone No. 2000007's specific revisions include clarification to definitions, updates to the permitting process, delineation of likely required levels of environmental analysis pursuant to CEQA, and incorporation of new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless facilities. It also amends the entitlement appeal process to ensure consistency with timeframes and the final reporting procedures.
- 4. Change of Zone No. 2000007 is consistent with and in conformance with all elements of the Riverside County General Plan. Specifically, this amendment revises the entitlement permitting process, not just for Wireless Facilities, but all entitlement applications, resulting a direct cost reduction and time savings. The Riverside County General Plan's Vision Statement, includes the following: Intergovernmental Cooperation, 2. "A coordinated and streamlined permitting process is now in operation that is feasible because areas clearly slated for development are identified and appropriate open space areas are acquired or protected."
- 5. Change of Zone No. 2000007 is internally consistent with the provisions of Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use).
- 6. Change of Zone No. 2000007 was reviewed by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC") and was determined to be consistent with their plans, having no impacts.

PUBLIC HEARING NOTIFICATION AND COMMUNITY OUTREACH

A public hearing notice was included in a publication of the Press Enterprise and Desert Sun newspapers, prior to the November 18th Planning Commission hearing.

The draft Ordinance was made available to the general public for review and comment prior to the Planning Commission hearing of November 18th. Staff individually met with AT&T, T-Mobile, and Verizon to discuss the Ordinance amendment and solicit comments, which resulted in further changes to the Ordinance, addressing industry comments.

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ORDINANCE NO. 348.XXXX

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

AMENDING ORDINANCE NO. 348 RELATING TO ZONING

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Riverside ordains as follows:

<u>Section 1</u>. Ordinance No. 348 Article XIXg is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"ARTICLE XIXg WIRELESS FACILITIES

SECTION 19.400. PURPOSE AND INTENT.

The purpose of this article is to do each of the following:

- A. Enhance the ability of telecommunication service providers to effectively and efficiently provide new wireless communication services in the unincorporated area of Riverside County;
- B. Encourage the design and placement of wireless facilities in a way that minimizes their impact to the visual character, health, economic vitality and biological resources of Riverside County;
- C. Encourage and maximize the use of existing and approved wireless facilities, buildings and other structures while taking into account the use of concealment technology in order to reduce the number of facilities needed to serve businesses and residents in Riverside County;
- D. Ensure continuous maintenance of new and existing wireless facilities; and,
- E. Ensure the timely removal of any unused or outdated wireless facilities.

SECTION 19.401. EXCLUSIONS. The following facilities are exempt from the requirements of this article but may be governed by other laws and other portions of this ordinance.

A. CONSUMER-END ANTENNAS. Consumer-end antennas shall be exempt from the provisions of this article if they meet the following

requirements, as applicable:

- 1. A satellite dish less than one meter (39.37 inches) in diameter and that, if mounted on a mast, is mounted no higher than needed to receive or transmit an acceptable quality signal and in no event higher than twelve (12) feet above roofline.
- An antenna designed to receive over-the air broadcast signals, no higher than needed to receive or transmit an acceptable quality signal and in no event higher than twelve (12) feet above roofline.
- 3. A broadband radio service antenna one meter or less in diameter or diagonal measurement and that, if mounted on a mast, is mounted no higher than needed to receive or transmit an acceptable quality signal and in no event higher than twelve (12) feet above roofline.

B. AMATEUR RADIO ANTENNAS:

- 1. That are completely enclosed within a permitted building; or
- 2. That consist of a single wire not exceeding one-fourth inch in diameter. Such wire antennas may be located in setback areas provided the antenna does not extend above the maximum building height in the district; or
- 3. That consist of a single ground-mounted vertical pole or whip antenna not exceeding fifty (50) feet in height in residential zone classifications or one hundred and five (105) feet in height in non-residential zone classifications, measured from finish grade at the base of the antenna, and not located in any required setback area. Support structures or masts for pole or whip antennas shall conform to

standards set out in the California Building Standards Code.

A building permit may be required for the support structure or mast.

- C. LIKE KIND EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENTS. Like kind equipment replacements or adding or changing equipment in an existing cabinet, vault, or shroud that does not increase pre-existing visual or noise impacts and has the same or less radio frequency (RF) emissions. The existing equipment must have been approved by the County and the equipment must be in compliance with all permit conditions. Qualifying like kind equipment replacements that do not require County approval consist of upgrades or exchanges of equipment that are substantially similar in appearance and the same or less in size, dimensions, weight, and RF emissions to the thenexisting and approved equipment. This exemption does not apply to generators.
- D. CERTAIN TEMPORARY FACILITIES. The following temporary wireless facilities that will be placed for less than fourteen (14) consecutive days, provided any necessary building permit or other approval is obtained and the landowner's written consent is provided to the County:
 - 1. Facilities installed and operated for large-scale events; and
 - 2. Facilities needed for coverage during the temporary relocation of an existing and already-approved facility.
- E. LEGALLY EXISTING WIRELESS FACILITIES. Any wireless facility already legally constructed and in operation as of the date of this ordinance's effective date shall remain subject to the provisions of the version of the ordinance in effect prior to this revision, unless and until a revised permit, substantial conformance, or other

modification is approved on such facility, at which time the provisions of the revised ordinance shall apply in full force going forward as to such facility.

SECTION 19.402. DEFINITIONS. The following terms shall have the following meanings for the purposes of this article:

- A. <u>Antenna</u>. A device used for the purpose of transmitting or receiving wireless communication signals or both.
- B. <u>Base Station</u>. A structure or equipment at a fixed location that enables FCC-licensed or authorized wireless communications between user equipment and a communications network as defined in 47 C.F.R. section 1.6100(b)(1), or any successor provision.
- C. <u>CPUC</u>. California Public Utilities Commission.
- D. <u>CEQA</u>. The California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code section 21000 et seq. and State CEQA Guidelines section 15000 et seq.
- E. <u>Collocation</u>. The mounting or installation of transmission equipment on a legally existing base station or tower as defined: (a) for the purposes of any eligible facilities request, the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. section 1.6100(b)(2), as may be amended, which defines that term as '[t]he mounting or installation of transmission equipment on an eligible support structure for the purpose of transmitting and/or receiving radio frequency signals for communications purposes.' As an illustration and not a limitation, the FCC's definition means to add transmission equipment to an existing facility and does not necessarily refer to two or more different facility operators in the same location; and (b) for all other purposes, the same as defined in 47 C.F.R. section 1.6002(g)(1) and (2), as may be amended, which defines the term collocation as (1)

mounting or installing an antenna facility on a pre-existing structure, and/or (2) modifying a structure for the purpose of mounting or installing an antenna facility on that structure.

- F. Concealed Wireless Facilities. Facilities blended into the environment by being placed entirely within an existing or new structure or so as not to be recognized as a wireless facility.

 Concealed Wireless Facilities include, but are not limited to, architecturally screened roof-mounted facilities, facade-mounted design feature facilities, clock tower facilities and entry statement signage facilities. These may consist of concealed wireless facilities on a new structure or concealed wireless facilities on an existing structure, and the distinction may affect how the associated permit is processed.
- G. <u>Disguised Wireless Facilities</u>. Facilities designed and sited so as to be minimally visually intrusive, which incorporate concealment elements that screen or otherwise alter the appearance of the wireless facility to integrate it into the surrounding environment and support structure or base station. Disguised wireless facilities include, but are not limited to, faux trees including but not limited to monopalms and monopines, facilities integrated into flagpoles, facilities integrated onto water towers or other architecturally designed structures, facilities integrated onto street lights, facilities integrated into electric utility poles, and strand mounted antennas
- H. <u>Eligible Facilities Request.</u> Any request for modification of a legally existing tower or base station that does not substantially change the physical dimensions of such tower or base station as defined in 47 C.F.R. section 1.6100(b)(3), or any successor provision.

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- I. <u>Equipment Enclosure</u>. Any freestanding or mounted structure, shelter, cabinet, or vault used to house and protect Supporting Equipment.
- J. FAA. The Federal Aviation Administration or its lawful successor.
- K. <u>FCC</u>. The Federal Communications Commission or its lawful successor.
- L. Non-Residential Zone Classifications. Any of the following zones:

 R-D, I-P, M-SC, M-M, M-H, M-R, M-R-A, MU, N-A, A-1 (lots larger than two and one-half (2 and ½) acres), A-P, A-2, A-D, W-2, W-2-M, W-1, W-E, R-VC, C-1/C-P, C-T, C-P-S, C-O, C-C/V.
- M. Other Wireless Facilities. New wireless facilities or modifications to existing wireless facilities that are not otherwise exempt from this article and that do not qualify as small cell facilities, collocations, eligible facilities requests, disguised facilities, or concealed facilities.
- N. Personal Wireless Services. Services as defined in 47 U.S.C. section 332(c)(7)(C)(i) or any successor provision, current examples of which include but are not limited to commercial mobile services, unlicensed wireless services, and common carrier wireless exchange access services.
- O. <u>Personal Wireless Services Facility</u>. A wireless facility used for the provision of personal wireless services
- P. <u>Planning Director</u>. The Planning Director of Riverside County or his or her designee.
- Q. <u>RCIT</u>. Riverside County Information Technology.
- R. Residential Zone Classifications. Any of the following zones: A-1 (lots two and one-half (2 and ½) acres and smaller), R-T-R, C-R, C/V, R-3, R-3-A, R-5, R-R, R-R-O, R-A, R-1, R-1-A, R-2, R-2-A,

R-4, R-6, R-T.

- S. <u>Small Cell Facility</u>. The term as defined in 47 C.F.R. 1.6002(l), or any successor provision.
- T. Support Structure. A pole, tower, base station, or other building, whether or not it has an existing antenna facility, that is used or to be used for the provision of personal wireless service, whether on its own or comingled with other types of services, as defined in 47 C.F.R. 1.6002(m) or any successor provision,
- U. <u>Supporting Equipment</u>. The equipment necessary for processing wireless communication signals and any ancillary equipment including, but not limited to, air conditioners, emergency generators, and other back-up power suppliers.
- V. Temporary Wireless Facility. A wireless facility intended or used to provide wireless services on a temporary or emergency basis, such as a large-scale special event in which more users than usual gather in a single location or following a duly proclaimed local or state emergency as defined in Government Code section 8558 requiring additional service capabilities. Temporary facilities include without limitation, cells on wheels (also referred to as COWs), sites on wheels (also referred as SOWs), cells on light trucks (also referred to as COLTs), or other similar wireless facilities: (1) that will be in place for no more than six months (or such other longer time as the County may allow in light of the event or emergency); (2) for which required notice is provided to the FAA; (3) that do not require marking or lighting under FAA regulations; (4) that will not exceed the height limit in the applicable zone; and (5) that will either involve no excavation or involve excavation only as required to safely anchor the facility, where the depth of previous disturbance

- exceeds the proposed construction depth (excluding footings and other anchoring mechanisms) by at least two (2) feet.
- W. Tower. Any structure built for the sole or primary purpose of supporting any FCC-licensed or authorized antennas and their associated facilities, including structures that are constructed for personal wireless services including, but not limited to, private, broadcast, and public safety services, as well as unlicensed wireless services and fixed wireless services such as microwave backhaul, and the associated site. This definition does not include Utility Poles.
- X. <u>Utility Pole</u>. A structure designed to support electric, telephone, and similar utility lines. A Tower is not a utility pole.
- Y. <u>Wireless Facility</u>, <u>Wireless Communication Facility or Facility</u>. Transmitters, antenna structures and other types of installations used for the provision of wireless services at a fixed location, including, without limitation, any associated tower(s), support structure(s), and base station(s).

SECTION 19.403. ADMINISTRATION.

- A. REVIEWING AUTHORITY. The Planning Director is responsible for administering this article. As part of such administration, except as otherwise determined by the Board, the Planning Director may:
 - Interpret all provisions of this article relating to wireless communications, as long as such interpretation is not contrary to state or federal law;
 - Develop and implement standards governing the placement and modification of wireless facilities consistent with the requirements of this ordinance, including regulations governing collocation and resolution of conflicting applications for placement of wireless facilities;

- Develop and implement acceptable design standards for wireless facilities, taking into account the applicable built environment(s);
- 4. Develop forms and procedures for submission of applications for placement or modification of wireless facilities, and proposed changes to any support structure consistent with this article;
- 5. Take such other steps as may be required to timely act upon applications for placement of wireless facilities, including issuing written decisions, entering into agreements to mutually extend the time for action on an application, and denying an application if all of the information required for approval to be granted, taking into account legal deadlines for County action on the application, has not been submitted.

SECTION 19.404. PROCESSING REQUIREMENTS.

1.

- A. CEQA EXEMPT WIRELESS FACILITIES TYPES.
 - For the following types of facilities: (a) small cell facilities, (b) collocations, (c) temporary wireless facilities, (d) disguised wireless facilities of any type to be located in a non-residential zone classification, and (e) concealed wireless facilities on a legally existing structure, an application shall be submitted to the Planning Director for a plot plan made in accordance with the requirements of this ordinance. Unless the facts relating to a specific application demonstrate otherwise, the project shall be processed as one exempt from CEQA and classified under this ordinance as a plot plan that is not subject to CEQA and that is not transmitted to any governmental agency other than the

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County Planning Department for review and comment. A public hearing on the application shall not be required. All of the procedural provisions of this ordinance for processing a plot plan shall apply to the application. If the wireless facility is proposed to be located in the Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan area or the Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan area, contains or a has a high potential to contain one or more listed species, contains historic resources onsite, is otherwise within a particularly sensitive environment including a sensitive viewshed, is within an airport influence area, may result in damage to scenic resources, would have a significant impact on the environment due to unusual circumstances, would result in a cumulative impact due to successive projects of the same type in the same place over time, or is otherwise determined by the Planning Director, in his or her discretion, to require an initial study, the plot plan application shall be reclassified as a plot plan subject to the California Environmental Quality Act. The decision of the Planning Director shall be final unless appealed to the Board of Supervisors in accordance with the requirements of this ordinance.

- B. TYPES OF WIRELESS FACILITIES REQUIRING A PLOT
 PLAN SUBJECT TO CEQA.
 - For the following types of facilities: (a) concealed wireless facilities on a new structure, (b) disguised wireless facilities of any type to be located in a residential zone classification,
 (c) other wireless facilities, (d) wireless facilities determined

by the Planning Director to require an initial study, or (e) wireless facilities that otherwise do not qualify under the previous subsection as CEQA exempt wireless facility types, an application shall be submitted to the Planning Director for an plot plan in accordance with this ordinance. The application shall be classified as a plot plan subject to CEQA and requiring a public hearing as ordinarily processed, with the public hearing notice sent to all property owners in accordance with this ordinance. Despite the classification of the types of wireless facilities identified in this subsection as a plot plan subject to CEQA, the Planning Director retains the discretion to determine that a particular wireless facility is nevertheless exempt from CEQA. The decision of the Planning Director shall be final unless appealed to the Board of Supervisors in accordance with the requirements of this ordinance.

- C. MODIFICATIONS TO LEGALLY EXISTING WIRELESS FACILITIES.
 - 1. Modifications Qualifying as an Eligible Facilities Request.

 An application for modification of a legally existing permitted wireless facility qualifying as an eligible facilities request shall be made to the Planning Director and include all information necessary to demonstrate that the proposed modification qualifies as an eligible facilities request. Upon written confirmation from the Planning Director that the proposed modification qualifies as an eligible facilities request, no additional use permit or revision to an existing permit is required, and the Office of Building and Safety

- may issue a building permit as appropriate and necessary.
- 2. Substantial Conformance Review for Other Types of

 Modifications to Wireless Facilities. An application for
 modification of an existing permitted wireless facility that
 does not qualify as an eligible facilities request but that
 meets the qualifications for a substantial conformance shall
 be made to the Planning Director and processed for
 substantial conformance review in accordance with the
 requirements of this ordinance.
- 3. Revised or New Permit Review for All Other Modification
 Requests for Wireless Facilities. An application for
 modification of an existing permitted wireless facility that
 does not qualify as an eligible facility request or a substantial
 conformance shall be made to the Planning Director and
 processed as a plot plan for an Other Wireless Facility in
 accordance with this ordinance.
- D. WIRELESS FACILITY APPLICATION FORM. All applications for a wireless facility permit shall use the form published by the Planning Director, which may be updated from time to time. In addition to any requirements required by the Planning Director and any requirements for all applications for plot plans, modifications for approved permits, variances, or any other permit or land use approval, the wireless facility application requires submission of the following:
 - A fully executed copy of the lease or other agreement entered into with the owner of the underlying property. The lease or other agreement shall include a provision indicating that the Personal Wireless Services provider, or its

successors and assigns, shall remove the wireless facility completely upon its abandonment. The lease or other agreement shall also include a provision notifying the property owner that if the Personal Wireless Services provider does not completely remove a facility upon its abandonment, the County may remove the facility at the property owner's expense and lien the property for the cost of such removal. The lease or other agreement shall not include a provision limiting collocations to a specific wireless carrier or carriers. Proprietary information in the lease may be redacted. If a lease or other agreement is not available, a letter shall be submitted, signed by all property owners and the applicant, acknowledging and agreeing to the provisions in this paragraph.

- Proof of compliance, as proposed for use, with FCC regulations governing radiofrequency emissions.
- For a temporary wireless facility, an appropriate plan for removal of the facility and restoration of property affected by it.
- E. SPHERE OF INFLUENCE. When a proposed wireless facility would be located within the sphere of influence of any city within the County, planning staff shall transmit the application to the affected city for review and comment if a public hearing is required by this article. When a proposed wireless facility has the potential to impact federal or state lands, tribal lands, or special districts, planning staff may also transmit the application to the appropriate federal agency, state agency, tribe(s), or special district for review and comment.

F. FINDINGS.

- GENERAL FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL FOR ALL
 WIRELESS FACILITIES REQUIRING A PLOT PLAN.
 No plot plan for the installation of wireless facilities shall be
 approved unless, on the basis of the application and other
 materials or evidence provided in review thereof, the
 Planning Director finds the following:
 - a. The facility complies with all applicable requirements of this ordinance, including all requirements for a plot plan; all application requirements; and all applicable design, location, and development standards, or has a variance or waiver thereof; and will not to unreasonably interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic; and
 - b. The facility meets applicable requirements and standards of federal and state law, including all applicable general orders of the CPUC, including, but not limited to General Order 95.
- 2. FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL OF CONCEALED

 WIRELESS FACILITIES. No plot plan shall be approved
 for a concealed wireless facility unless, on the basis of the
 application and other materials or evidence provided in
 review thereof, the following findings are made in addition
 to the general findings for all wireless facilities: that the
 facility meets all requirements for a concealed wireless
 facility as set forth in this article.
- FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL OF DISGUISED WIRELESS
 FACILITIES. No plot plan shall be approved for a disguised

wireless facility unless, on the basis of the application and other materials or evidence provided in review thereof, the following findings are made in addition to the general findings for all wireless facilities:

- a. The facility meets all requirements for a disguised
 wireless facility set forth in this ordinance;
- b. The facility is designed and sited so that it is minimally visually intrusive; and
- c. Supporting equipment is located entirely within an equipment enclosure that is architecturally compatible with the surrounding area or is screened from view.
- 4. FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL OF SMALL CELL

 FACILITIES. No plot plan shall be approved for a small cell facility unless, on the basis of the application and other materials or evidence provided in review thereof, the following finding is made in addition to the general findings for all wireless facilities: that the facility meets all requirements for a small cell facility set forth in this article.
- 5. FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL OF COLLOCATION

 FACILITIES. No plot plan shall be approved for a disguised wireless facility unless, on the basis of the application and other materials or evidence provided in review thereof, the following finding is made, in addition to the general findings for all wireless facilities: that the facility meets all requirements for a collocation set forth in this article.
- FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL OF OTHER WIRELESS
 FACILITIES. No plot plan shall be approved for a facility

that qualifies as an Other Wireless Facility unless, on the basis of the application and other materials or evidence provided in review thereof, the following findings are made in addition to the general findings for all wireless facilities:

- The facility is not located within a sensitive viewshed; and
- Supporting equipment is located entirely within an
 equipment enclosure that is architecturally
 compatible with the surrounding area or is screened
 from view.
- 7. FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL OF TEMPORARY

 FACILITIES. No plot plan shall be approved for a
 temporary wireless facility unless, on the basis of the
 application and other materials or evidence provided in
 review thereof, the following findings are made:
 - a. The facility qualifies as a temporary facility;
 - b. There is an adequate need for the facility (e.g., wireless facility relocation or large-scale event).
- G. CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR ANY WIRELESS
 FACILITY DEEMED APPROVED. The Planning Department shall keep a set of standard Wireless Facilities Conditions of Approval and Advisory Notification Document on file at the Planning Department. All wireless facilities shall comply with either those conditions of approval, as modified by the Planning Director or the Board of Supervisors as necessary for a particular wireless facilities permit or be subject to revocation, or the conditions in this section. Any wireless facility, of any type, that is deemed approved, approved by operation of law, or approved under

a court order shall be subject to the standard Wireless Conditions of Approval and Advisory Notification Document and the conditions set forth in this subsection. For any wireless facility that is deemed approved by operation of law, or approved under a court order, to the extent the standard Wireless Facilities Conditions of Approval and Advisory Notification Document conflict with the requirements of this section, this section shall control.

- 1. Entitlement Life for Wireless Facilities Deemed Approved. A wireless facility that has been deemed approved by operation of law or approved under court order shall be valid for a period of ten (10) years, unless pursuant to another legal provision or these conditions, it expires sooner or is terminated. At the end of ten (10) years from the date of issuance, such wireless facility permit shall automatically expire. Upon expiration, a person holding a wireless facility permit must remove the facility within sixty (60) days following the permit's expiration. No extension may be approved for a wireless facility that has been deemed approved by operation of law or that has received judicial approval, although a new application may be submitted for the facility. The approval of any collocation or other modification shall not extend the wireless facility permit duration.
- 2. <u>Timing of Installation</u>. The installation of a wireless facility shall begin within one (1) year after its approval, or it shall be deemed expired. The installation and construction authorized by a wireless facility permit shall conclude, including any necessary post-installation repairs and/or

restoration to the installation site, within ninety (90) days following the day construction commenced. If the wireless facility is to be installed adjacent to residences, construction and maintenance of the facility shall be limited to the hours of 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM, Monday through Friday. Emergency repairs of the wireless facility may occur at any time.

- 3. <u>Commencement of Operations</u>. The operation of the approved facility shall commence no later than one (1) month after the completion of installation, or the wireless facility shall be deemed expired.
- 4. <u>Undergrounding</u>. All utilities shall be installed underground.
- 5. Inspections; Emergencies. The County or its designee may enter onto the facility area to inspect the facility upon 48 hours prior notice to the permittee. The permittee shall cooperate with all inspections and may be present for any inspection of its facility by the County. The County reserves the right to enter or direct its designee to enter the facility and support, repair, disable, or remove any elements of the facility in emergencies or when the facility threatens imminent harm to persons or property. The County shall make an effort to contact the permittee prior to disabling or removing any facility elements, but in any case shall notify permittee within 24 hours of doing so.
- 6. <u>Contact</u>. The permittee shall at all times maintain accurate contact information for all parties responsible for the facility, which shall include a phone number, street mailing address and email address for at least one natural person. The FCC

Antenna Structure Registration site number, County wireless facility permit number, primary leaseholder's and facility manager's contact information shall be kept current and prominently displayed on the facility where it can be easily viewed from ground level.

- The relevant policy or policies shall name the County, its elected/appointed officials, commission members, officers, representatives, agents, and employees as additional insureds. Permittee shall use its best efforts to provide thirty (30) days' prior notice to the County of to the cancellation or material modification of any applicable insurance policy.
- 8. Indemnities. The permittee and the owner of the property upon which the wireless facility is installed shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County, its agents, officers, officials, and employees (i) from any and all damages, liabilities, injuries, losses, costs, and expenses, and from any and all claims, demands, law suits, writs of mandamus, and other actions or proceedings brought against the County or its agents, officers, officials, or employees to challenge, attack, seek to modify, set aside, void or annul the County's approval of the wireless facility permit, including any challenge to a decision made by the County concerning the

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project, including, but no limited to, decisions made in response to California Public Record Act requests, and (ii) from any and all damages, liabilities, injuries, losses, costs, and expenses, and any and all claims, demands, law suits, or causes of action and other actions or proceedings of any kind or form, whether for personal injury, death or property damage, arising out of or in connection with the activities or performance of the permittee or, if applicable, the property owner or any of each one's agents, employees, licensees, contractors, subcontractors, or independent contractors. In the event the County becomes aware of any such actions or claims the County shall promptly notify the permittee and, if applicable, the property owner and shall reasonably cooperate in the defense. The County shall have the right to approve the legal counsel providing the County's defense, and the property owner and/or permittee (as applicable) shall reimburse County for any costs and expenses directly and necessarily incurred by the County in the course of the defense. Payment for County's costs related to any litigation on the above shall be made on a deposit basis. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice from County that litigation has been initiated against the Project, the permittee shall initially deposit with the Planning Department the total amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000). The permittee shall deposit with County such additional amounts as County reasonably and in good faith determines, from time to time, are necessary to cover costs and expenses incurred by the County, including but not limited to, the Office of County

Counsel, Riverside County Planning Department and the Riverside County Clerk of the Board associated with the litigation. To the extent such costs are not recoverable under the California Public Records Act from the records requestor, permittee agrees that deposits under this section may also be used to cover staff time incurred by the County to compile, review, and redact records in response to a Public Records Act request made by a petitioner in any legal challenge to the Project when the petitioner is using the Public Records Act request as a means of obtaining the administrative record for litigation purposes. Within ten (10) days of written notice from County, permittee shall make such additional deposits.

Performance Bond. Prior to issuance of a wireless facility permit, the permittee shall file with the County, and shall maintain in good standing throughout the term of the approval, a performance bond or other surety or another form of security for the removal of the facility in the event that the use is abandoned or the permit expires, or is revoked, or is otherwise terminated. The security shall be in the amount equal to the percentage of the cost of physically removing the facility and all related facilities and equipment on the site, based on the higher of two contractor's quotes for removal that are provided by the permittee. The permittee shall reimburse the County for staff time associated with the processing and tracking of the bond, based on the hourly rate adopted by the Board of Supervisors. Reimbursement shall be paid when the security is posted and during each

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administrative review.

- 10. Adverse Impacts on Adjacent Properties. Permittee shall undertake all reasonable efforts to avoid undue adverse impacts to adjacent properties and/or uses that may arise from the construction, operation, maintenance, modification, and removal of the facility.
- 11. Noninterference. Permittee shall not move, alter, temporarily relocate, change, or interfere with any existing structure, improvement, or property without the prior consent of the owner of that structure, improvement, or property. No structure, improvement, or property owned by the County shall be moved to accommodate a permitted activity, unless the County determines that such movement will not adversely affect the County or any surrounding businesses or residents, and the Permittee pays all costs and expenses related to the relocation of said structure, improvement, or property. Prior to commencement of any work pursuant to a wireless facility permit, the Permittee shall provide the County with documentation establishing to the County's satisfaction that the Permittee has the legal right to use or interfere with any other structure, improvement, or property within the highway or County utility easement to be affected by Permittee's facilities.
- 12. RF Exposure Compliance. All facilities must comply with all standards and regulations of the FCC and any other state or federal government agency with the authority to regulate RF exposure standards. After transmitter and antenna system optimization, but prior to unattended operations of the

facility, permittee or its representative must conduct on-site post-installation RF emissions testing to demonstrate actual compliance with the FCC OET Bulletin 65 RF emissions safety rules for general population/uncontrolled RF exposure in all sectors. For this testing, the transmitter shall be operating at maximum operating power, and the testing shall occur outwards to a distance where the RF emissions no longer exceed the uncontrolled/general population limit.

- 13. Testing. Testing of any equipment shall take place on weekdays only, and only between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., except that testing is prohibited on holidays that fall on a weekday.
- 14. Abandonment. If a facility is not operated for a continuous period of six (6) months, the wireless facility shall be deemed abandoned. No later than ninety (90) days from the date the facility is determined to have been deemed abandoned or the permittee has notified the Planning Director of its intent to vacate the site, the permittee shall remove all equipment and improvements associated with the use and shall restore the site to its original condition to the satisfaction of the Planning Director. The permittee shall provide written verification of the removal of the facilities within thirty (30) days of the date the removal is completed. If the facility is not removed within thirty (30) days after the permit has been discontinued pursuant to this subsection, the site shall be deemed to be a nuisance, and the County may cause the facility to be removed at permittee's expense or by calling any bond or other financial assurance to pay for

removal. If there are two (2) or more users of a single facility or support structure, then this provision shall apply to the specific elements or parts thereof that were abandoned, but will not be effective for the entirety thereof until all users cease use thereof.

- 15. Records. The permittee must maintain complete and accurate copies of all permits and other regulatory approvals issued in connection with the facility, which includes without limitation this approval, the approved plans and photo simulations incorporated into this approval, all conditions associated with this approval and any permits or approvals issued in connection with this approval. In the event that the permittee does not maintain such records as required in this condition or fails to produce true and complete copies of such records within a reasonable time after a written request from the County, any ambiguities or uncertain-ties that would be resolved through an inspection of the missing records will be construed against the permittee.
- 16. Attorney's Fees. In the event the County determines that it is necessary to take legal action to enforce any of these conditions, or to revoke a wireless facility permit, and such legal action is taken, the Permittee shall be required to pay any and all costs of such legal action, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred by the County, even if the matter is amicably resolved or otherwise not prosecuted to a final judgment, unless the County should otherwise agree with permittee to waive said fees or any part thereof.
- H. CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR SPECIFIC TYPES OF

WIRELESS FACILITIES.

- CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR ELIGIBLE
 FACILITIES REQUESTS. In addition to the conditions
 provided in the previous subsections, if applicable,, all
 permits for an eligible facility request shall be subject to the
 following additional conditions:
 - a. Permit subject to conditions of underlying permit.
 Any permit or wireless facility permit granted in response to an application qualifying as an eligible facilities request shall be subject to the terms and conditions of the underlying permit to the extent allowed by law.
 - b. No permit term extension. The County's grant or grant by operation of law of an eligible facilities request permit constitutes a federally mandated modification to the underlying permit or approval for the subject tower or base station. Notwithstanding any permit duration established in another permit condition, the County's grant or grant by operation of law of a eligible facilities request permit will not extend the permit term for the underlying permit or any other underlying regulatory approval, and its term shall be coterminous with the underlying permit or other regulatory approval for the subject tower or base station or ten (10) years, whichever is shorter.
- CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR TEMPORARY
 WIRELESS FACILITIES. The conditions of approval for a
 temporary wireless facility shall specify the maximum time

period that the facility may remain in place.

SECTION 19.405. LOCATION AND DESIGN STANDARDS. All wireless facilities shall be located and designed as follows and in accordance with the design standards published and updated from time to time by the Planning Director, if any.

- A. LOCATION AND TYPES OF FACILITIES: All wireless facilities shall be located in accordance with the following standards, depending upon the type of wireless facility sought.
 - CONCEALED WIRELESS FACILITIES. Concealed wireless communication facilities may be located in any zone classification.
 - ELIGIBLE FACILITIES REQUESTS AND
 COLLOCATED WIRELESS FACILITIES. Eligible
 facilities requests and collocated wireless facilities may be
 located in any zone classification.
 - 3. SMALL CELL FACILITIES AND TEMPORARY

 WIRELESS FACILITIES. Small cell facilities and
 temporary wireless facilities may be located in any
 residential or non-residential zone classification. Small cell
 facilities must use flat rate electric metering, if available, so
 that no meter is required in any case where a meter otherwise
 would be ground-mounted or pole-mounted. Where a
 ground-mounted or pole-mounted meter is used, the smallest
 form factor metering device available shall be used.
 - DISGUISED WIRELESS FACILITIES. Disguised wireless communication facilities may be located in any residential zone classification or non-residential zone classification.
 - 5. OTHER WIRELESS FACILITIES. Any type of wireless facility may be located in non-residential zone

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classifications.

B. DESIGN STANDARDS.

- 1. ALL WIRELESS FACILITIES. No above-ground power or communication lines shall be extended to the site, unless an applicant demonstrates that undergrounding such lines would result in substantial environmental impacts or a letter is received from the power company indicating it is unable to underground the wires. All underground utilities shall be installed in a manner to minimize disturbance of existing vegetation and wildlife habitats during construction. Removal of underground equipment upon the abandonment of a facility is not recommended unless leaving the equipment underground would pose a threat to health, safety or sensitive resources. All cables and wiring must be within the structure, or if not feasible, within a conduit on the exterior of the structure. The conduit must be a color that matches the support structure and of the smallest size technically feasible.
- 2. SMALL CELL FACILITIES. Small cell facilities must use flat rate electric metering, if available, so that no meter is required in any case where a meter otherwise would be ground-mounted or pole-mounted. Where a ground-mounted or pole-mounted meter is used, the smallest form factor metering device available shall be used.
- 3. DISGUISED WIRELESS FACILITIES, FAUX TREES. If a faux tree is proposed for the disguised wireless facility, it shall be of a type of tree compatible with those existing in the immediate areas of the installation. If no trees exist

within the immediate areas, a landscape setting shall be used that integrates the faux tree with added species of a similar height and type. Antennas shall be painted, coated, or covered to match their background and shall not extend beyond the monotree branches or fronds. There shall be ample branch coverage to hide the antennas from view as effectively as possible. There shall be no exterior wiring, visible footpegs, portals, cabling, cable shrouds, or other unnatural appearing features on the faux tree. Additional camouflage of the faux tree may be required depending on the type and design of faux tree proposed.

- 4. OTHER FACILITIES MOUNTED ON A DISGUISED TOWER.
 - a. Facilities mounted to a disguised tower, including, but not limited to, the attached antennas, shall be designed to be the minimum functional height and width required to adequately support the proposed facility and meet FCC requirements. The applicant shall provide documentation satisfactory to the Planning Director establishing compliance with this paragraph. In any event, facilities mounted to a disguised tower shall not exceed the applicable height limit for a wireless facility in the applicable zone classification.
 - b. Aside from the antenna and tower themselves, no additional equipment may be visible. All cables, including, but not limited to, electrical and utility cables, shall be run within the interior of the tower

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- and shall be camouflaged or hidden to the fullest extent feasible without jeopardizing the physical integrity of the tower.
- c. Installations shall be situated so as to utilize existing natural or man-made features including topography, vegetation, buildings, or other structures to provide the greatest amount of visual screening.
- ROOFTOP-MOUNTED FACILITIES. Rooftop-mounted facilities shall be concealed wireless facilities and shall comply with one of the following, in this order of preference:
 - a. The wireless facilities may be completely concealed and architecturally integrated into the rooftop-mounted structure with no visible impacts from any publicly accessible areas at ground level. Permissible examples of this include, but are not limited to, antennas behind existing parapet walls or facades replaced with RF-transparent material and finished to mimic the replaced materials;
 - b. If meeting the requirements of the prior subsection is not technically feasible, then wireless facilities may be completely concealed on new structures or appurtenances designed to mimic the support structure's original architecture and proportions so that the support structure remains consistent in size and design with the areas within which it is located. Examples of such structure and appurtenances include, but are not limited to, cupolas, steeples, chimneys, and water tanks. A particular change will

be assessed using standards that apply for similar discretionary modifications that do not involve wireless facilities, and as reflected in the principles in the following;

- c. Where the preferred options in the above two subsections are not feasible, unscreened rooftop wireless facilities and supporting structures may be approved only when they are of low enough height and setback from the roofline so that the equipment is effectively concealed from public view from ground level. Equipment may not be placed on a rooftop where the rooftop is less than twenty (20) feet above ground level unless completely concealed.
- 6. FAÇADE-MOUNTED WIRELESS FACILITIES. Facademounted wireless facilities shall be concealed or disguised wireless facilities. Façade-mounted wireless facilities should be integrated architecturally into the structure to which the equipment will be attached. Where integration is not possible, a facade-mounted wireless facility should be behind screen walls as flush to the building facade as practicable and designed to conceal the facility so that it appears to be part of the facade design. Pop-out screen boxes do not meet this standard, unless such design is architecturally consistent with the original support structure. An exposed, facade-mounted facility will not be approved unless it is shown that, because of the size or design of the facility, or the design or location of the structure to which it is to be attached, the proposed facility would have no

adverse visual impacts.

SECTION 19.406. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR ALL WIRELESS

FACILITIES. All wireless facilities shall comply with the following development standards:

- A. Height limitations. Wireless facilities to be located in residential zone classifications shall not exceed fifty (50) feet. Wireless facilities to be located in non-residential zone classifications shall not exceed one hundred and five (105) feet. Eligible facilities requests may be up to twenty (20) percent taller, as measured by the original approved height of the underlying wireless facility, or as otherwise provided in 47 C.F.R. section 1.6100(b)(3), or any successor provision, provided there are no safety issues with such increased height and they meet the requirements of this ordinance relating to setback from habitable dwellings or setback from residential property lines and the development standards for the relevant type of wireless facility.
- B. Landscaping. All wireless facilities shall have landscaping around the perimeter of the leased area or equivalent and shall match or augment the natural landscaping in the area, where feasible.

 Wireless facilities constructed to look like trees shall have other similar tree species planted adjacent to or around the facility to enhance the concealing effect. If a water source is not available and there are no other trees in the area, new trees may not be required, but indigenous plants may be required and manually watered until established. If landscaping is deemed necessary in native habitats, only native plant species shall be used in order to avoid introduction of exotic invasive species. All landscaping shall be irrigated unless a water source is unavailable within the parcel on which the facility is located. If the equipment enclosure is not readily visible to the

- general public and a water source is not available, the Planning Director may lessen or waive the landscaping requirements.
- C. <u>Lighting</u>. Outside lighting, other than temporary lightning for maintenance purposes, is prohibited unless required by the FAA or the California Building Code, including the appendix and standards adopted by the California Building Standards Commission. All Wireless Facilities that require a warning light to comply with FAA regulations shall use the minimum amount possible. All security lighting and maintenance lighting shall meet the requirements of Ordinance No. 655. Any lighting system installed shall also be shielded to the greatest extent possible so as to minimize the negative impact of such lighting on adjacent properties and so as not to create a nuisance for surrounding property owners or a wildlife attractant.
- D. <u>Parking</u>. Within close proximity of the wireless facility, a parking space shall be provided for maintenance vehicles.
- E. Setbacks. Concealed wireless facilities shall meet the setback requirements of the zone classification in which they are located. Disguised wireless facilities in non-residential zone classifications shall meet the setback requirements of the zone classification in which they are located and shall be setback from habitable dwellings a distance equal to one hundred and twenty-five (125) percent of the facility height. Disguised wireless facilities in or adjacent to residential zone classifications shall meet the setback requirements of the zone classification in which they are located and shall be setback from habitable dwellings a distance equal to two hundred (200) percent of the facility height or shall be setback from residential property lines a distance equal to one hundred (100)

percent of the facility height, whichever is greater. Other wireless facilities shall meet the setback requirements of the zone classification in which they are located and shall be setback from habitable dwellings a distance equal to one thousand (1,000) feet. All eligible facilities requests and collocations must meet the same setback from habitable dwellings requirements as the underlying wireless facility.

F. <u>Support Facilities</u>. Any appurtenant equipment boxes, cabinets, or freestanding equipment enclosures shall not exceed thirteen (13) feet in height.

SECTION 19.407. ABANDONED SITES.

- A. Any wireless communication facility that is not continuously operated for a period of ninety (90) days, or the period set forth in its conditions of approval, whichever is shorter, shall be deemed abandoned.
- B. The Personal Wireless Services provider shall have sixty (60) days after a notice of abandonment is mailed by the County to make the facility operable, replace the facility with an operable facility, or remove the facility.
- C. Within ninety (90) days of the date the notice of abandonment is mailed, the County may remove the wireless communication facility at the underlying property owner's expense and shall place a lien on the property for the cost of such removal.
- D. The owner of the property shall, within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the County's removal, return the site to its approximate natural condition. If the owner fails to do so, the County can restore and revegetate the site at the property owner's expense.
- E. If there are two (2) or more users of a single facility, the facility

shall not be deemed abandoned until all users abandon it.

SECTION 19.408. EXCEPTIONS TO REQUIREMENTS.

- A. The Board of Supervisors, as applicable, may grant exceptions to the requirements for wireless facilities in this article, if a variance cannot be obtained and it is determined that the applicant has established that denial of an application or strict adherence to the location and design standards would:
 - Prohibit or effectively prohibit the provision of personal wireless services, within the meaning of federal law; or
 - 2. Otherwise violate applicable laws or regulations; or
 - Require a technically infeasible design or installation of a wireless facility.
- B. If that determination is made, said requirements may be waived, but only to the minimum extent required to avoid the prohibition, violation, or technically infeasible design or installation."
- Section 2. Ordinance No. 348 Article XVIII Section 18.20, HEIGHT EXCEPTIONS, is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"SECTION 18.20. HEIGHT EXCEPTIONS.

- A. Public or semipublic buildings in the R-1 and R-2 Zones may be erected to a height not exceeding four stories or 60 feet when the required yards are increased by an additional two feet for each foot by which the height exceeds 35 feet.
- B. Structures necessary for the maintenance and operation of a building and flagpoles, chimneys or similar structures that exceed the prescribed height limits may exceed the prescribed height limits where such structures do not provide additional floor space. This exception shall not apply to wireless facilities subject to Article XIXg of this ordinance."

Section 3. Ordinance No. 348 Article XVIII Section 18.26, PERMIT APPLICATIONS, Subsection E. is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"E. PUBLIC HEARINGS AND NOTICE OF DECISION.

The hearing body or officer shall hear relevant testimony from interested persons and make its decision within a reasonable time after the close of the public hearing. A notice of the decision shall be mailed to the applicant and to any person who has made a written request for a copy of the decision. In a reasonable time the Planning Director shall report to the Board of Supervisors all final decisions made at a public hearing either at Planning Commission or by the Planning Director or the Planning Director's designee. The Planning Director shall report in the same way on the inability of the Planning Commission to make a decision on a public hearing item, which shall be considered a denial of the application."

Section 4. Ordinance No. 348 Article XVIII Section 18.26, PERMIT APPLICATIONS, Subsection F. is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"F. PROCEEDING BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The decision of the hearing body is considered final and no action by the Board of Supervisors is required unless, within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the decision, either: an appeal therefrom is filed, accompanied by the fee set forth in County Ordinance No. 671, with the Clerk of the Board; or a member of the Board of Supervisors submits a request to the Planning Director that the decision be set for public hearing before the Board of Supervisors. The Clerk of the Board shall set the matter for public hearing before the Board not less than thirteen (13) nor more than sixty (60) days thereafter and shall give notice of the time and place of the public hearing in the same manner as notice was given of the public hearing before the hearing body."

Section 5. Ordinance No. 348 Article XVIII Section 18.28b., CROWING FOWL,

"B. DECISION AND NOTICE OF DECISION.

Upon acceptance of an application as complete, the Planning Department shall transmit a copy of the application to the Environmental Health Department and Animal Control Services and Licensing Division of the Health Services Agency for review and comment.

- 1. Not less than thirty (30) days after acceptance of an application as complete, the Planning Director shall schedule the time and date on which the Planning Director's decision on the application is to be made. Not less than ten (10) days prior to the date on which the decision is to be made, the Planning Director shall give notice of the proposed use by mail or delivery to all owners shown on the last equalized assessment roll and any updates as owning real property within a 600-foot radius of the exterior boundaries of the proposed project. Notice of the proposed use shall also be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the County. The notice shall include the statement that no public hearing will be held unless a public hearing is requested in writing before the date scheduled for the decision to be made.
- 2. No public hearing on the application shall be held before a decision is made unless a public hearing is requested in writing by the applicant or other interested person, or if the Planning Director determines that a public hearing should be required. The Planning Director shall give notice of the decision to the applicant and to any other person who requests notice of the decision.
- 3. If a public hearing is required under the provisions of this Subsection, notice of the time, date and place of the public hearing before the Planning Director, and a general description of the

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location of the real property which is the subject of the public hearing, shall be given at least ten (10) days prior to the public hearing as follows:

- Mailing or delivering to the owner of the subject real
 property or the owner's duly authorized agent.
- b. Mailing or delivering to all owners of real property which is located within a 600-foot radius of the exterior boundaries of the subject property, as such owners are shown on the last equalized assessment roll and any updates.
- c. The Planning Director may require that additional notice be given in any other matter the Planning Director deems necessary or desirable.
- d. At the public hearing, the Planning Director shall hear relevant testimony from interested persons and make a decision within a reasonable time after the close of the public hearing."
- Section 6. Ordinance No. 348 Article XVIII Section 18.28b., CROWING FOWL,Subsection E. is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"E. APPEAL.

An applicant or any interested person may appeal a decision by the following procedure:

1. Initial Appeal. The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no further action is required unless, within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the decision, either: an appeal therefrom is filed, accompanied by the fee set forth in County Ordinance No. 671, with the Clerk of the Board; or a member of the Board of Supervisors or Planning Commission submits a request to the Planning Director that the decision be set for public hearing

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before the Planning Commission. The appeal shall be set for public hearing before the Planning Commission not less than thirteen (13) nor more than sixty (60) days thereafter. If the permit did not require a public hearing, the Planning Director shall mail notice of the public hearing to the applicant and the appellant. If the permit required a public hearing, notice of the appeal shall be given in the same manner that notice was given for the original public hearing.

2. Appeal from Planning Commission. The decision of the Planning Commission is considered final and no further action is required unless, within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the Planning Commission's decision, either: an appeal therefrom is filed, accompanied by the fee set forth in County Ordinance No. 671, with the Clerk of the Board; or a member of the Board of Supervisors submits a request to the Planning Director that the decision be set for public hearing before the Board of Supervisors. The Clerk of the Board shall set the public hearing before the Board of Supervisors not less than five (5) days nor more than sixty (60) days thereafter. If the permit did not require a public hearing, the Planning Director shall mail notice of the public hearing on the appeal to the applicant and the appellant. If the permit required a public hearing, notice of the appeal shall be given in the same manner that notice was given for the original public hearing. The Board of Supervisors shall render its decision within thirty (30) days following the close of the public hearing on the appeal. The decision of the Board of Supervisors shall be final."

Section 7. Ordinance No. 348 Article XVIII Section 18.30, PLOT PLANS, Subsection E. is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"E. APPEALS - (PLOT PLANS NOT INCLUDING WIRELESS

An applicant or any other interested party may appeal from a decision on a plot plan not including wireless facilities by the following procedure:

- 1. Initial Appeal. The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no further action is required unless, within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the decision, either: an appeal therefrom is filed, accompanied by the fee set forth in County Ordinance No. 671, with the Clerk of the Board; or a member of the Board of Supervisors or Planning Commission submits a request to the Planning Director that the decision be set for public hearing before the Planning Commission. The appeal shall be set for public hearing before the Planning Commission not less than thirteen (13) nor more than sixty (60) days thereafter. If the permit did not require a public hearing, the Planning Director shall mail notice of the public hearing on the appeal to the applicant and the appellant. If the permit required a public hearing, notice of the appeal shall be given in the same manner that notice was given for the original public hearing.
- 2. Appeal from Planning Commission. The decision of the Planning Commission is considered final and no further action is required unless, within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the Planning Commission's decision, either: an appeal therefrom is filed, accompanied by the fee set forth in County Ordinance No. 671, with the Clerk of the Board; or a member of the Board of Supervisors submits a request to the Planning Director that the decision be set for public hearing before the Board of Supervisors. The Clerk of the Board shall set the appeal for public hearing before the Board of Supervisors not less than five (5) days nor more than sixty (60) days

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thereafter. If the plot plan did not require a public hearing, the Planning Director shall mail notice of the public hearing on the appeal to the applicant and the appellant. If the plot plan required a public hearing, notice of the appeal shall be given in the same manner that notice was given for the original public hearing. The Board of Supervisors shall render its decision within thirty (30) days following the close of the public hearing on the appeal. The decision of the Board of Supervisors shall be final."

Section 8. Ordinance No. 348 Article XVIII Section 18.30, PLOT PLANS, SubsectionF. is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"F. APPEALS – (WIRELESS FACILITY PLOT PLANS)

An applicant or any other interested party may appeal from a decision on a wireless facility plot plan by the following procedure:

1. Appeal to the Board of Supervisors. The decision of the Planning Director is considered final and no further action is required unless, within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the Planning Director's decision, either: an appeal therefrom is filed, accompanied by the fee set forth in County Ordinance No. 671, with the Clerk of the Board; or a member of the Board of Supervisors submits a request to the Planning Director that the decision be set for public hearing before the Board of Supervisors. The Clerk of the Board shall set a public hearing before the Board of Supervisors not less than five (5) nor more than sixty (60) days thereafter. If the permit did not require a public hearing, the Planning Director shall mail notice of the public hearing on the appeal to the applicant and the appellant. If the permit required a public hearing, notice of the appeal shall be given in the same manner that notice was given for the original public hearing. The Board of Supervisors shall render

1	its decision within thirty (30) days following the close of the public			
2	hearing on the appeal. The decision of the Board of Supervisors			
3	shall be final."			
4	Section 9. CONFLICTING REGULATIONS. Section 18.1 of Ordinance No. 348			
5	shall control in the case of any conflict between this ordinance and any other provision in Ordinance No.			
6	348 or between this ordinance and any other applicable ordinance.			
7	Section 10. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this ordinance or the application			
8	thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance and application of			
9	such provision or provisions to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.			
10	Section 11. EFFECTIVE DATE. This ordinance shall take effective thirty (30) days			
11	after its adoption.			
12	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF			
13	RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
14	By:Chairman, Board of Supervisors			
15	ATTEST:			
16	CLERK OF THE BOARD Kecia R. Harper			
17				
18	By:			
19	Deputy Deputy			
20				
21	(SEAL)			
22				
23	APPROVED AS TO FORM			
24	November, 2020			
25				
26	By: MELISSA R. CUSHMAN			
27	Deputy County Counsel			
28				



AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION RIVERSIDE COUNTY

September 17, 2020

CHAIR Russell Betts Desert Hot Springs Mr. John Hildebrand, Project Planner County of Riverside Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Riverside CA 92501 (VIA HAND DELIVERY)

VICE CHAIR Steven Stewart Palm Springs

COMMISSIONERS

RE: AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION (ALUC) DEVELOPMENT REVIEW -DIRECTOR'S DETERMINATION

Arthur Butler Riverside

File No.:

Related File No.:

ZAP1054RG20

John Lyon

Riverside

CZ2000007 (Ordinance No. 348 Amendment)

APN:

Countywide

Steve Mance Lake Elstnore

Richard Stewart

Moreno Valley

Gary Youmans Temecula

STAFF

Director Simon A. Housman

> Paul Ruli **Barbara Santos**

County Administrative Center 4080 Lerron St., 149 Floor. Riverside, CA 92501 (951) 955-5132 Dear Mr. Hildebrand:

As authorized by the Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) pursuant to its Resolution No. 2011-02, as ALUC Director, I have reviewed County of Riverside amendment to Land Use Ordinance No. 348, a proposal to revise Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities, to clarify definitions, update the permitting process, delineate levels of environmental analysis, revise development standards, and incorporate new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless telecommunications towers.

The proposed amendment requires major wireless facilities to be processed with a Plot Plan application approved by the Planning Director. These types of applications would prompt ALUC review if occurring within an airport influence area. The proposed amendment also identifies facilities that are exempt from Planning review, such as consumer-end antennas, amateur radio antennas, temporary facilities, and legally existing wireless facilities. These types of facilities would normally not prompt ALUC review.

WWW.rcaluc.org

The proposed amendment does not involve changes in development standards or allowable land uses that would increase residential density or non-residential intensity. Therefore, this amendment has no possibility for having an impact on the safety of air navigation within airport influence areas located within the unincorporated areas of Riverside County.

As ALUC Director, I hereby find the above-referenced project **CONSISTENT** with all Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plans.

This determination of consistency relates to airport compatibility issues and does not necessarily constitute an endorsement of the proposed amendment.

If you have any questions, please contact Paul Rull, ALUC Principal Planner, at (951) 955-6893.

AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION

Sincerely,

) 301741

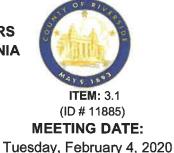
RIVERSIDE COUNTY AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION

Simon A. Housman, ALUC Director

cc: ALUC Case File

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SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA



FROM: SUPERVISOR V. MANUEL PEREZ AND SHERIFF CHAD BIANCO:

SUBJECT: SUPERVISOR V. MANUEL PEREZ & SHERIFF CHAD BIANCO: Wireless

Telecommunications-County Ordinance 348.4896

RECOMMENDED MOTION: That the Board of Supervisors direct:

 The County Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Assistant CEO-TLMA, and the Director of Planning Department to complete a comprehensive review of County Ordinance 348.4896

2. That the review be completed within 60 days from the submittal date and that findings and recommendations for modifications be reported back to the Board of Supervisors

ACTION:Policy

upervisor V. Manuel Perez, Chairman 1/30/2020 C

1/30/2020 Chad Bianco, Riverside County Sheriff

1/31/2020

MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Page 1 of 2 ID# 11885 3.1

SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FISCAL IMPACTS: N/A

BACKGROUND:

Wireless Telecommunications play a vital part of our emergency and disaster communications. Wireless Communications also play an important role in the business and personal lives of the 2.4 million residents of the County of Riverside along with those who pass through the 7200 square miles of the county. In 2017 U.S. Department of Commerce (USDOC) authorized FirstNet, an independent authority within the USDOC. This system was envisioned and authorized to boost emergency and disaster communications nationwide. California opted to participate in FirstNet and Riverside County followed suit. FirstNet is authorized and built exclusively for public safety agencies and departments. A dedicated core with end to end encryption it offers 168 petabytes of data, is certified by U.S. Department of Homeland Security, and maintains our data in a highly confidential manner. The review and improvements to County Ordinance 348.4896 is essential to improve overall wireless communication and expedite review and permitting process. This ordinance review and revisions are overdue and as a county that strives to be people and business friendly keeping pace with the changes in the arena of Wireless Communications is imperative. Updates shall include adherence to CEQA Guidelines Section 15303 and 15300.2. Compliance with the Federal Communication Commission Regulation 80 Fed 1,238 is also imperative. The review and update should be modified to include the 150 day processing window for all wireless projects. Additionally, a 90 period to act on an application to collocate a wireless facility should also be included. The Federal Shot Clock addresses both regulations governing processing time along with pauses in the Shot Clock as well. For more information on FirstNet please visitinfo@firstnet.gov

Page 2 of 2 ID# 11885 3.1

SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA



(ID # 12300) MEETING DATE:

Tuesday, April 21, 2020

FROM: TLMA-PLANNING:

SUBJECT: TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY/PLANNING: Initiation of an amendment to Article XIXg of Ordinance No. 348 — Wireless Communication Facilities. All Districts. [\$9,000 Total Cost – 100% General Fund]

RECOMMENDED MOTION: That the Board of Supervisors:

1. Initiate an amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), Article XIXg Wireless Communication Facilities, to include updated definitions, processing enhancements, and to address current State and Federal legislation.

ACTION:Policy

charises Leach, Assistant ILMA Director

4/13/2020

MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

On motion of Supervisor Jeffries, seconded by Supervisor Washington and duly carried by unanimous vote, IT WAS ORDERED that the above matter is approved as recommended.

Ayes:

Jeffries, Spiegel, Washington, Perez and Hewitt

Navs:

None

Absent:

None

Date:

April 21, 2020

XC:

Planning

3.24

Kecia R. Harper

Clerk of the Board

SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL DATA	Current Fiscal Year:	Next Fiscal Year:	Total Cost:	Ongoing Cost
COST	\$ 6,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 0
NET COUNTY COST	\$ 6,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 0
SOURCE OF FUNDS	3: Riverside County	Budget Adjus	stment: No	
	•			ar: 19/20-20/21

C.E.O. RECOMMENDATION: Approve

BACKGROUND:

Summary

On the February 4, 2020 Board of Supervisors hearing, Supervisor Manuel Perez and Sheriff Chad Bianco requested staff to review the Wireless Telecommunications Facilities Section of Riverside County Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use). The purpose of the action order was to solicit staff recommendations for amending the Ordinance to address any internal inconsistencies and update wireless telecommunication facilities entitlement processing, as well as ensuring legal compliance with current State and Federal law.

Planning Staff, in conjunction with County Counsel and some concerned members of the wireless telecommunication industry, reviewed the Wireless Telecommunication Facilities. Section of Ordinance No. 348 and recommends addressing the following items through an ordinance amendment:

- Revise all definitions as needed, but specifically Concealed facilities vs. Disguised facilities.
- Clarify entitlement processing requirements.
- Remove the 10-year operating life-span.
- Remove application submittal requirements.
 - o (This information is already found separately in the application submittal form).
- Clarify the role of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA").
- Establish additional standards for wireless telecommunication facilities located in residential Zones.
- Include relevant current State and Federal law updates.

The action order further requested that staff review how the U.S. Department of Commerce's ("USDOC") FirstNet program could fit within the context of this ordinance amendment or provide a separate set of guidelines on how to process FirstNet related projects.

Recommendations were to be provided back to the Board of Supervisors, 60-days from the February 4, 2020 action order. As a result of staff's analysis, it is recommended that the Board of Supervisors initiate an amendment to Ordinance No. 348 (Land Use), Article XIXg Wireless

SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Communication Facilities, in order to address each of these items. Staff will also continue to evaluate how to best integrate FirstNet services into the entitlement process.

Impact on Citizens and Businesses

This Ordinance amendment will update wireless telecommunication facilities entitlement processing, as well as ensuring legal compliance with current State and Federal law.

Additional Fiscal Information

County initiated Ordinance amendments are funded by the department's General Fund allocation. The funding for this amendment is included in the department's approved budget for FY 19/20 and 20/21. No new General Fund is requested for this project.

Contract History and Price Reasonableness

Not applicable, this work is being done by Planning and County Counsel staff.

Jason Farin Senior Management Analyst

4/16/2020

egory / Priarios, Director County Counsel

4/16/2020

Page 3 of 3 ID# 12300 3.24

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 2000007 – Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) – Applicant: County of Riverside – Location: Countywide – REQUEST: Change of Zone No. 2000007 is an amendment to the County's Land Use Ordinance, Ordinance No. 348, to revise Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities. The purpose of this amendment is to clarify definitions, update the permitting process, delineate levels of environmental analysis pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), revise development standards, and incorporate new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless telecommunication towers. This amendment also revises several other sections within Ordinance No. 348, for the purpose of establishing a single, consistent entitlement application appeal process for projects that Director's Hearing or Planning Commission have approval authority.

TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING: NOVEMBER 18, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING: RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

Pursuant to Executive Order N-25-20, this meeting will be conducted by teleconference and at the place of hearing, as listed above. Public access to the meeting location will be allowed, but limited to comply with the Executive Order. Information on how to participate in the hearing will be available on the Planning Department website at: https://planning.rctlma.org/.

For further information regarding this project please contact the Project Planner John Hildebrand at (951) 955-1888 or email at jhildebr@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above-described application is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The Planning Commission will consider the proposed application at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to: RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: John Hildebrand

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

The Press Enterprise

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External Ad Number

0011422769-01

Advertising Order Confirmation

GHANGE OF ZONE NO. 2000007 – Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) – Applicant: County of Riverside – Location: Countyviae – REGUEST: Change of Zone No. 2000007 is an amendment to the County's Land Use Ordinance. Ordinance No. 348, to revise Article XIX9, Wireless Facilities. The purpose of this amendment is to clarify definitions, update the permitting process, delineate levels of environmental analysis pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), revise development standards, and incorporate new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless telecommunication towers. This amendment also revises several other sections within Ordinance No. 348, for the purpose of establishing a single, consistent entitlement application appeal process for projects that Director's Hearing or Planning Commission have approval authority.

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9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

NOVEMBER 18, 2020

RIVERSIDE GOUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER
BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR
4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

TIME OF HEARING: DATE OF HEARING: PLACE OF HEARING:

For further information regarding this project please contact the Project Planner John Hildebrand at (951) 955-1888 or email at ihildebr@rivco.org, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/Publi

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ing.rctlma.org/

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing jobs, you may appear and be heard at the filme and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project, Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

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Please send all written correspondence to: RIVESIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT ATM: John Hildebrand P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

Press-Enterprise: 11/08

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider a proposed project in the vicinity of your property, as described below:

CHANGE OF ZONE NO. 2000007 – Exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) (Common Sense Exemption) – Applicant: County of Riverside – Location: Countywide – REQUEST: Change of Zone No. 2000007 is an amendment to the County's Land Use Ordinance, Ordinance No. 348, to revise Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities. The purpose of this amendment is to clarify definitions, update the permitting process, delineate levels of environmental analysis pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), revise development standards, and incorporate new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless telecommunication towers. This amendment also revises several other sections within Ordinance No. 348, for the purpose of establishing a single, consistent entitlement application appeal process for projects that Director's Hearing or Planning Commission have approval authority.

TIME OF HEARING:

9:00 a.m. or as soon as possible thereafter.

DATE OF HEARING:

NOVEMBER 18, 2020

PLACE OF HEARING:

RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET, RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

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For further information regarding this project please contact the Project Planner John Hildebrand at (951) 955-1888 or email at <u>jhildebr@rivco.org</u>, or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above-described application is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The Planning Commission will consider the proposed application at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project is available for review via email by contacting the project planner. Please contact the project planner regarding additional viewing methods.

Any person wishing to comment on the proposed project may submit their comments in writing by mail or email, or by phone between the date of this notice and the public hearing; or, you may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. You may participate remotely by registering with the Planning Department. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission for consideration, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project. All correspondence received before and during the meeting will be distributed to the Planning Commission and retained for the official record.

If this project is challenged in court, the issues may be limited to those raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to:
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Attn: John Hildebrand

P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

DS-0000468657



PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Charissa Leach, P.E. Assistant TLMA Director

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

	iverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P. O. Box 1409 Riverside, CA 92502-1409 38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, CA 92201			
Project Title/Case No.: Change of Zone No. 1900015 (Ordina	ance No. 348)			
Project Location: County-wide (Text Amendment to Ord No. 3	348 Land Use)			
Project Description: Change of Zone No. 2000007 is an amendment to the County's Land Use Ordinance, Ordinance No. 348, to revise Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities. The purpose of this amendment is to clarify definitions, update the permitting process, delineate levels of environmental analysis pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), revise development standards, and incorporate new changes in State and Federal laws related to the establishment of wireless telecommunication towers. This amendment also revises several other sections within Ordinance No. 348, for the purpose of establishing a single, consistent entitlement application appeal process for projects that Director's Hearing or Planning Commission have approval authority.				
Name of Public Agency Approving Project: County of River	side Board of Supervisors			
Project Applicant & Address: County of Riverside, 4080 Len	non Street, 12 th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501			
Exempt Status: (Check one) ☐ Ministerial (Sec. 21080(b)(1); 15268) ☐ Declared Emergency (Sec. 21080(b)(3); 15269(a)) ☐ Emergency Project (Sec. 21080(b)(4); 15269 (b)(c))	□ Categorical Exemption (Section 15061(b)(3)(Common Sense Exemption) □ Statutory Exemption () □ Other:			
Reasons why project is exempt: Change of Zone No. 2000007 has been determined to be categorically exempt from CEQA, pursuant to State CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3)(Common Sense Exemption). Section 15061(b)(3) provides that an "activity is covered by the general rule that CEQA applies only to projects which have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment. Where it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment, the activity is not subject to CEQA." The scope of this ordinance amendment includes revising Article XIXg, Wireless Facilities, which is an existing article within Ordinance No 348 (Land Use) for the purpose of updating provisions related to new Federal and State requirements, clarify definitions, update the permitting process, and delineate levels of environmental analysis pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"). The amendment also amends additional portions of Ordinance No. 348, addressing inconsistencies in the entitlement appeal process and reporting of actions, establishing a consistent process. The permitting process for each Wireless Facility within the County will continue to be analyzed on a case-by-case basis to determine the appropriate level of environment analysis. As a result, this ordinance amendment, will not cause a significant impact to the environment.				
John Earle Hildebrand III County Contact Person	(951) 955-1888 Phone Number			
John Hildebrand Interim	Planning Director 11/18/20 = PC			
Date Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:	nite Date			
FOR COUNTY CLERK'S USE ONLY				